SHEET NO.

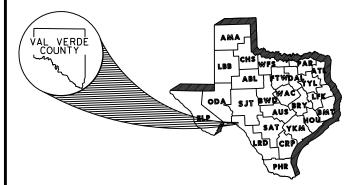
DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET 2

PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE

SEE SHEET 3

LOCATION REFERENCE =1 CONTROL SECTION JOBO022-10-076 ROADWAY=1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI BRIDGE = 0.00 FT = 0.00 MI TOTAL = 1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =2 CONTROL SECTION JOBO300-01-108 ROADWAY = 2,661.12 FT = 0.504 MI BRIDGE -0.00 FT - 0.00 MI TOTAL = 2, 661. 12 FT = 0.504 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =3 CONTROL SECTION JOBO300-01-109 ROADWAY = 1,066.56 FT = 0.202 MI BRIDGE . 0. 00 FT . 0. 00 MI TOTAL = 1, 066. 56 FT = 0. 202 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =4 CONTROL SECTION JOB 1229-01-076 ROADWAY=1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI BRIDGE . 0. 00 FT . 0. 00 MI TOTAL = 1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014
AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED
AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS
PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR
ALL FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS
(FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 5, 2022).

STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS

FEDERAL AID PROJECT No. STP 2022 (660) HES

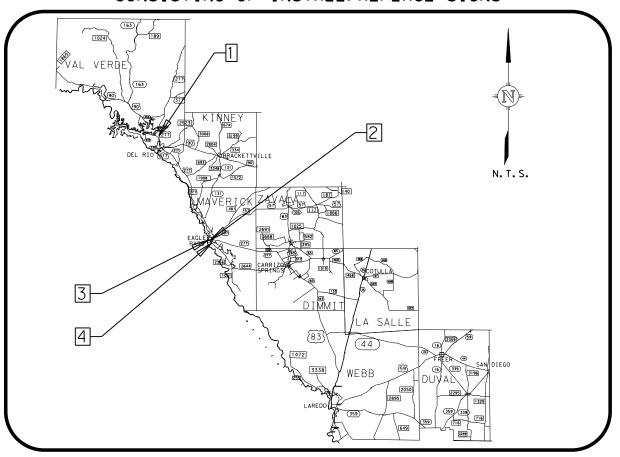
US 90, ETC. VAL VERDE, ETC. CSJ:0022-10-076,ETC

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 5,839.68 FT = 1.106 MI ROADWAY = 5839.68 FT = 1.106 MILES

CONTROLLING LIMITS: FROM: 0.1 MI N OF KINGSWAY

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INSTALLING ADVANCED WARNING SIGNALS CONSISTING OF INSTALL/REPLACE SIGNS

TO: 0.1 MI S OF KINGSWAY



EQUATIONS: NONE
EXCEPTIONS: NONE
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

DESIGN CRITERIA:

ADT (XXXX):

ADT (XXXX):

N/A

X TRUCK IN ADT:

FUNCTIONAL CLASS:

DESIGN SPEED:

TOLR REQUIRED

ME-HAZARD ELIMINATION PROGRAM

N/A

PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

N/A

TOLR REQUIRED

ME-HAZARD ELIMINATION PROGRAM

N/A

N/A

N/A

TOLR REQUIRED

YES

NO

FINAL PLANS
LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:
CONTRACTOR:
TOTAL CONTRACTOR COST:

FINALS AS BUILTS
THE CONSTRUCTION WAS PERFORMED
UNDER MY SUPERVISION IN ACCORDANCE
WITH THE PLANS AND CONTRACT

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

SUBMITTED 7/25/2022
FOBOLETJHNGTY:

Kafau Gwman
TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED 7/25/2022
FOR LETTING:
DocuSigned by:

Valussa Rosalis Huyura
70CABARA ENGINEER
70CABARA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED 7/27/2022
FOR LETTING:
Docusigned by:

Humbuto Gowales Ir, P. E DIREGIOS GOES TRANSPORTATION, PLANNING, & DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED 7/27/2022 FOR LETTING:

David Salazar DISTRICT ENGINEER

Texas Department of Transportation®

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38	WZ(BTS-1)-13
39	WZ(BTS-2)-13
40	WZ(BRK)-13
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41	US 90 ATKINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT
42	US 90 ATKINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM
43	US 57 ATMAIN ST INTERCONNECT
44	US 57 ATHAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT
45	US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT
46-47	EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT
48	US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT
49-51	US 57 ATMONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT
52-53	FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT
	TRAFFIC STANDARD
54	TS-CF-21
55	TS-BP-20
56	SMD (GEN)-08
57-59	SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08
60-71	ED(1)-14 THRU ED(12)-14
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77-79	DMA-80(1)-12 THRU DMA-80(3)-12
80	MA-C-12

GENERALTITLE SHEET

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COMBINED QUANTITIES

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

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TCP(2-4)-18

TCP(2-6)-18

TCP (3-3) - 14

TCP (3-4) - 13

BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21

PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

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MA-C(ILSN)-12

81

STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THE "INDEX OF SHEETS" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Pocusigned by:

Kafaul Gwyman ___, P. E.

5CB9C1491FA542A...

DATE

6/29/2022

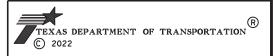




INDEX OF SHEETS

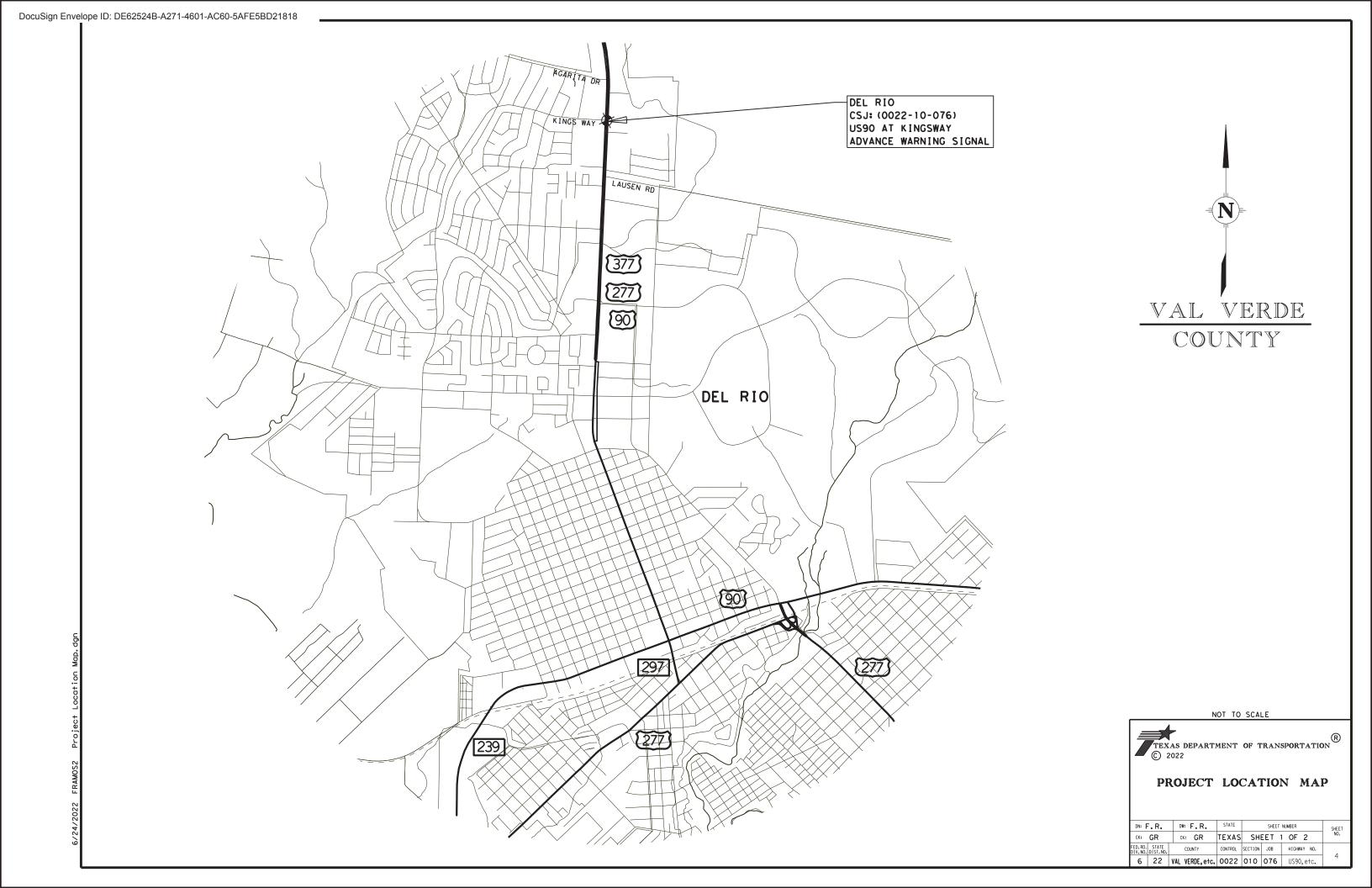
DN: F.R. DW: F.R.			STATE		SHEET		
СК: (G. R.	CK: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	HEET	1 OF 1	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	2
6	22	VAL VERDE.etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	

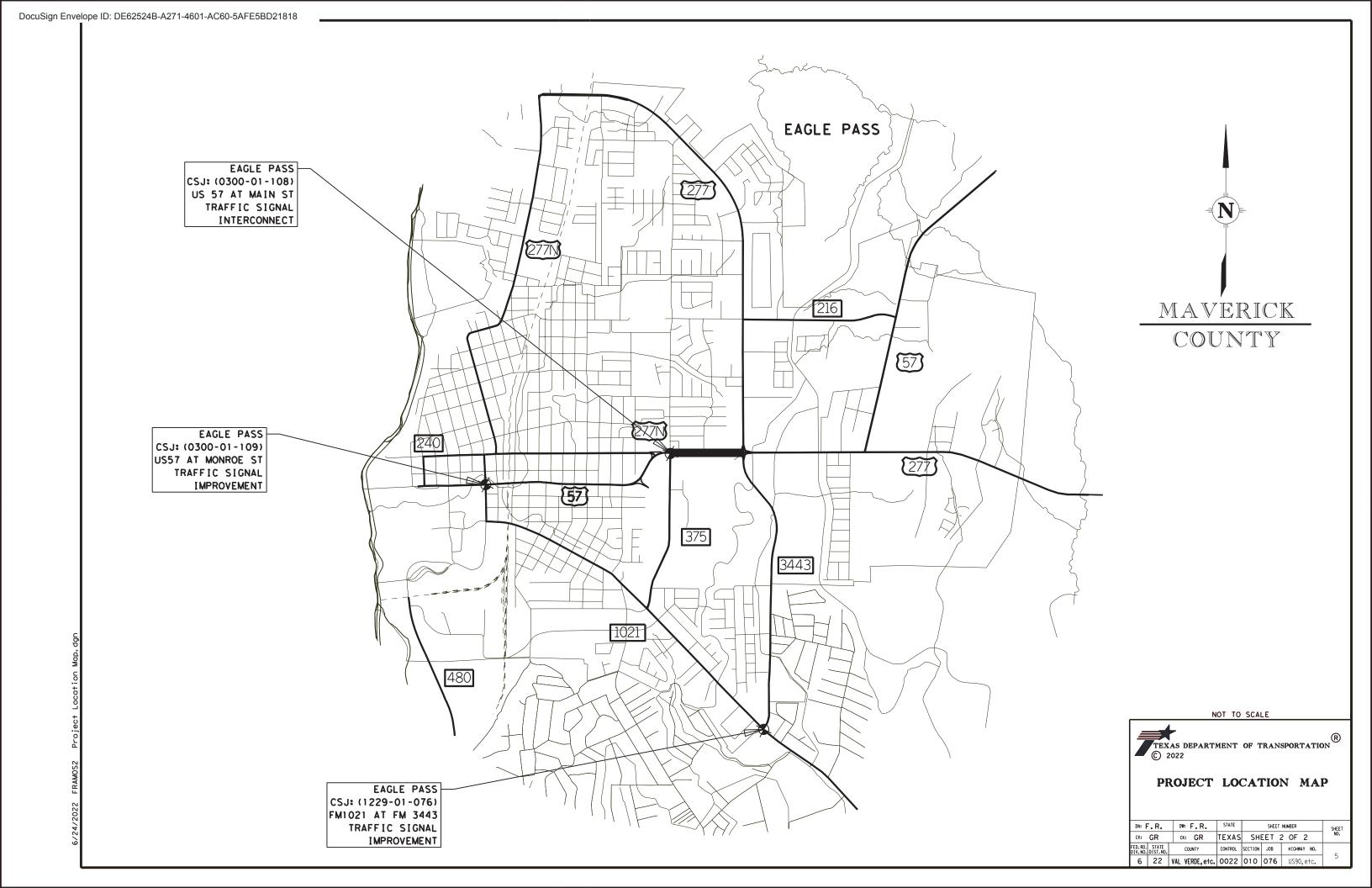
NOTE: FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES REFER TO REFERENCE MARKERS FOR PROJECT LIMITS.



PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE

DN: F.R.		. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE			SHEET		
С	к: [C.	CK: L.C.	TEXAS	SI	HEET	1 OF	1	NO.
	. RD. . NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.	3
-	6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, e	tc.	





Sheet 6

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Project Number:

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

GENERAL NOTES:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Antonio Reyna – Antonio Reyna 1@txdot.gov

Alberto Chavez – <u>Alberto Chavez@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by the District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Item 5 - Control of the Work

The Contractor shall maintain and preserve the integrity of all "existing survey markers" by avoiding the disturbance of such markers; which include all control points (horizontal and/or vertical), stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The Department will repair all Contractor disturbed control points, stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The cost for any and all repairs to the "existing survey markers" will be deducted from money due or to become due to the Contractor.

Contact the Laredo District Signal Section (956-712-7770) for coordination with TxDOT underground lines and/or facilities.

Prior to construction must call 811 to verify any utilities located within project limits. Contractor will also coordinate with utility owners listed below for any adjustments needed to sanitary sewer manholes, water valves, gas valve, telecommunication, television manhole located within project limits. The utility company is responsible for any adjustment when necessary. The work should be performed in a manner as to not delay construction contractor work activity.

Contractor will make necessary arrangements with the utility owner(s) when utility adjustments are required, as a result of construction activities.

Utility Owner	Phone Number	City/County
TxDOT AEP TEXAS City of Del Rio (Gas System)	(956) 712-7400 (361) 881-5532 (830) 774-8622	Laredo/Webb Corpus Christi/Nueces Del Rio/Val Verde

Item 6 - Control of Materials

Contact the project engineer to request material a minimum of one work day prior to pick up. Load material with contract personnel. Store material in a safe location off TxDOT property or Right of Way, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Use material furnished by TxDOT only on the TxDOT project(s) intended. Return any unused material as soon as possible.

Item 7 - Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Jurisdictional Waters of the United States and Project Specific Locations (PSL) Coordination - This project requires permit(s) with environmental resource agencies. There is a high probability that environmentally sensitive areas will be encountered on contractor designated project specific locations (PSLS) for the project (including but not limited to haul roads, equipment staging areas, parking areas, etc.).

Requirements for Work within Jurisdictional Waters of the United States: The department has been authorized to perform work within designated areas of the project under U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) nationwide permit (NWP) #14 and/or #3a and/or #3b.

The contractor will not initiate activities in a project specific location (PSL) associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area (i.e. an area where the USACE has jurisdiction) that has not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permitting for this project. Such activities include, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here includes materials delivered to or from the PSL. The permit area includes all waters of the U.S. and their associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work in these USACE jurisdictional areas. The contractor will be responsible for any and all consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including PSLs, which have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. The

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

Contractor will provide the department with a copy of all consultation(s) or approval(s) from the USACE prior to initiating activities.

The contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. The contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determination(s) that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. The contractor will maintain copies of their determination(s) for review by the department and/or any regulatory agency.

The disturbed area for all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within 1 mile of the project limits for the Contract, will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the Contractor Notice of Intent (NOI) for the PSLs to the Engineer and to the local government operating a municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) if applicable. If the total area of project disturbed areas and PSLs total between 1-acre but less than 5-acres, the Contractor shall post the appropriate Contractor Construction Site Notice for all Contractor PSLs to be in compliance with TCEQ storm water regulations.

In order to expedite the approval process for PSLs or to eliminate or minimize potential impacts to project progress, initiate coordination efforts with the U.S.A.C.E. within 30 days from the date of "authorization to begin work" for all PSLs that are in areas where the USACE has jurisdiction (i.e. USACE permit areas). If this is not done, the contractor waives the right to request any contract time considerations if project progress is impacted and PSL'S approval is still pending.

Requests submitted to the area engineer will be evaluated on this basis, and will require documentation showing substantial early coordination efforts to expedite the approval process as herein stated. The request will include a detailed chronological summary status with dates of coordination activities with the resource agencies, including those occurring after the initial coordination, to be reviewed and confirmed by the district's environmental section.

For PSLs that fall within USACE permit areas, the Contractor must document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, before any excavation hauled from or embankment hauled into a USACE permit area by either (1) or (2) below.

Sheet 7

- 1. Restricted Use of Materials for Previously Evaluated Permit Areas. The Contractor will document both the project specific location (PSL) and their authorization and the Contractor will maintain copies for review by the Department and/or any regulatory agency. When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project, then:
 - a. Suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in Item 110 is used for permanent or temporary fill (Item 132, Embankment) within a USACE permit area may be restricted;
 - b. Suitable embankment (Item 132) from within the USACE permit area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area may be restricted; and,
 - c. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110) that is disposed of at an approved location within a USACE evaluated area may be restricted.
- 2. Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas. The Contractor will provide the Department with a copy of all USACE coordination or approvals before initiating any activities for an area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right-of-way locations used for the following, but not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites, including:
 - a. Item 132, Embankment, used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE permit area; and,
 - b. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110, Excavation) that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

Storm Water Regulations Requirements:

The Contractor shall be responsible for (off ROW) PSLs applicable to the TCEQ Construction General Permit (CGP) requirements and will notify the Engineer of the disturbed acreage within one (1) mile of the project limits. The Contractor shall obtain any required authorization form the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW.

The total disturbed areas within the ROW are anticipated at less than one (1) acre and/or this project is classified as "surface work" consisting of an asphalt overlay of an existing roadway without shoulder-up disturbances. Due to this

General Notes Sheet C General Notes General Notes Sheet D

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

type of construction, the project qualifies for exclusion under the *Construction General Permit* (CGP) issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on February 15, 2008. However; should the sum of the Engineer's anticipated disturbances and all of the Contractor's (On ROW and off ROW) PSLs equal or exceed the one (1) acre threshold, both TxDOT and the Contractor shall have project responsibilities under the CGP that reverts to non-exclusion status. To insure project compliance with all applicable water quality regulations, the Contractor shall obtain Engineer approval for all non-depicted areas of disturbance that increases the Engineer's initial soil and vegetation disturbed area estimates before associated work operations start.

Item 8 - Prosecution and Progress

No closures will be allowed on the weekends which include the following holidays: January 1, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday in November, December 25 and Easter weekend.

Item 9 - Measurement and Payment

Coordinate and provide off-duty law enforcement officers with officially marked vehicles (if patrol cruisers are available from the enforcement agency involved) during the following operations: traffic signal upgrades and lane closures For payment through TxDOT state force account method, complete the weekly tracking forms provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

Submit Material on hand (MOH) payment requests at least _5_ working days prior to the end of the month for payment on that month's estimate. For out of town MOH submit requests at least 10 working days prior to the end of the month.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

Place the grounding rods for the traffic signal poles at the nearest ground box. The ground rod will be 5/8" x 10 feet. A continuous bare or green insulated copper wire (no. 6) will be installed from the ground rod to the base of the traffic signal.

Item 421 - Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Sulfate resistant cement concrete shall be used in all situations for structural elements in contact with the natural ground. These includes, but is not limited to, all reinforced concrete pipe, concrete box culverts, drill shafts, bridge columns, bridge abutments, wingwalls, approach slabs, inlets, manholes, junction boxes, ground boxes and all concrete riprap.

Sheet 8

Air entrainment is not required. If concrete is supplied with air entrainment, the concrete must adhere to the requirements of item 421.4.2.4.

Item 500 - Mobilization

"Materials-on-Hand" payments will not be considered in determining percentages used to compute mobilization payments.

Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Designate, as the Contractor Responsible Person (CRP), an English speaking employee on-call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) with a local address and telephone number for maintenance of signs and barricades. This employee will be located within one (1) hour of traveling time to the project site. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address and telephone number of this employee. Furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

The time frame for the Contractor to provide properly maintained traffic control devices before they are considered to be in non-compliance with this Item, is 48 hours regardless of the days of the week involved after notification is done in writing by the Engineer.

When advanced warning flashing arrow panel(s) is/are specified, maintain one standby unit in good condition at the job site ready for immediate use is required.

Notify the Engineer (956-712-7770) at least two weeks prior to a proposed traffic pattern change(s) that will require a revision to traffic signals. This is required to provide the State/City time to perform a traffic study, determine the new signal timing and phasing settings that need to be implemented with the traffic change.

The Contractor will be paid for 5 months of Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling per signal work order location.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes General Notes Sheet F

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

Whenever it is necessary for the signals to be turned off, when directed/approved by the Engineer, hire off-duty law enforcement officers as covered by Item 9 to control the traffic until the signals are back in satisfactory condition.

Traffic control required for this project will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2 mile passing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location.

Ensure equipment not in use, stockpile aggregate, and other working materials are:

A minimum of 30 feet from the edge of the travel lane;

Do not obstruct traffic or sight distance;

Do not interfere with the access from abutting property; or

Do not interfere with roadway drainage.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

During the holiday time frame of December 21st through January 1st, every effort should be taken to ensure that all travel lanes remain open where possible.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project. However, in the event that such controls are necessary, the SW3P for this project shall consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer and as

provided under this item. Payment for this work will be determined in accordance with Article 4.4, "Changes in the Work".

Sheet

Item 618 - Conduit

Place conduit in an area not exceeding 2 feet in any direction from a straight line and the depth of the conduit will be 2 feet, except when crossing a roadway, where the depth will not be more than 3 feet or less than 1 foot below the bottom of the base material in the roadway when placed by the jacking or boring method.

Item 624 - Ground Boxes

Do not place ground boxes in driveways or wheelchair ramps. Alternate ground box locations will be as directed. Ground box aprons will have a 2% slope.

Item 636 - Signs

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

Item 644 - Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

Item 666 – Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Reflectivity requirements for Type I will be as per Item 666.

Payment on Type I markings requiring retroreflective testing will be made at a 75% rate until passing test results are received.

Item 680 - Highway Traffic Signals

All workers installing electrical materials, including conduit in trenches, services poles and all others system electrical apparatus, will be directly supervised by persons who have completed a TxDOT approved course in electrical underground installations. Furnish evidence of satisfactory completion of the underground electrical installation for roadway illumination and signal control course for all personnel responsible for direct supervision of electrical installation work.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Sheet 10

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

The signal installation will be wired to operate in accordance with the wiring diagram shown in the plans. The contractor will ensure that the timing and phasing are the same as shown in the plans. All timing and phasing will be approved and/or provided by the Transportation Operations Engineer prior to downloading to the controller.

On the terminal block, use the left side for the home runs and the right side for the signal heads. This pattern will be used in all signal installations. For grounding and bonding install a green insulated copper wire no. 6.

Item 682 - Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

All new signal heads will be covered with burlap from the time of installation until the signal is placed in operation. Position all vehicle signal section heads and pedestrian signal heads to provide the best view for motorists and pedestrians.

Item 684 - Traffic Signal Cables

For each traffic signal installation where signal cable is required, provide a minimum length of 5 feet for each conductor terminating in the controller.

Label all traffic signal cables, vehicle detector cables, and pedestrian signal cables terminating in the controller with marker ties and permanent markers.

Item 690 - Maintenance of Traffic Signals

Prior to construction, meet with the District Transportation Operations Section to determine salvageable traffic signal equipment. Dispose of all other equipment not deemed salvageable by the Engineer or his representative in a manner approved by the Engineer.

Item 6001 - Portable Changeable Message Sign

Provide <u>TWO</u> (2) electronic portable changeable message signs as required by the Engineer. Provide backups and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The electronic portable changeable message signs will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer

Provide one (1) Truck Mounted Attenuator as required by the Engineer. Provide backup and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The Truck Mounted Attenuator will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

Item 6306 - Video Imaging Vehicle Detection System

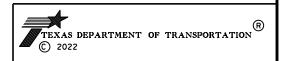
Place a 5-foot camera support plumb; this item and its installation will be considered subsidiary to this bid item.

Program and input the detection zones as shown on the plans. Adjust the focus and zoom the camera to achieve the best picture quality.

Detection accuracy must be a minimum of 95% on each lane.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
		PLAN SHEET		41	43	44	45	46-47	 49- 51	52-53	
500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.1	1.5		13	10 17	13 31	32 33	1
502	6002	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLIN	МО								5
618	6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	161							161
618	6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	89							89
620	6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	260					612	637	1509
620	6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	20						16	36
621	6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF							245	245
624	6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	2						2 13	2
628	6002	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA							1	1
628	6124	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)GS(L)SP(O)	EA							1	1
628	6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	EA	2							2
636	6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	36							36
644	6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2							2
666	6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						250	380	630
666	6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						450	280	730
666	6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA						6	7	13
666	6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA						4	4	8
666	6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						100	100	200
666	6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF						5050		6480
666	6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF						250	380	630
666	6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF						550	280	830
666	6231	PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)	EA						6	7	13
666	6232	PAVEMENT SEALER (WORD)	EA						4	4	8
666	6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF						400	670	1070
666	6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						4400	3170	7570
666	6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF						500	235	735
666	6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						4300	1450	5750
672	6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA						40	35	75
672	6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA						102	112	214
677	6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF						5300	1430	6730
677	6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF						250	380	630
677	6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF						550	280	830
677	6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA						6	7	13
677	6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA						4	4	8
678	6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF						5300	1430	6730
678	6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF						250	380	630
678	6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF						550	280	830
678	6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA						6	7	13
678	6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA						4	4	8



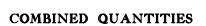
COMBINED	QUANTITIES

DN: F.R. DW: F.R.		STATE		SHEET NUMBER			
ск: (G. R.	CK: G.R.	TEXAS	SHE	ET 1	OF 2	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	11
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	

ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
		PLAN SHEET	<u> </u>	41	43	44	45	46-47	49-51	52-53	
680	6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA				1		1		2
	***	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET AND CONTROLLE	EA				1		1		2
682	6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA						9	6	15
682	6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA						4	1	5
682	6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8					9	6	23
682	6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA						8	2	10
682	6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA						9	6	15
682	6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA						4	1	5
682	6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA							8	8
682	6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA						9	6	15
682	6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA						4	1	5
684	6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF						1002	582	1584
684	6008	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(3 CONDR)	LF	250							250
684	6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF						807	210	1017
684	6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF						186	426	612
684	6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF						174	348	522
684	6014	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(9 CONDR)	LF						516	578	1094
685	6001	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	4						0.0	4
687	6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA							1	1
688	6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA							4	4
688	6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA							1	1
690	6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF						3290	6370	
690	6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA						13	11	24
690	6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							7	
690	6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							4	
690	6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA							4	4
690	6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA							4	4
690	6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA							1	1
6001	6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA							_	2
6010	6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA						1	1	2
6010	6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA						1	1	
6027	6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF		90	25	45	10	582		752
6027	6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA		3	2	2		5	6	
6058	6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA				1		1	1	
6062	6017	ITS RADIO (SNGL)(5 GHZ)-I-O	EA		1	2	1	2			6
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	18	4	4	4		19	21	70
6185	6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR						24	24	
6306	6001	VIVDS PROSR SYS	EA			1	1		1	1	
6306	6004	VIVDS CAM ASSY 360	EA			1	1		1	1	
6306	6005	VIVDS CNTRL SOFTWARE	EA			1	1		1	1	4
6306	6007	VIVDS CABLING	LF			200	200		102	16	518
6306	6018	VIVDS CAM ASSY (REMOVE)	EA						4		4
6306	6020	VIVDS CABLING (REMOVE)	LF						200		200
6423	6007	FIELD HARDENED ETH SW (INSTALL ONLY)	EA		1	1 1 2				5	
6423	6008	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR(INSTALL	EA		1	2	1	1			5
		CELLULAR MODEM RELOCATE	EA								

		STATE FORCE ACCOUNT (TXDOT PROVIDED)									
ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
	***	FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH	EA		1	1	1	2			5
	***	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR	EA		1	2	1	1			5
	*** FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY										

* FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
© 2022

SHEET	IUMBER	T N	SHEET		STATE	DW: F.R.	. R.	DN: F
NO.	OF 2	2	EΤ	SHE	TEXAS	CK: G.R.	6. R.	CK: (
12	HIGHWAY NO.		JOB	SECTION	CONTROL	COUNTY	STATE DIST.NO.	ED. RD. IV. NO.
	US90, etc.	T	076	010	0022	VAL VERDE, etc.	22	6



