## INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS

| I INIAI I)I ANIO |          |
|------------------|----------|
| FINAL PLANS      | <u> </u> |

CONTRACTOR: \_

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

DATE WORK ACCEPTED :\_\_\_\_\_

DATE CONTRACT LET:\_

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: \_

DATE WORK COMPLETED:\_

# FINAL AS-BUILT PLANS

THIS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS. CONTRACT. & LISTED FIELD CHANGES.

DATE

AREA ENGINEER

**PROJECT LOCATIONS** LOCATION A1 US 79 @ SL 256 LOCATION A2 SH 155 @ SL 256 LOCATION B1 US 287 @ SL 256 LOCATION B2 FM 320 @ SL 256

SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD BC SHEETS AND PART 6 OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

NO R.R. CROSSINGS

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NO EQUATIONS

NO EXCEPTIONS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 1, 2012).

## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



## PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

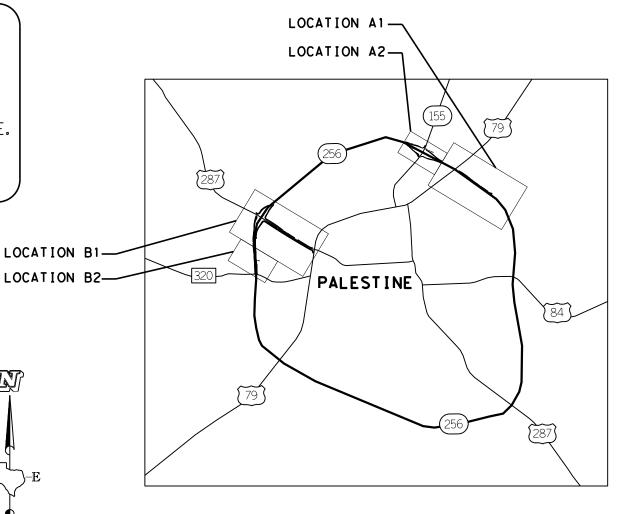
PROJECT NO. F 2022 (810)

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT CSJ = N/A

## ANDERSON COUNTY

VARIOUS LOCATIONS ON STATE LOOP 256 IN PALESTINE

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF LANDSCAPE & SCENIC ENHANCEMENT CONSISTING OF WILDFLOWER SEEDING.



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 5/17/2022

Rolando Mendez

DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 5/18/2022

PROJECT NO. F 2022 (810)

JOB

054

ANDERSON

HIGHWAY NO.

SL 256

DIST.

SECT.

6 STATE

CONT.

TEXAS TYL

0520 09

Hern W. Well

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS

3,3A,3B GENERAL NOTES
4 PROJECT LAYOUT

5 ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

6 QUANTITY SUMMARY

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25 TYPICAL LAYOUT SECTION

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26 STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

27 ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

**\*** 28-30 EC (9)-16



\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

4/13/2022

E DATE

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS



CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
0520 09 054 SL 256
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
TYL ANDERSON 2

Project Number: Sheet 3

County: ANDERSON Control: 0520-09-054

Highway: SL 256

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

GENERAL.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Eric Fisher, P.E. <u>Eric.Fisher@txdot.gov</u>

Louis McDow III, P.E. Louis.McDow@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Sweep within the project. Keep roadways and sidewalks free of sediment.

#### **ITEM 260. LIME TREATMENT**

Apply granular lime with an approved broadcast spreader.

#### **ITEM 4. SCOPE OF WORK**

Preserve the integrity of all right of way monuments within project limits. Right of way monuments damaged or destroyed during construction must be replaced by a registered professional land surveyor (RPLS), at the Contractor's expense.

#### **ITEM 5. CONTROL OF THE WORK**

If utility lines need adjustments during construction operations, modify operations and continue the work in a manner that will allow others to make the utility adjustments. Additional working time may be allowed for delays caused by these utility adjustments.

Utility locations shown on the plans are approximate. Contact TxDOT Tyler District for utility locates. Contact utilities in accordance with Article 5.6, "Cooperating With Utilities."

Project Number: Sheet 3

County: ANDERSON Control: 0520-09-054

Highway: SL 256

#### ITEM 7. LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

#### ITEM 8. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Prepare the progress schedule as a bar chart.

#### ITEM 9. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

In accordance with Article 9.1, "Measurement of Quantities," furnish the tare and maximum gross weights as well as the volume capacity of all vehicles, trucks, truck-tractors, trailers, semitrailers, or combination of such vehicles used to deliver materials for this Contract. Also, furnish calculations supporting these weights and capacities. Provide all measurements required for pay a minimum of 2 days before the trucks are used.

#### ITEM 180. WILDFLOWER SEEDING

Apply lime evenly at a rate of 2 tons/acre in proposed Wildflower Seeding areas prior to Wildflower Seeding. Lime treatment is subsidiary to Item 180, "Wildflower Seeding." Broadcast application of lime will be allowed on steep slopes as approved by the Engineer.

Distribute wildflower seed at the rate of 10 PLS lb. (Pure Live Seed pounds) per acre. Seed species and rate of PLS lb. per acre:

| ,                            | Seed Variety         | % Composition of Seed Mix | Lbs.<br>PLS/acre<br>in mix |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Texas Bluebonnet             | Lupinus texensis     | 20%                       | 2                          |
| Crimson Clover               | Trifolium incarnatum | 20%                       | 2                          |
| Lanceleaf Coreopsis          | Coreopsis lanceolata | 20%                       | 2                          |
| Plains Coreopsis             | Coreopsis tinctoria  | 10%                       | 1                          |
| <b>Evening Primrose</b>      | Oenothera macrocarpa | 10%                       | 1                          |
| Black-eyed Susan             | Rudbeckia hirta      | 5%                        | 0.5                        |
| Mexican Hat                  | Ratibida columnifera | 5%                        | 0.5                        |
| Indian Blanket               | Gaillardia pulchella | 5%                        | 0.5                        |
| Moss Verbena                 | Verbena tenuisecta   | 5%                        | 0.5                        |
| <b>Total PLS Pounds/acre</b> |                      |                           | 10                         |

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: Sheet 3A

County: ANDERSON Control: 0520-09-054

Highway: SL 256

Wildflower seed must be supplied either in single species bags, as mixes of each seed type (small seeds, large seeds, and fluffy-type seeds), as bags of a commercial mix, or any combination of these. Submit bag tags to the Area Engineer for approval.

If any of the listed species are unavailable, the Contractor must submit substitutions for approval by the Engineer. Substantially equal seed mixes may be evaluated for acceptance. A substantially equal seed mix is considered to have the same number of species, with 7 of the 9 species listed being the same, and rates and ratios that are relatively the same.

Equipment: Use a no-till or pasture type drill that is capable of accurately metering the release of small seeds, large seeds, and fluffy type seeds individually using separate seed boxes on the drill. Typical grain seeding drills will not meet this requirement. Use the width of the seed drill multiplied by the length of each run when calculating acreage for each site listed on the plans. (Using an 8 ft. wide seed drill, the length of run to cover 1 acre (43,560 sq. ft.) would be 5,445 ft.) (43,560 sq. ft. / 8 ft. = 5,445 ft.)

Plant entire width of vegetated right of way, where conditions are appropriate for seeding (avoid bridges, drainage swales, and slopes exceeding 3:1). Broadcast seeding will be allowed on steep slopes as approved by the Engineer.

When moving adjacent to the edge of pavement according to Article 180.4, mow in the direction of traffic flow. Check for and remove large debris from the seeding area prior to moving.

#### ITEM 502. BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The traffic control plan for this Contract consists of: the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown on the plans; specification data, which may be included in the general notes; applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD); traffic control plan sheets included on the plans; standard BC sheets; Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and Item 502 of the standard specifications.

Inspect and correct deficiencies each day throughout the duration of the Contract.

Provide at least one employee on call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) for maintenance of signs and traffic control devices. This employee must have an address and telephone number near the project, as approved. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee. The Engineer will furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.

Project Number: Sheet 3A

County: ANDERSON Control: 0520-09-054

Highway: SL 256

Sign all roads intersecting the project in accordance with current BC standards.

Refer to the traffic control plan sheets for traffic handling through the work area. Contractor may vary the signing arrangement and spacing as necessary to fit field conditions; however, any proposed changes in the traffic control plan must be approved before implementation.

When the sequence of work is shown on the plans, the Contractor may submit an alternate proposal for approval. Submit in writing all proposed variations and revisions.

High-visibility safety apparel is required for workers in accordance with the General Notes on current BC standards.

