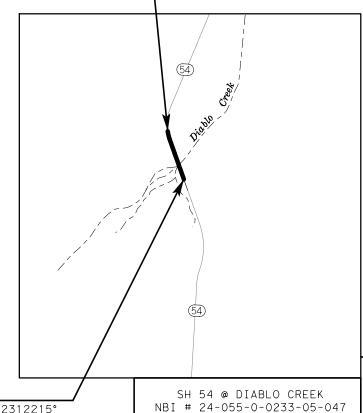
#### SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

#### BEGIN PROJECT

LATITUDE: 31.2366714° LONGITUDE: -104.8558106°

MP: 38.24 RM: 366+1.812



**END PROJECT** 

LATITUDE: 31.2312215° LONGITUDE: -104.8534191°

MP: 38.642 RM: 368+0.206

PREPARED BY:



RAFAEL CRUZ-RODRIGUEZ. PE PROJECT MANAGER OMEGA ENGINEERS, INC. FIRM # F-2147

09/02/22

EXCEPTIONS: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY, 2022)

## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

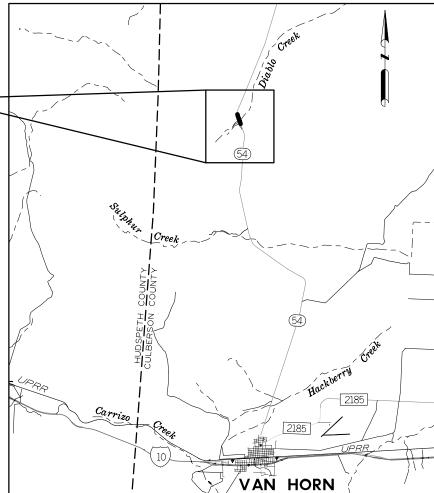
BR 2023 (245) CSJ: 0233-05-038

## SH 54 **DIABLO CREEK STRUCTURE CULBERSON COUNTY**

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY= 1884.96FT. = 0.357 MI. NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 240.00FT. = 0.045 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 2124.96FT. = 0.402 MI.

> LIMITS: AT DIABLO CREEK FROM: 1500 FT. NORTH OF CROSSING TO: 1500 FT. SOUTH OF CROSSING

#### FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A BRIDGE AT DIABLO CREEK CONSISTING OF BRIDGE AND APPROACHES



EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSING: NONE TDLR: NOT REQUIRED

ENGINEERS, INC. P:512 575 2288 F:281 647 9184

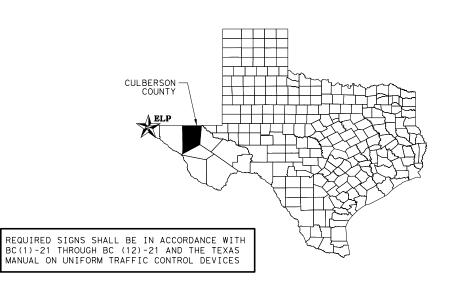
8200 N. MOPAC EXPWY, SUITE 280 **AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759** OMEGAÉNGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147

DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH A.A.D.T. (2021) = 434 A.A.D.T. (2041) = 608 % TRUCKS = 13

DIV. NO.			PROJECT	NO.				NO.
6		BR	2023	(2	45)			1
STATE	STATE DIST.			COUNT	Y			
TEXAS	ELP		CULBERSON					
CONT.	SECT.		JOB			HIGHWA	Y N	٥.
0233	05		038			SH	54	1

CONTRACTOR: \_ TIME CHARGES BEGAN: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: \_\_\_ DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: \_\_\_\_ TOTAL DAYS CHARGED: \_ ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT: \$ AMOUNT OF CONTRACT AMENDMENTS: \$ FINAL CONTRACT COST: \_\_\$

ALPINE AREA ENGINEER





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FOR LETTING:

Eduardo Perales, P.E.

2778C60AB5F74ZAFETY REVIEW COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN

9/6 / 2022

- DORGE (SON) MATERIAL FOR LETTING: Raul Ortega Jr., P.E.

50B98760474DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

7A68C5EA0D944996STRICT ENGINEER

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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED "\*" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THE PROJECT.



OMEGA

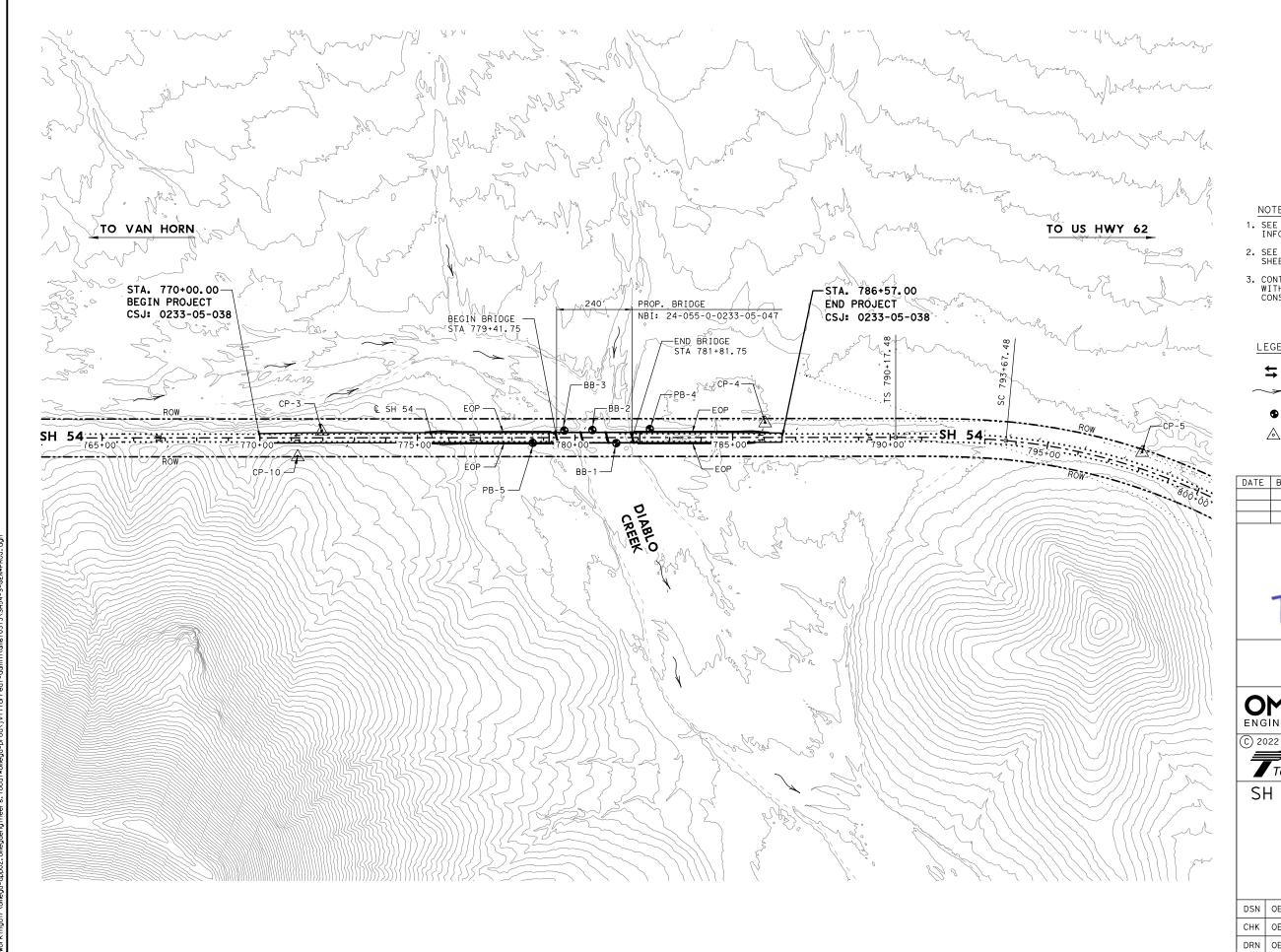
8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
OMEGAENGINEERS.COM
TX PE Firm Reg, No. F-2147
Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

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DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP CULBE		.BERSON	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK OEI		0233	05	038	SH 54	







#### NOTES:

- 1. SEE HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA FOR INFORMATION.
- 2. SEE HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL DATA SHEETS FOR INFORMATION.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY CONTROL POINTS WITH ENGINEER PRIOR TO STARTING ANY CONSTRUCTION.

#### LEGEND

TRAFFIC FLOW

DRAINAGE FLOW

CONTROL POINT

BORE HOLE

DATE BY REV REVISION



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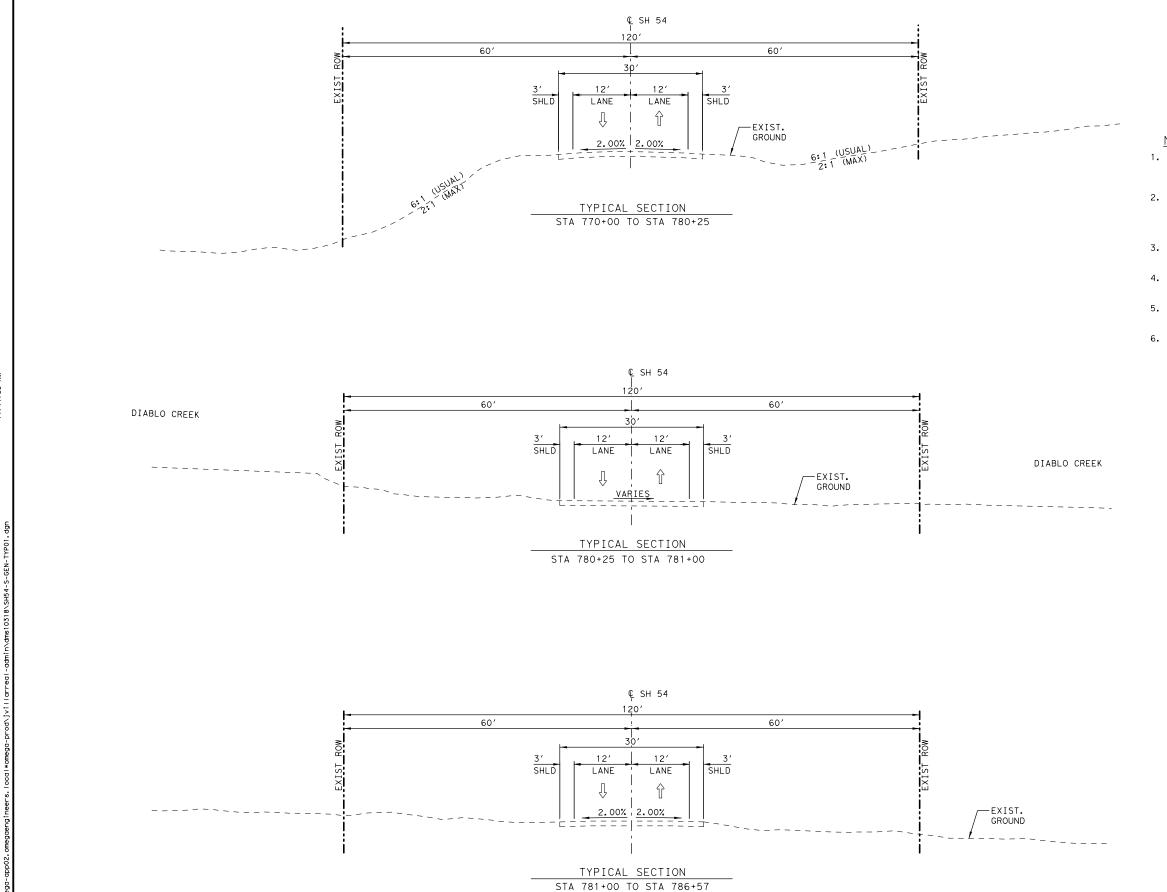
| 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TYPE Firm Rep. No. F-2147 Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

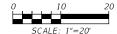
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

PROJECT LAYOUT

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		6	SEE TITL	3	
HK	OE I	STATE	DIST. COUNTY		COUNTY
RN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
HK OEI		0233	05	038	SH 54





#### NOTES:

- TYPICAL SECTIONS ARE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY. REFER TO STANDARDS FOR PROPER CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS ACQUIRED FROM CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET CSJ: 0233-05-011 COMPLETED 05/31/1943, CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET NO: M-233-5-15 COMPLETED 12/18/1945, AND SURVEYED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 3. SEE HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 4. SEE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATA SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 5. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 6. SEE P&P SHEETS FOR INFORMATION.



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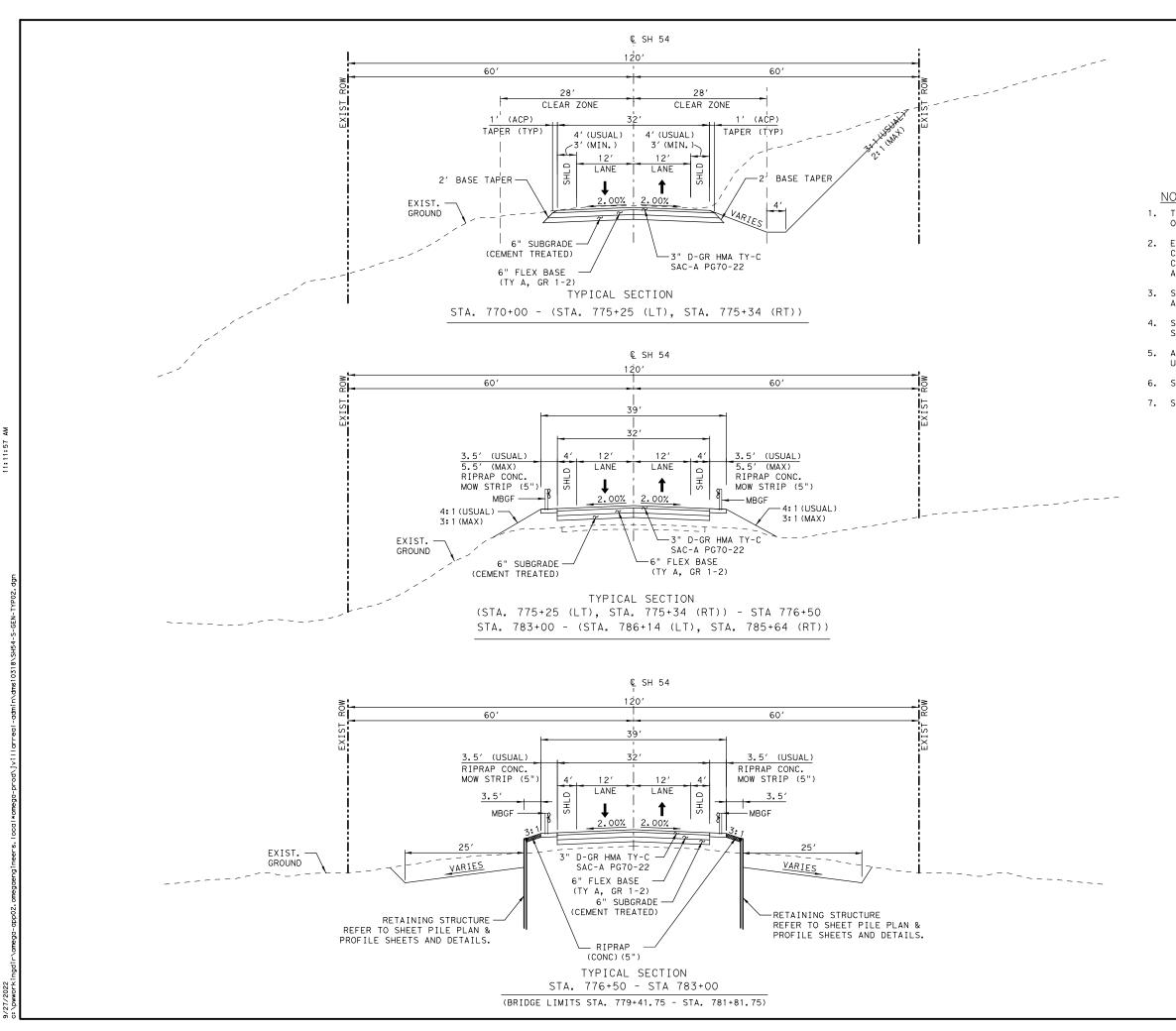
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

**EXISTING** TYPICAL SECTIONS

SHEET 1 OF 1					
DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	4	
CHK	OEI	STATE	DIST.	DIST. COUNTY	
DRN	0E I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
СНК	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54





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- 6. SEE P&P SHEETS FOR INFORMATION.
- 7. SEE CROSS SECTIONS FOR INFORMATION.



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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

**PROPOSED** TYPICAL SECTIONS

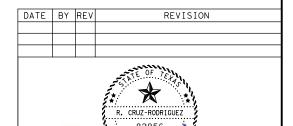
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DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
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DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK OEI		0233	05	038	SH 54

#### © SH 54 60′ CLEAR ZONE 1' (ACP) 1' (ACP) TAPER (TYP) TAPER (TYP) 4' (USUAL) 4' (USUAL) 3' (MIN.) /3' (MIN.) 12′ LANE LANE ·2′ BASE EXIST. -2' BASE TAPER -TAPER GROUND 4:1 (USUAL) 6" SUBGRADE -(CEMENT TREATED) 3:1 (MAX) 6" FLEX BASE -(TY A, GR 1-2) 3" D-GR HMA TY-C -SAC-A (PG70-22) TYPICAL SECTION

(STA. 786+14 (LT), STA. 785+64 (RT)) - STA. 786+57.00

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

**PROPOSED** TYPICAL SECTIONS

SHEET 2 OF 2

			-	
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OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON	
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54
	0E I	OEI DIV.NO. 6 OEI STATE OEI TEXAS CONT.	OEI         DIV. NO.         PROJECT           0EI         6         SEE TITL           0EI         STATE         DIST.           0EI         TEXAS         ELP           cont.         SECT.	OEI DIV.NO. PROJECT NO.  6 SEE TITLE SHEET  OEI TEXAS ELP CUL  CONT. SECT. JOB

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

#### **General Notes:**

Tests to be in accordance with the Department's Standard Test Methods

Table 1
Compaction Requirements for Subgrade and Base Courses

Item		Description	Outside Roadway Course Density
1321,2,3	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)	(DENSITY CONTROL) (TY A)	(See Below)

- 1. To a depth of 6 in. below natural ground scarify and compact to a 95% minimum.
- 2. From natural ground to 24 in. below finished subgrade, 98% minimum compaction.
- 3. From 24 in. below finished subgrade to finished subgrade, 100% minimum compaction.

Table 2
Basis of Estimate

Item	Description	Rate
247	FLBS (RDWY DEL) (TY A GR 1-2)	840 LBS/CF
310	PRIME COAT (MULTI OPTION)	0.20 gal/sq. yd
3076	DENSE GRADED HOT MIX ASPHALT TACK COAT (TRAIL)	1 in. = 110 lb/sq. yd. 0.15 GAL/SY

1. Deviation from the rates shown shall require approval.

#### **General Requirements**

Maintain the entire project area in a neat and orderly manner throughout the duration of the work. Remove all construction litter and undesirable vegetation within the right of way inside the project limits. This work will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

General Project Description – This project consists of the construction of a new bridge structure over Diablo Creek in Culberson County. The project includes approach work. Blading hours have been established on the project for cleaning channel in the event of large flood events during construction. These items will be used at the discretion of the Engineer. Refer to General Geotechnical Subsurface Soils Characterization Evaluation Report for SH 54 Diablo Creek New Bridge Construction Project, prepared by CQC for this project.

It is required for Contractors to become familiar with project site prior to submitting bids.

Where nighttime work is approved, provide adequate lighting for the entire work site as directed. This will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

CONTROL: 0233-05-038 SHEET 7

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

Comply with all Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) and United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations as well as all local and State requirements.

Refer to the various traffic control plan project overview sheets for the proposed sequence of work. Changes will not be permitted, except as approved in writing by the Engineer. Any proposed changes to the TCP must be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the State of Texas, and the original sealing Engineer must be informed of the changes. For any and all TCP changes requested by the Contractor, the Contractor must indicate how the proposed changes will affect subsequent construction phases of the project, and also must indicate any impacts the proposed TCP changes will have on the overall project safety and completions. All costs of preparing TCP changes will be the Contractor's responsibility.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Christopher Weber, PEAldo Madrid, PEMonica Ruiz, PEAlpine Area EngineerDirector of ConstructionDistrict Const. EngineerChristopher.Weber@txdot.govAldo.Madrid@txdot.govMonica.Ruiz@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

#### <u>Item 4 – Scope of Work</u>

Schedule and perform all work to assure proper drainage during the course of construction operations. All labor, tools, equipment and supervision required, to ensure drainage, removal, and handling of water shall be considered incidental work.

Repair any existing pavement, utilities, structures, etc., damaged as a result of construction operations, at no additional cost to the Department.

#### Item 5 - Control of the Work

The Department will furnish horizontal and vertical reference points. Contractor must verify horizontal and vertical reference points with conventional survey methods before proceeding with construction activities. Verification must be submitted for review and approval to the Department's R.P.L.S. prior to start of construction. Any discrepancies not reported will be at no additional cost to the Department.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

Plan datum for this project is NAD 83 for horizontal and NAVD 88 for elevation based. Electronic earthwork cross sections are available upon request, at bidding Contractor's expense, at the Area Engineer's office.

Keep traveled surfaces used in hauling operations clear and free of dirt or other material. Existing pavement, utilities, structures, etc. damaged because of the operations will be repaired at no additional cost to the Department.

Protect from damage and destruction all areas of the right of way, which are not included in the actual limits of the proposed construction areas. Exercise care to prevent damage to trees, vegetation, and other natural features. Protect trees, shrubs, and other landscape features from abuse, marring, or damage within the actual construction and/or fenced protection areas designated for preservation.

Restore any area disturbed or damaged to a condition "as good as" or "better than" prior to start of construction operation. This work will be at the Contractor's expense.

#### **Precast Alternate Proposals.**

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design</a>

Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

#### Item 7 - Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Comply with all requirements of the Environmental Permits Issues and Commitments (EPIC) Sheet.

Do not discharge any liquid pollutant from vehicles onto the roadside. Immediately clean spills and dispose in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) regulations prohibit operations that bring people or equipment within 10 ft. of an energized electrical line. Where workers and/or equipment may be close to an energized electrical line, notify the electrical power company and make all necessary adjustments to ensure the safety of workers near the energized line.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited unless approved in writing by the Engineer:

CONTROL: 0233-05-038 SHEET 7A

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

No closures will be permitted the week of Thanksgiving.

No closures will be permitted from Christmas Eve to New Year's Day.

No closures will be permitted from Good Friday to Easter Sunday.

No closures will be permitted the Saturday and Sunday before Memorial Day and Labor Day.

No closures will be permitted on Saturday or Sunday when July 4th falls on a Friday or Monday.

No closures will be permitted during weekday peak hours and legal holidays.

Nighttime is considered from 9 P.M. to 5 A.M. during weekdays, not including Fridays.

Coordinate with Engineer for scheduled nighttime work at least 48 hours in advance.

#### **Law Enforcement Personnel**

Submit charge summary and invoices using the Department forms.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

No payment will be made for law enforcement personnel needed for moving equipment or payment for drive time to/from the event site.

#### Item 8 - Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be calculated in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5., "Calendar Day."

Create and Maintain a Critical Path Method (CPM) Schedule.

Submit baseline schedule and obtain approval prior to beginning construction. The monthly progress payment will be held if the monthly update is not submitted.

Provide a Project Schedule Summary Report monthly along with the monthly progress schedule.

Prior to beginning operations, schedule and attend a preconstruction conference with the Engineer. Provide the Engineer a written outline of the proposed sequence of work (CPM Schedule) and a preliminary schedule of activities. Provide a letter designating a project scheduler.

#### Item 9 - Measurement and Payment

Monthly progress payments will be made for items of work completed by the 27<sup>th</sup> day of each month. Any work completed after the 27<sup>th</sup> will be included for payment in the subsequent monthly progress payment.

Submit Material on Hand (MOH) payment requests at least **two (2)** working days before the 27<sup>th</sup> of the month for payment consideration on that month's estimate.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

When approved, provide uniformed, off-duty law enforcement officers with marked vehicles during work that requires a lane closure. The officer in marked vehicles shall be located as approved to monitor or direct traffic during the closure. The method used to direct traffic at signalized intersections shall be as approved. Additional officers and vehicles may be provided when approved or directed.

Complete the daily tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided. Show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Standards.

All law enforcement personnel used in Work Zone Traffic Control shall be trained for performing duties in work zones and are required to take "Safe and Effective Use of Law Enforcement Personnel in Work Zones" (Course #133119) which can be found online at the following site: www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov

Certificates of completion should be available to all who finish the course. These should be kept by the officers to substantiate completion when reporting to the work site.

Minimums, scheduling fees, etc. will not be paid; Department will consider paying cancellation fees on a case-by-case basis.

#### Item 100 - Preparing Right of Way

Removal of existing loose aggregate, concrete, asphalt, and any other materials deleterious to plant growth encountered within the limits during initial grading is subsidiary to this Item.

Remove and disposed of properly all concrete, asphalt, and materials deleterious to plant growth from all planting beds during initial grading and bed preparation and prior to plant installation subsidiary to this Item.

#### Item 110 – Excavation

To eliminate all drop-off conditions, construct tapers as directed. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to pertinent bid items.

Excavate to finish subgrade. Scarify subgrade to a uniform depth at least 6 in. below finish subgrade elevation in areas where base or pavement structure will be placed on subgrade. Manipulate and compact subgrade in accordance with Section 132.3.4., "Compaction Methods." Compact to 100% relative density in accordance with Section 132.3.4.2., "Density Control."

CONTROL: 0233-05-038 SHEET 7B

COUNTY: CULBERSON

HIGHWAY: SH 54

#### Item 132 – Embankment

Scarify and compact top 6 in. of existing roadway as directed before additional embankment or base course is placed. This work is subsidiary to various bid items.

Track the side slopes of the embankment to control erosion. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Subgrade compaction will be density control and subsidiary to this Item.

#### <u>Item 150 – Blading</u>

Sprinkling and rolling which may be required during the operation of item 150, will not be measured or paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Eighty (80) hours of blading have been identified on the project. These hours will be used for cleanup of the project area only as directed by the Engineer. They are intended to be used for cleanup deposited sediments and debris after any major storm event.

#### Item 216 - Proof Rolling

Forty (40) hours of proof rolling have been identified for the project. These hours are to be used for proof rolling areas where subgrade requires additional compaction to achieve desired compaction levels. Locations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to proof rolling. Refer to General Geotechnical Subsurface Soils Characterization Evaluation Report for SH 54 Diablo Creek New Bridge Construction Project, prepared by CQC for his project.

#### Item 247 - Flexible Base

A 20-ton vibratory pad foot roller will be required for compaction of lifts 10 inches or greater, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

When requested, stake with blue tops at 100-foot intervals, the lines, and grade shown in the plans. (For Item 247.4)

Provide flexible base that does not exceed a sulfate content of 1,000 ppm when tested in accordance with Tex-145-E. The sulfate concentration of water used for compaction shall not exceed 2,000 ppm.

#### <u>Item 310 - Prime Coat</u>

Cure prime coat for at least 48 hr. prior to beginning hot-mix asphalt placement operations, unless otherwise directed.

When multi option is allowed, provide AE-P, SS-1H or CSS-1H.

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Contractor to provide a test sample of prime coat to the engineer prior to production. Material must be tested and approved by the engineer prior to application.

Place seal coat or pavement course as shown on the plans within 14 calendar days of initial prime coat application. Otherwise, reapply prime coat as directed by the Engineer. Reapplication of the prime coat will be at the Contractor's expense.

#### Item 354 - Planing and Texturing Pavement

When a bridge deck is planed and textured, remove excess material. Do not broom to the sides of the bridge, under guardrail, etc. Cover or protect all sealed expansion joints, rails on bridge, and all railroad tracks encountered as approved by the engineer. Clean all of these features if they weren't properly protected. This work is subsidiary work to applicable bid items. Refer to Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints," for procedures and methods.

The Department will retain ownership of planed materials. The asphalt removed under this item shall be salvaged and stockpiled in separate stockpiles as directed by the Engineer at the following location:

Approximately 2 miles north of the project limits.

Contact the Van Horn Maintenance Supervisor at (432) 283-2501 for coordination prior to delivery of materials. Stack in piles 12 to 13 feet maximum height. Place silt fence along the perimeter of stockpiled material. Silt fence will be paid under Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls". Final quantity of silt fence to be approved by the engineer prior to stockpiling. Hauling of material and incidentals to complete this work is subsidiary to this Item.

#### <u>Item 400 – Excavation and Backfill for Structures</u>

The trench bottom for pre-cast concrete pipe will not require undercutting, use flowable backfill, unless otherwise directed.

#### <u>Item 416 – Drilled Shaft Foundations</u>

Stake all foundation locations for approval by the Engineer prior to commencement of drilling operations. Coordinate with the Utility companies for utility location within the project limits. Repair any damage to existing utilities to the satisfaction of the Engineer and the utility owner at no additional cost to the Department.

Use Class "C" concrete.

Cover drilled shafts with plywood and delineate them with cones, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, when not working in them and after work hours.

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Replace faulty anchor bolts as directed. Do not weld anchor bolts.

Remove spoils, daily, out of the drainage areas or as directed.

#### Item 420 - Concrete Substructures

Provide High Performance Concrete (HPC) and Epoxy Coated Reinforcement Steel for all elements listed below:

**Bridge Abutments** 

**Bridge Bent Caps** 

**Bridge Columns** 

Provide Epoxy Coated Reinforcement Steel for Bent Web walls.

#### <u>Item 422 – Concrete Superstructures</u>

Provide High Performance Concrete (HPC) and Epoxy Coated Reinforcement Steel for all elements listed below:

Bridge Slab

Approach Slab

Bridge Railing

#### Item 432 - Riprap

Wire mesh and fibers for concrete not allowed on this project for this Item. Reinforce all concrete riprap using bar reinforcement conforming to Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete," as shown on the plans, or as directed.

Finish concrete riprap with a smooth (wood float) finish, unless otherwise directed. Obtain approval for all stone riprap material sources.

#### <u>Item 442 – Metal for Structures</u>

Prepare and submit the field erection drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures," for approval prior to construction. Show details for additional temporary lateral bracing to be used to secure plate girders from wind loads during erection and construction on the field erection drawings. Additional temporary shoring may include, but is not limited to guy wires with deadman anchors, etc. Temporary lateral bracing may be removed upon approval. Temporary lateral bracing will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item.

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#### Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Prior to beginning construction, the Engineer shall approve the routing of traffic and sequence of work.

Additional signs and barricades, placed as directed, shall be considered subsidiary to this Item. In accordance with Section 7.2.6.1, designate, in writing, a Contractor Responsible Person (CRP) and a CRP alternate to take full responsibility for the set-up, maintenance, and necessary corrective measures of the traffic control plan. The CRP or CRP alternate must be present at site and implement the initial set up of every traffic control phase/stage, at each location, and/or each call out, for the entire duration of the project.

At the written request of the Engineer, immediately remove the CRP or CRP alternate from the project if, in the opinion of the Engineer, is not competent, not present at initial TCP set-ups, or does not perform in a proper, skillful, or safe manner. These individuals shall not be reinstated without written consent of the Engineer.

CRP and CRP alternate must be trained using Department approved training. Provide a copy of the certificate of completion to the Engineer for project records. Refer to Table 3 for Department approved Training.

Table 3
Contractor Responsible Person and Alternate

Provider	Course Number	Course Title	Duration	Notes
American Traffic Safety Services Association	TCS	Traffic Control Supervisor	2 days	
National Highway Institute	133112 133113	Design and Operation of Work Zone Traffic Control Work Zone Traffic Control for Maintenance Operations	1 day 1 day	Both courses are required to meet minimum required training.
Texas Engineering Extension Services	133112A	Design and Operation of Work Zone Traffic Control	3 days	
University of Texas Arlington Division for Enterprise Development	WKZ421	Traffic Control Supervisor	16 hours	Contact UTA for training needs.

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All contractor workers involved with the traffic control implementation and maintenance must participate and complete a Department approved training course. Provide a copy of the certificate of completion to the Engineer for project records. Refer to Table 4 for Department approved training.

Table 4
Other Work Zone Personnel

Course Co						
Provider	Number	Course Title	Duration	Notes		
American Traffic Safety Services Association	TCT	Traffic Control Technician	1 day			
Texas Engineering Extension Services	HWS002	Work Zone Traffic Control	16 hours	Identical to HWS-410. Counts for 3 year CRP requirement.		
National Highway Institute	133116	Maintenance of Traffic for Technicians	5 hours	Web based		
National Highway Institute	134109-I	Maintenance Training Series: Basics of Work Zone Traffic Control	1 hour	Free, Web based		
University of Texas at Arlington, Division for Enterprise Development	WKZ100	Work Zone Safety: Temporary Traffic Control	4 hours	Note name change. Free, Web based		
TxDOT/AGC Joint Development	N/A	Safe Workers Awareness Highway Construction Work Zone Hazards	16 minutes 18 minutes	Videos available through AGC of Texas offices. English & Spanish		
AGC America	N/A	Highway Work Zone Safety Training	1 day			
Texas Engineering Extension Service	HWS400	Temporary Traffic Control Worker	4 hours	Contact TEEX, if interested in course		
TxDOT/AGC Joint Development	N/A	Work Zone Fundamentals	10 minutes	Videos available through ACT of Texas offices. English & Spanish		

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Contractor may choose to train workers involved with the traffic control implementation and maintenance with a contractor developed training in lieu of Department approved training. Contractor developed training must be equivalent to the Department approved training shown in Table 3. Provide the Engineer a copy of the course curriculum for pre-approval, prior to conducting the contractor developed training. Provide the Engineer a copy of the log of attendees after training completion for project records.

Existing regulatory signs, route marker auxiliaries, guide signs, and warning signs that must be removed due to widening shall be relocated temporarily and erected on approved supports at locations shown in the plans, or as directed. This work will not be paid for directly but considered subsidiary to this Item.

Notify the Department officials when major traffic changes are to be made, such as detours. Coordinate with the Department on all traffic changes. Advance notification for the following week's work must be made by 5 P.M. on Wednesdays.

If Law Enforcement Personnel is required by the Engineer, coordinate with local law enforcement as directed or agreed. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the Department and submit invoices with 5% allowance for Law Enforcement payments by Contractor that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month where approved services were provided.

Provide access to intersecting side roads and driveways at all times, unless otherwise directed. Any approved change to the sequence of work or TCP, must be signed and sealed by a Contractor's Licensed Professional Engineer assuming full responsibility for any additional barricade signs and devices needed.

Use striping operations to channelize traffic into the newly completed roadway, as directed. Maintain shoulders and median areas in a condition capable of serving as emergency paths, as approved. This work will be subsidiary to this Item.

Use portable changeable message signs (PCMS) to alert public of construction two weeks prior to construction.

Use flaggers when directed. Provide two-way radio communication for all flaggers.

Place and maintain sufficient additional warning signs, beacons, delineators, and barricades to always warn and guide the public of all hazards through the construction zone, and as directed.

Use flashing arrow boards on all tapers for each lane closure. Subsidiary to this Item.

Some signs, barricades, and channelization devices may not be shown at the precise or measured position. Place the barricades, devices, or signs, with approval, in positions to meet field conditions.

Fill any holes left by barricade or sign supports and restore the area to its original condition, this work shall be subsidiary to this item.

Use Type A flashing warning lights or delineators to mark open excavation, footings, foundations, or other obstructions near lanes that may be open to traffic, as directed.

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For additional information pertaining to channelization, signing, spacing details, and flagging procedures required to regulate, warn, and guide traffic through project, refer to the "Barricade and Construction Standards," BC(1)-21 to BC (12)-21 and to the current *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices(TMUTCD)*.

Remove or cover signs that do not apply to current conditions at the end of each day's work.

Repair and/or replace all signs damaged by the public or due to weather events.

#### **Safety Contingency**

The contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancement, to improve the effectiveness of the TCP that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

#### Item 506 – Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Place Best Method Practices (BMP's) in locations as designated in the plans or as directed to meet field conditions.

Place a weatherproof bulletin board containing the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) required information on the project at a site as directed. Post the following documents:

- 1. TCEQ "TPDES Storm Water Program" Construction Site Notice; Primary Construction Site Notices from both Contractor and Department, completed and signed.
- 2. TCEQ "Primary Notice of Intents," from both Contractor and Department; and
- 3. TCEQ "TPDES Permit.

Place rain gauge(s) at locations as designated.

The total disturbed area for this project is approximately 3.70 acres. Establish the authorization requirements for Storm Water Discharges for soil disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSLs), within one mile of the project limits. Both the Department and the Contractor shall obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from TCEQ for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off right of way. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within one mile of the project limits exceeds five acres, provide a copy of the Contractor Notice of Intent (NOI) PSLs on the right of way to the Engineer (to the appropriate Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Operator when on an Off-system State route).

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Best Method Practices (BMP's) may be adjusted to meet field conditions, or as directed. Engineer will verify all locations prior to placement of BMPs. Within the project limits, keep all inlets functional as long as possible to accept storm water as part of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3), as directed.

Grading operations will be limited to the catch point of the proposed cross-section.

Preserve any vegetation outside these limits.

#### **Erosion Control Contingency**

A contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Contingency" has been established for this project. It is intended to be utilized for Erosion Control cleanup, in the event of storm events flooding the on-site detours, work zone or affecting the construction area, or any nature event that could not be foreseen during the project planning or design stages. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on timeline of the events. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancements.

#### <u>Item 508 – Constructing Detours</u>

The project requires on-site detours to remain within the existing ROW. Please follow grades and lane dimensions as shown on the plans. Follow all TxDOT Specifications for the construction of such detours. Cross Sections are available for information.

Temporary pavement utilized under this item shall be delivered to the Maintenance yard after use.

#### Item 585 - Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces

Use Surface Test Type A to govern ride quality for finished riding surfaces of travel lanes. Notify the District Laboratory 48 hours prior to conducting Surface Test Type B. Properly mark all starting/ending points, and leave-out sections prior to testing. Deliver test results within 24 hours of testing. Provide all profile measurements in electronic data to <a href="mailto:ELP-LAB@txdot.gov">ELP-LAB@txdot.gov</a> using the format specified in Tex-1001-S.

"Payment Adjustment, Schedule 2" will be used for the travel lanes.

An IRI > 95 will require corrective action.

Use diamond grinding or equivalent to correct areas of localized roughness. For flexible pavements, use CSS-1H emulsion to fog seal the corrected areas.

Milling will not be allowed as a corrective action for excessive deviations in the surface layer of hot mix.

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#### Item 644 - Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

Stake all sign locations and receive approval prior to sign placement.

The 2-1/2 inch, Schedule 10 post will meet the following requirements:

- 0.120 in. nominal wall thickness
- Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe
- Steel will be HSLAS Grade 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steel may be used, if it meets the following:

- 55,000 psi minimum yield strength
- 70,000 psi minimum tensile strength
- 20% minimum elongation in 2 in.
- Wall thickness (uncoated) to be within the range of 0.108 in. to 0.132 in. galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G90

For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metalizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Verify all post lengths to ensure the proper sign height. Remove and replace any sign installed incorrectly. This work will be done at no expense to the Department.

Provide Texas Universal Triangular Slip Base clamp type for all signs as shown on SMD (SLIP-1)-08.

As directed, relocate some regulatory and guide signs before construction begins. Mark and locate each reference marker perpendicular to the road and along the right of way, or as directed, prior to removal. Re-erect reference markers at their original location upon completion of construction.

All signs removed will remain property of the Contractor.

#### <u>Item 658 – Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies</u>

Verify all locations with the Engineer prior to installation.

Removal and proper disposal of all existing delineators, object markers, and any non-standard hardware assemblies are not paid directly, but will be considered subsidiary to pertinent items for payment.

#### <u>Item 662 – Work Zone Pavement Markings</u>

In those areas where existing pavement markings are to be covered or removed, field locate and record the existing pavement markings by survey or other approved method by the Engineer as directed. Place final striping on these locations.

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Remove and properly dispose of tabs upon completion of the final striping. This work is considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Place tabs as per the Department's Standard sheet TCP (7-1)-13. Place raised pavement markers in accordance with applicable standards and as directed.

#### <u>Item 666 – Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings</u>

Use a pilot line for final striping and remove pilot line after all striping is complete. Removal will be in accordance with the methods specified in Item 677, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers," and will be subsidiary to this Item.

Air blasting is required as pavement surface preparation.

In those areas where existing pavement markings are to be covered or removed, field locate and record the existing pavement markings by survey or other approved method by the Engineer as directed. Place final striping on these locations.

#### <u>Item 672 – Raised Pavement Markers</u>

Use a pilot line for final striping and remove pilot line after all striping is complete. Removal in accordance with the methods specified in Item 677, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers," and will be subsidiary to this Item.

Air blasting is required for pavement surface preparation.

Furnish adhesives that conform to DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives," and DMS-6130, "Bituminous Adhesive for Pavement Markers," for this Item.

Do not place raised pavement markers when the pavement surface temperature is below 60°F.

Removal of all existing raised pavement markers will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### <u>Item 6001 – Portable Changeable Message Sign</u>

Provide messages as directed by the Engineer.

Provide three (3) Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) as advanced notification for two weeks prior to beginning project and throughout duration of project as directed. One of the Three (3) will be spare, and used as directed by the Engineer.

#### Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

All TMA Operators must participate in a TMA workshop to be conducted by the El Paso District Safety Office, on the proper use of TMAs, prior to working on Department Right of Way (ROW). A certificate of completion will be issued to TMA Operators that successfully complete the TMA workshop. The certificate of completion must be carried by TMA Operators at all times while working on Department right of way.

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Acquire the TCP and TMA Operator's certificates of completion prior to the authorization to begin work. No time suspension will be granted, and no traffic control work will be allowed without certificates of completion.

Contractor shall be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

The supporting vehicle for the TMA shall have a minimum gross (i.e., ballasted) vehicular weight of 19,000 pounds.

Table 5
Basis of Estimate for Stationary TMAs

Basis of Estimate for Stationary TMAs					
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL	
1,2	TCP (2-1)c	4		4	
ALL	Line Diagram	2	1(Spare)	3	

Table 6
Basis of Estimate for Mobile TMAs

24010 01 2011111410 101 11100110 11111110										
Basis of Estimate for Mobile TMAs										
Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL							
TCP (S-2)	1		1							
TCP (3-1)b	4		4							
TCP (3-3)a	2		2							

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# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0233-05-038

**DISTRICT** El Paso **HIGHWAY** SH 54

**COUNTY** Culberson

CONTROL SECTION JOB				0233-05	5-038		
PROJECT ID				A00183	3066	1	
		CC	OUNTY	Culber	son	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH 5	54		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST. FINAL			
	100-6001	PREPARING ROW	AC	5.000		5.000	
İ	105-6043	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (0-6")	SY	4,500.000		4,500.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	3,112.000		3,112.000	
	110-6003	EXCAVATION (SPECIAL)	CY	5,150.000		5,150.000	
	132-6002	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY A)	CY	7,275.000		7,275.000	
	132-6056	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C2)(DS)	CY	78.000		78.000	
	216-6001	PROOF ROLLING	HR	40.000		40.000	
	247-6121	FL BS (RDWY DEL) (TY A GR 1-2)	TON	100.800		100.800	
	275-6019	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE)(6")	SY	5,201.000		5,201.000	
	310-6001	PRIME COAT (MULTI OPTION)	GAL	780.000		780.000	
	354-6002	PLAN & TEXT ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	1,728.000		1,728.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	234.500		234.500	
İ	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	1,670.000		1,670.000	
	407-6006	SHEET PILING (PZ - 40)	SF	14,729.000		14,729.000	
İ	416-6001	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	LF	130.000		130.000	
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	410.000		410.000	
	420-6014	CL C CONC (ABUT)(HPC)	CY	48.900		48.900	
	420-6030	CL C CONC (CAP)(HPC)	CY	31.800		31.800	
	420-6038	CL C CONC (COLUMN)(HPC)	CY	8.800		8.800	
	420-6156	CL C CONC (WEBWALL)	CY	9.400		9.400	
	422-6002	REINF CONC SLAB (HPC)	SF	8,160.000		8,160.000	
	422-6016	APPROACH SLAB (HPC)	CY	62.400		62.400	
	425-6036	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX34)	LF	953.920		953.920	
	432-6010	RIPRAP (CONC)(CL B)(5 IN)	CY	77.000		77.000	
	432-6046	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(5 IN)	CY	91.000		91.000	
ĺ	450-6111	RAIL (TY SSTR) (W/DRAIN SLOT) (HPC)	LF	536.000		536.000	
ĺ	454-6020	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - B)	LF	68.000		68.000	
	462-6063	CONC BOX CULV (8 FT X 4 FT)(EXTEND)	LF	32.000		32.000	
ĺ	480-6001	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	EA	1.000		1.000	
ĺ	496-6008	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)	LF	32.000		32.000	
ĺ	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
İ	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	8.000		8.000	
İ	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	15.000		15.000	
İ	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	15.000		15.000	
İ	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	275.000		275.000	
İ	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	275.000		275.000	
İ	506-6032	BLADING WORK (EROSION & SEDMT CONT)	HR	80.000		80.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	Culberson	0233-05-038	8



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0233-05-038

**DISTRICT** El Paso HIGHWAY SH 54

**COUNTY** Culberson

		CONTROL SECTION	0233-05	5-038			
		PRO	JECT ID	A00183	3066		
	COUNTY			Culber	son	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	GHWAY	SH 5	64		FINAL
ALT BID CODE		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	4,194.000		4,194.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	4,194.000		4,194.000	
	508-6001	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	SY	1,001.000		1,001.000	
	510-6003	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	МО	8.000		8.000	
	512-6009	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(LOW PROF)(TY 1)	LF	980.000		980.000	
	512-6010	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(LOW PROF)(TY 2)	LF	80.000		80.000	
	512-6057	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(LOW PROF)(TY 1)	LF	980.000		980.000	
	512-6058	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(LOW PROF)(TY 2)	LF	80.000		80.000	
	533-6003	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	LF	4,080.000		4,080.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	2,200.000		2,200.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	1,100.000		1,100.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	552-6001	WIRE FENCE (TY A)	LF	3,600.000		3,600.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	7.000		7.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	658-6060	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	EA	4.000		4.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	17.000		17.000	
	658-6103	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-3L)(WFLX)GND)GND	EA	4.000		4.000	
	662-6050	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	EA	96.000		96.000	
	662-6063	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	LF	7,190.000		7,190.000	
	662-6095	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	5,210.000		5,210.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	100.000		100.000	
	662-6110	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y	EA	100.000		100.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	100.000		100.000	
	666-6342	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	4,080.000		4,080.000	
	666-6344	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	320.000		320.000	
	666-6345	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	3,306.000		3,306.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	39.000		39.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	3,963.000		3,963.000	
	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF	7,386.000		7,386.000	
	700-6001	POTHOLE REPAIR (STANDARD)	SY	100.000		100.000	
	740-6005	ANTI - GRAFFITI COATNG(PERMNENT-TY III)	SF	3,581.000		3,581.000	
	3076-6026	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG70-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	1,316.000		1,316.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	Culberson	0233-05-038	8A

Report Created On: Sep 28, 2022 5:21:31 PM



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0233-05-038

**DISTRICT** El Paso HIGHWAY SH 54

**COUNTY** Culberson

Report Created On: Sep 28, 2022 5:21:31 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0233-0	5-038		
		PROJE	ECT ID	A0018	3066		
		co	DUNTY	Culbe	rson	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH !	54		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	4171-6001	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	3.000		3.000	
	6056-6001	PREFORMED IN-LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP	LF	216.000		216.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	600.000		600.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	20.000		20.000	
	7148-6019	FURNISH ADDITIONAL FLAGGER	HR	80.000		80.000	
	18	LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	Culberson	0233-05-038	8B

	SUMMARY OF TCP ITEMS													
SHEET	403 6001	*** 462 6063	*** 480 6001	*** 496 6008	500 6001	502 6001	508 6001	510 6003	512 6009	512 6010	512 6057	512 6058		
	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	CONC BOX CULV (8 FT X 4 FT) (EXTEND)	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)	MOBILIZATION	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	PORT CTB (FUR & INST) (LOW PROF) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (FUR & INST) (LOW PROF) (TY 2)	PORT CTB (REMOVE) (LOW PROF) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(LOW PROF)(TY 2)		
	SF	LF	EA	LF	LS	МО	SY	МО	LF	LF	LF	LF		
SH54			1		1									
PHASE 1	1670	32				8	1001	8						
PHASE 2									980	80				
PHASE 3				32							980	80		
PROJECT TOTALS	1670	32	1	32	1	8	1001	8	980	80	980	80		

	SUMMARY OF TCP ITEMS													
SHEET	540 6001	542 6001	544 6001	544 6003	662 6050	662 6063	662 6095	* 662 6109	* 662 6110	* 662 6111				
	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 4" (SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y) 4" (SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2				
	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA				
SH54														
PHASE 1	1100		4											
PHASE 2					96	4000	1920							
PHASE 3		1100		4		3190	3290	100	100	100				
PROJECT TOTALS	1100	1100	4	4	96	7190	5210	100	100	100				

		SUN	MMARY OF TCP ITEM	S			
SHEET	677 6001			*6185 6002	* 6185 6005	* 7148 6019	
	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	PREFORMED IN-LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	FURNISH ADDITIONAL FLAGGER	
	LF	EA	LF	DAY	DAY	HR	
SH54		3		600	20	80	
PHASE 1			216				
PHASE 2	1895						
PHASE 3							
PROJECT TOTALS	1895	3	216	600	20	80	

- # REFER TO THE TCP LINE DIAGRAM FOR QUANTITIES TO REMAIN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- \* TO BE USED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER
- \*\*\* REFER TO TEMPORARY CULVERT EXTENSION DETAIL FOR QUANTITIES.

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TCP SUMMARY SHEET

OEI	DIV.NO. PROJECT NO.			NO.
	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	9
OE I	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY
OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54
	0E I	OEI TEXAS CONT.	OEI         DIV. NO.         PROJECT           0EI         6         SEE TITL           0EI         STATE         DIST.           0EI         TEXAS         ELP           cont.         SECT.	OEI DIV.NO. PROJECT NO.  6 SEE TITLE SHEET  OEI TEXAS ELP CUL  CONT. SECT. JOB

## SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK DETOURS

	110	132
CTATION	6003	6002
STATION (SH54)	EXCAVATION (SPECIAL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)
	CY	CY
771+00	0	0
771+50	3	0
772+00	6	0
772+50	5	3
773+00	6	8
773+50	10	8
774+00	16	2
774+50	36	0
775+00	96	0
775+50	178	0
776+00	235	0
776+50	257	0
777+00	203	0
777+50	165	0
778+00	221	0
778+50	261	0
779+00	244	0
779+50	219	1
780+00	121	15
780+50	13	35
781+00	0	21
781+50	150	0
782+00	267	0
782+50	223	0
783+00	182	0
783+50	110	0
784+00	44	0
784+50	11	121
785+00	0	137
785+50	6	20
786+00	15	5
786+50	21	2
787+00	22	0
787+50	21	0
788+00	21	0
788+50	16	0
789+00	5	0
DETOUR TOTAL	3409	379

### SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK SH 54

	110	132	110
	6001	6002	6003
STATION (SH54)	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)	EXCAVATION (SPECIAL)
	CY	CY	CY
770+00.00 R1			
770+50.00 R1	174	0	149
771+00.00 R1	427	0	382
771+50.00 R1	519	3	486
772+00.00 R1	509	7	455
772+50.00 R1	429	4	269
773+00.00 R1	312	0	
773+50.00 R1	220	3	
774+00.00 R1	148	13	
774+50.00 R1	101	33	
775+00.00 R1	83	57	
775+50.00 R1	58	98	
776+00.00 R1	21	161	
776+50.00 R1	1	260	
777+00.00 R1	3	371	
777+50.00 R1	4	482	
778+00.00 R1	3	579	
778+50.00 R1	3	658	
779+00.00 R1	2	811	
779+50.00 R1	3	653	
780+00.00 R1	2	195	
780+50.00 R1	0	0	
781+00.00 R1	0	0	
781+50.00 R1	0	0	
782+00.00 R1	27	223	
782+50.00 R1	33	363	
783+00.00 R1	10	275	
783+50.00 R1	7	223	
784+00.00 R1	9	140	
784+50.00 R1	26	58	
785+00.00 R1	54	30	
785+50.00 R1	68	38	
786+00.00 R1	78	18	
786+50.00 R1	87	3	
787+00.00 R1	1 4	0	
TOTAL	3438	5760	1741

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EARTHWORK QUANTITIES SUMMARY SHEET

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	10
СНК	OEI	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
СНК	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

				SUMMARY O	F ROADWAY ITEMS					
SHEET	110	110	132	* 216	* 247	275	310	354	432	432
	6001	6003	6002	6001	6121	6019	6001	6002	6010	6046
	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (SPECIAL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY A)	PROOF ROLLING	FL BS (RDWY DEL) (TY A GR 1-2)	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE) (6")	PRIME COAT (MULT) OPTION)	PLAN & TEXT ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (5 IN)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (5 IN)
	CY	CY	CY	HR	TON	SY	GAL	SY	CY	CY
SH54										
ON-SITE DETOUR P&P		3409	379		60					
ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE	3112	1741	6896	40	41	5201	780	1728		91
PROJECT TOTALS	3112	5150	7275	40	101	5201	780	1728	0	91

SHEET	506	540	540	540	544	700	3076
	6032	6001	6006	6016	6001 *	6001*	6026
	BLADING WORK (EROSION & SEDMT CONT)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	POTHOLE REPAIR (STANDARD)	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG70-22 (EXEMPT)
	HR	LF	EA	EA	EA	SY	TON
SH54							
ON-SITE DETOUR P&P							485
ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE	80	1100	4	2	2	100	831
PROJECT TOTALS	80	1100	4	2	2	100	1316

\* TO BE USED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER.

	SUMMA	ARY OF REMOVA	L ITEMS			
	100 6001	105 6043	552 6001	644 6076	658 6060	677 6001
SHEET	## PREPARING ROW	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (0-6")	WIRE FENCE (TY A)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")
	AC	SY		EA	EA	LF
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 1 OF 2	5	4500	3600	6	4	978
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 2				1		1090
TOTALS	5	4500	3600	7	4	2068

## EXISTING FENCE REMOVAL WILL BE PAID UNDER PREP ROW BID ITEM. THIS INCLUDES ALL MATERIALS, LABOR, DISPOSAL AND INCIDENTALS. ESTIMATED LENGTH TO BE REMOVED IS 3600 LF. ALL EXISTING POSTS MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE REMOVAL.

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ROADWAY & REMOVALS SUMMARY SHEET

OEI	DIV. NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	NO.
	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	11
OE I	STATE DIST.		COUNTY	
OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54
	0E I	OEI DIV.NO. 6 OEI STATE OEI TEXAS CONT.	OEI         DIV. NO.         PROJECT           0EI         6         SEE TITL           0EI         STATE         DIST.           0EI         TEXAS         ELP           cont.         SECT.	OEI DIV.NO. PROJECT NO.  OEI STATE DIST. O  OEI TEXAS ELP CUL  CONT. SECT. JOB

	SUMMARY OF SHEET PI	LING ITEMS	
SHEET	132	407	432
	6056	6006	6010
	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY C2) (DS)	SHEET PILING (PZ-40)	RIPRAP (CONC) (CLB) (5IN)
	CY	SF	CY
SHEET 1 OF 5	16	5457	24
SHEET 2 OF 5	22	3848	17
SHEET 3 OF 5		2255	10
SHEET 4 OF 5		1692	10
SHEET 5 OF 5	40	1477	16
SHEET TOTALS	78	14729	77

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SHEET PILING SUMMARY SHEET

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DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.		
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	12	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	

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		SU	MMARY OF PAVEMENT MARK	INGS			
	533 6003	666 6342	666 6344	666 6345	672 6009	678 6001	
SHEET	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	
	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	
SH54							
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT							
1 OF 1	4,080	4,080	320	3,306	39	7,386	
PROJECT TOTALS	4,080	4,080	320	3,306	39	7,386	

	SUN	MMARY OF SMALL SI	GNS		
	644 6001	658 6061	658 6014	658 6103	
SHEET	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-3L) (WFLX) GN D) GND	
	EA	EA	EA	EA	
SH54					
SMALL SIGN LAYOUT					
1 OF 1	8	17	6	4	
PROJECT TOTALS	8	17	6	4	

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SIGNING & PAVEMENT MARKINGS SUMMARY SHEET

OSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.			
		6	SEE TITL	13			
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY		
ORN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON		
		CONT. SECT.		JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK OEI		0233	05	038	SH 54		

			SUMMARY OF SWP3 ITEMS				
	506	506	506	506	506	506	
	6002	6011	6020	6024	6038	6039	
SHEET	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	
	LF	LF	LF	LF	CY	CY	
SWP3 Phase 1	15		110	110	4194		
SWP3 Phase 2			110	110			
SWP3 Phase 3		15	55	55		4194	
PROJECT TOTALS	15	15	275	275	4194	4194	

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SWP3 QUANTITIES SUMMARY SHEET

31.221 1 31 1							
DSN	OE I FED. RD.		PROJEC	SHEET NO.			
		6	SEE TITL	14			
CHK	OEI	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY			
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK	OEI	0233	05	038	SH 54		

- INSTALL APPLICABLE BMP's
- INSTALL SHEET PILE
- INSTALL AND CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DETOUR PAVEMENT
- INSTALL ONE-WAY TCP (PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL)

- PHASE 2: CONSTRUCT PROPOSED BRIDGE STRUCTURE
  - PLACE APPLICABLE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
  - PERFORM ROAD CLOSURE & DETOUR USING ONE-WAY TCP PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL.
  - CONSTRUCT PROPOSED BRIDGE STRUCTURE AND APPROACHES.
  - CONSTRUCT PROPOSED SB ROADWAY FROM STA 773+80.08 TO STA 786+57.00.
  - -COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION OF NB ROADWAY.

- PHASE 3: REMOVE TEMPORARY DETOUR & COMPLETE SB
- PLACE APPLICABLE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- REMOVE LPCTB, MBGF AND SGT FROM TEMPORARY DETOUR
- REMOVE TEMPORARY DETOUR.
- COMPLETE SB ROADWAY FROM STA 770+00 TO STA 773+80.08.
- COMPLETE CHANNEL GRADING

PHASE 4: OPEN TO ULTIMATE OPERATION

- REMOVE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND BMP's
- ALL ULTIMATE STRIPING TO BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS UNDER MOBILE TCP.
- OPEN ALL MOVEMENTS TO ULTIMATE OPERATION.

#### NOTE:

1. REFER TO TCP LINE DIAGRAM FOR INFORMATION.

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION					
COFF END								



DSN | OE I | FED. RD.

OE I

DRN 0E I

CHK OEI

6

STATE

TEXAS

CONT.

0233

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TCP NARRATIVE & STANDARD SELECTION TABLE

SECT.

05

SHEET 1 OF PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET DIST. COUNTY CULBERSON ELP

HIGHWAY NO.

SH 54

JOB

038

SH 54 TCP STANDARDS SELECTION TABLE PHASE 1 TXDOT STANDARD SHEET DIAGRAM TYPE OF WORK SUGGESTED USE INSTALLATION OF SWP3/EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY WZ(BRK). TCP(2-1)-18. TCP(2-1b), TCP(2-1c), SHOULDER CLOSURE AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS, CONSTRUCT DETOUR, SHEET DETOUR AND WORKZONE STRIPING. WZ(STPM), TCP(2-7), TCP(2-7a), TCP(2-8b)PILE INSTALLATION, TEMP. CULVERT EXTENSION INSTALL SHEET PILE. SET UP ONE-WAY TCP TCP (2-8) USING PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL. PHASE 2 TEMPORARY DETOUR. THE MAINLANE CLOSURE IS FOR THE REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAVEMENT, CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED BRIDGE, LPCB-13, TCP(2-7)-18, TCP(2-8)-18, WZ(STPM), TCP (2-7a) CLOSE MAIN LANE AND SHIFT TRAFFIC FROM MAIN LANE TRAFFIC TO DETOUR TCP (2-8b) APPROACHES AND REMAINING SHEET PILE. AND WZ(UL) PHASE 3 LPCB-13, TCP(2-2)-18, SH 54 SB MAINLANE COMPLETION. TCP(2-2b), TCP(3-1b), TCP(2-8)-18, TCP(3-1), MAINLANE CLOSURES, SHOULDER CLOSURES TCP (3-3b) PHASE 4 REMOVAL OF PROJECT LIMITS SIGNS. TCP TCP(2-1b), TCP(3-1b), SIGNS AND SWP3/EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. TCP(2-1)-18, TCP(3-1)ROADWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS, SHOULDER CLOSURES TCP (3-3b) ULTIMATE STRIPING

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

ALL BEGINNING AND ENDING BARRICADES AND SIGNS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE FOR SAFE AND CONVENIENT INGRESS AND EGRESS TO THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND WARNING LIGHTS TO MAINTAIN TRAFFIC AND PROMOTE MOTORISTS SAFETY. ANY SUCH ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND BARRICADES SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

ALL SIGNS SHALL BE NEW AND KEPT CLEAN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.

SIGNS, PAVEMENT MARKINGS, CHANNELIZING DEVICES, AND OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INTENDED TRAVEL PATHS THROUGH THE PROJECT AREA SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY. THIS WORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED. WHEN WORK IS SUSPENDED FOR SHORT TIME PERIOD, ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS THAT ARE NO LONGER APPROPRIATE SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT AREA.

SHORT TERM FLEXIBLE REFLECTIVE ROADWAY TABS SHALL BE USED TO DELINEATE THE CENTERLINE FOR A MAXIMUM OF 14 DAYS. PERMANENT STRIPING SHALL THEN BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE STANDARDS. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE AWARE, DEPENDING ON THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, THE STRIPING CREW MAY HAVE SEVERAL MOVE-INS. ALL SHORT TERM FLEXIBLE REFLECTIVE ROADWAY TABS SHALL BE REPLACED AS NEEDED WITHIN THAT 14 DAY PERIOD AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT AN ALTERNATE TCP AND/OR AN ALTERNATE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, IN ADVANCE AND IN WRITING, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. SUBMIT CONTRACTOR-PROPOSED TCP CHANGES, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, FOR APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER.

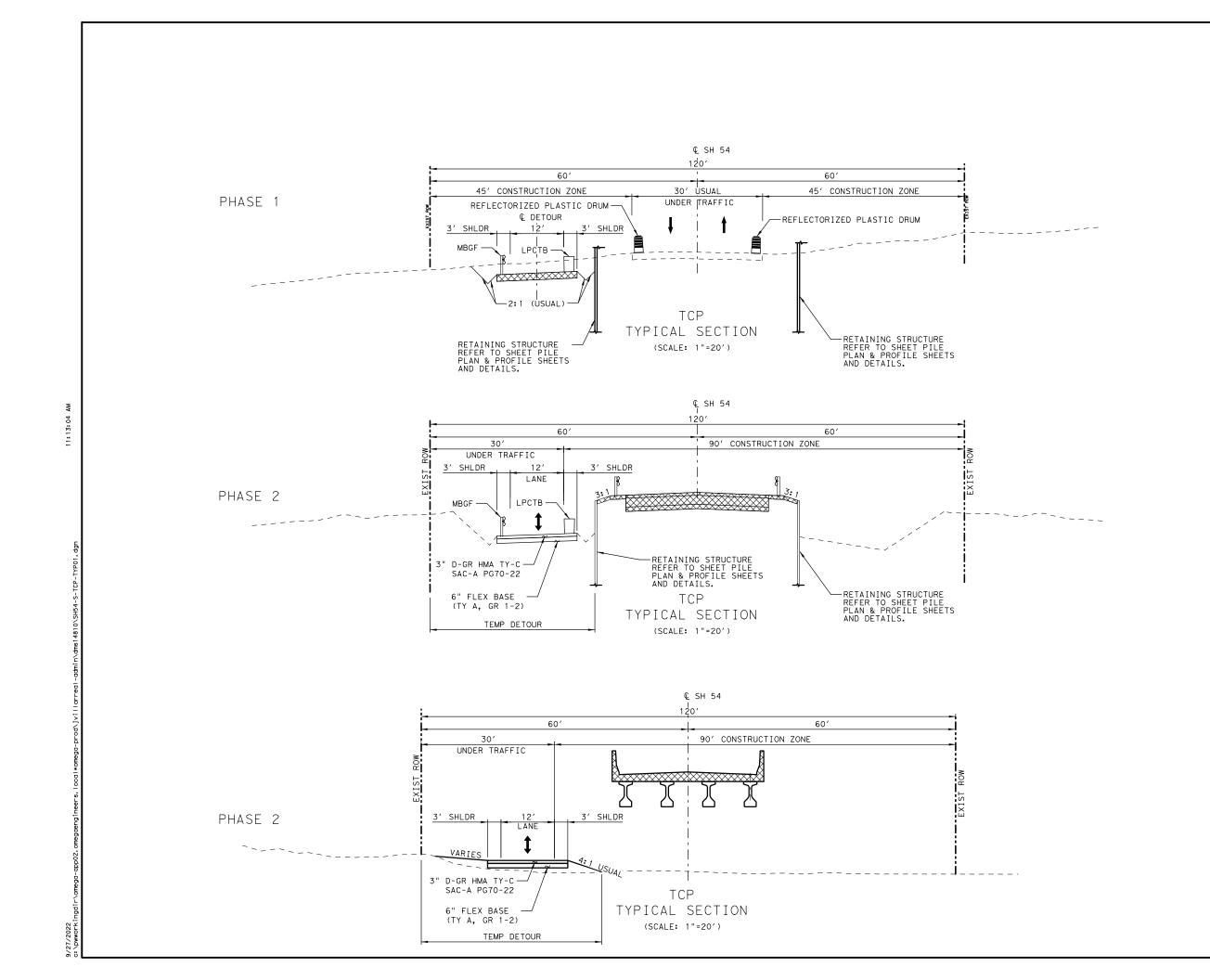
#### UNEVEN LANES

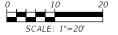
- 1. ANY VERTICAL OR NEAR VERTICAL LONGITUDINAL FACE EXCEEDING 1 INCH IN HEIGHT IN THE PAVEMENT SURFACE OPEN TO TRAFFIC AT THE END OF THE WORK DAY SHALL BE SLOPED A MINIMUM OF 3:1. TRANSVERSE FACES THAT ARE PRESENT AT THE END OF THE WORK DAY SHALL BE TAPERED IN A MANNER ACCEPTABLE TO THE ENGINEER.
- 2. SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE TO THE CONDITION AND REPEATED EVERY 1 MILE. SIGNS INSTALLED ALONG THE UNEVEN LANE CONDITION SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH THE NEXT XX MILES SIGN (CW7-3aP) OR ADVISORY SPEED SIGN (CW13-1). SEE WZ(UL)-13 FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 3. UNEVEN LANE SIGNS (CW8-11) SHALL BE ERECTED ON BOTH ENDS ON THE AREA WHERE THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN ELEVATION BETWEEN ADJACENT LANES GREATER THAN ONE INCH.

#### PAVEMENT DROP-OFF

1. SIGNING FOR PAVEMENT DROP-OFF (CW8-9a) SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE OF THE CONDITION AND REPEATED EVERY 1 MILE. SIGNS INSTALLED ALONG THE PAVEMENT EDGE SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH THE NEXT XX MILES SIGN (CW21-16) OR ADVISORY SPEED SIGN (SCW13-1).

1.





LEGEND

→ PROPOSED TRAFFIC FLOW





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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

### TCP ON-SITE TEMPORARY DETOUR TYPICAL SECTIONS

DCN OF T	FED. RD.			
DSN   OE I	DIV. NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
	- 6	SEE TITL	16	
CHK OEI	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN OEI	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK OEI	0233	05	038	SH 54

Beginning ch	ain DET.	_W des	scription				TWO	WAY DETOUR
Point DETW01		N	10,442,3	66.2958	E	884,652.26	551 Sta	770+00.00
Course from	DETWO1 -	to PC	DET_W1 N	19° 41′	37.88	" W Dist 1	19.9376	
Radius External Long Chord	= = = = = =	5° 36 4° 35	770+81.21 61.2684 122.4388 250.0000 1.5006 122.3898	Curve * N (LT)	<b>*</b>	,442.7517	Ε	884,624.8991
P.C. Statio P.T. Statio C.C. Back Ahead		41′ 18′	1.4988 770+19.94 771+42.38 37.89" W 21.73" W 59.81" W	N N N	10,442	,385.0672 ,498.1406 ,963.8242	E	884,645.5462 884,598.7098 883,468.6629

Course from PT DET\_W1 to PC DET\_W2 N 25° 18′ 21.73" W Dist 245.5823

## Curve Data

					*			
Curve DET_W2								
P.I. Statio	n		77	4+49.23	3 N	10,442,775.5452	Ε	884,467.5455
Delta	=	5°	° 36′	43.84'	' (RT)			
Degree	=	4	° 35′	01.18	1			
Tangent	=			61.2684	1			
Length	=		1	22.4388	3			
Radius	=		1,2	50.0000	)			
External	=			1.5006	5			
Long Chord	=		1	22.3898	3			
Mid. Ord.	=			1.4988	3			
P.C. Statio	n		77	3+87.96	S N	10,442,720.1563	Ε	884, 493. 7349
P.T. Statio	n		77	5+10.40	) N	10,442,833.2298	Ε	884,446.8984
C.C.					N	10,443,254.4727	Ε	885,623.7818
Back	= N	25°	18′2	1.73" V	1			
Ahead	= N	19° -	41′3	7.89" V	1			
Chord Bear	= N	22° :	29′5	9.81" V	1			

Course from PT DET\_W2 to PC DET\_W3 N 19° 41′ 37.89" W Dist 996.1701

#### Curve Data

Curve DET_W3						
P.I. Station	n	785+67.86	N	10,443,828.8352	Ε	884,090,5405
Delta :	=	5° 36′ 50.85"	(RT)	, ,		,
Degree :	-	4° 35′ 01.18"				
Tangent :	=	61.2896				
Length :	=	122.4812				
Radius :	-	1,250.0000				
External :	=	1.5017				
Long Chord :	=	122.4322				
Mid. Ord.	=	1.4999				
P.C. Station	n	785+06.57	N	10,443,771.1306	Ε	884,111.1947
P.T. Station	n	786+29.05	N	10,443,888.2836	Ε	884,075.6304
C.C.			N	10,444,192.3735	Ε	885,288.0781
Back :	= N	19° 41′ 37.89" W				
Ahead :	= N	14° 04′ 47.04" W				
Chord Bear :	= N	16° 53′ 12.47" W				

Course from PT DET\_W3 to PC DET\_W4 N 14° 04′ 47.04" W Dist 245.4171

### Curve Data

٦	789+35.73	N	10,444,185.7533	E	884,001.0230
=	5° 36′ 43.06"	(LT)			
=	4° 35′ 01.18"				
=	61.2660				
=	122.4340				
=	1,250.0000				
=	1.5005				
=	122.3851				
=	1.4987				
٦	788+74.47	N	10,444,126.3279	E	884,015.9273
٦	789+96.90	N	10,444,243.4364	Ε	883,980.3789
		N	10,443,822.2379	E	882,803.4797
= N 14°	04′ 47.04" W				
= N 19°	41′ 30.11" W				
= N 16°	53′ 08.57" W				
	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	5° 36′ 43.06″ 4° 35′ 01.18″ 61.2660 122.4340 1,250.0000 1.5005 122.3851 1.4987 788+74.47 789+96.90 N 14° 04′ 47.04″ W N 19° 41′ 30.11″ W	5° 36′ 43.06" (LT) 4° 35′ 01.18" 61.2660 122.4340 1,250.0000 1.5005 122.3851 1.4987 788+74.47 N 789+96.90 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	5° 36′ 43.06" (LT) 4° 35′ 01.18" 61.2660 122.4340 1,250.0000 1.5005 122.3851 1.4987 788+74.47 N 10,444,126.3279 789+96.90 N 10,444,243.4364 N 10,443,822.2379 N 19° 41′ 30.11" W	= 5° 36′ 43.06" (LT) = 4° 35′ 01.18" = 61.2660 = 122.4340 = 1,250.0000 = 1.5005 = 122.3851 = 1.4987 788+74.47 N 10,444,126.3279 E 789+96.90 N 10,444,243.4364 E N 10,443,822.2379 E

Course from PT DET\_W4 to DETW02 N 19° 41′ 30.12" W Dist 3.0977

Point DETW02 N 10,444,246.3530 E 883,979.3351 Sta 790+00.00

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Ending chain DET\_W description

	DATE	BY	REV	REVISION		
ann.						



