# INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.

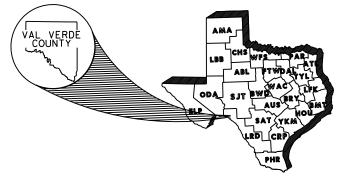
DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET 2

# PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE

SEE SHEET 3

LOCATION REFERENCE =1 CONTROL SECTION JOBO022-10-076 ROADWAY = 1,056,00 FT = 0,200 MI BRIDGE = 0.00 FT = 0.00 MI TOTAL = 1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =2 CONTROL SECTION JOBO300-01-108 ROADWAY = 2,661.12 FT = 0.504 MI BRIDGE -0.00 FT - 0.00 MI TOTAL = 2, 661. 12 FT = 0.504 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =3 CONTROL SECTION JOBO300-01-109 ROADWAY = 1,066.56 FT = 0.202 MI BRIDGE . 0. 00 FT . 0. 00 MI TOTAL = 1, 066. 56 FT = 0. 202 MI LOCATION REFERENCE =4 CONTROL SECTION JOB 1229-01-076 ROADWAY=1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI BRIDGE - 0. 00 FT - 0. 00 MI TOTAL = 1,056.00 FT = 0.200 MI



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014
AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED
AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS
PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR
ALL FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS
(FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 1, 2012).

# STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS

FEDERAL AID PROJECT No. STP 2022 (660) HES

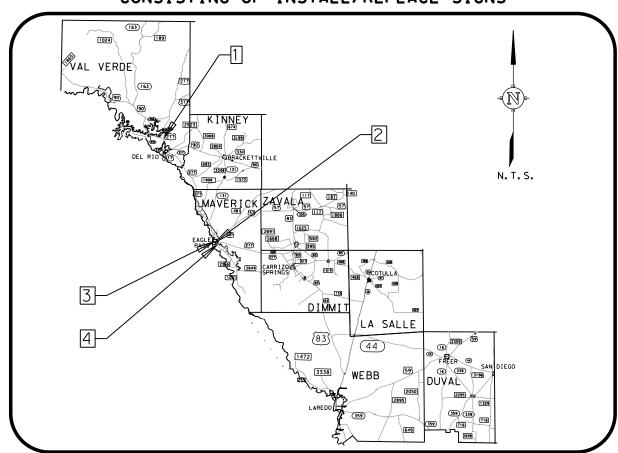
US 90, ETC. VAL VERDE, ETC. CSJ:0022-10-076,ETC

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 5,839.68 FT = 1.106 MI ROADWAY = 5839.68 FT = 1.106 MILES

CONTROLLING LIMITS: FROM: 0.1 MI N OF KINGSWAY

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INSTALLING ADVANCED WARNING SIGNALS CONSISTING OF INSTALL/REPLACE SIGNS

TO: 0.1 MI S OF KINGSWAY



EQUATIONS: NONE EXCEPTIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

Texas Department of Transportation ®

© 2022 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION;
ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

22	VAL VER	DE, ETC.	0022-10-076	US 90
STATE DIST.NO.	cou	NTY	STATE CONTROL NO:	HIGHWAY NO:
6	TEXAS	STP 20	022 (660) HES	1
FEDROAD DIV NO	STATE	FEDEF	RAL AID PROJECT NO	SHEET NO.

DESIGN CRITERIA:	HE-HAZARD ELIMINATION PROGRAM
ADT (XXXX):	N/A
ADT (XXXX):	N/A
% TRUCK IN ADT:	N/A
FUNCTIONAL CLASS:	PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL
DESIGN SPEED:	N/A
TDLR REQUIRED	YES NO

FINALS AS BUILTS
THE CONSTRUCTION WAS PERFORMED
UNDER MY SUPERVISION IN ACCORDANCE
WITH THE PLANS AND CONTRACT

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

SUBMITTED 3/23/2022
FOR LEGITING and by:

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER
FE312A7E28BA41D...

RECOMMENDED 3/23/2022
FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:

Vanessa Rosales-Herrera

AREA ENGINEER

70CABGEA8F3B42B

RECOMMENDED 3/23/2022
FOR LETTING:
Docusigned by:

RAFAU GWYMAU
DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION
50890140PERAZIONS

FOR LETTING:

Humberto Gon Sales Jr. P. E. DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION.
PLANNING. & DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED 3/23/2022
FOR LETTING: \_\_\_\_\_\_
DocuSigned by:

DISTRICT ENGINEER

B741E64FAD82411...

**GENERAL** 

1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS
3	PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE
4-5	LOCATIONMAP
6-10	GENERAL NOTES
11-12	COMBINED QUANTITIES
13-15	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS
16	TCP GENERAL NOTES
17	SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION
18-29	BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21
30	TCP(2-1)-18
31	TCP(2-4)-18
32	TCP(2-6)-18
33-34	TCP (3-1) - 13 THRU TCP (3-2)-13
35	TCP (3-3) - 14
36	TCP (3-4) - 13
37	TCP (5-1) - 18
38	WZ(BTS-1)-13
39	WZ(BTS-2)-13
40	WZ(BRK)-13
40	VV2(B100) 10
40	
41	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 ATKINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT
	TRAFFIC DETAILS
41	TRAFFIC DETAILS US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT
41 42	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM
41 42 43	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT
41 42 43 44	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT
41 42 43 44 45	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT
41 42 43 44 45 46-47	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53 54 55 56 57-59	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08  SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53 54 55 56 57-59 60-71	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08  SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08  ED(1)-14 THRU ED(12)-14
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53 54 55 56 57-59 60-71 72-74	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08  SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08  ED(1)-14 THRU ED(12)-14  PM(1)-20 THRU PM(3)-20
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53 54 55 56 57-59 60-71 72-74 75-76	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08  SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08  ED(1)-14 THRU ED(12)-14  PM(1)-20 THRU PM(3)-20  SMA-80(1)-12 THRU SMA-80(2)-12
41 42 43 44 45 46-47 48 49-51 52-53 54 55 56 57-59 60-71 72-74	TRAFFIC DETAILS  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS LAYOUT  US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM  US 57 AT MAIN ST INTERCONNECT  US 57 AT HAROLD AVEINTERCONNECT  US 57 AT VETERANS BLVD INTERCONNECT  EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT  US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT  US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  FM 1021AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT  TRAFFIC STANDARD  TS-CF-21  TS-BP-20  SMD (GEN)-08  SMD (SLIP-1) THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08  ED(1)-14 THRU ED(12)-14  PM(1)-20 THRU PM(3)-20

81

82

83

84

85

86

91

92

93

87-88

89-90

MA-C(ILSN)-12

SP-80(1) -12 THRU SP-80(2)-12

TSR(3)-13 THRU TSR(4)-13

**ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS** 

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

MA-D-12

MA-DPD-20

TS-FD-12

LUM-A-12

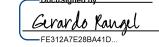
CFA-12

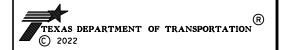
RFBA-13

EC (1)-16



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022





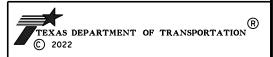
# INDEX OF SHEETS

DN: F	F. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK: (	G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	HEET	1 OF 1	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
6 22		VAL VERDE.etc.	0022	010	076	US90. etc.	2

DocuSign Envelope ID: ECFB0888-FA8C-486E-8284-5D7D60EA48CB

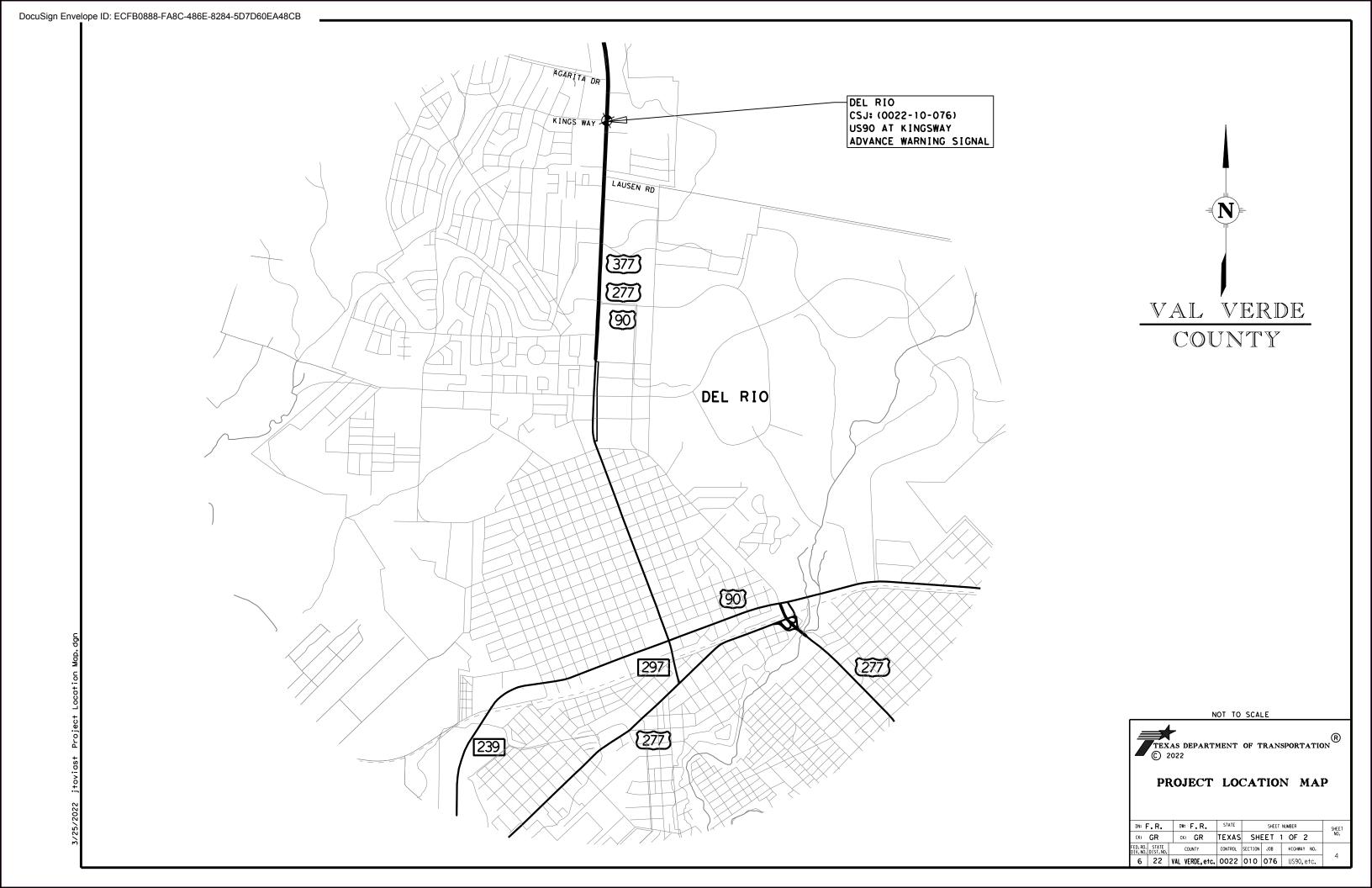
					GTH			
COUNTY	LOCATION	PROJECT CSJ	HIGHWAY	FEET	MILES	TYPE OF WORK	PROJECT LIMITS	REFERENCE MARKER
VALVERDE	1	0000 40 070	US 90	4.050.00	0.200	INSTALL/REPLACE SIGNS	FROM: 0.1 MI N OF KINGSWAY	416 + 0.926
VAL VERDE	'	0022-10 -076	05 90	1,056.00	0.200	INSTALL/REPLACESIGNS	TO: 0.1 MI S OF KINGSWAY	416 + 1.126
	2	0300-01-108	US 57	2,661.12	0.504	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	FROM: MAIN ST	370 + 1.393
	2		0337	2,001.12	0.504	INTERCONNECT	TO: US 277	370 + 1.897
MAVERICK		0300-01-109	US 57	1,066.56	0.202	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	FROM: 0.1 MI W OF MONROE ST	370 + 0.210
WAVERICK	"	0300-01-109	0557			IMPROVEMENTS	TO: 0.1 MI E OF MONROE ST	370 + 0.412
	4	1000 04 076	FM 1021	1.056.00	0.200	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	FROM: 0.1 WEST OF FM 3443	550 + 2.253
	4	1229-01-076	FIVI 1021	1,056.00	0.200	IMPROVEMENTS	TO: 0.1 EAST OF FM 3443	550 + 2.453
			TOTAL	5,839.68	1.106			

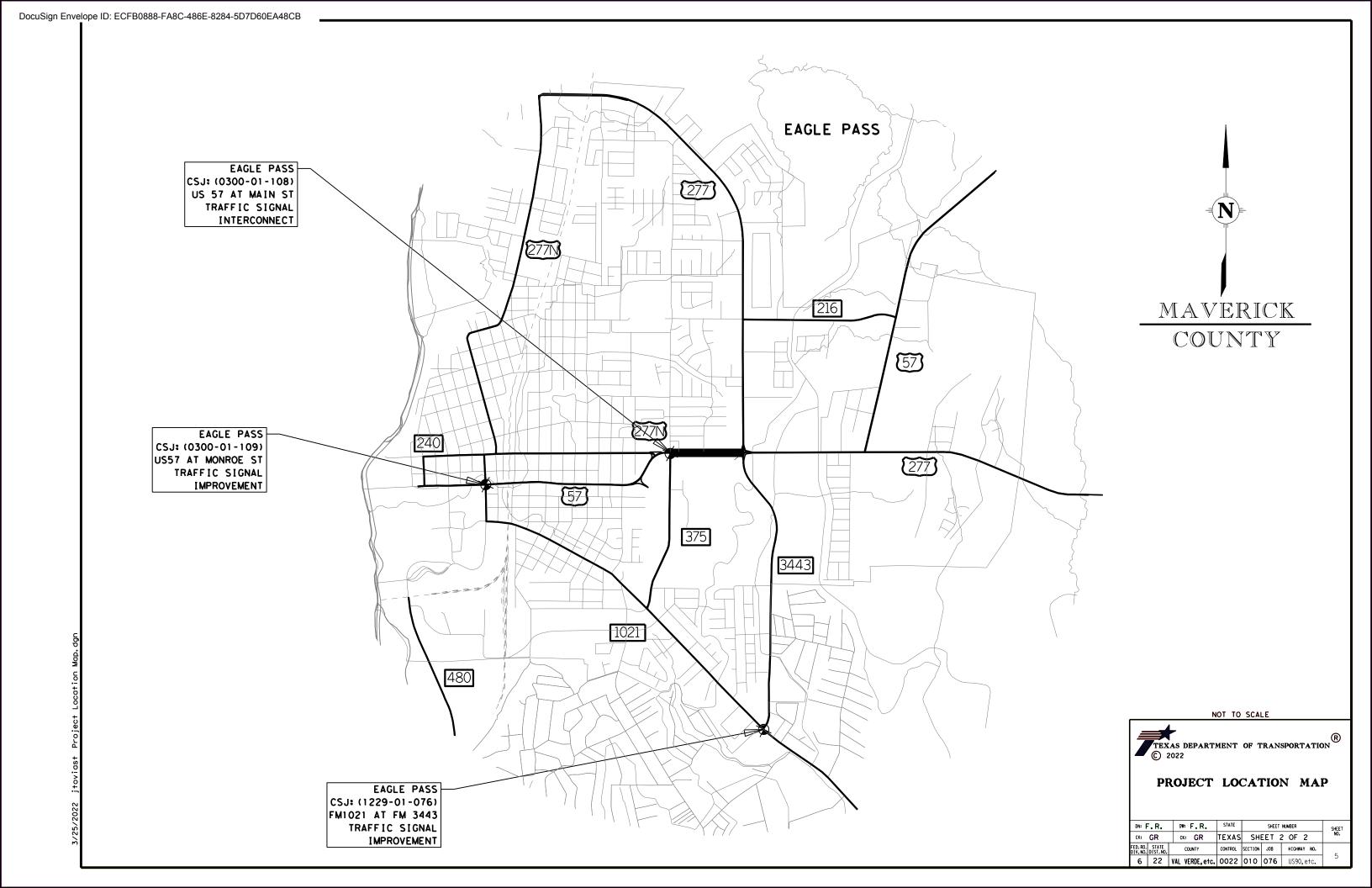
NOTE: FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES REFER TO REFERENCE MARKERS FOR PROJECT LIMITS.



# PROJECT LOCATION REFERENCE

DN: F.R. DW: F.R.			STATE	STATE SHEET NUMBER					
CK: L	C.	CK: L.C.	TEXAS	SI	HEET	1 OF 1		NO.	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.	,	
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, e	tc.	3	





County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Antonio Reyna - Antonio Reyna 1@txdot.gov

Alberto Chavez – Alberto.Chavez@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address: <a href="https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/">https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/</a>

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by the District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

# Item 5 - Control of the Work

The Contractor shall maintain and preserve the integrity of all "existing survey markers" by avoiding the disturbance of such markers; which include all control points (horizontal and/or vertical), stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The Department will repair all Contractor disturbed control points, stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The cost for any and all repairs to the "existing survey markers" will be deducted from money due or to become due to the Contractor.

Contact the Laredo District Signal Section (956-712-7770) for coordination with TxDOT underground lines and/or facilities.

Prior to construction must call 811 to verify any utilities located within project limits. Contractor will also coordinate with utility owners listed below for any adjustments needed to sanitary sewer manholes, water valves, gas valve, telecommunication, television manhole located within project limits. The utility company is responsible for any adjustment when necessary. The work should be performed in a manner as to not delay construction contractor work activity.

Contractor will make necessary arrangements with the utility owner(s) when utility adjustments are required, as a result of construction activities.

Sheet 6

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Utility Owner	Phone Number	City/County
TxDOT AEP TEXAS City of Del Rio (Gas System)	(956) 712-7400 (361) 881-5532 (830) 774-8622	Laredo/Webb Corpus Christi/Nueces Del Rio/Val Verde

# Item 6 - Control of Materials

Contact the project engineer to request material a minimum of one work day prior to pick up. Load material with contract personnel. Store material in a safe location off TxDOT property or Right of Way, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Use material furnished by TxDOT only on the TxDOT project(s) intended. Return any unused material as soon as possible.

# Item 7 - Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Jurisdictional Waters of the United States and Project Specific Locations (PSL) Coordination - This project requires permit(s) with environmental resource agencies. There is a high probability that environmentally sensitive areas will be encountered on contractor designated project specific locations (PSLS) for the project (including but not limited to haul roads, equipment staging areas, parking areas, etc.).

Requirements for Work within Jurisdictional Waters of the United States: The department has been authorized to perform work within designated areas of the project under U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) nationwide permit (NWP) #14 and/or #3a and/or #3b.

The contractor will not initiate activities in a project specific location (PSL) associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area (i.e. an area where the USACE has jurisdiction) that has not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permitting for this project. Such activities include, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here includes materials delivered to or from the PSL. The permit area includes all waters of the U.S. and their associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work in these USACE jurisdictional areas. The contractor will be responsible for any and all consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including PSLs, which have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. The

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Contractor will provide the department with a copy of all consultation(s) or approval(s) from the USACE prior to initiating activities.

The contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. The contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determination(s) that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. The contractor will maintain copies of their determination(s) for review by the department and/or any regulatory agency.

The disturbed area for all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within 1 mile of the project limits for the Contract, will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the Contractor Notice of Intent (NOI) for the PSLs to the Engineer and to the local government operating a municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) if applicable. If the total area of project disturbed areas and PSLs total between 1-acre but less than 5-acres, the Contractor shall post the appropriate Contractor Construction Site Notice for all Contractor PSLs to be in compliance with TCEQ storm water regulations.

In order to expedite the approval process for PSLs or to eliminate or minimize potential impacts to project progress, initiate coordination efforts with the U.S.A.C.E. within 30 days from the date of "authorization to begin work" for all PSLs that are in areas where the USACE has jurisdiction (i.e. USACE permit areas). If this is not done, the contractor waives the right to request any contract time considerations if project progress is impacted and PSL'S approval is still pending.

Requests submitted to the area engineer will be evaluated on this basis, and will require documentation showing substantial early coordination efforts to expedite the approval process as herein stated. The request will include a detailed chronological summary status with dates of coordination activities with the resource agencies, including those occurring after the initial coordination, to be reviewed and confirmed by the district's environmental section.

For PSLs that fall within USACE permit areas, the Contractor must document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, before any excavation hauled from or embankment hauled into a USACE permit area by either (1) or (2) below.

Sheet 7

- 1. Restricted Use of Materials for Previously Evaluated Permit Areas. The Contractor will document both the project specific location (PSL) and their authorization and the Contractor will maintain copies for review by the Department and/or any regulatory agency. When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project, then:
  - a. Suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in Item 110 is used for permanent or temporary fill (Item 132, Embankment) within a USACE permit area may be restricted;
  - b. Suitable embankment (Item 132) from within the USACE permit area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area may be restricted; and,
  - c. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110) that is disposed of at an approved location within a USACE evaluated area may be restricted.
- 2. Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas. The Contractor will provide the Department with a copy of all USACE coordination or approvals before initiating any activities for an area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right-of-way locations used for the following, but not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites, including:
  - a. Item 132, Embankment, used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE permit area; and.
  - b. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110, Excavation) that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

# Storm Water Regulations Requirements:

The Contractor shall be responsible for (off ROW) PSLs applicable to the TCEQ Construction General Permit (CGP) requirements and will notify the Engineer of the disturbed acreage within one (1) mile of the project limits. The Contractor shall obtain any required authorization form the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW.

The total disturbed areas within the ROW are anticipated at less than one (1) acre and/or this project is classified as "surface work" consisting of an asphalt overlay of an existing roadway without shoulder-up disturbances. Due to this

General Notes Sheet C General Notes General Notes Sheet D

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

type of construction, the project qualifies for exclusion under the *Construction General Permit* (CGP) issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on February 15, 2008. However; should the sum of the Engineer's anticipated disturbances and all of the Contractor's (On ROW and off ROW) PSLs equal or exceed the one (1) acre threshold, both TxDOT and the Contractor shall have project responsibilities under the CGP that reverts to non-exclusion status. To insure project compliance with all applicable water quality regulations, the Contractor shall obtain Engineer approval for all non-depicted areas of disturbance that increases the Engineer's initial soil and vegetation disturbed area estimates before associated work operations start.

# **Item 8 - Prosecution and Progress**

No closures will be allowed on the weekends which include the following holidays: January 1, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday in November, December 25 and Easter weekend.

# **Item 9 - Measurement and Payment**

Coordinate and provide off-duty law enforcement officers with officially marked vehicles (if patrol cruisers are available from the enforcement agency involved) during the following operations: traffic signal upgrades and lane closures For payment through TxDOT state force account method, complete the weekly tracking forms provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

Submit Material on hand (MOH) payment requests at least \_5\_ working days prior to the end of the month for payment on that month's estimate. For out of town MOH submit requests at least 10 working days prior to the end of the month.

# Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

Place the grounding rods for the traffic signal poles at the nearest ground box. The ground rod will be 5/8" x 10 feet. A continuous bare or green insulated copper wire (no. 6) will be installed from the ground rod to the base of the traffic signal.

# Item 421 - Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Sulfate resistant cement concrete shall be used in all situations for structural elements in contact with the natural ground. These includes, but is not limited to, all reinforced concrete pipe, concrete box culverts, drill shafts, bridge columns, bridge abutments, wingwalls, approach slabs, inlets, manholes, junction boxes, ground boxes and all concrete riprap.

Sheet 8

Air entrainment is not required. If concrete is supplied with air entrainment, the concrete must adhere to the requirements of item 421.4.2.4.

# Item 500 - Mobilization

"Materials-on-Hand" payments will not be considered in determining percentages used to compute mobilization payments.

# Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Designate, as the Contractor Responsible Person (CRP), an English speaking employee on-call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) with a local address and telephone number for maintenance of signs and barricades. This employee will be located within one (1) hour of traveling time to the project site. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address and telephone number of this employee. Furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

The time frame for the Contractor to provide properly maintained traffic control devices before they are considered to be in non-compliance with this Item, is 48 hours regardless of the days of the week involved after notification is done in writing by the Engineer.

When advanced warning flashing arrow panel(s) is/are specified, maintain one standby unit in good condition at the job site ready for immediate use is required.

Notify the Engineer (956-712-7770) at least two weeks prior to a proposed traffic pattern change(s) that will require a revision to traffic signals. This is required to provide the State/City time to perform a traffic study, determine the new signal timing and phasing settings that need to be implemented with the traffic change.

The Contractor will be paid for 5 months of Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling per signal work order location.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes General Notes Sheet F

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

Whenever it is necessary for the signals to be turned off, when directed/approved by the Engineer, hire off-duty law enforcement officers as covered by Item 9 to control the traffic until the signals are back in satisfactory condition.

Traffic control required for this project will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2 mile passing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location.

Ensure equipment not in use, stockpile aggregate, and other working materials are:

A minimum of 30 feet from the edge of the travel lane;

Do not obstruct traffic or sight distance;

Do not interfere with the access from abutting property; or

Do not interfere with roadway drainage.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

During the holiday time frame of December 21<sup>st</sup> through January 1st, every effort should be taken to ensure that all travel lanes remain open where possible.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

# Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project. However, in the event that such controls are necessary, the SW3P for this project shall consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer and as

provided under this item. Payment for this work will be determined in accordance with Article 4.4, "Changes in the Work".

Sheet

# Item 618 - Conduit

Place conduit in an area not exceeding 2 feet in any direction from a straight line and the depth of the conduit will be 2 feet, except when crossing a roadway, where the depth will not be more than 3 feet or less than 1 foot below the bottom of the base material in the roadway when placed by the jacking or boring method.

# Item 624 - Ground Boxes

Do not place ground boxes in driveways or wheelchair ramps. Alternate ground box locations will be as directed. Ground box aprons will have a 2% slope.

# Item 636 - Signs

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

# Item 644 - Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

# **Item 666** – Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Reflectivity requirements for Type I will be as per Item 666.

Payment on Type I markings requiring retroreflective testing will be made at a 75% rate until passing test results are received.

# **Item 680 - Highway Traffic Signals**

All workers installing electrical materials, including conduit in trenches, services poles and all others system electrical apparatus, will be directly supervised by persons who have completed a TxDOT approved course in electrical underground installations. Furnish evidence of satisfactory completion of the underground electrical installation for roadway illumination and signal control course for all personnel responsible for direct supervision of electrical installation work.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes General Notes Sheet H

Control: 0022-10-076, ETC.

Sheet 10

County: VAL VERDE, ETC.

Highway: US 90, ETC

The signal installation will be wired to operate in accordance with the wiring diagram shown in the plans. The contractor will ensure that the timing and phasing are the same as shown in the plans. All timing and phasing will be approved and/or provided by the Transportation Operations Engineer prior to downloading to the controller.

On the terminal block, use the left side for the home runs and the right side for the signal heads. This pattern will be used in all signal installations. For grounding and bonding install a green insulated copper wire no. 6.

# Item 682 - Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

All new signal heads will be covered with burlap from the time of installation until the signal is placed in operation. Position all vehicle signal section heads and pedestrian signal heads to provide the best view for motorists and pedestrians.

# Item 684 - Traffic Signal Cables

For each traffic signal installation where signal cable is required, provide a minimum length of 5 feet for each conductor terminating in the controller.

Label all traffic signal cables, vehicle detector cables, and pedestrian signal cables terminating in the controller with marker ties and permanent markers.

# **Item 690 - Maintenance of Traffic Signals**

Prior to construction, meet with the District Transportation Operations Section to determine salvageable traffic signal equipment. Dispose of all other equipment not deemed salvageable by the Engineer or his representative in a manner approved by the Engineer.

# Item 6001 - Portable Changeable Message Sign

Provide <u>TWO</u> (2) electronic portable changeable message signs as required by the Engineer. Provide backups and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The electronic portable changeable message signs will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

# Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer

Provide one (1) Truck Mounted Attenuator as required by the Engineer. Provide backup and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The Truck Mounted Attenuator will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

# Item 6306 – Video Imaging Vehicle Detection System

Place a 5-foot camera support plumb; this item and its installation will be considered subsidiary to this bid item.

Program and input the detection zones as shown on the plans. Adjust the focus and zoom the camera to achieve the best picture quality.

Detection accuracy must be a minimum of 95% on each lane.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
		PLAN SHEET		44	42	4.4	4.5	46 47	40 54	F2 F2	
500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	41	43	44	45	46-47	49-51	52-53	
502	6002	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLIN	MO								1
618	6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	1.61							5
618	6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	161							161
620	6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	89					612	627	89 1500
620	6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	260					612	637	1509
621	6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	20						16	36
624	6002	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	2						245	245
628	6002		EA	2						4	2
628	6298	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA							1	1
628	6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(L)SP(O)	EA	2						1	1
636	6001	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O) ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	2							2
644	6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	36							36
666	6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2					250	200	2
666	6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6 (SLD)(100MIL)	LF						250	380	630
666	6054		EA						450	280	730
666	6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA						6	7	13
		REFL PAY MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	LF						4	4	8
666 666	6147 6224	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL) PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF						100 5050	100 1430	200 6480
666	6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF						250	380	630
666	6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF						550	280	830
666	6231	PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)	EA						6	7	13
666	6232	PAVEMENT SEALER (WORD)	EA						4	4	<u> </u>
666	6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF						400	670	1070
666	6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF						4400		7570
666	6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF						500	235	735
666	6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF							1450	5750
672	6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA						4300	35	75
672	6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA						102	112	214
677	6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF						5300		6730
677	6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF						250	380	630
677	6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF						550	280	830
677	6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA						6	7	<u>830</u> 13
677	6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA						4	4	<u>15</u> 8
678	6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF						5300		6730
678	6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF						250	380	630
678	6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF						550	280	830 830
678	6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA						6	7	<u>830</u> 13
678	6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA						4	4	<u>15</u> 8



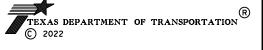
# COMBINED QUANTITIES

DN: F	. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET			
CK: G.R.		CK: G.R. TEXA		SHE	ET 1	OF 2	NO.	
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	1.1	
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90,etc.		

ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
		PLAN SHEET		44	42	4.4	4.5	46 47	40 54	F2 F2	
680	6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA	41	43	44	45	<u>46-47</u>		52-53	
080	**	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET AND CONTROLLE	EA						1		1
682	6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA						9	6	15
682	6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA						4	1	
682	6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8					9	6	<u>5</u> 23
682		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	8							
682	6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(TEE AKW)	EA						8 9	2	10
682	6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA						4	6	15
682		PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA						-4	1 8	<u>5</u> 8
682		BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA						0		
682	6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA						9	6	15
684	6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF						1002	1	5
684	6008	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	250					1002	582	1584 250
684	6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF	250					807	210	
684	6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF							210	1017
684	6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(3 CONDR)	LF						186	426	612
684			LF						174	348	522
	6001	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(9 CONDR)		_					516	578	1094
685 687		INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA EA	4							4
	6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY								1	1
688		PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA							4	4
688	6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA							1	1
690	6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF.						3290		
690	6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA						13	11	24
690	6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							7	7
690	6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							4	4
690	6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA							4	4
690	6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA							4	4
690	6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA							1	1
6001	6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA								2
6010	6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA						1	1	2
6010	6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA						1	1	2
6027	6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF		90	25	45	10	582		752
6027	6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA		3	2	2		5	6	18
6058		BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA				1		1	1	3
6062	6017	ITS RADIO (SNGL)(5 GHZ)-I-O	EA		1	2	1	2			6
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	18	4	4	4		19	21	70
6185	6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR						24	24	48
6306	6001	VIVDS PROSR SYS	EA			1	1		1	1	4
6306	6004	VIVDS CAM ASSY 360	EA			1	1		1	1	4
6306	6005	VIVDS CNTRL SOFTWARE	EA			1	1		1	1	4
6306	6007	VIVDS CABLING	LF			200	200		102	16	518
6306	6018	VIVDS CAM ASSY (REMOVE)	EA						4		4
6306	6020	VIVDS CABLING (REMOVE)	LF						200		200
6423	6007	FIELD HARDENED ETH SW (INSTALL ONLY)	EA		1	1	1	2			5
6423	6008	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR(INSTALL	EA		1	2	1	1			5
6423	6014	CELLULAR MODEM RELOCATE	EA						1		1

		STATE FORCE ACCOUNT (TXDOT PROVIDED)									
ITEM NO.	DESC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 90 AT KINGSWAY	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT MAIN	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT HAROLD	INTERCONNECT US 57 AT VETERANS	INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER	US 57 AT MONROE	FM 1021 AT FM 3443	TOTAL:
	***	FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH	EA		1	1	1	2			5
	***	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR	EA		1	2	1	1			5
		*** FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY									

\*\*\* FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY



# COMBINED QUANTITIES

SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET		STATE	DW: F.R.	. R.	DN: F
NO.	2 OF 2	ET 2	SHE	TEXAS	CK: CGFR.	6. R.	ск: (
12	HIGHWAY NO.	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL	COUNTY	STATE DIST.NO.	FED. RD. DIV. NO.
'-	US90, etc.	076	010	0022	VAL VERDE, etc.	22	6



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

**DISTRICT** Laredo **HIGHWAY** FM 1021, US 57, US 90

COUNTY Maverick, Val Verde

Report Created On: Mar 25, 2022 2:25:34 PM

	of Transport	ation			IIIGIIWAI	FM 1021, US 57,	03 30						
		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0022-10	)-076	0300-01	L-108	0300-01	-109	1229-01	L-076		
		PROJI	CT ID	A00180	0050	A00180	0048	A00184	459	A00179	9928		
		cc	YTNUC	Val Ve	rde	Mavei	rick	Maver	ick	Mave	rick	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	0	US 5	57	US 5	7	FM 10	021	1	THVAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	1	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.180		0.210		0.340		0.270		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	5.000								5.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	161.000								161.000	
	618-6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	89.000								89.000	
-	620-6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	260.000						637.000		897.000	
	620-6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	20.000				612.000		16.000		648.000	
	621-6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF							245.000		245.000	
	624-6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	2.000								2.000	
•	628-6002	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA							1.000		1.000	
	628-6298	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(L)SP(O)	EA							1.000		1.000	
	628-6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	EA	2.000								2.000	
	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	36.000								36.000	
•	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000								2.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
•	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					450.000		280.000		730.000	,
•	666-6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	666-6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	666-6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					100.000		100.000		200.000	
	666-6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF					5,050.000		1,430.000		6,480.000	
-	666-6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
	666-6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	
•	666-6231	PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	666-6232	PAVEMENT SEALER (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	666-6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF					400.000		670.000		1,070.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					4,400.000		3,170.000		7,570.000	
	666-6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF					500.000		235.000		735.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF					4,300.000		1,450.000		5,750.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA					40.000		35.000		75.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA					102.000		112.000		214.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF					5,300.000		1,430.000		6,730.000	
	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF					5,300.000		1,430.000		6,730.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF					250.000		380.000		630.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF					550.000		280.000		830.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	0022-10-076	13



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

**DISTRICT** Laredo **HIGHWAY** FM 1021, US 57, US 90

**COUNTY** Maverick, Val Verde

Report Created On: Mar 25, 2022 2:25:34 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0022-1	0-076	0300-03	1-108	0300-0	1-109	1229-0	1-076	_	
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0018	0050	A0018	0048	A0018	4459	A0017	9928		
		С	OUNTY	Val Ve	erde	Mave	rick	Mave	verick Maver		rick	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIC	HWAY	US 9	90	US 5	57	US !	57	FM 10	021	]	
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	Ī I	
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA					6.000		7.000		13.000	
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA					4.000		4.000		8.000	
	680-6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA					1.000				1.000	
l	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
l	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8.000				9.000		6.000		23.000	
İ	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA					8.000		2.000		10.000	
İ	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA							8.000		8.000	
İ	682-6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA					9.000		6.000		15.000	
İ	682-6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA					4.000		1.000		5.000	
İ	684-6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF					1,002.000		582.000		1,584.000	
	684-6008	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(3 CONDR)	LF	250.000								250.000	
İ	684-6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF					807.000		210.000		1,017.000	
	684-6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF					186.000		426.000		612.000	
ı	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF					174.000		348.000		522.000	
ı	684-6014	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(9 CONDR)	LF					516.000		578.000		1,094.000	
İ	685-6001	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	4.000								4.000	
İ	687-6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA							1.000		1.000	
İ	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA							4.000		4.000	
	688-6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA							1.000		1.000	
İ	690-6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF					3,290.000		6,370.000		9,660.000	
	690-6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA					13.000		11.000		24.000	
İ	690-6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							7.000		7.000	
İ	690-6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA							4.000		4.000	
İ	690-6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA							4.000		4.000	
	690-6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA							4.000		4.000	
	690-6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA							1.000		1.000	
İ	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA					2.000				2.000	
Ì	6010-6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA					1.000		1.000		2.000	
	6010-6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA					1.000		1.000		2.000	
	6027-6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF			170.000		582.000				752.000	
	6027-6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA			7.000		5.000		6.000		18.000	
	6058-6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA			1.000		1.000		1.000		3.000	
	6062-6017	ITS RADIO (SNGL)(5 GHZ)-I-O	EA			6.000						6.000	
İ	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	18.000		12.000		19.000		21.000		70.000	



DISTRICT COUNTY CCSJ SHEET

Laredo Val Verde 0022-10-076 14



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0022-10-076

**DISTRICT** Laredo

**COUNTY** Maverick, Val Verde

Report Created On: Mar 25, 2022 2:25:34 PM

IGHWAY	FΜ	1021,	US	57,	US	90

	CONTROL SECTION JOE			0022-10	0-076	0300-01	L-108	0300-03	1-109	1229-0	1-076		
		PROJE	CT ID	A00180	0050	A00180	0048	A00184	4459	A0017	9928		
		co	UNTY	Val Ve	erde	Mave	rick	Mave	rick	Mave	rick	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	90	US 5	57	US !	57	FM 10	021		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR					24.000		24.000		48.000	
	6306-6001	VIVDS PROSR SYS	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6004	VIVDS CAM ASSY 360	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6005	VIVDS CNTRL SOFTWARE	EA			2.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	6306-6007	VIVDS CABLING	LF			400.000		102.000		16.000		518.000	
	6306-6018	VIVDS CAM ASSY (REMOVE)	EA					4.000				4.000	
	6306-6020	VIVDS CABLING (REMOVE)	LF					200.000				200.000	
	6423-6007	FIELD HARDENED ETH SW (INSTALL ONLY)	EA			5.000						5.000	
	6423-6008	ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR (INSTALL ONLY)	EA			5.000						5.000	
	6423-6014	CELLULAR MODEM RELOCATE	EA					1.000				1.000	
	11	STATE FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS			1.000						1.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000								1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000								1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000								1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	0022-10-076	15

# TCP GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. This is a suggested Traffic Control Plan (TCP). The Contractor may submit an alternate Traffic Control Plan, signed and sealed by a Licensed Professional Engineer in Texas, for approval by the Engineer. When mutually beneficial changes are proposed to the existing Traffic Control Plan and are agreed upon by the Contractor and the Department, the plan sheets may be developed and signed and sealed by the Engineer.
- 2. Refer to Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress" and project general notes for additional information regarding the Traffic Control Plan.
- 3. Furnish and install all Traffic Control Plans devices, including but not limited to barricades, signs, and work zone markings, in compliance with the latest version of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TxMUTCD), the State Standard Traffic Control Plans (TCP) sheets, and the Barricades and Construction (BC) sheets. Refer to the project general notes for additional information regarding the Traffic Control Plan.
- 4. Limit the length of lane closures to maximum of two miles. Refer to sequence of construction for further information. Allow for all lanes open to traffic during non-working hours unless otherwise specified in the sequence of construction. Any additional overnight lane closures not specified in the sequence of construction will require approval by the engineer.
- 5. Verify the location and spacing of signs, barricades, and channelizing devices prior to their placement along vertical curves, horizontal curves, and other geometric constraints to assure visibility to all motorists.
- 6. The work has been identified by reference location numbers. Various reference locations can be worked on simultaneously when approved by the engineer. Once work has begun at a reference location, it must be worked on continuously through completion. Additional signing to safely guide traffic through the work area will be required as directed by the engineer.
- 7. Place the traffic control devices only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists. Always have enough barricades, channelizing devices, and signs at all times to replace those damaged.
- 8. Cover all existing signs that conflict with the Traffic Control Plan and uncover during non-working hours or as directed by the Engineer. Partial coverage of the sign or coverage by material that will not cover the entire sign all the time is not permitted.
- 9. Vary the spacing of signs to meet traffic conditions or as directed by the engineer and assure that all traffic control devices and work zone pavement markings are kept in a highly visible condition (clean, upright and at proper location).
- 10. Conduct construction operations so as to provide the least possible interference to traffic and to permit the continuous movement of traffic in all allowable directions at all times or as permitted by the sequence of construction. Provide for safe and convenient access to abutting property, highways, public roads, and street crossings except as otherwise shown on the sequence of construction. The contractor will maintain at all times two-way traffic or a minimum of one lane using a pilot vehicle and flaggers.
- 11. Place all stockpiled material, waste material, signs, barricades, channelizing devices and work vehicles not in use, at a minimum of 30 feet from the outer edge of the nearest travel lane.
- 12. Handle excavated and stockpiled material in such a way that it will not block drainage.
- 13. Regulate all construction traffic so as to cause a minimal inconvenience to the traveling public. At the times when it is necessary for trucks to stop, unload or cross roadways under traffic, provide warning signs and flaggers as needed to adequately protect the traveling public.
- 14. During the holiday time frame of December 21st through January 1st, every effort should be taken to ensure that all travel lanes remain open where possible.
- 15. Remove from the work area all loose materials and debris resulting from construction operations at the end of each work day.

- 16. Maintain a minimum of one through lane open in each direction during working hours except as directed by the Engineer.
- 17. Moving an existing sign to a temporary location is subsidiary to this item. Installations with permanent supports at permanent locations will be paid for under the applicable bid item(s).
- 18. Use of portable changeable message sign as advance notice of lane closures will be required, as directed by the engineer. For locations that are adjacent to each other, a single sign in advance of the entire work area is acceptable.
- 19. Place portable changeable message boards at locations requiring lane closures for 1 week before the closures or as directed by the engineer.
- 20. Additional signs, barricades and channelizing devices may be required to maintain traffic during construction, as shown on TCP standards. Additional signs, barricades, etc. (if any), will be subsidiary to items 502 "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".
- 21. If the contractor chooses to work multiple locations in urban/rural areas simultaneously, contractor will be responsible for providing all applicable traffic control devices, including portable changeable message boards, and truck mounted attenuators at their own expense.
- 22. Use of truck mounted attenuators as noted on plans, TxDOT traffic control plan standards, or as directed by the engineer. For locations that are adjacent to each other, a single truck mounted attenuator of the entire work area is acceptable.
- 23. Refer to BC(6)-21 Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Standards for a listing of abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on PCMS. Submit the suggested message for the board to the Engineer for approval.
- 24. Use plastic drums to channelize traffic when existing pavement markings have been obliterated.
- 25. Limit the length of daily work to that area of operation that can be completed in one work day in order to allow for two-way traffic at night. Such area must not exceed two (2) miles, unless approved by the engineer. Within the 2 mile section, only close off the area where actual work is being performed.
- 26. Provide full-time off-duty uniformed peace officers in officially marked vehicles as part of traffic control operations. the peace officers must supply proof of certification by the texas commission on law enforcement standards, this work will be paid for under the provisions of item 9.



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022





# TCP GENERAL NOTES

N:	GR	DW: GR	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
K:	GR	ck: GR	TEXAS	SH	IEET	1 OF 1	NO.
. RD. . NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	1.6
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076		16

# SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

# GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

THE FOLLOWING WORK WILL BE PERFORMED ON THE ROADWAY AND NEAR THE SHOULDER. REFER TO THE TCP PHASES, TCP GENERAL NOTES, AND CORRESPONDING PLAN SHEETS FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION.

INSTALL ALL APPLICABLE BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND WORK ZONE MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP, BC AND WZ TxDOT STANDARD SHEETS FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SETUP.

INSTALL REQUIRED SW3P MEASURES WITHIN CONSTRUCTION LIMITS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

# GENERAL SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

PHASE I - INSTALL PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS, ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS & FLASHERS. AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERCONNECT.

PHASE II - PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP.

# PHASE I

PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SPECIFIED ON THE TCP, BC, WZ TxDOT STANDARD SHEETS.

PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANY AS NEEDED.

INSTALL PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS, ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS & FLASHERS, AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERCONNECT AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

REMOVE AND INSTALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN IN PLANS.

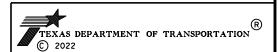
# PHASE II

PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP AND REMOVE ALL BARRICADES AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022





# SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

N:	GR	DW:	GR	STATE SHEET NUMBER				SHEET	
CK:	GR	CK:	GR	TEXAS	SH	IEET	1 OF	1	NO.
). RD. V. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	CC	DUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.	
6	22	VAL V	ERDE, etc.	0022	010	076			17

# 725/2022 11:46:26

Σ

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs.
   The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			_	-					
E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
)TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY		
-03 7-13		0022	010	076		US	S90,etc.		
-07	8-14	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
5-10	5-21	22	2 VAL VERDE, etc. 18						

ROAD WORK ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ END ROAD WORK AHE AD 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <>> AHE AD END ROAD WORK G20-1aT CW20-1D G20-2#

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS

- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1-4

CW13-1P

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X X**G20-9TP ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES IDOURI I XXR20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES END G20-1bTL INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City  $\Rightarrow$ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* 80' BEGIN G20-51 WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T ★ X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SIZE

#### Sign onventional Expressway Number Road Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 48" CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36'' x 36'' 48'| x 48'' CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5. CW6. 48" × 48" 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign * Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs"
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X XG20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD WORK LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC ¥ ¥R20-5T WARNING \* \*G20-51 CW1-4L SIGNS DOUBLE CW20-1D \* \*R20-5aTP ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T + + R20-3T \* \* AHE AD CONTRACTOR AHE AD Type 3 Barricade or (WPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizina devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ ➾ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-26T \*\* R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X CSJ Limit $\otimes \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK with sign When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP

<del>X</del> <del>X</del>R20-5⊺

¥ ¥R20-5aTP

SPEED

-CSJ Limit

LIMIT

R2-1

× ¥G20-5T

¥ ¥G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

√<sub>2</sub> MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

CW20-1D

ZONE

RAFFIC

FINES

SPEED R2:1

LIMIT

DOUBLE

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END I

WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \*

G20-10T

OBEY

STATE LAW

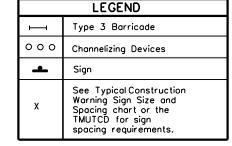
 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

R20-31

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.



SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	22	VA	L VERDE	e,e	ic.	19
96							

₹

ያ ል ያ ይ

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

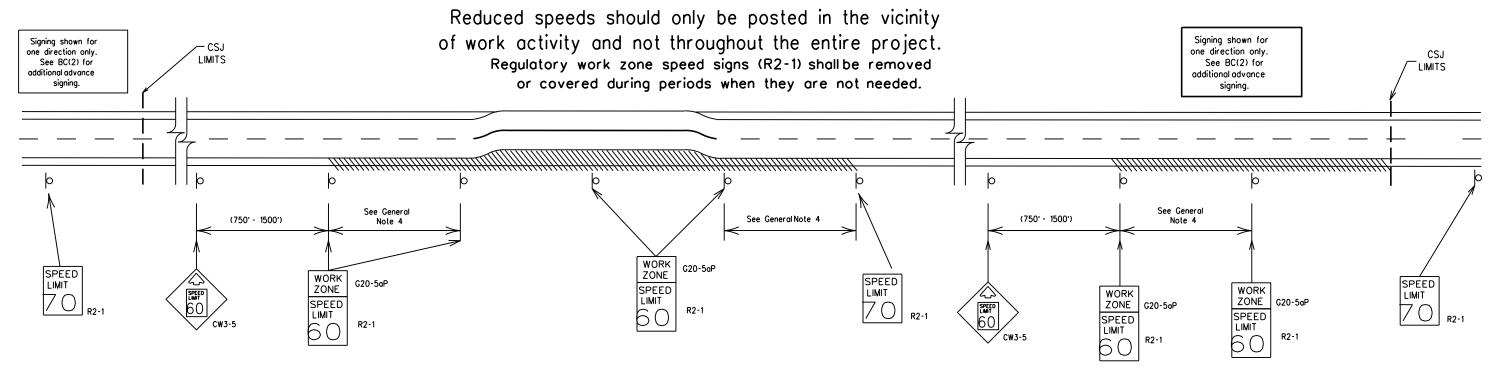
Barricade or

channelizing

devices

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

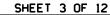
# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and areater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

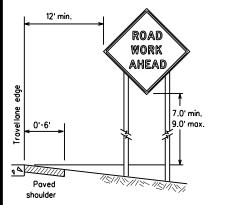
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

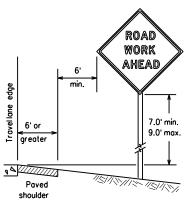
BC(3)-21

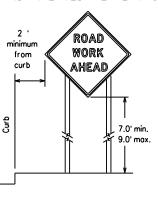
		_		_			
	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-13	5-21	22	VA	L VERD	E,e	c.	20

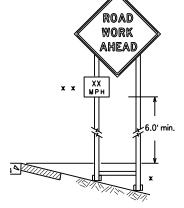
# Δ

# TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

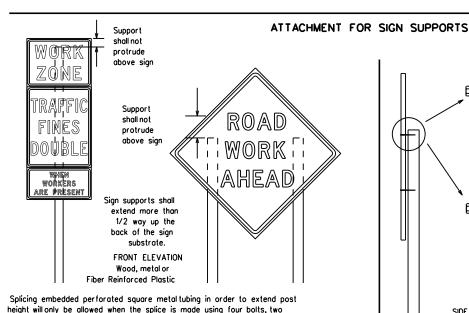








- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple

Attachment to wooden supports

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

will be by bolts and nuts

signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

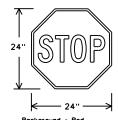
1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". 2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.

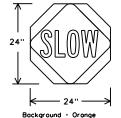
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





TING REQUIREMENTS	(WHEN USED A
ockground - Red egend & Border - White	Background - ( Legend & Boro
24">	<b>├</b> ── 24

SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)			
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND RED		TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

				_			
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	YAWH
		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	22	VA	AL VERDE	E.et	c.	21



-9 sq. ft. or less-

10mm extruded

-1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 11 foot

12 ga post (DO NOT SPLICE)

13/4" galv. round with 5/16" holes

or 13/4" x 13/4"

0000

pin at angle needed to match sideslope

2" \_\_\_\_\_\_

SINGLE LEG BASE

-2" x 2" x

12 ga. upright

square tubing

thinwall plastic

Upright must

telescope to

provide 7' height

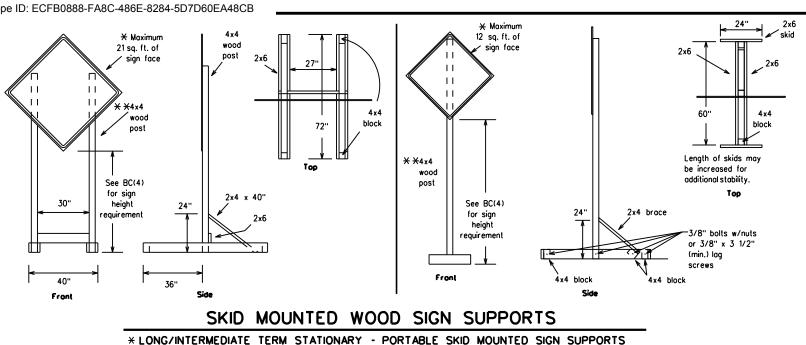
above pavement

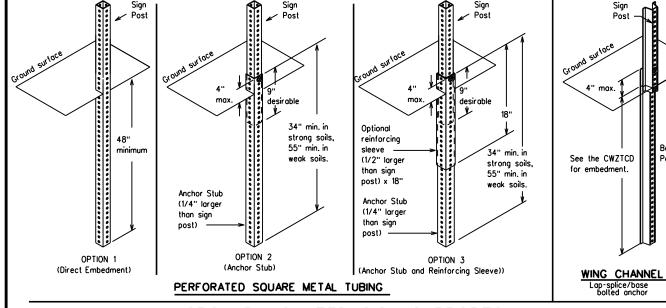
-Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimun

weld, do not

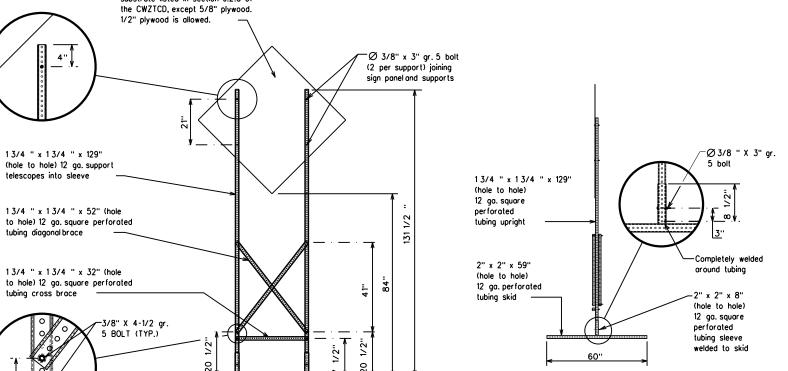
back fill puddle.





# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Sign Post

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5)-21

FILE: b	ic-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT N	lovember 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
	-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13 5-	·21	22	V	AL VERDI	E,et	c.	22
00							

# SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

substrate listed in section J.2.d of

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across
- the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			_
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road A	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Abead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	VINC	Road	RD
CROSSING Pourte	XING DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
	F	Service Road	SERV RD
East	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound		Slippery	SL IP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	UD UDC	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT	J	

designation • IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	ditio	n List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT		ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT		LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT		TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT		CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT		UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE	I-XX SOUTH EXIT	DETOUR X MILE		ROUGH ROAD

LANE EXIT CLOSURES CLOSED

**VARIOUS** EXIT XXX LANES CLOSED CLOSED X MILE FXIT

CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

SIGNAL

TRAFFIC XXXX FT

ROADWORK

PAST

SH XXXX

**BUMP** 

XXXX FT

LANES SHIFT

XXXX FT

ROADWORK

NFXT

FRI-SUN

US XXX

EXIT

X MILES

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel \* \* Advance Location Warning Notice List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ SPEED X LINES FM XXXX RIGHT LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM BEFORE APR XX-**DETOUR** USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED X EXITS RD EXIT CROSSING XX MPH X PM-X AM USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY MILES NORTH XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY BEGINS** MAY XX US XXX I-XX F US XXX SPFFD SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TΩ I ANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX **EXIT** XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** US XXX USF NFXT FOR **DELAYS** TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX **EXPECT** PREPARE XX AM DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED SHOULDER WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY \* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6 LANE

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

# SHEET 6 OF 12



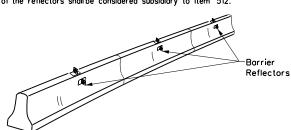
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

# BC(6)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076		USS	0,etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	22	V	L VERD	E,et	c.	23

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on too shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

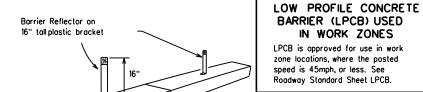
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travel way.

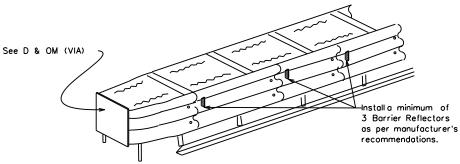
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations

IN WORK ZONES

# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



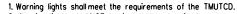
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS



- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type Á-Lów Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB"
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

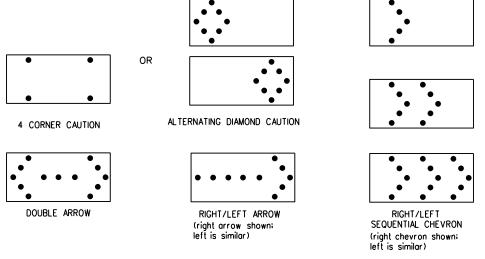
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- Minimum I ump on time shall be approximately 30 percent for the liashing arrow and equintervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Floshing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWŹTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance. 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work
- area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMÁ.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	22	V	AL VERD	F et	_	24



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD)
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

# GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

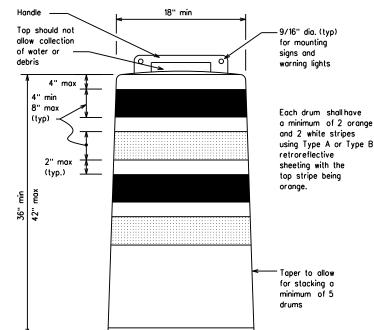
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "bose" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of light weight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

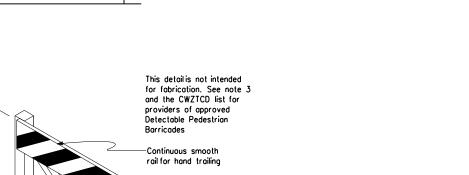
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

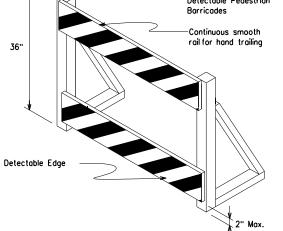
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### **BALLAST**

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



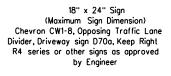




# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.







12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



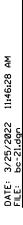
Traffic Safety Division Standard

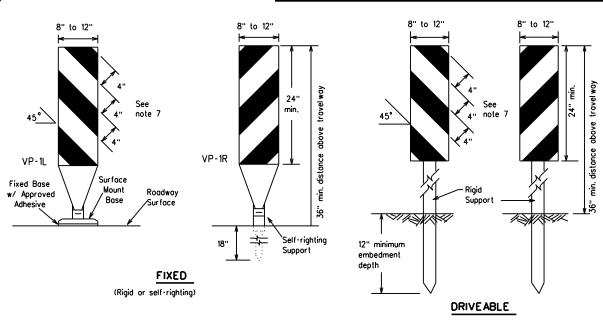
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

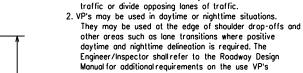
BC(8)-21

50	10,	_				
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY
-03 8-14	0022	22 010 076 US90,etc.				
-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY SHEET NO.				
-13	22	V	AL VERD	E,et	c.	25

\_\_\_10





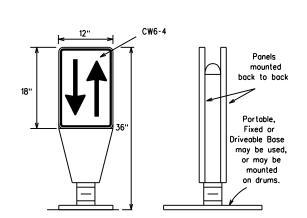


Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs. 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.

1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize

- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

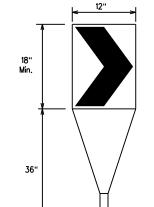


PORTABLE

(Rigid or self-righting)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



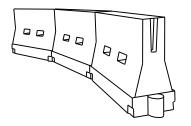
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- $1. \ LCDs \ are \ crashworthy, lightweight, deformable \ devices \ that \ are \ highly \ visible, have \ good \ target \ value \ and$ can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top f the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Spacing of Channelizing Pevices		Taper Lengths * *			g of zing
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	
40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	
60	" "	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	

\* \* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

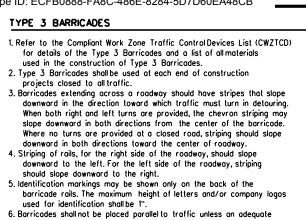
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

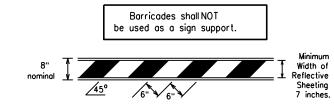
BC(9)-21

		• • •	_					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW: ]	ΓxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS 8-14	0022	010	076		US90,etc.		
9-07		DIST		COUNTY SHEET		HEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	22	VAL VERDE,etc.		26			

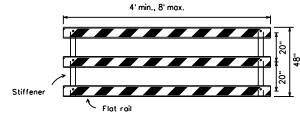
Σ



- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

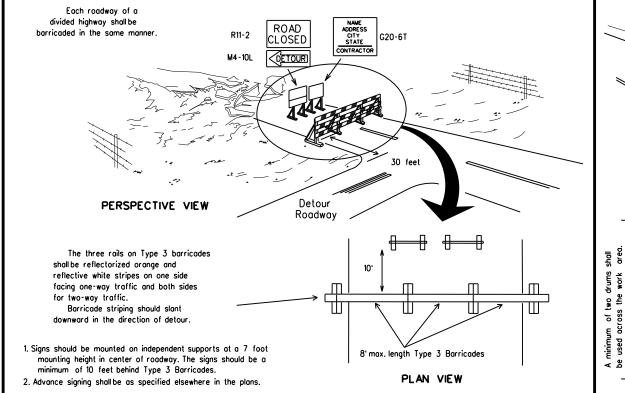


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

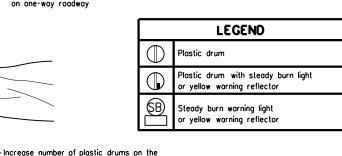
# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

safety as required in the plans. Plastic Drum PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. These drums are not required on one-way roadway

- 1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
- 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for
- 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the
- shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights
- 5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

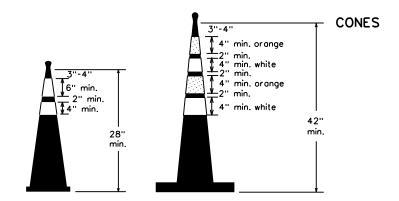


CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

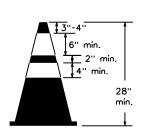
side of approaching traffic if the crown

and maximum of 4 drums)

width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2



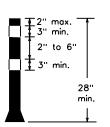
Two-Piece cones



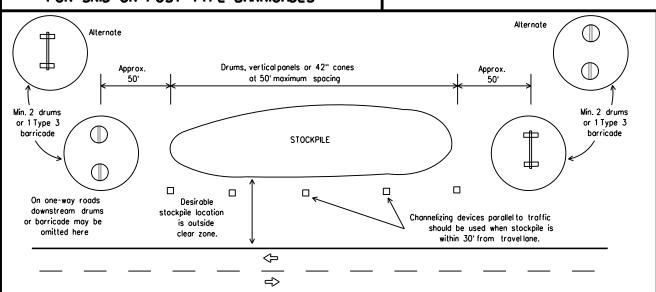
PLAN VIEW

drums work

One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smo outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

# BC(10)-21

		_		_			
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB HIG				YAWH	
	REVISIONS 8-14 5-21	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
9-07		DIST		COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.	
7-13		22	VAL VERDE.etc.			27	

# 2022 11:46:28 AM

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12)
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

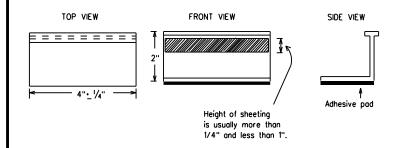
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
  or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway
  shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- ${\bf 3.}\ {\sf Small}\ {\sf design}\ {\sf variances}\ {\sf may}\ {\sf be}\ {\sf noted}\ {\sf between}\ {\sf tab}\ {\sf manufacturers}.$
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemorks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS DMS-4200 PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) TRAFFIC BUTTONS DMS-4300 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240 TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED DMS-8241 PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE DMS-8242 ROADWAY MARKER TABS

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



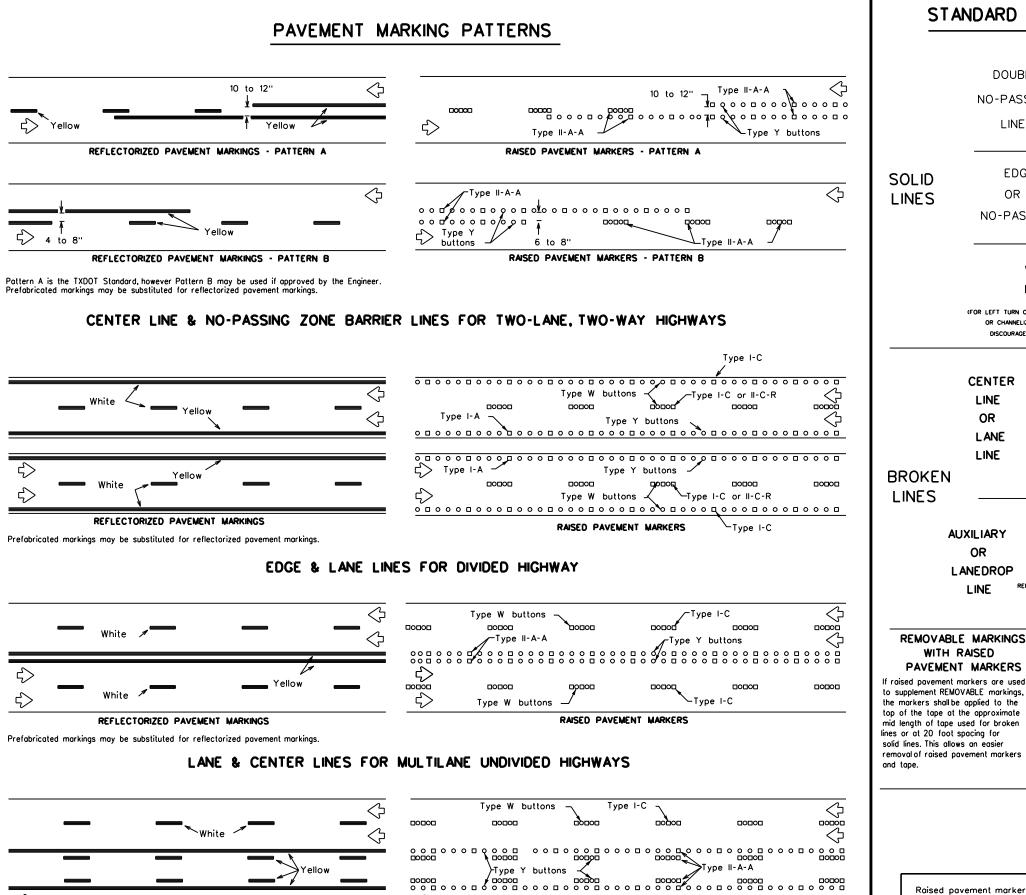
Traffic Safety Division Standard

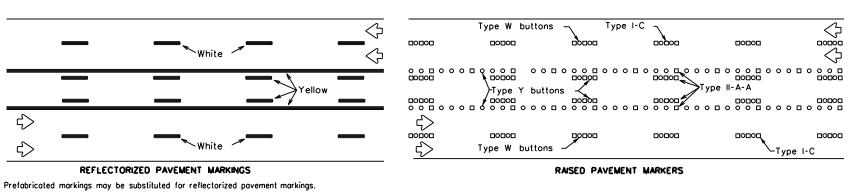
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# BC(11)-21

201 2.							
bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0022	010	076 U			90,etc.	
96 9-07 5-21 )2 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
2 8-14	22	VA	L VERD	E,e	ic.	28	

105





Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

# Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

SHEET 12 OF 12

Type W or Y buttons

Type W buttons

White or Yellow

\_ 

П

Type I-C or II-C-R

30"+/-3"

White

Type I-C or II-A-A

✓Type W or

0 Q 0 9 0

Type I-C or II-A-A

(when required)

п

‡8

1-2"

5' • 6"

Raised Pavement Markers

20' + \_1'

Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines

0 0

BC(12)-21 DN: TxDOT | CK: TxDOT | DW: TxDOT | CK: TxDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB 076 0022 010 US90,etc. 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

Type I-C , I-A or II-A-A

60"

Type I-C

\_

**DOUBLE** 

NO-PASSING

LINE

EDGE LINE

OR SINGLE

NO-PASSING LINE

WIDE

LINE

OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING.