When operations require a lane closure, provide cones, vertical panels, drums, signs, flaggers, and flashing arrow panels as necessary to route traffic around the closed lane as shown on the plans and as directed. Lane closures will be limited to one specific lane as directed.

Unless otherwise approved, construction operations will not be allowed on Good Friday, Easter weekend, the Friday before Memorial Day thru Memorial Day, July 4th, the Friday before Labor Day thru Labor Day, the Wednesday before Thanksgiving Day thru Sunday, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, or on any other high traffic days or holidays as determined by the Engineer.

Regulate all construction activities and equipment to minimize inconvenience to the traveling public. At points where it is necessary for trucks to stop, load, or unload, provide warning signs and flaggers to protect the traveling public.

The pavement must be entirely open to traffic each night. Remove or clearly barricade all material stockpiles, equipment left overnight, or any obstruction within 30 ft. of a travelway as approved.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" is intended to be used for work zone enhancements that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage for the purpose of improving the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

All work required by these general notes, except as provided for by Item 502, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Project Number: Sheet 3B

County: ANDERSON Control: 0520-09-054

Highway: SL 256

## ITEM 506. TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Place countermeasures only after approved by the Engineer.

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7

Provide the following Items for the SWP3 for this Contract as directed on a force account basis:

Temporary erosion control logs

#### ITEM 6185. TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA)

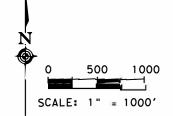
Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. Additional truck mounted attenuators (TMAs) may be required as deemed necessary by the Engineer.

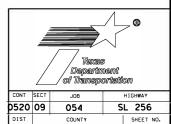
General Notes Sheet E





PALESTINE PROJECT LAYOUT







## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0520-09-054

**DISTRICT** Tyler **HIGHWAY** SL 256

**COUNTY** Anderson

|     |           | CONTROL SECTIO   | 0520-0 | 9-054  |            |                |  |
|-----|-----------|--|--------|--------|------------|----------------|--|
|     |           | PROJE  | A0018  | 5864   |            |                |  |
|     |           | co   | Ande   | rson   | TOTAL EST. | TOTAL<br>FINAL |  |
|     |           | HIG  | SL 2   | 56     |            |                |  |
| ALT | BID CODE  | DESCRIPTION  | UNIT   | EST.   | FINAL      |                |  |
|     | 180-6001  | WILDFLOWER SEEDING   | AC     | 24.000 |            | 24.000         |  |
|     | 500-6001  | MOBILIZATION   | LS     | 1.000  |            | 1.000          |  |
|     | 502-6001  | BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING                               | МО     | 1.000  |            | 1.000          |  |
|     | 6185-6002 | TMA (STATIONARY)   | DAY    | 9.000  |            | 9.000          |  |
|     | 18        | EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE:<br>CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART) | LS     | 1.000  |            | 1.000          |  |
|     |           | SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)    | LS     | 1.000  |            | 1.000          |  |



| DISTRICT | COUNTY   | CCSJ        | SHEET |
|----------|----------|-------------|-------|
| Tyler    | Anderson | 0520-09-054 | 5     |

## **SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES**

|     |      | BASIS                                       | OF ESTIMATE |                           |      |                  |             |
|-----|------|---|-------------|---------------------------|------|------------------|-------------|
|     | ITEM | DESCRIPTION                                 | RATE        | CSJ 0520-09-054<br>AMOUNT | UNIT | PROJECT<br>TOTAL | PAY<br>UNIT |
| [1] |      | GRANULAR LIME, PLACED BY BROADCAST SPREADER | 2 TONS/AC   | 24                        | AC   | 48               | TON         |
|     | 500  | MOBILIZATION                                |             | 1.000                     | LS   | 1                | LS          |
|     | 502  | BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING      | МО          | 1.00                      | МО   | 1                | MO          |

| ROADWAY SUMMARY                       |                |                       |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                       | ITEM NUMBER    | 180<br>6001           | 6185<br>6002            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | DESCRIPTION    | WILDFLOWER<br>SEEDING | TMA<br>(STATION<br>ARY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOCATION                              | UNITS          | AC                    | DAY                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOCATION A1 - SL 256 @ E PALESTINE ST |                | 2.5                   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>LOCATION A2</b> - SL 256 @ SH 155  |                | 4                     |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOCATION B1 - SL 256 @ US 287         |                | 15                    |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOCATION B2 - SL 256 @ W STERNE AVE   |                | 2.5                   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       |                |                       |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       |                |                       |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| not shown                             | PROJECT TOTALS | 24                    | 9<br><b>9</b>           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[1] FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

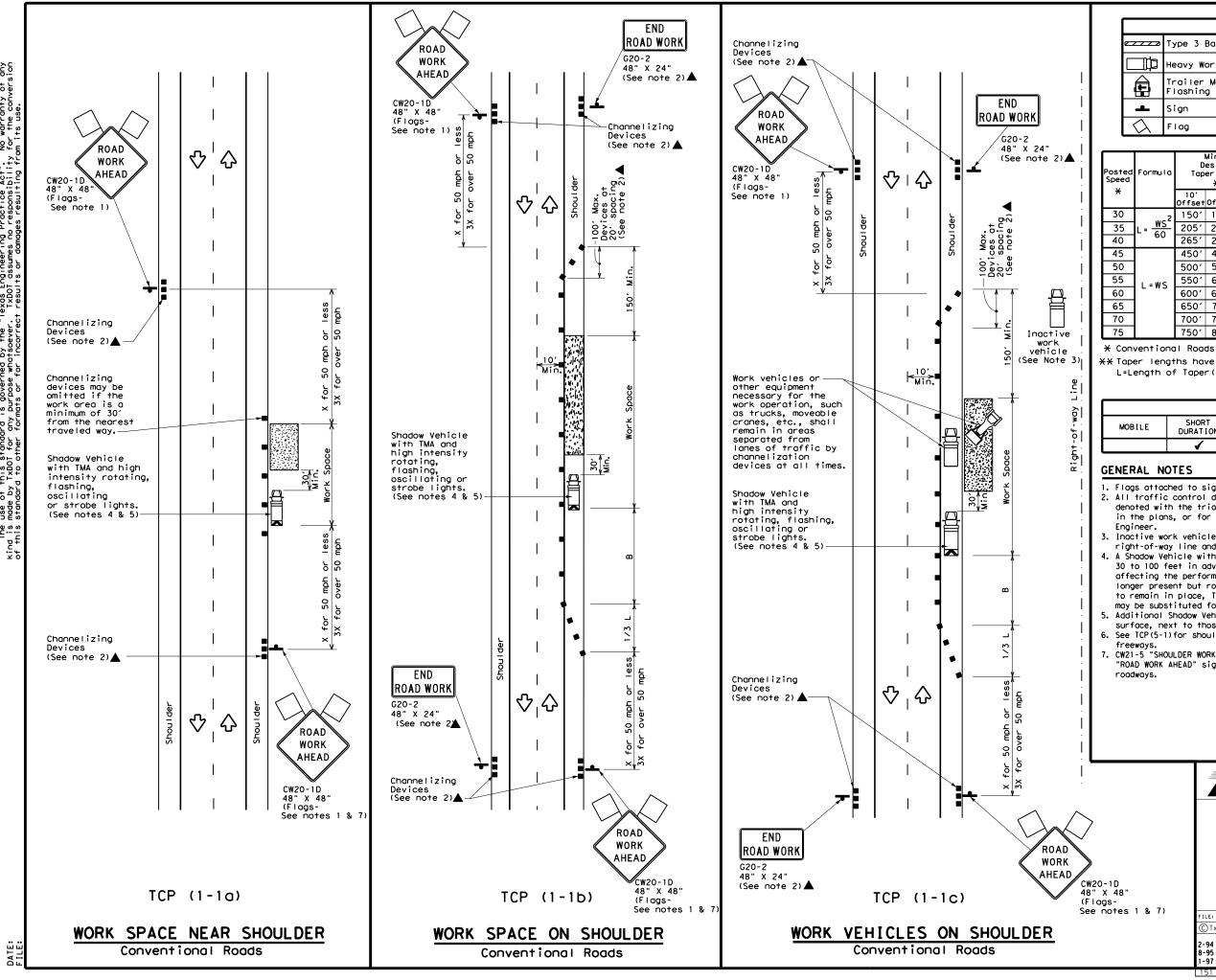


04/12/2022

## QUANTITY SUMMARY



|      | _    | 01 11 011 10 |   |           |  |  |
|------|------|--------------|---|-----------|--|--|
| CONT | SECT | JOB          |   | HIGHWAY   |  |  |
| 0520 | 09   | 054          | 5 | SL 256    |  |  |
| DIST |      | COUNTY       |   | SHEET NO. |  |  |
| TYI  |      | ANDERSON     |   | 6         |  |  |



LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Flagger

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula         | D             | Minimur<br>esirab<br>er Lend<br>** | le            | Spacir<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| *               |                 | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                      | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |
| 30              | WS <sup>2</sup> | 150′          | 1651                               | 1801          | 30′              | 60′             | 120′                              | 90'                                       |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051          | 225′                               | 245′          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |
| 40              | 80              | 265′          | 2951                               | 3201          | 40′              | 80′             | 240′                              | 155′                                      |
| 45              |                 | 4501          | 4951                               | 540′          | 45′              | 90′             | 320′                              | 195′                                      |
| 50              |                 | 500'          | 550′                               | 6001          | 50′              | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550′          | 6051                               | 660′          | 55′              | 110′            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |
| 60              | 1 L=W3          | 600'          | 660′                               | 7201          | 60′              | 120'            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |
| 65              |                 | 650′          | 715′                               | 780′          | 65′              | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |
| 70              |                 | 7001          | 770′                               | 840′          | 701              | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      |
| 75              |                 | 750′          | 8251                               | 900′          | 75′              | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | <b>√</b>          | <b>√</b>                 |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

| B-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.              | ILE:   | tcp1-1-18.dgn | DN    | :    |      | CK:    | DW: | CK:       |
|--|--------|---------------|-------|------|------|--------|-----|-----------|
| 2-94 4-98<br>3-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. | C) TxD | OT December 1 | 985 c | CONT | SECT | JOB    |     | HIGHWAY   |
| B-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.              | -04    |               | 0     | 520  | 09   | 054    |     | SL 256    |
|  |        |               | D     | DIST |      | COUNTY |     | SHEET NO. |
| -97 2-18 TYL ANDERSON 7                      | -97    | 2-18          | T     | ΓYL  |      | ANDERS | ON  | 7         |

|            | LEGEND                                  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | ☑ Type 3 Barricade                      |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (E)        | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| _          | Sign                                    | ♡  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | 'l <u> </u>         |               | Minimum<br>esirab<br>er Leng<br>** | le            | Spacii<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space | Stopping<br>Sight<br>Distance |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| *               |                     | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                      | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |                               |
| 30              | 2                   | 150′          | 1651                               | 1801          | 30′              | 60′             | 1201                              | 90,                                       | 2001                          |
| 35              | L = WS <sup>2</sup> | 2051          | 225′                               | 245′          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      | 250′                          |
| 40              | 80                  | 265′          | 2951                               | 3201          | 40′              | 80'             | 240′                              | 155′                                      | 305′                          |
| 45              |                     | 450′          | 4951                               | 540′          | 45′              | 90'             | 3201                              | 195′                                      | 360′                          |
| 50              |                     | 5001          | 550′                               | 600,          | 50′              | 100′            | 4001                              | 240′                                      | 425′                          |
| 55              | L=WS                | 550′          | 6051                               | 660′          | 55′              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      | 495′                          |
| 60              | _ "3                | 600'          | 660′                               | 720′          | 60′              | 120′            | 600′                              | 350′                                      | 570′                          |
| 65              |                     | 650′          | 715′                               | 780′          | 65′              | 130'            | 700′                              | 410′                                      | 645′                          |
| 70              |                     | 700′          | 7701                               | 840′          | 701              | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      | 730′                          |
| 75              |                     | 750′          | 8251                               | 900′          | 75′              | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      | 820′                          |

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |
|               | 1                 | 1                        |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

| FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn    | DN:  |             | CK:    | DW: | CK:       |
|------------------------|------|-------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985  | CONT | SECT        | JOB    |     | HIGHWAY   |
| REVISIONS<br>4-90 4-98 | 0520 | 0520 09 054 |        |     | SL 256    |
| 2-94 2-12              | DIST |             | COUNTY |     | SHEET NO. |
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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

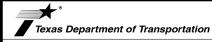
- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

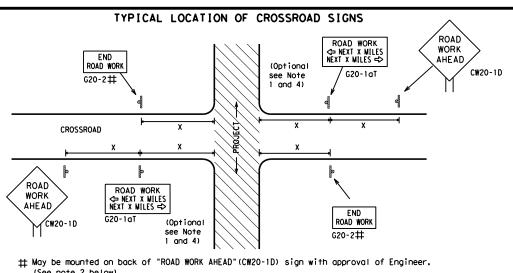


Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK ¥ × R20-5gTP #MEN #ORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

## TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

Expressway/

Freeway

#### SIZE

onventional

|   | Posted<br>Speed | Sign∆<br>Spacing<br>"X" |  |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|--|
|   | MPH             | Feet<br>(Apprx.)        |  |
|   | 30              | 120                     |  |
|   | 35              | 160                     |  |
|   | 40              | 240                     |  |
| 1 | 45              | 320                     |  |
|   | 50              | 400                     |  |
|   | 55              | 500 <sup>2</sup>        |  |
|   | 60              | 600 <sup>2</sup>        |  |
| 1 | 65              | 700 <sup>2</sup>        |  |
|   | 70              | 800 <sup>2</sup>        |  |
|   | 75              | 900 <sup>2</sup>        |  |
|   | 80              | 1000 <sup>2</sup>       |  |
| _ | *               | * 3                     |  |

SPACING

- CW20' CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' 48" x 48' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS \* \*G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD \* R20-5aTP ME PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T X X AHEAD CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes | \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 \* \* location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

DECT

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

|                          | LEGEND |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                          | Ι      | Type 3 Barricade  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OOO Channelizing Devices |        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | ۴      | Sign  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | X      | See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

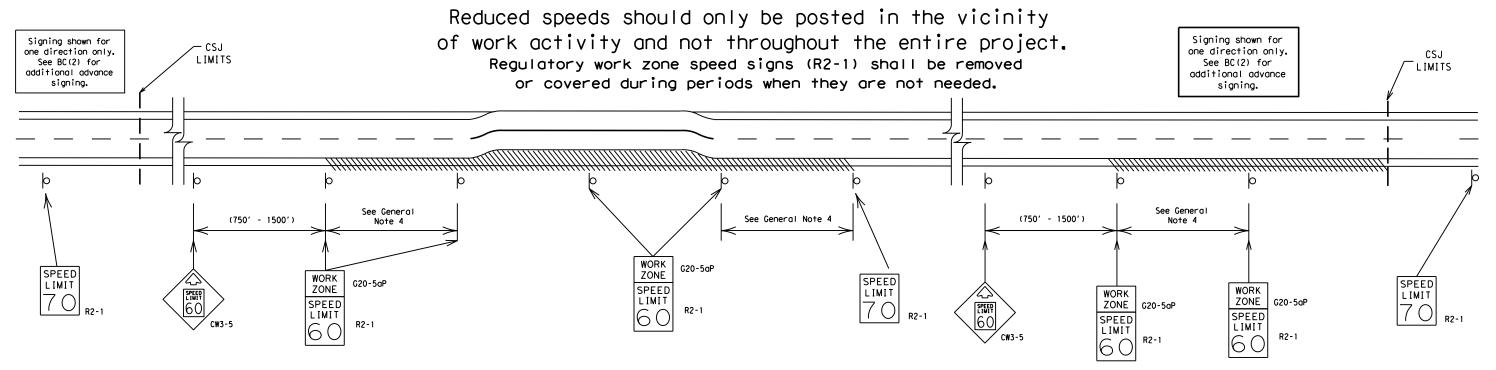
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| 9-07  | 8-14          | DIST  |   | COUNTY    |     |       | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13  | 5-21          | TYL   |   | ANDERS    | ON  |       | 10        |

| ROAD  | ROAD ROAD      | * * G20-51 BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES      | SPEED X XC20-9TP ZONE  SPEED TRAFFI  X XR20-5T FINES | STAY ALERT       | OBEY<br>WARNING<br>SIGNS |
|---|----------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------------|
| CLOSED R11-2 CW1-4L  Type 3 Barricade or channelizing devices CW13-1P | AHEAD 1/2 MILE | X XG20-6T NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR | X X X  | '-I I            | STATE LAW                |
|   | a ^ a ^        |  | ^ <del>}</del> - ^                                   | a ^ 3<           | <del>-^-</del> -         |
| Channelizin   | ng             |  | CSJ Limit  |                  |                          |
| WORK SPACE  |                | END<br>ROAD WORK<br>G20-2 * *                | SPEED LIMIT  | END WORK ZONE G2 | 20-2bT <del>X</del> X    |

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



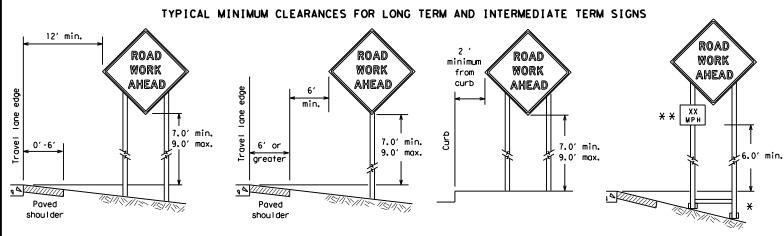
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

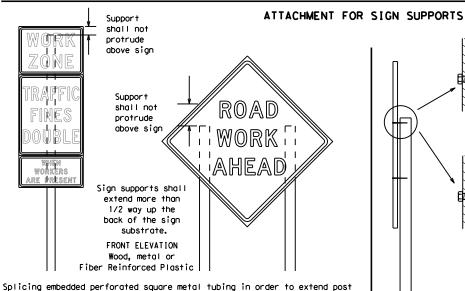
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DATE:



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".