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

DISTRICT Laredo **HIGHWAY** FM 1021, US 57, US 90

COUNTY Maverick, Val Verde

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0022-10	0-076	0300-03	1-108	0300-03	1-109	1229-01-076		_l	
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0018	0050	A0018	0048	A00184	4459	A0017	9928]	
		CC	DUNTY	Val Ve	erde	Mave	rick	Mave	rick	Mave	rick	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	90	US 5	57	US 5	57	FM 10	021	1	IIIVAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	7	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.190		0.190		0.340		0.280		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	5.000								5.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	161.000								161.000	
	618-6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	89.000								89.000	
	620-6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	260.000						637.000		897.000	
	620-6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	20.000				612.000		16.000		648.000	
	621-6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF							245.000		245.000	
	624-6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	2.000								2.000	
	628-6002	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA							1.000		1.000	
	628-6124	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)GS(L)SP(O)	EA							1.000		1.000	
	628-6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	EA	2.000								2.000	
	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	36.000								36.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000								2.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					450.000		280.000		730.000	
	666-6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	666-6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	666-6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					100.000		100.000		200.000	
	666-6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF					5,050.000		1,430.000		6,480.000	
	666-6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
	666-6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	
	666-6231	PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	666-6232	PAVEMENT SEALER (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	666-6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF					400.000		670.000		1,070.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					4,400.000		3,170.000		7,570.000	
	666-6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF					500.000		235.000		735.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					4,300.000		1,450.000		5,750.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA					40.000		35.000		75.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA					102.000		112.000		214.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF					5,300.000		1,430.000		6,730.000	
Ī	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
r	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
ľ	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
T	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF					5,300.000		1,430.000		6,730.000	
T	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
r	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	0022-10-076	13



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

DISTRICT Laredo **HIGHWAY** FM 1021, US 57, US 90

COUNTY Maverick, Val Verde

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0022-1	0-076	0300-01	L-108	0300-01	L- 109	1229-0	1-076	_	
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0018	0050	A00180	048	A00184	1459	A00179928			
		CO	OUNTY	Val Ve	erde	Maver	ick	Maver	ick	Mave	rick	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	90	US 5	7	US 5	57	FM 10	021		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL ES	ST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	680-6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA					1.000				1.000	
	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8.000				9.000		6.000		23.000	
	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA					8.000		2.000		10.000	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA							8.000		8.000	
	682-6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
	682-6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
	684-6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF					1,002.000		582.000		1,584.000	
	684-6008	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(3 CONDR)	LF	250.000								250.000	
	684-6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF					807.000		210.000		1,017.000	
	684-6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF					186.000		426.000		612.000	
	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF					174.000		348.000		522.000	
	684-6014	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(9 CONDR)	LF					516.000		578.000		1,094.000	
	685-6001	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	4.000								4.000	
	687-6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA							1.000		1.000	
	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA							4.000		4.000	
	688-6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA							1.000		1.000	
	690-6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF					3,290.000		6,370.000		9,660.000	
	690-6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA					13.000		11.000		24.000	
	690-6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							7.000		7.000	
	690-6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							4.000		4.000	
	690-6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA							4.000		4.000	
	690-6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA							4.000		4.000	
	690-6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA							1.000		1.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA					2.000				2.000	
	6010-6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA					1.000		1.000		2.000	
	6010-6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA					1.000		1.000		2.000	
	6027-6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF		1	170.000		582.000				752.000	
	6027-6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA			7.000		5.000		6.000		18.000	
	6058-6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA			1.000		1.000		1.000		3.000	
	6062-6017	ITS RADIO (SNGL)(5 GHZ)-I-O	EA			6.000						6.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	18.000		12.000		19.000		21.000		70.000	



DISTRICT COUNTY CCSJ SHEET

Laredo Val Verde 0022-10-076 14



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

DISTRICT Laredo

COUNTY Maverick, Val Verde

IIGHWAY	FΜ	1021.	US	57.	บร	90
A.	1 1.1	1021,	00	J,,	00	20

	CONTROL SECTION JOE			0022-1	0-076	0300-0	1-108	0300-01-109		1229-01-076			
		PROJE	CT ID	A0018	0050	A0018	0048	A0018	4459	A00179928			
		cc	UNTY	Val Ve	erde	Maverick		Maverick		Maverick		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	90	00 US 57		US 57		FM 1021			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR					24.000		24.000		48.000	
	6306-6001	VIVDS PROSR SYS	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6004	VIVDS CAM ASSY 360	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6005	VIVDS CNTRL SOFTWARE	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6007	VIVDS CABLING	LF			400.000		102.000		16.000		518.000	
	6306-6018	VIVDS CAM ASSY (REMOVE)	EA					4.000				4.000	
	6306-6020	VIVDS CABLING (REMOVE)	LF					200.000				200.000	
	6423-6007	FIELD HARDENED ETH SW (INSTALL ONLY)	EA			5.000						5.000	
	6423-6008	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR (INSTALL ONLY)	EA			5.000						5.000	
	6423-6014	CELLULAR MODEM RELOCATE	EA					1.000				1.000	
	11	STATE FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS			1.000						1.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000								1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000								1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000								1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	0022-10-076	15

TCP GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. This is a suggested Traffic Control Plan (TCP). The Contractor may submit an alternate Traffic Control Plan, signed and sealed by a Licensed Professional Engineer in Texas, for approval by the Engineer. When mutually beneficial changes are proposed to the existing Traffic Control Plan and are agreed upon by the Contractor and the Department, the plan sheets may be developed and signed and sealed by the Engineer.
- 2. Refer to Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress" and project general notes for additional information regarding the Traffic Control Plan.
- 3. Furnish and install all Traffic Control Plans devices, including but not limited to barricades, signs, and work zone markings, in compliance with the latest version of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TxMUTCD), the State Standard Traffic Control Plans (TCP) sheets, and the Barricades and Construction (BC) sheets. Refer to the project general notes for additional information regarding the Traffic Control Plan.
- 4. Limit the length of lane closures to maximum of two miles. Refer to sequence of construction for further information. Allow for all lanes open to traffic during non-working hours unless otherwise specified in the sequence of construction. Any additional overnight lane closures not specified in the sequence of construction will require approval by the engineer.
- 5. Verify the location and spacing of signs, barricades, and channelizing devices prior to their placement along vertical curves, horizontal curves, and other geometric constraints to assure visibility to all motorists.
- 6. The work has been identified by reference location numbers. Various reference locations can be worked on simultaneously when approved by the engineer. Once work has begun at a reference location, it must be worked on continuously through completion. Additional signing to safely guide traffic through the work area will be required as directed by the engineer.
- 7. Place the traffic control devices only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists. Always have enough barricades, channelizing devices, and signs at all times to replace those damaged.
- 8. Cover all existing signs that conflict with the Traffic Control Plan and uncover during non-working hours or as directed by the Engineer. Partial coverage of the sign or coverage by material that will not cover the entire sign all the time is not permitted.
- 9. Vary the spacing of signs to meet traffic conditions or as directed by the engineer and assure that all traffic control devices and work zone pavement markings are kept in a highly visible condition (clean, upright and at proper location).
- 10. Conduct construction operations so as to provide the least possible interference to traffic and to permit the continuous movement of traffic in all allowable directions at all times or as permitted by the sequence of construction. Provide for safe and convenient access to abutting property, highways, public roads, and street crossings except as otherwise shown on the sequence of construction. The contractor will maintain at all times two-way traffic or a minimum of one lane using a pilot vehicle and flaggers.
- 11. Place all stockpiled material, waste material, signs, barricades, channelizing devices and work vehicles not in use, at a minimum of 30 feet from the outer edge of the nearest travel lane.
- 12. Handle excavated and stockpiled material in such a way that it will not block drainage.
- 13. Regulate all construction traffic so as to cause a minimal inconvenience to the traveling public. At the times when it is necessary for trucks to stop, unload or cross roadways under traffic, provide warning signs and flaggers as needed to adequately protect the traveling public.
- 14. During the holiday time frame of December 21st through January 1st, every effort should be taken to ensure that all travel lanes remain open where possible.
- 15. Remove from the work area all loose materials and debris resulting from construction operations at the end of each work day.

- 16. Maintain a minimum of one through lane open in each direction during working hours except as directed by the Engineer.
- 17. Moving an existing sign to a temporary location is subsidiary to this item. Installations with permanent supports at permanent locations will be paid for under the applicable bid item(s).
- 18. Use of portable changeable message sign as advance notice of lane closures will be required, as directed by the engineer. For locations that are adjacent to each other, a single sign in advance of the entire work area is acceptable.
- 19. Place portable changeable message boards at locations requiring lane closures for 1 week before the closures or as directed by the engineer.
- 20. Additional signs, barricades and channelizing devices may be required to maintain traffic during construction, as shown on TCP standards. Additional signs, barricades, etc. (if any), will be subsidiary to items 502 "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".
- 21. If the contractor chooses to work multiple locations in urban/rural areas simultaneously, contractor will be responsible for providing all applicable traffic control devices, including portable changeable message boards, and truck mounted attenuators at their own expense.
- 22. Use of truck mounted attenuators as noted on plans, TxDOT traffic control plan standards, or as directed by the engineer. For locations that are adjacent to each other, a single truck mounted attenuator of the entire work area is acceptable.
- 23. Refer to BC(6)-21 Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Standards for a listing of abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on PCMS. Submit the suggested message for the board to the Engineer for approval.
- 24. Use plastic drums to channelize traffic when existing pavement markings have been obliterated.
- 25. Limit the length of daily work to that area of operation that can be completed in one work day in order to allow for two-way traffic at night. Such area must not exceed two (2) miles, unless approved by the engineer. Within the 2 mile section, only close off the area where actual work is being performed.
- 26. Provide full-time off-duty uniformed peace officers in officially marked vehicles as part of traffic control operations. the peace officers must supply proof of certification by the texas commission on law enforcement standards, this work will be paid for under the provisions of item 9.



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY RAFAEL GUZMAN, P.E. 106025. ON 6/29/2022

Pocusigned by:

Rafall Guyman

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TCP GENERAL NOTES

DN:	GR	DW: GR	STATE		SHEET NUMBER					
CK:	CK: TEXAS SHEET 1 OF 1				NO.					
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	1.6			
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	010 076 US90, etc		16			

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

THE FOLLOWING WORK WILL BE PERFORMED ON THE ROADWAY AND NEAR THE SHOULDER. REFER TO THE TCP PHASES, TCP GENERAL NOTES, AND CORRESPONDING PLAN SHEETS FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION.

INSTALL ALL APPLICABLE BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND WORK ZONE MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP, BC AND WZ TxDOT STANDARD SHEETS FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SETUP.

INSTALL REQUIRED SW3P MEASURES WITHIN CONSTRUCTION LIMITS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

GENERAL SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

PHASE I - INSTALL PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS, ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS & FLASHERS. AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERCONNECT.

PHASE II - PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP.

PHASE I

PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SPECIFIED ON THE TCP, BC, WZ TxDOT STANDARD SHEETS.

PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANY AS NEEDED.

INSTALL PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS, ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS & FLASHERS, AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERCONNECT AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

REMOVE AND INSTALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN IN PLANS.

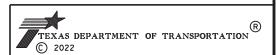
PHASE II

PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP AND REMOVE ALL BARRICADES AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY RAFAEL GUZMAN, P.E. 106025. ON 6/29/2022





SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

DN:	GR	DV	ı	GR	STATE	STATE SHEET NUMBER					SHEET
CK:	GR	CI	K:	GR	TEXAS	SF	IEET	1	OF	1	NO.
D. RD. V. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.		COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY	NO.	
6	22	VAL	۷E	RDE, etc.	0022	010	076	U:	s90,	etc.	17

4/2022 2:59:15 PM

The Barricade

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
-10 5-21	22	VAL VERDE,etc. 18						

CROSSROAD

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

CW20-1D

(See note 2 below)

Zone Standard Sheets.

CW20-1D

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

Type 3

devices

Barricade or

channelizina

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

3X

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

information shall be shown in the plans.

END ROAD WORK

ROAD WORK

NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <>

(G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.

will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

(Option

see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This

3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER

be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper

4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise

motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer

5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will

location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work

1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a

2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back

with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional

within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

CW1-4

CW13-1P

"ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

CW20-1D

CW20-1D

WPH CW13-1P

 \Diamond

ROAD

WORK

1/2 MILE

CW20-1E

 \Rightarrow

G20-1aT

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS

(Optiona

see Note

1 and 4)

ROAD WORK

AHE AD

* *G20-51

★ ★ G20-6T

Type 3 Barricade or

channelizing devices

¥ ¥G20-5T

* *G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

CONTRACTOR

SPEED

-CSJ Limit

¥ ¥R20-5aTP

SPEED R2:1

LIMIT

G20-10T

LIMIT

R2-1

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

CSJ Limit

ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒

END ROAD WORK

G20-2#

SIZE Sign onventional Expresswav Number Road Freeway or Series CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3,

- For typical sign spaci see Part 6 of the " (TMUTCD) typical app
- Minimum distance for work area and/or dista

GENERAL NOTES

CW10, CW12

CW20 CW21

CW22

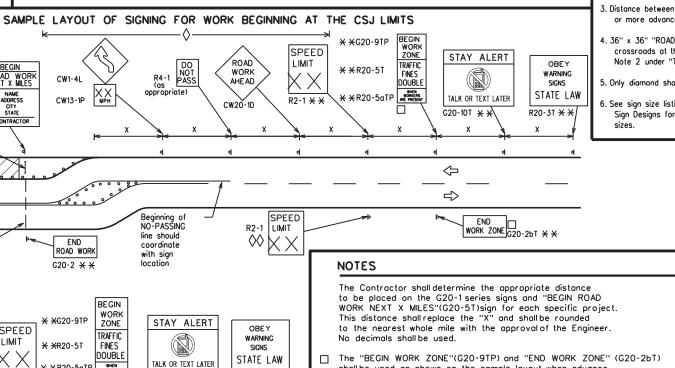
CW23

CW25

CW14

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs"
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

			MPH	Feet (Apprx.)							
48" × 48"	48" × 48"		30	120							
40 × 40			35	160							
			40	240							
			45	320							
36'' × 36'' 48'	x 48"		50	400							
.0 . 00 +0	36" 48' x 48"			500 ²							
			60	600 ²							
			65	700 2							
·8" × 48" 48'	" × 48"		70	800 ²							
			75	900 ²							
			80	1000 2							
		'	*	* 3							
3											



2 g o

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

workers are present

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance

sians are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the

lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double

motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone

BEGIN

ZONE

FINES

IDOURI I

ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES

WORK ZONE G20-2bT **

G20-1bTL

X XG20-9TP

X XR20-5T

1000'-1500' - Hwy

1 Block - City

* R20-50TP WORKERS ARE PRESENT

ROAD WORK

G20-2

T-INTERSECTION

1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy

80'

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

END

G20-5T

G20-6T

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices,

(G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is

2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR

NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also).

The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow

R20-31

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

END I

WORK ZONE G20-26T * *

X XG20-2bT

INTERSECTED

ROADWAY

BEGIN

WORK

ZONE

TRAFFIC

FINES

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

being performed at or near an intersection.

DOUBLE

G20-1bTR ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES ⇒

* * G20-9TP

* * R20-5T

→ R20-5aTP

workers

ARE PRESENT

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

LEGEND

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

See Typical Construction

Warning Sign Size and

Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign

spacing requirements.

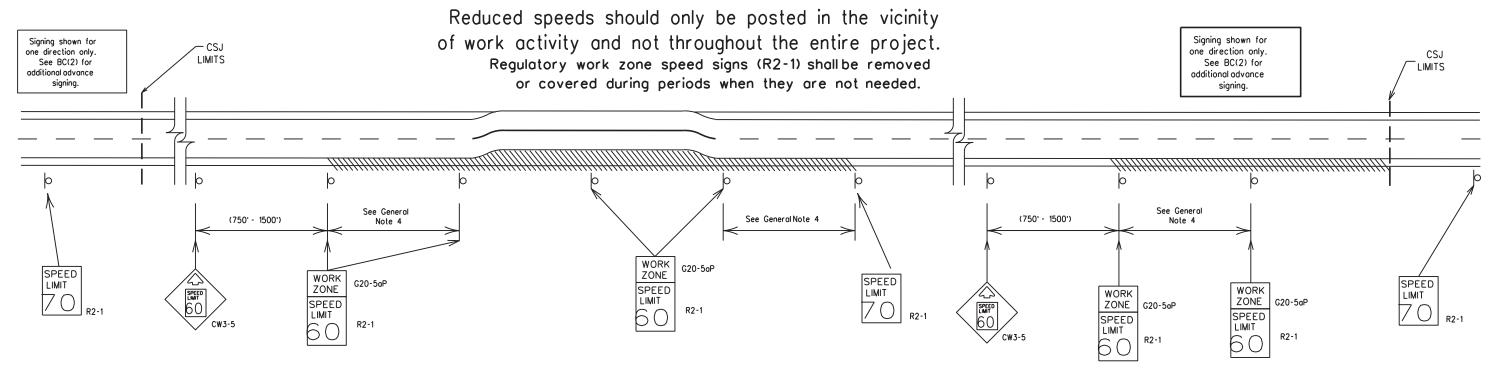
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

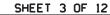
SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





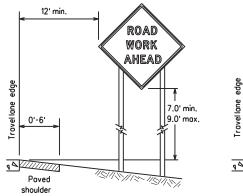
Traffic Safety Division Standard

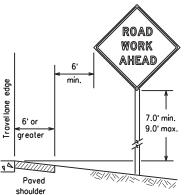
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

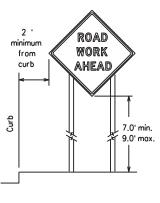
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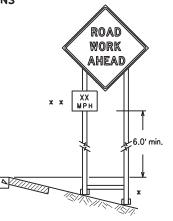
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

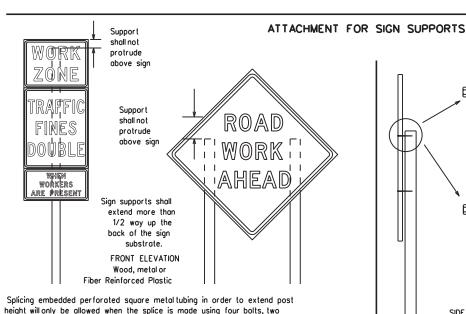








- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling
 - * * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

sign supports Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

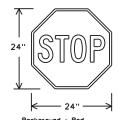
1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".

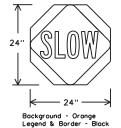
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Background - Red Legend & Border - White

SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD $\,$ Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type 🖟 , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety

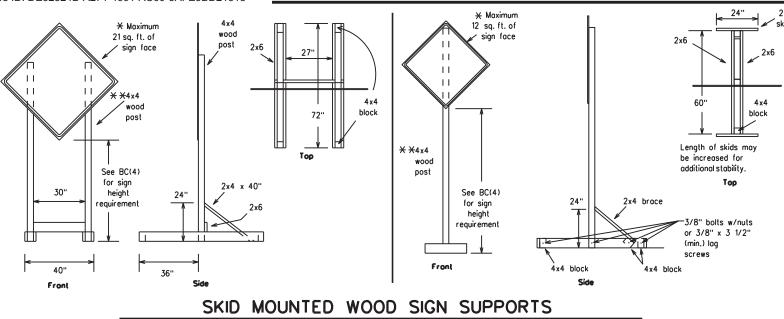


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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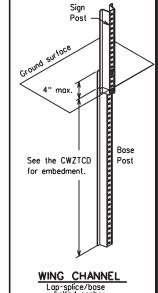




*LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

SINGLE LEG BASE

Sign Post Sign Post max. 34" min. in Optional 48" strong soils, reinforcina 55" min. in sleeve 34" min. ir weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils, than sign 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

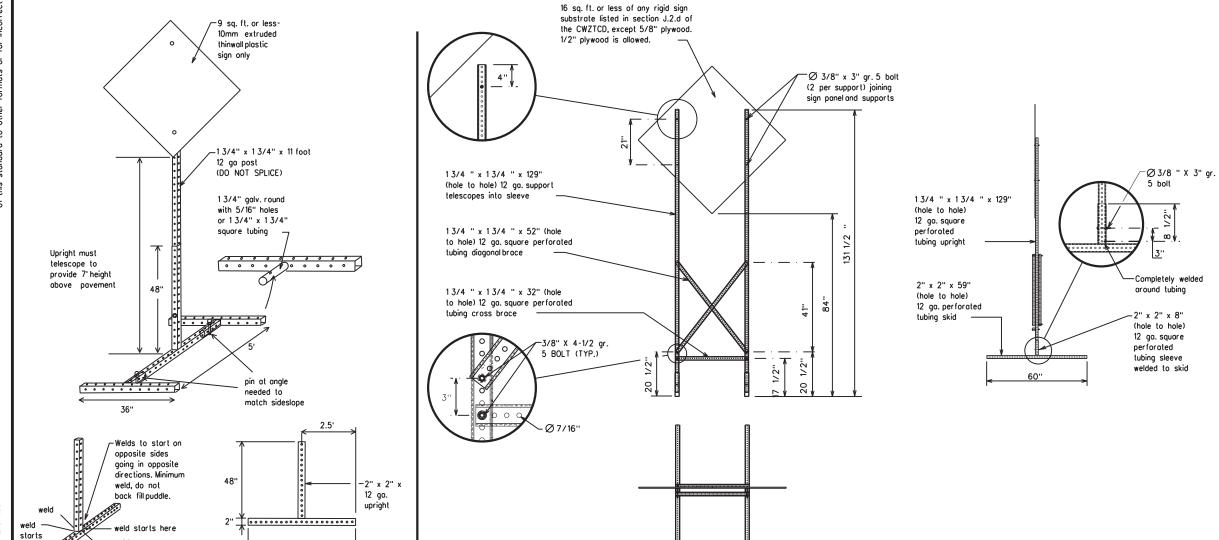


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a
 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the
 CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - imes See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - ← ★ Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will
 NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - $\hfill \Box$ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



ADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

6/24/

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e.,
- keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road /	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Abead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Vehicle		South	\$
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		1	
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle	Links	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN WED
It Is	ITS	Wednesday Weight Limit	WED WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	MI FIWII
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement Will Not	WEIPVMI
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	1	I MONI
Maintenance	MAINT]	

designation • IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ram	p Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT

CENTER DAYTIME LOOSE UNEVEN I ANF I ANF GRAVEL LANES CLOSED **CLOSURES** XXXX FT XXXX FT I-XX SOUTH DETOUR NIGHT ROUGH LANE EXIT X MILE ROAD CLOSURES CLOSED XXXX FT

EXIT XXX ROADWORK **VARIOUS** ROADWORK LANES CLOSED PAST NEXT CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX FRI-SUN EXIT RIGHT LN **BUMP** US XXX

CLOSED X MILES X LANES TRAFFIC MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED SIGNAL TUE - FRI XXXX FT CLOSED

XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

CLOSED

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

XXXX FT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

TO BE

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

ion to Take/Ef L	fect on Travel ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX XX X PM-X A
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X- XX PM XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		x x Se	ee Application Guidelines No	te 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

EXIT

LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a floshing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flosh rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

SHEET 6 OF 12



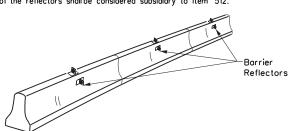
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on too shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detailabove.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

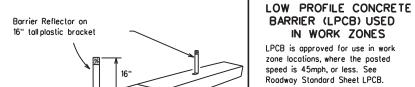
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travel way.

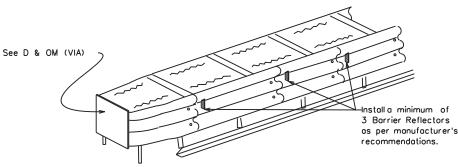
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type Á-Lów Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB"
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

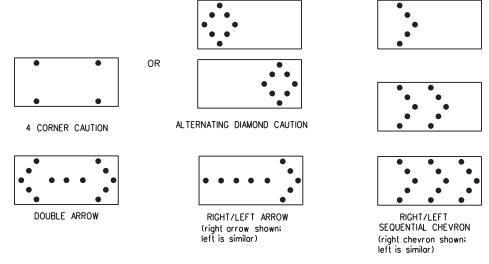
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron

- display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL

Traffic Safety

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMÁ.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD)
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

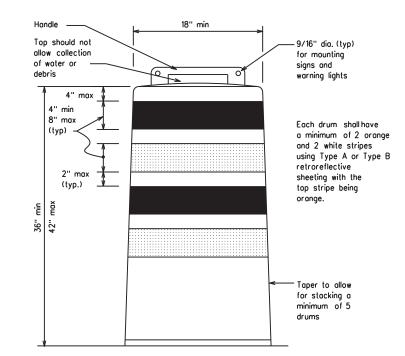
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of light weight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to droin water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

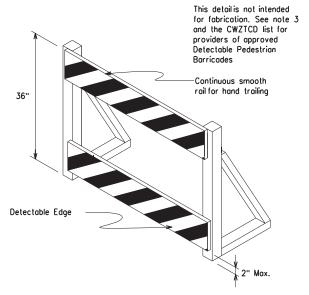
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- a solid rubber base.
 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.







DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movement.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

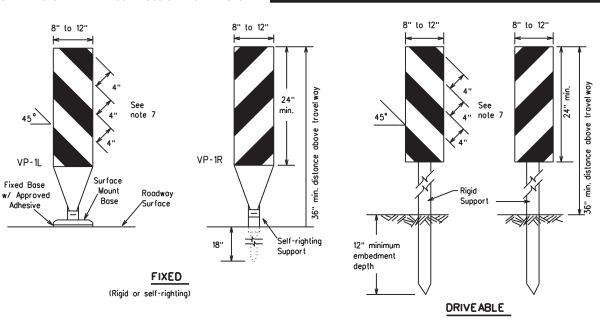
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(Rigid or self-righting)

PORTABLE



- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

Panels

mounted

back to back

Portable.

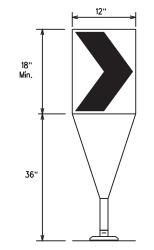
Fixed or

Driveable Base

may be used, or may be

mounted

on drums.