RAISED

PAVEMENT

MARKERS

REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT

п

RAISED

PAVEMENT

MARKERS

REFLECTORIZED

PAVEMENT

(FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE

**CENTER** 

LINE

OR

LANE

LINE

**AUXILIARY** 

OR

**LANEDROP** 

LINE

REMOVABLE MARKINGS

WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS PAVEMENT

REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT

PAVEMENT

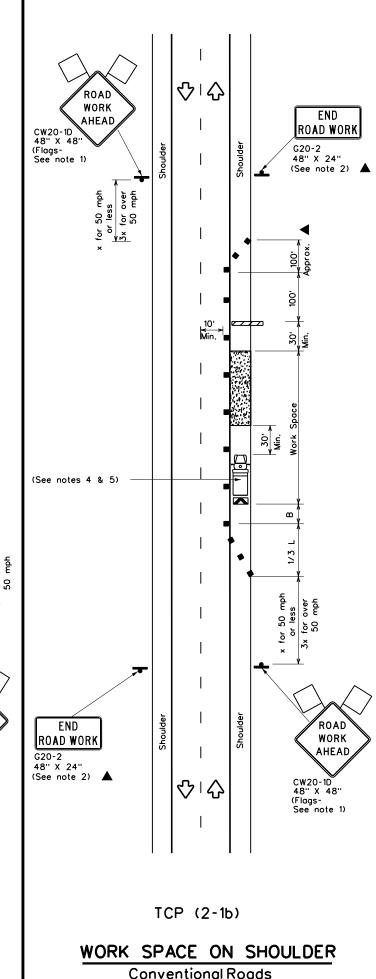
PAVEMENT

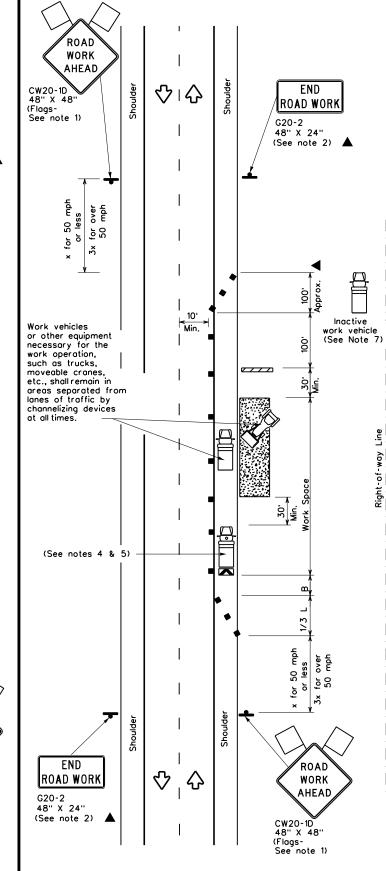
REFLECTORIZED

RAISED PAVEMENT

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

♡□☆ WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ۶ ا 50 for Š. Š Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5) 50 mph : less ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 CW20-1D 48" X 48" ♡□☆ (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-1a) WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER **Conventional Roads** 





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	₽	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	1 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	
60	] - " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75	]	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

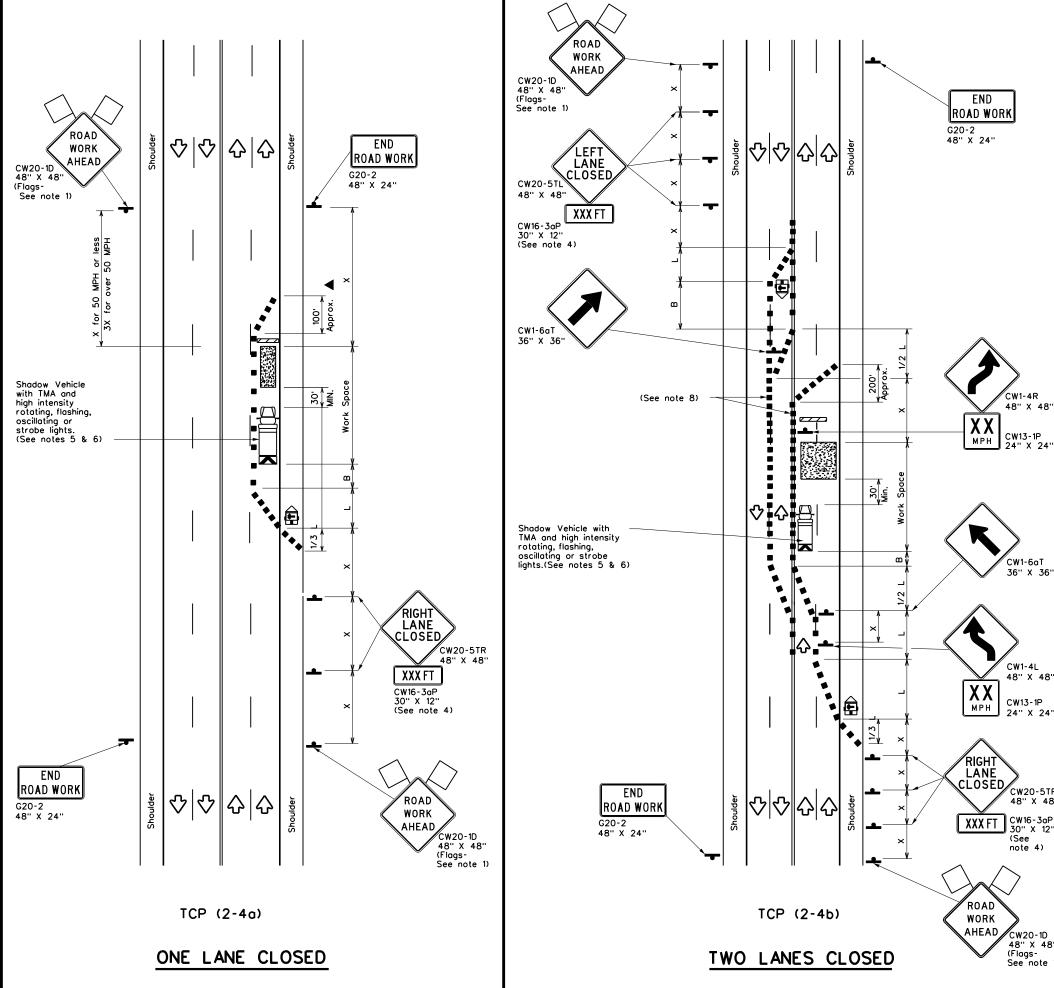
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-1)-18

-E: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN: C		ck:	DW:	ck:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0022	010	076	U	S90,etc.
-94 4-96 -95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	30



	LEGEND								
	⊅ Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	<b>₽</b>	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ГО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula		Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L- WS	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	" " " "	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900,	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		✓	<b>√</b>						

# GENERAL NOTES

- I. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- . For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

CW1-6aT

CW1-4L

48" X 48"

CW20-5TR 48" X 48"

CW16-3aP 30'' X 12''

(See note 4)

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



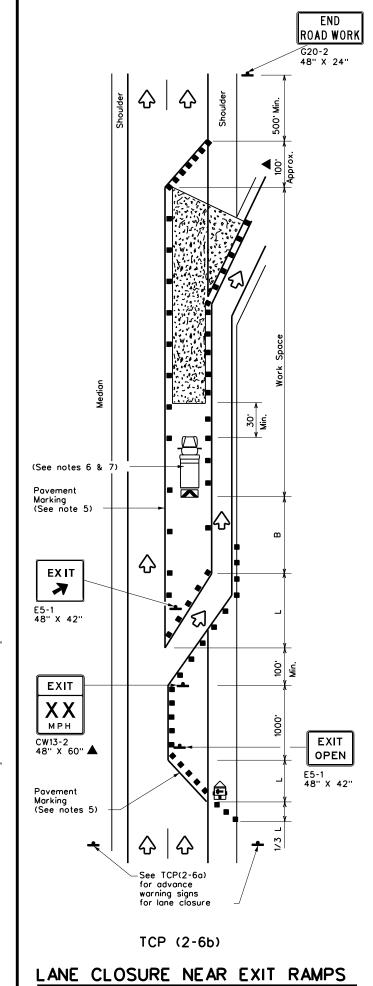
Traffic Operations Division Standard

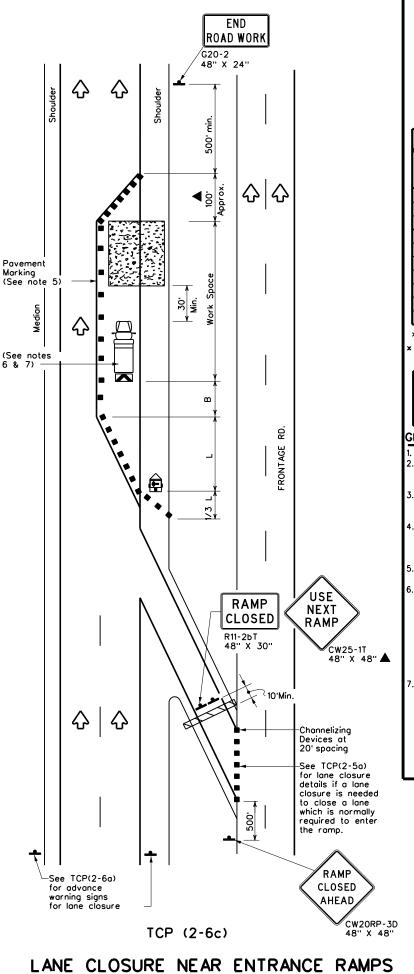
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE **CONVENTIONAL ROADS** 

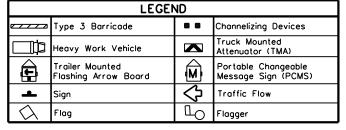
TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	ck:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0022	010	076 U		S90,etc.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	31

164







Posted Speed	Minimum Desirable Formula Taper Lengths x x		Suggested Spacing Channeliz Devid	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50	]	500'	550'	600,	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L\*-Length of Taper(FT) W\*-Width of Offset(FT) S\*-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- I. Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- . The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- S. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing,oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

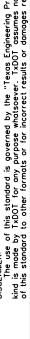
Traffic Operations Division Standard

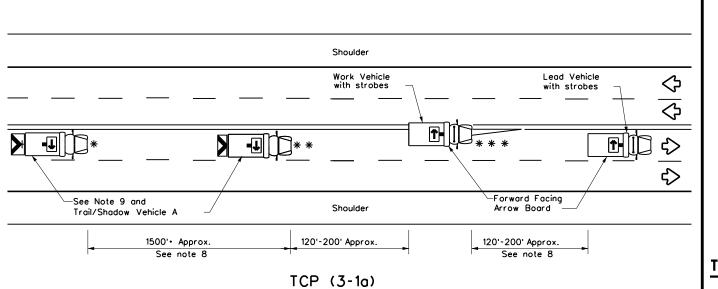
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

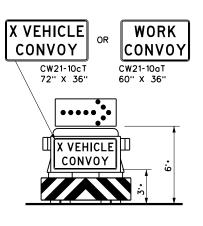
FILE:		tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©Tx	DOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
2-94	4-08	REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
8-95			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18		22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.		32

1166



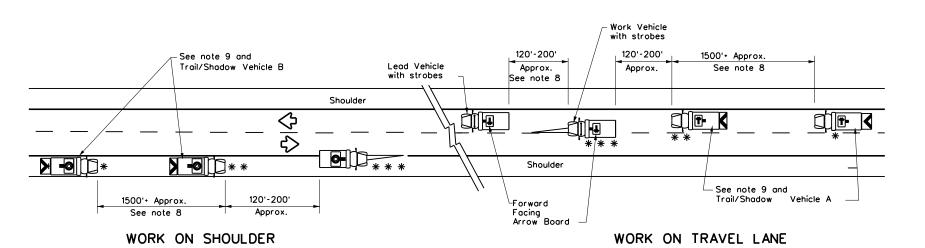






# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

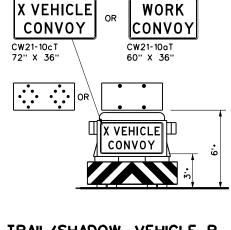


TCP (3-1b) TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

# See note 9 and -Work Vehicle Trail/Shadow Vehicle B $\diamondsuit$ -0 Lead Vehicle 120'-200' 120'-200' with strobes 1500' Approx. See note 8 Approx. Approx. Forward Facing See note 8

TCP (3-1c)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS



# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

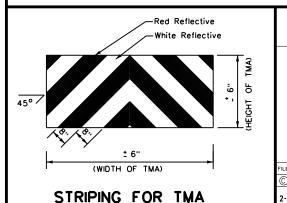
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₩	Double Arrow					
<b>⇔</b>	Traffic Flow	•	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
1										

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



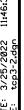


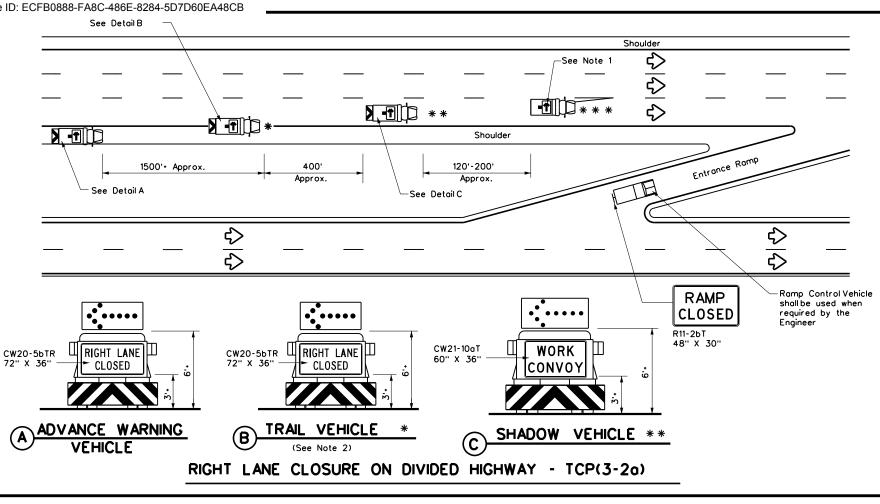
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

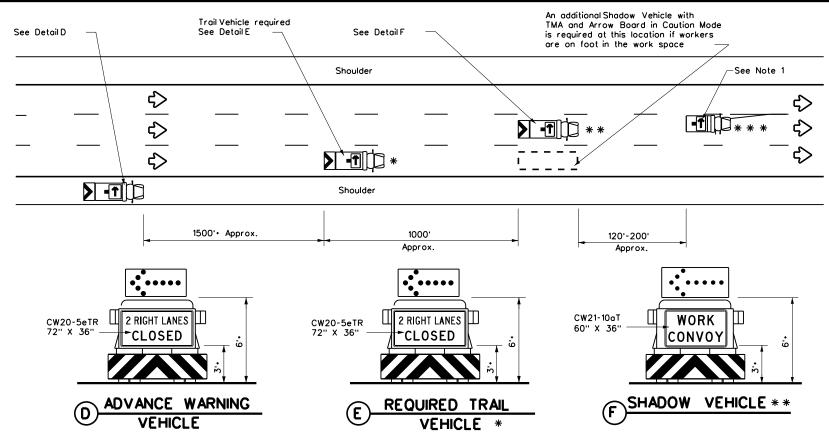
TCP(3-1)-13

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO tcp3-1.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 JOB 0022 010 076 US90,etc. 8-95 7-13 1-97

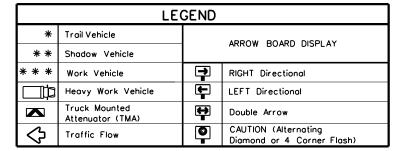
22 VAL VERDE,etc.







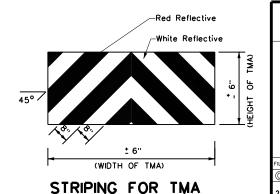
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights
- 4. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- 5. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it



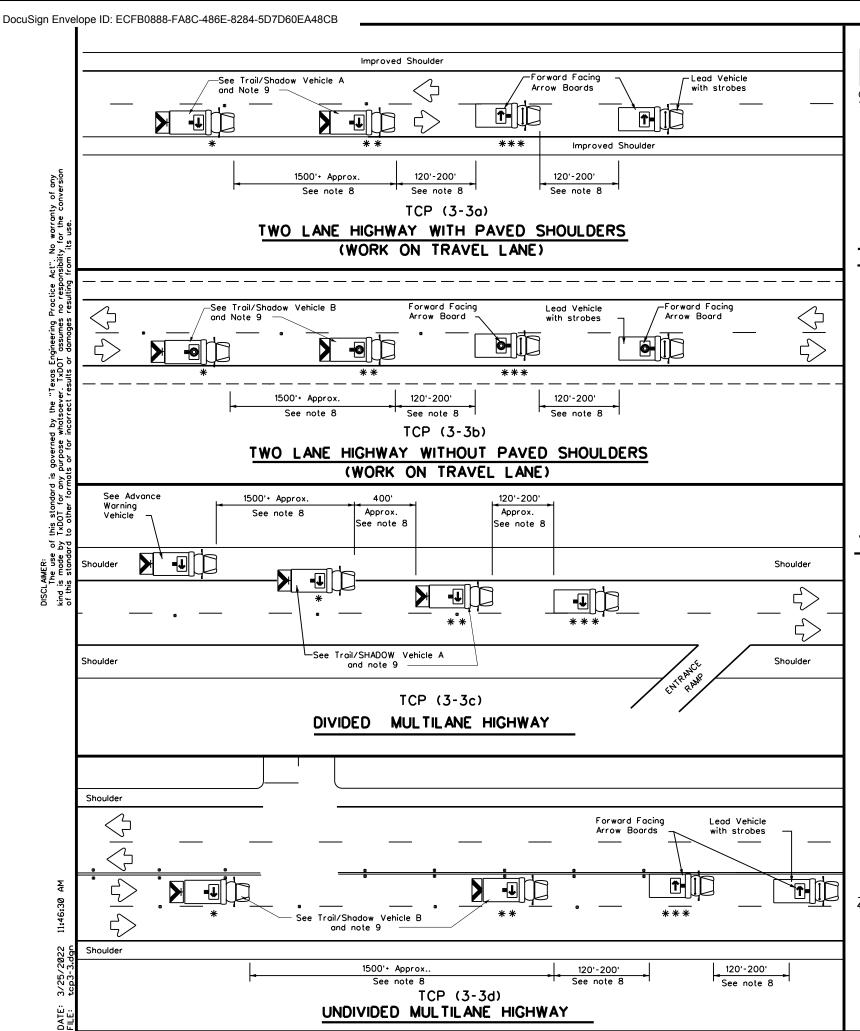


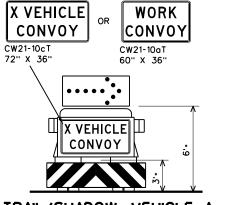
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-2)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

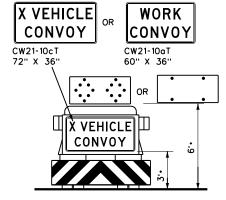
		-		_		
tcp3-2.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT Dw:		TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS 4 4-98	0022	010	076		USS	90,etc.
5 7-13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7	22	VA	AL VERD	E,et	c.	34





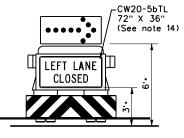
# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display

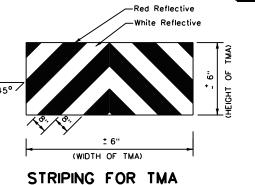


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle								
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>→</b>	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

  2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING
- and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.

  4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
  8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

  X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes
- it necessary. 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn D		:DOT	ck: TxDOT Dw:		xDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0022	010	10 076		US90,etc.	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	22	VA	L VERDI	E,etc	:.	35

LEFT TURN LANE MARKINGS

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle		ANNOW BOAND DISPLAT				
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>→</b>	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b></b>	Double Arrow				
<b>₩</b>	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices				

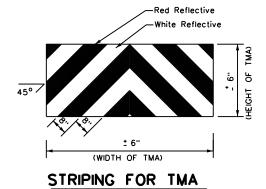
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- " 3	600,	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
1												

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle.Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



CENTER LANE MARKINGS



MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-4)-13

		DIST	V A	COUNTY	Fat		SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS		0022 010 076		USS	0,etc.	
TxDOT	July, 2013	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT Dw:		TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ

178

ROAD ROAD WORK WORK AHEAD AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48"  $\langle \cdot \rangle$ CW20-1D ♡ | ♡ ♡ | ♡ 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED 1000 F1 CW21-5bL 48" X 48" OR Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, LEFT SHOULDER oscillating or strobe lights. CLOSED CW21-5aL 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER 1000 FT CLOSED CW16-3aP 30" X 12" CW21-5aL 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5oL 48" X 48" RIGHT SHOULDER **CLOSED** CW21-5aR 48" X 48" -Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Win 30 む い ROAD  $^{\circlearrowleft}$ WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (5-1a) WORK AREA ON SHOULDER WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted eavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted lashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow  $\Diamond$ П lagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *		Spa Chanr	ed Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
40	] 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50	]	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	] " " " ]	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

Conventional Roads Only

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

RIGHT

SHOULDER

CLOSED

CW21-5aR 48" X 48"

RIGHT

SHOULDER

**CLOSED** 

1000 FT

CW16-3aP

30" X 12" OR

RIGHT

SHOULDER

CLOSED 000 FT

CW21-5bR 48" X 48"

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

CW21-5aR 48" X 48"

 $\langle \rangle$   $| \langle \rangle$ 

TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or

Shadow Vehicle with

TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.

**公 | 公** 

 $\Box$ 

TCP (5-1b)

strobe lights.

- K Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	TCP(5-1a)	TCP(5-1b)	TCP(5-1b)					

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

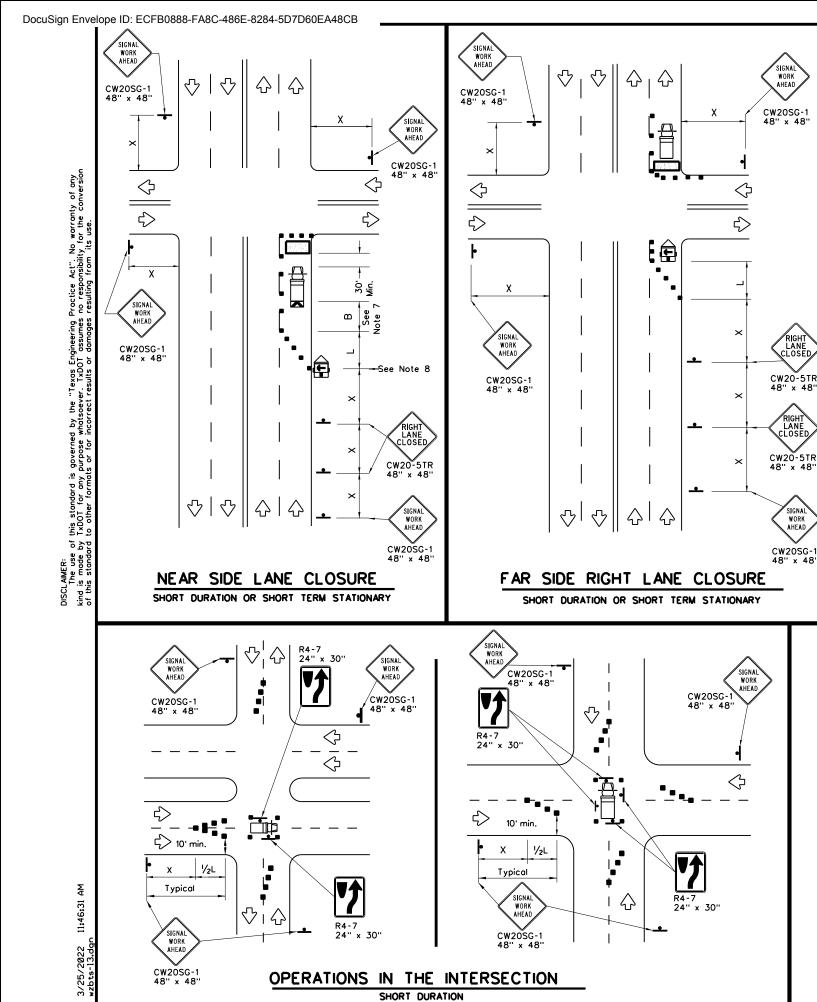


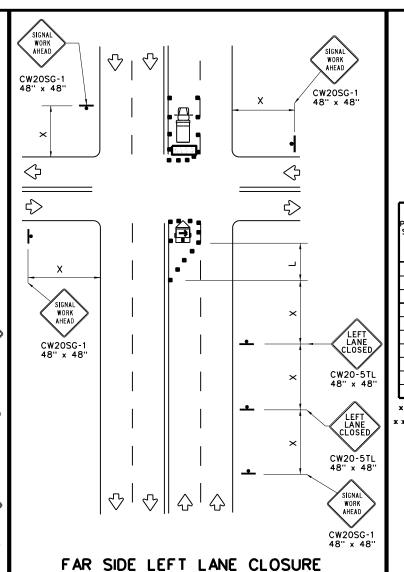
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

LE: tcp5-1-18.dgn			DN:		CK:	DW:	ck:
C) TxDOT	February	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-18		0022	010	076 US90		S90,etc.	
		DIST	COUNTY SH			SHEET NO.	
			22	VAL VERDE.etc.			37





	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	∜	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ŋ	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing ''Y''	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	1 %	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	l <sub>L-WS</sub>	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	
60	] - " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

# GENERAL NOTES

- The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and deligented at all times
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.

