SEE SHEET 2 FOR "INDEX OF SHEETS"

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.	FE	NO.			
6	Е	1			
STATE		TATE IST.		COUNTY	
TEXA	S ,	YKM	G	ONZALE	S
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
004	2	Λ2	011	EM 2	067

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

 \bigcirc

FEDERAL PROJECT

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

GONZALES COUNTY = FM 2067 LIMITS: AT DENTON CREEK PROJECT NO.: BR 2022(492)

EQUATIONS: STA 333+51.50 BK = STA 333+51.25 AH

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

HWY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION: RURAL MINOR COLLECTOR DESIGN SPEED = 50 MPH ADT: 489 AADT (2020) 685 AADT (2040)

PROJECT LENGTH
ROADWAY = 1829.00 FT = 0.346 MI

BRIDGE = 200.00 FT = 0.038 MI TOTAL = 2029.00 FT = 0.384 MI

DEPARTMENT

OF TRANSPORTATION

CONTRACTOR:

DATE OF LETTING:

DATE WORK BEGAN:

DATE WORK COMPLETED:

DATE WORK ACCEPTED:

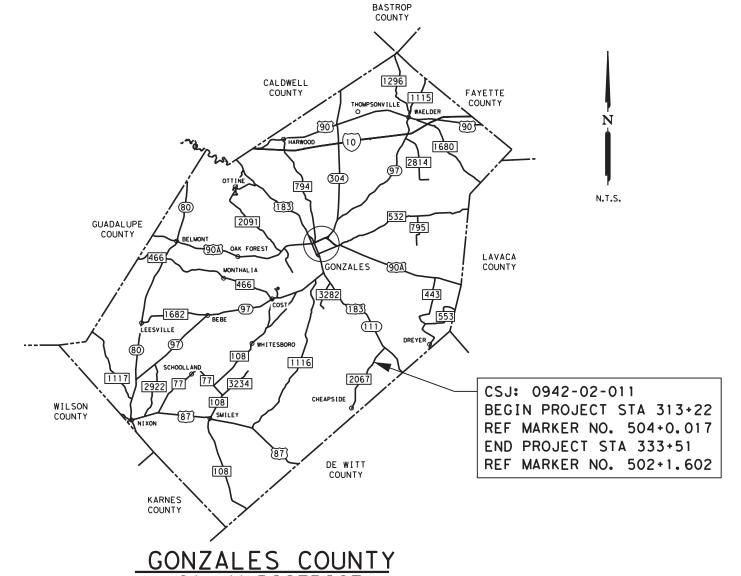
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, CONTRACT AND LISTED FIELD CHANGES.

AREA ENGINEER , PE ______ DATE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL AID CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 2012).







SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375,9000

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

PROJECT MANACER

3/1/2022

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Boousigned by:

Jeffery Vinklard

DIRECTOR OFC可防体操命PORZ4FTION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 3/4/2022
Docusigned by:

Martin C. Horst, DISIBUGIAGESBO...

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SHEET NO.

GENERAL TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS 2 TYPICAL SECTIONS 3-4 5 , 5A-5E GENERAL NOTES 6 , 6A-6B ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET 7-10 SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES 11 SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TCP NARRATIVE 12 TCP PHASE I TYPICAL SECTIONS 13 14 TCP PHASE II TYPICAL SECTIONS 15 TCP PHASE III TYPICAL SECTIONS 16-18 TCP PHASE I TCP PHASE I TEMP SPECIAL SHORING 19 20-22 TCP PHASE II 23-25 TCP PHASE III TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS 26-37 * BC (1 THRU 12)-21 38 * TCP(2-1)-18 * TCP(2-2)-18 39 40 * TCP(2-8)-18 * TCP(3-1)-13 41 42 * TCP(3-3)-14 43-49 * TCP(SC-1 THRU SC-7)-21 50 * WZ (STPM) - 13 * WZ(RS)-22 51 52 * WZ(UL)-13 53-54 * CSB(1)-10 55 * ABSORB (M) -19 * SLED-19 56 **ROADWAY** 57 SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET 58 SURVEY CONTROL DETAIL SHEET HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA 59 60-64 PLAN PROFILE DRIVEWAY DETAILS 65 ROADWAY STANDARDS 66 * GF (31) - 19 67-68 * GF (31) TR TL3-20 * SGT (12S) 31-18 69 70 * SGT (15) 31-20 71 * BED-14 72 * RS(3)-13 * RS(4)-13 73 74 * WF(1)-10 PAVEMENT MARKING, SIGNING AND DELINEATION STANDARDS 75 * PM(1)-20 * PM(2)-20 76 77 * SMD (GEN) -08 78 * SMD(SLIP-1)-08 79 * SMD(SLIP-2)-08 * SMD(SLIP-3)-08 80 81 * SMD (TWT) - 08 * TSR(3)-13 82 83 * D & OM(1)-20 84 * D & OM(2)-20 85 * D & OM(3)-20 * D & OM(4)-20 86 87 * D & OM(5)-20 88 * D & OM(VIA)-20 **DRAINAGE** 89 DRAINAGE AREA MAP 90-93 HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET 94-95 SCOUR SHEET

DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

ENVIRONMENTAL

ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS

BRIDGE 96 BRIDGE LAYOUT 97-98 BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS 99 ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS FOUNDATION LAYOUT 100 101-102 BORING LOGS 103-104 ABUTMENT 1 & 4 DETAILS 105-106 BENT 2 & 3 DETAILS FRAMING PLAN 107 108-109 200.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT IGND 110 BRIDGE STANDARDS 111-112 # CSAB 113-114 # FD # IGCS 115 116-117 # IGD 118-120 # IGEB 121-122 # IGFRP 123-124 # IGMS 125 # IGSK 126 # IGTS 127-128 # MEBR(C) 129-132 # PCP 133-134 # PCP(0) # PCP-FAR 135 136-137 # PCP(O)-FAB # PMDF 138-139 140 # SEJ-M 141-142 # SRR 143-144 # TYPE SSTR

SW3P LAYOUT

* SW3P

* EPIC

* EC(1)-16

* EC(2)-16

SHEET NO.

145-147

148

149

150

151

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY SHOWN WITH PRECEDING (*), HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



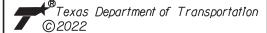
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY SHOWN WITH PRECEDING (#), HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



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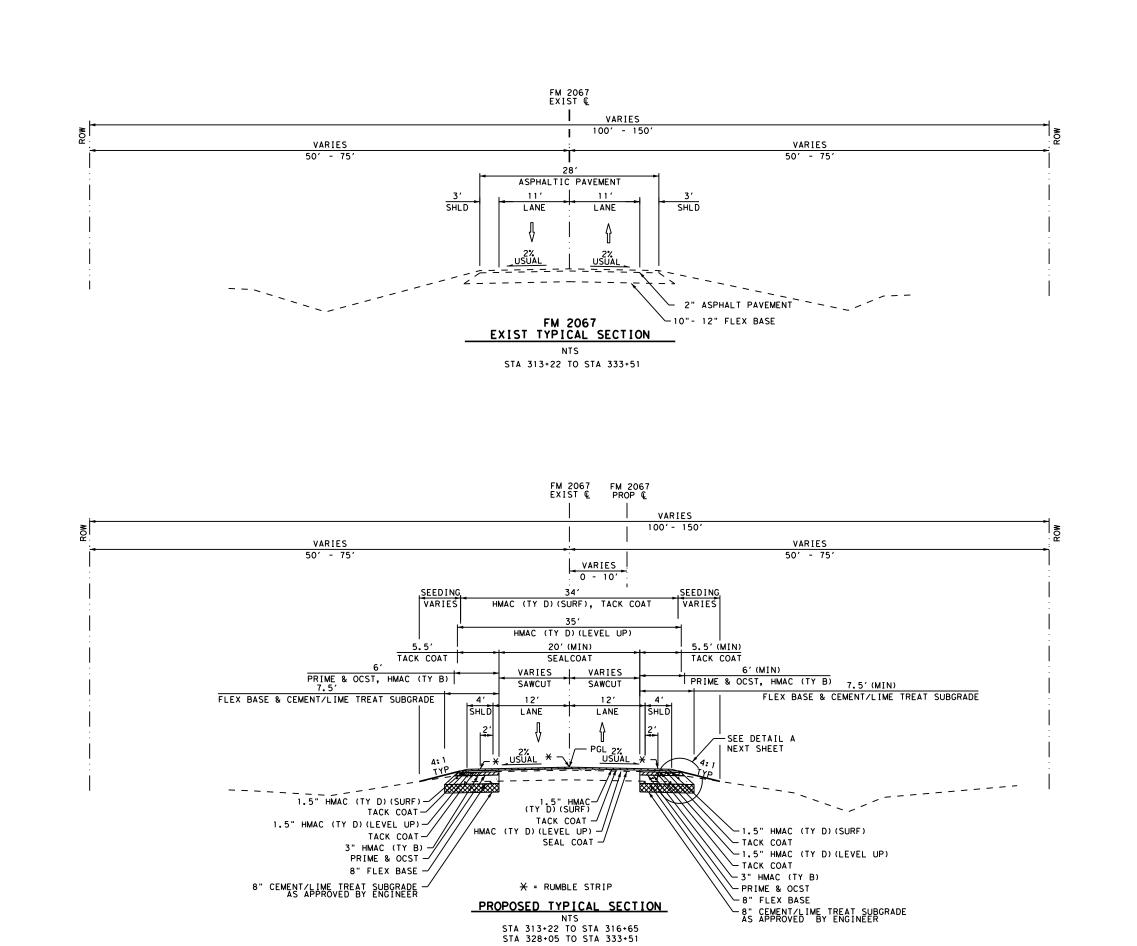
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

INDEX OF SHEETS

DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK DWG:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	2





APPROVAL

LUKE REED, P.E.

NOT TO SCALE

DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON **ENGINEERS**

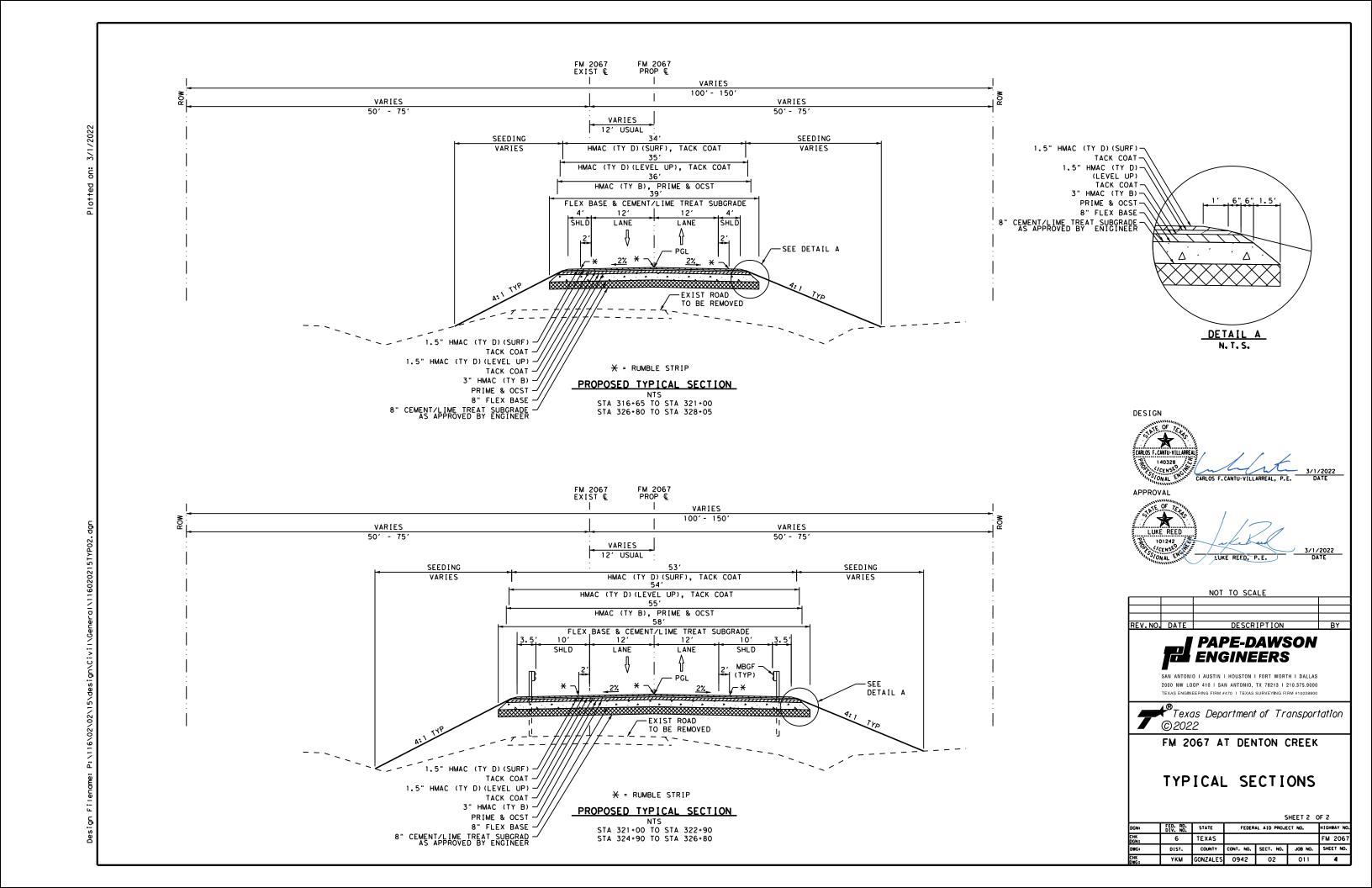
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FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

TYPICAL SECTIONS

					DHEET ! C	/F Z			
N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.					
K N:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067			
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
K	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	3			



Project Number: Sheet: 5

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL:

The Contractor is to take note that this project has Milestones for utilization of TCP (2-8) during the phased bridge construction. See Item 8 below for details.

Provide a minimum two week advance notice to TxDOT prior to utilization of TCP (2-8).

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Clayton Harris <u>Clayton.Harris@txdot.gov</u> Covey Morrow IV <u>Covey.Morrow@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Remove and dispose of existing raised pavement markers as directed. All work involved in the removal and disposal of these markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.

Remove and replace right-of-way fences at particular work sites, where necessary, at contractor's entire expense. Replace fences in a condition comparable to that at removal.

In the removal of the surface and base material on the existing pavement, exercise extreme care in providing a smooth and uniform edge adjacent to the existing travelway pavement which is to remain in place.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Furnish a certified copy of the legal gross weight of each vehicle hauling materials by weight and certified measurements for all trucks hauling material by volume.

Project Number: Sheet: 5

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

Leave all intersecting roadways side streets and entrances open at night unless otherwise directed. Should the contractor desire to close a side street or entrance overnight, approval will be required 48 hours in advance and the contractor will be required to coordinate the closure satisfactorily with any affected business or resident.

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet
Over $1500 = 30$ feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

Provide temporary pipe drains or culverts and take such other measures as directed to provide for continued drainage from all abutting property, the right of way and the roadway during construction operations. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Department will provide the cylinder testing machine for this project. Deliver the test specimens to the engineer's curing facilities as directed.

Do not clean out concrete trucks within the right of way.

ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK

Where a precast or cast-in-place concrete bridge element is shown in the plans, Contractor may submit a precast concrete alternate in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the denial or use of alternates.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharge of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States (U.S.) including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: Sheet: 5A

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

The Department will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and its potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The Contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. The Department will hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the Contractor cannot work within the limits of this permit(s), then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the existing permit(s) as originally obtained by the Department.

Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the proposed work. The Contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the U.S. at all times during construction. If the Contractor needs further explanation of the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the TXDOT Yoakum District Environmental Coordinator.

If the Contractor elects to work on a structure when the stream is flowing, near normal flow shall be maintained by a method approved by the Engineer. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If the contractor proposes work beyond the TxDOT obtained permit limitations, the contractor is responsible for additional costs, delays, and obtaining new or revised permits prior to construction.

All temporary construction access work and materials will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items. Prior to the scheduling of a Pre-Construction Meeting, submit a Temporary Construction Access Plan to the Area Engineer and to District Environmental Staff for their approval. The Construction Plan should contain a description of the equipment, such as barges, structures, etc., which may occupy waters of the US including jurisdictional wetlands, and a detailed work schedule. No work of any kind will be allowed until the pre-construction meeting has been held.

Temporary construction waterway crossings have been environmental cleared/permitted within Right of Way. Restrict construction operations in any water body to the necessary areas as shown on the plans or applicable permit, or as directed. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for stream crossings. All temporary construction access materials shall be completely removed as soon as possible once temporary access is no longer required and affected areas shall be returned to preconstruction elevations and contours and revegetated in accordance with the SW3P. All work must comply with the General Conditions of the appropriate USACE permit.

Project Number: Sheet: 5A

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Milestone #1 – Phase II Construction

Time charges for this Milestone shall begin when long term one-lane control TCP (2-8) is utilized for Phase II construction. The time charges for this Milestone shall end when traffic is following the lane arrangement as shown on the plans for the constructed and/or existing roadway as specified in the TCP (Phase) and/or the final lane configuration. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have **32** days to complete Milestone #1.

The daily road user cost for this Milestone shall be \$1,780.

Milestone #2 – Phase III Construction

Time charges for this Milestone shall begin when long term one-lane control TCP (2-8) is utilized for Phase III construction. The time charges for this Milestone shall end when traffic is following the lane arrangement as shown on the plans for the constructed and/or existing roadway as specified in the TCP (Phase) and/or the final lane configuration. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have **80** days to complete Milestone #2.

The daily road user cost for this Milestone shall be \$1,780.

Failure to complete the above Milestones within the established number of working days will result in the daily road user cost being assessed for every working day in excess of the stated number.

TxDOT will supply bidders, upon written request, one electronic copy of the time determination schedule. The time determination schedule provided is for informational use only and is not intended for bidding or construction purposes.

TxDOT will not adjust the number of days for the project or milestones, if any, due to differences in opinion regarding any assumptions made in the preparation of the schedule or for errors, omissions, or discrepancies found in the time determination schedule.

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Project Number: Sheet: 5B

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT-OF-WAY

Dispose of trees from the right-of-way within 24 hours of removal.

ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Grading quantities required to construct side road intersections and entrances will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

Reworking of existing pavement is included in the excavation and embankment items.

ITEM 150: BLADING

Sprinkling and rolling which may be required during the operation of Item 150 will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Item "Blading" for cut sections.

ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE

Unless otherwise approved, the delivered material's moisture content at most will be two percent above optimum moisture content, determined by TEX-113-E.

For Type E material, furnish crushed limestone produced and graded from oversize quarried aggregate that originates from a single, naturally occurring source. Do not use caliche, iron ore, gravel, or multiple sources.

Compact the Type E flex base to at least 98.0% of the maximum density determined by TEX-113-E.

Project Number: Sheet: 5B

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

ITEMS 247 & 530: FLEXIBLE BASE & INTERSECTIONS, DRIVEWAYS AND TURNOUTS

Density requirements for base in side road entrances and intersections may be waived provided the material is satisfactorily sprinkled and compacted.

ITEM 251, 260. & 275: REWORKING BASE COURSES, LIME TREATMENT (ROADMIXED), & CEMENT TREATMENT (ROAD MIXED)

Pulverize the existing bituminous surface so that 100% of the material passes a 2 inch sieve and incorporate it into the salvage base course. Provide equipment capable of thoroughly mixing the materials full depth in a single pass. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this item.

ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type E aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

ITEM 316: SEAL COAT

Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application season for this project is May 1 to September 15. Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

Cure any seal coat or one course surface treatment a minimum of three days before the succeeding course is placed unless otherwise directed.

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

Project Number: Sheet: 5C

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

Cure the RC-250 a minimum of seven (7) days prior to placement of the one course surface treatment. Place one course surface treatment no later than fourteen (14) days after placement of the RC-250, unless otherwise directed.

Use two paper widths covering a minimum of five feet at the beginning of each shot to construct a straight transverse joint and to prevent overlapping of the asphalt.

ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Provide a material transfer device capable of transferring mix from the haul trucks to the paver. Monitor its loading such that no damage is done to the existing pavement structures if a material transfer vehicle is used.

Securely attach a waterproof tarpaulin to the top of all trucks hauling ACP, to prevent air flow across the mix, for the duration of all ACP operations.

ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Flexible base (Ty D) may be used for cement stabilized backfill aggregate, as approved.

ITEM 420: CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES

Concrete for pier and bent structure elements, when paid for by the cubic yard, will be measured for plans quantity payment in accordance with Article 420.5.2 of Item 420, "Concrete Substructures".

ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE

Provide Surface Area II, railing, and culvert headwalls and wingwalls with a Slurry Coat Finish per 427.4.3.2 for cast-in-place concrete surfaces.

ITEM 432: RIPRAP

Broken concrete removed under this contract may be used for the common stone riprap item.

The dimension as shown in the stone protection bid item description is the stone size as described in the specification. The required thickness will be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

Project Number: Sheet: 5C

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES

Material removed under this item will not be deemed salvageable.

Prior to the scheduling of a Pre-Construction Meeting, submit removal methods to the Area Engineer and to District Environmental Staff for their approval. Provide for approval a removal method that prevents materials from falling into the water and/or traffic. The method used and work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

The removal of the existing concrete riprap or stone riprap protecting the existing bridge, is subsidiary to Item 496 Removing Structures, except as shown in the plans.

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Work zone speed limit signing will be utilized, and shall be used as directed by the Engineer.

Use WZ(RS)-16 in conjunction with TCP(2-2) & TCP (2-8).

Use TCP(2-2b) for one-lane, two-way traffic control.

When using TCP(2-2b), a pilot car is required to lead traffic through the work space with or without channelizing devices on the center line unless otherwise approved.

When using TCP(2-2b), channelizing devices may be omitted during base, subgrade and seal coat operations unless otherwise directed. Flaggers will be required at public intersections when channelizing devices are omitted.

When using TCP(2-2b), arrow boards, displaying the caution mode, may be used to enhance the flagger stations. If used, place the arrow board in advance of the flagger station a distance of $\frac{1}{2}X$, the sign spacing distance shown on BC(2). Use arrow boards as shown on BC(7).

When using TCP(2-2b), the temporary 24" stop line and the CW16-2P plaques may be omitted.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

Project Number: Sheet: 5D

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

When using TCP(2-2b), an additional "Road Work Ahead" and "Be Prepared To Stop" signs will be required on each end of the lane closure unless otherwise approved.

Provide trail and lead vehicles when using TCP(3-1) or TCP(3-3).

Utilize TCP(3-3) for sweeping operations or for installing and removing tabs or raised pavement markers.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

No additional payment will be made for relocating existing sign assemblies to temporary mounts.

Provide a 3:1 slope or flatter from the pavement edge with drums in all work areas during non-working hours. If adequate width is not available to set the drums, the 3:1 edge build up shall be widened to accommodate drum placement. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract. After placement of the prime, the 3:1 slope will not be required, but drums will still be required.

Signs warning of temporary conditions, such as "NO CENTER LINE," "LOOSE GRAVEL," etc., shall only be displayed when conditions are present. Remove or completely cover signs that do not apply to the roadway conditions. These signs may be installed prior to beginning work but shall remain completely covered until the signs are applicable.

In accordance with Article 502.4.2, no payment will be made for the month if the contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs in compliance with the contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY

Provide a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the engineer's exclusive use. Equip the structure with a 240 volt electrical entrance service. The service will consist of a minimum of four 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and at most two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220 volt ovens. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures will be support blocked for stability and will be tied down.

Project Number: Sheet: 5D

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

1. See SW3P plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.

- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.
- 6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

ITEM 510: ONE-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Use the portable traffic signal method for one-way traffic control as shown on the plans.

Program the traffic signal to "rest" in red for all approaches and to give a green indication to the first approach that is actuated.

Contractor to furnish and install Horizontal Signal Driveway Assistance Devices (DAD) at each driveway or as directed by the Engineer. Device shall include a solid red lamp and two flashing arrow lamps to indicate direction of travel. Devices shall be integrated into main signal actuation. Driveway assistance devices will not be paid for separately and are considered subsidiary to Item 510.

Submit the proposed signal timings to TxDOT for approval at least two weeks prior to implementing operation of the temporary traffic signal.

ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

Project Number: Sheet: 5E

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

ITEMS 540 & 544: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE AND GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed after normal working hours. Complete all work at each location during the normal working day.

ITEM 545: CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS

Use either the ABSORB-19 or SLED-19 crash cushion attenuators.

Crash cushion attenuators are not to be salvaged, but are to remain the property of the contractor.

ITEM 585: RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Pay adjustments for ride quality on travel lanes shall be determined by Schedule 2.

ITEM 644: SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORTS AND ASSEMBLIES

Use Class B concrete for all small roadside sign assembly concrete footings.

Drill the holes in the signs carefully as to not damage the reflective sheeting of the signs.

ITEM 662: WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Use raised pavement markers for removable work zone pavement markings.

Remove the exposed portions of the temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs after raised pavement markers are installed. If the tabs are not in line with the markings, remove the tabs immediately after the centerline markings are installed.

ITEM 3076: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Quantities shown for asphaltic concrete level-up are based on the average amount of material needed to bring depressed areas up to a desired grade and are shown on an average square yard basis. Place the level-up courses as directed.

Project Number: Sheet: 5E

County: Gonzales Control: 0942-02-011

Highway: FM 2067

Tie HMACP tapers to a vertical transition joint created by the milling operation at the beginning and ending transitions and at all exceptions, or as directed. Provide a temporary HMACP taper at vertical joints until overlay operations begin. Milling and HMACP work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Mixture designs, using the PG binder originally specified and without additives, failing to meet the requirements of Table 10 will require the addition of a minimum 1.0% of Type A hydrated lime based on dry weight of the total aggregate.

Use of RAS in the HMACP surface course is not permitted.

Do not add additional quantity of RAP to stockpiles tested and approved. If additional RAP is added to a stockpile, a new design and trial batch will be required prior to placement on the roadway.

The extracted aggregate from contractor-owned RAP shall have a minimum of 85% two crushed faces when tested in accordance with TEX-460-A, Part I.

Limit uneven pavement to two days production with the requirement that all longitudinal joints adjacent to a travelway are constructed with a joint maker providing a maximum one inch vertical edge (1/2" desirable) with an adjacent 6:1 taper.

ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for the duration of the project. Locations and messages or other miscellaneous uses of PCMS, shall be as approved or directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Shadow vehicle(s) with TMA are set up for stationary and/or mobile operations. The contractor will be responsible for determining if operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0942-02-011

DISTRICT Yoakum HIGHWAY FM 2067 **COUNTY** Gonzales

Report Created On: Mar 4, 2022 10:10:14 AM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0942-02	2-011		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00122	2829	7	
		C	YTNUC	Gonza	les	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 20	67		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	8.000		8.000	
	105-6037	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(0"-16")	SY	3,510.000		3,510.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	326.000		326.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	1,531.000		1,531.000	
	132-6006	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	CY	5,960.000		5,960.000	
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	30.000		30.000	
	160-6005	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL	CY	199.000		199.000	
	164-6001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	7,229.000		7,229.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	1,807.000		1,807.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	1,807.000		1,807.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	22.000		22.000	
	247-6057	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYE GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	1,345.000		1,345.000	
	260-6012	LIME(HYD,COM OR QK)(SLRY)OR QK(DRY)	TON	50.800		50.800	
	260-6027	LIME TRT (EXST MATL)(8")	SY	3,166.000		3,166.000	
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	30.900		30.900	
	275-6011	CEMENT TREAT(EXIST MATL)(8")	SY	3,166.000		3,166.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	1,165.000		1,165.000	
	316-6202	AGGR(TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	CY	42.300		42.300	
	316-6246	AGGR(TY-PE GR-3 SAC-B)	CY	68.900		68.900	
	316-6249	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	CY	20.700		20.700	
	316-6400	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	GAL	3,225.000		3,225.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	93.000		93.000	
	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	1,560.000		1,560.000	
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	764.000		764.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	58.800		58.800	
	420-6029	CL C CONC (CAP)	CY	44.200		44.200	
	420-6037	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	CY	16.300		16.300	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	9,200.000		9,200.000	
	425-6035	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	LF	1,389.400		1,389.400	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	990.000		990.000	
	450-6054	RAIL (TY SSTR) (W/DRAIN SLOTS)	LF	448.000		448.000	
	454-6018	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	LF	96.000		96.000	
	496-6010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	496-6043	REMOV STR (SMALL FENCE)	LF	840.000		840.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	13.000		13.000	
	506-6001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	60.000		60.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Gonzales	0942-02-011	6



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0942-02-011

DISTRICT Yoakum **HIGHWAY** FM 2067

COUNTY Gonzales

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0942-02	-011		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00122	829		
		CO	DUNTY	Gonza	les	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
			HWAY	FM 20			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2,082.000		2,082.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2,082.000		2,082.000	
	510-6003	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	МО	8.000		8.000	
	512-6005	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF	1,500.000		1,500.000	
	512-6029	PORT CTB (MOVE)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF	990.000		990.000	
	512-6053	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF	1,500.000		1,500.000	
	530-6006	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	SY	25.000		25.000	
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	4,258.000		4,258.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	2,129.000		2,129.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	375.000		375.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	125.000		125.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	544-6002	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (MOVE & RESET)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	545-6003	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	545-6005	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	545-6019	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	552-6002	WIRE FENCE (TY B)	LF	840.000		840.000	
	644-6060	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000		2.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	127.000		127.000	
	658-6060	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	EA	16.000		16.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	31.000		31.000	
	662-6063	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	LF	9,693.000		9,693.000	
	662-6075	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	LF	24.000		24.000	
	662-6095	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	11,182.000		11,182.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	486.000		486.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	147.000		147.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	7,640.000		7,640.000	
	3076-6006	D-GR HMA TY-B PG70-22	TON	939.800		939.800	
	3076-6042	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-B PG70-22	TON	653.000		653.000	
	3076-6043	D-GR HMA TY-D PG70-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TON	1,054.700		1,054.700	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	1,350.000		1,350.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20.000		20.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	20.000		20.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Gonzales	0942-02-011	6A



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0942-02-011

DISTRICT Yoakum **HIGHWAY** FM 2067

COUNTY Gonzales

Report Created On: Mar 4, 2022 9:25:02 AM

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0942-0	2-011		
		PROJE	CT ID	A0012	2829		
		co	YTNUC	Gonz	ales	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 2	067		1
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	6439-6004	HPPM-RIB W/RET REQ TYI(W)4"(SLD)100MIL	LF	4,258.000		4,258.000	
	6439-6012	HPPM-RIB W/RET REQ TYI(Y)4"(SLD)100MIL	LF	11,698.000		11,698.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Gonzales	0942-02-011	6B

ROADWAY SUMMARY

DOADWAY CUE	DEACE WIDTH	1.004	TION		LIME SU	JBGRADE		260		4 275	FLEX E	BASE	ITEM 247
ROADWAY SUF	REACE WIDTH	LOCA	TION		WID	ТН	ITEM	260	I I EN	1 275	WID	ΓH *	
BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	BEGIN	END	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	LIME (HYD, COM QK) (SLRY) OR QK (DRY)	LIME TREAT(EXIST MATL)(8")	CEMENT (3%) (8")	CEMENT TREAT(EXIST MATL)(8")	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR1&2) (FNAL POS)
							105 LBS/FT3		105 LBS/FT	1			
FT	FT	STA	STA	FT	FT	FT	TON	SY	TON	SY	FT	FT	CY
28.3	32	313+22	314+02	80.00	15.00	15.00	1.1	67	0.7	67	13.50	13.50	26.7
32	32	314+02	315+50	148.00	15.00	15.70	2,0	127	1.2	127	13.50	14.20	50.7
32	32	315+50	316+65	115.00	8.20	10.77	1.0	61	0.6	61	7.45	10.02	24.9
32	32	316+65	319+99	334.00	39.00	39.00	11.4	724	6.9	724	37.50	37.50	309.3
32	46.85	319+99	320+99	100.00	39.00	53.85	4.1	258	2.5	258	37.50	52.35	111.0
46.85	51	320+99	321+85	86.00	53.85	58.00	4.3	268	2.6	268	52.35	56.50	115.6
51	51	321+85	322+72	87.00	58.00	58.00	4.5	281	2.7	281	56.50	56.50	121.4
47.5	47.5	322+72	322+84	12.00	51.00	51.00	0.6	34	0.4	34	50.25	50.25	14.9
44	0	322+84	322+96	12.00	44.00	0,00	0.3	15	0,2	15	44.00	0,00	6.6
0	44	324+84	324+96	12.00	0.00	44.00	0.3	15	0.2	15	0.00	44.00	6.6
47.5	47.5	324+96	325+08	12.00	51.00	51,00	0.6	34	0,4	34	50.25	50.25	14.9
51	51	325+08	325+93	85.00	58.00	58.00	4.4	274	2.6	274	56.50	56.50	118.6
51	46.21	325+93	326+80	87.00	58.00	53.21	4.3	269	2.6	269	56.50	51.71	116.3
46.21	32	326+80	327+79	99.00	53.21	39.00	4.0	254	2.4	254	51.71	37.50	109.1
32	32	327+79	328+05	26.00	39.00	39.00	0.9	57	0.6	57	37.50	37.50	24.1
32	32	328+05	330+20	215.00	16.38	10.22	2.6	159	1.6	159	15.63	9.47	66.7
32	32	330+20	330+72	52.00	10.22	8.80	0.5	28	0.3	28	9.47	8.05	11.3
32	32	330+72	332+71	199.00	16.30	15.00	2.8	174	1.7	174	13.50	13.50	69.6
32	28.34	332+71	333+51	80.00	15.00	15.00	1.1	67	0.7	67	13.50	13.50	26.7
TOTALS							50.8	3166	30.9	3166			1345.0

* WIDTH INCLUDES 1/2 OF TAPER WHERE APPLICABLE NOTE: LIME/CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE ASSUMING 50% EACH ITEM

DOADWAY CHE	ADWAY SURFACE WIDTH LOCATION			PRIME & OCST		ITEM 316		ITEM 316		HMAC TY B		ITEM 3076	
ROADWAT SUF	TRACE WIDIN	LUCA	TION		WIG	TН	PRIME	COAT	oc	ST	WID	TH*	
BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	BEGIN	END	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR(TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	AGGR(TY-PE GR-3 SAC-B)	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	HMAC TY B PG 70-22
							0.2 GAL/SY	140 SY/CY	0.4 GAL/SY	85 SY/CY	1		330 LBS/SY
FT	FT	STA	STA	FT	FT	FT	GAL	CY	GAL	CY	FT	FT	TON
28.3	32	313+22	314+02	80.00	12.00	12.00	22	0.8	43	1.3	11.50	11.50	16.9
32	32	314+02	315+50	148.00	12.00	12.70	41	1.5	82	2.4	11.50	12.20	32.2
32	32	315+50	316+65	115.00	6.70	9.27	21	0.8	41	1.3	6.45	9.02	16.4
32	32	316+65	319+99	334.00	36.00	36.00	268	9.6	535	15.8	35.50	35.50	217.4
32	46.85	319+99	320+99	100.00	36.00	50.85	97	3.5	193	5.7	35.50	50.35	78.7
46.85	51	320+99	321+85	86.00	50.85	55.00	102	3.7	203	6.0	50.35	54.50	82.7
51	51	321+85	322+72	87.00	55.00	55.00	107	3.8	213	6.3	54.50	54.50	87.0
47.5	47.5	322+72	322+84	12.00	49.50	49.50	14	0.5	27	0.8	49.25	49.25	10.9
44	0	322+84	322+96	12.00	44.00	0.00	6	0.3	12	0.4	44.00	0.00	4.9
0	44	324+84	324+96	12.00	0.00	44.00	6	0.3	12	0.4	0.00	44.00	4.9
47.5	47.5	324+96	325+08	12.00	49.50	49.50	14	0.5	27	0.8	49.25	49.25	10.9
51	51	325+08	325+93	85.00	55.00	55.00	104	3.8	208	6.2	54.50	54.50	85.0
51	46.21	325+93	326+80	87.00	55.00	50.21	102	3.7	204	6.0	54.50	49.71	83.2
46.21	32	326+80	327+79	99.00	50.21	36.00	95	3.4	190	5.6	49.71	35.50	77.4
32	32	327+79	328+05	26.00	36.00	36.00	21	0.8	42	1.3	35.50	35.50	17.0
32	32	328+05	330+20	215.00	14.88	8.72	57	2.1	113	3. 4	14.63	8.47	45.6
32	32	330+20	330+72	52.00	8.72	7.30	10	0.4	19	0.6	8.47	7.05	7.4
32	32	330+72	332+71	199.00	13.30	12.00	56	2.0	112	3.3	12.80	11.50	44.4
32	28.34	332+71	333+51	80.00	12.00	12.00	22	0.8	43	1.3	11.50	11.50	16.9
TOTALS							1165	12 3	2319	68.9			939, 8
TOTALS							1165	42.3	L 2319	68.9			939.8

* WIDTH INCLUDES 1/2 OF TAPER WHERE APPLICABLE NOTE: LIME/CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE ASSUMING 50% EACH ITEM





SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

						/F 4
DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	7

Plotted on: 2/23/20

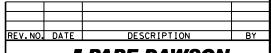
ROADWAY SUMMARY (CONT'D)

ROADWAY SUR	DEACE WIDTH	1.004	TION		TACK	COAT	ITEM 3076	SEAL	COAT	ITEM	316	HMAC TY D	LEVEL UP	ITEM 3076	TACK	COAT	ITEM 3076	HMAC TY	D SURF	ITEM 3076
ROADWAT SUR	FACE WIDTH	LOCA	TION		WII	DTH		WIC)TH	SEAL	COAT	WID	TH*		WI	DTH		WID)TH*	
BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	BEGIN	END	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	TACK COAT	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	D-GR HMA TY-D PG 70-22 (LEVEL-UP)	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	TACK COAT	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	D-GR HMA TY- SAC-B PG 70-22
							0.1 GAL/SY	1		0.34 GAL/SY	130 SY/CY	1		110 LBS/SY/IN			0.1 GAL/SY			165 LBS/SY
FT	FT	STA	STA	FT	FT	FT	GAL	FT	FT	GAL	CY	FT	FT	TON	FT	FT	GAL	FT	FT	TON
28.3	32	313+22	314+02	80.00	11.00	11.00	10	20.30	24.00	67	1.6	30.80	34.50	47.9	30.30	34.00	29	29.30	33.00	22.9
32	32	314+02	315+50	148.00	11.00	11.70	19	24.00	23.30	133	3.0	11.00	11.70	129.7	34.00	34.00	56	33.00	33.00	44.8
32	32	315+50	316+65	115.00	6.20	8.77	10	27.30	24.73	114	2.6	6.20	8.77	107.5	33.00	33.00	43	33.00	33.00	34.8
32	32	316+65	319+99	334.00	35.00	35.00	130	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	35.00	35.00	105.7	33.00	34.00	127	33.00	33.00	101.1
32	46.85	319+99	320+99	100.00	35.00	49.85	48	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	35.00	49.85	38.5	34.00	48.85	47	33.00	47.85	37.1
46.85	51	320+99	321+85	86.00	49.85	54.00	50	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	49.85	54.00	40.6	48.85	53.00	49	47.85	52.00	39.4
51	51	321+85	322+72	87.00	54.00	54.00	53	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	54.00	54.00	42.7	53.00	53.00	52	52.00	52.00	41.5
47.5	47.5	322+72	322+84	12.00	49.00	49.00	7	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	49.00	49.00	5.5	48.50	48.50	7	48.50	48.50	5.4
44	0	322+84	322+96	12.00	44.00	0.00	3	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	44.00	0.00	2.7	44.00	0.00	3	45.00	1.00	2.6
0	44	324+84	324+96	12.00	0.00	44.00	3	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	44.00	2.7	0.00	44.00	3	1.00	45.00	2.6
47.5	47.5	324+96	325+08	12.00	49.00	49.00	7	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	49.00	49.00	5.5	48.50	48.50	7	48.50	48.50	5.4
51	51	325+08	325+93	85.00	54.00	54.00	51	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	54.00	54.00	41.7	53.00	53.00	51	52.00	52.00	40.6
51	46.21	325+93	326+80	87.00	54.00	49.21	50	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	54.00	49.21	40.8	53.00	48.21	49	52.00	47.21	39.6
46.21	32	326+80	327+79	99.00	49, 21	35.00	47	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	49, 21	35.00	37.8	48.21	34.00	46	47.21	33.00	36.4
32	32	327+79	328+05	26.00	35.00	35.00	11	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	35.00	35.00	8.3	34.00	34.00	10	33.00	33.00	7.9
32	32	328+05	330+20	215.00	14.38	8,22	27	19.12	25.28	181	4.1	14.38	8.22	173.1	33.00	33.00	79	33.00	33.00	65.1
32	32	330+20	330+72	52.00	8.22	6.80	5	25.28	26.70	52	1.2	8.22	6.80	49.2	33.00	33.00	20	33.00	33.00	15.8
32	32	330+72	332+71	199.00	12.30	11.00	26	22.70	24.00	176	4.0	12.30	11.00	132.5	34.00	34.00	76	33.00	33.00	60.2
32	28.34	332+71	333+51	80.00	11.00	11.00	10	24.00	20.34	68	1.6	11.00	11.00	42.3	34.00	30.34	29	33.00	29.34	22.9
TOTALS					-		567		-	791	18,1			1054,7		-	783	-		626, 1

* WIDTH INCLUDES 1/2 OF TAPER WHERE APPLICABLE NOTE: LIME/CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE ASSUMING 50% EACH ITEM

INCIDENTAL SUMMARY

ITEM	0316	0316	0533	0533	0672	0677	3076	6439	6439
	AGGR (TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")			HPPM-RIB W/RET REQ TYI(Y)4"(SLD)100MIL
	CY	GAL	LF	LF	EA	LF	TON	LF	LF
TOTALS	2.6	115	200	100	96	7640	26.9	200	7640





SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

Texas Department of Transportation © 2022

FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 2 OF 4

12	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
1	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	8

MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY

ITEM	0105-6037	0150-6002	0160-6005	0164-6001	0164-6009	0164-6011	0168-6001	0496-6043	0506-6001	0506-6011
	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(0"-16")	BLADING	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	REMOV STR (SMALL FENCE)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)
	SY	HR	CY	SY	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	LF
STA 313+23 - STA 322+90	2170	15.0	87.0	3623	906	906	11.00		30	30
STA 322+90 - STA 324+90										
STA 324+90 - STA 331+51	1340	15.0	112.0	3606	902	902	11.00	840	30	30
TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER										
TOTALS	3510	30.0	199.0	7229	1807	1807	22.00	840	60	60

ITEM	0506-6038	0506-6039	0530-6006	0552-6002	6001-6002	6185-6002	6185-6005
	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	WIRE FENCE (TY B)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	LF	LF	SY	LF	EA	DAY	DAY
STA 313+23 - STA 322+90	801	801	25				
STA 322+90 - STA 324+90	421	421					
STA 324+90 - STA 331+51	860	860		840			
TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER					2	20	20
TOTALS	2082	2082	25	840	2	20	20

MBGF AND DELINEATOR SUMMARY

ITEM	0540-6001	0540-6006	0542-6001	0544-6001	0544-6002	0644-6060	0644-6076	0658-6014	0658-6060	0658-6062
	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (MOVE & RESET)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BR)CTB (BI)	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)
	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
TCP PHASE I								36		
TCP PHASE II								45		
TCP PHASE III	125		125		2			26		7
STA 313+22 - STA 321+00 (LT & RT)						2	2			
STA 321+00 - STA 322+90 (LT)	25	1		1					4	4
STA 321+00 - STA 322+90 (RT)	100	1		1					4	8
STA 322+90 - STA 324+90 (LT & RT)								20		
STA 324+90 - 326+75 (LT)	100	1		1					4	8
STA 324+90 - STA 326+75 (RT)	25	1		1					4	4
TOTALS	375	4	125	4	2	2	2	127	16	31

STRIPING SUMMARY

ITEM	0533-6001	0533-6002	0672-6009	6439-6004	6439-6012
	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)		HPPM-RIB W/RET REQ TYI(W)4"(SLD)100MIL	
	LF	LF	EA	LF	LF
TOTALS	4058	2029	51	4058	4058

PREP ROW SUMMARY

ITEM	0100-6002		
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	TREE REMOVAL SUMMARY	
	STA		
STA 319+00 - STA 327+00	8	* CONTRACTOR INFO ONLY, PAID UNDER PREP ROW BY STATION	
		319+17 (18" HACKBERRY) 319+28 (6" ELM) 324+66 (15" AS	SH)
STA 319+17 - STA 324+87*		324+76 (15" ASH) 324+77 (10" ASH) 324+78 (8" AS	H)
		324+87 (12" ASH)	
TOTALS	8		





SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 3 OF 4

N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
K N:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
K G:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	9

TCP SUMMARY

ITEM	0403-6001	0510-6003	0512-6005	0512-6029	0512-6053	0545-6003	0545-6005	0545-6019	0662-6063
	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	PORT CTB (FUR & INST) (F-SHAPE) (TY	PORT CTB (MOVE) (F-SHAPE) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (REMOVE) (F-SHAPE) (TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(SLD)
	SF	МО	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF
PHASE I	660		780					8	2029
PHASE II			720	360		2	2		3220
PHASE III				630	1500	2	6		4444
TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER	* 900	8							
TOTALS	1560	8	1500	990	1500	4	8	8	9693

ITEM	0662-6075	0662-6095	0662-6111
	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2
	LF	LF	EA
PHASE I		4058	
PHASE II	24	7124	
PHASE III			
TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER			486
TOTALS	24	11182	486

* CONTRACTOR TO USE TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING OR EQUIVALENT METHOD AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. SEE TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR MORE DETAILS.

EW SUMMARY

			W SUMMAR			
		EN	D AREA VOLUME REPO	RT		
ORT CREATED: 02						1.70
Baseline	ITEM	110	ITEM	110	ITEM	1 32
Station	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	ACCUM	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	ACCUM	EMBANKMENT	ACCUM
	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY
313+22	0	0			0	0
313+50	8	8			9	9
314+00	11	19			20	29
314+50	7	26			25	54
315+00	7	33			30	84
315+50	5	38			35	119
316+00	3	41			36	155
316+50	4	45			42	197
317+00	11	56			65	262
317+50	15	71			113	375
318+00	10	81			173	548
318+50	5	86			228	776
319+00	1	87			266	1042
319+50	0	87			273	1315
320+00	0	87			257	1572
320+50	0	87			244	1816
321+00	0	87			247	2063
321+50	0	87			249	2312
322+00	6	93			255	2567
322+50	16	109			267	2834
322+83	40	149			159	2993
323+40	0	149	790	790	12	3005
324+10	0	149	0	790	0	3005
324+97	5	154	741	1531	6	3011
325+00	18	167			18	3029
325+50	30	184			227	3256
326+00	16	200			227	3483
326+50	7	207			222	3705
327+00	5	212			187	3892
327+50	9	221			120	4012
328+00	16	237			75	4087
328+50	10	247			55	4142
329+00	1	248			47	4189
329+50	1	249			51	4240
330+00	1	250			61	4301
330+50	1	251			60	4361
331+00	5	256	+		52	4413
331+50	9	265	+		49	4462
332+00	10	275	+		49	4503
	10				35	
332+50		285				4538
333+00	10	295			33	4571
333+51	13	308			24	4595
*		26			1365	5960
Grand Total:	32	26	153	51	5960	ט

NOTES

1. USE EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY C) FOR ITEM 132. * REPLACE PAVEMENT TO BE REMOVED WITH EMBANKMENT ITEM 132.