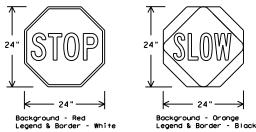
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



| SHEETING RE     | QUIREMENT | (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)                             |
|-----------------|-----------|--|
| USAGE           | COLOR     | SIGN FACE MATERIAL                               |
| BACKGROUND      | RED       | TYPE B OR C SHEETING                             |
| BACKGROUND      | ORANGE    | TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | WHITE     | TYPE B OR C SHEETING                             |
| LEGEND & BORDER | BLACK     | ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM                      |

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

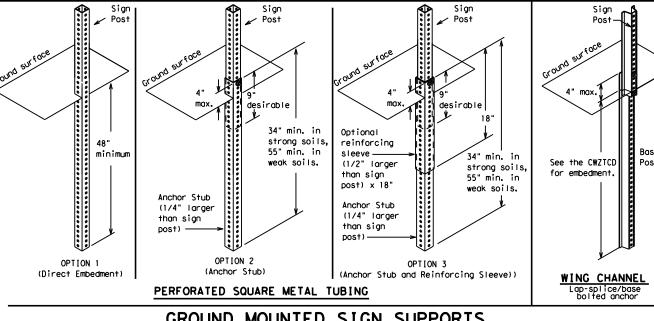
BC(4)-21

| FILE:  | bc-21.dgn       | DN: T | xDOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | T×DO | Γ      | ck: TxDOT |
|--------|-----------------|-------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------|-----------|
| © TxDC | T November 2002 | CONT  | SECT | JOB       |     |      | HIG    | HWAY      |
|        | 9-07 8-14       |       | 09   | 9 054     |     | S    | SL 256 |           |
|        |                 |       |      | COUNTY    |     |      | S      | HEET NO.  |
| 7-13   | 5 5-21          | TYL   |      | ANDERS    | ON  |      |        | 12        |

12 ga. upright

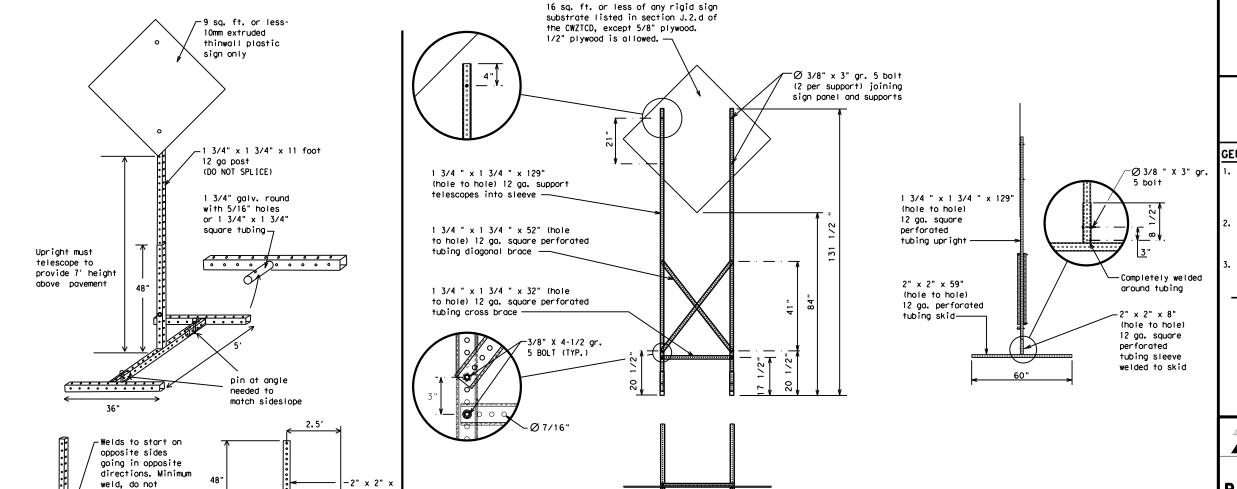
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



#### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

|           |               | _     |                | _         |     |           |             |
|-----------|---------------|-------|----------------|-----------|-----|-----------|-------------|
| ILE:      | bc-21.dgn     | DN: T | DOT            | ck: TxDOT | DW: | T×D0      | T ck: TxDOT |
| C) TxD0T  | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT           | JOB       |     |           | H]GHWAY     |
|           |               | 0520  | 09             | 054       |     | S         | L 256       |
| 9-07 8-14 |               | DIST  | T COUNTY SHEET |           |     | SHEET NO. |             |
| 7-13 5    | -21           | TYL   |                | ANDERS    | ON  |           | 13          |

## SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

| WORD OR PHRASE                       | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| Access Road                          | ACCS RD      | Major          | MAJ          |
| Alternate                            | ALT          | Miles          | MI           |
| Avenue                               | AVE          | Miles Per Hour | MPH          |
| Best Route                           | BEST RTE     | Minor          | MNR          |
| Boulevard                            | BLVD         | Monday         | MON          |
| Bridge                               | BRDG         | Normal         | NORM         |
| Cannot                               | CANT         | North          | N            |
| Center                               | CTR          | Northbound     | (route) N    |
| Construction<br>Ahead                | CONST AHD    | Parking        | PKING        |
| CROSSING                             | XING         | Road           | RD           |
| Detour Route                         | DETOUR RTE   | Right Lane     | RT LN        |
| Do Not                               | DONT         | Saturday       | SAT          |
| East                                 | F            | Service Road   | SERV RD      |
| Eastbound                            | (route) E    | Shoulder       | SHLDR        |
| Emergency                            | EMER         | Slippery       | SLIP         |
| Emergency Vehicle                    | EMER VEH     | South          | S            |
| Entrance, Enter                      | ENT          | Southbound     | (route) S    |
| Express Lane                         | EXP LN       | Speed          | SPD          |
| Express Lane                         | EXPWY        | Street         | ST           |
| XXXX Feet                            | XXXX FT      | Sunday         | SUN          |
| Fog Ahead                            | FOG AHD      | Telephone      | PHONE        |
| Freeway                              | FRWY. FWY    | Temporary      | TEMP         |
| Freeway Blocked                      | FWY BLKD     | Thursday       | THURS        |
| Friday                               | FRI          | To Downtown    | TO DWNTN     |
|                                      |              | Traffic        | TRAF         |
| Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material |              | Travelers      | TRVLRS       |
|                                      | HOV          | Tuesday        | TUES         |
| High-Occupancy Vehicle               |              | Time Minutes   | TIME MIN     |
|                                      | HWY          | Upper Level    | UPR LEVEL    |
| Highway<br>Hour(s)                   | HR. HRS      | Vehicles (s)   | VEH, VEHS    |
|                                      | INFO         | Warning        | WARN         |
| Information                          | ITS          | Wed∩esday      | WED          |
| It Is                                | JCT          | Weight Limit   | WT LIMIT     |
| Junction                             | LFT          | West           | W            |
| Left                                 |              | Westbound      | (route) W    |
| Left Lane                            | LFT LN       | Wet Pavement   | WET PVMT     |
| Lane Closed                          | LN CLOSED    | Will Not       | WONT         |
| Lower Level                          | LWR LEVEL    |                |              |
| Maintenance                          | MAINT        |                |              |