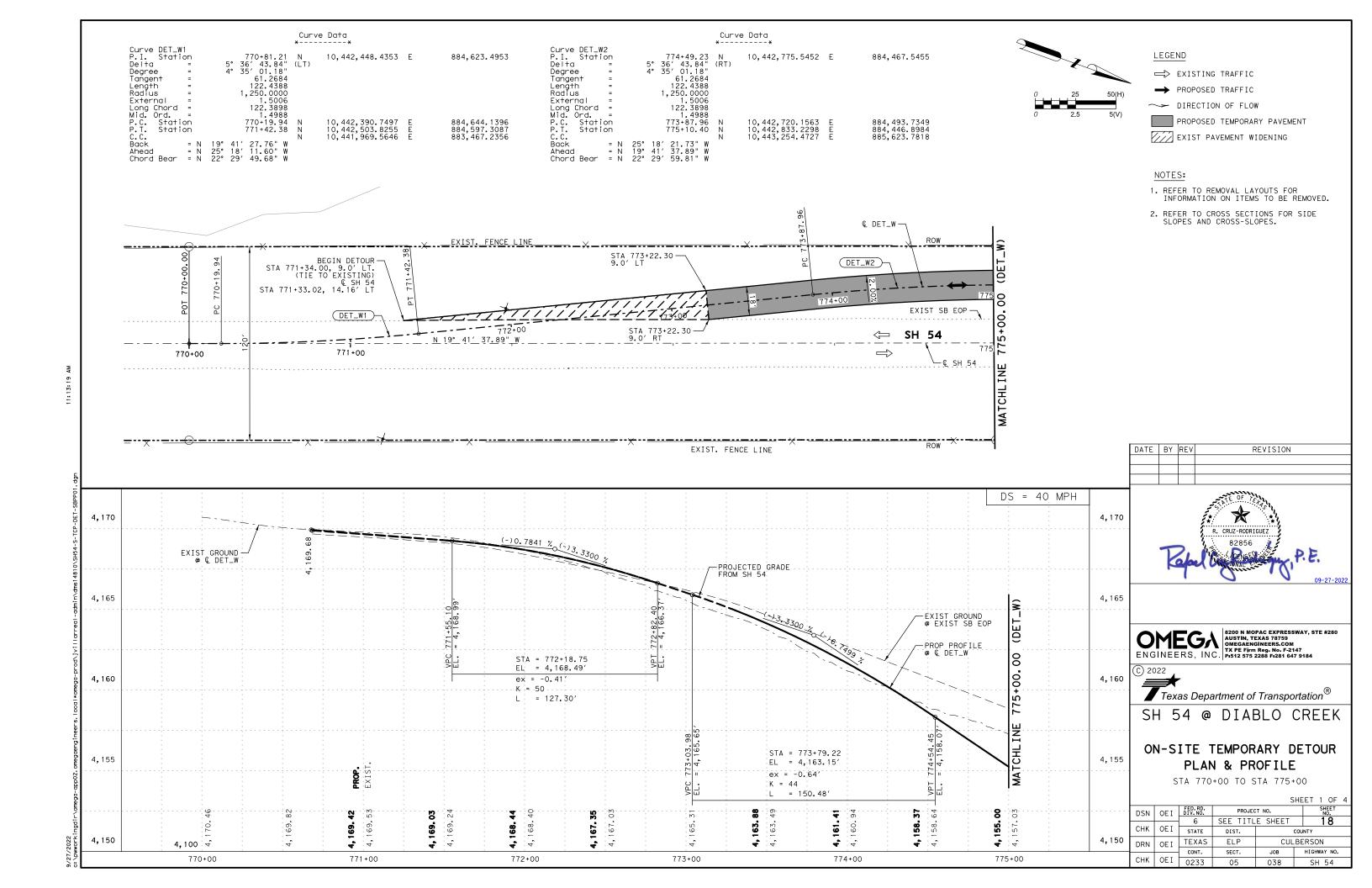
ENGINEERS, INC. | 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147 Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

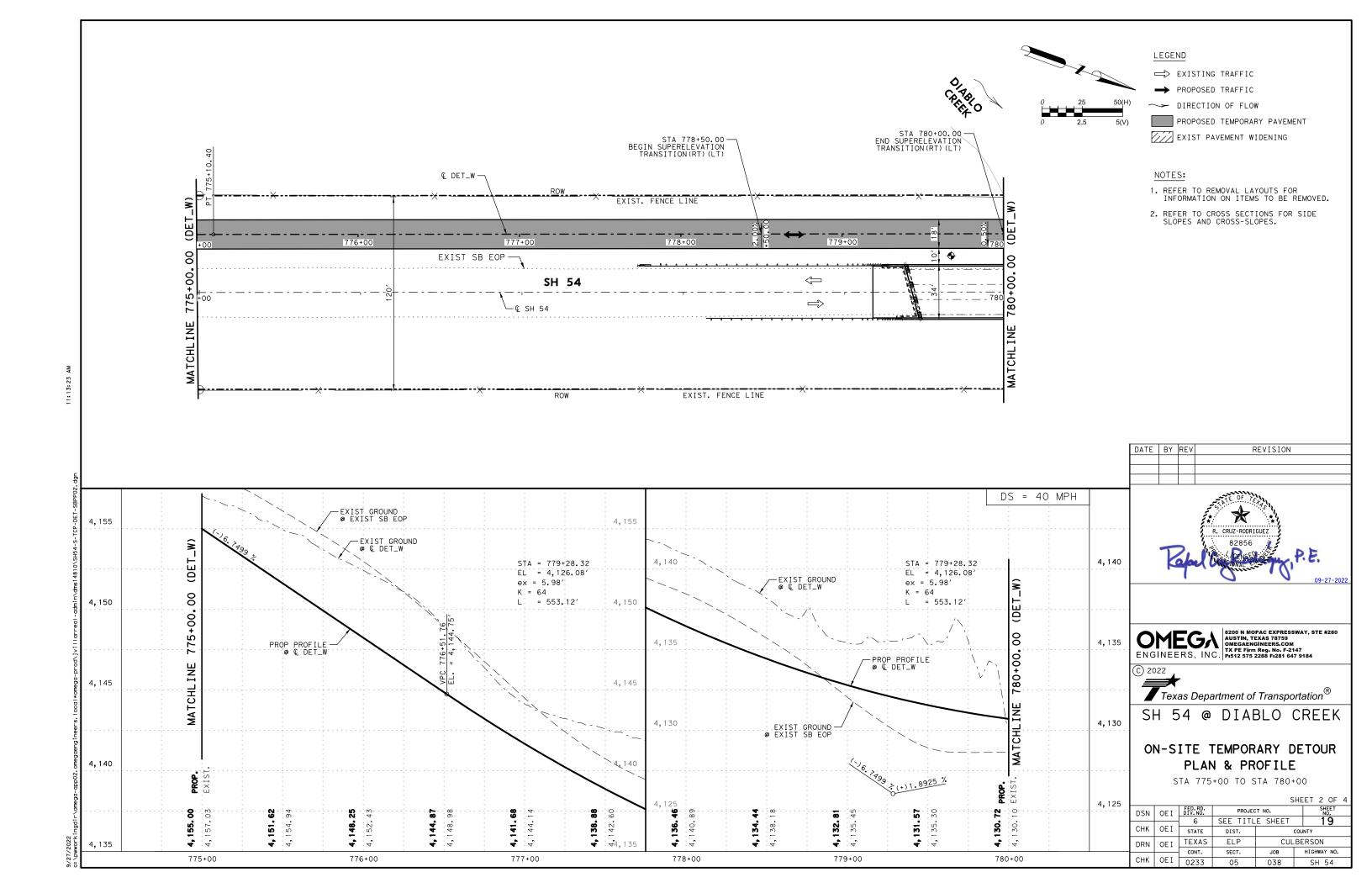
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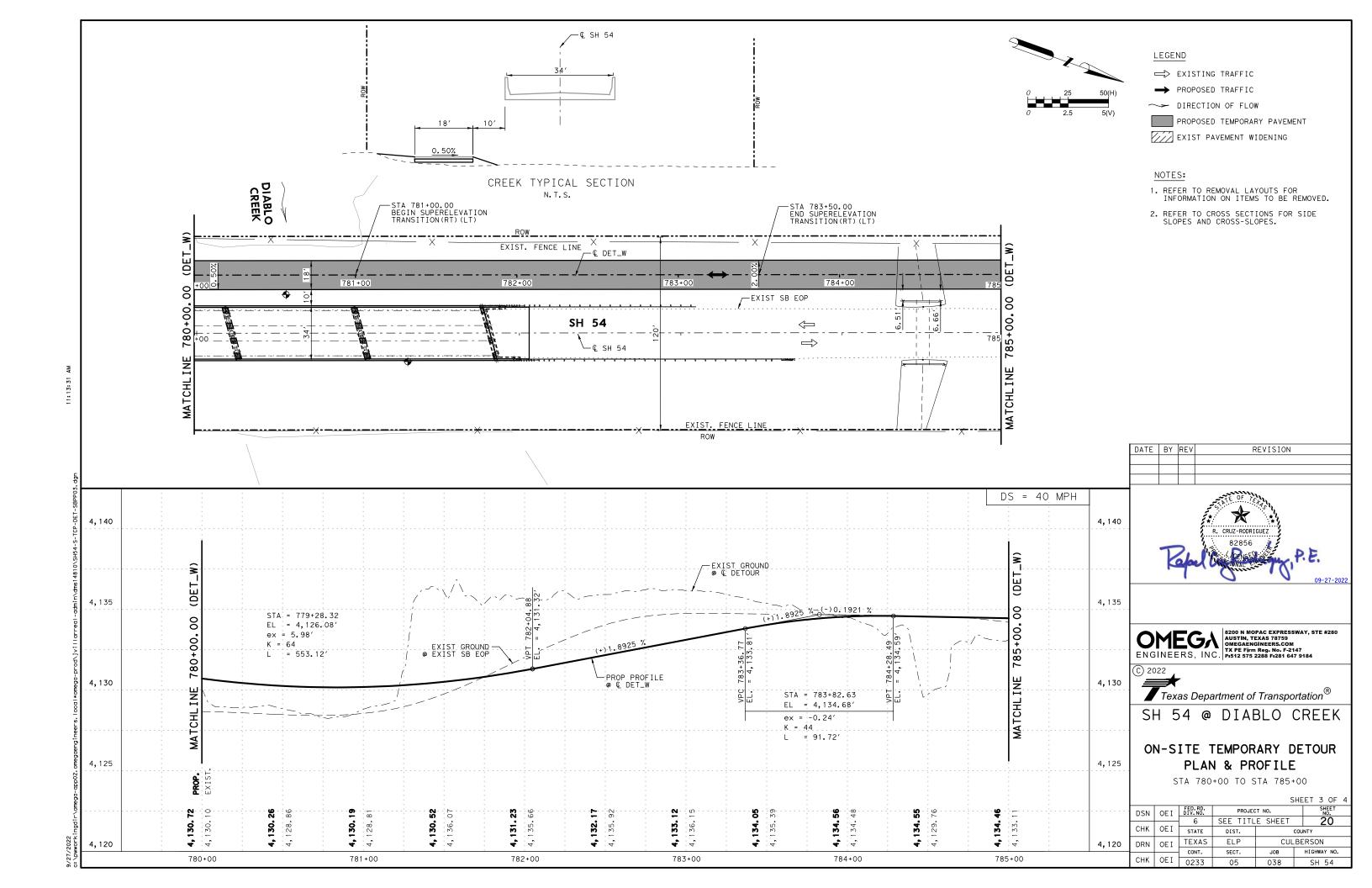
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

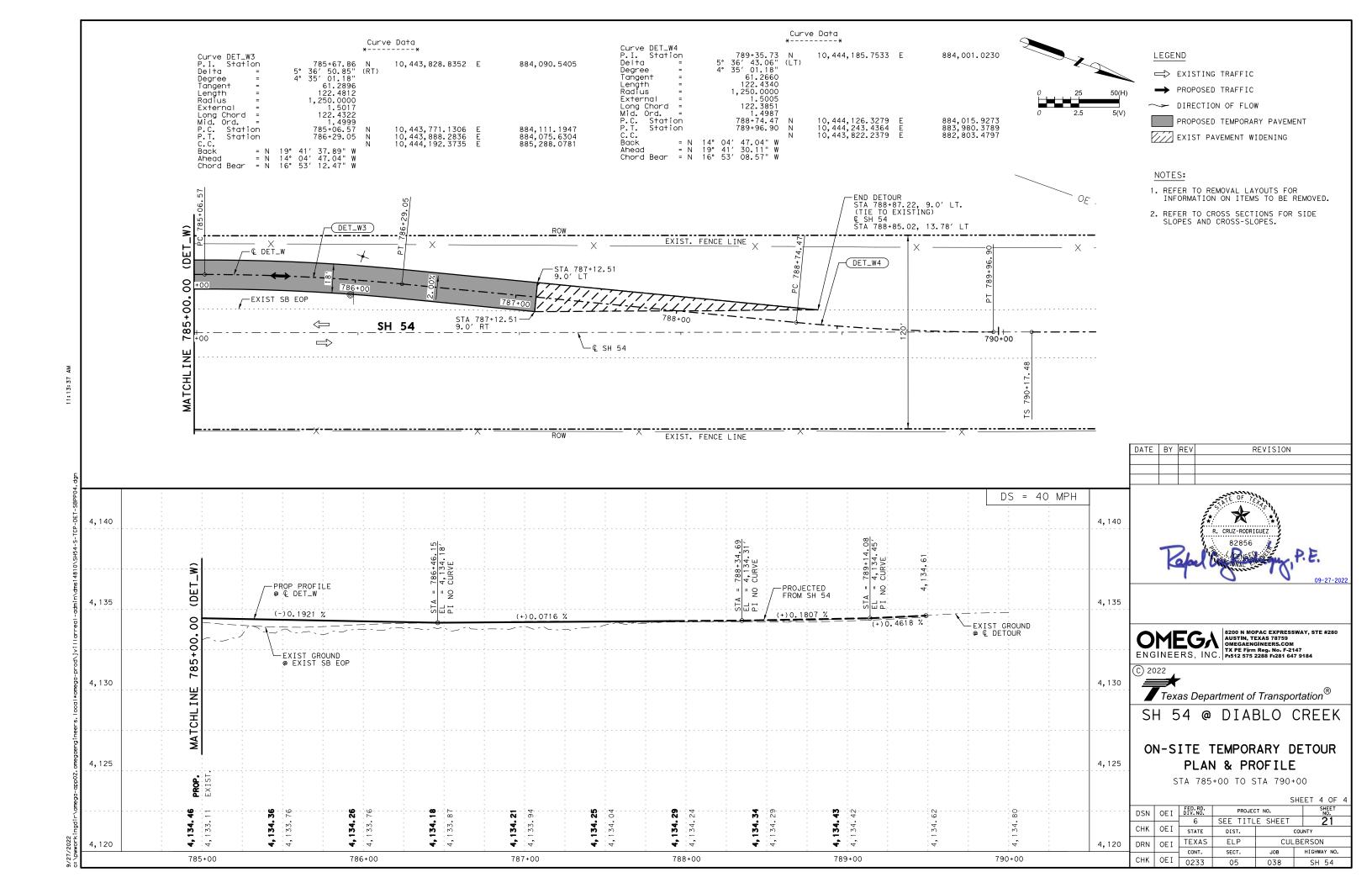
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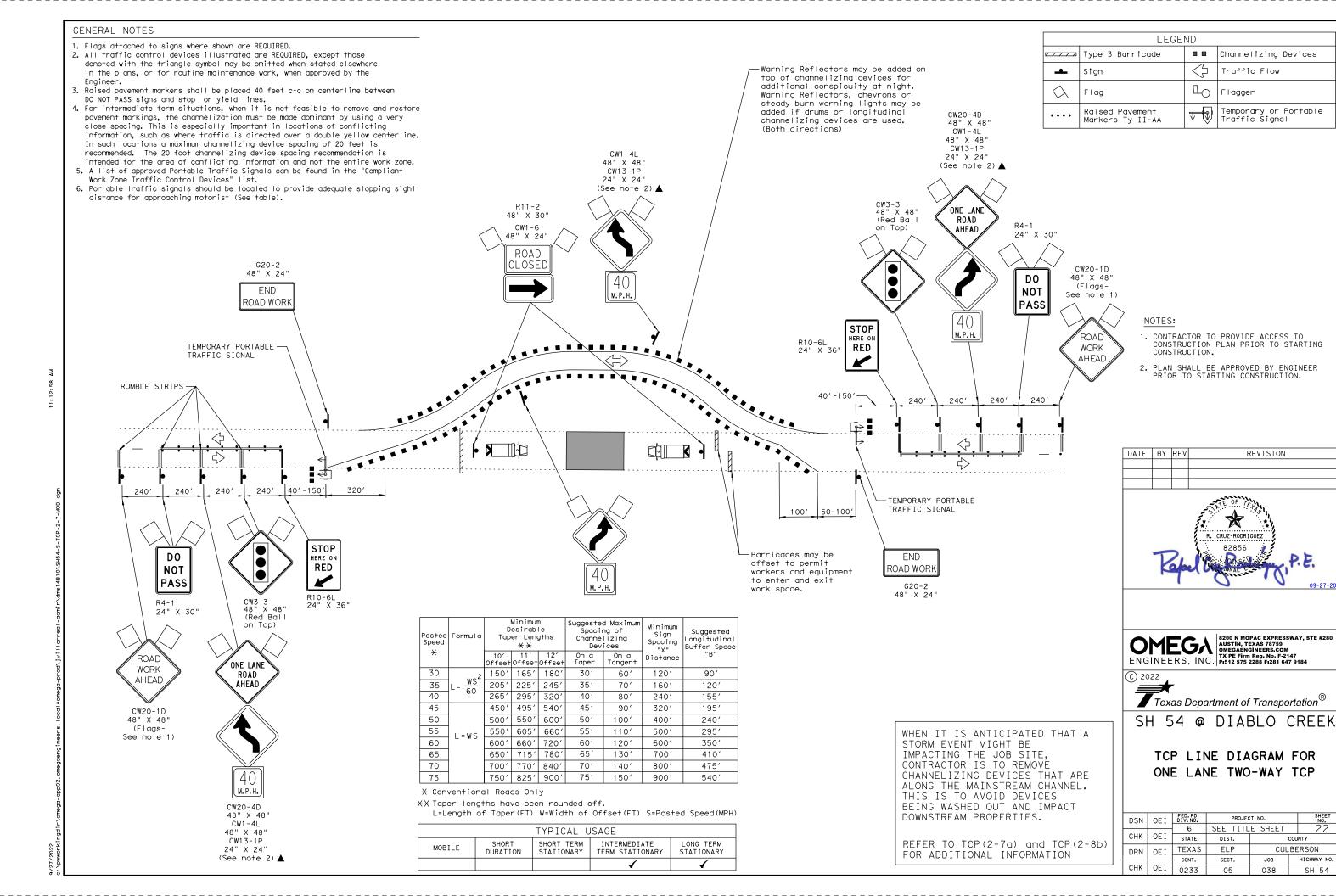
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CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN OEI		TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

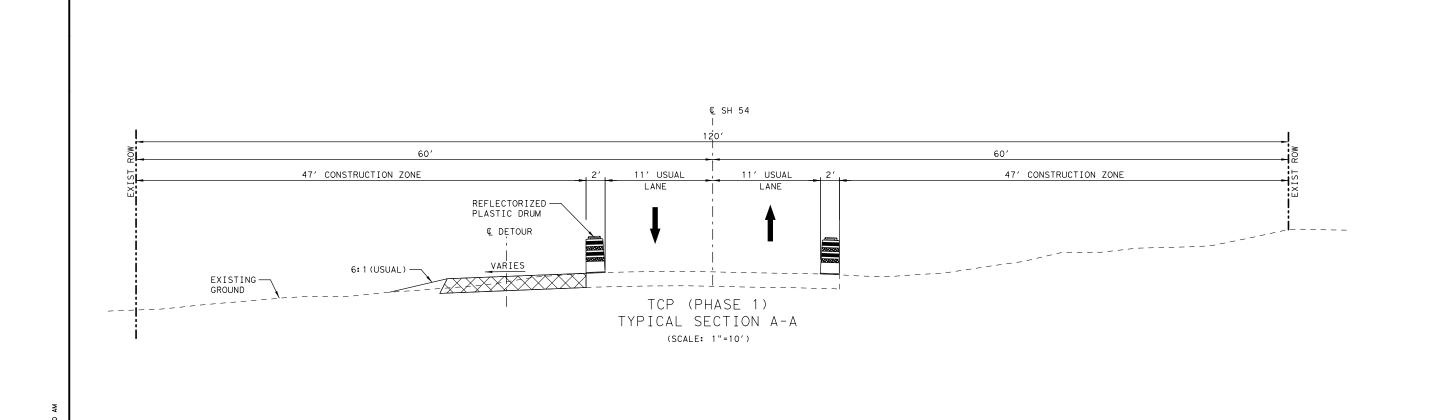


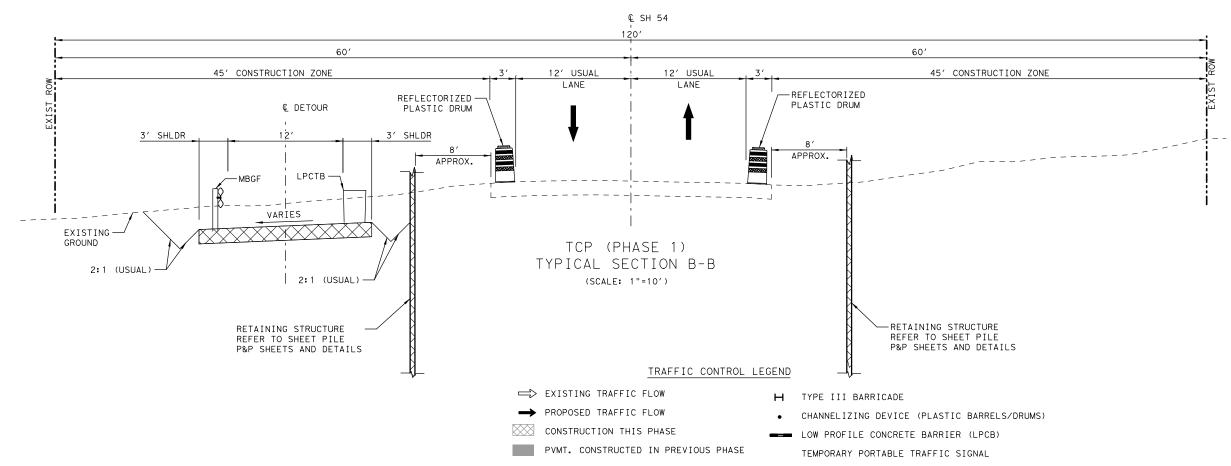


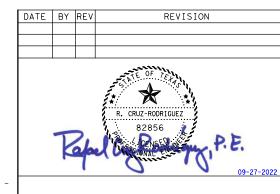






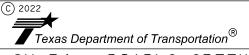








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TYPE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

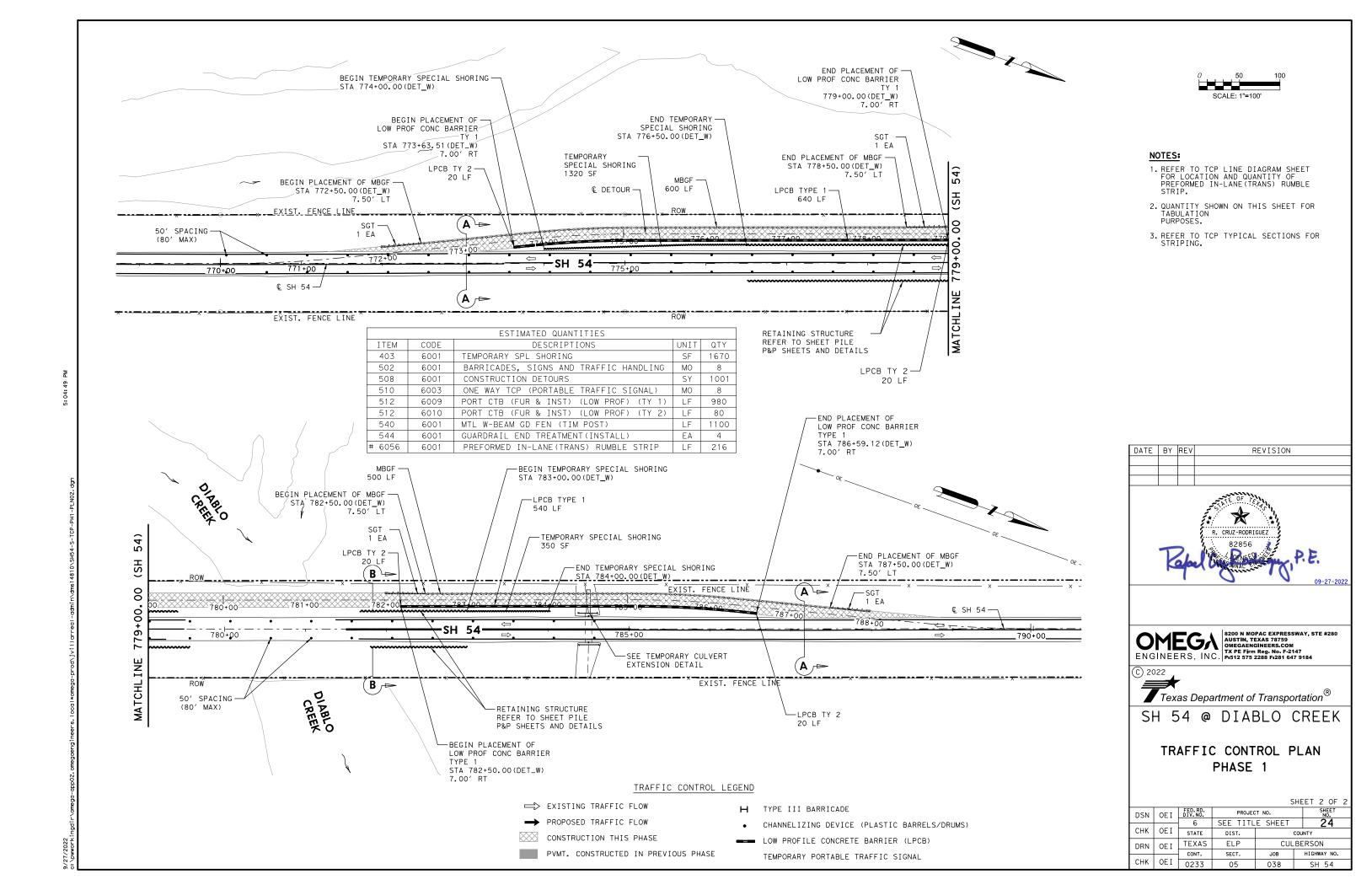


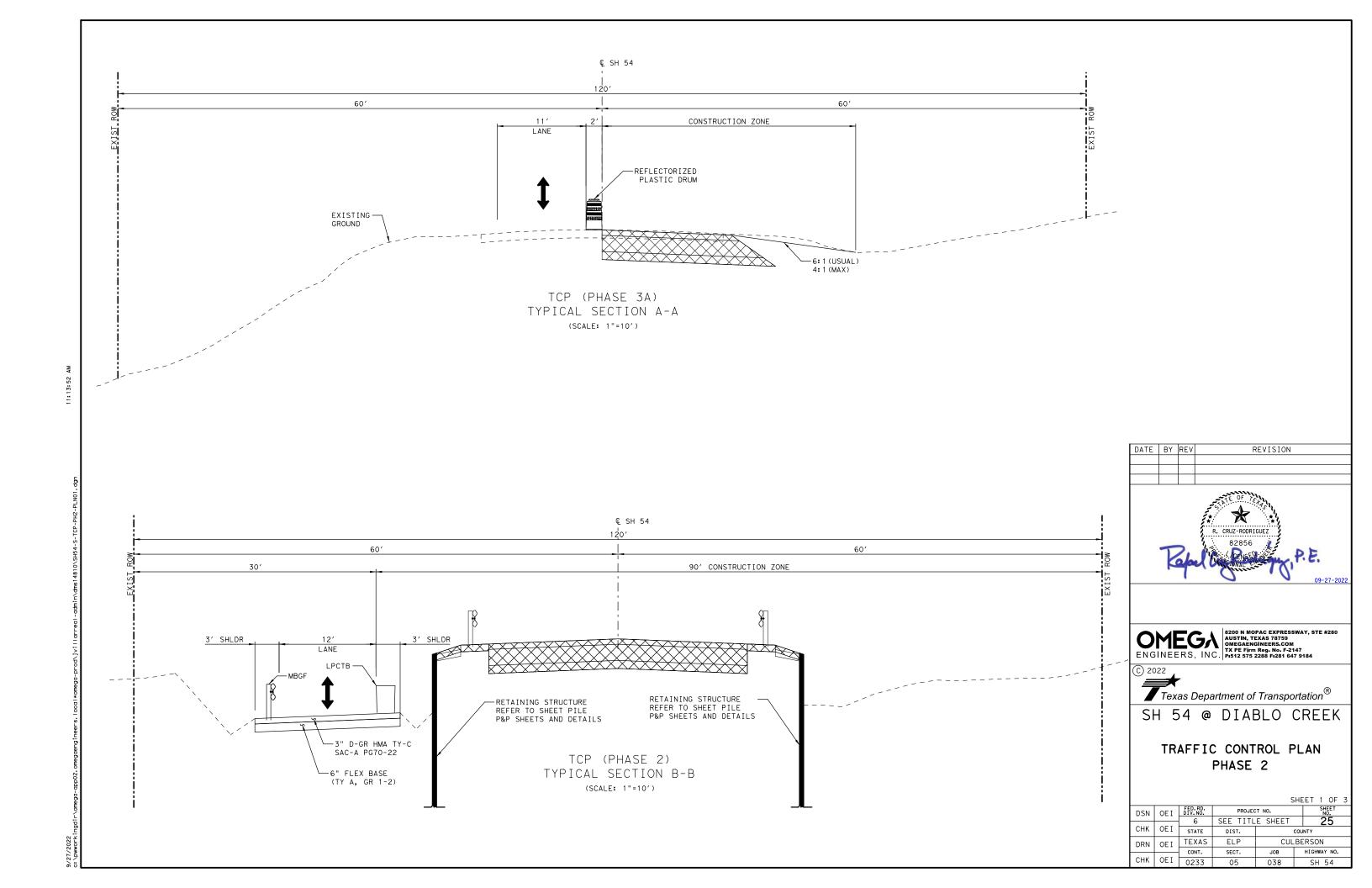
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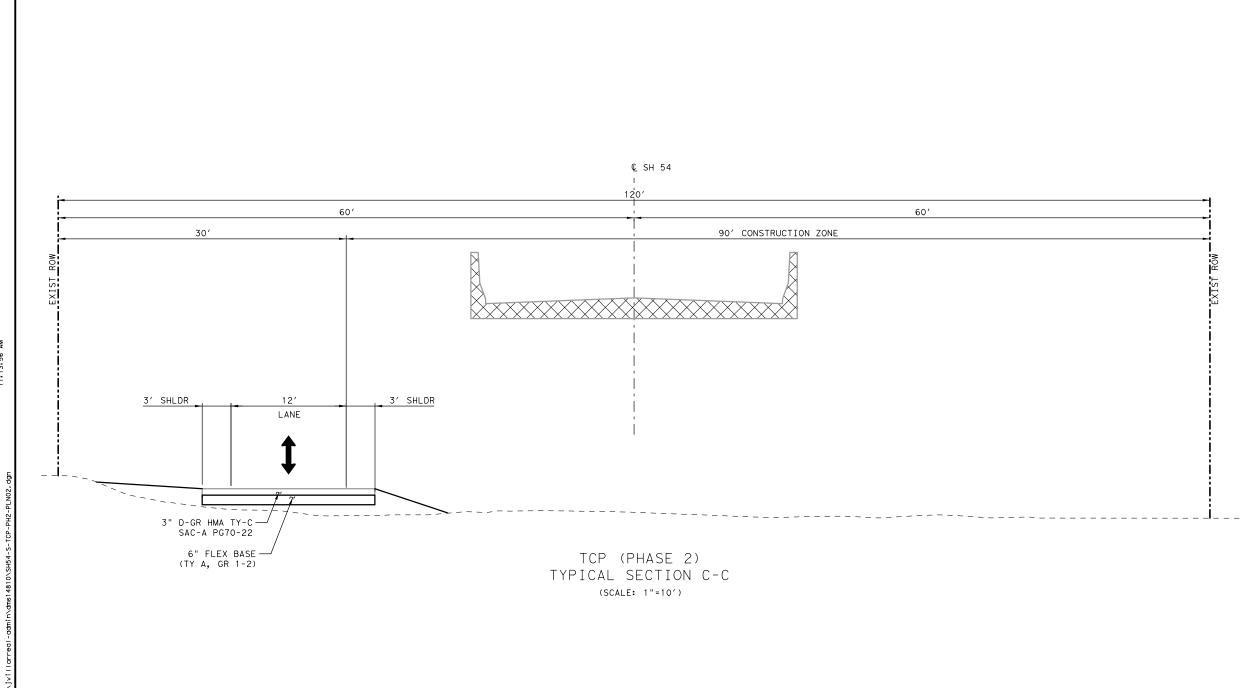
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE 1

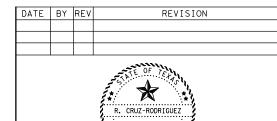
SHEET	1	OF	2

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		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	23	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	1	COUNTY	
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	









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| 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Rep. No. F-2147 P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

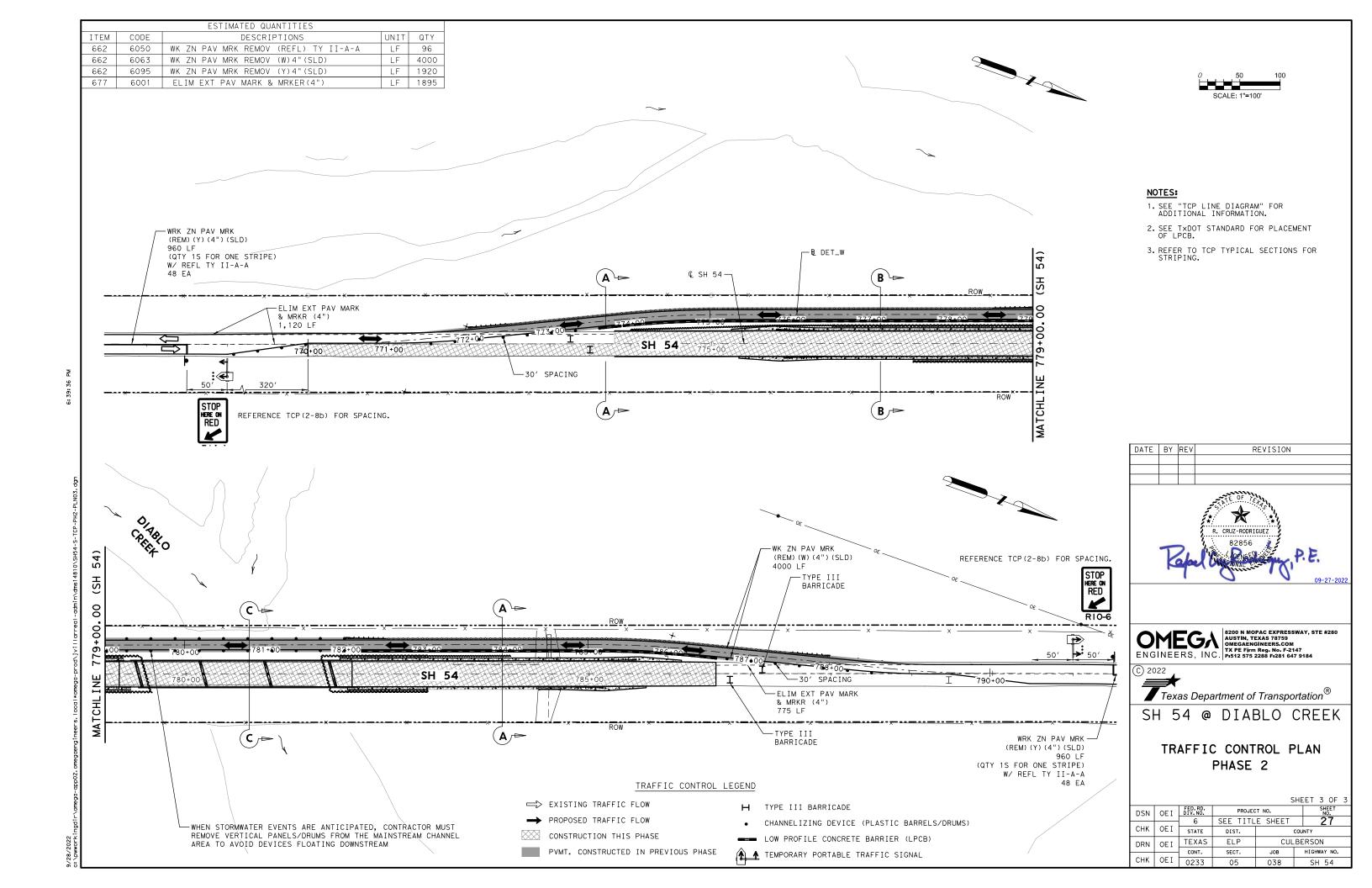


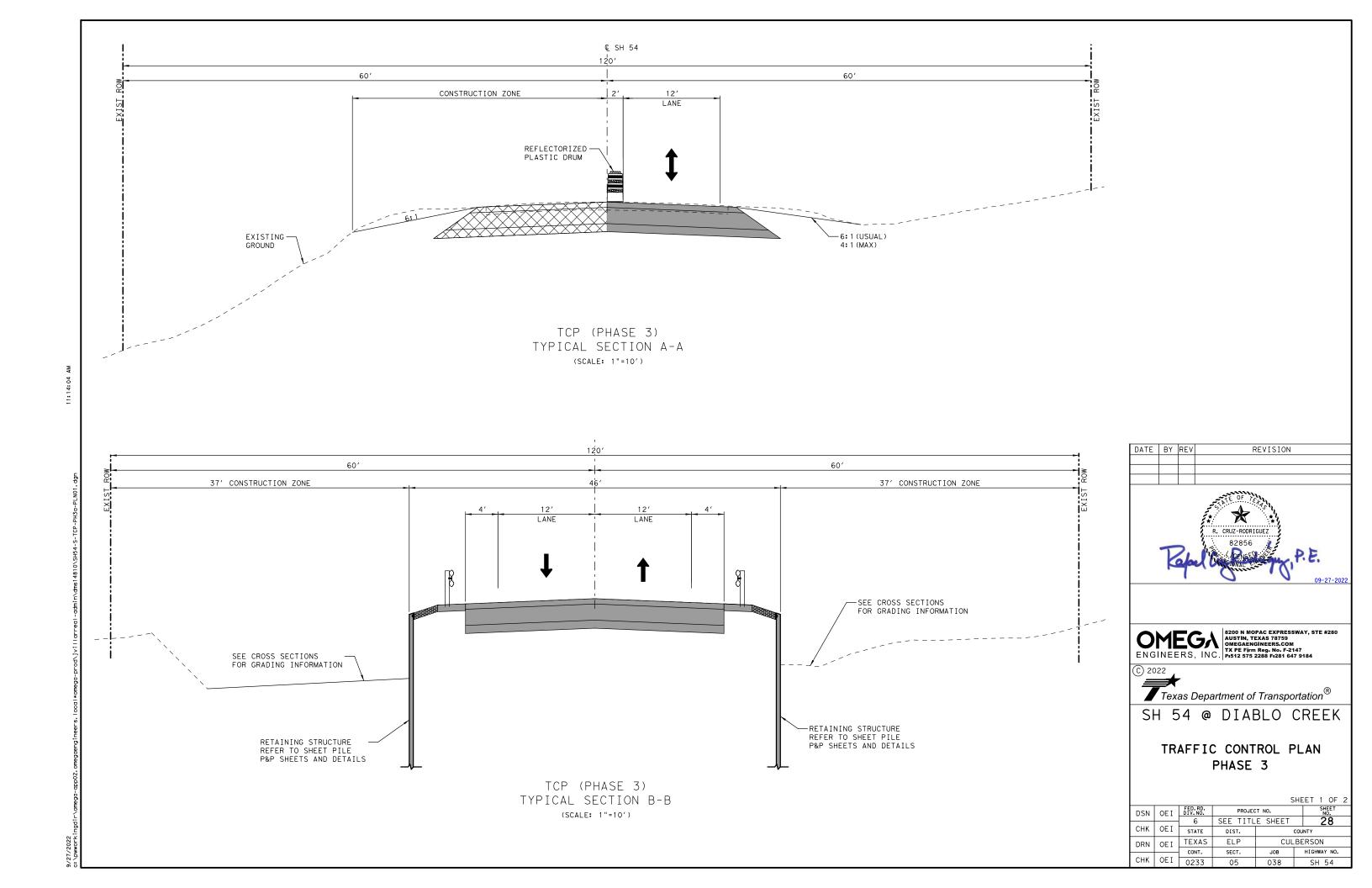
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

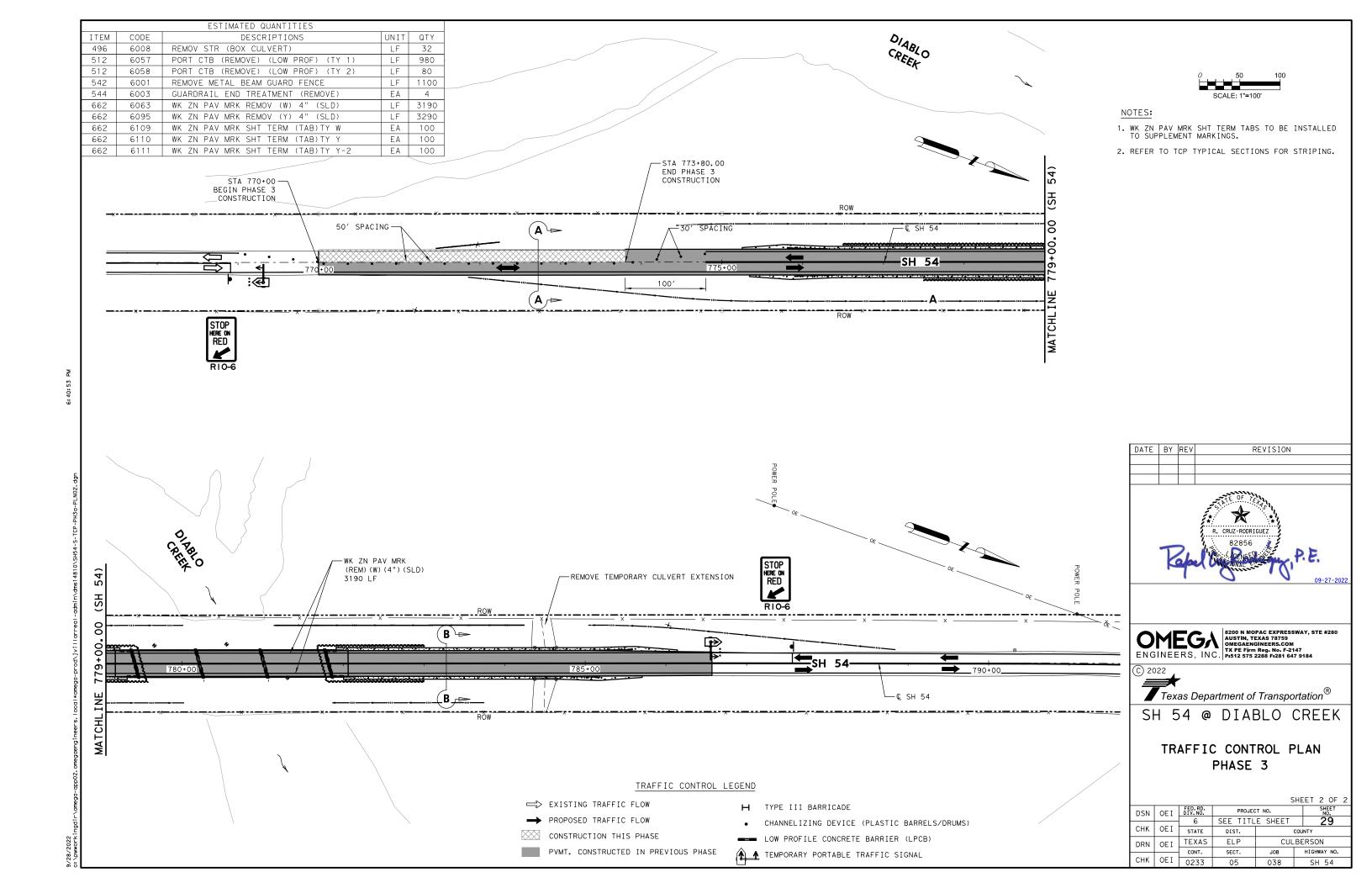
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
PHASE 2

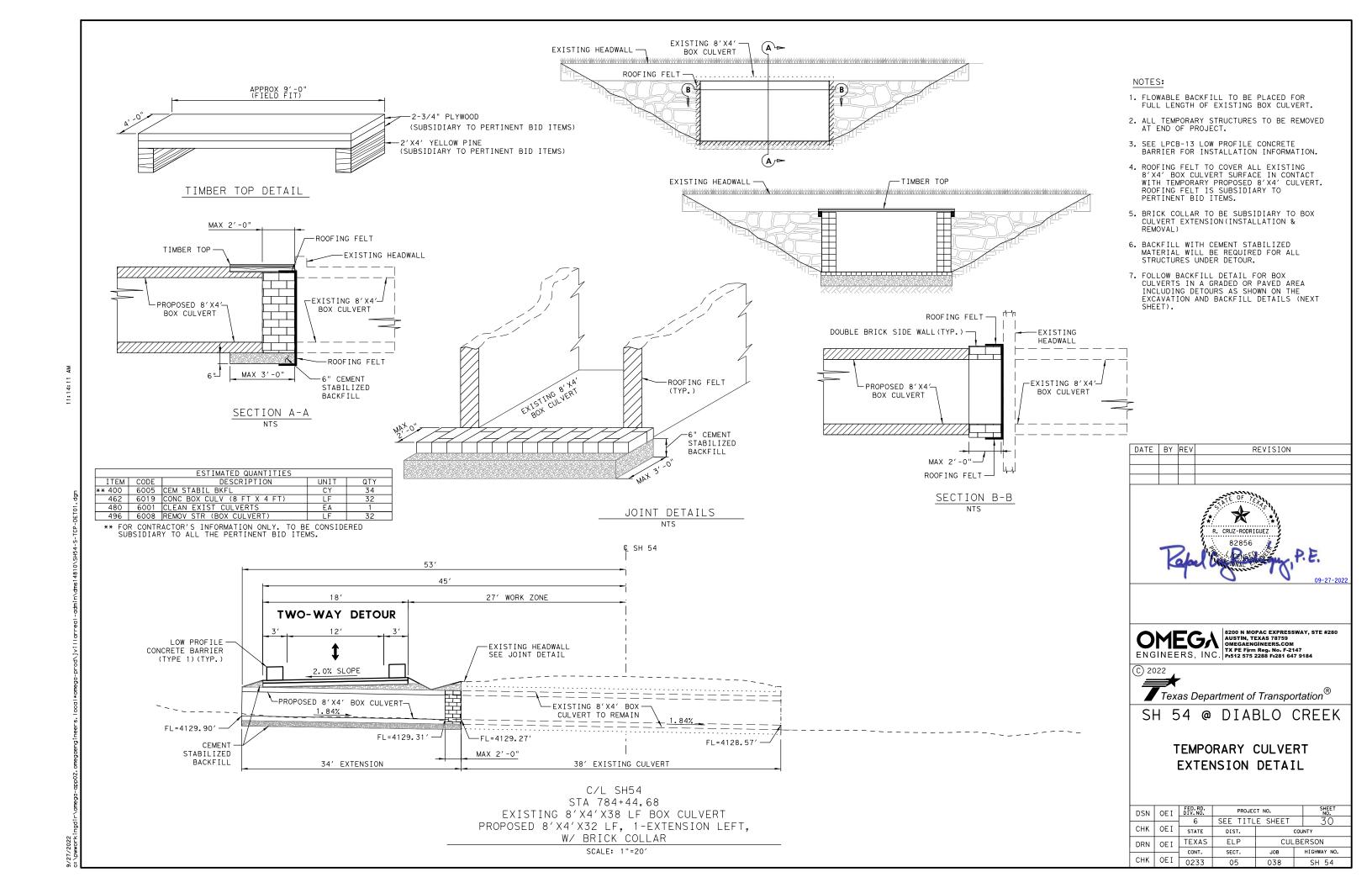
SHEET 2 OF 3

3.1.E. E 3.							
OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.				
	6	SEE TITL	26				
OE I	STATE	DIST.	(	COUNTY			
OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	CULBERSON			
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
OE I	0233	05	E SHEET	SH 54			
	0E I	OEI DIV.NO. 6 OEI STATE OEI TEXAS CONT.	OEI         DIV. NO.         PROJECT           0EI         6         SEE TITL           0EI         STATE         DIST.           0EI         TEXAS         ELP           cont.         SECT.	OEI DIV.NO. PROJECT NO.  6 SEE TITLE SHEET  OEI TEXAS ELP CUL  CONT. SECT. JOB			

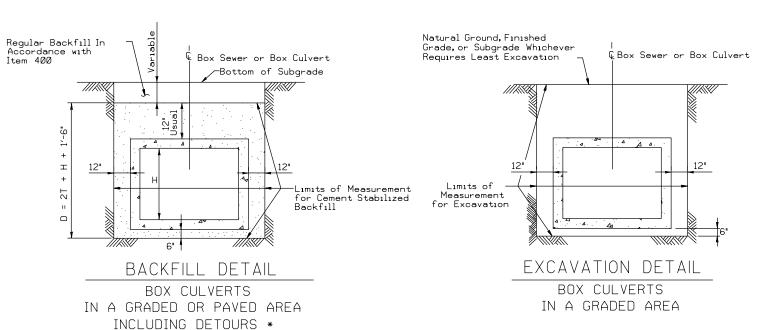












Rubber gaskets shall be required for all joints on proposed cross drainage, pipe culverts and proposed storm sewer systems, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

\* Backfill with cement stabilized material will be required for all structures under detours unless noted otherwise in the General Notes. D = Depth H = Height T = Thickness R = Radius Dia = Diameter

DATE BY REV REVISION



OMEGANGINEERS, INC. | 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147 Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

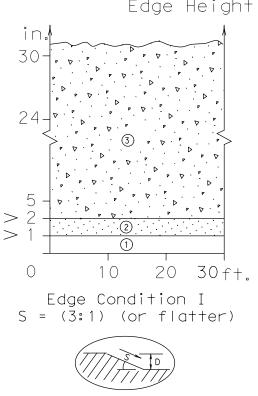


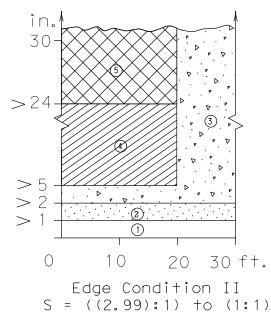
**EXCAVATION AND** BACKFILL DETAILS

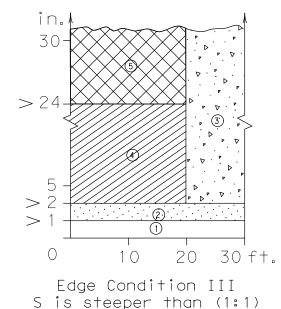
DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.			
		6	SEE TITL	SEE TITLE SHEET			
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY			
DRN	OF I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON			
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54		

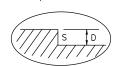
# DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

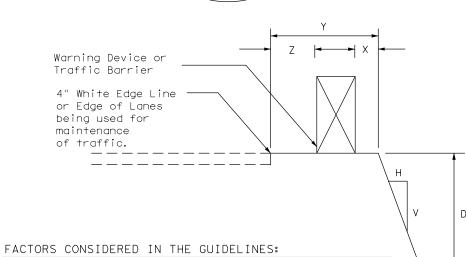
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet



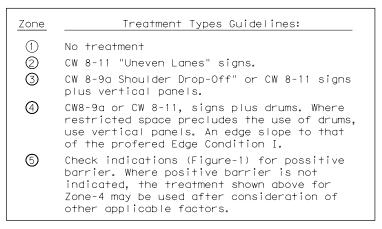








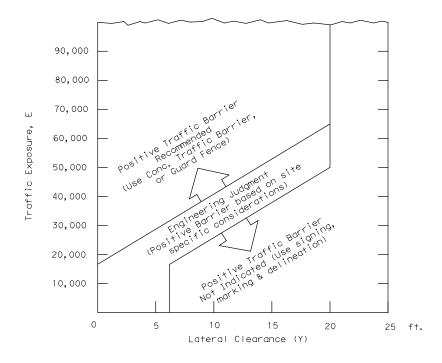
- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.



### Edge Condition Notes:

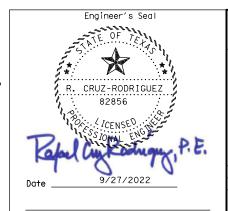
- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

# FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( )



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's one-line manuals.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

.E: edgecon.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	П	
TxDOT August 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	П	
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH 54	SH 54	
9-21	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	П	
9-21	ELP CULBERSON		32				

# E: 9/27/2022 11:14:27 AM

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



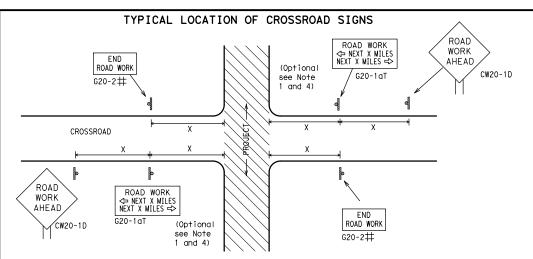
Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY	
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	0233	05	038	038		SH 54	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
5-10	5-21	ELP	CULBERSON				33	
0.5								

11:14:27



- # May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X** ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END ¥ ★ G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\langle \neg$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ BOAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES ⇒ 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X l imi+ min BEGIN G20-5T WORK $\times$ $\times$ G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T $\times$ $\times$ R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{1,5,6}$

Expressway/

Freeway

48" × 48'

48" x 48'

48" x 48'

### SIZE

onventional

48" x 48"

36" × 36"

48" x 48"

Posted Speed	Sign△ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600²
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	3

SPACING

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD". Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD AHEAD CW20-1D CW13-1P	** \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \f
←	
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE    Beginning of   NO-PASSING   LIMIT   WORK ZONE   G20-2bT ** **    CSJ Limit   END   Coordinate
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas	
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati channelizing devices.	

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TF ZONE OBEY SPEED ROAD WORK TRAFFIC <del>X</del> **X** G20−5T WARNING ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD <del>X</del> <del>X</del>R20-5T FINES STGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 CW1-4 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ¹∕₂ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHFAD  $\times$   $\times$  R20-5aTP  $\times \times G20-6T$ Type 3 R20-3 R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices  $\triangleleft$ —CSJ Limit Channelizina  $\Rightarrow$ B SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END WORK ZONE G20-25T XX G20-2 X X

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD" WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- $\star\star$  CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at  $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
Ι	Type 3 Barricade				
OOO Channelizing Devices					
٠	Sign				
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

### SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division

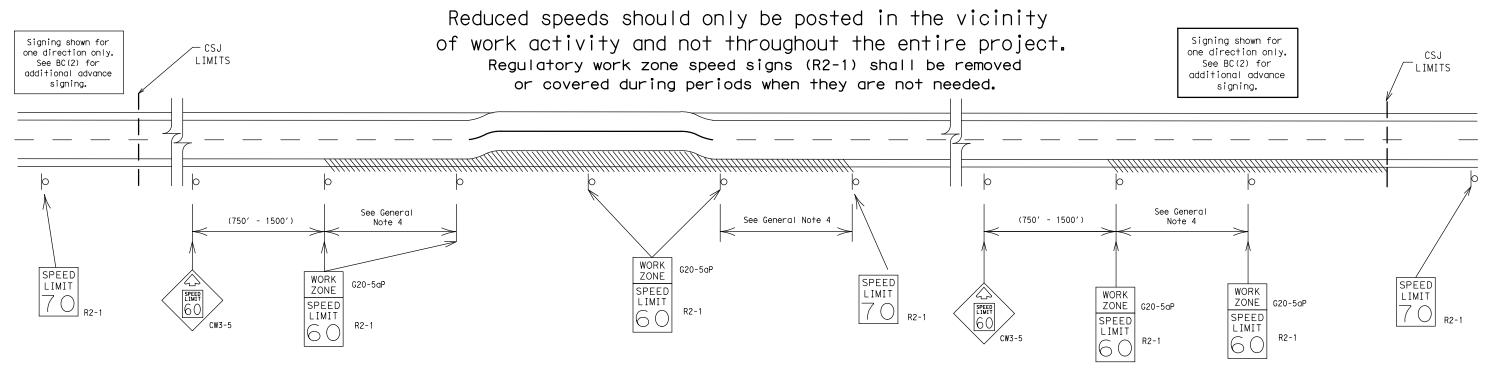
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

# BC(2)-21

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	REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SI	H 54	
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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

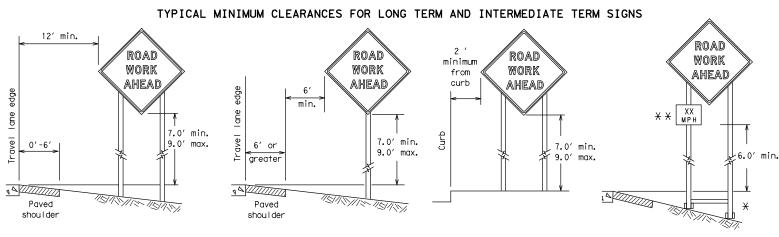


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

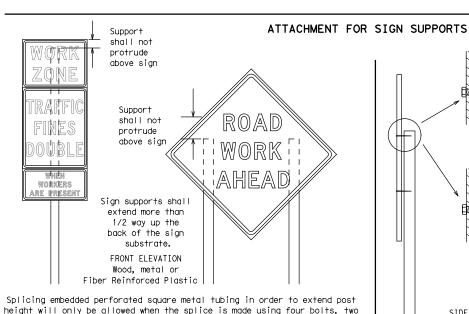
BC(3)-21

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	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	5-21	ELP		CULBERS		35	



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# of at least the same gauge material. STOP/SLOW PADDLES

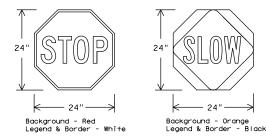
1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".

above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	rs (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height,the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

### **SIGN LETTERS**

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a

constant weight.

Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular

impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured

with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

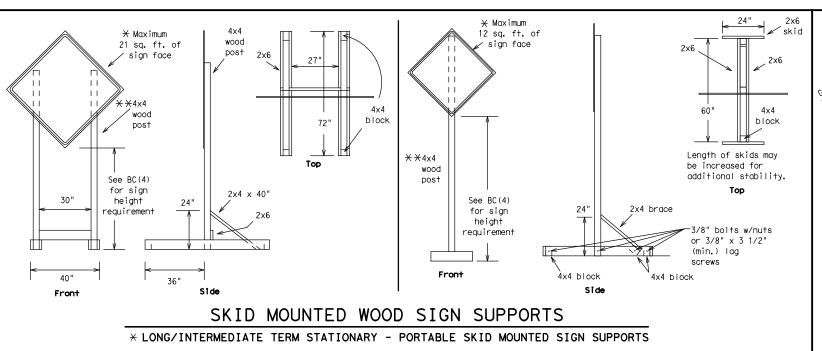


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

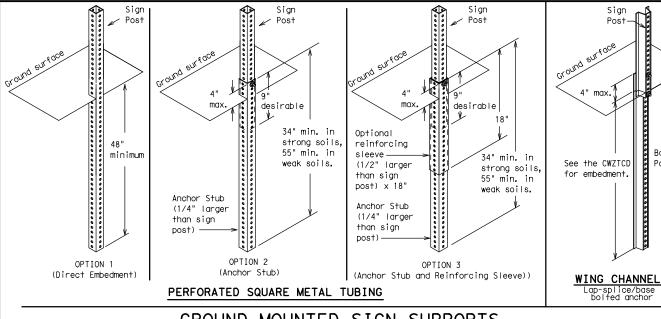
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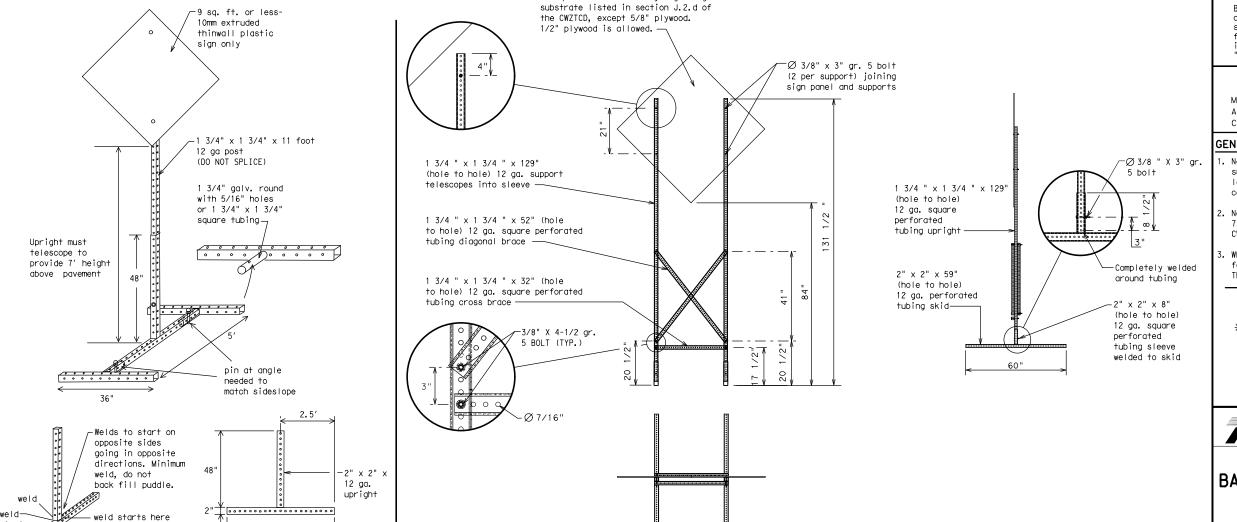
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ★★ Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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7-13 5-21	ELP		CULBERS		37	

SKID	MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	SUPPORTS
	* LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE TERM ST	ATIONARY - P	ORTABLE SE	KID MOUNTED	SIGN SUP	PORTS

32'

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across
- the face of the sign. 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be
- abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD. 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PKING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUFS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	l	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	M. CIMII
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	<u> </u>	HONI
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases.

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

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mp Closure List	Other Con	dition List		Effect on Travel ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT **	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
X LANES SHIFT in Phas	e 1 must be used wit	h STAY IN LANE in Phas	STAY IN		<b>* *</b> Se	e Application Guidelii	nes Note 6.

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

LANE

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

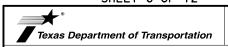
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

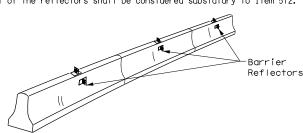
BC(6)-21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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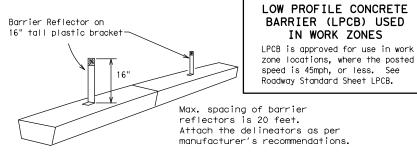
11:14:30

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

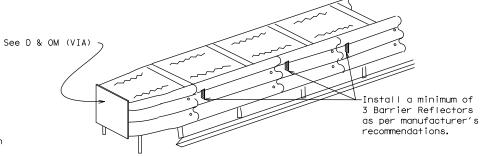


### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



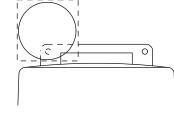
### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

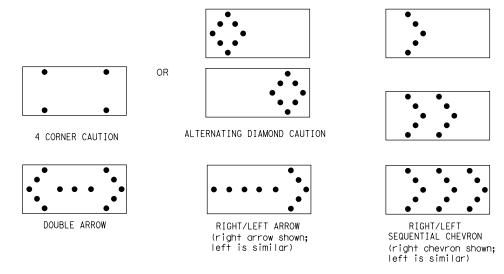
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					

NUMBER	VISIBILITY	ATTENTION
	DISTANCE	Flashing Arrow Boards
13	3/4 mile	shall be equipped with
15	1 mile	automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

30 x 60

48 x 96

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMUTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

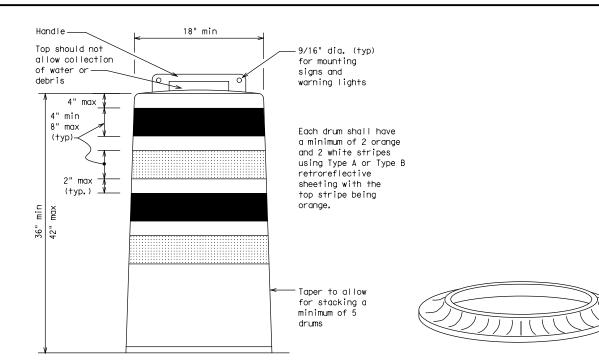
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

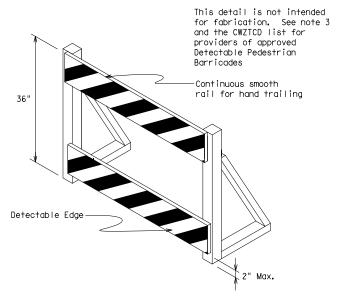
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

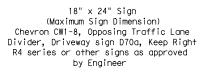




### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.





See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $\mathsf{B}_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

### SHEET 8 OF 12

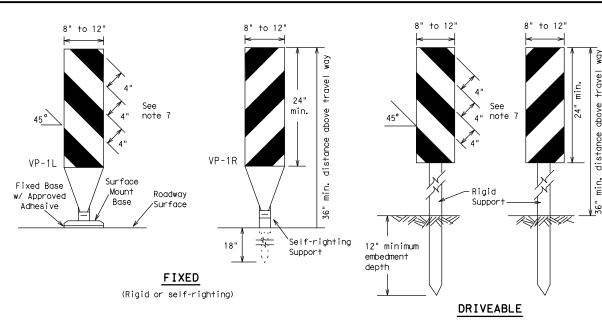


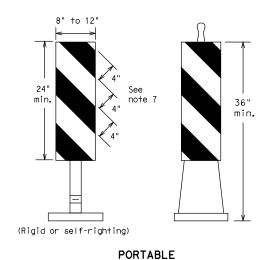
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

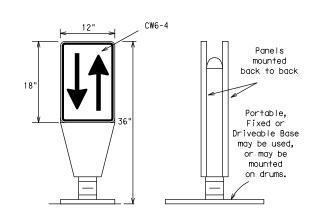
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7-13	ELP	CULBERSON				40	





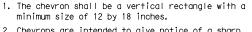
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\mathsf{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

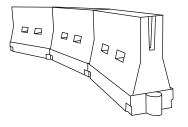


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Leng <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	L= WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
60	L #5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

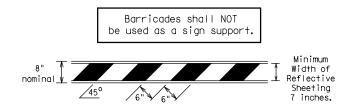
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

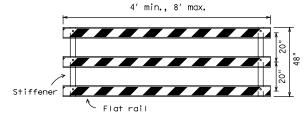
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	5-21	ELP		CULBERSON 4			41

### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

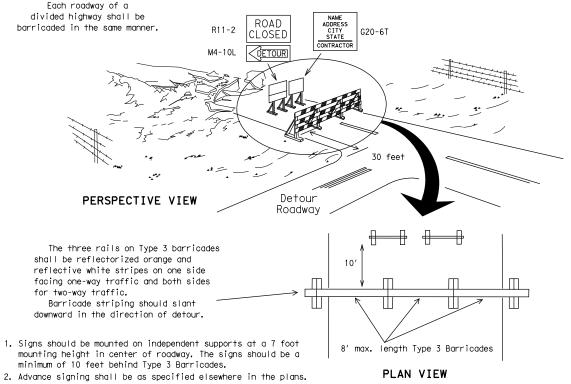


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light A minimum of two drums to be used across the work or yellow warning reflector teady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector  $\left\langle \cdot \right\rangle$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

CONES \_ 4" min. orange 2" min. white 2" min. [6" min. 4" min. orange \_2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28' min.