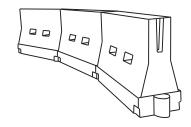
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top if the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengl * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	
40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	
60] " " " "	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	
70]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75]	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

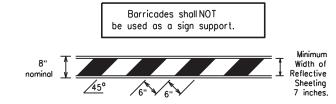
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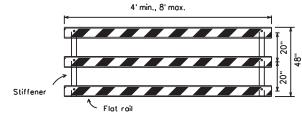
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

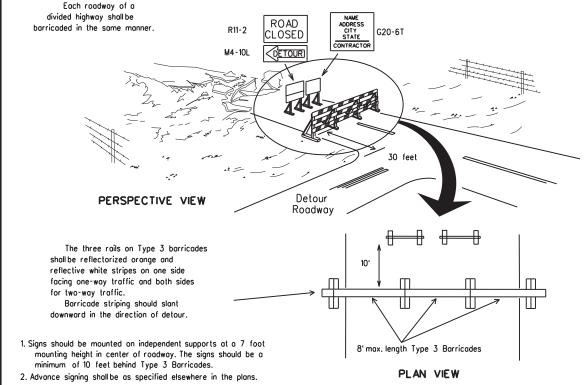


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

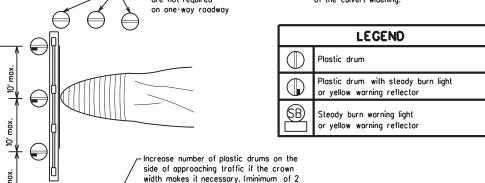


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

PERSPECTIVE VIEW These drums are not required drums work

PLAN VIEW

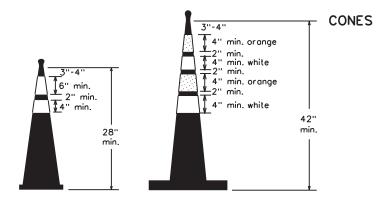
- 1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
- 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for
- safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the
- shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
- 5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



Plastic Drum

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

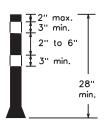
and maximum of 4 drums)



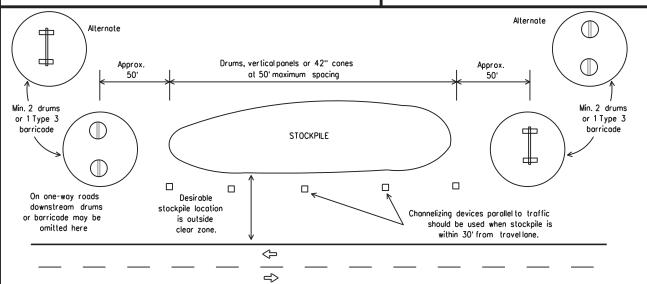
Two-Piece cones

um of two c

One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the 'Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices' (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

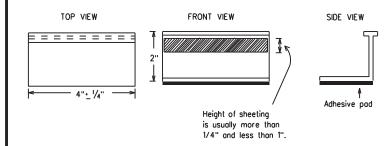
- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as quidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

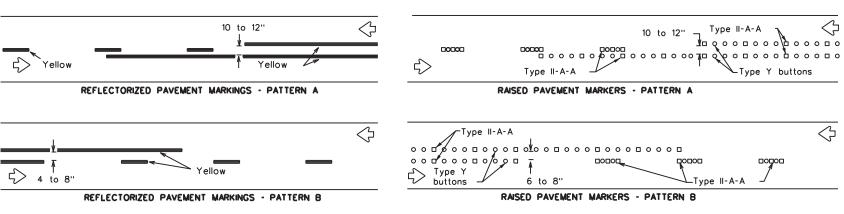
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety

BC(11)-21

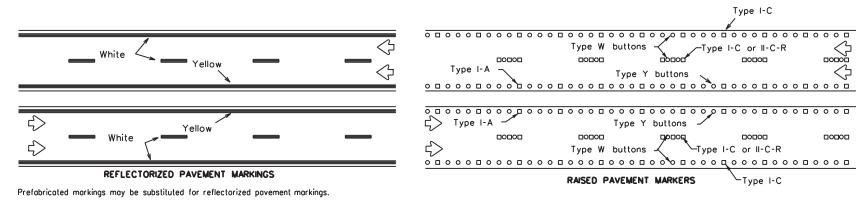
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: bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0022	010	076		US	90,etc.
02 7-13	DIST COUNTY SHEET NO			SHEET NO.		
02 8-14	22	VA	L VERD	E,et	c.	28

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

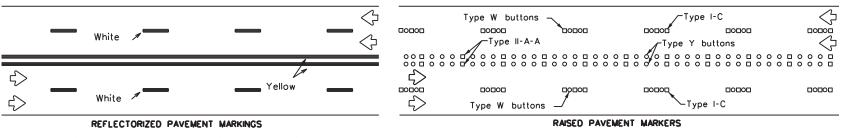


Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

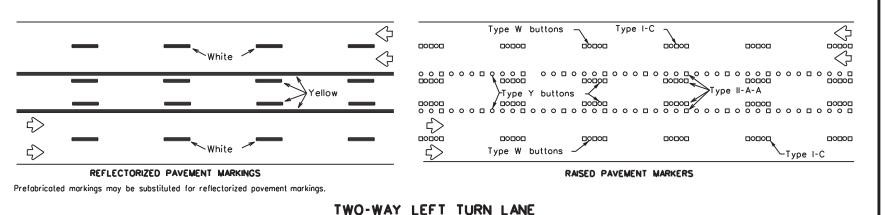


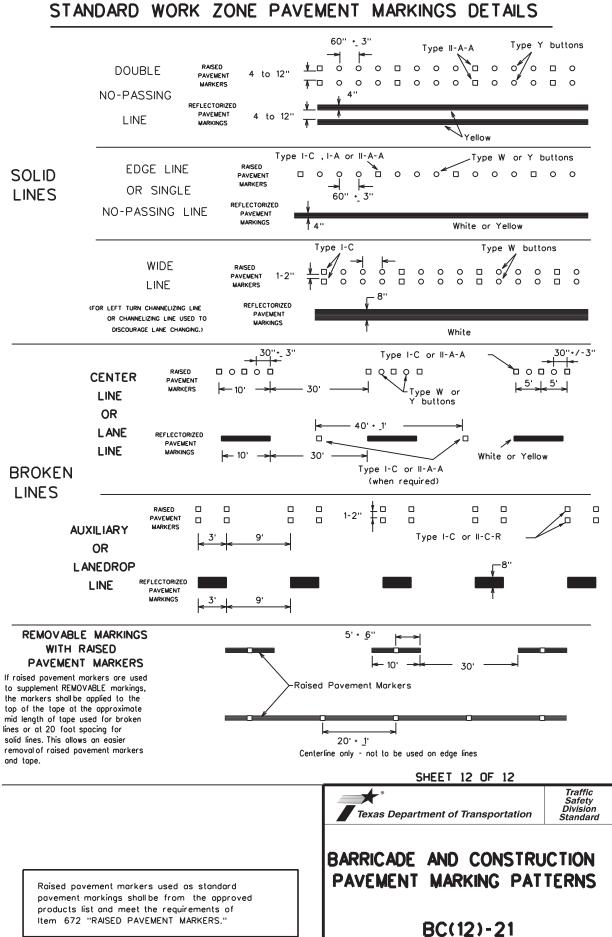
EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS





©⊺xDOT February 1998

1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 DN: TxDOT | CK: TxDOT | DW: TxDOT | CK: TxDC

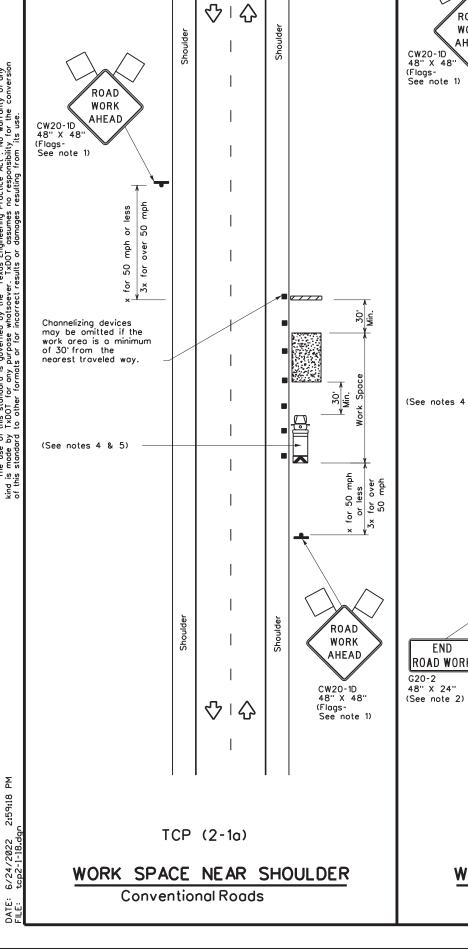
US90,etc.

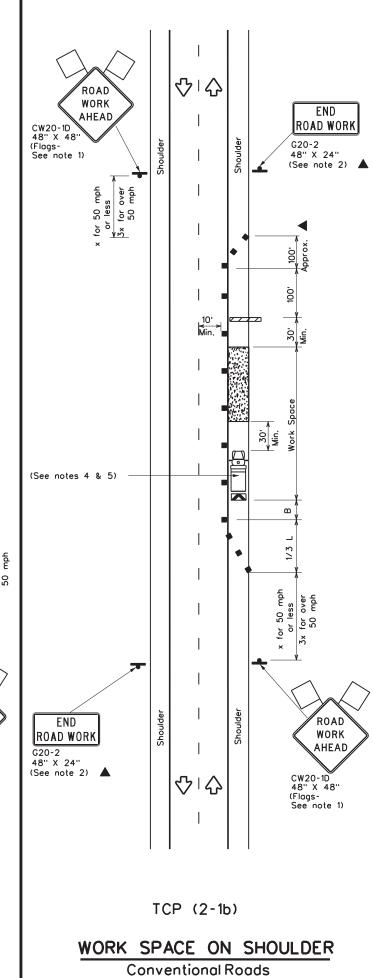
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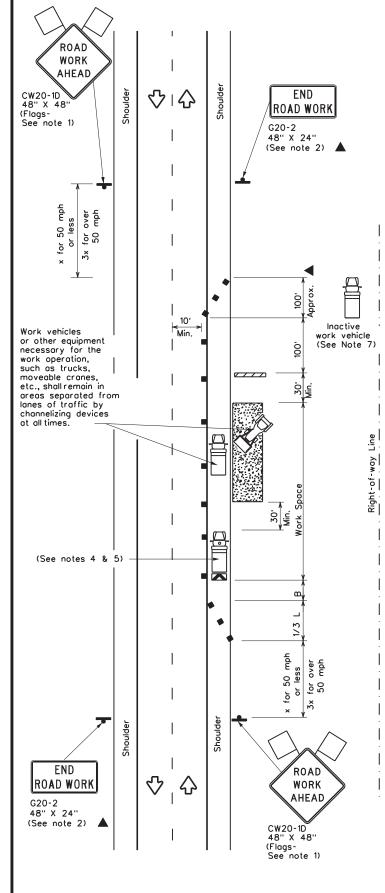
076

22 VAL VERDE,etc.

0022 010







LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) M ♦ Traffic Flow $\overline{\Diamond}$ Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60]	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	√	√					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- S. Stockpilled Interests and Stockpilled Proceedings of the Procedure of the Proceedings of the Procedure of the the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

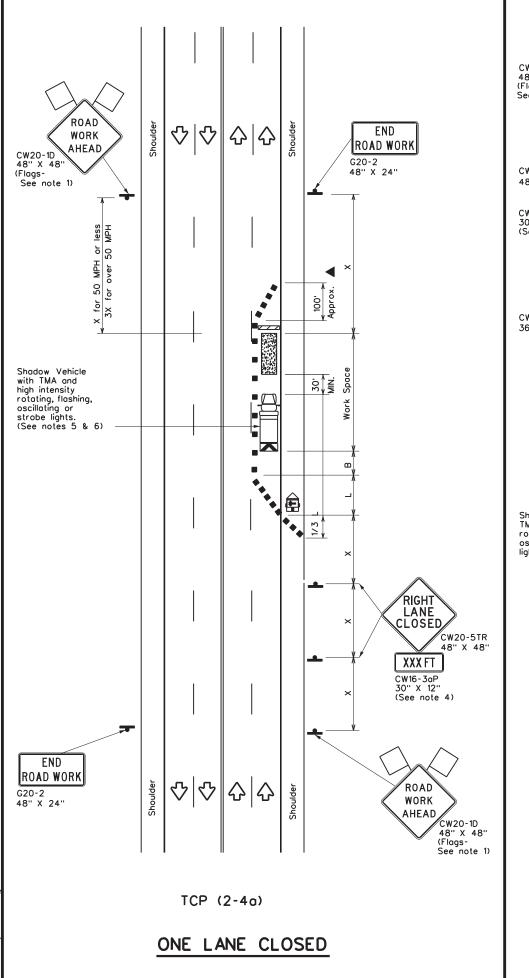
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

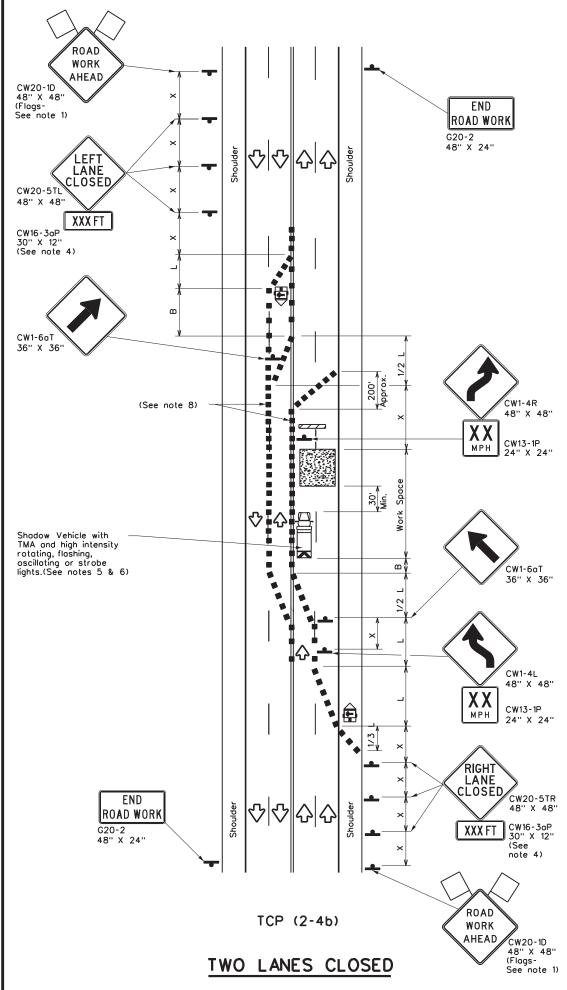
TCP(2-1)-18

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TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY S			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	30

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

TCP (2-1c)





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger							

Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Suggested Spacing Channelia Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
_ *		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= WS ²	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900,	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- * * Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		1	<b>√</b>						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

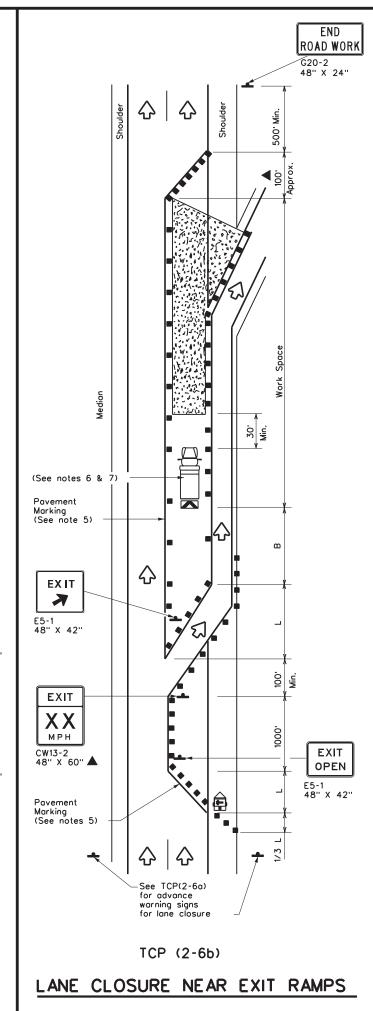
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

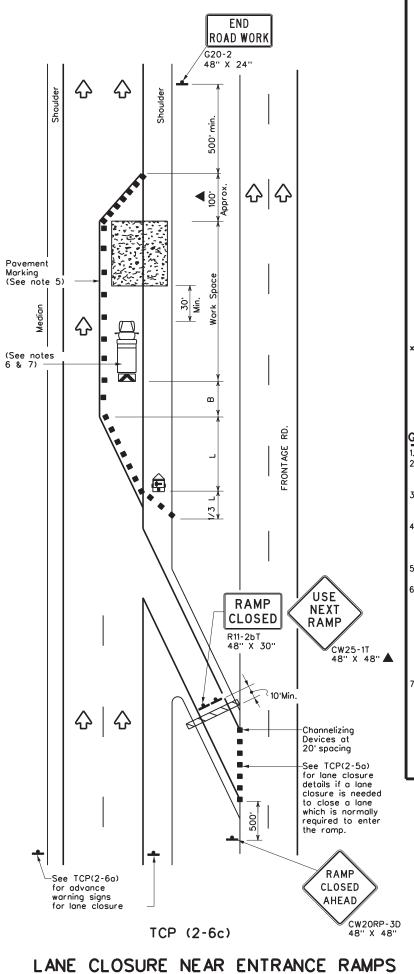
TCP(2-4)-18

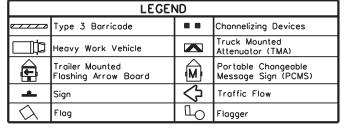
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8-95 3-03 REVISIONS		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.	
1-97	2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18		22	V	AL VERD	E,etc	:.	31

164

ROAD WORK 48" X 24"  $\Diamond$ Pavement Marking | (See note 5 (See notes 6 & 7) LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" 1000 FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" RIGH1 LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR  $\Diamond$  $\Diamond$ CW16-3aP ROAD WORK 1 MILE 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-6a) ONE LANE CLOSURE







Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing ''X''	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90,
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50	1	500'	550'	600,	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- * Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-terr stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer
- . Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those

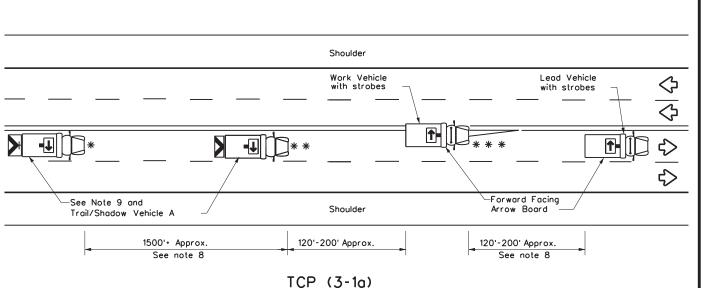
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

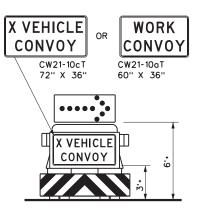
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE:	tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98	REVISIONS	0022	010	076	U	S90,etc.
8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	1	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	32
100						

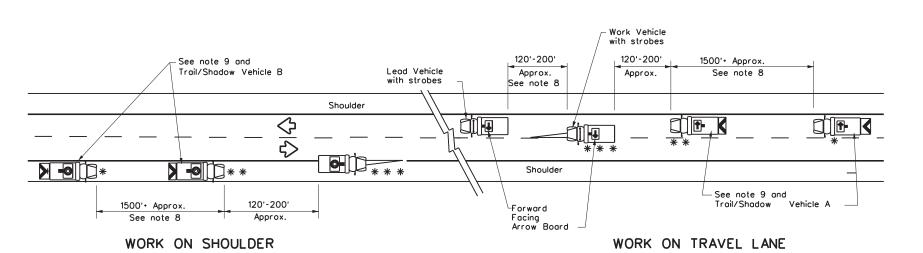


UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



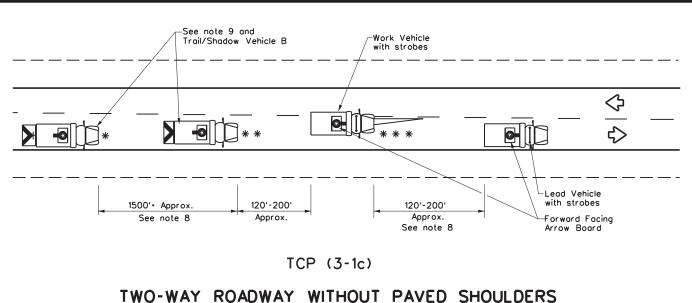
## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

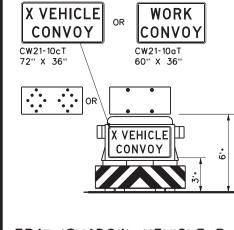
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

TCP (3-1b)





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

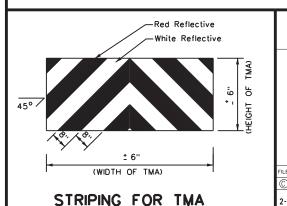
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





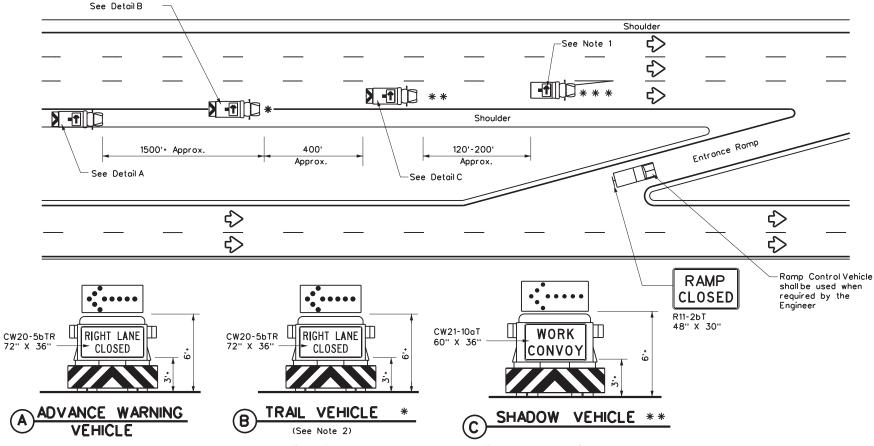
Texas Department of Transportation

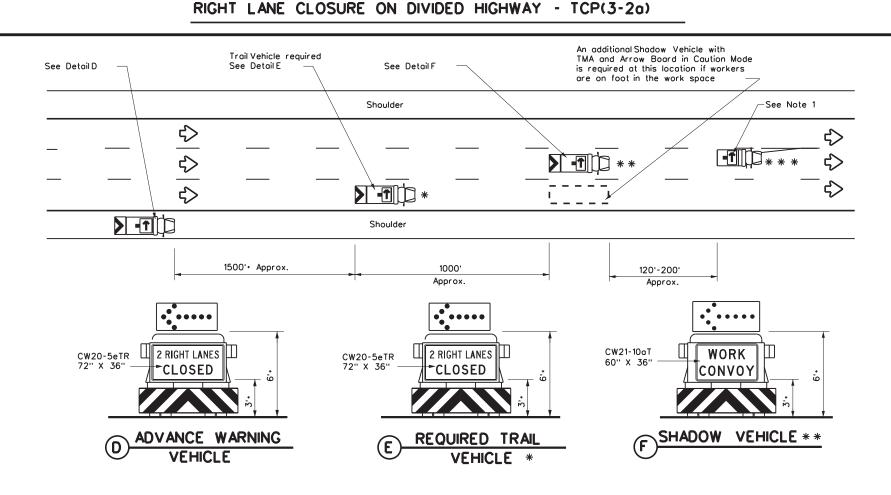
TCP(3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO tcp3-1.dgn C) TxDOT December 1985 JOB 076 0022 010 US90,etc. 8-95 7-13 1-97

22 VAL VERDE,etc.





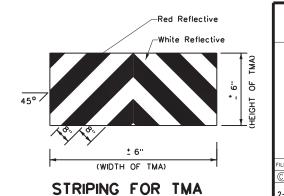
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOM: DOADD DISDLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>—</b>	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b></b>	Double Arrow							
<b>⇔</b>	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B
  or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC)
  standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the
  type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
  inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



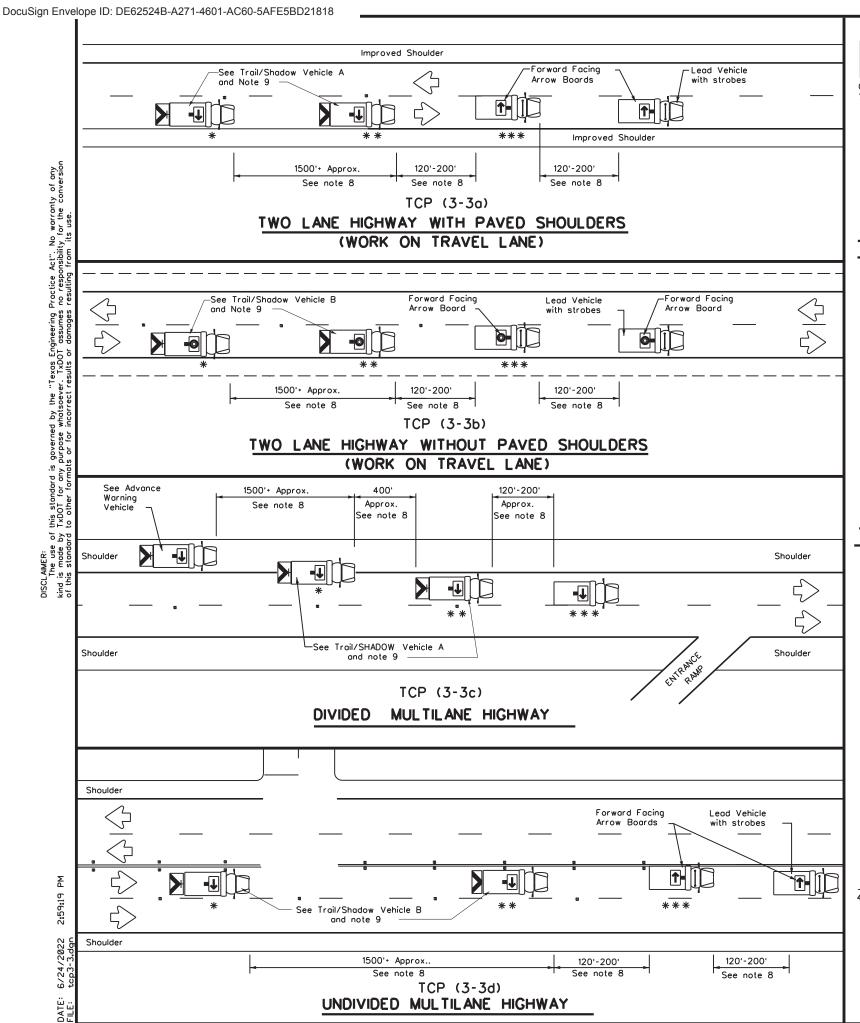


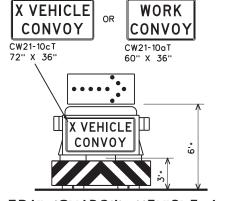
MOBILE OPERATIONS
DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-2)-13

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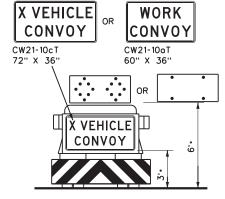
176





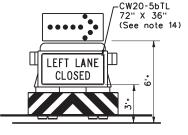
## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display

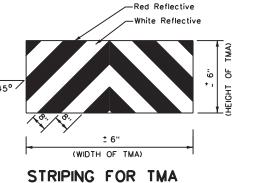


## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle	ADDOM DOADD DISDLAY								
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>←</b>	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow							
<b>♡</b>	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

  2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
  8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

  X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



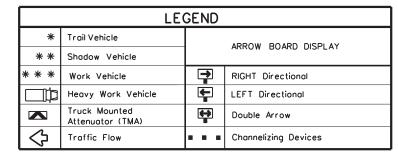
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **MOBILE OPERATIONS** RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

1-97 7-14	4	22	VA	AL VERDI	E,et	c.	35
2-94 4-9 8-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
REVISIONS (		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
© TxD0T	September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
FILE:	tcp3-3.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDО

CENTER LANE MARKINGS

LEFT TURN LANE MARKINGS



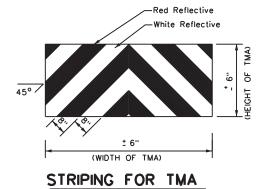
Posted Speed	Formula	<b> </b> D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Spacing Channelia Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- 113	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	900,	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
1											

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.





# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-4)-13

TxDOT	July, 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US90,etc.	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	V.	VERD	Fei	c	36

178

ROAD ROAD WORK WORK AHEAD AHEAD  $\langle \cdot \rangle$ CW20-1D ♡ | ♡ 48" X 48" DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any find is made by TxDDT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. CLOSED 1000 FT OR Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. LEFT SHOULDER 1000 FT CLOSED CW21-5aL 48" X 48" LEFT RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5aR 48" X 48" -Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. . Min. 30 **公** | 公 ROAD ♡ WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (5-1a) WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48"  $\langle \cdot \rangle$ ♡ | ♡ LEFT SHOULDER CW21-5bL 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or CLOSED strobe lights. CW21-5aL 48" X 48" CW16-3aP 30" X 12" RIGHT SHOULDER SHOULDER CLOSED CLOSED CW21-5aR 48" X 48" CW21-5aL 48" X 48" RIGHT SHOULDER **CLOSED** CW21-5aR 48" X 48" 1000 FT CW16-3aP Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. 30" X 12" OR RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED 000 FT CW21-5bR 48" X 48" 수 | 수 ROAD WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D TCP (5-1b)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted eavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted lashing Arrow Board  $\Diamond$ Traffic Flow  $\overline{\Diamond}$ Lo lagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Spa Chanr	ed Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'	
35	L- <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'	
40	] 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'	
50	]	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'	
60	] " " " ]	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	350'	
65	1	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'	
70	]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'	
75	]	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'	
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'	

- Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	TCP(5-1a)	TCP(5-1b)	TCP(5-1b)				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

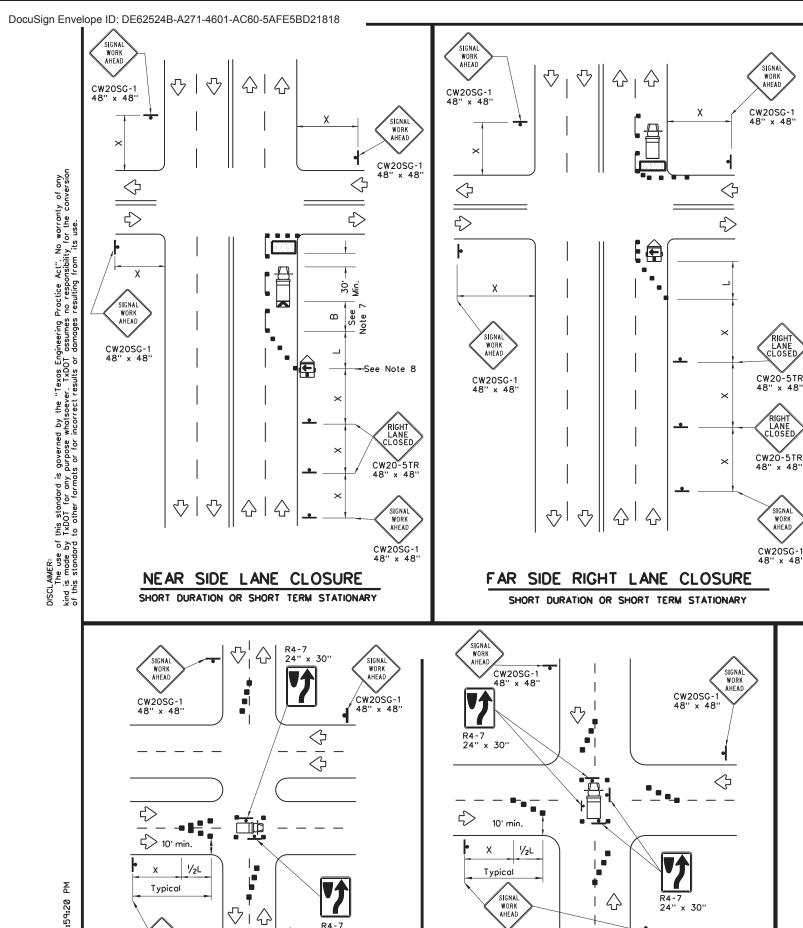


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

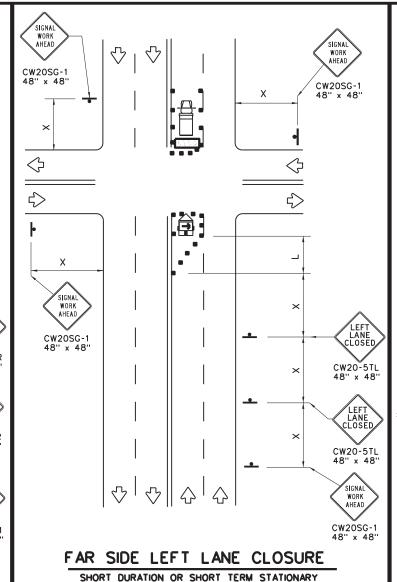
TCP(5-1)-18

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REVISIONS		0022	010	076 US9		S90,etc.
2-18		DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		22	V	AL VERD	E.etc.	37



CW20SG-1 48" x 48"