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

LANE

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

**TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

**SHOULDER** 

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

| FREEWAY<br>CLOSED<br>X MILE | FRONTAGE<br>ROAD<br>CLOSED     | ROADWORK<br>XXX FT             | ROAD<br>REPAIRS<br>XXXX FT    |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ROAD<br>CLOSED<br>AT SH XXX | SHOULDER<br>CLOSED<br>XXX FT   | FLAGGER<br>XXXX FT             | LANE<br>NARROWS<br>XXXX FT    |
| ROAD<br>CLSD AT<br>FM XXXX  | RIGHT LN<br>CLOSED<br>XXX FT   | RIGHT LN<br>NARROWS<br>XXXX FT | TWO-WAY<br>TRAFFIC<br>XX MILE |
| RIGHT X<br>LANES<br>CLOSED  | RIGHT X<br>LANES<br>OPEN       | MERGING<br>TRAFFIC<br>XXXX FT  | CONST<br>TRAFFIC<br>XXX FT    |
| CENTER<br>LANE<br>CLOSED    | DAYTIME<br>LANE<br>CLOSURES    | LOOSE<br>GRAVEL<br>XXXX FT     | UNEVEN<br>LANES<br>XXXX FT    |
| NIGHT<br>LANE<br>CLOSURES   | I-XX SOUTH<br>EXIT<br>CLOSED   | DETOUR<br>X MILE               | ROUGH<br>ROAD<br>XXXX FT      |
| VARIOUS<br>LANES<br>CLOSED  | EXIT XXX<br>CLOSED<br>X MILE   | ROADWORK<br>PAST<br>SH XXXX    | ROADWORK<br>NEXT<br>FRI-SUN   |
| EXIT<br>CLOSED              | RIGHT LN<br>TO BE<br>CLOSED    | BUMP<br>XXXX FT                | US XXX<br>EXIT<br>X MILES     |
| MALL<br>DRIVEWAY<br>CLOSED  | X LANES<br>CLOSED<br>TUE - FRI | TRAFFIC<br>SIGNAL<br>XXXX FT   | LANES<br>SHIFT                |

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

same size arrow.

XXXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign. 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

\* \* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

ΜΔΥ ΧΧ

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX PM-

XX AM

Warning

List

**SPEED** 

LIMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

**ADVISORY** 

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

IANF

EXIT

USF

CAUTION

DRIVE

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

## SHEET 6 OF 12 Texas Department of Transportation

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

| FILE:   | bc-21.dgn     | DN: T | ×D0T      | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDO | T ck: Tx[ | TOC |
|---------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----|------|-----------|-----|
| C TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT      | JOB       |     |      | HIGHWAY   |     |
|         | REVISIONS     | 0520  | 09        | 054       |     | S    | L 256     |     |
| 9-07    | DIST COOKIT   |       | SHEET NO. |           | ٥.  |      |           |     |
| 7-13    | 5-21          | TYL   |           | ANDERS    | ON  |      | 14        |     |

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TO

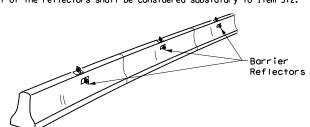
XXXXXXX

IIS XXX

TΩ

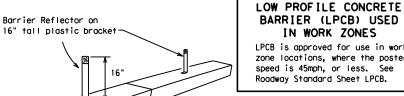
FM XXXX

Traffic Safety Division Standard



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

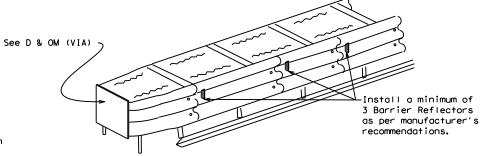
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



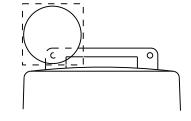
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

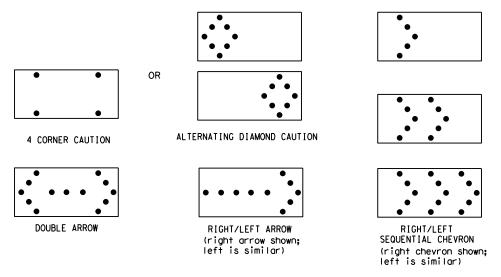
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

|      | REQUIREMENTS    |                                  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | MINIMUM<br>SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER<br>OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM<br>VISIBILITY<br>DISTANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В    | 30 × 60         | 13                               | 3/4 mile                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| С    | 48 × 96         | 15                               | 1 mile                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT     | JOB       |     | HI    | GHWAY     |  |
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| 9-07     | 8-14          | DIST  |          | COUNTY    |     |       | SHEET NO. |  |
| 7-13     | 5-21          | TVI   | ANDEDSON |           |     |       | 15        |  |

#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

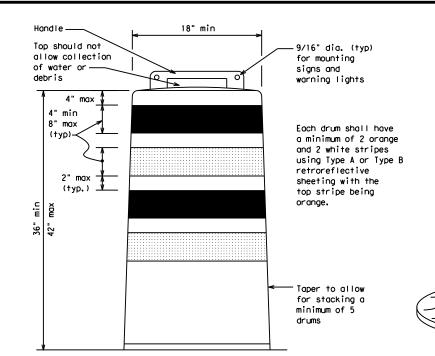
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

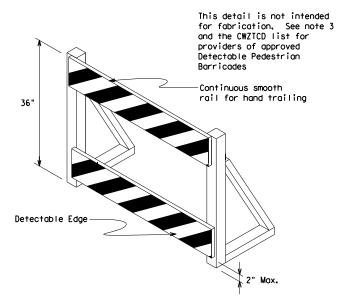
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, same concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

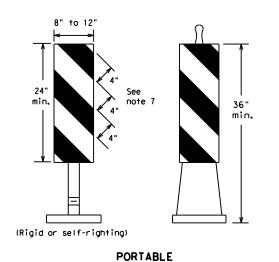
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

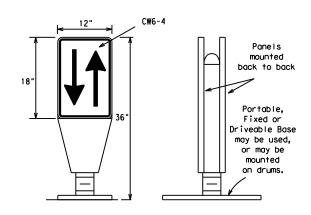
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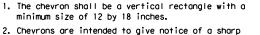
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

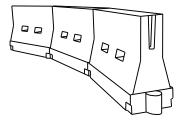


- . Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

#### CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- b. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted<br>Speed |                 |               |               |               | Suggested Maximum<br>Spacing of<br>Channelizing<br>Devices |                 |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|-----------------|--|
|                 |                 | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper  | On a<br>Tangent |  |
| 30              | WS <sup>2</sup> | 150′          | 165′          | 1801          | 30'  | 60′             |  |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051          | 2251          | 2451          | 35′  | 70′             |  |
| 40              | 60              | 265′          | 295′          | 320′          | 40'  | 80′             |  |
| 45              |                 | 450′          | 495′          | 540′          | 45′  | 90′             |  |
| 50              |                 | 5001          | 550′          | 600'          | 50′  | 100′            |  |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550′          | 605′          | 660′          | 55′  | 110′            |  |
| 60              | L - 11 3        | 600'          | 660′          | 720′          | 60′  | 120′            |  |
| 65              |                 | 650′          | 715′          | 7801          | 65′  | 130′            |  |
| 70              |                 | 700′          | 770′          | 840′          | 70′  | 140′            |  |
| 75              |                 | 750′          | 825′          | 900′          | 75′  | 150′            |  |
| 80              |                 | 800′          | 880′          | 960′          | 80′  | 160′            |  |

\*\*X\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

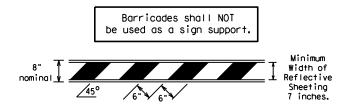
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

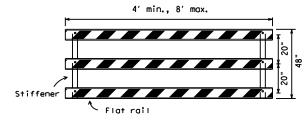
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

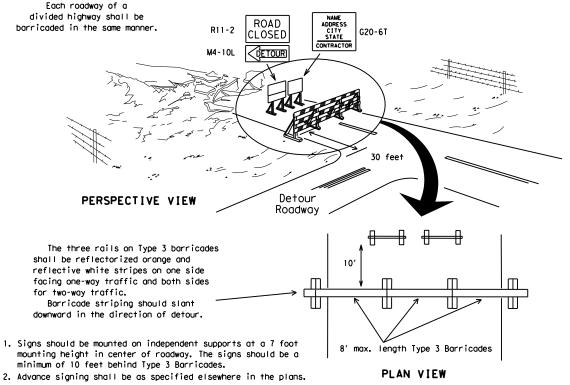


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

**CONES** 4" min. orange ₹2" min. 1 4" min. white 2" min. ↑ 4" min. orange [6" min. \_2" min. 2" min. \**1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

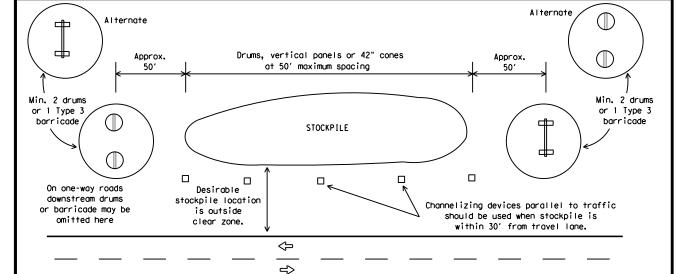
 2" min. 4" min.