4" min. 28"

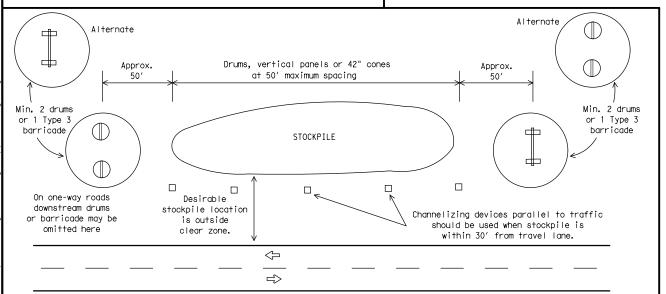
PLAN VIEW

min. 2" to 6

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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7-13		ELP	CULBERSON				42

**GENERAL** 

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

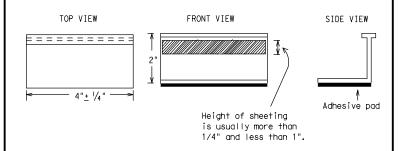
- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

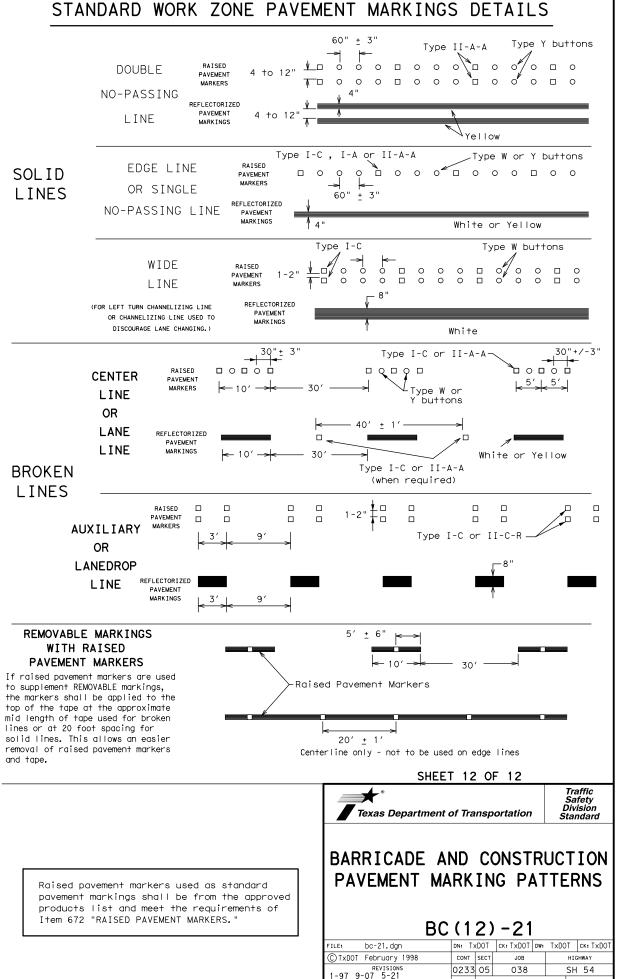


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

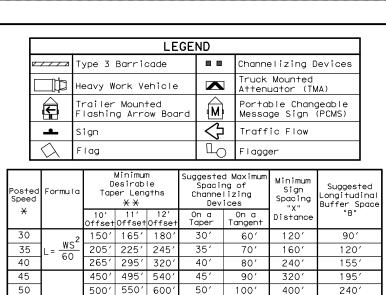
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2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

CULBERSON

ROAD . "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any ir. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion 1897 results or damages resulting from its use. WORK AHEAD  $\triangle$  $\Diamond$ CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ♡□☆ WORK END **AHEAD** CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD WORK 48" X 24" (See note 2)▲ ROAD r 50 mph r less for over 50 mph WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 50 . for Work vehicles Min. or other equipment necessary for the work operation, such as trucks, moveable cranes, etc., shall remain in Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum areas separated from channelizing devices at all times. nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5)-(See notes 4 & 5) -50 mph less r over (See notes 4 & 5) ROAD WORK END ROAD AHEAD ROAD WORK WORK **AHEAD** G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D END 48" X 48" (See note 2)▲ ₽ | CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-ROAD WORK See note 1) (Flags-See note 1) G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2)▲ TCP (2-1a) TCP (2-1c) TCP (2-1b) WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads Conventional Roads Conventional Roads



imes Conventional Roads Only

55

60

65

70

75

Inactive

work vehicle

END

ROAD WORK

(See note 2)▲

48" X 24"

\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

700′

550' 605' 660

600' 660' 720'

650' 715' 780

750' 825' 900'

770′ 840′

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

55′

60′

65′

70′

75′

110′

120'

130′

140′

150′

500′

600′

700′

800′

900′

295′

350′

410′

475′

540′

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1 1 1								

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0233	05	038		SH 54
2-94 4-96 3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
I-97 2-18	ELP		CULBER:	SON	45

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

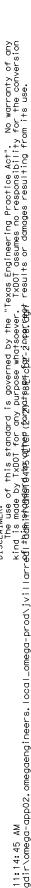
ROAD

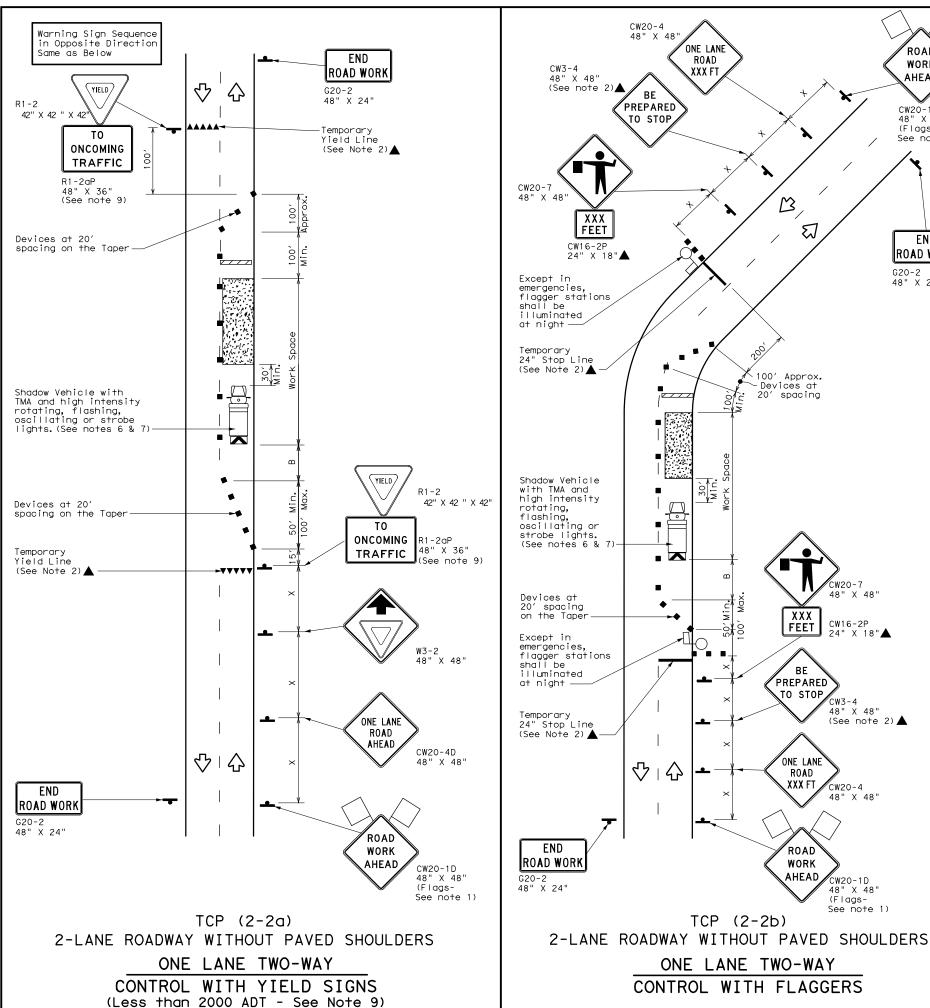
WORK

AHEAD

CW20-10

(Flags-See note 1)





LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
ŀ	<b>∟</b> Sign		Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Spacing of Channelizing		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
<del>                                     </del>		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"			
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′		
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′		
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′		

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

See note 1)

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

48" X 48"

CW3-4 48" X 48"

CW20-4

48" X 48"

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-

See note 1)

(See note 2)▲

(Flags-

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



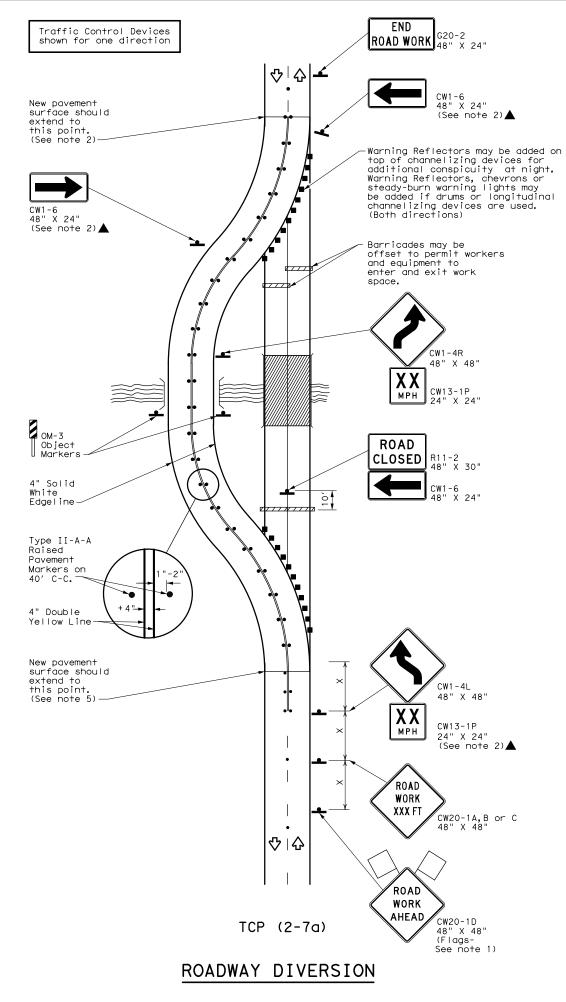
Traffic Operations Division Standard

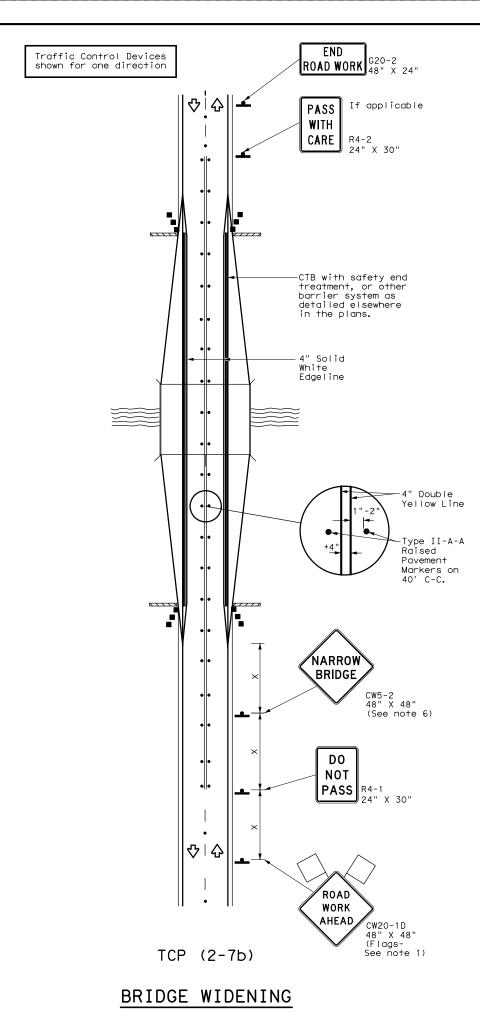
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: top2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0233	05	038		SH 54
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ELP		CULBER:	SON	46

No warranty of any for the conversion om its use. DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility edilübümishvamderquapetabyekber-farmpateler incorrect results or damages resulting fra





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger							

Posted Speed	X X Devices		Desirable Taper Lengths XX			Spacing of Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^{-}}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " -	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
			✓	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

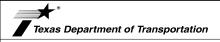
- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

### TCP (2-7a)

- 3. Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline throughout project.
- Roadway diversion design requirements should be based on posted speed limit or prevailing speed.
- New pavement surface should be extended across existing roadway edge to a point where existing pavement markings left in place during project do not conflict with construction area pavement marking.

### TCP (2-7b)

6. The CW5-2 "Narrow Bridge" sign may be omitted if lane and shoulder widths are maintained.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
DIVERSIONS AND
NARROW BRIDGES

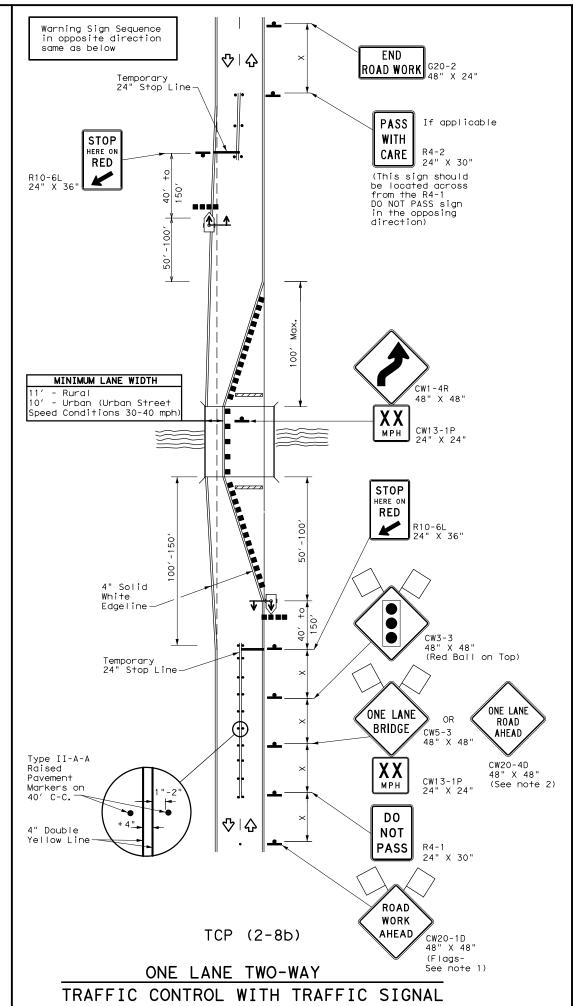
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP (2-7) -18

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©TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ELP		CULBER:	SON		47

END Warning Sign Sequence in opposite direction ROAD WORK G20-2 same as below ҈ひ│ひ No warranty of any for the conversion R1-2 **PASS** 42" X 42 " X 42" WITH CARE ΤO 24" X 30" Texas Engineering Practice Act".
TXDOT assumes no responsibility
t results or demonstrated for ONCOMING R1-2aP TRAFFIC 48" X 36" (See note 7) Temporary Yield Line MINIMUM LANE WIDTH 10' - Urban (Urban Street Speed Conditions 30-40 mph CW13-1P 24" X 24" 4" Solid (YIELD) White Edgeline-42"X 42"X 42" ONCOMING R1-2aP 48" X 36" TRAFFIC (See note 7) -Type B High Intensity Flashing Warning Light or Flashing Beacon. Temporary (See note 6) Yield Line 48" X 48' 4" Solid White Edgeline -ONE LANE OR ROAD BRIDGE AHEAD CW5-3 CW20-4D 48" X 48' (See note 2) Φ Type II-A-A Raised Pavement DO Markers on NOT PASS 24" X 30" 4" Double Yellow Line Φ, ۍ ROAD WORK CW20-1D AHEAD 48" X 48" (Flags-TCP (2-8a) See note 1) ONE LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less Than 2000 ADT-See Note 5)



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger							
• • • •	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	<b>*</b>	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal							

Posted Formula Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	, ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	✓				

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- 4. For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

### TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- 6. If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- 7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCD (2 0h

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).



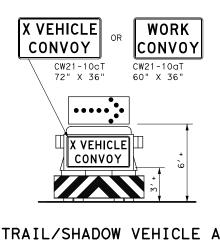
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

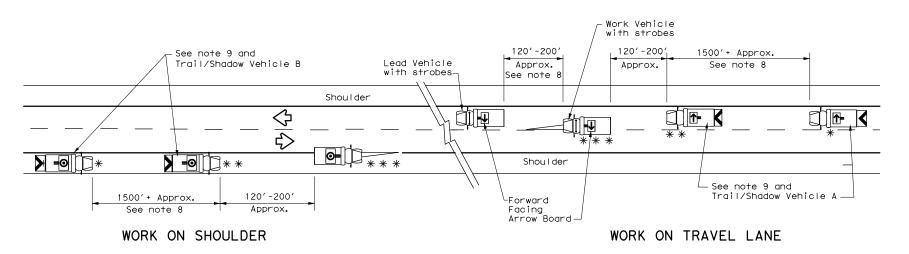
TCP(2-8)-18

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# TCP (3-1a)UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

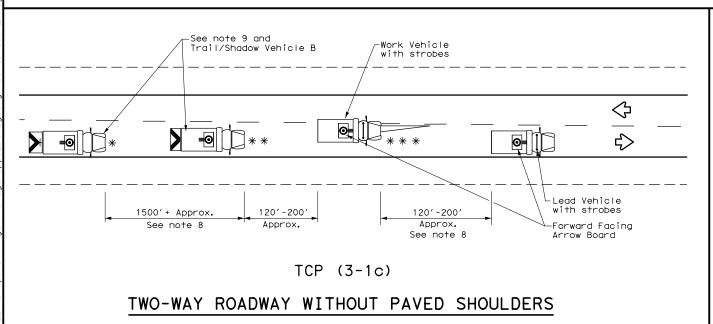


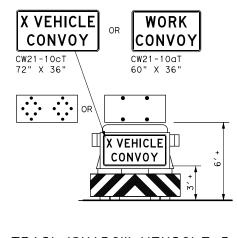
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

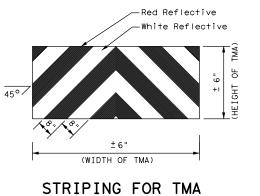
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow							
♦	Traffic Flow	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY		LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LFAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





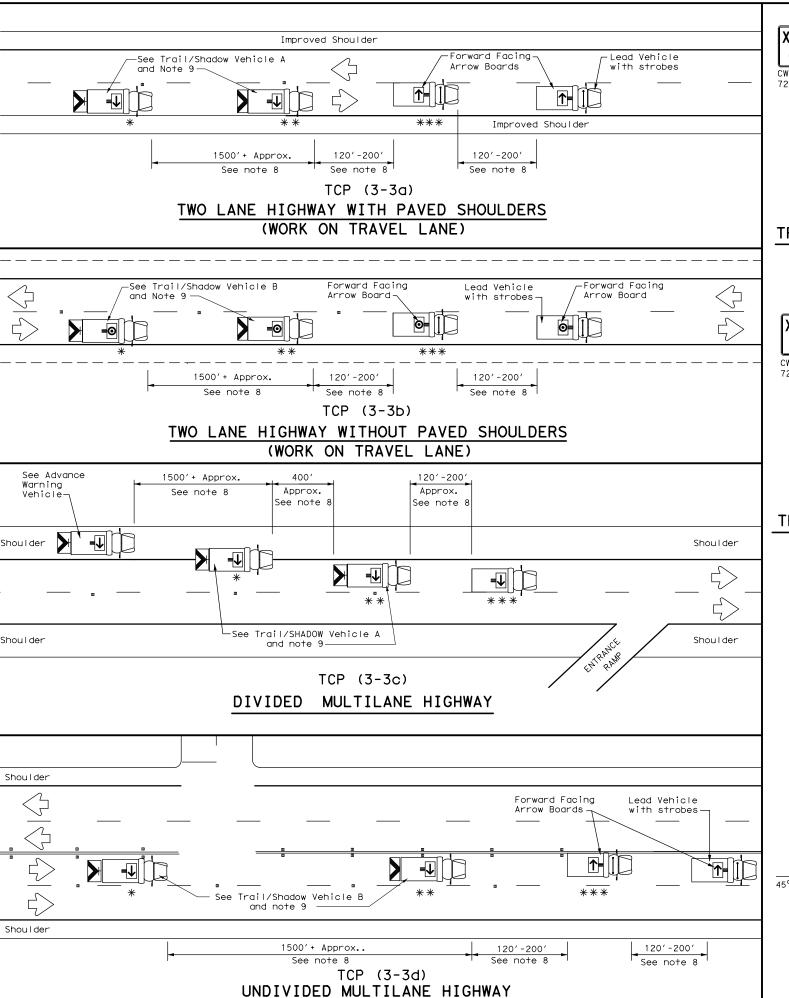
Division Standard

Traffic Operation

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

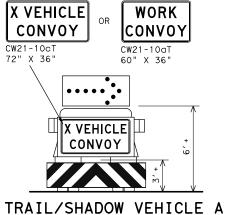
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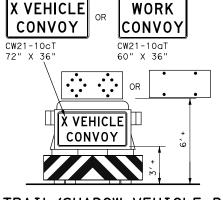
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with RIGHT Directional display

Flashing Arrow Board

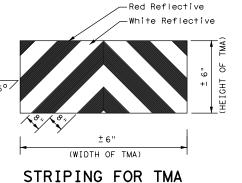


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



VEHICLE



	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow							
♡	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- which work convoys must change rates, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change rates first to shadow the other convoy vehicles. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

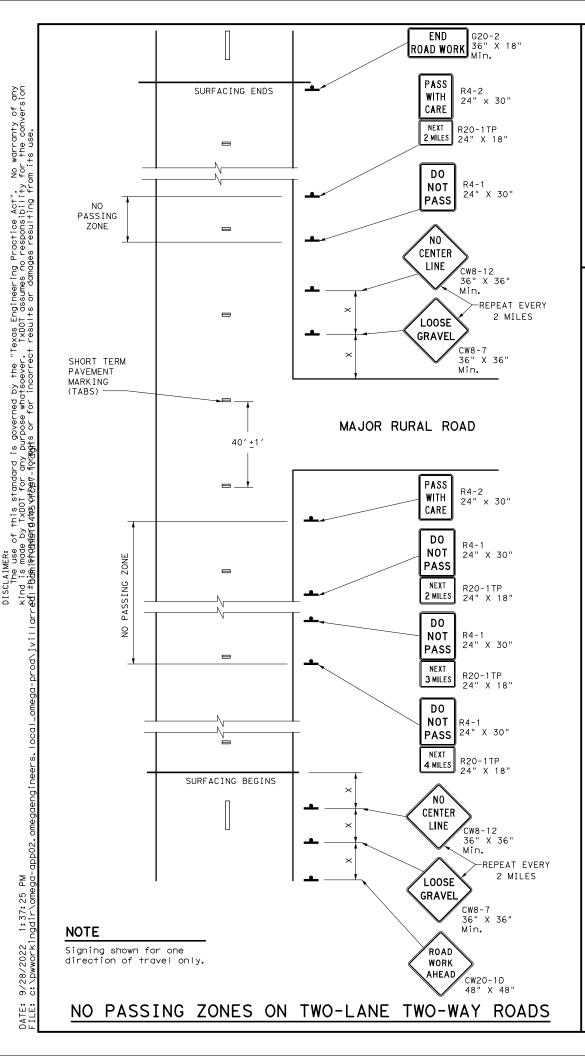
  X VEHICLE (CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

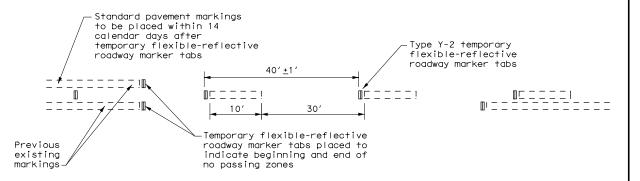


Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
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8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	ELP	CULBERSON				50





# TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- B. Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	✓

### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

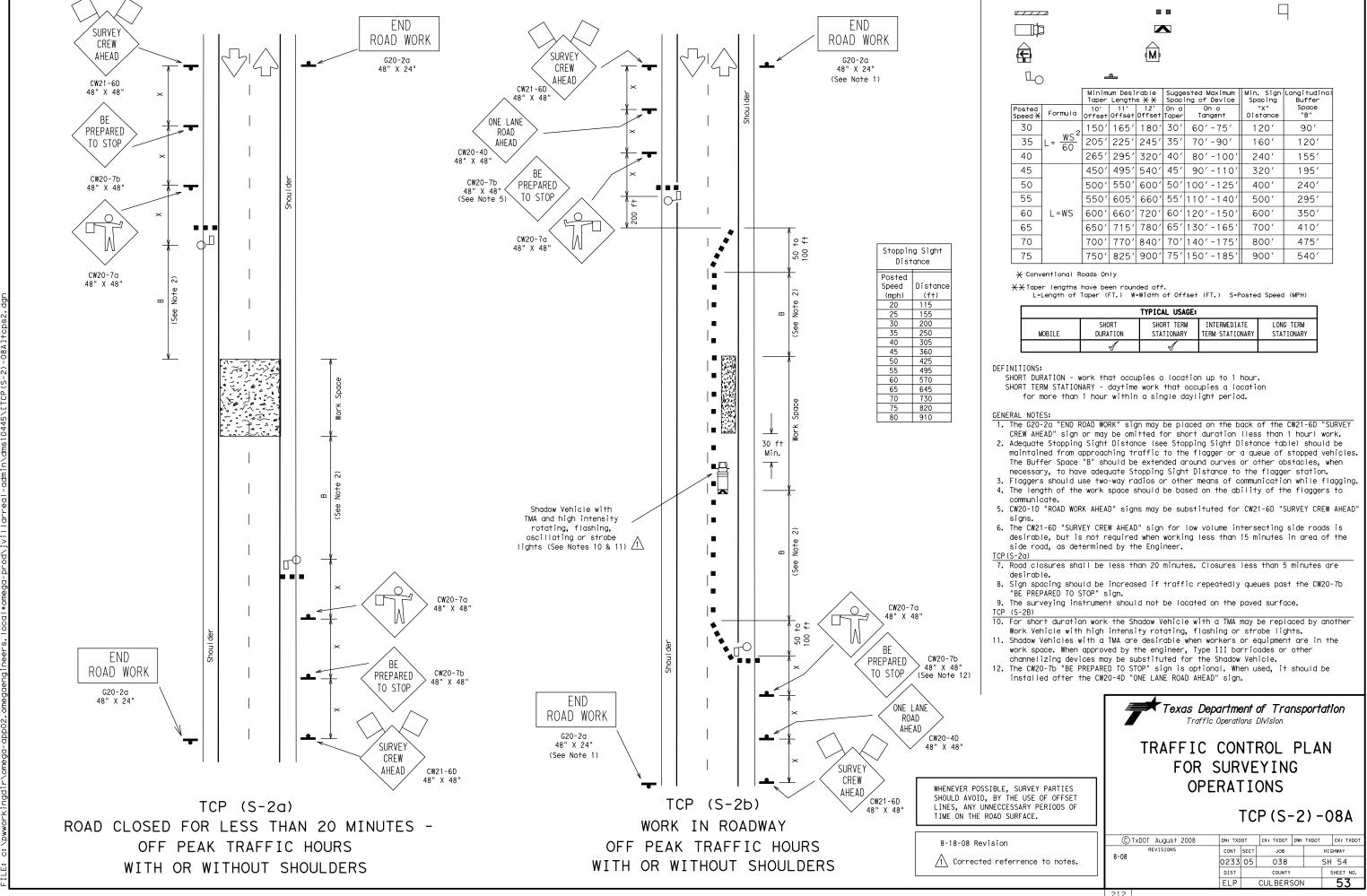
# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

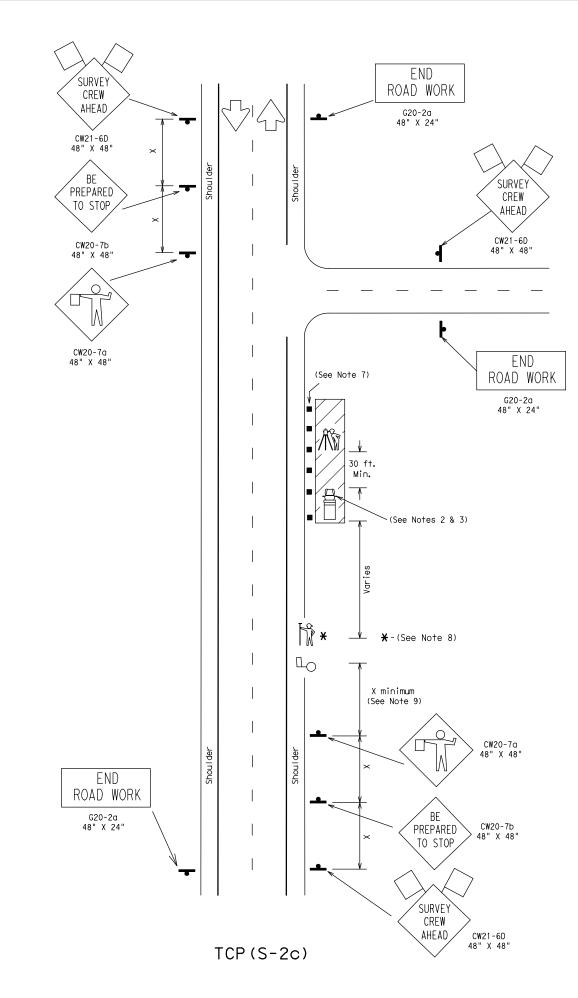
TCP(7-1)-13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0233	05 038			SH 54	
4-92 4-98		DIST	IST COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
1-97 7-13		ELP	CULBERSON			51	

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty made by TxD01 for any purpose whotsoever. TxD01 assumes no responsibility for the this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from  $\bigcirc$ M END END ROAD WORK ROAD WORK CREW CREW AHEAD AHEAD G20-2a G20-2a 48" X 24" Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Taper Lengths X X Spacing of Device Min. Sign Longitudina Spacing Buffer 48" X 24" (See Note 1) (See Note 1) Space "B" CW21-6D On a Tangent CW21-6D Posted Speed X 10' 11' 12' On a Offset Offset Offset Taper Distance 48" X 48" 30 90′ 150 | 165 | 180 | 30 | 60'-75' 120' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160′ 120' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 240' 155′ 80'-100 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110' 320' 195′ 500′ 550′ 600′ 50′ 100′ -125 50 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500′ 295′ 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' -150 60 600' 350' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165 65 700′ 410′ 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 800′ 475′ 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900′ 540′  $\chi$  Conventional Roads Only \*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH) TYPICAL USAGE: INTERMEDIATE SHORT TERM LONG TERM STATIONARY MOBILE DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY DEFINITIONS: SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period. The use kind is r GENERAL NOTES: 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the 30 ft CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short 30 f1 Min. Min. duration (less than 1 hour) work. 骨不 2. Channelizing devices on the shoulder taper and tangent section may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work. 3. If line-of-sight requirements for surveying operations will preclude the placement of the Work Vehicle to protect workers, the channelizing devices mentioned in Note 2 are required. 1 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and flashing Work Vehicle with warning lights/arrow panel in caution mode may be used in lieu high intensity of the Work Vehicle to protect the work space. rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe 5. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be substituted for the lights (See Notes 3 and 4) CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign. 6. This plan may also be used for shoulder work or off shoulder work for multilane undivided roadways. 7. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer. TCP (S-1a) 8. Cones may be placed at edge of pavement adjacent to the work space to enhance safety. END END 50 ROAD WORK SURVEY ROAD WORK for CREW CREW G20-2a G20-2a AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 24" 48" X 24" Texas Department of Transportation (See Note 1) (See Note 1) Traffic Operations Division CW21-6D CW21-6D 48" X 48" TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING WHENEVER POSSIBLE, SURVEY PARTIES **OPERATIONS** SHOULD AVOID, BY THE USE OF OFFSET LINES, ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE. TCP(S-1)-08A TCP (S-1a)TCP (S-1b) WORK OFF SHOULDER DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO WORK ON SHOULDER 8-18-08 Revision © TxDOT August 2008 CONT SECT JOB 8-08 // Corrected misspelling. OR PAVED SURFACE 0233 05 038 SH 54 CULBERSON 52







Stopping Sight Distance				
Posted				
Speed	Distance			
(mph)	(f+)			
20	115			
25	155			
30	200			
35	250			
40	305			
45	360			
50	425			
55	495			
60	570			
65	645			
70	730			
75	820			
80	910			

Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device

Posted Speed X Formula Offset Offset Offset Taper Tangent Min. Sign Longitudinal Spacing Buffer Space "B" Distance 30 150 | 165 | 180 | 30 | 60 / -75 / 120′ 90′ 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160′ 120' 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100 40 240' 155' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 320′ 195′ 50 | 500′| 550′| 600′| 50′|100′ -125′ 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500′ 295′ 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600′ 350′ 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165 65 700′ 410' 70 700 | 770 | 840 | 70 | 140 | -175 | 800' 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900′ 540′

 $\chi$  Conventional Roads Only

 $\times$ Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1			

DEFINITIONS:

MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.

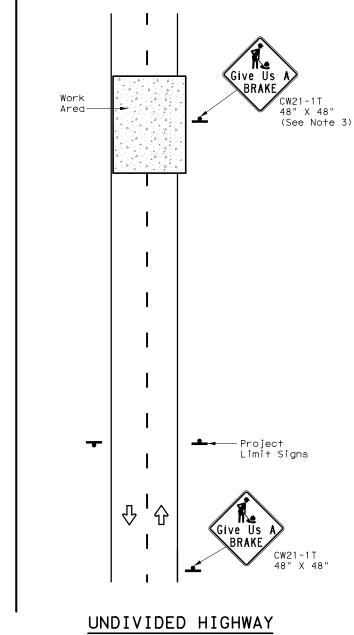


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP (S-2c) -10

© TxDOT January 2010	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	0233	05	038		SH	1 54
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		54

介Ⅰ介 Work CW21-1T 48" X 48" (See Note 3) -Project Limit Signs • 台1分 Give Us A **N≥**BRAKE 96" X 48" (See Note 6) **X** 192" X 96" (Optional - See Note 7) DIVIDED HIGHWAY



SIGNS ARE SHOWN FOR ONE DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

\* When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted elsewhere in the plans.

	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS								
BACKGROUND COLOR	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN	SIGN REFLECTIVE DIMENSIONS SHEETING		SQ FT	GALVANIZED STRUCTURAL STEEL		DRILLED SHAFT	
COLOR	DESIGNATION		DIMENSIONS	SHEETING		Size	(L	F)	24" DIA. (LF)
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B <sub>FL</sub> or C <sub>FL</sub>	32	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	192" X 96"	Type B <sub>FL</sub> or C <sub>FL</sub>	128	W8×18	16	17	12

▲ See Note 6 Below

LEGEND			
<b>-</b> Sign			
••	Large Sign		
₹	Traffic Flow		

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>fl</sub> or Type C <sub>fl</sub>
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- 5. Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

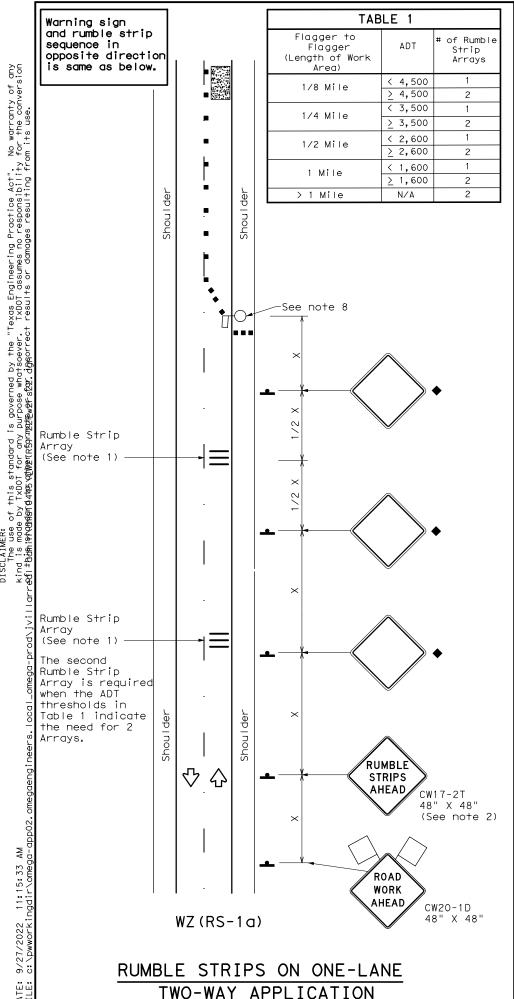


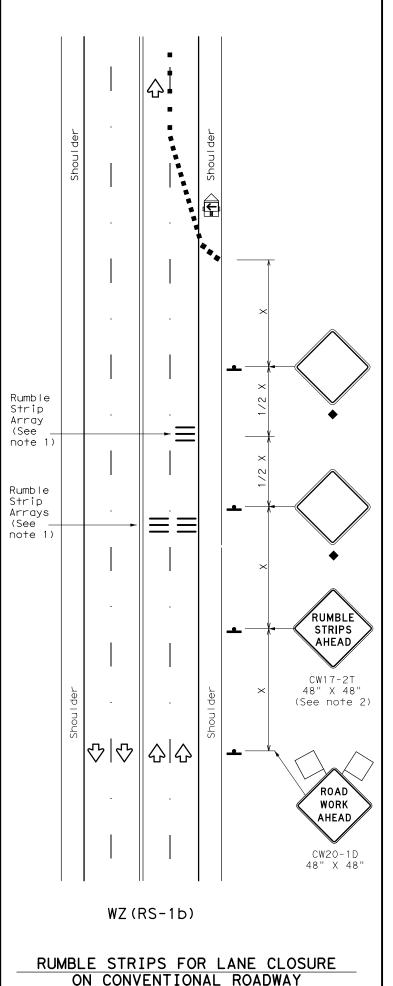
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE
"GIVE US A BRAKE"
SIGNS

WZ (BRK) -13

LE: wzbrk-13.dgn	DN: Tx	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
-96 5-98 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
-96 3-03	ELP		CULBERS	SON		55
1.0						





### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	✓				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
<u>≤</u> 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<del>X</del> 35′+				

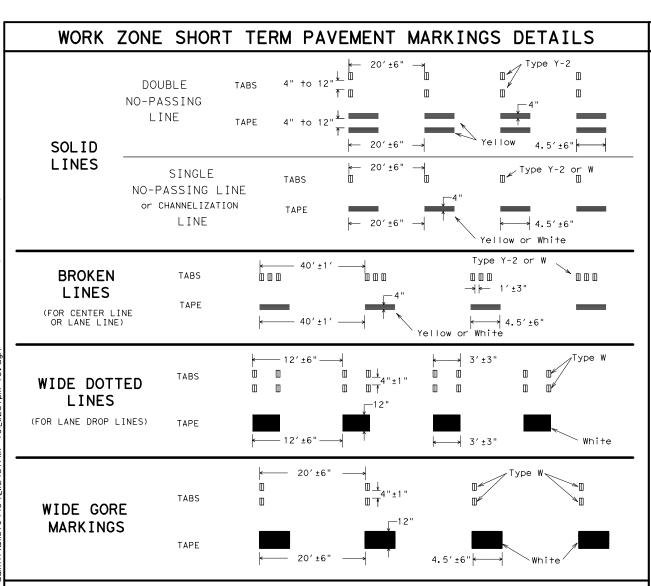
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS) - 22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		S	H 54
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	ELP	CULBERSON			56	



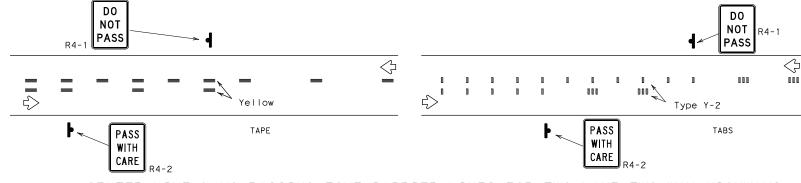
### NOTES:

- Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 5. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

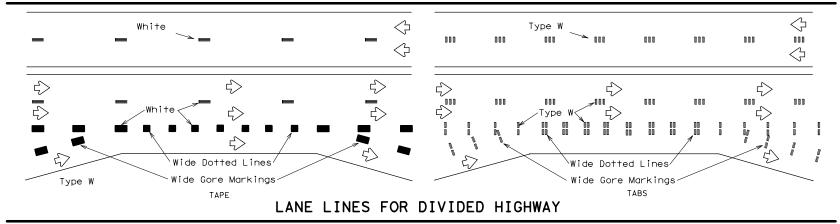
### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

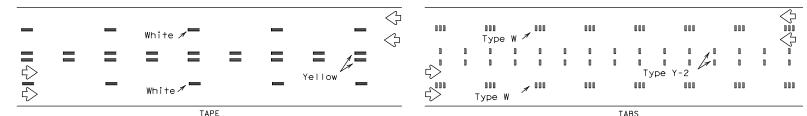
- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

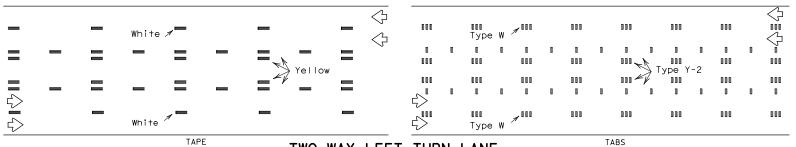


### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

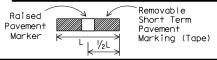




### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.



Operations Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

 All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

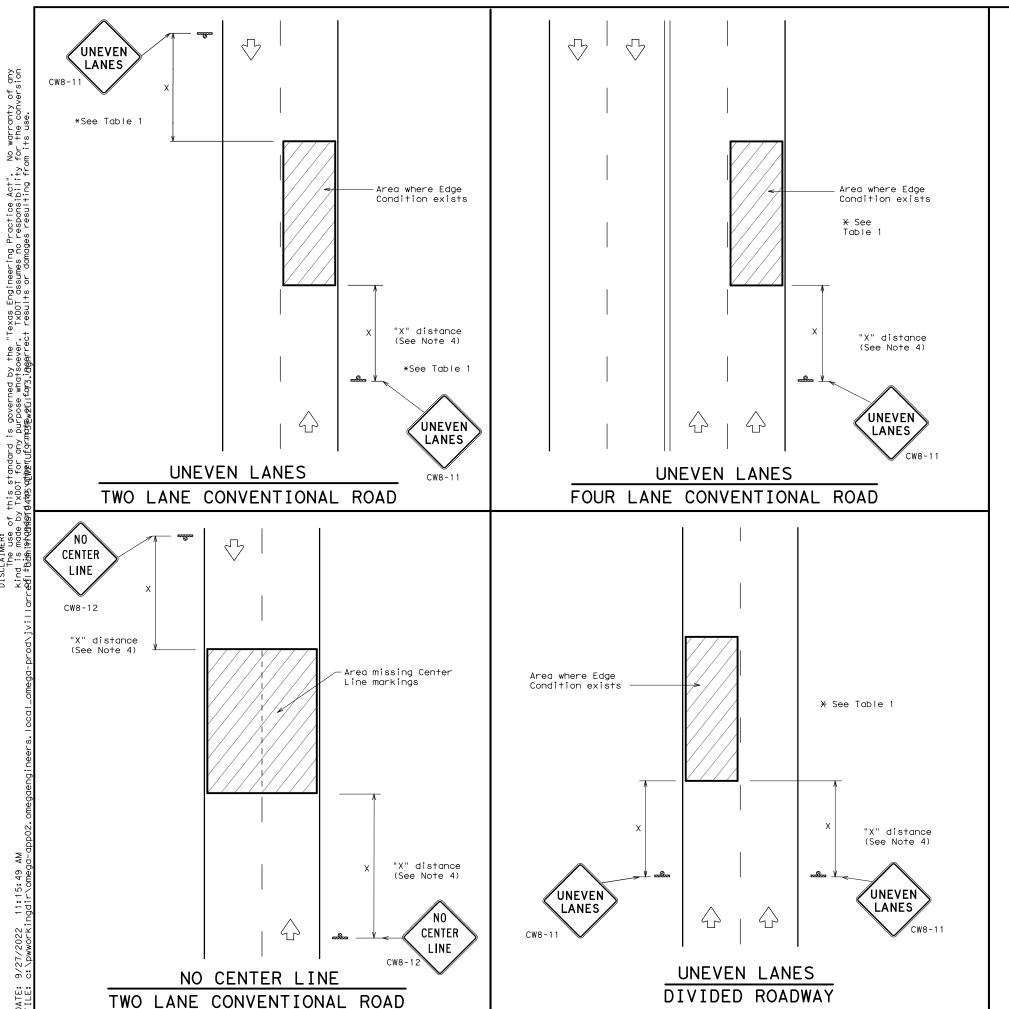
### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

 DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) -13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		ELP		CULBERS	SON		57



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

	COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
	ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
ı	BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	* Warning Devices						
①	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 D D O	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
12" TO 3/4" 7	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

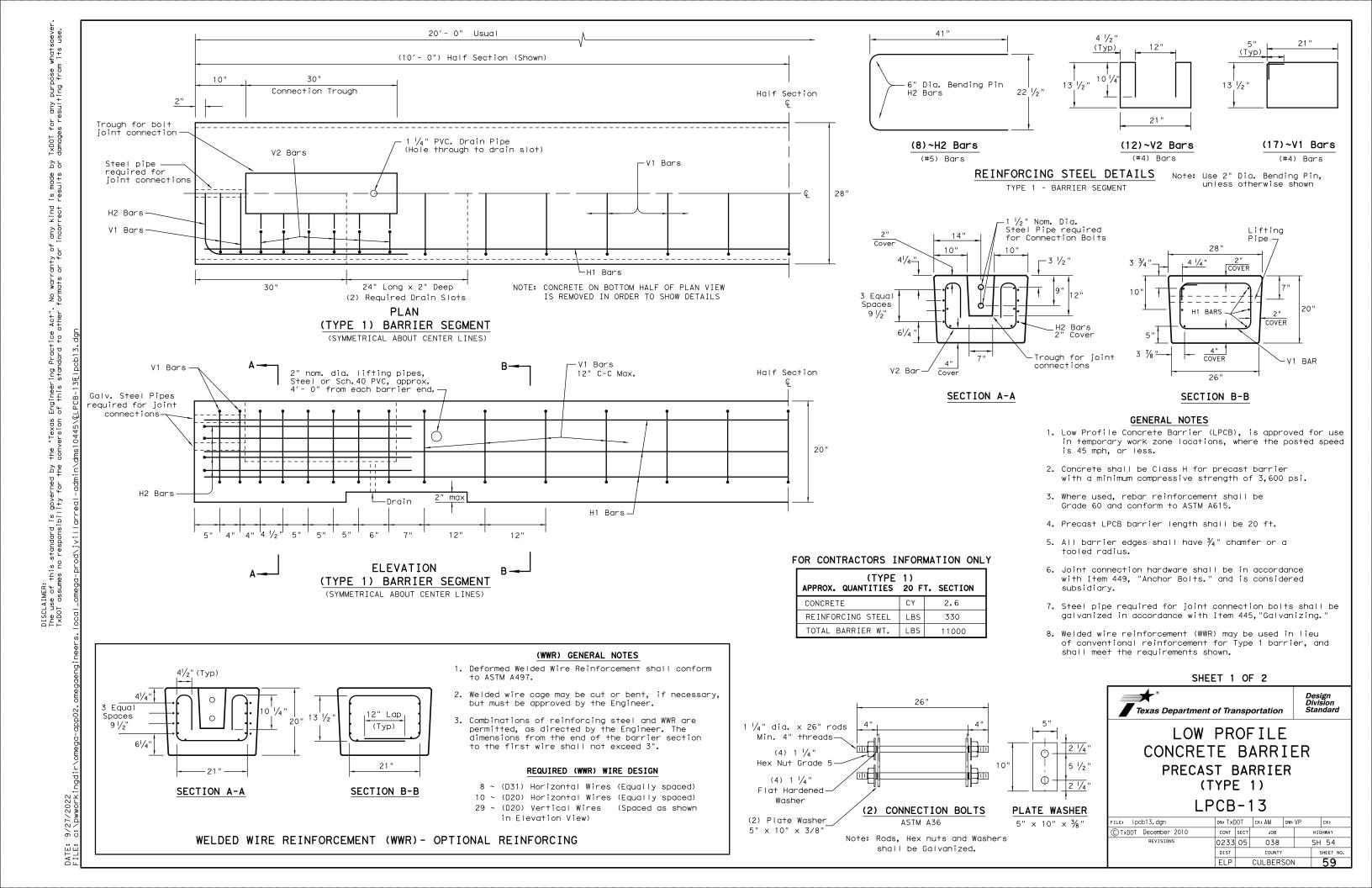
MINIMUM WARNING	SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" x 36"
Freeways/expressways, divided roadways	48" × 48"

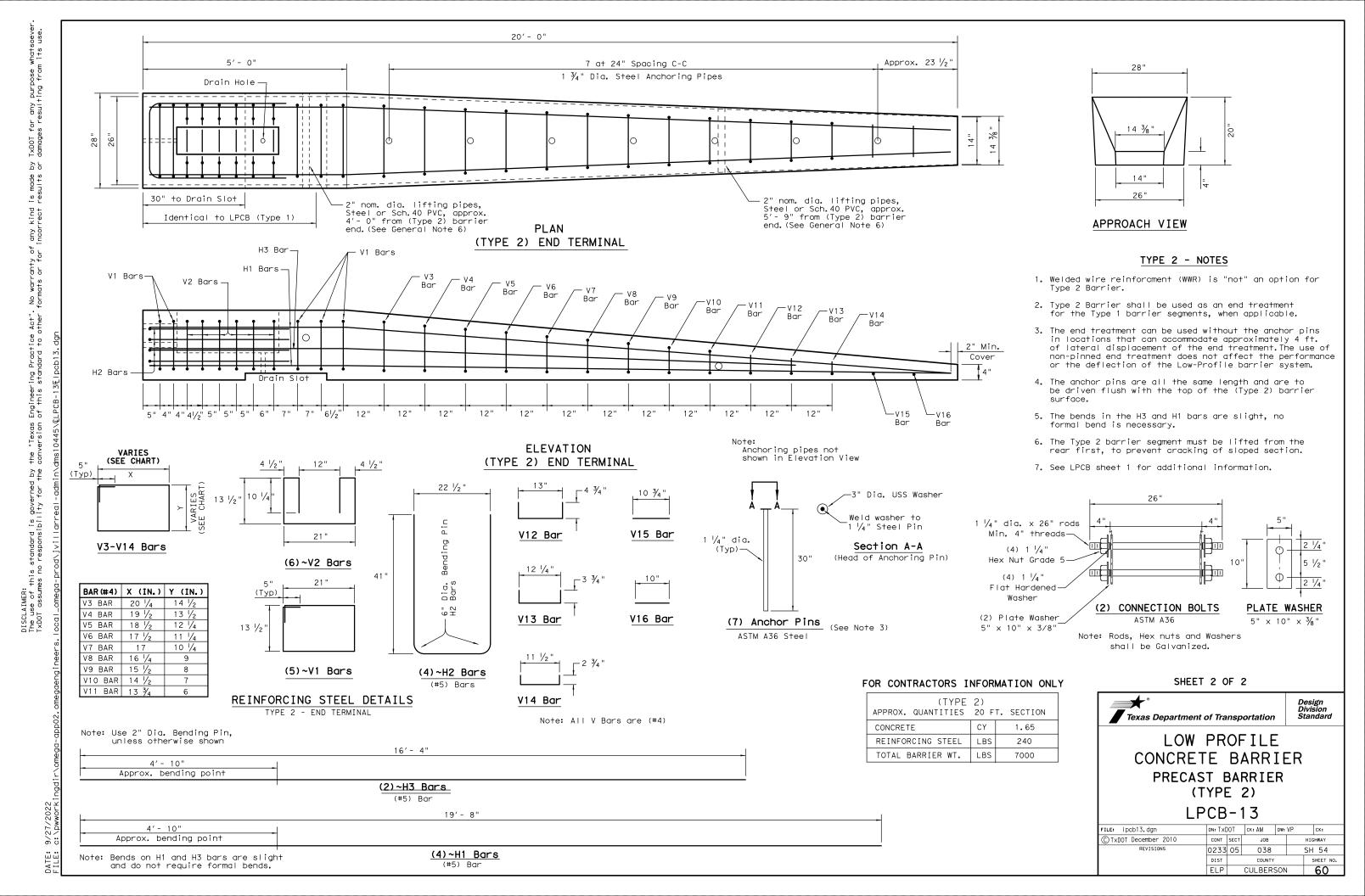


SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES Traffic Operations Division Standard

W7(UI) - 13

112 (02) 10								
LE: wzul-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0233	05 038			SH	1 54		
-95 2-98 7-13	DIST	COUNTY SI			SHEET NO.			
-97 3-03	ELP	LP CULBERSON 58				58		





### NOTES:

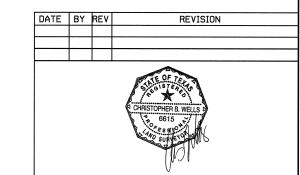
1.ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJ, EPOCH 2010.000.

2.ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE ORTHOMETRIC VALUES REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88), REALIZED USING GEOID 18.

3. COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, SURFACE VALUES, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY APPLYING THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (SAF), SAF = 1.00025, USING THE FORMULA: SURFACE / SAF = GRID

4. HORIZONTAL CONTROL VALUES REFERENCED HEREON ARE BASED ON STATIC GNSS OBSERVATIONS TIED TO NGS CONTINUALLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS) TXEL AND TXKM WERE HELD FIXED USING THEIR PUBLISHED HORIZONTAL VALUES.

5. VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES REFERENCED HEREON ARE BASED ON STATIC GNSS OBSERVATIONS TIED TO NGS CONTINUALLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATION (CORS) AND DIGITAL LEVELING. TXEL and TXKM WERE HELD FIXED USING THEIR PUBLISHED VERTICAL VALUE.



TBPELS Engineering Firm No. F-274
Land Surveying Firm No. 10046700

ENGINEERS, INC.

8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
OMEGAENGINEERS.COM
TYPE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
P:512 575 2288 F:281 647 9184

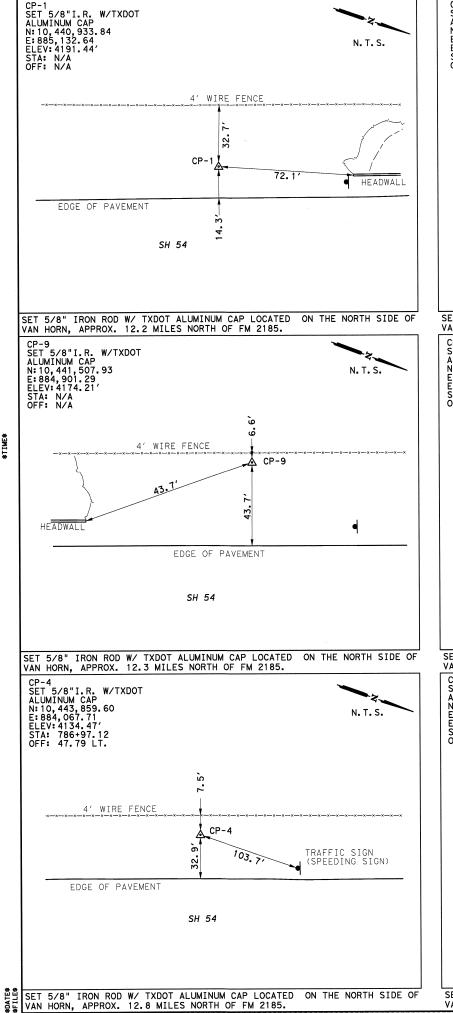
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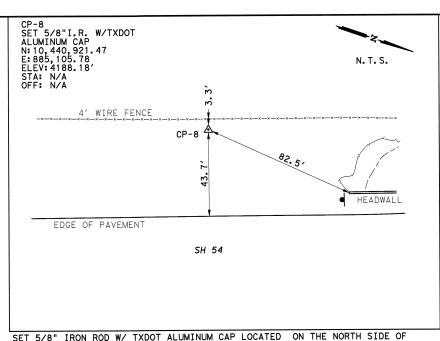
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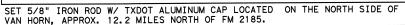
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

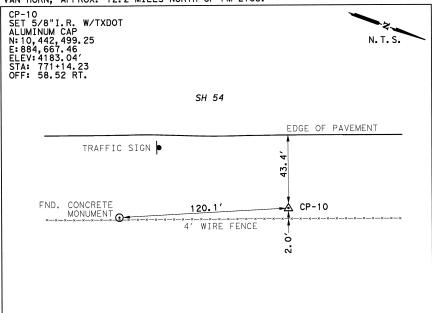
SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET

DSN	UO	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.		
		6	SEE TITLE	SEE TITLE SHEET		
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DRN	ВМ	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	UO	Ø233	Ø5	Ø38	SH 54	

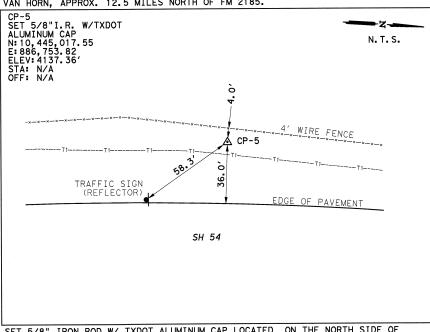




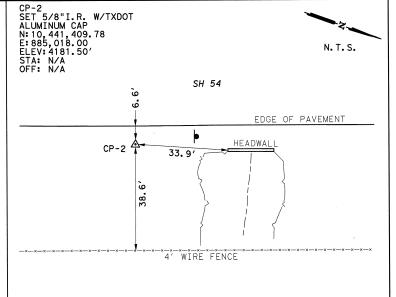




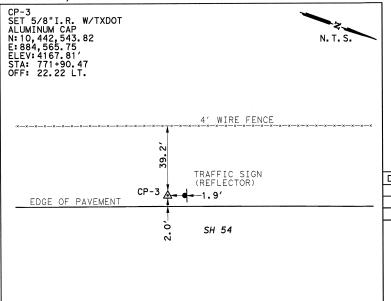
SET 5/8" IRON ROD W/ TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF VAN HORN, APPROX. 12.5 MILES NORTH OF FM 2185.



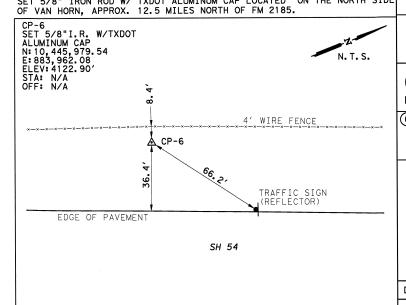
SET 5/8" IRON ROD W/ TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF VAN HORN, APPROX. 13.0 MILES NORTH OF FM 2185.



SET 5/8" IRON ROD W/ TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF VAN HORN, APPROX. 12.3 MILES NORTH OF FM 2185.



SET 5/8" IRON ROD W/ TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF VAN HORN, APPROX. 12.5 MILES NORTH OF FM 2185.



SET 5/8" IRON ROD W/ TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF VAN HORN, APPROX. 12.2 MILES NORTH OF FM 2185.

### NOTES:

1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJ, EPOCH 2010.000.

2.ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE ORTHOMETRIC VALUES REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988(NAVD 88), REALIZED USING GEOID

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4. HORIZONTAL CONTROL VALUES REFERENCED 4. HORIZONIAL CONTROL VALUES REFERENCE HEREON ARE BASED ON STATIC GRSS OBSERVATIONS TIED TO NGS CONTINUALLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS) TXEL AND TXKM WERE HELD FIXED USING THEIR PUBLISHED HORIZONTAL VALUES.

5. VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES REFERENCED HEREON ARE BASED ON STATIC GNSS OBSERVATIONS TIED TO NGS CONTINUALLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATION (CORS) AND DIGITAL LEVELING. TXEL and TXKM WERE HELD FIXED USING THEIR PUBLISHED VERTICAL VALUE.

DATE BY REV REVISION



CobbFendley 13430 Northwest Freeway, Suite 1100 Houston, Texas 77040

713.462.3242 I www.co

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL DATA SHEET

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CHEET 1 OF 2

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Point SH5402

Ending chain SH54 description

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Course from ST SP01A to SH5402 N 22° 21′ 22.11" E Dist 2,230.8495

N 10,448,027.4235 E 884,860.3860 Sta

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829+99.99

DATE BY REV REVISION



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| 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Rep. No. F-2147 P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

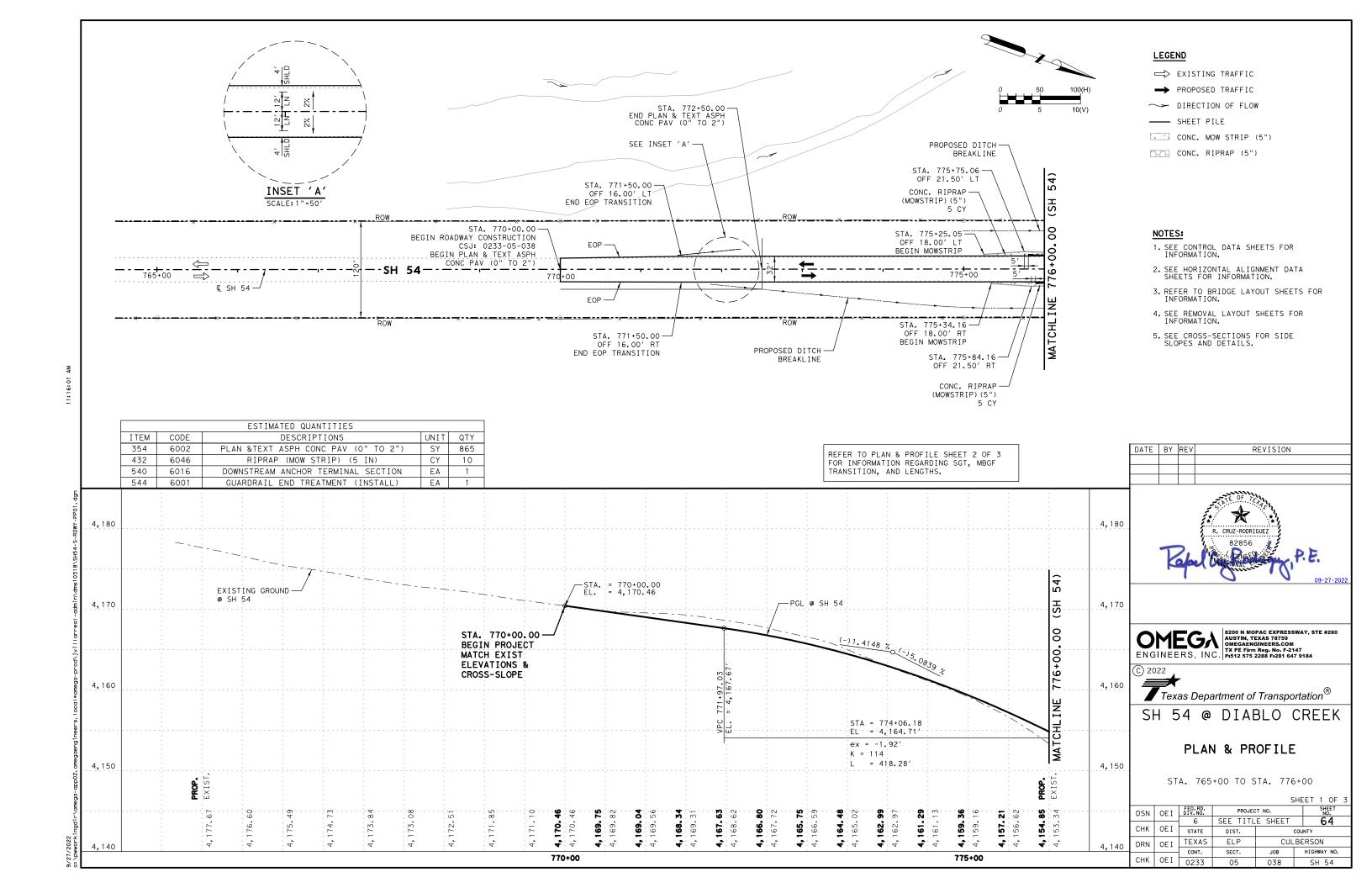
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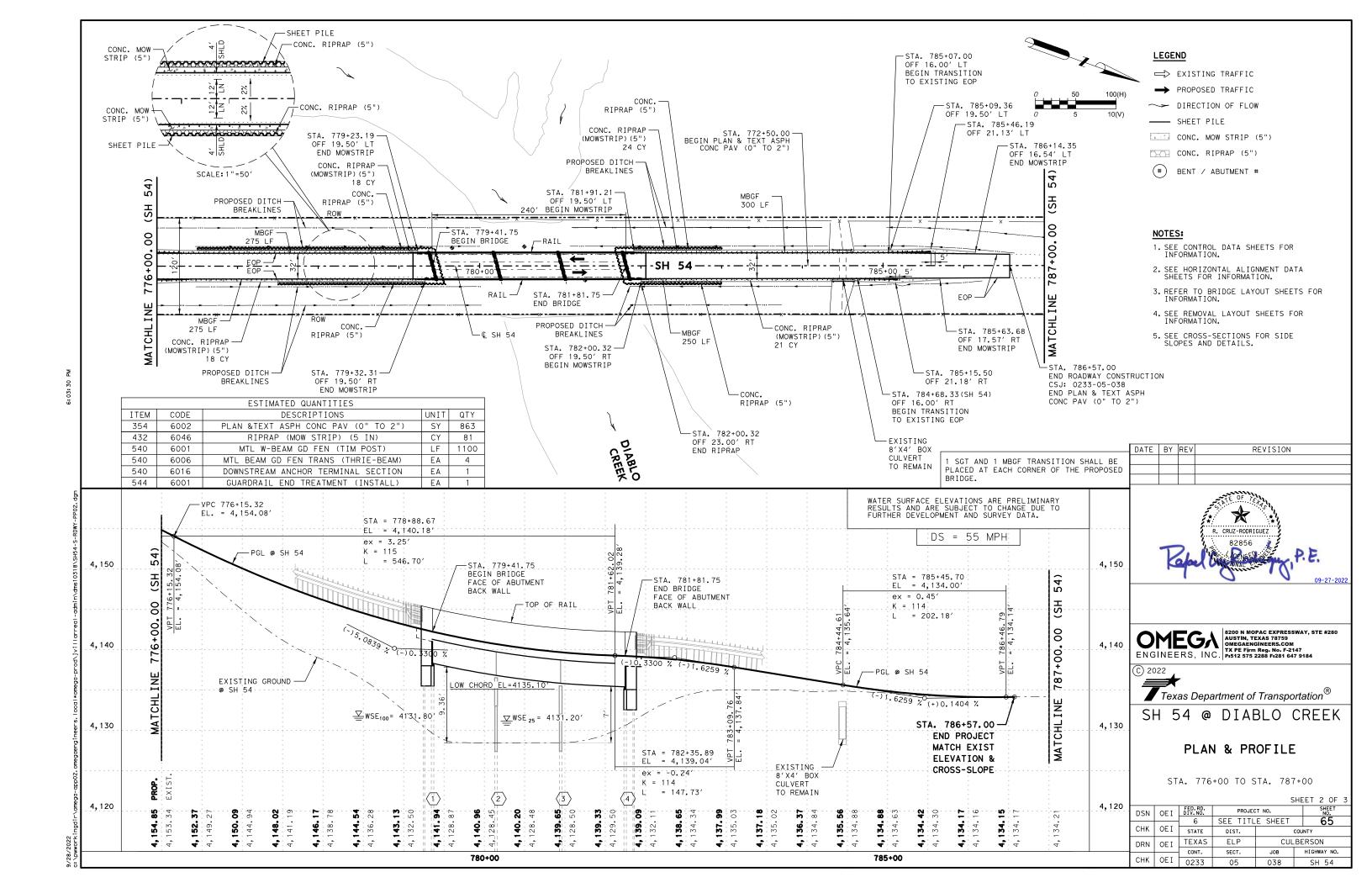
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

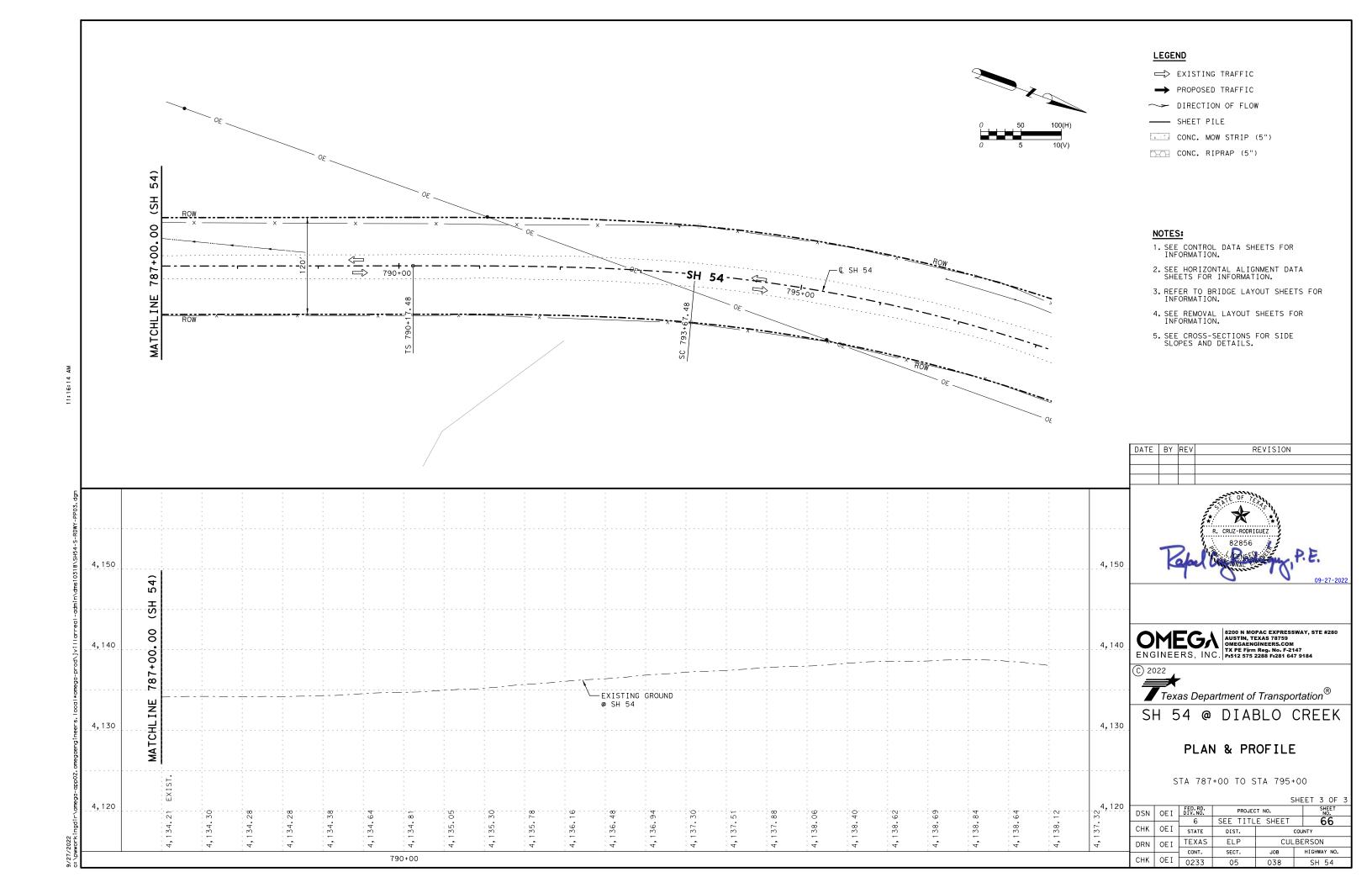
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SHEET 1 OF 1

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### GENERAL NOTES

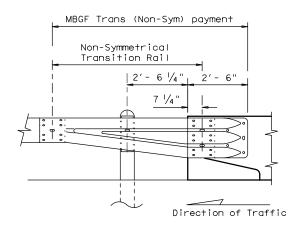
- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume category.
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal, See Detail A)
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'-0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

Note:
All rail elements shall
be lapped in the direction
of adjacent traffic.

### DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment

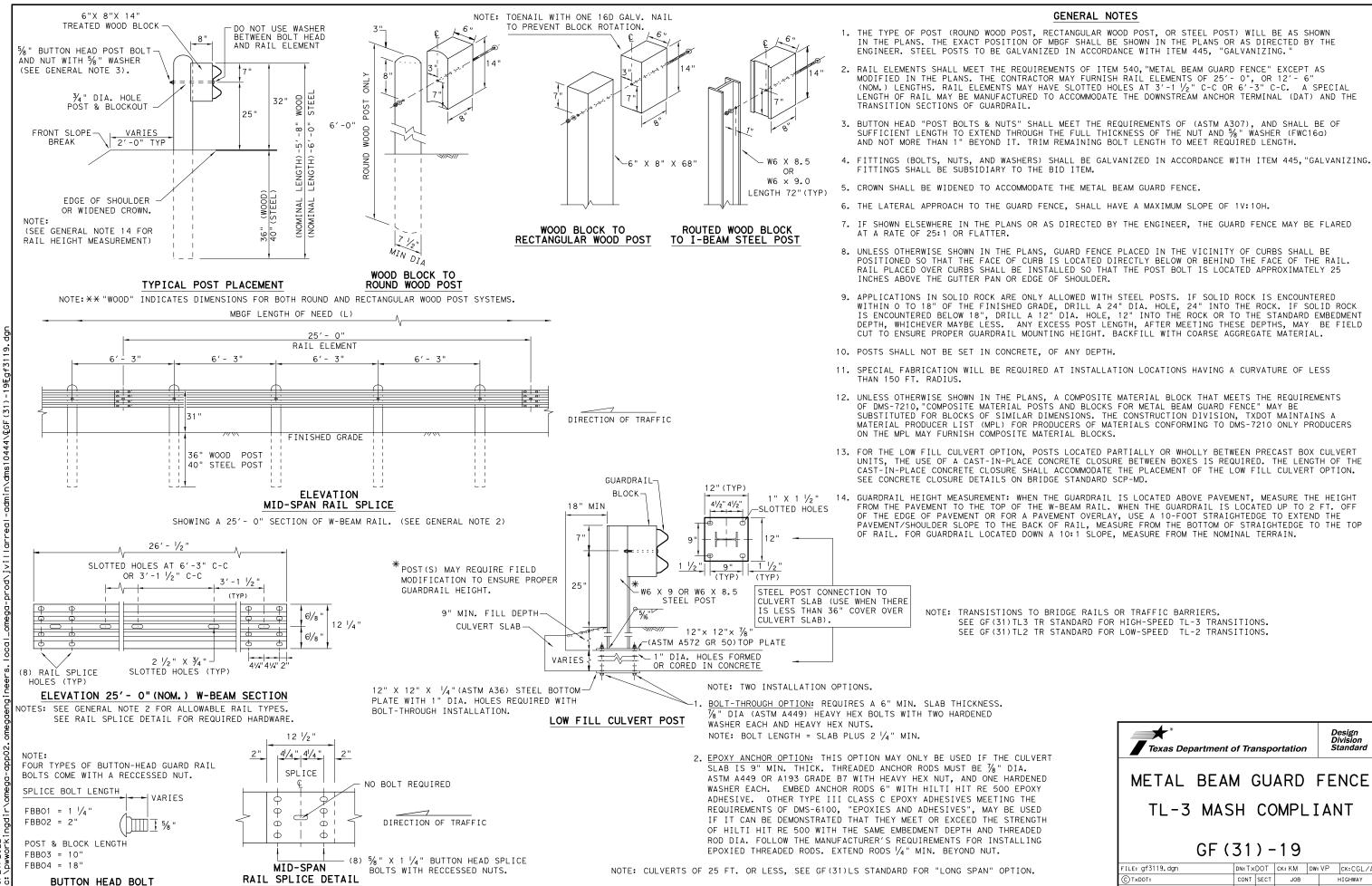


BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

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REVISIONS ISED APRIL 2014	0233 05 038		S	H 54				
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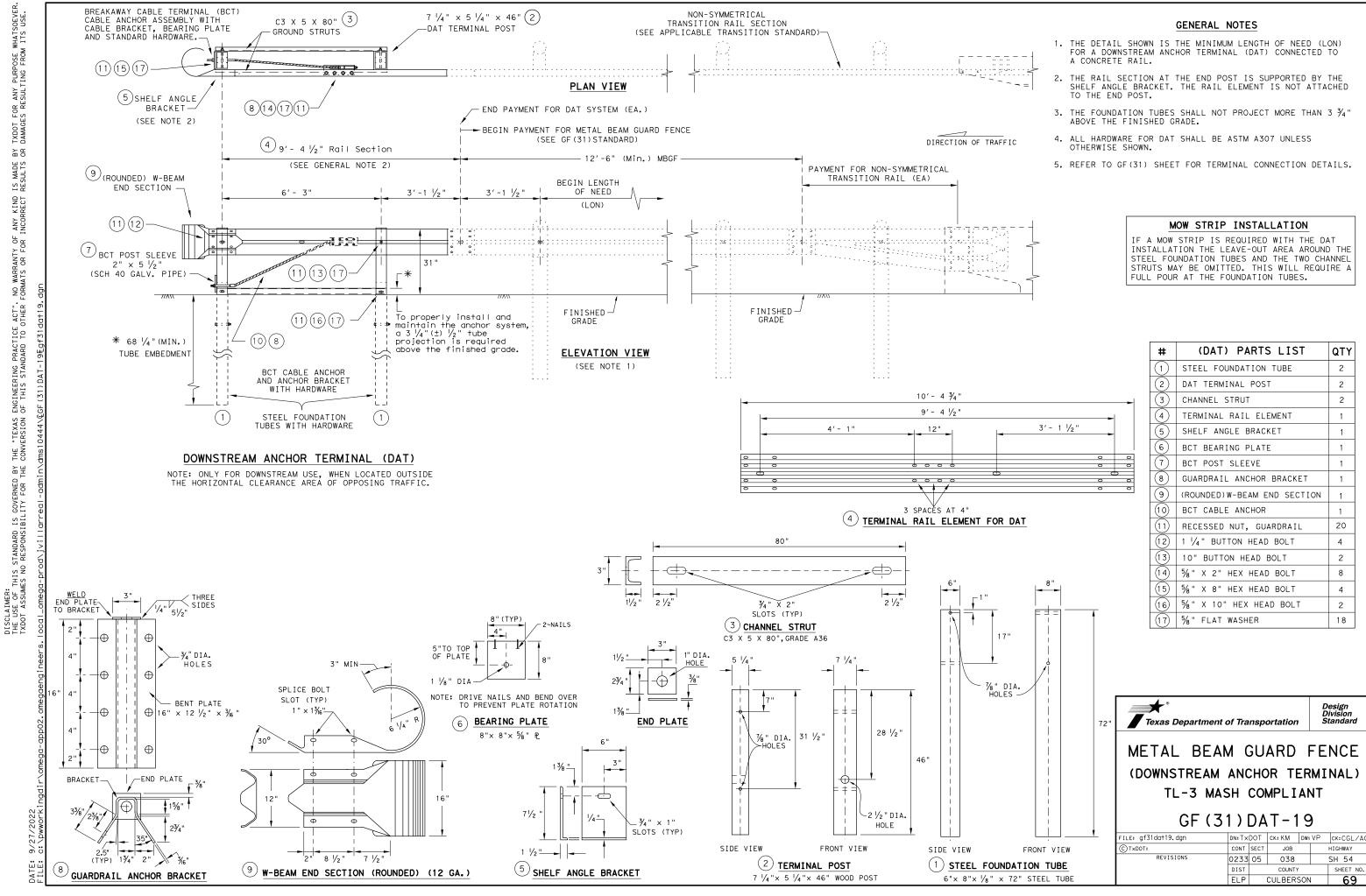
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NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/A JOB TxDOT: HIGHWAY 0233 05 038 SH 54 CULBERSON 68



#	(DAT) PARTS LIST	QTY
1	STEEL FOUNDATION TUBE	2
2	DAT TERMINAL POST	2
3	CHANNEL STRUT	2
4	TERMINAL RAIL ELEMENT	1
5	SHELF ANGLE BRACKET	1
6	BCT BEARING PLATE	1
7	BCT POST SLEEVE	1
8	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR BRACKET	1
9	(ROUNDED) W-BEAM END SECTION	1
10	BCT CABLE ANCHOR	1
11	RECESSED NUT, GUARDRAIL	20
12	1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD BOLT	4
13	10" BUTTON HEAD BOLT	2
14)	5/8" X 2" HEX HEAD BOLT	8
15)	5/8" X 8" HEX HEAD BOLT	4
16)	5/8" X 10" HEX HEAD BOLT	2
17	5/8" FLAT WASHER	18

(DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL)

HIGHWAY SH 54 69

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF LINE POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF THE TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 12'- 6" OR
- 3. RAIL POST HOLES ARE OFFSET 3'- 1 1/2" FROM STANDARD GUARDRAIL TO ACCOMMODATE THE
- 4. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND  $\frac{5}{8}$ " WASHER
- 5. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.
- 8. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- FLAME CUTTING OF HOLES IN GUARDRAIL SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. IF YOU ENCOUNTER MIS-ALIGNED BOLT HOLES IN GUARDRAIL CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION & OPTIONS.