SHORT DURATION OR SHORT TERM STATIONARY

- Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

SHEET 1 OF 2



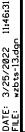
Traffic Operations Division Standard

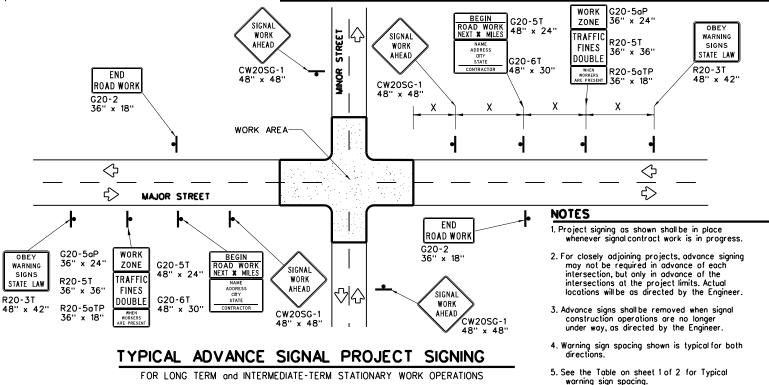
# TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

	_	_				
: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
98 10-99 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
98 3-03	22	VAL VERDE.etc. 38				

114





# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

# **DURATION OF WORK**

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 6G.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- . Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such os heavy milblack plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not be used to cover signs.
- 3. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.  $\label{eq:continuous} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarray} % \beg$
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- 6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

	•				
LEGEND					
Sign					
■ Channelizing Devices					
	Type 3 Barricade				

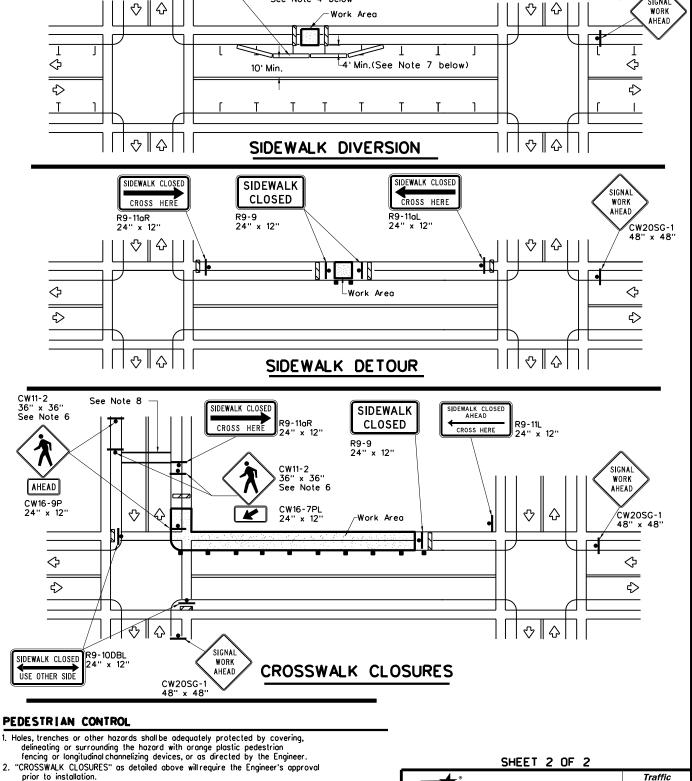
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

"Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot\_library/publications/construction.htm



Temporary Traffic Barrier

Note 4 below

- R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown.
- For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations.
- Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 Barricades shown.
- The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical.
- Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items
- When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated, temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian



Operations Division Standard

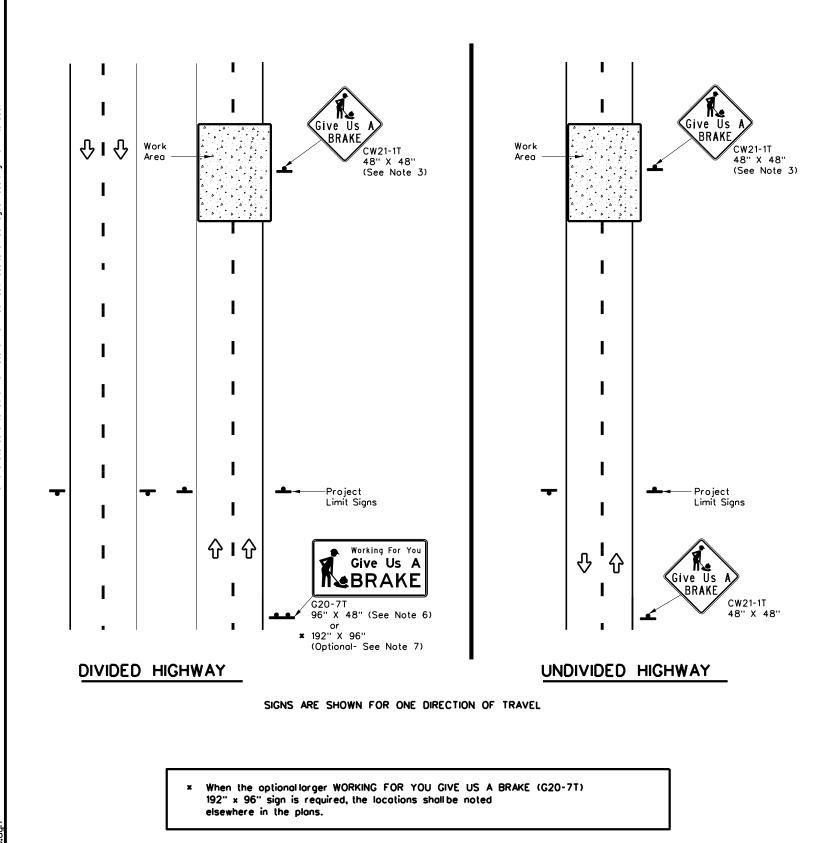
CW20SG-1

SIGNA

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

WZ(BTS-2)-13

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO wzbts-13.dan April 1992 JOB TxDOT 0022 010 076 US90,etc. 2-98 10-99 7-13 4-98 3-03 22 VAL VERDE,etc.



	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS								
BACKGROUND SIGN COLOR DESIGNATION		SIGN	SIGN DIMENSIONS	REFLECTIVE SHEETING	SQ FT	GALVANIZED STRUCTURAL STEEL			DRILLED SHAFT
COLOR	DESIGNATION		DIMICIAZIONA	3112211110		Size	(LF	$\overline{}$	24" DIA. (LF)
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B <sub>FL</sub> or C <sub>FL</sub>	32	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A BRAKE	192" X 96"	Type B <sub>FL</sub> or C <sub>FL</sub>	128	W8×18	16	17	12

▲ See Note 6 Below

LEGEND				
Sign				
Large Sign				
⟨→ Traffic Flow				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub>
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.



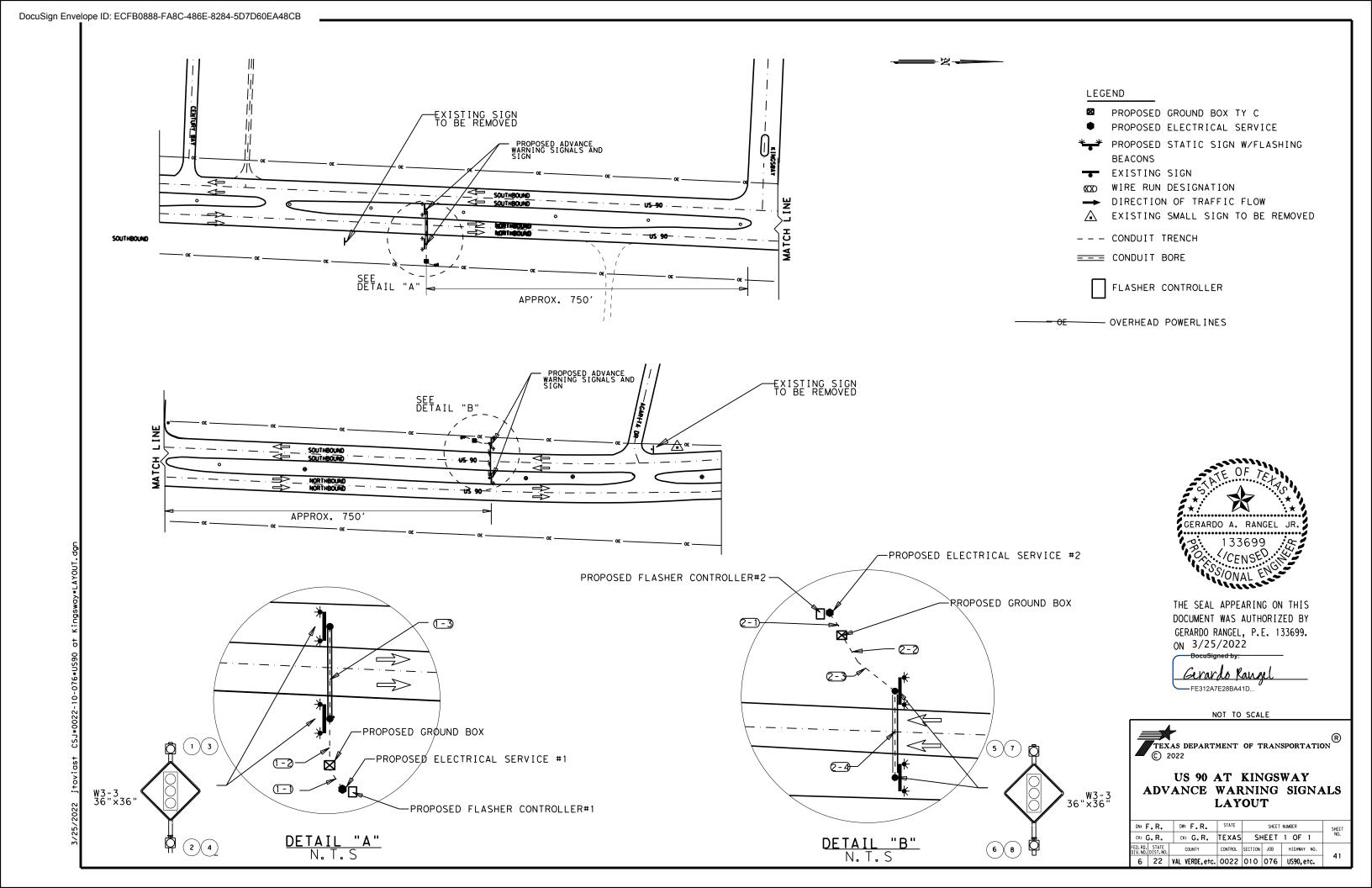
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE
"GIVE US A BRAKE"
SIGNS

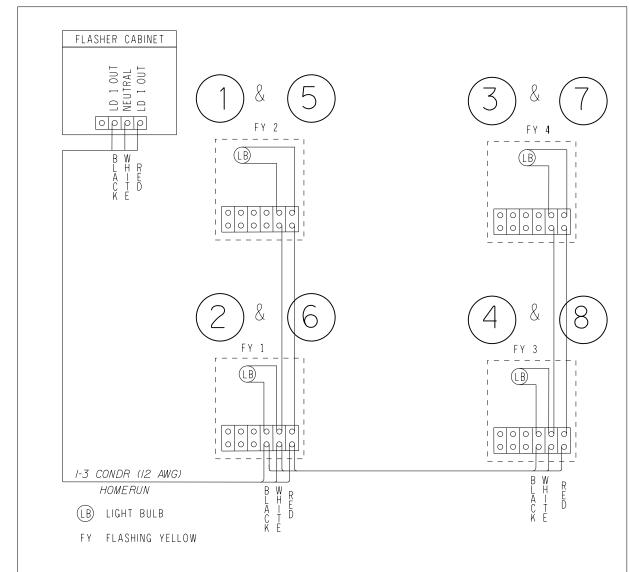
WZ(BRK)-13

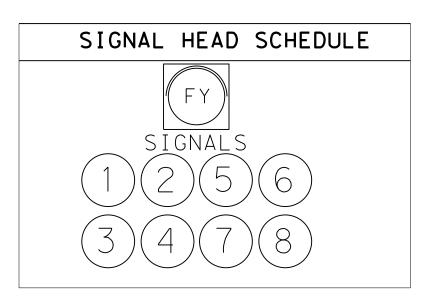
-96 3-03	22	VA	L VERD	E,et	c.	40
-96 5-98 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
TxDOT August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
LE: wzbrk-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT

116



# TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM





						PRO	POSED E	LECTRICAL SERVICE DATA				
SERVICE POLE NO.		SERVICE CONDU	SERVICE CONDU CTORS NO./SIZ E	SAFETY SWITCH			TWO-PO LE CONTR ACTOR AMPS	PANELBD./ LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BKR POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	KVA LOAD
US 90 /KINGSWAY 1	TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	FLASHING BEACON	1P/20	2	0.24
US90 /KINGSWAY 2	TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	FLASHING BEACON	1P/20	2	0.24

	E	LECTRICA	AL RUNS							
ITEM	RUN NUMBER	1-1	1-2	1-3	2-1	2-2	2-3	2-4	EXTRA	TOTAL
ITEIVI	RUN LENGTH (LF)	8	78	46	5	26	44	43	(LF)	IOIAL
CONDUIT	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (2")	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	161
CONDOIT	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 80) (2") (BORE)	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	89
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (3 CONDR)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		250
	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	260
	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) INSULATED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	20



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022

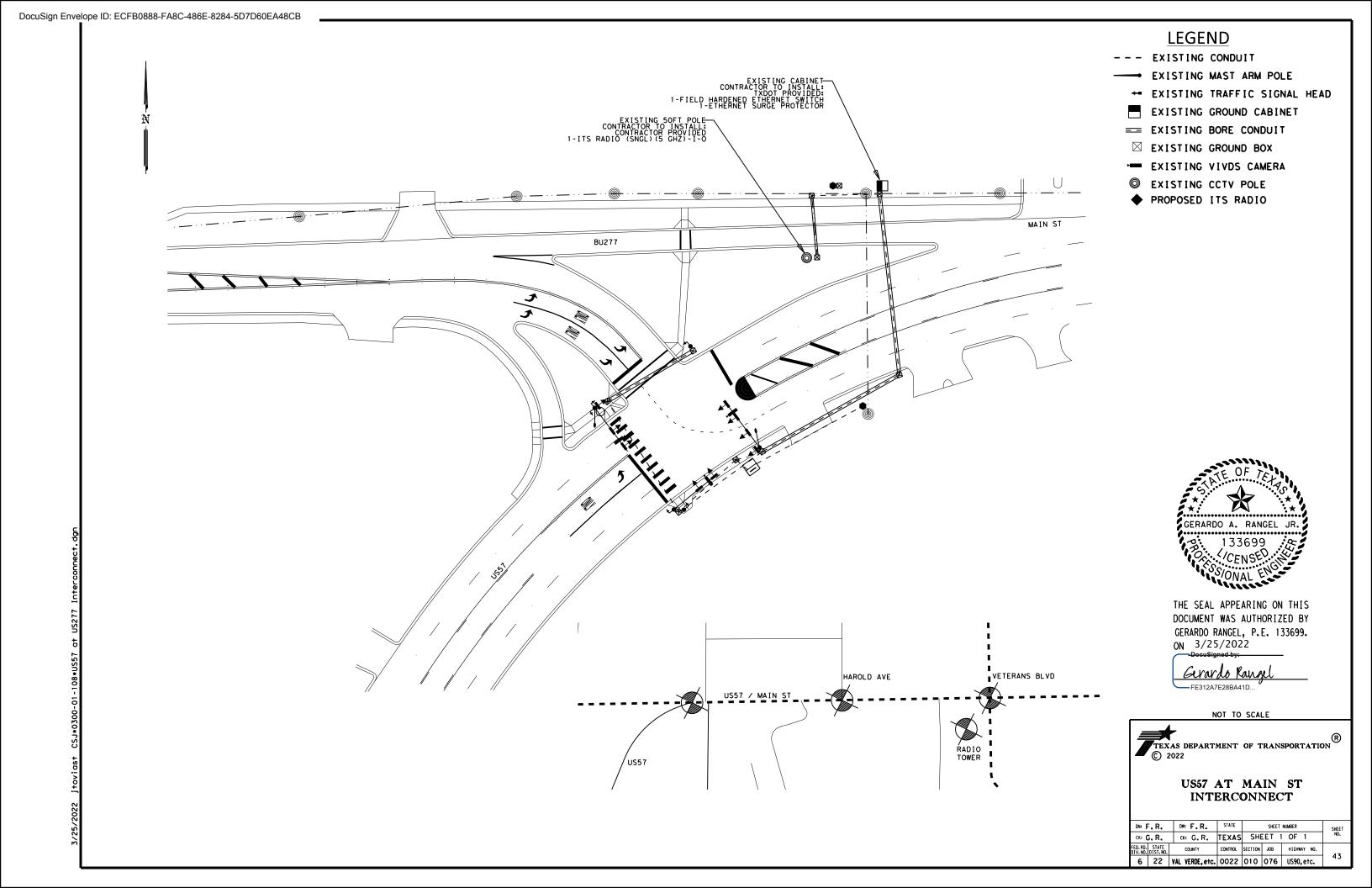


NOT TO SCALE



# US 90 AT KINGSWAY ADVANCE WARNING SIGNALS WIRING DIAGRAM

DN:	F. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK: (	3. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	EET	1 OF 1	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	40
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	42



# NOTES:

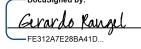
- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE FOLLOWING TXDOT PROVIDED EQUIPMENT IN EXISTING POLES & CABINET: FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH, AND ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTORS.
- 2. FOR PROPOSED WIRELESS COMMUNICATION PATH & PROPOSED RADIO @ EAGLE PASS TOWER SEE COMMUNICATION LAYOUT SHEET.
- 3. VIVDS CAM ASSY 360 CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE LAYOUT OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER.CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 4. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES.



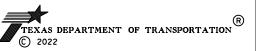
**LEGEND** 

EXISTING GROUND CABINET

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022

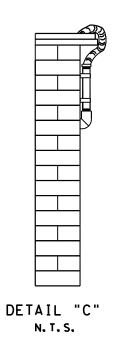


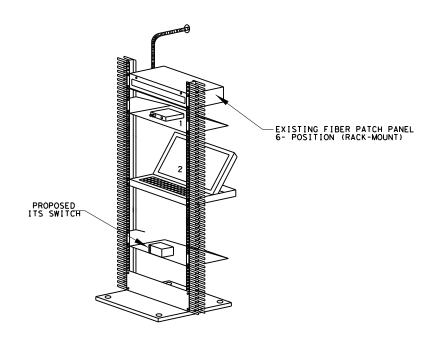
NOT TO SCALE



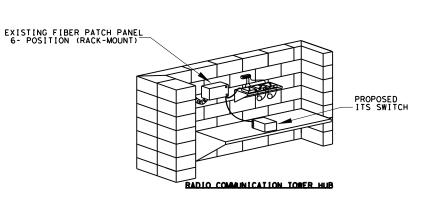
# US 57 AT HAROLD AVE INTERCONNECT

DN:	F.R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK: (	G.R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SHE	ET 1	OF 1	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	44

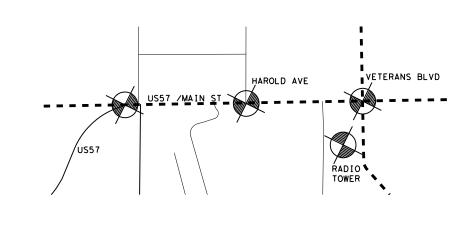


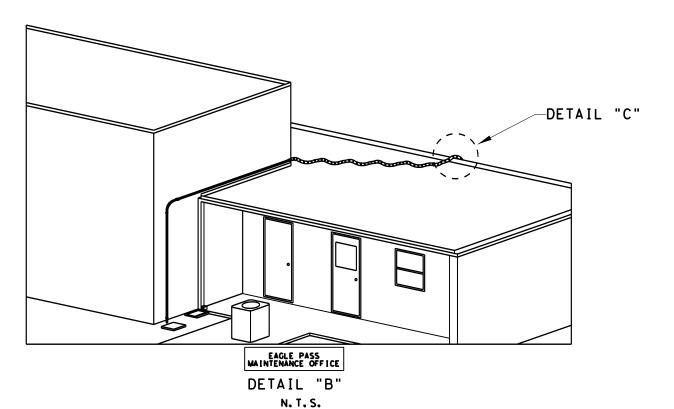


DETAIL "D"



BUILDING INTERIOR N.T.S.



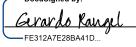


# NOTES:

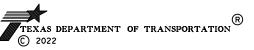
 RADIO MOUNTING HARDWARE AND MOUNTING ON EXISTING TOWER TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM (6062-6017) ITS RADIO (SNGL) (5 GHZ) I-O



DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699.
ON 3/25/2022



NOT TO SCALE



# EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER INTERCONNECT

DN:	F. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET		
CK: G.R. CK:			TEXAS	N/					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	47		
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	usgo, etc.	47		

PROPOSED ITS RADIO

US57 @ MAIN ST

-REMOTE RADIO

TS I

CONTROLLER

EPC-

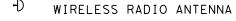
SWITCH

(FHS)

EXISTING TRAFFIC

SIGNAL CABINET

# LEGEND



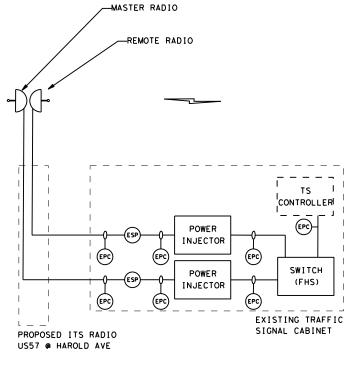
ETHERNET PATCH CORD

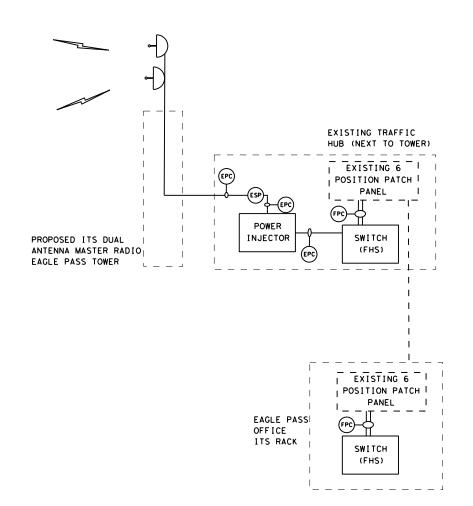
ETHERNET SURGE PROTECTOR

FIELD HARDENED SWITCH

FIBER PATCH CABLE NEW EQUIPMENT

\_\_\_\_ EXISTING EQUIPMENT





INTERCONNECT EAGLE PASS OFFICE TOWER



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022

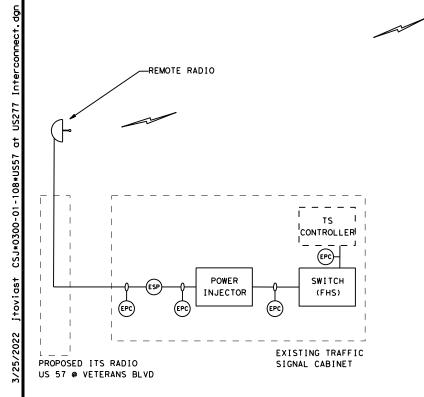


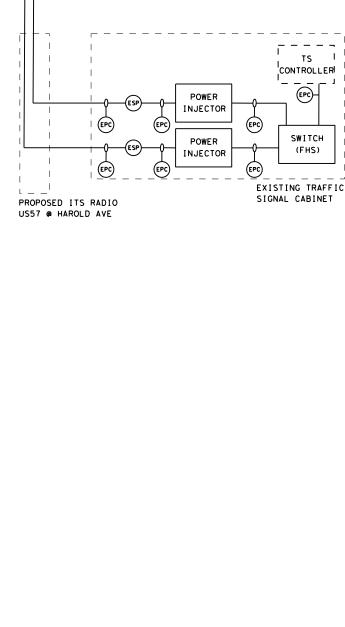
NOT TO SCALE

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

US 57 INTERCONNECT COMMUNICATION LAYOUT

DN: F.R. DW: F.R. CK: G.R. TEXAS SHEET 1 OF 1 COUNTY CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO. 6 22 VAL VERDE, etc. 0022 010 076 US90, etc.





EXISTING MAST ARM POLE

← EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD

EXISTING GROUND CABINET

**EXISTING BORE CONDUIT** 

EXISTING VIVDS CAMERA

PROPOSED 360 VIVDS

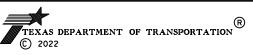
- PROPOSED CCTV CAMERA



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022

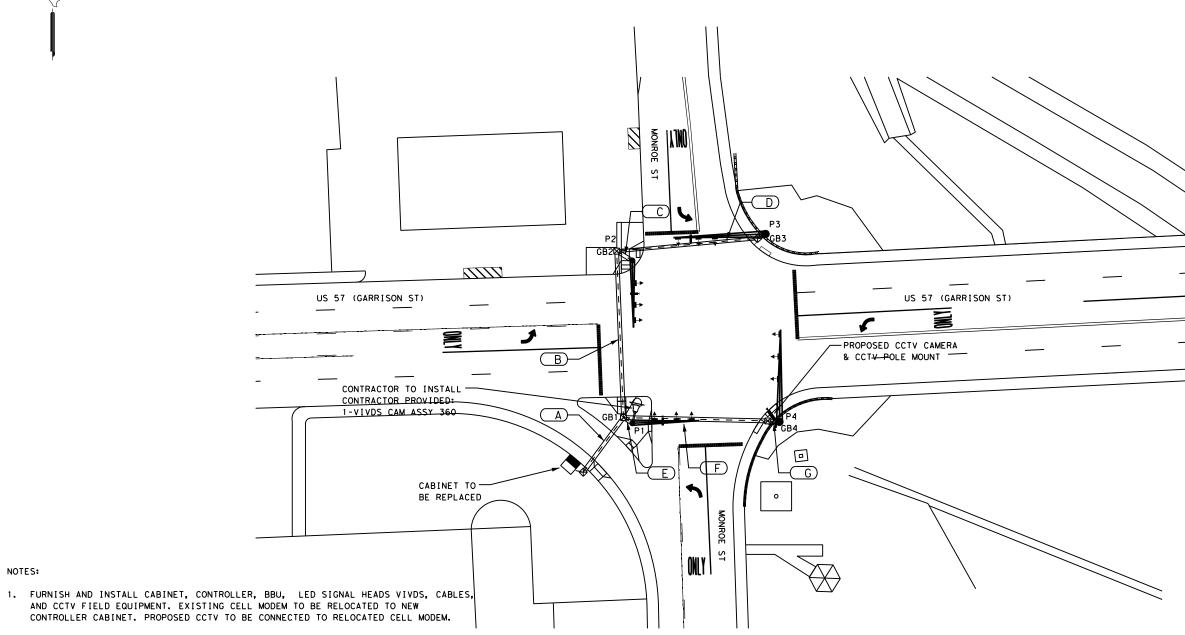


NOT TO SCALE



US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT** 

SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET		STATE	DW: F.R.	. R.	DN: F
NO.	1 OF 3	EET	SHI	TEXAS	ck: G.R.	G. R.	ск: <b>(</b>
40	HIGHWAY NO.	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL	COUNTY	STATE DIST. NO.	FED. RD. DIV. NO.
49	US90, etc.	076	010	0022	VAL VERDE, etc.	22	6



NOTES:

2. EXISTING VIVDS CAMERAS AND ALL CABLES TO BE REMOVED.

3. ALL SIGNAL HEADS WILL HAVE BACKPLATES WITH 2" YELLOW REFLECTOR TAPE.

4. VIVDS CAM ASSY 360 CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE LAYOUT OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER. CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

5. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES.

\*\* LIMITS FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS IS APPROX. 500' IN EACH DIRECTION FROM THE INTERSECTION

VIII.

**EZA**-2B-

> • **⊙**⁴

> > PP1 回

US 57 (GARRISON ST)

- FURNISH AND INSTALL CABINET, CONTROLLER, LED SIGNAL HEADS, VIVDS, CABLES, AND CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT. EXISTING CELL MODEM TO BE RELOCATED TO NEW CONTROLLER CABINET. PROPOSED CCTV TO BE CONNECTED TO RELOCATED CELL MODEM.
- 2. EXISTING VIVDS CAMERAS AND ALL CABLES TO BE REMOVED.
- 3. ALL SIGNAL HEADS WILL HAVE BACKPLATES WITH 2" YELLOW REFLECTOR TAPE.
- 4. VIVDS CAM ASSY 360 CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE LAYOUT OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL COMMUNICATION CABLE FROM PROPOSED CAMERA TO SIGNAL CONTROLLER. CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S
- 5. VERIFY WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION TO AVOID CONFLICT OR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES.
- \*\* LIMITS FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS IS APPROX. 500' IN EACH DIRECTION FROM THE INTERSECTION

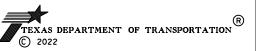
- --- EXISTING CONDUIT
- → EXISTING MAST ARM POLE
  - ← EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD
  - EXISTING GROUND CABINET
  - **EXISTING BORE CONDUIT**
  - □ EXISTING GROUND BOX
  - EXISTING VIVDS CAMERA
  - PROPOSED 360 VIVDS
  - PROPOSED ITS CAMERA



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022



NOT TO SCALE



# US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT**

DN:	F.R.	DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET	NUMBER	SHEET
CK:	G.R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SH	EET	2 OF 3	NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	50

⊆
8
٠.
5
õ
Š
ĭ
*
ō
တ
Garri
눔
ၓ
*Monroe at (
ø
ု
È
₽
_
*
<u>*</u>
109
-109
1-109
1-109
1-109
1-109
*0300-01-109
1*0300-01-109
1*0300-01-109
*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109
1*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109
CSJ*0300-01-109

			E	LECT	RICAL	SCHE	DULE	TAB	LE													
DESCRIPTION	RUN NUMBER	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	P1A	P1B	P1C	P2A	P2B	P2C	РЗА	Р3В	РЗС	P4A	P4B	P4C		OTAL
DEGORII TION	RUN LENGTH (LF)	35	90	7	70	7	75	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12		QTY
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (2 CONDR)	8	4	2	2	2	2	2													*	1002
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (4 CONDR)	5	3	2	2	2	2	2													*	807
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (5 CONDR)								2	1		2	1		2	1		3	1		*	186
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	174
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (9 CONDR)	4	2	1	1	1	1	1													*	516
GROUND CABLE	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2													*	612
VIVDS	VIVDS 360 COMM CABLE	1				1															*	102
CCTV CAMERA	CCTV CAMERA CABLE**	1					1	1													*	177
REMOVE CABLES	REMOVAL OF CABLES																					3290
CONDUIT	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2														582

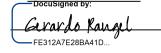
\* QUANTITIES INCLUDE CABLE IN CABINET, GROUND BOXES, MAST ARMS, AND POLE HEIGHTS.

\*\* FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY.

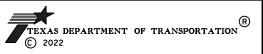
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	HEAD SCHEDULE	
PRO	POSED	TO BE REM	OVED
12" R SY FY G 11 3 7 8	12" RYG 1 2 4 5 6 9 10 12 13	12" R SY FY G (11)(3)  12" R)()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()(	12" RYG  1 2 4  5 6 9  10 12 13



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022



NOT TO SCALE



US 57 AT MONROE ST TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT

DN: F	. R.	DW: F.R.	STATE	STATE SHEET NUMBER			SHEET	
CK: <b>(</b>	G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	SHEET :		3 OF 3	NO.	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	<b>-</b> ,	
6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90, etc.	51	

LEGEND

- EXISTING GROUND BOX
- PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD
- EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE
- PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICE
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET
- EXISTING VIVDS
- PROPOSED 360 VIVIDS
- PROPOSED CCTV CAMERA
- EXISTING SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA
- EXISTING SIGN
- PROPOSED SIGN
- DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC
- EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022



NOT TO SCALE

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL **IMPROVEMENT** 

CK: G.R. TEXAS SHEET 1 OF 2 CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO. 6 22 VAL VERDE, etc. 0022 010 076 US90, etc.

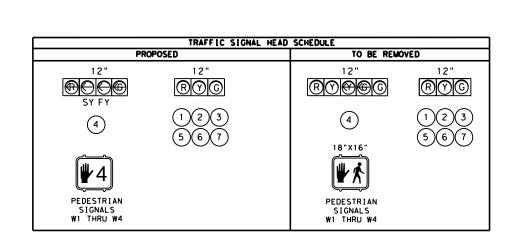
- 1. FURNISH AND INSTALL LED SIGNAL HEADS, PEDESTRIAN LED SIGNAL

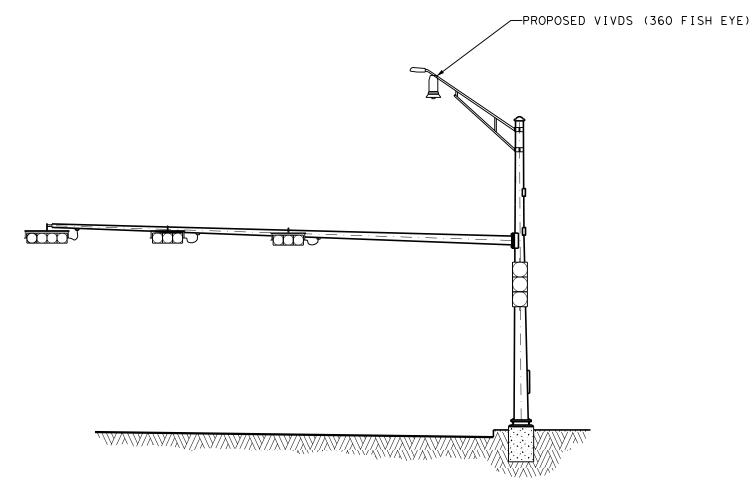
$\overline{}$
~
_
-
_
~
3443*
2
+
t
C
_
5
_
2
*
~
C
_
ĭ
ĭ
ĭ
-
5
-
-10
-10
-10
-10
-10
-10
-10
-
-10
-10
-10
-10
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
-10
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
1*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-
- 1+0vius+ CS.I*1229-01-
- 1+0vius+ CS.I*1229-01-
- 1+0vius+ CS.I*1229-01-
- 1+0vius+ CS.I*1229-01-
- 1+0vius+ CS.I*1229-01-
-10-8-21*1229-01-

	ELECTRIC	CAL S	CHED	ULE 1	TABLE	<b>=</b>									
DESCRIPTION	RUN NUMBER		В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	P1	P2	TOTA	L QTY
DESCRIPTION	RUN LENGTH (LF)	8	40	37	7 5	112	5	91	4	38	8	30	30	IOIA	LQII
VIVDS CABLE	VIVDS 360 COMM CABLE		1	1	1							1		*	112
ITS CCTV CABLE	CCTV CAMERA CABLE**		1	1				1	1				1	*	202
ILLUMINATION	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	1	1	1	1			1	1			1	1	*	245
POWER	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) INSULATED	2												*	16
POWER	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1			*	637
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (2 CONDR)		4	4	4	1	1	1		1	1			*	582
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (4 CONDR)		4	4	4	1	1	1		1	1			*	582
SIGNAL CABLE	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (5 CONDR)											2	4	*	180
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)												1	*	30
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (9 CONDR)		3	3	1			2	2					*	426
REMOVE CABLES	REMOVAL OF CABLES			, in the second											3730
CONDUIT	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1				637

SIGN SCHEDULE							
TO BE REMOVED	PROPOSED						
VETERANS BLVD  S1 S3  EL INDIO HWY  S4	Veterans    S1 S3						

\* QUANTITIES INCLUDE CABLE IN CABINET, GROUND BOXES, MAST ARMS, AND POLE HEIGHTS.