3" min. 2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

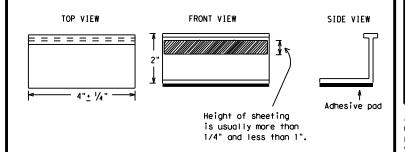
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO                   | NS       |
|--|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)                     | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS                                      | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                                  | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS             | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS            | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS   | DMS-8242 |

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



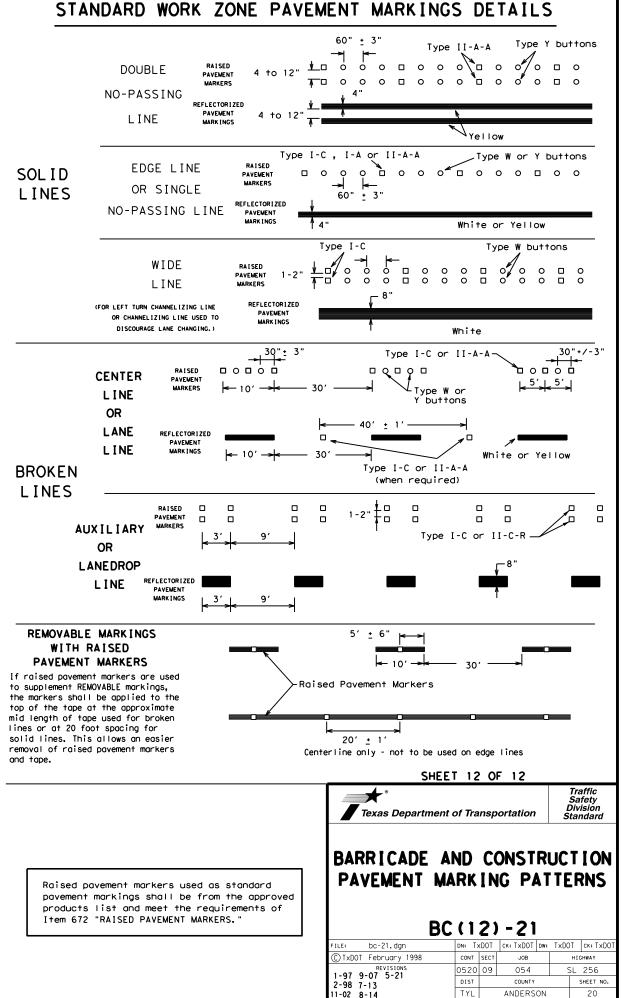
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

| E: bc-21.dgn               | DN: T | <dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<> | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|----------------------------|-------|---|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| TxDOT February 1998        | CONT  | SECT  | JOB       |     | Н     | IGHWAY    |
| REVISIONS<br>-98 9-07 5-21 | 0520  | 0 09 054 5  |           |     | SL    | 256       |
| -96 9-07 5-21<br>-02 7-13  | DIST  |   | COUNTY    |     |       | SHEET NO. |
| -02 8-14                   | TYL   |   | ANDERS    | ON  |       | 19        |

#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 0000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ∕ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 $\langle \rangle$ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



ANDERSON





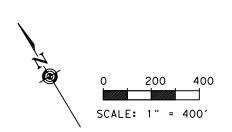


## SHEET SUMMARY

| ITEM     | DESCRIPTION        | QUANTITY | UNIT |
|----------|--------------------|----------|------|
| 180-6001 | WILDFLOWER SEEDING | 2.5      | AC   |



PALESTINE LOCATION A1

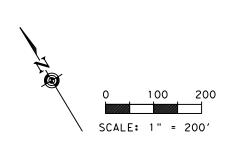


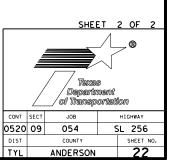
|                    | <u></u> | SHE Texas Departin of Transp | ment | 7   | 8         |  |  |
|--------------------|---------|------------------------------|------|-----|-----------|--|--|
| CONT               | SECT    | JOB                          |      | ніс | GHWAY     |  |  |
| 0520 09 054 SL 256 |         |                              |      |     |           |  |  |
| DIST               |         | COUNTY                       |      |     | SHEET NO. |  |  |
| TYL                |         | ANDERSON                     |      |     | 21        |  |  |



## SHEET SUMMARY

| ITEM     | DESCRIPTION        | QUANTITY | UNIT |
|----------|--------------------|----------|------|
| 180-6001 | WILDFLOWER SEEDING | 4        | AC   |
|          |                    |          |      |





04/12/2022

PALESTINE LOCATION B2



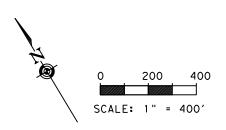


## SHEET SUMMARY

| ITEM     | DESCRIPTION        | QUANTITY | UNIT |
|----------|--------------------|----------|------|
| 180-6001 | WILDFLOWER SEEDING | 15       | AC   |
|          |                    |          |      |



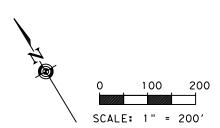
PALESTINE LOCATION B1



|      |                    | SHE  Texas  Departir  of Transp |  | 1 OF     | 2  |  |  |
|------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------|----|--|--|
| CONT | SECT               | JOB                             |  | HIGHWAY  |    |  |  |
| 0520 | 0520 09 054 SL 256 |                                 |  |          |    |  |  |
| DIST |                    | COUNTY                          |  | SHEET NO | ). |  |  |
|      |                    |                                 |  |          |    |  |  |

04/12/2022

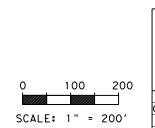
# PALESTINE LOCATION B2

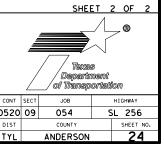


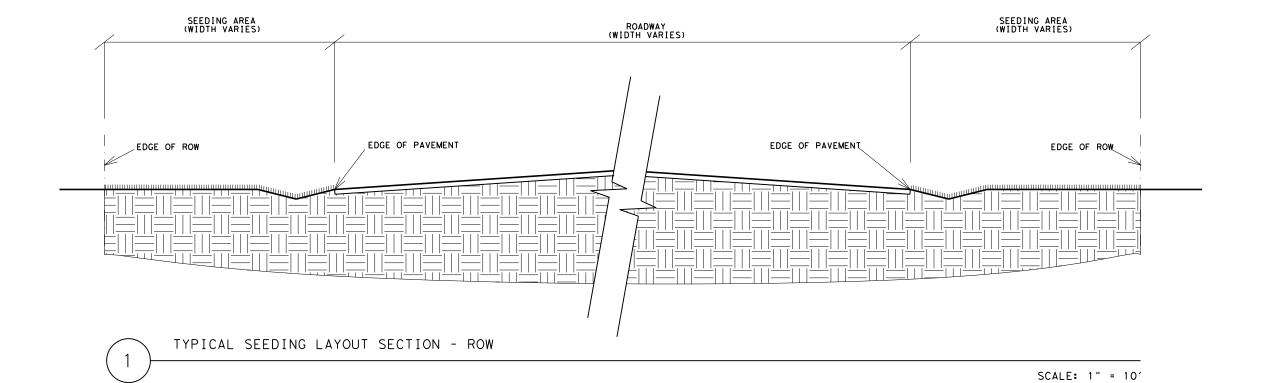


## SHEET SUMMARY

| 1 |          |                    |          |      |
|---|----------|--------------------|----------|------|
|   | ITEM     | DESCRIPTION        | QUANTITY | UNIT |
|   | 180-6001 | WILDFLOWER SEEDING | 2.5      | AC   |









# PALESTINE TYPICAL SEEDING LAYOUT SECTION



| 0 | 5 | 1 |
|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |

#### B. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

#### 1. SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

TEMPORARY SEEDING

X PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING

\_\_\_ MULCHING

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET

BUFFER ZONES

\_\_\_\_\_ BUFFER ZUNES
\_\_\_\_\_\_ PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OTHER: VEGETATIVE BUFFERS

#### 2. STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:

\_\_\_ SILT FENCES \_\_\_ ROCK FILTER DAMS \_\_\_ DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES \_ DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS \_\_\_ PIPE SLOPE DRAINS \_\_\_ PAVED FLUMES ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS \_\_\_ SEDIMENT BASINS \_\_\_\_ STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP \_\_\_ STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES \_\_\_ CURBS AND GUTTERS \_\_\_ STORM SEWERS \_\_\_\_ VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES OTHER: TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOGS

#### 3. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

STORM WATER DRAINAGE WILL BE PROVIDED BY GRASS-LINED SWALES & EXISTING DITCHES AND STORMWATER SYSTEMS. THIS SYSTEM WILL CARRY THE DRAINAGE WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO PROJECT SITE WHICH DRAINS TO NATURAL FACILITIES

- 4. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES: (SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION)
  - 1. STABILIZE AREA FOR POTENTIAL RUNOFF.
  - 2. APPLY BROADCAST LIME TREATMENT.
  - 3. DRILL SEED.