STANDARD LINE

POST INSTALLATION

AT 6'- 3" POST

SPACING

3'-1 1/2"

Texas Department of Transportation

ILE: gf31|s19.dgn C)TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

LONG SPAN TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) LS-19

CONT SECT JOB 0233 05 038

DN:TXDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/AC

CULBERSON

SH 54

Curb shown on top of mow strip

embedment throughout the system.

Site conditions may exist where grading is required for the proper installation of metal guard fence and

2'-0"

Approach grading or mow strip may be decreased or eliminated, as directed by the Engineer.

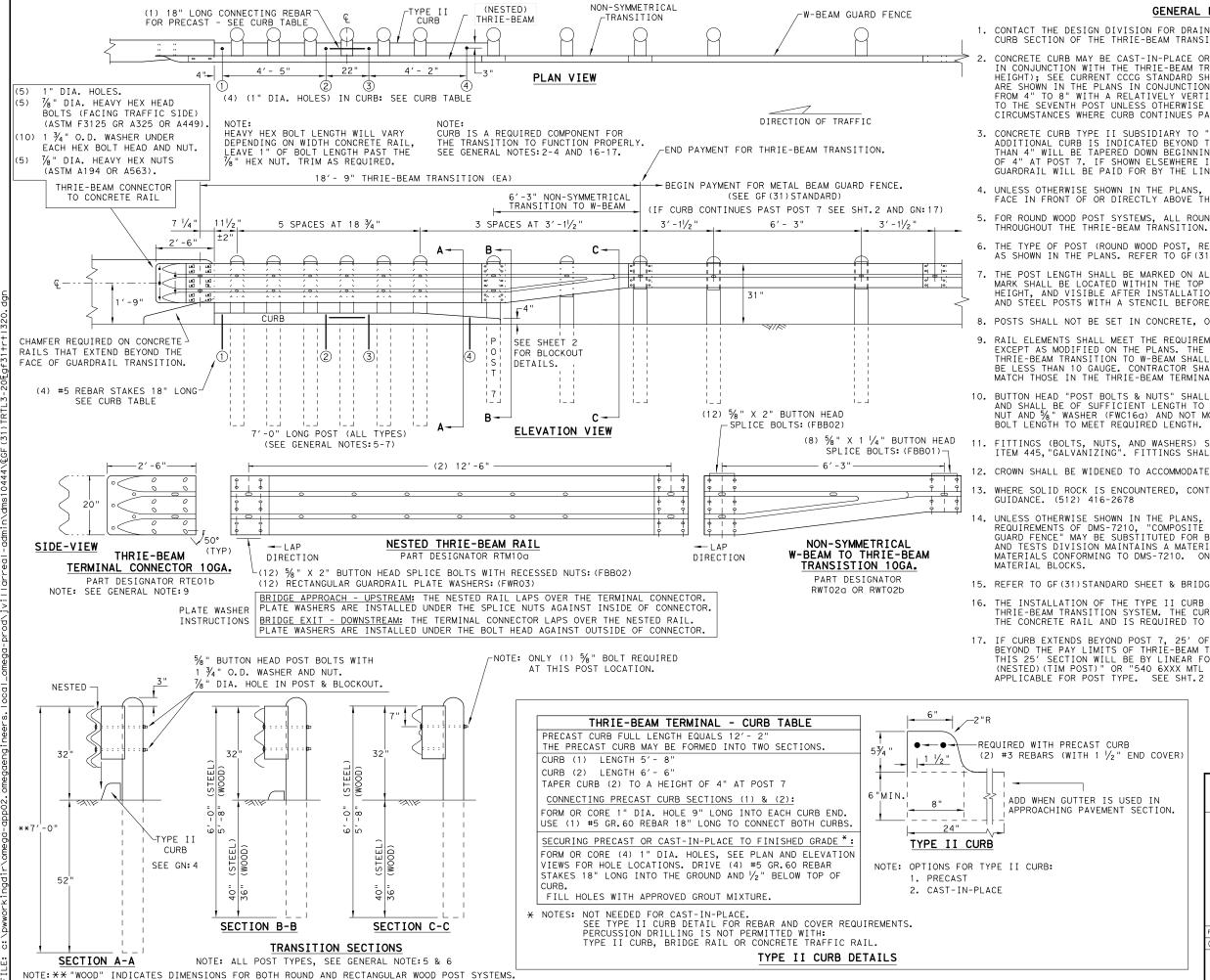
- 1. This mow strip design is for use with metal beam guard fence, guard fence transitions, and guard fence end treatments. See applicable GF(31) MBGF or GF(31) Transition Standard
- 2. Mow strips shall be reinforced concrete with (wire mesh or synthetic fiber), as shown on the plans and will be paid for under the pertinent bid item. Reinforced concrete shall be placed in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." The use of the synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber producer is on the Department Material Producer List (MPL), maintained by TxDOT, Construction Division.
- 4. Only steel (W6 x 8.5 or W6 x 9.0), or  $7 \frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. round wood posts are acceptable for use in the mow strip. See GF(31) Standard for additional details.
- 5. Other curb placement options may be used. Curbs are not considered part of the
- 7. The limits of payment for reinforced concrete will include leave-outs for the posts.
- 8. The leave-outs shall be filled with a Grout mixture consisting of: 2719 pounds sand, 188 pounds Type 1 or II cement, and 550 pounds of water per cubic yard, with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 230 psi or less. Provide grout with a consistency that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (Suggested Maximum leave-out of 20"). Payment for furnishing and placing the grout mixture



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MOW STRIP) TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) MS-19

DN:TXDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/AC CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0233 05 038 SH 54 ELP CULBERSON 71



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DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR T

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- 3/4" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $1\!\!/_2$  " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STÉEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND  $\frac{5}{6}$ " WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

### **HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION** SHEET 1 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

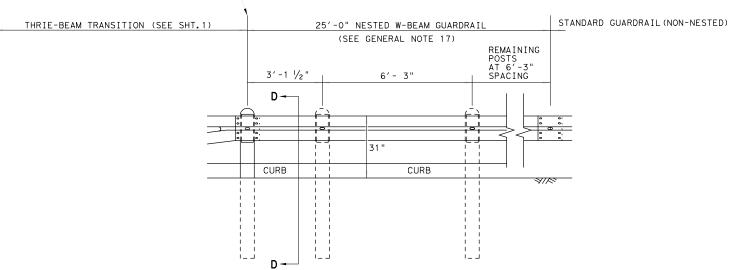
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	ELP		CULBERS	SON		72

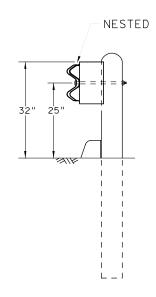
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)

END PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION. BEGIN PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.

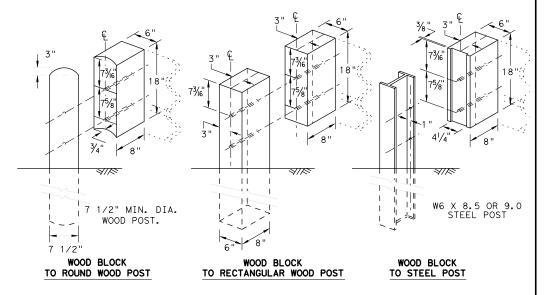
(SEE GF (31) STANDARD SHEET)



### **ELEVATION VIEW**



SECTION D-D



### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF(31)TR TL3-20

FILE: gf31trt 320.dgn	DN: T×	DOT	ck: KM	DW: KN	И	ck:CGL/AG
©TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038			SH 54
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		73

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

ITEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	5/8" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	5/8" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	5/8" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	5/8" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWR03	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

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TxDOT:	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	[GHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		74	

I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

CT-100S1

B581002

Design Division Standard

CK: CL

SHEET NO

75

HIGHWAY

SH 54

DIST

COUNTY

CULBERSON

E3151

B580122

B580904A

B340854A

B5160104A

P621

 $\mbox{$\star$}$  NOTE: GUARDRAIL PANELS 2 & 3 (ITEM C) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH ONE 25'-0" GUARDRAIL PANEL (ITEM D). NOTE: THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE GUARDRAIL PANELS FOR (MODIFIED PANEL 4) END OF LENGTH OF NEED PANEL 1 TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM MODIFIED MODIFIED PANEL 2 PANEL 3 9'-4 1/2" (b, (2d), e, f) 12'-6" 12'-6" 12'-6" -3′ 1½<del>" -| -</del>3′ 1½ <del>" -</del> (a, d, f) -(H)STRUT FIELDSIDE FACE -(B2) GR PANEL -C GR PANEL C GR PANEL POST 3 E)-PLAN VIEW -(Q)  $_{\rm OR}^{\rm BY}$ LENGTH OF NEED BGR PANEL COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (ITEM F) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (ITEM G) WOOD BLOCKOUTS. MADE SULTS NOTE: CONFIRM ALL POST OFFSET'S AS SHOWN ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. POST 2 POST END PAYMENT FOR SGT 1S RES DO NOT BOLT MODIFIED (PANEL 4) TO WOOD POST TRAFFIC-SIDE VIEW OFFSET DISTANCE 3 TO POST 2 = 8 3 TO POST 1 = 6 KIND → BEGIN STANDARD 31 MBGF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER HARDWARE NOTE: RAIL SPLICE HARDWARE LAP GUARDRAIL SPLICES IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER TEETH LOCKED ONTO FRONT (h, (2i), e, f (8) \%" X 1 \/4" GR BOLTS RANTY OF OR FOR 1 OF THE MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL YIELDING POST HARDWARE WITH 5% " GR HEX NUTS WOOD BREAKAWAY (1)  $\frac{5}{8}$ "× 10" GR BOLT NO BOLTS IN WITH 5/8" GR HEX NUT REAR TWO HOLES (c, f) (c, f) (c, f) POST(J)-MPACT A HEAD  $(\mathsf{I},\mathsf{m})$ NO WARR (b, f) (b, f)--(b, f) -(b, f) -(b, f) - RFID CHIP ITEM QTY 4 ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER BCT CĂBLE @-YIELDING ® POST POST HEIGHT RAIL HEIGHT  $-(1,m)^3/8$ " X 3" GR5 LAG SCREWS └FINISHED GRADE \H)STRUT 1/2" YIELDING (g, (2i), j, k)BEARING ALTERNATIVE ITEMS POST PLATE HOLES AT 41 NOTE: DEPTH (TYP 8-2) STRUT HARDWARE b, (2d), e, f) SEE PLAN VIEW THE "TEXAS E POST 5 POST POST 8 POST 7 POST 6 POST 4 POST 3 POST 2 STRUT POST **ELEVATION VIEW** ITEM (E) (YIELDING POST 8 THRU 2) ARE MODIFIED W6X8.5 STEEL POST WITH FOUR 1/2" YIELDING HOLES, TWO HOLES PER FLANGE. POST 1 DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TRAFFIC SIDE VIEW 5 1/2" X 7 1/2" X 50" WOOD BREAKAWAY POST WOOD STRIKE BLOCK (K)-FIELD SIDE TRAFFIC 6" X 8" X 14' W6X8.5 I-BEAM POST WITH YEILDING HOLES COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT STRIKE PLATE (L) NO BOLTS IN \SIDE\_ 17" GUARDRAIL N-MODIFIED B-REINFORCEMENT REAR TWO HOLES RAIL 1 M) PLATE ITEM (F) Æ ITEM S REFLECTIVE SHEETING PROVIDED BY COMPANY SGET (A)-√N) GUARDRA I I IMPACT HEAD SEE (GENERAL NOTE 3) (h, (2i), J, K GRABBER (1) 5/8" X 10" GR BOLT BEARING (1) ⊸Q BCT CABLE (1) 5/8" GR NUT BEARING O HSTRUT PLATE ⊕PIPĒ SLEEVE (2) 1/2 (6h)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " X 1  $\frac{1}{4}$ " BOLTS STRUT (H)-MAXIMUM TUBE HEIGHT (b, (2d), e, f) YEILDING HOLE (12i)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER (6j)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " LOCK WASHER 3" X 3" X 80" 5/8" × 10" GR BOLT 5/8" FLAT WASHER POST LENGTH ABOVE GROUND 1/4" THICKNESS (2) YEILDING -FINISHED (6k) 5/8" HEX NUT (1) 5/8" LOCK WASHER (1) 5/8" GR NUT POST GRADE TÜBE E TUBE POST DEPTH LENGTH NOTE: TWO FLAT WASHERS EMBED DEPTH PER BOLT, ONE EACH SIDE OF PANEL. POST 2 -(I) FOUNDATION TUBE STRUT POST 6" X 8" X 72" 3/6" THICKNESS (I)-SIDE VIEW SIDE VIEW REINFORCEMENT PLATE POST 1 FIELD SIDE VIEW POST 1 POST 8 - POST 3 (TYP) FRONT END VIEW WITH GUARDRAIL GRABBER 50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10" SGET MAXIMUM (OFFSET), HORIZONTAL FLARE STANDARD OVER THE FIRST 50 FEET = 1 FOOT. EDGE OF PAVEMENT-APPROACH GRADING -2'-0" MAX. (1V: 10H OR FLATTER) RAIL OFFSET NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SGET TERMINAL SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

T   C V	Q I I	MATIC STSTEM COM CITETIS	TILIVI TT
Α	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SIH1A
В	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	126SPZGP
B2	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA	GP94
С	2	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	GP126
D	1	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" 12GA	GP25
Е	7	MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6×8.5	YP6MOD
F	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	CBO8
G	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	WBO8
Н	1	STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" x 1/4" A36 ANGLE	STR80
I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" × 3/6"	FNDT6
J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 50"	WBRK50
K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSBLK14
L	1	STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLATE	SPLT8
М	1	REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55	REPLT17
N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 1/2" X 2 1/2" X 16 1/2"	GGR17
0	1	BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 5/8" X 5/8" A36	BPLT8
Ρ	1	PIPE SLEEVE 4 1/4" X 2 3/8" O.D. (2 1/8" I.D.)	PSLV4
Q	1	BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH	CBL81
	•	SMALL HARDWARE	
а	1	⅓" X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	12GRBLT
b	7	5/8" X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	10GRBLT
С	33	5/8" X 1 1/4" GR SPLICE BOLTS 307A HDG	1GRBLT
d	3	5/8" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	58FW436
е	1	5/8" LOCK WASHER HDG	58LW
f	39	%" GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG	58HN563
g	2	$\frac{1}{2}$ " X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG	2BLT
h	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ " X 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " PLATE BOLT A325 HDG	125BLT
i	16	$\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	12FWF436
j	8	1/2" LOCK WASHER HDG	12LW
k	8	$\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX NUT A563 HDG	12HN563
- 1	4	3%" X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG	38LS
m	4	3%" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	38FW844
n	2	1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	1FWF436
0	2	1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG	1HN563
	1	18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB	ZPT18
P			PSPCR4
	1	1 ½" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE	PSPUR4
р		RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F	RFID810F

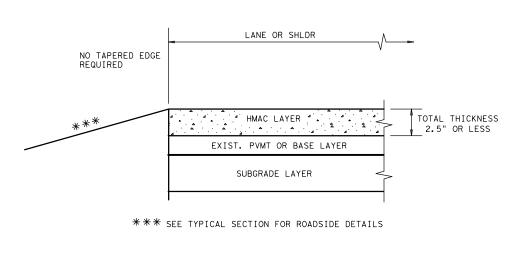
MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Texas Department of Transportation

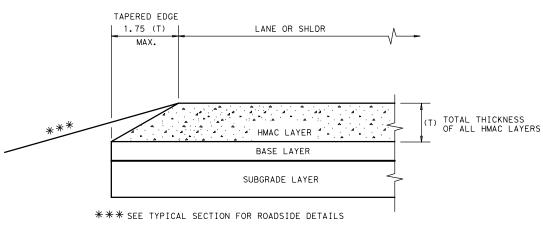
ITEM #

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

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REVISIONS	0233	05	038	038 county CULBERSON		SH 54		
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	ELP		CULBERS			ERSON 76		76

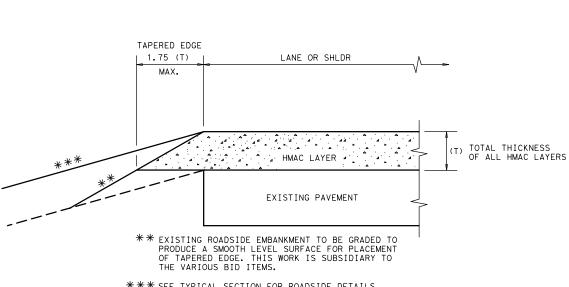


### CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS



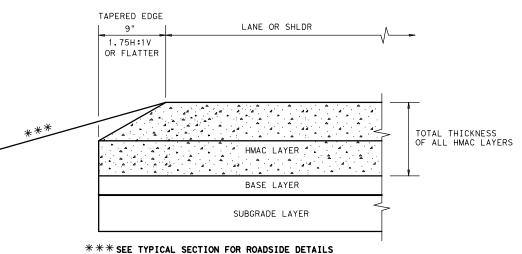
### CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



\*\*\* SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

### CONDITION - 2 OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



### CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

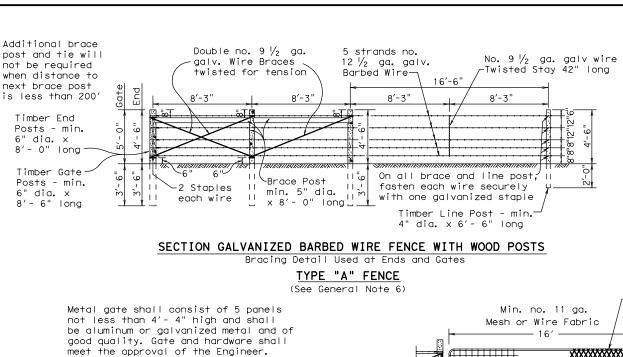


Design Division Standard

# TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE(HMAC)-11

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		77	



DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE

~Corner or Pullii

Double no.9 ga. galv. wire

Variable

maximum 16' - 6'

-Deadman not less

than 100 pounds

Post - min.

6" dia. x

8'- 0" long

-Passage for connection to deadman is trenched

of soil in area.

so as to minimize disturbing

DETAIL OF FENCE SAG (Single Line Connection)

Brace Post

CORNER OR PULL POST ASSEMBLY

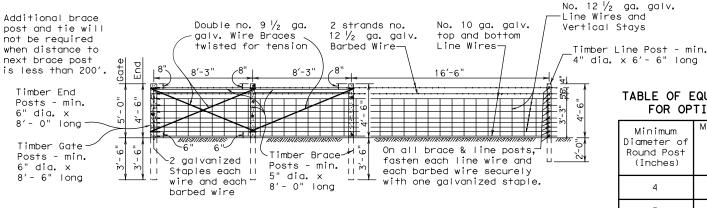
Variable

maximum 16'- 6"

5" dia. x

3'-0"min.

8'- 0" long



# SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH WOOD POSTS

Bracing Detail Used at Ends and Gates

## TYPE "B" FENCE

(See General Note 6)

### TABLE OF EQUIVALENT SIZES FOR OPTIONAL SHAPE

Minimum Diameter of Round Post (Inches)	Minimum Equivalent Dimension for Each Side of Square Post (Inches)
4	3 1/2
5	4 1/2
6	5 1/4

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide 2" clearance.
- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latches of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable for the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top
- 5. If rock is encountered at a depth less than the embedded depth required, a 15" or larger diameter hole shall be drilled for the post and the post shall be set in concrete. If rock is encountered at a depth of 1'- 6" or more below the ground surface, the hole shall be drilled to the required depth. If rock is encountered at a depth less than 1'- 6" below the ground surface, the holes shall be drilled a minimum of 2'- 0" into the rock or to the depth whichever is the lesser depth.
- 6. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121 (Class 1) Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type B) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116 (Class 1) No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

- 7. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere on these plans
- 8. Square wood posts may be used in lieu of round posts provided minimum equivalent size requirements, as shown are met. All wood posts shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence."

Texas Department of Transportation



(WOOD POSTS)

BARBED WIRE AND WOVEN WIRE FENCE

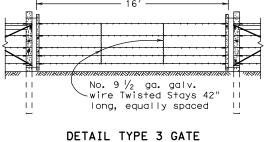
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WF(1)-10

-1‰ " min.dia.galv. Steel Tubing

Wire Filler to be either 2" diamond mesh galvanized wire fabric with stays placed not more than 6" apart

### DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE

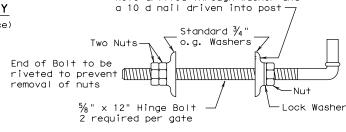


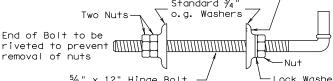
# Standard Gate Post Loop fastened with 2 Staples Standard Brace

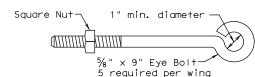
Loop to be made from two strands twisted no.  $9 \frac{1}{2}$  ga. galv. smooth wire, and to be securely fastened to gate post with two galv. staples.

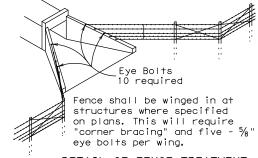
### DETAIL FASTENER TYPE 3 GATE

Hole drilled through washer and

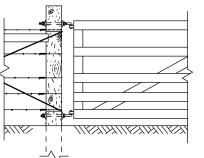








DETAIL OF FENCE TREATMENT AT STRUCTURES



DETAIL SHOWING INSTALLATION OF HINGES OF TYPE 1 & 2 GATE

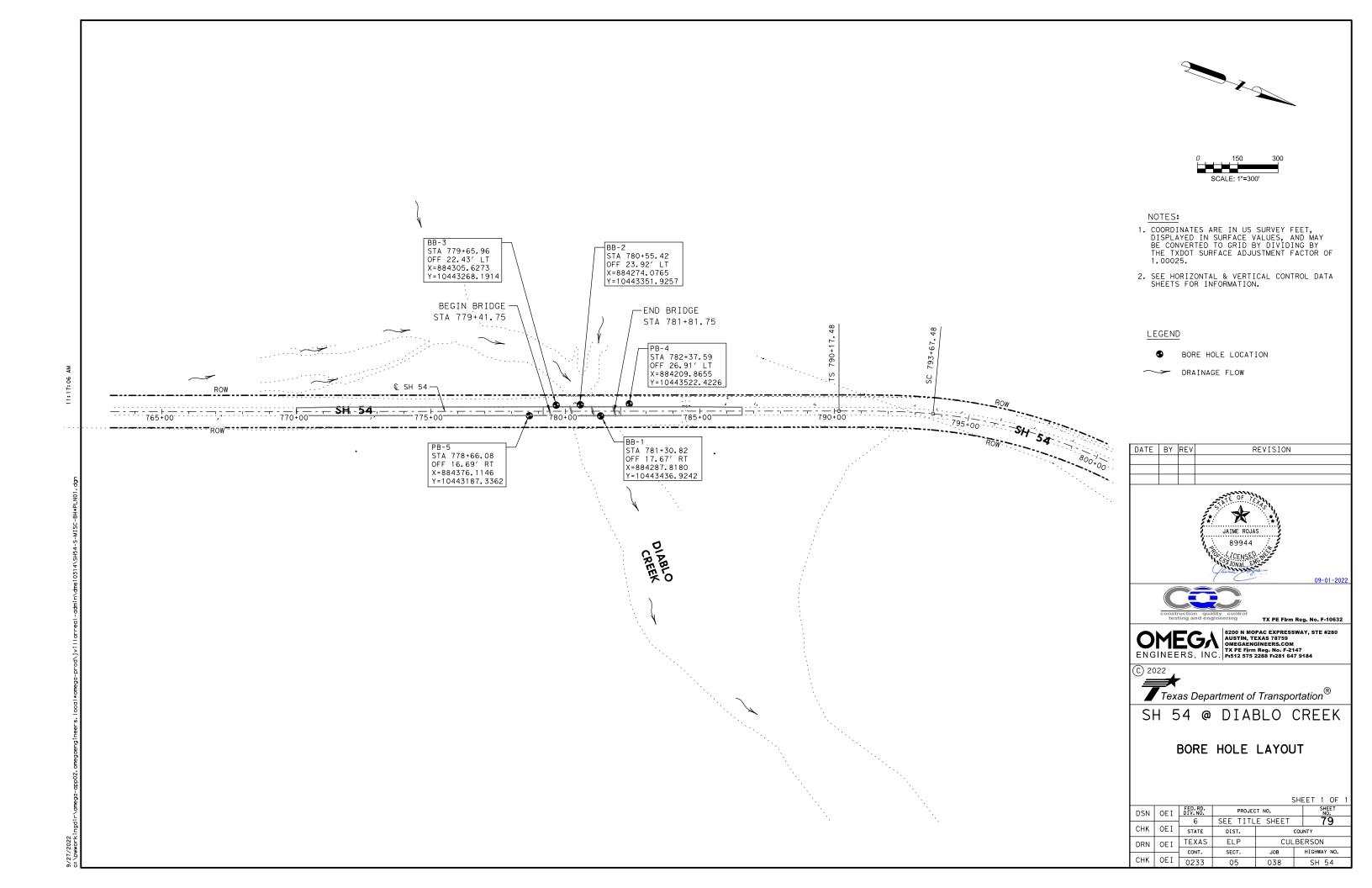
# -Twisted Stay

DETAIL OF STAY

# (Barbed wire fence)

### DETAIL OF GATE HINGE BOLT ASSEMBLY

DETAIL OF EYE BOLT



Version 3.1

County Culberson

Highway State Highway 54

0233-05-038

# DRILLING LOG

Structure

Station

Offset

1 of 2

El Paso District 3/15/22 Grnd. Elev. 4134.00 ft

**Bridge and Pavement** 781+30.82 17.67' RT GW Elev.

	L	T C		Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	s	
Elev. (ft)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
_	.00.	19 (6) 15 (6)	GRAVEL, Fine, Sandy, Silty, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Subrounded,		.,					
- - 4129. 5 -	0.0.0.0.0.0.0	13 (6) 11 (6)	Slightly Compact, Slightly Moist with traces of clay particles.Fine, Sandy, Silty, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Subrounded, Dry to Slightly Compact, Slightly Moist with traces of clay particles.			2.7	0	0		-200%: 10
-	0.0.0.0.0.0.		GRAVEL, Fine, Sandy, Poorly Graded, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Subro Slightly Compact, Dry with silt. (GP-GM)	unded,						
- 10 - - -	0.0000000000	50 (2) 50 (1)								
- 4119. 15 - - -	0.0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	CLAY, Sandy, Moderate Plasticity, Pinkish Brown to Whittish Brown, Very Dense, Slightly Moist with traces of gravel. (CL) (CL)			6.3	28	15		-200%:63
- 1114. <b>20</b> - -	1 0000000000000000000000000000000000000	50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, Fine to Coarse Grained, Clayey, Silty, Reddish Brown to Tannish Brown, Very Dense, Slightly Moist with traces of calcareous material and gravel. (GC-GM)			4.2	21	7		-200%:40
- 4109. 25 - -	0.0.00	50 (1) 50 (1)	CLAY, Silty, Sandy, Low Plasticity, Orange Brown to Tannish Brown, Very Dense, Slightly Moist with traces of gravel. (CL-ML) (CL)			4.9	20	6		-200%:57
- 4104. 30 -		50 (1) 50 (1)				0.2	0	0		-200%: 28

plan is provided.\*\*\*

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: SC Logger: PG/JC Organization: CQC

# **DRILLING LOG**

Version 3.1

County Culberson Highway State Highway 54 CSJ 0233-05-038

Structure **Bridge and Pavement** Station 781+30.82 Offset 17.67' RT

Date 3/15/22 Grnd. Elev. 4134.00 ft GW Elev.

District

El Paso

2 of 2

L Te		Texas Cone		Triaxi		Prop	ertie			
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	мс	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
- - -	.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.		GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Whittish Gray to Brownnish Gray, Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry.(GM)		W				W	
35 - - -	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	50 (1) 50 (1)								
40 -		50 (1) 50 (1)				0.3	0	0		-200%: 14
- 0 <b>92.</b> -				-						
<b>45</b> –										
- - -										
50 - - -	-									
55 -										
_										
_	+									

Remarks: Boring Location: See Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1. \*\*\*Borehole elevations are preliminary and shall be updated once topographic

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: SC Logger: PG/JC Organization: CQC

\\192.168.1.102\CQC Working Files\GEO\Reports\2022\22-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\06-PreliminaryFResports\Per Reports\Quad PreliminaryFResports\Per Reports\Quad PreliminaryFResports\Quad PreliminaryF

DATE BY REV REVISION



TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-10632

09-01-2022

ENGINEERS, INC. | 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX FE Firm Reg. No. F-2147 Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BOREHOLE DETAILS BOREHOLE BB-1

SHEET 1 OF 5

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	80
СНК	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN	0E I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OEI	0233 05		038	SH 54

Version 3.1

County Culberson

CSJ

Highway State Highway 54

0233-05-038

Bridge and Pavement

780+55.42

23.92' LT

Structure

Station

Offset

1 of 2

El Paso

3/16/22

Grnd. Elev. 4134.00 ft

District

GW Elev.

WinCore

**DRILLING LOG** 

Structure Bridge and Pavement 780+55.42

Highway State Highway 54 Version 3.1 CSJ 0233-05-038

County Culberson

Station 23.92' LT

Date	3/16/22
Grnd. Elev.	4134.00 ft
GW Elev.	N/A

El Paso

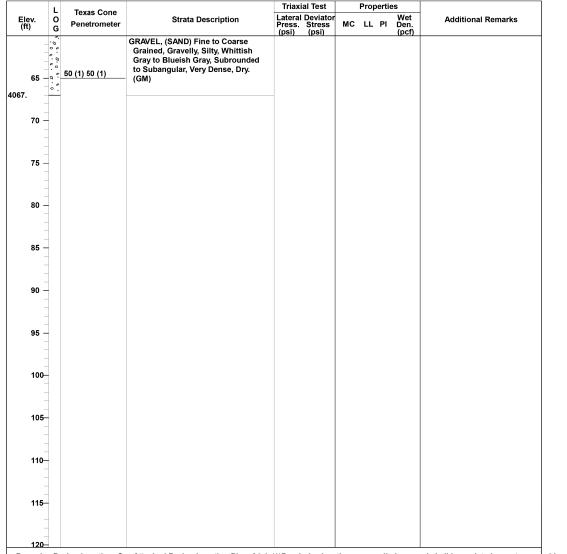
2 of 2

Elev. (ft)	0	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral D		мс	LL LL	erties Pl	Wet Den.	Additional Remarks
(11)	G			(psi)	(psi)				(pcf)	
5 -	000000000	33 (6) 40 (6) 42 (6) 50 (5)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Subrounded, Compact, Slightly Moist to Moist with traces of clay particles. (GM)			5.0 4.0		2		-200%: 17 -200%:18
124. 10 -	0.00	33 (6) 44 (6)	CLAY, Silty, Sandy, Low Plasticity,			10.3	23	7		-200%: 52
119. 15 -	11/100	50 (3) 50 (1)	Reddish Brown to Tannish Brown, Hard, Moist with traces of gravel. (CL-ML) (CL) GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse			12.3	36	22		-200%: 35
1114. 20 -	0.0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	Grained, Gravelly, Clayey, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Compact, Moist. (GC) GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse							
25 -	0.0.0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, (SAND) File to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Whittish Gray to Blueish Gray, Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry. (GM)			0.6	0	0		-200%: 15
30 -	0.0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
35 - -	0.0.0 0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)				0.4	0	0		-200%: 19
40 -	0.0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
45 -	0.0.00.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
50 - -	. 0.0.0.0.	50 (1) 50 (1)								
55 - -	0000000	50 (1) 50 (1)				0.2	0	0		-200%: 21
		50 (1) 50 (1)								

Remarks: Boring Location: See Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1. \*\*\*Borehole elevations are preliminary and shall be updated once topographic plan is provided.\*\*

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Organization: CQC Driller: SC Logger: PG/JC



Remarks: Boring Location: See Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1. \*\*\*Borehole elevations are preliminary and shall be updated once topographic

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Organization: CQC Driller: SC Logger: PG/JC

\\192.168.1.102\CQC Working Files\GEO\Reports\2022\22-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\02-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\02-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\02-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\07-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\07-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\Files\GEO\Reports\2022\\07-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\07-005 - TXDOT DIablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction

DATE BY REV REVISION



TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-10632

09-01-2022

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ENGINEERS, INC. P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BOREHOLE DETAILS BOREHOLE BB-2

SHEET 2 OF 5

DSN	OEI	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	81	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN	0E I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK OEI		0233	05	038	SH 54

# WinCore

Version 3.1

DRILLING LOG

County Culberson Highway State Highway 54 0233-05-038

Structure

Offset

Bridge and Pavement Station 779+65.96 22.43' LT

District El Paso 3/17/22 Grnd. Elev. 4135.00 ft GW Elev.

1 of 1

	L	Texas Cone			al Test Deviator		rrop	ertie	s Wet	
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Press. (psi)	Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	.0	35 (6) 42 (6)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse			3.9	0	0		-200%: 22
5 -	0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Reddish Brown to Light Brown, Subrounded, Compact, Slightly Moist to Moist.			6.3	0	0		-200%: 18
125. 10 -	0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	(GM)							
	0000	50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Well Graded, Whittish Gray to Blueish Gray,			0.8	0	0		-200%: 9
15	0.0		Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry with silt. (GW-GM)			0.0				-20076. 0
20 -	0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
25	0 0 0 0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
105. 30		50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse			0.5	0_	0		-200%: 13
35 -	0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Whittish Gray to Blueish Gray, Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry. (GM)							
40 -	0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)	(GW)			0.3	0	0		-200%: 19
45 -	0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
50 -	0 0 0 0 0 0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
	0.0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)				0.4	•	•		2000/ - 22
55 -	.0.0.0					0.1	0	U		-200%: 33
60 -	70.0.0.	50 (1) 50 (1)								
65 - 1068.	0.0	50 (1) 50 (1)								
70 -										
75 -										

Remarks: Boring Location: See Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1. \*\*\*Borehole elevations are preliminary and shall be updated once topographic plan is provided.\*\*\*

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: SC

Logger: JC

Organization: CQC

\\192.168.1.102\CQC Working Files\GEO\Reports\2022\22-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\\06-Preliminary\FramewatePt\\0609\phi\0609\text{Reputer}\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex{

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION



OMEGA: 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
OMEGAENGINEERS.COM
TX PE Firm Rep. No. F-2147
P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BOREHOLE DETAILS BOREHOLE BB-3

SHEET	3	OF	

SN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	82	
HK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
RN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
HK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

Version 3.1

# DRILLING LOG

Offset

County Culberson Highway State Highway 54 0233-05-038

Structure Station

**Bridge and Pavement** 782+37.59 26.91' LT

District El Paso 3/16/22 Grnd. Elev. 4135.00 ft GW Elev. N/A

1 of 1

	L	Texas Cone		Triax	al Test		Prop	ertie	s	]
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	.000000000	30 (6) 29 (6)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Reddish Brown to Tannish Brown, Subrounded Compact, Dry. (GM)		<b>W</b> =-7	1.8	20	3	VE = 7	-200%: 16
		50 (1) 50 (1)								
130. 5	0 0 0 0 0 00 0	50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, Fine, Sandy, Clayey, Whittish			2.3	22	8		-200%:16
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50 (1) 50 (1)	Brown to Reddish Brown, Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry to Slightly Moist with traces of clay particles. (GC)	i						
	0.00.0.0.0.0.0									
125. 10		50 (1) 50 (1)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Clayey, Whittish Brown to Reddish Brown, Subrounded to Subangular, Very Dense, Dry to Slightly Moist with traces of clay particles. (GC) (SC)	i		3.7	26	14		-200%:42
123.	. 0									
15			ee Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1.	***	ala el-	4:				

plan is provided.\*\*\*

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: SC

Logger: JC

Organization: CQC

\\192.168.1.102\CQC Working Files\GEO\Reports\2022\22-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\06-Preliminary Filespeek Byo IdfaWincore Analysis R2-006 eWby-cotkladge CLG

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION
	•		





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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BOREHOLE DETAILS BOREHOLE PB-4

SHEET 4 OF 5

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.
		6	SEE TITL	83	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

Version 3.1

# DRILLING LOG

County Culberson Highway State Highway 54 0233-05-038

Structure

**Bridge and Pavement** Station 778+66.08 Offset 16.69' RT

District	El Paso
Date	3/17/22
Grnd. Elev.	4140.00 ft
GW Elev.	N/A

1 of 1

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie		
Elev. (ft)	O G		Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	30 (6) 48 (6)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse Grained, Gravelly, Silty, Reddish Brown to Dark Brown, Subrounded, Compact, Dry. (GM)							
		(-) (-)								
135. 5	9.0.0.000	41 (6) 31 (6)	GRAVEL, (SAND) Fine to Coarse							
	0		Grained, Gravelly, Clayey, Whittish Brown to Light Brown, Very Dense, Dry to Slightly Moist. (GC)							
	.0.0.0.0.0.0.									
10	0.0.0.0.0.	E0 (4) E0 (4)								
	.0.00000000									
128.	-									

Remarks: Boring Location: See Attached Boring Location Plan: A1-1. \*\*\*Borehole elevations are preliminary and shall be updated once topographic plan is provided.\*\*\*

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: SC

Logger: PG/JC

Organization: CQC

\\192.168.1.102\CQC Working Files\GEO\Reports\2022\22-005 - TXDOT Diablo Creek Bridge Reconstruction (OMEGA)\06-Preliminary Filespeek Byo IdfaWincore Analysis R2-006 eWby-cotkladge CLG

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BOREHOLE DETAILS BOREHOLE PB-5

SHEET 5 OF	

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITLE SHEET		84
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	1	COUNTY
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA FOR SHEET PILES

Beginning chain SPWALL\_1 description Point SPWALL0101 N 10,442,970.5243 E 884,411.5641 Sta 776+50.00 Course from SPWALL0101 to SPWALL0102 N 19° 41′ 37.89" W Dist 294.6625 Point SPWALL0102 N 10,443,247.9510 E 884,312.2645 Sta 779+44.66 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain SPWALL\_1 description Beginning chain SPWALL\_2 description \_\_\_\_\_ N 10,443,247.9510 E 884,312.2645 Sta Point SPWALL0201 10+00.00 Course from SPWALL0201 to SPWALL0202 N 55° 18' 31.61" E Dist 47.6221 Point SPWALL0202 N 10,443,275.0553 E 884,351.4209 Sta 10+47-62 ------Ending chain SPWALL\_2 description Beginning chain SPWALL\_3 description Point SPWALL0301 N 10,442,986.0260 E 884,454.8734 Sta 776+50.00 Course from SPWALL0301 to SPWALL0302 N 19° 41′ 37.89" W Dist 306.9859 Point SPWALL0302 N 10,443,275.0553 E 884,351.4209 Sta 779+56.99

-----

Ending chain SPWALL\_3 description

Point SPWALL0401 N 10,443,456.9654 E 884,237.4518 Sta 781+66.66 Course from SPWALL0401 to SPWALL0402 N 19° 41′ 37.89" W Dist 133.3375 Point SPWALL0402 N 10,443,582.5036 E 884,192.5178 Sta 783+00.00 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain SPWALL\_4 description Beginning chain SPWALL\_5 description \_\_\_\_\_ Point SPWALL0501 N 10,443,456.9654 E 884,237.4518 Sta 20+00.00 Course from SPWALL0501 to SPWALL0502 N 55° 18′ 31.56" E Dist 47.6221 Point SPWALL0502 N 10,443,484.0698 E 884,276.6082 Sta 20+47.62 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain SPWALL\_5 description Beginning chain SPWALL\_6 description Point SPWALL 0601 N 10,443,484.0698 E 884,276.6082 Sta 781+78,99 Course from SPWALL0601 to SPWALL0602 N 19° 41′ 37.89" W Dist 121.0141

\_\_\_\_\_

Beginning chain SPWALL\_4 description

Point SPWALL0602 N 10,443,598.0053 E 884,235.8271 Sta 783+00.00 \_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain SPWALL\_6 description



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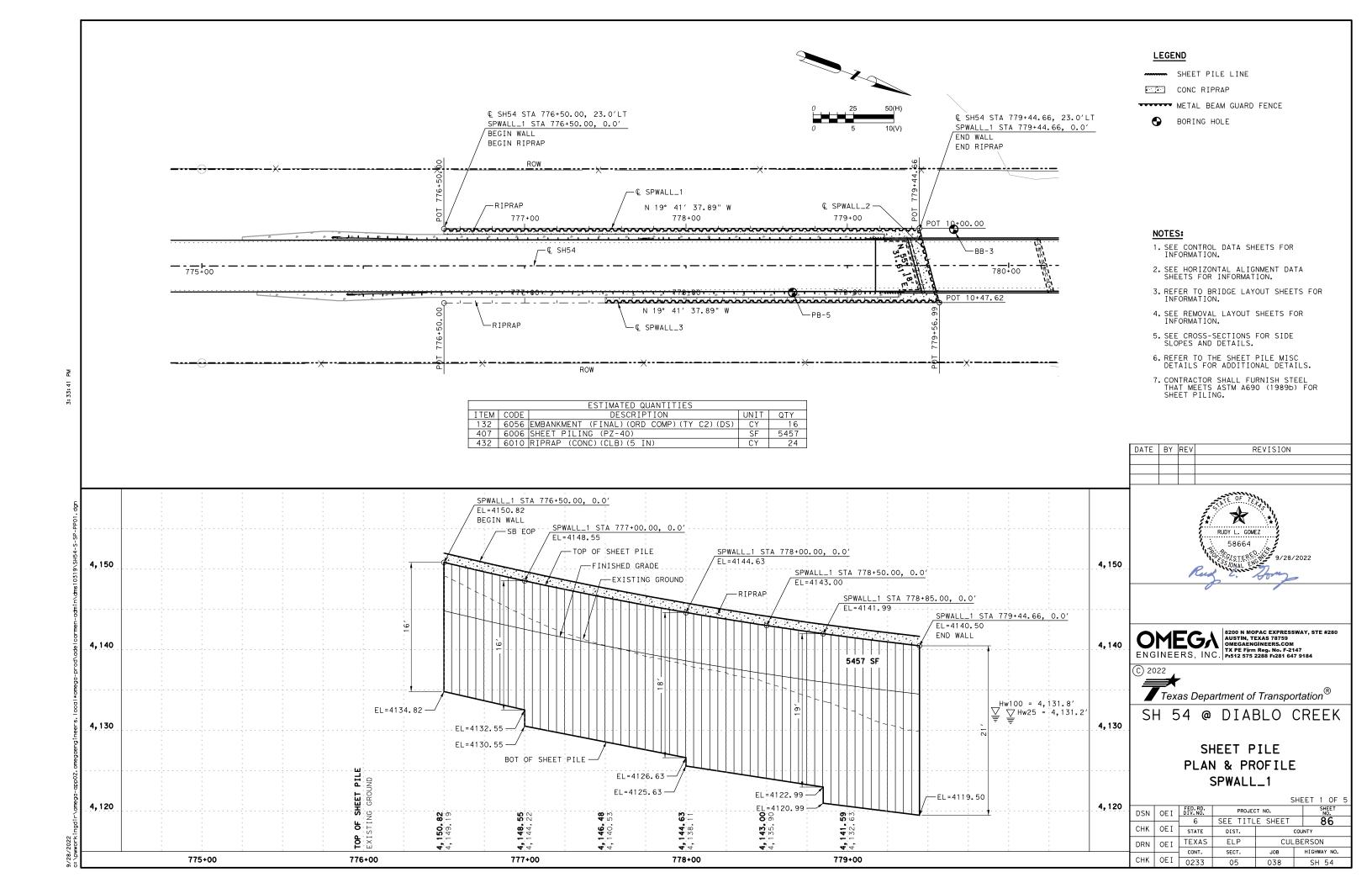
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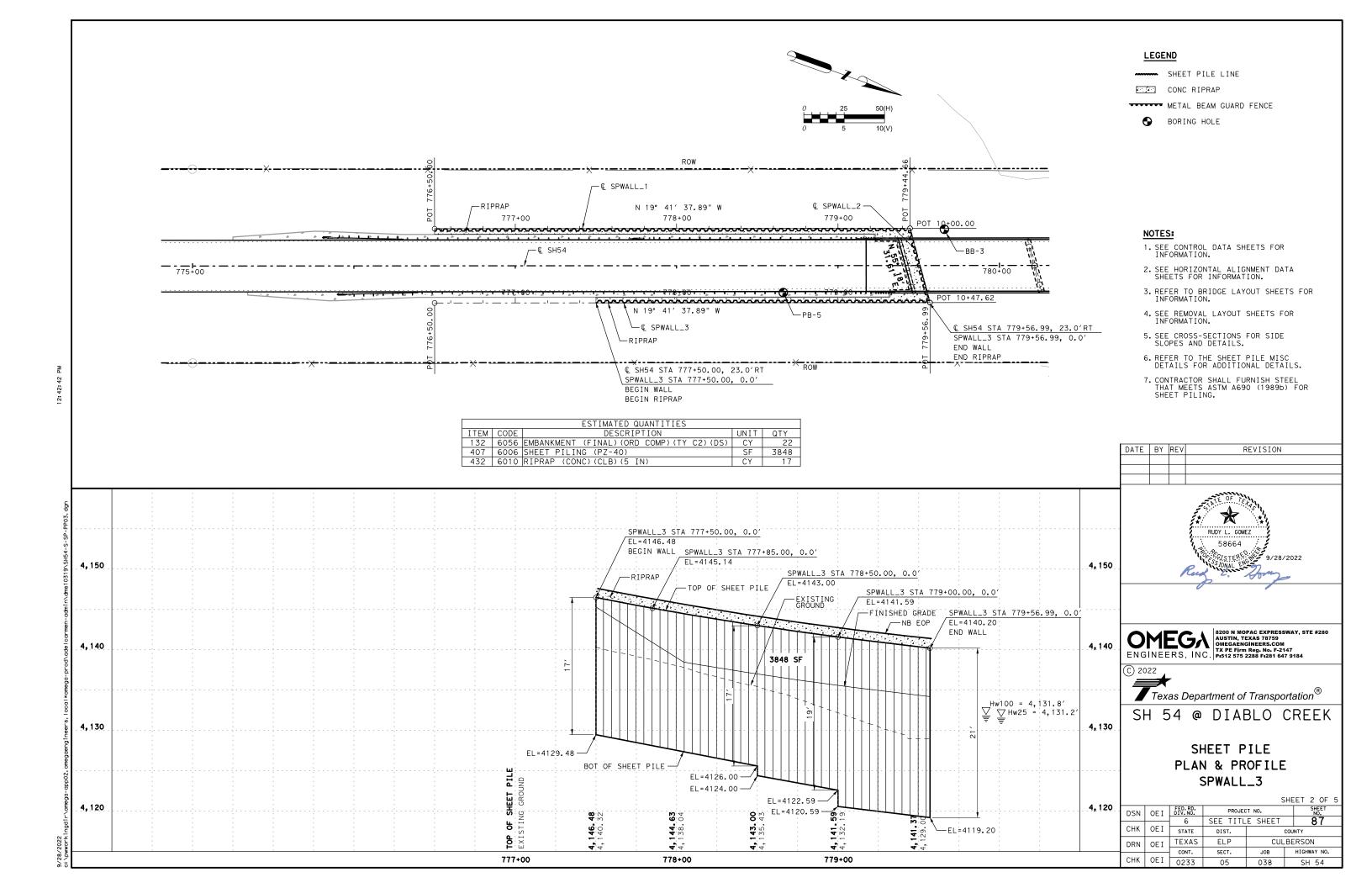
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

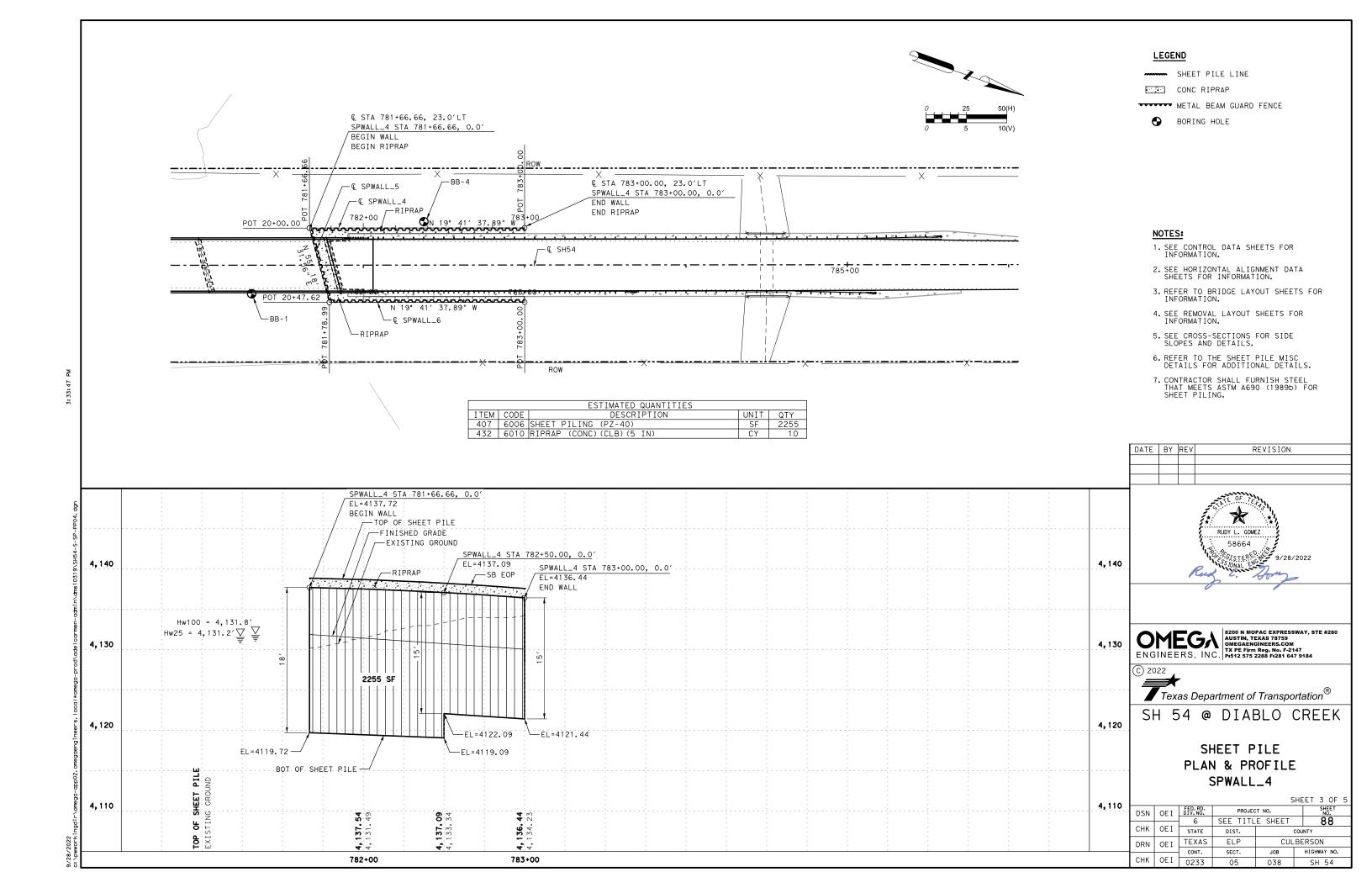
### SHEET PILE HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

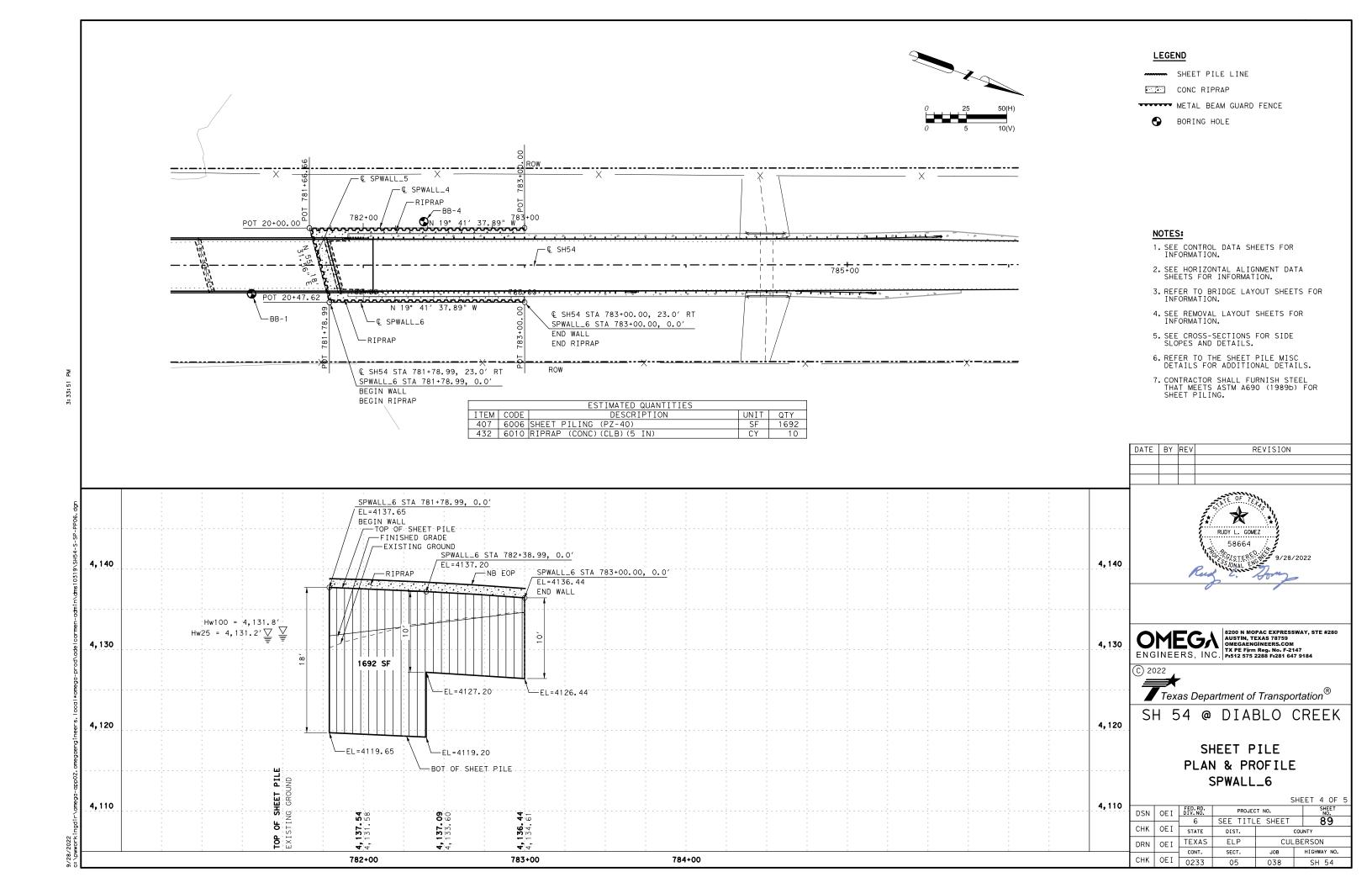
SHEET 1 OF

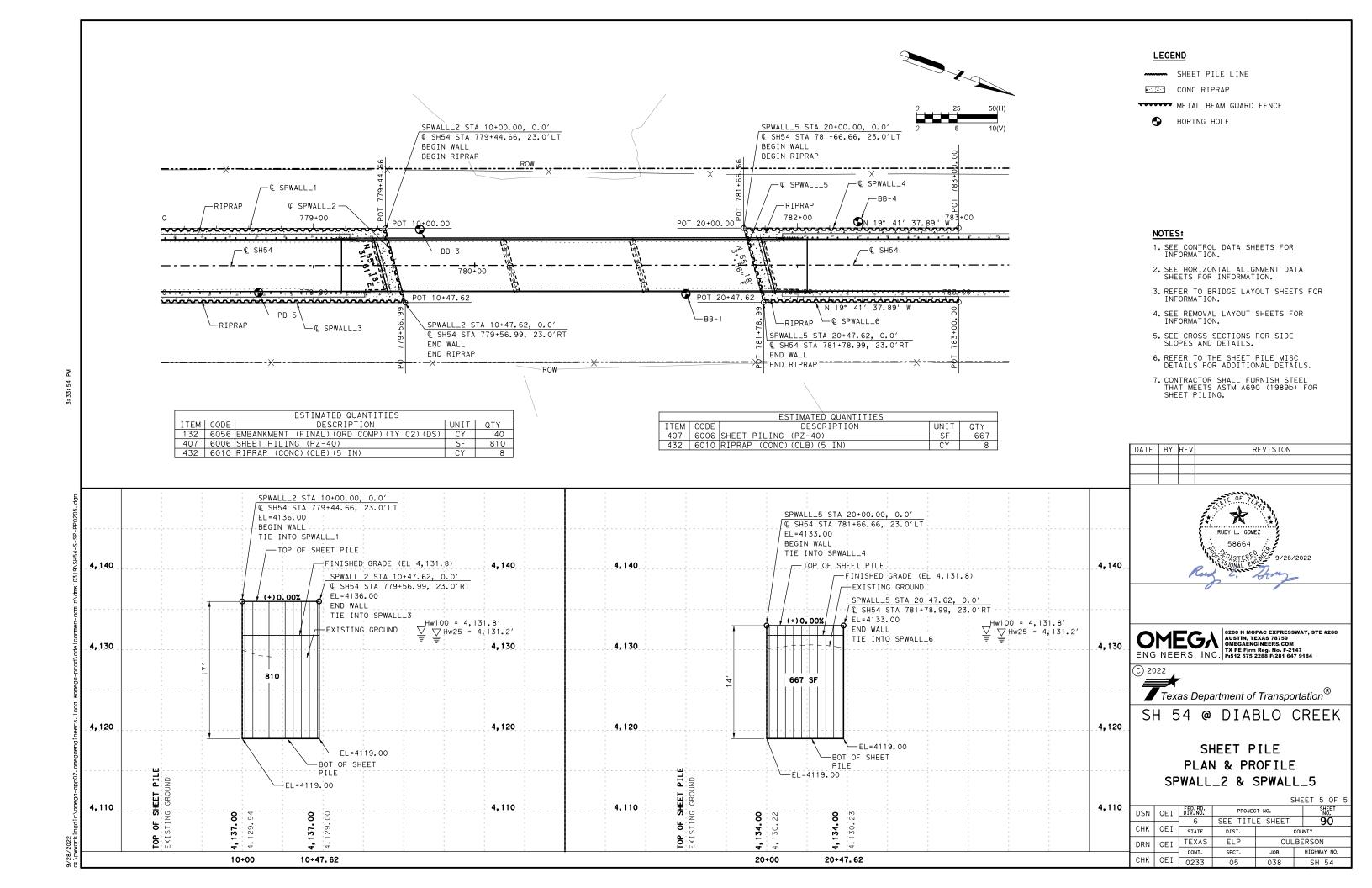
DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITLE SHEET		85
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	.BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

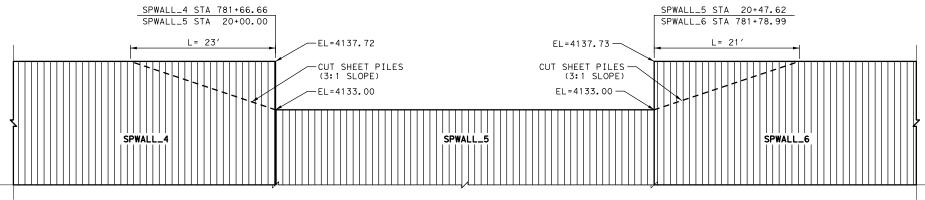




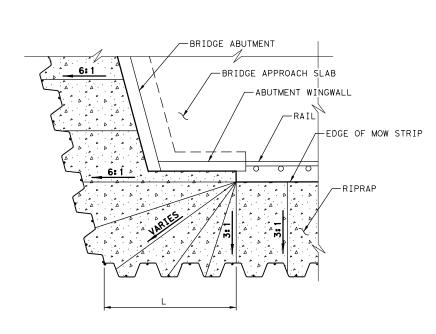




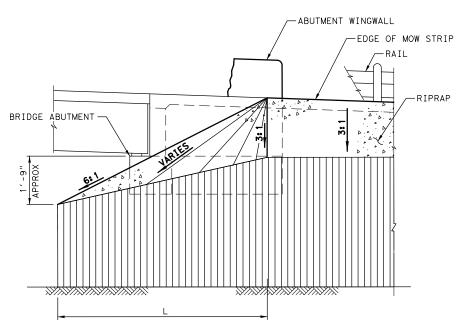




### STEEL PILE CUTOFF ELEVATION LOOKING NORTH (NTS)



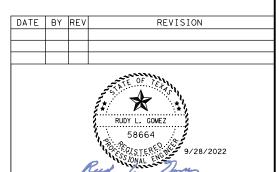
PLAN RIPRAP AT BRIDGE ABUTMENTS (NTS)



ELEVATION RIPRAP AT BRIDGE ABUTMENTS (NTS)

### NOTES

1. CUT SHEET PILES PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE RIPRAP



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TYPE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

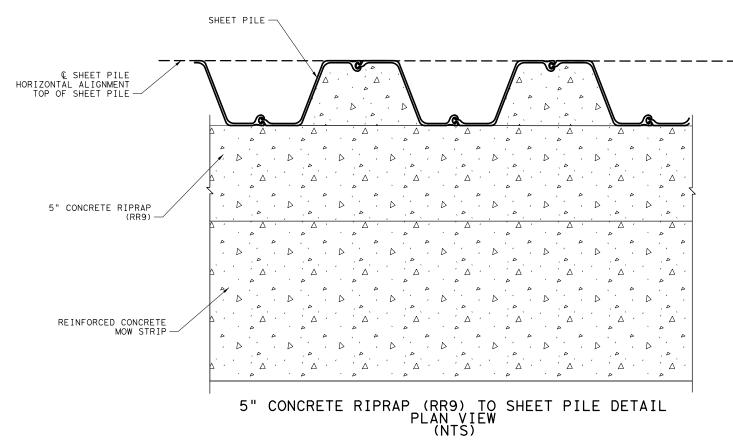


SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SHEET PILE MISC DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 3

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	91
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	0E I	0233	05	038	SH 54







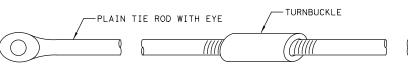
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SHEET PILE MISC DETAILS

SHEET 2 OF 3

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	PROJECT NO.			
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	92		
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	1	COUNTY		
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON			
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54		

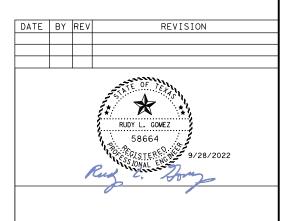




TIE ROD AND TURNBUCKLE (NTS)

### NOTES:

- 1. TIE RODS AND TURNBUCKLES TO BE ENCASED IN HDPE CONDUIT.
- PROVIDE TYPE 1 FILTER FABRIC IN ACCORDANCE WITH DMS-6200 AND TO BE INCIDENTAL TO ITEM 407 "SHEET PILING".
- 3. THE TIE ROD AND TURNBUCKLE, HDPE CONDUIT, H PILE CONNECTION AND ALL OTHER ITEMS REQUIRED FOR THE ATTACHMENT TO SHEET PILE ARE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 407 "SHEET PILING".
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT ALL SHOP DRAWINGS AND ANALYSIS OF THE COMPLETE SHEET PILE SYSTEM INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SHEET PILE, H PILE CONNECTION, TIE RODS AND ALL OTHER ITEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF THE SHEET PILE. THIS IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 407 "SHEET PILING".
- 5. TIE ROD TO BE 2  $/\!\!\!/_{16}$  " DIAMETER STEEL GRADE A572-50 OR EQUIVALENT.
- 6. H-PILES TO BE W30X191 STEEL GRADE A572-50 OR EQUIVALENT.
- 7. FINISHED GRADE LINE IS SHOWN ON SHEET PILE PLAN AND PROFILE DRAWINGS.



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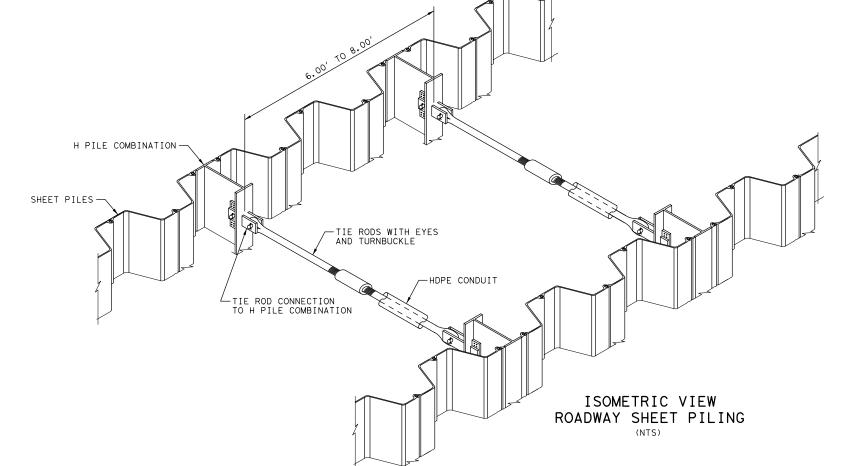
C 2022 ■ Texas Department of Transportation<sup>®</sup>

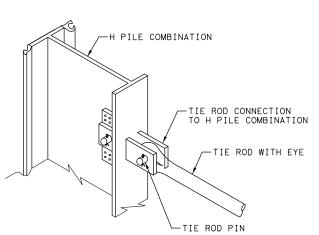
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SHEET PILE MISC DETAILS

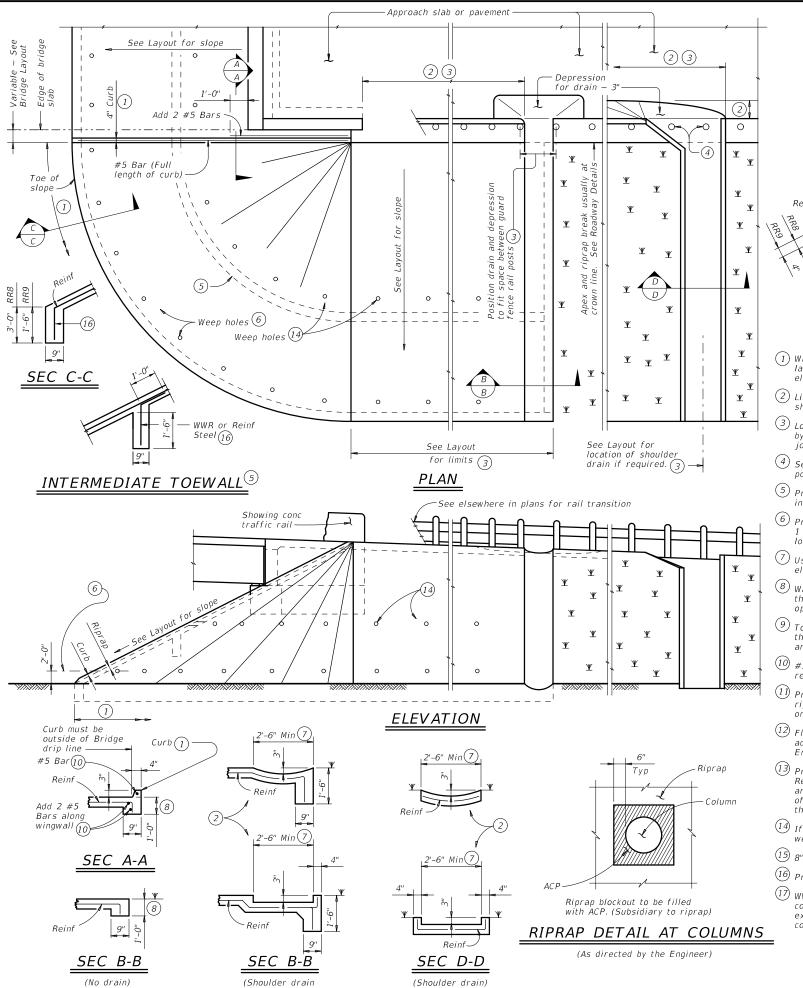
SHEET 3 OF 3

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	93	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	1	COUNTY	
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	

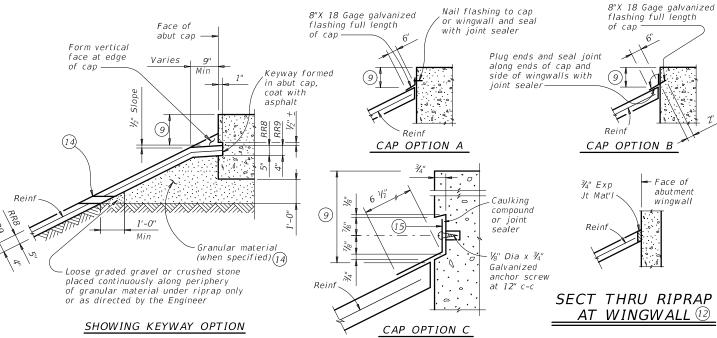




H PILE CONNECTION



integral with riprap)



(1) When riprap is shown extended around header on layout, extend slab and toewall as shown and eliminate 4" curb.

# <u>SECTIONS THR</u>U RIPRAP AT CAP (1)

(2) Limits and configuration of drains and depressions are as shown elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.

) Location of shoulder drain must consider limitations imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.

4 See details elsewhere in plans for installation of guard fence posts through concrete riprap.

(5) Provide intermediate toewall only when designated elsewhere in the plans or included in the specifications.

6 Provide lower level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by 1 CF packet of gravel and galvanized hardware cloth at all locations unless directed by the Engineer to eliminate.

(7) Use wider or other drain configurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer

(8) Wall extension may be reduced or modified if approved by the Engineer. Increase wall extension to 1'-6" whenever the optional intermediate toewall is called for in the plans.

Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Should be 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

(10) #5 bars shown are required even when synthetic fiber reinforcing option is selected.

 $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize{(1)}}}{ ext{\scriptsize{(1)}}}$  Provide sealing option for joint between the face of cap and riprap as designated by the Engineer or as shown elsewhere

12) Flashing (shown in Cap Option A) may be used at wingwall in addition to Exp Jt Mat'l if shown on plans or directed by the

Provide #3 reinforcing bars at 18" Spa c-c. Provide Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars.

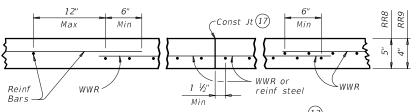
(14) If granular material is specified, provide upper level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by galvanized hardware cloth.

(15) 8" x 18 Gage Galv Sheet Metal

(16) Provide WWR or #3 bars, with 1'-0" extension into slope.

(17) WWR or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints. Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic reinforcing fiber is utilized.

> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 5" of RR8 = 0.015 CY/SF4" of RR9 = 0.012 CY/SF#3 Reinf at 18" c-c = 0.501 Lbs/SF 6x6-D3xD3 = 0.408 Lbs/SF



<u>REINFORCEMENT</u> <u>DETA</u>ILS <sup>[]3</sup> See General Notes for optional synthetic fiber reinforcement

### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" concrete (f'c = 2,000 psi) unless noted elsewhere

n plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer

Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. Install construction joints or grooved joints extending the full slant slope height at intervals of approximately 20 feet unless otherwise

directed by the Engineer.

Hardware cloth, loose grade stone behind weep holes, flashing, or other sealing material are subsidiary to the bid item "Riprap". See Layout for limits of riprap.

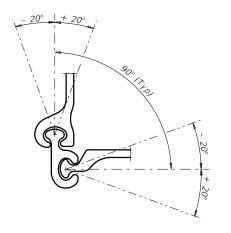
RR8 is to be used on stream crossings. RR9 is to be used on other embankments.



CONCRETE RIPRAP AND SHOULDER DRAINS **EMBANKMENTS** AT BRIDGE ENDS (TYPES RR8 & RR9)

CRR

crrstde1-19.dgn	DN: TXE	OOT TOO	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
xDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBER:	SON		94





DETAIL A

(Shown PZ 90® by PilePro®)

2" Lap (Typ)

—Angle plate

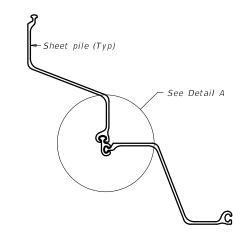
2" Lap (Typ)

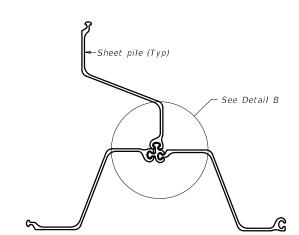
-Sheet pile (Typ)

1/4 / 4-8

1/4 4-8

DETAIL B (Shown PZ Tee® by PilePro®)





# OPTION 2: PREFABRICATED

GENERAL NOTES:

The Contractor may use a prefabricated connector as shown above. The connectors shown are PZ 90® and PZ Tee®, which are produced by PilePro® (www.pilepro.com). An equivalent connector may also be used. Install the connector using the Manufacturer's guidelines. In brief, these are:

1. Thread the connector to the pile while the sheet pile is out of the area of the sheet pile.

ground. The connector will extend the full length of the sheet pile.

2. Tack weld the connector in place.

3. Drive the sheet pile with connector using normal procedures.

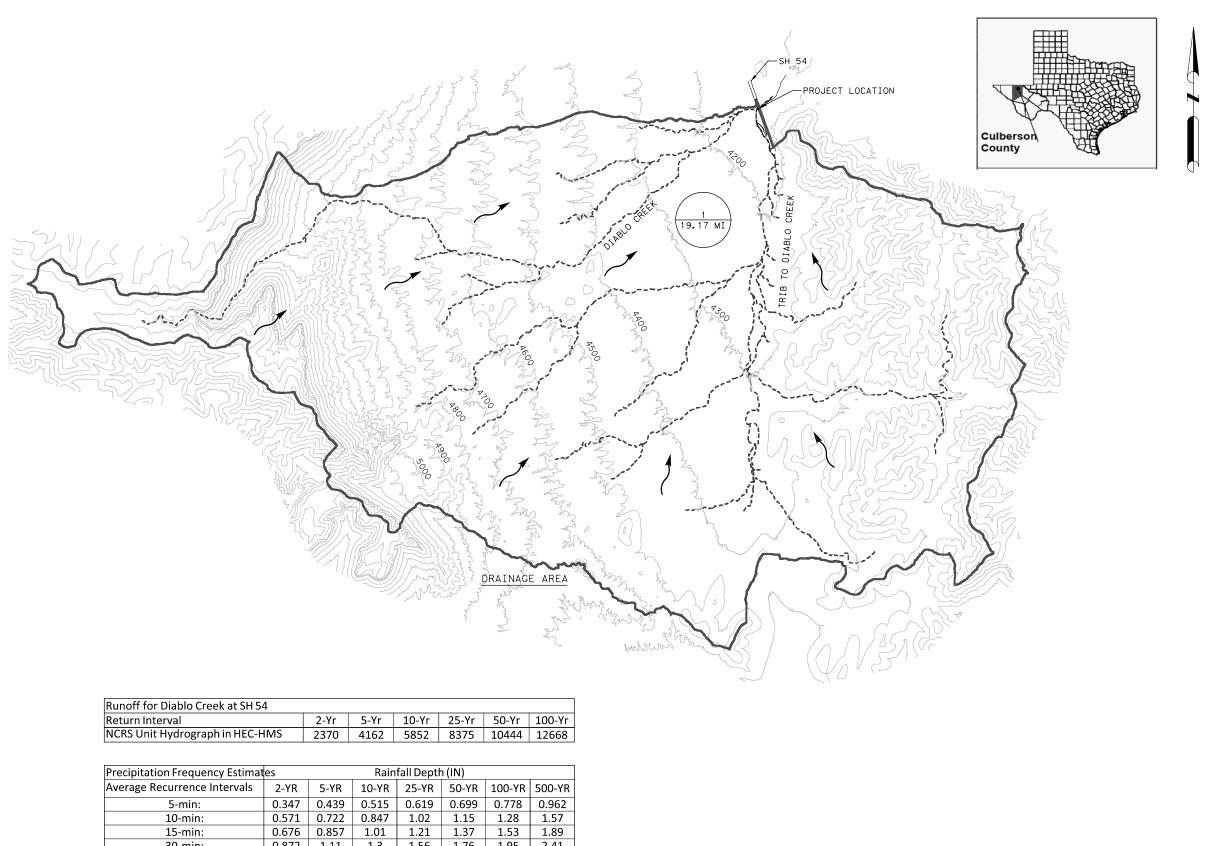
Provide sheet piling in accordance with Item 407, "Steel Piling". Paint connector using same requirements for sheet piling, as shown elsewhere in the plans.



STEEL SHEET PILING CORNER DETAILS

*SSPC* 

FILE: SSpcstde-19.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT	ck: JGD	DW:	AMS	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	1 54
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBER:	SON	ı	95



Precipitation Frequency Estimate	es		Rain	fall Deptl	n (IN)		
Average Recurrence Intervals	2-YR	5-YR	10-YR	25-YR	50-YR	100-YR	500-YR
5-min:	0.347	0.439	0.515	0.619	0.699	0.778	0.962
10-min:	0.571	0.722	0.847	1.02	1.15	1.28	1.57
15-min:	0.676	0.857	1.01	1.21	1.37	1.53	1.89
30-min:	0.872	1.11	1.3	1.56	1.76	1.95	2.41
60-min:	1.06	1.35	1.58	1.9	2.14	2.39	2.96
2-hr:	1.23	1.53	1.8	2.18	2.5	2.82	3.58
3-hr:	1.32	1.63	1.91	2.34	2.7	3.09	3.99
6-hr:	1.49	1.83	2.16	2.68	3.14	3.65	4.83
12-hr:	1.67	2.13	2.56	3.22	3.8	4.44	6.04
24-hr:	1.88	2.5	3.07	3.93	4.65	5.45	7.56



X## SUB AREA ID XX **→** SQ MILES

100 FT CONTOURS

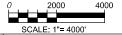
DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

FLOW DIRECTION

FLOW PATH TEXAS ROADWAYS

### NOTES:

- 1. FEMA ZONE "A" WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA FIRM MAP #4801620650B NOVEMBER 1, 1985 CULBERSON COUNTY AND UNINCORPORTATED AREAS. NO FEMA EFFECTIVE MODEL, FIS REPORT AVAILABLE FOR THE PROJECT
- 2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NAVID 1988 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 3. THE DESIGN FREQUENCY FOR THIS BRIDGE IS THE 25-YR FREQUENCY AND CHECKED AGAINST 100-YR FREQUENCY.
- 4. HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF THE BRIDGE WAS PERFORMED USING THE US AMY CORP OF ENGINEERS (HEC-RAS VERSION 6.1.0)
- 5. THE BOUNDARY CONDITION USED FOR THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED HEC-RAS ANALYSIS WAS CRITICAL DEPTH FOR THE US & NORMAL DEPTH SLOPE, S=0.0204FT/FT FOR THE DS.
- 6. MANNING N VALUES FOR THE CHANNEL AND THE OVER BANKS ARE 0.03 AND 0.035, RESPECTIVELY.



DATE BY REV REVISION LARRY B. GREATHOUSE 115325 (CENSE) 08-30-2022

OMEGA

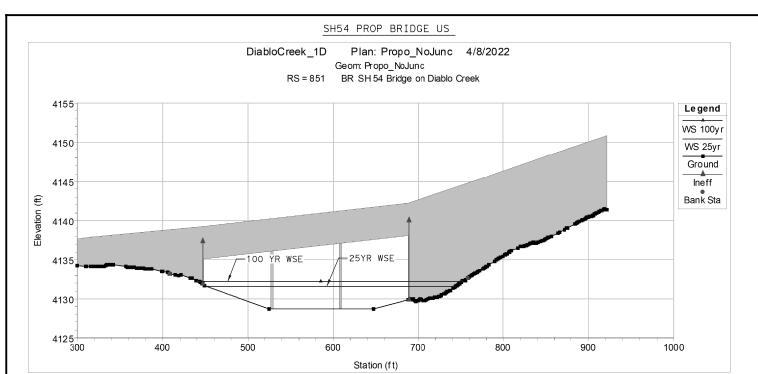
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AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
OMEGAENGINEERS.COM
TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147
TX PE Firm Reg. No. F-2147

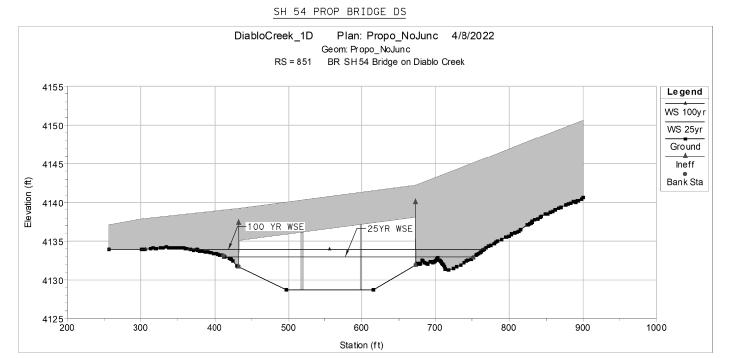
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

DRAINAGE AREA MAP BRIDGE

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	96
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.	1	COUNTY
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	0E I	0233	05	038	SH 54





### MODEL XS LOCATION

# BRIDGE LOCATION

Stream	HEC-RA		
X-Secti	S STA.		
on A	3256		
В	3033		
<u>C</u>	2757		
C D	2491		
E	2246		
F	1949		
G	1828		
Н	1674		
	1459		
J	1352		
K	1258		
L	1226		
M	1185		
N	1118		
	1098		
O P	1071		
Q	1033		
R			
C	878		
S T U			
1	824		
V	796		
	676		
X	544		
Y	422		
<u>Z</u>	302		
AA	156		
AB	76		

Location	HEC-RAS River Sta.		Flow (cfs)		Water Surface Elevation (ft)		Change in WSEL (ft)	Main Channel Velocity (ft/s)		Change in Velocity (ft/s)
Description			Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Proposed - Existing	Existing	Proposed	Proposed - Existing
Upstream SH 54 Diablo Creek	1098	25yr	8375	8375	4137.3	4137.3	0.0	15.65	15.65	0.0
Bridge	1098	100vr	12668	12668	4138.4	4138.4	0.0	17.75	17.75	0.0
Upstream SH 54 Diablo Creek	1071	25yr	8375	8375	4137.3	4137.3	0.0	14.52	14.52	0.0
Bridge	1071	100yr	12668	12668	4138.4	4138.4	0.0	16.77	16.77	0.0
Upstream SH 54 Diablo Creek	1033	25yr	8375	8375	4137.7	4137.7	0.0	11.96	11.96	0.0
Bridge	1033	100yr	12668	12668	4138.8	4138.8	0.0	14.46	14.46	0.0
Upstream SH 54 Diablo Creek	941	25yr	8375	8375	4134.8	4134.8	0.0	15.91	15.91	0.0
Bridge	941	100vr	12668	12668	4136.1	4136.1	0.0	17.41	17.41	0.0
Upstream SH 54 Diablo Creek	878	25yr	8375	8375	4131.4	4131.2	-0.3	17.83	18.38	0.6
Bridge	878	100yr	12668	12668	4132.0	4131.8	-0.1	20.26	20.59	0.3
SH 54 Diablo Creek Bridge	851									
Downstream SH 54 Diablo	824	25yr	8375	8375	4132.6	4132.8	0.2	9.9	10.51	0.6
Creek Bridge	824	100yr	12668	12668	4133.6	4133.6	0.1	10.47	12.62	2.2
Downstream SH 54 Diablo	796	25yr	8375	8375	4132.7	4132.7	0.0	11.17	11.17	0.0
Creek Bridge	796	100vr	12668	12668	4134.0	4134.0	0.0	12.45	12.45	0.0
Downstream SH 54 Diablo	676	25yr	8375	8375	4131.1	4131.1	0.0	12.11	12.11	0.0
Creek Bridge	676	100vr	12668	12668	4131.9	4131.9	0.0	14.44	14.44	0.0
Downstream SH 54 Diablo	544	25yr	8375	8375	4129.9	4129.9	0.0	10.98	10.98	0.0
Creek Bridge	544	100vr	12668	12668	4130.9	4130.9	0.0	12.71	12.71	0.0
Downstream SH 54 Diablo	422	25vr	8375	8375	4127.8	4127.8	0.0	12.32	12.32	0.0
Creek Bridge	422	100vr	12668	12668	4128.5	4128.5	0.0	14.57	14.57	0.0

HYDRUALIC MODEL OUTPUT TABLE



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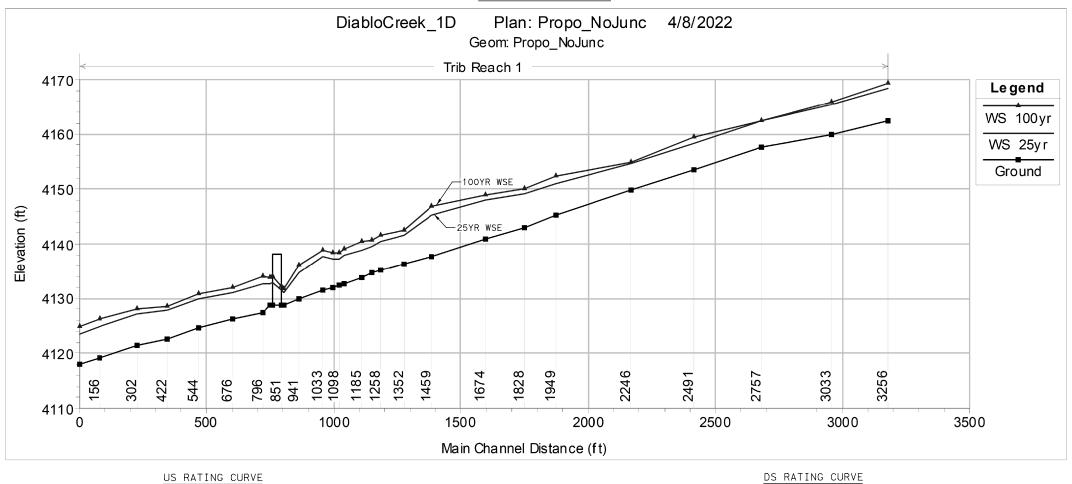
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BRIDGE HYDDRAULIC

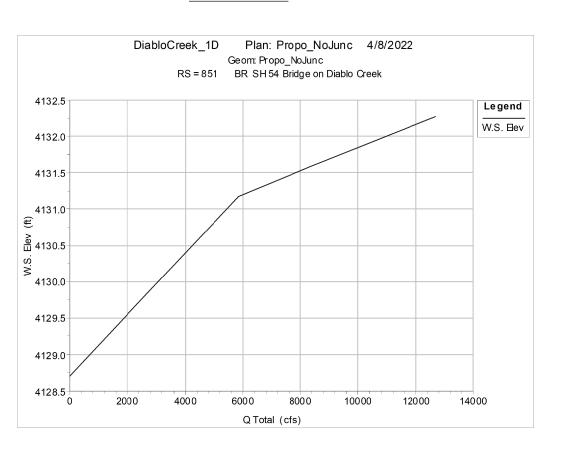
DATA BRIDGE

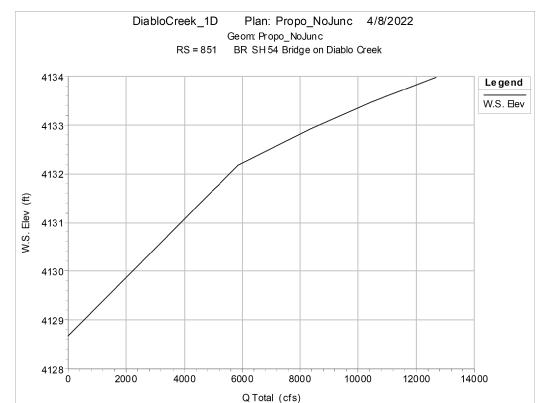
DSN	0E I	DIV. NO.	PROJEC	NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	97	
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OEI	0233	05	038	SH 54

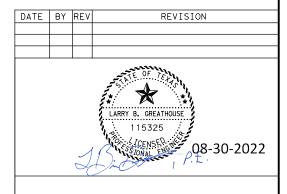
### MODEL STREAM PROFILE



US RATING CURVE





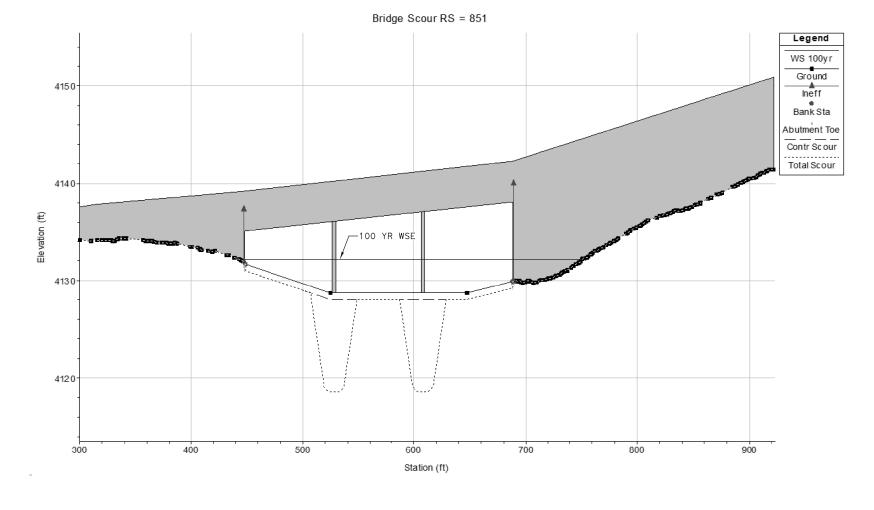






BRIDGE HYDRUALIC DATA BRIDGE

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.		
		6	SEE TITL	98		
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		
DRN	DRN OEI TEXAS		ELP	CULBERSON		
	CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OEI	0233	05	038	SH 54	



ESTIMATED BRIDGE SCOUR ANALYSIS SUMMARY FOR SH 54 BRIDGE AT DIABLO CREEK								
25-Yr Scour Depth (ft) 100-Yr Scour Dep								
PIER SCOUR (CHNL)	8.71	9.51						
PIER SCOUR (ROB)	0.00	0.00						
PIER SCOUR (LOB)	0.00	0.00						
CONTRACTION SCOUR (CHNL)	0.32	0.68						
CONTRACTION SCOUR (ROB)	0.00	0.00						
CONTRACTION SCOUR (LOB)	0.00	0.02						
•								
TOTAL SCOUR (CHNL)	9.03	10.19						
TOTAL SCOUR (ROB)	0.00	0.00						
TOTAL SCOUR (LOB)	0.00	0.02						

### **HYDRAULIC DATA**

Q25 (cfs)= 8,375 V25 (fps)= 18.38 WSE 25 (ft)= 4131.2 Q100 (cfs)= 12,668 V100 (fps)= 20.59 WSE 100 (ft)=4132.0

### NOTES:

- 1. SEE THE HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC BRIDGE ANALYSIS-SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK FOR FURTHER DISCUSSION ON SCOUR ANALYSIS
- 2. SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILISING HEC-18 CALCULATIONS AND HEC-RAS 6.0

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION				
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SCOUR ANALYSIS

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	99	
CHK	0E I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	
DRN OEI		TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

	SUMMARY OF BRIDGE ESTIMATED QUANTITIES															
		400 - 6005	416 - 6001	416 - 6004	420 - 6014	420 - 6030	420 - 6038	420 - 6156	422 - 6002	422 - 6016	425 - 6036	450 - 6111	454 - 6020	740 - 6005	4171 - 6001	(1)
	BID ITEM	CEM	DRILL	DRILL	CL "C"	CL "C"	CL "C"	CL "C"	REINF CONC	<i>APPROACH</i>	PRESTR	RAIL	SEALED	ANTI -	INSTALL	COLUMN
	DESCRIPTION	STABIL	SHAFT	SHAFT	CONC	CONC	CONC	CONC	SLAB	SLAB	CONC	(TY SSTR)	EXPANSION	GRAFFITI	BRIDGE	ARMOR
		BKFL							(HPC)	(HPC)	GIRDER	(W/ DRAIN SLOT)	JOINT	COATING	IDENTIFICATION	PROTECTION
BRIDGE ELEMENT					(ABUT)	(CAP)	(COLUMN)	(WEBWALL)				(HPC)	(4 IN)	(PERMANENT- TY III)	NUMBER	
			(18 IN)	(36 IN)	(HPC)	(HPC)	(HPC)				(T x 34)		(SEJ-B)			
		CY	LF	LF	CY	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	LF	SF	EA	LB
2 - ABUTMENTS		167.5	130	260	48.9					62.4		56.0		374		
2 - INTERIOR BENTS				150		31.8	8.8	9.4								1,380
1 - 240.00' PRESTR CONC GIRDER UNIT									8,160		953.92	480.0	68	3,207	2	
TOTAL		167.5	130	410	48.9	31.8	8.8	9.4	8,160	62.4	953.92	536.0	68	3,581	2	1,380
		·	·	·	2	2	3						·	·		

# **BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS**

			GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
ABUT	1	(FWD)	4137.836	4137.966	4137.911	4137.668
			GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
BENT	2	(BK)	4136.331	4136.479	4136.440	4136.215
		(FWD)	4136.300	4136.447	4136.409	4136.184
			GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
BENT	3	(BK)	4135.337	4135.501	4135.480	4135.272
		(FWD)	4135.319	4135.484	4135.463	4135.256
			GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
ABUT	4	(BK)	4134.879	4135.054	4135.042	4134.842

- 1) ARMOR PROTECTION ON UPSTREAM COLUMNS (INCLUDING ANGLES, STEEL PLATES, STUDS, AND WELDS) TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO BID ITEM 420-6038 CL "C" CONC (COLUMN) (HPC). QUANTITY IS FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.
- 2 QUANTITY INCLUDES SHEAR KEY CONCRETE.
- QUANTITY INCLUDES COLUMN PROTECTION CONCRETE.

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION
			JASON PATRICK BERRY  3: 138339 3: CENSES (CENSES OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF AUTOMAL EXCEPTION OF

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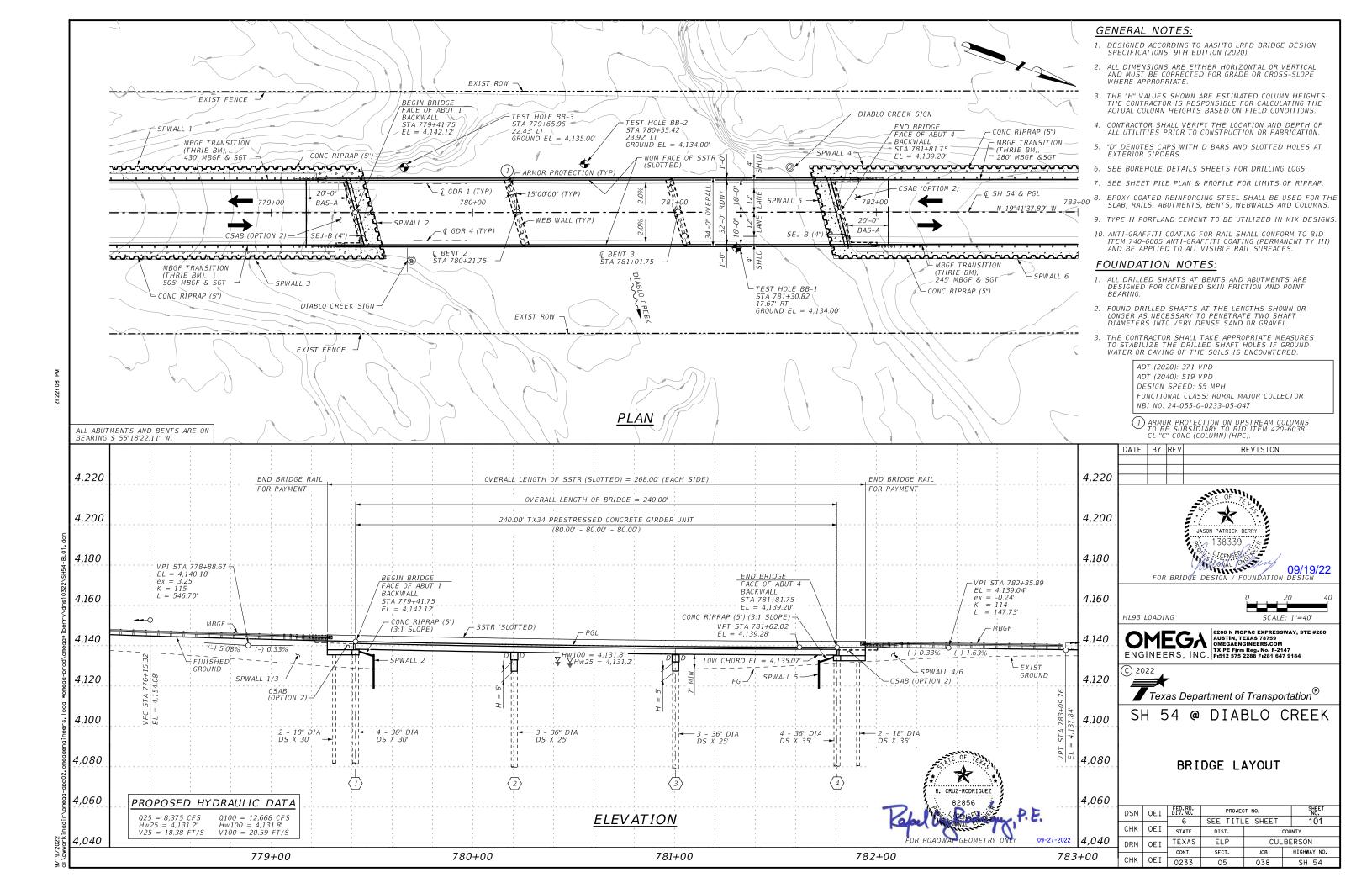
| 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PE Firm Rep. No. F-2147 Pi512 575 2288 Fi281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

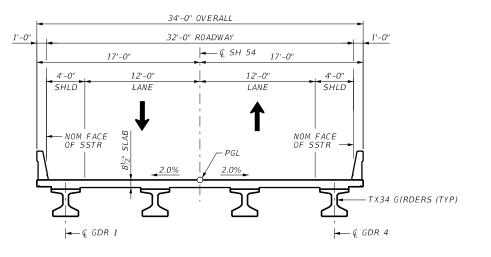
# ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.	
CHK OEI		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	100	
		STATE	DIST.		COUNTY	
DRN OEI		TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	



### <u>NOTES:</u>

- 1. PROVIDE HPC CONCRETE FOR SLAB AND RAIL.
- 2. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE EPOXY COATED.



# TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION
			JASON PATRICK BERRY

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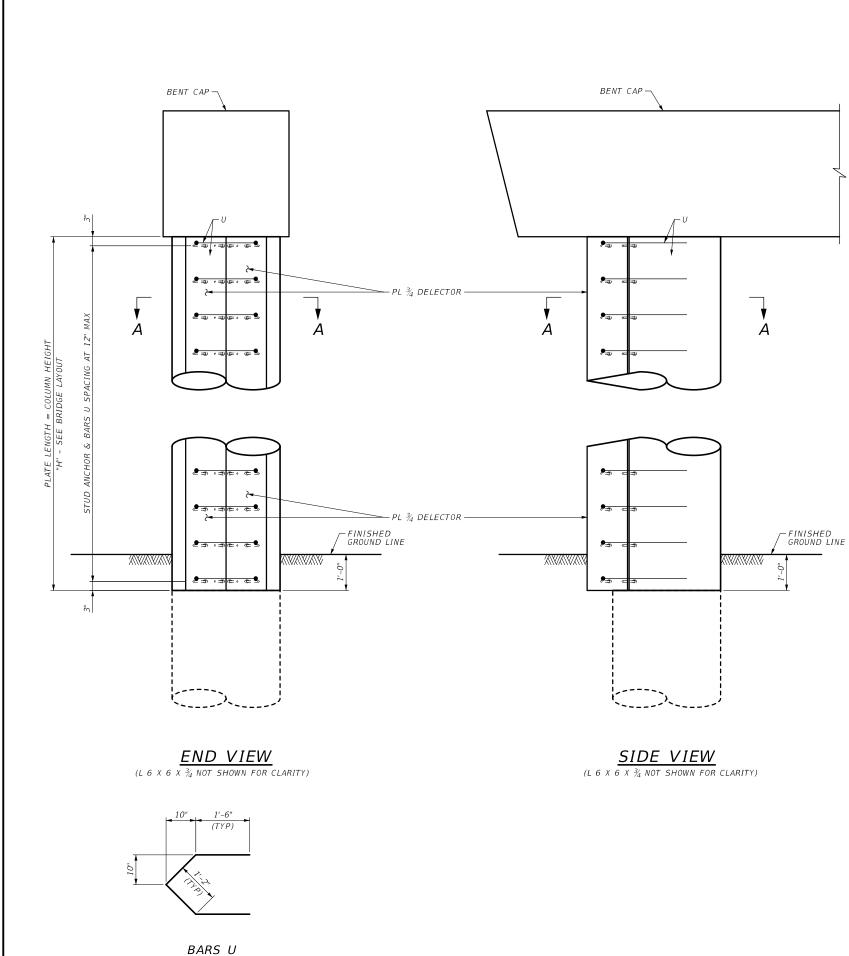
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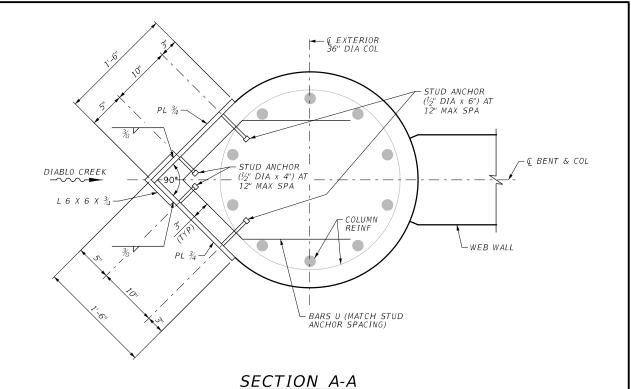
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BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.	
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	102	
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		
DRN OEI		TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	





### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR FOUNDATION TYPE, SIZE, AND LENGTH.
- 2. SEE MODIFIED INTERIOR BENTS (BIG-32-15(MOD)) STANDARD FOR COLUMN DETAILS AND NOTES NOT SHOWN.
- 3. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD FOR ALL FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES.
- 4. BENT COLUMN PROTECTION IS CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

- 1. PROVIDE CLASS C (HPC) CONCRETE.
- 2. PROVIDE GRADE 60 EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL.
- 3. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS SHALL BE A36 GRADE STEEL.
- 4. WELD STUDS TO THE PLATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWS D1.5.

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OMEGA

8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
OMEGAENGINEERS.COM
ENGINEERS, INC. P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

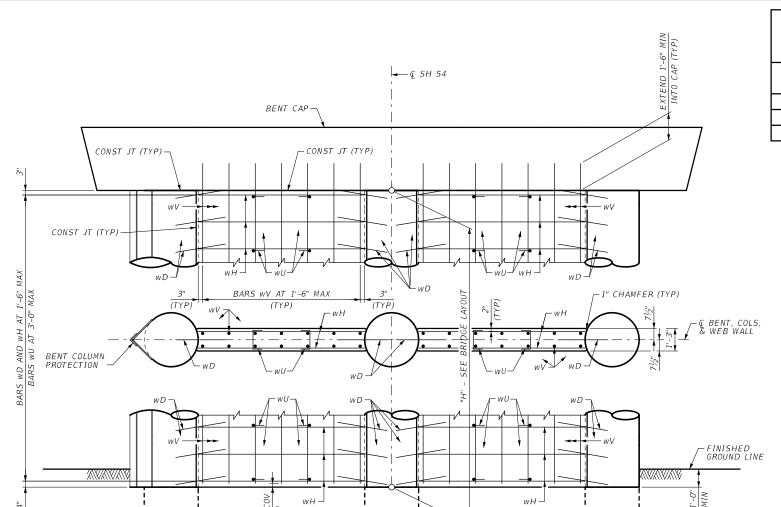
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BENT COLUMN PROTECTION DETAILS

DSN OEI		PROJEC	PROJECT NO.				
	6	SEE TITL	103				
OE I	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON				
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0E I	0233	05	038	SH 54			
	OE I	OEI TEXAS CONT.	OE I         DIV. NO.         PROJECT           0E I         6         SEE TITL           0E I         STATE         DIST.           0E I         TEXAS         ELP           cont.         SECT.	OEI DIV. NO. PROJECT NO.  OEI STATE DIST. COLL  CONT. SECT. JOB			

COLU		OTECTION S NE COLUMN		IMATED ANTITY	
"H"		BARS U		REINF	CL CONC
"		(# 4)		STEEL	(COLUMN)
FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY
5	6	6 5'-4" 22 22		22	0.1
6	7	5'-4"	25	25	0.1



# WEB WALL DETAIL

NOTE: EMBED BARS WD 1'-3" MINIMUM INTO COLUMN. AT CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, BARS WD MAY BE PLACED WITH THE COLUMN, OR MAY BE ATTACHED USING AN ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE SYSTEM WITH THE ANCHORAGE END SLOPED 1:6 INTO COLUMN. AT INTERIOR COLUMNS, THE CONTRACTOR HAS THE OPTION TO PLACE ONE BAR PASSING THROUGH THE FORMS INSTEAD OF TWO OPPOSING BARS.



		WEB WALL SCHEDULE ONE WEB WALL											ESTIMATED QUANTITY ( 2 ~ WEB WALLS )	
ſ	"H"		BARS w.C	)		BARS wh	l	BAR:	RS WU BARS WV		REINF	CL CONC		
	П	(# 6)				(# 6)			(6 ~ # 4)		(14 ~ # 6)		(WEBWALL)	
	FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY	
	5	8	2'-9"	34	8	8'-11"	108	1'-11"	8	6'-4"	134	568	4.3	
Ī	6	10	2'-9"	42	10	8'-11"	134	1'-11"	8	7'-4"	155	678	5.1	

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR FOUNDATION TYPE, SIZE, AND LENGTH.
- 2. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD FOR ALL FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES.
- 3. SEE BENT COLUMN PROTECTION DETAILS FOR INFORMATION NOT SHOWN.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

- 1. PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE (f'c = 3,600 PSI).
- 2. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.
- 3. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE EPOXY COATED.

DATE	BY	REV	REVISION
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HL93 LOADING

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BENT WEB WALL DETAILS

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.		
		6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	104	
CHK OEI		STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		
DRN OEI		TEXAS	ELP	CULBERSON		
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54	

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.

24

055

0233

05 047

District designation

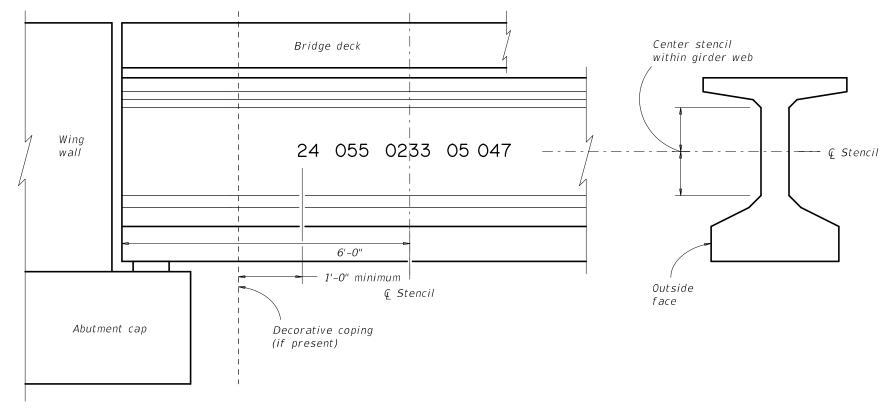
County designation

Control number

Section nunber

Structure number

# PAINTED STRUCTURE NUMBER DETAIL



TYPICAL BRIDGE CORNER (ELEVATION)

OMEGA
ENGINEERS, INC.

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AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759
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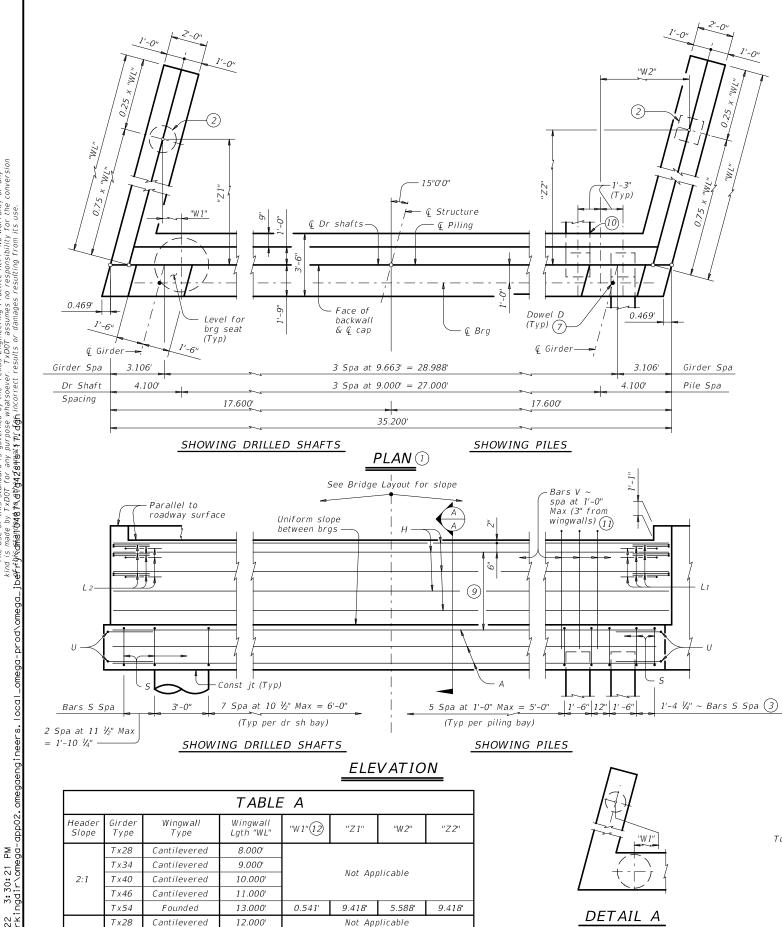
SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

BRIDGE NBI NUMBER STENCIL

SHEET NO. 105 DSN OEI FED.RD. PROJECT NO. 6 SEE TITLE SHEET CHK OEI STATE DIST. COUNTY CULBERSON TEXAS ELP DRN OEI CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. CHK OEI 05 038 SH 54

GENERAL NOTES:

Apply stucture number in accordance with Special Specification for Stenciling Permanent Structure Numbers.



Tx34

T x 40

T x 46

Tx54

3:1

Founded

Founded

Founded

Founded

14.000'

15.000'

17.000'

19.000'

0.347

0.153'

-0.235'

-0.623'

10.142'

10.867'

12.316'

13.764'

5.782'

5.976'

6.365'

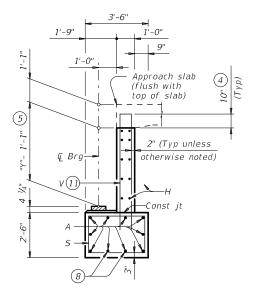
6.753'

10.142'

10.867'

12.316'

13.764



# SECTION A-A

Girder Spa

Pile Spa

# See Bridge Layout for joint type — Roadway surface backwall BACKWALL DETAIL

(Without approach slab) (6)

### TABLE OF FOUNDATION LOADS

Span Length	All Girde	er Types
Ft	Tons/Shaft	Tons/Pile
40	53	49
45	57	50
50	60	52
55	63	54
60	67	56
65	70	57
70	73	59
75	76	61
80	80	62
85	83	64
90	86	65
95	89	67
100	92	69
105	95	70
110	98	72
115	101	73
120	105	75

- 1) See Table A for variable dimensions based on header slope and girder type.
- 2) See Table A to determine if wingwall foundations are required.
- (3) For piling larger than 16" adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piling.
- 4 Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- (5) See Span details for "Y" value.
- 6 See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 7 Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.
- (8) With pile foundations, move Bars A
- 9 Spacing based on girder type: Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- (10) See Detail A on FD standard.
- (1) Field bend as needed to clear piles.
- (12) Negative values for the "W1" dimension indicates a wingwall foundation on the other side of the cap foundation from what is shown in plan view. See Detail A.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size and length.
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet

for all foundation details and notes. See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See

Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These abutment details may be used with standard

SIG-32-15 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

n the plans. Provide Grade 60 epoxy coated reinforcing steel. Galvanize dowel bars D.

### MODIFICATIONS

5/12/2022

MATERIAL NOTES MODIFIED TO CALL FOR EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL. V AND WV BAR EMBEDMENT DEPTHS INCREASED.

### HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard

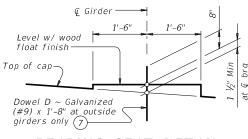


Texas Department of Transportation

**ABUTMENTS** TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

*AIG-32-15(MOD)* 

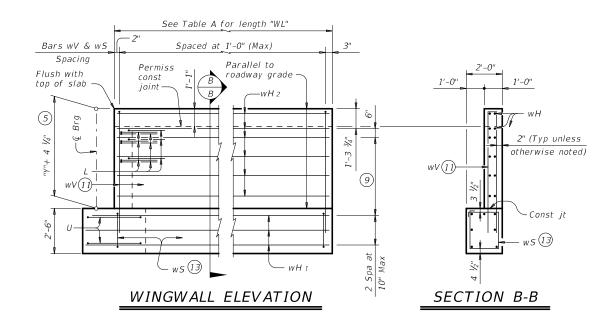
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REVISIONS	0233	05	05 038 SH 5		SH 54	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP	CULBERSON			106	

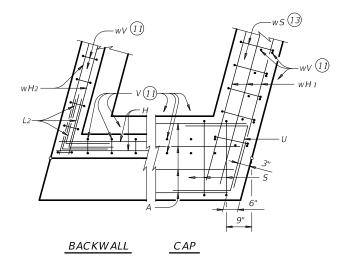


# BEARING SEAT DETAIL

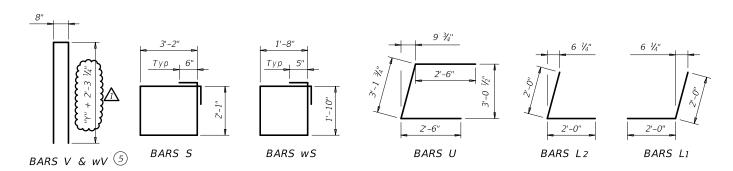
(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

# STATE OF ALL JASON PATRICK BERRY 138339 Oct. Genses 08/29/22





CORNER DETAILS



- 5 See Span details for "Y" value.
- 9 Spacing based on girder type:
  Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
  Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
  Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
  Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
  Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- $\widehat{11}$  Field bend as needed to clear piles.
- $\widehat{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{J}}}$  Adjust as required to avoid piling.

### MODIFICATIONS

5/12/2022

1. MATERIAL NOTES MODIFIED TO CALL FOR EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL. V AND WV BAR EMBEDMENT DEPTHS INCREASED.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard



Texas Department of Transportation

ABUTMENTS
TYPE TX28 THRU TX54
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

AIG-32-15(MOD)

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REVISIONS	0233	05	038		,	SH 54	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	ELP	CULBERSON				107	

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							T.	ABLE	S OF E	STIM	ATEL	QL	JANT	ITIES V	VITH	2:1 F	HEAL	DER	<i>SLOPE</i> (	4)					
	TYPE	Tx28	Gir	ders			TYPE	Tx3	4 Girders			TYPE	Tx40	Girders			TYPE	T x 4	6 Girders			TYPE	T x 54	4 Girders	
Bar	No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
Α	10	#11	34'-	- <i>3</i> "	1,820	Α	10	#11	34'-3"	1,820	Α	10	#11	34'-3"	1,820	Α	10	#11	34'-3"	1,820	Α	10	#11	34'-3"	1,820
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	8"	11	D(7	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
Н	8	#6	34'-	10"	419	Н	8	#6	34'-10"	419	Н	10	#6	34'-10"	523	Н	10	#6	34'-10"	523	Н	12	#6	34'-10"	628
L1	9	#6	4'-	0"	54	L 1	9	#6	4'-0"	54	L1	9	#6	4'-0''	54	L 1	9	#6	4'-0"	54	L1	9	#6	4'-0"	54
L2	9	#6	4'-	·O"	54	L2	9	#6	4'-0"	54	L2	9	#6	4'-0''	54	L2	9	#6	4'-0"	54	L2	9	#6	4'-0"	54
5	30	#5	11'-	-6"	360	S	30	#5	11'-6"	360	S	30	#5	11'-6"	360	5	30	#5	11'-6"	360	S	30	#5	11'-6"	360
U	4	#6	8'-	2"	49	U	4	#6	8'-2"	49	U	4	#6	8'-2"	49	U	4	#6	8'-2"	49	U	4	#6	8'-2"	49
V	34	#5	11'-	-4"	402	V	34	#5	12'-4"	437	V	34	#5	13'-4"	473	V	34	#5	14'-4"	508	V	34	#5	15'-8"	556
wH1	14	#6	9'-	5"	198	w H 1	14	#6	10'-5"	219	wH1	14	#6	11'-5"	240	wH1	14	#6	12'-5"	261	wH1	14	#6	14'-5"	303
wH2	20	#6	7'-	·8"	230	wH2	20	#6	8'-8"	260	wH2	24	#6	9'-8"	348	wH2	24	#6	10'-8"	385	wH2	28	#6	12'-8"	533
wS	18	#4	7'-1	10"	94	wS	20	#4	7'-10"	105	wS	22	#4	7'-10"	115	wS	24	#4	7'-10"	126	wS	28	#4	7'-10"	147
wV	18	#5	11'-	-4"	213	wV	20	#5	12'-4"	257	wV	22	#5	13'-4"	306	wV	24	#5	14'-4"	359	wV	28	#5	15'-8"	458
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	3,904	Reinf	orcing S	teel	Lb	4,045	Reinfo	orcing Si	teel	Lb	4,353	Reinfo	orcing S	teel	Lb	4,510	Reinfo	orcing S	teel	Lb	4,973
Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	19.0	Class	"C" Cond	crete	CY	20.6	Class	"C" Conc	rete	СҮ	22.3	Class	"C" Cond	crete	СҮ	24.0	-	"C" Con		СҮ	27.0
					· · · · ·		T	ABLE	S OF E	STIM	ATEL	) QL	JANT	ITIES V	VITH	3:1 F	HEAL	DER	<i>SLOPE</i> (	4)				•	

	TYPE	Tx2	8 Gir	ders				
Bar	No.	Size	Len	igth	Weight			
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820			
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11			
Н	8	#6	34'-	-10"	419			
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54			
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54			
S	30	#5	11'	11'-6"				
U	4	#6	-2"	49				
V	34	#5	11'	-4"	402			
wH1	14	#6	13'	-5"	282			
wH2	20	#6	11'	-8"	350			
wS	26	#4	7'-	10"	136			
wV	26	#5	11'	-4"	307			
Reinfo	rcing St	Lb	4,244					
Class	Class "C" Concrete CY							

Bar	No.	Ler	ngth	Weight		
А	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820	
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	11		
Н	8	#6	34'-	34'-10" 4'-0"		
L1	9	#6	4'-			
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54	
5	S 30 #5 11'-6" U 4 #6 8'-2"		11'	360		
U			49			
V	34	#5	12'-	-10"	455	
wH1	14	#6	15'	-5"	324	
wH2	20	#6	13'	-8"	411	
wS	30	#4	7'-	10"	157	
wV	30	#5	1 12'-10"		402	
Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	4,516	
Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	24.0	
					I	

	TYPE	Tx4	0 Gir	ders			
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	gth	Weight		
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820		
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11		
Н	10	#6	34'-	-10"	523		
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54		
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54		
5	30	#5	11'	-6"	360		
U	4	#6	8'-	8'-2"			
V	34	-4"	473				
wH1	14	#6	16'	16'-5"			
wH2	24	#6	14'	529			
wS	32	#4	7'-	10"	167		
wV	32	#5	13'	13'-4"			
Reinfo	Lb	4,830					
Class	CY	25.9					

TYPE	Tx4	6 Gir	ders				
No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight			
10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820			
2	#9	1'-	-8"	11			
10	#6	34'-	-10"	523			
9	#6	4'-	-0"	54			
9	#6	4'-	-0"	54			
30	#5	11'	-6"	360			
4	#6	8'-	49				
34	#5	14'	508				
14	#6	18'	-5"	387			
24	#6	16'	-8"	601			
36	#4	7'-	10"	188			
36	#5	14'	14'-4"				
Reinforcing Steel							
"C" Conc		CY	28.5				
	No. 10 2 10 9 9 30 4 34 14 24 36 36	No. Size  10 #11 2 #9 10 #6 9 #6 9 #6 30 #5 4 #6 34 #5 14 #6 24 #6 36 #4 36 #5	No. Size Len  10 #11 34' 2 #9 1'- 10 #6 34'- 9 #6 4'- 9 #6 4'- 30 #5 11' 4 #6 8'- 34 #5 14' 14 #6 16' 36 #4 7'- 36 #5 14'  rcing Steel	10 #11 34'-3" 2 #9 1'-8" 10 #6 34'-10" 9 #6 4'-0" 9 #6 4'-0" 30 #5 11'-6" 4 #6 8'-2" 34 #5 14'-4" 14 #6 18'-5" 24 #6 16'-8" 36 #4 7'-10" 36 #5 14'-4"			

	TYPE	Tx5	4 Gir	ders			
Bar	No.	Size	Len	igt h	Weight		
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820		
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11		
Н	12	#6	34'-	-10"	628		
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54		
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54		
5	30	#5	11'	360			
U	4	#6	8'-	8'-2"			
V	34	#5	15'	15'-8"			
wH1	14	#6	20'	-5"	429		
wH2	28	#6	18'	-8"	785		
wS	40	#4	7'-	10"	209		
wV	40	#5	15'	-8"	654		
Reinfo	orcing St	Lb	5,609				
Class	"C" Conc	CY	31.8				

### MODIFICATIONS

5/12/2022

1. MATERIAL NOTES MODIFIED TO CALL FOR EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL. V AND WV BAR EMBEDMENT DEPTHS INCREASED.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 3 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

**ABUTMENTS** TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

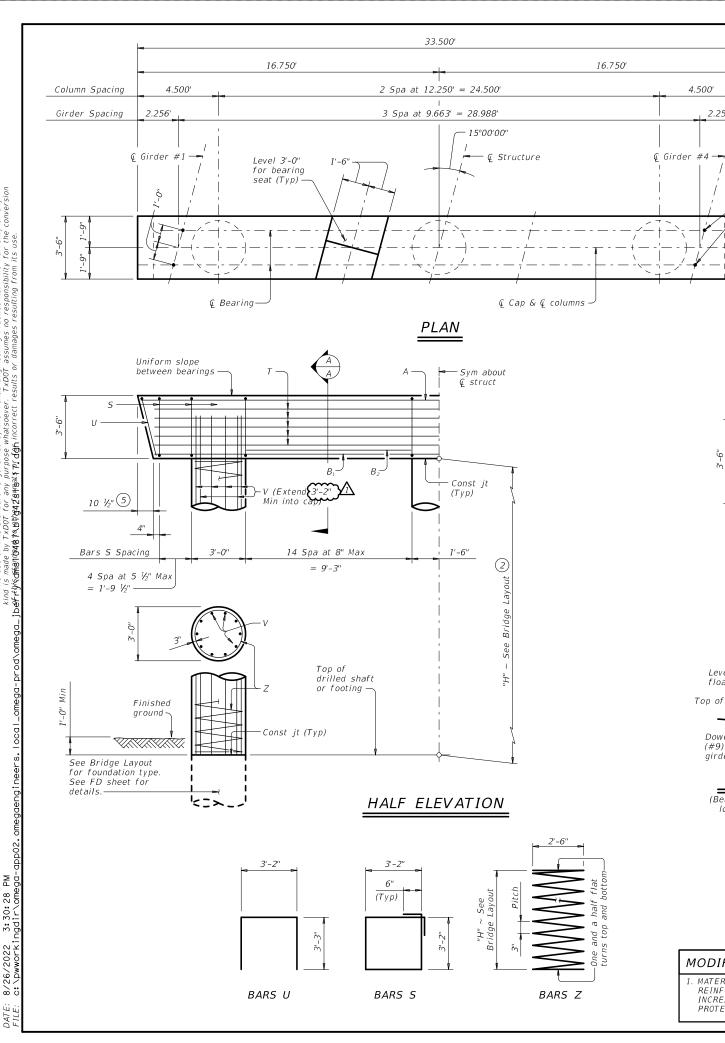
AIG-32-15(MOD)

		_				,		
aig42sts-17.dgn	DN: TAR		ck: KCM	DW:	JTR	CK: TAR		
T	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH 54			
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	ELP CULBERSON			108				



Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit.
Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

<sup>14)</sup> Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). With no approach slab, add 1.3 CY Class "C" concrete and 209 lbs reinforcing steel for 4 additional Bars H.



1) Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 36'. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0" Bars Z length, 31'-5" Reinforcing steel, 165 Lb Class "C" conc (col), 0.78 CY

2 This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 36". In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard

3 Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span units. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

4 Foundation Loads based on "H" = 36'.

(5) Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope.

### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (1)

Bar	No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight
А	7	#11	33'- 0"		1,227
В 1	4	#11	3.	1'- 6"	670
B 2	6	#11	!	9'- 3"	295
D(3)	4	#9	1'- 8"		23
5	40	#5	13'- 8"		570
T	10	#5	3	1'- 6"	329
U	2	#5		9'- 8"	20
V	30	#9	<b>M</b> 3:	9'- 2"	3,995
Z	3	#4	1,15	4'- 7"	2,314
Reinford	ing Stee	1		Lb	<b>1</b> (9,443 <b>)</b>
Class "C	" Concret	e (Cap)		CY	15.0
Class "C	" Concret	e (Col)		CY	28.3

### FOUNDATION LOADS 4

Span Average	Drilled Shaft	Pile L	oad (Tons/Pile)			
_	Loads	3 Pile	4 Pile	5 Pile		
Ft	Tons/Shaft	Ftg	Ftg	Ftg		
40	113	41	31	26		
45	122	44	34	28		
50	130	47	36	29		
55	139	50	38	31		
60	147	52	40	33		
65	155	55	42	34		
70	164	58	44	36		
75	172	61	46	38		
80	180	63	48	39		
85	189	66	50	41		
90	197	69	<i>52</i>	43		
95	205	72	54	44		
100	213	74	56	46		
105	221	77	58	47		
110	230	80	61	49		
115	238	83	63	51		
120	246	85	65	52		

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation

details and notes. See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes, if applicable.

Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the

next 5 ft increment. Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew directions.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

08/29/22

JASON PATRICK BERR

138339

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

Provide Class C (HPC) concrete it shown elsewhere in the plans.
Provide Grade 60 epoxy coated reinforcing steel. Si
Galvanize dowel bars b.

HL93 LOADING



Bridge Division Standard

INTERIOR BENTS TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

BIG-32-15(MOD)

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FILE: big42sts-17.dgn	DN: TA	R	ck: SDB	DW:	JTR		ck: TAR
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	05 038 SH 54			54	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBER:	SON			109

# BEARING SEAT DETAIL

SECTION A-A

€ Girder

Level w/ wood

Dowel D ~ Galvanized  $(#9) \times 1'-8"$  at outside girders only 3

float finish

Top of cap-

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

### **MODIFICATIONS**

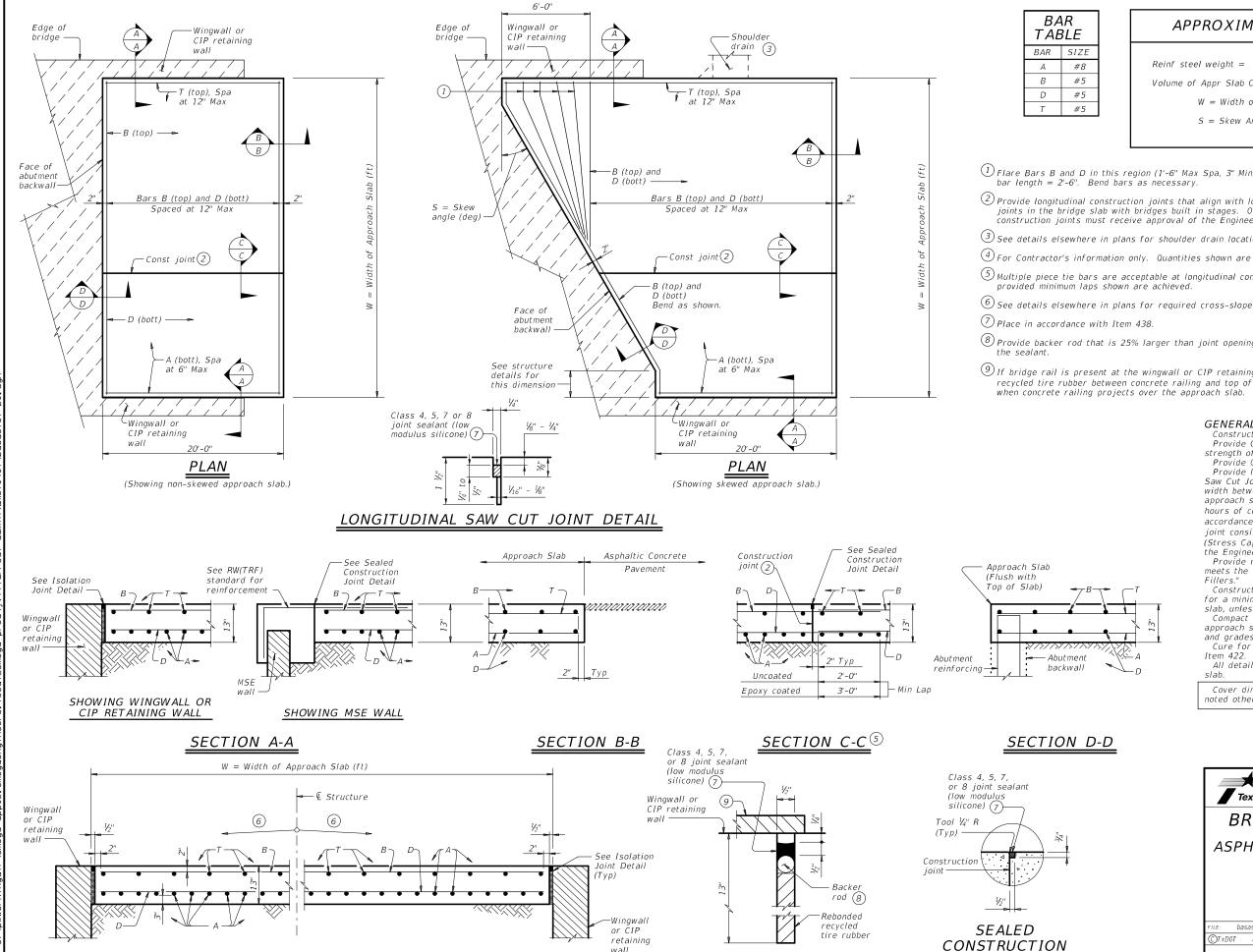
2.256'

Dowels D (outside

girders only)

05/12/22

1. MATERIAL NOTES MODIFIED TO CALL FOR EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL. V BAR EMBEDMENT DEPTH INCREASED. NOTE ADDED TO REFERENCE BENT COLUMN PROTECTION DETAILS SHEET.



wall

ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

JOINT DETAIL

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

11:19:29

# APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4

Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) =  $0.802W + 0.02W^2$  Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- ① Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- (3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints
- $\fbox{8}$  Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with
- (9) If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place ½" rebonded recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)

Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers:

Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the

approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422.

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach slab.

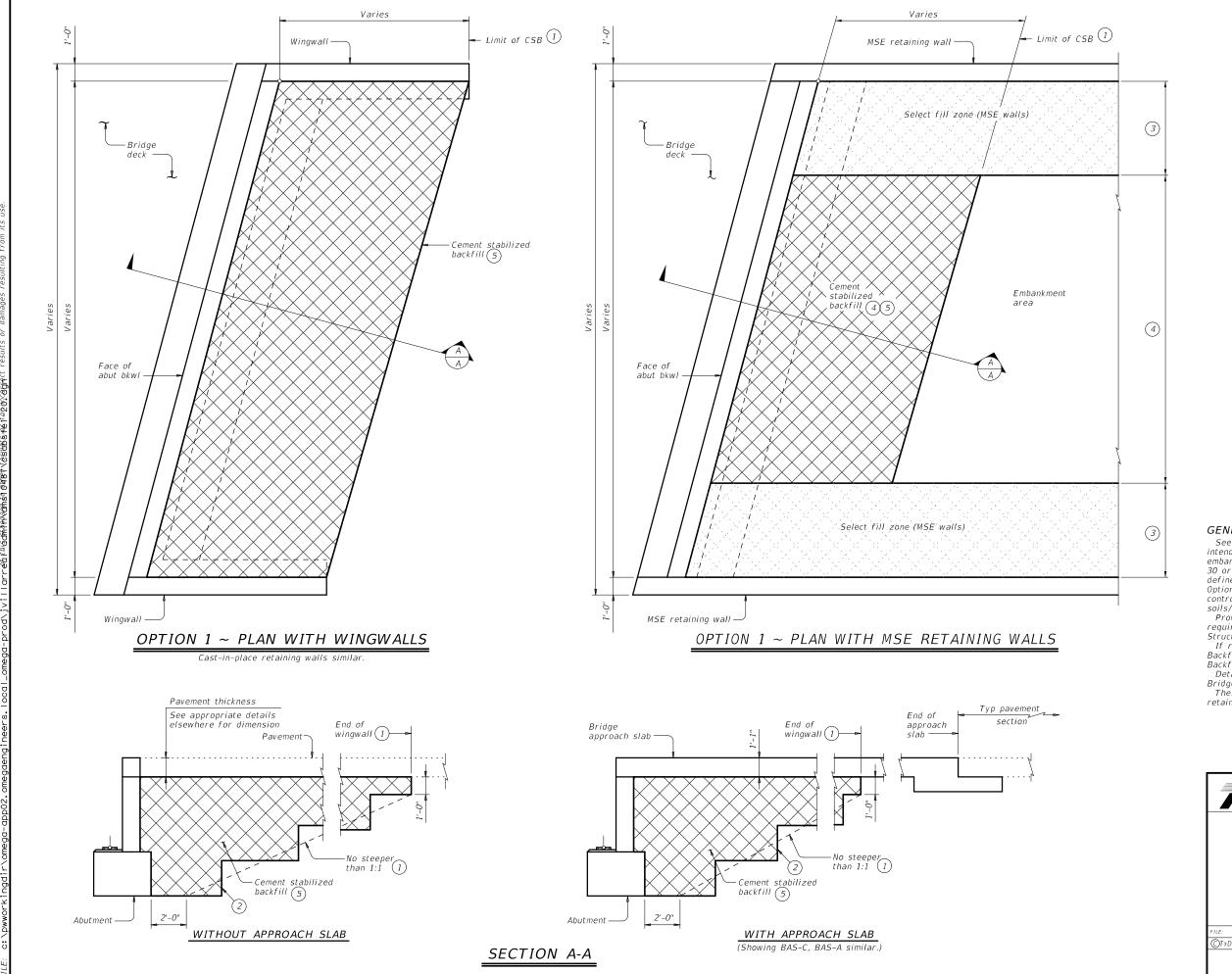
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

RAS\_A

		L	JAJ-	$\overline{}$		
FILE: basaste1-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		S	H 54
02-20: Removed stress relieving pad.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBER:	SON	ı	110



1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

(2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height, place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

### GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a plasticity index (PI) greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring PI controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See

These details do not apply when Concrete Block retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2

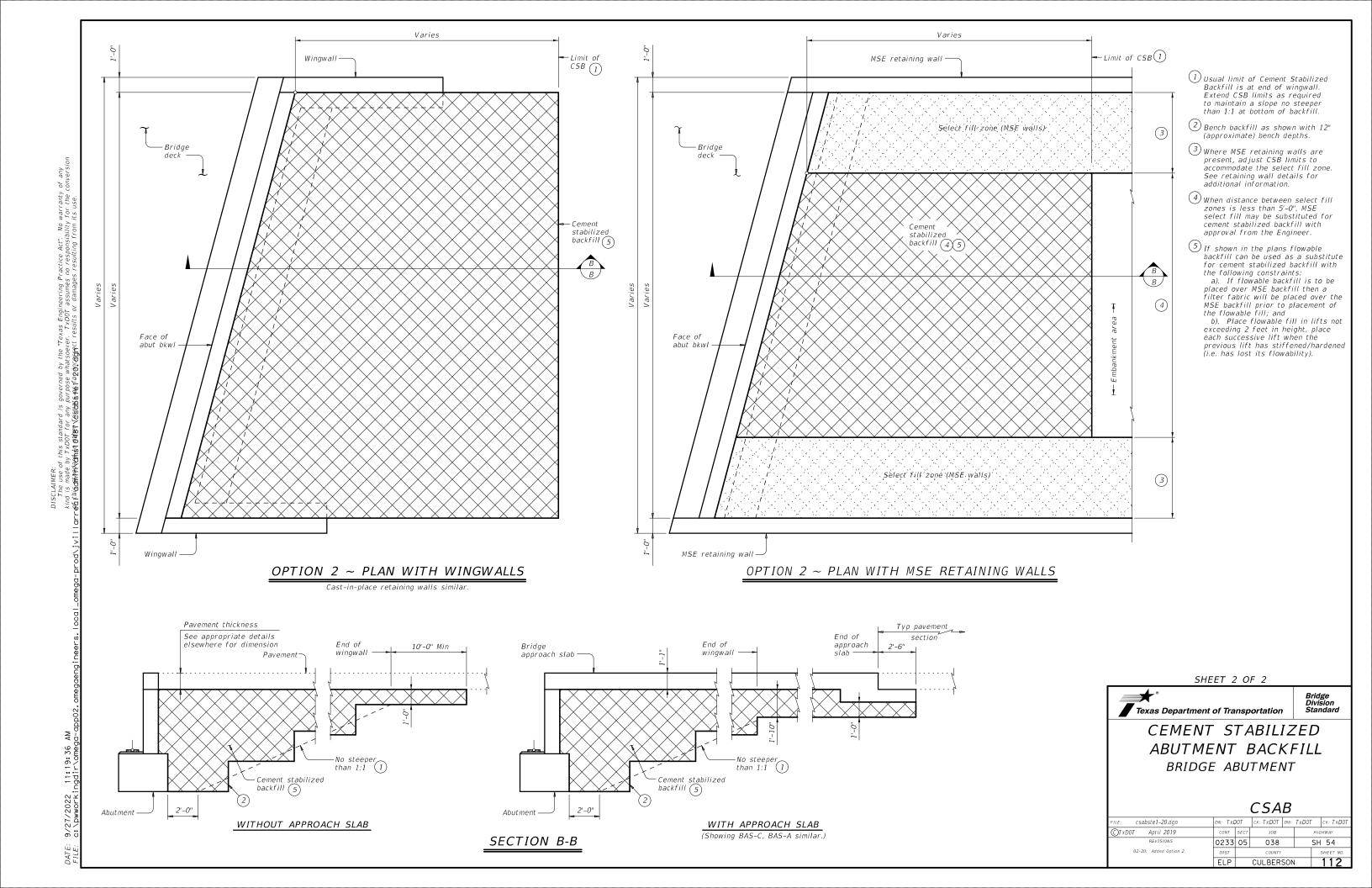


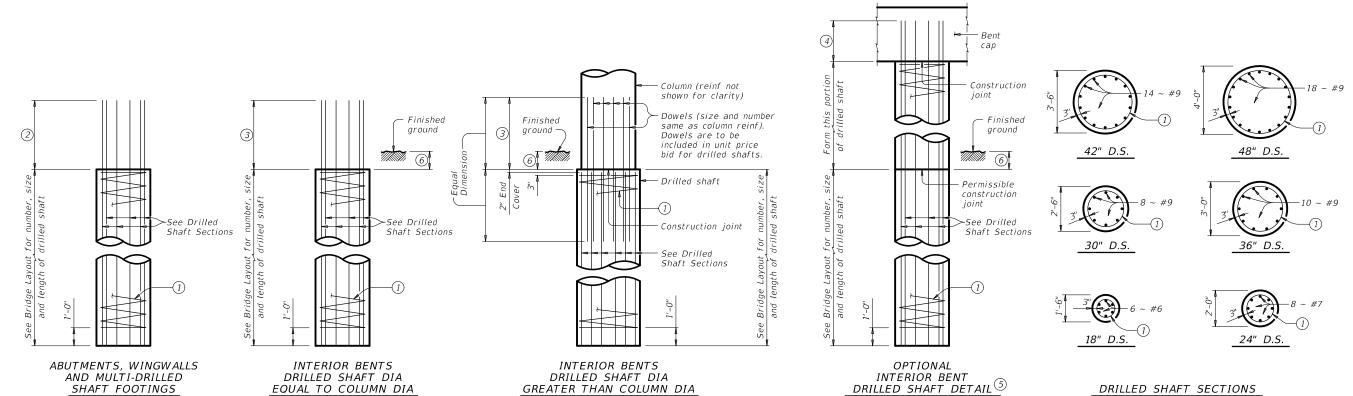
Bridge Division Standard

CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

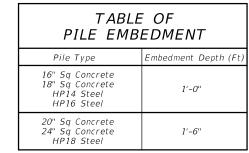
CSAB

				_			
csabste1-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ск: TxD0T	
DOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	J0B		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	SH 54	
02-20: Added Option 2.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBER:	SON	ı	111	



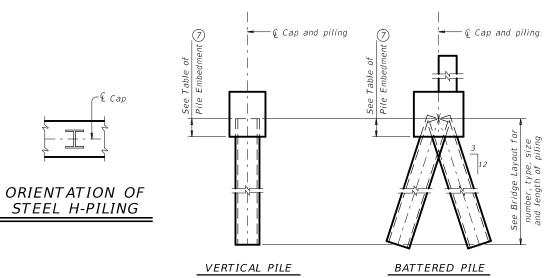


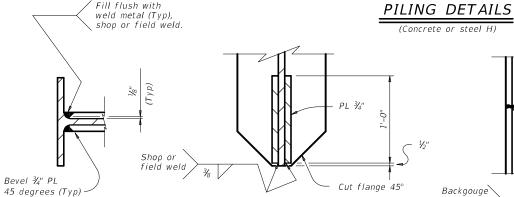
# DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS



See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

ELEVATION

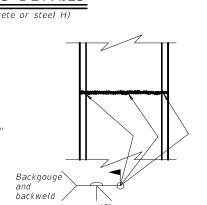




SECTION B-B

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT
See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement

is required and for options to the details shown.



SECTION THRU
FLANGE OR WEB

Normal 3:12

battered pile-

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.

- 1 #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns top and bottom).
- Min extension into supported element:
  #6 Bars = 1'-11"
  #7 Bars = 2" 0"
- #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

If unable to avoid

conflict with wingwall

group regardless of

which pile would be battered back, one

pile in group may be

vertical

Ĭ <u>`</u>L.<u>!</u>L.!