OPERATIONS IN THE INTERSECTION



**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) eavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow 4 O Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *		Suggested Spacing Channeliz Devid	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{ws^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	]	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

#### GENERAL NOTES

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

- 1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper
- 9. Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

SHEET 1 OF 2



TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

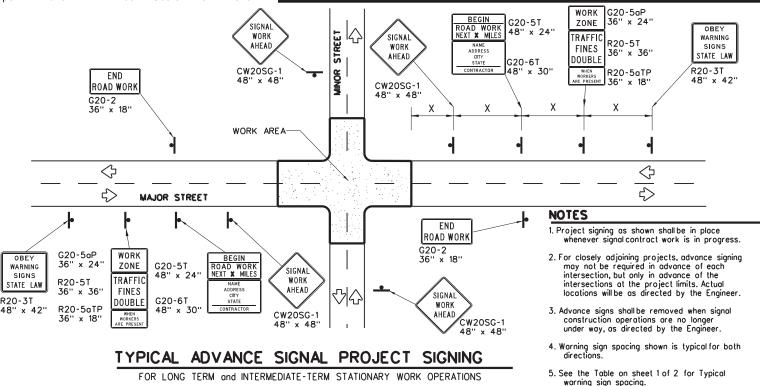
WZ(BTS-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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TxDOT April 1992	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		USS	0,etc.	
8 10-99 7-13	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
98 3-03	22	VAL VERDE, etc. 38				38	

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" x 48"



#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as
- 9. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

#### **DURATION OF WORK**

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 6G.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such os heavy milblack plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not be used to cover signs.
- 3. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.  $\label{eq:continuous} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarray} % \beg$
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbaas shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