REV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 Texas Engineering Firm #470 I Texas Surveying Firm #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 4 OF 4

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER.	HIGHWAY NO.			
6	TEXAS		FM 2067			
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	10	

				SUMMARY	OF S	M A	LL SIC	NS					
. No warranty of any ty for the conversion from its use.	PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	LIAPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	MOU! PREFABRICATED	NTING DESIGNATION DIEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY = TYPE	
the "Texas Engineering Practice Act" ever. TXDDI assumes no responsibili orrect results or damages resulting	60	1-1	D20-1TL (R)	CO RD 299 ←	24×24		тwт	1	WS	P			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	60	1-2	M1 - 6F	FARM 2067 ROAD	24×24		тwт	1	WS	Р			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/ NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
D1S Kir pries\116020215_50SS.dqn of													2. For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet. 3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).
39:53 AM \15\design\Civil\Summar													Traffic Operations Division Standard SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
DATE: 2/22/20211:39:53 AM FILE: P:\116\02\02\15\Qesi													SOSS

DETOURS, BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, SEQUENCE OF WORK, ETC.

THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 7, "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PUBLIC", OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW SEQUENCE OF WORK, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED. IN ADDITION TO THESE REQUIREMENTS, THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS SHALL ALSO GOVERN ON THIS CONTRACT:

1. SEQUENCE OF WORK

SEQUENCE NOTES:

- PLACE PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- PLACE ADVANCE WARNING AND WORK ZONE SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC STANDARD SHEETS AND TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD).
- 3. PLACE SW3P DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. APPLY TEMPORARY LANE CLOSURES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE TCP STANDARDS.
- 5. DROP OFF CONDITIONS GREATER THAN 2" MUST HAVE A 3:1 SLOPE AT THE END OF EACH DAY.

PHASE IA:

G. CONSTRUCT LEVEL UP PAVEMENT UNDER A ONE LANE-TWO WAY TRAFFIC OPERATION (TCP(2-2b) DURING DAYTIME HOURS.

PHASE I:

- g. PLACE SIGNS ACCORDING TO TCP STANDARDS.
- b. PLACE WZPM IN THE CONFIGURATION SHOWN ON THE PHASE I TCP SHEETS.
- c. INSTALL PCTB AND CCA AS SHOWN ON PHASE I TCP SHEETS.
- d. CONSTRUCT BRIDGE, MBGF AND APPROACHES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- e. DO NOT CONSTRUCT 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HMAC TY-D SURF UNTIL PHASE IV.

PHASE II:

- G. PLACE WZPM IN THE CONFIGURATION SHOWN ON THE PHASE II TCP SHEETS. SEE TCP(2-8b) FOR SIGN PLACEMENT.
- b. INSTALL PCTB AND CCA AS SHOWN ON PHASE II TCP SHEETS.
- c. INSTALL TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNALS.
- d. SHIFT TRAFFIC TO THE PHASE II TRAFFIC CONFIGURATION.
- e. CONSTRUCT ROADWAY AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- f. DO NOT CONSTRUCT 1 1/2" HMAC TY-D SURF UNTIL PHASE IV.

PHASE III:

- g. PLACE WZPM IN THE CONFIGURATION SHOWN ON THE PHASE III TCP SHEETS, SEE TCP(2-8b) FOR SIGN PLACEMENT.
- b. INSTALL PCTB AND CCA AS SHOWN ON PHASE III TCP SHEETS.
- c. SHIFT TRAFFIC TO THE PHASE III TRAFFIC CONFIGURATION.
- d. CONSTRUCT BRIDGE, MBGF, APPROACHES AND REMOVE THE EXISTING BRIDGE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- e. DO NOT CONSTRUCT 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HMAC TY-D SURF UNTIL PHASE IV. PLACE TEMPORARY WZPM (TABS) IN THE PERMANENT CONFIGURATION.

PHASE IV:

- g. PLACE PERMANENT SIGNING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- b. USING ONE LANE TWO WAY TRAFFIC (TCP(2-2b)) CONSTRUCT THE FINAL OVERLAY INCLUDING INCIDENTAL OVERLAY. PLACE TEMPORARY WZPM (TABS) IN THE PERMANENT CONFIGURATION.
- C. USING MOBILE OPERATIONS (TCP(3-1b) & TCP(3-3a)), PLACE THE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS INCLUDING REESTABLISHING PAVEMENT MARKINGS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS WHICH WERE REMOVED DURING TCP.
- d. PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP OPERATIONS.

DESIGN

LARLOS F. CAMIU-VILLARRAL
1 40328
1 40328
1 CENS

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

APPROVAL

LUKE REED

101242

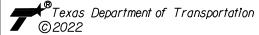
3/ONAL

LUKE REED, P.E. DATE

REV.NO, DATE DESCRIPTION BY



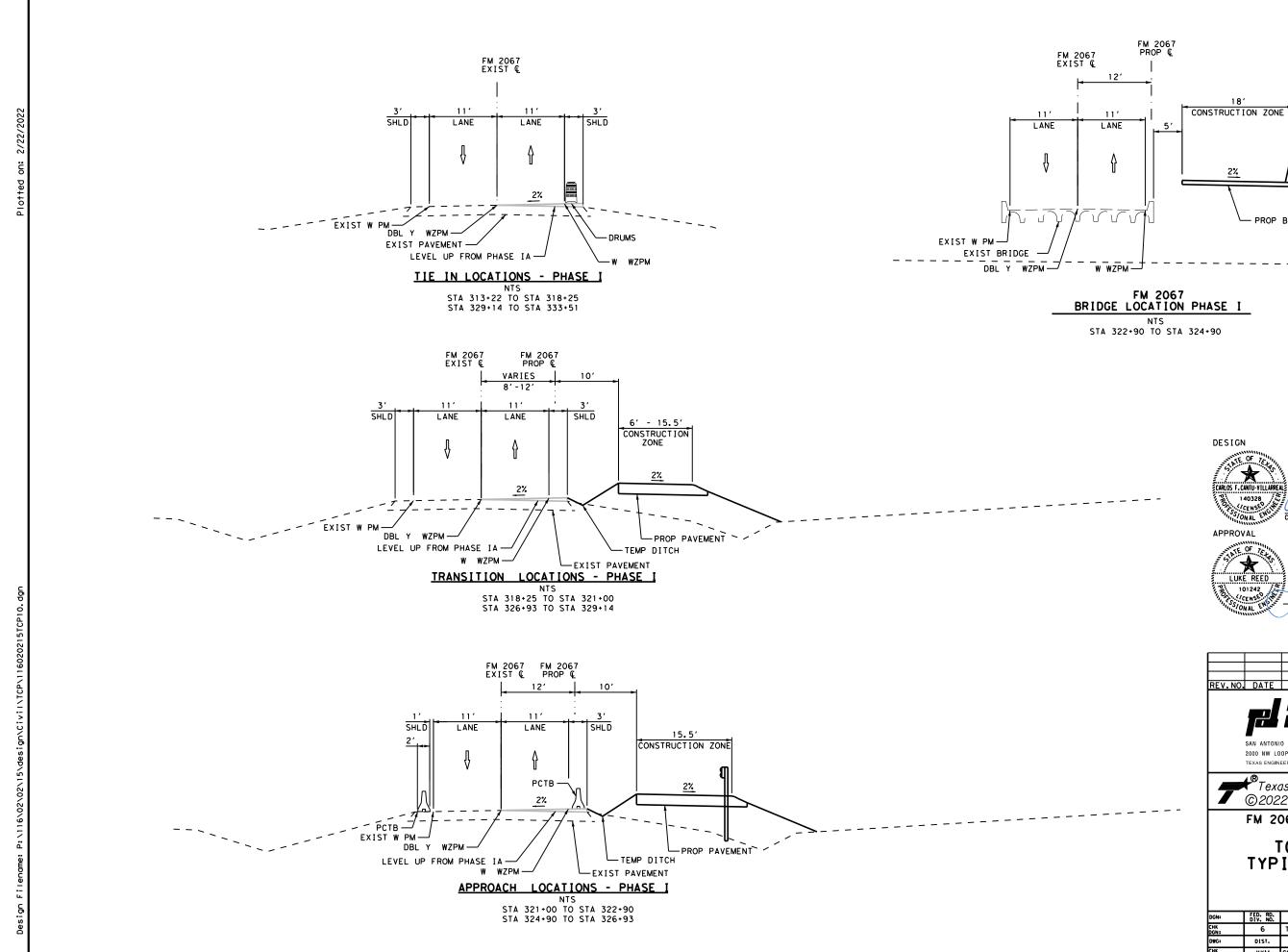
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

TCP NARRATIVE

				>	HEET I C)F I
DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
HK OGN:	6	TEXAS		FM 2067		
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	12





CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E.

- PROP BRIDGE

APPROVAL

LUKE REED, P.E.

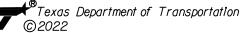
- PROP SSTR W/ DRAIN SLOTS

NOT TO SCALE

DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON **ENGINEERS**

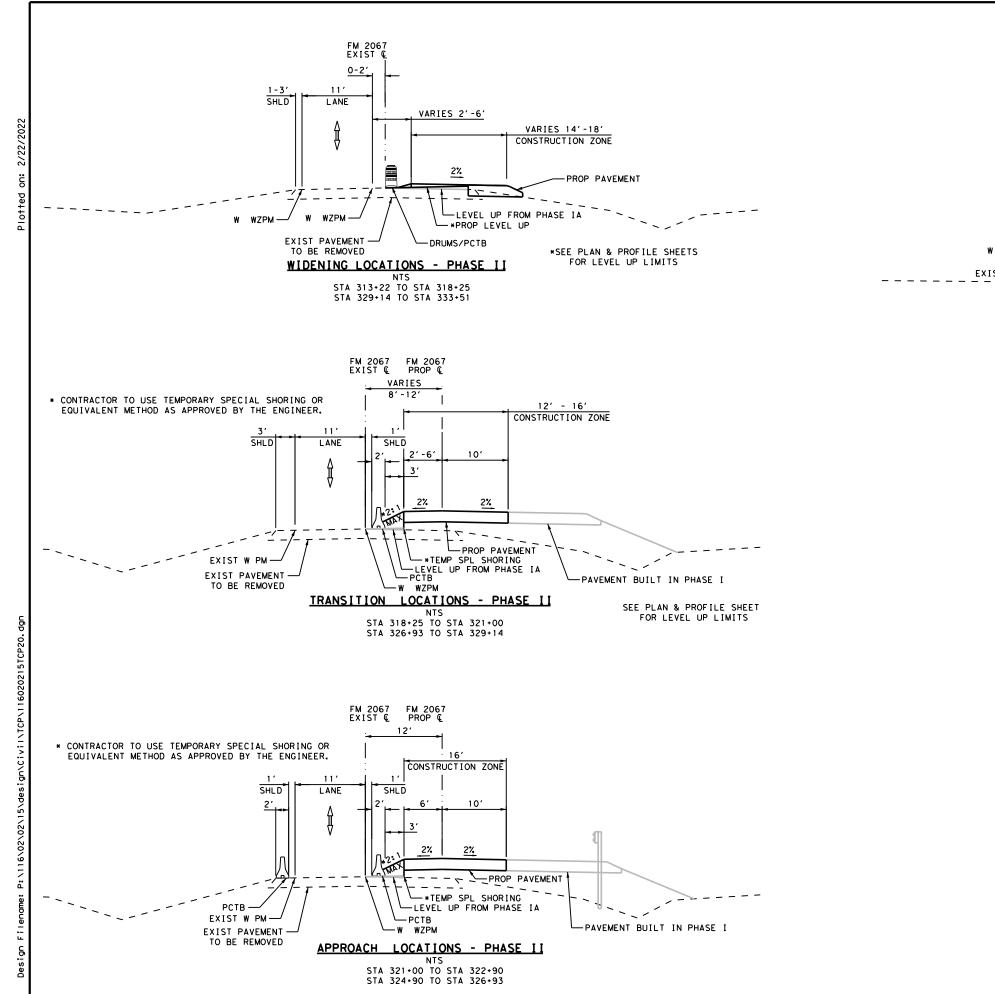
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000

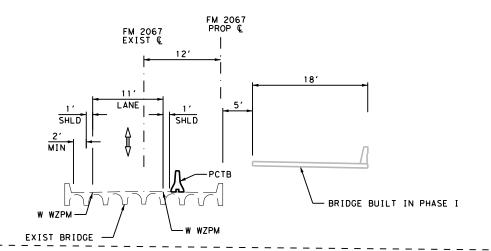


FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

TCP PHASE I TYPICAL SECTIONS

:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER.	HIGHWAY NO.		
	6	TEXAS		FM 2067		
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	02 011	





FM 2067 BRIDGE LOCATION PHASE II

STA 322+90 TO STA 324+90



APPROVAL

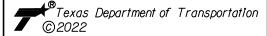
LUKE REED, P.E.

NOT TO SCALE

DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

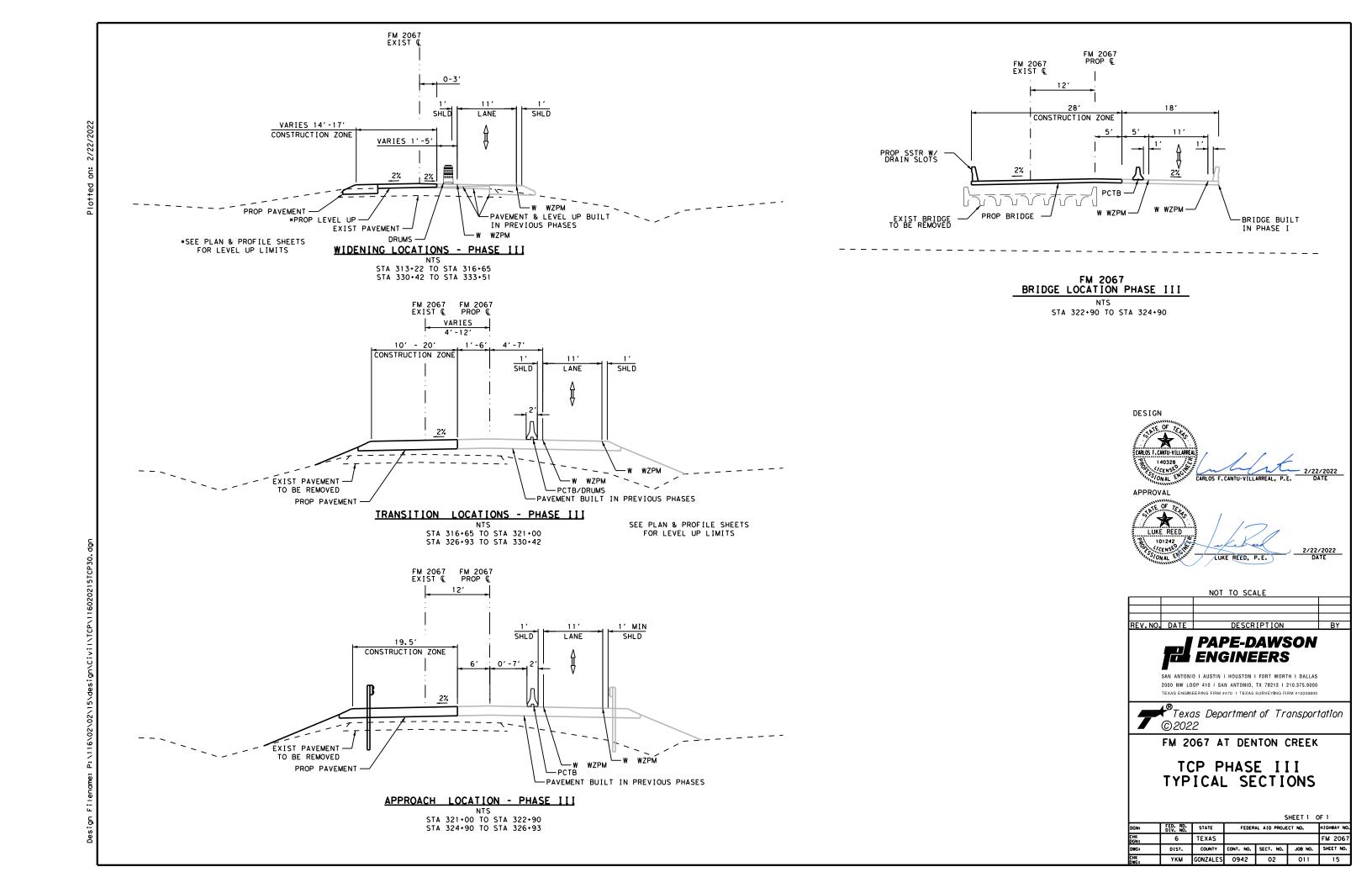
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000

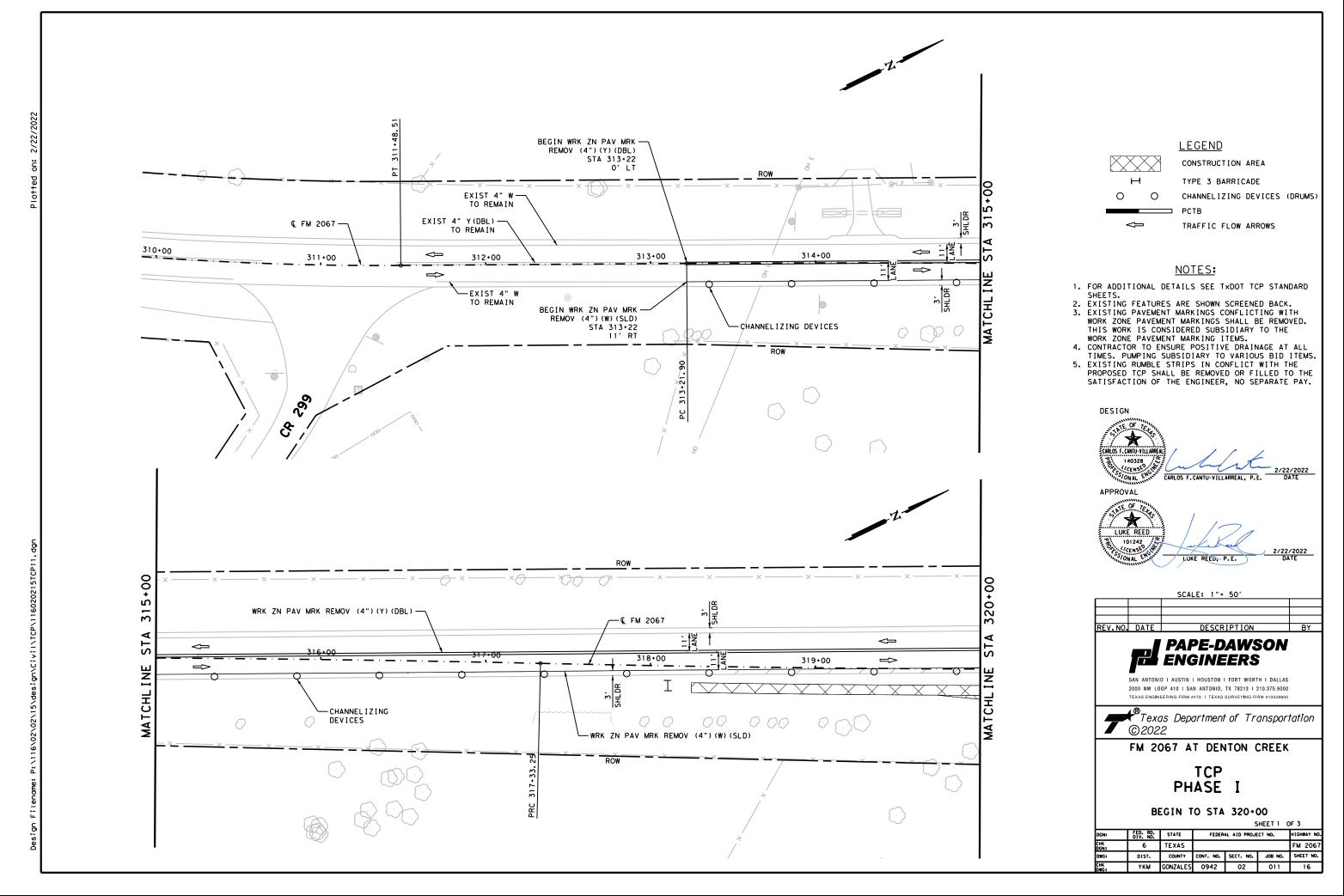


FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

TCP PHASE II TYPICAL SECTIONS

DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS		FM 2067		
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK DWG:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	14





YKM GONZALES 0942 02 011

<u>LEGEND</u>

CONSTRUCTION AREA

TYPE 3 BARRICADE

CHANNELIZING DEVICES (DRUMS)

TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS

NOTES:

- 1. FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS SEE TXDOT TCP STANDARD
- TIMES. PUMPING SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS BID ITEMS.
 5. EXISTING RUMBLE STRIPS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED TCP SHALL BE REMOVED OR FILLED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER, NO SEPARATE PAY.

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E.

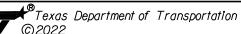
LUKE REED, P.E.

SCALE: 1"= 50'

DESCRIPTION



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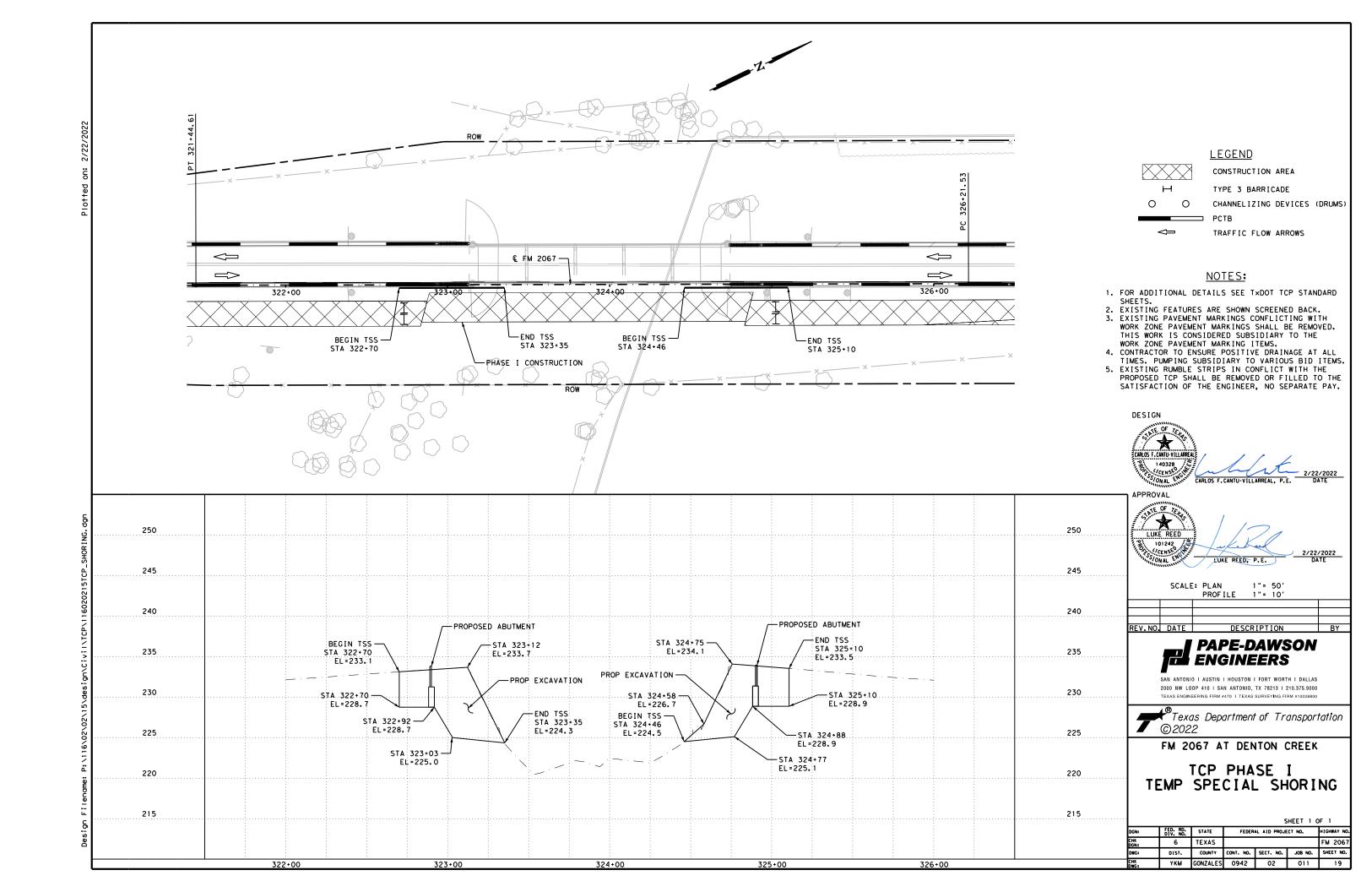


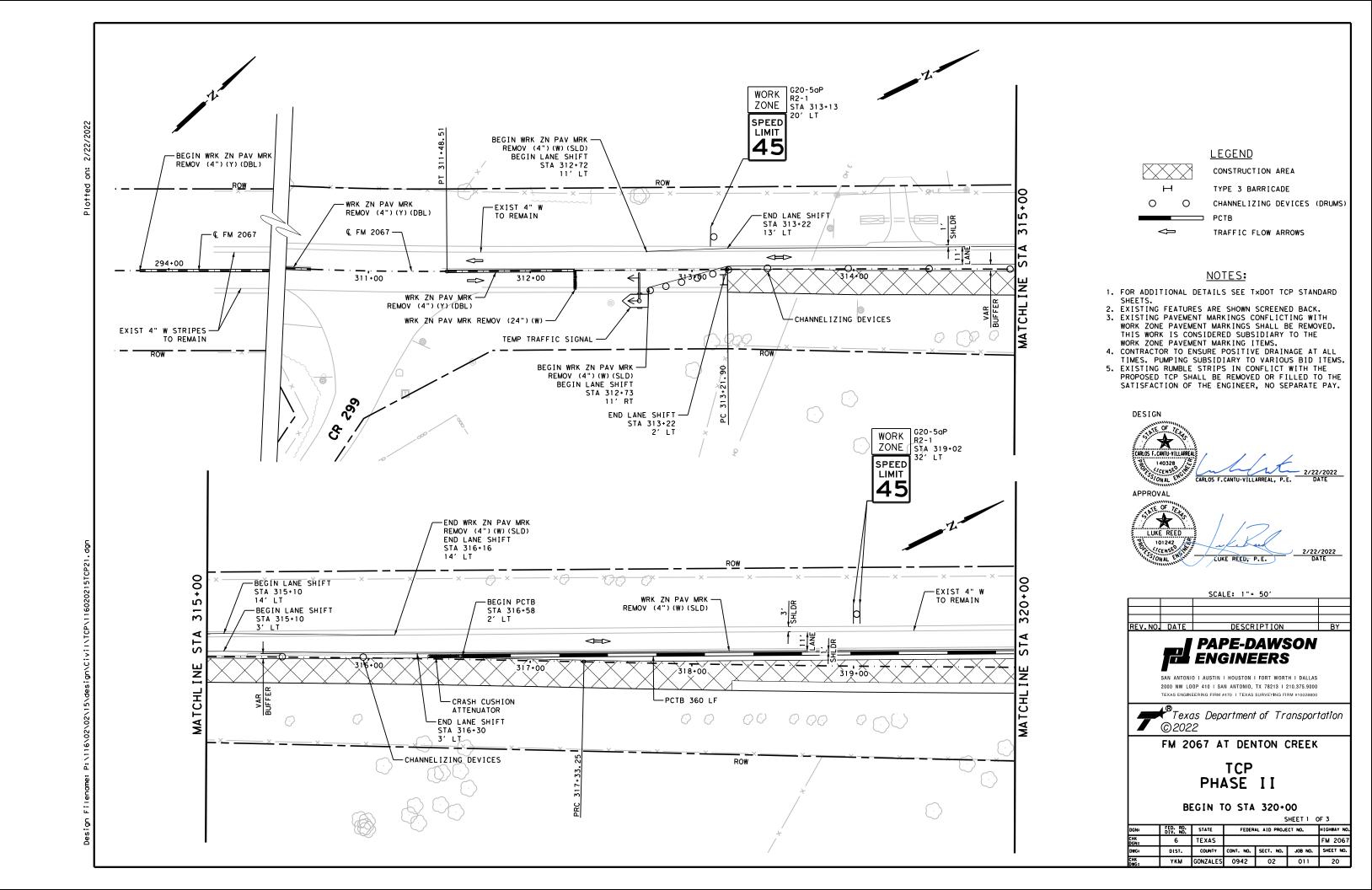
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

TCP PHASE I

STA 330+00 TO END

SHEET 3 OF 3									
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.					
	6	TEXAS		FM 2067					
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	18			

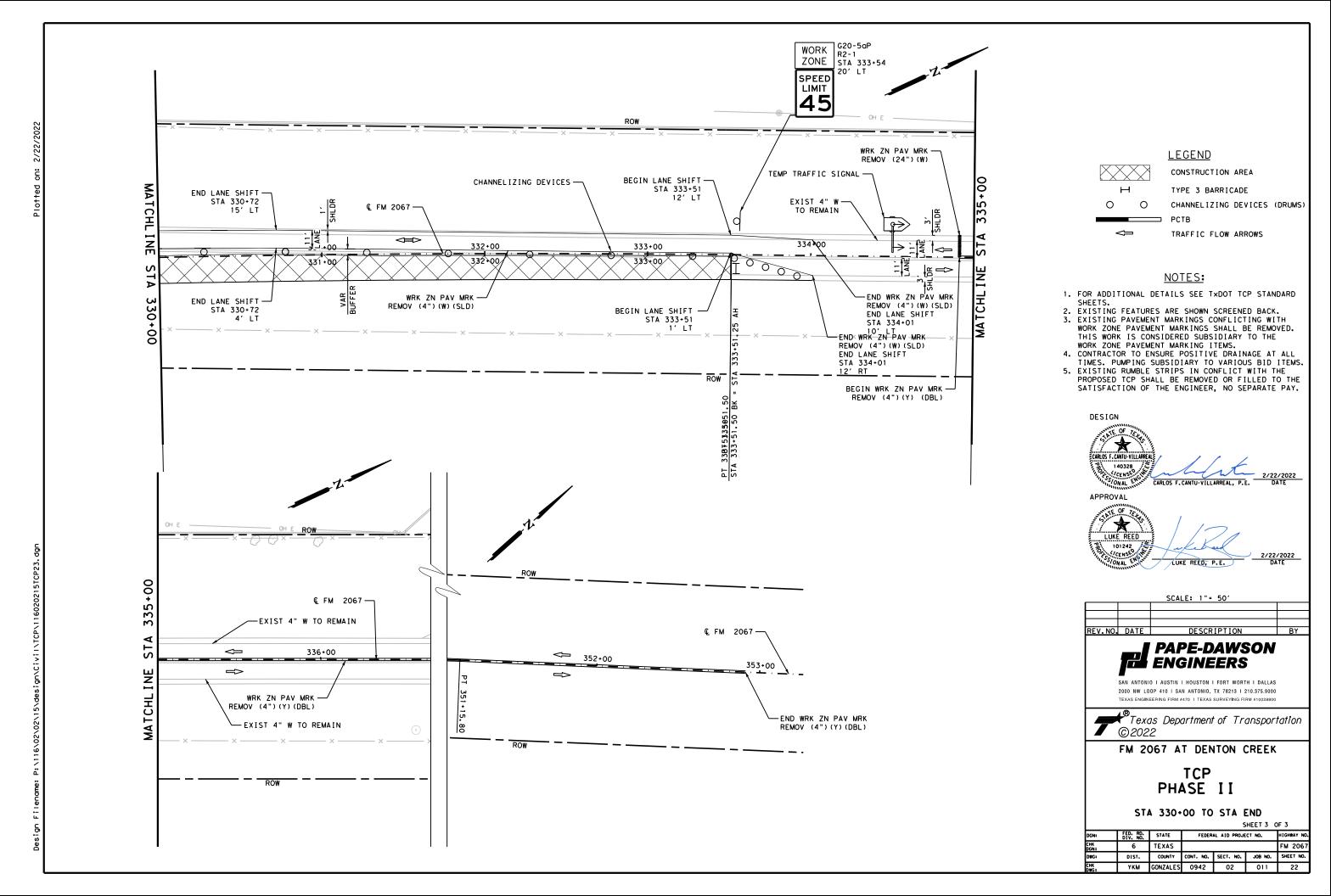


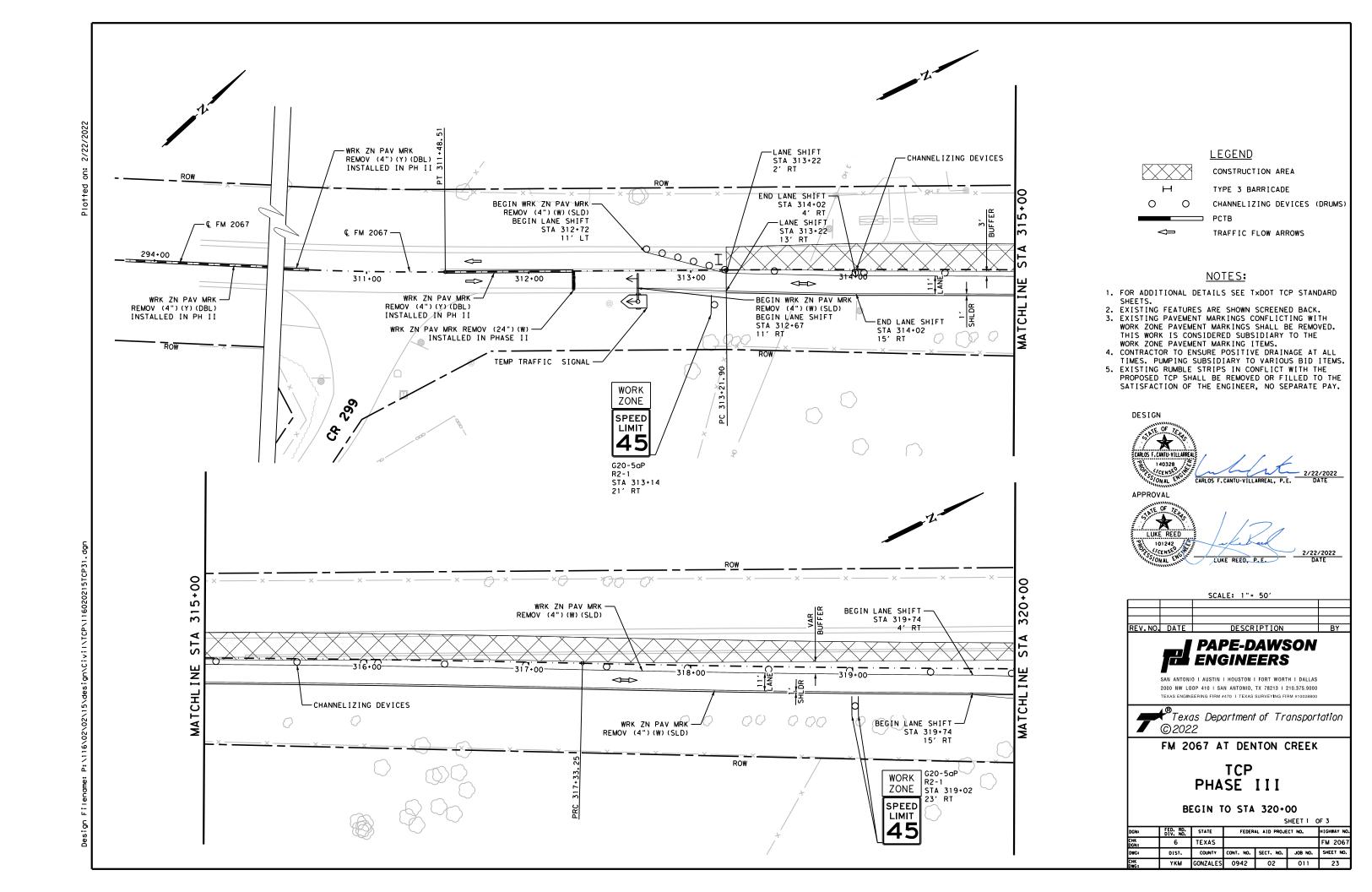


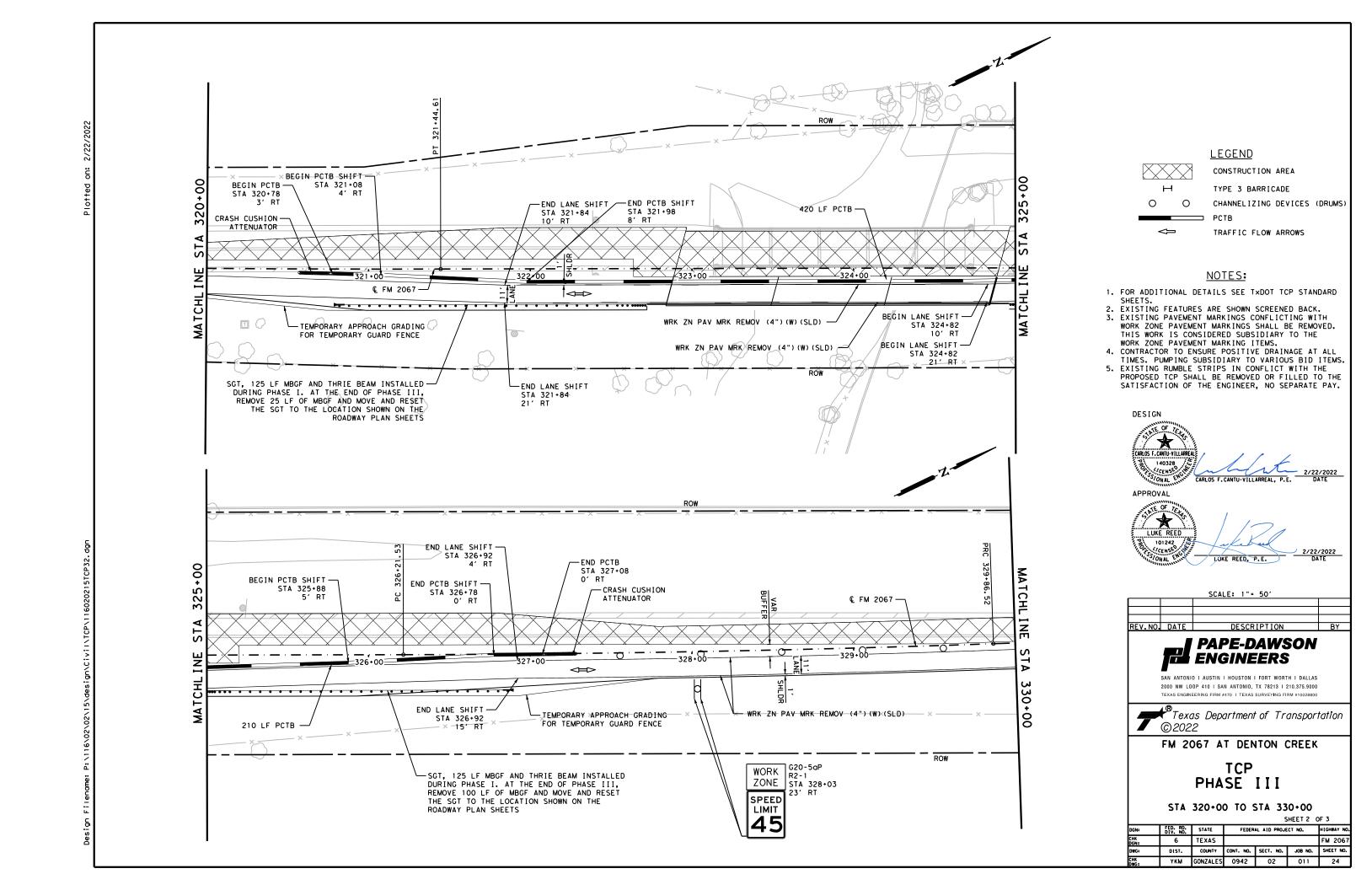
SHEET 2 OF 3

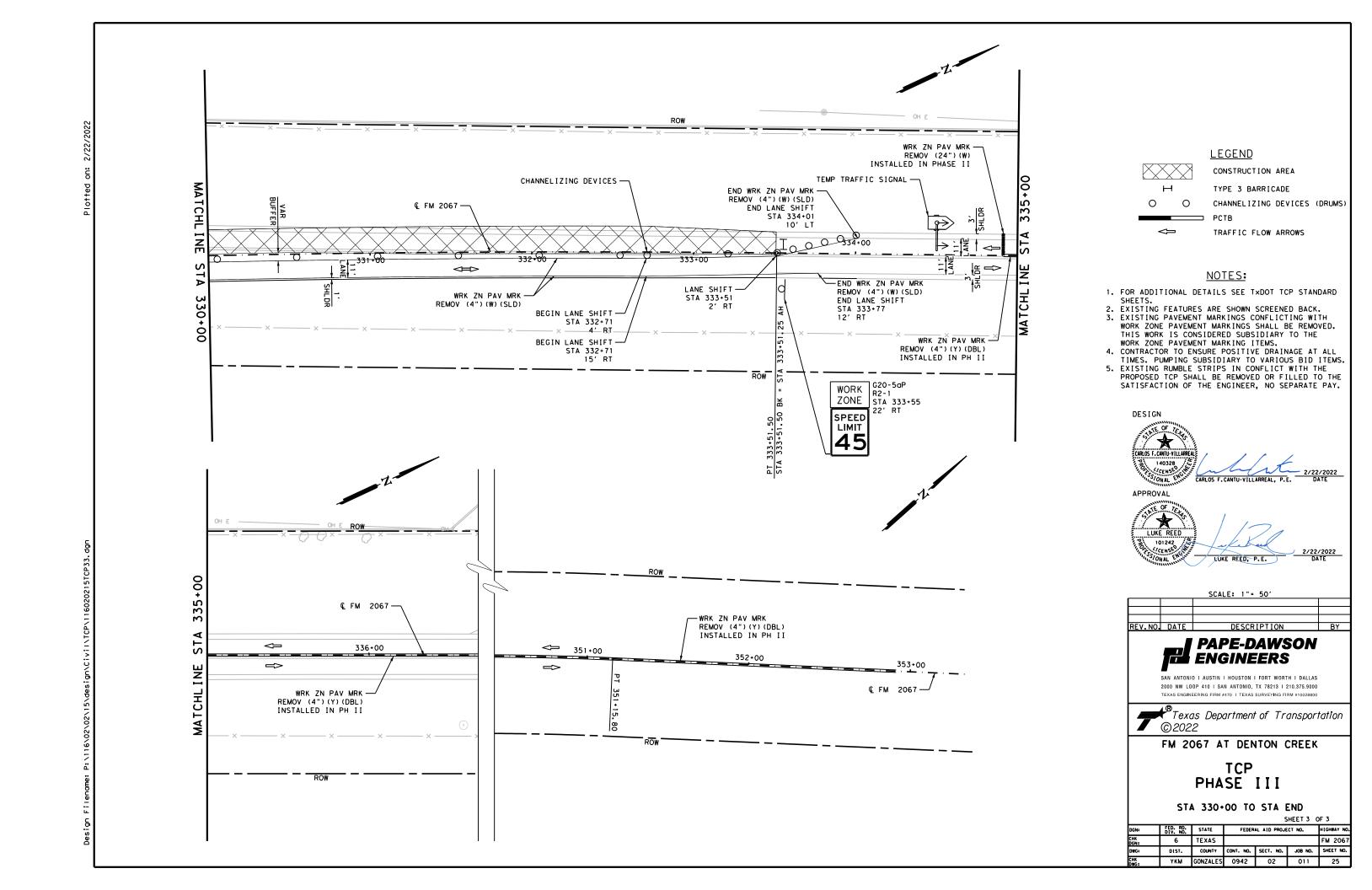
FM 206

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.









- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



División Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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Type 3

devices

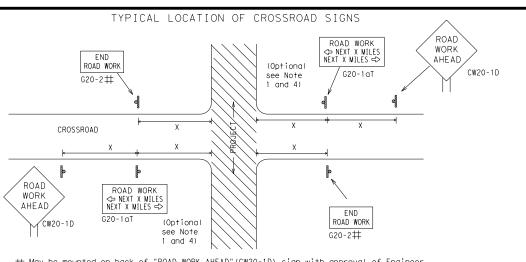
B

Barricade or

channelizing

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



 $\mbox{$\sharp$}$ May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES FND * X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTl INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES €> 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X Limit BEGI WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \times X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{\text{I,5,6}}$

SIZE

3126								
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway						
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"						
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"						
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"						
·	·							

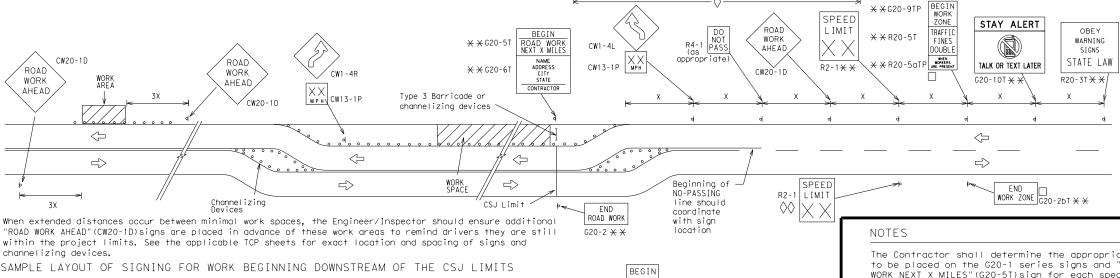
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600²
65	700 2
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

SPACING

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

X X G20-5T

 $\times \times G20-6T$

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 X X

ROAD

WORK

⅓ MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

★ ★G20-9TF

 \times \times R20-5aTP

ZONE

TRAFFIC

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-26T X X

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \triangleleft

 \Rightarrow

R20-3

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Н	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
•	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

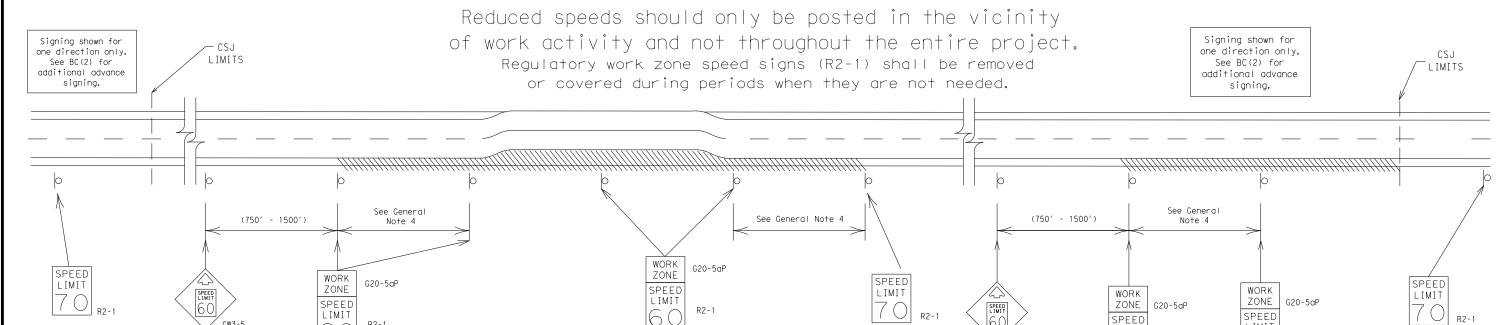
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

R2-1

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



LIMIT

LIMIT

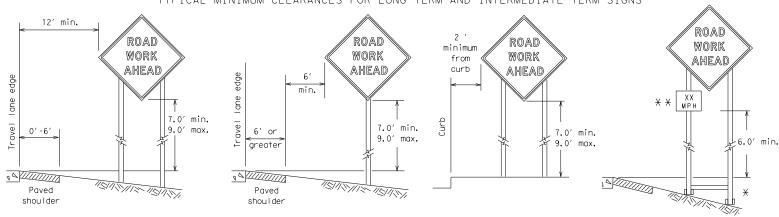
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

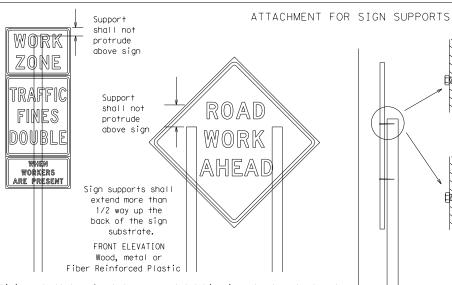
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

 \star \star When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



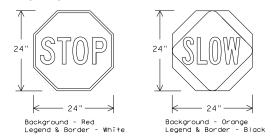
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{fl} OR C _{fl} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- I. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the ${\sf SMD}$ Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mill black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



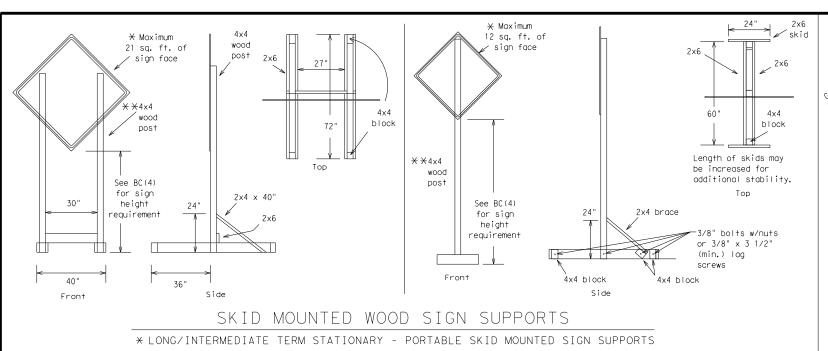
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

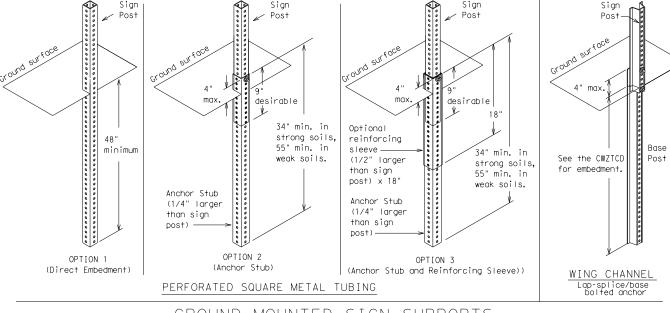
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SINGLE LEG BASE

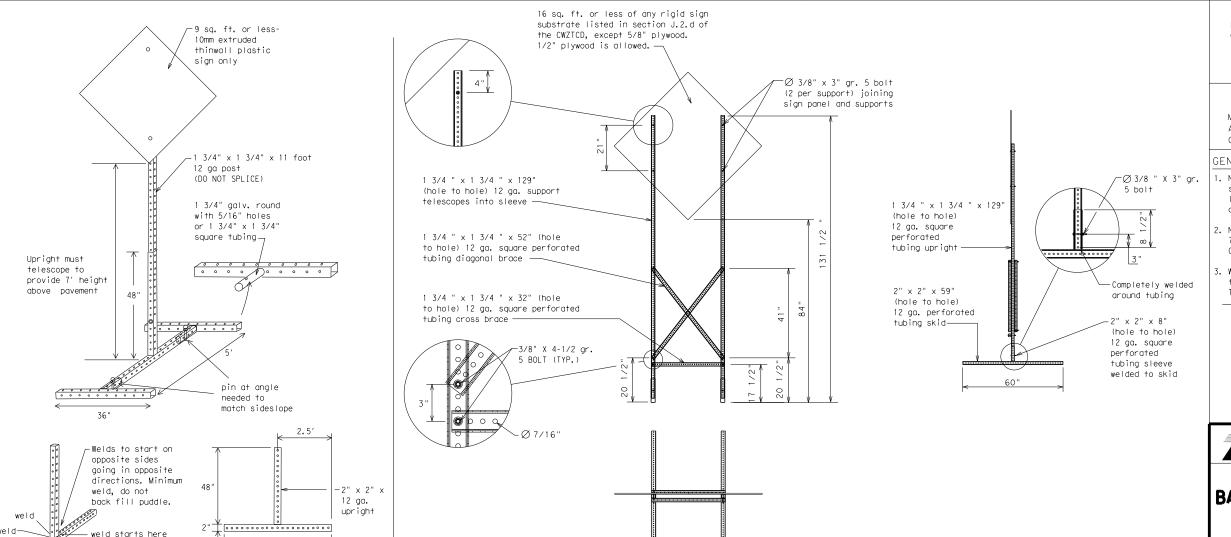


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

*LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- 3. When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - \star See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - \times \times Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			Ş	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	YKM		GONZAL	ES			30

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO." "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15 PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	W.T.N.O.	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do No†	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	LILLI NOT	THOM
Maintenance	MΔINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USF

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

IIS XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USE

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I - XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

ΤO

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

ΙN LANE

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NFXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TΟ

XXXXXXX

IIS XXX

ΤO

FM XXXX

- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed. 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

* * Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

MAY XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TΩ

XX PM

NEXT

TUF

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX AM

Traffic Safety Division Standard

XX PM-

Warning

List

SPEED

IMI:

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

ADVISORY

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

LANE

EXIT

LISE

CAUTION

DRIVE

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

* X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

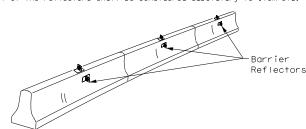


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

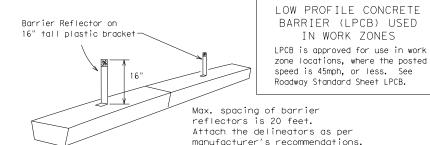
.e: bc-21.	dgn (DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT		TxDOT Dw: TxD		T DW: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT
TxDOT Novemb	per 2002	CONT SECT JOB		CONT SECT JOB HIGHW		GHWAY		
REVIS	IONS	94	2 02	011		FM	2067	
9-07 8-14		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21		YKN	1	GONZAL	ES		31	

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

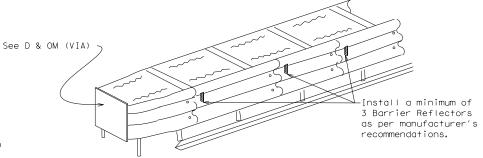


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

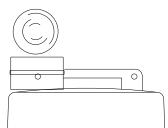


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

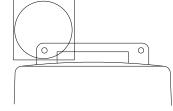
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB". 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

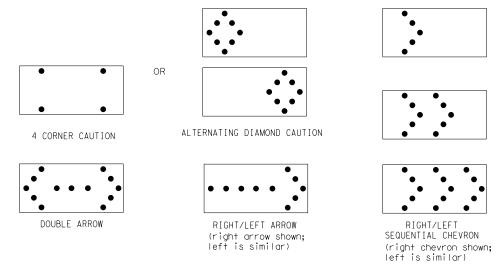
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
		0942	02	011		FM	2067
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	YKM		GON7AI	FS		32

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

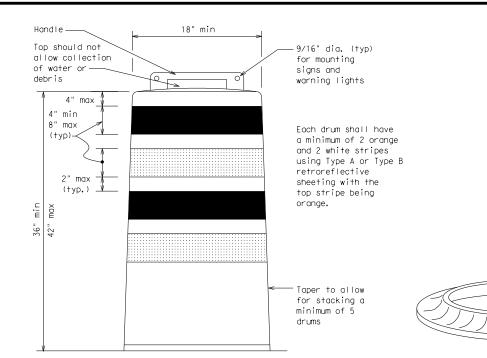
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

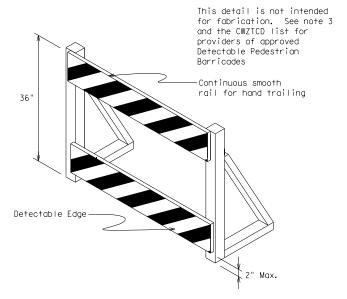
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sian Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

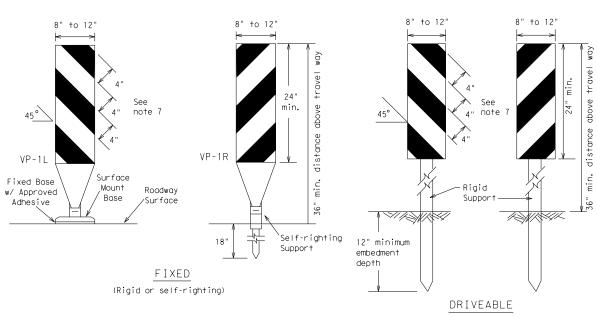


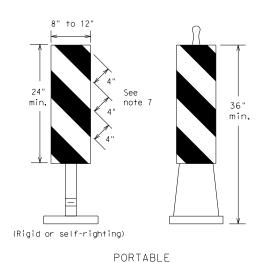
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

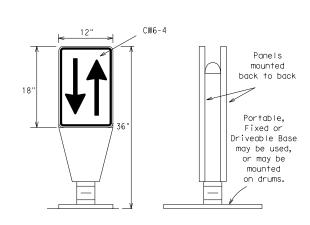
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TxDOT November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		SECT JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY
REVISIONS -03 8-14	0942	02	011		FM	2067
-03 8-14 1-07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
'-13	YKM		GONZAL	ES		33





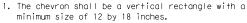
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\text{FL}}\,\text{or}$ Type $C_{\text{FL}}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

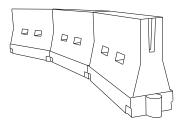


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′		
40	00	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60	,,,	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

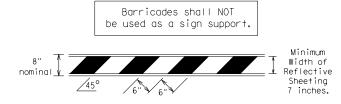
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9) - 21

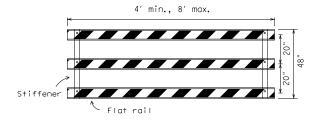
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7-13	5-21	YKM		GONZAL	ES		34

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1"
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

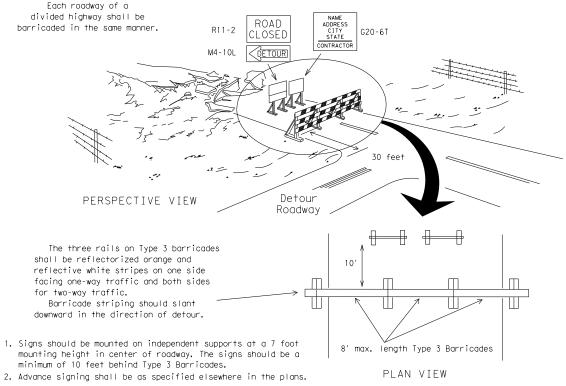


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible suppormay be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light wor. or yellow warning reflector two dr Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 A mi and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CONES _4" min. orange =2" min. ; 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange 2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white min. 28' min.

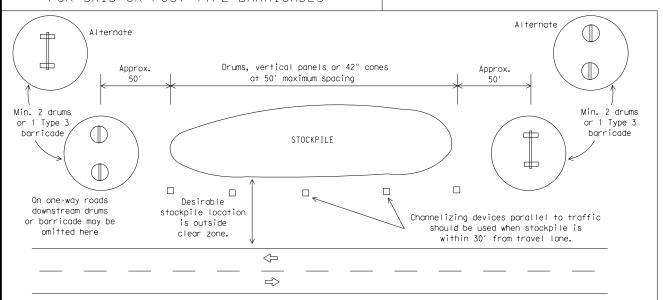
4" min.

2" to 6" 3" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

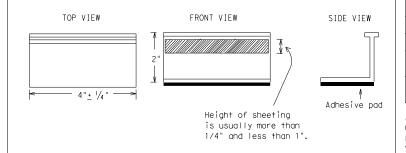
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Fnaineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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`Yellow

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

10 to 12" Type II-A-An

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A

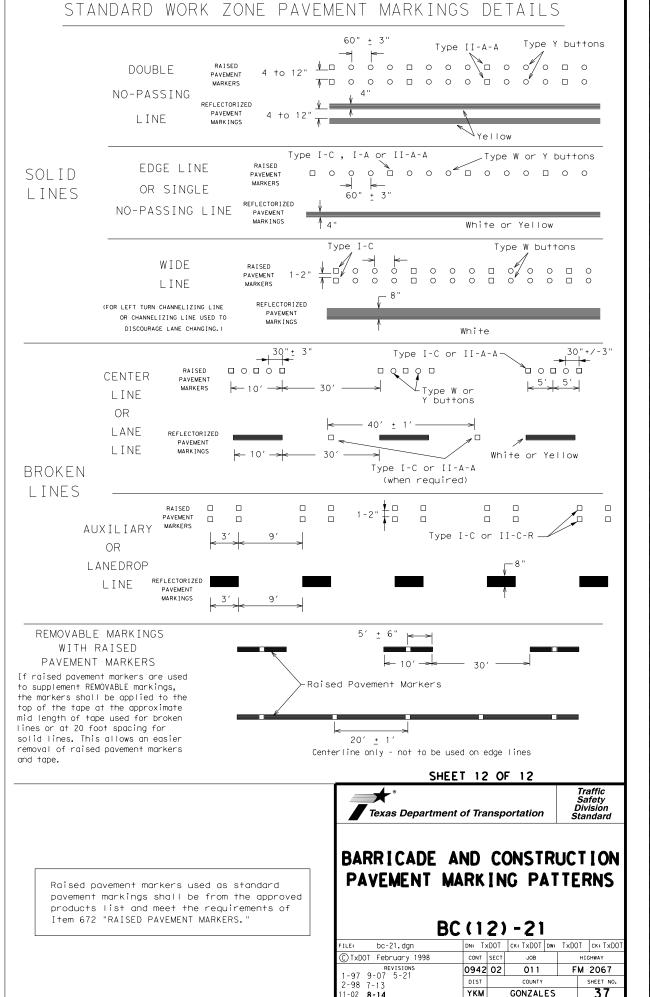
-Type II-A-A

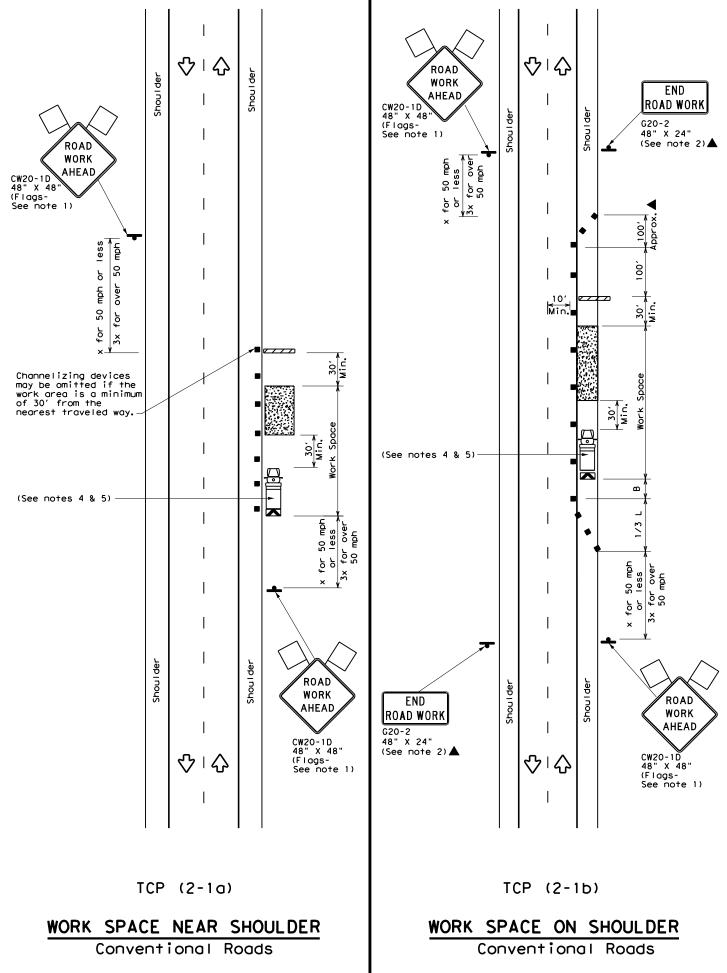
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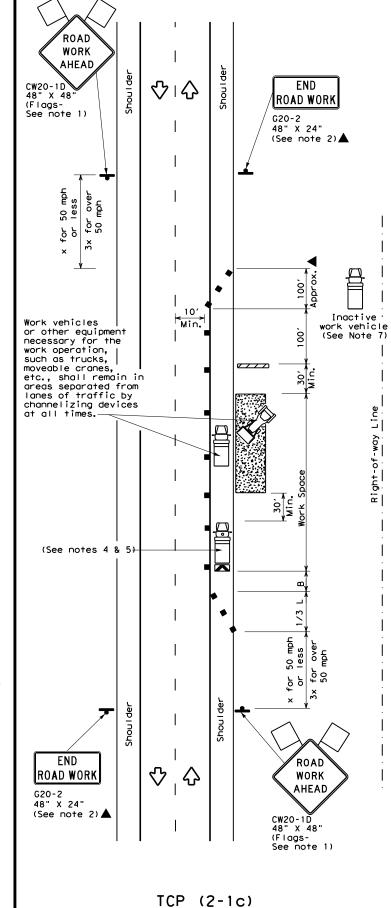
-Type Y buttons

10 to 12"

REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A







WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

	LEGEND					
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow			
$\Diamond$	Flag	P	Flagger			

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60'	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	]	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	BILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1 1 1						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

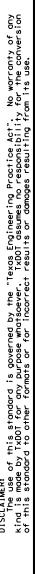
Texas Department of Transportation

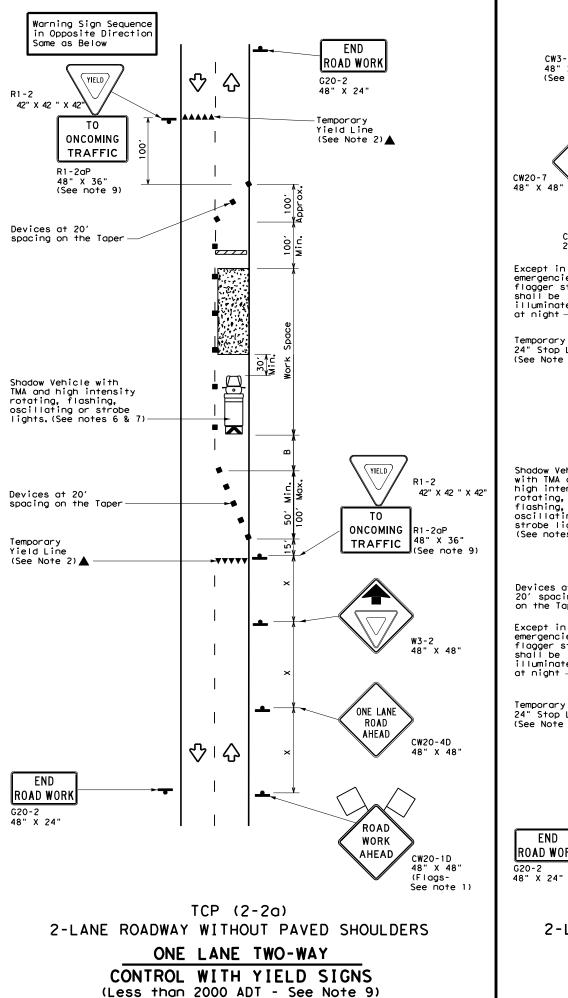
Traffic Operations Division Standard

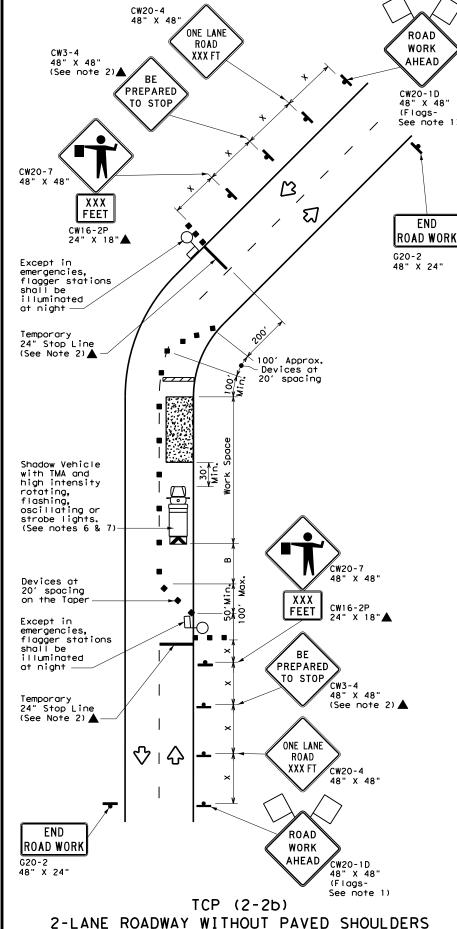
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0942	02	011	F	M 2067
2-94 4-96 3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	YKM		GONZAL	ES	38







ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	Ū ₀	Flagger					

		<u> </u>				$\overline{}$			J
Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400'	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	_ "3	600′	660′	720′	60,	120′	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY					
	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FI" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum
- mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



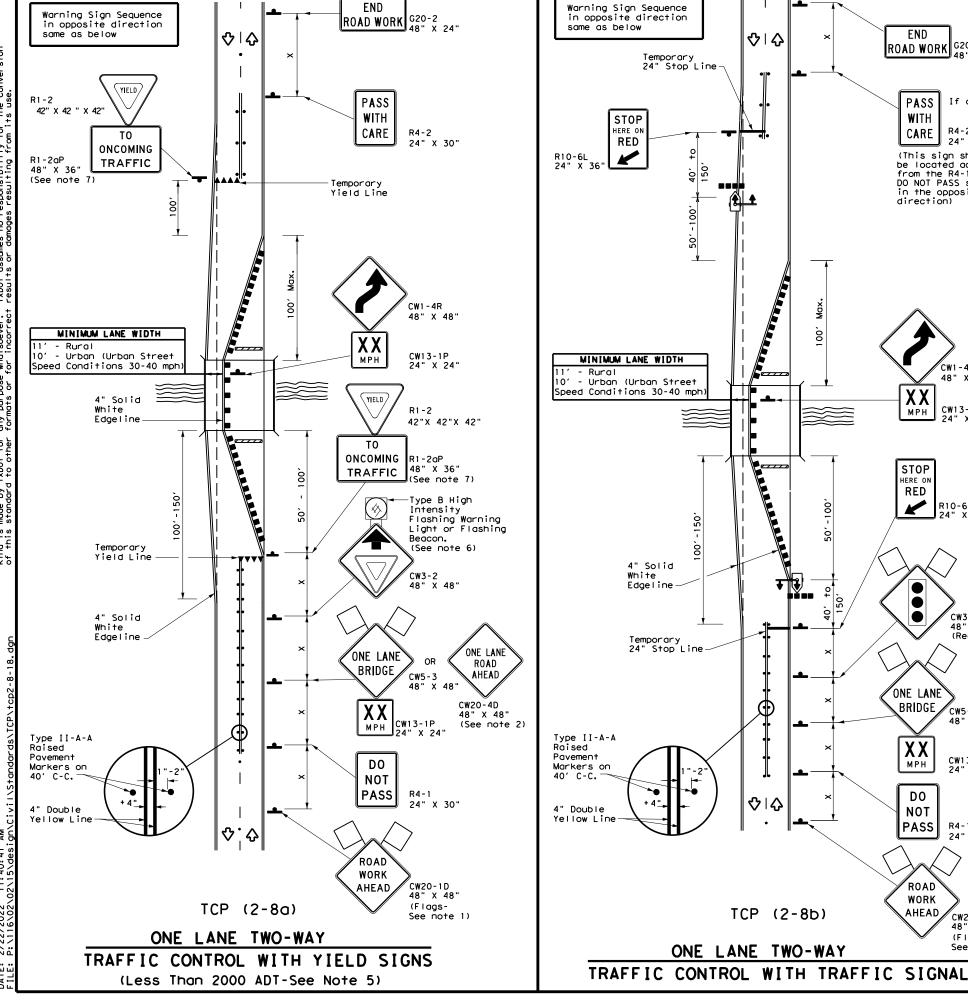
Traffic Operations Division Standard

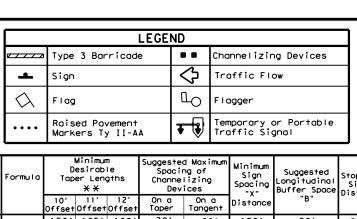
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0942	02	011	F	М 2067
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	YKM		GONZAL	ES	39







Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	D 1 0 1 0 1 0 0
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120′	90'	200'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35'	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	1201	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	9001	75'	150′	900′	540′	820'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
			√	√	

GENERAL NOTES

◇Ⅰ☆

ROAD WORK G20-2

If applicable

R4-2

(This sign should be located across from the R4-1 DO NOT PASS sign

in the opposing direction)

24" X 30"

PASS

WITH

CARE

XX

MPH

STOP

HERE ON

ONE LANE

BRIDGE

DO

NOT

PASS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

♡Ⅰ☆

TCP (2-8b)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CW13-1P 24" X 24"

R10-6L 24" X 36"

CW3-3 48" X 48"

OR

CW13-1P

24" X 24"

24" X 30"

CW20-1D 48" X 48'

(Flags-See note 1)

(Red Ball on Top)

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

CW20-4D

48" X 48'

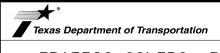
(See note 2)

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- . For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- 6. If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- 7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 9. Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

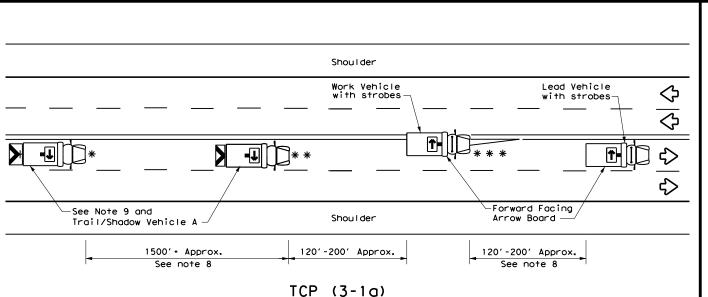


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP(2-8)-18

FILE: †C	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY
8-95 3-03	REVISIONS	0942	02	011	F	М	2067
1-97 2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18		YKM		GONZAL	.ES		40



TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A with RIGHT Directional

display Flashing Arrow Board

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

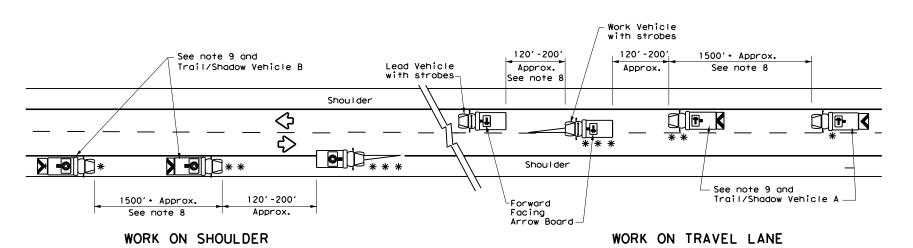
CW21-10cT

72" X 36"

••••••

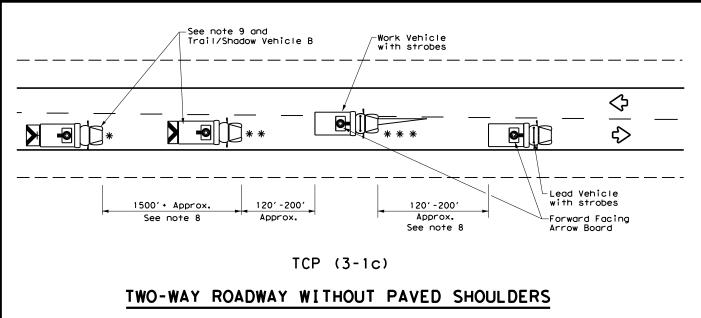
X VEHICLE CONVOY

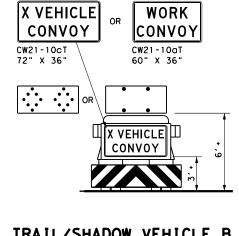
UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

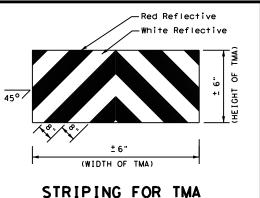
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW DOADD DISDLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₩	Double Arrow				
♦	Traffic Flow	P	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
4									

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



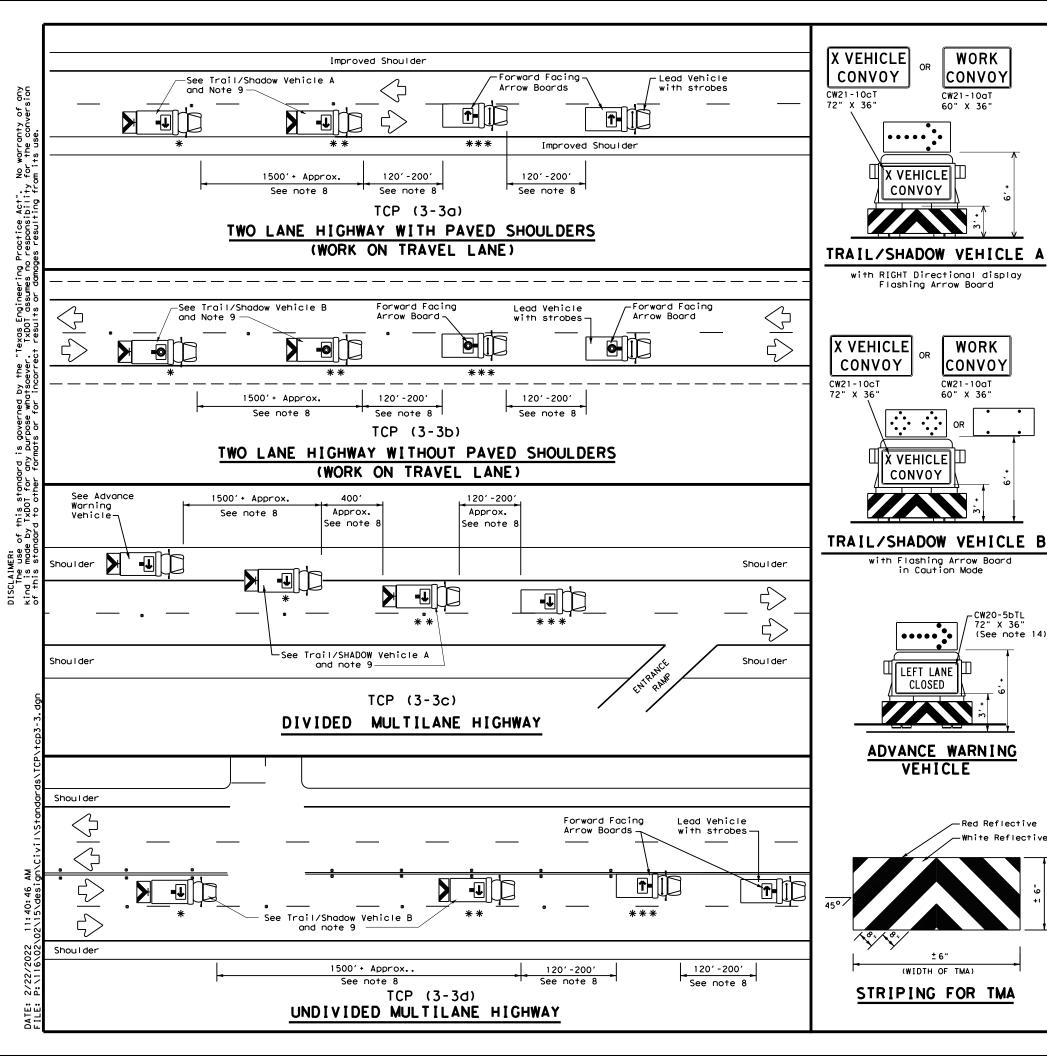


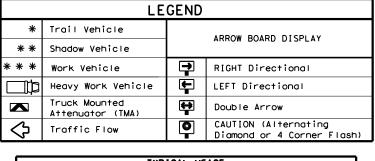
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(3-1)-13

FILE: tcp3-1.dgn	DN: TxDO	T CK: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT ck: TxDOT
○ TxDOT December 1985	CONT SEC	т јов	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0942 02	2 011	FM 2067
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
1-97	YKM	GONZALES	41





TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

Ř VEHICLE|Ш

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

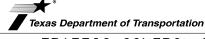
CW21-10aT

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

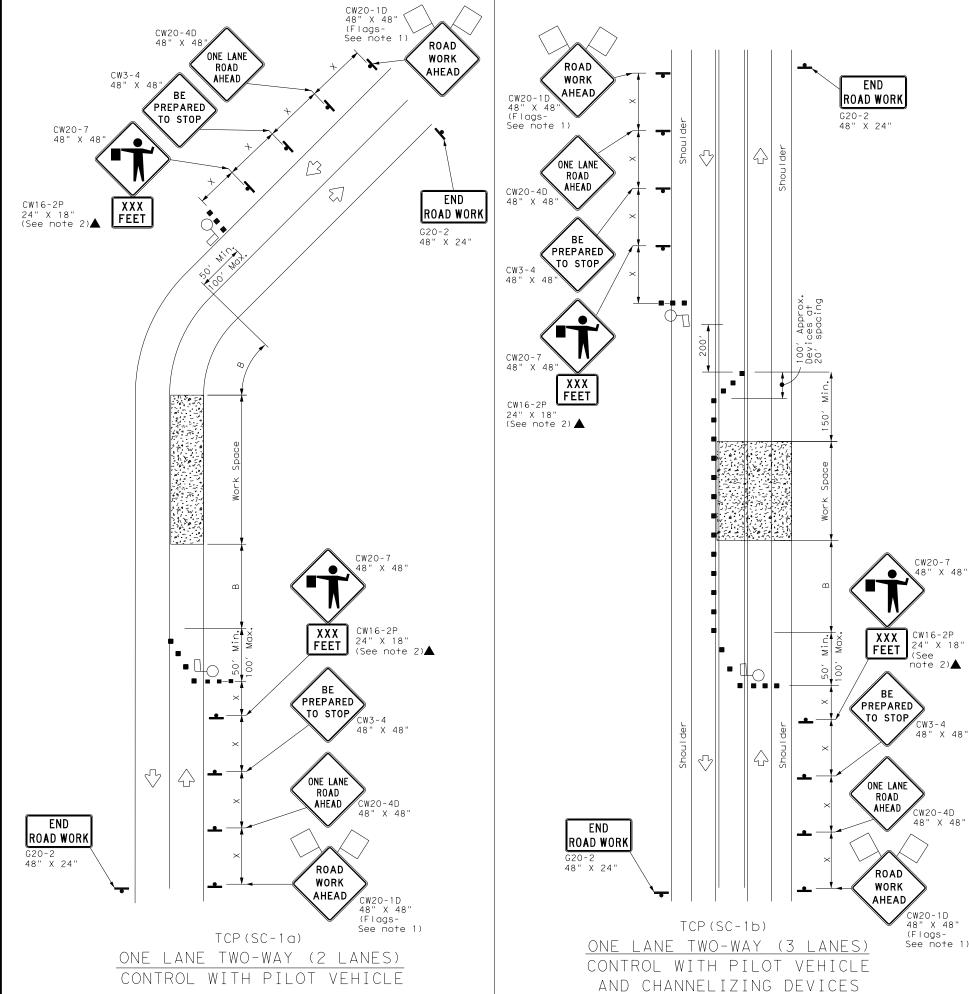
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

_	_	_				
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T:	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0942	02	011		FM	2067
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	YKM		GONZAL	ES		42



LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	Ÿ	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng *X *X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	60	2651	2951	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times to control traffic.
- 6. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited
- 7. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 8. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled, Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning other member of the traffic control crew at the intersection.
- 9. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 48" X 48" 10. Pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone, vehicle shall have an identification name displayed and "PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME" (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

TCP (SC-1a)

 Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic.

Texas Department of Transportation

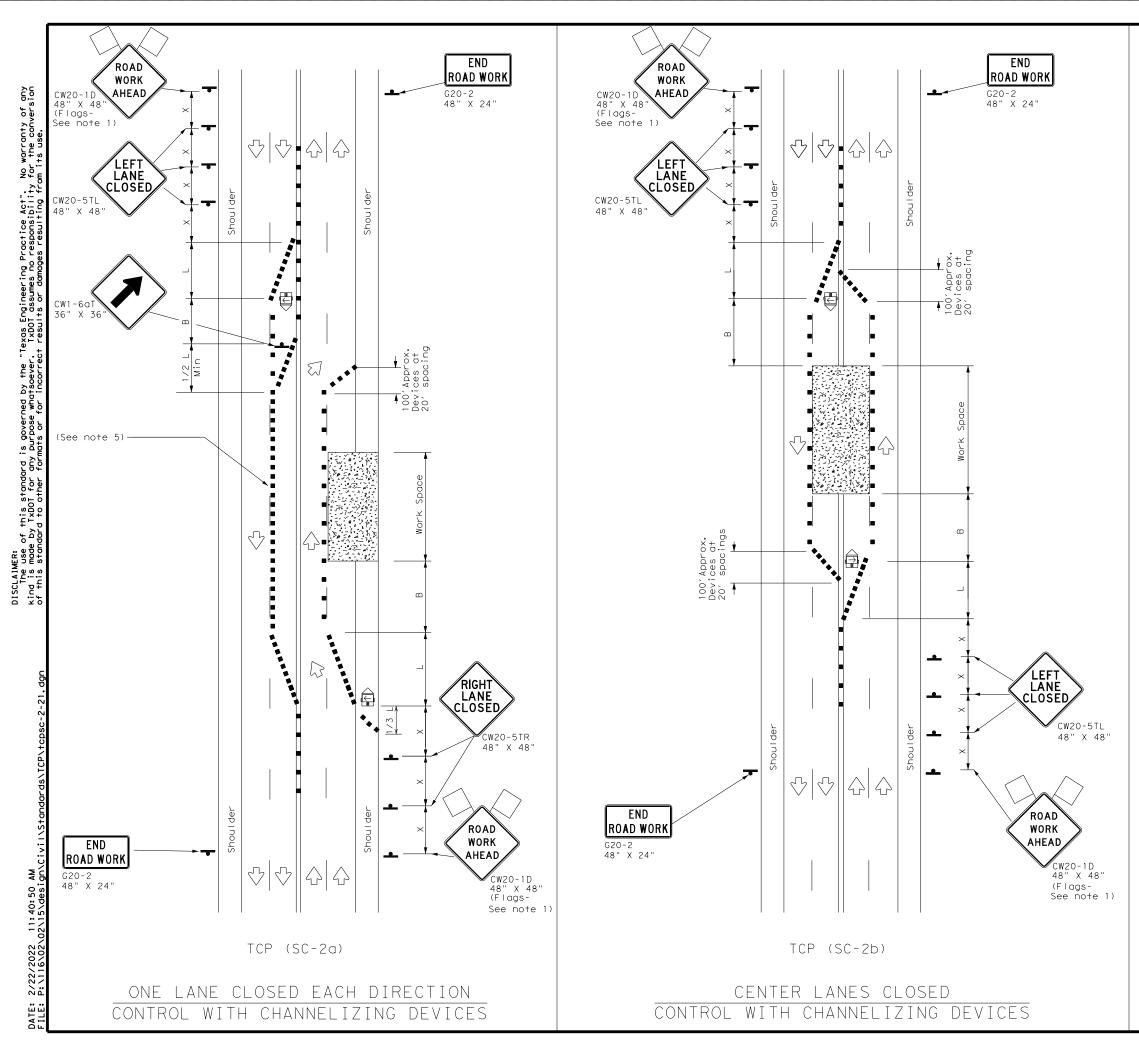
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT **OPERATIONS**

SHEET 1 OF 7

TCP(SC-1)-21

E: tcpsc-1-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT April 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011	F	М 2067
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES	43



LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	∑	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
- Sign		Ÿ	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	L	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	X X Devices		ng of Iizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12′ Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- X Conventional Roads Only
- imes Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the
- 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled, Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning other member of the traffic control crew at the
- 5. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

6. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the posted speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 2 OF 7

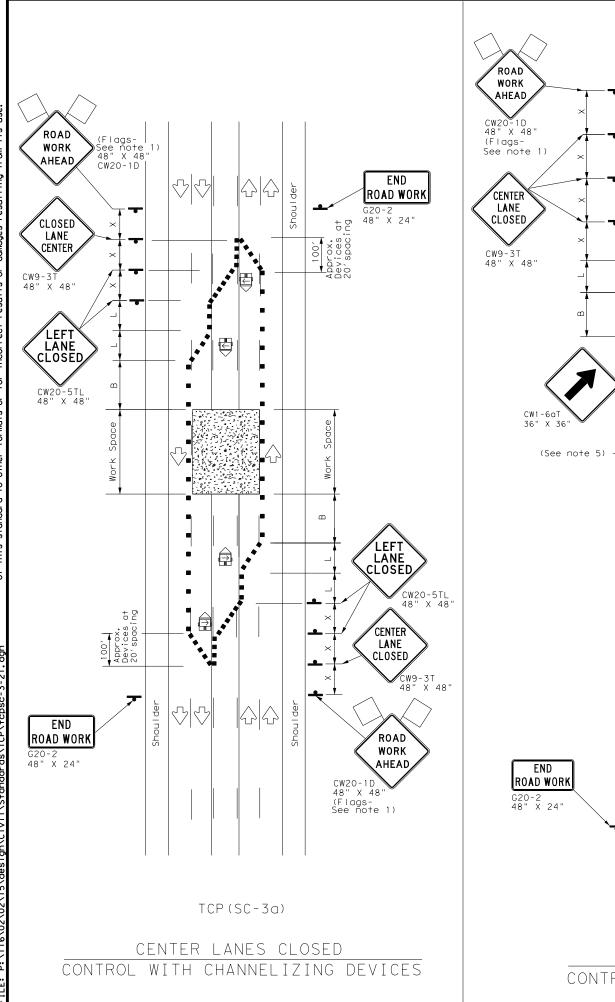
Texas Department of Transportation

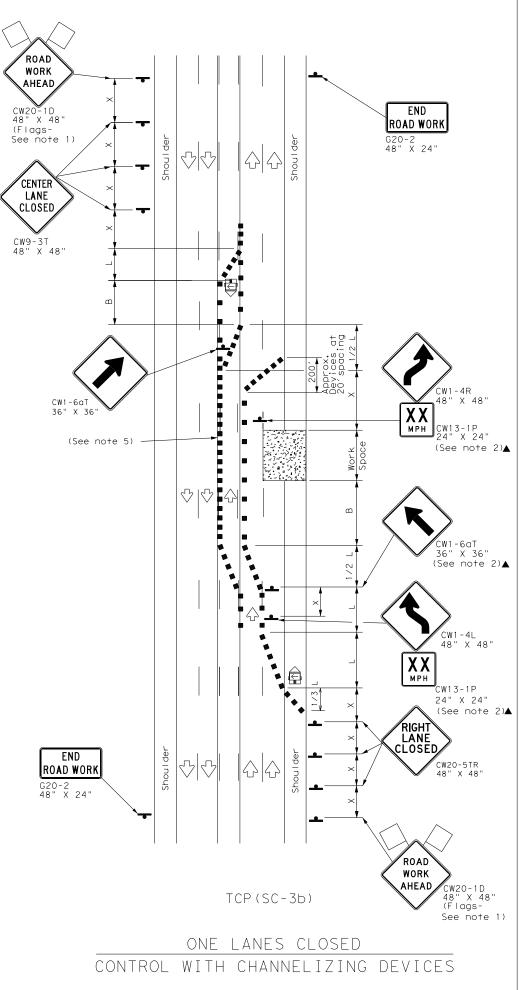
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP (SC-2) -21

			•	- ' -	_	
ILE:	tcpsc-2-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C) TxDOT	April 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		0942	02	011	F	M 2067
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		YKM		GONZAL	.ES	44





	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	Ÿ	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	9	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Leng†hs X X			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning other members of the traffic control crew at the intersection.
- 4. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

TCP (SC-3b)

5. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the posted speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 3 OF 7