Piling

group

DETAIL "A"

(Showing plan view of a

piling at exterior pile

- (3) Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-3" #9 Bars = 2'-9"
- (5) Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

SHEET 1 OF 2

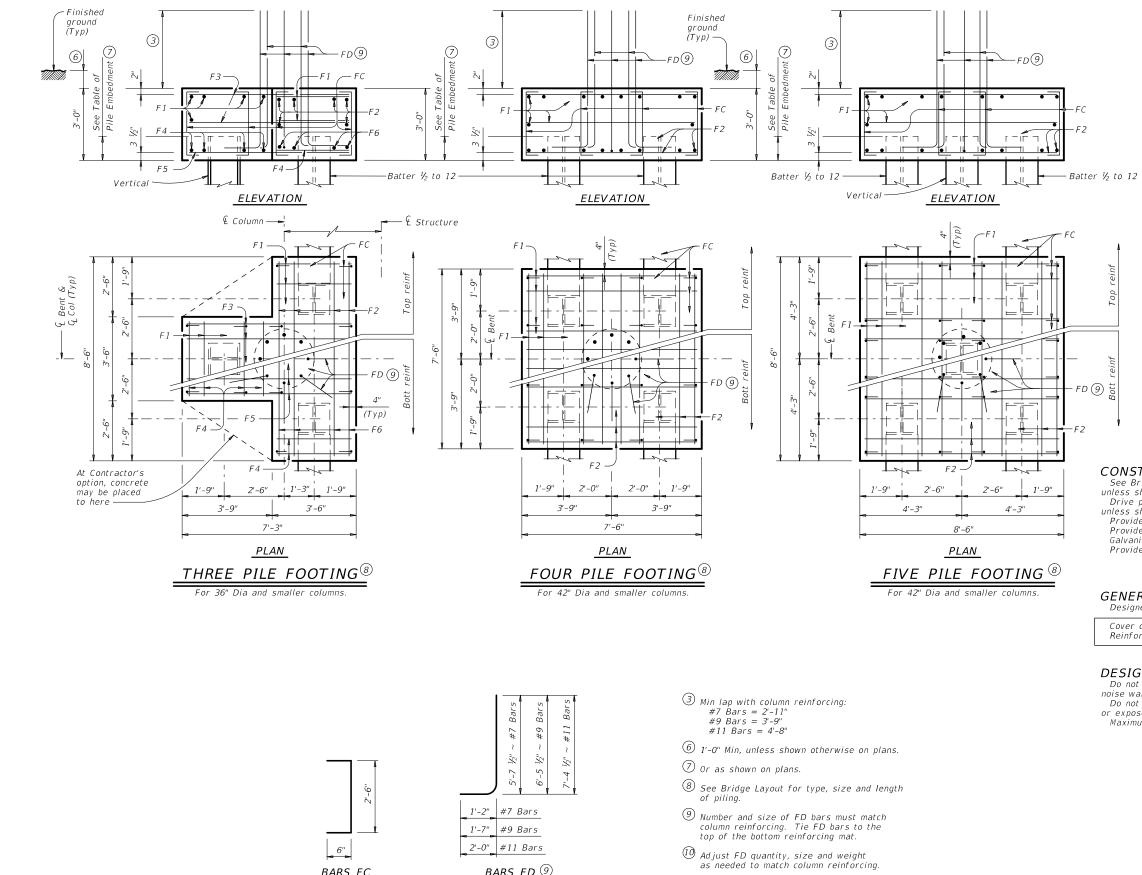


# COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS

FD

Bridge Division Standard

:: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT	CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK		CK: TXDOT	
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
1-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBER:	SON		113



BARS FD 9

BARS FC

### TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

00 00-011110								
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	TING				
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	Weight				
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	ur.	23			
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	u .	33			
F3	6	#4	6'- 1	1"	28			
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	u .	86			
F5	4	#9	6'- 1	1"	94			
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	u .	111			
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	п	28			
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	II .	220			
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623			
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	4.8			
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING								
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	Weight				
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	96				
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	II .	306			
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	н	37			
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1	н	220			
Reinf	forcing Steel Lb 659			659				
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3			
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ΓING				
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight			
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	u .	109			
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	u .	444			
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	п	56			
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	п	220			
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829			
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0			

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6"

Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"

Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

				_	_		
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©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY	
	0233	05	038		SH	1 54	
·	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBER:	SON		114	

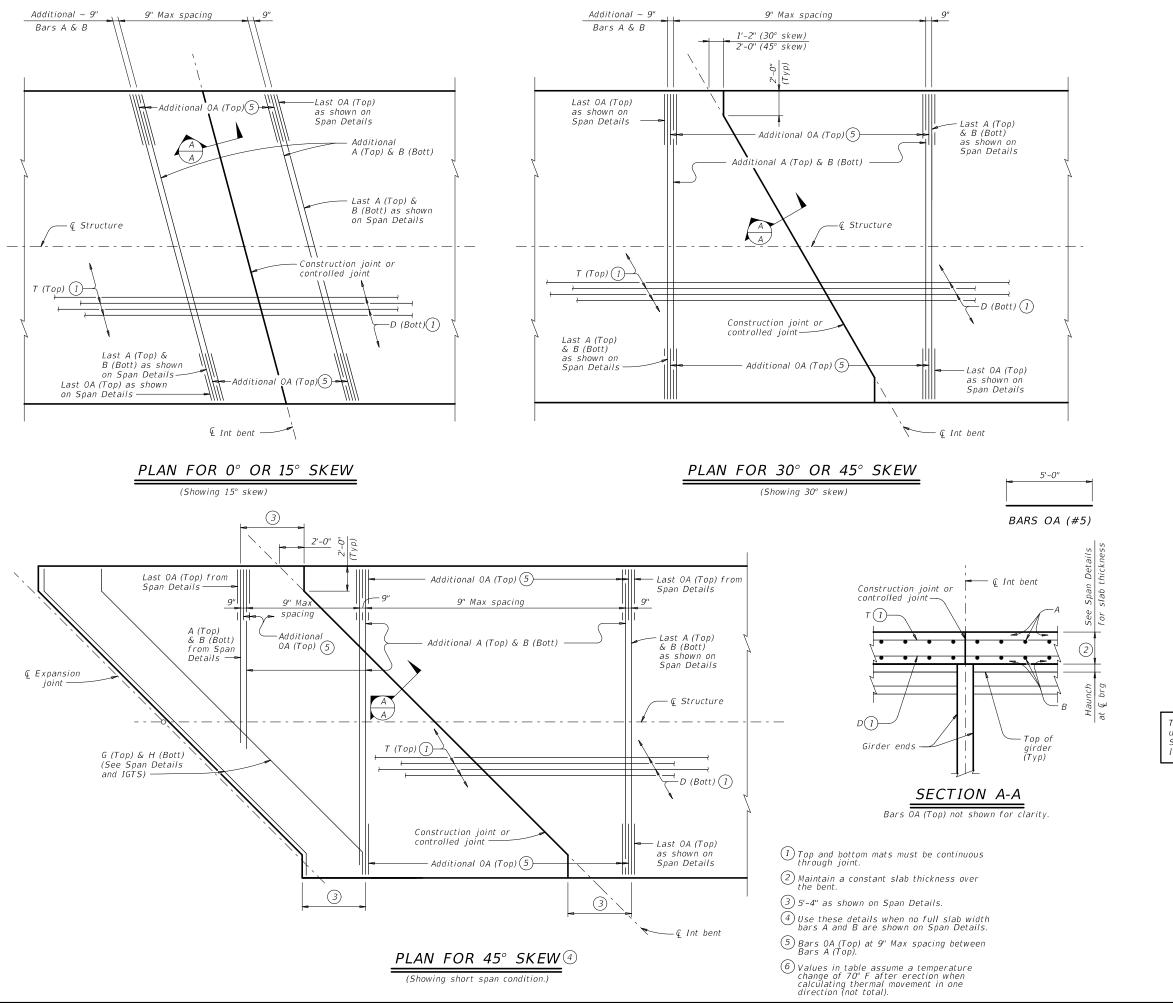


TABLE OF 6 ALLOWABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Facto
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
5.00	3.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR SIZE

A #4

B #4

D #4

0A

#4

#5

BAR TABLE

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type.
Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

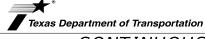
### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

### HL93 LOADING

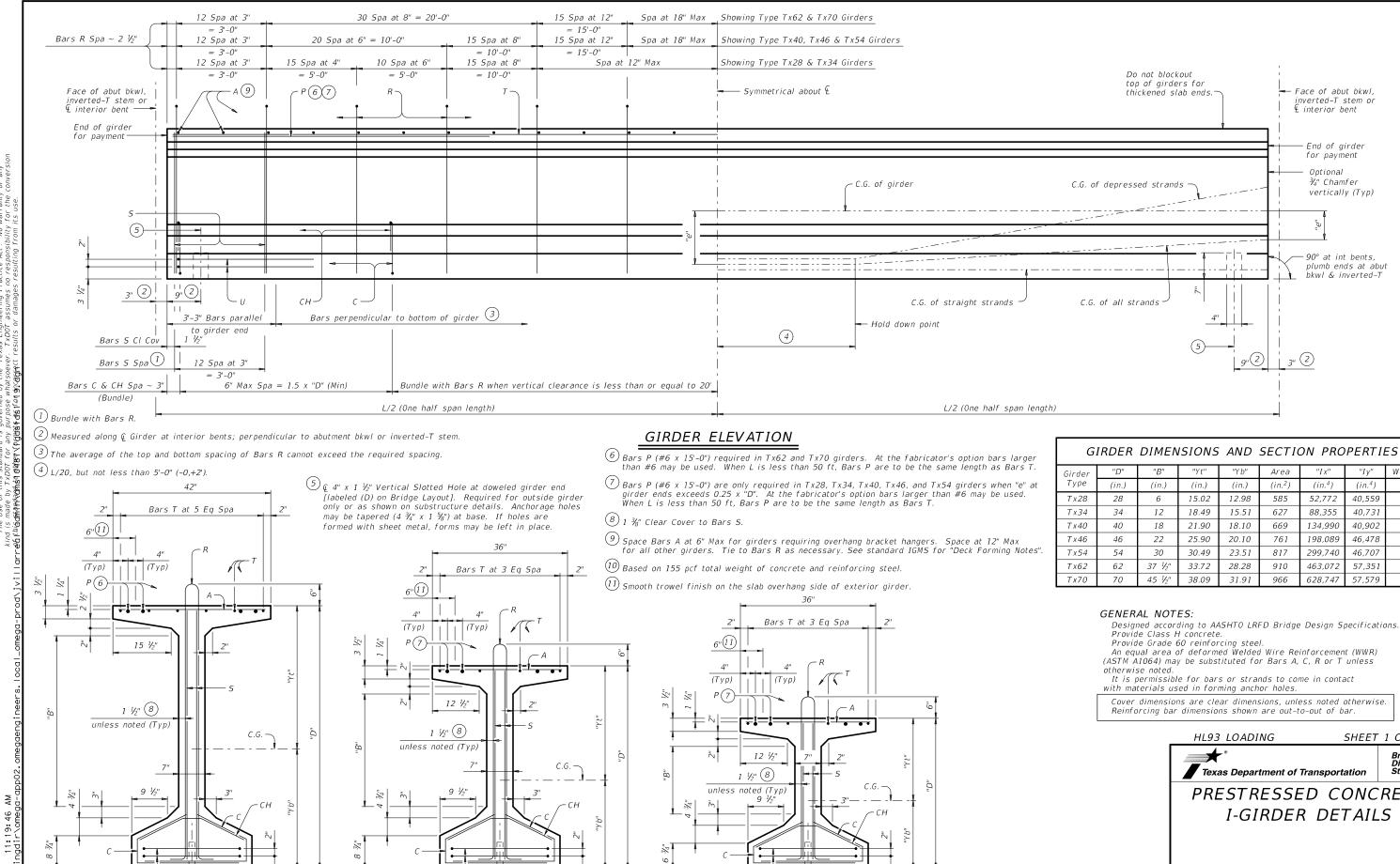


Bridge Division Standard

CONTINUOUS
SLAB DETAILS
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

*IGCS* 

FILE: igcs1sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	1H	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T	
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0233	05	038			SH 54	
10–19: Added bubble note 6.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBER:	SON		115	



¾" bottom

*TYPE Tx28, Tx34 & Tx40* 

chamfer

¾" bottom

*TYPE Tx62 & Tx70* 

chamfer

¾" bottom

*TYPE Tx46 & Tx54* 

chamfer

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DETAILS IGD CK: JMH DW: JTR CK: TAR igdstds1-19.dgn on: TxDOT OTxDOT August 2017 0233 05 038 SH 54

CULBERSON

10-19: Added Bars C and CH full length for VC<= 20'

Face of abut bkwl,

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

(in.4)

52,772

88,355

134,990

198,089

299,740

463,072

628,747

(in.4)

40.559

40,731

40.902

46,478

46,707

57,351

57,579

SHEET 1 OF 2

Bridge Division Standard

Weight

(plf)

630

675

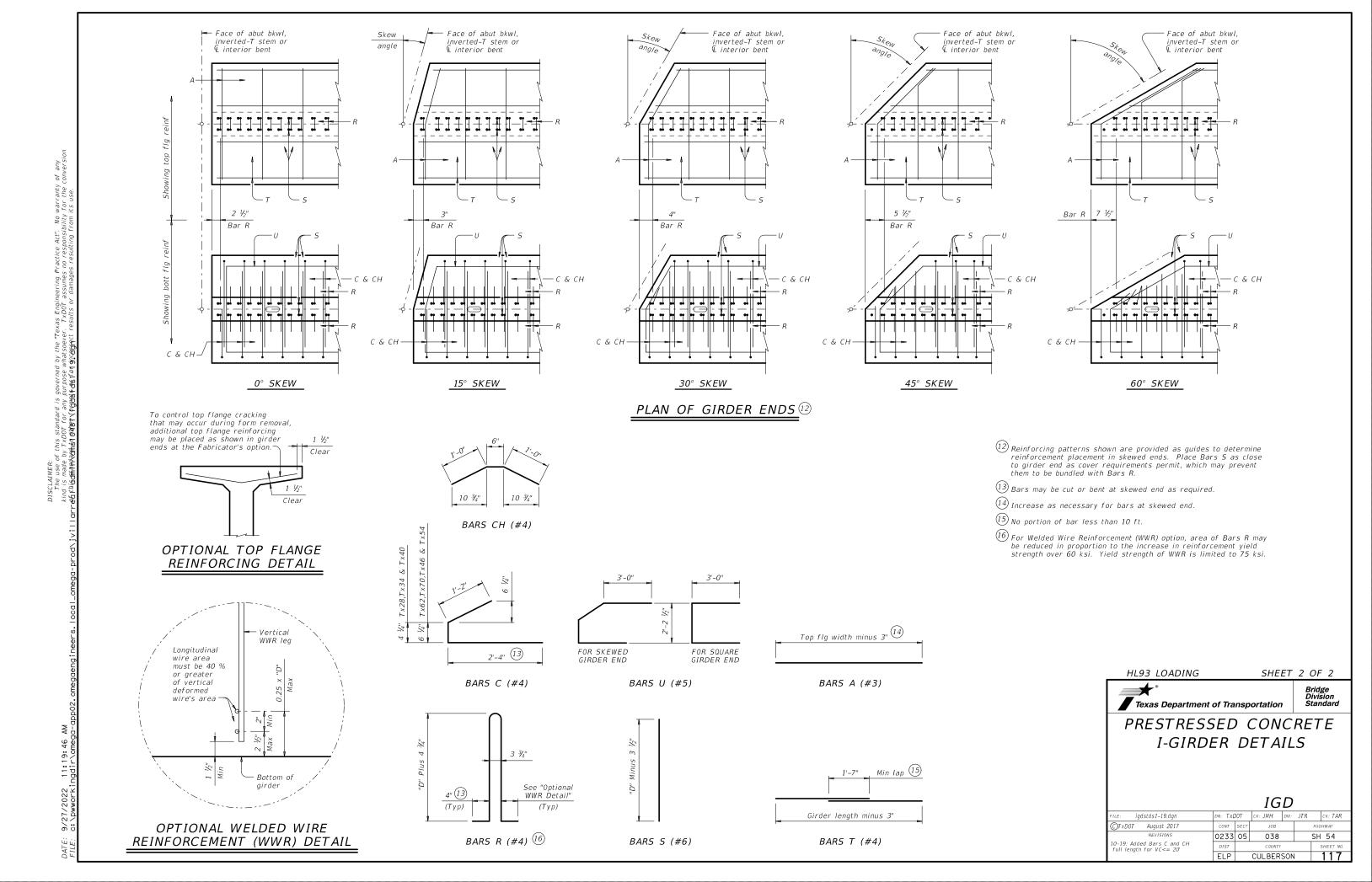
720

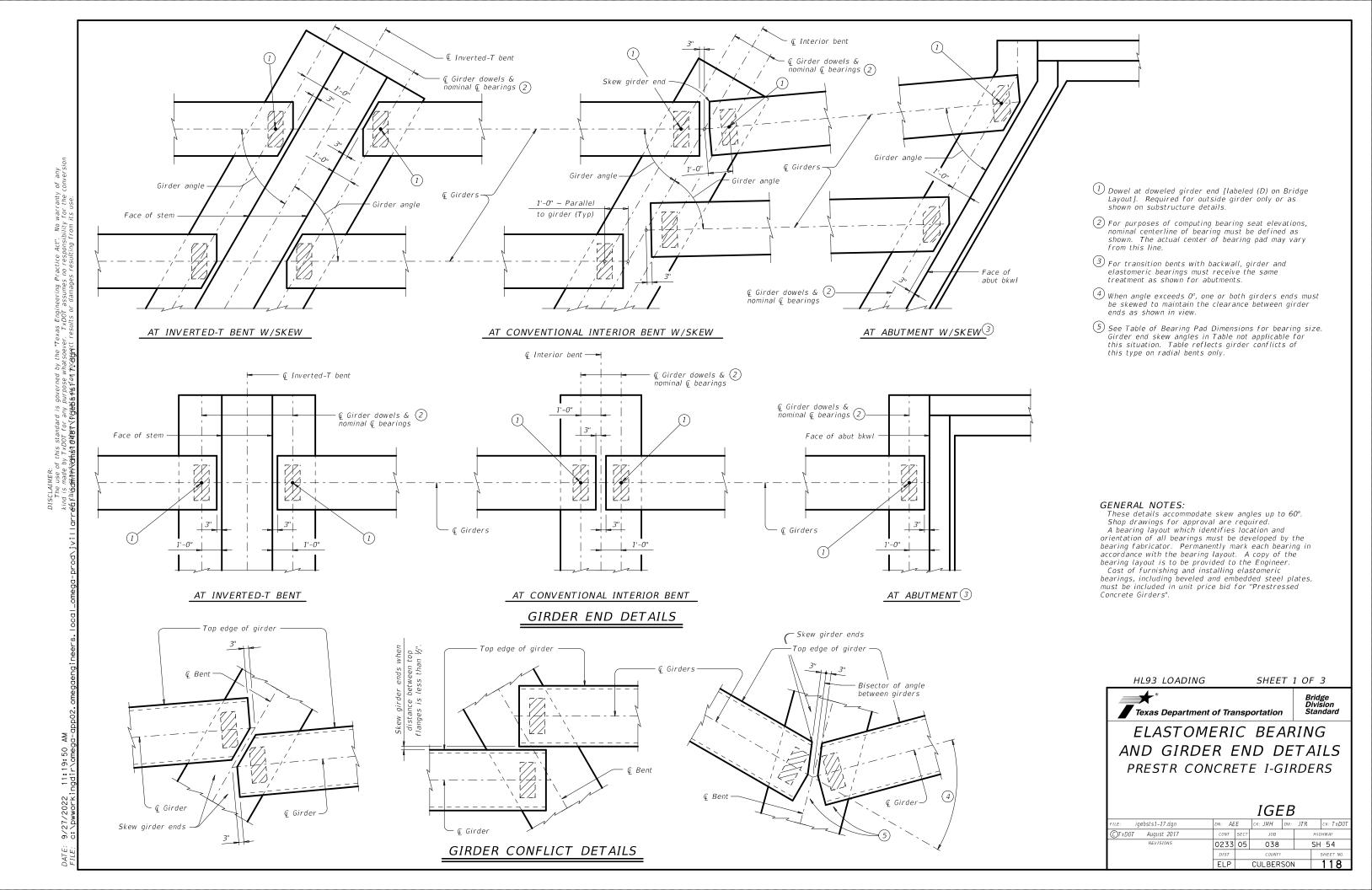
819 880

980

1,040

interior bent





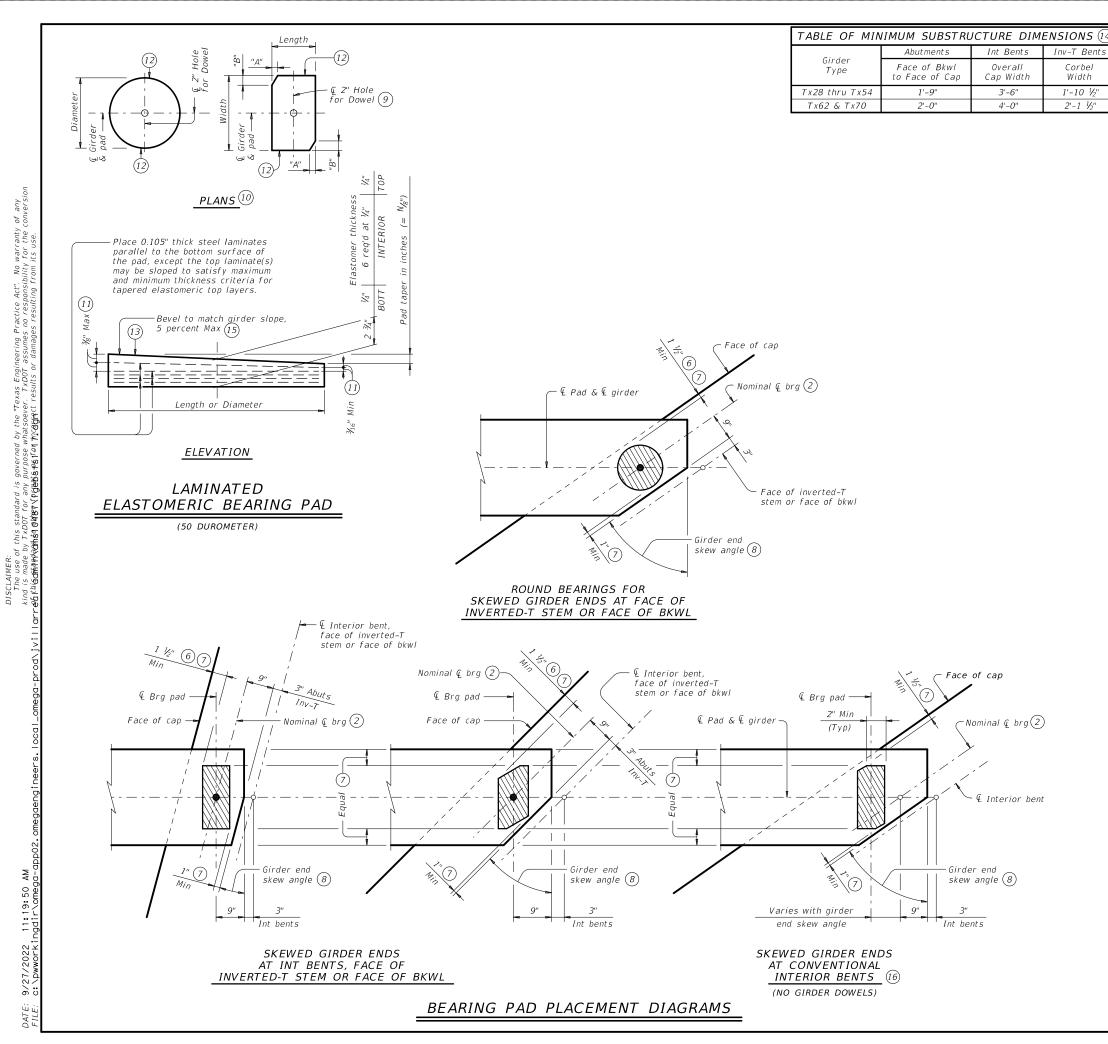


TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS Girder End Pad Clip Girder Pad Size Bent Туре Skew Angle Dimensions Lgth x Wdth Туре Range G-1-"N" 0° thru 21° 8" x 21' Tx28,Tx34, 21°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" ABUTMENTS. INVERTED-T G-3-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 4 1/2" AND TRANSITION G-4-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 15" Dia G-5-"N" 0° thru 21° 9" x 21" BENTS Tx62 G-6-"N" 21°+ thru 30° 9" x 21" 1 1/5" BACKWALLS G-7-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 10" x 21" 4 1/3" Tx70 G-8-"N" 7 1/4" 45°+ thru 60° 10" x 21" Tx28,Tx34, CONVENTIONAL Tx40,Tx46 INTERIOR & Tx54 G-1-"N" 8" x 21" 0° thru 60° BENTS Tx62 & Tx70 G-5-"N" 0° thru 60° 9" x 21" G-1-"N" 0° thru 18° 8" x 21" CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR Tx28,Tx34, G-2-"N"18°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" G-9-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 8" x 21" WITH& Tx54 SKEWED G-10-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21" GIRDER G-5-"N" 0° thru 18° 9" x 21" Tx62 G-5-"N" 9" x 21" 18°+ thru 30° (GIRDER CONFLICTS) 30°+ thru 45° G-11-"N"9" x 21" 1 1/2" Tx70 (16) G-12-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21"

- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between limits shown.
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (1) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- (13) Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in ½" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for  $V_8$ " taper) N=2, (for  $V_4$ " taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than  $\left(\frac{0.0625"}{\text{Loreth or Dia}}\right)^{-1}$  IN/IN.

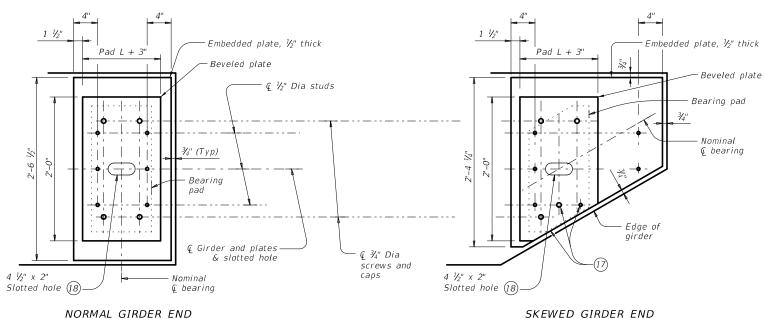
- (14) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- (15) See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

> IGEB K: JMH | DW: JT.



Embedded plate, ½" thick

1'-6"

Beveled plate

4 ½" x 2"

Slotted hole (18)

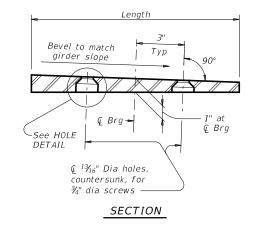
SKEWED GIRDER END

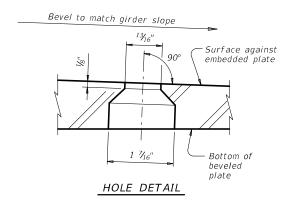
15" DIA BEARING PAD

# NORMAL GIRDER END RECTANGULAR BEARING PAD

# PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS

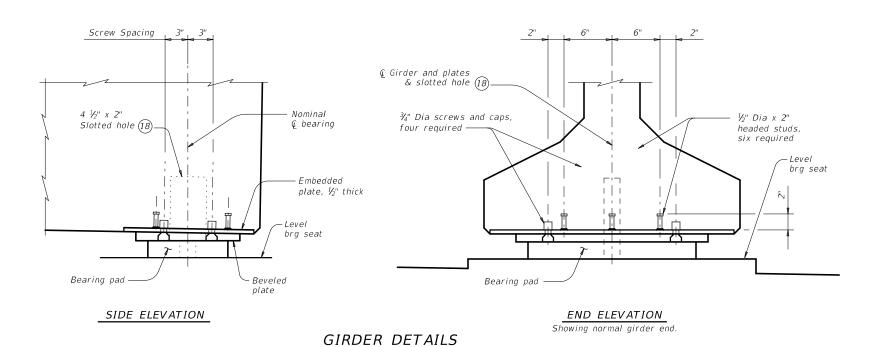
CLIPPED RECTANGULAR BEARING PAD





- (17) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- (18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.

# BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



### SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest  $V_{16}$ " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is  $V_{16}$ "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed  $V_{16}$ " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

3/4" Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type 1. Provide screws long enough to maintain a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than  $\frac{1}{4}$ " deep or deeper than 1".

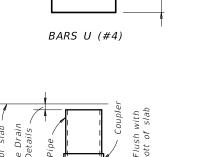
Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 3

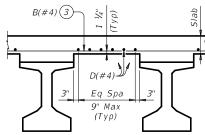


ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

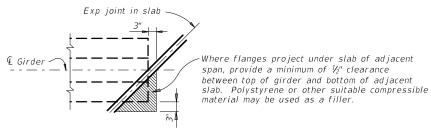
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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	HIGHWAY	
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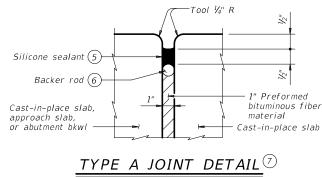
C-I-P DRAIN DETAIL 2



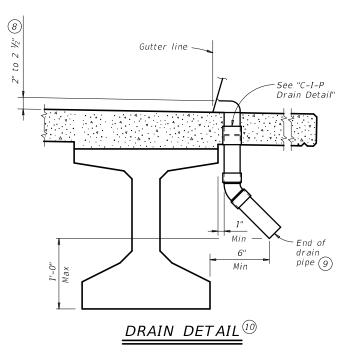
TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP



### TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- 1) Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$  Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$
- 5 Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{ ext{6}}$  1  $rac{1}{4}$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- ${rac{\circ}{\circ}}$  The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- 10 All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

> ©T x D0T 10-19: M

SHEET 1 OF 2



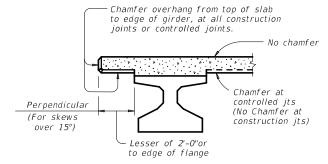
*MISCELLANEOUS* SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

*IGMS* 

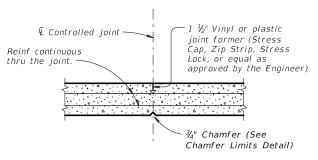
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August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		,	HIGHWAY	
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odified Note 7. Type A ow a pay item.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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# ¾" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct)

DRIP BEAD DETAIL



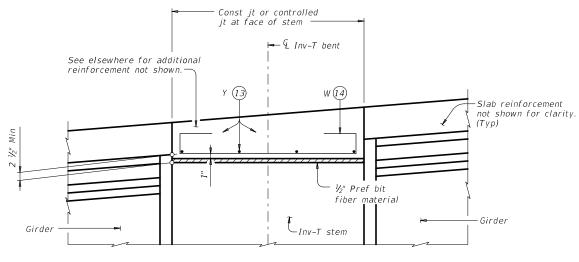
# CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)



## CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

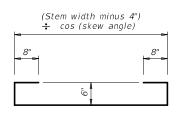
(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

### SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



SHOWING CONST JTS OR CONTROLLED JTS

# REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



BARS W (#4)

- 11) See Layout for joint type.
- Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- (13) Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



Bridge Division Standard

*MISCELLANEOUS* SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

*IGMS* 

			10,					
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-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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			DES	SIGNED	GIRDE	RS				DEPR	ESSED	CONG	CRETE		OPTION	AL DESIGN			LC	AD R	ATING
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	PRES TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	ANDS "e" ⊈	"e" END		RAND TERN TO END	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ©)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT ¢)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTR FAI	LOAD IBUTION CTOR	STREN	GTH I	SERVICE III
						(in)	t pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)		(in)	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
Type Tx28 Girders 32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55	ALL ALL ALL	Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28		14 14 16 18	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270	10.48 10.48 10.23 10.04	9.34 9.34 9.23 8.26	2 2 4 4	10.5 10.5 8.5 12.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.100	5.000 5.400 5.800 6.400	1.189 1.507 1.853 2.247	-1.700 -2.077 -2.508 -2.980	1731 1717 2040 2377	0.850 0.820 0.800 0.780	1.070 1.080 1.080 1.090	1.58 1.48 1.39 1.26	2.04 1.91 1.80 1.69	2.01 1.57 1.30 1.07
	60 65	ALL ALL	Tx28 Tx28		22 26	0.6 0.6	270 270	9.75 9.56	7.57 7.71	4	16.5 16.5	4.800 5.600	6.900 7.300	2.655 3.104	-3.462 -3.978	2715 3064	0.760 0.740	1.090 1.100	1.24 1.09	1.82 1.76	1.05 1.07
Type Tx34 Girders 32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34		12 14 16 16 18 22 26 30 34	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	13.01 13.01 12.76 12.76 12.57 12.28 12.09 11.81	13.01 12.15 11.76 11.76 11.23 7.92 8.09 7.41 7.25	2 4 4 4 4 4 6	8.5 8.5 8.5 10.5 28.5 30.5 28.5 30.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.700 5.200	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.500 6.000 6.500	0.934 1.180 1.437 1.739 2.068 2.424 2.807 3.195	-1.303 -1.588 -1.907 -2.263 -2.640 -3.039 -3.458 -3.894 -4.373	1975 2124 2248 2449 2806 3173 3548 3951 4378	0.880 0.850 0.830 0.810 0.790 0.770 0.750	1.050 1.060 1.060 1.060 1.070 1.070 1.080	1.77 1.75 1.64 1.37 1.30 1.59 1.08	2.29 2.27 2.13 1.77 1.72 2.08 1.81 1.93 1.67	2.35 2.11 1.82 1.35 1.17 1.34 1.04 1.12
	40 45 50	ALL ALL ALL	Tx40 Tx40 Tx40		12 14 14	0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270	11.48 15.60 15.60	15.60 15.60 15.60			4.000 4.700 4.500	7.000 5.000 5.000 5.000	3.633 0.768 0.967 1.195	-1.053 -1.282 -1.554	2052 2430 2558	0.730 0.910 0.880 0.860	1.080 1.030 1.040 1.040	2.02 2.01 1.91	2.62 2.61 2.48	2.88 2.63 2.29
Type Tx40 Girders 32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	55 60 65 70 75 80	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	T x 40 T x 40 T x 40 T x 40 T x 40 T x 40		16 18 18 20 24 28	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270	15.35 15.16 15.16 15.00 14.77 14.60	14.35 13.82 13.82 13.40 9.77 10.60	4 4 4 4 4	8.5 10.5 10.5 12.5 34.5 32.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.100 4.900	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.200 5.700 6.000	1.442 1.687 1.978 2.288 2.619 2.964	-1.834 -2.118 -2.447 -2.783 -3.135 -3.509	2685 2875 3277 3666 4064 4498	0.830 0.810 0.800 0.780 0.760 0.750	1.050 1.050 1.060 1.060 1.060 1.070	1.60 1.57 1.31 1.13 1.60 1.27	2.07 2.03 1.70 1.68 2.07 1.99	1.79 1.61 1.22 1.08 1.26 1.14
	85 90	ALL ALL	Tx40 Tx40 Tx40		32 36	0.6 0.6	270 270 270	14.23 13.93	8.60 9.27	6	36.5 34.5	5.100 5.900	6.200 6.600	3.328 3.695	-3.900 -4.294	4944 5394	0.740 0.730	1.070 1.070	1.29 1.33	2.04 1.75	1.08 1.07
	40 45 50 55 60	ALL ALL ALL ALL	T x 46 T x 46 T x 46 T x 46 T x 46		12 14 14 16 16	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270	17.60 17.60 17.60 17.35 17.35	17.60 17.60 17.60 16.35 16.35	4 4	8.5 8.5	4.000 4.500 4.500 4.000 4.000	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000	0.678 0.846 1.041 1.257 1.489	-0.844 -1.024 -1.235 -1.465 -1.701	2150 2543 3012 3277 3221	0.950 0.920 0.890 0.870 0.840	1.020 1.020 1.030 1.030 1.040	2.22 2.22 1.82 1.77 1.51	2.88 2.88 2.36 2.30 1.95	3.41 3.17 2.47 2.22 1.77
Type Tx46 Girders 32' Roadway 8.3" Slab	65 70 75 80	ALL ALL ALL ALL	T x 46 T x 46 T x 46 T x 46 T x 46		18 18 20 24	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270	17.33 17.16 17.16 17.00 16.77	15.83 15.83 15.40 14.10	4 4 4 4	6.5 10.5 10.5 12.5 20.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.100	1.489 1.732 2.001 2.289 2.579	-1.701 -1.957 -2.227 -2.510 -2.804	3424 3834 4254 4703	0.840 0.830 0.810 0.790 0.780	1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040	1.48 1.26 1.16 1.28	1.92 1.64 1.63 1.83	1.77 1.59 1.23 1.10 1.14
	85 90 95 100	ALL ALL ALL ALL	Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46		28 32 34 38	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270	16.60 16.23 16.07 15.81	11.46 9.48 11.13 11.39	4 6 6	40.5 42.5 34.5 34.5	4.200 4.400 5.000 5.600	5.500 5.700 5.900 6.600	2.905 3.234 3.582 3.961	-3.125 -3.438 -3.777 -4.139	5181 5624 6117 6635	0.770 0.750 0.740 0.730	1.050 1.050 1.060 1.060	1.38 1.46 1.49 1.31	1.98 2.11 2.12 1.78	1.14 1.13 1.12 1.03

NON	I-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASTHO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

### FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked  $\Delta$ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

row.
When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and

dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

### DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.

GFEDCBAABCDEFG13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx40

TYPE Tx46

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD **DESIGNS** 

32' ROADWAY

IGSD-32

	-	<b>O</b> .	<i></i>	_				
LE: ig06stds-21.dgn	DN: EF	C	ck: AJF	DW:	EFC	CK: TAR		
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HII	SHWAY		
REVISIONS 10-19: Redesigned girders.	0233 05 038				SH	1 54		
1-21: Added load rating.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ELP		CULBER:	SON		123		

11:19:57 AM

11 Spa at . GFEDCBAABCDEFG13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx28

G F E D C B A A B C D E F G 13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx34

G F E D C B A A B C D E F G 13 Spa at 2"

			DES	SIGNED	GIRDE	RS				DEPR	ESSED	CONG	CRETE		OPTION	AL DESIGN			LC	DAD R.	ATING
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	STRESS SIZE (in)	STRGTH  fpu (ksi)	ANDS "e"  (in)	"e" END (in)		TERN  TO END (in)	RELEASE STRGTH 1 f'ci (ksi)	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH f'c (ksi)	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ©) (SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT (2) (SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)			STREN	GTH I	SERVICE III
Type Tx54 Girders 32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 54 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55 T x 55	*	12 12 14 16 16 18 18 20 20 22 26 28 32 36 40 44 48	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	21.01 21.01 21.01 20.76 20.76 20.56 20.56 20.41 20.41 20.28 20.08 20.01 19.63 19.34 19.11 18.83 18.42	21.01 21.01 21.01 20.26 20.26 19.23 19.23 18.81 18.46 16.39 14.29 12.51 12.01 12.51 11.55 10.09	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 8 10	6.5 6.5 10.5 12.5 12.5 14.5 28.5 44.5 44.5 50.5 50.5 50.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.300 4.700 5.300 5.800	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.400 6.100 6.400 7.700	0.561 0.703 0.858 1.035 1.224 1.430 1.653 1.877 2.129 2.392 2.665 2.951 3.262 3.574 3.899 4.252 4.619	-0.686 -0.835 -1.003 -1.189 -1.381 -1.588 -1.815 -2.035 -2.284 -2.534 -2.800 -3.075 -3.370 -3.667 -3.973 -4.301 -4.640	2216 2629 3108 3629 3931 4159 4103 4399 4880 5339 6353 6892 7434 7988 8569 9165	0.980 0.950 0.920 0.900 0.870 0.850 0.840 0.820 0.790 0.780 0.770 0.760 0.750 0.740 0.730 0.720	1.010 1.010 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.030 1.030 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.050 1.050	2.55 2.12 2.10 2.05 1.76 1.75 1.49 1.50 1.29 1.30 1.22 1.38 1.42 1.48 1.53 1.29 1.28	3.30 2.75 2.73 2.66 2.28 2.26 1.93 1.94 1.67 1.86 1.99 2.10 2.19 1.74	4.09 3.32 3.05 2.77 2.27 2.09 1.68 1.56 1.23 1.12 1.00 1.03 1.03 1.05 1.08 1.00 1.01
Type Tx62 Girders 32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	Tx62 Tx62 Tx62 Tx62 Tx62 Tx62 Tx62 Tx62		16 16 18 18 20 20 20 24 26 30 34 36 40 44 48	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	25.53 25.53 25.33 25.33 25.18 25.18 25.18 24.94 24.85 24.58 24.25 24.11 23.88 23.60 23.28	25.53 25.53 25.33 25.33 24.38 24.38 24.38 22.94 22.39 14.18 15.42 17.44 16.68 14.87 15.28	4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 8 8	8.5 8.5 16.5 20.5 58.5 46.5 54.5 56.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.500 4.000 4.800 4.200 4.700 5.100 5.300	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 6.000 6.100 6.700	0.961 1.121 1.292 1.475 1.659 1.866 2.080 2.310 2.531 2.771 3.020 3.291 3.545 3.836 4.144	-1.157 -1.331 -1.514 -1.705 -1.903 -2.120 -2.338 -2.574 -2.805 -3.050 -3.304 -3.576 -3.835 -4.124 -4.438	4309 4614 4894 4844 5116 5578 6072 6621 7159 7723 8301 8909 9493 10128 10849	0.900 0.880 0.860 0.840 0.830 0.800 0.790 0.780 0.770 0.760 0.750 0.740 0.730	1.010 1.010 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.030 1.030 1.030 1.030 1.030 1.040 1.040	1.98 1.69 1.71 1.48 1.49 1.29 1.31 1.31 1.27 1.64 1.60 1.53 1.63 1.51	2.56 2.19 2.21 1.92 1.93 1.67 1.70 1.70 2.16 2.10 2.04 2.12 2.04 1.80	2.74 2.26 2.12 1.75 1.64 1.32 1.23 1.12 1.03 1.31 1.21 1.13 1.47 1.35 1.11

NON	I-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER
*	2.5(14),4.5(14),6.5(14),8.5(4),10.5(2)

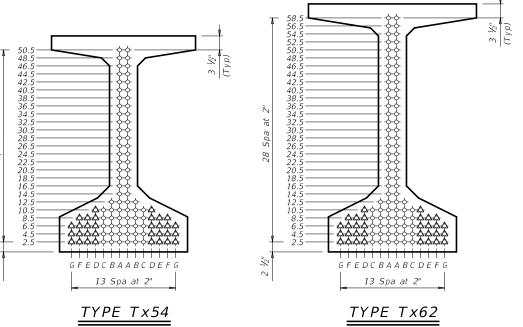
1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.



TYPE Tx62

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

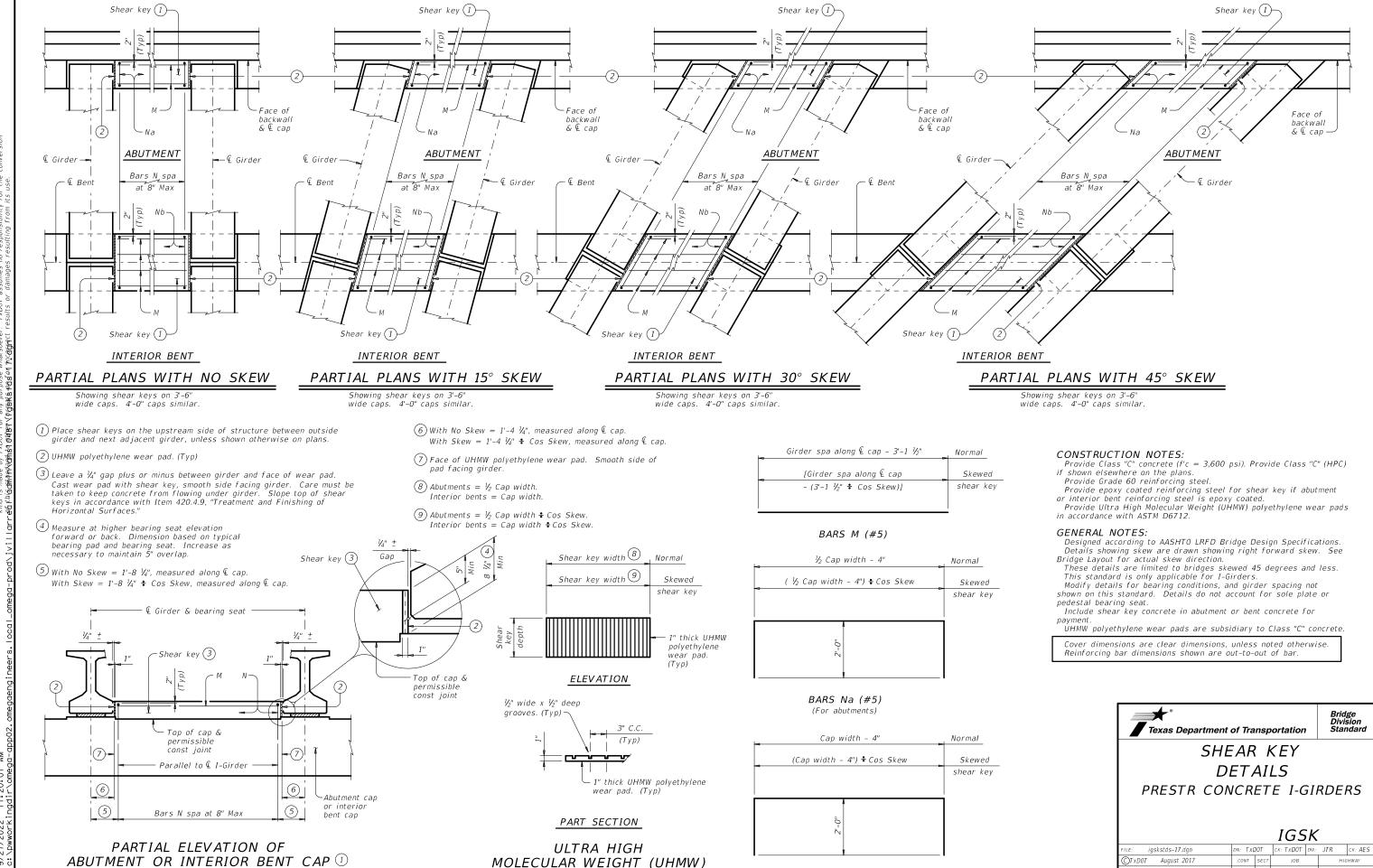


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD

**DESIGNS** 32' ROADWAY

IGSD-32

| DN: EFC | CK: AJF | DW: EFC | CK: TAR | HIGHWAY ILE: ig06stds-21.dgn ©TxD0T August 2017 REVISIONS 10-19: Redesigned girders 1-21: Added load rating. 0233 05 038 CULBERSON



POLYETHYLENE WEAR PAD DETAILS

BARS Nb (#5)

(For interior bents)

0233 05

038

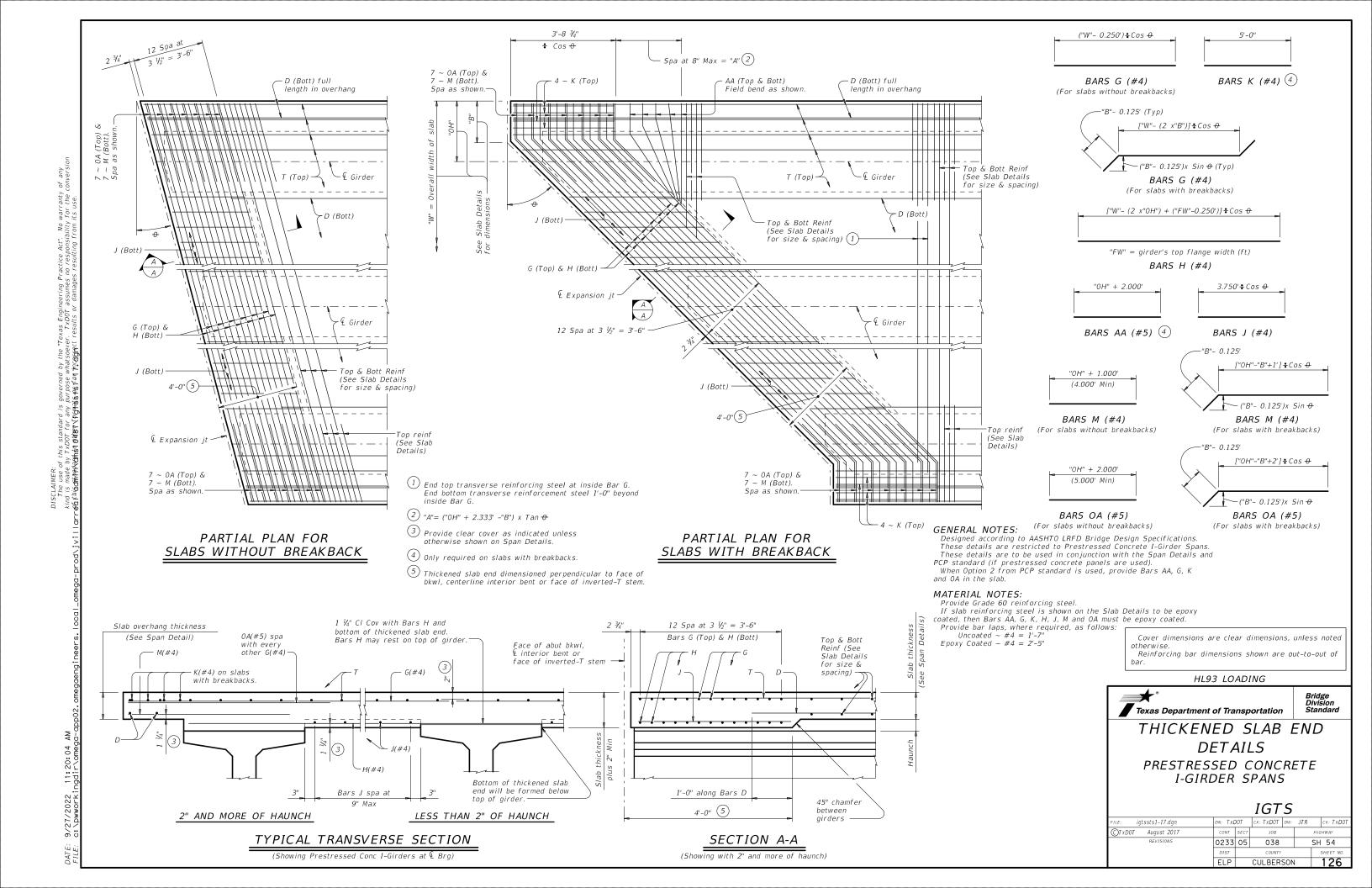
CULBERSON

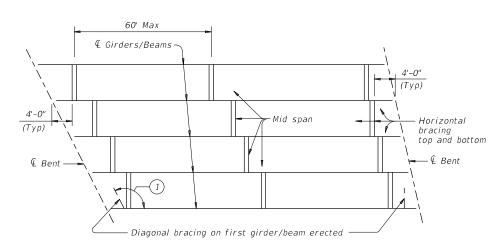
SH 54

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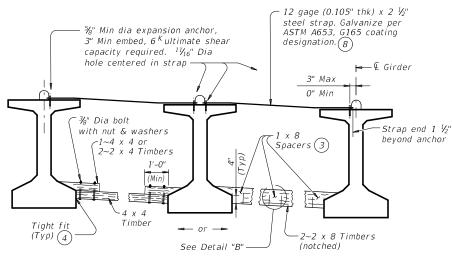
Showing shear key with girder Type Tx46

Other I-Girder types similar



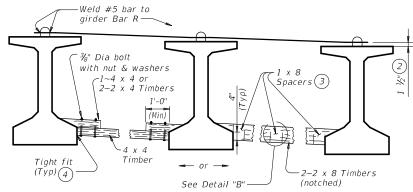


## **ERECTION BRACING**



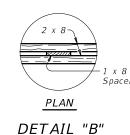
### FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

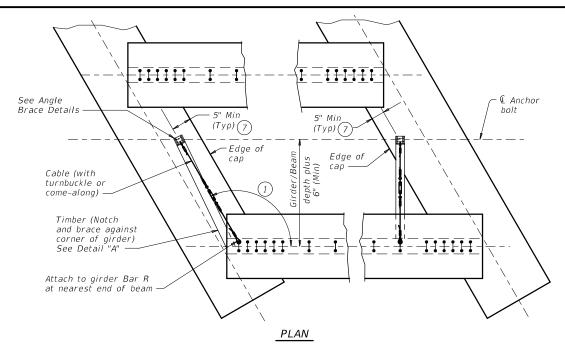
(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

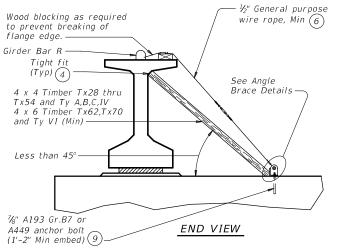


FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

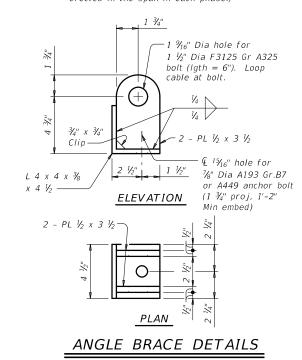






# DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam erected in the span in each phase.)



### HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

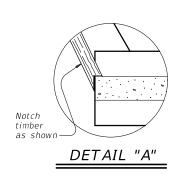
### **ERECTION BRACING:**

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

### PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be



- 1) If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- (4) Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k

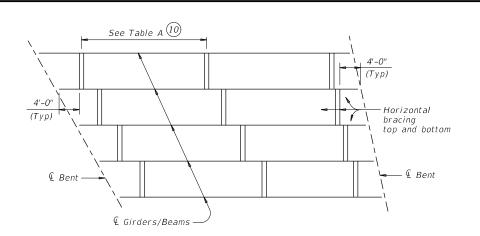
SHEET 1 OF 2



MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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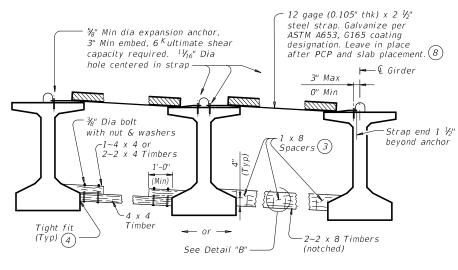


SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING

OPTION 1-RIGID BRACING (STEEL STRAP)								
Maximum Bracing Spacing								
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)						
Tx28	${}^{1}\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	⅓ points						
Tx34	¼ points	¼ points						
T x 40	¼ points	⅓ points						
Tx46	¼ points	½ points						
T x 54	¼ points	½ points						
Tx62	¼ points	½ points						
Tx70	⅓ points	⅓ points						
A	√ <sub>8</sub> points	⅓ points						
В	$lat{V_8}$ points	½ points						
С	${}^{1\!\!/}_{\!\! 8}$ points	½ points						
IV	¼ points	⅓ points						
VI	¼ points	$V_8$ points						

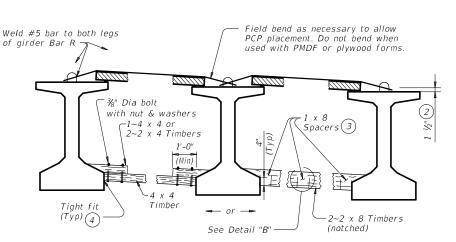
TABLE A

OPTION 2-FLEX	IBLE BRACING (NO	D. 5 OVER PCP)
	Maximum Bra	acing Spacing
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)
T x 28	$V_4$ points	⅓ points
Tx34	$V_4$ points	⅓ points
T×40	$V_4$ points	⅓ points
T×46	¼ points	$V_8$ points
Tx54	¼ points	${}^{1\!\!/}_{\!\! 8}$ points
Tx62	$V_4$ points	⅓ points
Tx70	$V_4$ points	$V_8$ points
Α	2.0 ft	1.5 ft
В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft
С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft
IV	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\!4}$ points	4.0 ft
VI	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	4.0 ft



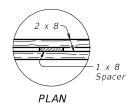
### FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE (Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



DETAIL "B"

2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.

3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.

Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.

(5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.

8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.

10 Bracing spacing ( 14 and 16 points ) measured between first and last typical brace location.

(1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

### SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425. Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

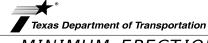
Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2



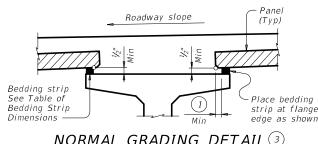
MINIMUM ERECTION AND

Bridge Division Standard

BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

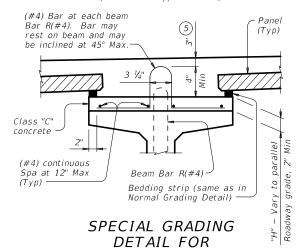
MEBR(C)

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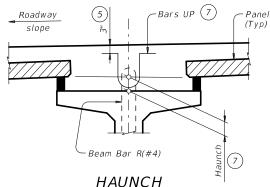


## NORMAL GRADING DETAIL (3)

Showing prestressed concrete I-airders (Other beam types similar)

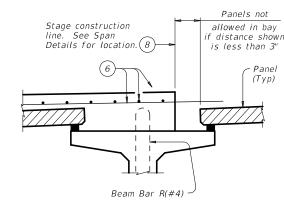


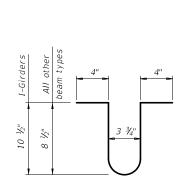
CONCRETE BEAMS Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



# REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar





BARS UP (#4) (7)

TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

**DIMENSIONS** 

Min

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/3"

WIDTH

1" (Min.

1 1/4"

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2"

2 3/4"

3" (Max

HEIGHT (4)

Max

2"

2 1/2"

3 1/2"

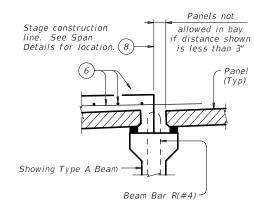
4"

4 1/2" (2

5 1/2" (2

6"

5" (2



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

# STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

 $\stackrel{\textstyle (1)}{}$  2" Min for I-giders, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Min for all other beam types.

ig(2ig) Allowed for I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

 $\left(3\right)$  To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in  $\frac{1}{4}$ " increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is 1/4". Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

 $\binom{4}{}$  Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover

(7) Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 1/2" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

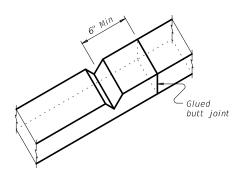
(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

ig(9ig) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..

> Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds 1/4" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer. 0" - 1" Max Make seal flush with top of panel Allowable Gap

## PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity. The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 1/2" under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between

beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least ½". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing  $of\ reinforcement.$ 

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows:  $Uncoated \sim #4 = 1'-7"$ Epoxy Coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ 

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrées.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 4

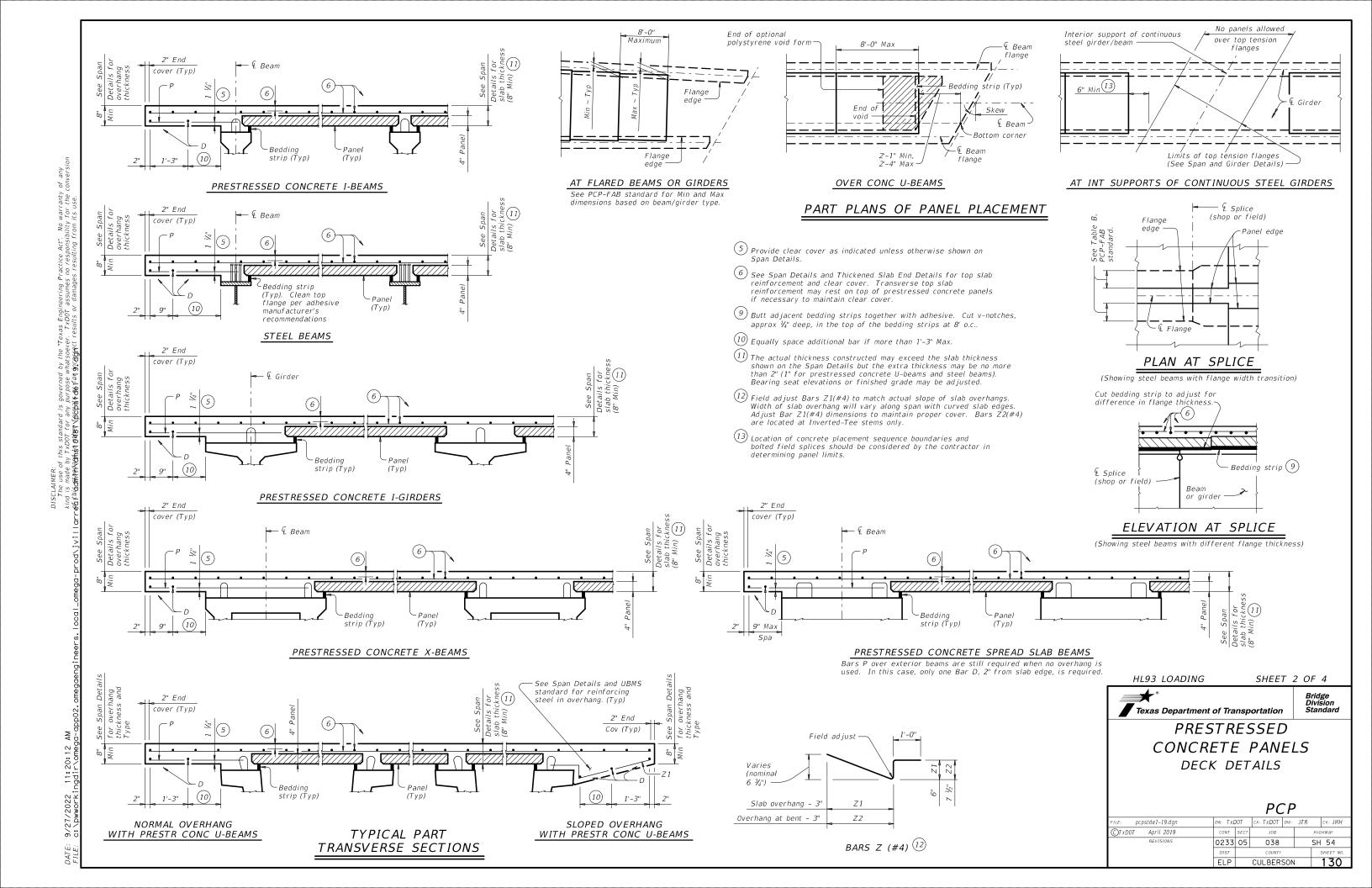


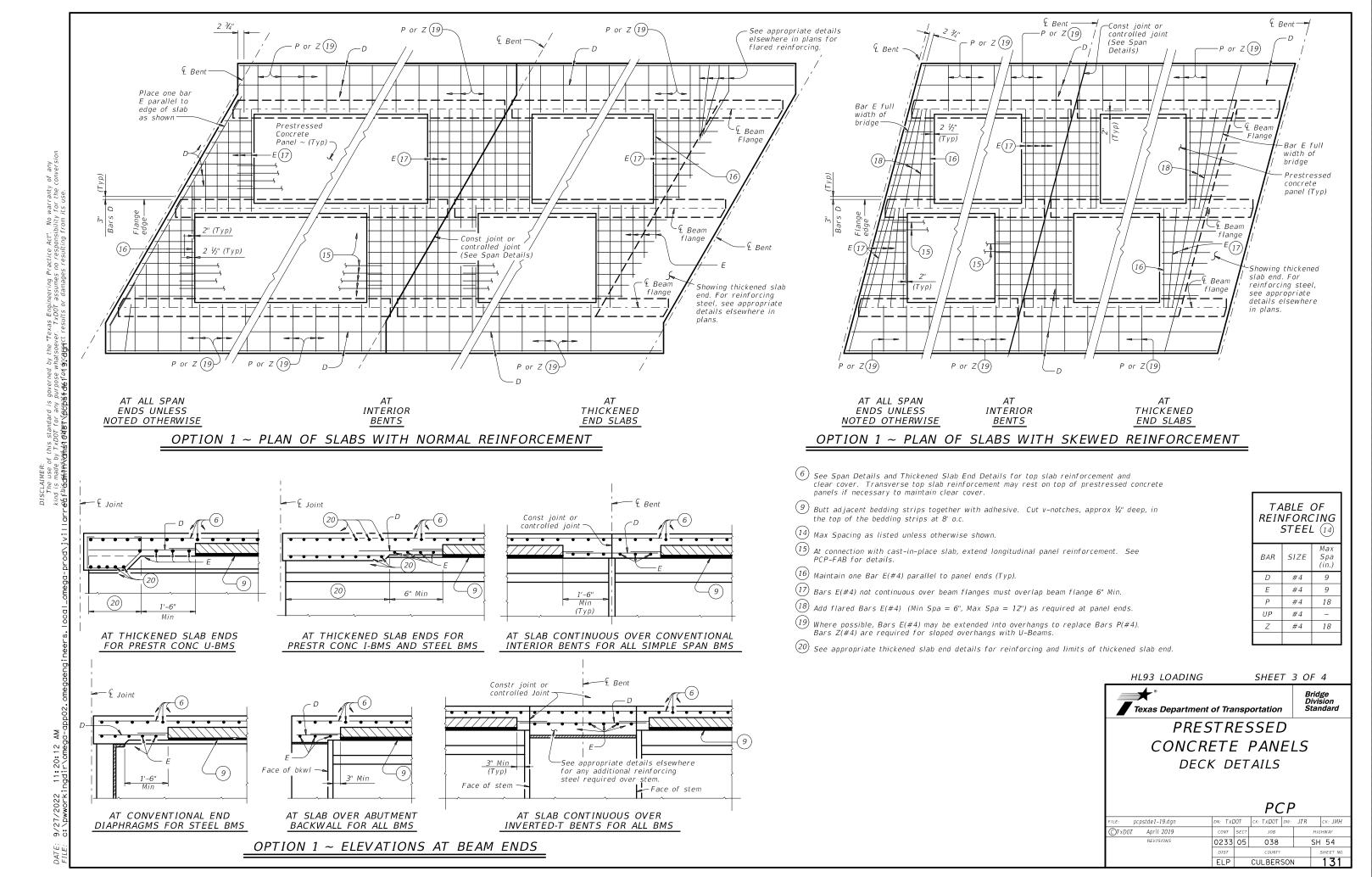
Bridge Division Standard

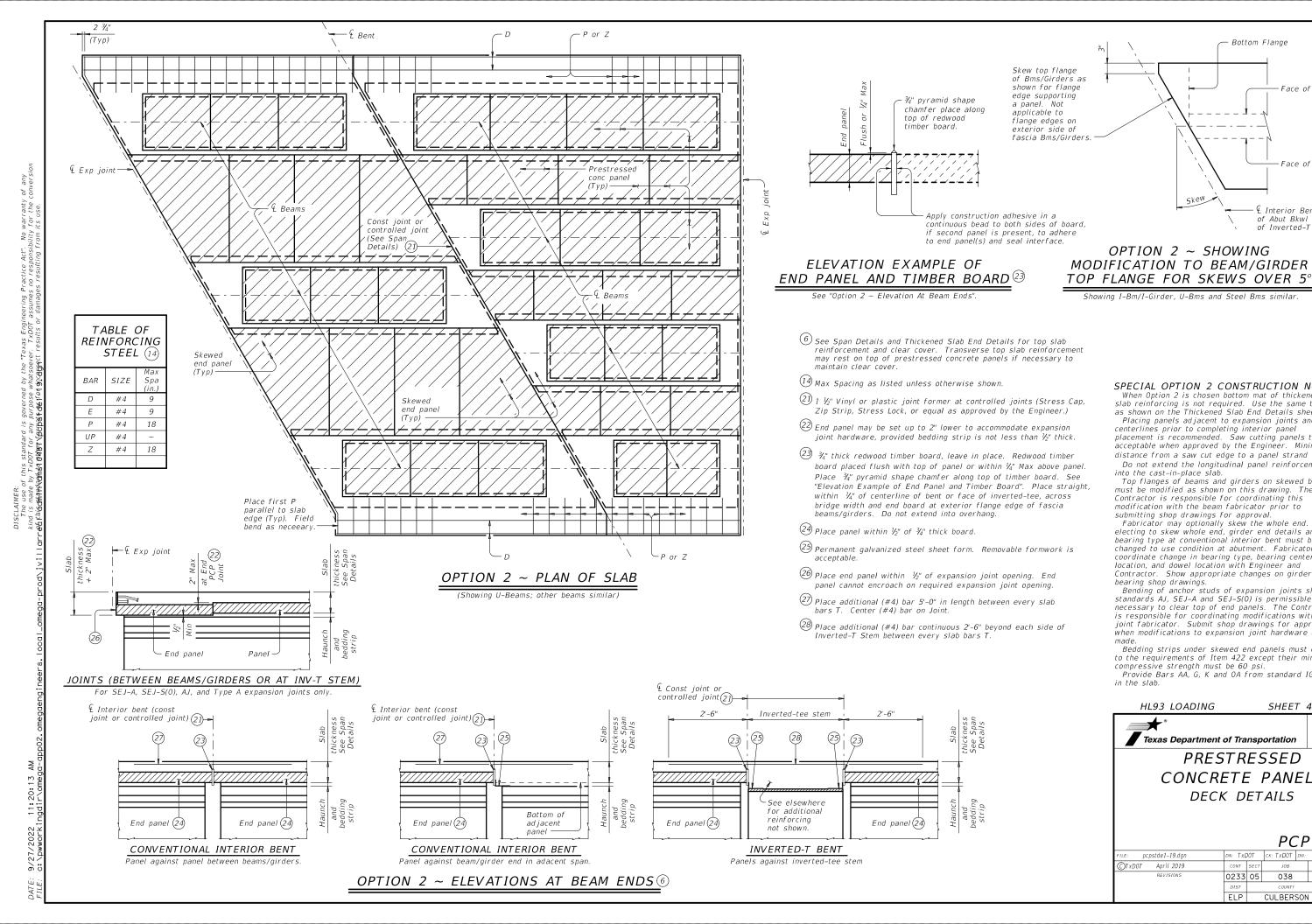
**PRESTRESSED** CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

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OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING

### SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Bottom Flange

Face of Web

Face of Web

¶ Interior Bent, Face

of Abut Bkwl or Face

of Inverted-T Stem

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges

must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi. Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 4 OF 4

Bridge Division Standard



in the slab.

**PRESTRESSED** CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

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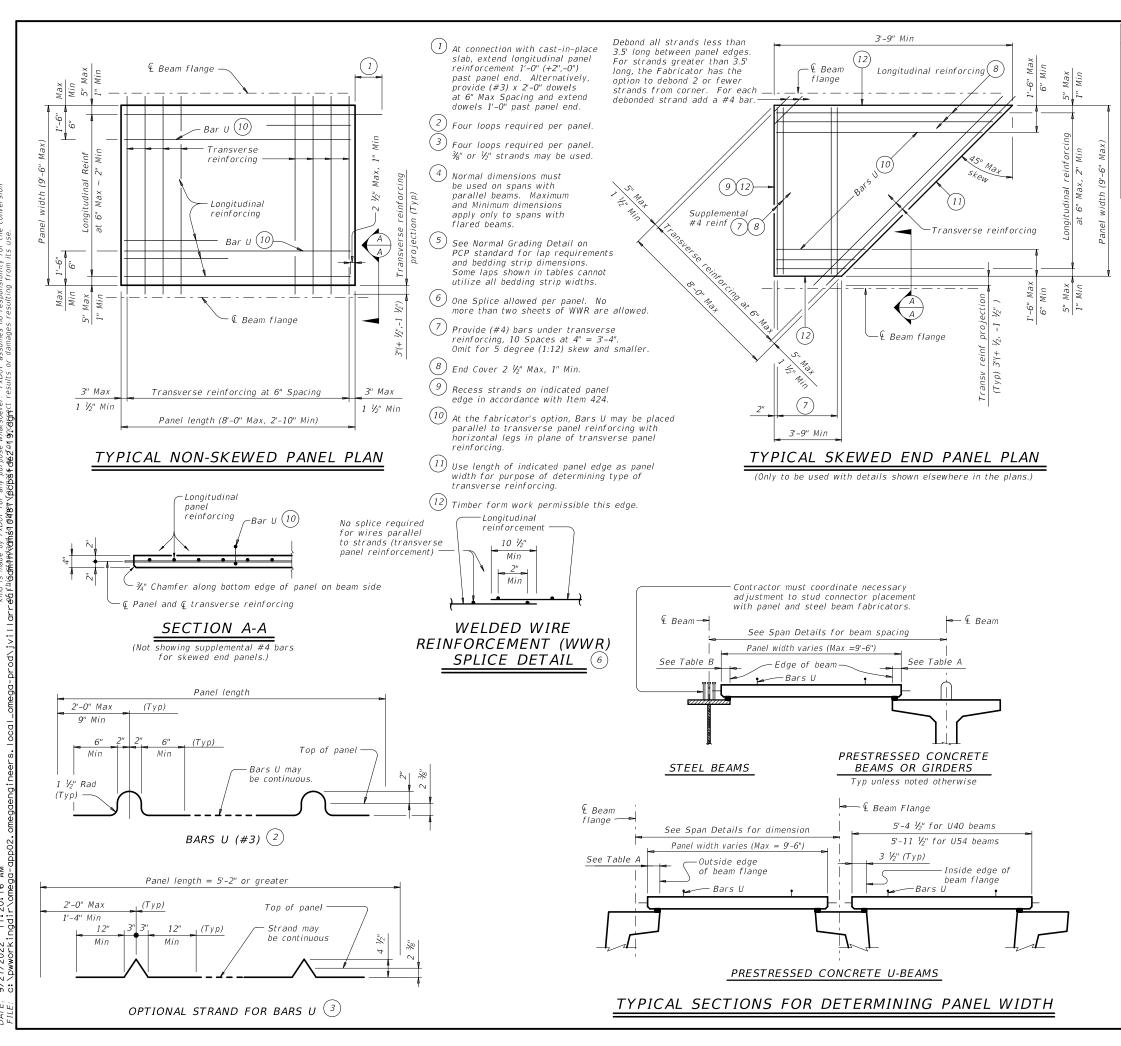


TABLE A 4 5				TABLE B 4 5					
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)		
Α	3	2 ½	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 ¾	2 ½	2 3/4		
В	3	2 ½	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4		
С	4	3	4 1/2	Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 3/4		
IV	6	4	7 ½	Over 18"	5	3 ½	6 1/4		
VI	6 ½	4 1/2"	8 ½						
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7						
Tx28-70	6	5	7 ½						
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 1/2						
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 1/2						

### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide ¾" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.

Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete

surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

### TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use %" or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use  $\frac{3}{6}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed)

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

### LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed. 2. %" Dia prestressing strands at 4 ½" Max Spacing
- (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3.  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

  No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed.

Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANEL FABRICATION **DETAILS** 

PCP-FAB

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CULBERSON

igaingle It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.

 $^{igotimes}$  Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown.

12 1 ½" End Cover on bars. (Typ)

 $rac{\textcircled{1}}{3}$  Space bars UP(#4) with girder bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3  $rac{1}{2}$ " with Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(14) 6" plus or minus.

Delace sealing strip at flange edge as shown. Butt adjacent sealing strips longitudinally together with adhesive. Use pencil vibrators with concrete placement over girder and between sealing strips to avoid rupturing sealing strips. Cut sealing strips 2" higher than anticipated haunch thickness and compress

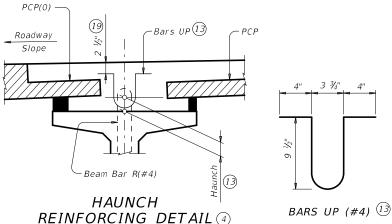
(16) (#3) Panel bars F must be field bent and welded to the R bars in girder. Two bars F per panel.

 $\widehat{\mathbb{U}}$  Field placed bars that are allowed to be lapped. Reinforcing steel that protrudes from panels are not considered bars to be lapped. See "Material Notes" for applicable bar laps

(18) Leveling Bolt Pad. 1" Dia Coil Rod or 1" Dia Coil Bolt shown, are furnished by the contractor. After grading each PCP(0) panel with the 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts, secure each panel in its final resting position (plastic shims, welding, etc) and remove all 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts for the cast-in-place concrete. Coil rods/bolts may be left in place at contractor's option. If coil rods/bolts are left in place, coil rods/bolts must have at least 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of cover to top of finish grade. Grading bolts are inadequate to carry all conceivable screed/construction loads. Panel support method must be calculated, location identified, and placed on shop drawings. Method chosen to support panels must be adequate for all construction loads. Panel support method must be placed/constructed after final grading and before screed rail placement.

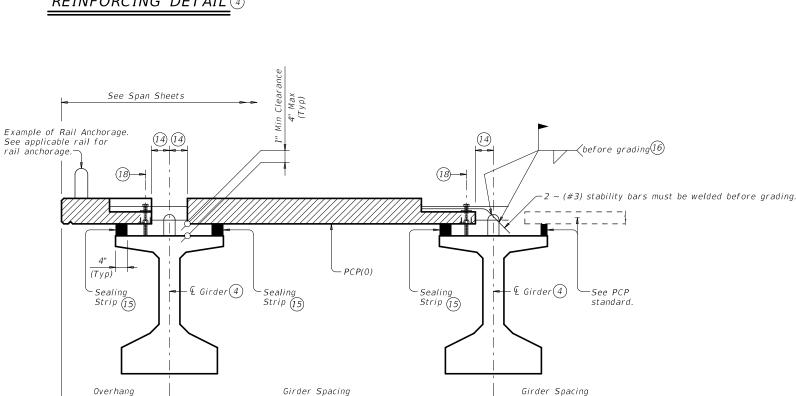
19 Unless shown otherwise on Span Details.

See Span sheets



See Span sheets

Screed Rail prohibited (5)



See Span sheets

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION (Showing Girder Type Tx46)

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended.

BAR TABLE SIZE MAX SPA (IN)

31/2"

9"

9"

#4

#4

#4

A (12)(17)

G (12)(17)

T (12)(17) #4

Ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Place sealing strips at girder flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 8" transversely under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

Panel placement with Option 1 on the PCP standard is not allowed. It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder and

panel, maintain a minimum vertical opening of 1". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Sealing strips vary in thickness along girder are therefore required.

Seal the top panel with a Class 4 sealant as shown in the Panel Lavout.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then epoxy coat bars A, G, M, & T.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated  $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ 

Provide sealing strips comprised of one layer low density polyurethane (1.0 Lbs density) foam sealing strips or equivalent. Oversize the height of sealing strips by 2". Bond sealing strips to the girder with 3M Scotch ® 4693 or equivalent adhesive compatible with sealing strips.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details can be used as an option to construct the deck overhang when noted on the Span details and in conjunction with the PCP(0)-FAB, PCP and applicable Standard sheets.

These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on these details is subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

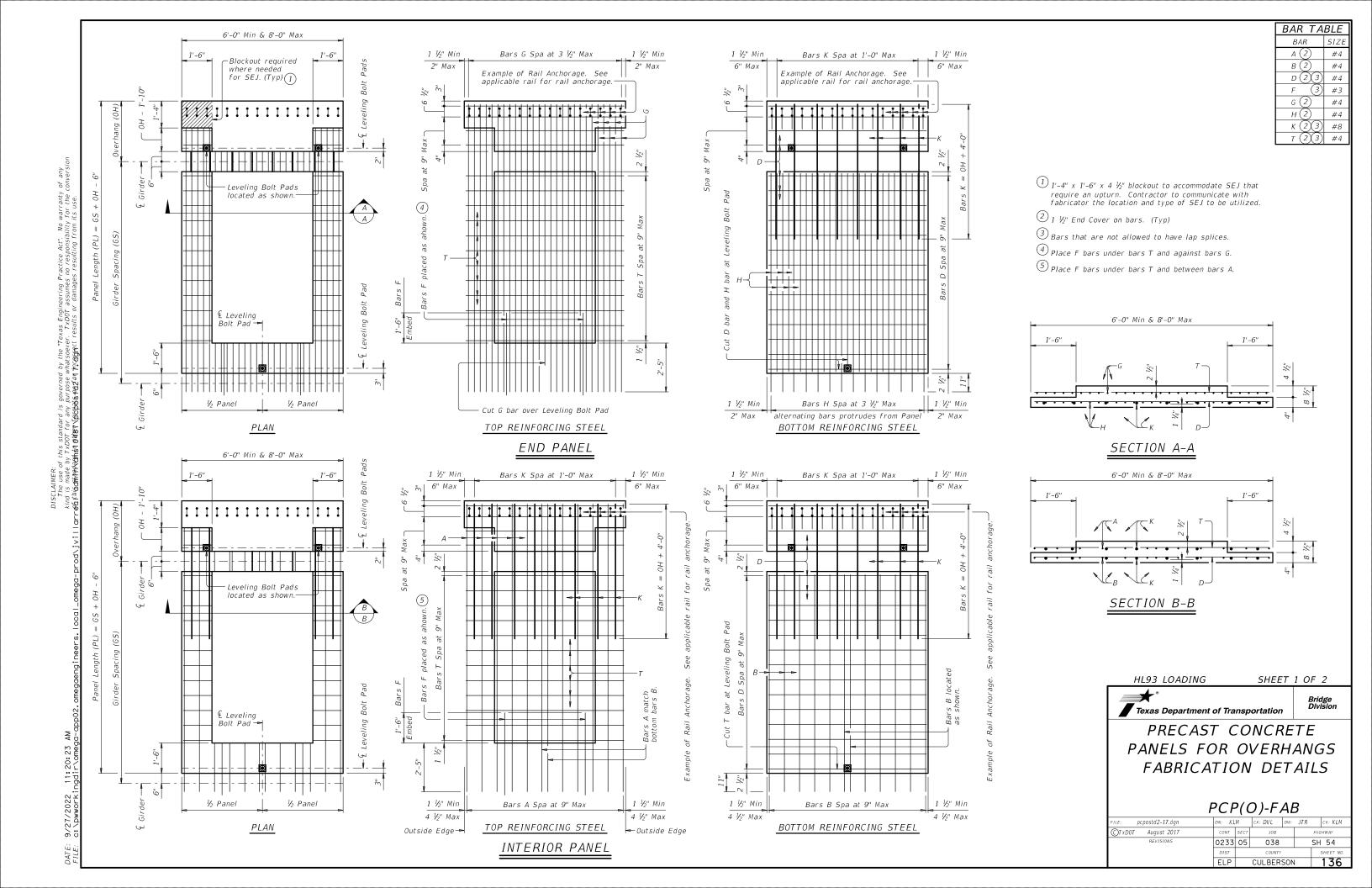
Bridge Division

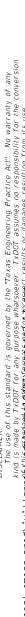


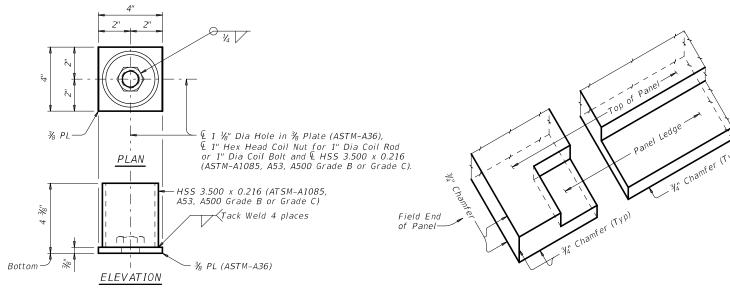
PRECAST CONCRETE PANELS FOR OVERHANGS

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### LEVELING BOLT PAD DETAILS

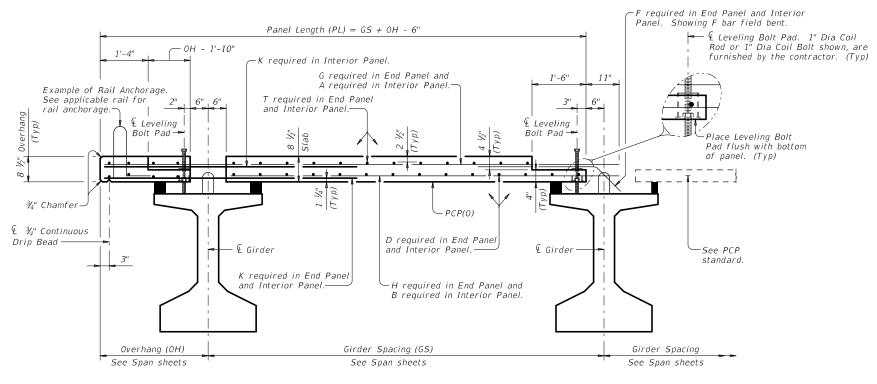
Galvanize if epoxy coated reinforcing steel is used in slab. Do not oil this assembly.

### ISOMETRIC VIEW AT CORNER OF PANEL

Showing Typical Chamfers on Panel. Drip Bead and reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



BARS F



### TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

(Showing Girder Type Tx46)

### CONSTRUCTION/FABRICATION NOTES:

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top surface area of panel with a broom finish. Finish top ledge of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Provide ¾" concrete chamfers as shown on these details.

Do not lap splice bars D, F, K & T. Bars A, B, G & H, may
be spliced with only one lap splice allowed on each bar.

Panels must be fabricated by a fabricator meeting the

Panels must be fabricated by a fabricator meeting the requirements of DMS 7300 for Multi-Project Nonstressed Member Fabrication Plant.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete (f'c=4000 psi) in panels. Provide Class H (HPC) concrete for panels if required elsewhere in plans. Maximum large aggregate size is 1".

Provide material as shown on this standard for the

Provide material as shown on this standard for the Leveling Bolt Pad.

Provide Grade 60 conventional reinforcing steel.
Provide epoxy coated reinforcement for bars A, B, D, G,
H, K & T if slab reinforcement is epoxy coated.

An equal area and spacing of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) ASTM-A1064 may be substituted for bars A, B, D, G, H & T, unless otherwise noted. Bars F and K can not be replaced with WWR.

Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coated

Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coate reinforcing steel is used in slab.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.
These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders.
Any additional reinforcement, lifting devices or epoxy
coated reinforcement required on these details are subsidiary
to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

See railing details for rail anchorage in panel overhang. A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Submit stable lifting methods and devices to the Engineer for approval.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will require the Engineer's approval.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted therwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of har

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



PRECAST CONCRETE
PANELS FOR OVERHANGS
FABRICATION DETAILS

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## PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

Position hangers flush with edge

1" Max (Typ)

1" Min (Typ)

1" Max (Typ)

of beam

Stirrup lock -

– Form

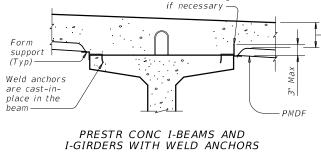
(Typ)

support

Field trim angle

if necessary

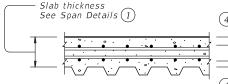
Intermittent



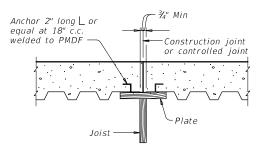
Slab thickness.

Field trim angle

See Span Details (1)



### TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION



Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

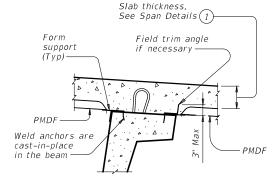
### SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

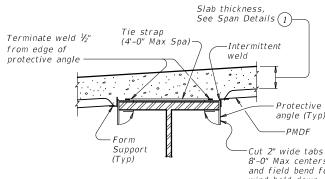
- Form supports -

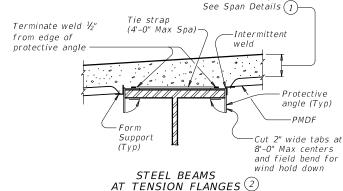
STEEL BEAMS

AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

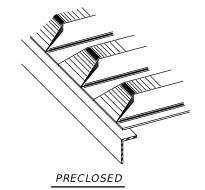


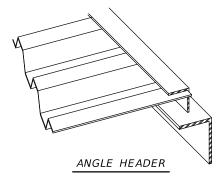
### U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS





### TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS



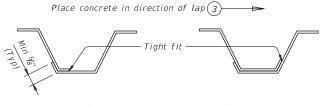


NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

TYPES OF END CLOSURES

FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES: Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing



### SIDE LAP DETAILS

- (1) Slab thickness minus  $\frac{5}{8}$ " if corrugations match reinforcing bars.
- 2) Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld ioint.
- (3) The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.
- (4) See Span details for cover requirements.

GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form

a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for all design spans of railroad overpass bridge spans fully or partially over railroad right-of-way, and for all bridge spans of railroad underpass structures.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2".

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam flanges

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder in accordance with Item 448.

All permanently exposed form metal, where

the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

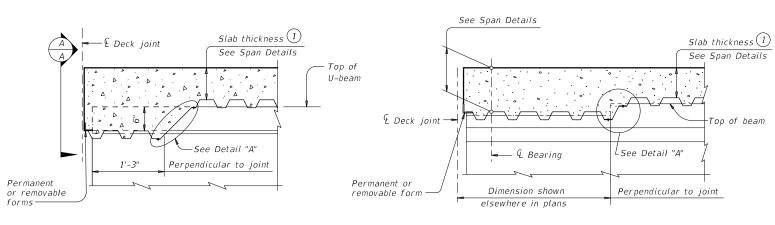
SHEET 1 OF 2



### PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

### **PMDF**

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02-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
12-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	ELP		CULBER:	SON		138



€ Bent-

Permanent or removable

Inverted tee

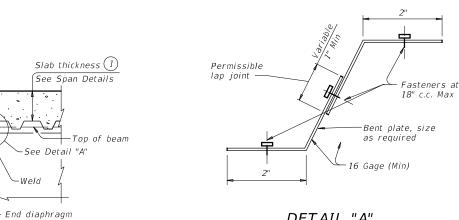
bent cap

### AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

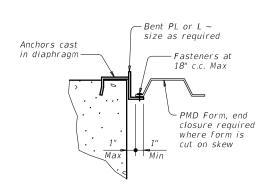
### AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

AT SLAB OVER INV TEE STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



### DETAIL "A'



Secure form support to

with beam flange

beam flange as necessary to ensure uniform contact

support

SECTION A-A

DETAIL "B"

- AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS
- shall be 40 ksi

### match reinforcing bars (5) Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars

1) Slab thickness minus 3%" if corrugations

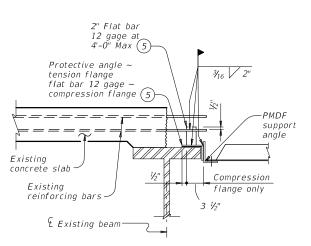
### See Span Details for break line location-2" Flat Bar 12 Gage at 4'-0" Max (5) 3/16 2" Flat Bar 12 Gage (5) 14 Existing concrete slab Existing reinforcing bars - & Existing

SHOWING PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS

prestr I-girder

PMDF

support



SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

### WIDENING DETAILS

SHEET 2 OF 2

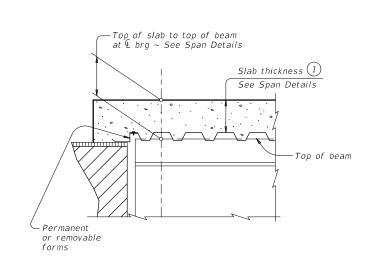


PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

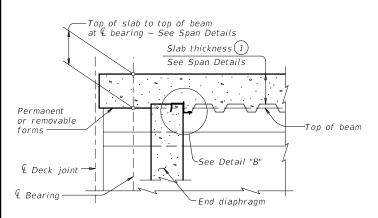
**PMDF** 

Bridge Division Standard

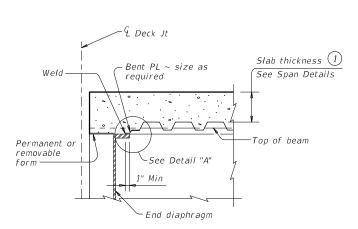
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12-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	ELP		CULBER:	SON		139	



AT SLAB OVER ABUT BKWL OR INV TEE STEM FOR CONC BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



AT CONC END DIAPHRAGM FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS AND STEEL BEAMS



WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

### DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS

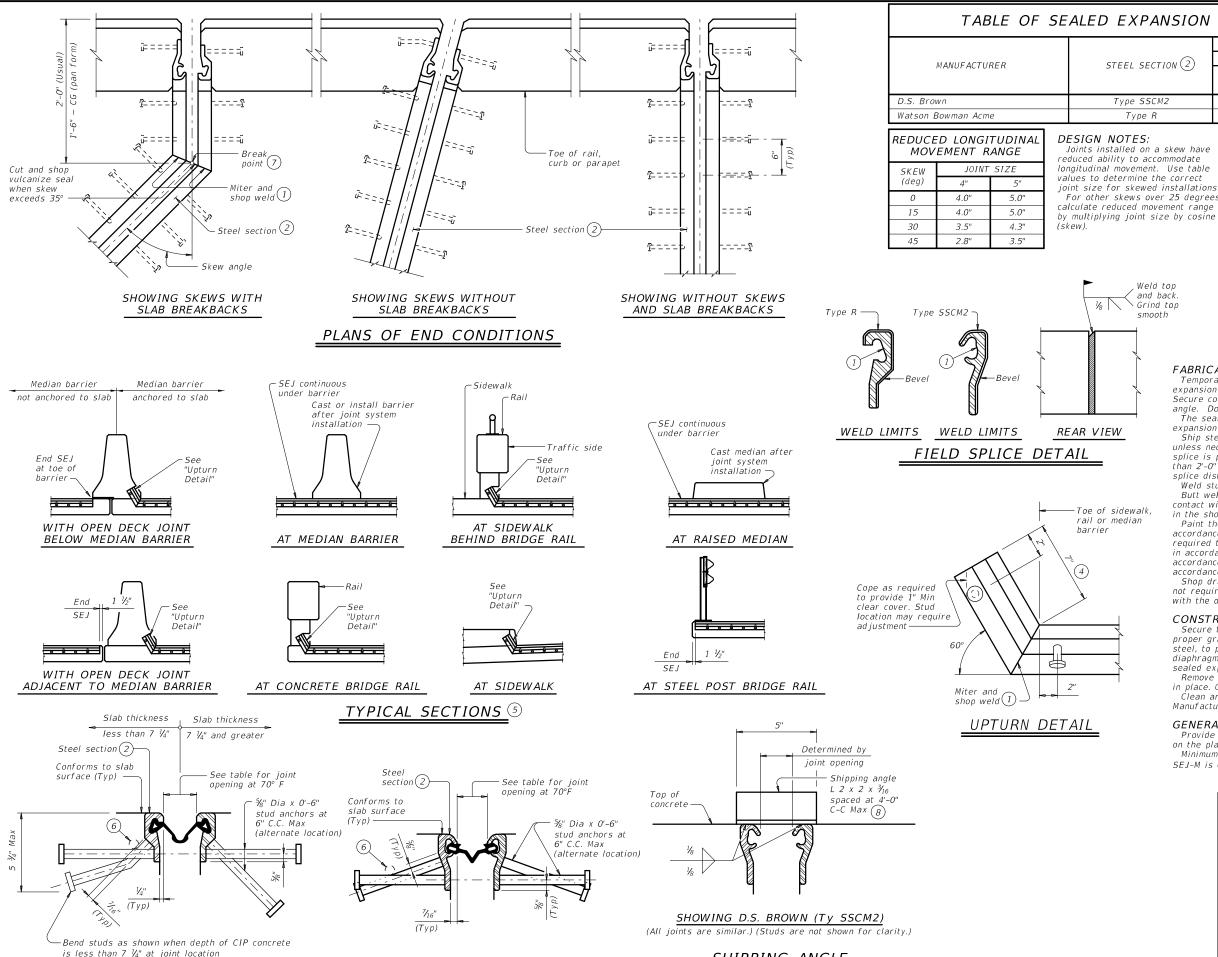


TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION 5" JOINT Seal Joint Joint Opening (3) Type Opening (3 Type A2R-400 A2R-XTRA SE-400 SE-500

> reduced ability to accommodate longitudinal movement. Use table

For other skews over 25 degrees, calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $^{ig(2)}$  Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle ext{ }}{\textstyle ext{ }}$  These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$  Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- See Span details for location of break point.
- 8 Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

### FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed

expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in

accordance with Item 446, "Feild Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion ioint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown

Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6 1/2".



Bridge Division Standard

### SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPE M WITHOUT OVERLAY

SEJ-M

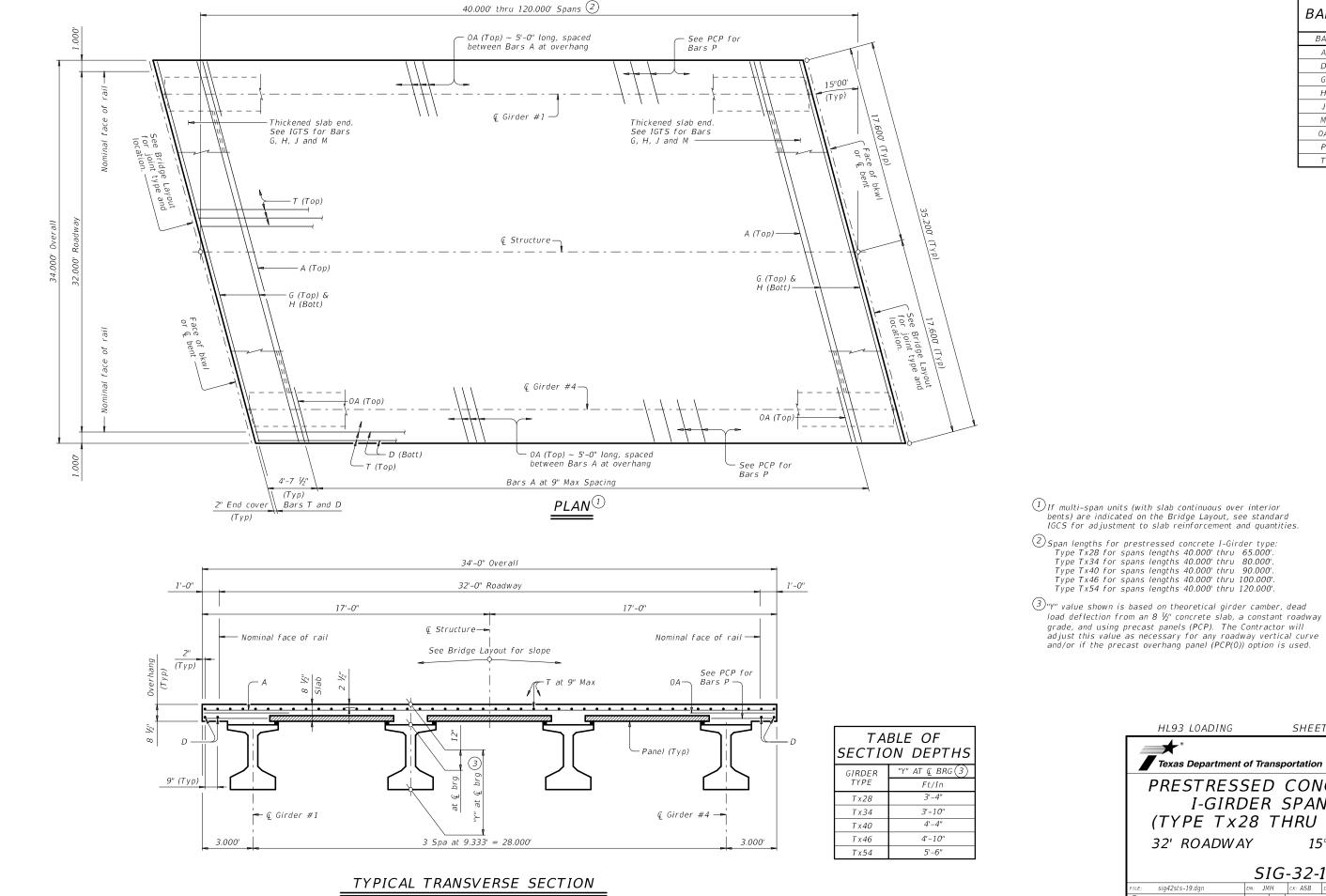
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TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05 038				SH	54
	DIST	COUNTY				5	SHEET NO.
	FIP	FLP CULBERSON					140

SECTION THRU WATSON BOWMAN ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS

11:20:30

SECTION THRU D.S. BROWN (A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.



(Showing girder type Tx46)

BAR TABLE SIZE BAR #4 D #4 #4

Н #4 #4 Μ #4 OA#5 #4 #4

1) If multi-span units (with slab continuous over interior bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, see standard IGCS for adjustment to slab reinforcement and quantities.

"Y" value shown is based on theoretical girder camber, dead load deflection from an 8 ½" concrete slab, a constant roadway grade, and using precast panels (PCP). The Contractor will adjust this value as necessary for any roadway vertical curve and/or if the precast overhang panel (PCP(0)) option is used.

SHEET 1 OF 2

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)

32' ROADWAY

15° SKEW

SIG-32-15

FILE: sig42sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	Н	ck: ASB	DW:	JTR	CK: TAR
CTxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	3 05 038			SH 54	
10-19: Increased "X" and "Y" Values	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		141

TYPE Tx28 GIRDERS								
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"						
Ft	Ft	Ft						
40	0.011	0.015						
45	0.017	0.024						
50	0.026	0.037						
55	0.040	0.056						
60	0.057	0.080						
65	0.079	0.111						

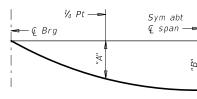
TABLE OF DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS										
TYPE	Tx34 GII	RDERS	TYPE	Tx40 GI	RDERS	П	TYPE			
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"		SPAN LENGTH			
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	lΓ	Ft			
40	0.006	0.009	40	0.004	0.006	۱Г	40			
45	0.010	0.014	45	0.006	0.009	П	45			
50	0.016	0.022	50	0.011	0.015	П	50			
55	0.024	0.033	55	0.016	0.022	П	55			
60	0.034	0.048	60	0.022	0.031	П	60			
65	0.047	0.066	65	0.031	0.043	1 [	65			
70	0.064	0.090	70	0.042	0.059	1 [	70			
75	0.085	0.120	75	0.056	0.078	1 [	75			
80	0.111	0.156	80	0.073	0.102		80			
	•		85	0.093	0.131		85			
			90	0.118	0.165	1 F	90			

TYPE	TYPE Tx40 GIRDERS						
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH				
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft				
40	0.004	0.006	40				
45	0.006	0.009	45				
50	0.011	0.015	50				
55	0.016	0.022	55				
60	0.022	0.031	60				
65	0.031	0.043	65				
70	0.042	0.059	70				
75	0.056	0.078	75				
80	0.073	0.102	80				
85	0.093	0.131	85				
90	0.118	0.165	90				
			95				
			100				

TYPE	Tx46 GIRDERS		TYPE	Tx54 GI	x54 GIRDERS		
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"		
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft		
40	0.003	0.004	40	0.002	0.003		
45	0.004	0.006	45	0.003	0.004		
50	0.007	0.010	50	0.005	0.007		
55	0.011	0.015	55	0.007	0.010		
60	0.015	0.021	60	0.010	0.014		
65	0.021	0.030	65	0.014	0.020		
70	0.028	0.040	70	0.019	0.027		
75	0.038	0.053	75	0.025	0.035		
80	0.049	0.069	80	0.033	0.046		
85	0.063	0.089	85	0.042	0.059		
90	0.080	0.113	90	0.053	0.074		
95	0.100	0.140	95	0.066	0.093		
100	0.123	0.173	100	0.081	0.114		
			105	0.100	0.140		
			110	0.120	0.169		

115

120



0.172

0.202

0.241

### DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

Calculated deflections shown are due to the concrete slab on interior girders only (Ec = 5000 ksi). Adjust values as required for exterior girders and if optional slab forming is used. These value's may require field verification.

### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

		Prestres	sed Concrete	e Girders	TOT 41(5)
SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	ABUT TO 4 INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	TOTALS) REINF STEEL
Ft	SF	LF	LF	LF	Lb
40	1,360	157.96	158.00	157.93	3,128
45	1,530	177.96	178.00	177.93	3,519
50	1,700	197.96	198.00	197.93	3,910
55	1,870	217.96	218.00	217.93	4,301
60	2,040	237.96	238.00	237.93	4,692
65	2,210	257.96	258.00	257.93	5,083
70	2,380	277.96	278.00	277.93	5,474
75	2,550	297.96	298.00	297.93	5,865
80	2,720	317.96	318.00	317.93	6,256
85	2,890	337.96	338.00	337.93	6,647
90	3,060	357.96	358.00	357.93	7,038
95	3,230	377.96	378.00	377.93	7,429
100	3,400	397.96	398.00	397.93	7,820
105	3,570	417.96	418.00	417.93	8,211
110	3,740	437.96	438.00	437.93	8,602
115	3,910	457.96	458.00	457.93	8,993
120	4,080	477.96	478.00	477.93	9,384

4 Fabricator will adjust lengths for girder slopes as required.

(5) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and ståndard IGCS.

See IGTS standard for Thickened Slab End details and

quantity adjustments.
See PCP and PCP-FAB for panel details not shown.
See PCP(0) and PCP(0)-FAB for precast overhang panel

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments if this option is used.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. This standard does not support the use of transition

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in

the plans.
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated  $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



32' ROADWAY

C)T x D0T

Bridge Division Standard

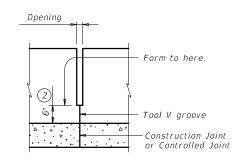
15° SKEW

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)

SIG-32-15

LE: sig42sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	Ή	ck: ASB	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038	SH 54		
10–19: Increased "X" and "Y" Values	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP	CULBERSON				142

Wingwall Length Concrete Panel Length Concrete Panel Length (Varies) End of Bridge Rail 5'-0" Min for payment Joint (See Detail) 1/4" Min Same as Slab Same as Slab 4 Thrie-Beam Jt Opening Jt Opening ¾" Max Terminal Connector (1) Intermediate Wall Joint (See Detail) Construction Joint or Controlled Joint of Abut Wingwall



### INTERMEDIATE WALL JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

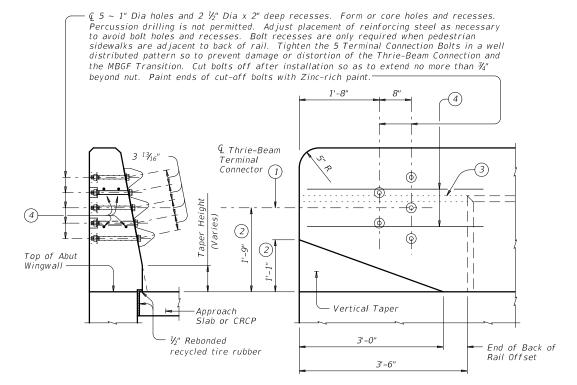
AT ABUTMENTS

AT BENTS WITH SLAB EXP JOINTS

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXP JOINTS

### ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL

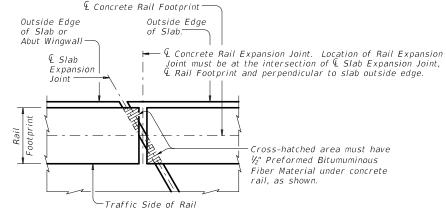
Bars S Spa ~ 2" 6" Max Spa 6" Max Spa 1/4" Min Same as Slab R(#4) S(#4) R(#4)Joint Opening ¾" Max Field bend reinforcing as necessar to maintain 1" cover -WU(#4) −£ Intermediate Wall at taper -U(#4) at 6" Max (Typ) Joint (See Detail) at 6" Max Top of Abut (Typ)



SECTION

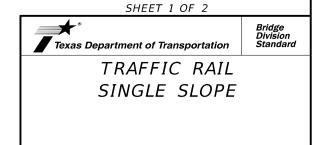
ELEVATION

### TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS



ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

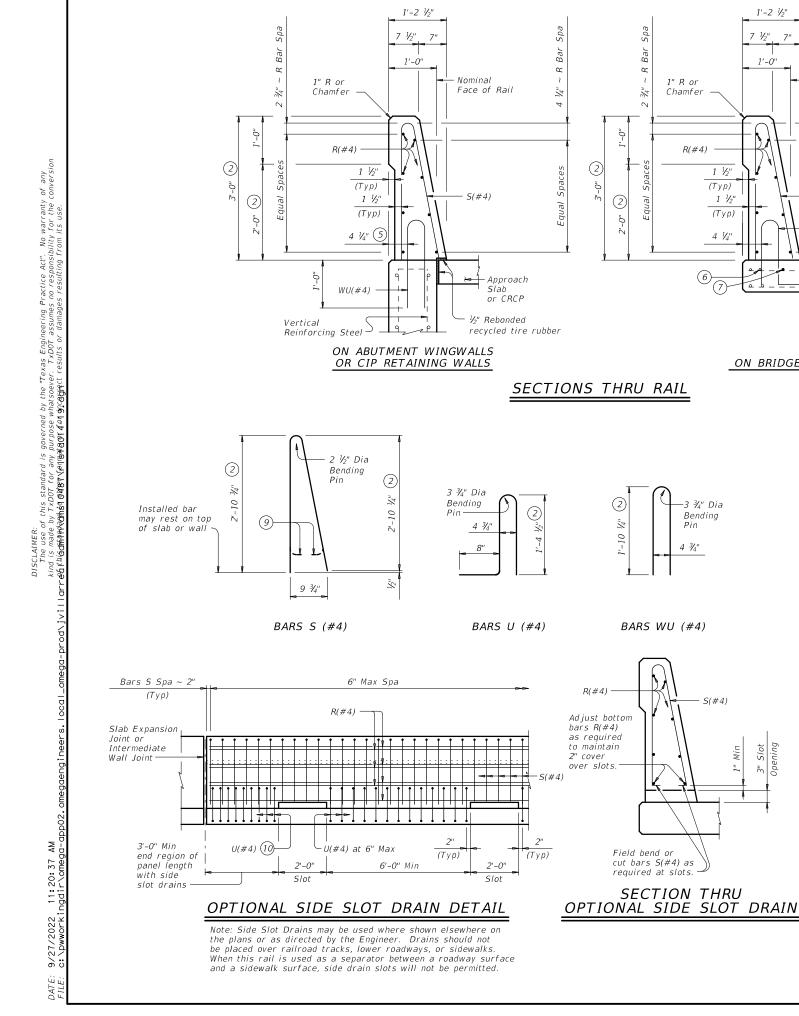
- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- 2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- 3 Back of rail offset may, with Engineer's approval, be continued to the end of the railing.
- (4) Place 4 additional Bars R(#4) 3'-8" in length inside Bars S(#4) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required.



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### PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS



2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

1'-2 1/2"

1'-0"

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Face of Rail

S(#4)

Installed bar

may rest on top

of slab or wall

2

¾" Min

1 1/3" Max

DESCRIPTION

Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area

Minimum

Maximum

Maximum Wire

Size Differential

Equal

9

OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE

REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

LONGITUDINAL WIRES

1.067 Sq In.

No. of Wires

10

1" R or

Chamfer

R(#4)

1 1/2"

(Typ)

1 1/2"

(Typ)

4 1/4"

3/4" Dia

Bending

Pin

 $\bigcirc$  5  $rac{1}{4}$ " when vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.

(6) As an aid in supporting reinforcement, additional longitudinal bars may be used in the slab with the approval of the Engineer. Such bars must be furnished at the Contractor's

(7) Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.

8 No longitudinal wires may be within upper bend.

(9) Bend or cut as required to clear drain slots.

(8)

10

VERTICAL WIRES

0.267 Sq In. per Ft

Spacing

4"

2 1/3" Dia

Bending Pin (8)

¾" Min

1 1/3" Max

The smaller wire must have an area

of 40% or more of the larger wire.

(10) Space U(#4) bars at 4" Max when end region of panel length is less than 6'-0" to side slot drain. Space U(#4) bars at 6" Max when end region of panel length is 6'-0" and greator to side slot drain.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing"

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a  $\frac{3}{6}$ " width x  $\frac{1}{4}$ " tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U

and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ 

### GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.
Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require

modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

SHEET 2 OF 2

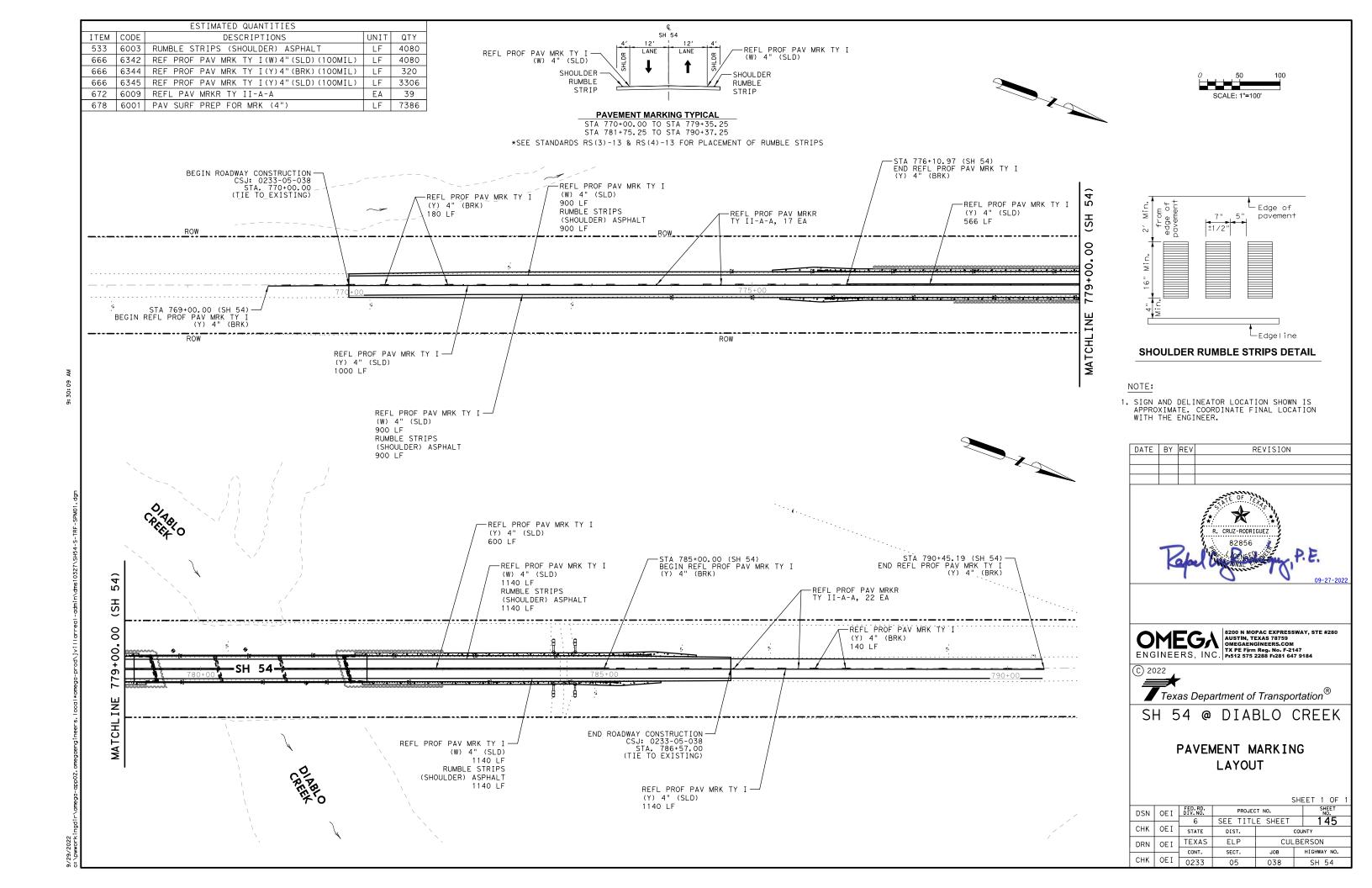


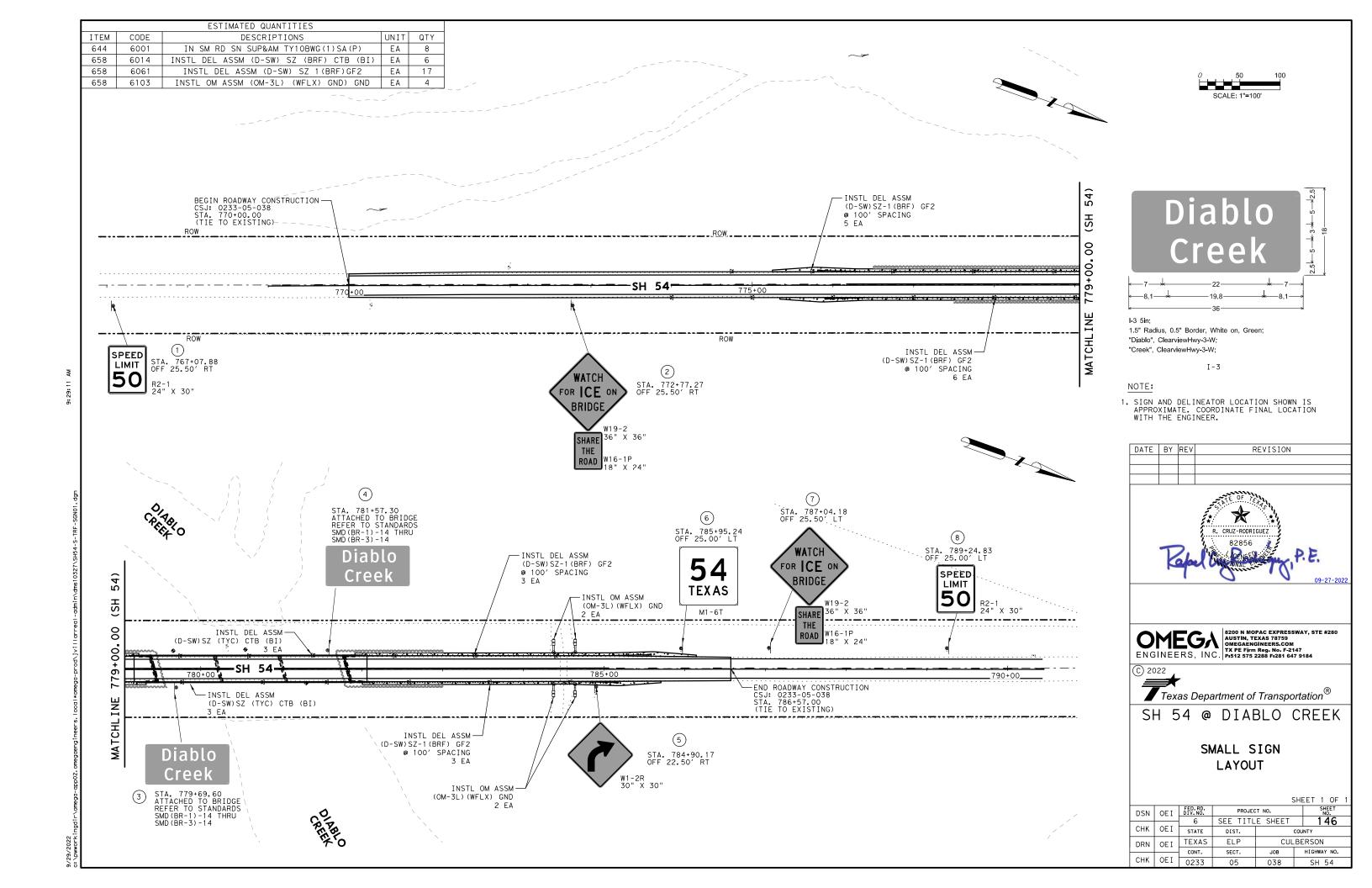
Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

			_				
FILE: T	std014-19.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T
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	REVISIONS	0233	05 038 SH 5		SH 54		
		DIST	IST COUNTY SE		SHEET NO.		
		ELP		CULBER	SON	ı	144





PLAN				(TYPE A)		RD SGI	ANCHOR TYPE		XX (X-XXXX)  NTING DESIGNATION	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANC	
		DIMENSIONS		FRP = Fibergl TWT = Thin-Wd 10BWG = 10 BV S80 = Sch 80	ass	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATE	D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext  BM = Extruded Wind Beam  WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing  Channel  EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign  Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2)  TY = TYP  TY N TY S		
4	1 0	WO 45	SPEED	24 11 70		10 DWC		CA.	P		
	1, 8	W8-15	50	24 × 30	X	10 BWG		SA	P		
1	2, 7	W19-2	FOR ICE ON SHARE THE ROAD	36 X 36	X	10 BWG	1	SA	P		
		W16-1P		18 X 24							
1	3,4	I-3	Diablo Creek	36 X 18			RE	FER TO SIGN SUPPORT	STANDARD		
1	5	W1-2R		30 X 30	X	10 BWG	1	SA	P		
1	6	M1 - 6T	54	24 X 24	X	10 BWG	1	SA	P		
			TEXAS								
					+						

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- ign supports shall be located as shown n the plans, except that the Engineer ay shift the sign supports, within esign guidelines, where necessary to ecure a more desirable location or to void conflict with utilities. Unless therwise shown on the plans, the ontractor shall stake and the Engineer ill verify all sign support locations.
- or installation of bridge mount clearance igns, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign ssembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- or Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see ign Mounting Details Small Roadside igns General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

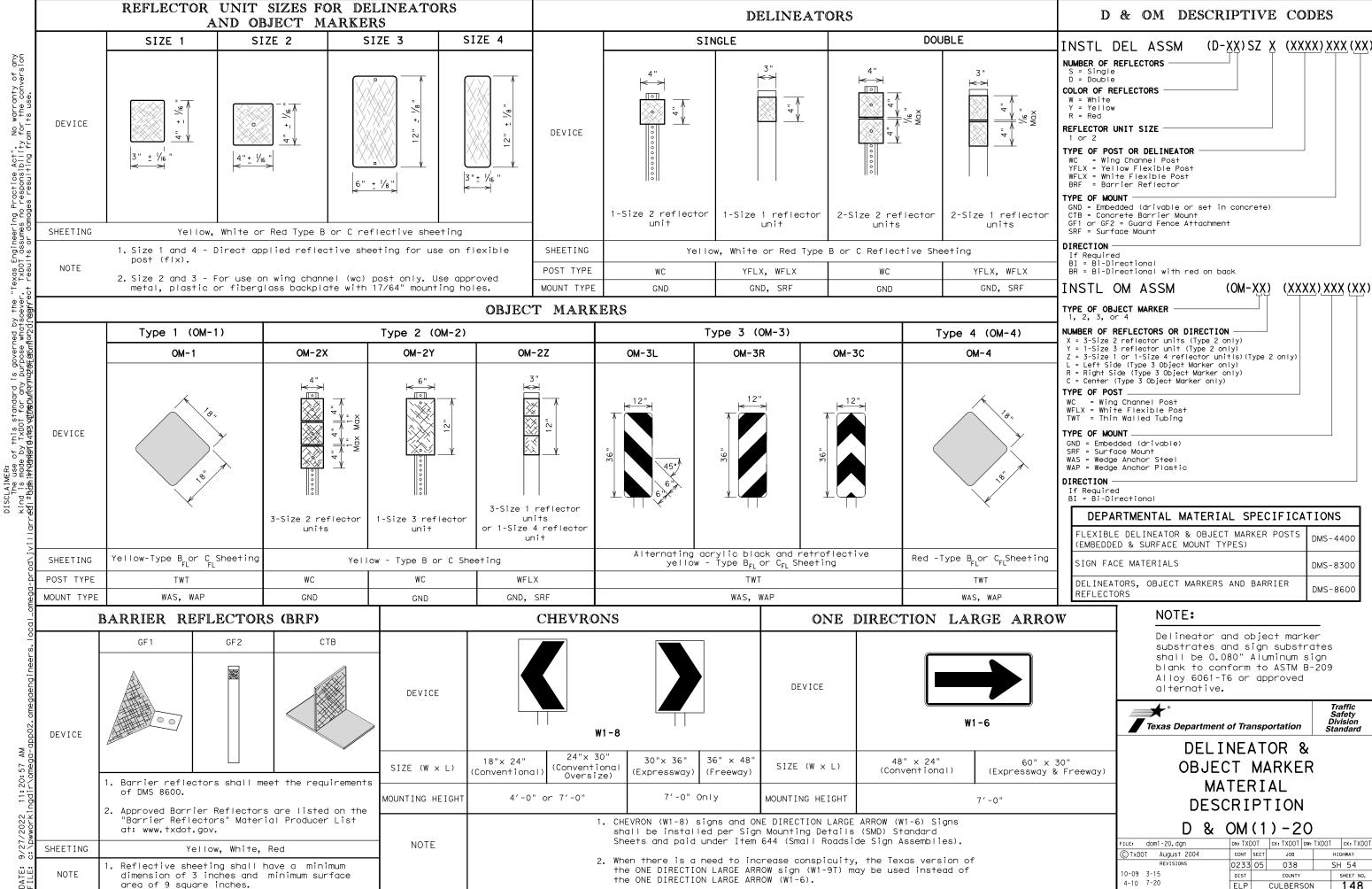
exas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

### SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

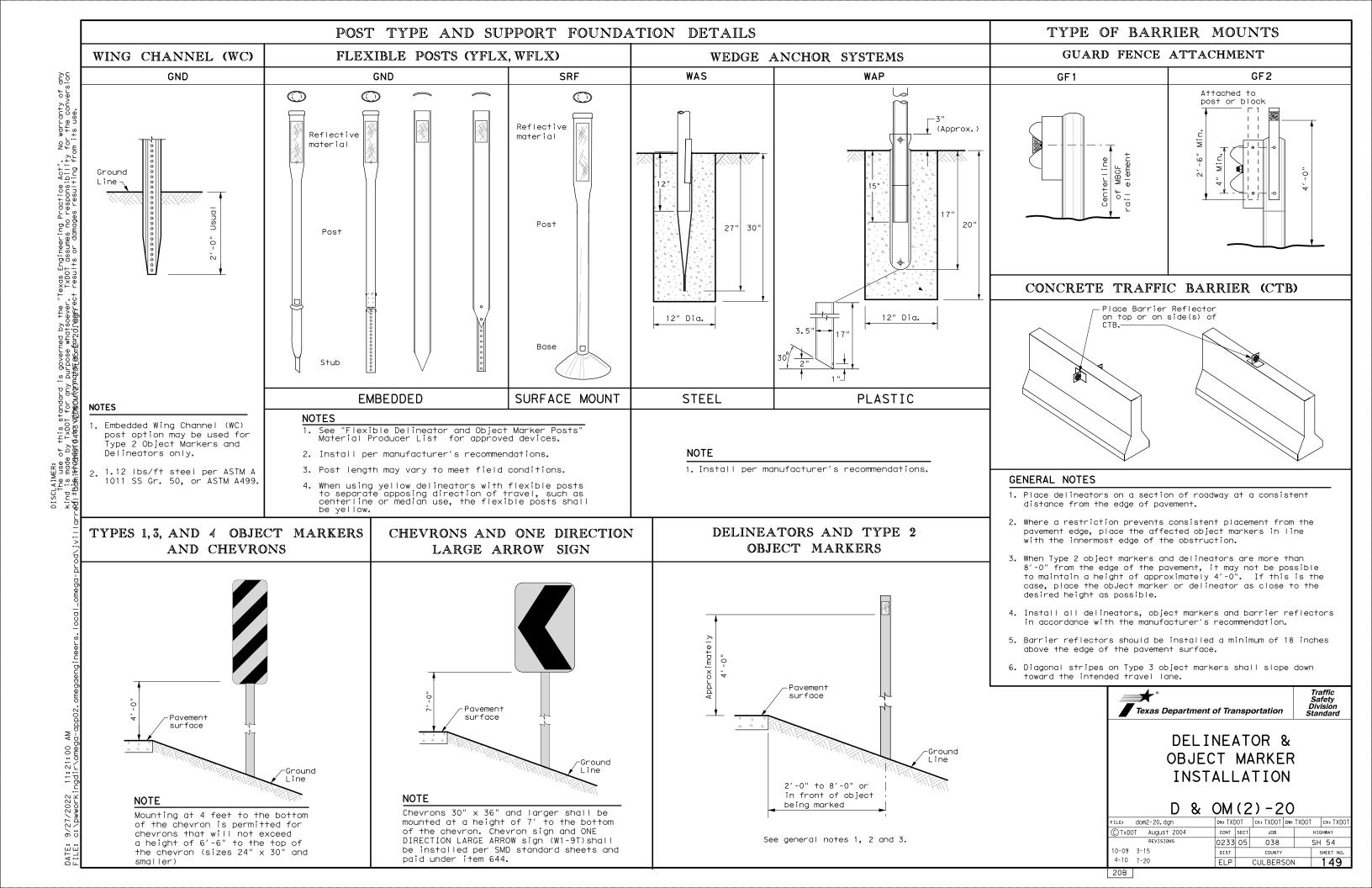
### SOSS

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REVISIONS 16 16		0233	05	038		SH	SH 54		
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		ELP	CULBERSON				147		



20A

SH 54 CULBERSON 148

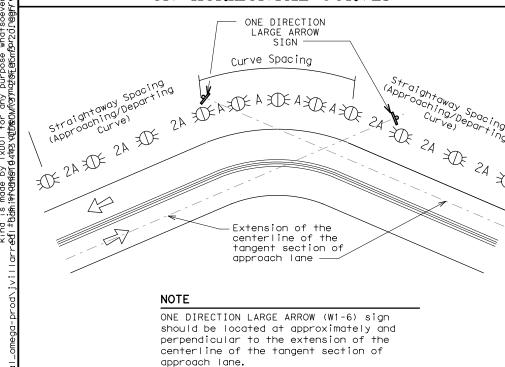


# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

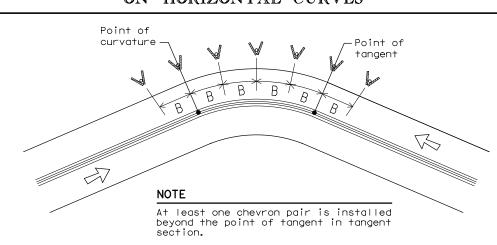
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	• RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons				

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40
_				

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	А	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DIDDITAL OR ALLO ODUDO I PARRILLING ALL DIORETTON ALLO OF ACTIVO							
CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING					
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	Frwy./Exp. Tangent RPMs						
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table					
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents  Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)					
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))					
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet					
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators					
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100′ max					
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)					
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)					
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)					
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end					
Culverts without MBGF	T. O Object Markeys	See D & OM (5)					
CUIVERTS WITHOUT MDGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)					
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)					

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

### NOTES

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
$\not \square$	Bi-directional Delineator				
X	Delineator				
_	Sign				



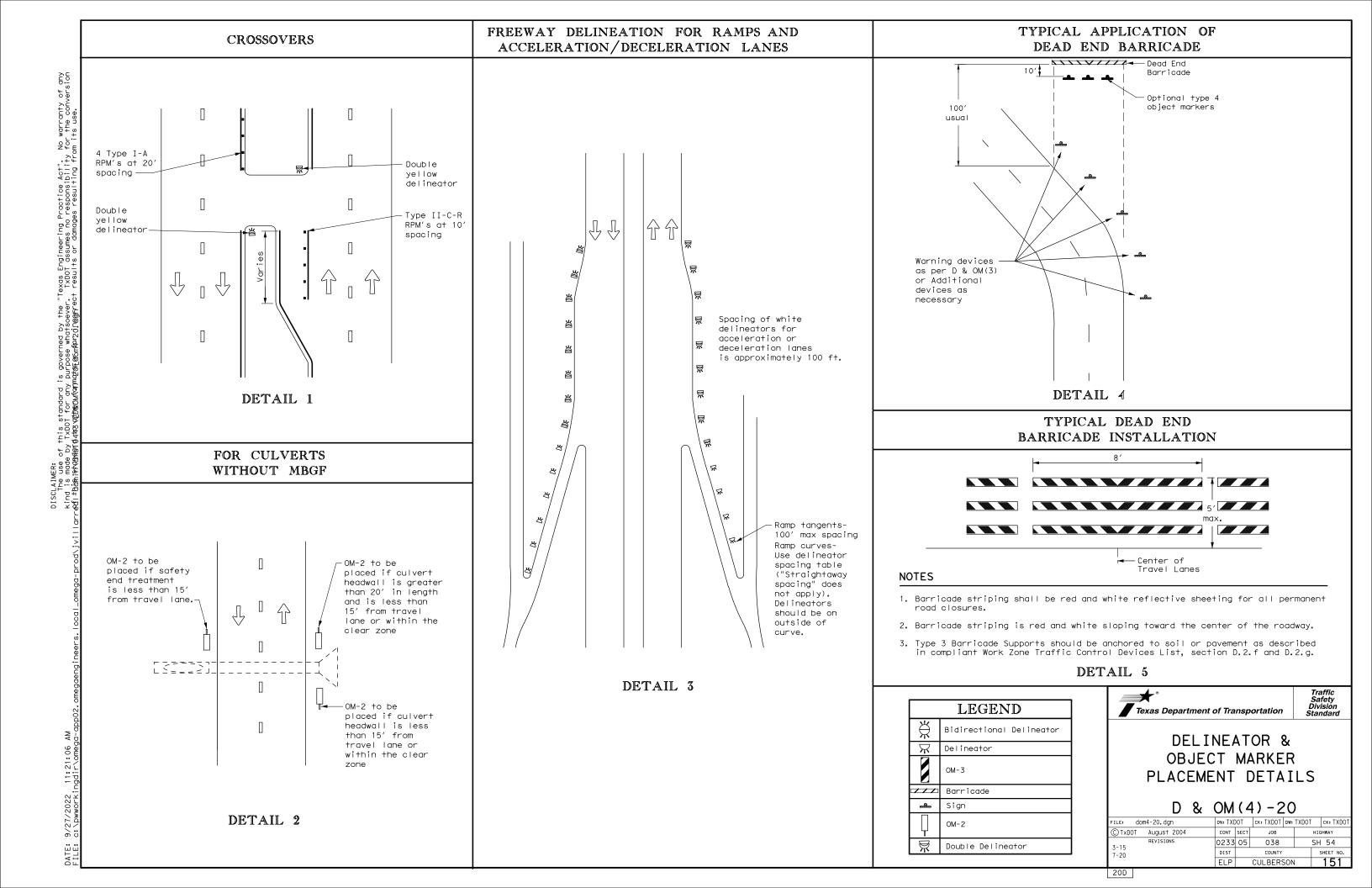
100 feet

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
PLACEMENT DETAILS

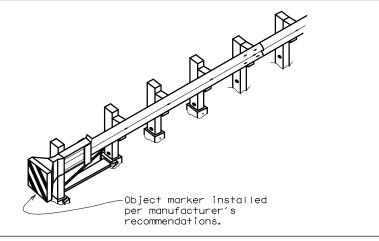
D & OM(3) - 20

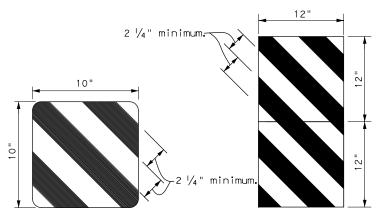
E: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDO	T	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		s	SHEET NO.
15 7-20	ELP		CULBERS	SON		150

20C

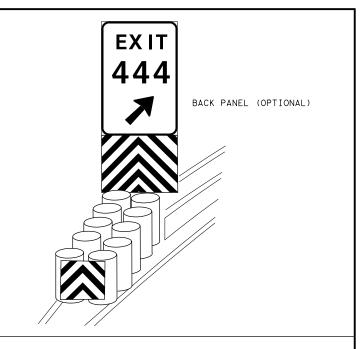


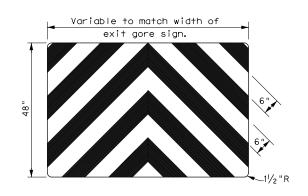
### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatscever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion editbishemengidate (@thecomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfamacomfam See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /崇 delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbb{H}}$ apart apart 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW delineators bidirectional Type D-SW delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ bidirectional $\not \boxminus$ One barrier One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed Steel or concrete П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\not \boxminus$ will have -Steel or concrete→ will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100′ max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not П but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbb{H}}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\not \boxminus$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\nabla$ $\Re$ apart $\stackrel{\times}{\bowtie}$ Line Line Type D-SW 上 🛪 录 ★ Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ $\mathbb{K}$ MBGF $\ddot{\otimes}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\not \boxminus$ Traffic Safety Division Standard LEGEND 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\not \boxminus$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & $\nabla$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT ILE: dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End C) TxD01 JOB HIGHWAY Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front 0233 05 038 SH 54 the terminal end. of the terminal end. -20 Traffic Flow CULBERSON 152 20E











### NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

D & OM(VIA)-20

ILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT	
C)TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH 54	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	ELP	CULBERSON			153	
0.00						

No warranty of any for the conversion its use.

governed by the "fexas Engineering Practice Act". Topse whatsoever TXDOI assumes no responsibility Americ Aforthacorrect results or damones result in Art.

IMER: e use of this standard i s made by TxDOT for any i s istandardatgy v<u>o</u>ppgqq1fazw

Edge Line-

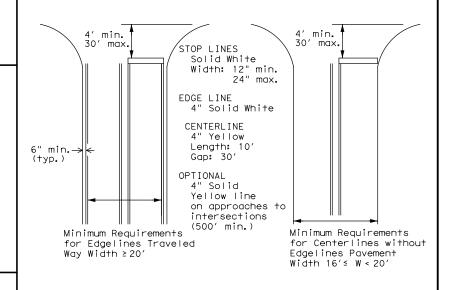
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



### TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

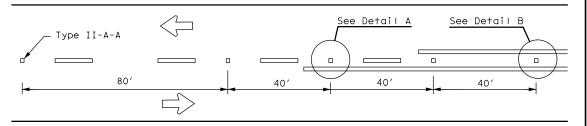
PM(1) - 20

LE: pm1-20.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
-00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	ELP	CULBERSON			154	

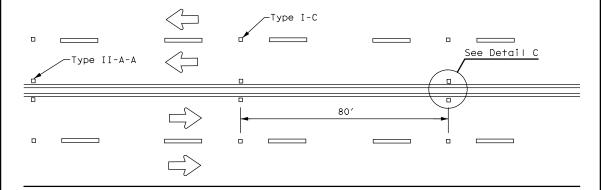
3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and

storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as

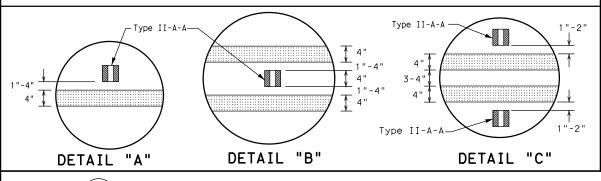
directed by the Engineer.



### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



18"± 1"

2 to 3"--

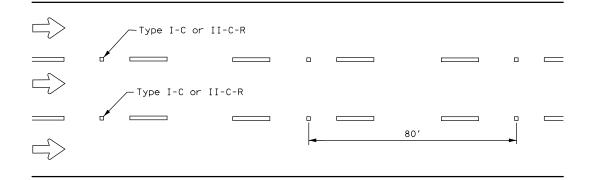
OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

OR LÂNE LINE

LINE, CENTER LINE

### Centerline < Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

### CENTER OR EDGE LINE <del>|</del> 12"± 1" 30′ BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

-300 to 500 mil , in height  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " ±  $\frac{1}{2}$ " A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters.

### NOTE

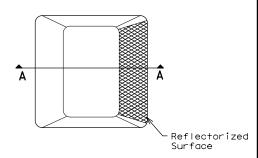
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

### GENERAL NOTES

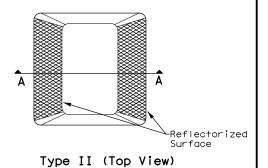
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

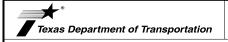


Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min-Roadway -Adhesive Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(2) - 20

FILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN: CK:		CK: DW:			CK:
©TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	54
5-00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
8-00 6-20	ELP	CULBERSON			155	

# governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any rpose whatsoever. TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion AmplyApiningCorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

12"<u>+</u> 1"

31/4 "± 3/4 "\$

2 to 3"--

4" EDGE LINE,

CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

92

CULBERSON



-See Note 3

Non-reflective raised traffic

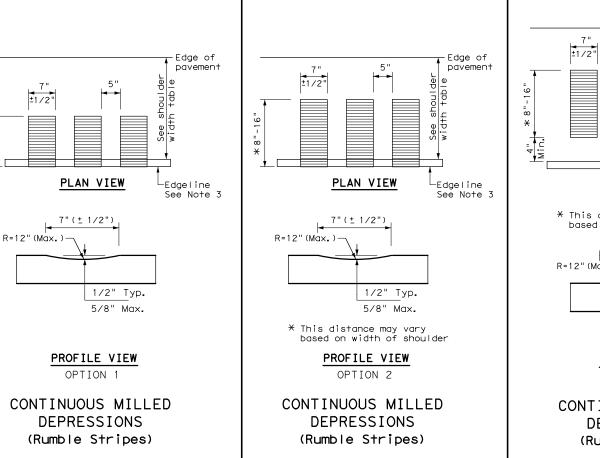
4

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 5

RAISED EDGELINE

RUMBLE STRIPS



4" or 6'

profile

edgeline

markina

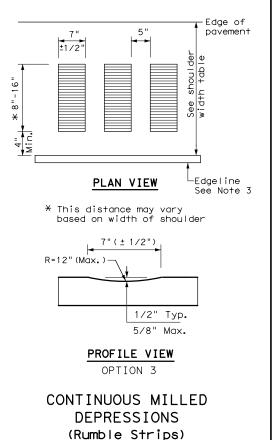
See Note 3

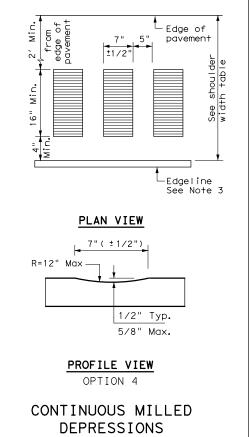
PLAN VIEW

OPTION 6

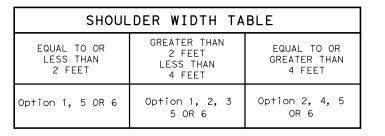
PROFILE EDGELINE

**MARKINGS** 





(Rumble Strips)



### **GENERAL NOTES**

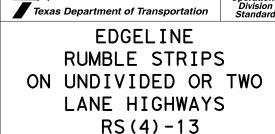
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 5. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 8. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 16. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



Traffic Operation

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO rs(4)-13.dgn C) TxDOT October 2013 CONT SECT JOB 0233 05 038 SH 54

CULBERSON 157 93

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets) SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

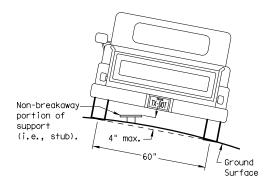
within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

### REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

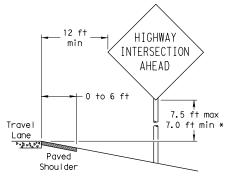
circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

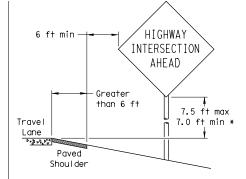
### SIGN LOCATION

### **PAVED SHOULDERS**



### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shoulder

Travel

Lane

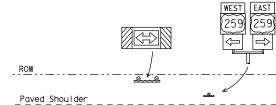
T-INTERSECTION

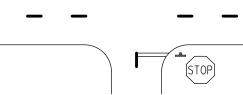
· 12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*





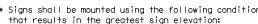
- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

# Edge of Travel Lane



components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

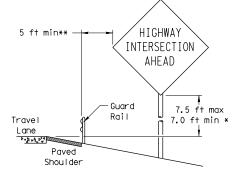
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

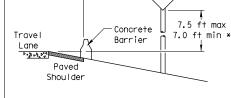
© T:	xDOT July 2002	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		0233	05	038		SH	54
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ELP		CULBERS	SON		158

# BEHIND BARRIER

2 ft min\*\*



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

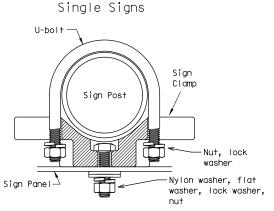
\*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

### TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

circle



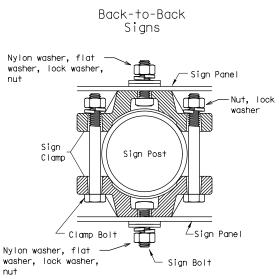
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp the universal clamp.



diameter

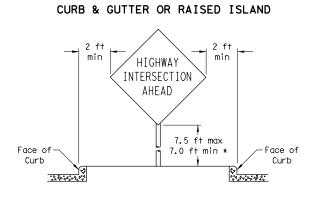
circle

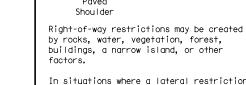
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

### EAST 7.5 ft max-7.0 ft min \* When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is 4,000,000 measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign. Shou I der

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



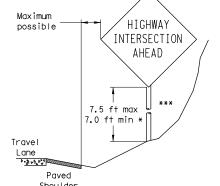


In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

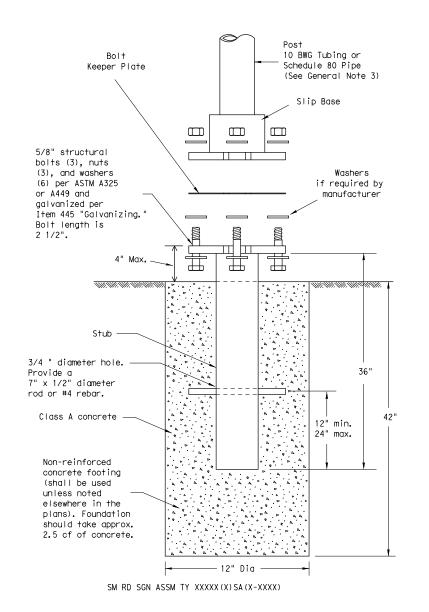


RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY





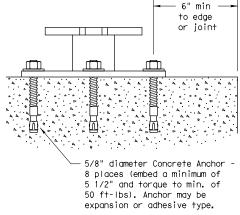
### TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

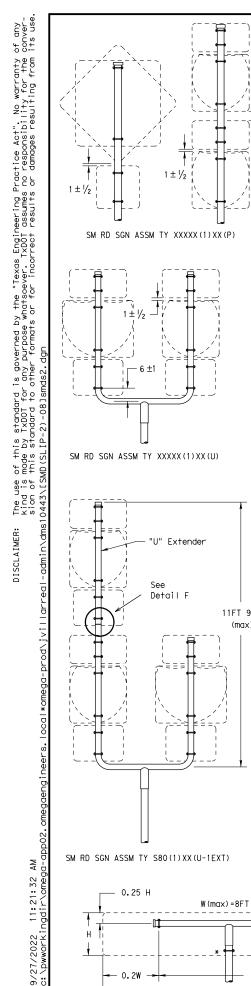
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

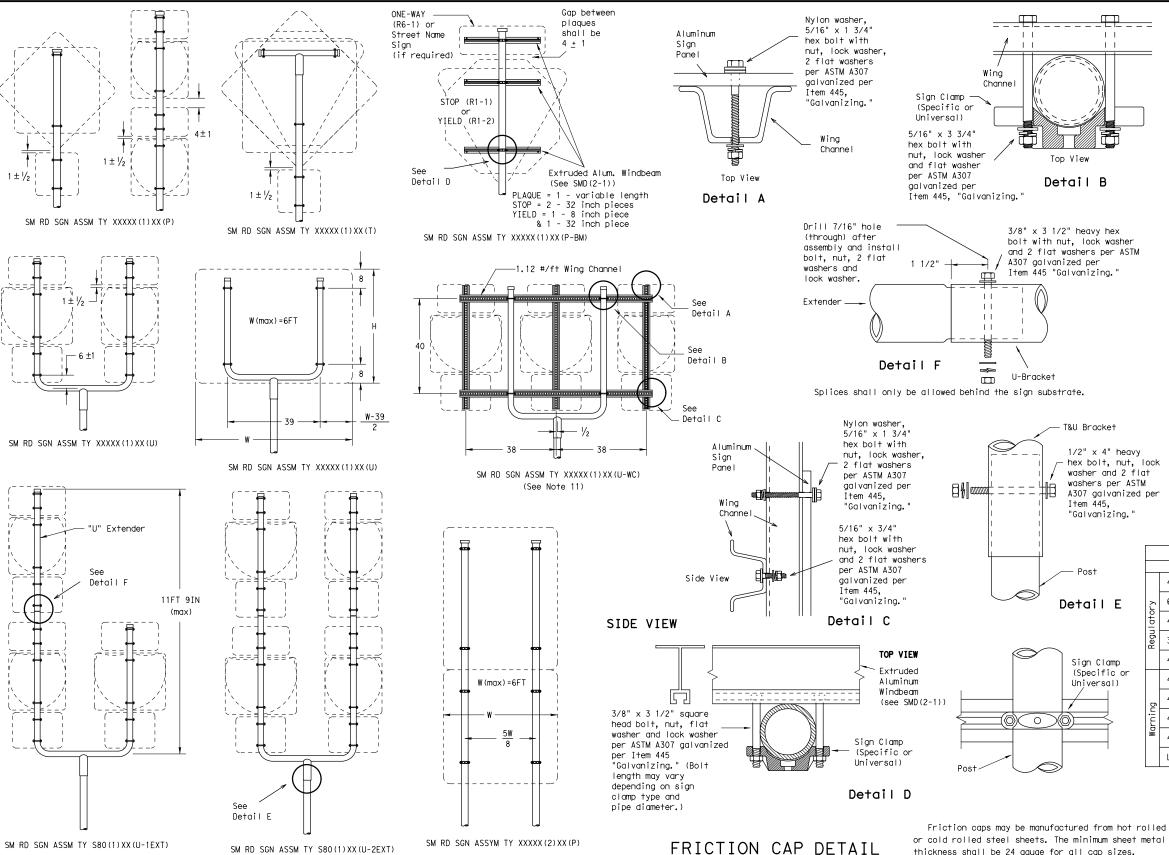


### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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	0233	05	038		Sł	1 54
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		159





±.05"

Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+.025"<u>+</u>.010"

All dimensions are in english

unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(\* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

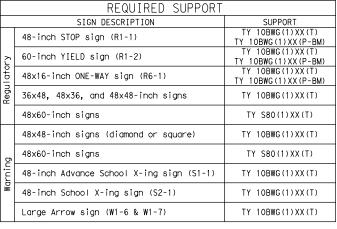
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
0233	05	038		S	SH 54
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ELP		CULBERS	SON		160
	CONT 0233 DIST	CONT SECT 0233 05 DIST	CONT         SECT         JOB           0233         05         038           DIST         COUNTY	CONT         SECT         JOB           0233         05         038           DIST         COUNTY	CONT         SECT         JOB         H           0233         05         038         S           DIST         COUNTY

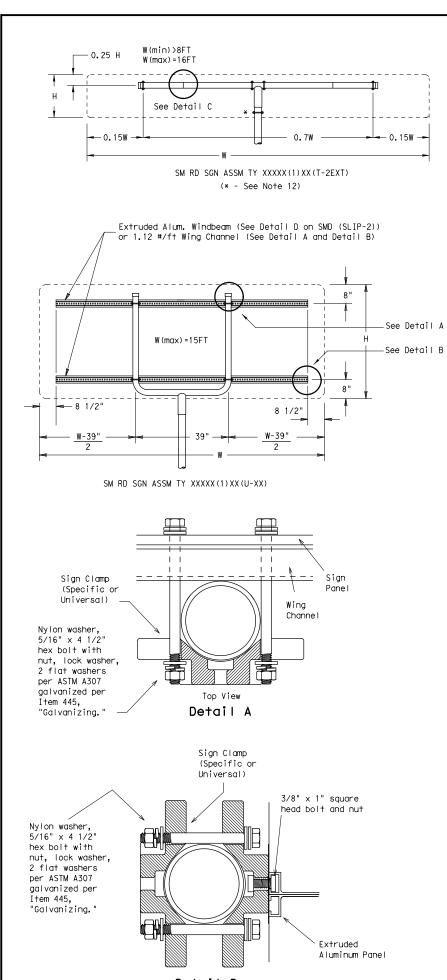
1" min, 1.75" max -	have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations
	and show no evidence of metal fracture.
	Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes. The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and

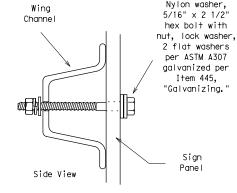
smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and

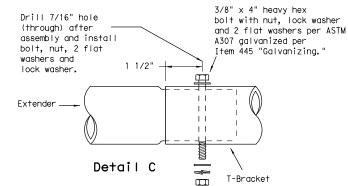
zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

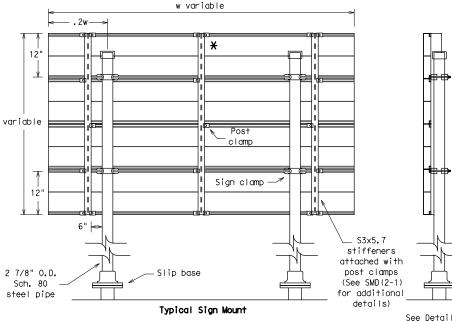
3/8" x 4 1/2

square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per ASTM A307 galvanized

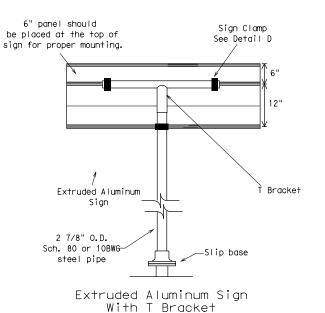
per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.'