LEGEND				
4	Sign			
	Channelizing Devices			
~~~	Type 3 Barricade			

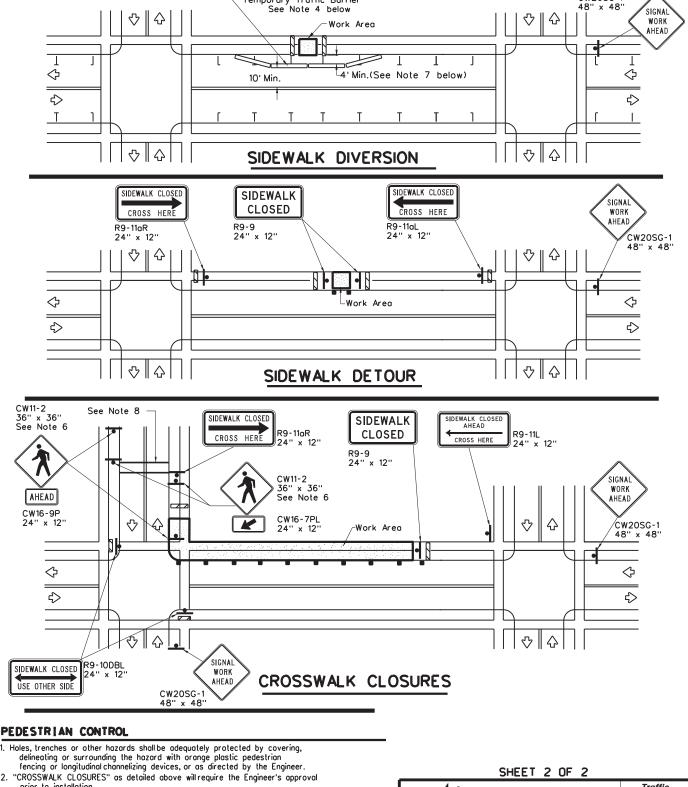
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR USAGE SHEE			SHEETING MATERIAL
ORAN	GE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE		BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLAC	<	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

"Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot_library/publications/construction.htm



- Temporary Traffic Barrier

- prior to installation. R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic
- substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown. For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of
- blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations. Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and
- location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 Barricades shown.
- The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical.
- Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items.
- When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated, temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian



Operation: Division Standard

CW20SG-1

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

WZ(BTS-2)-13

wzbts-13.dan DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDC JOB TxDOT April 1992 076 0022 010 US90,etc. 2-98 10-99 7-13 4-98 3-03 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T)

192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted

elsewhere in the plans.

	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS								
BACKGROUND COLOR	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN	SIGN DIMENSIONS	REFLECTIVE SHEETING	SQ FT	GALVANIZED STRUCTURAL STEEL			DRILLED SHAFT
COLOR	DESIGNATION		DIMENSIONS	3112211140		Size	(LF	· ·	24" DIA. (LF)
Orange	G20-7T	Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	32	A	A	A	A
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	192" X 96"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	128	W8×18	16	17	12

▲ See Note 6 Below

	LEGEND			
Sign				
••	Large Sign			
♦	Traffic Flow			

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	FIFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL}	
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- 5. Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

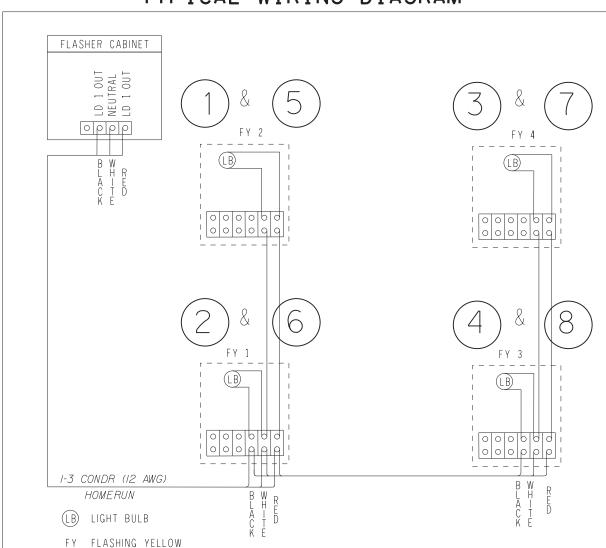


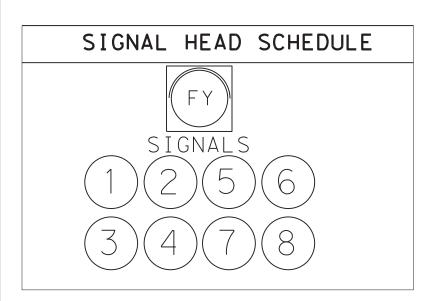
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE "GIVE US A BRAKE" **SIGNS**

WZ(BRK)-13

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TxDOT August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.		
-96 5-98 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.		
-96 3-03	22	VA	VERDI	Fet	r	40		





						PRO	POSED E	LECTRICAL SERVICE DATA				
SERVICE POLE NO.	SERVICE POLE DESCRIPTION	CONDU	SERVICE CONDU CTORS NO./SIZ E	SAFETY SWITCH		01/7	TWO-PC LE CONTR ACTOR AMPS	PANELBD./ LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BKR POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	KVA LOAD
US 90 /KINGSWAY 1	TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	FLASHING BEACON	1P/20	2	0.24
US90 /KINGSWAY 2	TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	FLASHING BEACON	1P/20	2	0.24

	ELECTRICAL RUNS											
ITEM	RUN NUMBER	1-1	1-2	1-3	2-1	2-2	2-3	2-4	EXTRA	TOTAL		
ITEIVI	RUN LENGTH (LF)	8	78	46	5	26	44	43	(LF)	IOIAL		
CONDUIT	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (2")	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	161		
CONDOIT	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 80) (2") (BORE)	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	89		
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (3 CONDR)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		250		
	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	260		
CONDUCTOR	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) INSULATED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	20		



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY RAFAEL GUZMAN, P.E. 106025. ON 6/29/2022

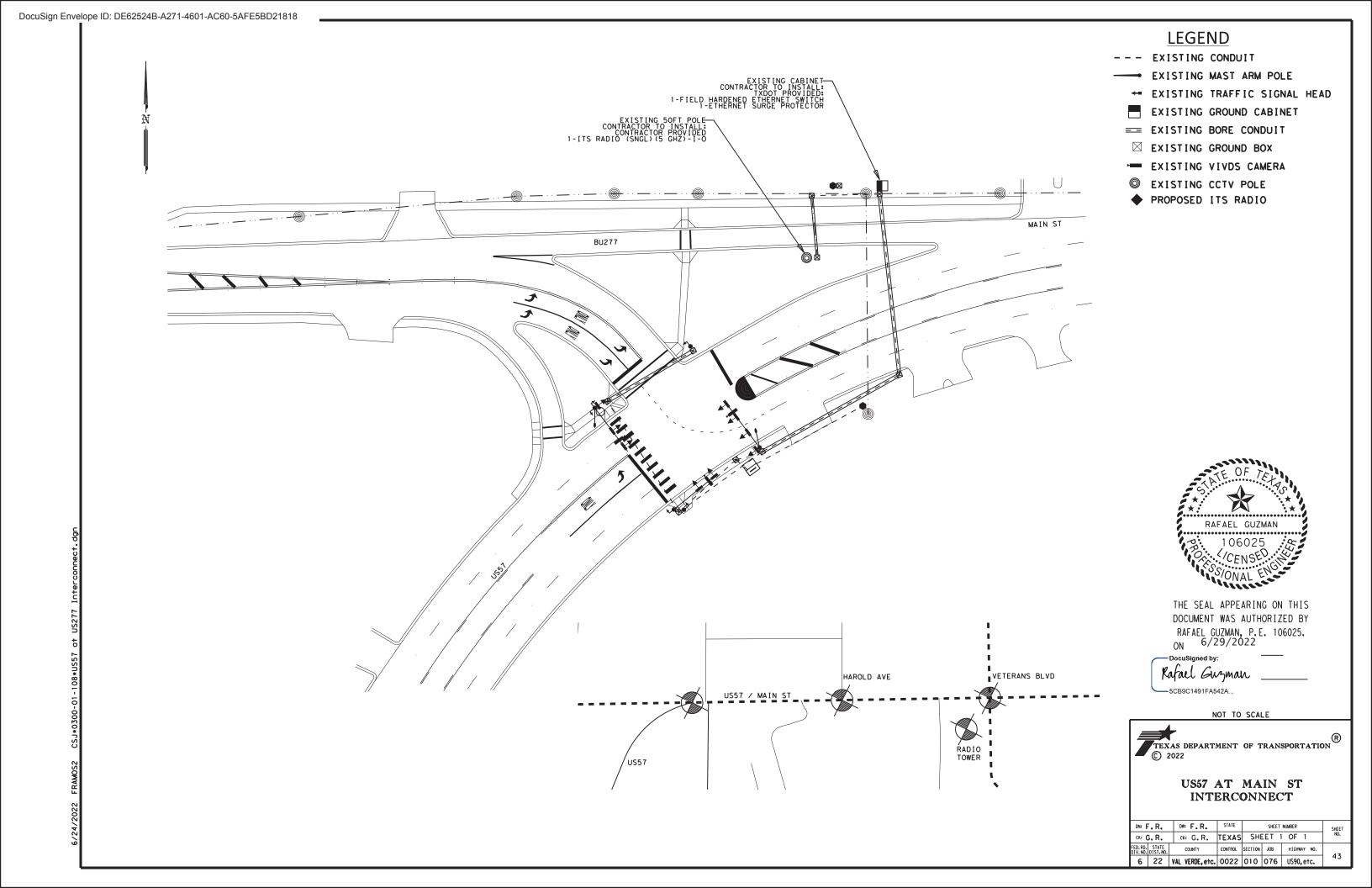


NOT TO SCALE



US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM

DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
		ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	NO.		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	42
6	6 22 VAI VERDE, etc. 002		0022	010	076	US90, etc.	42



RAFAEL GUZMAN

■ VETERANS BLVD

ŔADIO ■

TOWER ■

HAROLD AVE

US57 / MAIN ST

US57

LEGEND

EXISTING GROUND CABINET

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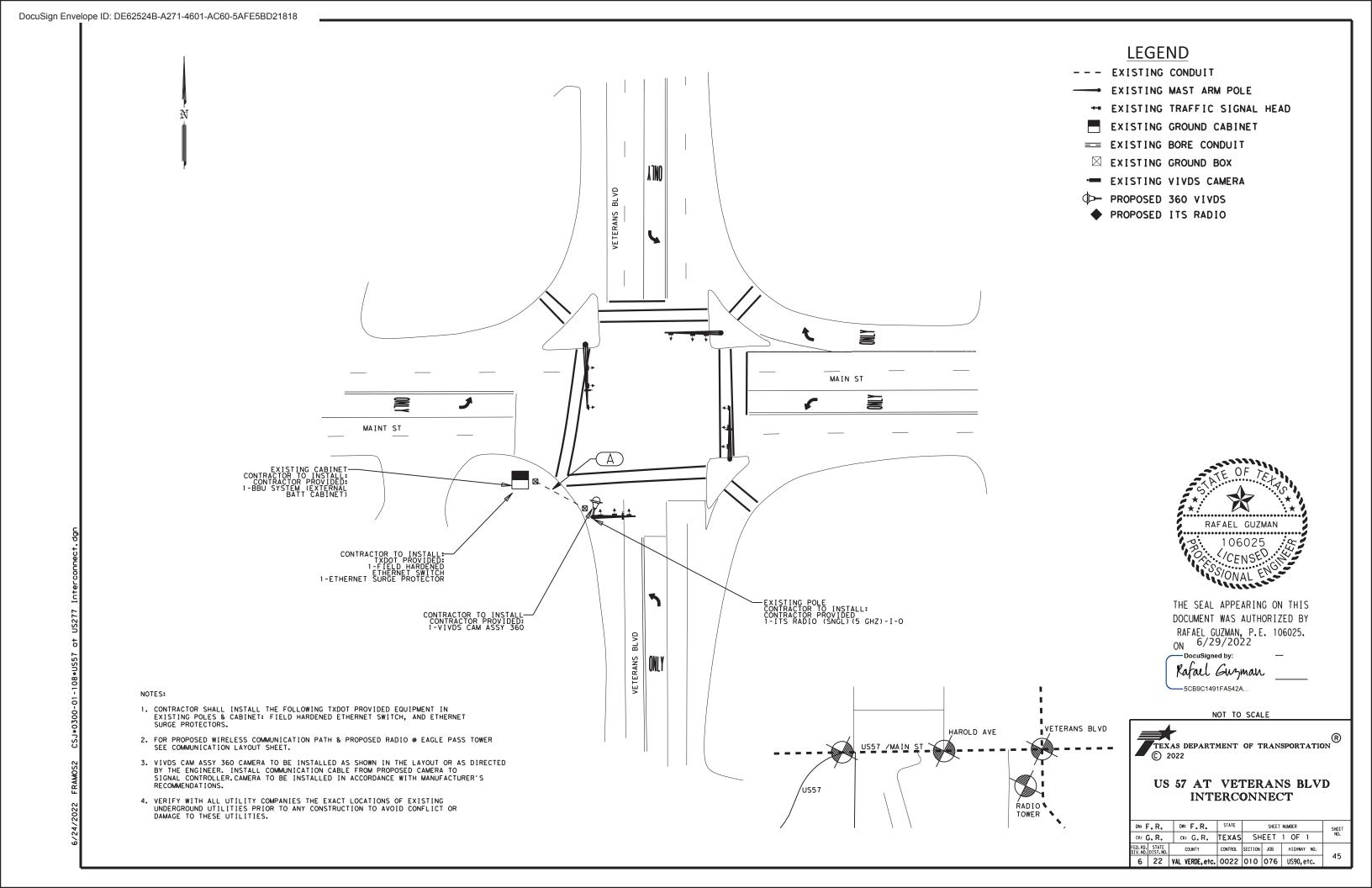


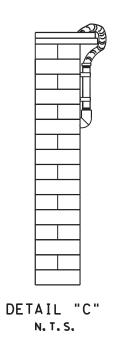
US 57 AT HAROLD AVE INTERCONNECT

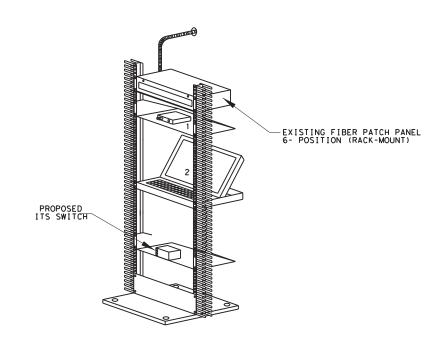
DN	ı: F	. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK	: C	G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SHE	ET 1	OF 1	NO.
FED. DIV.		STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	ô	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	44

NOTES:

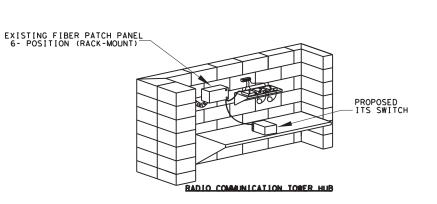
- CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE FOLLOWING TXDOT PROVIDED EQUIPMENT IN EXISTING POLES & CABINET: FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH, AND ETHERNET
- 2. FOR PROPOSED WIRELESS COMMUNICATION PATH & PROPOSED RADIO @ EAGLE PASS TOWER SEE COMMUNICATION LAYOUT SHEET.
- 3. VIVDS CAM ASSY 360 CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE LAYOUT OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER.CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 4. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES.



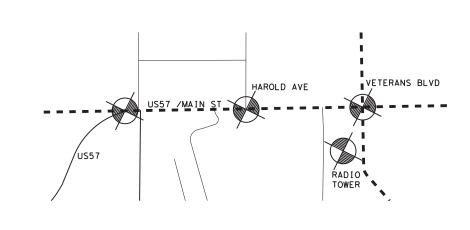


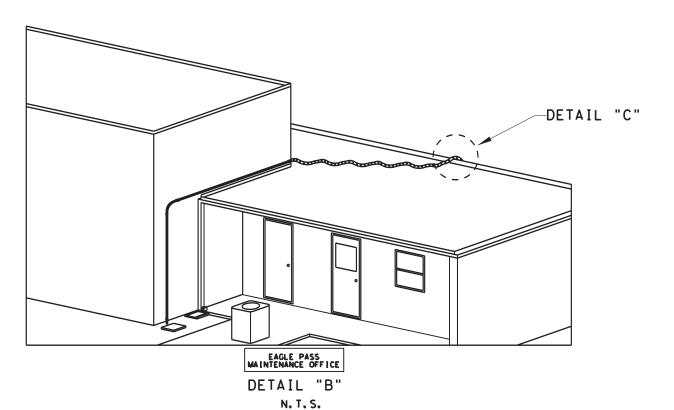


DETAIL "D"



BUILDING INTERIOR
N.T.S.





NOTES:

 RADIO MOUNTING HARDWARE AND MOUNTING ON EXISTING TOWER TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM (6062-6017) ITS RADIO (SNGL) (5 GHZ) I-O



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EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT

DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK: (G.R.	CK:	TEXAS	SH	EET	2 OF 2	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	47
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90,etc.	47

PROPOSED ITS RADIO

US57 @ MAIN ST

-REMOTE RADIO

INJECTOR

TS I

CONTROLLER

EPC-

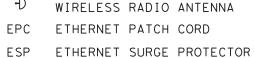
SWITCH

(FHS)

EXISTING TRAFFIC

SIGNAL CABINET

LEGEND

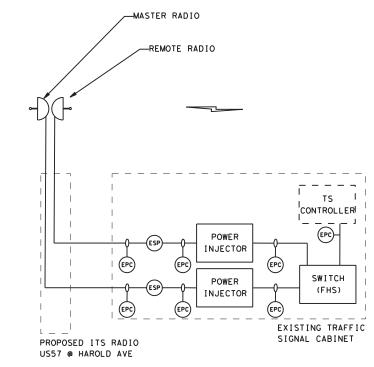


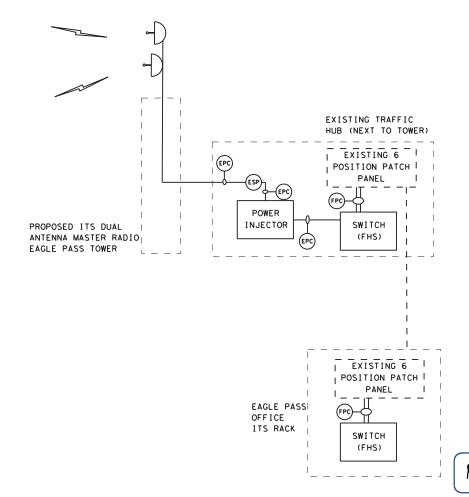
FHS FIELD HARDENED SWITCH

FPC FIBER PATCH CABLE

NEW EQUIPMENT

____ EXISTING EQUIPMENT





INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER



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ON 6/29/2022
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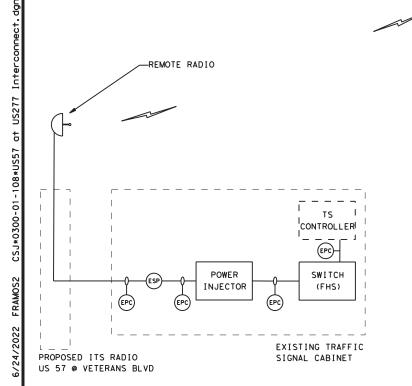
Rafaul Guzman

-5CB9C1491FA542A...

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TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
© 2022

US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT





NOTES:

UTILITIES.

INTERSECTION

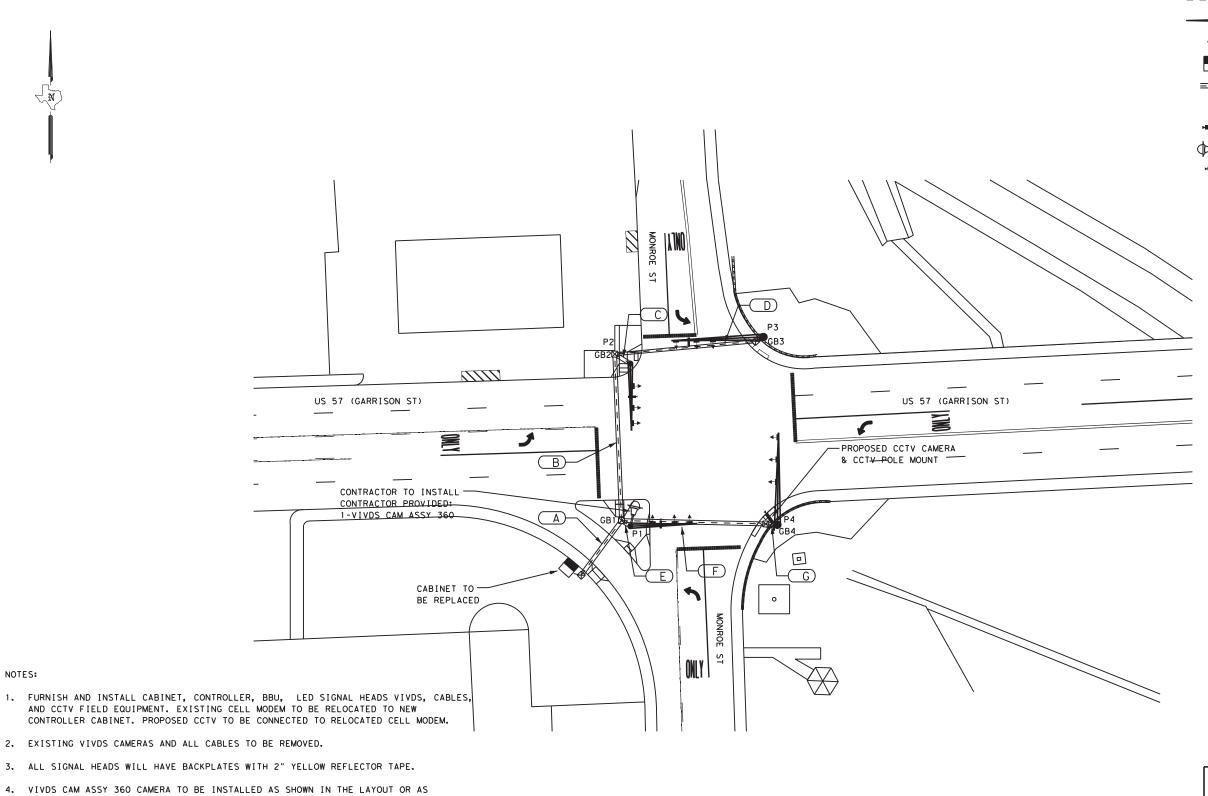
DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER. CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

5. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND

UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE

** LIMITS FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS IS APPROX. 500' IN EACH DIRECTION FROM THE





LEGEND

--- EXISTING CONDUIT

→ EXISTING MAST ARM POLE

← EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD

EXISTING GROUND CABINET

EXISTING BORE CONDUIT

EXISTING VIVDS CAMERA

PROPOSED 360 VIVDS

- PROPOSED CCTV CAMERA



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US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT**

Ì	DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
I	CK: (G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SHI	EET 1	1 OF 3	NO.
I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	40
ĺ	6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	49

- NOTES:
- FURNISH AND INSTALL CABINET, CONTROLLER, LED SIGNAL HEADS, VIVDS, CABLES, AND CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT. EXISTING CELL MODEM TO BE RELOCATED TO NEW CONTROLLER CABINET. PROPOSED CCTV TO BE CONNECTED TO RELOCATED CELL MODEM.
- 2. EXISTING VIVDS CAMERAS AND ALL CABLES TO BE REMOVED.
- 3. ALL SIGNAL HEADS WILL HAVE BACKPLATES WITH 2" YELLOW REFLECTOR TAPE.
- 4. VIVDS CAM ASSY 360 CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE LAYOUT OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER. CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S
- 5. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES.
- ** LIMITS FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS IS APPROX. 500' IN EACH DIRECTION FROM THE INTERSECTION

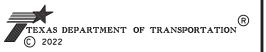
- --- EXISTING CONDUIT
- → EXISTING MAST ARM POLE
 - ← EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD
 - EXISTING GROUND CABINET
 - **EXISTING BORE CONDUIT**
 - □ EXISTING GROUND BOX
 - EXISTING VIVDS CAMERA
 - PROPOSED 360 VIVDS
 - PROPOSED ITS CAMERA



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US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT**

ı	DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
ı			ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	EET	2 OF 3	NO.
I	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
ı	6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	50

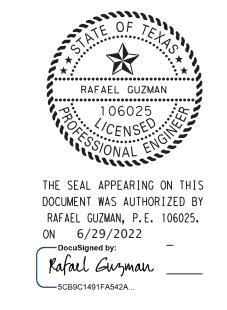
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*0300-01-
AMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-
AMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-
RAMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-
AMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-
RAMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-
RAMOS2 CS.1*0300-01-

			EI	LECT	RICAL	SCHE	DULE	TABI	.E													
DESCRIPTION	RUN NUMBER	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	P1A	P1B	P1C	P2A	P2B	P2C	Р3А	РЗВ	P3C	P4A	P4B	P4C	Т	OTAL
DESCRIPTION	RUN LENGTH (LF)	35	90	7	70	7	75	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12		QTY
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (2 CONDR)	8	4	2	2	2	2	2													*	1002
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (4 CONDR)	5	3	2	2	2	2	2													*	807
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (5 CONDR)								2	1		2	1		2	1		3	1		*	186
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	174
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (9 CONDR)	4	2	1	1	1	1	1													*	516
GROUND CABLE	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2													*	612
VIVDS	VIVDS 360 COMM CABLE	1				1															*	102
CCTV CAMERA	CCTV CAMERA CABLE**	1					1	1													*	177
REMOVE CABLES	REMOVAL OF CABLES																					3290
CONDUIT	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2														582

* QUANTITIES INCLUDE CABLE IN CABINET, GROUND BOXES, MAST ARMS, AND POLE HEIGHTS.

** FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY.

	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	HEAD SCHEDULE						
PROF	POSED	TO BE REMOVED						
12" R SY FY G 113 78	12" RYG 1 2 4 5 6 9 10 12 13	12" R SY FY G (11)(3) 12" R)(9)(6)(6) (7)(8)	12" RYG 1 2 4 5 6 9 10 12 13					



NOT TO SCALE



US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT

DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		NUMBER	SHEET	
		CK: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	EET	3 OF 3	NO.
FED.RD. STATE DIV.NO. DIST.NO.		COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	- 1
6 22		VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	51

LEGEND

- EXISTING GROUND BOX
- PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD
- EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE
- PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICE
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET
- EXISTING VIVDS
- PROPOSED 360 VIVIDS
- PROPOSED CCTV CAMERA
- EXISTING SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA
- EXISTING SIGN
- PROPOSED SIGN
- DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM



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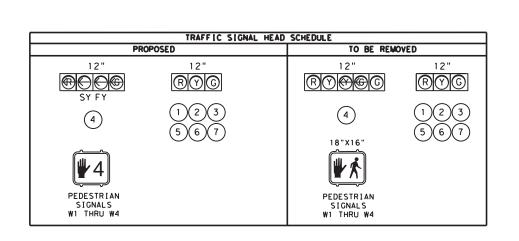
FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT**

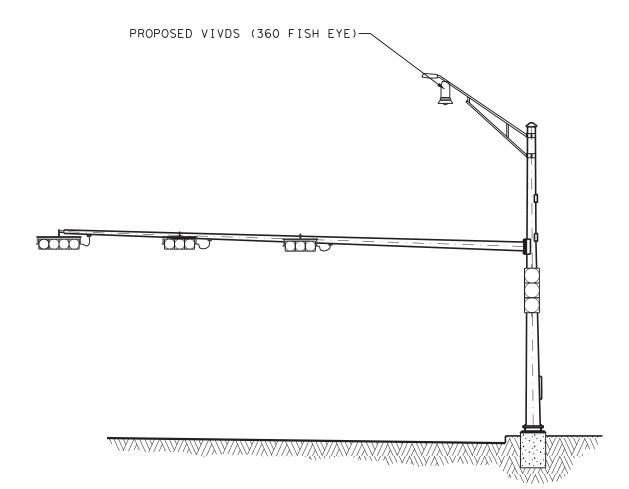
CK: G.R. TEXAS SHEET 1 OF 2 CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO. 6 | 22 | VAL VERDE, etc. | 0022 | 010 | 076 | US90, etc.

	ELECTRIC	CALS	CHEC	ULE 7	TABLE	Ξ									
DESCRIPTION	RUN NUMBER RUN LENGTH (LF)		В	С	D	E	F	G	Н		J	P1	P2	TOTA	L QTY
DESCRIPTION			40	37	5	112	5	91	4	38	8	30	30	IOIA	LQII
VIVDS CABLE	VIVDS 360 COMM CABLE		1	1	1							1		*	112
ITS CCTV CABLE	CCTV CAMERA CABLE**		1	1				1	1				1	*	202
ILLUMINATION	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	1	1	1	1			1	1			1	1	*	245
DOWED	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) INSULATED	2												*	16
POWER	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1			*	637
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (2 CONDR)		4	4	4	1	1	1		1	1			*	582
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (4 CONDR)		4	4	4	1	1	1		1	1			*	582
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (5 CONDR)											2	4	*	180
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)												1	*	30
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (9 CONDR)		3	3	1			2	2					*	426
REMOVE CABLES	REMOVAL OF CABLES														3730
CONDUIT	CONDUIT (PREPARE) 1 2 2 2 2			2	1	2	2	1	1				637		

		SIGN SCHEDULE		
TO BE REMO	VED		PROPOSED	
VETERANS BLVD S1S3 EL INDIO HWY S4	PUSH BUTTON FOR W1-W4	Veterans Hwy S1S3 D3-1 18"X84" El Indio Blvd S4 D3-1 18"X78"	LEFT TURN YIELD ON FLASHING YELLOW ARROW R10-17T 30"X30" S2	START CROSSING Watch For Weltcles DONT START Plant Crossing Storte 18 IME REMARKS DONT CROSS PUSH BUTTON TO CROSS W1 - W4

* QUANTITIES INCLUDE CABLE IN CABINET, GROUND BOXES, MAST ARMS, AND POLE HEIGHTS.





TYPICAL VIVDS INSTALLATION

	PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
SERVICE POLE	SERVICE POLE DESCRIPTION		SERVICE CONDUCTORS			CKT. BKR.	CONTRACTOR	PANELBD./ LOADCENTER AMP RATING	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BKR	BRANCH	KVA LOAD
NO.		SIZE	NO./SIZE	AMPS	AMP/FUSE	POLE/AMP	AMPS	(MIN)		POLE/AMPS	AMPS	
1	TY D 120/240 060 (NS) GS (L) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	60	30	100	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	1P/50	20	2.74
'	11 2 120/240 000 (110) 00 (2) 01 (0)	1 1/2	0/114 /4440	14//	10/7	00	00	100	SAFETY LIGHTING	2P/20	1.42	2.17



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ON 6/29/2022

Pocusigned by:

Kafaul Gwyman

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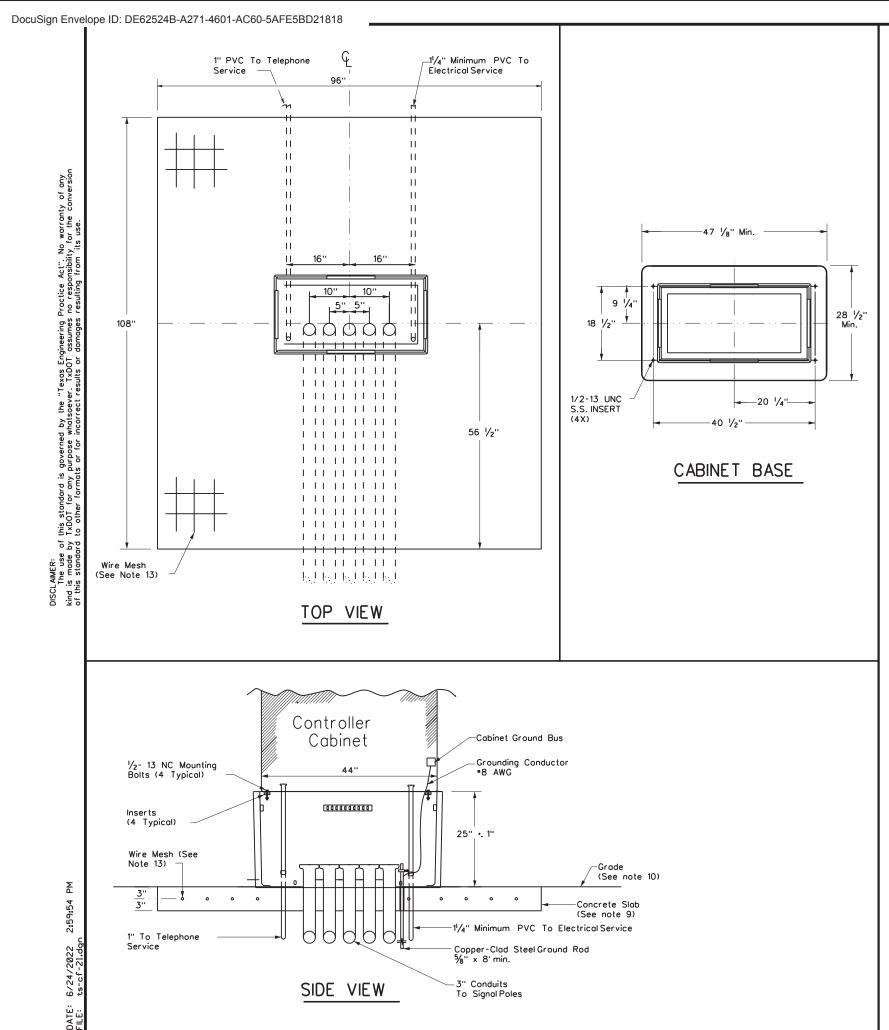
NOT TO SCALE



FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT

ı	DN: F.R. DW: F.R. STATE			SHEET NUMBER					
ı	ск: (G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SHEET		2 OF 2	NO.	
I	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	53	
	6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90,etc.		

^{**} FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY.



TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER BASE:

- Provide a traffic signal controller base (cabinet base) manufactured of polymer concrete material consisting
 of calcareous and siliceous stone; glass fibers and thermoset polyester resin. The polymer concrete cabinet
 base must be reinforced on the inside of the cabinet base with fiberglass matting. Provide one of the
 following bases: Armorcast Part A6001848X24, Quazite Model PG3048Z709, or other as approved by TxDOT
 Traffic Safety Division.
- 2. The polymer concrete material must have a minimum compressive strength of 10,300 pounds per square inch (psi), minimum flexural strength of 3600 psi, and minimum shear strength of 3600 psi.
- 3. The polymer concrete cabinet base must conform to the dimensions shown and must accommodate a standard TxDOT basemount cabinet.
- 4. Supply the cabinet base with four 1*2"-13 UNC stainless steel inserts for attachment of the cabinet to the base. Inserts must withstand a minimum torque of 50 ft-lb and a minimum straight pull out strength of 750 lbs.
- 5. Provide the cabinet base with 4 cable racks mounted one on each side of the base 2" to 7 " from the top edge of the base. Unless approved otherwise, cable racks must be 1-1/2 x 9*16x 3*16inch steel channel with eight T-slots spaced at 1-1/2 inches. The cable racks must easily accommodate the insertion of tie wraps to attach field wiring to the racks to serve as strain relief. Secure cable racks to the base using 1*2"-13 UNC stainless steel screws and inserts.
- 6. The cabinet base, when secured to the concrete slab with controller cabinet attached, must withstand a minimum wind load of 125 mph or a 850 lb force applied at 49" above the bottom of the base without causing the base or cabinet to come out of their anchored position or cause any permanent deformation. The manufacturer must supply certification by an independent testing laboratory or sealed by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Provide the cabinet base with hardware for attachment to a concrete slab.
- 7. The traffic signal base must be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink with the manufacturer's model number and name or logo.
- 8. Seal the base to the concrete with a silicone caulk bead and fastened to the slab per manufacturer's instructions

CONCRETE SLAB:

- 9. Traffic signal controller pad must be a portland cement concrete slab poured in place, must conform to the dimensions shown and must be level.
- 10. Grade earthwork such that it is flush with the concrete pad on all four sides, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Subsidiary to ITEM 680, four inch rip rap may be used in lieu of earthwork. Slopes shall gradually contour to match plans.
- 11. Bond a *8 AWG copper ground wire and an 8 ft ground rod bonded to the reinforcing mesh by a suitable UL Listed clamp and terminated to the cabinet grounding bus for the purpose of providing a local ground for the electrical grounding conductor. The electrical grounding conductor specified in Item 680-3.A.4 is required and must be terminated to the cabinet ground bus.
- 12. Install a PVC sleeve to prevent the ground rod from direct embedment in the slab.
- 13. Provide welded wire mesh 6X6-W2.9 X W2.9 for reinforcement. Provide joints and splices in the mesh with a minimum 6-inch overlap. Center the mesh between top and bottom and provide a minimum 3 inch cover on the edges.
- 14. Provide Class B concrete minimum for the slab in accordance with Item 421. Construct the slab in accordance with Item 531.

CONDUITS:

- 15. Stub up and run 3-inch conduits through the slab to the various traffic signal poles and ground boxes as shown on the layouts. Install the number of conduits as shown on layouts plus two additional 3 inch conduits for future use. Terminate the conduits with a bushing between 2 and 4-inches above the slab.
- 16. Extend conduits for future use at least 18-inches from the edge of the slab, terminate underground with a coupling, and cap and seal so that the seal can be removed without damaging the coupling. This must also apply to unused telephone conduit.
- 17. Stub up two separate conduits through the slab from the electrical and telephone services. Run the conduit for the electrical feed directly to the electrical service enclosure. Run the conduit for the telephone line directly to the telephone service, usually located on the same pole as the electrical service. Telephone must not under any circumstance share a conduit with any other function.
- 18. Terminate electric and telephone conduits above the slab with a coupling. After the base is installed, extend the conduits above the top of the base and secure to the base using a steel one-hole strap or similar suitable substitute.

CONTROLLER CABINET:

- 19. Anchor the controller cabinet to the base using four stainless steel $1/2-13\,$ NC bolts.
- 20. The silicone coulk bead specified in Item 680.3.B must be RTV 133.

PAYMENT:

21. Bid TS-CF as subsidiary to Item 680.



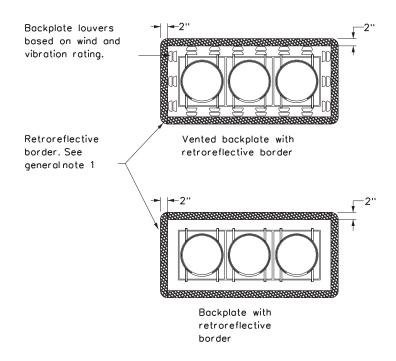
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
CONTROLLER CABINET
BASE AND PAD

TS-CF-21

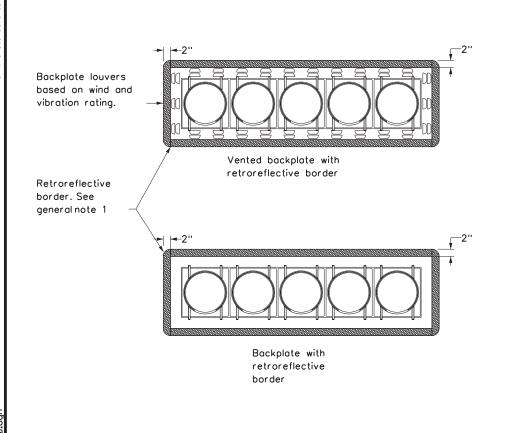
FILE: ts-cf-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
©TxDOT October 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
12-04 REVISIONS	0022	010	010 076 U		IS90,etc.	
2-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	54	

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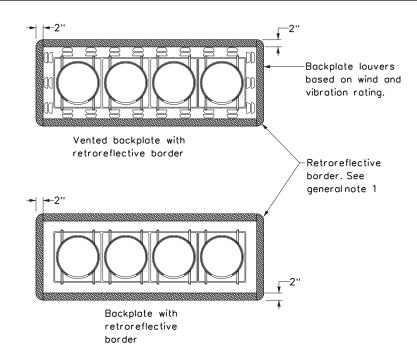


THREE-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL

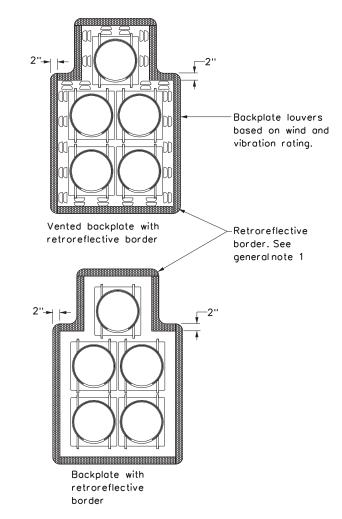


FIVE-SECTION HEAD

HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FOUR-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FIVE-SECTION HEAD CLUSTER

Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B or £ retræreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.

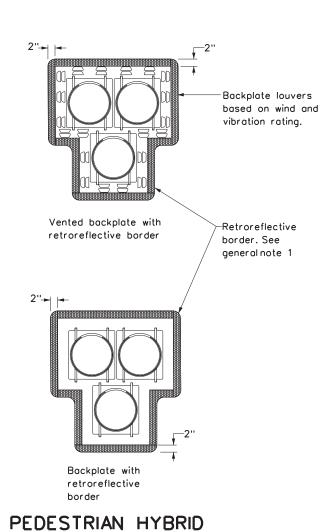
- When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border
- 5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to:
 - Pole mounted

GENERAL NOTES:

- Overhead mounted
- Span wire mounted
- Mast arm mounted

must not be placed over the louvers.

- Vertical signal heads
- ver tiedraigharnedda
- Horizontal signal heads
- Clustered signal heads
- Pedestrian hybrid beacons



BEACON



TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD WITH BACKPLATE

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TS-BP-20

_	_					
FILE: ts-bp-20.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
CTxDOT June 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
	DIST	COUNTY SHEE			SHEET NO.	
	22	V	AL VERD	E.et	ic.	55

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES

(Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXXX)

FRP - Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA - Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- UB Universal Anchor Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

- P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
- T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 */ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

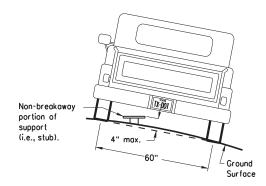
EXAL - Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

within a 7 ft. circle.

posts should be located

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

Sian Pane

Universal Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

4 1/2"

Sian Bolt

Approximate Bolt Length

Specific Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

3"

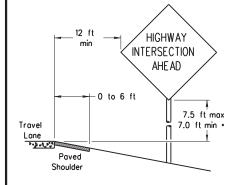
Acceptable

Back-to-Back

Signs

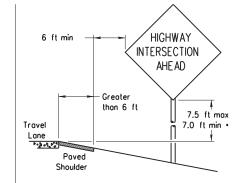
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

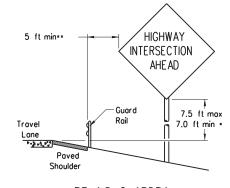
When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travellane.