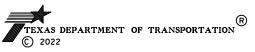
	PROPOSED ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
SERVICE			TWO-POLE	PANELBD./ LOADCENTER			BRANCH	KVA				
POLE NO.	SERVICE POLE DESCRIPTION	SIZE	NO./SIZE	SWITCH	SWITCH AMP/FUSE		CONTRACTOR AMPS	AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	CKT. BKR POLE/AMPS	CIRCUIT AMPS	I ()AI)
1	TY D 120/240 060 (NS) GS (L) SP (O)	1 1/2"	3/#4 AWG	N/A	N/A	60	30	100	TRAFFIC SIGNAL	1P/50	20	2.74
'	11 12 120/240 000 (110) 00 (2) 01 (0)	1 1/2	Om4 AWC	14/73	10/7	00	00	100	SAFETY LIGHTING	2P/20	1.42	2.17



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY GERARDO RANGEL, P.E. 133699. ON 3/25/2022



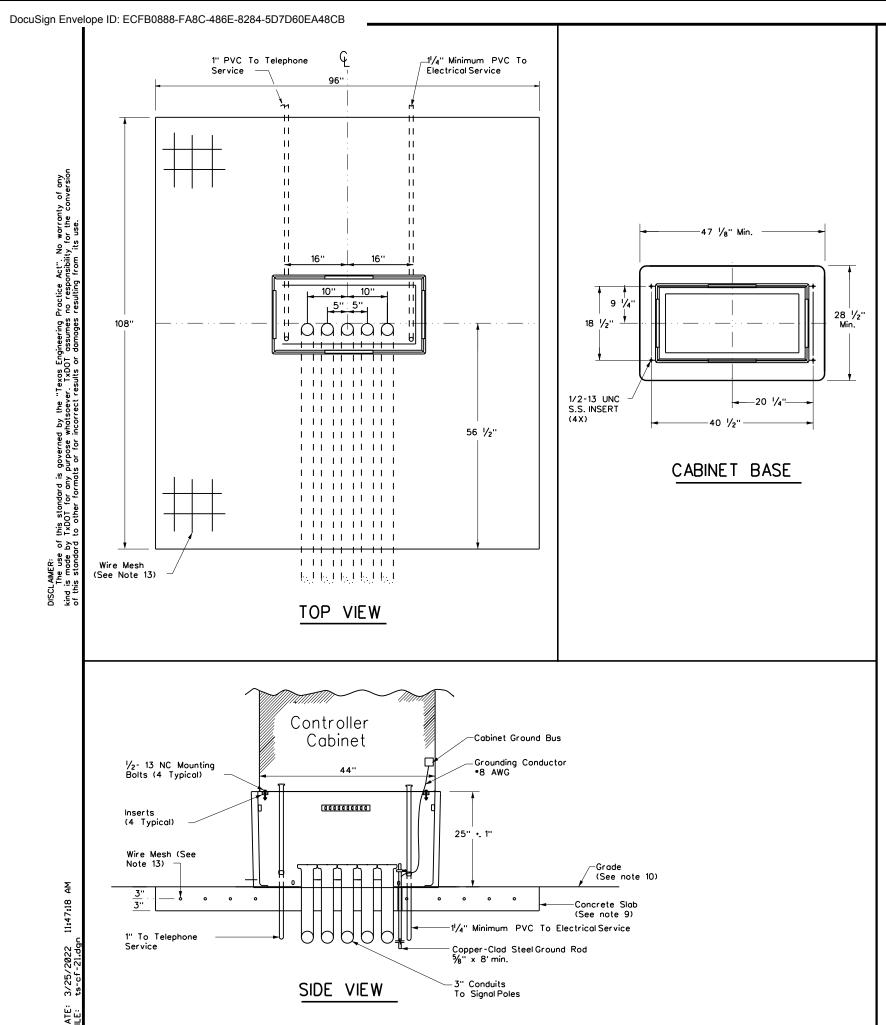
NOT TO SCALE



# FM 1021 AT FM 3443 TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT

	DN: F.R.		DW: F.R.	STATE		SHEET		
Ī	ск: <b>(</b>	G. R.	ck: G.R.	TEXAS	AS SHEET		2 OF 2	NO.
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	53
	6	22	VAL VERDE, etc.	0022	010	076	US90,etc.	

<sup>\*\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY.



# TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER BASE:

- Provide a traffic signal controller base (cabinet base) manufactured of polymer concrete material consisting
  of calcareous and siliceous stone: glass fibers and thermoset polyester resin. The polymer concrete cabinet
  base must be reinforced on the inside of the cabinet base with fiberglass matting. Provide one of the
  following bases: Armorcast Part A6001848X24, Quazite Model PG3048Z709, or other as approved by TxDOT
  Traffic Safety Division.
- 2. The polymer concrete material must have a minimum compressive strength of 10,300 pounds per square inch (psi), minimum flexural strength of 3600 psi, and minimum shear strength of 3600 psi.
- 3. The polymer concrete cabinet base must conform to the dimensions shown and must accommodate a standard TyDOT basemount cabinet
- 4. Supply the cabinet base with four 1°2"-13 UNC stainless steel inserts for attachment of the cabinet to the base. Inserts must withstand a minimum torque of 50 ft-lb and a minimum straight pull out strength of 750 lbs.
- 5. Provide the cabinet base with 4 cable racks mounted one on each side of the base 2" to 7 " from the top edge of the base. Unless approved otherwise, cable racks must be 1-1/2 x 9\*16x 3\*16inch steel channel with eight T-slots spaced at 1-1/2 inches. The cable racks must easily accommodate the insertion of tie wraps to attach field wiring to the racks to serve as strain relief. Secure cable racks to the base using 1\*2"-13 UNC stainless steel screws and inserts.
- 6. The cabinet base, when secured to the concrete slab with controller cabinet attached, must withstand a minimum wind load of 125 mph or a 850 lb force applied at 49" above the bottom of the base without causing the base or cabinet to come out of their anchored position or cause any permanent deformation. The manufacturer must supply certification by an independent testing laboratory or sealed by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Provide the cabinet base with hardware for attachment to a concrete slab.
- 7. The traffic signal base must be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink with the manufacturer's model number and name or logo.
- 8. Seal the base to the concrete with a silicone caulk bead and fastened to the slab per manufacturer's instructions

# CONCRETE SLAB:

- 9. Traffic signal controller pad must be a portland cement concrete slab poured in place, must conform to the dimensions shown, and must be level.
- 10. Grade earthwork such that it is flush with the concrete pad on all four sides, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Subsidiary to ITEM 680, four inch rip rap may be used in lieu of earthwork. Slopes shall gradually contour to match plans.
- 11. Bond a \*8 AWG copper ground wire and an 8 ft ground rod bonded to the reinforcing mesh by a suitable UL Listed clamp and terminated to the cabinet grounding bus for the purpose of providing a local ground for the electrical grounding conductor. The electrical grounding conductor specified in Item 680-3.A.4 is required and must be terminated to the cabinet ground bus.
- 12. Install a PVC sleeve to prevent the ground rod from direct embedment in the slab.
- 13. Provide welded wire mesh 6X6-W2.9 X W2.9 for reinforcement. Provide joints and splices in the mesh with a minimum 6-inch overlap. Center the mesh between top and bottom and provide a minimum 3 inch cover on the edges.
- 14. Provide Class B concrete minimum for the slab in accordance with Item 421. Construct the slab in accordance with Item 531.

# CONDUITS:

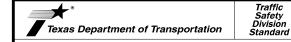
- 15. Stub up and run 3-inch conduits through the slab to the various traffic signal poles and ground boxes as shown on the layouts. Install the number of conduits as shown on layouts plus two additional 3 inch conduits for future use. Terminate the conduits with a bushing between 2 and 4-inches above the slab.
- 16. Extend conduits for future use at least 18-inches from the edge of the slab, terminate underground with a coupling, and cap and seal so that the seal can be removed without damaging the coupling. This must also apply to unused telephone conduit.
- 17. Stub up two separate conduits through the slab from the electrical and telephone services. Run the conduit for the electrical feed directly to the electrical service enclosure. Run the conduit for the telephone line directly to the telephone service, usually located on the same pole as the electrical service. Telephone must not under any circumstance share a conduit with any other function.
- 18. Terminate electric and telephone conduits above the slab with a coupling. After the base is installed, extend the conduits above the top of the base and secure to the base using a steel one-hole strap or similar suitable substitute.

# CONTROLLER CABINET:

- 19. Anchor the controller cabinet to the base using four stainless steel  $1/2-13\,$  NC bolts.
- 20. The silicone coulk bead specified in Item 680.3.B must be RTV 133.

# **PAYMENT:**

21. Bid TS-CF as subsidiary to Item 680.



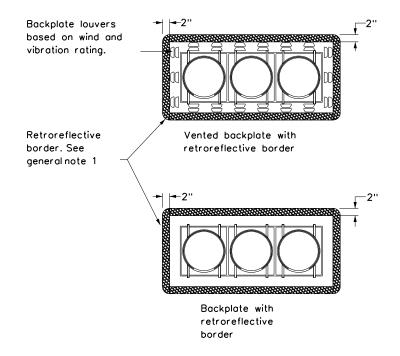
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
CONTROLLER CABINET
BASE AND PAD

**TS-CF-21** 

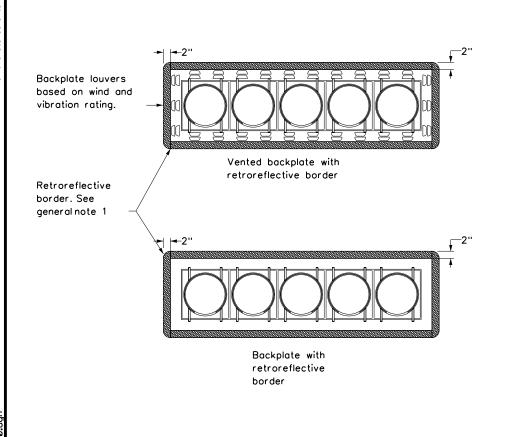
FILE: ts-cf-21.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	ck:
© TxD0T	October 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
12-04	REVISIONS	0022	010	076	ι	JS90,etc.
2-21		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	V.	AL VERD	Fetc	54

132

Σ

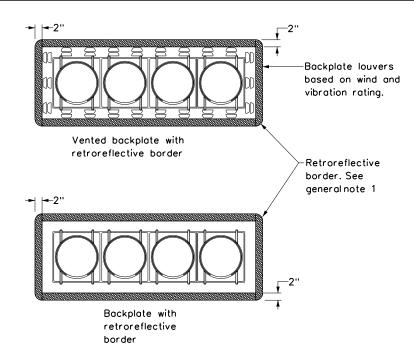


# THREE-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL

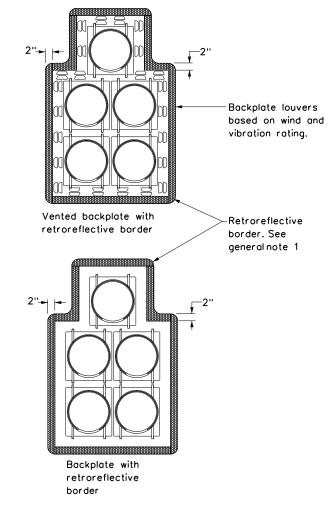


FIVE-SECTION HEAD

HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



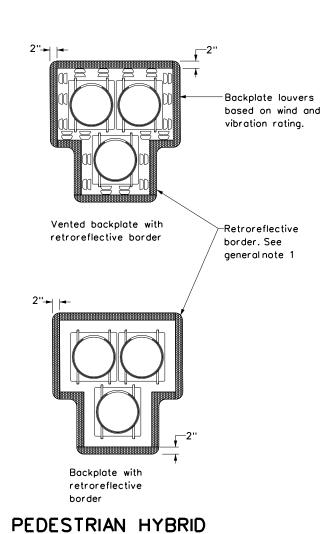
# FOUR-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FIVE-SECTION HEAD
CLUSTER

# GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B or & retræreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used.
- 2. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation.
- 3. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.
- 4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers.
- 5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to:
  - Pole mounted
  - Overhead mounted
  - Span wire mounted
  - Mast arm mounted
  - Vertical signal heads
  - Horizontal signal heads
  - 1 nonzontal signameads
  - Clustered signal heads
  - Pedestrian hybrid beacons



**BEACON** 



TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD WITH BACKPLATE Traffic Safety Division Standard

TS-BP-20

	_					
FILE: ts-bp-20.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
© TxDOT June 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS 0022 010		076		US90,etc.		
	DIST COUNTY S		SHEET NO.			
	22	V	AL VERD	E,e	tc.	55

# SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES

(Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

# SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

FRP - Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT - Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT)) 10BWG • 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 - Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

# Number of Posts (1 or 2)

### Anchor Type

UA - Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- UB Universal Anchor Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- WS . Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

within a 7 ft. circle.

posts should be located

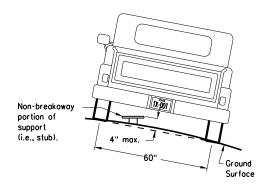
- WP Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

# Sign Mounting Designation

- P Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
- T Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- 1EXT or 2EXT Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM \* Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 \*/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

# EXAL • Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Sian Pane

Universal Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

4 1/2"

Sian Bolt

Approximate Bolt Length

Specific Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

3"

Not Acceptable

Acceptable

diameter

circle

Back-to-Back

Signs

# SIGN LOCATION

# PAVED SHOULDERS

BEHIND BARRIER

2 ft min\*\*

Travel

\*\*3 . 2 0 2

possible

Trovel

Lane

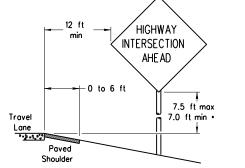
factors

lane as practical.

Paved

Paved

Shoulder



# LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

**HIGHWAY** 

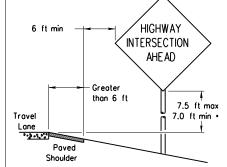
INTERSECTION

Guard

BEHIND GUARDRAIL

**AHE AD** 

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travellane.



# GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

**HIGHWAY** 

INTERSECTION

Concrete

Borrier

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

HIGHWAY

AHE AD

INTERSECTION

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

7.5 ft max

Right-of-way restrictions may be created

by rocks, water, vegetation, forest,

buildings, a narrow island, or other

In situations where a lateral restriction

prevents the minimum horizontal clearance

from the edge of the travellane, signs

should be placed as far from the travel

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by

guardrail or if Engineer determines the

post could not be hit due to extreme

(When 6 ft min, is not possible.)

AHE AD

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

# two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place

as close to ROW as practical.

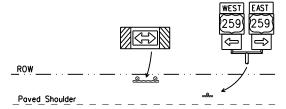
Travel

1.2.1.1

Paved

Shoulde

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane,



T-INTERSECTION

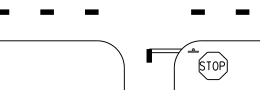
12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

Edge of TravelLane



# · Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travellane or
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is:

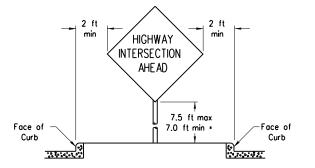
http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

\*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min

# **EAST** Z3713\ 3713 ROAD 7.5 ft max $|\Rightarrow$ LOW 7.0 ft min = When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign. Shoulder



# CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD(GEN)-08

©TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXC	то	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0022	010	076	U	S90,etc.	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	E,etc.	56	

# TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Nylon washer, flat

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,

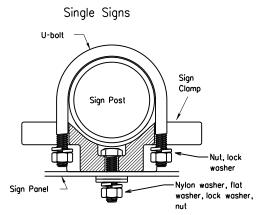
Pipe Diameter

2" nominal

1/2" nominal

washer, lock washer

Clamp Bolt



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

# SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

5 ft min∗

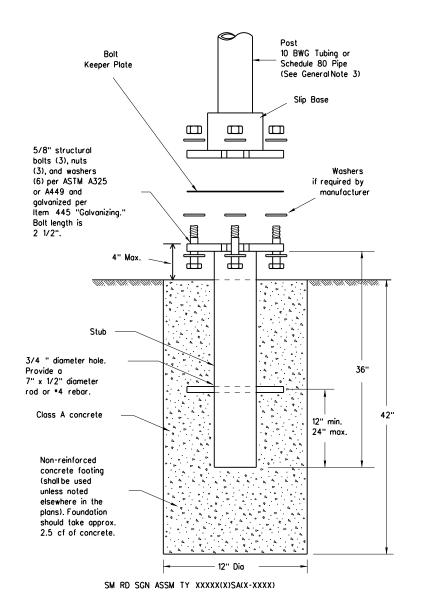
Travel

0.3.5.000

Paved

Shoulder

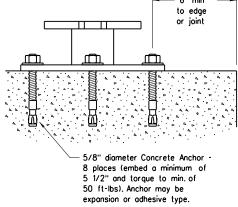
# TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



# NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

# CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

## GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following: 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter) 0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class Á.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

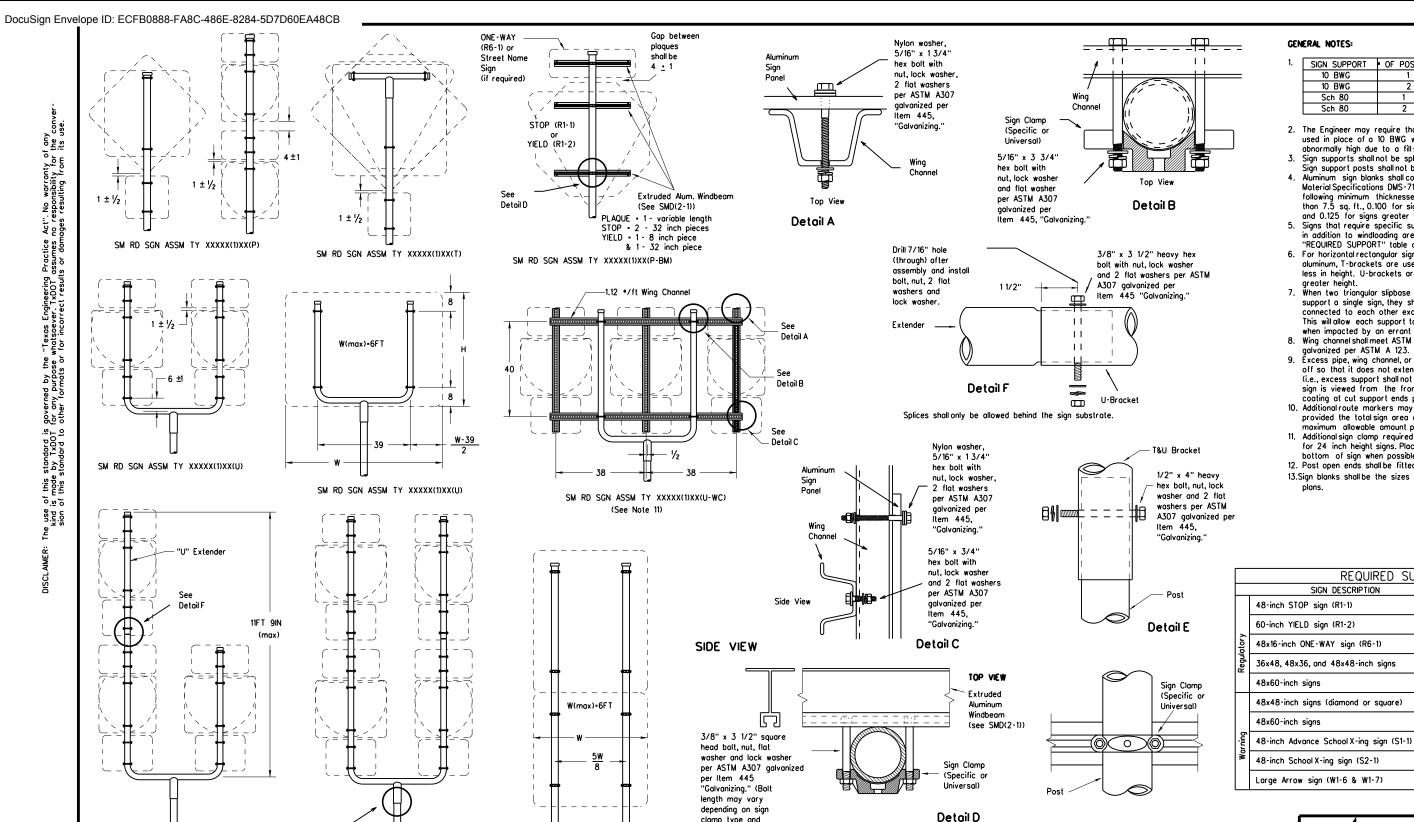
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

(C) TxI	© TxDOT July 2002		ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDO	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
		0022	010	076	L	JS90,etc.
		DIST	COUNTY SHE			SHEET NO.
		22	V	AL VERDI	E,etc.	57



SM RD SGN ASSYM TY XXXXX(2)XX(P)

All dimensions are in english

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(\* - See Note 12)

unless detailed otherwise.

Detail E

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(1)XX(U-2EXT)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(1)XX(U-1EXT)

W(max)=8FT

0.25 H

₹

11:47:19

clamp type and pipe diameter.)

·.05"

Skirt

Depth

Variation

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe O.D.

FRICTION CAP

Pipe 0.D

-.025"•.010"

Pipe O.D.

·.025"·.<u>0</u>10"

DETAIL

1.75" max

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

GENERAL NOTES:

SIGN SUPPORT

10 BWG

10 RWG

Sch 80

Sch 80

• OF POSTS

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is

following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons

in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat

less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to

support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel.

This will allow each support to act independently

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically,

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

bottom of sign when possible.

SIGN DESCRIPTION

provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the

REQUIRED SUPPORT

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above

aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or

Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the

abnormally high due to a fill slope.

MAX. SIGN AREA

32 SF

16 SF

# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

SUPPORT

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY S80(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY S80(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

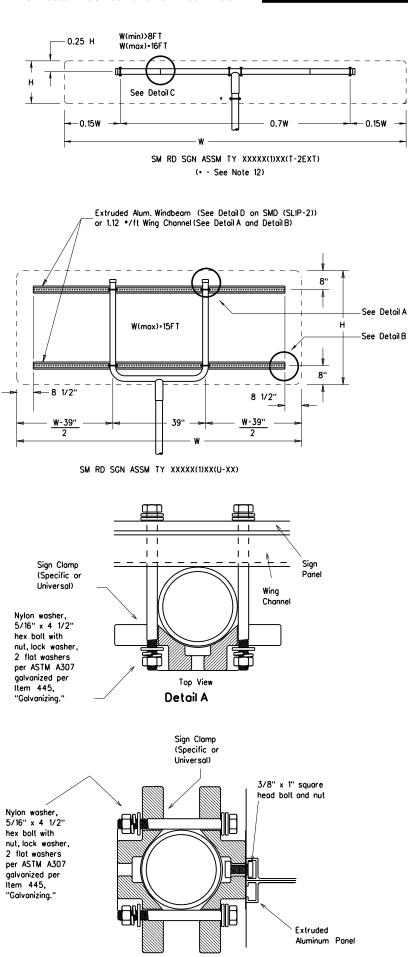
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

(C) TxI	© TxDOT July 2002		от	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	HIGHWAY	
	•	0022	010	076		US	US90,etc.	
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		22	VA	L VERDI	Ē,e	tc.	58	

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

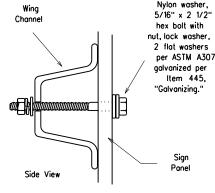
The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

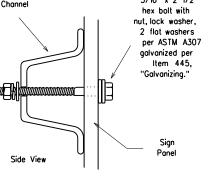


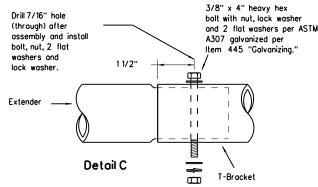
Detail D

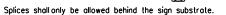
EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET

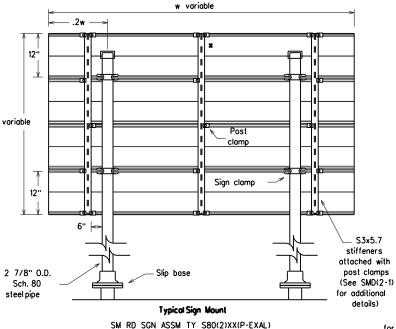


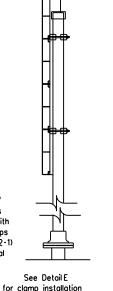
Detail B

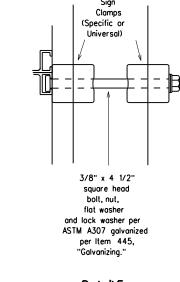












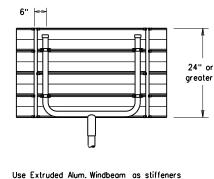
Detail E

**x** Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

6" panel should Sign Clamp be placed at the top of See Detail D sign for proper mounting. Ì Bracket 2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG steel pipe

Extruded Aluminum Sign

With T Bracket



See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See DetailE for clamp installation

## GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	<ul> <li>OF POSTS</li> </ul>	MAX. SIGN AREA				
	10 BWG	1	16 SF				
	10 BWG	2	32 SF				
	Sch 80	1	32 SF				
	Sch 80	2	64 SF				

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

  5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons
- in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- the plans.

  11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regul	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
W	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© Tx[	OOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW: T	XDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS		SECT	JOB		Н	HIGHWAY	
9 00		0022	010	076		US90,etc.		
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		22	V	AL VERDI	E,et	С.	59	

# GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits: metal poles: luminaires: and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

# CONDUIT

# A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
•1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
•2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
•4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
•6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
•8	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.

## B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bellend fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Calvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

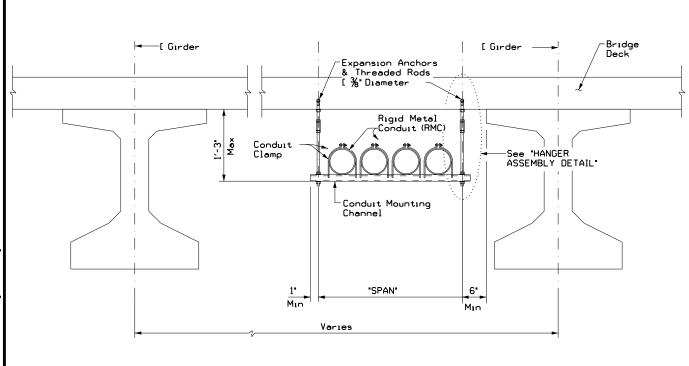


ELECTRICAL DETAILS
CONDUITS & NOTES

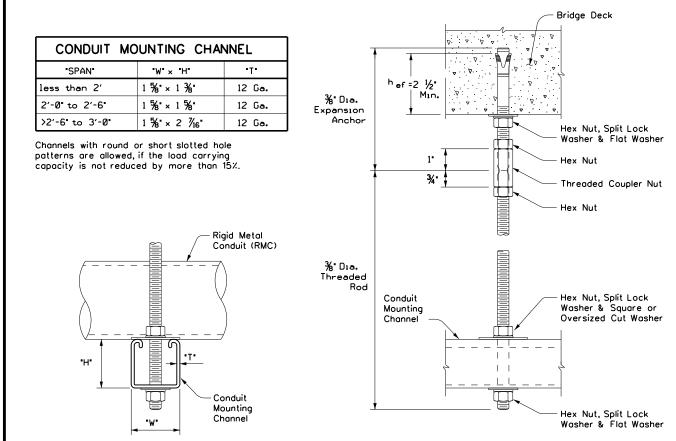
Operation: Division Standard

FD(1)-14

		<b>+ - +</b>	-	•		
:	ed1-14.dgn	DN:	DN: CK: DW:		ck:	
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076	S90,etc.	
		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
		22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	60

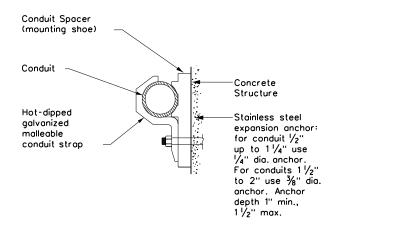


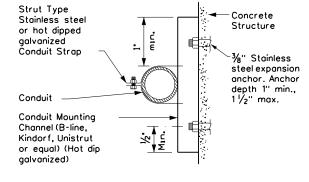
# CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL



HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

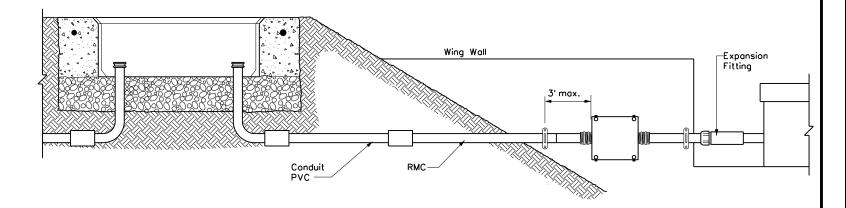
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





# CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

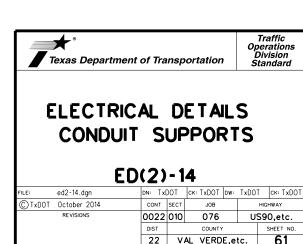
Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

# EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- 1. Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete
- 2. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (ef), as shown. Increase (ef) as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (ef). Non lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



# **ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS**

# A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. post both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tope to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts.
   Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

# C. TEMPORARY WIRING

- 1. Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NFC

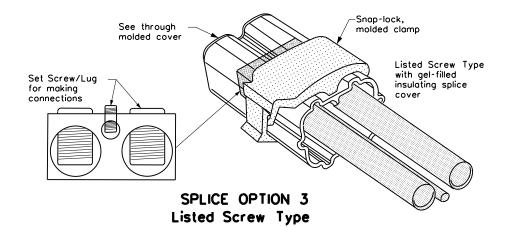
# GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

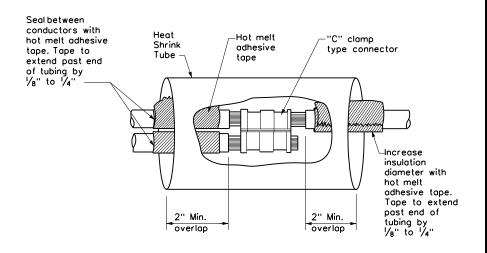
### A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

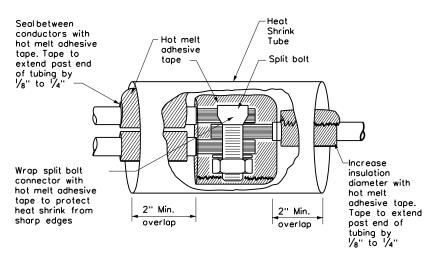
## B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade
- $2.\,\mbox{Do}$  not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

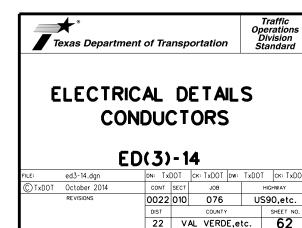


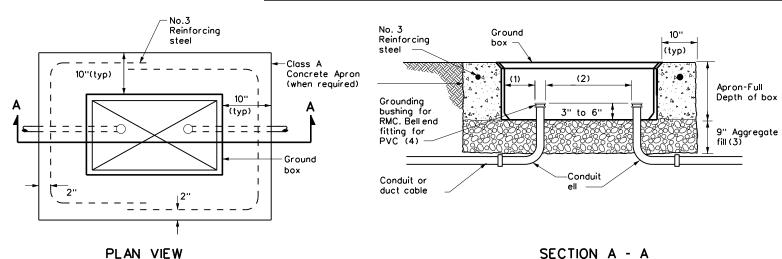


# SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type



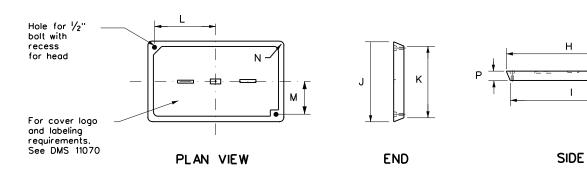


# APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS								
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)							
Α	12 X 23 X 11							
В	12 X 23 X 22							
С	16 X 29 X 11							
D	16 X 29 X 22							
E	12 X 23 X 17							

	GROU	JND B	ox cc	VER I	DIMENS	IONS		
DIMENSIONS (INCHES)								
TYPE	Н	1	J	К	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 1/8	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2



GROUND BOX COVER

# GROUND BOXES

# A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate
  and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coorse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of
  Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at
  least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of
  aggregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



# GROUND BOXES

ED(4)-14

LE:	ed4-14.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	YAWH
REVISIONS		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	V	AL VERD	E,e	tc.	6.3

- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2.Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services,"DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5.The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed \*2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock \*2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock \*2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8.Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that porticular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11.Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC mot exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 2.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 3.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14.When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 5.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

# SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1.Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure
- 2.Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3.Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4.Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

# MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

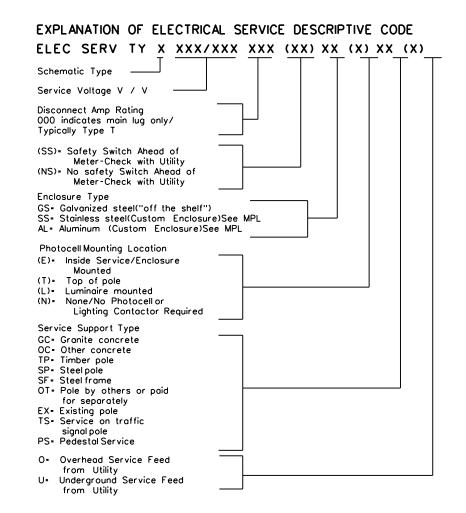
- 1.Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

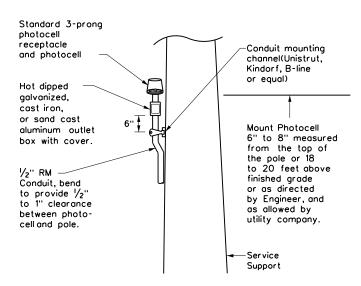
## PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

			* ELE	CTRICAL	SERVIC	E DATA						
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit * * Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/*2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/•6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/•6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

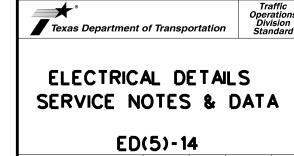
- Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- \* \* Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.





# TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

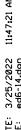


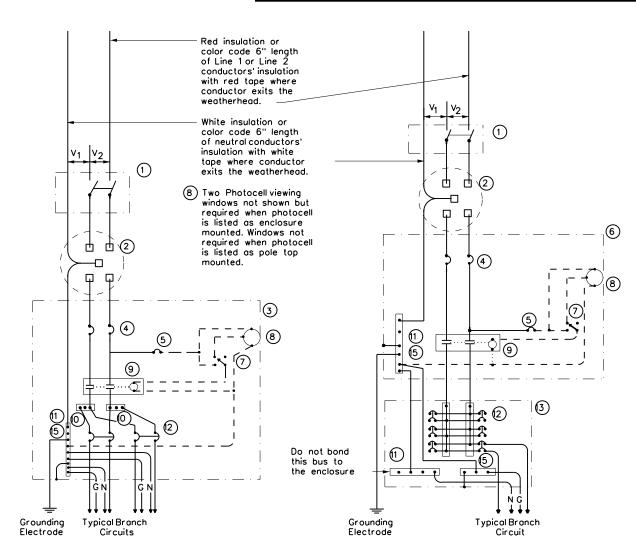
LE: ed5-14.dgn | DN: TxDOT | CK: TxDOT | DW: TxDOT | CK: TxDOT |

☐ TxDOT | October 2014 | CONT | SECT | JOB | HIGHWAY |

REVISIONS | DIST | COUNTY | SHEET NO. |

22 | VAL | VERDE, etc. | 64





SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

THREE WIRE

WIRING LEGEND

Equipment grounding conductor-always

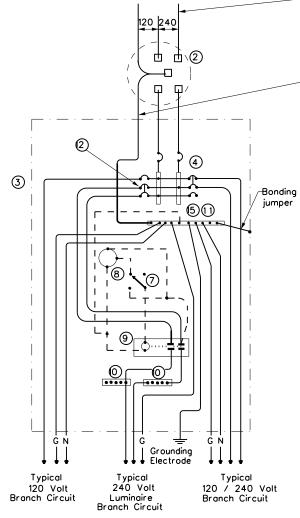
Power Wiring

**Control Wiring** 

**Neutral Conductor** 

SCHEMATIC TYPE C

0 Grounding Typical 240 Volt Typical 120 Volt Luminaire Branch Circuit Branch Circuit SCHEMATIC LEGEND Safety Switch (when required) Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider) Service Assembly Enclosure Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data) Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit) Auxiliary Enclosure Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch) Photo Electric Control (enclosuremounted shown) Lighting Contactor Power Distribution Terminal Blocks



Red insulation or color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2

conductors' insulation with red tope where

conductor exits the

White insulation or

color code 6" length

insulation with white

of neutral conductors'

tape where conductor exits the weatherhead.

weatherhead.

SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

l		

3

10

12

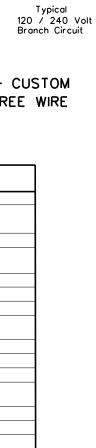
Neutral Bus

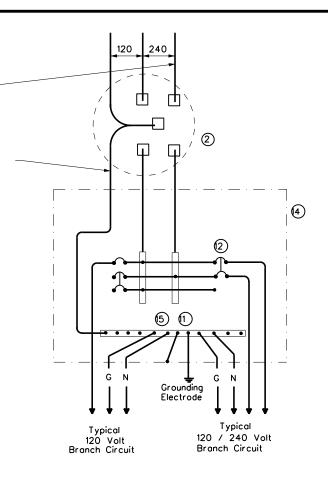
Load Center Ground Bus

Branch Circuit Breaker

(See Electrical Service Data)

Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard





# SCHEMATIC TYPE T 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

ED(6)-14

		DIST		VAL VERDE.etc.			SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS 0022 010		076		US	S90,etc.	
C) TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGH		GHWAY	
ILE:	ed6-14.dgn	DN:   xl	100	ck: [xD0]	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxD0T

# SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

- 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. or  $1\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to  $3\frac{9}{4}$  in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2.Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3.Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x 56 in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \frac{1}{4}$  in. to  $3 \frac{1}{2}$  in. of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide
- 4.Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5.Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of
- 7.Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8.If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to
- 9.Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all nonconductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections

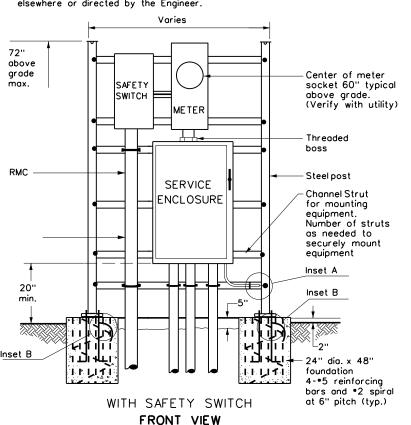
Varies

METER

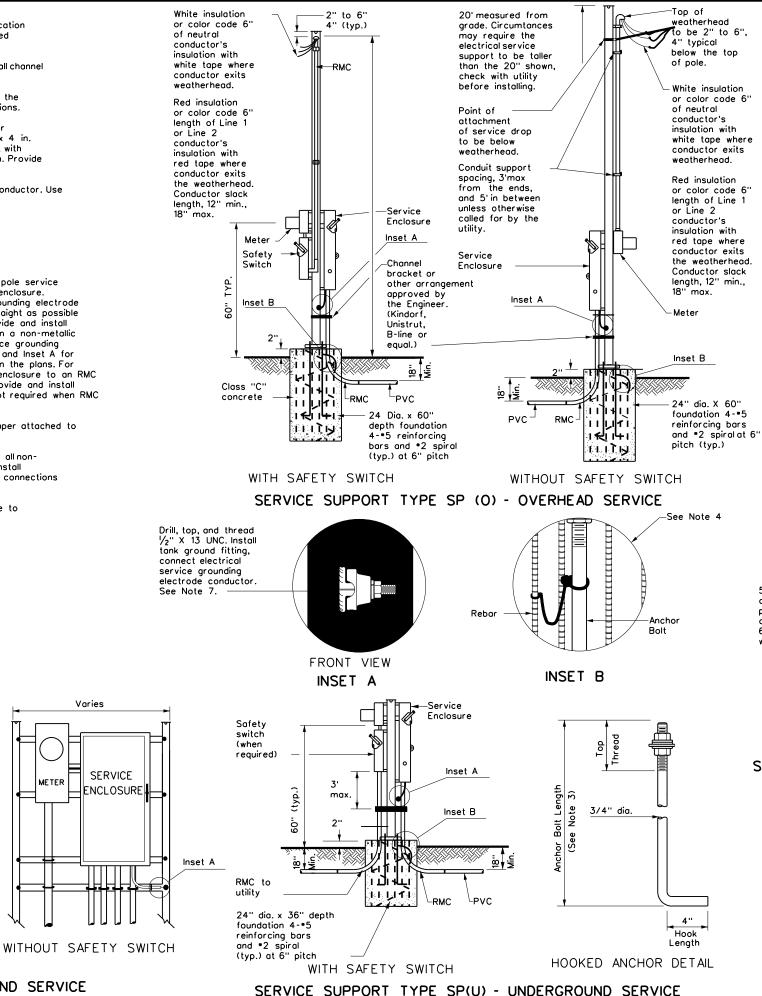
SERVICE

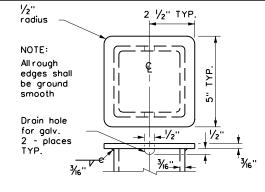
ENCLOSURE

- 10.Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metalpole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11.Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.

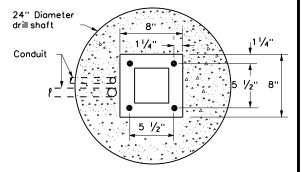


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

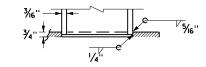




# POLE TOP PLATE

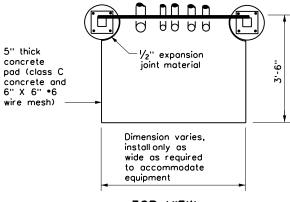


BASE PLATE DETAIL



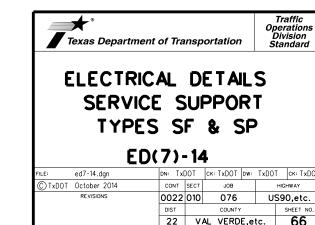
BOTTOM OF POLE

# SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP



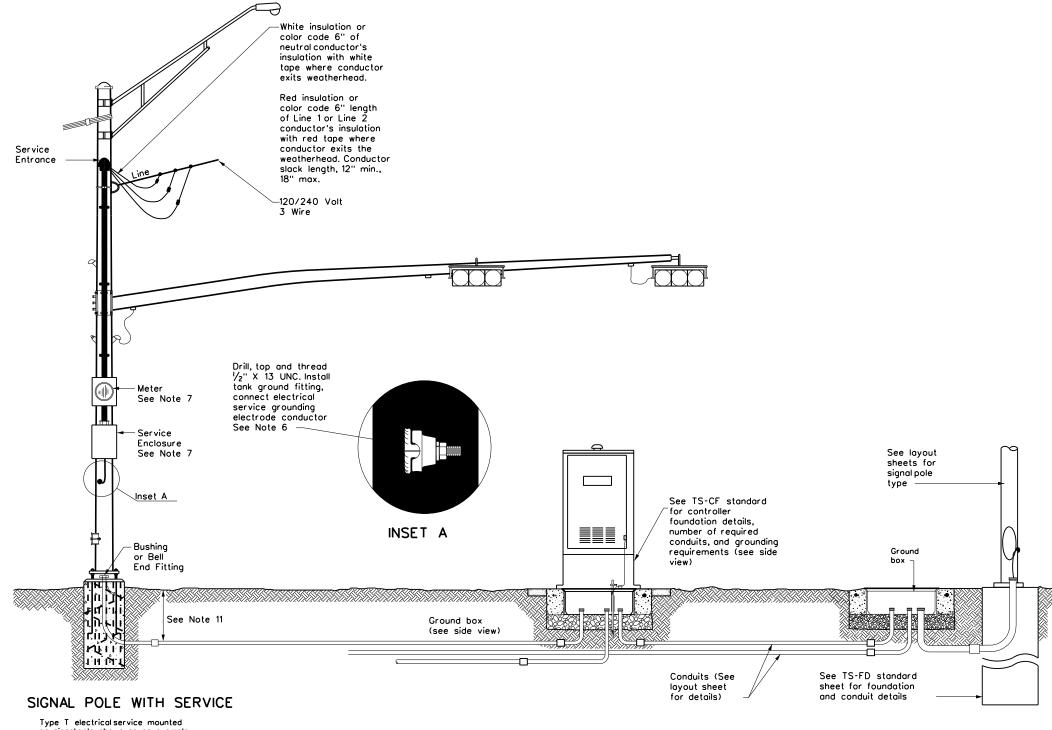
TOP VIEW

SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)



# TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding conductor.
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using •3 bars or
   AWG stranded copper conductors. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further details
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for ½ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation.
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- 11. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



Type T electrical service mounted on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for additional details.

SIGNAL CONTROLLER FRONT VIEW

SIGNAL POLE



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# ELECTRICAL DETAILS TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM DETAILS

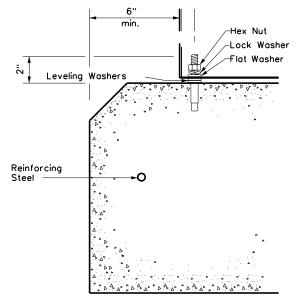
ED(8)-14

SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

# PEDESTAL SERVICE NOTES

- 1. Manufacture pedestal electrical services in accordance with Departmental Material Specifications (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services", 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)" and Item 628 "Electrical Services. "Provide pedestal electrical services as listed on the Material Producers list (MPL) on the Department's web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services meet utility company specifications. Contact the local utility company for approval of pedestal details prior to installing the electrical pedestal service. Submit any changes required by the utility company prior to manufacturing the pedestal enclosure.
- 2. When a meter socket is required, provide a socket with a minimum 100 amp rating that complies with local utility requirements.
- 3. Provide Class A or C concrete for pedestal service foundations in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures," except that concrete will not be paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to Item 628.
- 4. Provide \*4 reinforcing steel for foundations in accordance with Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete."
- 5. Install  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 2  $\frac{1}{16}$  in. minimum length concrete single expansion type anchors for mounting pedestal enclosure to foundation. Anchor location to match mounting holes in each corner of enclosure. Secure each of the four corners of the pedestal enclosure to the anchors in the foundation with a  $\frac{1}{2}$  in galvanized or stainless steel machine thread bolt, a properly sized locknut and a flat washer.
- 6. Finish top of concrete foundation in a neat and workmanlike manner. If leveling washers are used, ensure no more than  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. gap at any corner. Do not exceed a maximum dip or rise in the foundation of  $\frac{1}{8}$  in per foot. When properly installed, ensure the top of the service enclosure is level front to back and side to side within  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. Repair rocking or movement of the service enclosure at no additional cost to the department.
- 7. Do not use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) on pedestal type services.
- 8. Ensure all elbows in the foundation are sized as per utility provider's conduit requirements for underground conduit and feeders. PVC extensions may be installed provided the ends of the rigid metal conduits are more than 2 in. below the top of the concrete foundation. Where extension conduits are metal, grounding bushings must be installed with a bonding jumper properly terminated.



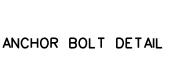


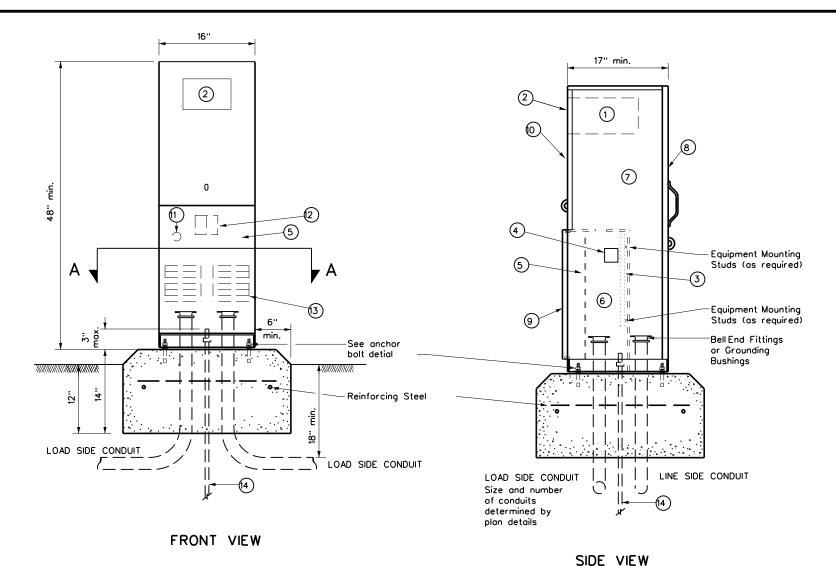
0

LOAD

Ŏ0

LOAD





TYPE C shown, TYPE A similar except that TYPE A shall have individual circuit breakers (CB) mounted on an equipment mounting panel. CB Handles shall protrude through hinged deadfront trim.

	LEGEND							
1	1 Meter Socket, (when required)							
2	Meter Socket Window, (when required)							
3	Equipment Mounting Panel							
4	4 Photo Electric Control Window, (When required)							
5	5 Hinged Deadfront Trim							
6	6 Load Side Conduit Trim							
7	Line Side Conduit Area							
8	Utility Access Door, with handle							
9	Pedestal Door							
10	Hinged Meter Access							
11	Control Station (H-O-A Switch)							
12	12 Main Disconnect							
13	Branch Circuit Breakers							
14	Copper Clad Ground Rod - 5/8" X 10'							



**ELECTRICAL DETAILS ELECTRICAL SERVICE SUPPORT** PEDESTAL SERVICE TYPE PS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ED(9)-14

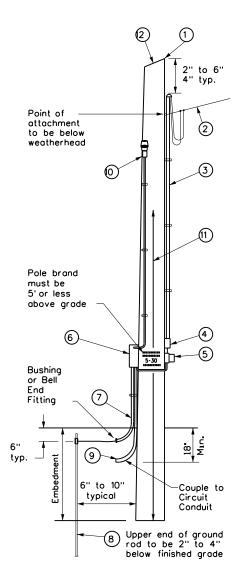
	ed9-14.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT SECT JOB		н	HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0022	010 076		US	90,etc.	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		22	٧٨	AL VERD	E,e	tc.	68

# 11:47:23

Σ

# TIMBER POLE(TP)SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- 1. Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- 2. Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to 5/8 in. max. depth and 1 1/8 in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to  $3\frac{3}{4}$  in. maximum depth, and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. to  $1\frac{5}{8}$  in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts,  $\frac{1}{4}$  in minimum diameter by  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- 6. When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- 2) Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- (3) Service conduit (RMC)and service entrance conductors - One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in  $\frac{1}{2}$  in PVC to ground rod - extend 1/2 in. PVC 6 in, underground.
- (8) % in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- (9) RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- (0) See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

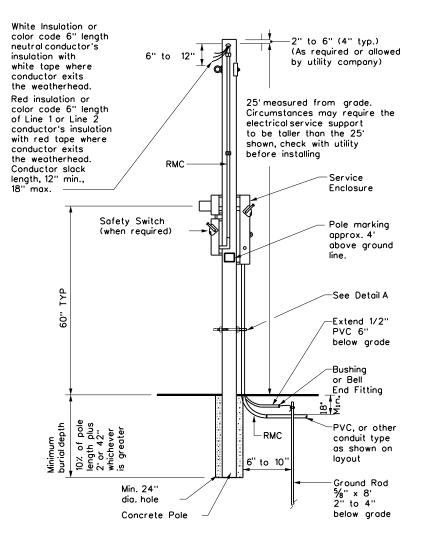


# SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

# GRANITE CONCRETE(GC)& OTHER CONCRETE(OC)NOTES

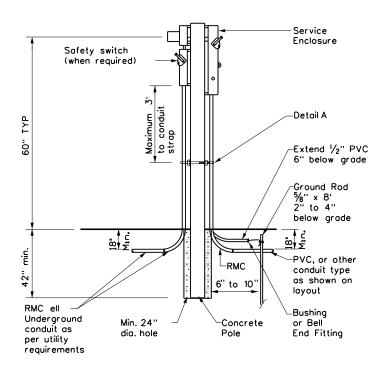
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- 1. Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Flectrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- 5. Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- 6. Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1% in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 ¼ in. deep (Unitersity 1, 1, 2) or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



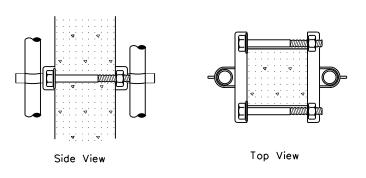
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(O)



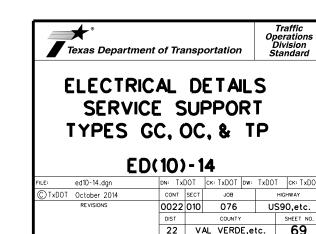
# CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



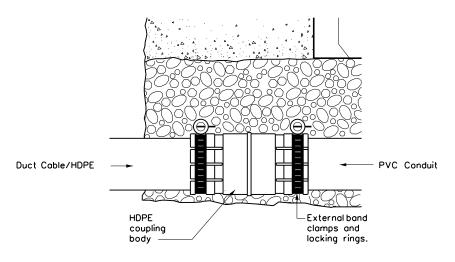
# DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.

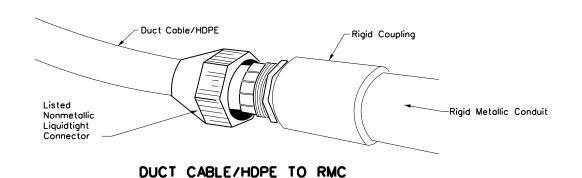


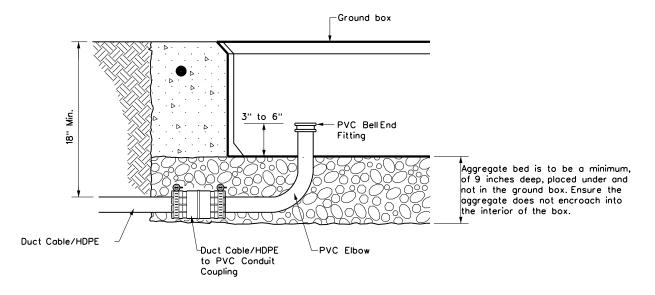
# DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings: connected with listed tie-wrap fittings: connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings: connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings: or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



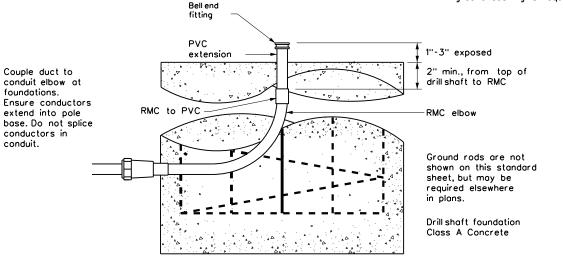
# DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



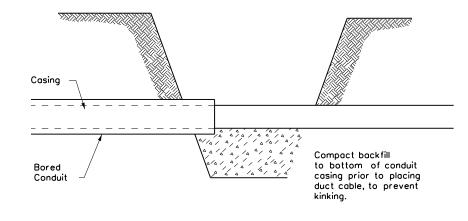


# DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC Ell does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



# DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



ELECTRICAL DETAILS DUCT CABLE/

ED(11)-14

HDPE CONDUIT

| Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont | Cont |

# 3/25/2022 11:4/:23 ed12-14.don

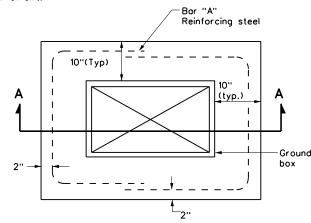
# BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

# A. MATERIALS

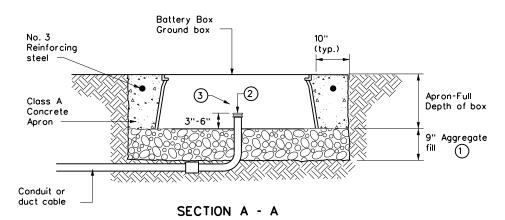
- Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Battery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in. x 13.5 in. x 10 in. (W x L x D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- 2. Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steelrack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down straps.

# B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting battery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in. deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast battery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.

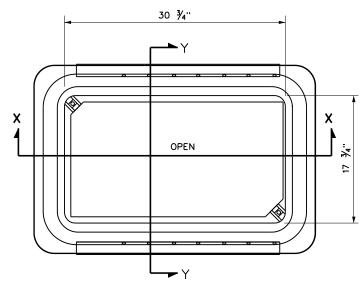


# PLAN VIEW

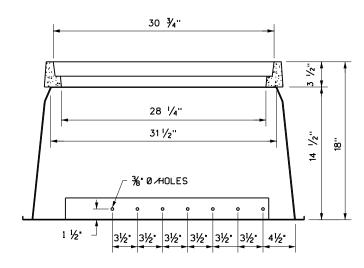


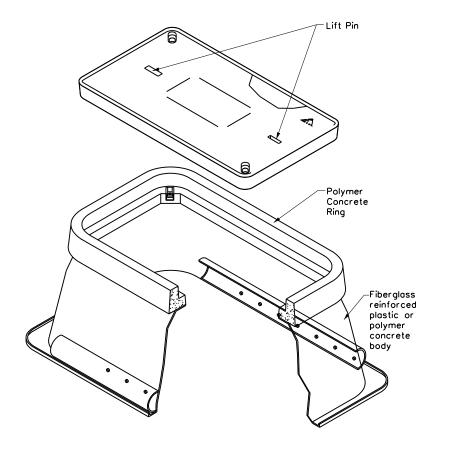
# APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- 1) Place aggregate under the box and not in the box.
  Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume
- 2 Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all ells.
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.

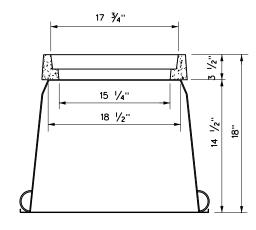


BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW





SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y



# BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

ED(12)-14	
-----------	--

ILE:	ed12-14.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
© TxD0T	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076 U		USS	S90,etc.	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22 VAL VERDE etc				tc	71		

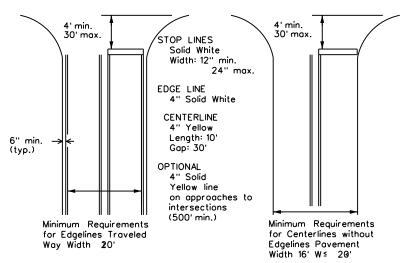
- measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

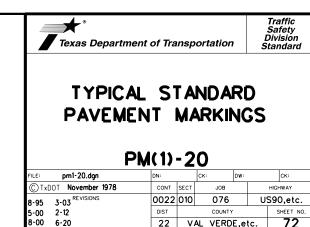
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200						
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100						
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130						
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200						
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240						

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

ΔΔΔΔΔΔΙ

Triangles

White Lane Line

\_

\_48" min.

line to

Storage

 $\Rightarrow$ 

from edge

stop/yield

Optional

Dotted 8" White

Extension

8" Solid

4" Solid Yellow

4" Solid White

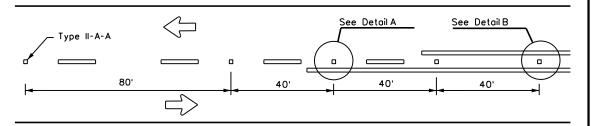
Edge Line

Edge Line

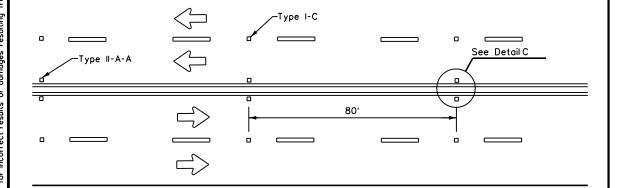
White Line

See note 3

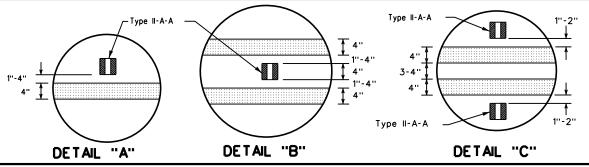
# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

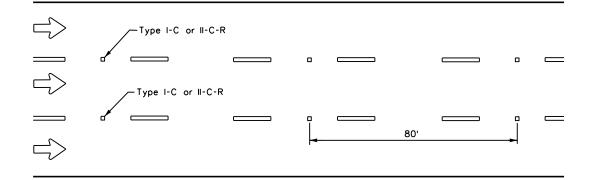


### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane $\qquad \qquad \Box >$ -Type I-C

### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

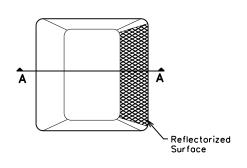
Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

### GENERAL NOTES

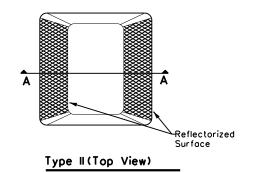
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

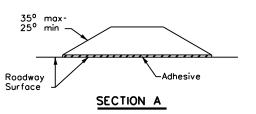
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I(Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



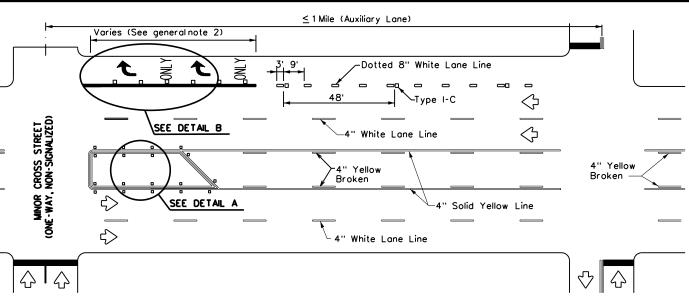
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2)-20

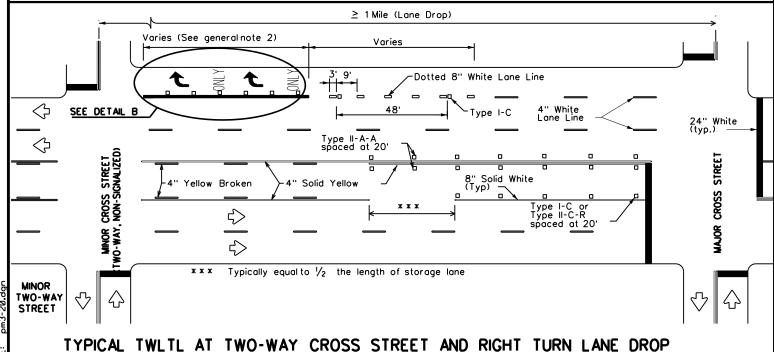
E: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	ck:
TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
92 2-10 REVISIONS	0022	010	076 US		S90,etc.
00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
00 6-20	22	VAL VERDE,etc.			73

DE IAL A	<b>51.1.2 5</b>	52.7.2	
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CENTER OR EDGE LINE	
10.	□ □ □ □	30'	BROKEN LANE LINE
1/		REFLECTORIZED PROFILE	
/		PATTERN DETAIL	
		USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS	
12"*_1"    4"   31/4"_3/4"   OR  2 to 3"		A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters.	
4" EDGE LINE, CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE	OR LANE LINE	NOTE  Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.	