Texas Department of Transportation

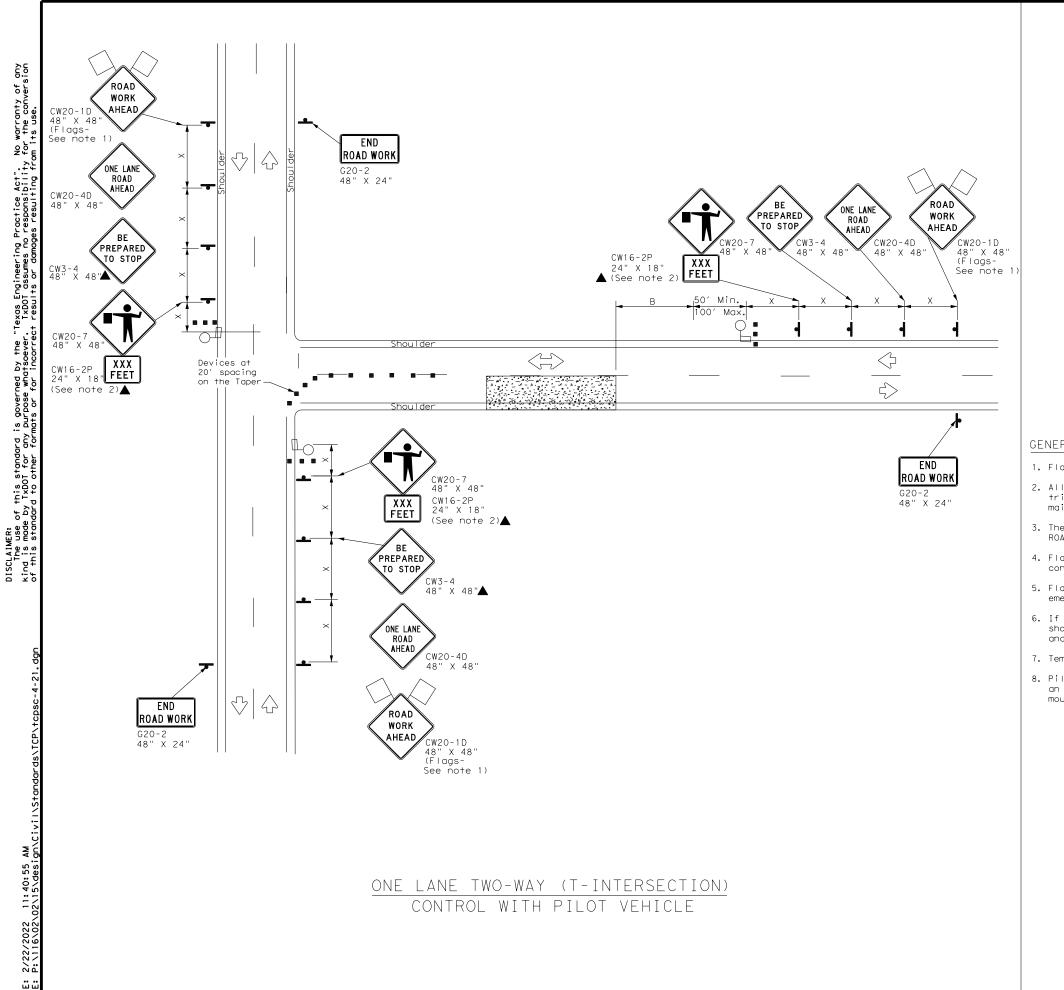
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP (SC-3) -21

OPERATIONS

ILE: †	cpsc-3-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C) TxDOT	April 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS		0942	02	011		FM	2067
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		YKM		GONZAL	ES		45



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	Ÿ	Traffic Flow						
\bigcirc	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	√	1							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
TYPICAL USAGE									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times to control traffic.
- 5. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- 6. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 7. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 8. Pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone, vehicle shall have an identification name displayed and "PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME" (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

SHEET 4 OF 7

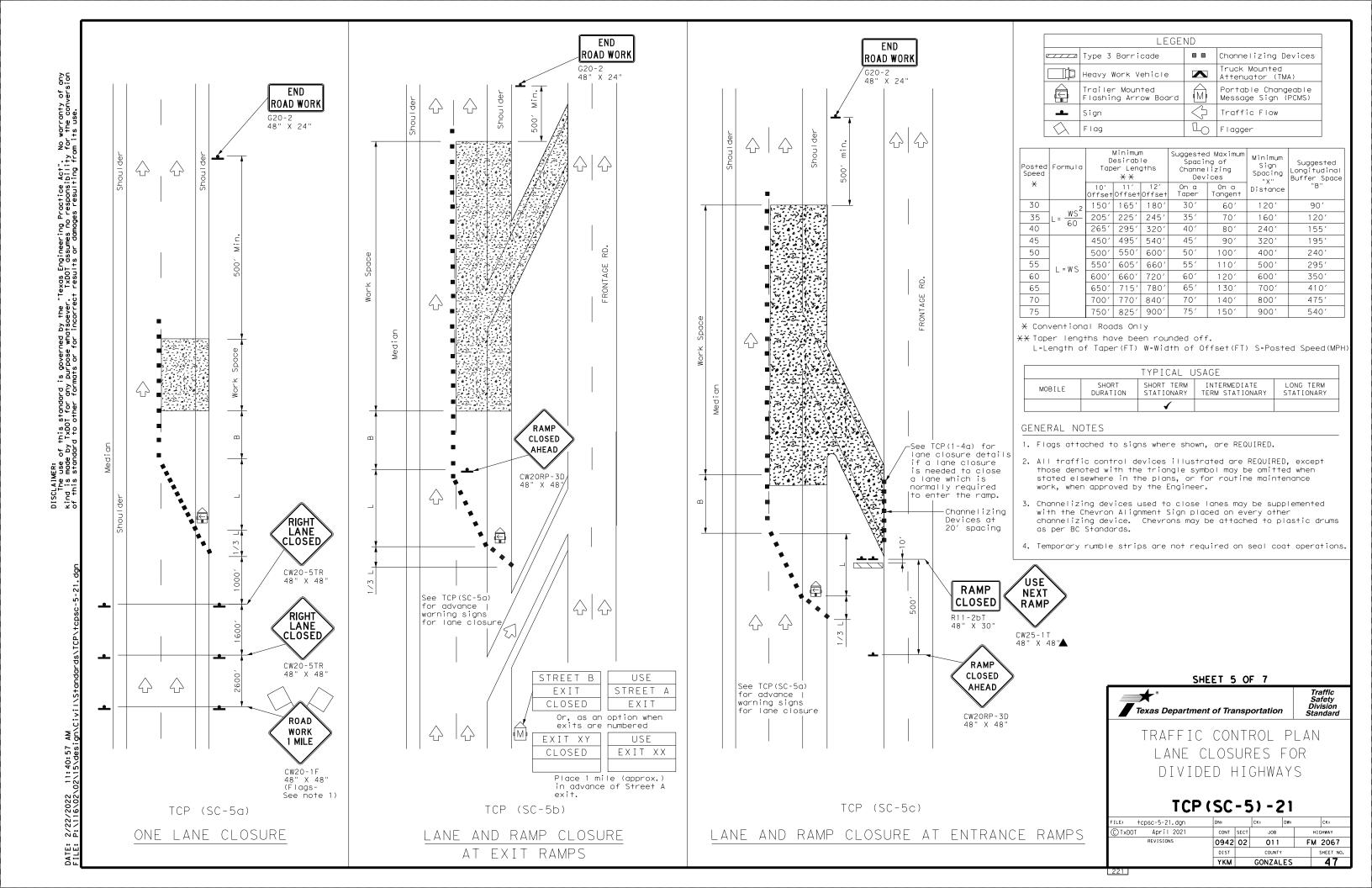
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SEAL COAT
OPERATIONS

TCP (SC-4) -21

	_	_		_	
FILE: tcpsc-4-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT April 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011	F	M 2067
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES	46



NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings shall be temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs with protective cover unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE. REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov

SHEET 6 OF 7

Texas Department of Transportation

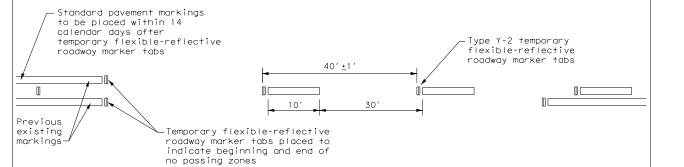
Traffic Safety Division Standard

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM
PAVEMENT MARKINGS
FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP (SC-6) -21

NO PASSING ZONES ON TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

No warranty of any for the conversion



TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat operations

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines

COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Short Duration / Short Term Stantionary Work Zone Sian Supports.
- 4. When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall
- 5. Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 7 OF 7



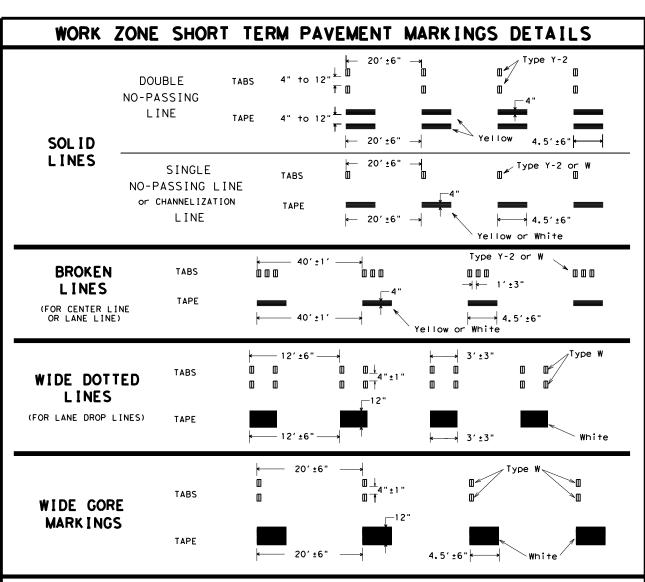
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS **FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS**

TCP (SC-7) -21

		AKM		CONTAL	ГC		10
				COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
TxD0T	April 2021	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
LE:	tcpsc-7-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td colspan="2">CK: TxDOT DW:</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT DW:		ck: TxDOT
		_					





NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent payement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

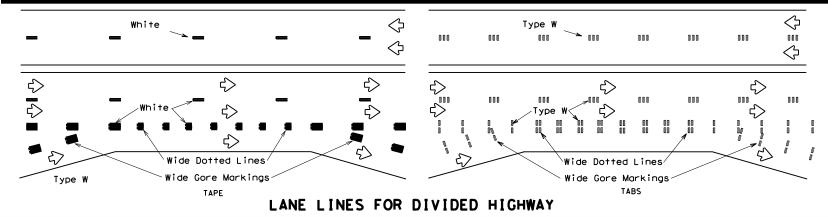
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

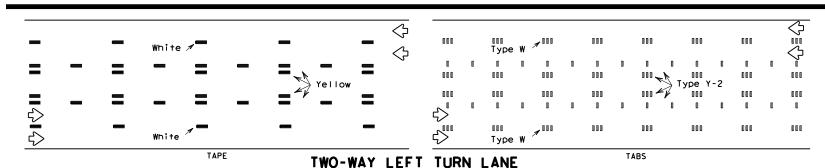


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



000 Type W 🖊 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Type Y-2 000 000 000 000 White -Type W TAPE

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

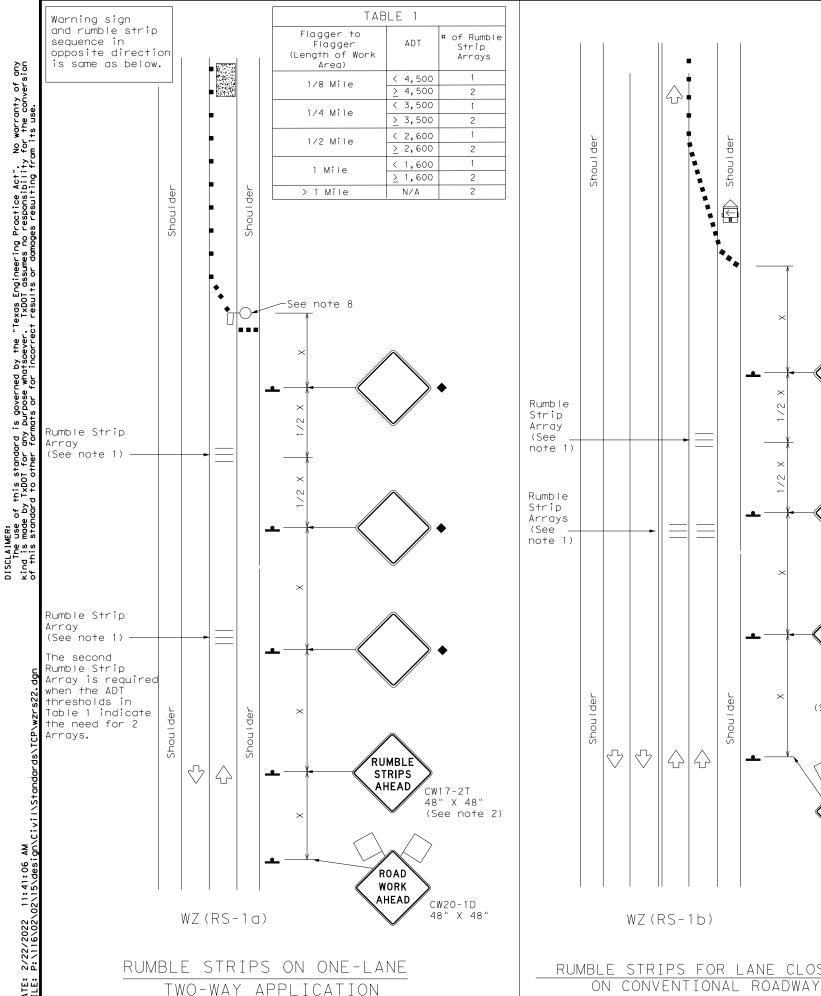
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

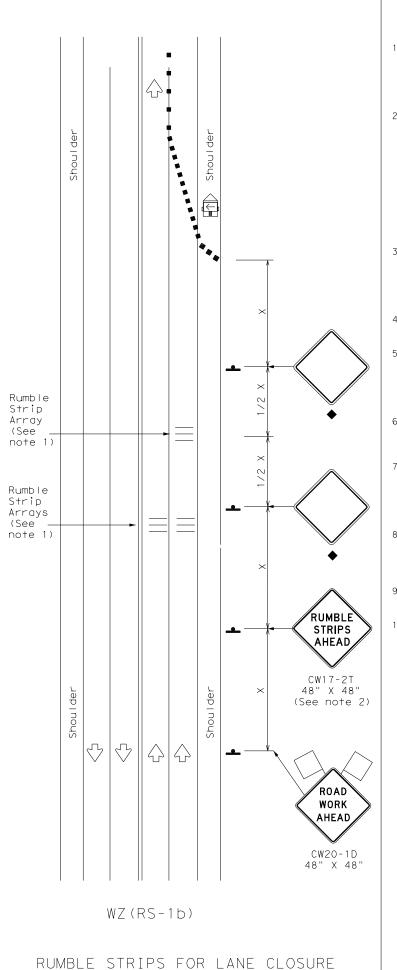
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
1-97	REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		YKM		GONZAL	ES		50





GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	\frac{1}{2}	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	Lo	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Spacing of Channelizing ** Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	_ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- $\fint XX$ Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TE TERM STATIONARY STATION				
	✓	✓					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
≤ 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	X 35′+					

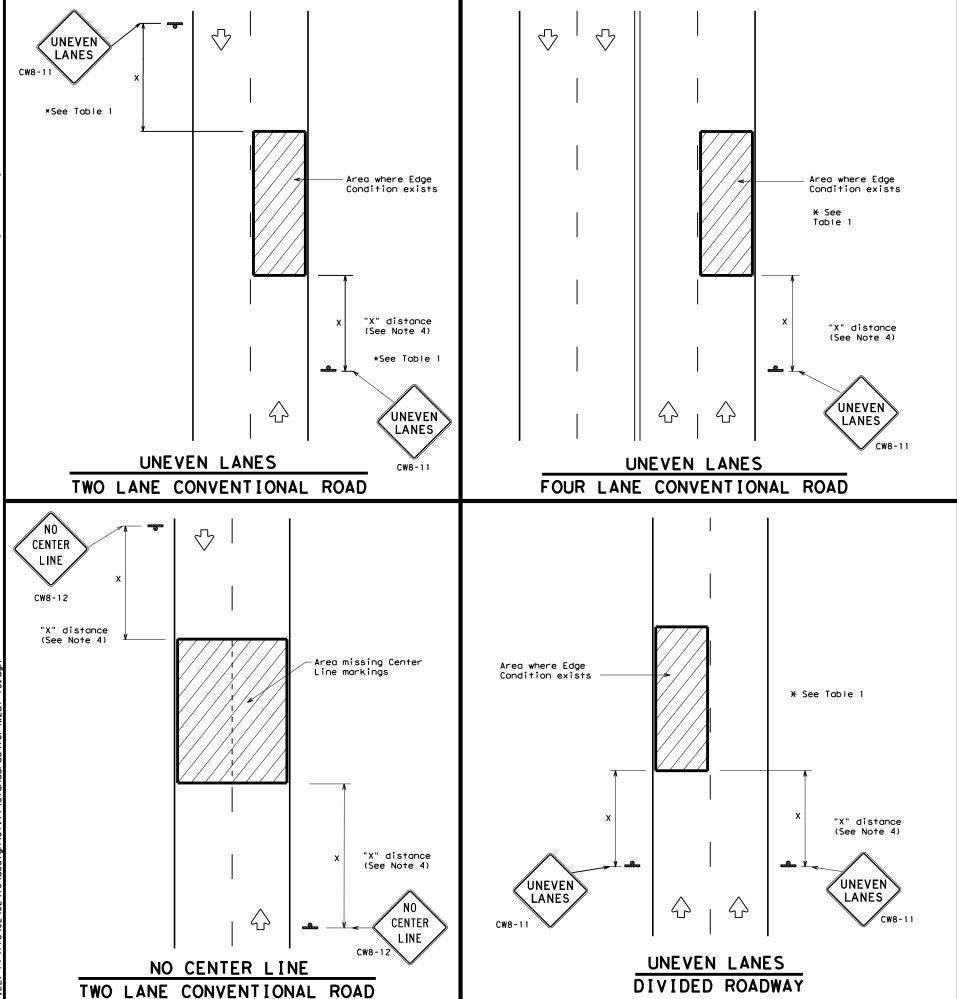
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	Safet
Texas Department of Transportation	Divisio Standa
	Julianuc

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ ((RS) -	22

-16		YKM		GONZAL	ES		51	
	1-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
REVISIONS		0942	02	011		FM	FM 2067	
TxDOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY	
E:	wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	





DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices						
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11						
7777 T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.							
② >3 1 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11						
0" to 3/4" 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after							
Notched Wedge Joint								

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" :	× 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" >	< 48"

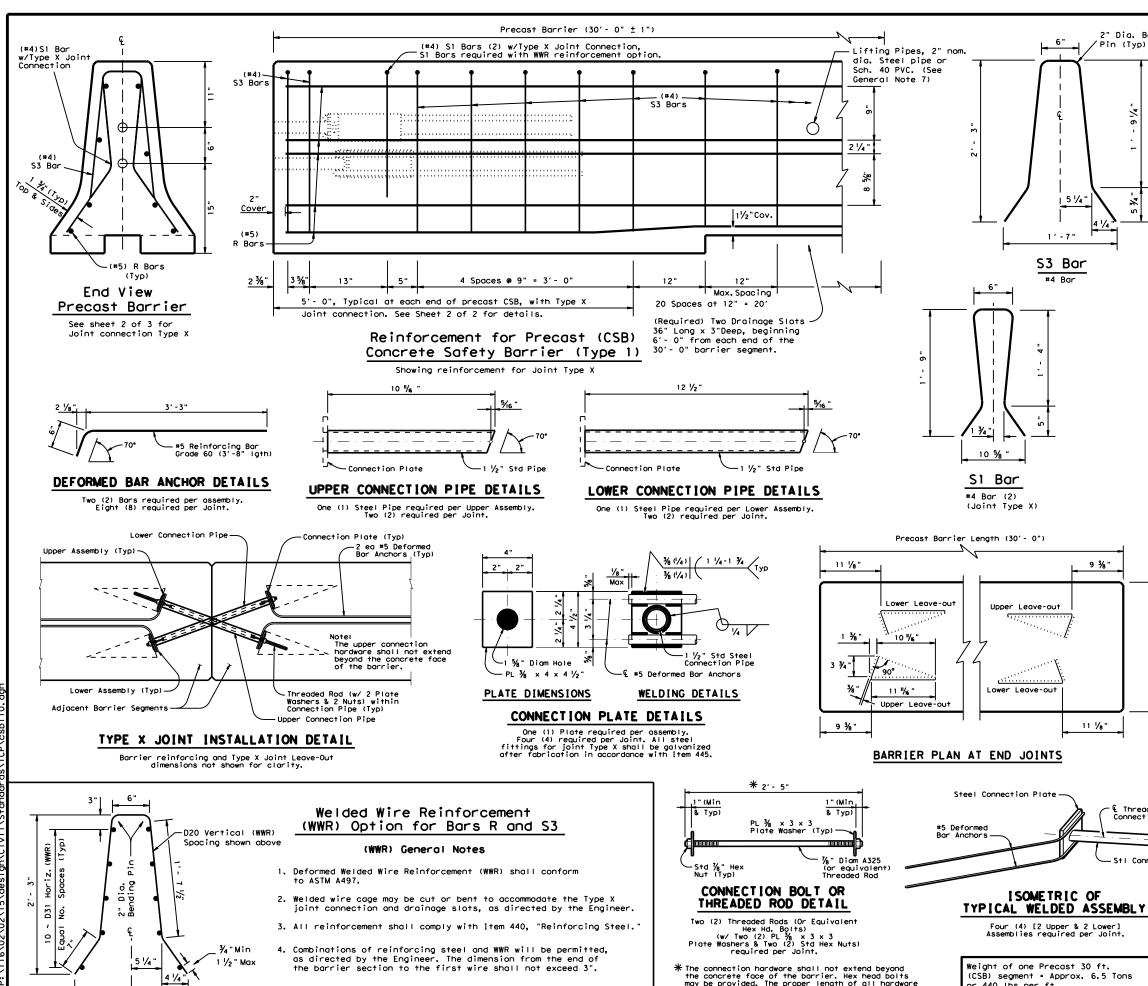
Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (UL) -13

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>CK: TXDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0942	02	011		F١	A 2067
8-95 2-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		YKM		GONZAL	ES		52



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Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other

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DISCLAIWER: The use of this standard is gove IXDOI assumes no responsibility

2" Dia. Bending Barrier edges shall— 9 ½ " | ~ | 4¾" have a 3/4" chamfer or tooled radius. 32" * " ACP <u>√</u> m 24" When 1" ACP is not used Conduit Trough for lateral support these (See Note General 9) dimensions shall be adjusted accordingly. Concrete Safety Barrier

> # When 1" ACP is "not" used as lateral support for permanent barrier placement. A permissible method of attaining the equivalent lateral support may be used, See CSB(6) sheet.

GENERAL NOTES

/ Pin (Typ)

| 5 1/4 "

9 % "

11 1/8"

€ Threaded Rod in Connection Pipe

Stl Connection Pipe

- 1. Concrete shall be Class H with a minimum compressive strength of 3,600 psi.
- 2. Where used, rebar reinforcement shall be Grade 60 and conform to ASTM A615.
- 3. Precast barrier length shall be 30 ft, unless otherwise specified on the plans.
- 4. All precast barrier edges shall have a $rac{3}{4}$ " chamfer or tooled radius.
- 5. All concrete, reinforcement, joint connection systems, grout etc. as shown, are considered as part of the barrier payment.
- 6. All steel assemblies for joint shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.'
- Regardless of the method of handling, barrier lifting points shall be approx. 7.5 feet from the ends of the barrier. Lifting devices and attachments to barrier sections shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Surface finishing and grouting (where required) shall be two parts sand one part cement with enough water to make the mixture plastic. Grouting shall be done in a manner that will assure a smooth surface. Surface finishing shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.
- 9. Conduit trough when required shall be shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed by the





CONCRETE SAFETY BARRIER (F-SHAPE)

Design Division

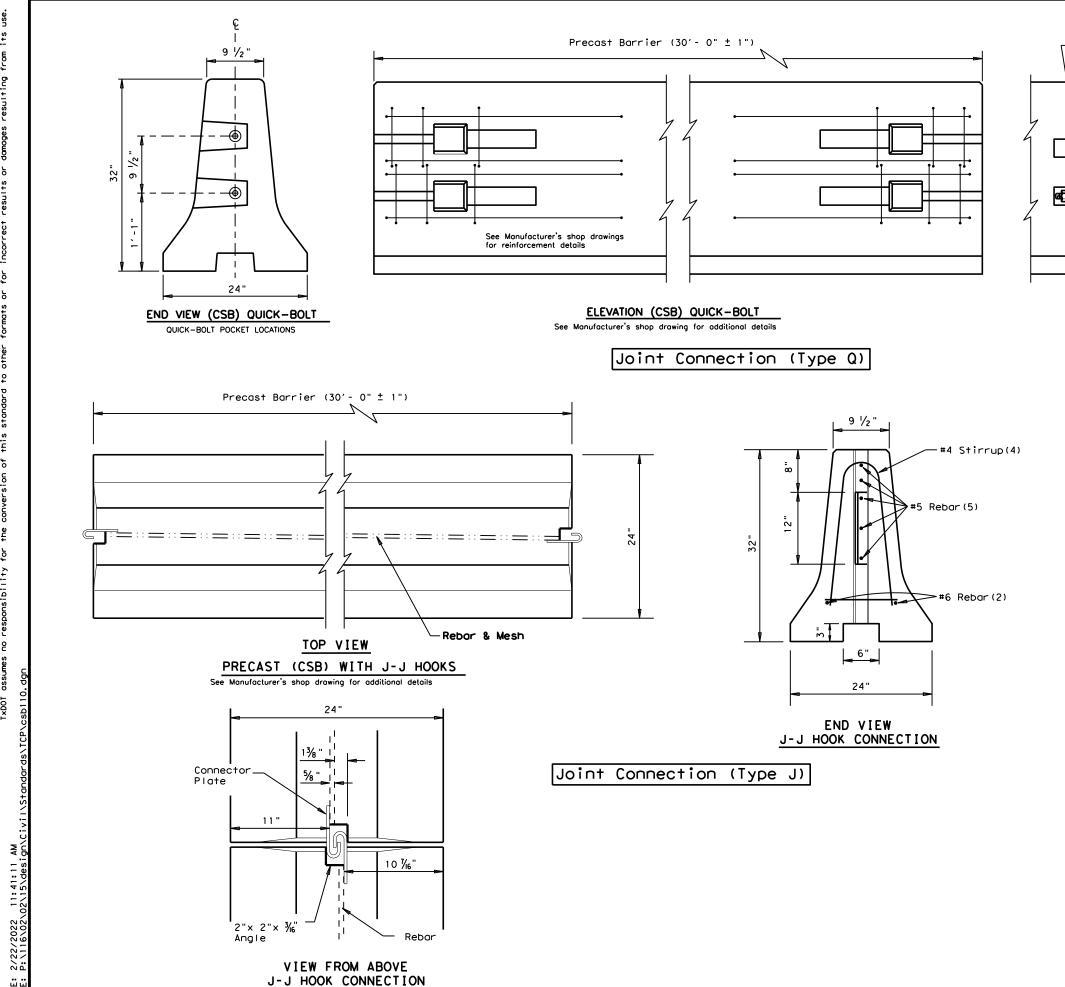
PRECAST BARRIER (TYPE 1)

CSB(1)-10

: csb110.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	CK: AM	DW:	BD	ck: VP
TxDOT December 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AKM		CONTAI	ΕC		与る

* The connection hardware shall not extend beyond the concrete face of the barrier. Hex head bolts may be provided. The proper length of all hardware should be verified.

Weight of one Precast 30 ft. (CSB) segment = Approx. 6.5 Tons



Proprietary Joint Connections (CSB)

-2 ~ %" DIA. x 25" Long rolled threaded bolt with plate washer and nut on each end.

-1 ½" PVC Sleeve

ELEVATION VIEW SHOWING JOINT CONNECTION

"QUICK-BOLT"

Two proprietary joint connections are acceptable as alternates to the (Type X) connection shown, here on. These joint connections types are:

Bolt retraction cavity

-2 ½" Dia. PVC Sleeve 12" Long

> J-J Hooks by Easi-Set Industries, (800)547-4045 Quick-Bolt by Bexar Concrete, (210)497-3773

> If one of these connection systems are exclusively specified in the plans, prior approval for sole source use must be obtained. Details of the connection components and barrier reinforcement for these systems, will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawing(s) furnished to the Engineer.

SHEET 2 OF 2

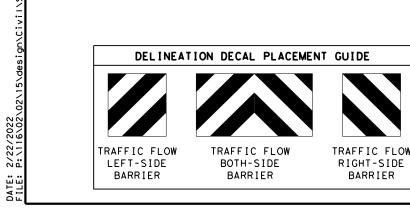


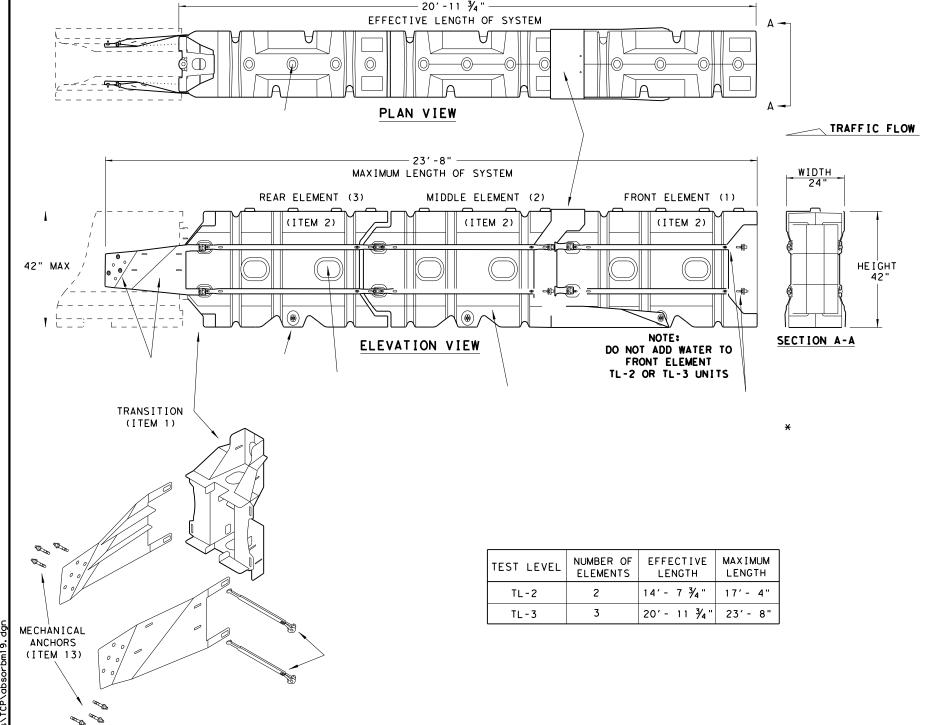
Design Division Standard

CONCRETE SAFETY
BARRIER (F-SHAPE)
PRECAST BARRIER
(TYPE 1)

CSB(1)-10

LE: csb110.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	ck: AM	DW:	BD	ck: VP
TxDOT December 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0942	02 011 F		FM	2067	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		54





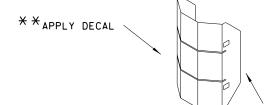
SYSTEM SHOWN - ABSORB-M TL-3

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE, ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

	BILL	OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY
	ІТЕМ #	PART NUMBER	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM	
	1	BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION- (GALV)	1	1
Γ	2	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3
	3	BSI-4004598	FILL CAPS	8	12
×	4	BSI-4004599	DRAIN PLUGS	2	3
*	5	BSI-1809053-00	TENSION STRAP-(GALV)	8	12
	6	BSI-2001998	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT	8	12
L	7	BSI-2001999	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 GR5 PLT	8	12
	8	BSI-1809035-00	MIDNOSE-(GALV)	1	1
	9	BSI-1808014-00	NOSE PLATE	1	1
	10	BSI-1809037-00	TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND)-(GALV)	1	1
	11	BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
	12	BSI-1808005-00	PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10
	13	BSI-2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)	6	6
	14	ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

*COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



** NOTE: (PROVIDED BY OTHERS)

ENGINEER OR CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH
THE MANUFACTURER FOR THE CORRECT DECAL PER
TRAFFIC FLOW, LEFT, RIGHT OR BOTH-SIDES.

TRAFFIC FLOW

NOSE PLATE

APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE.

DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION
PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD
FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR
TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

NOTE:
THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF
THE ABSORB-M, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE
THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

CRASH CUSHION
(MASH TL-3 & TL-2)

LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE

ABSORB (M) - 19

FILE: absorbm19 | DN:TXDOT | CK: KM | DW: VP | CK:

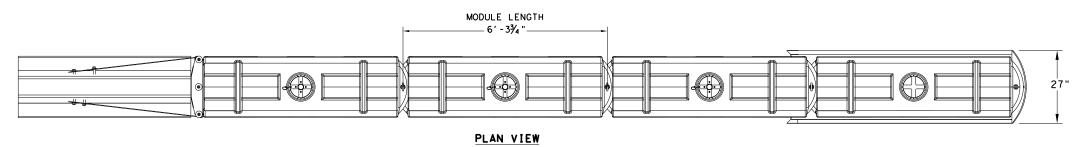
© TXDOT: JULY 2019 | CONT | SECT | JOB | HIGHWAY |

REVISIONS | 0942 | 02 | 011 | FM | 2067 |

DIST | COUNTY | SHEET NO. |

YKM | GONZALES | 55

SACRIFICIAL



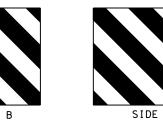
SYSTEM LENGTH - (TL-3 - 25-3") NON WATER FILLED PRIMARY MODULE WATER FILLED SECONDARY MODULES 45" MAX 0 0 0 45-% HEIGHT

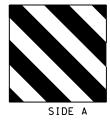


SECTION A-A



TRAFFIC FLOW ON





TRAFFIC FLOW ON

RIGHT-SIDE OF



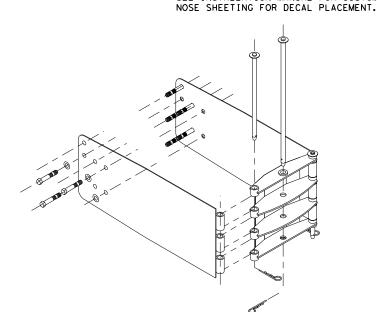
TRAFFIC FLOW ON

LEFT-SIDE OF

ELEVATION VIEW

90 DEGREES

NOSE SHEETING PANEL DELINEATION SEE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR CUSTOMIZED DELINEATION



	TRANSITION OPTIONS								
SLED	TRANSITION	TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT)							
SLED	TRANSITION	TO STEEL TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)							
SLED	TRANSITION	TO PLASTIC TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)							
SLED	TRANSITION	TO W-BEAM OR THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITI	(NO						
SLED	TRANSITION	TO CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENT							

TEST LEVEL

TL - 3

NUMBER OF

SECONDARY MODULES

SYSTEM LENGTH

25' 3"

SLED TRANSITION COMPONENTS FOR ATTACHMENT TO CMB

SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SLED, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFER TO THE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ASSEMBLY AND MODULE ORIENTATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT TRAFFIX, INC. AT (949) 361-5663.
- 2. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A MASH APPROVED TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) CRASH CUSHION APPROVED FOR USE IN TEMPORARY WORK ZONES. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE, ASPHALT, GRAVEL OR COMPACTED SOIL.
- 3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS SLOPE IS 8° (DEGREES) (14%).
- 4. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 5. THE SLED SYSTEM CAN BE ATTACHED TO:
 - CONCRETE BARRIER, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, 45" MAXIMUM HEIGHT
 - STEEL BARRIER
 - . PLASTIC BARRIER
 - CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENTS
 - W-BEAM GUARD RAIL
 - THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL

BILL OF MATERIAL								
PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY: TL-3						
45131	TRANSITION FRAME, GALVANIZED	1						
45150	TRANSITION PANEL, GALVANIZED	2						
45147-CP	TRANSITION SHORT DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	2						
45148-CP	TRANSITION LONG DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	1						
45050	ANCHOR BOLTS	9						
12060	WASHER, 3/4" ID X 2" OD	9						
45044-Y	SLED YELLOW WATER FILLED MODULE	3						
45044-YH	SLED YELLOW "NO FILL" MODULE	1						
45044-S	CIS (CONTAINMENT IMPACT SLED), GALVANIZED	1						
45043-CP	T-PIN W/ KEEPER PIN	4						
18009-B-I	FILL CAP W/ "DRIVE BY" FLOAT INDICATOR	3						
45033-RC-B	DRAIN PLUG	3						
45032-DPT	DRAIN PLUG REMOVAL TOOL	1						

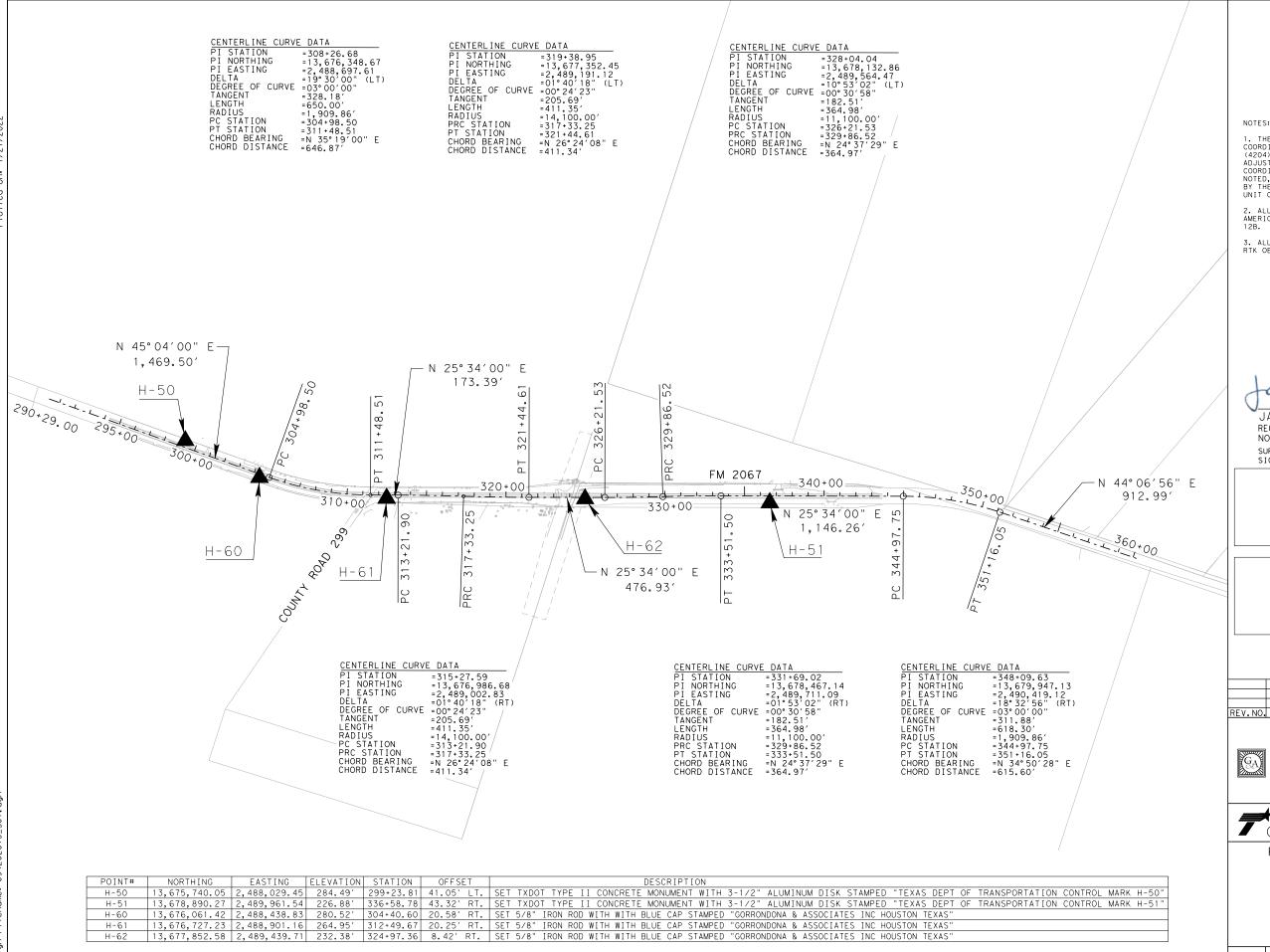


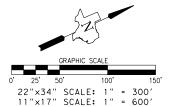
SLED CRASH CUSHION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT (TEMPORARY, WORK ZONE)

SLED-19

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP C) TxDOT: DECEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB 0942 02 011 FM 2067 GONZALES

SACRIFICIAL





1. THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983 SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE (4204) NORTH AMERICAN DATUM (NAD83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010, 00. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY DIVIDING BY THE TXDOT COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 1.00013. UNIT OF MEASUREMENT IS U.S. SURVEY FEET.

2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88), GEOID

3. ALL CONTROL POINTS WERE VERIFIED USING GPS RTK OBSERVATIONS.



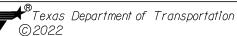
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR NO. 4892 TEXAS FIRM No. 10106902

SURVEY DATE: 07-13-2020

EV.NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY



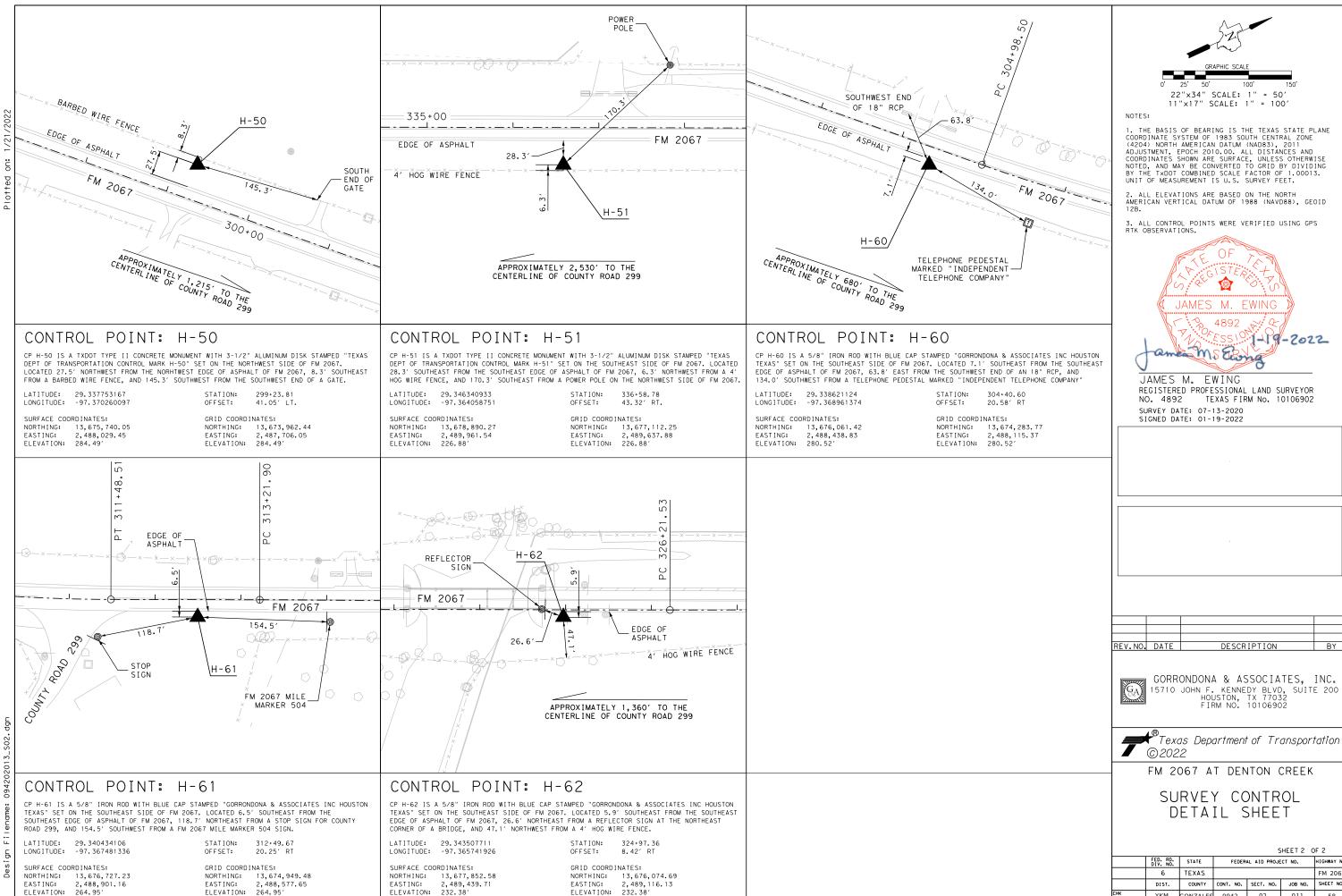
GORRONDONA & ASSOCIATES, INC. 15710 JOHN F. KENNEDY BLVD, SUITE 200 HOUSTON, TX 77032 FIRM NO. 10106902



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 2									
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
6	TEXAS	FM 2067							
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.				
YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	57				



SHEET 2 OF 2

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO FM 2067 DIST. COUNTY CONT. NO. SECT. NO. JOB NO. SHEET NO. YKM GONZALES 0942 02 011 58

182.51 364.98 11,100.00 1.50

364.97 1.50 326+21.53 N 329+86.52 N

Degree

Radius External

Long Chord =

P.C. Station P.T. Station

Back = N 25° 34′ 00" E Ahead = N 23° 40′ 57" E Chord Bear = N 24° 37′ 29" E

Mid. Ord.