#### 5. NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES:

FILTER NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES, OR HOLD RETENTION BASINS, BEFORE BEING ALLOWED TO MIX WITH STORM WATER. THESE DISCHARGES CONSIST OF NON-POLLUTED GROUND WATER, SPRING WATER, FOUNDATION AND/OR FOOTING DRAIN WATER; AND WATER USED FOR DUST CONTROL, PAVEMENT WASHING AND VEHICLE WASHWATER CONTAINING NO DETERGENTS.

#### C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

#### 1. MAINTENANCE:

MAINTENANCE WILL BE PERFORMED AS INDICATED ON FIELD INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM 2118.

#### 2. INSPECTION:

INSPECTION WILL BE PERFORMED AS INDICATED ON FIELD INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM 2118.

#### 3. WASTE MATERIALS:

ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED. STORED AND DISPOSED OF IN A LIDDED DUMPSTER IN A LEGAL AND PROPER MANNER. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIAL WILL BE BURIED ON SITE.

#### 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):

AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS. PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASONRY SURFACES, CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION, OR CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH MAY BE HAZARDOUS, THE SPILL COORDINATOR MUST BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.

#### 5. SANITARY WASTE:

ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS AS NECESSARY OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATION BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

#### OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

\_ HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY \_\_\_ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

OTHER:

REMARKS: DISPOSAL AREAS, STOCKPILES AND HAUL ROADS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE AND CONTROL SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING RECEIVING WATERS. DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN ANY WATERBODY OR STREAMBED.

> CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTANTS.



04/12/2022

**PALESTINE** STORM WATER **POLLUTION PREVENTION** PLAN (SW3P)



|      |      | JI 1L       |   |       | O.    |   |
|------|------|-------------|---|-------|-------|---|
| CONT | SECT | JOB         |   | нІ    | SHWAY |   |
| 0520 | 09   | 054         | 5 | SL    | 256   |   |
| DIST |      | COUNTY SHEE |   | SHEET | NO.   |   |
| TVI  |      | ANDERSON    |   |       | 26    | : |

| I. STORMWATER POLLUTION   | PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER  | R ACT SECTION 402   | III. CULTURAL RESOURCES   |  | VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR   | R CONTAMINATION ISSUES  |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| required for projects with<br>disturbed soil must protec<br>Item 506. | ter Discharge Permit or Cons<br>n 1 or more acres disturbed<br>ct for erosion and sedimenta | soil. Projects with any<br>tion in accordance with                      | archeological artifacts are fo<br>archeological artifacts (bones                    | ications in the event historical issues or bund during construction. Upon discovery of burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately. | hazardous materials by conducting making workers aware of potentia | jects): tion Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with g safety meetings prior to beginning construction and I hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are e equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                 | may receive discharges from<br>ied prior to construction ac                                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                   | No Action Desciond  | □ Beguired Astics  | ·  | Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products  |
| 1. CITY OF PALESTINE  |   |   | No Action Required     Action No.   | ☐ Required Action  | Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt                                   | nclude, but are not limited to the following categories: products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for  |
| 2.  |   |   |   |  | I  | Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.  |
| ☐ No Action Required  | Required Action   |   | 1.  |  | 1  | n-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.<br>tions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,   |
| Action No.  |   |   | 2.  |  | in accordance with safe work prac                                  | ctices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator  |
| 1. Prevent stormwater poll  | lution by controlling erosic  | n and sedimentation in  | 3.  |  | immediately. The Contractor shall of all product spills.           | I be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup   |
| accordance with TPDES F   | Permit TXR 150000   |   |   |  | Contact the Engineer if any of the                                 | he following are detected:  |
| <ol><li>Comply with the SW3P ar<br/>required by the Enginee</li></ol> | nd revise when necessary to   | control pollution or  | 4.  |  |  | ion (not identified as normal)  |
|   |   |   | IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES  |  | * Undesirable smells or odor:                                      | s   |
| the site, accessible to   | Notice (CSN) with SW3P info<br>o the public and TCEQ, EPA o                                 | r other inspectors.   |   | truction Specification Requirements Specs 162,   |  | epage of substances  bridge class structure rehabilitation or tructures not including box culverts)?  |
|   | t specific locations (PSL's)<br>e, submit NOI to TCEQ and tr                                |   | 1   | 752 in order to comply with requirements for andscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.   | ☐ Yes 🛛 No   | •   |
| II. WORK IN OR NEAR STRE  | EAMS, WATERBODIES AND   | •   | No Action Required  | Required Action  | If "No", then no further act<br>If "Yes", then TxDOT is respo      | rion is required.<br>Onsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.   |
| ACT SECTIONS 401 ANI  | D 404   |   | Action No.  |  |  | os inspection positive (is asbestos present)?   |
|   | r filling, dredging, excava-<br>eeks, streams, wetlands or v                                |   | ACTION NO.  |  | ☐ Yes ☐ No   |   |
| ·   | re to all of the terms and a  |   | 2.  |  | the notification, develop aba                                      | etain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with atement/mitigation procedures, and perform management a notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least aduled demolition.   |
| M   |   |   | 3.  |  |  | required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any  |
| No Permit Required  | - PCN not Required (less tho  | n 1/10th acre waters or   |   |  | scheduled demolition.  | reading a letter by balls to working days private to any  |
| wetlands affected)  | ·   |   | 4.  |  | activities and/or demolition                                       | or is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement with careful coordination between the Engineer and to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.   |
| ☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -  | - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2  | acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)  |   | TUDE 4 TENED   |  | possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered  |
| Other Nationwide Permit   | ·   |   |   | THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES,<br>LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES   | on site. Hazardous Materials                                       | or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:   |
| Required Actions: List wa   | aters of the US permit appli  | es to. location in project  |   | <del></del>  | No Action Required   | Required Action   |
| and check Best Management   | Practices planned to contro   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                   | No Action Required  | Required Action  | Action No.   |   |
| and post-project TSS.   |   |   | Z No Advisiv negatives  |  | 1.   |   |
| 1.  |   |   | Action No.  |  | 2.   |   |
| 2.  |   |   | 1.  |  | 3.   |   |
| 3.  |   |   | 2.  |  | VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL I   | SSUES   |
|   |   |   |   |  | (includes regional issues  | such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)   |
| 4.  |   |   | 3.  |  | No Action Required   | ☐ Required Action   |
|   | nary high water marks of ang<br>aters of the US requiring the<br>me Bridge Layouts.         |   | 4.  |  | Action No.   |   |
|   |   |   | If any of the listed species are  | observed, cease work in the immediate area,  | 1.   |   |
| Best Management Practi  | ices:   |   |   | and contact the Engineer immediately. The from bridges and other structures during   | 2.   |   |
| Erosion<br>   | Sedimentation<br>—  | Post-Construction TSS   | nesting season of the birds assoc   | iated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes  | 3.   | <b>Design</b> Design  |
| Temporary Vegetation  | Silt Fence  | Vegetative Filter Strips  | are discovered, cease work in the<br>Engineer immediately.                          | immediate area, and contact the  |  | Texas Department of Transportation  Texas Department of Transportation  Standard  |
| ☐ Blankets/Matting  | Rock Berm   | Retention/Irrigation Systems  |   |  |  | _   |
| ☐ Mulch<br>☐ Sodding  | ☐ Triangular Filter Dike<br>☐ Sand Bag Berm   | <ul><li>Extended Detention Basin</li><li>Constructed Wetlands</li></ul> |   |  |  | ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,  |
| ☐ Interceptor Swale   | Straw Bale Dike   | Wet Basin   |   | ABBREVIATIONS  |  | ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS  |
| Diversion Dike  | ☐ Brush Berms   | Erosion Control Compost   | BMP: Best Management Practice<br>CGP: Construction General Permit                   | SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure<br>SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan   |  | 133013 240 004411411415   |
| Erosion Control Compost   | Erosion Control Compost   | Mulch Filter Berm and Socks   | DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Serv<br>FHWA: Federal Highway Administration |  |  | EPIC  |
| ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks   | _   | Compost Filter Berm and Socks   | MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding                       | TCEO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System  |  |   |
| Compost Filter Berm and Soc   | cks 🛚 Compost Filter Berm and Soc   | ks 🗌 Vegetation Lined Ditches   | MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer S  | ystem TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department  |  | FILE: epic.dgn  |
|   | Stone Outlet Sediment Traps   | Sand Filter Systems   | MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act<br>NOT: Notice of Termination                       | TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species   |  | 12-12-2011 (DS) REVISIONS 0520 09 054 SL 256  |

NWP: Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

REVISIONS
12-12-2011 (DS)
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.