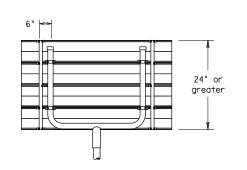
Detail E



SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL) \* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.







Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
,[	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
6	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
2	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
2	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP		CULBERS	SON		161

# SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any The use of TXD01 for any purpose Whatsoever. TXD01 assumes no responsibility for the conversion I thitm:Mayangordtwa.vatheR (BarmyaTeterEf7Sa).aggmrect results or damages resulting from its use.

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



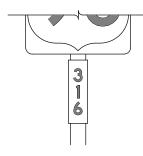




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING		
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

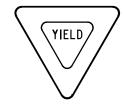
TSR(3)-13

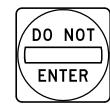
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©TxDOT October 2003		CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	HIGHWAY	
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12-03 7-13 9-08		DIST		COUNTY SHEET N		SHEET NO.		
		ELP		CULBERS	SON		162	

### REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS (STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND

WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT YELLOW		TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	WHITE TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FI				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

### REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SH				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS					
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



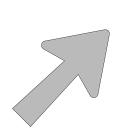
Traffic Operations Division Standard

### TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4) - 13

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TxDOT October 2003	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS	0233	05	038		SH	1 54	
2-03 7-13 9-08	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	ELP	CULBERSON				163	

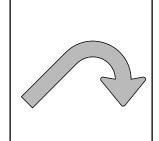
### SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)





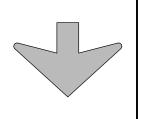
Type B

Exits



E-3





Down Arrow

"Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" Holes

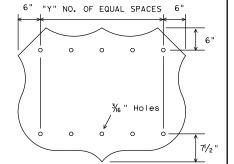
Sign Size

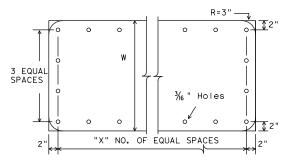
24×24

30×24 36×36

45×36

48×48





INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Χ
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

Type A

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TXDOT for any purpose whotsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion figned 448 voltes (formystereptors, iagairect results or damages resulting from its use.

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane

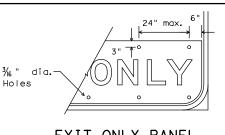
16" & 20" U/L

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.				
E-3	E5-laT				
E-4	E5-lbT				

### NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/



15

20

21

28

 $l^{1/2}$ 

13/4

¾6" Holes

36

48

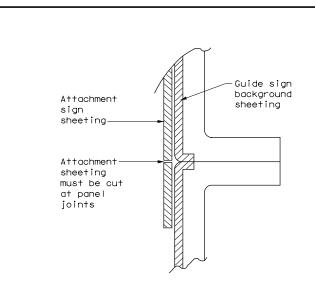


0.063"

aluminum

Type A sign

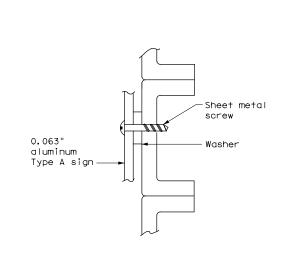
### MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)





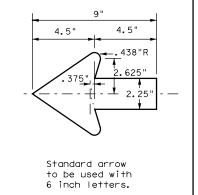
### NOTE:

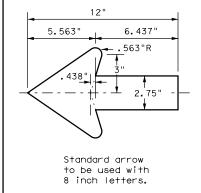
- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

### ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)





Traffic Operations Division Standard

### NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

1/4" nut

and bolt

Washer

Lock washer

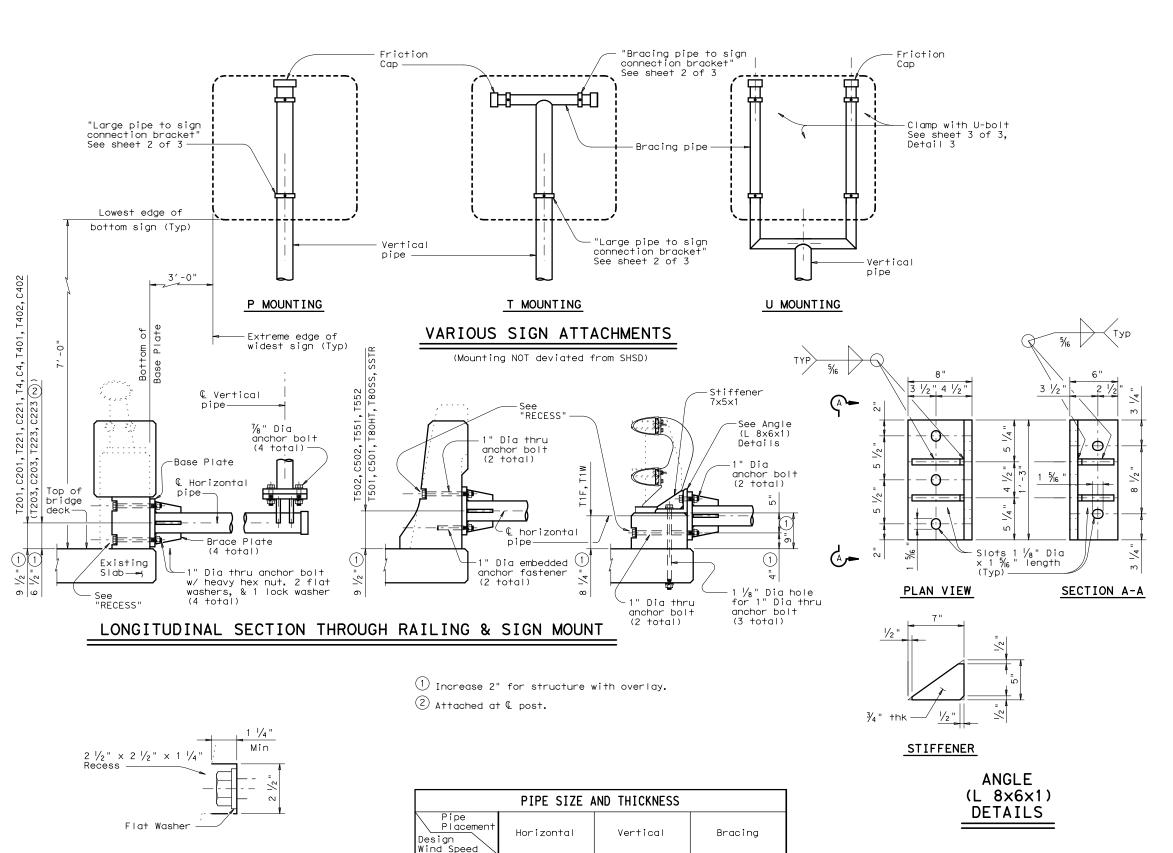
Texas Department of Transportation

### TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(5) - 13

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**RECESS** 



5" X-Strong

(.375")

6" X-Strong

(.432")

90 mph

130 mph

4" X-Strong

(.337")

5" X-Strong

(.375")

2 ½" Standard

(.203") 3" X-Strong

(.300")

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Design conforms to 2013 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design 3-second gust wind speeds of 90 mph and 130 mph with a 1.14 gust factor, and a wind importance factor of 1.0 (50-year mean recurrence interval) for the supporting structures. For mounting connection between sign panel and pipe, wind importance factors of 0.71 and 0.54, for 90 mph and 130 mph winds, respectively, are applied to adjust the wind speeds to a 10-year mean recurrence interval.

See standard sheet WV & IZ(LTS2013) for the boundaries of each design wind zone. All mounting shall be based on 130 mph wind speed design except when located in 90 mph wind zone. Maximum panel area is 30 sq. ft. Maximum design height is 50 ft, with design height defined as the distance between natural ground (average elevation of surrounding terrain) and the center of sign(s) at the mounting location.

Material for pipe shall be ASTM A53 Grade B, or A501. Structural steel plates shall be ASTM A36, A572 Grade 50, or A588. Bolts used to connect pipe and mounting bracket, and wind beam to sign panel shall be ASTM A307. Anchor bolts shall be ASTM A325 or A193 B7. Each anchor bolt shall be provided with 2 flat washers, 1 lock washer, and 1 heavy hex nut. All parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Standard Specifications Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Attach horizontal pipe at least 2'-0" from the edge of any nearby drain slot.

Contractor shall verify applicable field dimensions before fabrication. Holes drilled through the railing parapet wall shall be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry drill) type equipment. Percussion (star) drilling shall not be allowed. Anchorage for pipe attached to rail shall be placed using an anchoring system approved by the engineer. Installation of anchor fasteners including hole depth, diameter and material shall be in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendation.

Each embedded anchor fastener shall resist an allowable design loading (after applying the reduction factors of bolt spacing and bolt edge distance) of:

		90	mpn
Tension	12.5 kips		kips
Shear	9.0 kips		kips

Each anchoring system shall provide a capacity to resist the required tension and shear acting simultaneously.

For sign connection to mounting, shop drill holes on sign blank in accordance with the current Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD). Additional hole(s) needed to meet a stipulated-type mounting may be field drilled. For multi-sign or back-to-back signs mounting, the engineer shall determine the proper type which ensures each individual mounting meets requirements.

Refer to Standard sheets SMD(GEN), SMD(SLIP-2 and SMD(2-1) for details not covered here.

### SHEET 1 OF 3



Traffic Operations Division Standard

### BRIDGE RAILING SIGN MOUNT DETAILS

SMD (BR-1)-14

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ILE:	smdbr-14.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
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		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ELP	ELP CULBERSON		1	165	

260

26H

26J

Sediment Basins

X Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

- 1. The existing Depression-era masonry culvert located north of the proposed new bridge would be temporarily extended to accommodate a temporary road detour. To protect the masonry culvert, the existing culvert would be protected with plywood panels and would be extended using a similar size culvert. The connection between the existing and temporary culverts would be made with brick. It is anticipated that the culvert extensions would be in place for eight months, which is the anticipated construction duration of the project. Following the completion of the project, all extensions would be removed and the masonry culvert would return to its existing condition.
- 2. No historic properties affected. However, if cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no cultural materials are present. Please contact the THC's Archeology Division at 512-463-6096 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains

### IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

- 1. The project contains rare plant species. See TPWD BMP Form for applicable Vegetation BMPs to be implemented for the
- V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required

X Required Action

Action No.

NOI: Notice of Intent

1. The project contains suitable habitat for state-listed species and SGCNs. See TPWD BMP Form for applicable Bat, Bird, General Design and Construction, Insect Pollinator, Terrestrial Amphibian, Vegetation, and Water Quality BMPs to be implemented for the project.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: MOU: Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location

Texas Cammission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- \* Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No.

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required

Required Action

### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

1. The proposed project is located within a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designated 100-year floodplain. The hydraulic design for this project shall be in accordance with current FHWA and TxDOT design policies. The facility shall permit the conveyance of the 100-year flood, inundation of the roadway being acceptable, without causing significant damage to the facility, stream or other property. The proposed project shall not increase the base flood elevation to a level that would violate applicable floodplain regulations and ordinances. Coordination with the local Floodplain Administrator shall be required.





# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

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◯TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0233	05	038		SH	54
D5-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
D1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	ELP	LP CULBERSON		1	68	



### Form Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

Project Name: SH 54 at Diablo	Creek
-------------------------------	-------

CSJ(s): 0233-05-038

County(ies): Culberson County

Date Form Completed: 6/9/2022

Prepared by: Nick Wallisch, Blanton & Associates

Information on state-listed species, SGCN, water resources, and other natural resources can be found in the ECOS documents tab under the filenames specified in the e-mail sent to

N	HAB_TXDOT@tpwd.texas.gov.
۱.	Does the project impact any state parks, wildlife management areas, wildlife refuges, or other designated protected areas?
	⊠ No
	☐ Yes
2.	Does TxDOT need TPWD assistance in identifying and locating Section 404 mitigation opportunitifor this project?
	☑ No / N/A / Not yet determined
	☐ Yes
3.	Is there a species or resource challenge that TPWD can assist with additional guidance? If so, describe below:
	N/A

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Form: Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

4. List all BMP that will be applied to this project per the document Beneficial Management Practices: Avoiding, Minimizing, and Mitigating Impacts of Transportation Projects on State Natural Resources.

\*Note, these are BMP that TxDOT commits to implement at the time this form is completed. This list may change prior to or during construction based on changes to project impacts, design, etc.

### BMP to be Implemented:

The following survey and exclusion protocols should be followed prior to commencement of construction activities. For the purposes of this document, structures are defined as bridges, culverts (concrete or metal), wells, and buildings

- · Inform TPWD WHAB during initial collaborative review phase for projects that may impact the following bat species:
- o Any Myotis spp.
- o Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus)
- If identification of a bat species is in question, consult with TPWD or a qualified TxDOT biologist during initial collaborative review phase
- For activities that have the potential to impact structures, cliffs or caves, or trees; a qualified biologist will perform a habitat assessment and occupancy survey of the feature(s) with roost potential as early in the planning process as possible or within one year before project letting.
- For roosts where occupancy is strongly suspected but unconfirmed during the initial survey, revisit feature(s) at most four weeks prior to scheduled disturbance to confirm absence of bats.
- If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure that bats are not harmed, such as implementing non-lethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction.
- Exclusion devices can be installed by a qualified individual between September 1 and March 31. Exclusion devices should be used for a minimum of seven days when minimum nighttime temperatures are above 50°F AND minimum daytime temperatures are above 70°F. Prior to exclusion, ensure that alternate roosting habitat is available in the immediate area. If no suitable roosting habitat is available, installation of alternate roosts is recommended to replace the loss of an occupied roost. If alternate roost sites are not provided, bats may seek shelter in other inappropriate sites, such as buildings, in the surrounding area.
- If feature(s) used by bats are removed as a result of construction, replacement structures should incorporate bat-friendly design or artificial roosts should be constructed to replace these features.
- · Conversion of property containing cave or cliff features to transportation purposes should be avoided.
- If gating a cave or abandoned mine is desired, consult with TPWD before installing gates. Gating should only be conducted by qualified groups with a history of successful gating operations. Gate designs must be approved by TPWD.
- In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.
- Coordinate with TPWD about the latest bat handling restrictions and protocols involving COVID-19 and bat handling. In general, all staff must follow the guidelines listed below:
- o Do not handle bats if not part of a critical or time-sensitive research project. Contact TPWD to discuss your project needs before beginning work.
- o All participants must follow CDC social-distancing guidelines.
- o Wear a face mask to minimize the exchange of respiratory droplets such as a surgical mask, dust mask, or cloth mask when within 6 feet of a living bat.
- o Use disposable exam gloves or other reusable gloves (e.g., rubber dish-washing gloves) that can be decontaminated to prevent spread of pathogens. Do not touch your face or other potentially contaminated surfaces with your gloves prior to handling bats.
- o Limit handling to as few handlers as possible.
- o Do not blow on bats for any reason.
- o Use separate temporary holding containers for each bat such as disposable paper bags.

TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division Effective Date: April 2022

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

### **ENVIRONMENTAL** BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

SHEET 1 OF 3

DSN	OE I	DIV.NO.	PROJEC	NO.	
		6	SEE TITLE SHEET		169
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		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
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THESE ENVIRONMENTAL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) ARE AN EXACT REPRODUCTION OF THE BMP'S LISTED ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS FOR SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK AND ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.





### Form: Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

- o Caves housing bats should be avoided unless absolutely necessary.
- o Implement additional disinfection, guarantine, and cleaning procedures.
- · Bat surveys of structures should include visual inspections of structural fissures (cracked or spalled concrete, damaged or split beams, split or damaged timber railings), crevices (expansion joints, space between parallel beams, spaces above supports piers), and alternative structures (drainage pipes, bolt cavities, open sections between support beams, swallow nests) for the presence of bats.
- · Before excluding bats from any occupied structure, bat species, weather, temperature, season, and geographic location must be incorporated into any exclusion plans to avoid unnecessary harm or death to bats. Winter exclusion must entail a survey to confirm either, 1) bats are absent or 2) present but active (i.e., continuously active - not intermittently active due to arousals from hibernation).
- o Avoid using materials that degrade quickly, like paper, steel wool or rags, to close holes. o Avoid using products or making structural modifications that may block natural ventilation, like hanging plastic sheeting over an active roost entrance, thereby altering roost microclimate.
- o Avoid using chemical and ultrasonic repellents. o Avoid use of silicone, polyurethane or similar non-water-based caulk products.
- o Avoid use of expandable foam products at occupied sites.
- o Avoid the use of flexible netting attached with duct tape.
- In order to avoid entombing bats, exclusion activities should be only implemented by a qualified individual. A qualified individual or company should possess at least the following minimum qualifications:
- o Experience in bat exclusion (the individual, not just the company).
- o Proof of rabies pre-exposure vaccinations.
- o Demonstrated knowledge of the relevant bat species, including maternity season date range and habitat requirements.
- o Demonstrated knowledge of rabies and histoplasmosis in relation to bat roosts.
- Contact TPWD for additional resources and information to assist in executing successful bat exclusions that will avoid unnecessary harm or death in bats.

In addition to complying with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and Chapter 64 of the Parks and Wildlife Code (PWC) regarding nongame bird protections, perform the following BMP:

- Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, March through August, to minimize adverse impacts to birds.
- Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed. If active nests are observed during surveys, TPWD recommends a 150-foot buffer of vegetation remain around the nests until the young have fledged or the nest is abandoned.
- Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting
- If unoccupied, inactive nests will be removed, ensure that nests are not protected under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), MBTA, or BGEPA.
- Prevent the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair.
- Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.
- · Minimize extended human presence near nesting birds during construction and maintenance activities. Protect sensitive habitat areas with temporary barriers or fencing to limit human foot-traffic and off-road vehicle use to alert and discourage contractors from causing any unintentional impacts.
- · Minimize construction noise above ambient levels during general bird nesting season to minimize adverse impacts on birds.
- · Minimize construction lighting during the general bird nesting season by scheduling work activities between dawn and dusk.

### **General Design and Construction BMP**

• Employees and contractors will be provided information prior to start of construction to educate personnel of the potential for all state-listed threatened species or other SGCN to occur within the project area and should be advised of relevant rules and regulations to protect plants, fish, and wildlife.

TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division 300.04.FRM Effective Date: April 2022 Page 3 of 6



### Form: Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

- Contractors will be informed to avoid harming all wildlife species if encountered and allow them to safely leave the project site. Due diligence should be used to avoid killing or harming any wildlife species in the implementation of transportation projects.
- · Direct animals away from the construction area with the judicious use and placement of sediment control fencing to exclude wildlife. Exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches and be at least 24 inches high, maintained for the life of the project, and removed after construction is completed. Contractors should examine the inside of the exclusion area daily to determine if any wildlife species have been trapped inside the area of impact and provide safe egress opportunities prior to initiation of construction activities.
- · Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas.
- If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move. therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- · Project staging areas, stockpiles, temporary construction easements, and other project related sites should be situated in previously disturbed areas to avoid or minimize impacts to sensitive or unique habitats including intact native vegetation, floodplains, riparian corridors, wetlands, playa lakes, and habitat for wildlife species.
- When lighting is added, consider wildlife impacts from light pollution and incorporating dark-sky practices into design strategies. Minimize sky glow by focusing light downward, with full cutoff luminaries to avoid light emitting above the horizontal. The minimum amount of night-time lighting needed for safety and security should be used.

### Insect Pollinator BMP

- · Mowing should only be applied to 30% or less of a site in a given year when practical. In general, mowing is inadequate for management of native insect pollinator habitat in the long term, except to remove annual non-native plants during establishment (i.e., high-mowing before they flower) or to facilitate a light disking. When conducted it should be done post bloom or when host plants have gone dormant for the growing season. This can also be done by leaving strips of habitat farthest from road or highway corridors un-mowed when practical.
- If mowing is required during period of active bloom or high pollinator activity it should be implemented during the heat of the day and with a high mower deck to allow for pollinators to escape and to give late season blooming species a chance to recover and bloom.
- · Deep soil disturbances, such as, tilling or deep disking in areas that host aggregations of groundnesting bees should be avoided. Tilling and disking also may promote the invasion or germination of non-native plants. Different species of native ground-nesting bees prefer different soil conditions, although research suggests that many ground nesting bees prefer sandy, loamy sand or sandy loam soils. In areas with these soil types consider leaving open patches of soil.
- Allow dead trees to stand (so long as they do not pose a risk to property or people) and protect shrubs and herbaceous plants with pithy or hollow stems (e.g., cane fruits, sumac, elderberry), as these provide nesting habitat for tunnel-nesting native bees.
- Retain dead or dying branches whenever it is safe and practical at the edges of the ROW. Woodboring beetle larvae often fill dead trees and branches with narrow tunnels into which tunnel-nesting bees will establish nests. Additionally, bumble bees may choose to nest in wood piles.
- Retain rotting logs at edges of the ROW where some bee species may burrow tunnels in which to
- Protect sloped or well-drained ground sites where plants are sparse and direct access to soil is available. These are the areas where ground-nesting bees may dig nests. Turning the soil destroys all ground nests that are present at that depth and hinders the emergence of bees that are nesting deeper in the around.
- · Protect grassy thickets, or other areas of dense, low cover from mowing or other disturbance. These are the sites where bumble bees might find the nest cavities they need, as well as annual and perennial wildflowers that can provide important food resources.
- · Where available and economical, native plants and seed should be procured from local eco-type providers. Seed mixes should be diverse and include as many ecoregion natives as possible ensuring full season floral resources. Species by Texas ecoregion can be found in the Texas Management

TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division Effective Date: April 2022

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

### **ENVIRONMENTAL** BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

SHEET 2 OF 3

DSN	0E I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET		SHEET NO.
		6			170
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DRN	OE I	TEXAS	ELP	CUL	BERSON
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK	OE I	0233	05	038	SH 54

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### Form: Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

Recommendations for Native Insect Pollinators in Texas document:

https://tpwd.texas.gov/publications/pwdpubs/media/pwd\_bk\_w7000\_1813.pdf.

- · Planting at least three different native flowering plants within each of three blooming periods are recommended (spring, summer, early fall) in high rainfall regions of Texas. In drier regions of the state, a target of three native flowering plants within each of two blooming periods can be used.
- Habitat enhancements for native pollinators should include at least one native bunchgrass adapted to
- Utilize an Integrated Pest Management Strategy (IPM) strategy for controlling weedy or invasive plants by minimizing broad use of certain herbicides and surfactants in close proximity to intact habitats utilized by native pollinators. Reduce application timing to periods of low pollinator activity and not during peak bloom season.

### Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP

- For open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered. Visually inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling
- · Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing cover objects, such as downed trees, rotting stumps, brush piles, and leaf litter. If avoidance or minimization is not practicable, consider removing cover objects prior to the start of the project and replace them at project completion.
- Examine heavy equipment stored on site before use, particularly after rain events when reptile and amphibian movements occur more often, to ensure use will not harm individuals that might be seeking temporary refuge
- · Due to increased activity (mating) of reptiles and amphibian during the spring, construction activities like clearing or grading should attempt to be scheduled outside of the spring (March-May) season. Also, timing ground disturbing activities before October when reptiles and amphibians become less active and may be using burrows in the project area is also encouraged.
- · When designing roads with curbs, consider using Type I or Type III curbs to provide a gentle slope to enable turtles and small animals to get out of roadways.
- If Texas tortoises (Gopherus berlandieri) or box turtles (Terrepene spp.) are present in a project area, they should be removed from the area and relocated between 100 and 200 meters from the project area. After removal of the individuals, the area that will be disturbed during active construction and project specific locations should be fenced off to exclude reentry by turtles, tortoises, and other reptiles. The exclusion fence should be constructed and maintained as follows
- o The exclusion fence should be constructed with metal flashing or drift fence material.
- o Rolled erosion control mesh material should not be used.
- o The exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches deep and be at least 24 inches high.
- o The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated.
- After project is complete, revegetate disturbed areas with an appropriate locally sourced native seed mix. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.

### Vegetation BMP

- Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should be avoided. Impacted vegetation should be replaced with in-kind on-site replacement/restoration of native vegetation.
- To minimize adverse effects, activities should be planned to preserve mature trees, particularly acorn, nut or berry producing varieties. These types of vegetation have high value to wildlife as food and
- It is strongly recommended that trees greater than 12 inches in diameter at breast height (DBH) that are removed be replaced. TPWD's experience indicates that for ecologically effective replacement, a ratio of three trees for every one (3:1) lost should be provided to either on-site or off-site. Trees less than 12 inches DBH should be replaced at a 1:1 ratio.
- · Replacement trees should be of equal or better wildlife quality than those removed and be regionally adapted native species.

Version 2 300.04.FRM TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division Effective Date: April 2022 Page 5 of 6



### Form: Documentation of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Best Management Practices

- When trees are planted, a maintenance plan that ensures at least an 85 percent survival rate after three years should be developed for the replacement trees.
- The use of any non-native vegetation in landscaping and revegetation is discouraged. Locally adapted native species should be used.
- · The use of seed mix that contains seeds from only regional ecotype native species is recommended.

### Water Quality BMP

- In addition to BMP required for a TCEQ Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and/or 401 Water Quality Certification:
- · Minimize the use of equipment in streams and riparian areas during construction. When possible, equipment access should be from banks, bridge decks, or barges.
- · When temporary stream crossings are unavoidable, remove stream crossings once they are no longer needed and stabilize banks and soils around the crossing.
- · Wet-Bottomed detention ponds are recommended to benefit wildlife and downstream water quality. Consider potential wildlife-vehicle interactions when siting detention ponds.
- · Rubbish found near bridges on TxDOT ROW should be removed and disposed of properly to minimize the risk of pollution. Rubbish does not include brush piles or snags.
- 5. List all TxDOT species protection specifications that will be applied to this project (e.g., Amphibian and Reptile Exclusion Fence, Bat Houses, etc.)

### Species protection specifications to be Implemented:

TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division

Effective Date: April 2022

N/A		

Version 2

300.04.FRM

Page 6 of 6

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REVISION

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R. CRUZ-RODRIGUE

SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

**ENVIRONMENTAL** BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

SHEET 3 OF 3

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
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		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
		0233	05	038	SH 54

THESE ENVIRONMENTAL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) ARE AN EXACT REPRODUCTION OF THE BMP'S LISTED ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS FOR SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK AND ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TPDES General Permit TXR150000. The operator. The Texas Department of Transportation ensures that: Project specifications provide that adequate BMPs have been developed for this project. The contractor shall be the party responsible for implementing the BMPs described herein. The contractor shall implement changes approved by the Project Engineer to the SWP3 within the times specified in the SWP3 or the TPDES General Permit. Operators affected by modifications to specifications will be notified in a timely manner.

### 1. SITE OR PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

NATURE OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY: SEE TITLE SHEET

POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AN Sediment laden storm water	Sources: Storm water conveyance over disturbed areas	
Fuels, oils, and lubricants	Construction vehicles and storage areas	
Construction debris and waste	Various construction activities	
Sanitary waste	Restroom facilities	
Trash	Construction site and Receptacles	

### SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES THAT WILL DISTURB SOILS:

- 1. Prep existing ROW, including windrowing existing grass sod and mulch, excavation and embankment.
- 2. Rehabilitation of existing structures and installation of proposed extensions of structures.
- 3. Prep ROW for new roadway, including windrowing existing grass sod and mulch, excavation and
- 4. Construct new roadway, blading, placing subgrade, flexbase, and two course surface treatment.
- 5. Install all headwalls, wingwalls, and riprap as shown on plans.
- 6. Finish side slopes and spread back windrowed sod and mulch.
- 7. Install traffic devices and clean up project.

### AREAS:

TOTAL AREA OF PROJECT: 5.00 ACRES TOTAL AREA OF SOIL DISTURBANCE: 3.70 ACRES TOTAL AREA OFF-SITE: Acreage and Description to be Attached WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (BEFORE AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION):

### DATA DESCRIBING THE SOIL:

Existing soils consist primarily of three soil types. From the northern project limit to south of the Diablo Creek crossing, the predominant soil type is Chipotle-Riverwash complex. From Diablo Creek to approximately 300 feet south of the crossing is predominantly Culberspeth-Chilicotal complex. The remaining project area south of Diablo Creek is predominantly Bissett-Rock outcrop complex.

GENERAL LOCATION MAP: SEE TITLE SHEET DETAILED SITE MAP: SEE SW3P LAYOUTS

THE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF CONCRETE AND ASPHALT PLANTS:

Supporting Concrete Plant Facilities shall be located off site.

Supporting Asphalt Plant Facilities shall be located off site.

### NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

Diablo Creek, or Baylor Draw, and its tributaries drain into Baylor Pond, These features are ephemeral drainages that do not have a direct connection to a downstream Traditionally Navigable Water.

A COPY OF TPDES CGP TXR150000 IS INCLUDED IN THE SWP3 FILE.

<i>Environme</i>	ntal Permits,	Issues and	Commitments	for c	idditional in	formation.

### 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION: YES NO X

### 2. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs):

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS: Erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on-site. Controls shall be utilized to reduce off site transport of suspended sediments and pollutants if it is necessary to pump water from the site. Control measures shall be installed per specifications or as directed. Sediment must be removed from controls per the plan requirements or manufacturers recommendations but no later than the time that design capacity has been reduced by 50%. If sediment escapes the site, accumulations will be removed to minimize further negative effects. Controls will be developed to limit the off site transportation of litter, construction debris, and construction materials.

### INTERIM(INT), PERMANENT(PER), AND 401 CERTIFICATION BMP'S:

EROSION CONTROLS:	401	INT	PER	SEDIMENT CONTROLS:	401	INT	PER
🛮 Compaction & Tracking of slopes	5	<u>X</u>	_	☑ Silt Fence	_	<u>X</u>	_
☐ Diversion Dike	_	_	_	🛛 Rock Berm	_	<u>X</u>	_
Preserve Existing Vegetation	_	_	<u>X</u>	🛮 Buffer Zones	_	_	<u>X</u>
🛮 Soil Stabilization	_	<u>X</u>	_	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips	_	_	_
☐ Permanent Vegetation	_	_	_	☐ Dîtch Block	_	_	_
☐ No Erosion Controls are Require	d.			☐ No Sediment Controls are Requ	ired.		

### POST CONSTRUCTION TSS CONTROL (401 CERTIFICATION ONLY):

☐ Vegetation Lined Drainage Ditch	☐ Grassy Swales
☐ Retention/Irrigation	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Erosion Control Compost	☑ No Post Construction TSS Control Required.

### SEQUENCE OR SCHEDULE OF IMPLEMENTATION:

- 1. Windrow topsoil to preserve seed bank 2. Install silt fences.
- 3. Install rock filter dams
- 4. Inspection of buffer zones 5. Windrow topsoil back over disturbed areas
- 6. Maintain silt fences.
- 7. Inspect until 70% vegetative cover is attained

The EI Paso District of the Texas Department ofTransportation uses Site-Manager, a computer based construction record-keeping system. Documentation descriping major grading activities, temporary or permanent cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is a part of this system and is incorporated by reference into this SWPPP.

Stabilization measures must be initiated within 14 days when practicable in portions of the site where construction has temporarily or permanently ceased, if earth disturbing activities will not be resumed within 21 days.

### 3. STRUCTURAL CONTROL PRACTICES: Structural control practices for this project are listed elsewhere herein.

4. PERMANENT STORM WATER CONTROLS: Structural control practices installed during construction will be maintained and inspected after construction has ceased on the site and until final stabilization is attained. Unless specified in the plans, after project acceptance TxDOT will assume maintenance responsibilities for the controls and measures. Other permanent controls include existing and proposed; riprap at culvert inlets and outlets, diversion dikes, swales, retaining walls, and other similar devices.

### 5. OTHER CONTROLS:

OFF-SITE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS AND THE GENERATION OF DUST: The off site vehicle tracking of sediments shall be minimized by removal of excess dirt from the road and at entrances to the work site. The generation of dust will be minimized as directed by the Project Engineer by dampening haul roads and covering haul trucks with a tarpaulin.

CONSTRUCTION AND WASTE MATERIALS: The contractor will maintain a clean, orderly construction site.Construction waste including trash, rubble, scrap and vegetation shall be disposed of in lidded dumpsters or in a manner approved by the Project Engineer. Disposal methods must meet Federal, State, and Local waste management guidelines. No construction waste will be buried or burned on site. Spoils disposal, material storage, and materials resulting from the destruction of existing roads and structures shall be stored in areas designated by the Project Engineer and protected from run-off. All waterways shall be cleared of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, pilling, debris, or other obstructions placed during construction operations, that are not part of the finished work, as soon as practicable. All excess soil generated by the construction will be collected and disposed of by the contractor. Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, water body, or stream bed.

POLLUTANT SOURCES FROM AREAS OTHER THAN CONSTRUCTION: Staaina areas and vehicle maintenance areas shall be located and constructed in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants. If potential pollutant sources are identified after the start of construction, controls and measures shall be implemented as directed by the Project Engineer.

### 5. OTHER CONTROLS (CONT):

**DEDICATED ASPHALT PLANTS:** Asphalt or asphaltic material for this project will be produced off site. If the project requires a dedicated asphalt plant and the plant within 1 mile of the project limits it will be considered an off site PSL. Consideration shall be given to on site plant and storage facilities and measures implemented as directed by the Project Engineer.

**DEDICATED CONCRETE PLANTS:** Cement or Concrete material for this project will be produced off site. If the project requires a dedicated concrete plant and the plant is within 1 mile of the project limits it will be considered an off site PSL. Consideration shall be given to on site plant and storage facilities and measures implemented as directed by the Project Engineer. Concrete trucks shall be wasted or washed out in locations designated by the Project Engineer. The locations shall be protected by a berm sufficient to contain all waste and wash water. Wash water shall not be allowed to enter any storm drainage system or waterway. The residual material and contaminated soil shall be collected and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local guidelines. Staging areas and vehicle maintenance areas shall be located and constructed in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND SPILL REPORTING:

The contractor shall take appropriate measures to prevent, minimize, and control the spillage or leakage of hazardous materials and any associated wastes on site and in maintenance and staging areas, hazardous materials shall include but are not limited to paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, curing compounds, oils, fuels, and lubricants. Hazardous materials shall not be stored, accumulated, or transported in open containers subject to precipitation or spillage, but shall be stored, accumulated, or transported in closed containers of the type recommended by the manufacturer. In the event of a spill the Project Engineer should be contacted immediately. All spills shall be immediately cleaned and any contaminated soil removed and disposed of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal laws. Fuel tanks shall be protected by a secondary containment, such as a lined berm, capable of containing 1.5 times the capacity of the tank, or as approved by the Project Engineer.

All off site project specific locations including dedicated asphalt plants, OFF SITE PSLs: concrete plants, or utility installations, required by the contractor, are the contractor's responsibility. The contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, or federal laws for off site PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams and areas of disturbance for all PSL's within 1 mile of the project.

SANITARY FACILITIES: All sanitary or septic wastes that are generated onsite shall be treated and disposed of in accordance with state and local regulations. Raw sewage or septage shall not be discharged or buried on site. Precaution shall be taken to prevent illicit discharges to storm water. Licensed waste management contractors shall be required to dispose of sanitary waste. Porta johns will be required for the construction site or as directed by the Project Engineer.

VELOCITY DISSIPATION DEVICES: Velocity dissipation devices shall be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as shown in the plans or as directed by the Project Engineer to provide a non-erosive flow velocity from the structure to a watercourse so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected.

6. APPROVED STATE AND LOCAL PLANS: This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or site permits, or storm water management site plans or permits approved by federal, state, or local officials.

**7. MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If inspections or other information indicates a control has been installed, used, or is performing inadequately, the contractor must replace or modify the control as soon as practicable after discovery. Control measures shall be maintained in effective operating condition. If inspections determine that BMPs are not operating effectively maintenance will be performed as necessary to continue the effectiveness of the controls. Maintenance must be accomplished as soon as practicable. Controls adjacent to creeks, culverts, bridges, and water crossings shall have priority. Controls that have been disabled, run over, removed, or otherwise rendered ineffective must be corrected immediately upon discovery.

8. INSPECTION OF CONTROLS: A TXDOT inspector will inspect disturbed areas of the site that have not been finally stabilized, areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation, and structural controls for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. Sediment and erosion controls measures identified in the SWP3 will be inspected to ensure that they are operating correctly. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site will be inspected for evidence of off-site vehicle tracking. Inspections will be conducted every 14 calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater. The SWP3 will be modified based on the result of these inspections. Revisions will be completed within 7 Calendar days following the inspection. Revised implementation schedules will be described in the SWP3 and implemented as soon as practicable. Rain gages wil 2022 maintained on site for the duration of the project. Reports summarizing the scope of the inspections are included in the SWP3 file.

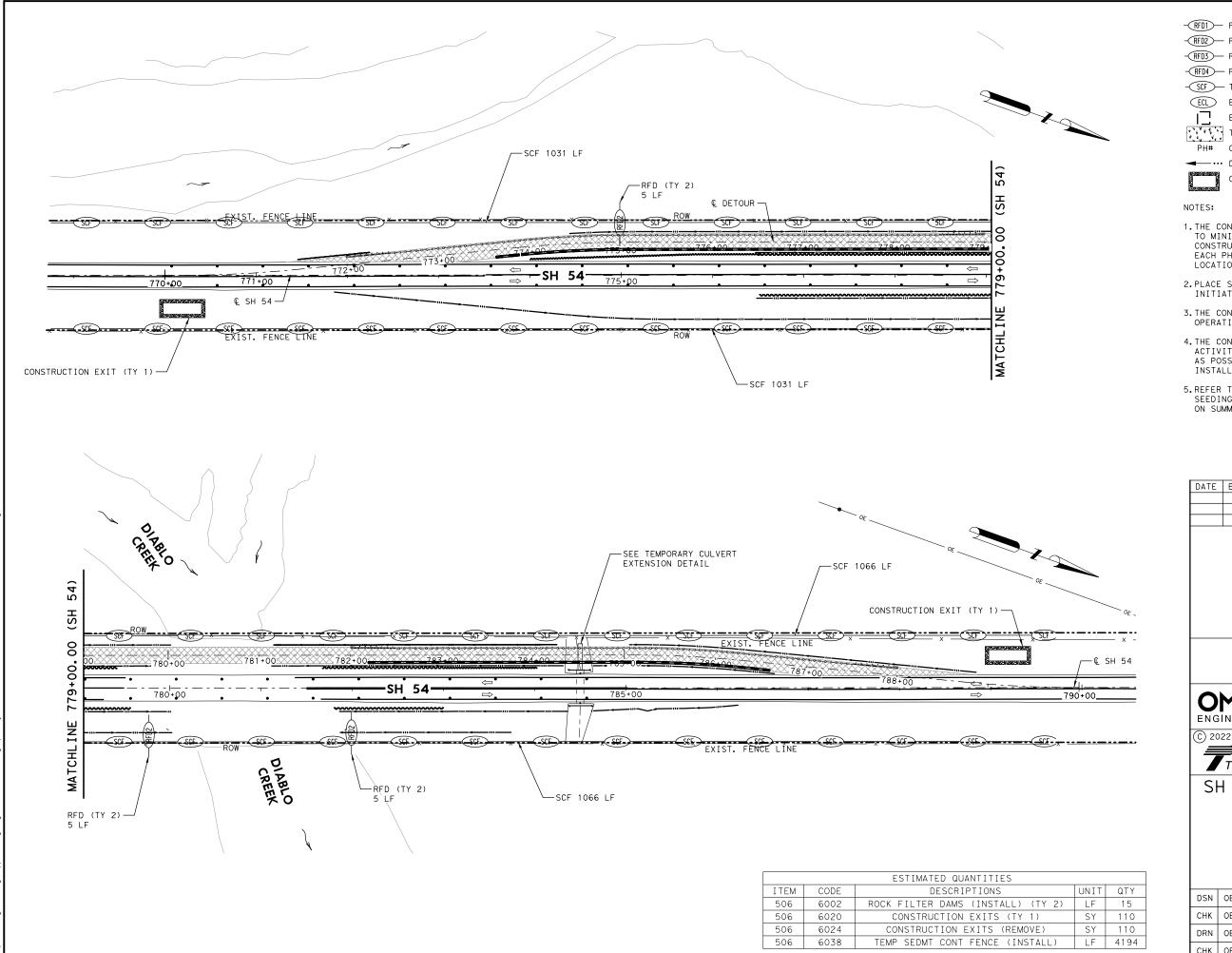
9. NON-STORM WATER COMPONENTS: The contractor shall be required to implement appropriate pollution prevention controls and measures for all eligible non-storm water components of the discharge as approved and directed by the Project Engineer.

# MINH TRAN 84840 09/06/2022

### TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

Texas Department of Transportation

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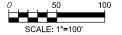
**LEGEND** 

- -RFD1 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 1
- -RFD2 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2
- -RFD3 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 3
- -RFD4 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 4
- -SCF TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
- (ECL) EROSION CONTROL LOG
- EROSION CONTROL LOG (INLET PROTECTION)

TEMPORARY SEEDING PH# CONSTRUCTION PHASE No.

**→** ··· DITCH FLOW CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CONSTRUCTION EXITS TO MINIMIZE DEBRIS ON PAVEMENT. TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXITS ARE TO BE PLACED DURING EACH PHASE FOR EACH DISTURBED AREA. LOCATIONS TO BE SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. PLACE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PRIOR TO INITIATING EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAGE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS TO MINIMIZE DISTURBED AREAS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXPEDITE WORK ACTIVITIES TO BE DISTURBED AREAS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO RESTORE VEGETATION OR INSTALL FIRST PAVEMENT SUBSTRUCTURES.
- 5.REFER TO SWP3 DETAILS SHEET FOR LOCATIONS OF SEEDING. QUANTITIES FOR SEEDING ARE SHOWN ON SUMMARY OF SWP3 QUANTITIES.



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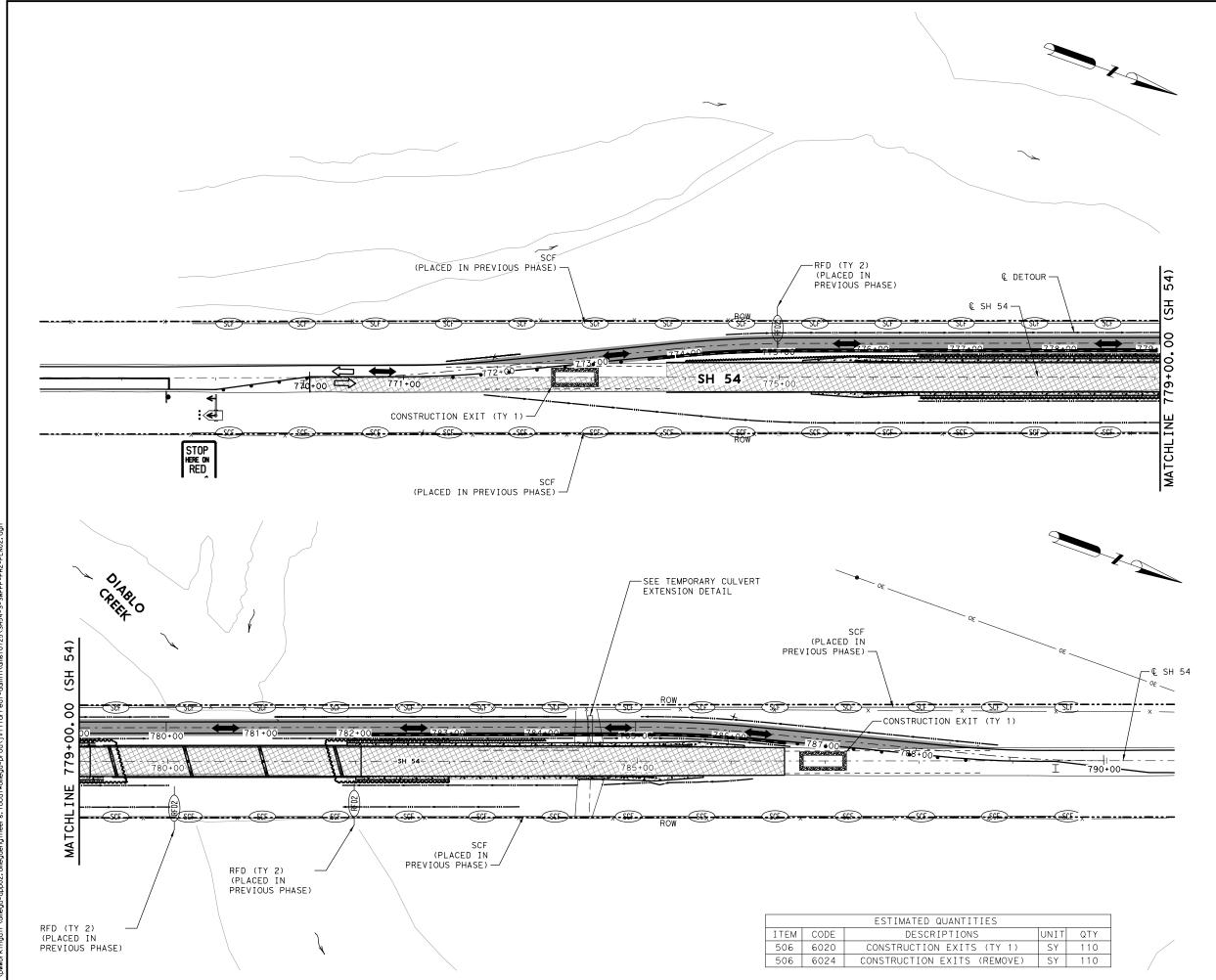
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SWP3 LAYOUT PHASE 1

SHEET 1 OF 3

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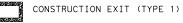
**LEGEND** 

- -RFD1 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 1
- -RFD2 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2
- -RFD3 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 3
- -RFD4 ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 4
- SCF TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
- (ECL) EROSION CONTROL LOG

EROSION CONTROL LOG (INLET PROTECTION) TEMPORARY SEEDING

PH# CONSTRUCTION PHASE No.

**→** ··· DITCH FLOW



### NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CONSTRUCTION EXITS TO MINIMIZE DEBRIS ON PAVEMENT. TEMPORARY
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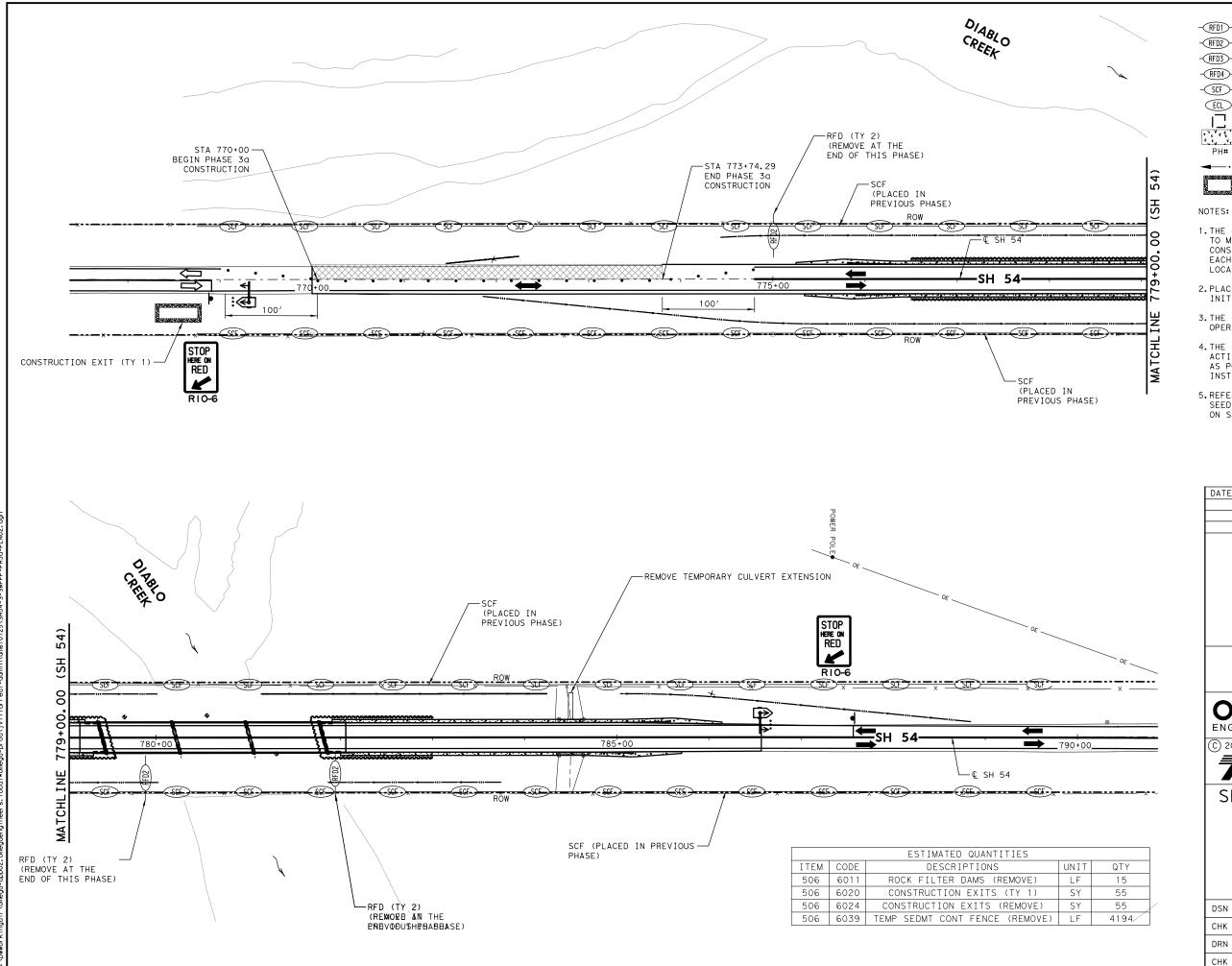
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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SWP3 LAYOUT PHASE 2

SHEET 2 OF 3

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**LEGEND** 

-RFD1 - ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 1

-RFD2 - ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2

-RFD3 - ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 3

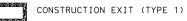
-RFD4 - ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 4 -SCF TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

(ECL) EROSION CONTROL LOG

EROSION CONTROL LOG (INLET PROTECTION)

TEMPORARY SEEDING PH# CONSTRUCTION PHASE No.

**──** ··· DITCH FLOW



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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

SWP3 LAYOUT PHASE 3

SHEET 3 OF 3

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### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

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Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

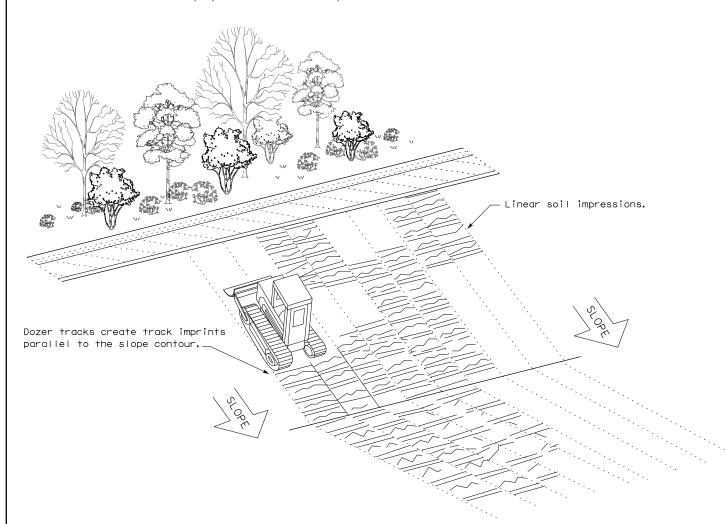
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence -(SCF)-

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



**VERTICAL TRACKING** 



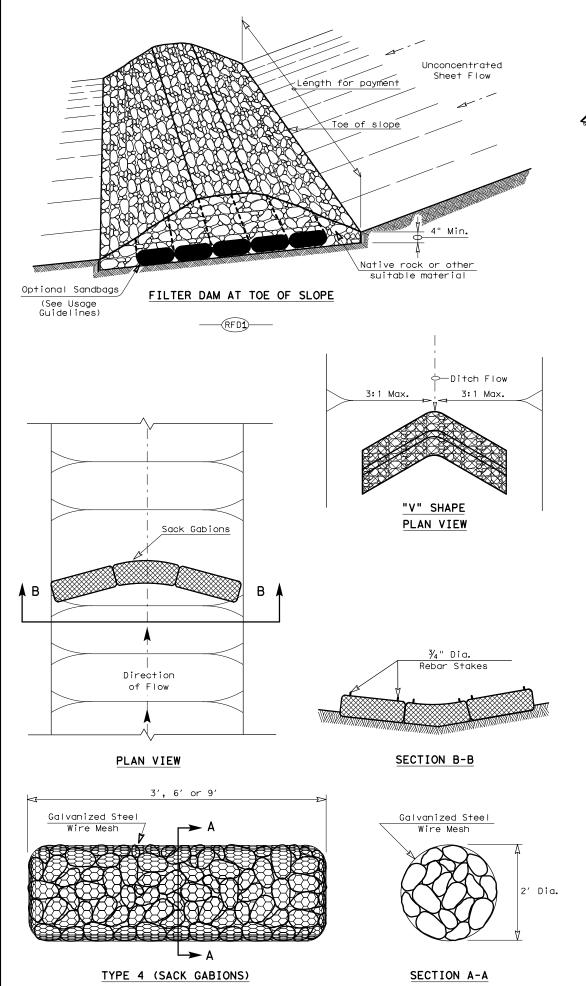
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.



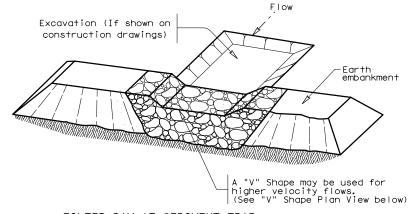
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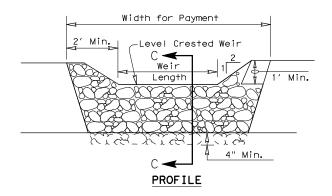
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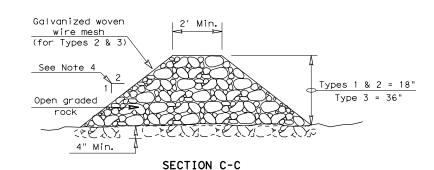
this standard is gove es no responsibility



### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







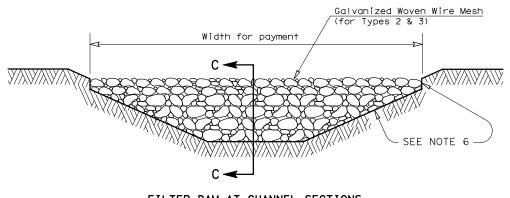
### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{GPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



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### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

  The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

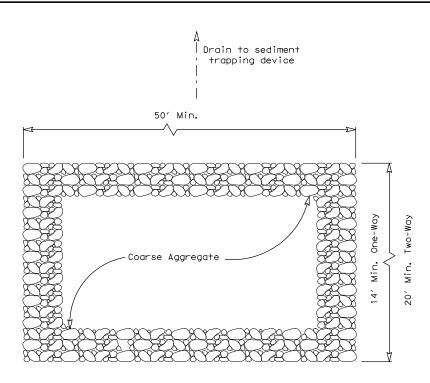
### PLAN SHEET LEGEND



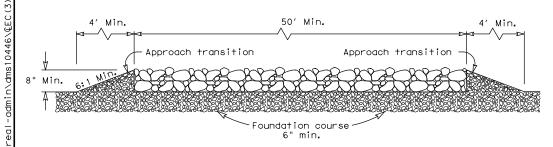
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS
EC(2)-16



### PLAN VIEW



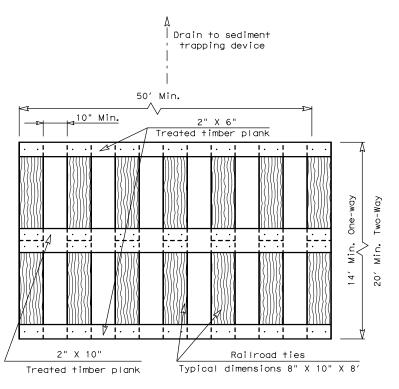
### **ELEVATION VIEW**

### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

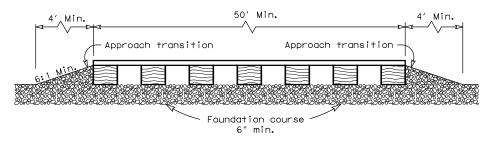
### ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trappina device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



### PLAN VIEW



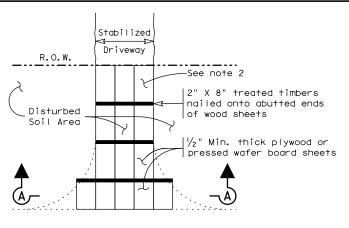
### **ELEVATION VIEW**

### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

### TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

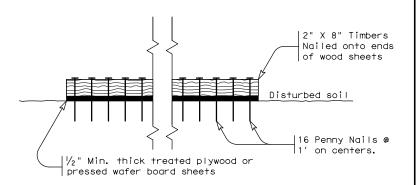
### **GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)**

- 1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with  $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base. bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



### Paved Roadway

### PLAN VIEW



# SECTION A-A

### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3) SHORT TERM

### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

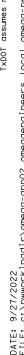
- 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS

EC(3)-16

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NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL SIDE AT THE CENTER. AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG TEMP. EROSION-(4' MAX. SPACING), OR CONTROL LOG AS DIRECTED BY THE MIN ENGINEER. (TYP.) COMPOST CRADLE ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM UNDER EROSION STAKES FOR HEAVY CONTROL LOG RUNOFF EVENTS SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM CL-D LEGEND CL-D - EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM -(cl-boc)-- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST -(CL-SSL EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING (CL-DI - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET (CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET (cl-gi)— erosion control log at curb & grate inlet

FLOW

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

SECURE END

OF LOG TO

STAKE AS

DIRECTED

RUNOFF EVENTS

TEMP. EROSION

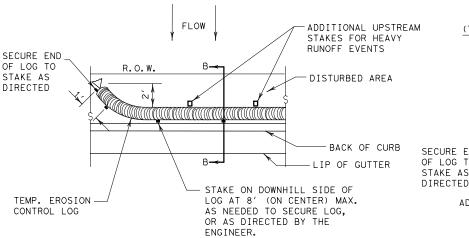
CONTROL LOG

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER.

AT EACH END, AND AT

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS



TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

#3 BAR

CONTROL LOG

### PLAN VIEW

SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

CL-BOC

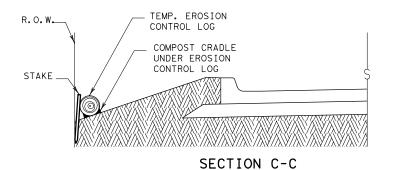
REBAR STAKE DETAIL

R.O.W.

### AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX.

### PLAN VIEW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

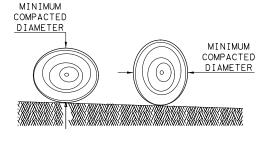
- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

will not be paid for separately.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS. USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- 7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

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## SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

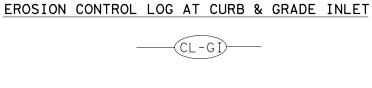
Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-

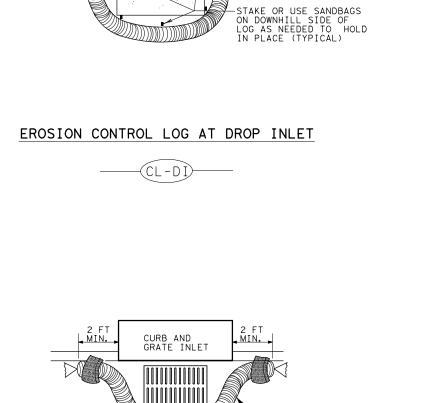
FLOW

CONTROL LOG



SANDBAG

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.



OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

- FLOW

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

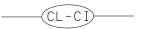
# SANDBAG CURB INLET INLET EXTENSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

6" CURB-

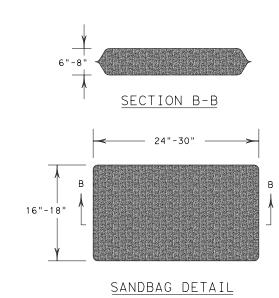
### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE:
EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS
SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE
TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE
STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



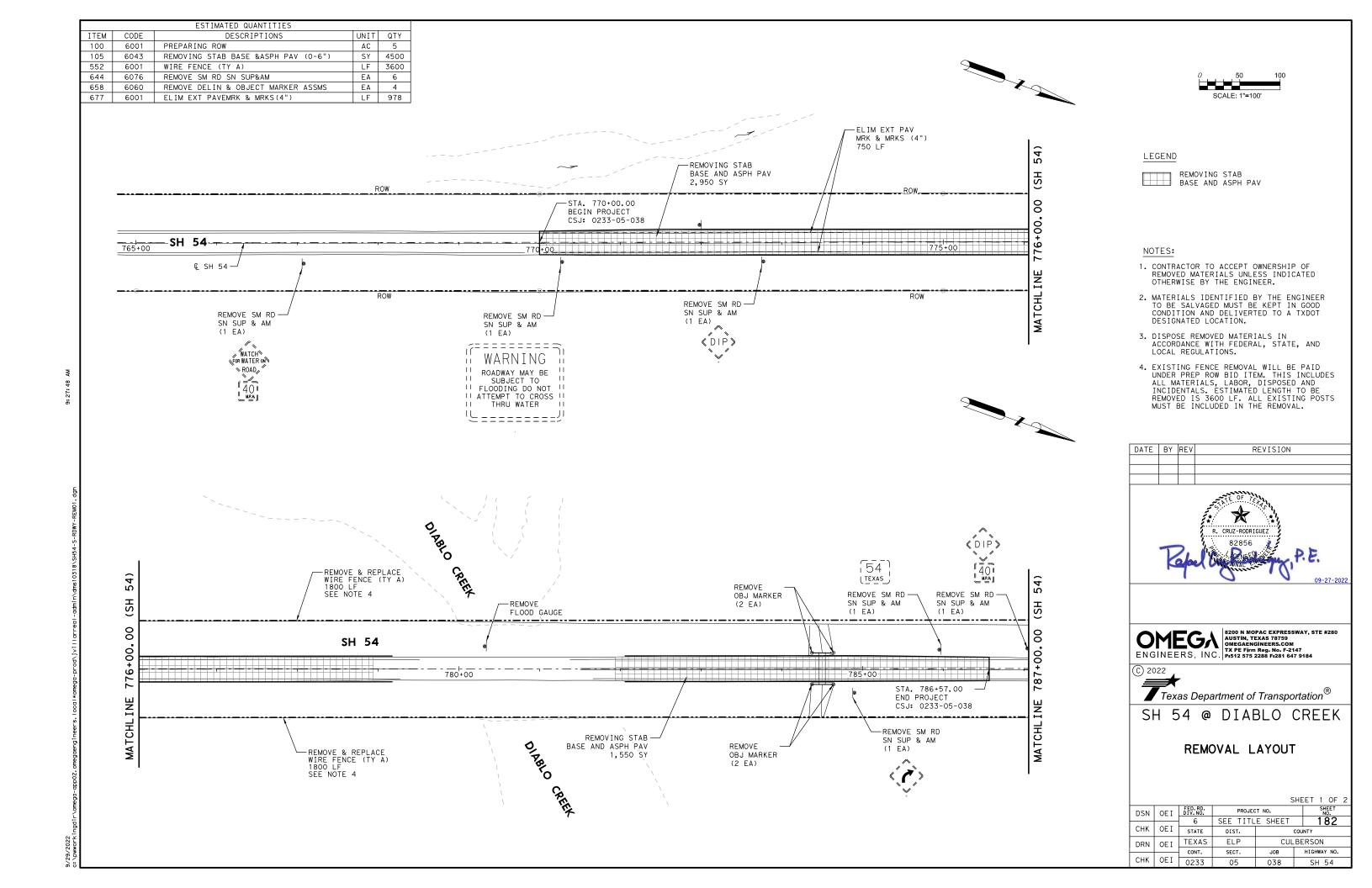
SHEET 3 OF 3

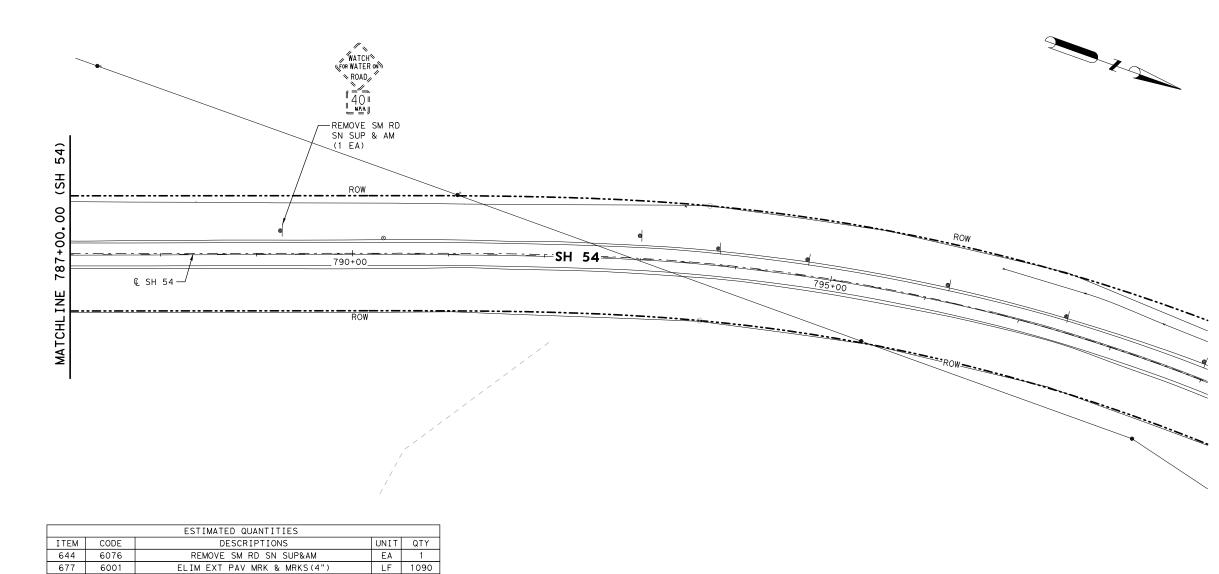


TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

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ENGINEERS, INC.

| 8200 N MOPAC EXPRESSWAY, STE #280 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78759 OMEGAENGINEERS.COM TX PEF Firm Rep. No. F-2147 P1512 575 2288 F1281 647 9184

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SH 54 @ DIABLO CREEK

REMOVAL LAYOUT

SHEET 2 OF 2

DSN	OE I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJEC	SHEET NO.		
		6	SEE TITL	183		
CHK	OE I	STATE	DIST. C		COUNTY	
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		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
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