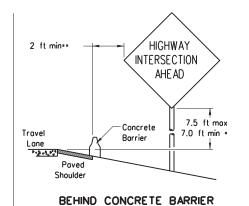
GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

diameter Not Acceptable circle

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Nylon washer, flat

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,

Pipe Diameter

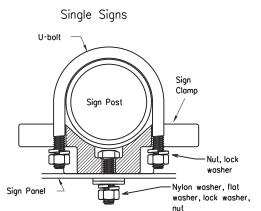
2" nominal

1/2" nominal

washer, lock washer

Clamp Bolt

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

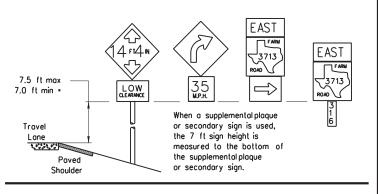


Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

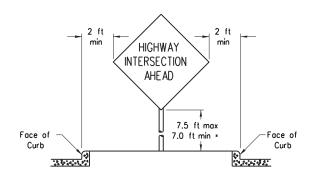
When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

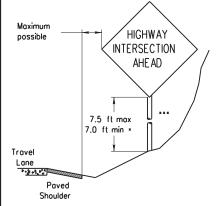
SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY (When 6 ft min, is not possible.)

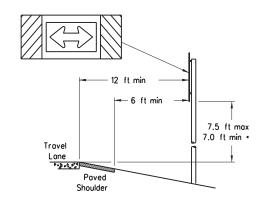


Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors

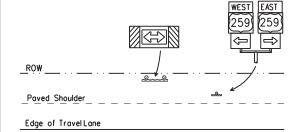
In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travellane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

T-INTERSECTION



When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.





- . Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travellane or
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

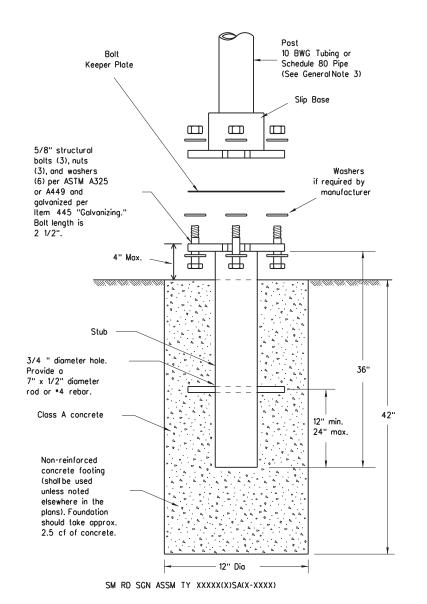


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD(GEN)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	22	VA	AL VERDE	E.etc.	56

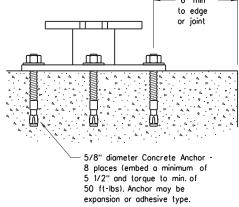
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter) 0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class Á.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of povement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	etc.	57	

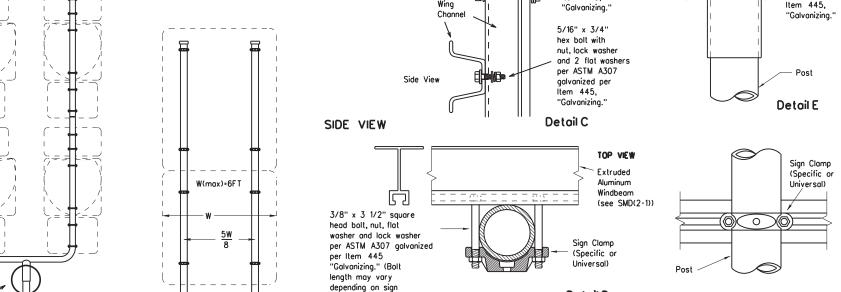
SM RD SGN ASSYM TY XXXXX(2)XX(P)

All dimensions are in english

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

unless detailed otherwise



FRICTION CAP

Pipe O.D.

-.025"+.010"

Pipe O.D.

+.025"+.<u>0</u>10"

clamp type and

pipe diameter.)

±.05"

Skirt

Depth

Variation

Rolled Crimo to

engage pipe O.D.

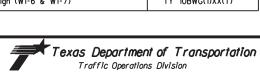
GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Wo	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		22	V	L VERDE	E,etc.	58

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal DETAIL thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

1.75" max

Detail D

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

2:59:55

Ā

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(1)XX(U-1EXT)

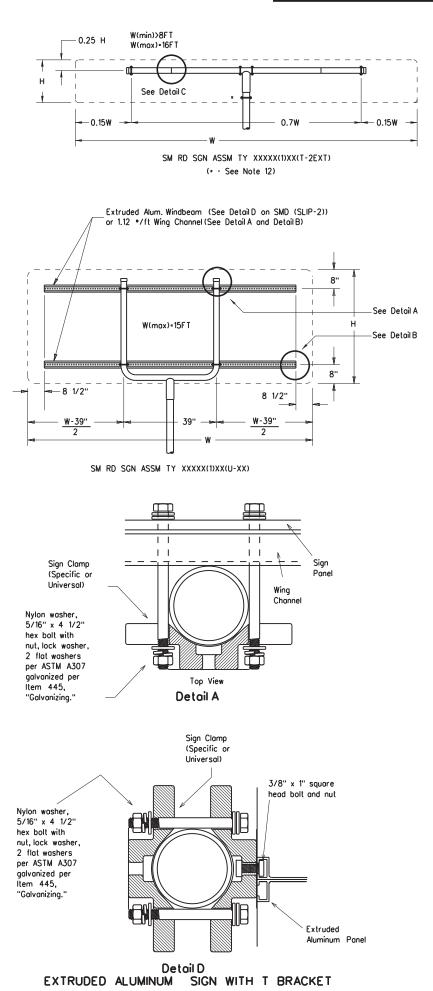
W(max)=8FT

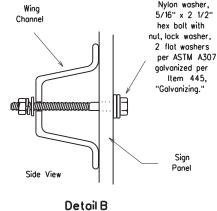
0.25 H

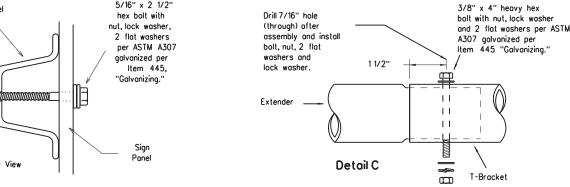
Detail B

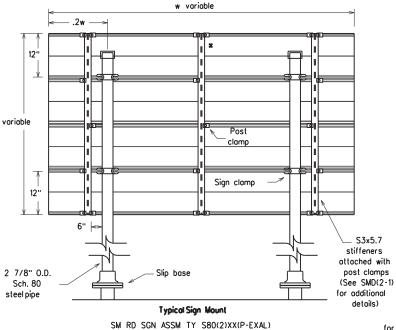
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(1)XX(U-2EXT)

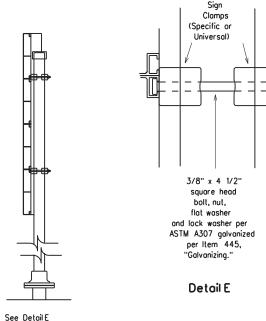






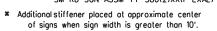


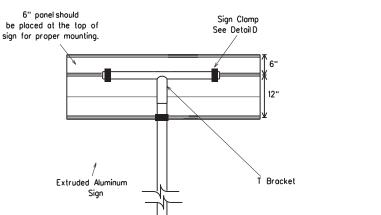




Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

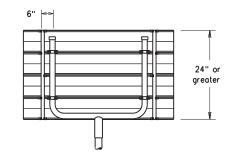
for clamp installation





Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG steel pipe



Use Extruded Alum, Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft.,
- and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- the plans.

 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT									
	SIGN DESCRIPTION SUPPORT									
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)								
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)								
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)								
Regul	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)								
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)								
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)								
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)								
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)								
W	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)								
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)								



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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				COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	59		

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits: metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
•1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
*2	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
•4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
•6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
*8	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



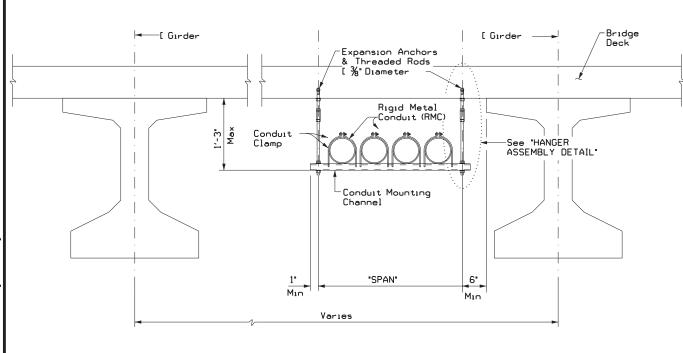
nsportation Division Standard

Operation:

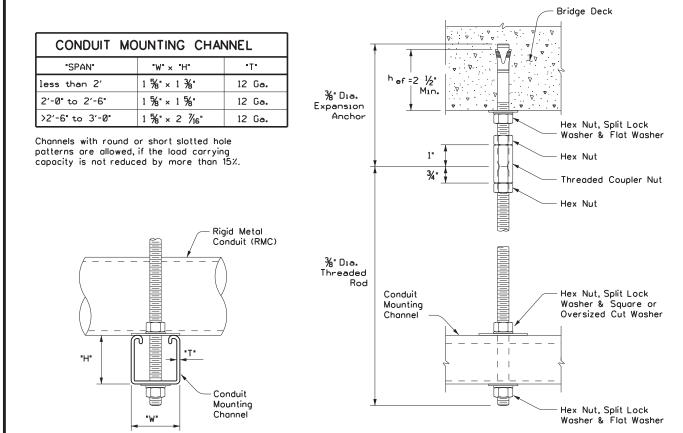
ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

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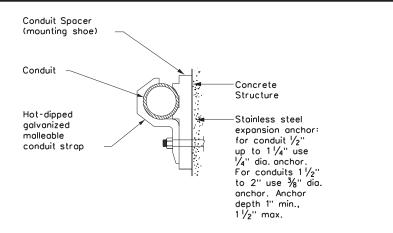


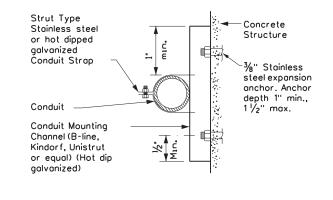
CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL



HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

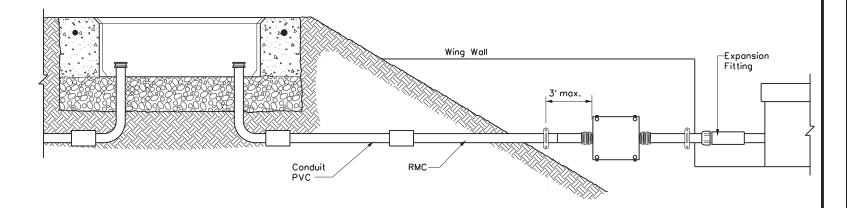
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

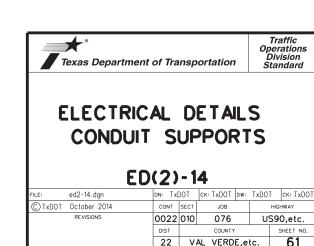
Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- 1. Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.
- 2. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (ef), as shown. Increase (ef) as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (ef). Noh lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tope to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. post both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tope to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

- 1. Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NFC

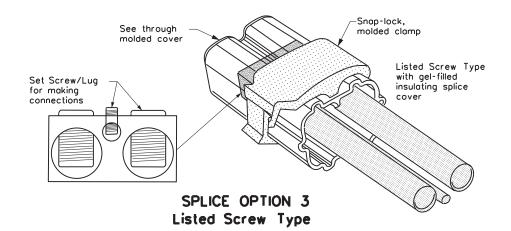
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

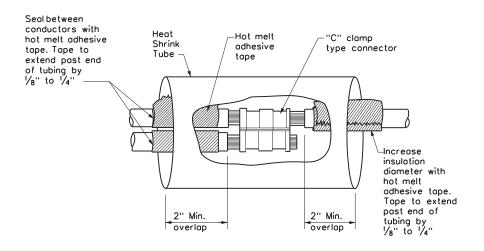
A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

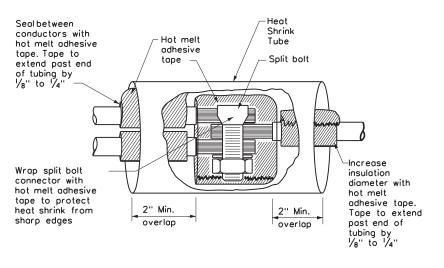
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

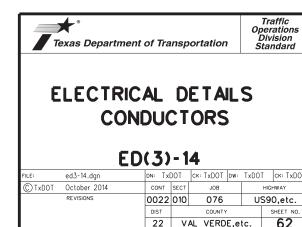


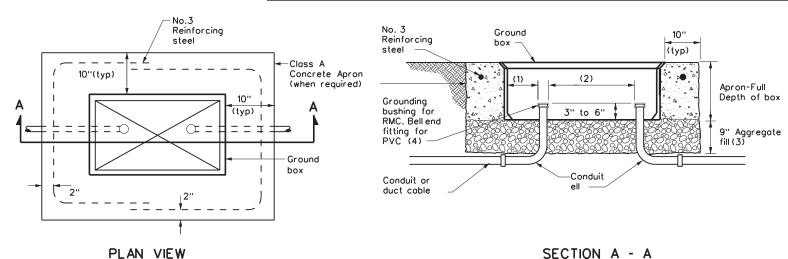


SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type



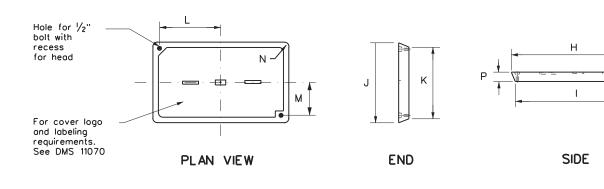


APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS									
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)								
Α	12 X 23 X 11								
В	12 X 23 X 22								
С	16 X 29 X 11								
D	16 X 29 X 22								
Ε	12 X 23 X 17								

	GROU	JND B	ox cc	VER (DIMENS	IONS		
TYPE			DIMENS	SIONS	(INCHES)		
TIPE	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 1/2	9 1/8	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2



GROUND BOX COVER

GROUND BOXES

A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate
 and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of
 Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at
 least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of
 aggregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



GROUND BOXES

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- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2.Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services,"DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5.The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed *2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock *2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock *2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8.Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the I_2' in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 1.Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strop LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14.When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 5.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1.Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure
- 2.Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3.Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4.Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

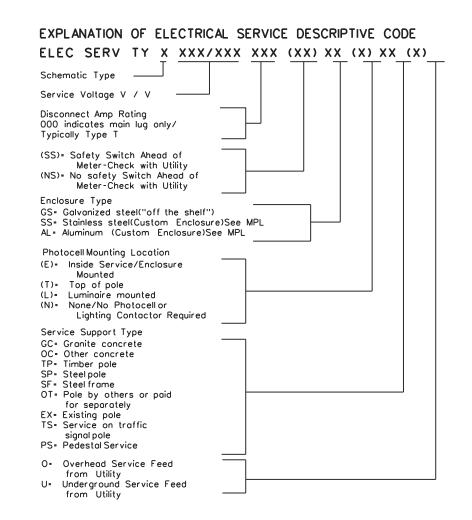
- 1.Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

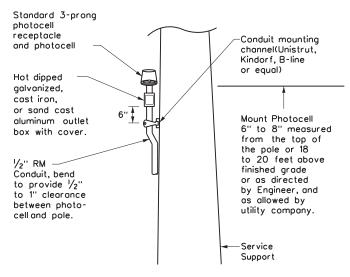
PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA													
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit * * Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load		
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/*2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1		
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25			
									Underpass	1P/20	15			
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/*6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3		
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9			
									CCTV	1P/20	3			
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/*6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0		
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4			

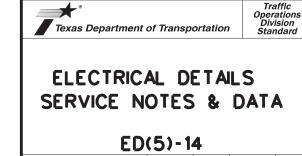
- Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- * * Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.





TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



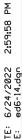
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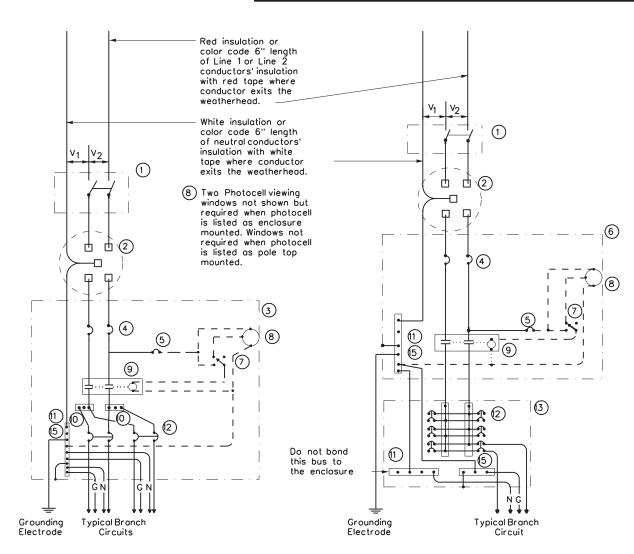
☐ TxDOT | October 2014 | CONT | SECT | JOB | HIGHWAY |

REVISIONS | D022 | O10 | O76 | US90,etc.

DIST | COUNTY | SHEET NO.

22 | VAL | VERDE,etc. | 64





SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE

> Safety Switch (when required) Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider) Service Assembly Enclosure Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data) Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit) Auxiliary Enclosure Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch) Photo Electric Control (enclosuremounted shown) Lighting Contactor 10 Power Distribution Terminal Blocks Neutral Bus Branch Circuit Breaker 12 (See Electrical Service Data) Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard Load Center

15 Ground Bus

SCHEMATIC LEGEND

120 240 d d√2 - \Box 4 3 -Bonding jumper (5)(1) 0 Grounding Typical 240 Volt Typical Typical 120 / 240 Volt 120 Volt Branch Circuit Luminaire Branch Circuit Branch Circuit

SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Red insulation or color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2 120 240 conductors' insulation with red tope where conductor exits the weatherhead. 也 White insulation or color code 6" length of neutral conductors' 2 insulation with white tape where conductor exits the weatherhead. 4 (2) **(5) (1)**

Typical

120 Volt

Branch Circuit

SCHEMATIC TYPE T 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Electrode

120 / 240 Volt

Branch Circuit

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

ED(6)-14

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO CTxDOT October 2014 JOB 076 US90,etc. 0022 010 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

ower Wiring
ontrol Wiring
eutral Conductor
quipment grounding conductor-always equired

WIRING LEGEND

SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

- 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. or $1\frac{5}{8}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to $3\frac{9}{4}$ in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2.Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3.Provide and install galvanized $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 56 in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with $3 \frac{1}{4}$ in to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide
- 4.Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5.Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of unobstructed concrete cover
- 7.Drill and tap steel poles and frames for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8.If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to
- 9.Provide $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all nonconductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections

Varies

WITHOUT SAFETY SWITCH

METER

SERVICE

foundation 4-*5

reinforcing bars

(typ.) at 6" pitch

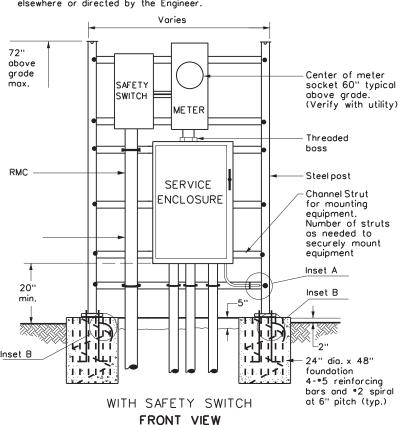
WITH SAFETY SWITCH

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

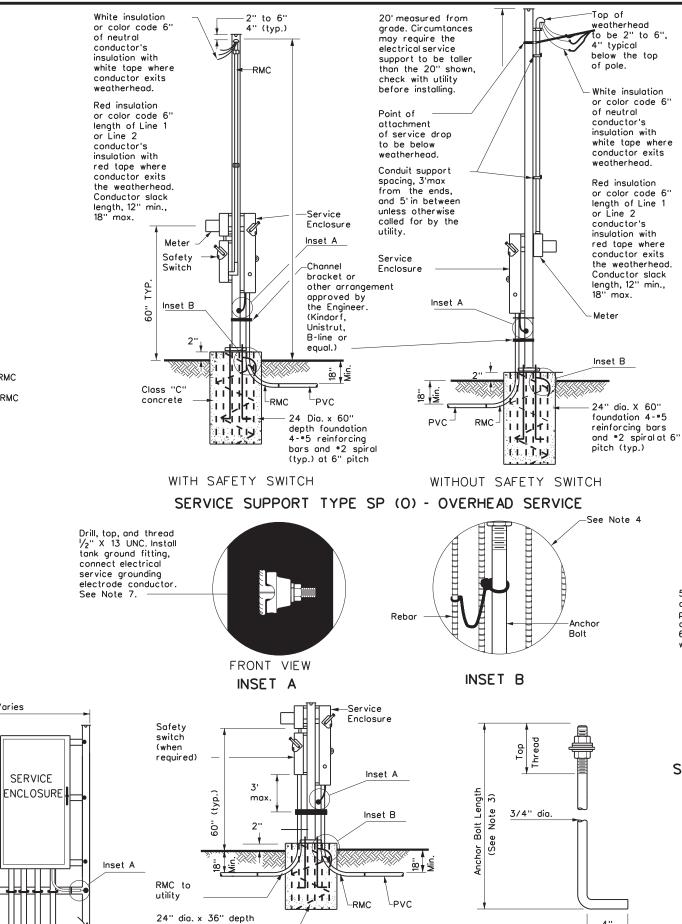
and *2 spiral

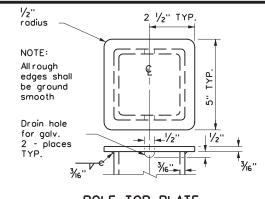
10.Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metalpole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.

11.Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.

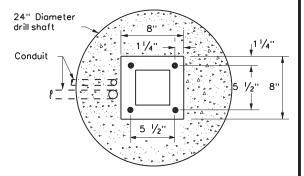


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

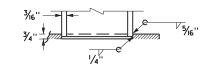




POLE TOP PLATE

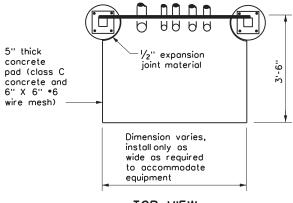


BASE PLATE DETAIL



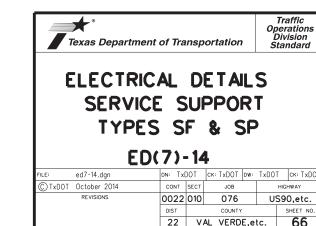
BOTTOM OF POLE

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP



TOP VIEW

SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)



4"

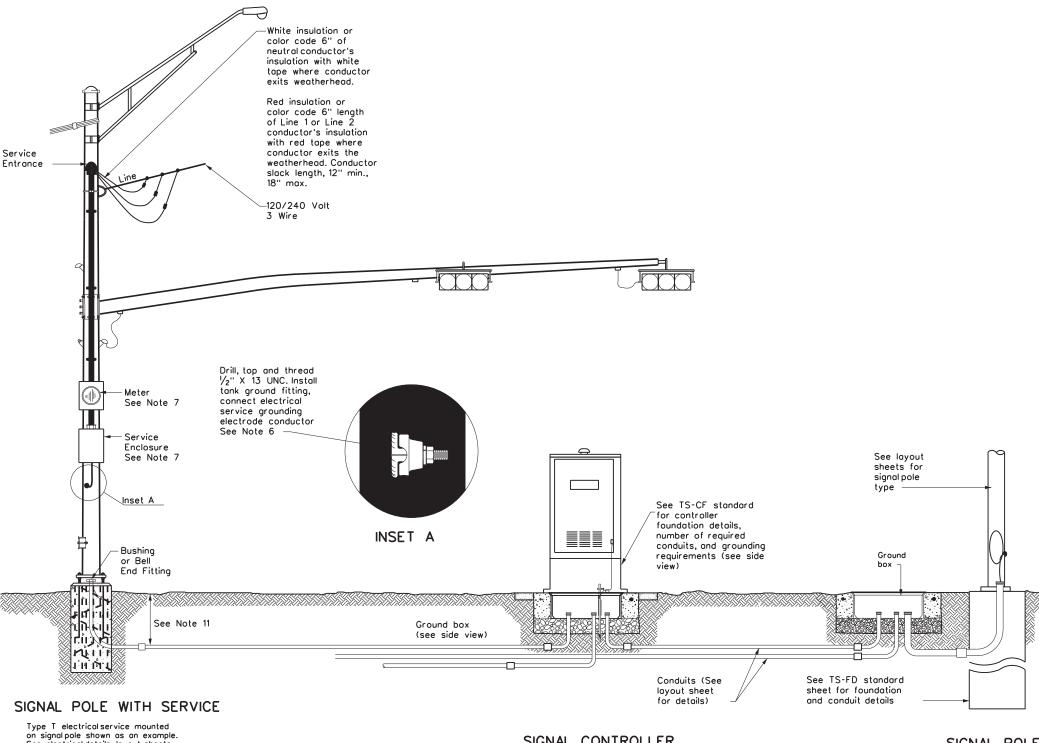
Hook

Length

HOOKED ANCHOR DETAIL

TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- 2. Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- 5. Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using *3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- 1. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for

SIGNAL CONTROLLER FRONT VIEW

SIGNAL POLE



Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM DETAILS

ED(8)-14

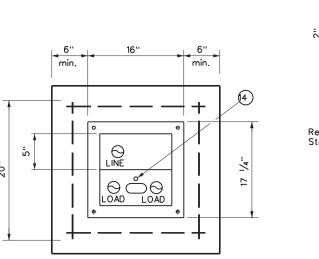
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SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

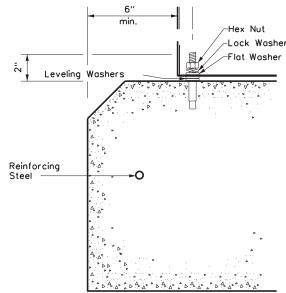
See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

PEDESTAL SERVICE NOTES

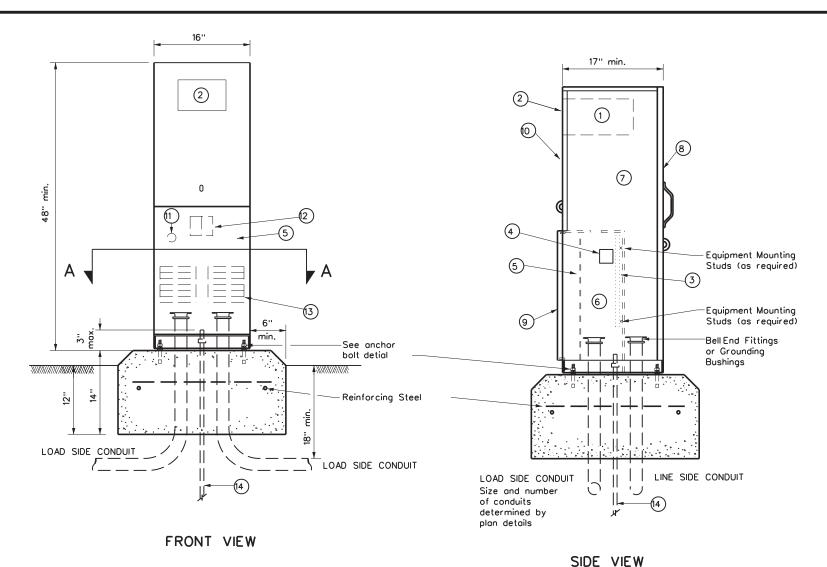
- 1. Manufacture pedestal electrical services in accordance with Departmental Material Specifications (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services", 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)" and Item 628 "Electrical Services. "Provide pedestal electrical services as listed on the Material Producers list (MPL) on the Department's web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services meet utility company specifications. Contact the local utility company for approval of pedestal details prior to installing the electrical pedestal service. Submit any changes required by the utility company prior to manufacturing the pedestal enclosure.
- 2. When a meter socket is required, provide a socket with a minimum 100 amp rating that complies with local utility requirements.
- 3. Provide Class A or C concrete for pedestal service foundations in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures," except that concrete will not be paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to Item 628.
- 4. Provide *4 reinforcing steel for foundations in accordance with Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete."
- 5. Install $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 2 $\frac{1}{16}$ in. minimum length concrete single expansion type anchors for mounting pedestal enclosure to foundation. Anchor location to match mounting holes in each corner of enclosure. Secure each of the four corners of the pedestal enclosure to the anchors in the foundation with a $\frac{1}{2}$ in galvanized or stainless steel machine thread bolt, a properly sized locknut and a flat washer.
- 6. Finish top of concrete foundation in a neat and workmanlike manner. If leveling washers are used, ensure no more than $\frac{1}{8}$ in. gap at any corner. Do not exceed a maximum dip or rise in the foundation of $\frac{1}{8}$ in per foot. When properly installed, ensure the top of the service enclosure is level front to back and side to side within 1/4 in. Repair rocking or movement of the service enclosure at no additional cost to the department.
- 7. Do not use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) on pedestal type services.
- 8. Ensure all elbows in the foundation are sized as per utility provider's conduit requirements for underground conduit and feeders. PVC extensions may be installed provided the ends of the rigid metal conduits are more than 2 in. below the top of the concrete foundation. Where extension conduits are metal, grounding bushings must be installed with a bonding jumper properly terminated.



SECTION A-A



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL



TYPE C shown, TYPE A similar except that TYPE A shall have individual circuit breakers (CB) mounted on an equipment mounting panel. CB Handles shall protrude through hinged deadfront trim.

LEGEND Meter Socket, (when required) Meter Socket Window, (when required) Equipment Mounting Panel Photo Electric Control Window, (When required) Hinged Deadfront Trim Load Side Conduit Trim Line Side Conduit Area Utility Access Door, with handle Pedestal Door Hinged Meter Access Control Station (H-O-A Switch) Main Disconnect Branch Circuit Breakers 14 Copper Clad Ground Rod - 5/8" X 10'





ELECTRICAL DETAILS ELECTRICAL SERVICE SUPPORT PEDESTAL SERVICE TYPE PS

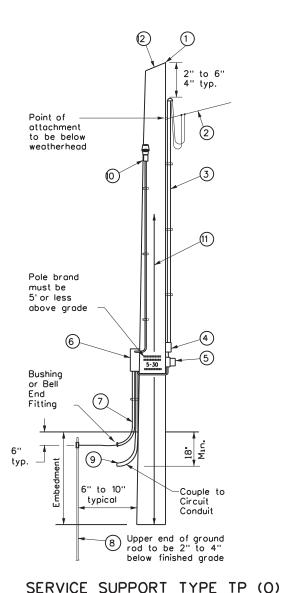
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TIMBER POLE(TP)SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

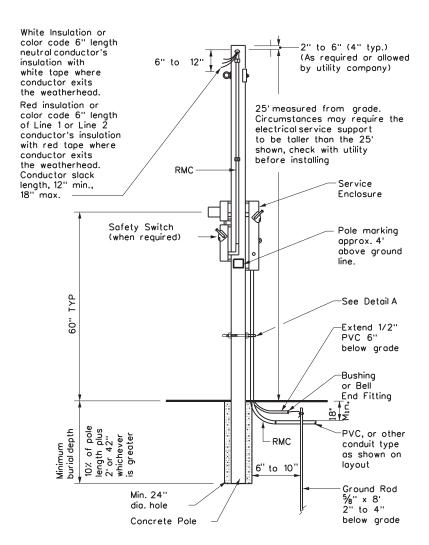
- 1. Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- 2. Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to 1/8 in. max. depth and 1 1/8 in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. maximum depth, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. to $1\frac{5}{8}$ in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts, $\frac{1}{4}$ in minimum diameter by $\frac{1}{2}$ in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- 6. When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- 2) Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- (3) Service conduit (RMC)and service entrance conductors - One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in $\frac{1}{2}$ in. PVC to ground rod - extend 1/2 in. PVC 6 in, underground.
- (8) % in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- (9) RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- (0) See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.



GRANITE CONCRETE(GC)& OTHER CONCRETE(OC)NOTES

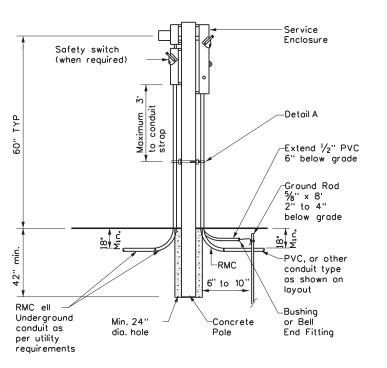
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- 1. Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Flectrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- 5. Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- 6. Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. or 1% in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 ½ in. deep (Unitersity 1, 2 in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 ½ in. deep (Unitersity 1, 3 in. deep (Unitersity 1, 4 in. deep 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



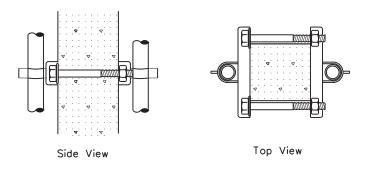
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(O)



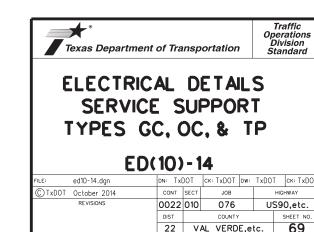
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.

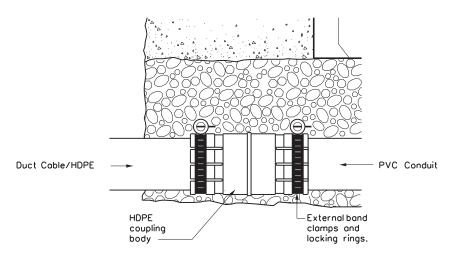


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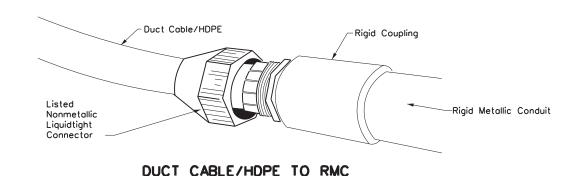
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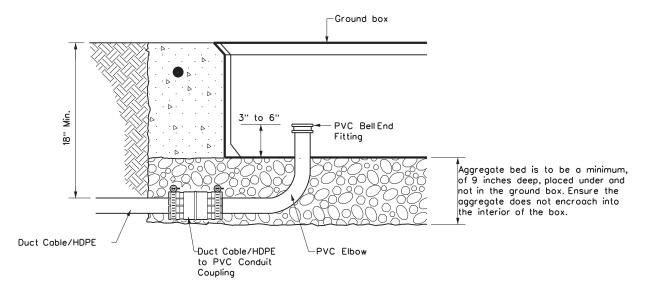
DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
 "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
 Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
 Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the
 plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific
 requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors:
 Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings: connected with listed tie-wrap fittings: connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings: connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings: or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



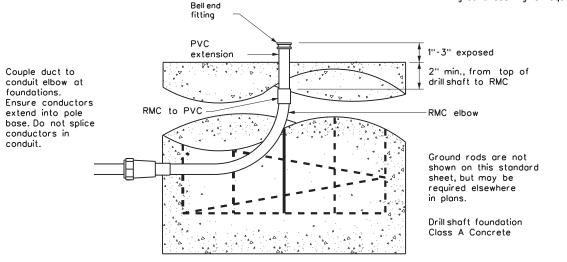
DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



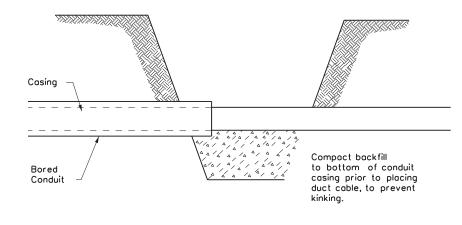


DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC Ell does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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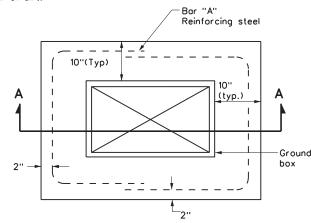
BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

A. MATERIALS

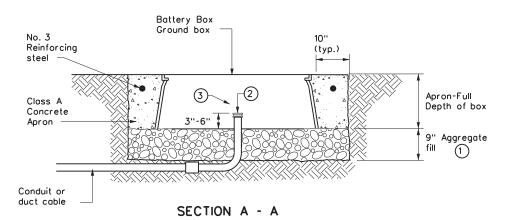
- Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Battery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in. x 13.5 in. x 10 in. (W x L x D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- 2. Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steelrack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down straps.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting battery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in. deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast battery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.

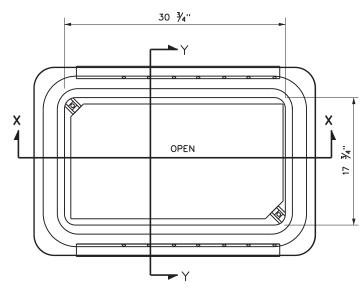


PLAN VIEW

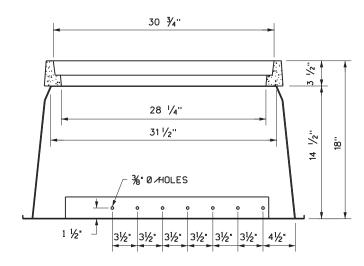


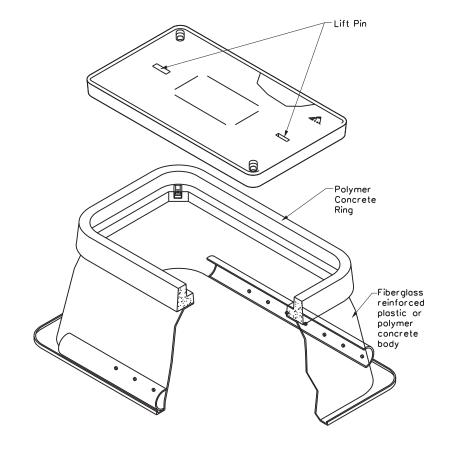
APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- 1 Place aggregate under the box and not in the box.
 Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (2) Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all ells.
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.

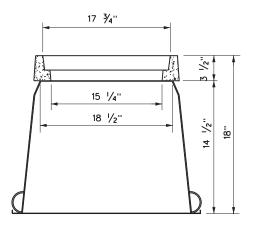


BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW





SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y

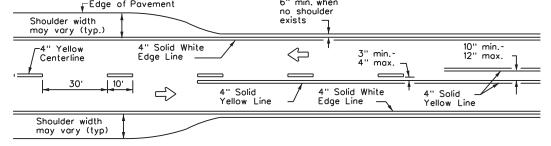


Traffic Operations Division Standard

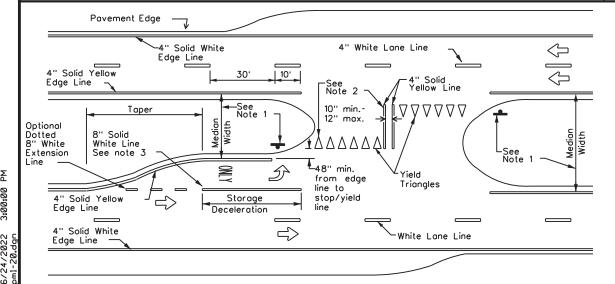
ELECTRICAL DETAILS BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

ED(12)-14

FILE:	ed12-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK		CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT	T ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	0022	010	10 076 U			S90,etc.		
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
		22	V	AL VERD	Fe	tc	71	



TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

NOTES

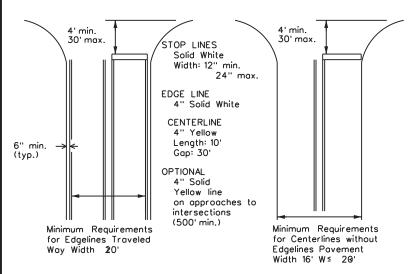
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- l. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

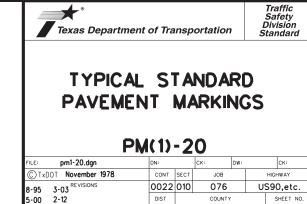
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



22 VAL VERDE,etc.

72

8-00 6-20

greater than 45 MPH.

For posted speed on road For posted speed on road being marked equal to or being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

YIELD LINES

80'

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE See Detail A See Detail B Type II-A-A

CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

40'

40'

CENTER OR EDGE LINE

-300 to 500 mil

in height

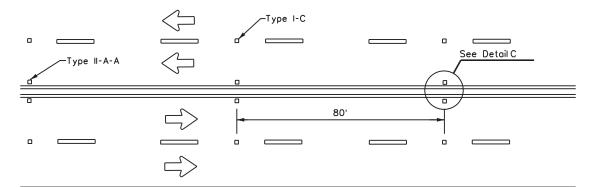
REFLECTORIZED PROFILE

PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

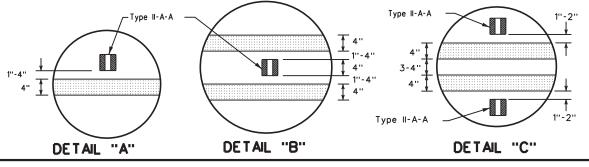
A quick field check for the thickness

of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters.

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.



CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



51/2"+_1/2"

NOTE

18"+_1"

2 to 3" --

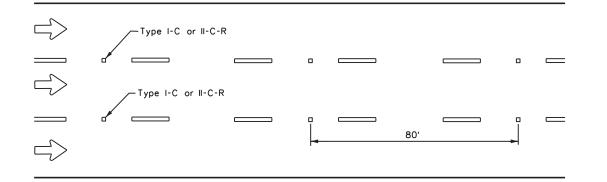
OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

LINE, CENTER LINE

OR LANE LINE

Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Type II-A-A Continuous two-way left turn lane Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

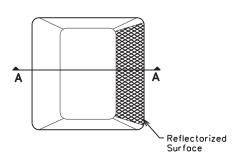
BROKEN LANE LINE

GENERAL NOTES

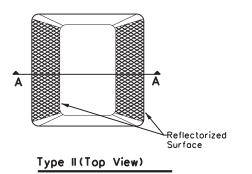
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	·
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I(Top View)



35° max-25° min Roadway Adhesive Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Traffic Safety Division Standard



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS**

FILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0022	010	076	U	S90,etc.
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	73

PM(2)-20

DN:		ck:	DW:	ck:
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0022	010	076	U	S90,etc.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	73
	CONT 0022 DIST	CONT SECT 0022 010 DIST	CONT SECT JOB 0022 010 076 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB

"Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any er. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion results or damages resulting from its use. s governed by purpose whats ts or for incorr by TxDOT for o

12"+ 1"

31/4"+3/4" ♦

2 to 3" --

4" EDGE LINE.

OR LANE LINE

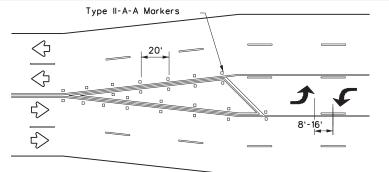
CENTER LINE

TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

STREET

NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway. or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans

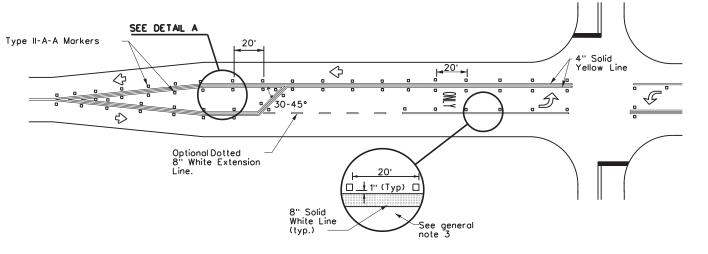
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

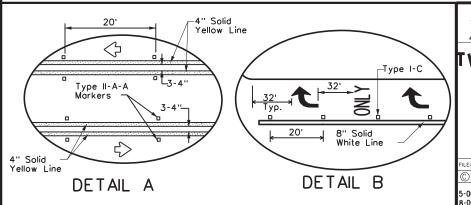
- Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way_left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-20

Traffic Safety Division Standard

C TxDOT April 1998 HIGHWAY US90,etc. 0022 010 076 5-00 2-10 8-00 2-12 3-03 6-20 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

Arm		ROUND	POLES				POLYG	ONAL POLI	ES		L .
Length	D _B	D ₁₉	D ₂₄	D 30	① thk	D _B	D ₁₉	D ₂₄	D 30	① thk	Foundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.]
20	10.5	7.8	7.1	6.3	.179	11.5	8.5	7.7	6.8	.179	30-A
24	11.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.179	30-A
28	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
36	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	36-A
40	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
44	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
48	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A

Arm		ROUND	ARMS				POLYG	ONAL ARM	S	
Length	L ₁	D ₁	D ₂	1) thk	Rise	L ₁	D ₁	2 D ₂	1) thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	INISE	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9''	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8''
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10''	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9''
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11''	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10''
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11''	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"
48	47.0	10.5	4.1	.239	3'-4"	47.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2'-9"

DB = Pole Base O.D.
D19 = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire

D ₂ = Arm End O.D. L ₁ = Shaft Length L = Nominal Arm Length

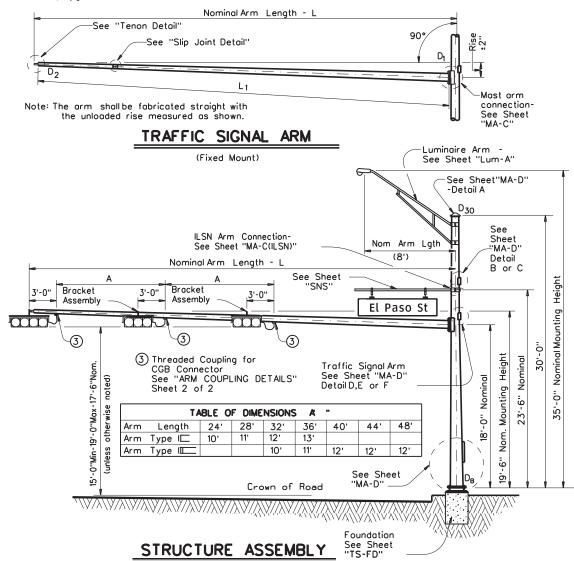
and no ILSN
D24 = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN
w/out Luminaire

w/out Luminaire D₃₀ = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

D₃₀ = Pole Top O.D. w D₁ = Arm Base O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 \bigcirc D₂ may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.



SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

	30' Poles With	Luminaire	24' Poles Wit	th ILSN I	19' Poles Wil	
Nominal Arm Length	Above hardwar (or two if ILSN small hand hole simplex	🛘 attached)	Above h plus one hand ho	small	Luminaire a	
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	20L-80		20S-80		20-80	
24	24L-80		24S-80		24-80	
28	28L-80		28S-80		28-80	
32	32L-80		32S-80		32-80	
36	36L-80		36S-80		36-80	
40	40L-80		40S-80		40-80	
44	44L-80		445-80		44-80	
48	48L-80		48S-80		48-80	

Traffic Signal Arms (1 per Pole)

Ship each arm with the listed equipment attached

	- 9					
	Type IArm (15	Signal)	Type ILArm (2	2 Signals)	Type IIIArm (3	Signals)
Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB conn	ector	1 Bracket As and 2 CGB	sembly Connectors	2 Bracket A and 3 CGB	
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201380					
24	241-80		241-80			
28	281-80		281-80			
32			32II <u>-</u> 80		32Ⅲ-80	
36			36II <u>-</u> 80		36Ⅲ-80	
40					40III-80	
44					4411-80	
48					48 <u>II-8</u> 0	

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)

Nominal Arm Length Quantity

8' Arm

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers
| Nominal Arm Length Quantity

Nominal Arm Length Quantity
7' Arm
9' Arm

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

Anchor Bolt	Anchor Bolt	
Diameter	Length	Quantity
1 1/2"	3'-4"	
1 3/4"	3'-10''	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

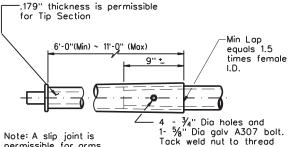
Templates may be removed for shipment.

SHEET 1 OF 2



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REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
5-96 I-99	0022	010	076		US	590,etc.
1-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22	VA	L VERDE	E,et	c.	75

122A



Note: A slip joint is permissible for arms 40' and greater in length. The slip joint shall be made in the shop, but may be match marked and shipped disassembled. 2" Sch
40 pipe

End Plate 3%" thick min.
shape to match arm

4 - ¾" Dia galv A307 bolt.
Tack weld nut to thread
projection after making
joint. Repair damaged
galvanizing in accordance
with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

TENON DETAIL

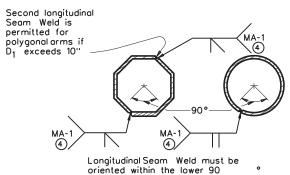
SLIP JOINT DETAIL

BRACKET ASSEMBLY

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac",

"Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 ½" Dia Threaded Coupling.

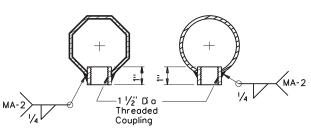
BRACKET ASSEMBLY



of the signalarm.

ARM WELD DETAIL

4 60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.



ARM COUPLING DETAILS

VIBRATION WARNING

Most Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions: existence/solidity of backplates: presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and comeros: arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, one 9'-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

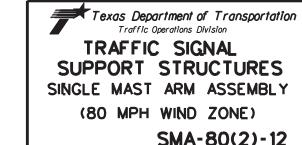
See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 2 OF 2

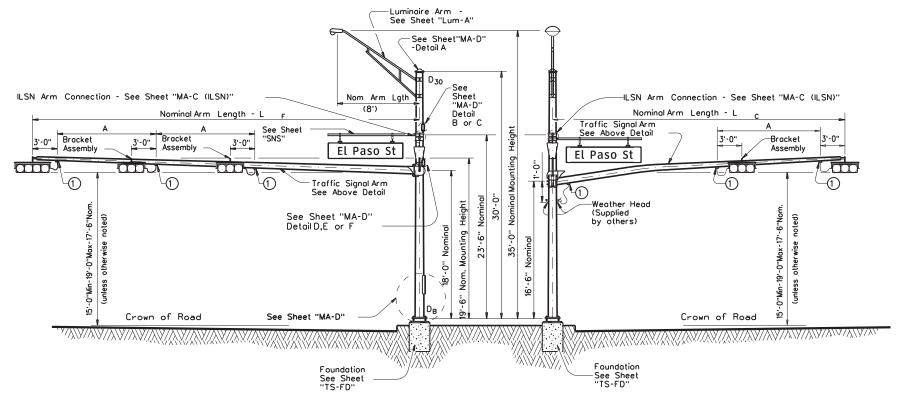


		22	V٨	L VERDE	E.etc.	76
	1	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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REVISIONS 6	5	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	t 1995 🔻 Þ	N: MS		CK: JSY	DW: MMF	CK: JSY

Arm Type II□

FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM



ELEVATION

(Showing fixed mount arm)

10' 11' 12' 12'

STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY

(1) Threaded Coupling for CGB Connector See "ARM COUPLING DETAILS" Sheet 2 of 3

ELEVATION

(Showing clamp mount arm)

	TA	BLE O	F DIME	NSIONS	5 "A"		
Arm	Length	24'	28'	32'	36'	40'	44'
Arm	Туре I⊏	10'	11'	12'	13'		

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" internally lighted street name signs and two traffic signal arms with length combinations as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign applied 4'-6" from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 1 OF 3



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REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY
5-96 1-12	0022	010	076		US90,etc.	
	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
	22	VA	L VERDI	E,etc.		77

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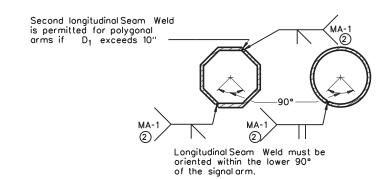
2" Sch _40 pipe End Plate 3/8" thick min. shape to match arm

SLIP JOINT DETAIL

TENON DETAIL

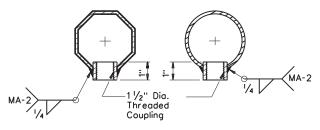
Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 ½" Dia Threaded Coupling.

BRACKET ASSEMBLY



ARM WELD DETAIL

(2)60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential



ARM COUPLING DETAILS

VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions: existence/solidity of backplates: presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras: arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

SHEET 2 OF 3



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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
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SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

Norr	ninal	30' Poles With I	_uminair e	24' Poles Wit	h ILSNI	19' Poles With no			
LF Lc		See note above p two if ILSN attack hand hole, clamp-	hed) small	See note at one small ha			and no ILSN See note above		
		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 0 12	0 1 1	 		
		Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
20	20	2020L-80		2020S-80		2020-80			
24	20	2420L-80		2420S-80		2420-80			
	24	2424L-80		2424S-80		2424-80			
	20	2820L-80		2820S-80		2820-80			
28	24	2824L-80		28245-80		2824-80			
	28	2828L-80		2828S-80		2828-80			
	20	3220L-80		3220S-80		3220-80			
7.0	24	3224L-80		32245-80		3224-80			
32 28 32	3228L-80		3228S-80		3228-80				
	32	3232L-80		3232S-80		3232-80			
	20	3620L-80		3620S-80		3620-80			
	24	3624L-80		3624S-80		3624-80			
36	28	3628L-80		36285-80		3628-80			
	32	3632L-80		3632S-80		3632-80			
	36	3636L-80		3636S-80		3636-80			
	20	4020L-80		4020S-80		4020-80			
	24	4024L-80		40245-80		4024-80			
40	28	4028L-80		40285-80		4028-80			
	32	4032L-80		4032S-80		4032-80			
	36	4036L-80		4036S-80		4036-80			
	20	4420L-80		4420S-80		4420-80			
	24	4424L-80		4424S-80		4424-80			
44	28	4428L-80		4428S-80		4428-80			
	32	4432L-80		4432S-80		4432-80			
	36	4436L-80		4436S-80		4436-80			

Traffic Signal Arms (Fixed Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm w/ the listed equipment attached

	L	Type IArm (1 Signal)		Type ILArm (2 Signals)	Type III (3	Signals)				
	Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB conr	nector	1 Bracket and 2 CGB	Assembly 3 Connectors		2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors				
ı	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity				
ı	20	201-80									
ı	24	241380		241580							
ı	28	281∃80		281⊑80							
ı	32			321⊑80		32II-80					
ı	36			361⊑80		36III-80					
ı	40					40II-80					
ı	44					4 4(II-80)					

Traffic Signal Arms (Clamp-On Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm w/ the listed equipment attached

ı		Type I Arm (15	Signal)	Type II Arm (2	Signals)	Type ILArm (3 Signals)			
	Nominal Arm Length	Arm 2 Cob connector and rength clamp w/bolts and washers		1 Bracket Assemb Connectors, and w/bolts and wash	1 clamp	2 Bracket Assemblies, 4 CGB Connectors, and 1 clamp w/bolts and washers			
ı	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
ı	20	201380							
ı	24	241-80		24I <u>E</u> 80					
	28	28I - 80		281⊑80					
	32			321⊑80		32III-80			
	36			361⊑80		36I <u>II-8</u> 0			

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole) Nominal Arm Length Quantity 8' Arm

IESN Arm (1 or 2 per pole) ship with clamps, bolts and washers Nominal Arm Length 7' Arm 9' Arm

Anchor Anchor Bolt Bolt Length Diameter Quantity 3'-4" 3'-10" 4'-3"

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

Quantity

7.411	/S		ROUND	POLES				POI	YGONAL F	POLES		
LF	Lc	D _B	D ₁₉	D ₂₄	D 30	3)thk	DΒ	D ₁₉	D ₂₄	D 30	3)thk	Foundation Type
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	Type
20	20	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.179	30-A
24	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
28	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
	20	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
70	24	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
32	28	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	32	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
36	28	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	36	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
40	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	32	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	36	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	20	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	24	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
44	28	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	32	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	.239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B
	36	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	.239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B

Arm	ROUND ARMS					POLYGONAL ARMS				
LF or L C	L ₁	D ₁	D 2	3 thk	Rise	L ₁	D ₁	4 D 2	3)thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9''	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8''
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10''	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9''
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1' - 11''	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10''
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8''	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3''
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"

D_B = Pole Bose O.D. D₁₉ = Pole Top O.D.

with no Luminaire and no ILSN D₂₄ = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN

w/out Luminaire D₃₀ = Pole Top O.D.

3 Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

4 D $_2$ may be increased by up to 1.0" for polygonal arms.

D₁ - Arm Base O.D.
D₂ - Arm End O.D.
L₁ - Shaft Length
L_F - Fixed Arm Length L_C = Clamp-on Arm Length (36' Max)

SHEET 3 OF 3

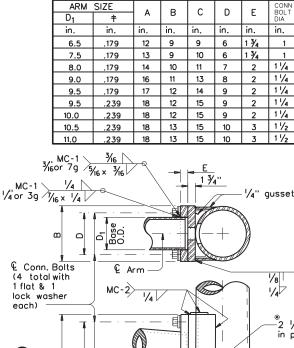


(80 MPH WIND ZONE)

CK: JSY DW: MMF CK: JSY © TxDOT August 1995 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0022 010 076 US90,etc.

22 VAL VERDE, etc. 79

DMA-80 (3)-12



€ Pole

ARM SIZE

.179

.179

.179

.179

.179

6.5

7.5

8.0

9.0

FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 1

6

8

16 10

18 12

12

14 8

14

ea.

4

4

4

4

No. Dia No. Dia

4 11/4 3 1/8

ea. in.

1 2 5/8

1 2 %

1 2 %

ARM SIZE in. in. in. 7.0 8 .179 11 8 1 3/4 1 1/4 7.5 .179 11 8 11 11 8 8 2 1 1/4 .179 8.0 9.0 .179 13 13 10 10 10 10.0 .179 13 13 10 11/4 9.5 .239 13 13 10 10 10.0 .239 14 14 11 11 2 11/2 .239 14 14 11 11 3 11/2 11.0 11.5 .239 14 14 11 11 3 11/2

1/4

ARM SIZE

in.

.179

.179

.179

179

12

14

16 10

18

14

in.

7.0

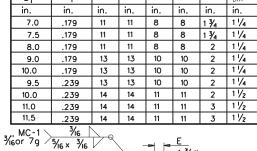
7.5

8.0

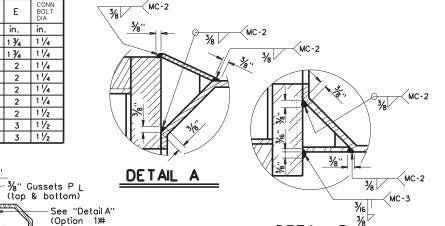
9.0

10.0

1/4 or 3g / 7/16 x 1/4



1 3/4"



5/16"

39

5 ১ DETAIL B

MATERIALS ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 (2) Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts Plates ① ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50 Connection Bolts ASTM A325 or A449, except where noted Pin Bolts ASTM A325 ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 Pipe (1) Galvanized steel or stainless steel Misc. Hardware or as noted

OASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F,

2 ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 material shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item

A1011 HSLAS-F or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

Min. 85% Penetration except "Clamp-on Detail 3"

& Conn. Bolts √мс-з (4 total with 1 flat & 1 lock washer each) 2 ½" dia hole in plate

11/4

11/4

2 11/4

2 11/4

1/4" gussets

4" dia hole

for drainage

in pole

See "DetailB" (Option 2# 3/8" Gusset L P £ Arm € Conn. Bolts (4 total with 1 flat & 1 lock ≺мс-2 washer each) 2 ½" dia hole in pole & plate Deburr holes and € Pole offset as shown for drainage

Deburr holes and offset as shown FIXED MOUNT ARM FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 2

CONN. BOLTS PIN BOLTS

lin. lea.

6 3/4 4

8 3/4 4

8 3/4 4

10 1/8 4

Dia No. Dia

in, ea. in.

3/₄ 2 5/₈

1 | 2 | 5%

3/4 2

CLAMP-ON ARM ARM BASE WELD DETAILS

−Flange P L

ARM	ARM SIZE			CONN. 6	30LTS	PIN E	BOLTS
D ₁	+	A	F	No.	Dia	No.	Dia
in.	in.	in.	in.	ea.	in.	ea.	in.
6.5	.179	12	6	4	1	2	5%
7.5	.179	14	8	4	1	2	5%
8.0	.179	14	8	4	1	2	5%
9.0	.179	16	10	4	1	2	5%
9.5	.179	18	12	6	1	3	5%
9.5	.239	18	12	6	1	3	5%
10.0	.239	18	12	6	1	3	5/8

GENERAL NOTES:

Clamp PL

%6"_

Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies. A Maximum 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " wide vertical slotted hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no longer than the arm diameter minus 1"

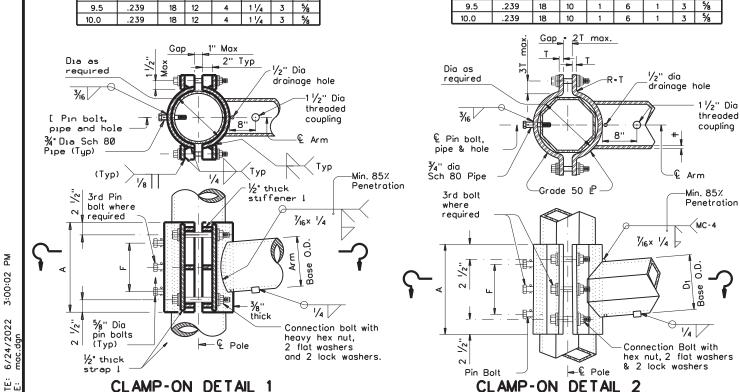
Fixed mount details are used for single most arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

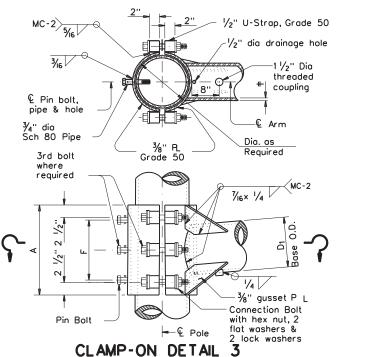
Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the detail.

Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

NOTE:

Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and 3/4" dia pipe 3/16" dia holes for a 1/8" dia galvanized shall have cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a $\frac{1}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An $\frac{11}{16}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.

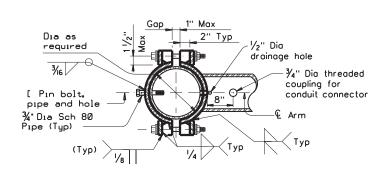




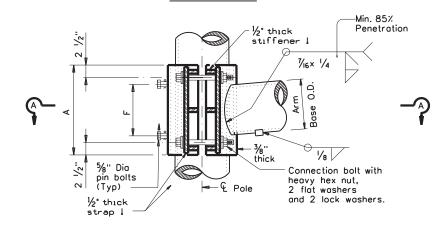
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division STANDARD ASSEMBLY FOR TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES MAST ARM CONNECTIONS MA-C-12

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TABLE OF DIMENSIONS								
for ILSN Support Arm Clamp-on Details 1,2 and 3								
ILSN ARM SIZE	Α	١	CONN.	BOLTS	PIN B	OLTS		
	_ A	Г	No.	Dia	No.	Dia		
3 in. dia	in.	in.	ea.	in.	ea.	in.		
Schedule 40 Pipe	10	4	4	3∕4	2	5/8		



SECTION A-A



ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1

GENERAL NOTES:

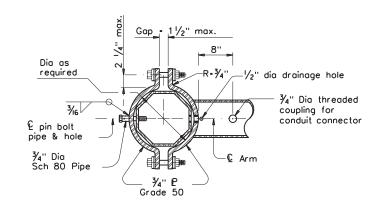
Clamp-on details shall be used for ILSN support arm assemblies. A 1½" inch diameter hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate for wiring access. A matched hole shall be field drilled through the pole to provide wire access after arm is oriented. Deburr both holes.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the details.

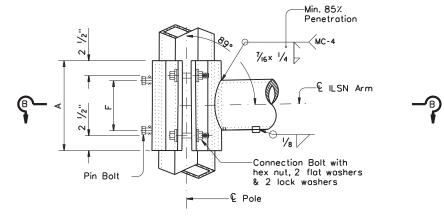
Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

NOTE:

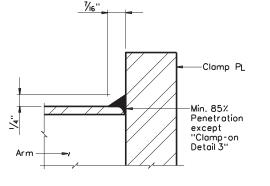
Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia pipe shall have $\frac{3}{6}$ " dia holes for a $\frac{1}{8}$ " dia galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An $\frac{1}{16}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.



SECTION B-B

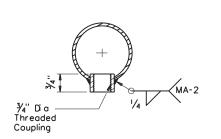


ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 2

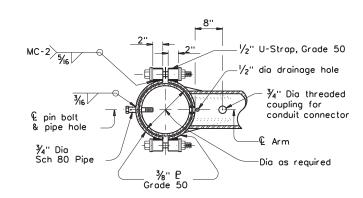


CLAMP-ON ARM

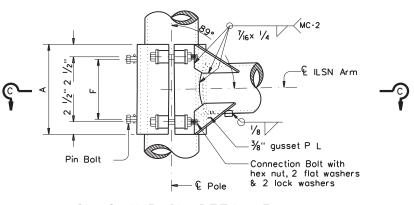
ARM BASE WELD DETAILS



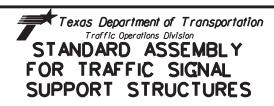
ILSN ARM COUPLING DETAIL



SECTION C-C



ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 3



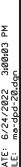
MAST-ARM CONNECTIONS

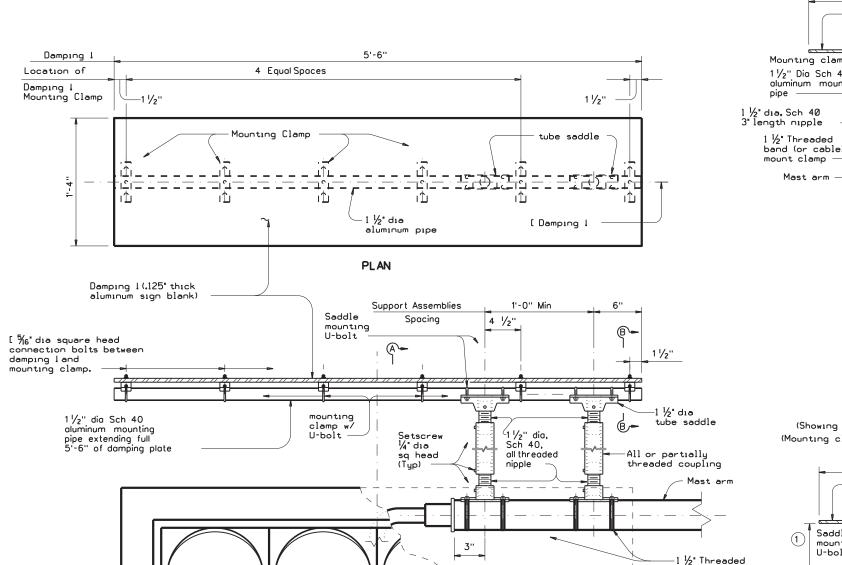
MA-C(ILSN)-12

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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
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Backplate

(See note 6)





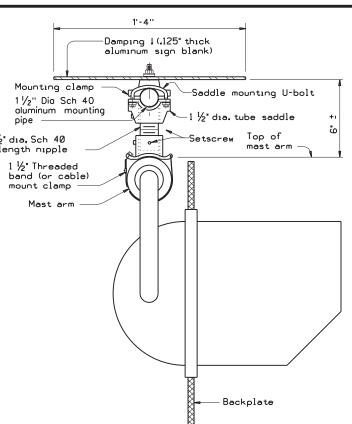
DAMPING PLATE MOUNTING DETAILS

ELEVATION

(A)-

➡— [Damping Land signal head assembly

(Showing alternate placement of signal head)



SECTION A-A

(Showing standard placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

band (or cable)

mount clamp

1'-4" −1 ½" dia Sch 40 Damping ! (.125" thick aluminum sign blank) aluminum mounting pipe -Mounting clamp Saddle mounting -1 ½° dia U-bolt tube saddle -1 1/2" dia, Sch 40, Coupling all threaded nipple Setscrev -Top of mast arm 1 1/2 Threaded band (or cable) mount clamp Mast arm [Signal head attachment Backplate

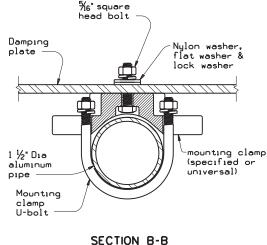
SECTION A-A

(Showing alternate placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

Recommended supporting assemblies to achieve required height for horizontal section heads									
Height required	One nipple each length	Two nipples each length plu	One coupling each length						
6"-6 ¾"	3"	-	-						
7"-8 ½"	4"	-	-						
9"-10 1/2"	6"	-	-						
11"-15 ½"	-	4"	5"						
16"-24"	-	6"	10"						

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.In accordance with the findings of TxDOT sponsored research, the installation of a damping plate in accordance with the details shown here at the end of signal mast arms of SMA and DMA standard structures reduces excessive harmonic vertical vibration, and thus fatigue damage. Any deviation from these details may reduce the effectiveness of this damping device.
- 2.Aluminum sign blank for damping plate will conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110. Materials for most arm mounting clamp and tube saddle will be aluminum castings or aluminum alloys as in accordance with manufacturers' stipulations. Mounting pipe, pipe nipple and coupling will be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T6. Damping plate mounting clamp and u-bolt assemblies will conform to Standard sheet SMD(GEN). U-bolts for saddle mounting will have a minimum yield strength of 36 ksi.
- 3.Damping plate will be mounted horizontally.
 Position centerline of damping plate to align with
 centerline of most arm or horizontal signal head assembly. Vertical clearance between signal head (with or without backing plate)and bottom of damping plate will be maintained as shown. The attachments shown here are examples only, other supporting details which meet both alignment and vertical clearance requirements are also acceptable.
- 4.Unless stipulated by the manufacturers, all steel parts will be galvanized finish in accordance with Standard Specification Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 5.Contractor will verify applicable field dimensions before the installation
- 6.Backplates are optional for traffic signals. When backplates are used, Backplates will have a 2-inch fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B of C FL retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 "Sign Face Materials." See Sheet TS-BP-20 for backplate details.



(Showing damping plate attachment)



MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE DETAILS

MA-DPD-20

•	_	_				
-E: ma-dpd-20.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT January 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS -20	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
-20	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22	V	AL VERD	E,e	tc.	83

MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH

MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM LENGTH COMBINATIONS

MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH

MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM LENGTH COMBINATIONS

EXAMPLE:

Type 1

R•d

1 1/2" Min

HOOKED ANCHOR (TYPE 1)

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

8 Orient anchor bolts orthogonal with the fixed arm direction to

ensure that two bolts are in

tension under dead load.

Circular Steel Bottom Template

(Omit bottom template for FDN 24-A)

1/4" thk. min. Circular Steel

Top Template

another arm up to 28'

1. For 80mph design wind speed, foundation

2. For 100mph design wind speed, foundation 36-A can support a single 36 mast arm.

—Heavy Hex Nut (Typ)

30-A can support up to a 32' arm with

-2 Flat Washers

Thickness =

NUT ANCHOR

(TYPE 2)

d/4 (inch) min.

⟨2 Sides

per Anchor Bolt

f this standard is a made by TxDOT for this standard to a

of is of

kind Sion

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6/24/2022 ts-fd.dgn	
ATE: LE:	

	FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE												
FDN	DRILLED		ORCING TEEL	EMBEDDE LENGTI	D DRILLED H-ft 4()5	SHAFT		HOR BO	LT DES	IGN	FOUNDA DESI	011	
TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH	TEXAS CO	ONE PENE blows/ft 15	FROMETER 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOLT CIR DIA	ANCHOR TYPE	LOA MOMENT K-ft	SHEAR Kips	TYPICAL APPLICATION
24-A	24"	4- #5	#2 at 12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3/4"	36	12 3/4"	1	10	1	Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.
30-A	30"	8- #9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2"	55	17''	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)
36-A	36"	10- #9	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 ¾"	55	19"	2	131	5	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.
36-B	36"	12- #9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30' & strain pole with mast arm
42.4	400	14 10	#7	47.4	45.0	44.0	0.1/11		2711		074		M. J

						. 00:10	7111011	0-0.0					
FDN	DRILLED		FORCING STEEL	EMBEDDED DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH-ft 4 5 6		SHAFT	ANCHOR BOLT DESIGN			FOUNDA DESIG	281		
TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH		ONE PENET blows/ft 15	ROMETER 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)		ANCHOR TYPE	MOMENT K-ft		TYPICAL APPLICATION
24-A	24"	4- #5	#2 at 12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3/4"	36	12 ¾"	1	10	1	Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.
30-A	30"	8- #9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2"	55	17''	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)
36-A	36"	10 - 🕸	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131	5	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.
36-B	36''	12- #9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30' & strain pole with mast arm
42-A	42"	14 - 19	#3 at 6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)
													_

FDN 36-B

44' X 36'

44'

32' X 32'

36' X 36'

40' x24'

FOUNDATION SELECTION TABLE FOR STANDARD MAST ARM PLUS ILSN SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES (ft)

FDN 36-A

48'

32' X 32 36' X 36' 40' X 36' 44' X 28'

36

24' X 24' 28' X 28'

32' X 24'

FDN 30-A

24' X 24' 28' X 28'

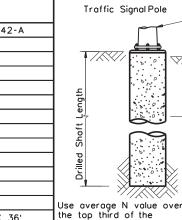
32'

NOTES:

- 1) Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads.
- (2) Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
- 3 Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.
- 4 Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- 5 If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- 6 Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

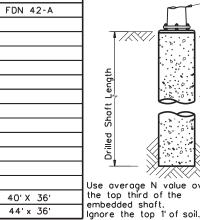
	ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZES									
BOLT DIA IN.	7 BOLT LENGTH	TOP THREAD	BOTTOM THREAD	BOLT CIRCLE	R2	Rı				
3/4''	1'-6''	3"	_	12 ¾"	7 1/8"	5 %"				
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	4"	17''	10"	7''				
1 3/4"	3'-10''	7''	4 1/2"	19''	11 1/4"	7 3/4"				
2"	4'-3"	8"	5"	21''	12 1/2"	8 1/2"				
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9"	5 1/2"	23"	13 ¾"	9 1/4"				

7 Min dimensions given, longer bolts are acceptable.

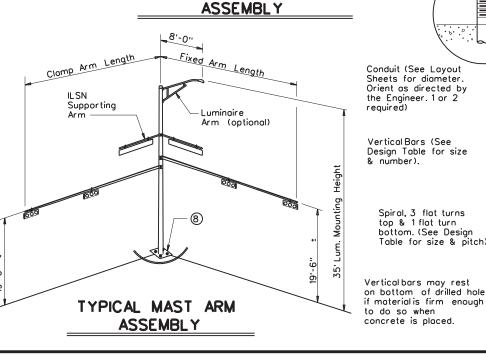


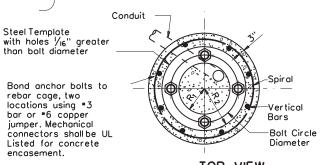
Steel Template

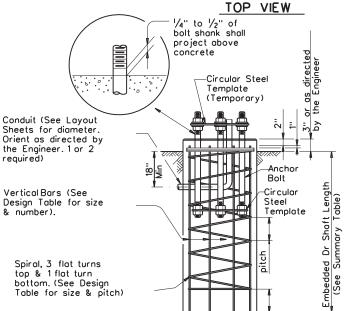
bar or *6 copper



Span Wires Luminaire Arm (optional) Sway Cable Anchor bolts to be approximately oriented so that two bolts are in tension from the Span Wire loads. TYPICAL STRAIN POLE







Drilled Shaft Dia

ELEVATION

FOUNDATION DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES:

TOTAL DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS

LOCATION

DENTIFICATION

N BLOW

/ft.

FDN

TYPE

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE

DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH 6

(FEET)

24-A 30-A 36-A 36-B 42-A

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

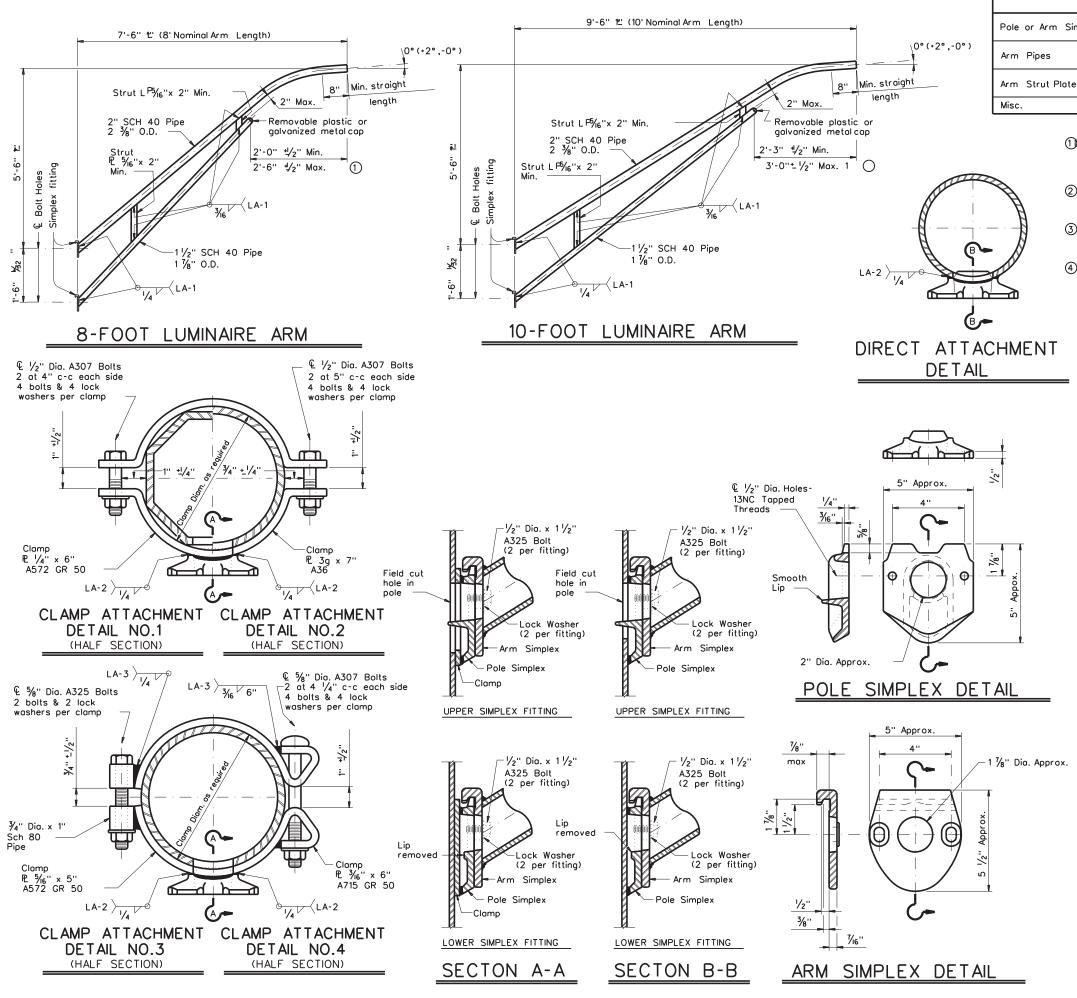
Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".



TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

TS-FD-12

		22	VA	L VERDE	E.e	tc.	84	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-12		0022	010	076		US	US90,etc.	
5-96	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MAO/MW	F CK: JSY/TEE	



MATERIALS

- (Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- ② Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- 3 A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (4) ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

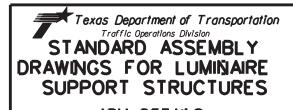
Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.



ARM DETAILS

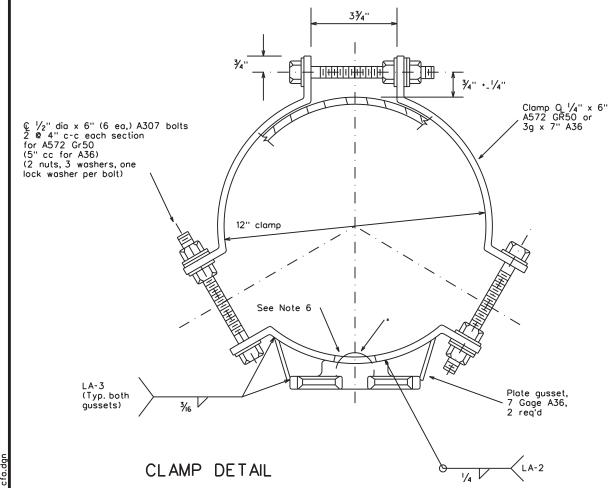
LUM-A-12

© TxDOT August 1995	DN: LEH		CK: JSY	DW: LTT	CK: TEB	
5-96 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
1-99 1-12	0022	010	076	S90,etc.		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	etc.	85	

129

POLE SIMPLEX DETAILS

5" Approx.

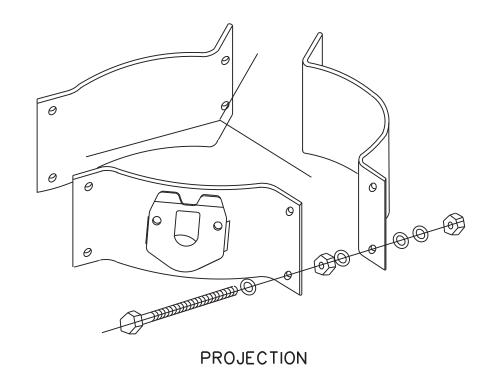


OTHER MATERIALS:

- Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.
- 2. Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.
- 3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.
- All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
 The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the galvanizing process.
- 3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts, ½in. X 1½in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.
- 4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.
- 5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.
- 6. Approximately 2 in. diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.



For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)



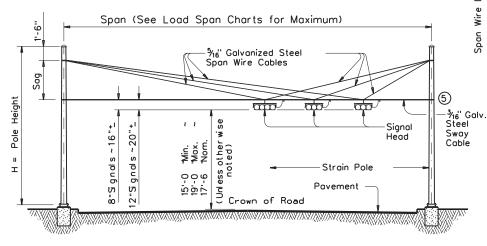
CLAMP ON FITTING ASSEMBLY FOR LUMINAIRE MAST ARM

CFA-12

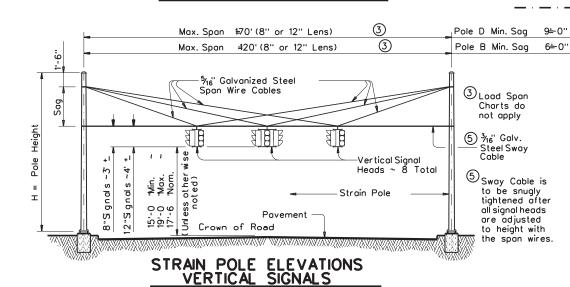
© TxDOT		DN: KAB		CK: RES	DW:	FDN	CK: CAL	
REVI	SIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
-12		0022	010	076 U			S90,etc.	
		DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
		22	VAL VERDE, etc. 86					

STRAIN POLE DESCRIPTION	Pole Type	Found- ation Type	Maximum Permissible Span Wire Load (lbs.)
26' Pole	A	36-A	5200
30' Pole	В	36-A	4600
30' Pole with Lum.	В	36-A	4400
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5600
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5500
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5100
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm	С	36-B	4900
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5200
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5000
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4800
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4500
34' Pole	D	36-B	5600
34' Pole with Lum.	D	36-B	5400

2 Numbers on Load Span Charts indicate the number of signal heads on the span. The total span wire design load is based on one 5-section head and one or more additional 3-section head(s). Design wind pressures on cables are assumed as 1.0 lb/ft. Weight of span wire cables (one per signal head) is assumed as 0.65 lb/ft which includes an allowance for conductor cables and miscellaneous hardware. The effect of the sway cable on load distribution is ignored as it is assumed to break at design wind conditions. When a pole supports 2 spans, the span wire design loads for both spans should be added vectorially to determine the design load for that pole.



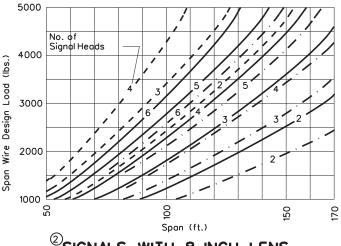
STRAIN POLE ELEVATIONS HORIZONTAL SIGNALS



(Mast arms are not used with vertical signals)

4000 3000 1000 20 00 150 Span (ft.)

²SIGNALS WITH 12-INCH LENS



²SIGNALS WITH 8-INCH LENS

Signal Head Type	Wt. Per Head	Wind Area ♦
5-Section, 12" Lens	125 lbs	9.6 sq. ft.
5-Section, 8" Lens	70 lbs	4.8 sq. ft.
3-Section, 12" Lens	75 lbs	5.64 sq. ft.
3-Section, 8" Lens	45 lbs	3.0 sg. ft.

♦ Effective projected design wind area (actual area times drag coefficient)

- - Sag = 4'-6" (26' or 30' Pole) Sag = 8'-0" (30' or 34' Pole)

- Sag = 11'-6" (34' Pole)

_										
١.			ROUND	POLES		POLYGONAL POLES				
Po	ole pe	D _B	Dτ	(4)thk	Н	D _B	Dτ	(4)thk	Н	
L''	pc	in.	in.	in.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	ft.	
	A	12.5	8.9	.239	26	13.0	9.0	.239	26	
	В	13.5	9.3	.239	30	14.0	9.0	.239	30	
	С	15.5	11.3	.239	30	16.0	11.0	.239	30	
(D	15.5	10.7	.239	34	16.0	11.0	.239	34	

D_B = Pole Base O.D.

D T = Pole Top O.D. H - Pole Height SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Poles	Poles (Without Traffic Signal Arm)											
	Strain poles with Lur	ninaire		Strain poles without Luminaire								
Pole Type	nandhole at base, pole cap, 2 clamp-on simplex and 1 pipe plug.			Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap and 1 pipe plug.								
	Description	Designation	Quantity	Description	Designation	Quantity						
А				26' Strain Pole	SP 26 A-80							
В	30' Strain Pole	SPL 30 B-80		30' Strain Pole	SP 30 B-80							
D	34' Strain Pole	SPL 34 D-80		34' Strain Pole	SP 34 D-80							

Poles (With Traffic Signal Arm)

	Strain poles with	n Luminaire		Strain poles without Luminaire Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap and 3 pipe plugs.				
Pole Type	Ship each pole with hardware attached: handhole at base, po simplex and 3 pipe	ole cap, clamp-on						
	Description	Designation	Quantity	Description	Designation	Quantity		
С	30'SPw/TS Arm	SPL 30 C-80		30'SPw/TS Arm	SP 30 C-80			

Traffic Signal Arms (For Type C poles)

H	Type 1 Arm (1 Signal)		Type 11 Arm	(2 Signals)	Type 🎞 Arm (3 Signals)			
Nominal Arm Length	the following had attached: 2 CGB Connecto	Ship each Type &rm with the following hardware attached: 2 CGB Connectors, 1 clamp with bolts and washers		Erm with rdware abby ,3 CGB 1 clamp washers	Ship each Type Tarm with the following hardware attached: 2 Bracket Assemblies , 4 CGB Connectors and 1 clamp with bolts and washers			
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
20	20 T-80							
24	24 T-80		24 1 -80					
28	281-80		28 11 -80					
32			32 TI -80		32 111 -80			
36			36 ℡ -80		36 ttt -80			

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

		e in part parts.	
Anchor Bolt	Anchor Bolt	Templates may be remove for shipment.	ed
Diameter	Length	Quantity	
1 3/4"	3'-10''		
2"	4'-3"		E
			(

4 Thickness shown are minimum,

may be used.

thicker materials

Luminaire Arms Nominal Arm Length Quantity

Each Anchor Bolt Assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

1) See Sheet "DMA-80"

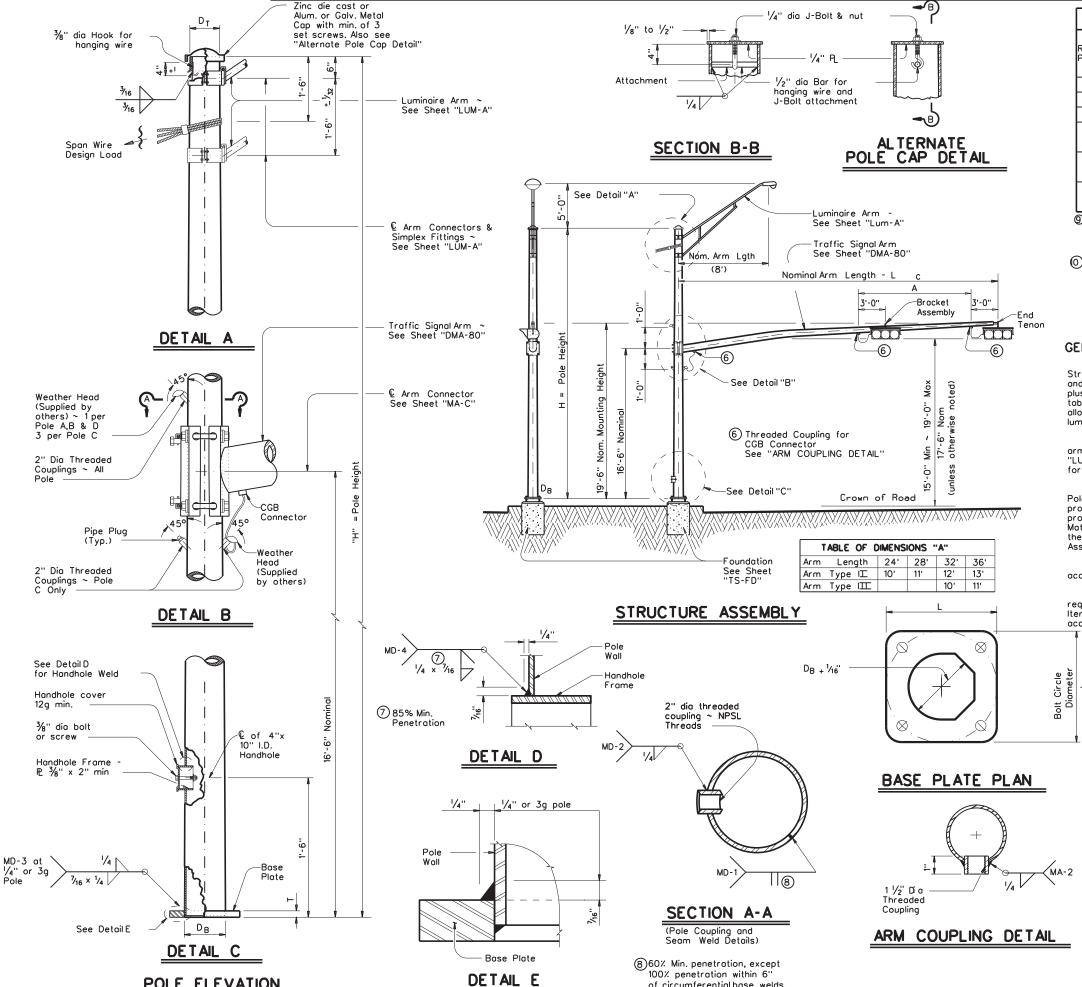
SHEET 1 OF 2



(80 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-80(1)-12

© TxDOT March 1996	DN: MS	CK: JSY		DW: BR	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
6-96 1-12	0022	010	076	US	S90,etc.	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	etc.	87	

POLE ELEVATION



of circumferential base welds.

	MATERIALS
Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts 9	ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50
Plates 9	ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50
Connection Bolts	ASTM A325 except where noted
Pin Bolts	ASTM A325
Pipe ⑨	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50
Steel Cable	ASTM A475, 7 Wire Utilities Grade
Misc. Hardware	Galvanized steel or stainless steel or as noted

- 9 ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F, or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- (ii) ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SSwill be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. The maximum permissible span wire design loads tabulated are calculated at a stress load of 1.4 times the basic allowable stress. A simultaneous wind on the pole, mast arm, and

See standard sheet "DMA-80" for details of clamp-on traffic signal arms, sheet "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, sheet "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, and sheet "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

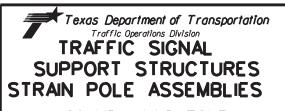
Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Moterials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Foundation Type	Anchor Bolt Diameter	Bolt Hole Diameter	Bolt Circle Diameter	Base PL Dim. L x T
36-A	1 3/4"	2"	19''	19" x 1 ¾"
36-B	2"	2 1/4"	21"	21" × 2"

SHEET 2 OF 2



(80 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-80(2)-12

-	© TxDOT March 1996	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: E	3R	CK: JSY
1	REVISIONS 6-96		SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
1	1-12	0022	010	10 076 US		US	90,etc.
-		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	VA	AL VERDI	E,et	c.	88

120B

tsr3-13.dgn

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING					



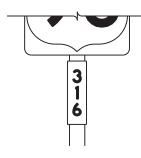




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND ISERIES GUIDE SIGNS

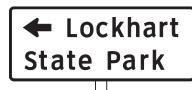
SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIF	ICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BL	ANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN
REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

	SHEETING REQU	JIREMENTS
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL							
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL							
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BL	ANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIF	ICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

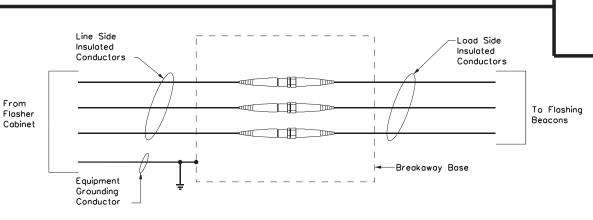
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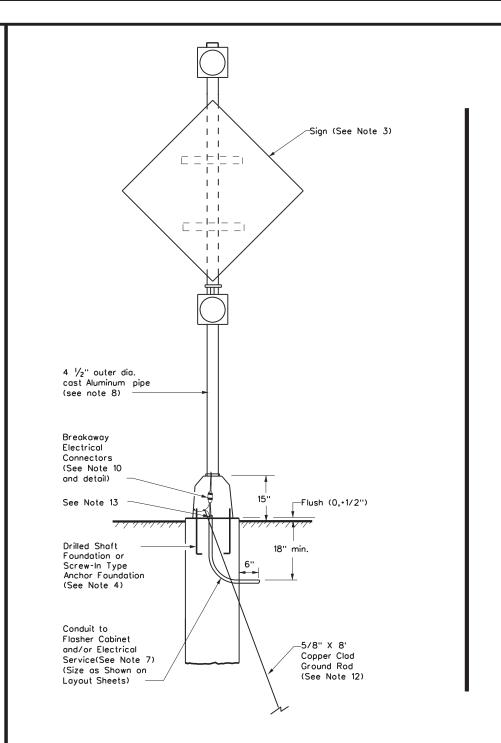
E: 6/24/202

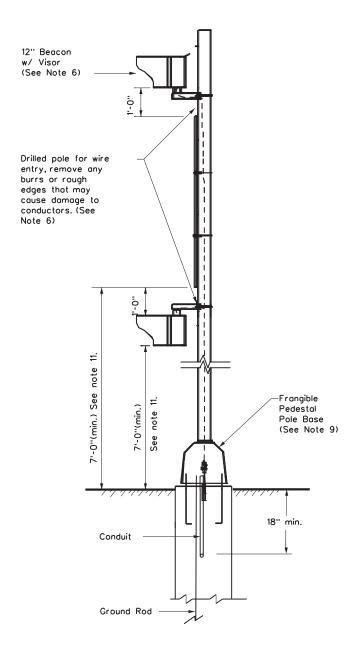
GENERAL NOTES:

- Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the upper beacon.
- See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
- See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- 4. Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations. On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- 5. When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on poles.
- 7. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed.
- 9. Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening of connection.
- 10. Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT's MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).
- 11. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- Make connections to ground rods according to NEC. Ground rod clamps shall be listed for their intended purpose.
- 13. Ensure height of conduit and ground rod is below top of anchor bolts.



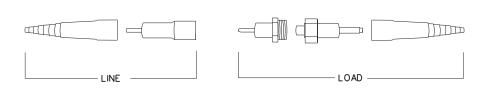
NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS





FRONT

SIDE



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS
EXPLODED VIEW



ROADSIDE FLASHING
BEACON ASSEMBLY

RFBA-13

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TxDOT January 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY	
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-93 3-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

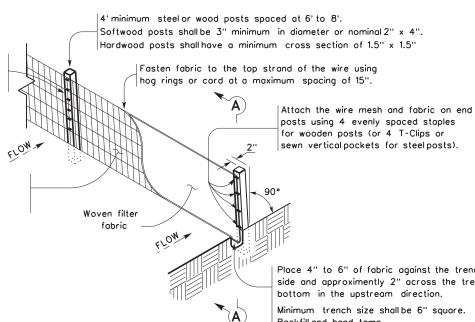
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater required for projects with	•		Refer to IxDOI Standard Specif	ications in the event historical issues or	General (applies to all proj	ects): ion Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with
	disturbed soil must protect			archeological artifacts are fo	und during construction. Upon discovery of	' '	safety meetings prior to beginning construction and
	Item 506.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately.		hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
	List MS4 Operator(s) that m They may need to be notifie	-	· •	_			Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
	1,			No Action Required No Action Req	Required Action		clude, but are not limited to the following categories: products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing
				Action No.			rotected storage, off bare ground and covered, for
	2.	_		1.		_ ·	Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
	No Action Required	Required Action					-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS, ions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
	Action No.			2.			tices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup
	1. Prevent stormwater pollu accordance with TPDES Pe		n and sedimentation in	3.		of all product spills.	
	2. Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer	•	control pollution or	4.		Contact the Engineer if any of the * Dead or distressed vegetation * Trash piles, drums, canisten	on (not identified as normal)
	3. Post Construction Site N	otice (CSN) with SW3P infor	rmation on or near	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		 * Undesirable smells or odors * Evidence of leaching or see 	page of substances
		the public and TCEQ, EPA or		Preserve native vegetation to	the extent practical. truction Specification Requirements Specs 162.		oridge class structure rehabilitation or
	4. When Contractor project	specific locations (PSL's)	increase disturbed soil	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751,	752 in order to comply with requirements for	l ' 🗆 🗸	ructures not including box culverts)?
	area to 5 acres or more,	submit NOI to TCEQ and the	e Engineer.	invasive species, beneficial I	andscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	│ │ Yes │ │ No │ │ If "No". then no further acti	on in required
II.	. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA	AMS, WATERBODIES AND W	WETLANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required	Required Action	,	sible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
	ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	404		Assiss No.			s inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
		filling, dredging, excavat eks, streams, wetlands or w		Action No.		Yes No	
	, , ,	ers, stredms, wetlands or we to all of the terms and c		1.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with ement/mitigation procedures, and perform management
	the following permit(s):			2.		•	notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
	No Permit Required			3.		,	required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN not Required (less than	n 1/10th acre waters or	4.		scheduled demolition.	is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement
	wetlands affected)					activities and/or demolition w	ith careful coordination between the Engineer and
	_	•	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)				o minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.
	☐ Individual 404 Permit R	•			THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES		possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:
	Other Nationwide Permit	Required: NWP#		AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	No Action Required	Required Action
	Required Actions: List water	ers of the US permit applie	s to, location in project				_ negan se gorran
	and check Best Management F and post-project TSS.	Practices planned to contro	ol erosion, sedimentation	No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.	
	and post project 155.				-	1.	
	1.			Action No.		2.	
	2.			1.		3.	
	3.			2.		VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL IS	SSUES
	4			7		(includes regional issues s	uch as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
	٦.			3.		No Action Required	Required Action
	The elevation of the ordina to be performed in the wate permit can be found on the	ers of the US requiring the		4.		Action No.	
	Best Management Practic				observed, cease work in the immediate area,	1.	
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		and contact the Engineer immediately. The from bridges and other structures during	2.	
	_	_	_	nesting season of the birds assoc are discovered, cease work in the	iated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	3.	Design Division
	☐ Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting	Silt Fence Rock Berm	□ Vegetative Filter Strips □ Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.	ministrate dream and contract the		Texas Department of Transportation
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				ENVIRONMENTAL BESIDES
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	. 167 05	ADDEW LATIONS		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Compost	CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Servi	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		
	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location		EPIC
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks			MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MEM: Mariainal Separata Stammater Source S	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		FILE: epic.dgn DN:TXDOT CK:RG DW:VP CK:AR
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Soci		MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	rstem TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TXDOT: Texas Department of Transportation		© TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 12-12-2011 (05) REVISIONS 0022010 076 US90, etc.
		Sediment Basins	Grassy Swales	NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USEWSULS: Eight and Wildlife Services		05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
		_	_	NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. 22 VAL VERDE.etc. 92

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Connect the ends of the successive reinforcement sheets or rolls a minimum of 6 times with hog rings.

Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)

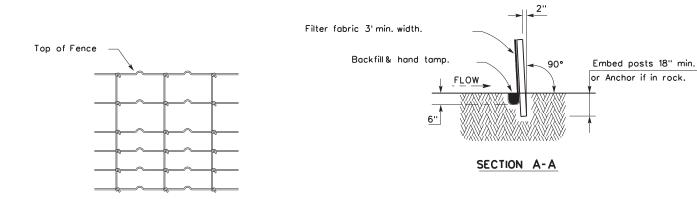


Place 4" to 6" of fabric against the trench side and approximently 2" across the trench bottom in the upstream direction.

Minimum trench size shall be 6" square. Backfill and hand tamp.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

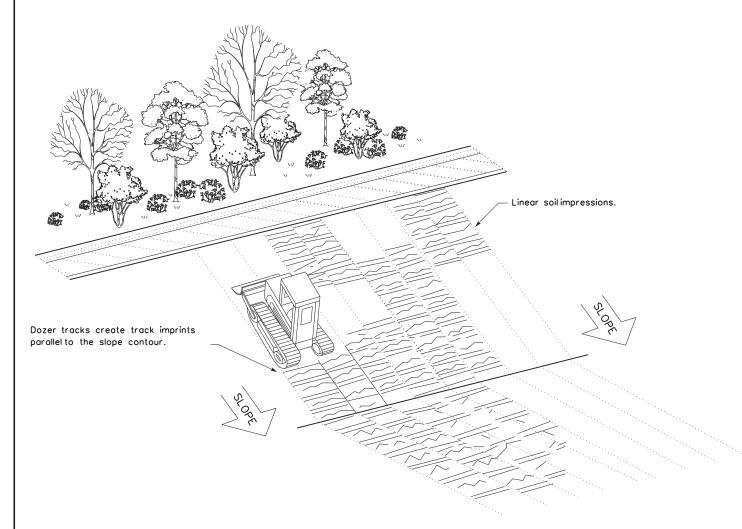
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

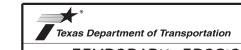


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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