1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 D ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.

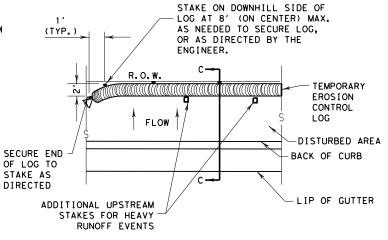
□ Grassy Swales

Sediment Basins

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW



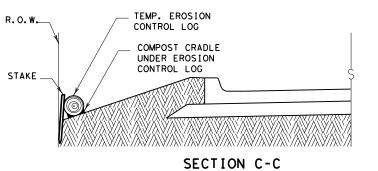
TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG

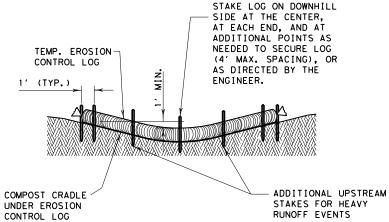


PLAN VIEW

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



#### PLAN VIEW



SECTION B-B

EVENTS CL-BOC

R. O. W.

# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

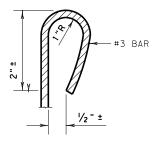
## EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

SECTION A-A



#### LEGEND

- CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM
- CL-BOC)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- CL-ROW EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
- CL-SST EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING
- -CL-SSL EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING
- (CL-DI)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- CL-GI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

<u>Log Traps</u>: The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

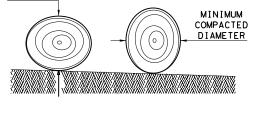
- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min.  $500^{\prime}$  on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- 5. STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR
  #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT
  2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY
  THE ENGINEER.
- DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 8. SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

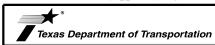


MINIMUM COMPACTED

DIAMETER

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3

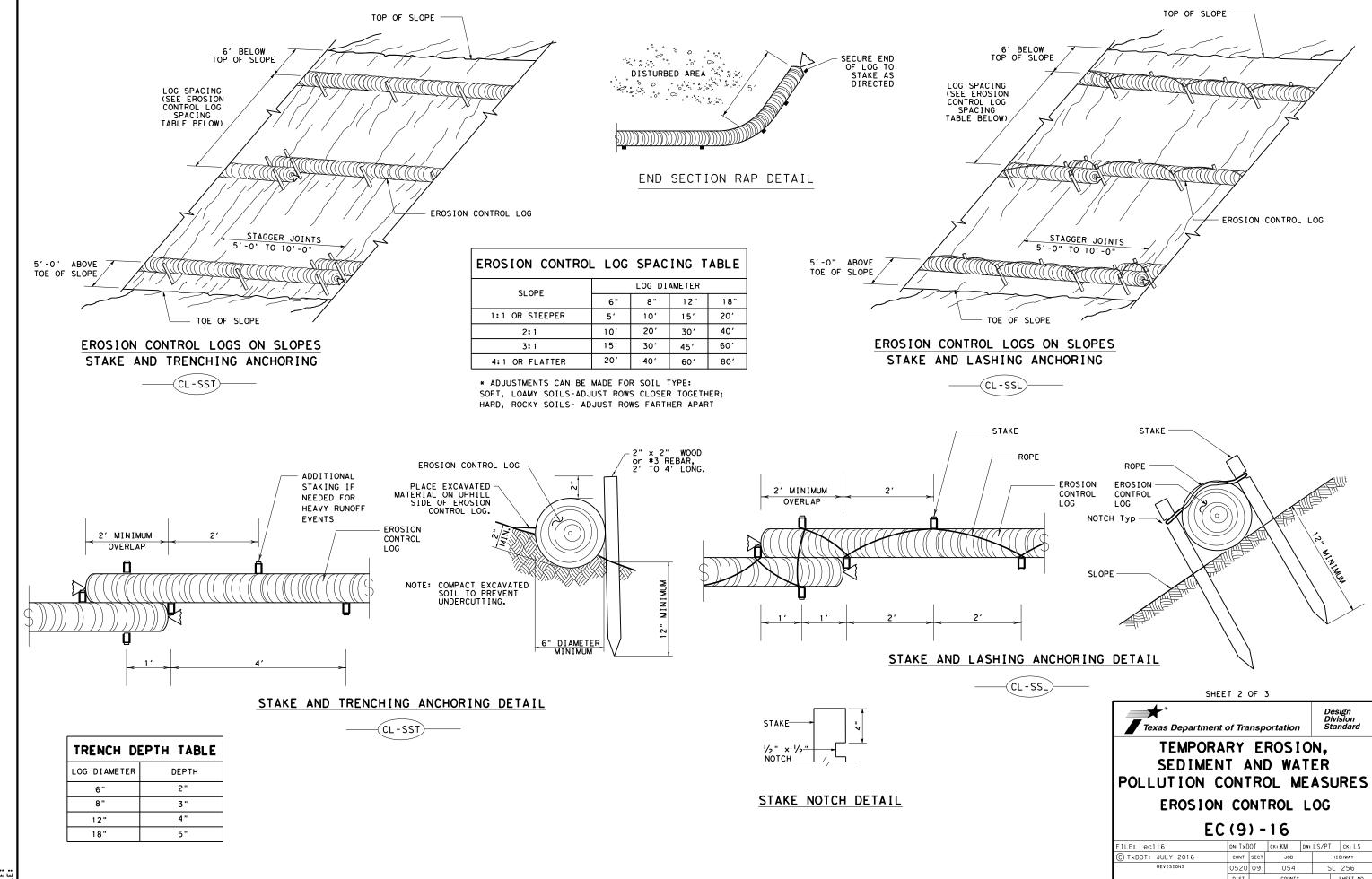


Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EC (9) -16

| ILE: ec916            | DN: TxD | OT       | ck: KM | DW: LS/PT CK: |           | ck: LS |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|--------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| TxDOT: JULY 2016      | CONT    | SECT     | JOB    | JOB           |           | GHWAY  |
| REVISIONS 0520 09 054 |         | SL       | 256    |               |           |        |
|                       | DIST    | COUNTY   |        |               | SHEET NO. |        |
|                       | TYI     | ANDERSON |        |               | 28        |        |



ANDERSON

29

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW

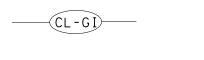
(CL - GI)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

(CL-DÌ

CURB AND GRATE INLET



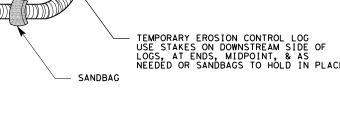


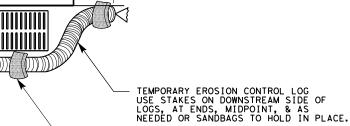
OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

— FLOW

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)







CURB

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG



USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.



- 2 SAND BAGS



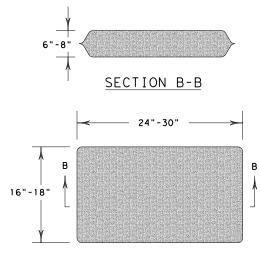
6" CURB-

ROADWAY

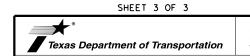
2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SANDBAG DETAIL



CURB INLET \_INLET EXTENSION

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9)-16

|                    | _       |          | _      |             |  |           |  |
|--------------------|---------|----------|--------|-------------|--|-----------|--|
| FILE: ec916        | DN: TxD | OT       | ck: KM | DW: LS/PT C |  | ck: LS    |  |
| © TxDOT: JULY 2016 | CONT    | SECT     | JOB    | н           |  | HIGHWAY   |  |
| REVISIONS 052      |         | 09       | 054    | SL :        |  | 256       |  |
|                    | DIST    |          | COUNTY |             |  | SHEET NO. |  |
|                    | TYL     | ANDERSON |        |             |  | 30        |  |