Tangent Length

13,677,968.22 E 13,678,300.00 E 13,682,758.54 E

FM 2067 & ALIGNMENT

Beginning chain FM20 Feature: Geom_ML					Curve		
				Curve FM2067_11	*	*	
Point FM20671	N 13,675,079	.00 E 2,487,424.98 Sta	290+29.00	P.I. Station Delta =	331+69.02 N	13,678,467.14 E	2,489,711.09
Course from FM20671	to PC FM2067_3 N	45° 04′ 00" E Dist 1,469.50)	Degree =	1° 53′ 02" (RT) 0° 30′ 58"		
	C	ırve Data		Tangent = Length =	182.51 364.98		
		*		Radius =	11,100.00		
Curve FM2067_3 P.I. Station	308+26.68 N	13,676,348.67 E	2,488,697.61	External = Long Chord =	1.50 364.97		
Delta =	19° 30′ 00" (LT		2, 400, 051. 01	Mid. Ord. =	1.50		
Degree = Tangent =	3° 00′ 00" 328.18			P.C. Station P.T. Station	329+86.52 N 333+51.50 N	13,678,300.00 E 13,678,631.77 E	2, 489, 637. 78 2, 489, 789. 8
Length =	650.00			c.c.	N	13,673,841.46 E	2, 499, 802. 99
Radius = External =	1,909.86 27.99				' 40' 57" E ' 34' 00" E		
Long Chord =	646.87				37′ 29" E		
Mid. Ord. = P.C. Station	27.59 304+98.50 N	13,676,116.89 E	2,488,465.28	Course from PT FM200	67_11 to STAEQU1 N 25°	34' 00" E Dist 0.00	
P.T. Station	311+48.51 N	13,676,644.71 E	2,488,839.24				
C.C. Back = N 45°	N ' 04' 00" E	13,677,468.93 E	2,487,116.38	Equation: Sta 333+51	1.50 (BK) = Sta 333+51.	End 	d Region 1
Ahead = N 25° Chord Bear = N 35°							gin Region 2
				Point STAEQU1	N 13,678,631.78	E 2,489,789.85 Sta	333+51.25
Course from PT FM200	67_3 to PC FM2067_	6 N 25° 34′ 00" E Dist 173.	39	Course from STAEQU1	to PC FM2067_14 N 25°	34' 00" E Dist 1.146.2	.5
		rve Data			C	, Data	
Curve FM2067_6	*	-			Curve *		
P.I. Station Delta =	315+27.59 N 1° 40′ 18" (RT	13,676,986.68 E	2,489,002.83	Curve FM2067_14 P.I. Station	348+09.38 N	13,679,947.13 E	2,490,419.13
Degree =	0° 24′ 23"	,		Delta =	18° 32′ 56" (RT)	13,619,941,13	2,490,419.1
Tangent = Length =	205.69 411.35			Degree = Tangent =	3° 00′ 00" 311.88		
Radius =	14,100.00			Length =	618.30		
External = _ong Chord =	1.50 411.34			Radius = External =	1,909.86 25.30		
Wid. Ord. =	1.50			Long Chord =	615.60		
P.C. Station P.T. Station	313+21.90 N 317+33.25 N	13,676,801.13 E 13,677,169.56 E	2,488,914.07 2,489,096.98	Mid. Ord. = P.C. Station	24.97 344+97.50 N	13,679,665.79 E	2,490,284.5
c.c.	N	13,670,716.14 E	2,501,633.46	P.T. Station	351+15.80 N	13,680,171.04 E	2,490,636.22
Back = N 25° Ahead = N 27°				C.C. Back = N 25°	N N N	13,678,841.58 E	2,492,007.38
Chord Bear = N 26°				Ahead = N 44°	' 06' 56" E		
	Cu	irve Data		Chord Bear = N 34°	° 50′ 28" E		
Curve FM2067_7	*	*		Course from PT FM200	67_14 to FM206716 N 44	° 06′ 56" E Dist 912.99)
P.I. Station	319+38.95 N	13,677,352.45 E	2,489,191.12	Point FM206716	N 13,680,826.51	E 2,491,271.76 Sta	360+28.79
Delta = Degree =	1° 40′ 18" (LT 0° 24′ 23"	,					
Tangent =	205.69			Ending chain FM2067	description		
Length = Radius =	411.35 14,100.00						
External =	1.50						
Long Chord = Mid. Ord. =	411.34 1.50						
P.C. Station P.T. Station	317+33.25 N 321+44.61 N	13,677,169.56 E	2,489,096.98 2,489,279.89				
c.c.	N	13,677,538.00 E 13,683,622.99 E	2,476,560.50				
	' 14' 17" E ' 34' 00" E						
Chord Bear = N 26°							
Course from PT FM206	67_7 to PC FM2067_	10 N 25° 34′ 00" E Dist 476	5. 93				
	Cu	ırve Data					
Curve FM2067_10		*					
P.I. Station	328+04.04 N	13,678,132.86 E	2,489,564.47				

2, 489, 485. 71 2, 489, 637. 78 2, 479, 472. 57





PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS

2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

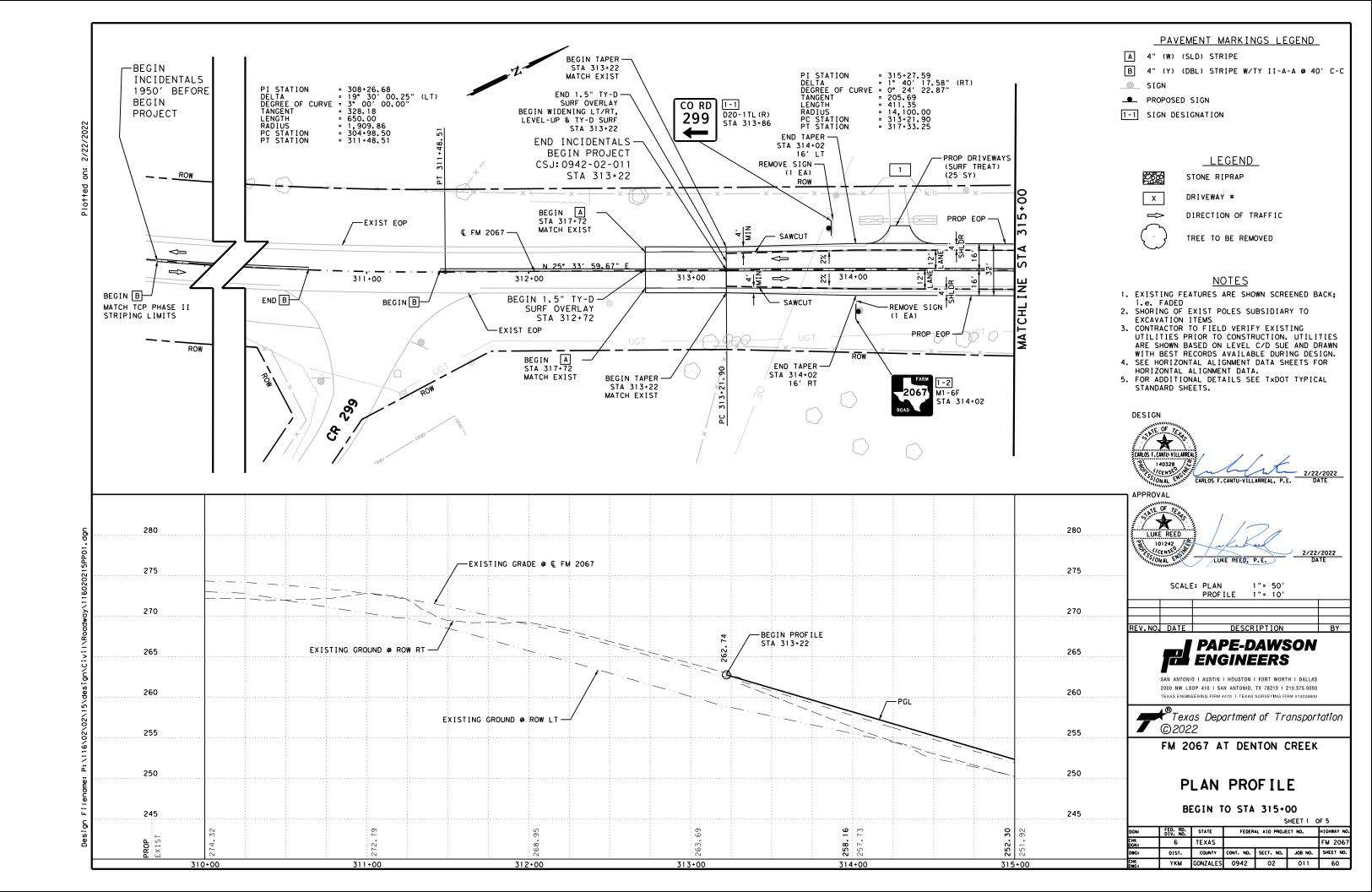
Texas Department of Transportation ©2022

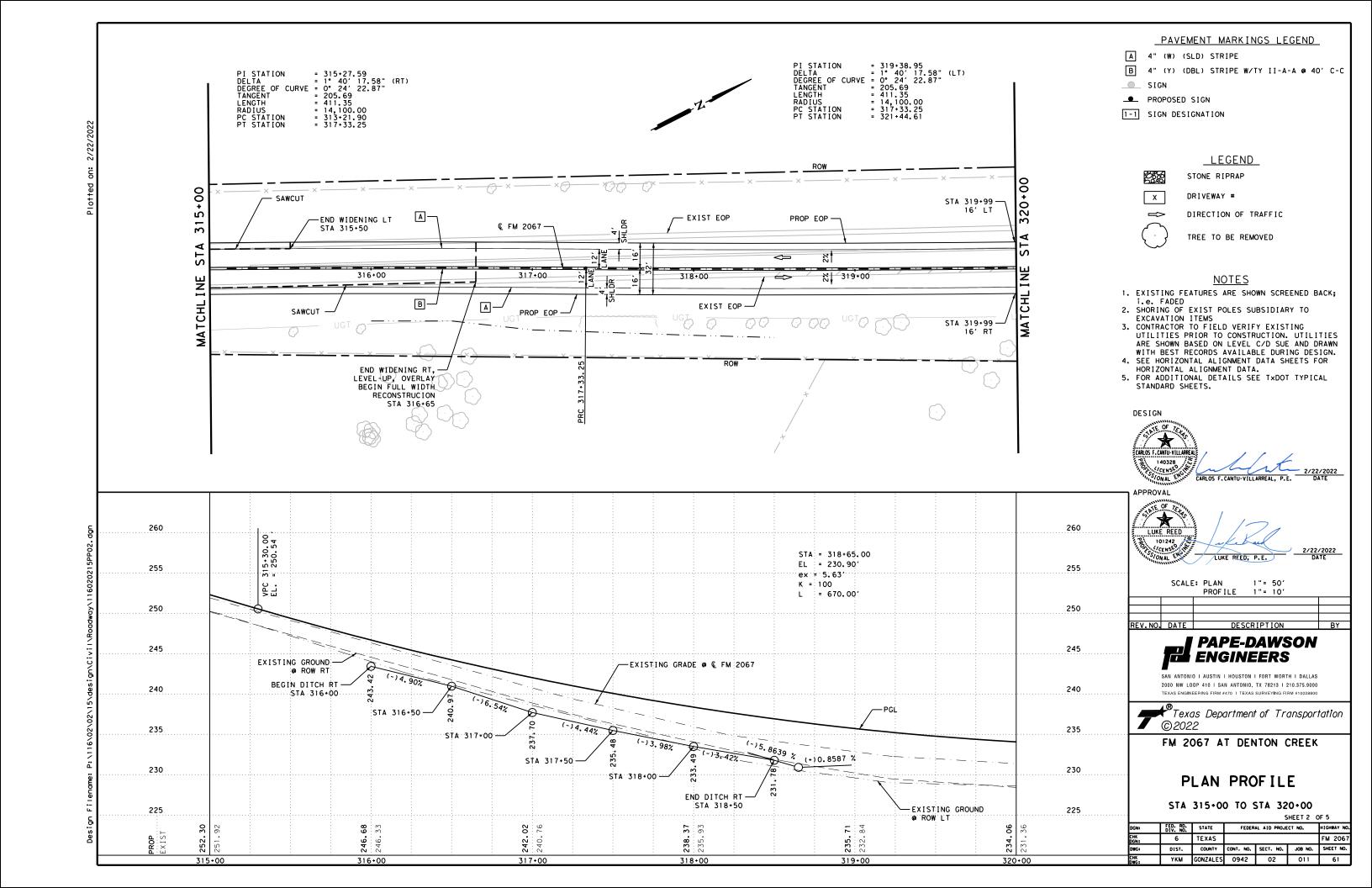
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

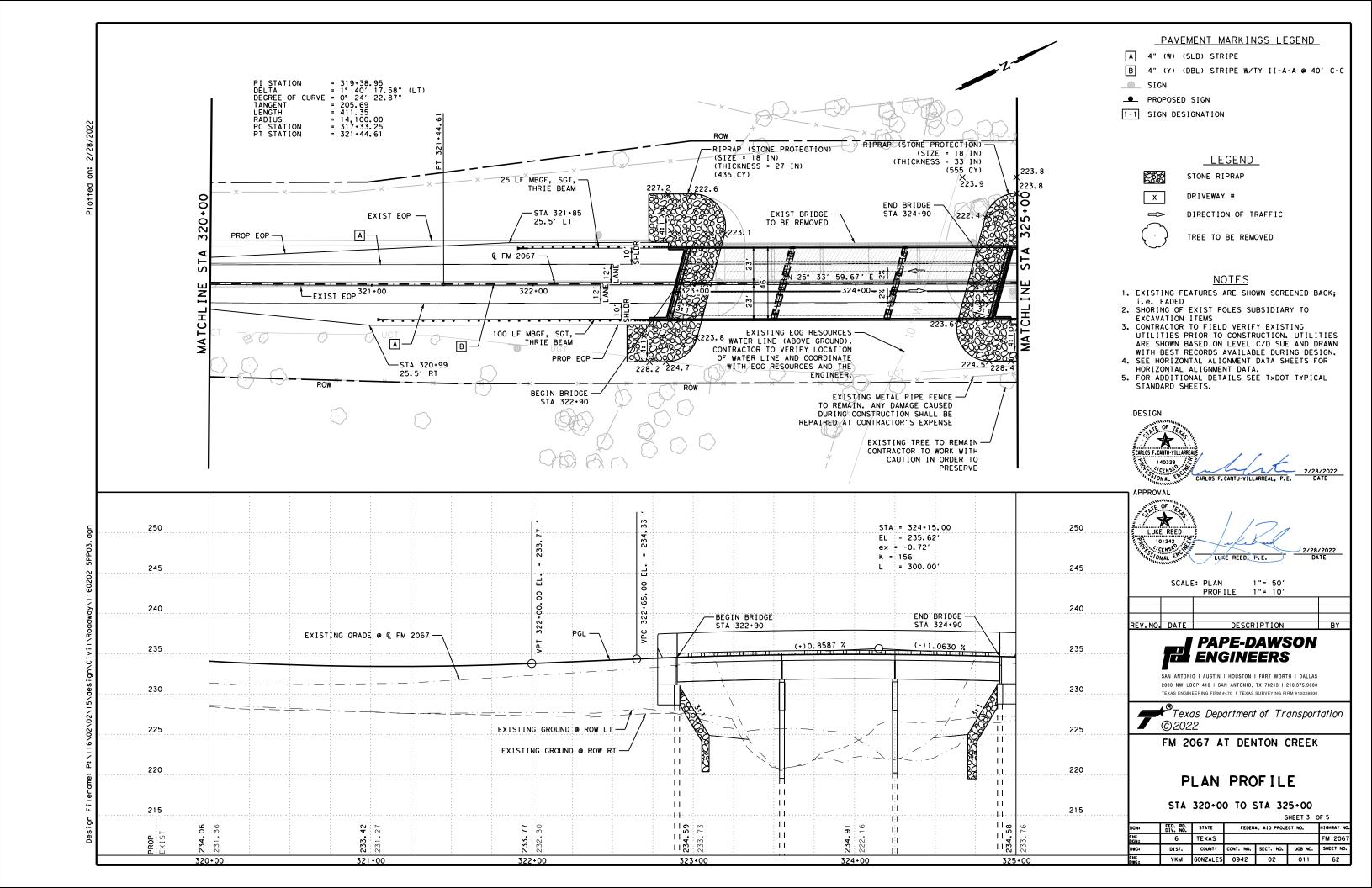
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

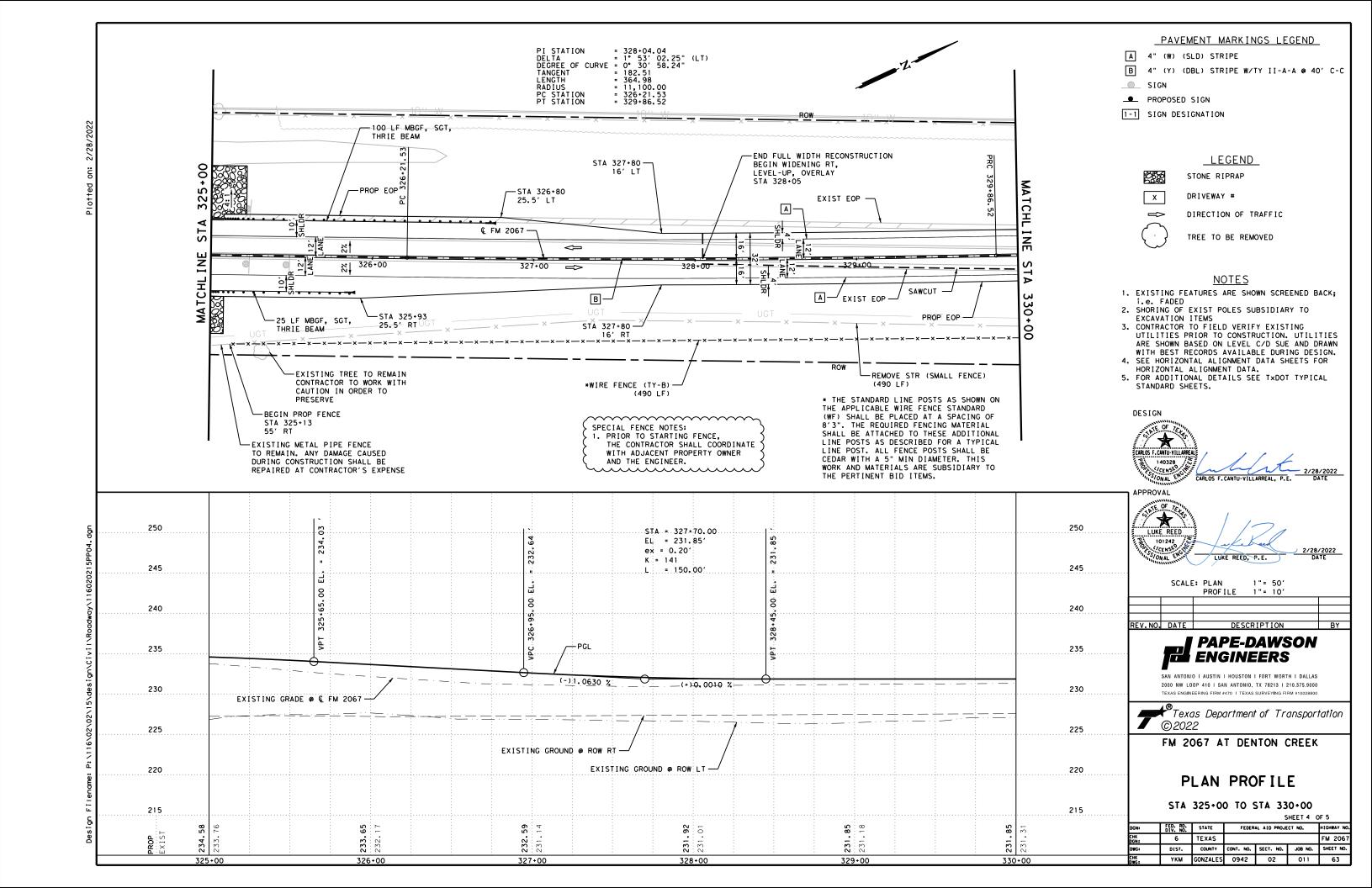
SHEET 1 OF 1

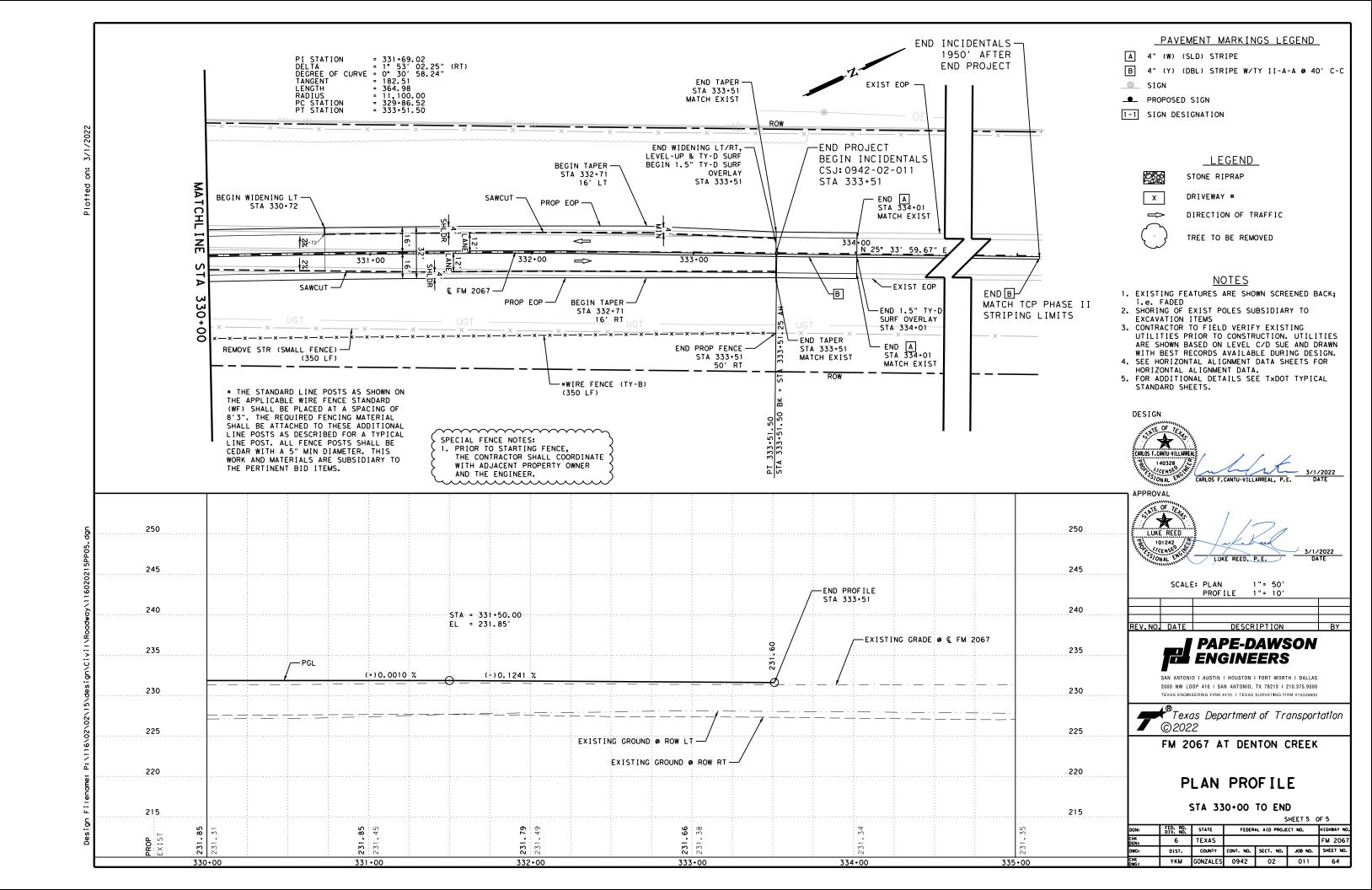
M:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
(4:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
\ }:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	59







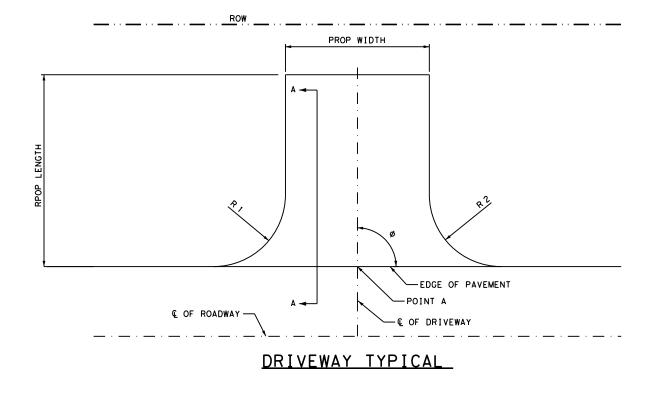


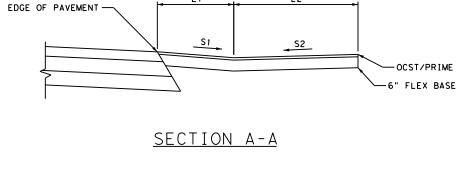


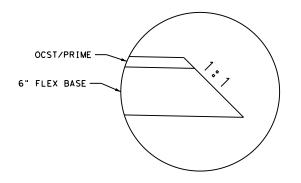
POINT A		POINT A		530-6006							RAD	IUS
NO.	STA	OFFSET	SIDE	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	_	PROP WIDTH	L1	S1	R1	R2		
				SY	DEGREE	FT	FT	%	FT	FT		
1	314+29	16'	LT	25	90	12.2	11	8	15	15		

0247-6057	0316-6029	0316-6202	0316-6246	0316-6400
FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR1&2) (FNAL	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-PE GR-3 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR
CY	GAL	CY	CY	GAL
4	5	0.2	0.3	10
	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR1&2) (FNAL	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR1&2) (FNAL (RC-250)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR182) (FNAL CY GAL CY	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYE GR1&2) (FNAL CY GAL CY CY

^{*}CONTRACTOR INFO ONLY, PAID UNDER ITEM 530 BY SY







PAVEMENT EDGE DETAIL

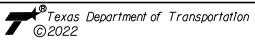


NOT TO SCALE

REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

PAPE-DAWSON
ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

DRIVEWAY DETAILS

SH	EET	1	OF

IGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY NO.
HK GN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
WG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK WG:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	65

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING,
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC16g) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- 6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.
- 9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 13. FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION. SEE CONCRETE CLOSURE DETAILS ON BRIDGE STANDARD SCP-MD.
- 14. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT FROM THE PAVEMENT TO THE TOP OF THE W-BEAM RAIL. WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED UP TO 2 FT. OFF OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

NOTE: TRANSISTIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

C) Tx

REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100. "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES". MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

	YKM		GONZAL	ES		66	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
REVISIONS	0942	02	011 FI		M 2067		
DOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
gf3119.dgn	DN: T x	DOT	ck: KM	DW: \	۷P	ck:CGL/AG	

BUTTON HEAD BOLT NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

POST & BLOCK LENGTH

FBB02 = 2"

FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

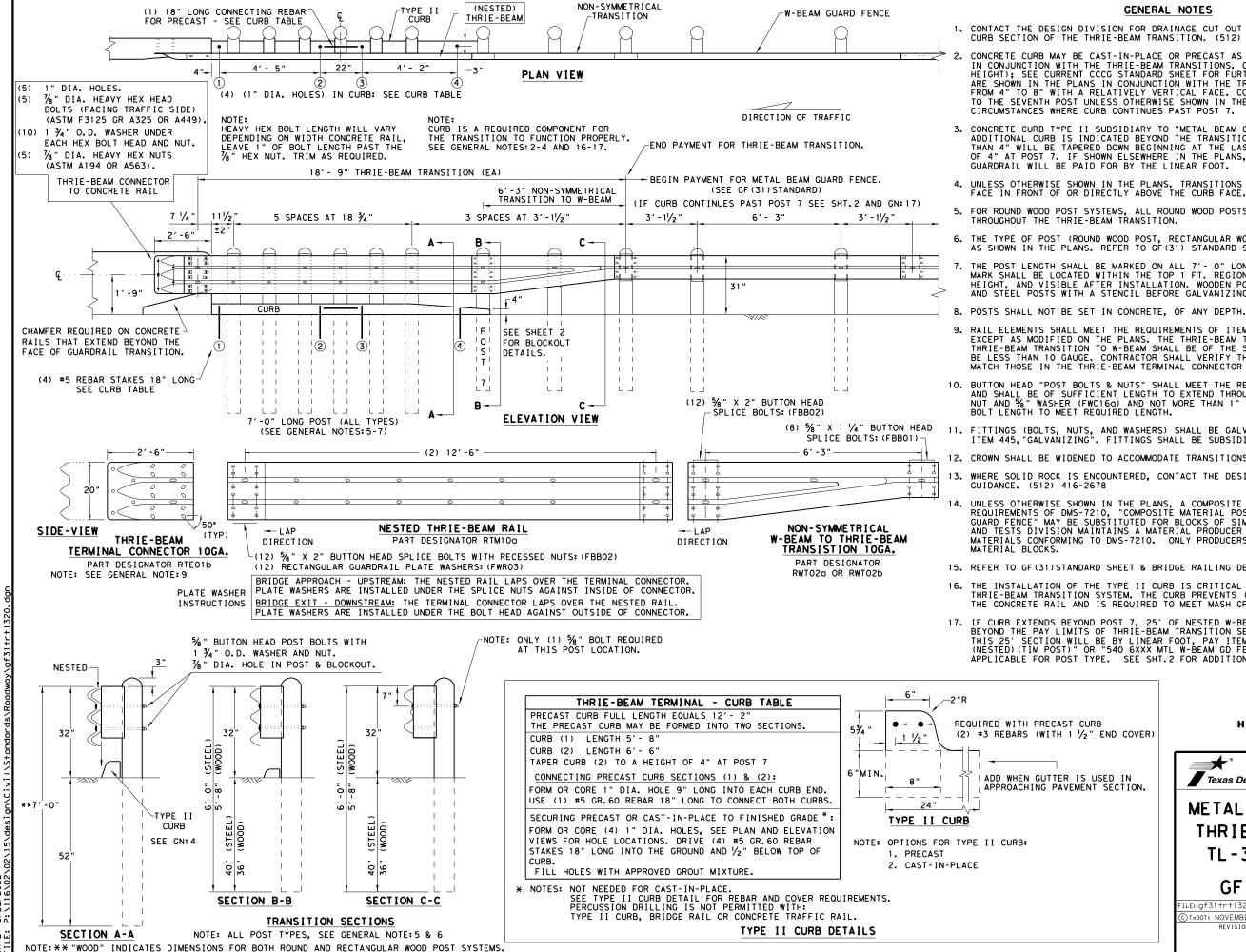
MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

ф

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

%" X 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.



g B

KIND

7 FOR

THE "TEXAS CONVERSION

DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE

GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN EDSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM, THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2



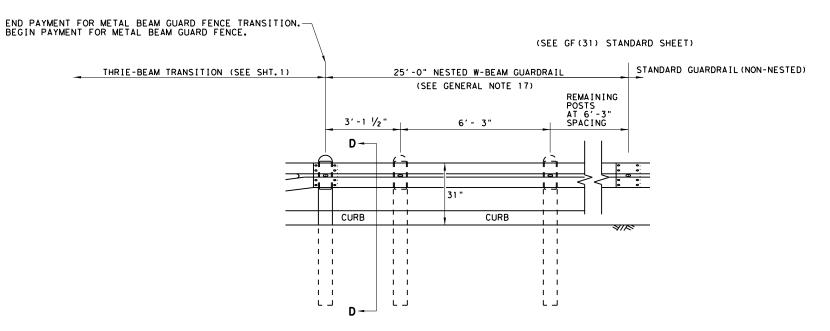
Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

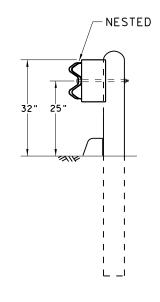
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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©T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		67	

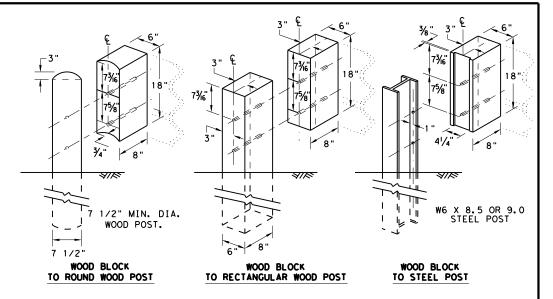
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

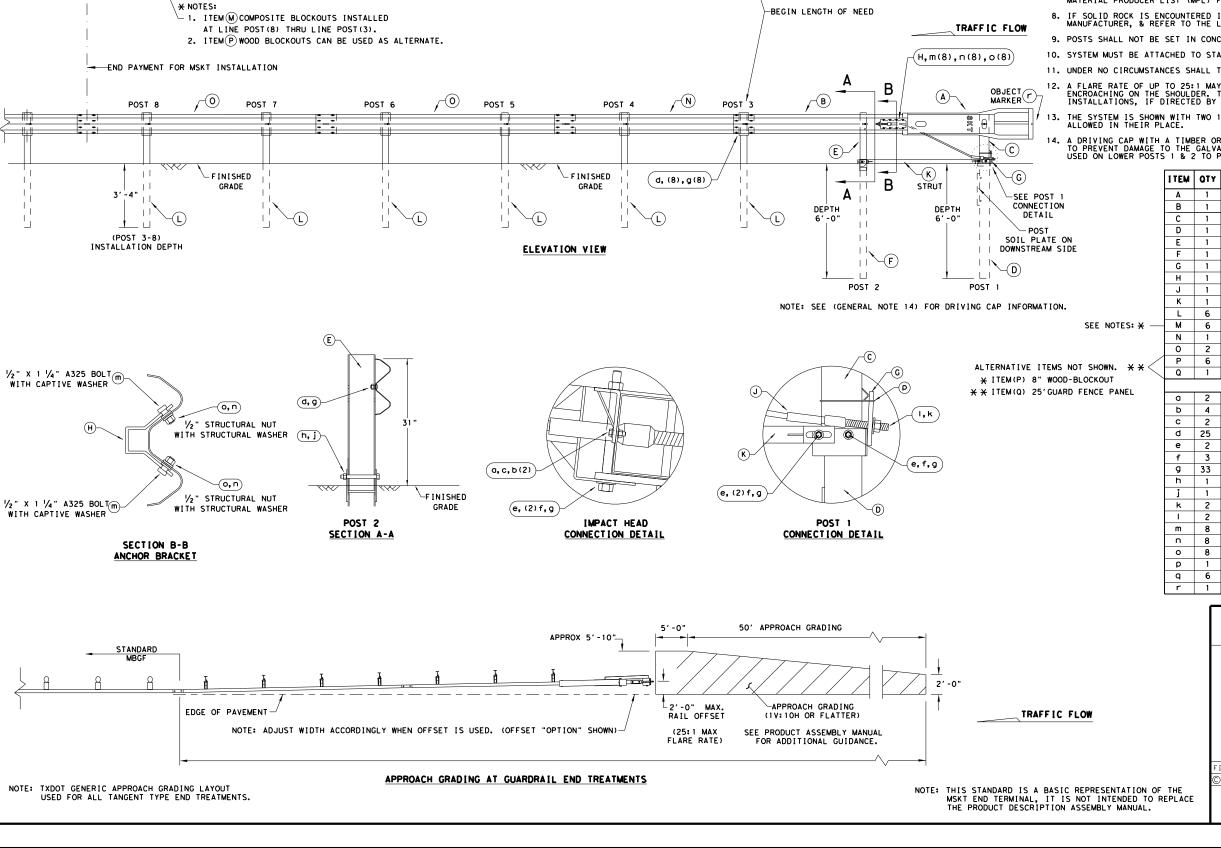
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©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM 2067		
	DIST	COUNTY SI			SHEET NO.		
	YKM	GONZALES 68			68		

STANDARD

31" MBGF

POST 8

3'-1 1/2" T



POST 4

POST 3

 \sqrt{N}

W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION 9'-4 1/2"

POST 2

SEE IMPACT HEAD

CONNECTION

IMPACT HEAD

DETAIL

 $\backslash (B)$

W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION

12'-6"

50'-0'

POST 5

PLAN VIEW

(O)

W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION 12'-6"

q, g) HARDWARE FOR (POST 8) THRU (POST 3)

POST 6

POST

 $\sqrt{0}$

W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
 - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

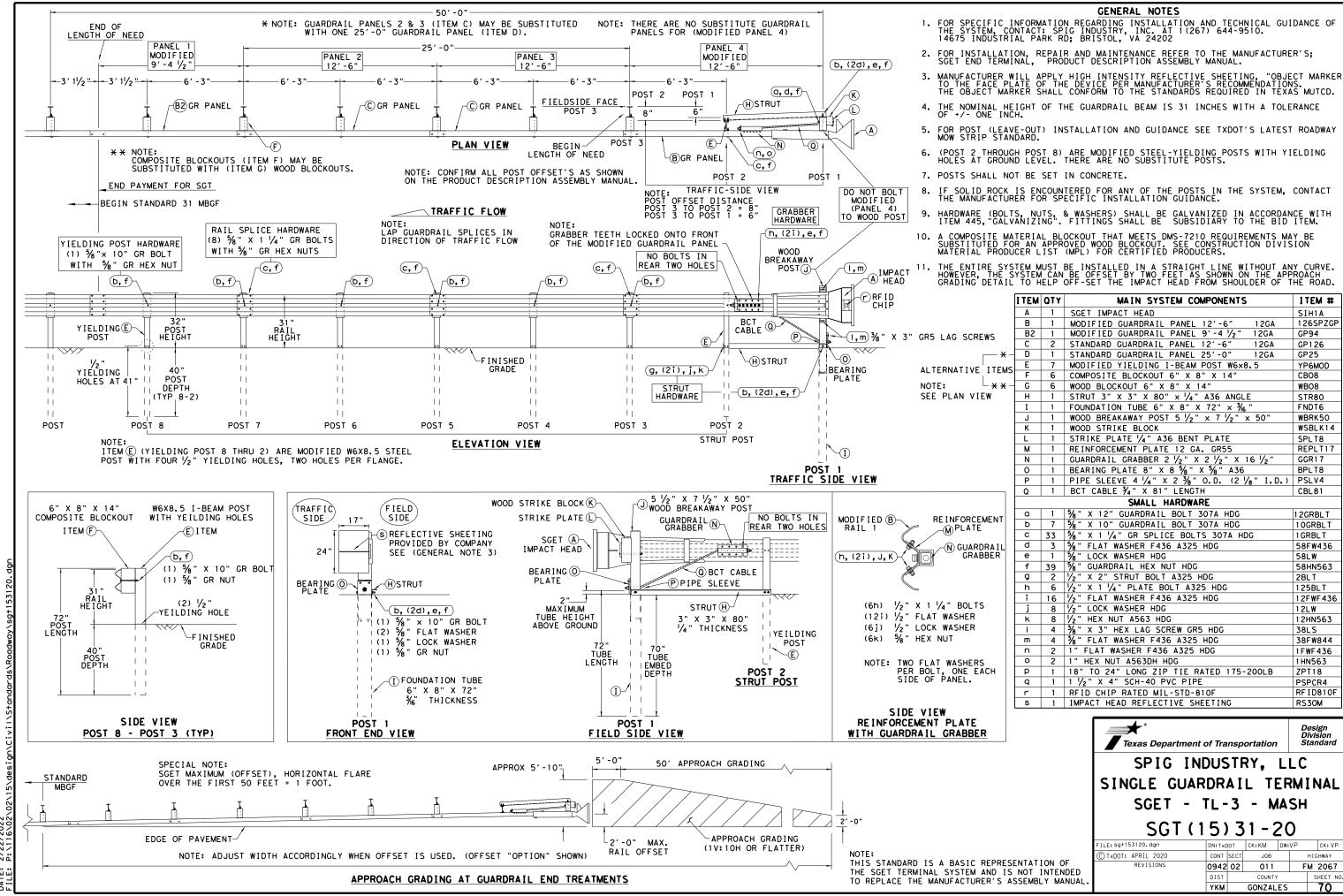
A 1 MSKT IMPACT HEAD MS30C B 1 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 GG. SF13C C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) MTPHF D 1 POST 1 - BOTTOM (6" W6X15) MTPHF E 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP UHP2A F 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) HP2B G 1 BEARING PLATE E750 H 1 CABLE ANCHOR BOX S760 J 1 BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY E770 K 1 GROUND STRUT MS785 L 6 W6X9 OR W6X8.5 STEEL POST P621 L 6 W6X9 OR W6X8.5 STEEL POST P621 N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1202 O 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1203 P 6 WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" P675 Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") G1209 SMALL HARDWARE G 2 1/6" X 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5) B5160 D 4 1/6" WASHER W0516 C 2 1/6" HEX NUT N0516 C 2 1/6" BEX NUT N0516 D 3 3 1/8" WASHER W050 F 3 3 1/8" WASHER W050 F 3 3 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B5809 F 3 3 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B3408 J 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B3408 J 1 1/4" DIG. HEX NUT N030 K 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER W100	M ERS							
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K 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	54A							
I 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER W100								
m 8 1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER SB12A								
n 8 1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS NO12A								
0 8 1 1/16 " 0.D. x 1/16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS W0124								
D 1 BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE CT-10	OST							
Q 6 %" x 10" H.G.R. BOLT B5810	02							
r 1 OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18" E3151								

Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:Tx	DOT	CK: KM	DW:	۷P	CK: CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FI	vi 2067
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		69



ITEM #

GP25

WBO8

YP6MOD

WBRK50

REPLT17

HIGHWAY

FM 2067

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.

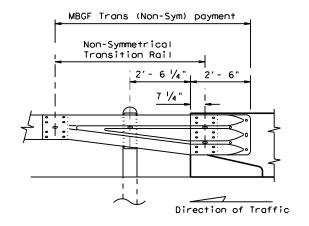
 (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'- 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



BRIDGE END DETAILS

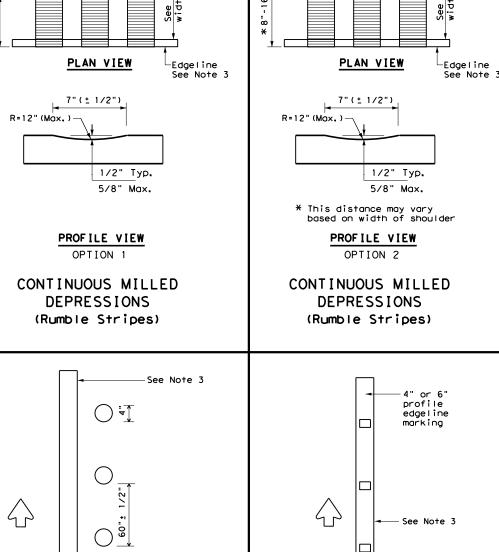
(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

E: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	ck: AM	DW:	BD/VP	ck: CGL	
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		CHWAY		
REVISIONS SED APRIL 2014	0942	02	011		FM	FM 2067	
(MEMO 0414)	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		71	

92

±1/2"



Non-reflective raised traffic

buttons

Edge of

pavement

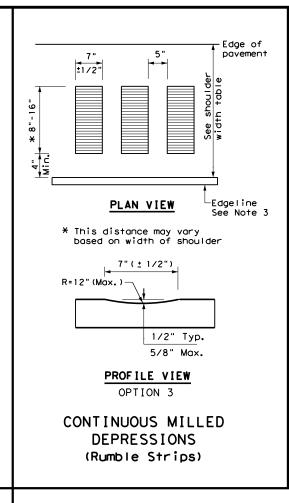
±1/2"

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 6

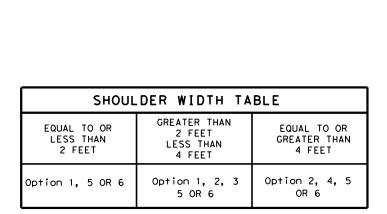
PROFILE EDGELINE

MARKINGS



Edge of

pavement



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Ē

R=12" Max

└ Edge of pavement

-Edgeline

See Note 3

±1/2"

PLAN VIEW

PROFILE VIEW

OPTION 4

CONTINUOUS MILLED

DEPRESSIONS

(Rumble Strips)

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

GENERAL NOTES

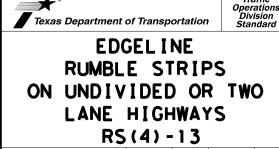
- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

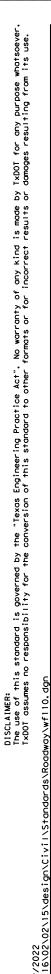
- 5. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 8. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 16. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



		YKM		GONZAL	ES		73	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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C) TxDOT	October 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
ILE:	rs(4)-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	



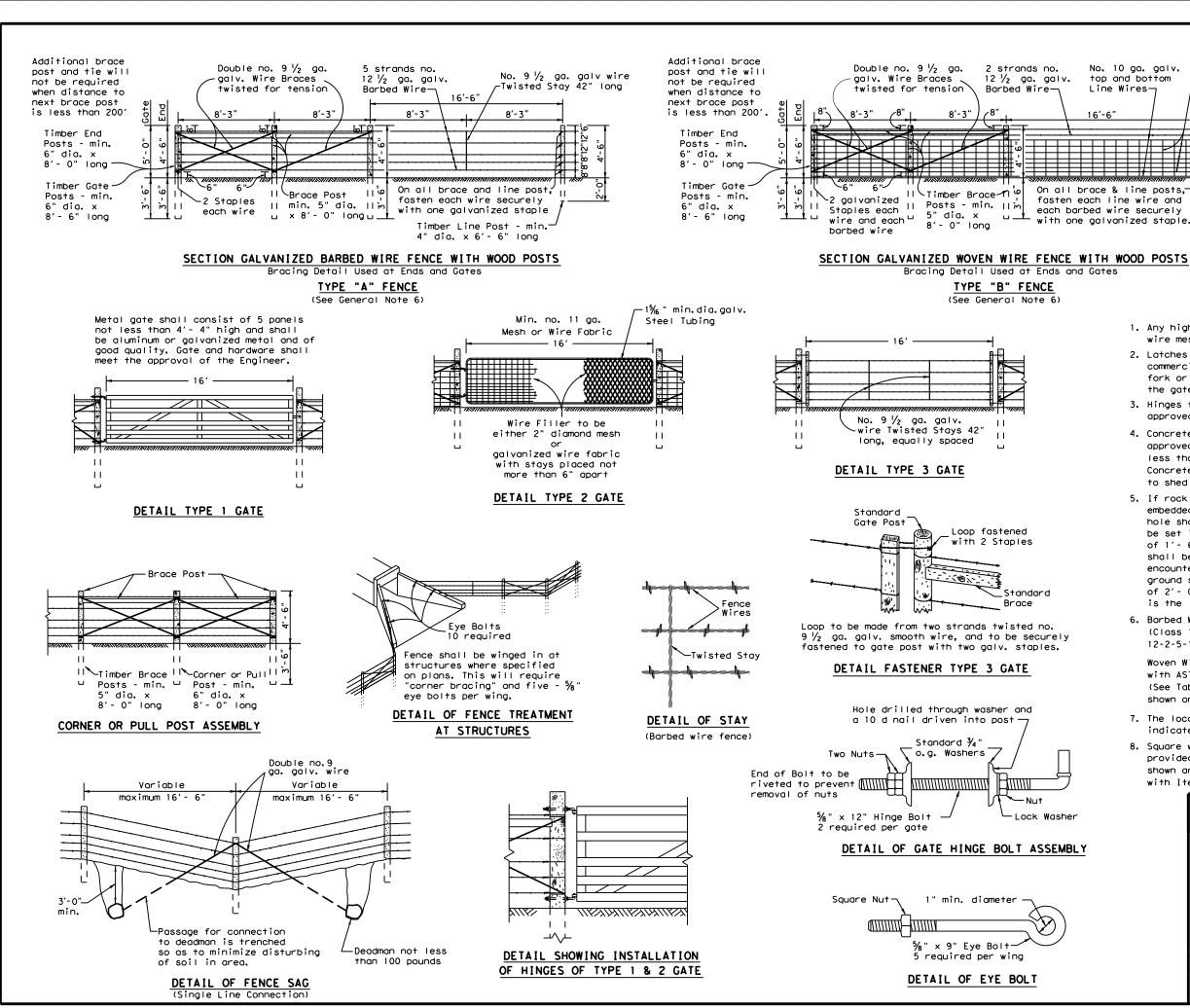


TABLE OF EQUIVALENT SIZES FOR OPTIONAL SHAPE

FOR OFITONAL SHAPE								
Minimum Diameter of Round Post (Inches)	Minimum Equivalent Dimension for Each Side of Square Post (Inches)							
4	3 ½							
5	4 ½							
6	5 1/4							

GENERAL NOTES

1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide 2" clearance.

No. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ga. galv. -Line Wires and

> Timber Line Post - min. 4" dia. x 6' - 6" long

Vertical Stays

No. 10 ga. galv.

top and bottom

Line Wires

On all brace & line posts,

fasten each line wire and

each barbed wire securely

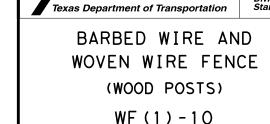
— Nut

with one galvanized staple.

- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latches of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable for the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top
- 5. If rock is encountered at a depth less than the embedded depth required, a 15" or larger diameter hole shall be drilled for the post and the post shall be set in concrete. If rock is encountered at a depth of 1'- 6" or more below the ground surface, the hole shall be drilled to the required depth. If rock is encountered at a depth less than 1'- 6" below the ground surface, the holes shall be drilled a minimum of 2'- 0" into the rock or to the depth whichever is the lesser depth.
- 6. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121 (Class 1) Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type B) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116 (Class 1) No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

- 7. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere on these plans.
- 8. Square wood posts may be used in lieu of round posts provided minimum equivalent size requirements, as shown are met. All wood posts shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence."



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C TxDOT 1994 2067 SHEET NO. GONZALES



4" Solid White

Edge Line-

 \Rightarrow

Pavement Edge

Taper

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

4" Solid Yellow

4" Solid Yellow

Edge Line -

Edge Line

Edge Line —

4" Solid White

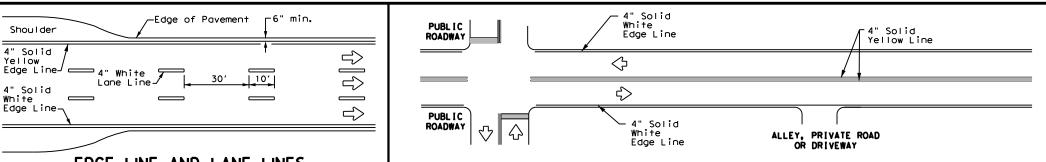
Optional

Dotted 8" White

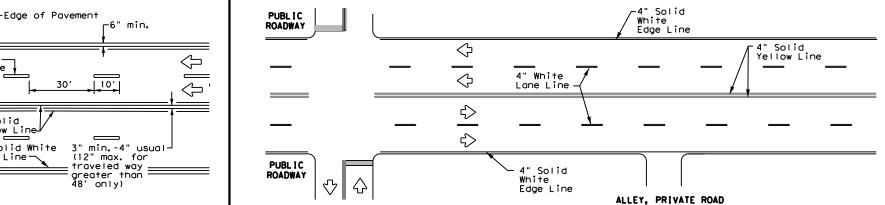
Extension

4" Solid White

Edge Line



EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES ONE-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Lane Line

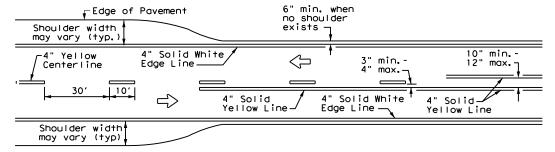
4" Solid Yellow Line-

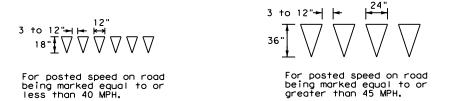
4" Solid White

TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS





YIELD LINES

TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

10′

 \Rightarrow

—See Note 1-

Storage

Deceleration

4" White Lane Line_

-See Note 2-

10" min.

ΔΔΔΔΔΔΙ

. 48" min.

line to

from edge

stop/yield

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

-4" Solid Yellow Line

Triangles

White Lane Line

NOTES

 $\langle \neg$

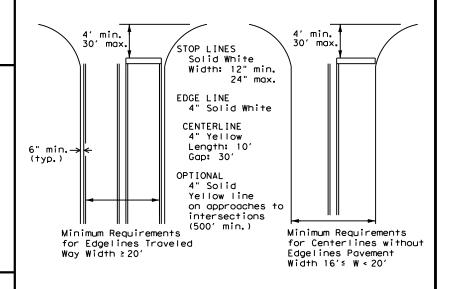
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

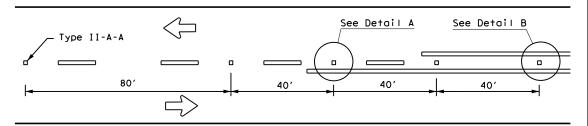


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C) TxD()⊺ November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	CHWAY	
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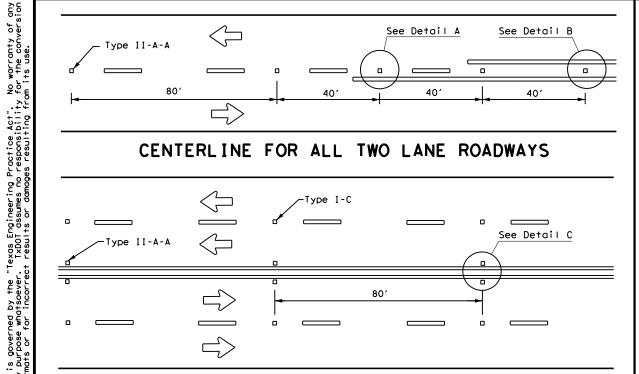
YKM

GONZALES

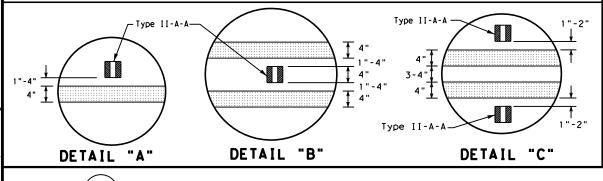
DM (11 - 20



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

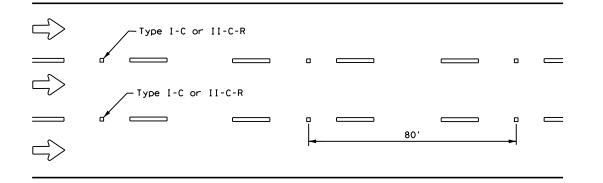


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

CENTER OR EDGE LINE | 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE LINE, CENTER LINE

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

NOTE

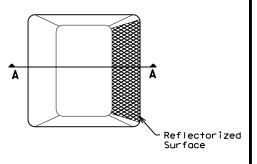
OR LÂNE LINE

GENERAL NOTES

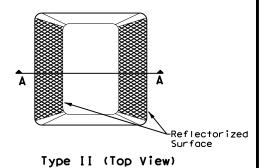
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

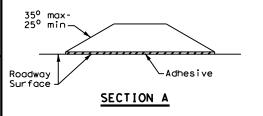
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 20

LE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	YKM		GONZAL	ES	76

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

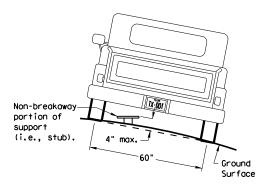
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

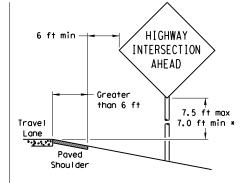
PAVED SHOULDERS

HIGHWAY min INTERSECTION AHEAD 0 to 6 ft 7,5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min : Lane Paved

LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

Shoul der



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

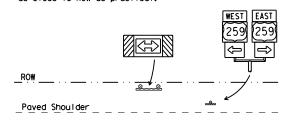
T-INTERSECTION

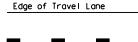
12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

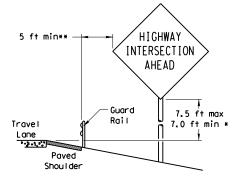
The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

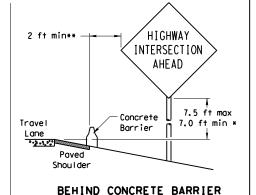
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BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



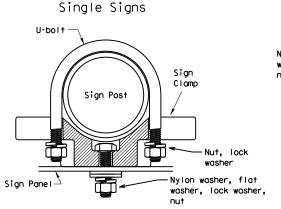
**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



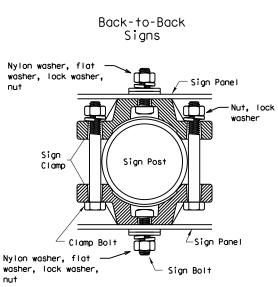
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



diameter

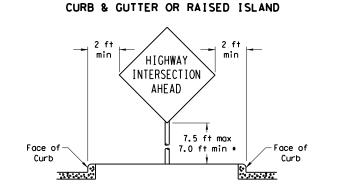
circle

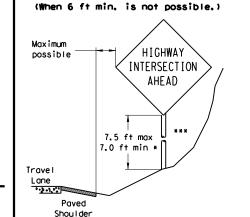
Acceptable

Approximate Bolt Length					
Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				
	Specific Clamp 3" 3 or 3 1/2"				

EAST 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min * When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign.

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

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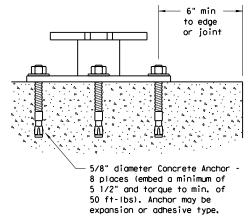
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer_list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)
0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Colyapization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 C210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653) or

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

Support

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

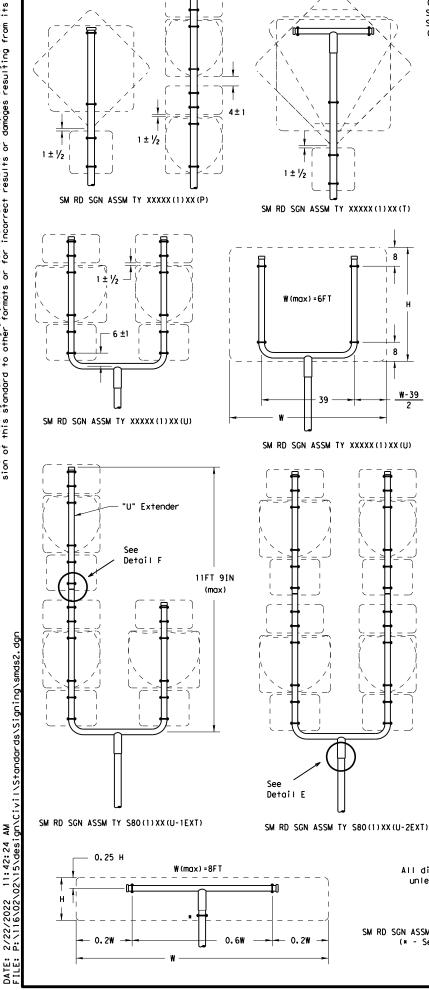


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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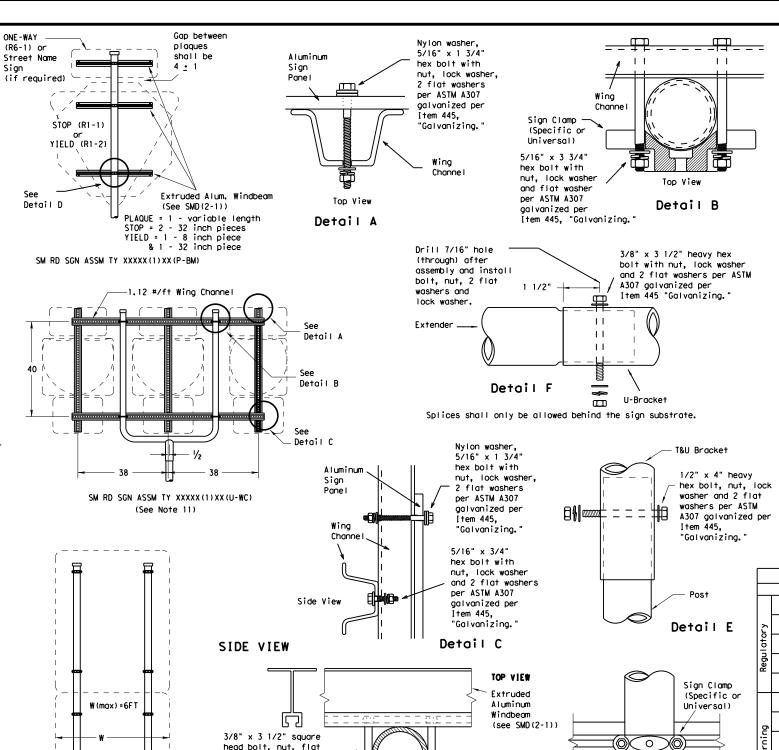
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∣ 8

W-39



washer and lock washer

per Item 445

"Galvanizing." length may vary depending on sign

clamp type and

pipe diameter.)

±.05"

Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

SM RD SGN ASSYM TY XXXXX(2)XX(P)

All dimensions are in english

unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

per ASTM A307 galvanized

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48-inch STOP sign (R1-1) TY 10BWG(1) XX (P-BM) 10BWG(1)XX(T) 60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2) TY 10BWG(1) XX (P-BM)
TY 10BWG(1) XX (T) 48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1) TY 10BWG(1) XX (P-BM) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs 48x60-inch signs TY S80(1)XX(T) 48x48-inch signs (diamond or square) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY S80(1)XX(T) 48x60-inch signs TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1) 48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

REQUIRED SUPPORT

SIGN DESCRIPTION

GENERAL NOTES:

10 BWG

10 RWG

Sch 80

Sch 80

areater height.

plans.

1. SIGN SUPPORT # OF POSTS

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons

in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat

less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically,

provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1. 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or

support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

(i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less

than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

MAX. SIGN AREA

16 SF

32 SF

32 SF

64 SF

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal FRICTION CAP DETAIL thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

Sign Clamp

Universal)

Detail D

(Specific or

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

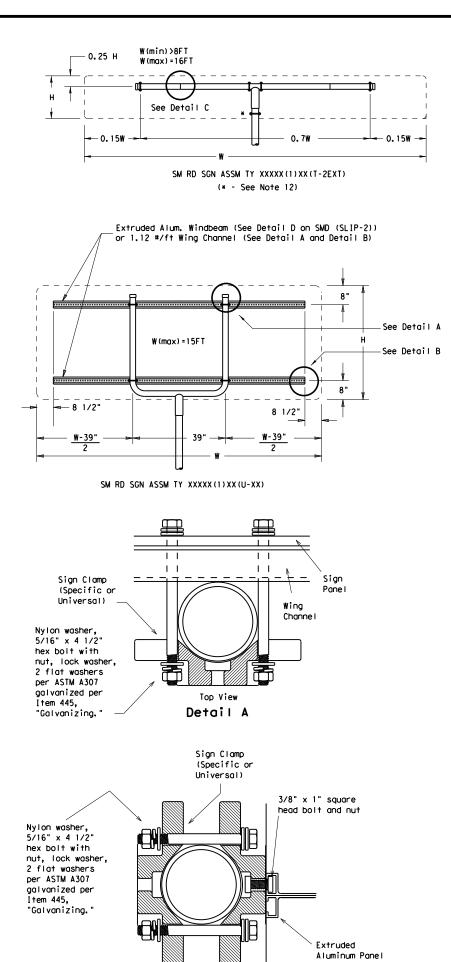


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

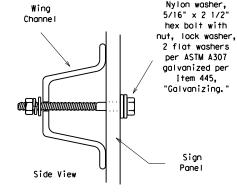
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SUPPORT

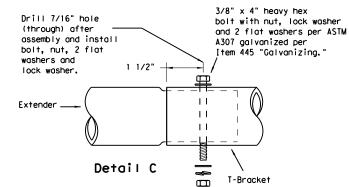
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		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		YKM		GONZAL	ES		79



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

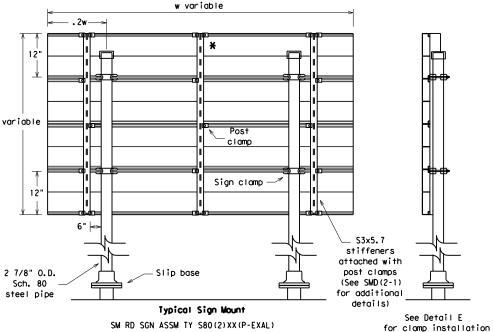
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

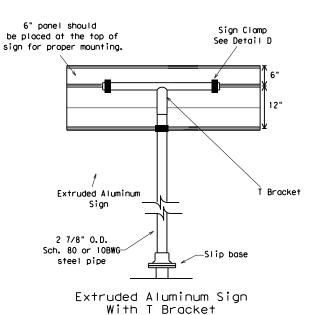
"Galvanizing."

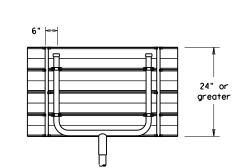
Detail E



SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
١,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
•	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
,	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
<u> </u>	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					

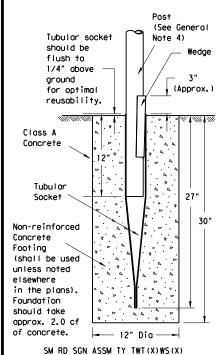


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

① Tx[00T July 2002	DN: TXC	тос	CK: TXDOT	DW: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
3 00		0942	02	011		FM	2067	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		YKM		GONZAL	ES		80	

Wedge Anchor Steel System



Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

Non-reinforced

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

elsewhere

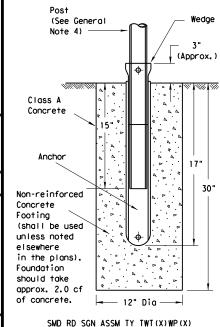
Foundation

should take

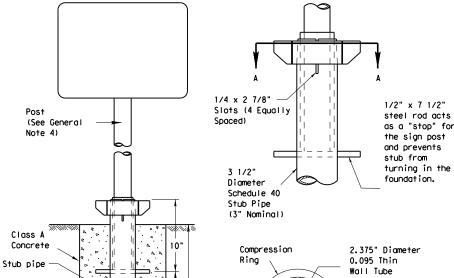
of concrete.

Concrete

Footing



Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



30"

-12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

Compression
Ring

2.375" Diameter
0.095 Thin
Wall Tube
(2" Nominal)

Plastic Insert

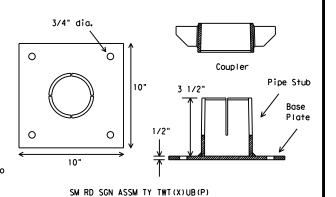
3 1/2"
Diameter
View A-A
Schedule 40
Stub Pipe

Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

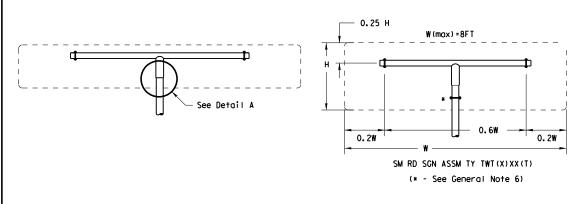
(See General Note 4)

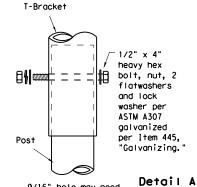
5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

GENERAL NOTES:

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- approval of the LXDOI Inditic Standards Engineer.

 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381"

Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- I. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.

 8. Check sign post by bond to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose increase t
- Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW: TX		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		111	GHWAY
	0942	02	011		FM	2067
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO		
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		81

\15\design\Civil\Standards\Signing\tsr3-13.

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SH	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING					



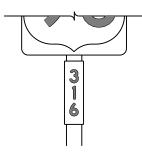




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



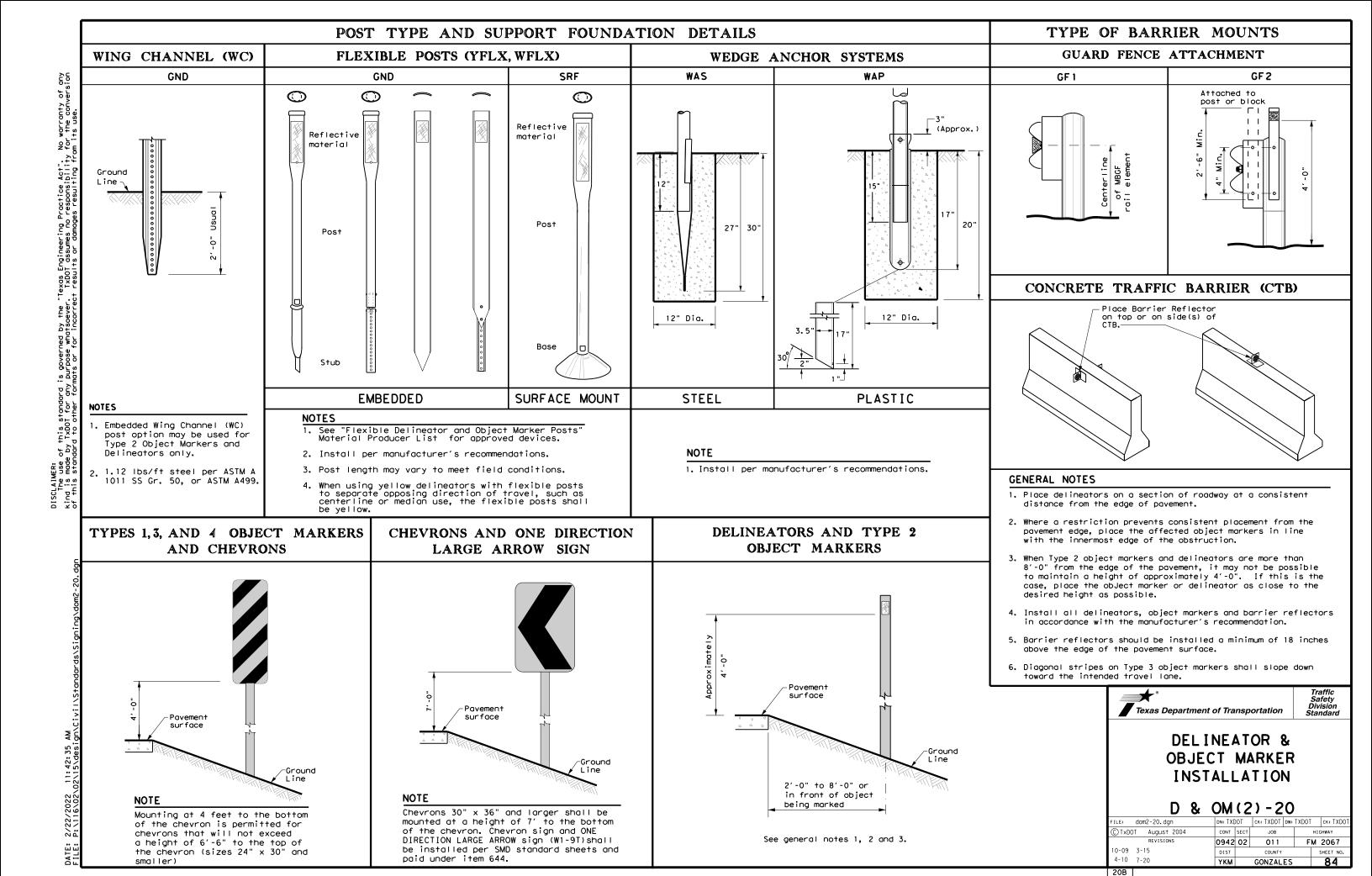
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
12-03 7-	13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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20A

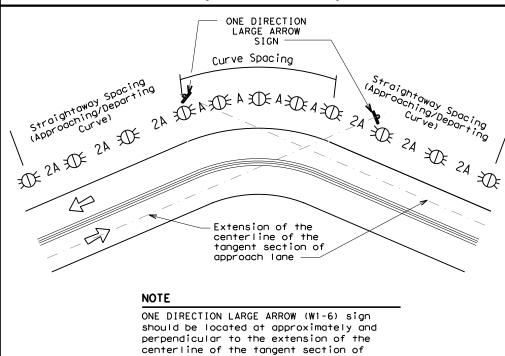


MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed			
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)		
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs		
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.		
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons		

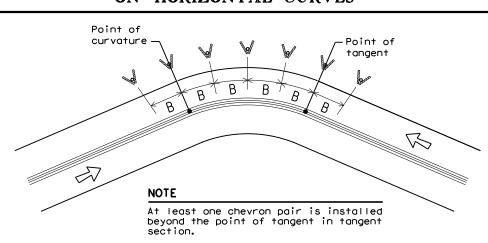
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET				
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve	
		Α	2A	В	
1	5730	225	450		
2	2865	160	320		
3	1910	130	260	200	
4	1433	110	220	160	
5	1146	100	200	160	
6	955	90	180	160	
7	819	85	170	160	
8	716	75	150	160	
9	637	75	150	120	
10	573	70	140	120	
11	521	65	130	120	
12	478	60	120	120	
13	441	60	120	120	
14	409	55	110	80	
15	382	55	110	80	
16	358	55	110	80	
19	302	50	100	80	
23	249	40	80	80	
29	198	35	70	40	
38	151	30	60	40	
57	101	20	40	40	

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
	I .	

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

Truck Escape Ramp Single red delineators on both sides 50 feet

Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each

Bridge Rail (steel or direction concrete) and Metal Single Delineators when multiple Beam Guard Fence lanes each direction

Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) Barrier reflectors matching Equal spacing 100' max or Steel Traffic Barrier the color of the edge line Reflectors matching the color Every 5th cable barrier post (up to Cable Barrier

of the edge line 100'max) Divided highway - Object marker on Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in approach end Guard Rail Terminus/Impact

Undivided 2-lane highways front of the terminal end Object marker on approach and See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6) departure end

Bridges with no Approach See D & OM(5) at end of rail and 3 single Rail delineators approaching rail Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per

Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3)

Type 2 and Type 3 Object Reduced Width Approaches to D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single Bridge Rail Marker (OM-3) in front of the delineators approaching bridge terminal end See D & OM (5)

Culverts without MBGF Type 2 Object Markers See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

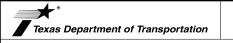
Double yellow delineators and RPMs See Detail 1 on D & OM (4) Crossovers Pavement Narrowing Single delineators adjacent

(lane merge) on to affected lane for full Freeways/Expressway length of transition

NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
XX	Bi-directional Delineator
K	Delineator
4	Sign



100 feet

Equal spacing (100'max) but

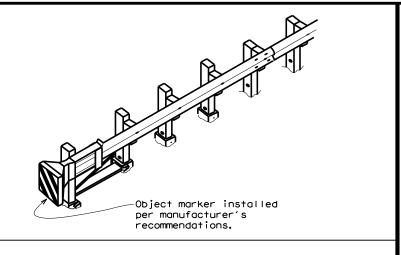
not less than 3 delineators

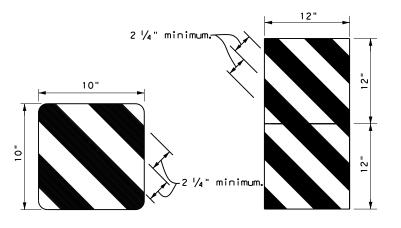
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

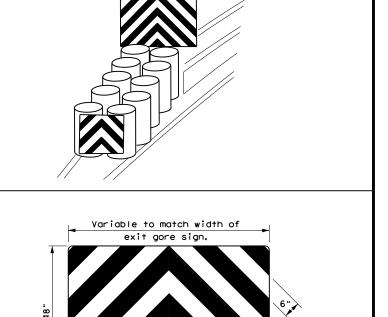
D & OM(3) - 20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-15 7-20	YKM		GONZAL	ES		85





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT



BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

EXIT

444

NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



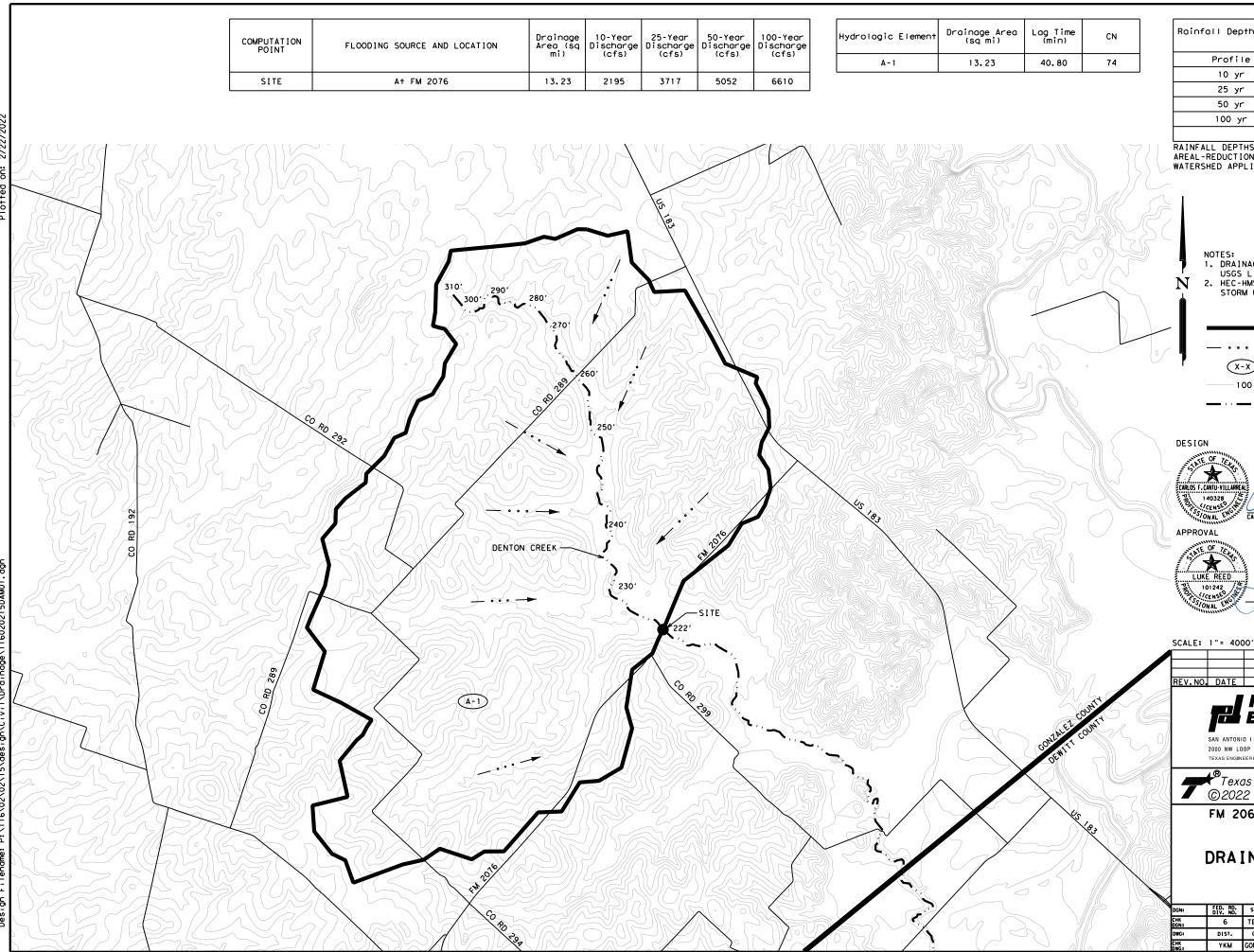
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

	0942	02	011	F	M 2067
92 8-04 95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
98 7-20	YKM		GONZALI	FS	88

20G



Rainfall Depth (NOAA ATLAS 14, VOLUME 11)

Profile	* Depth (in)
10 yr	5.82
25 yr	7.53
50 yr	9.04
100 yr	10.76

* 24-hr Event

RAINFALL DEPTHS OBTAINED AT BRIDGE LOCATION.
AREAL-REDUCTION FACTOR FOR NON-CIRCULAR
WATERSHED APPLIED. ARF = 0.86

NOTES:

1. DRAINAGE AREAS DELINEATED USING USGS LIDAR DATA

2. HEC-HMS VERSION 4.3 AND FREQUENCY STORM USED TO CALCULATE FLOWS

LEGEND

DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

FLOW ARROW

SUB DRAINAGE AREA

EXISTING 10' CONTOURS

— STREAM Ç

CARLOS F.CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

2/22/2022 DATE LUKE REED, P.E.

DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON **ENGINEERS**

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

Texas Department of Transportation

FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SHEET 1 OF 1

DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	89

GONZALES COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMIN CONTACTED DATE: 02/22/22

HYDRAULIC METHOD

WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS (V.5.0.7). THE PROJECT HEC-RAS MODEL WAS DEVELOPED USING SURVEYED CROSS-SECTIONS, USGS LIDAR, FIELD INVESTIGATION, AND PROPOSED ROADWAY & BRIDGE LAYOUT.

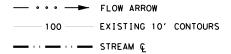
FLOOD HAZARD AREA

DENTON CREEK IS IDENTIFIED ON FEMA FIRM PANEL 48177C0575C, DATED
12/03/10 AS A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA WITH A ZONE A DESIGNATION AT THE FM 2067 BRIDGE CROSSING.

1. PROP BRIDGE LOCATED AT HEC-RAS RIVER STATION 3554 2. UPSTREAM CROSS SECTION LOCATED AT RIVER

2. OPSTREAM CROSS SECTION LOCATED AT RIVER
3. DOWNSTREAM CROSS SECTION LOCATED AT
RIVER STATION 3470
4. THE DOWNSTREAM WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
WAS BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH AT A CHANNEL
SLOPE OF 0.002 FT/FT

LEGEND



DESIGN



CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

APPROVAL



LUKE REED, P.E.

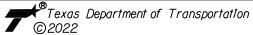
2/22/2022 DATE

SCALE: 1" = 1000'

	-
REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION	RY
NETTING BALL BESSIEL LOW	

ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 4

DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK DWG:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	90

NOTES:
WHEN MERGING USGS LIDAR AND SURVEY,
A 4' DIFFERENCE IN CHANNEL ELEVATIONS
WAS FOUND, WHICH IS DUE TO CHANNEL FLOW
DURING THE TIME LIDAR WAS CAPTURED.
2 SCENARIOS WERE CONSIDERED: MAINTAINING
THIS DISCREPANCY OR ADJUSTING THE LIDAR
CHANNEL ELEVATIONS. THE MOST CONSERVATIVE
RESULTS ARE SHOWN IN THIS ANALYSIS.

DESIGN

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREALS

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

APPROVAL

LUKE REED

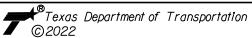
LUKE REED, P.E.

DATE

EV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM 4470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM 41028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET 2 OF 4

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	91

HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - EXIST

Plan: EXIST Denton Cre	ek Reach 1 RS	: 3554 Profile: 25YR		
E.G. US. (ft)	229.47	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	229.25	E.G. Elev (ft)	229.47	229.32
Q Total (cfs)	3717.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	229.20	228.64
Q Bridge (cfs)	3717.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	224.81	226.74
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	8.79	8.38
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	4.19	6.39
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	886.91	582.14
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.28	0.40
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	3831.32	2489.40
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	232.63	Hydr Depth (ft)	6.93	4.63
Min El Prs (ft)	232.36	W.P. Total (ft)	196.31	177.04
Delta EG (ft)	0.65	Conv. Total (cfs)	72031.2	41504.9
Delta WS (ft)	1.16	Top Width (ft)	127.94	125.84
BR Open Area (sq ft)	1076.33	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.11	0.50
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	6.39	C & E Loss (ft)	0.04	0.01
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.75	1.65
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	3.15	10.51

Plan: EXIST Denton Cre	ek Reach 1 RS	: 3554 Profile: 100YR		
E.G. US. (ft)	231.44	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	230.99	E.G. Elev (ft)	231.43	231.18
Q Total (cfs)	6610.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	230.88	229.86
Q Bridge (cfs)	6610.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	226.38	228.56
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	10.47	9.60
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	5.96	8.95
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	1108.18	738.47
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.37	0.52
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	6253.41	4413.15
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	232.63	Hydr Depth (ft)	8.24	5.66
Min El Prs (ft)	232.36	W.P. Total (ft)	217.14	196.96
Delta EG (ft)	1.05	Conv. Total (cfs)	97620.9	57190.4
Delta WS (ft)	1.82	Top Width (ft)	134.46	130.55
BR Open Area (sq ft)	1076.33	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.18	0.76
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	8.95	C & E Loss (ft)	0.08	0.03
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	1.46	3.13
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	8.71	27.99

HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - PROP

Plan: PROP Denton Cre	ek Reach 1 RS:	3554 Profile: 25YR		
E.G. US. (ft)	229.17	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	228.92	E.G. Elev (ft)	229.15	229.04
Q Total (cfs)	3717.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	228.97	228.74
Q Bridge (cfs)	3717.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	224.80	226.21
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	8.56	8.47
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	3.44	4.34
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	1079.68	856.61
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.21	0.27
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	4119.79	2921.33
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	232.63	Hydr Depth (ft)	6.18	4.94
Min El Prs (ft)	231.43	W.P. Total (ft)	212.92	201.00
Delta EG (ft)	0.37	Conv. Total (cfs)	94705.4	69203.1
Delta WS (ft)	0.83	Top Width (ft)	174.81	173.47
BR Open Area (sq ft)	1322.61	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.09	0.20
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	4.34	C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	0.04
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.49	0.77
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	1.68	3.33

E.G. US. (ft)	230.89	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	230.35	E.G. Elev (ft)	230.84	230.66
Q Total (cfs)	6610.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	230.46	230.07
Q Bridge (cfs)	6610.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	226.08	227.44
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	10.05	9.81
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	4.91	6.05
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	1347.31	1093.45
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.27	0.35
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	6541.35	4969.09
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	232.63	Hydr Depth (ft)	7.34	6.03
Min El Prs (ft)	231.43	W.P. Total (ft)	231.04	214.53
Delta EG (ft)	0.56	Conv. Total (cfs)	129721.1	99177.2
Delta WS (ft)	1.14	Top Width (ft)	183.47	181.21
BR Open Area (sq ft)	1322.61	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.15	0.29
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	6.05	C & E Loss (ft)	0.02	0.05
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.95	1.41
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	4.64	8.54



2/22/2022

APPROVA

LUKE REED

101242

LOKE REED

LOKE REED, P.E.

2/22/202 DATE

REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

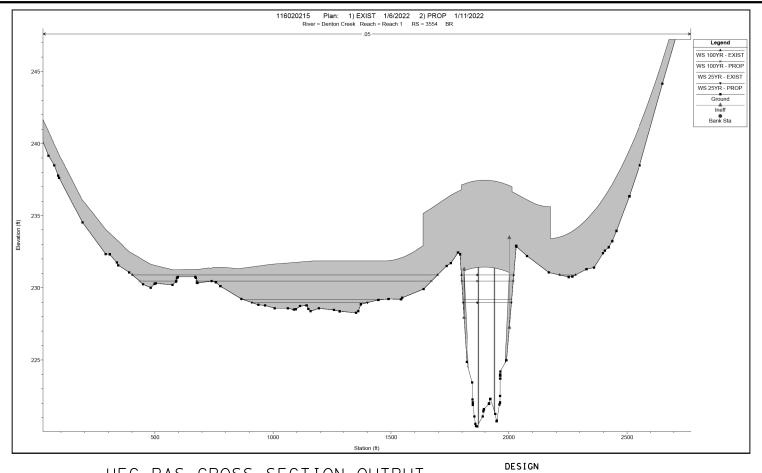
SHEET 3 OF 4

IGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
HK GN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
WG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK WG:	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	92

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	River	Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width	Froude # Chl
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8600	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	232.96	235.02	(it)	235.23	0.010823	3.67	1011.45	780.46	0.57
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8600	25YR	PROP	3717.00	232.96	235.02		235.23	0.010823	3.67	1011.45	780.46	0.57
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8600	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	232.96	235.65		235.93	0.010369	4.27	1548.59	924.43	0.58
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8600	100YR	PROP	6610.00	232.96	235.65		235.93	0.010368	4.27	1548.63	924.44	0.58
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8526	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	232.27	234.26		234.46	0.009899	3.61	1030.12	764.13	0.55
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8526	25YR	PROP	3717.00	232.27	234.26		234.46	0.009896	3.61	1030.24	764.16	0.55
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8526	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	232.27	234.96		235.22	0.008779	4.09	1617.18	909.29	0.54
2	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8526	100YR	PROP	6610.00	232.27	234.96		235.22	0.008786	4.09	1616.71	909.16	0.54
2/22/2022	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8459	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	231.50	233.68		233.86	0.008011	3.42	1086.38	744.68	0.50
\mathbb{S}^{-1}	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8459	25YR	PROP	3717.00	231.50	233.68		233.86	0.007997	3.42	1087.08	744.86	0.50
75	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8459	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	231.50	234.45		234.68	0.007234	3.83	1725.04	924.21	0.49
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8459	100YR	PROP	6610.00	231.50	234.45		234.68	0.007246	3.83	1723.85	923.78	0.49
Ë	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8390	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	230.42	233.26		233.40	0.005273	3.00	1237.90	754.17	0.41
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8390	25YR	PROP	3717.00	230.42	233.26		233.40	0.005252	3.00	1239.73	754.69	0.41
ů.	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8390	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	230.42	233.98		234.17	0.007138	3.50	1887.34	1145.57	0.48
lotted	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8390	100YR	PROP	6610.00	230.42	233.98		234.17	0.007190	3.51	1882.81	1144.89	0.48
۵	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8342	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	230.13	233.03		233.15	0.004895	2.75	1354.05	892.54	0.39
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8342	25YR	PROP	3717.00	230.13	233.04		233.15	0.004866	2.74	1357.43	894.07	0.39
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8342	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	230.13	233.70		233.86	0.005583	3.19	2069.60	1199.78	0.43
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8342	100YR	PROP	6610.00	230.13	233.69		233.85	0.005668	3.21	2059.68	1198.85	0.43
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8228	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	230.03	232.67		232.73	0.002610	2.02	1842.68	1203.17	0.29
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8228	25YR	PROP	3717.00	230.03	232.68		232.74	0.002560	2.00	1853.95	1204.04	0.28
	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	8228 8228	100YR 100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	230.03 230.03	233.32 233.30		233.41 233.40	0.002665 0.002737	2.51 2.53	2636.60 2614.06	1261.98 1260.36	0.31
	Demon Greek	. TOUGHT	JEEU	100111	. 1.01	00.10.00	250.03	233.30		200.40	0.002131	2.03	2014.00	1200.00	0.51
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8156	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	229.87	232.52		232.57	0.001995	1.83	2027.70	1249.24	0.25
	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	8156 8156	25YR 100YR	PROP	3717.00 6610.00	229.87	232.53 233.15		232.58 233.24	0.001943 0.002179	1.82 2.33	2044.68 2839.95	1250.46 1306.58	0.25
	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	8156	100YR	PROP	6610.00	229.87 229.87	233.15		233.24	0.002179	2.33	2839.95	1306.58	0.28 0.28
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8078	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	229.80	232.38		232.42	0.001682	1.70	2184.93	1325.05	0.23
	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	8078 8078	25YR 100YR	PROP EXIST	3717.00 6610.00	229.80 229.80	232.39 233.00		232.44 233.07	0.001625 0.001887	1.68 2.19	2208.56 3025.08	1326.49 1373.46	0.23
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	8078	100YR	PROP	6610.00	229.80	232.97		233.05	0.001969	2.21	2984.73	1371.25	0.26
	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	7928 7928	25YR 25YR	PROP	3717.00 3717.00	229.75 229.75	232.13 232.16		232.17 232.20	0.001703 0.001601	1.65 1.62	2250.57 2294.04	1440.27 1442.16	0.23
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	7928	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	229.75	232.72		232.79	0.001877	2.12	3119.33	1477.43	0.26
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	7928	100YR	PROP	6610.00	229.75	232.67		232.75	0.002018	2.17	3050.21	1474.61	0.27
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	6123	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	227.33	230.58		230.60	0.000523	0.88	4218.17	2856.45	0.13
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	6123	25YR	PROP	3717.00	227.33	230.53		230.54	0.000526	0.91	4068.02	2843.00	0.13
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	6123	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	227.33	232.01		232.02	0.000178	0.78	8450.63	3046.47	0.08
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	6123	100YR	PROP	6610.00	227.33	231.71		231.72	0.000257	0.88	7534.33	3012.93	0.10
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4633	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	224.88	230.05		230.06	0.000262	0.58	6472.44	2327.35	0.06
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4633	25YR	PROP	3717.00	224.88	229.93		229.94	0.000299	0.61	6186.73	2295.52	0.06
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4633	100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	224.88	231.76		231.77	0.000167	0.62	11123.90	2931.49	0.05
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4633	100YR	PROP	66 10.00	224.88	231.35		231.35	0.000239	0.69	9918.38	2913.08	0.06
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4451	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	224.88	230.01		230.01	0.000243	0.53	7038.11	2606.26	0.06
<u>8</u>	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4451	25YR	PROP	3717.00	224.88	229.88		229.88	0.000281	0.55	6700.02	2573.64	0.06
9	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	4451 4451	100YR 100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	224.88 224.88	231.73 231.31		231.74 231.31	0.000153 0.000216	0.56 0.63	11762.63 10575.51	2807.85 2785.40	0.05
5HDS04,															
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4207	25YR	PROP	3717.00	224.84	229.95		229.96	0.000206	0.52	7116.12	2367.33	0.05
2	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	4207 4207	25YR 100YR	EXIST	3717.00 6610.00	224.84 224.84	229.82 231.69		229.82 231.70	0.000237 0.000149	0.55 0.58	6789.59 11406.62	2337.85 2551.85	0.06
52	Denton Creek	Reach 1	4207	100YR	PROP	6610.00	224.84	231.25		231.26	0.000205	0.64	10295.70	2510.30	0.06
9	Dente: Or :	Death (2060	2EV/D	EVICE	0747.00	201.25	200 0-		000 0-	0.00001	2.70	1015 15	0400 0-	
ΞI	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	3968 3968	25YR 25YR	PROP	3717.00 3717.00	224.86 224.86	229.87 229.72		229.88 229.73	0.000611 0.000743	0.76 0.81	4915.18 4593.20	2123.05 2074.54	0.09
g.	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3968	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	224.86	231.64		231.65	0.000293	0.74	9016.63	2411.73	0.07
2	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3968	100YR	PROP	6610.00	224.86	231.18		231.19	0.000449	0.84	7911.87	2373.11	0.08
ē	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3757	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	224.80	229.72		229.73	0.000843	0.84	4407.86	2058.22	0.10
흿	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3757	25YR	PROP	3717.00	224.80	229.52		229.54	0.001121	0.93	4011.07	2012.67	0.12
Ξl	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3757	100YR	EXIST	6610.00	224.80	231.57		231.58	0.000347	0.78	8448.32	2267.26	0.07
:5	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3757	100YR	PROP	6610.00	224.80	231.07		231.09	0.000542	0.90	7328.24	2221.51	0.09
<u>ś</u>	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3624	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	223.36	229.55		229.58	0.001618	1.20	3101.32	1856.54	0.16
<u>.</u>	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3624	25YR	PROP	3717.00	223.36	229.28		229.31	0.002865	1.43	2592.39	1820.38	0.21
ë	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	3624 3624	100YR 100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	223.36 223.36	231.52 230.99		231.53 231.01	0.000396 0.000682	0.94 1.11	7047.02 5929.50	2120.73 2070.54	0.09
2	Denion Creek	i (eacii i	3024	10011	FILOF	0010.00	225.50	230.88		231.01	0.000002	1.11	3929.30	2070.54	0.12
\116\02\02\15\15\design\Civil\Drainage\11602021	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3566	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	220.41	229.25	224.54	229.47	0.001287	3.82	972.94	818.26	0.25
2	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3566	25YR	PROP	3717.00	220.41	228.92	224.54	229.17	0.001479	4.00	928.66	607.80	0.27
ĕ	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	3566 3566	100YR 100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	220.41 220.41	230.99 230.35	225.99 225.99	231.44 230.89	0.002071 0.002616	5.42 5.86	1220.52 1128.43	1563.93 1208.05	0.33
16															
Z	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3554			Bridge									
ä	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3470	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	220.26	228.09	226.43	228.82	0.006113	7.13	602.42	1646.75	0.54
Ĕ	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3470	25YR	PROP	3717.00	220.26	228.10	226.43	228.81	0.005975	7.05	621.77	1648.47	0.53
ខ្ល	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3470 3470	100YR 100YR	PROP	6610.00 6610.00	220.26 220.26	229.17 229.21	228.60 228.64	230.39 230.32	0.008596	9.53 9.18	822.10 876.66	1885.61	0.66
Filename:	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3410	10011	FROP	00.00	220.26	229.21	228.04	230.32	0.007901	9.18	070.00	1895.11	0.03
	Denton Creek	Reach 1	3212	25YR	EXIST	3717.00	224.29	227.76		227.83	0.001842	2.10	1770.09	837.76	0.25
ē	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	3212 3212	25YR 100YR	PROP EXIST	3717.00 6610.00	224.29 224.29	227.76 228.76		227.83 228.85	0.001842 0.002923	2.10 2.31	1770.09 2861.29	837.76 1659.40	0.25 0.31
Design	Denton Creek Denton Creek	Reach 1	3212	100YR	PROP	6610.00	224.29	228.76		228.85	0.002923	2.31	2861.29	1659.40	0.31

HEC-RAS OUTPUT



HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION OUTPUT STA 3554

APPROVAL

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000

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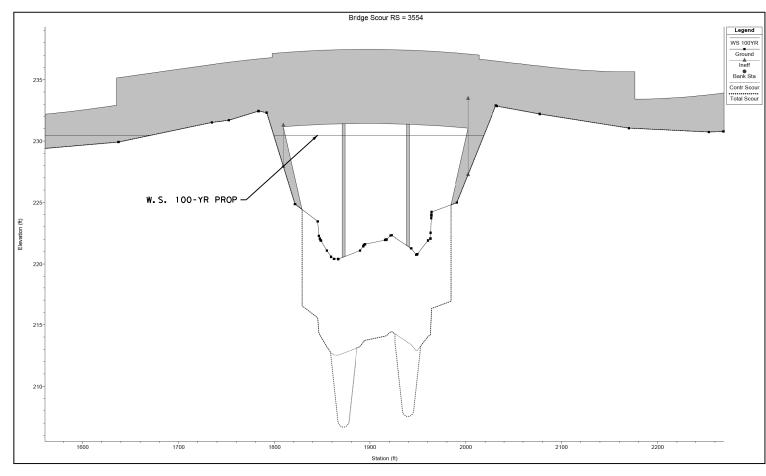
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET 4 OF 4

					OUCE14 (/F ¬
DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	93

DENTON CREEK



Hydraulic Design Data QS *	(100-yr)
Contraction Scour	
	Channe I
Average Depth (ft):	2.86
Approach Velocity (ft/s):	1.12
Br Average Depth (ft):	7, 34
BR Opening Flow (cfs):	6,610
BR Top WD (ft):	183.45
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03
Approach Flow (cfs):	6,610
Approach Top WD (ft):	2070.29
K1 Coefficient:	0.69
Results	
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	7.89
Critical Velocity (ft/s):	0.62
Equation:	Live

Pier Scour	
All piers have the same	scour depth
	Input Data
Pier Shape:	Round nose
Pier Width (ft):	3
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03
Depth Upstream (ft):	7.88
Velocity Upstream (ft/s):	5.86
K1 Nose Shape:	1
Pier Angle:	0
Pier Length (ft):	46
K2 Angle Coef:	1
K3 Bed Cond Coef:	1.1
Grain Size D95 (mm):	0.2
Results	
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	6.02
Froude #:	0.37
Equation:	CSU equation

Pier Scour + Contraction Scour (ft): Channel: 13.91	Combined Scour Depths				
Channel: 13.91	Pier Scour + Contr	raction Scour (ft):			
	Channe I :	13,91			

Hydraulic Design Data QC	* (10-yr)		
Contraction Scour			
	Channe I		
Average Depth (ft):	0.96		
Approach Velocity (ft/s):	2.92		
Br Average Depth (ft):	5.34		
BR Opening Flow (cfs):	2,195		
BR Top WD (ft):	168.79		
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03		
Approach Flow (cfs):	2,195		
Approach Top WD (ft):	780.34		
K1 Coefficient:	0.69		
Results			
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	0.00		
Critical Velocity (ft/s):	0.51		
Equation:	Live		

Pier Scour	
All piers have the same	scour depth
<u>,</u>	Input Data
Pier Shape:	Round nose
Pier Width (ft):	3
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03
Depth Upstream (ft):	6,04
Velocity Upstream (ft/s):	2,77
K1 Nose Shape:	1
Pier Angle:	0
Pier Length (ft):	46
K2 Angle Coef:	1
K3 Bed Cond Coef:	1,1
Grain Size D95 (mm):	0.2
Results	•
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	4, 21
Froude #:	0.20
Equation:	CSU equation

Combined S	cour Depths
Pier Scour + Conti	raction Scour (ft):
Channe I:	4.21

NOTES:

- 1. SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY: QS* (100-YR)
- 2. SCOUR DESIGN CHECK FLOOD FREQUENCY: QC* (10-YR, 25-YR, 50-YR)
- 3. THE 100-YR STORM EVENT YIELDED THE HIGHEST SCOUR VALUE, THEREFORE, IT WAS SELECTED AS THE SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY.