# L=WS<sup>2</sup> 60 L-WS

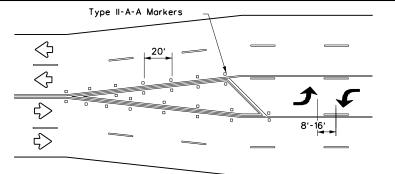


# TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



### **NOTES**

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans

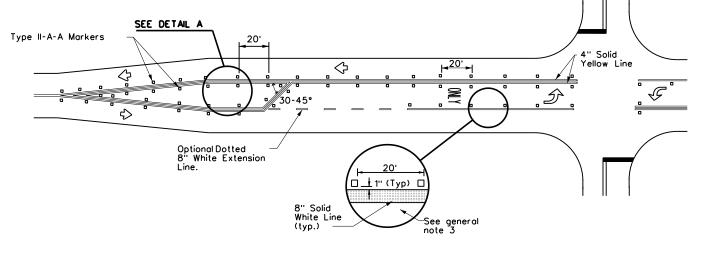
### TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

### GENERAL NOTES

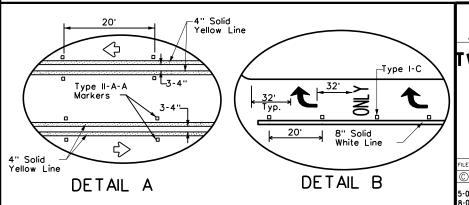
- Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





Traffic Safety Division Standard

WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-20

FILE: pm3-20.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
5-00 2-10 REVISIONS	0022	010 076 U		590,etc.	
8-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03 6-20	22	V	AL VERD	E,etc.	74

Arm		ROUND	POLES				POLYG	ONAL POLI	ES		
Length	D <sub>B</sub>	D <sub>19</sub>	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	1) thk	DB	D <sub>19</sub>	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	① thk	oundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	] / / -
20	10.5	7.8	7.1	6.3	.179	11.5	8.5	7.7	6.8	.179	30-A
24	11.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.179	30-A
28	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
36	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	36-A
40	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
44	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
48	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A

Arm		ROUND	ARMS				POLYG	ONAL ARM	S	
Length	L <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise	L <sub>1</sub>	D,	2 D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	INISE	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9''	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8''
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10''	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9''
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11''	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10''
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11''	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"
48	47.0	10.5	4.1	.239	3'-4"	47.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2'-9"

DB - Pole Base O.D.
DB - Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire

D <sub>2</sub> = Arm End O.D. L <sub>1</sub> = Shaft Length L = Nominal Arm Length

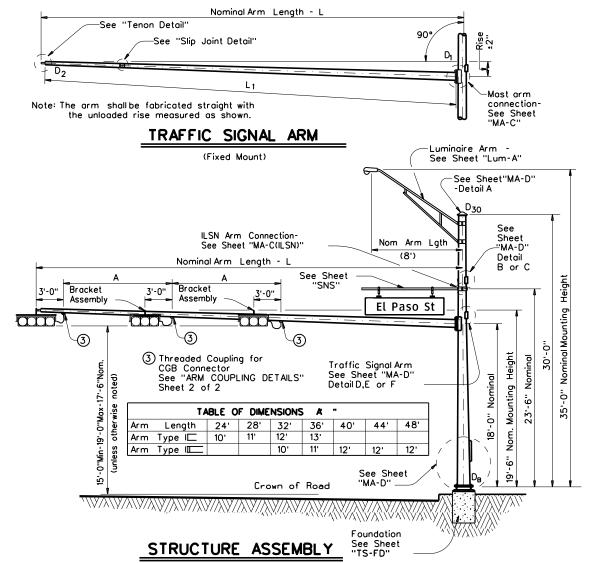
and no ILSN
D24 = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN
w/out Luminaire

w/out Luminaire D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top O.D. w D<sub>1</sub> = Arm Base O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 $\bigcirc$  D<sub>2</sub> may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.



### SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

	30' Poles With Luminaire		24' Poles With	ILSN I	19' Poles With No	
Nominal Arm Length	Above hardware (or two if ILSN small hand hole, simplex	attached)	Above ha plus one hand hole	small	See note above	
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	20L-80		205-80		20-80	
24	24L-80		245-80		24-80	
28	28L-80		285-80		28-80	
32	32L-80		32S-80		32-80	
36	36L-80		36S-80		36-80	
40	40L-80		40S-80		40-80	
44	44L-80		445-80		44-80	
48	48L-80		48S-80		48-80	

Traffic Signal Arms (1 per Pole)

Ship each arm with the listed equipment attached

	m 1.00D		Type II Arm (2	2 Signals)	Type ILArm (3	Type ILArm (3 Signals)  2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors		
Nominal Arm Length			1 Bracket As and 2 CGB	sembly Connectors				
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
20	201380							
24	241380		241-80					
28	281-80		281-80					
32			32IE80		3211-80			
36			36II <u>-</u> 80		36Ⅲ-80			
40					40III-80			
44					4411-80			
48					48III-80			

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8' Arm	

IESN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
7' Arm	
9' Arm	

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

Anchor Bolt Diameter	Anchor Bolt Length	Quantity
1 1/2"	3'-4"	
1 3/4"	3'-10''	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

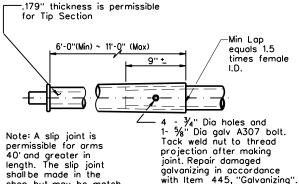
SHEET 1 OF 2



© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: M	<b>MF</b>	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
5-96 I-99	0022	010	076 US			90,etc.	
1-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	_,etc	c.	75	

122A

₹



shop, but may be match

SLIP JOINT DETAIL

marked and shipped

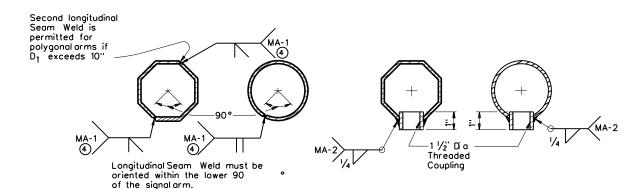
disassembled.

2" Sch 40 pipe End Plate 3/8" thick min. shape to match arm

TENON DETAIL

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 ½" Dia Threaded Coupling.

### BRACKET ASSEMBLY



### ARM WELD DETAIL

4 60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.

### ARM COUPLING DETAILS

### VIBRATION WARNING

Most Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, one 9'-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag

See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

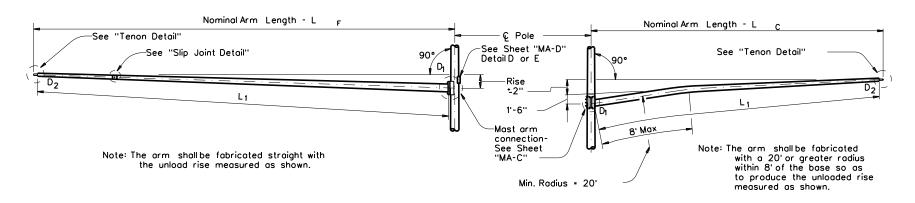
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 2 OF 2



© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: N	MMF	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS 96	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY	
	0022	010	076		US!	590,etc.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	ic. <b>76</b>			



### FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

(Showing fixed mount arm)

10' 11' 12' 12'

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS "A"

Arm Length 24' 28' 32' 36' 40' 44'

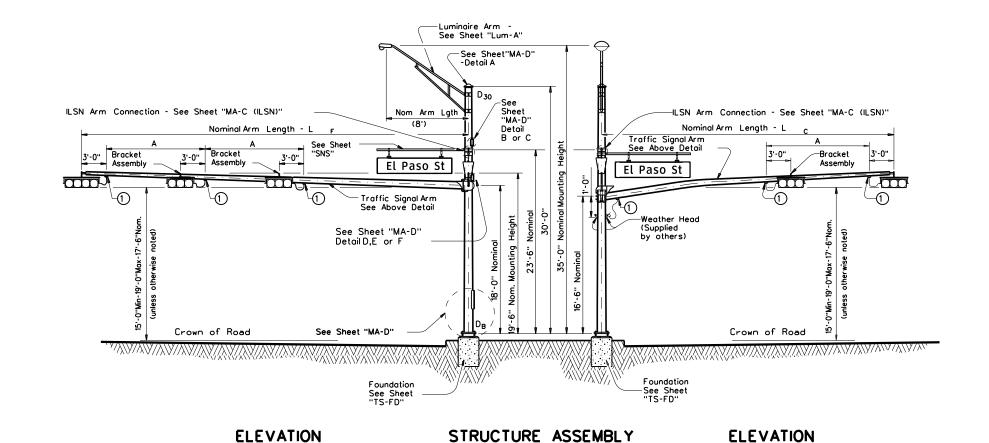
11' 12' 13'

Arm Type I□ 10'

Arm Type IⅢ

### CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

(Showing clamp mount arm)



(1) Threaded Coupling for

Sheet 2 of 3

CGB Connector
See "ARM COUPLING DETAILS"

### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" internally lighted street name signs and two traffic signal arms with length combinations as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign applied 4'-6" from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

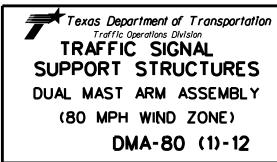
See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 1 OF 3



© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: MMF	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
5-96 1-12	0022	010	076 U		S90,etc.	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	22	V	AL VERDI	E,etc.	77	

124A

₹

.179" thickness is permissible for Tip Section -Min. Lap 6'-0"(Min) ~ 11'-0" (Max) equals 1.5 times female 9" ± 4  $-\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. holes and  $1-\frac{5}{8}$ " dia. galv A307 bolt. Tack weld Note: A slip joint is permissible for arms nut to thread projection 40' and greater in after making joint. length. The slip joint Repair damaged galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, shall be made in the shop, but may be match "Galvanizing". marked and shipped disassembled.

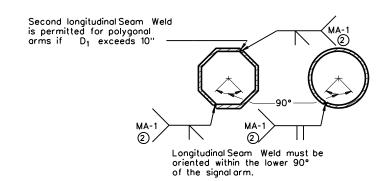
# 2" Sch 40 pipe End Plate 3/8" thick min. shape to match arm

TENON DETAIL

SLIP JOINT DETAIL

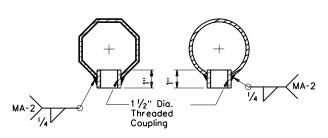
Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 ½" Dia Threaded Coupling.

### BRACKET ASSEMBLY



### ARM WELD DETAIL

(2)60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential



ARM COUPLING DETAILS

### VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions: existence/solidity of backplates: presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras: arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

SHEET 2 OF 3



CK: JSY DW: MMF © TxDOT August 1995 JOB 0022 010 076 US90,etc. 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

### SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

Non	ninal	30' Poles With L		24' Poles Wit	h ILSNI	19' Poles With no			
Arm Length		See note above p two if ILSN attach	ied) small	See note at			and no ILSN See note above		
LF	Lc	hand hole, clamp-d	on simplex			See note t	See note above		
ft.	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
20	20	2020L-80		2020S-80		2020-80			
24	20	2420L-80		2420S-80		2420-80			
24	24	2424L-80		2424S-80		2424-80			
	20	2820L-80		2820S-80		2820-80			
28	24	2824L-80		28245-80		2824-80			
	28	2828L-80		2828S-80		2828-80			
	20	3220L-80		3220S-80		3220-80			
	24	3224L-80		3224S-80		3224-80			
32	28	3228L-80		3228S-80		3228-80			
	32	3232L-80		3232S-80		3232-80			
	20	3620L-80		3620S-80		3620-80			
	24	3624L-80		36245-80		3624-80			
36	28	3628L-80		3628S-80		3628-80			
	32	3632L-80		3632S-80		3632-80			
	36	3636L-80		3636S-80		3636-80			
	20	4020L-80		4020S-80		4020-80			
	24	4024L-80		4024S-80		4024-80			
40	28	4028L-80		4028S-80		4028-80			
	32	4032L-80		4032S-80		4032-80			
	36	4036L-80		4036S-80		4036-80			
	20	4420L-80		4420S-80		4420-80			
	24	4424L-80		4424S-80		4424-80			
44	28	4428L-80		4428S-80		4428-80			
	32	4432L-80		4432S-80		4432-80			
	36	4436L-80		4436S-80		4436-80			

Traffic Signal Arms (Fixed Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm w/ the listed equipment attached

ı	No minor	Type IArm (15	Signal)	Type II.Arm (	2 Signals)	Type III Arm (3	Type II <u>LArm</u> (3 Signals)				
Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB conr	nector	1 Bracket / and 2 CGB	Assembly 3 Connectors		2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors					
	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity				
	20	201-80									
	24	241380		24I <u>E</u> 80							
	28	281∃80		281⊑80							
	32			321⊑80		32 <del>II-80</del>					
	36			361⊑80		36III-8D					
	40					40II <u>-80</u>					
1	44					4 4(II-80)					

Traffic Signal Arms (Clamp-On Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm w/ the listed equipment attached

ı		Type IZrm (19	Signal)	Type II Arm (2	Signals)	Type ILArm (3 Signals)			
	Nominal Arm Length	2 CGB connects clamp w/bolts o		1 Bracket Assemb Connectors, and w/bolts and wash	1 clamp	2 Bracket Assemblies, 4 CGB Connectors, and 1 clamp w/bolts and washers			
ı	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
	20	201380							
	24	241-80		24I <u>E</u> 80					
	28	281∃80	281-80		28I <u>E</u> 80				
	32			32I <u>I</u> =80		32III-80			
	36			36IE80		36III-80			

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole) Nominal Arm Length Quantity

8' Arm Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole) IESN Arm (1 or 2 per pole) ship with clamps, bolts and washers Nominal Arm Length Quantity 7' Arm 9' Arm

	Anchor Bolt Diameter	Anchor Bolt Length	Quantity
	1 1/2"	3'-4''	
ı	1 3/4"	3'-10''	
L	2"	4'-3"	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

ARI	vis		ROUND	POLES				POI	YGONAL F	POLES		
LF	Lc	DB	D <sub>19</sub>	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	3)thk	Dв	D <sub>19</sub>	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	3)thk	Foundation Type
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	] Type
20	20	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.179	30-A
24	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
28	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
	20	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
	24	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
32	28	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	32	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
36	28	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	36	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
40	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	32	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	36	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	20	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	24	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
44	28	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	32	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	.239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B
	36	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	.239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B

Arm		ROUND	ARMS			POLYGONAL ARMS				
LF or L C	L <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D 2	3 thk	Rise	L <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	4 D 2	3)thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9''	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8''
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10''	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9''
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1' - 11''	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10''
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1''	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4''	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8''	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"

L<sub>C</sub> = Clamp-on Arm Length (36' Max)

D<sub>B</sub> • Pole Bose O.D. D<sub>19</sub> • Pole Top O.D.

with no Luminaire and no ILSN D<sub>24</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN

w/out Luminaire
D<sub>30</sub> - Pole Top O.D.

(3) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

4 D  $_2$  may be increased by up to 1.0" for polygonal arms.

D<sub>1</sub> • Arm Base O.D.
D<sub>2</sub> • Arm End O.D.
L<sub>1</sub> • Shaft Length
L<sub>F</sub> • Fixed Arm Length

SHEET 3 OF 3



DMA-80 (3)-12

© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: I	MMF	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT JOB				HIGHWAY	
96 12	0022	010	076		US90,etc.		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	L VERDE	E,et	c.	79	

€ Pole

ARM SIZE

.179

.179

.179

.179

.179

.239

.239

6.5

8.0

9.0

9.5

10.0

Dia as

3/6

pipe and hole

(Typ)

bolt where

5⁄8″ Dia pin bolts

(Typ)

1/3" thick

2.7

required

3rd Pin

/ 1/8

[ Pin bolt,

3/ Dia Sch 80

Pipe (Typ)

₹

11:47:26

required

FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 1

12

14

16 10

18 12

18 12

ea.

4

4

4

4

2" Тур

No. Dia No. Dia

4 11/4 3 1/8

4 11/4 3 1/8

Тур

-½" thick

1/4

CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1

ea. in.

1 2 5/8

1 2 %

1 2 %

-1/2" Dia

drainage hole

threaded

1/4

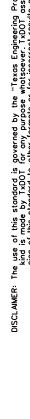
heavy hex nut,

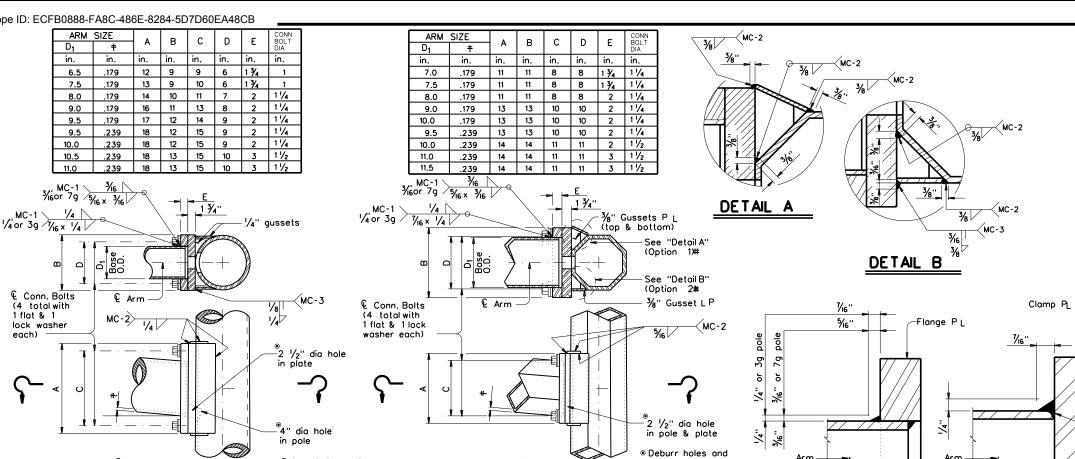
2 flat washers

Connection bolt with

and 2 lock washers

-Min. 85%





€ Pole

Deburr holes and

for drainage

offset as shown

### FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 2 ARM BASE WELD DETAILS

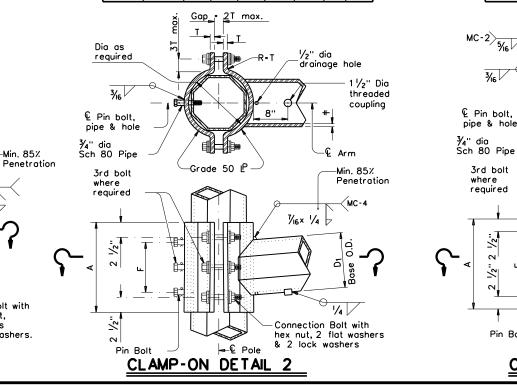
FIXED MOUNT ARM

offset as shown

for drainage

ARM	SIZE		_ ا	-	CONN. E	BOLTS	PIN B	OLTS
D <sub>1</sub>	+	Α	F	-	No.	Dia	No.	Dia
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea.	in.	ea.	in.
7.0	.179	12	6	₹4	4	₹4	2	5%
7.5	.179	14	8	₹4	4	₹4	2	5%
8.0	.179	14	8	₹4	4	₹4	2	5%
9.0	.179	16	10	7∕8	4	1	2	5%
10.0	.179	18	10	7∕8	4	1	2	5%
9.5	.239	18	10	1	6	1	3	5⁄8
10.0	.239	18	10	1	6	1	3	5/8

3/16



	MATERIALS
Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts	ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 (2)
Plates ①	ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50
Connection Bolts	ASTM A325 or A449, except where noted
Pin Bolts	ASTM A325
Pipe ①	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50
Misc. Hardware	Galvanized steel or stainless steel or as noted

- OASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- Q) ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 material shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Min. 85%

except

CLAMP-ON ARM

1/2" U-Strap, Grade 50

Arm

Required

7/16× 1/4 MC-2

¾" gusset P ∟

Connection Bolt

with hex nut, 2

flat washers &

2 lock washers

3%" P∟ Grade 50

CLAMP-ON DETAIL 3

' dia drainage hole

threaded

coupling

Penetration

"Clamp-on Detail 3"

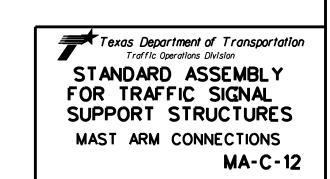
Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies. A Maximum 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " wide vertical slotted hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no longer than the arm diameter minus 1"

Fixed mount details are used for single most arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the detail.

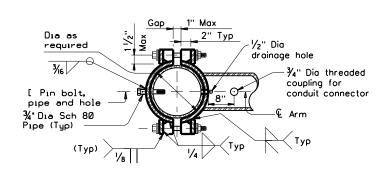
Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and 34" dia pipe 3/16" dia holes for a 1/8" dia galvanized shall have cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a  $\frac{1}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An  $\frac{11}{16}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.

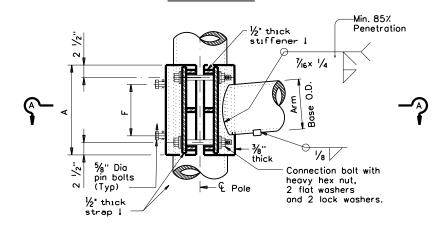


© TxDOT August 1995 CK: JSY DW: MMF JOB 0022 010 076 US90,etc. 22 VAL VERDE,etc.

### 



### SECTION A-A



### ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

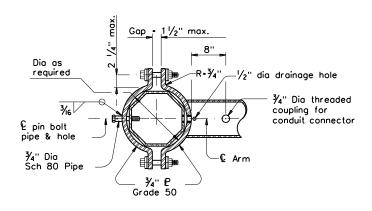
Clamp-on details shall be used for ILSN support arm assemblies. A 1½" inch diameter hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate for wiring access. A matched hole shall be field drilled through the pole to provide wire access after arm is oriented. Deburr both holes.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the details.

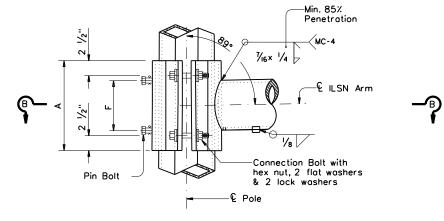
Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

### NOTE:

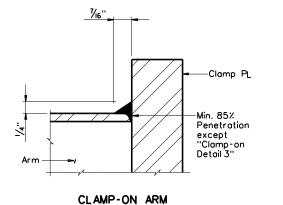
Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia pipe shall have  $\frac{3}{6}$ " dia holes for a  $\frac{1}{8}$ " dia galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An  $\frac{11}{16}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.



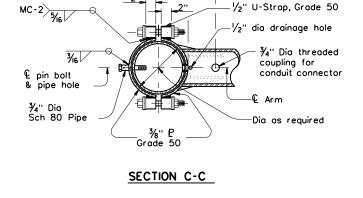
### SECTION B-B

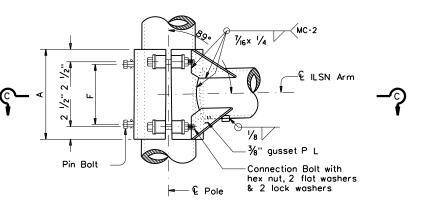


### ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 2

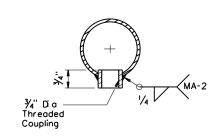


ARM BASE WELD DETAILS





ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 3



ILSN ARM COUPLING DETAIL

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division
STANDARD ASSEMBLY
FOR TRAFFIC SIGNAL
SUPPORT STRUCTURES

MAST-ARM CONNECTIONS

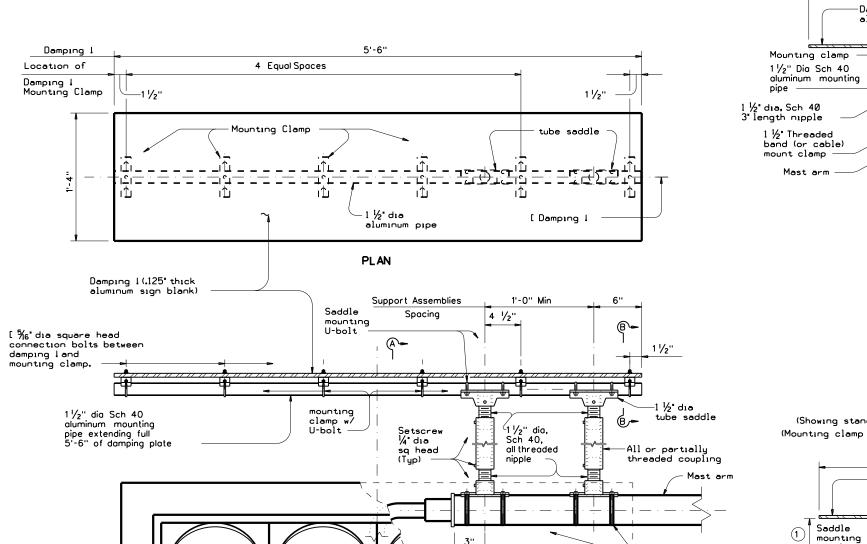
MA-C(ILSN)-12

© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MMF	CK: JSY
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY
•	0022	010	076		USS	O,etc.
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	22	VA	81			

126B

Backplate

(See note 6)



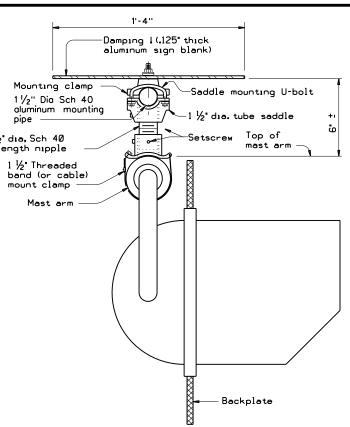
### DAMPING PLATE MOUNTING DETAILS

**ELEVATION** 

(A)-

➡— [ Damping Land signal head assembly

(Showing alternate placement of signal head)



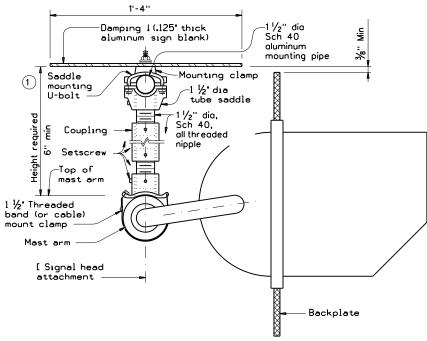
### SECTION A-A

(Showing standard placement of signal head)

1 1/2" Threaded band (or cable)

mount clamp

# (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)



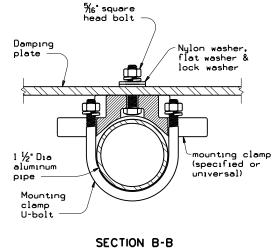
### SECTION A-A

(Showing alternate placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

Recommended supporting assemblies to achieve required height for horizontal section heads  Height required each length each length each length each length each length required to "-6" 34" 3"							
		Two nipples each length pl	One coupling us each length				
6"-6 ¾"	3,	-	-				
7"-8 ½"	4"	-	-				
9"-10 1/2"	6"	-	-				
11"-15 ½"	-	4"	5"				
16"-24"	-	6"	10"				

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1.In accordance with the findings of TxDOT sponsored research, the installation of a damping plate in accordance with the details shown here at the end of signal mast arms of SMA and DMA standard structures reduces excessive harmonic vertical vibration, and thus fatigue damage. Any deviation from these details may reduce the effectiveness of this damping device.
- 2.Aluminum sign blank for damping plate will conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110. Materials for most arm mounting clamp and tube saddle will be aluminum castings or aluminum alloys as in accordance with manufacturers' stipulations. Mounting accordance with manufacturers supulations, mounting pipe, pipe nipple and coupling will be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T6. Damping plate mounting clamp and u-bolt assemblies will conform to Standard sheet SMD(GEN). U-bolts for saddle mounting will have a minimum yield strength of 36 ksi.
- 3.Damping plate will be mounted horizontally.
  Position centerline of damping plate to align with
  centerline of most arm or horizontal signal head assembly. Vertical clearance between signal head (with or without backing plate)and bottom of damping plate will be maintained as shown. The attachments shown here are examples only, other supporting details which meet both alignment and vertical clearance requirements are also acceptable.
- 4.Unless stipulated by the manufacturers, all steel parts will be galvanized finish in accordance with Standard Specification Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 5.Contractor will verify applicable field dimensions before the installation
- 6.Backplates are optional for traffic signals. When backplates are used, Backplates will have a 2-inch fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B of C FL retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 "Sign Face Materials." See Sheet TS-BP-20 for backplate details.



(Showing damping plate attachment)



### MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE DETAILS

MA-DPD-20

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	_				
E: ma-dpd-20.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT January 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 20	2 CONT SECT O022 010 DIST	076 U			0,etc.	
20	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22	٧,	AL VERD	E.e	tc.	8.3

MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH

MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM LENGTH COMBINATIONS

MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH

MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM LENGTH COMBINATIONS

EXAMPLE:

Type 1

R•d

1 1/2" Min

HOOKED ANCHOR (TYPE 1)

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

8 Orient anchor bolts orthogonal with the fixed arm direction to

ensure that two bolts are in

tension under dead load.

Circular Steel Bottom Template

(Omit bottom template for FDN 24-A)

1/4" thk. min. Circular Steel

Top Template

another arm up to 28'

1. For 80mph design wind speed, foundation

2. For 100mph design wind speed, foundation 36-A can support a single 36 mast arm.

—Heavy Hex Nut (Typ)

30-A can support up to a 32' arm with

-2 Flat Washers

Thickness =

NUT ANCHOR

(TYPE 2)

per Anchor Bolt

FOUNDATION SELECTION TABLE FOR STANDARD MAST ARM PLUS ILSN SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES (ft)

FDN 36-A

48'

FDN 30-A

24' X 24' 28' X 28'

32'

₽

	FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE													
FDN	DRILLED		ORCING TEEL	EMBEDDE LENGTI	D DRILLED H-ft 4()5	SHAFT	ANC	HOR BC	LT DES	IGN	FOUND/ DESI	O		]
TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH	TEXAS CO	ONE PENET blows/ft 15	TROMETER 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOLT CIR DIA	ANCHOR TYPE	MOMENT K-ft		TYPICAL APPLICATION	
24-A	24"	4- #5	#2 at 12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3∕4''	36	12 ¾"	1	10		Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.	
30-A	30"	8- #9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2"	55	17''	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	1
36-A	36"	10 - 🗐	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131	5	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.	
36-B	36"	12- #9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30' & strain pole with mast arm	
42-A	42"	14 - #9	#3 at 6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	1

	FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE													
F	DN	DRILLED		ORCING TEEL	EMBEDDE LENGTI	D DRILLED ⊣-ft 4⊖5	SHAFT		HOR BO	DES	IGN	FOUNDA DESIG		
	YPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH		ONE PENET blows/ft 15	ROMETER 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOL T CIR	ANCHOR TYPE	LOA MOMENT K-ft		TYPICAL APPLICATION
-			טאוט		10	13	40	DIA		DIA	ļ <del>.</del> .	K-II	Kips	
2.	4 - A	24"	4- #5	#2 at 12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3∕4"	36	12 ¾"	1	10	1	Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.
30	)-A	30"	8- #9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2"	55	17''	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)
30	6-A	36''	10 - 🗐	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131		Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.
36	6-B	36"	12- #9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30' & strain pole with mast arm
42	2-A	42"	14 - <b>+9</b>	#3 at 6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)

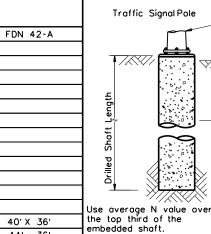
FDN 36-B

	NOTES:
TION	<ul> <li>Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads.</li> </ul>
	② Foundation Design Loads are the
ed	allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
lection Table)	3 Foundations may be listed separately
election Table)	or grouped according to similarity

- of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only. 4 Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- 5 If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- 6 Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZES								
BOLT DIA IN.	D BOLT LENGTH	TOP THREAD	BOTTOM THREAD	BOLT CIRCLE	R2	Rı		
3∕4"	1'-6''	3"	_	12 3/4"	7 1/8"	5 %"		
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	4"	17''	10"	7''		
1 3/4"	3'-10"	7''	4 1/2"	19''	11 1/4"	7 3/4"		
2"	4'-3"	8"	5"	21"	12 1/2"	8 1/2"		
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9''	5 1/2"	23"	13 ¾"	9 1/4"		

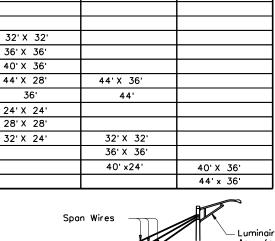
7 Min dimensions given, longer bolts are acceptable.