DESIGN

RIOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL

1 40328

1 CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

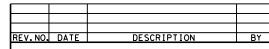
APPROVAL

LUKE REED.

101242

101242

LUKE REED, P.E.



PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SCOUR SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY NO.
6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	94

Hydraulic Design Data QC * (25-yr)			
Contraction Scour			
	Channe I		
Average Depth (ft):	1.42		
Approach Velocity (ft/s):	1.43		
Br Average Depth (ft):	6.18		
BR Opening Flow (cfs):	3,717		
BR Top WD (ft):	174.80		
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03		
Approach Flow (cfs):	3,717		
Approach Top WD (ft):	1820.27		
K1 Coefficient:	0.69		
Results			
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	0.97		
Critical Velocity (ft/s):	0.55		
Equation:	Live		

Pier Scour	
All piers have the same	scour depth
	Input Data
Pier Shape:	Round nose
Pier Width (ft):	3
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03
Depth Upstream (ft):	6.81
Velocity Upstream (ft/s):	4.00
K1 Nose Shape:	1
Pier Angle:	0
Pier Length (ft):	46
K2 Angle Coef:	1
K3 Bed Cond Coef:	1.1
Grain Size D95 (mm):	0.2
Results	
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	5.01
Froude #:	0.27
Equation:	CSU equation

Combined So	cour Depths
Pier Scour + Contr	action Scour (ft):
Channe I :	5.98

Hydraulic Design Data QC	(50-yr)	
Contraction Scour		
	Channe I	
Average Depth (ft):	2.13	
Approach Velocity (ft/s):	1.22	
Br Average Depth (ft):	6.75	
BR Opening Flow (cfs):	5,052	
BR Top WD (ft):	179.01	
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03	
Approach Flow (cfs):	5,052	
Approach Top WD (ft):	1937.75	
K1 Coefficient:	0.69	
Results	•	
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	4.27	
Critical Velocity (ft/s):	0.59	
Equation:	Live	

Pier Scou	-
All piers have the sam	e scour depth
	Input Data
Pier Shape:	Round nose
Pier Width (ft):	3
Grain Size D50 (mm):	0.03
Depth Upstream (ft):	7.33
Velocity Upstream (ft/s):	4, 93
K1 Nose Shape:	1
Pier Angle:	0
Pier Length (ft):	46
K2 Angle Coef:	1
K3 Bed Cond Coef:	1.1
Grain Size D95 (mm):	0.2
Result	s
Scour Depth Ys (ft):	5.53
Froude #:	0.32
Equation:	CSU equation

Combined So	cour Depths
Pier Scour + Contr	action Scour (ft);
Channels	9, 80
Channe I :	9.60

NOTES:

- 1. SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY: QS* (100-YR)
- 2. SCOUR DESIGN CHECK FLOOD FREQUENCY: QC* (10-YR, 25-YR, 50-YR)
- 3. THE 100-YR STORM EVENT YIELDED THE HIGHEST SCOUR VALUE, THEREFORE, IT WAS SELECTED AS THE SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY.

DESIGN

1888.4. 2/22/2022

APPROVAL

LUKE REED

101242

CERS

LUKE REED, P.E.

REV.NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

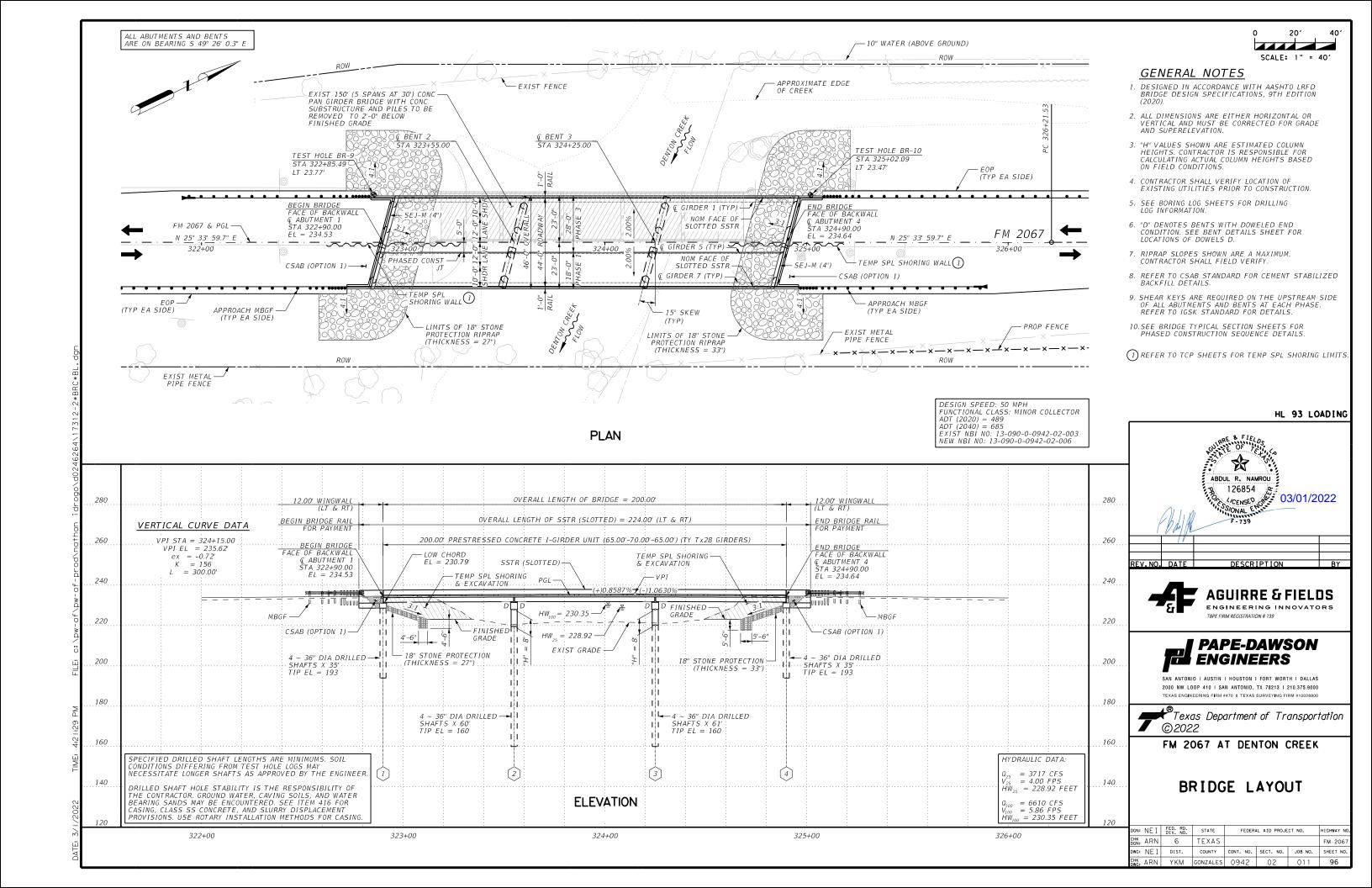


FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SCOUR SHEET

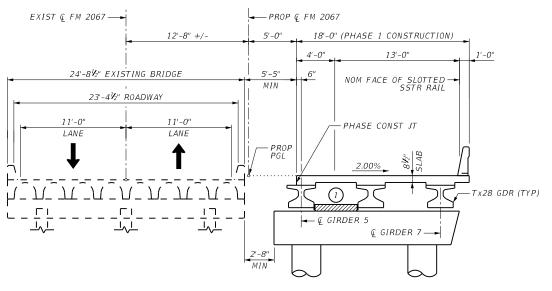
SHEET 2 OF

			SHEET Z OF Z							
;N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.						
IK iN:	6	TEXAS				FM 2067				
VG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.				
IK	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	95				

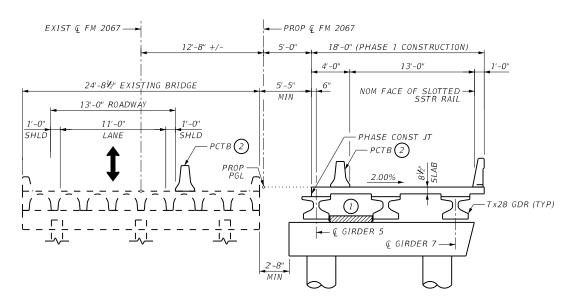


(1) SHEAR KEY ON UPSTREAM SIDE OF ABUTMENTS AND BENT AT EACH PHASE. SEE IGSK STANDARD FOR DETAILS.

2) SEE TCP PLANS FOR PCTB LAYOUT AND QUANTITIES.



PHASE 1 TYPICAL SECTION



PHASE 2 TYPICAL SECTION



ABDUL R. NAMROU

3 126854

3 (CENSE) 02/21/2022

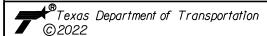
5 ONAL F-739

EV.NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY





SAN ANTONIO | AUSTIN | HOUSTON | FORT WORTH | DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



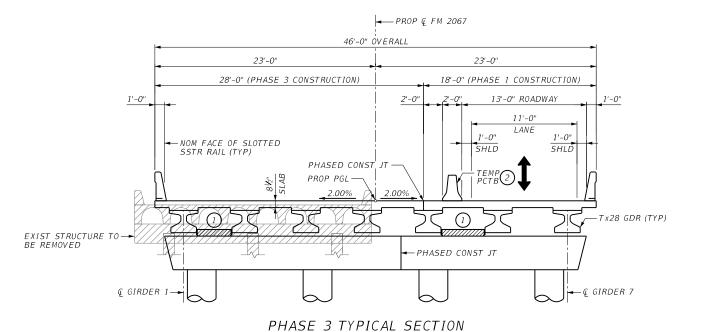
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

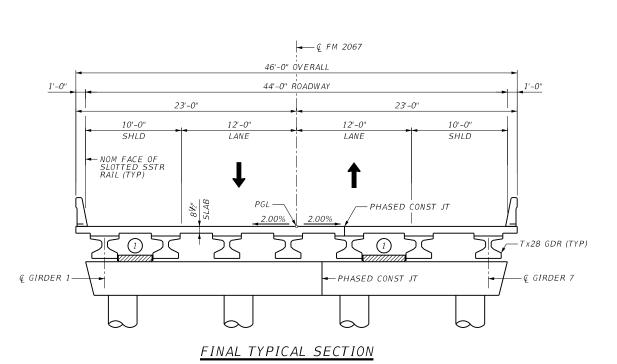
BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS

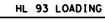
GN:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
HK OGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
WG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK.	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	97









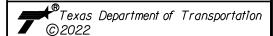








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FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS

n: NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	HIGHWAY NO.		
ık ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
ıc: NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
ικ. ΔRN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	98

/21/2022	05
/21/20	: 2/21/2
721	3 2/21
	ι <u>:</u> :

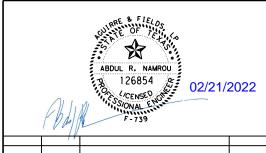
SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED BRIDGE QUANTITIES											
ITEM	400	416	420	420	420	422	425	432	450	454	496
BID CODE	6005	6004	6013	6029	6037	6001	6035	6033	6054	6018	6010
DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	RAIL (TY SSTR) (W/DRAIN SLOTS)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ-M)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)
UNIT	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA
2 - ABUTMENTS	93	280	58.8					990	48.0	96	
2 - BENTS		484		44.2	16.3						
1 - 200.00' PRSTR CONC GIRDER UNIT						9,200	1,389.40		400.0		
											1
TOTAL	93	764	58.8	44.2	16.3	9,200	1,389.40	990	448.0	96	1

1) QUANTITY INCLUDES SHEAR KEYS.

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

		GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
ABUT 1	(FWD)	230.649	230.765	230.881	230.997	230.893	230.734	230.575
		GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
BENT 2	(BK)	230.936	231.059	231.182	231.305	231.207	231.056	230.905
	(FWD)	230.941	231.064	231.188	231.310	231.213	231.063	230.912
		GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
BENT 3	(BK)	230.957	231.088	231.218	231.349	231.259	231.117	230.974
BENI 3	, ,							
	(FWD)	230.953	231.084	231.215	231.345	231.256	231.114	230.972
		GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
ARIIT 4	(RK)	230.696	230.834	230 971	231 109	231.026	230.892	230 757





REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY





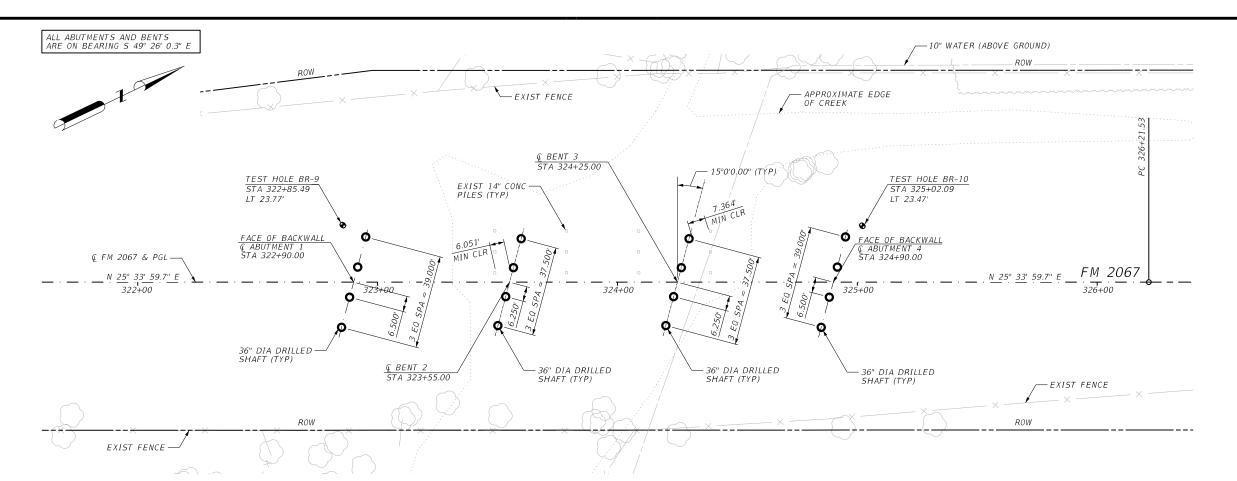
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

N:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
K N:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
G:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
K C·	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	99



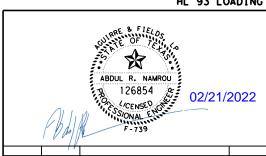
PLAN



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD SHEET FOR ALL ABUTMENT AND BENT FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES NOT SHOWN.
- 2. SEE BORING LOGS SHEETS FOR DRILLING LOG INFORMATION.
- 3. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A DEMOLITION PLAN.

HL 93 LOADING



AGUIRRE & FIELDS ENGINEERING INNOVATORS

DESCRIPTION



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

Texas Department of Transportation ©2022

FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

FOUNDATION LAYOUT

w: NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
K. ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
s: NEI	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
ć. ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	100



County Gonzales Highway FM 2067 CSJ 0942-02-01

0942-02-011

DRILLING LOG

1 of 2

Hole	BR-9
Structure	Bridge
Station	322+85.49
Offset	23.77' LT

05/16/19 Grnd. Elev. 233.50 ft GW Elev. N/A

		L				ial Test		Prope	rties		
Elev (ft)		O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	мс	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
231.5	-			PAVEMENT, 2" Asphalt, 3.5" Cement Stabilized Gravel, 6" Concrete, 12" Stabilized Clay	,	,				,	0/ Paralle # #000 0iana 07 0
	5 -		2 (6) 3 (6)	CLAY, Sandy Lean, very soft, gray, with calcareous nodules at 2'-4' (CL)			26	39	18		% Passing #200 Sieve: 67.2
228.0	-			CLAY, Fat, soft to very stiff, dark gray (CH)	0	20.1	38			110	
	- 10 -		3 (6) 6 (6)								
	-				11	30.2	26	64	35	120	% Passing #200 Sieve: 93.9
219.0	- 15 -		6 (6) 7 (6)	CLAY, Sandy Lean, soft, dark gray (CL)		0012					
	-						23	40	19		% Passing #200 Sieve: 61.0
213.0	- 20 -		5 (6) 7 (6)								
	-			CLAY, Lean, soft, gray (CL)			19				
	25 -		9 (6) 10 (6)								
	-						40	43	20		% Passing #200 Sieve: 91.4
204.0	30 -	7	50 (4.5) 50 (4)	CLAY, Fat, hard, gray, with calcareous nodules at 43'-45' and silt seams at 30'-45' (CH)							
	-		50 (4) 50 (4)	30 45 (61)			30				
	35 - -		30 (4) 30 (4)								
	-		50 (3.5) 50 (2.5)				43	55	26		% Passing #200 Sieve: 97.6
	40 - - -										
	45		50 (3.5) 50 (1.5)				38				
188.0	45 - - -			CLAY, Lean w/ Sand, very hard, gray (CL)							
	50 -		50 (1) 50 (0.5)								
Rem	arks:	Wa	ter level was encoun	tered at 15.5' below the existing grade during di	rilling ope	rations; at	14' aft	er 5 mir	nutes a	and 10	minutes.
The	arou	nd v	water elevation was	not determined during the course of this boring	a						
me	grou	ııa V	vater elevation was f	tot determined during the course of this boring	y.						

Organization: HVJ Associates, Inc.

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DRILLING LOG

2 of 2

County Gonzales
Highway FM 2067
CSJ 0942-02-014 District Bridge 322+85.49 23.77' LT Date 05/16/19
Grnd. Elev. 233.50 ft
GW Elev. N/A Version 3.1 0942-02-011

	니니			Triaxial Test Properties						
Elev. (ft)	OG	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
			CLAY, Lean w/ Sand, very hard, gray (CL)	(1)	W					
-	M		(CL)			07				
-	Ø					27				
55 -	\mathbb{Z}	50 (1) 50 (1)								
-										
-	1					31				
_		50 (1) 50 (0.8)								
73.0 60 -		30 (1) 30 (0.8)								
-	/		CLAY, Fat, very hard, gray, with claystone at 65'-67' (CH)							
			ciayetene at ee er (en,			24	65	34		% Passing #200 Sieve: 97.3
-		50 (0.5) 50 (0.5)								
65 -										
_										
-										
70 -		50 (0.5) 50 (0.5)								
63.0 ^{70 –}			SAND, Silty, dense, gray, with clay	_						
-			seams (SM)			26				% Passing #200 Sieve: 27.4
_		50 (4) 50 (0)				20				701 dooning #200 elevel 2114
75 -		50 (4) 50 (3)								
-										
_						30				
-		50 (3.5) 50 (2)								
53.5 80 -	'n									
Remarks	Wa	ter level was encoun	tered at 15.5' below the existing grade during	drilling ope	rations; at	14' aft	er 5 mi	nutes	and 10	minutes.
	nd v	vater elevation was i	not determined during the course of this bor	ina.						

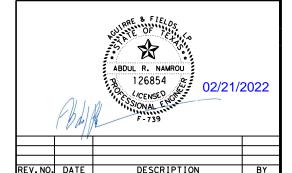
Logger: Alex Organization: HVJ Associates, Inc.

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR LOCATION OF TEST HOLES.
- 2. REFER TO THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

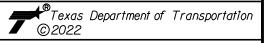
HL 93 LOADING







SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

BORING LOGS

DGN:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	ΔRN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	101

County Gonzales Highway FM 2067 CSJ 0942-02-01

0942-02-011

DRILLING LOG

Station Offset

1 of 2

BR-10	District	Yoakum
Bridge	Date	05/15/19
325+02.09	Grnd. Elev.	233.78 ft
23.47' LT	GW Elev.	N/A

		L				ial Test					
Elev (ft)		O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Press.	Deviator Stress	мс	LL	PI	Wet Den.	Additional Remarks
				PAVEMENT, 2" Asphalt, 3" Cement	(psi)	(psi)				(pcf)	
32.0	-			Stabilized Gravel, 6.5" Concrete, 10.5"							
2.0	_	1		Clay			31				
	_	1		CLAY, Fat, very soft to very stiff, gray to dark gray, with ferrous stains at 2'-4'							
	5 -		3 (6) 2 (6)	(CH)							
	٠,	/		, ,			31				
	_	/									
	_				0	35.9	34	67	35	115	% Passing #200 Sieve: 98.4
4.3	-	1	5 (6) 5 (6)								
	10 -	/	., .,	CLAY, Sandy Silty, soft, gray (CL-ML)							
	-										
							23				% Passing #200 Sieve: 56.0
	_										
	15 -		5 (6) 6 (6)								
3.3	-	7		CLAY, Sandy Lean, soft, dark gray (CL)							
	-										
	-						26				
	-		5 (6) 5 (6)								
	20 -										
							24	27	11		% Passing #200 Sieve: 58.1
	_		5 (6) 4 (6)								
3.3	25 -		3 (0) 4 (0)								
0.3	-	\square		CLAY, Lean, very stiff to hard, gray and	1						
	-			brown, with calcareous nodules at 28'-30' (CL)			39				
	-			25 55 (52)			33				
	30 -		15 (6) 50 (3)								
	_										
	_										
	-						32	45	21		% Passing #200 Sieve: 97.4
	-		50 (6) 33 (6)								
	35 –										
	_										
	_		38 (6) 50 (6)								
3.3	40 -	//	30 (0) 30 (0)								
5.5	-			CLAY, Fat w/ Sand, hard to very hard,	1						
	-			gray, w/ calcareous nodules at 42'-50' (CH)			32	54	26		% Passing #200 Sieve: 83.1
	-			17			- J2	V-7	20		,
	45 –		50 (6) 50 (3)								
	_										
	-	/					١				
	-	/					34				
		1	50 (1.5) 50 (2)								
	50 -]							
Rem	arks:	Wat	er level was encoun	tered at 14' below the existing grade during dril	ling opera	tions;cave	d-in at	13' afte	er 5 mi	inutes a	and 10 minutes.

Organization: HVJ Associates, Inc.

g:\houston\hou ps\geo\lab info\gint logs\hg1710464.2 - fm2067.gpj

DRILLING LOG

2 of 2

WinCore Version 3.1 County Gonzales
Highway FM 2067
CSJ 0942-02-014 0942-02-011

Bridge 325+02.09 23.47' LT

District 05/15/19 Grnd. Elev. 233.78 ft GW Elev. N/A

- 1	L	T 0			al Test		Prope	erties		
Elev. (ft)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description		Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
183.3			SAND, Silty, dense to very dense, gray, with ferrous stains at 50'-65' (SM)							
- - 55 -		50 (3) 50 (2.5)	-							
-						36	36	5		% Passing #200 Sieve: 26.6
60 -		50 (2.5) 50 (1)								
-						32				
69.3 65		50 (4) 50 (3)	CLAY, Sandy Lean, hard, gray (CL)	-						
-		50 (4.5) 50 (2)				37	42	17		% Passing #200 Sieve: 56.0
70 -		00 (4.0) 00 (2)								
-		50 (4) 50 (2.5)								
75 - - -										
53.8 80 -		50 (3.5) 50 (3)								
	Ш	ter level was encoun								

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

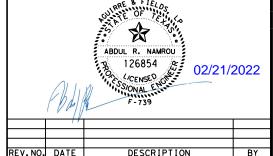
g:\houston\hou ps\geo\lab info\gint logs\hg1710464.2 - fm2067.gpj

Organization: HVJ Associates, Inc.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR LOCATION OF TEST HOLES.
- 2. REFER TO THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

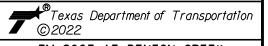
HL 93 LOADING







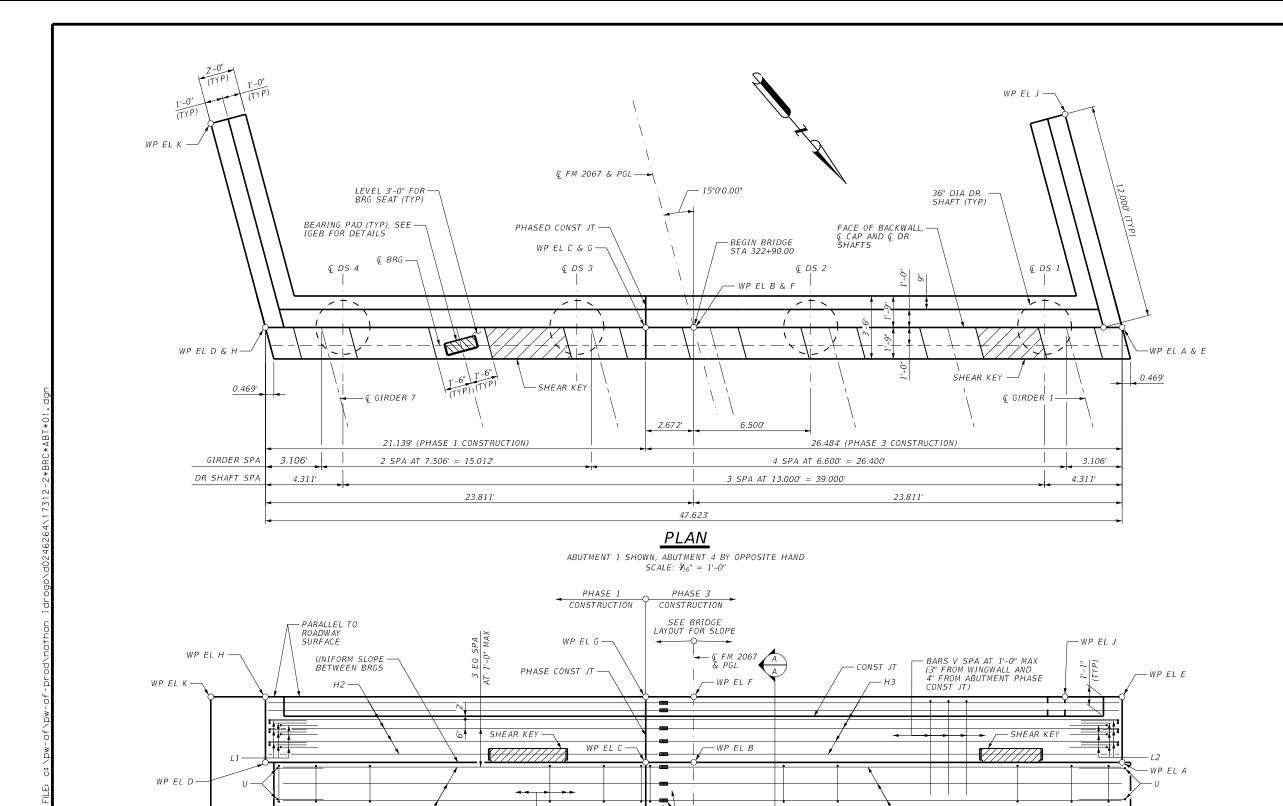
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

BORING LOGS

DGN:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	102



5 SPA AT 6" MAX = 2'-0%"

ELEVATION

1'-0"

(TYP)

- MECHANICAL COUPLERS

15 SPA AT 6" MAX

= 7'-4¹/_{4"}

A2 -

1) MECHANICAL COUPLERS ARE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ABUTMENT

SPECIFIED YIELD STRENGTH OF THE BAR. THE COUPLER SHOWN

CONCRETE QUANTITY AND SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 440, "REINFORCEMENT FOR CONCRETE" FOR REINFORCING UNTIL NEXT

PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION. THE RESISTANCE OF A FULL MECHANICAL CONNECTION SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 125 PERCENT OF THE

AS EMBEDDED SHALL BE A NON-FLUSH MOUNTED COUPLER. EXTEND BARS 1'-0" FROM FACE OF CONSTRUCTION JOINT.

20 SPA AT 6" MAX

= 10'-0"

5 SPA AT 6" MAX

= 2'-0¾"

CONTROL ELEVATIONS

ABUT 1

230.88

230.82

230.37

234.11

234.53

234.47

234.02

234.02

233.93

ABUT 4

230.50

230.99

230.94

230.58

234.15

234.64

234.60

234.22

234.07

234.15

BARS S SPA

5 SPA AT 6" MAX

= 2'-0⁵⁄8"

WORK PT

ABUTMENT 1 SHOWN, ABUTMENT 4 BY OPPOSITE HAND SCALE: $rac{N}{2}6'' = 1'-0''$

DAYTON SUPERIOR D310 TAPER LOCK STANDARD COUPLER OR APPROVED EQUAL. TESTING OF PRE-QUALIFIED MECHANICAL COUPLERS WILL BE TESTED BEFORE USE ON EACH CONSTRUCTION PROJECT PER TXDOT DMS 4510.6.

20 SPA AT 6" MAX

= 10'-0"

CONST JT (TYP)

4	ELEVATIONS	LLED SHAFT	TOP OF DRI
	ABUT 4	ABUT 1	DS
	228.09	228.04	1
DGN	228.36	228.27	2
DGN	228.38	228.24	3
СНК	228 15	227.96	4

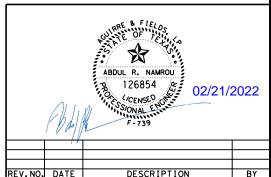
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO LARD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 9TH EDITION (2020).
- 2. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR FOUNDATION LENGTH.
- 3. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD SHEET FOR ALL FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES.
- . SEE STONE RIPRAP (SRR) STANDARD SHEET FOR RIPRAP ATTACHMENT DETAILS.
- 5. SEE TYPE SSTR TRAFFIC RAIL STANDARD DETAILS FOR RAIL ANCHORAGE IN WINGWALLS.
- 6. SEE SHEAR KEY DETAILS (IGSK) STANDARD FOR SHEAR KEY DETAILS.
- 7. COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHEREWISE.
- 8. REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.
- 9. CALCULATED FOUNDATION LOADS: 100 TONS / DRILLED SHAFT

MATERIAL NOTES

- 1. PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE. (f'c = 3,600 PSI).
- 2. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.

HL 93 LOADING



AGUIRRE & FIELDS
ENGINEERING INNOVATORS

TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION # 739



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

Texas Department of Transportation © 2022

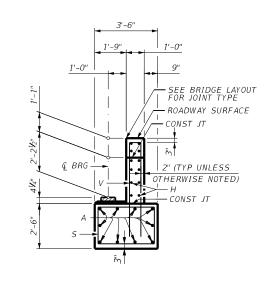
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

ABUTMENT 1 & 4 DETAILS

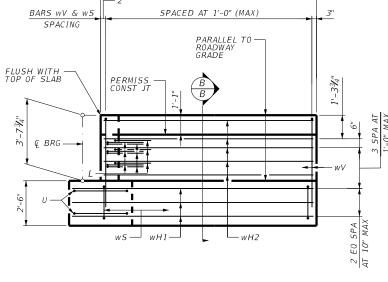
DGN:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIG		HIGHWAY NO.	
CHK DGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK	ΔRN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	103

BEARING SEAT DETAIL

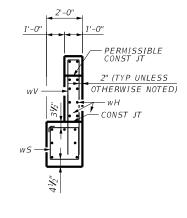
(BEARING SURFACE MUST BE CLEAN AND FREE OF ALL LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING BEARING PAD.)



SECTION A-A

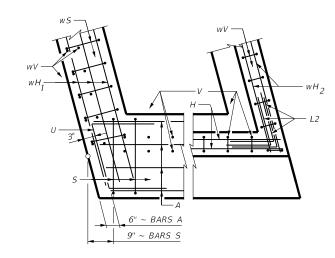


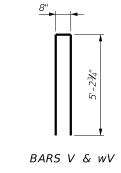
12'-0"

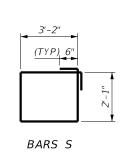


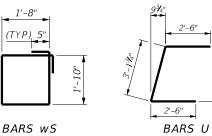
WINGWALL ELEVATION

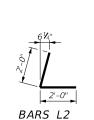
SECTION B-B

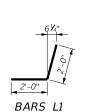












CAP BACKWALL

CORNER DETAILS

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 3

		PHASE 2		
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT
A2	10	#11	21'-7"	1,149
H2	12	#6	22'-0"	396
L 4	9	#6	4'-0"	54
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	2	#6	8'-2"	25
V	21	#5	11'-4"	247
wH1	7	#6	13'-6"	142
wH2	10	#6	11'-9"	176
wS	13	#4	7'-10"	68
wV	13	#5	11'-4"	153
REINFORC	ING STEEL (5)	LB	2,805
CLASS "C"	CONC (ABUT)	6	CY	13.5

 wV
 13
 #5
 11'-4"

 REINFORCING STEEL (5)
 LB

NO.

10

12

9

43

10

CLASS "C" CONC (ABUT) 6

BAR

НЗ

wH1

wH2

L (4)

3 QUANTITIES FOR ONE ABUTMENT ONLY.

FOR PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION, PROVIDE L1 BARS AT ABUTMENT 1 AND L2 BARS AT ABUTMENT 4. FOR PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION, PROVIDE L2 BARS AT ABUTMENT 1 AND L1 BARS AT ABUTMENT 4.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES ③

PHASE 3

SIZE

#6

#6

#5

#6

#5

#6

#6

#4

LENGTH

25'-4"

4'-0"

11'-6"

8'-2"

11'-4"

13'-6"

11'-9"

7'-10"

CY

WEIGHT

1,326

456

54

516

25

306

142

176

153

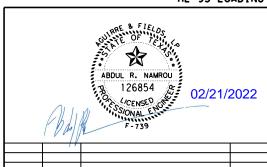
3,222

15.9

(5) REINFORCING STEEL IS FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

6 QUANTITY INCLUDES SHEAR KEYS.

HL 93 LOADING

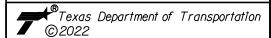


AGUIRRE & FIELDS
ENGINEERING INNOVATORS

DESCRIPTION



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

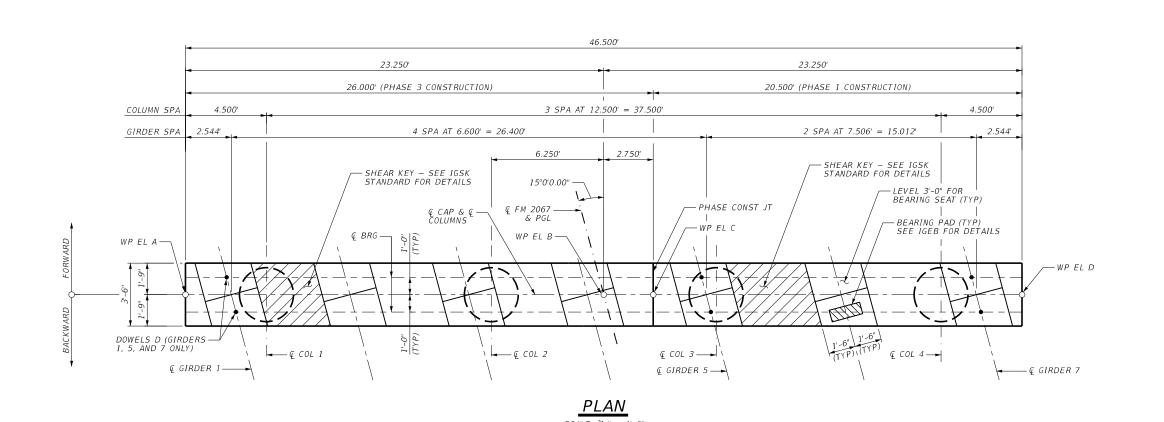


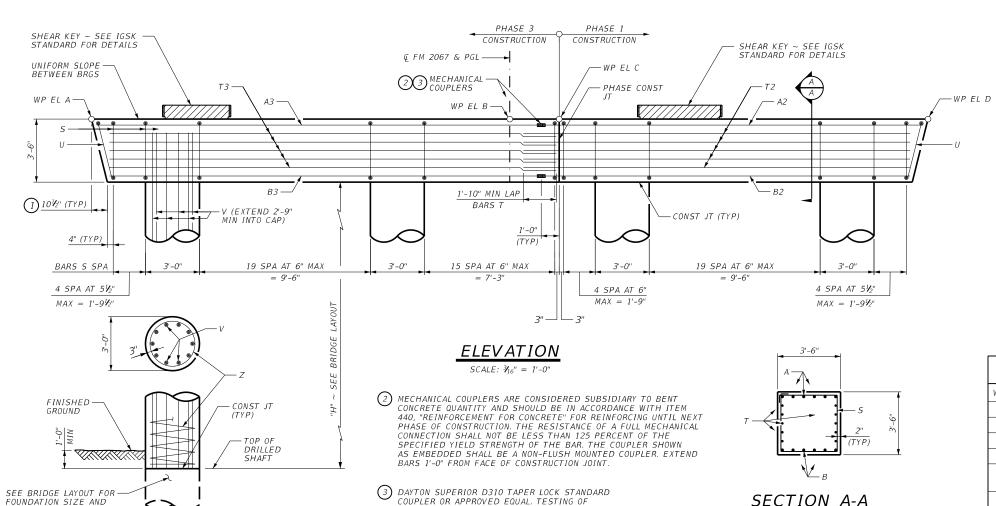
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

ABUTMENT 1 & 4 DETAILS

DGN:	NE I	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK DWG+	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	104

FOUNDATION SIZE AND LENGTH. SEE FD SHEET FOR DETAILS.





PRE-QUALIFIED MECHANICAL COUPLERS WILL BE TESTED BEFORE USE ON EACH CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT PER TXDOT DMS 4510.6.

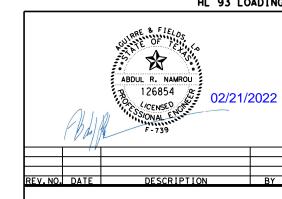
GENERAL NOTES

- DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 9TH EDITION (2020).
- SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR FOUNDATION TYPE, SIZE, AND LENGTH.
- SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD SHEET FOR ALL FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES.
- SEE SHEAR KEY DETAILS (IGSK) STANDARD FOR SHEAR KEY DETAILS.
- COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHEREWISE.
- REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.
- 7. CALCULATED FOUNDATION LOADS: BENT 2 & 3 = 150 TONS / DRILLED SHAFT

MATERIAL NOTES

- 1. PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE (f'c = 3,600 PSI).
- 2. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.
- 1) MEASURED PARALLEL TO TOP OF CAP CROSS-SLOPE

HL 93 LOADING





PAPE-DAWSON **ENGINEERS**

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

Texas Department of Transportation	ATIONS	OL ELEV	CONTRO
■ ©2022	BENT 3	BENT 2	WORK PT
FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK	230.77	230.75	Α
	231.23	231.19	В
	231.18	231.14	С
BENT 2 & 3 DETAILS	230.79	230.73	D
	BENT 3	BENT 2	TOP OF COLUMN
FED. 20	227.36	227.34	1
DGN: NEI FED. RD. STATE FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY	227.61	227.57	2

227.57

227.32

SECTION A-A

	230.75	230.77		FM 20	067 A	T DE	NOTI	CREE	K
	231.19	231.23							
	231.14	231.18							
	230.73	230.79	l E	BENT	2 8	& 3	DE	ΤΑΙι	_ {
F	BENT 2	BENT 3							_
	227.34	227.36							
	227.57	227.61	DGN: NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PRO	DJECT NO.	١
	227 57	227.61	CHK DGN: ARN	6	TEXAS				

227.61

ī	FED.	RD.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGH	VAY

YKM GONZALES 0942 02 011 105

WG: NEI DIST. COUNTY CONT. NO. SECT. NO. JOB NO. SHEET NO.