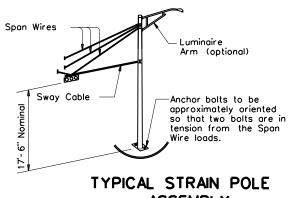


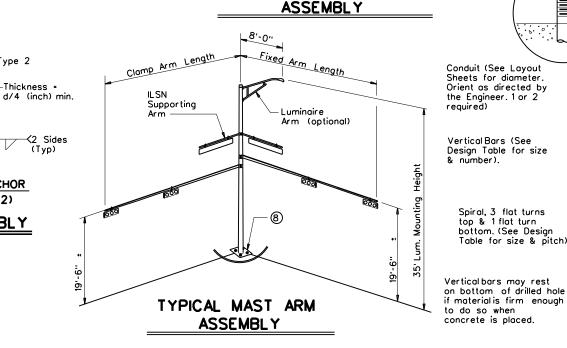
Ignore the top 1' of soil.

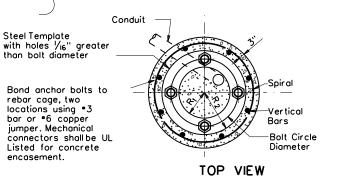
Steel Template

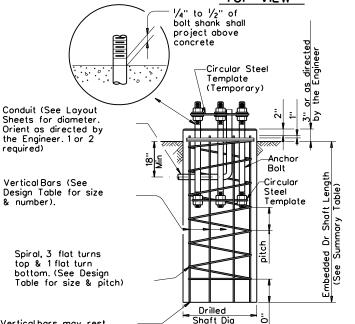
bar or \*6 copper











**ELEVATION** 

FOUNDATION DETAILS

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

TOTAL DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS

LOCATION

DENTIFICATION

N BLOW

/ft.

FDN

TYPE

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE

DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH 6

(FEET)

24-A 30-A 36-A 36-B 42-A

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

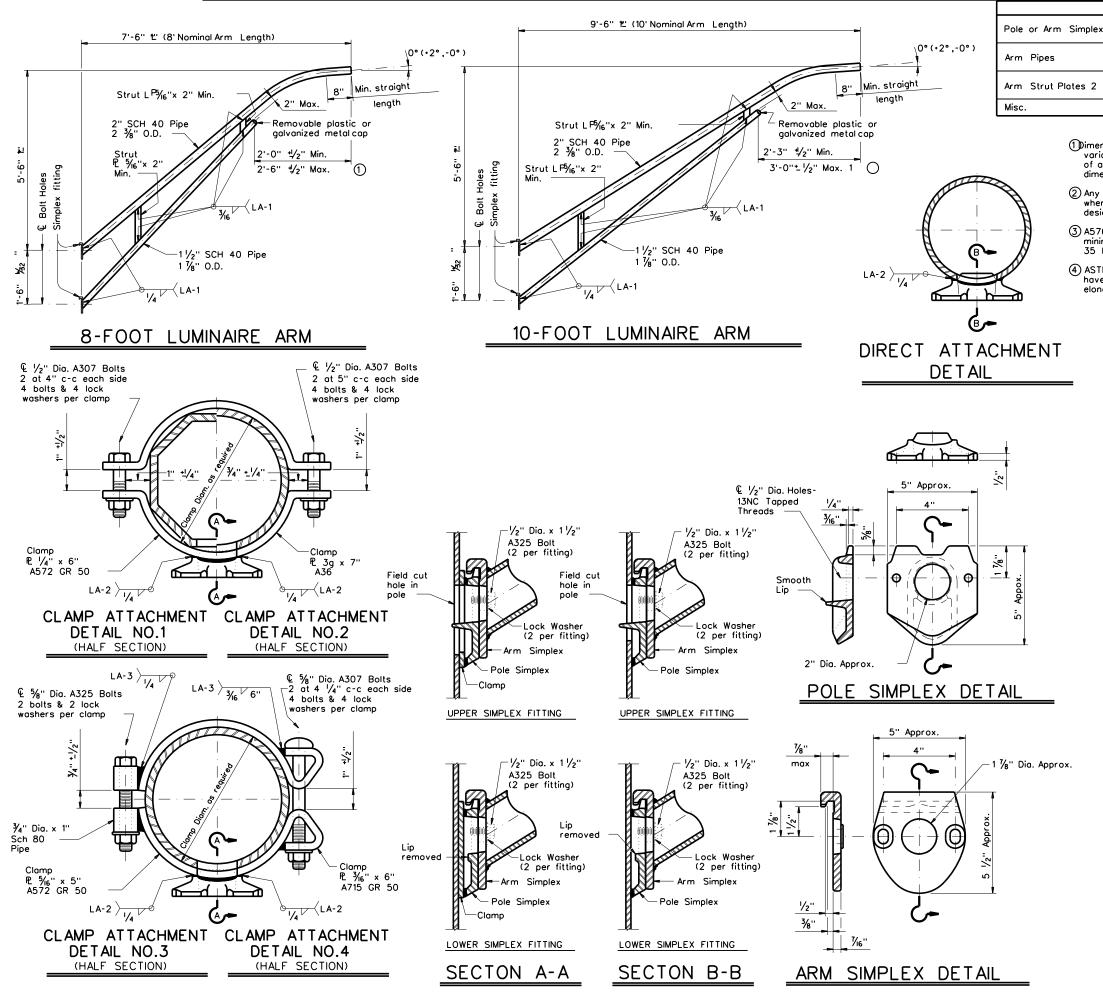


TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

**TS-FD-12** 

	© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MAO/MMF	F CK: JSY/TEB
5-96	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
5·96 11·99 1·12		0022	010	076		US	90,etc.
ı		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	V	AL VERDI	E,et	c.	84

128



Arm Strut Plates 2 ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 4 or A588

Misc. ASTM designations as noted

(1)Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.

MATERIALS

ASTM A27 Gr.65-35 or A148 Gr.80-50, A576 Gr.1021 3 (3r A36 (Arm only)

ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 4 or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 4

- 2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- 3 A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- 4 ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

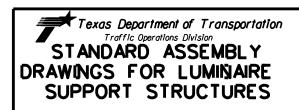
Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.



ARM DETAILS

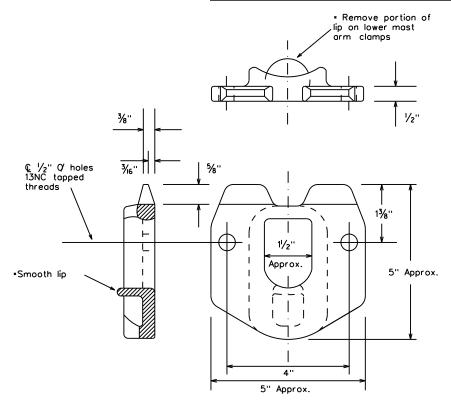
LUM-A-12

© TxDOT August 1995	DN: LEH		CK: JSY	DW: LTT	CK: TEB
96 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
99 2	0022	010	076	US	S90,etc.
	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.
	22	VA	L VERDE	etc.	85

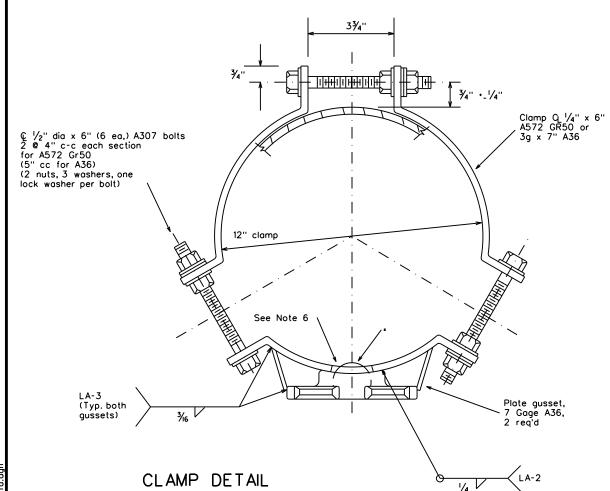
- OTHER MATERIALS:
  - Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.
- 2. Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.
- 3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

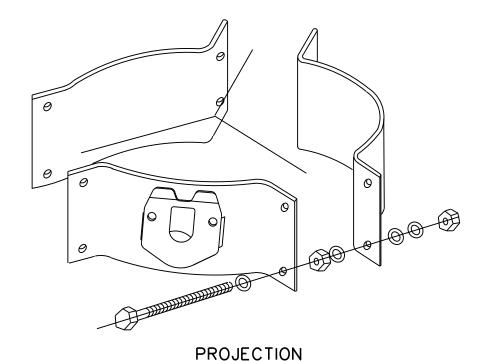
### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.
- All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
   The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the galvanizing process.
- 3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts, ½in. X 1½in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.
- 4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.
- 5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.
- 6. Approximately 2 in. diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.



POLE SIMPLEX DETAILS





For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)



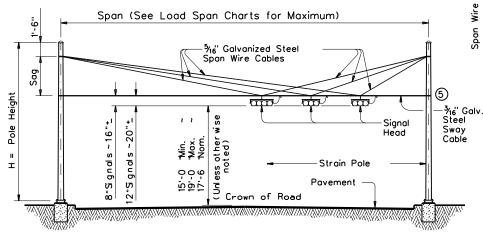
### CLAMP ON FITTING ASSEMBLY FOR LUMINAIRE MAST ARM

CF A-12

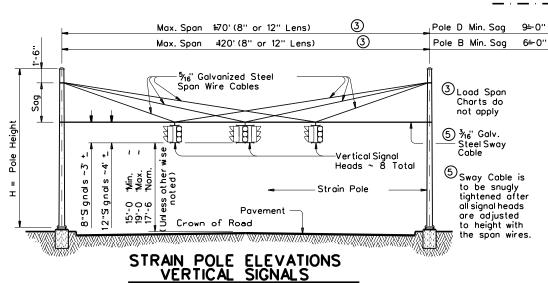
© Tx	:DOT	DN: KAB		CK: RES	DW:	FDN	CK: CAL
99	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
-15		0022	010	076		US90,etc.	
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		22	V	AL VERDE	Ē.e	tc.	86

51 D0000-1 A00-400L-0204-3D1 D00LA400D			
STRAIN POLE DESCRIPTION	Pole Type	Found- ation Type	Maximum Permissible Span Wire Load (lbs.)
26' Pole	A	36-A	5200
30' Pole	В	36-A	4600
30' Pole with Lum.	В	36-A	4400
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5600
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5500
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5100
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm	С	36-B	4900
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5200
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5000
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4800
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4500
34' Pole	D	36-B	5600
34' Pole with Lum.	D	36-B	5400

② Numbers on Load Span Charts indicate the number of signal heads on the span. The total span wire design load is based on one 5-section head and one or more additional 3-section head(s). Design wind pressures on cables are assumed as 1.0 lb/ft. Weight of span wire cables (one per signal head) is assumed as 0.65 lb/ft which includes an allowance for conductor cables and miscellaneous hardware. The effect of the sway cable on load distribution is ignored as it is assumed to break at design wind conditions. When a pole supports 2 spans, the span wire design loads for both spans should be added vectorially to determine the design load for that pole.



### STRAIN POLE ELEVATIONS HORIZONTAL SIGNALS



(Mast arms are not used with vertical signals)

4000 3000 1000 20 8 150 170 Span (ft.) <sup>2</sup>SIGNALS WITH 12-INCH LENS

5000 No. of Signal Heads 4000 3000 Design 1000 8 150 70

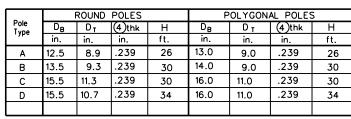
Signal Head Type	Wt. Per Head	Wind Area ♦
5-Section, 12" Lens	125 lbs	9.6 sq. ft.
5-Section, 8" Lens	70 lbs	4.8 sq. ft.
3-Section, 12" Lens	75 lbs	5.64 sq. ft.
3-Section 8" Lens	45 lbs	3 0 co ft

Span (ft.)

<sup>2</sup>SIGNALS WITH 8-INCH LENS

♦ Effective projected design wind area (actual area times drag coefficient)

- - Sag = 4'-6" (26' or 30' Pole) Sag = 8'-0" (30' or 34' Pole) - Sag = 11'-6" (34' Pole)



D<sub>B</sub> = Pole Base O.D.

D T = Pole Top O.D. H - Pole Height

1) See Sheet "DMA-80"

4 Thickness shown are minimum. thicker materials may be used.

### SHIPPING PARTS LIST Poles (Without Traffic Signal Arm) Strain poles with Luminaire Strain poles without Luminaire Ship each pole with the following Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: hardware attached: Pole handhole at base, pole cap, 2 clamp-on handhole at base, pole cap and Type 1 pipe plug. simplex and 1 pipe plug. Quantity Quantity Description Designation Description Designation 26' Strain Pole SP 26 A-80 SP 30 B-80 В 30' Strain Pole SPL 30 B-80 30' Strain Pole D 34' Strain Pole SPL 34 D-80 SP 34 D-80 34' Strain Pole

Poles	(With Traffic Signal Ar	(With Traffic Signal Arm)					
	Strain poles with Luminaire		Strain poles without Luminaire				
Pole Type	Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap, clamp-on simplex and 3 pipe plugs.		Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap and 3 pipe plugs.				
	Description	Designation	Quantity	Description	Designation	Quantity	
С	30' SPw/TS Arm	SPL 30 C-80		30'SPw/TS Arm	SP 30 C-80		

Traffic Signal Arms (For Type C poles)

	Type 1 Arm (1	Signal)	Type 11 Arm	Type 1I Arm (2 Signals)		3 Signals)
Nominal Arm Length	Ship each Type the following har attached: 2 CGB Connect with bolts and w	dware ors, 1 clamp	Ship each Type <b>E</b> rm with the following hardware attached: 1 Bracket Assembly , 3 CGB Connectors and 1 clamp with bolts and washers		Ship each Type 11 the following hardwa attached: 2 Bracket Assemblie Connectors and 1 clo with bolts and washe	re s ,4 CGB omp
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	20 T-80					
24	24 T-80		24 TI -80			
28	28T-80		28 TI -80			
32			32 tt -80		32 ttt -80	
36			36 TI -80		36 ttt -80	

Anchor Bo	It Assemblies	s (1 per pole)	
Anchor Bolt	Anchor Bolt	Templates may be remove for shipment.	ed
Diameter	Length	Quantity	
1 3/4"	3'-10''		_
2"	4'-3"		Eac
			8 f

Luminaire Arms Nominal Arm Length Quantity 8' Arm

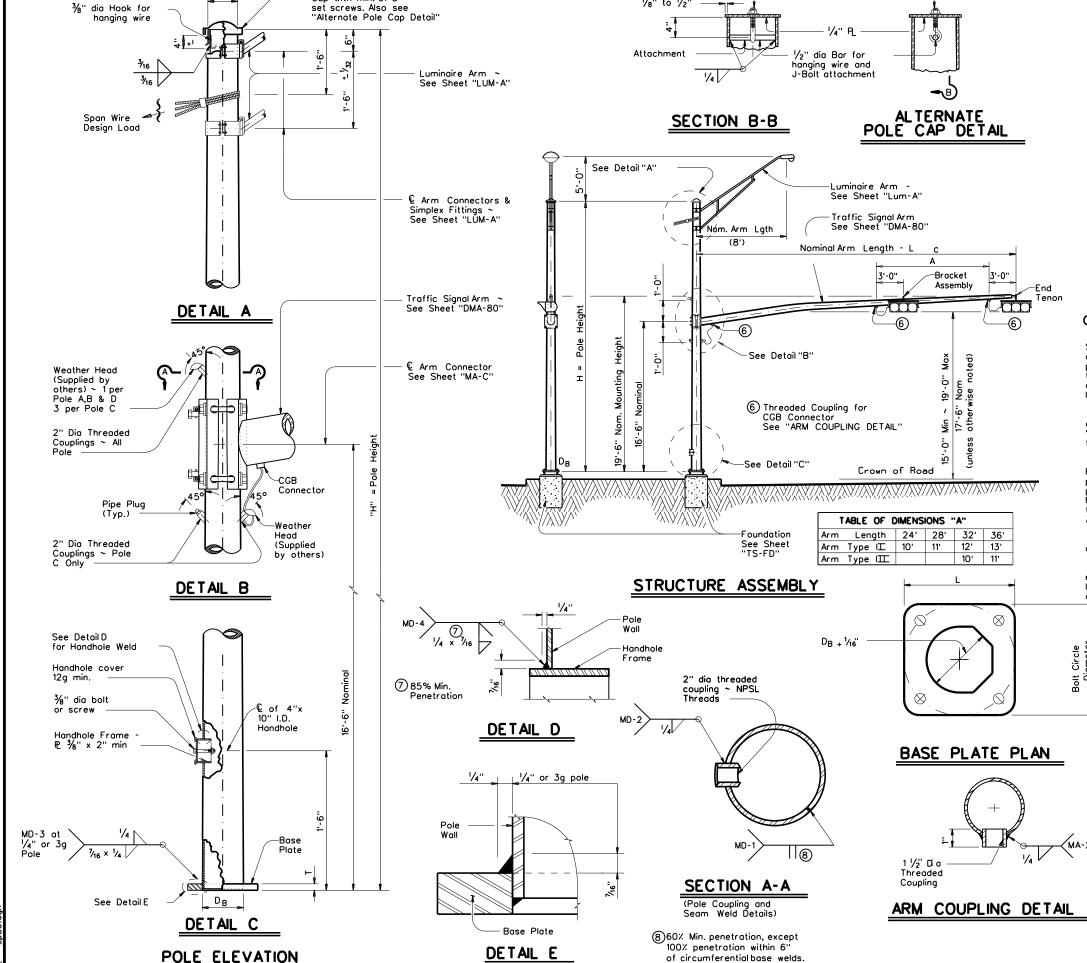
ich Anchor Bolt Assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLIES (80 MPH WIND ZONE)

SP-80(1)-12 © TxDOT March 1996 JOB

0022 010 076 US90,etc. 22 VAL VERDE,etc.



Zinc die cast or Alum, or Galv. Metal

Cap with min. of 3

### **MATERIALS** ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts Plates 9 ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50 Connection Bolts ASTM A325 except where noted ASTM A325 Pin Bolts ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 Pipe 9 ASTM A475, 7 Wire Steel Cable Utilities Grade Galvanized steel or stainless steel Misc. Hardware

- 9 ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F, or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- ① ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SSwill be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

1/4" dia J-Bolt & nut

1/8" to 1/2"

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. The maximum permissible span wire design loads tabulated are calculated at a stress load of 1.4 times the basic allowable stress. A simultaneous wind on the pole, most arm, and

See standard sheet "DMA-80" for details of clamp-on traffic signal arms, sheet "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, sheet "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, and sheet "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

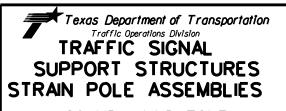
Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Foundation Type	Anchor Bolt Diameter	Bolt Hole Diameter	Bolt Circle Diameter	Base PL Dim. L x T
36-A	1 3/4"	2"	19"	19" x 1 ¾"
36-B	2"	2 1/4"	21"	21" x 2"

SHEET 2 OF 2



(80 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-80(2)-12

	0	TxDOT March 1996	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: BR		CK: JSY
	6-96	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	1-12		0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			22	V	AL VERDE	etc.		88
_	120B							

# DISCLAMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS ALL OTHERS		TYPE B or C SHEETING			



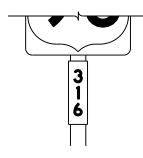




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND ISERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING		
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIF	ICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN
REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

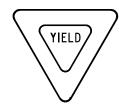
	_	_		_			
.E:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US9	0,etc.
2-03 7-1	3	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		22	VA	L VERDI	E,et	c.	89

E: 3/25/2022 : tsr3-13.dqn

# REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS								
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL							
BACKGROUND	BACKGROUND WHITE TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND ALL OTHERS TYPE B OF		TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING					
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BL	ANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIF	ICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

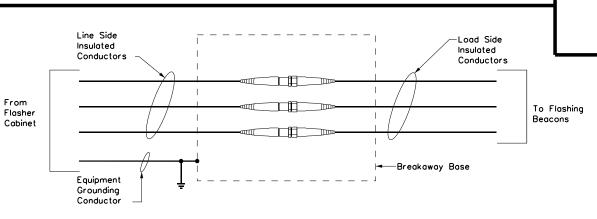
TSR(4)-13

	_			_			
	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT	October 2003	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
07 7 17	REVISIONS	0022	010	076 U		US9	0,etc.
03 7-13 -08	7-13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
•••		22	VA	L VERD	E,et	c.	90

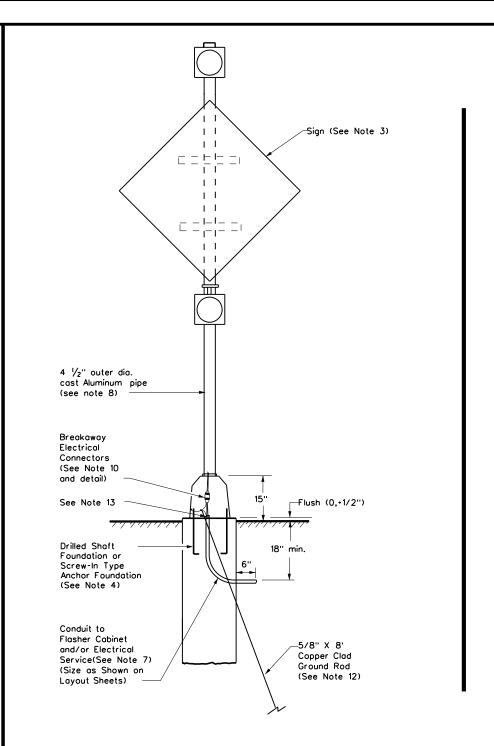
# 3/25/2022 11:47:29 AM fba-13.dgn

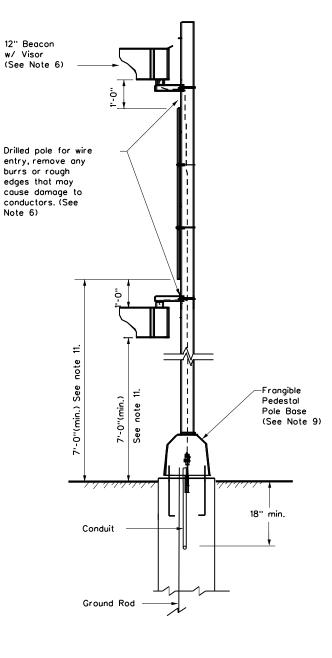
### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the upper beacon.
- 2. See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
- See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- 4. Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft
  Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a
  Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the
  Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations.
  On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft
  Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod
  is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- 5. When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on poles.
- 7. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- 8. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed.
- 9. Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening of connection.
- 10. Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT's MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).
- 11. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- 12. Make connections to ground rods according to NEC. Ground rod clamps shall be listed for their intended purpose.
- 13. Ensure height of conduit and ground rod is below top of anchor bolts.



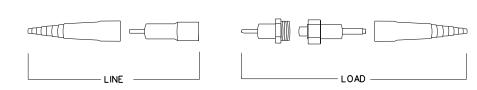
NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS





FRONT

SIDE



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS
EXPLODED VIEW



ROADSIDE FLASHING
BEACON ASSEMBLY

RFBA-13

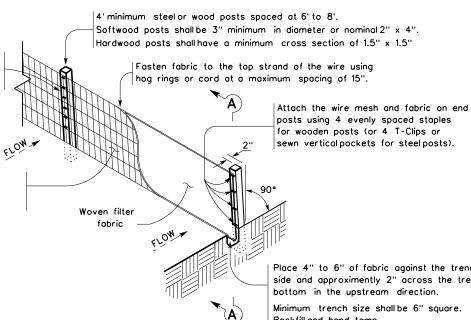
	_		_			
E: rfba-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	:: TxDOT Dw:		ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT January 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
REVISIONS -9.3 12-04	0022	010	076		USS	0,etc.
-93 12-04 -93 3-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-98	22	V	AL VERD	E,e	tc.	91

74

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION	N PREVENTION-CLEAN WAT	ER ACT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OF	R CONTAMINATION ISSUES			
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project.  They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.			archeological artifacts are fo archeological artifacts (bones	ications in the event historical issues or und during construction. Upon discovery of , burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately.	General (applies to all projects):  Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products				
1	Tred prior to construction	octivities.	No Action Required	Required Action	used on the project, which may i	nclude, but are not limited to the following categories:			
1.			Action No.		compounds or additives. Provide	products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for			
2.	N 2		1,		_	Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. n-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.			
☐ No Action Require	ed 🛚 Required Action				In the event of a spill, take ac	tions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,			
Action No.			2.			ctices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator I be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup			
<ol> <li>Prevent stormwater po accordance with TPDES</li> </ol>	llution by controlling eros Permit TXR 150000	ion and sedimentation in	3.		of all product spills.				
2. Comply with the SW3P required by the Engin	and revise when necessary t eer.	o control pollution or	4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		Contact the Engineer if any of t  * Dead or distressed vegetat  * Trash piles, drums, canist  * Undesirable smells or odor	ion (not identified as normal) er, barrels, etc.			
	e Notice (CSN) with SW3P in		Preserve native vegetation to	the extent practical	* Evidence of leaching or se				
4. When Contractor proje	to the public and TCEQ, EPA act specific locations (PSL' are, submit NOI to TCEQ and	s) increase disturbed soil	Contractor must adhere to Cons 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751,	truction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 752 in order to comply with requirements for andscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	bridge class structure rehabilitation or tructures not including box culverts)?			
II. WORK IN OR NEAR ST	DEAMS WATERPORTES AND	N WETI ANDS CLEAN WATED			If "No", then no further act	tion is required.  possible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.			
ACT SECTIONS 401 A		WEILANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required	Required Action	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	tos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?			
•	for filling, dredging, excav creeks, streams, wetlands or	vating or other work in any	Action No.		☐ Yes      No				
		d conditions associated with	1.		·	etain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with atement/mitigation procedures, and perform management			
the following permit(s)	):		2.		activities as necessary. The	e notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least eduled demolition.			
No Permit Required			3.		•	required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any			
Nationwide Permit 14 wetlands affected)	- PCN not Required (less t	han 1/10th acre waters or	4.		l v	or is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement			
☐ Nationwide Permit 14	- PCN Required (1/10 to <1	/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)				with careful coordination between the Engineer and to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.			
☐ Individua∣ 404 Permi			V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED	THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES,		possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered			
Other Nationwide Per	mit Required: NWP#	-	CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES		or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:			
Required Actions: List w	waters of the US permit app	lies to, location in project	AND WIGHTON BINDS.		No Action Required	Required Action			
•		trol erosion, sedimentation	No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.				
1.			Action No.		2.				
•			,						
2.			1.		3. VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL I	CCUEC			
3.			2.			such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)			
4.			3.		_	<u> </u>			
to be performed in the w	dinary high water marks of o waters of the US requiring	•	4,		No Action Required     Action No.	Required Action			
permit can be found on t	<u> </u>		If any of the listed species are	observed, cease work in the immediate area,	1,				
Best Management Prac		_	•	and contact the Engineer immediately. The from bridges and other structures during	2.				
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	nesting season of the birds assoc	iated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	3.	→ * Design			
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips	are discovered, cease work in the Engineer immediately.	immediate area, and contact the		Design Division Texas Department of Transportation Standard			
☐ Blankets/Matting ☐ Mulch	☐ Rock Berm ☐ Triangular Filter Dike	☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems ☐ Extended Detention Basin				<del>-</del>			
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	. 167 05	ADDDEW LATIONS		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,			
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	ABBREVIATIONS  SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS			
☐ Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CCP: Construction General Permit  DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Servi	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan					
☐ Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location		EPIC			
Mulch Filter Berm and Soci	_		MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	TCEQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		FILE: epic.dgn   DN: TXDOT   CK: RG   DW: VP   CK: AR			
☐ Compost Filter Berm and So		Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches	MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Sy MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation		© TXDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY			
	Sediment Basins	aps ☐ Sand Filter Systems ☐ Grassy Swales	NOT: Notice of Termination NMP: Nationwide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers		05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.			
		<b>–</b>	NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	İ	101-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122) TO LIEM 506 ADDED (PASSY SWALES) TO LIEM 506 ADDED (PASSY SWALES)			

Connect the ends of the successive reinforcement sheets or rolls a minimum of 6 times with hog rings.

Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)

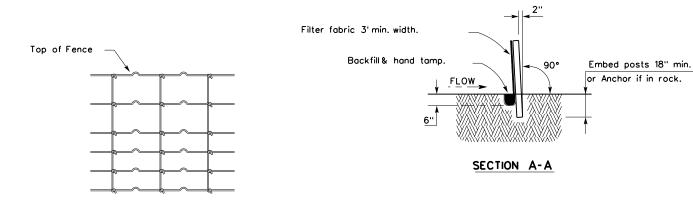


Place 4" to 6" of fabric against the trench side and approximently 2" across the trench bottom in the upstream direction.

Minimum trench size shall be 6" square. Backfill and hand tamp.

### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

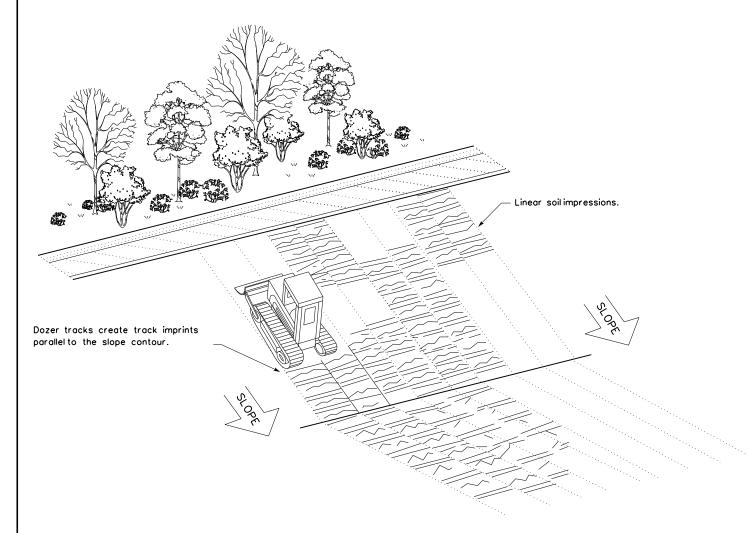
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

### **LEGEND**



### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxDOT		ck: KM	DW: \	DW: VP DN/CK: LS	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0022	010	076		US90,etc.	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22	VA	I VERDI	Fet	c	03

Sediment Control Fence