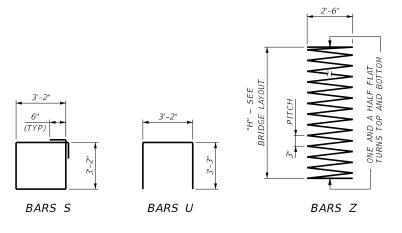
FM 2067

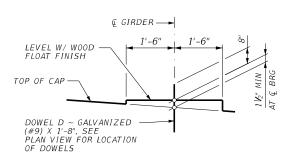
F	
/2022	
2/21	ı
	ı

	TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES ~ PHASE 1													
		BENT 2	4				BENT 3	4						
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT	BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT					
A2	6	#11	21'-3"	677	A2	6	#11	21'-3"	677					
B2	6	#11	20'-6"	653	B2	6	#11	20'-6"	653					
D	4	#9	1'-8"	23	D	4	#9	1'-8"	23					
5	30	#5	13'-8"	428	5	30	#5	13'-8"	428					
T2	10	#5	21'-6"	224	T2	10	#5	21'-6"	224					
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10	U	1	#5	9'-8"	10					
V	20	#9	10'-9"	731	V	20	#9	9'-9"	663					
Z	2	#4	274'-11"	367	Z	2	#4	243'-6"	325					
REINFORCIN	IG STEEL (5	5)	LBS	3,114	REINFORCIN	IG STEEL (5		LBS	3,004					
CLASS "C" C	ONC (CAP)	6)	CY	9.8	CLASS "C" CONC (CAP) 6 CY 9.									
CLASS "C" C	ONC (COLUM	N)	CY	4.2	CLASS "C" C	ONC (COLUM	N.)	CY	3.7					

	T	ABLE 0	F ESTII	MATED	QUANTIT	TIES ~	PHASE	3	
		BENT 2	4				BENT 3	4	
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT	BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT
A3	6	#11	24'-9"	789	A3	6	#11	24'-9"	789
В3	6	#11	24'-0"	765	В3	6	#11	24'-0"	765
D	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D	2	#9	1'-8"	11
5	41	#5	13'-8"	584	5	41	#5	13'-8"	584
Т3	10	#5	24'-10"	259	Т3	10	#5	24'-10"	259
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10	U	1	#5	9'-8"	10
V	20	#9	10'-9"	731	V	20	#9	10'-9"	731
Z	2	#4	274'-11"	367	Z	2	#4	274'-11"	367
REINFORCI	NG STEEL (5	5)	LBS	3,517	REINFORCIN	IG STEEL (5		LBS	3,517
CLASS "C"	CONC (CAP)	6)	CY	12.3	CLASS "C" C	ONC (CAP)	5)	CY	12.3
CLASS "C" (CONC (COLUM	N)	CY	4.2	CLASS "C" C	ONC (COLUMI	V)	CY	4.2

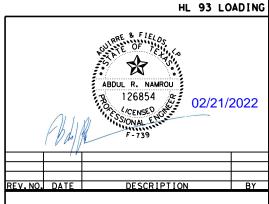
- FOR EACH LINEAR FOOT VARIATION IN
 "H" VALUE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS:
 BARS V LENGTH, 1'-0"
 BARS Z LENGTH, 31'-5"
 REINFORCING STEEL, 152 LB
 CLASS "C" CONC (COLUMN), 0.52 CY
- (5) REINFORCING STEEL IS FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.
- (6) QUANTITY INCLUDES SHEAR KEY.





BEARING SEAT DETAIL

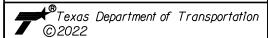
(BEARING SURFACE MUST BE CLEAN AND FREE OF ALL LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING BEARING PAD.)







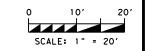
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

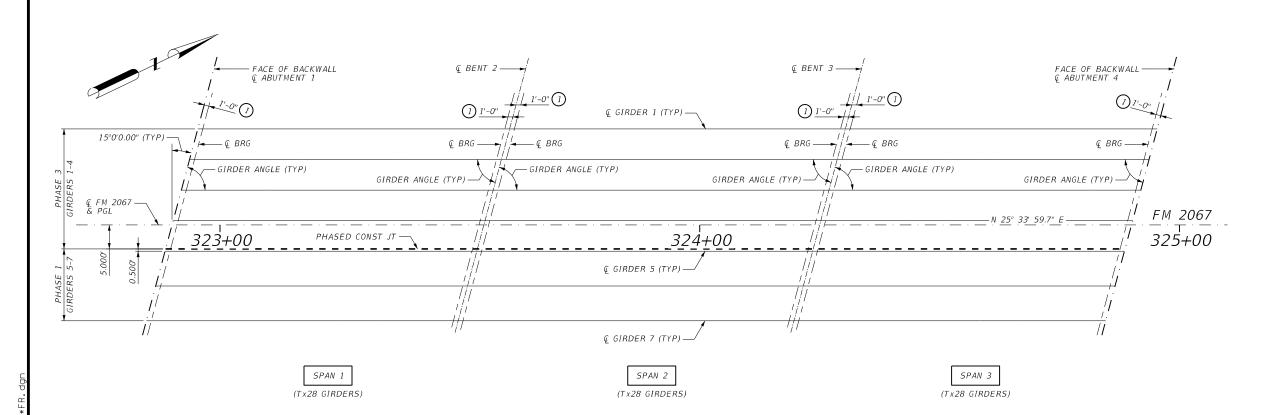


FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

BENT 2 & 3 DETAILS

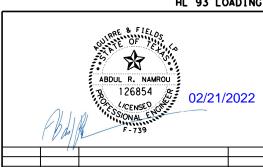
SN:	NE I	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
HK GN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
NG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK.	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	106





- 1) SEE ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS (IGEB) STANDARD SHEET FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.
- (2) GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR GIRDER SLOPE.

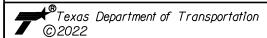
HL 93 LOADING



DESCRIPTION **AGUIRRE & FIELDS** ENGINEERING INNOVATORS

PAPE-DAWSON

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

FRAMING PLAN

SN:	NE I	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
HK GN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
NG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
HK.	ΔRN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	107

BENT REPORT BEAM REPORT

	ABUT NO. 1 (S 49 26 0.30 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1, 20.706 L									BENT NO.						BEAM	1 REPORT AT CE	NTER OF BEAM, SPAN	1
	E	DISTANCI	E BETWEEN STAT	TON LINE A	ND BEAM 1, 20	0.706 L		D	DISTANCE	E BETWEEN STAT	TION LINE	AND BEAM 1, 20	0.706 L			HORIZONTA	L DISTANCE	TRUE DISTANCE_	BEAM
			BEAM SPAC.		BEAM ANGLE					BEAM SPAC.		BEAM ANGLE				C-C BENT	C-C BRG.	BOT. BM. FLG.(2)	<i>SLOPE</i>
			(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S				(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S	BEAM	1	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00456
SPAN 1	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	SPAN 2	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	BEAM	2	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00467
	BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	3	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00478
	BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	4	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00489
	BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	5	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00500
	BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	6	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00512
	BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91		BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91	BEAM	7	65.000	62.965	64.492	0.00524
	BEAM	7	7.506	74	59	59.91		BEAM	7	7.506	74	59	59.91						
	TOTAL		41.411					TOTAL		41.411									
																BEAM	REPORT AT CE	NTER OF BEAM, SPAN	2
			BENT NO. 2	(5 49 26	0.30 E)					BENT NO.	3 (5 49 26	5 0.30 E)				HORIZONTA	L DISTANCE	TRUE DISTANCE_	BEAM
	E	DISTANCI	E BETWEEN STAT	TON LINE A	ND BEAM 1, 20	0.706 L		DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1, 20.706 L							C-C BENT	C-C BRG.	BOT. BM. FLG. (2)	<i>SLOPE</i>	
			BEAM SPAC.		BEAM ANGLE					BEAM SPAC.		BEAM ANGLE		BEAM	1	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00023
			(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S				(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S	BEAM	2	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00034
SPAN 1	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	SPAN 3	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	BEAM	3	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00045
	BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	4	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00056
	BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	5	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00067
	BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	6	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00080
	BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	7	70.000	68.000	69.500	0.00092
	BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91		BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91						
	BEAM	7	7.506	74	59	59.91		BEAM	7	7.506	74	59	59.91						
	TOTAL		41.411					TOTAL		41.411						BEAM	REPORT AT CE	NTER OF BEAM, SPAN	3
																HORIZONTA	L DISTANCE	TRUE DISTANCE	BEAM
			BENT NO. 2	(5 49 26	0.30 E)					ABUT NO.	4 (5 49 26	0.30 E)				C-C BENT	C-C BRG.	BOT. BM. FLG. (2)	<i>SLOPE</i>
	D	DISTANCE	E BETWEEN STAT	TON LINE A	ND BEAM 1, 20	0.706 L		D	DISTANCE	E BETWEEN STAT	TION LINE		0.706 L	BEAM	1	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00409
			BEAM SPAC.		BEAM ANGLE					BEAM SPAC.		<i>BEAM ANGLE</i>		BEAM	2	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00398
			(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S				(C.L. BENT)	D	М	S	BEAM	3	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00387
SPAN 2	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	SPAN 3	BEAM	1	0.000	74	59	59.91	BEAM	4	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00376
	BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	2	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	5	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00365
	BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	3	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	6	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00353
	BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	4	6.600	74	59	59.91	BEAM	7	65.000	62.965	64.492	-0.00340
	BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91		BEAM	5	6.600	74	59	59.91						
	BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91		BEAM	6	7.506	74	59	59.91						

7.506

41.411

TOTAL

BEAM

TOTAL

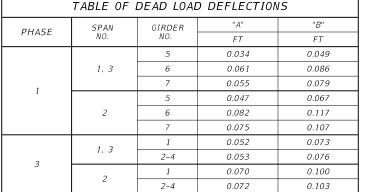
41.411

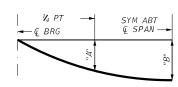
TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES													
	PHASE 1												
SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDER (Tx28)	TOTAL STEEL WEIGHT										
NO	SF	LF	LB										
1	1,170	193.48	2,691										
2	1,260	208.50	2,898										
3	1,170	193.48	2,691										
TOTAL	3,600	595.46	8,280										

- GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR
- 2 REINFORCING STEEL WEIGHT FOR CONCRETE SLAB IS CALCULATED USING AN APPROXIMATE FACTOR OF 2.3 LBS/SF.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES PHASE 3 REINE ONCRETE TOTAL STEE SPAN CONCRETE -GIRDER (T x 28) WEIGHT 2 SLAB NO SF LF LB 1,820 257.97 4,186 1,960 278.00 4,508 1.820 4.186 257 97 5,600 793.94 12,880

	TABLE OF	DEAD LOAL	DEFLECTION	IS			
PHASE	SPAN	GIRDER	"A"	"B"			
PHASE	NO.	NO.	FT	FT			
		5	0.034	0.049			
	1, 3	6	6 0.061 0.0				
1		7	0.055	0.079			
1		5	0.047	0.061 0.086 0.055 0.079 0.047 0.067 0.082 0.117 0.075 0.107			
	2	6	0.061 0.086 0.055 0.079 0.047 0.067 0.082 0.117				
		7	0.061 0.086 0.055 0.079 0.047 0.067 0.082 0.117				
	1, 3	1	0.052	0.073			
.3	1, 3	2-4	0.053	0.076			
]	2	1	0.070	0.100			
	2	2-4	0.072	0.103			





DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

CALCULATED DEFLECTIONS SHOWN ARE DUE TO CONCRETE SLAB ONLY (Ec = 5000 KSI). ADJUST VALUES IF OPTIONAL SLAB FORMING IS USED. THESE VALUES MAY REQUIRE FIELD

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 9TH EDITION
- 2. SEE IGTS STANDARD FOR THICKENED SLAB END DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS.
- 3. SEE PCP AND PCP-FAB FOR PANEL DETAILS NOT SHOWN.
- SEE PCP(0) AND PCP(0)-FAB FOR PRECAST OVERHANG PANEL DETAILS IF THIS OPTION IS
- 5. SEE IGMS STANDARD FOR MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS.
- 6. SEE TRAFFIC RAIL TYPE SSTR STANDARD FOR RAIL ANCHORAGE IN SLAB.
- 7. SEE PMDE STANDARD FOR DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS IF THIS OPTION IS
- 8. COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 9. SEE IGFRP STANDARD FOR TOP MAT REINFORCEMENT IF THIS OPTION IS USED.

MATERIAL NOTES

- 1. PROVIDE CLASS "S" CONCRETE,
- 2. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.
- 3. WHERE REQUIRED, PROVIDE BAR LAPS AS FOLLOWS: UNCOATED ~ #4 = 1'-7"
- 4. DEFORMED WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR) (ASTM A1064) OF EQUAL SIZE AND SPACING MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BARS A, D, OA, P, OR T UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

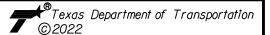
HL 93 LOADING







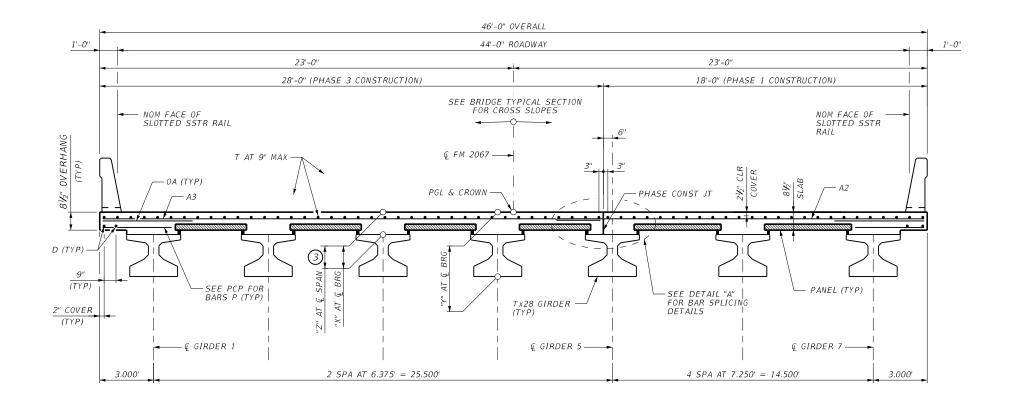
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

200.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT

N:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
K N:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
G:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
K IG:	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	108



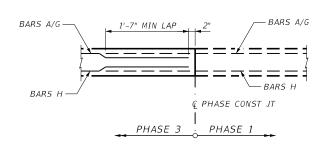
TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

3/..." - 1'-1

BAR 7	TABLE
BAR	SIZE
A1	#4
A2	#4
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
0A	#5
Р	#4
Т	#4

7	TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS											
SPAN NO.	BEAM NO.	"X" AT & BRG	"Y" AT & BRG	"Z" AT 3								
	1-4, 7	111/2"	3'-31/2"	9¾"								
1, 3	5	11½"	3'-31/2"	91/2"								
	6	11½"	3'-3 ½ "	97/8"								
	1-4, 7	11½"	3'-3 ½ "	97/8"								
2	5	11½"	3'-31⁄2"	91⁄2″								
	6	11½"	3'-3 ½ "	10"								

3 THEORETICAL DIMENSION



DETAIL "A"
TRANSVERSE BAR SPLICE DETAIL

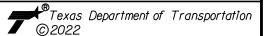








SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

200.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT

DGN:	NEI	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DGN:	ARN	6	TEXAS				FM 2067
DWG:	NE I	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHK.	ARN	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	109

1				D	ESIGNE							ESSED	CONC	RETE		OPTIONAL DESIGN DESIGN DESIGN REQUIRED LIVE LOA			
	STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD	PR TOTAL		SING ST	"e"	"e"		RAND TERN	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE	DISTR. FAC	IBUTION CTOR
					STRAND PATTERN	NO.	(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	END (in)	NO.	TO END (in)	f'ci (ksi)	COMP STRGTH f'c (ksi)	(TOP €) (SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	(BOTT ©) (SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment .	2) Shear
	FM 2067 AT DENTON	1,3	1-7	Tx28		26	0.6	270	9.56	6.48	4	24.5	5.3	6.0	2.763	-3.463	2,594	0.598	0.809
	CREEK	2	1-7	Tx28		26	0.6	270	9.56	6.48	4	24.5	5.3	6.0	3.209	-3.965	2,921	0.586	0.810
s use.																			
damages resulting from its use.																			
ges resulti																			
ts or dama																			
incorrect results or																			
tor																			
to other formats or																			
ard to other																			

GEEDCBAABCDEE 13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx28, Tx34 & Tx40

NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER PATTERN

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.

HL93 LOADING



E OF TE

ABDUL R. NAMROU

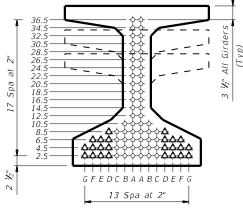
SONAL ENGINEER 02/2

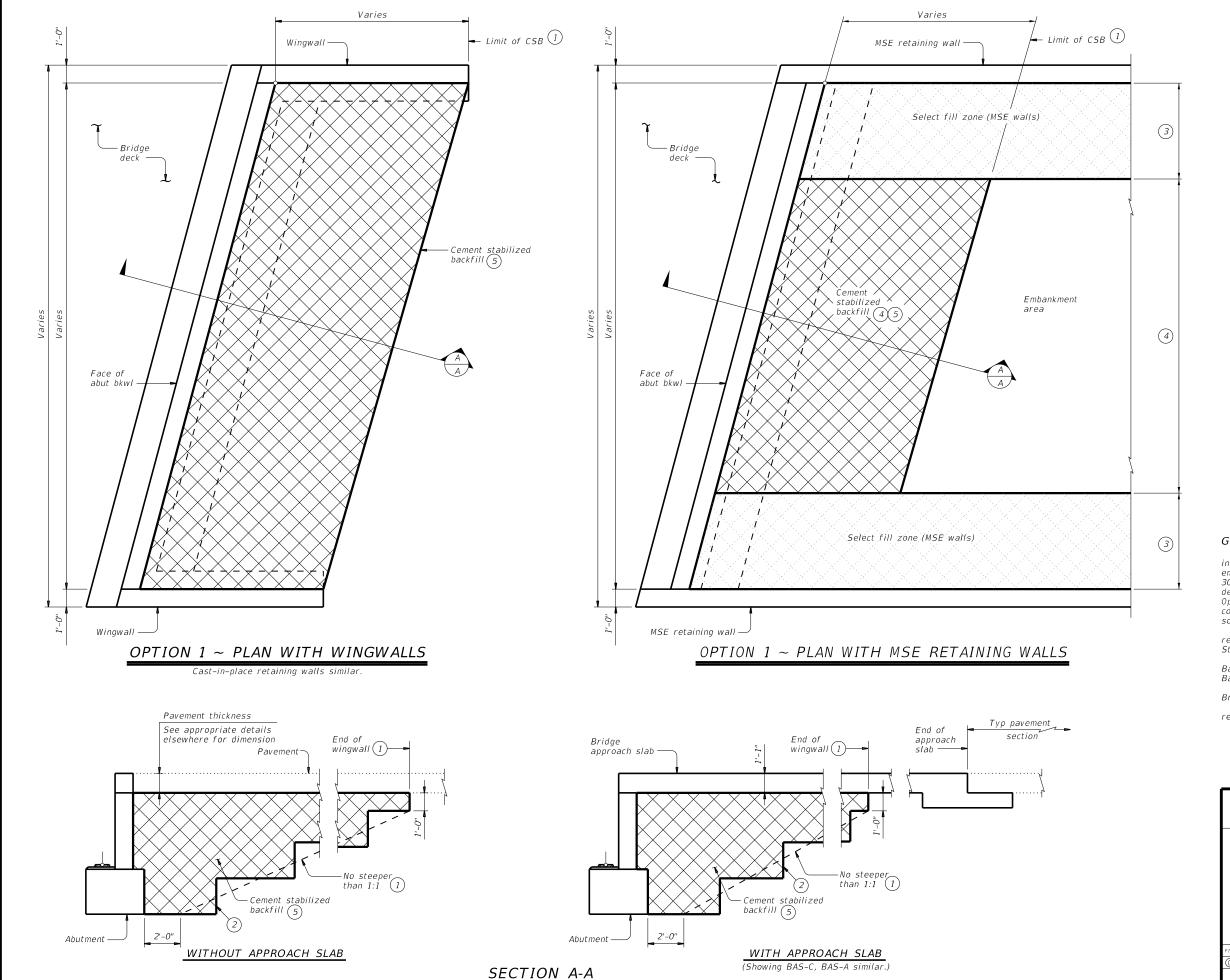
Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DESIGNS (NON-STANDARD SPANS)

IGND

				_				
FILE: 17312-2_BRC_IGND.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	CK: TXDOT	DW:	$T \times DOT$	ck: TxDOT		
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 10-19: Modified for depressed	0942	2 02 011 FM			FM	2067		
strands only.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	YKM		GONZAL	ES.		110		





1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height, place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a plasticity index (PI) greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring PI controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. Se Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

These details do not apply when Concrete Block retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2

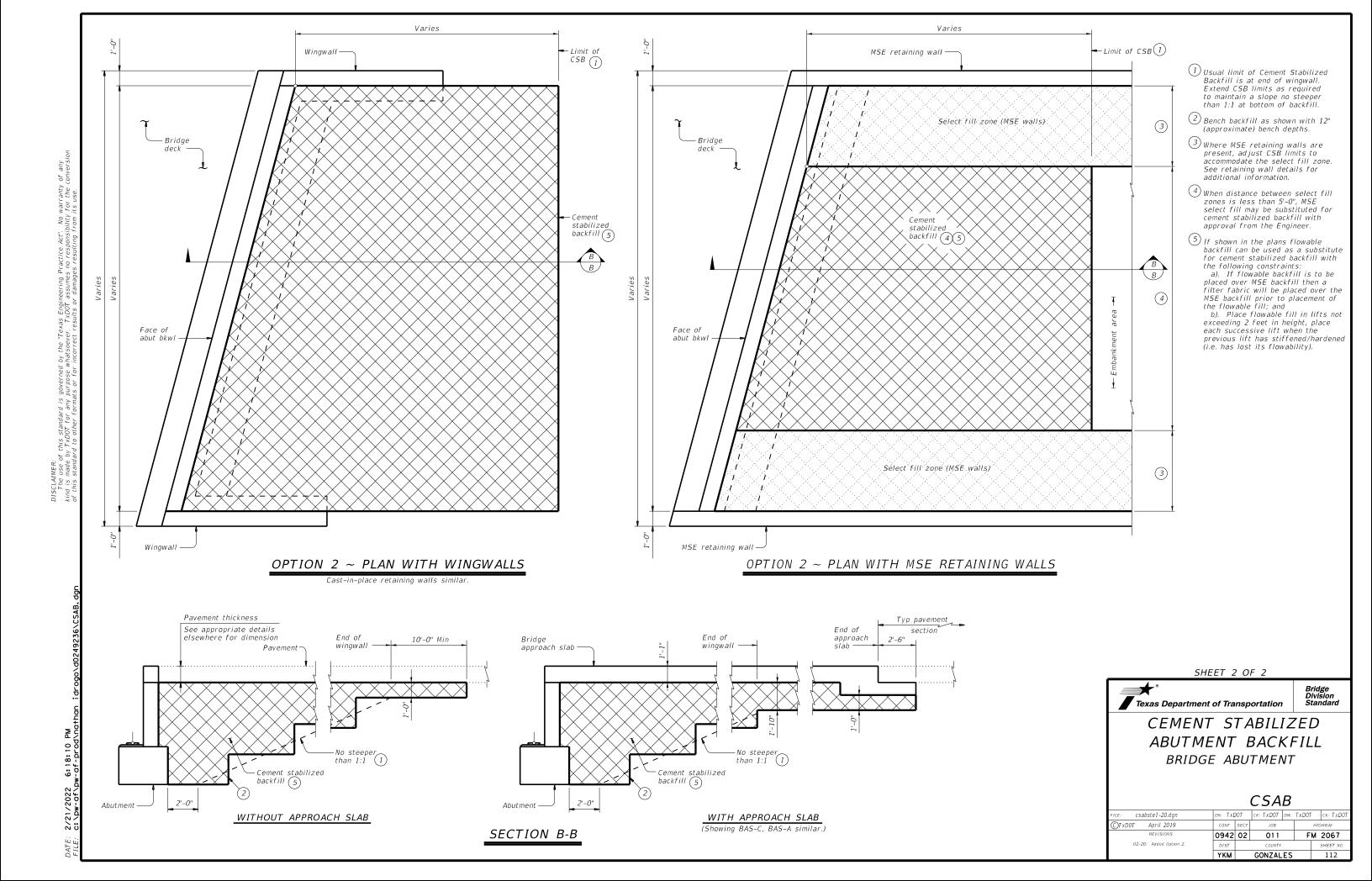


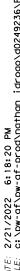
Bridge Division Standard

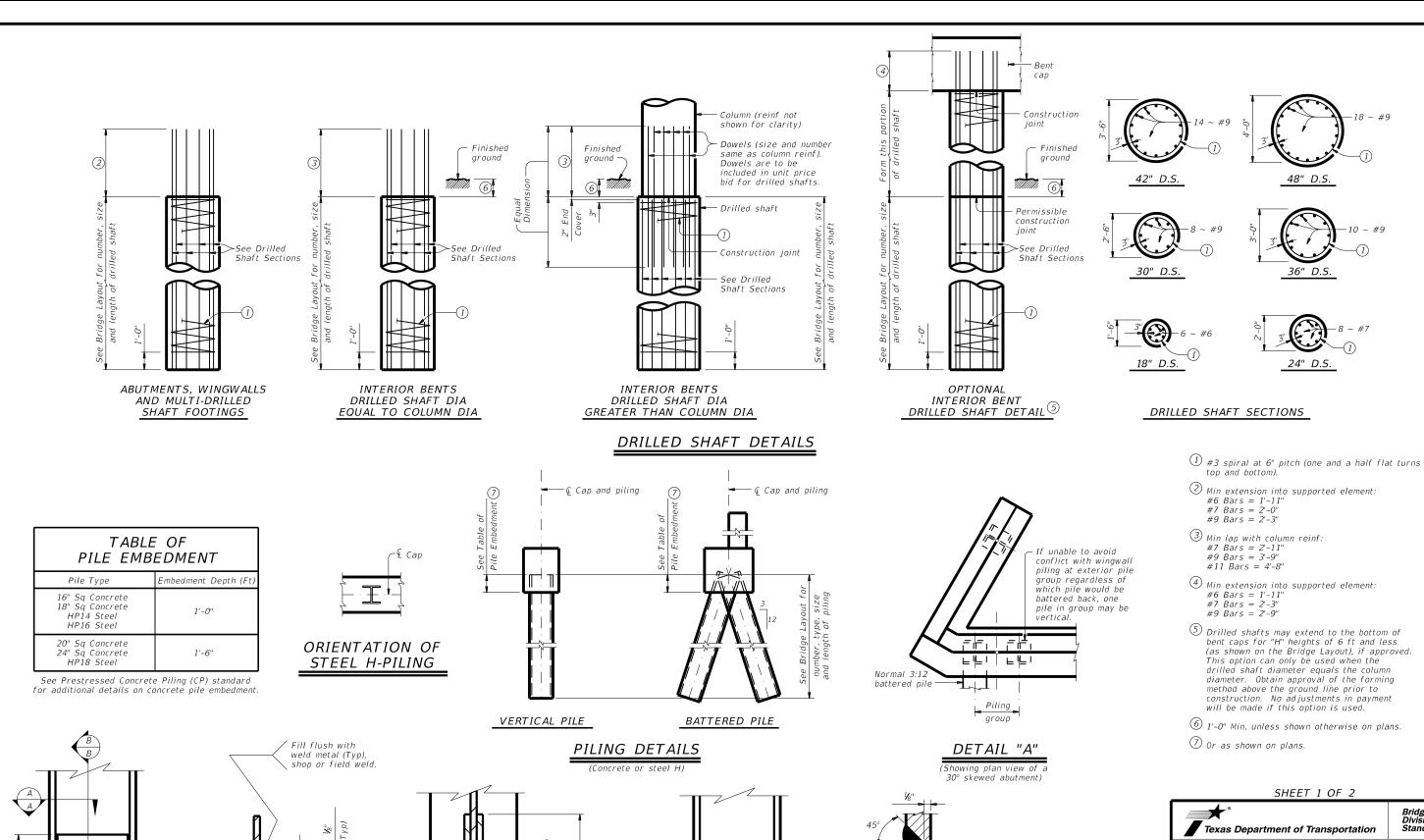
CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

:: csabste1-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	OT CK: TXDOT		
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM 2067	
02-20: Added Option 2.	DIST	COUNTY SHE			SHEET NO	
	YKM	GONZALES			111	







Cut flange 45°

SECTION B-B

Backgouge

backweld

Texas Department of Transportation COMMON FOUNDATION

DETAILS

fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW:			TxD0T CK: TxD0T			
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	ECT JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0942	2 02 011		FM	2067		
1-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		113	

FD

ELEVATION SECTION A-A STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

Bevel ¾" PL

45 degrees (Typ) -

field weld

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.

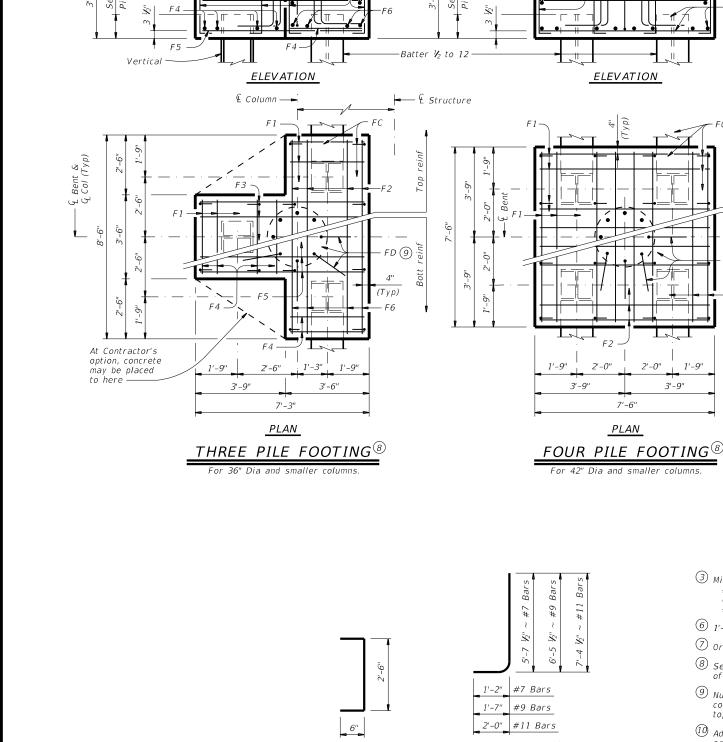
STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL Use when required.

SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

Finished

ground (Typ)

(6)



BARS FC

BARS FD 9

Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" $#11 \ Bars = 4'-8''$

6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.

Batter ½ to 12

Vertical

4'-3"

ELEVATION

2'-6" 1'-9"

4'-3"

PLAN

FIVE PILE FOOTING $^{ ext{@}}$

7 Or as shown on plans.

Finished

ground (Typ) —

- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

	•	<i>50</i> (COLUN	כווו	
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	「ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	,,	33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	!"	28
F 4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	!"	94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	,,	111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623
Class	"C" Ca	ncrete		CY	4.8
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	"	96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	"	<i>37</i>
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	6.3
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	"	56
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	8.0

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

- Batter ½ to 12

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

FILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXL		i: TxD0T CK: TxD0T DW: "		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	0942	42 02 011			FM	2067	
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		GON7AI	FS		114	

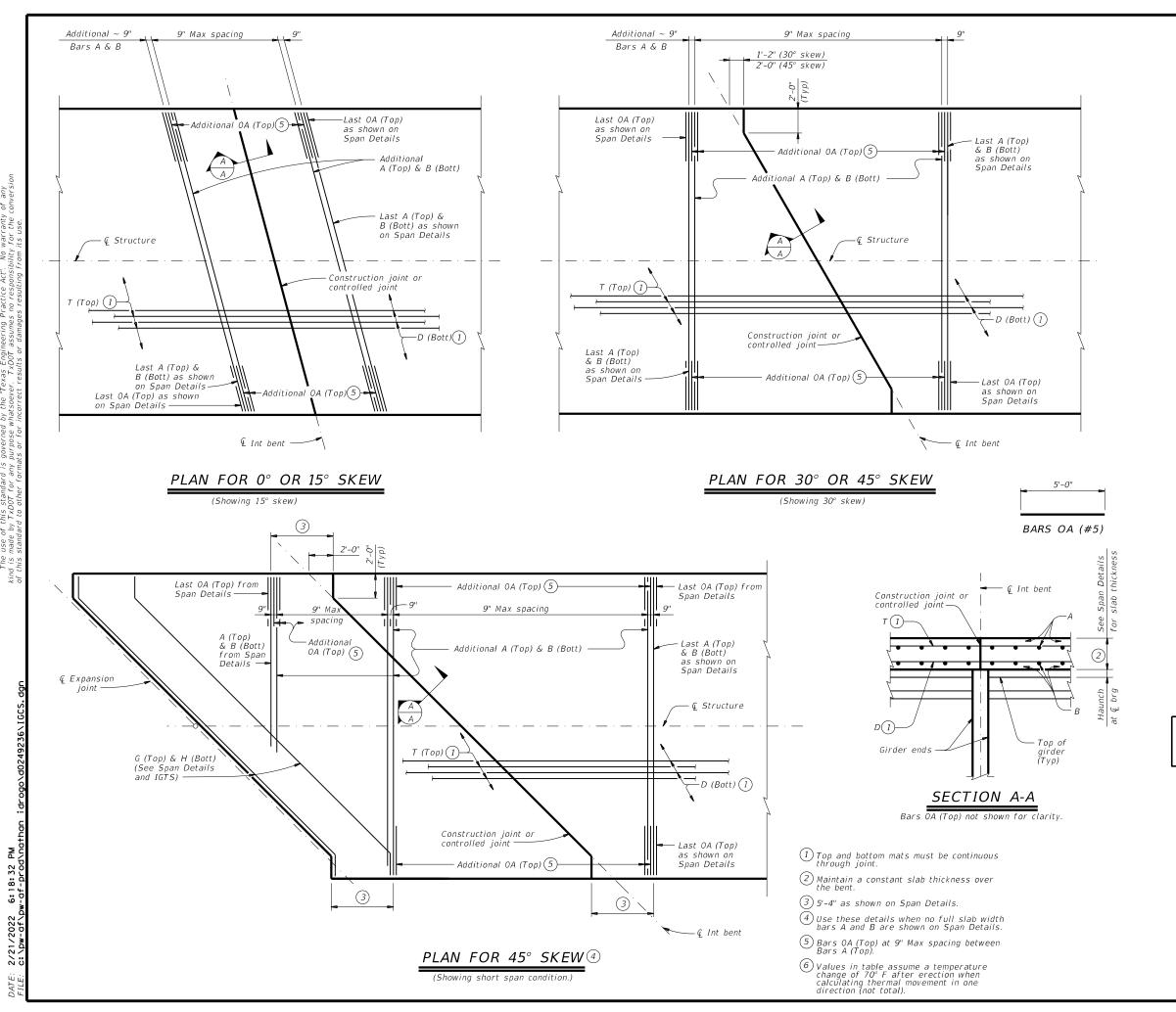


TABLE OF ALLOW ABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Factor
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
5.00	3.1

Unit length must not the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR TABLE BAR SIZE #4

D

0A

#4

#4 #4

#5

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

HL93 LOADING



CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

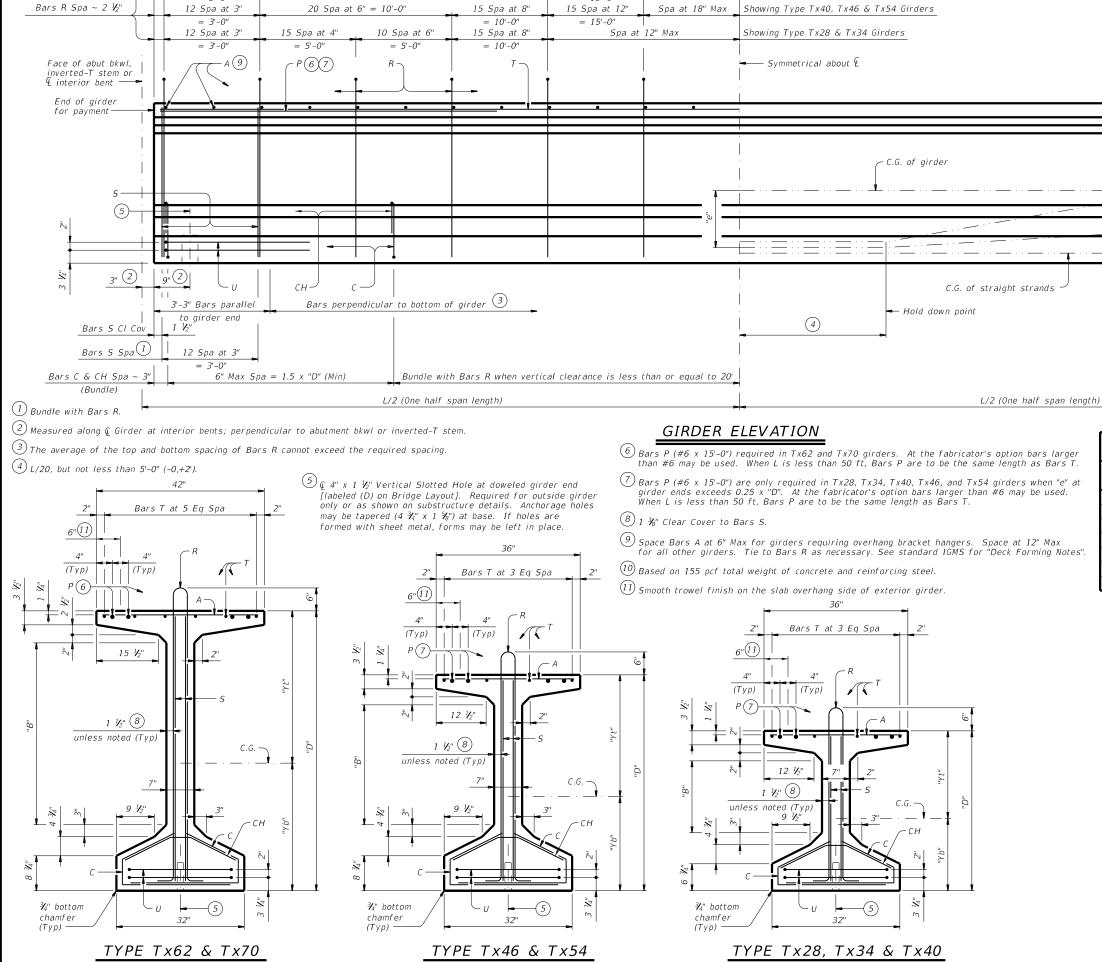
IGCS

: igcs1sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	JMH CK: TxDOT DW:		JTR	CK: TXDOT	
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	942 02 011 F			FM	2067
.19: Added bubble note 6.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	YKM	M GONZALES				115



12 Spa at 3"

= 3'-0''



30 Spa at 8'' = 20'-0''

15 Spa at 12"

= 15'-0''

Spa at 18" Max

Showing Type Tx62 & Tx70 Girders

GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Girdei Type (in.2 (plf) (in. (in.) 630 Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52.772 40.559 34 12 18.49 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 Tx34 18.10 720 T x 40 40 18 21.90 669 134.990 40.902 819 Tx46 46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46,478 880 Tx54 54 30 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 1/2" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980

9"(2)

Face of abut bkwl,

interior bent

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

GENERAL NOTES:

70

Tx70

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Provide Class H concrete.

31.91

966

628,747

57,579

1,040

45 ½"

Do not blockout

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

top of girders for

thickened slab ends.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel

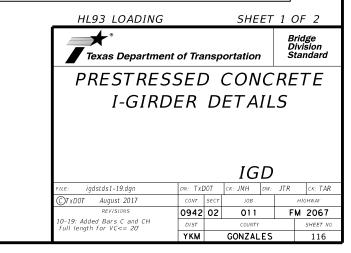
38.09

An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact

with materials used in forming anchor holes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



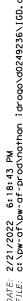
Face of abut bkwl,

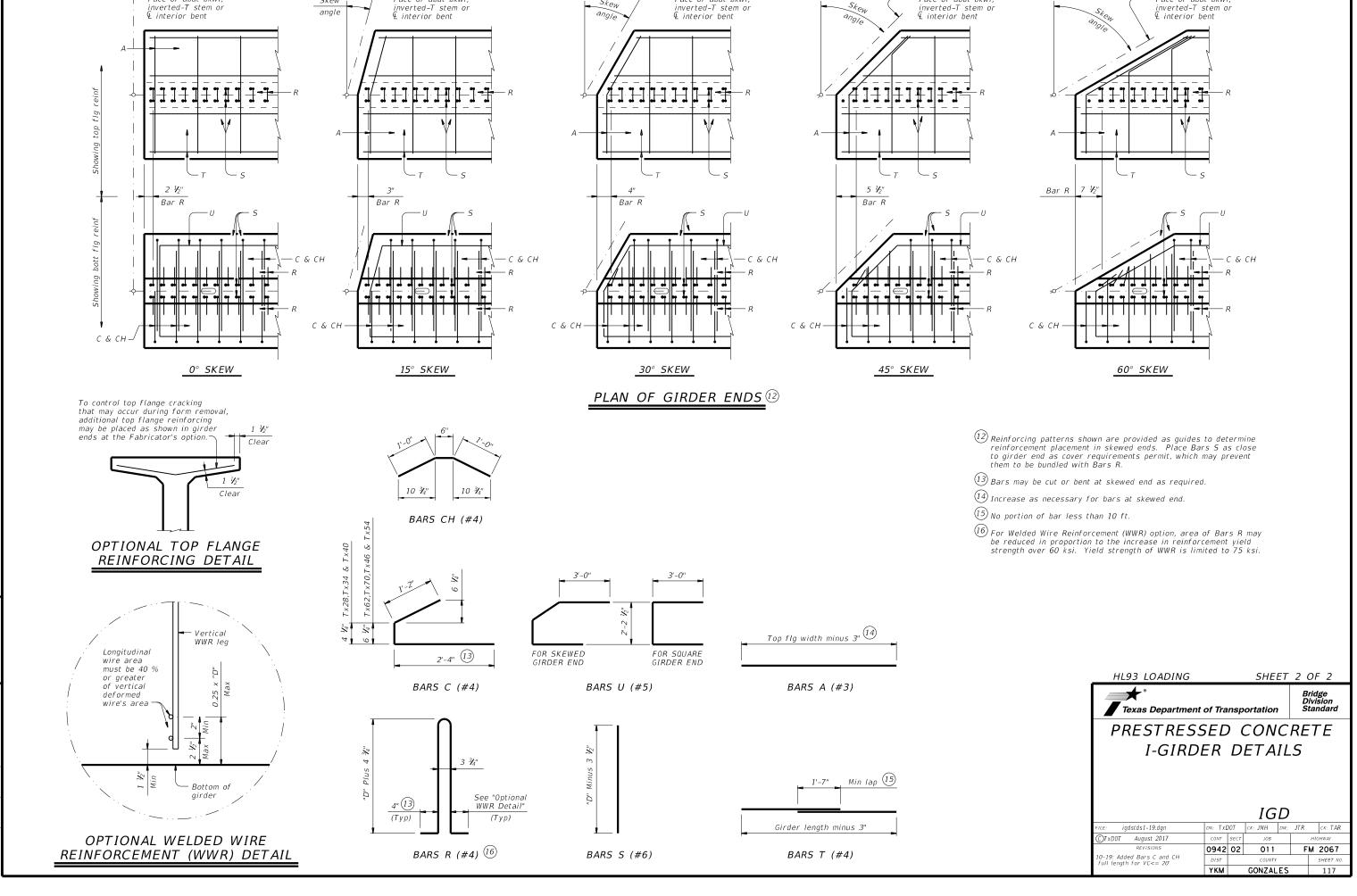
inverted-T stem or

Skew ,

angle

Face of abut bkwl,

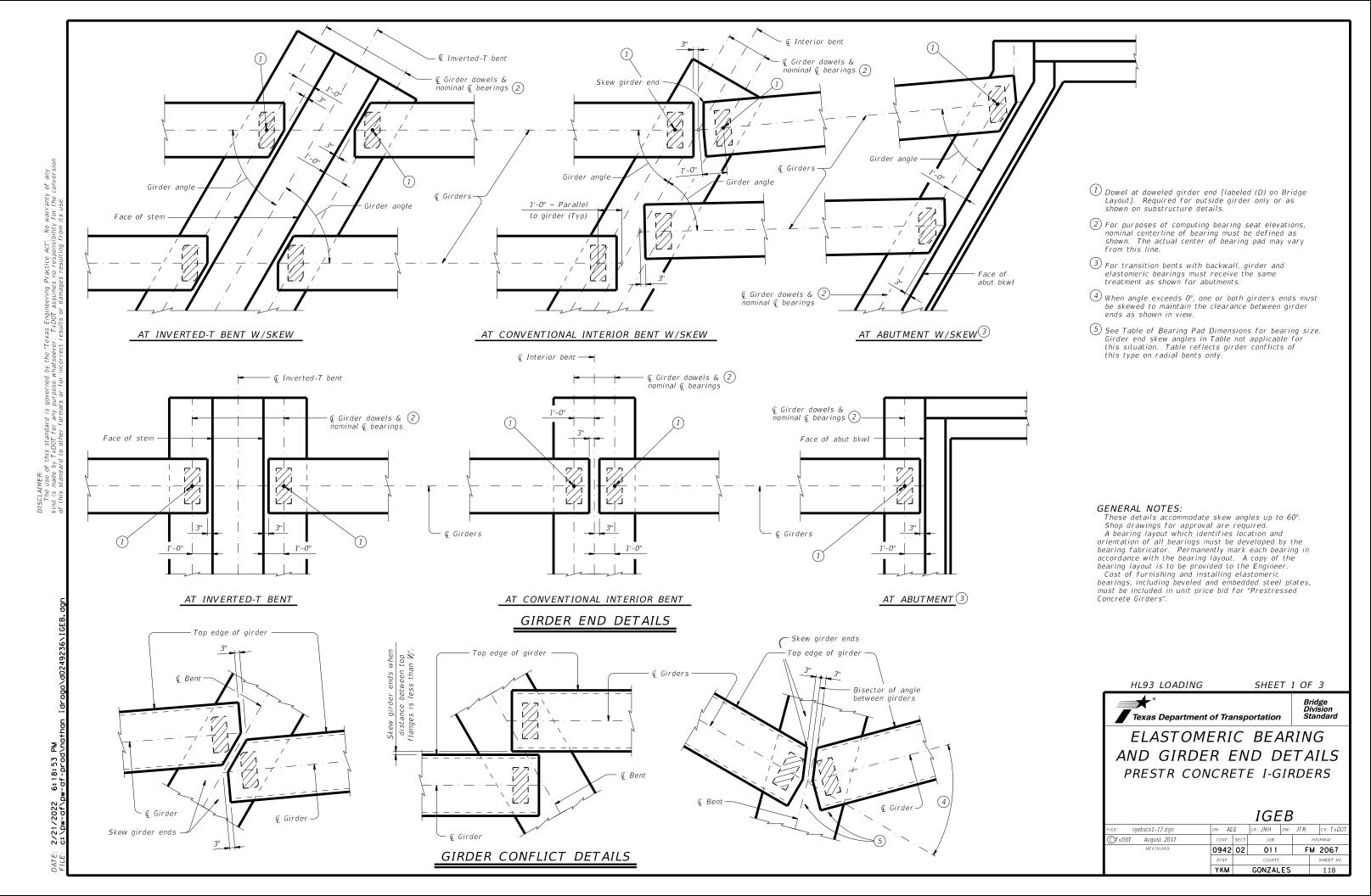


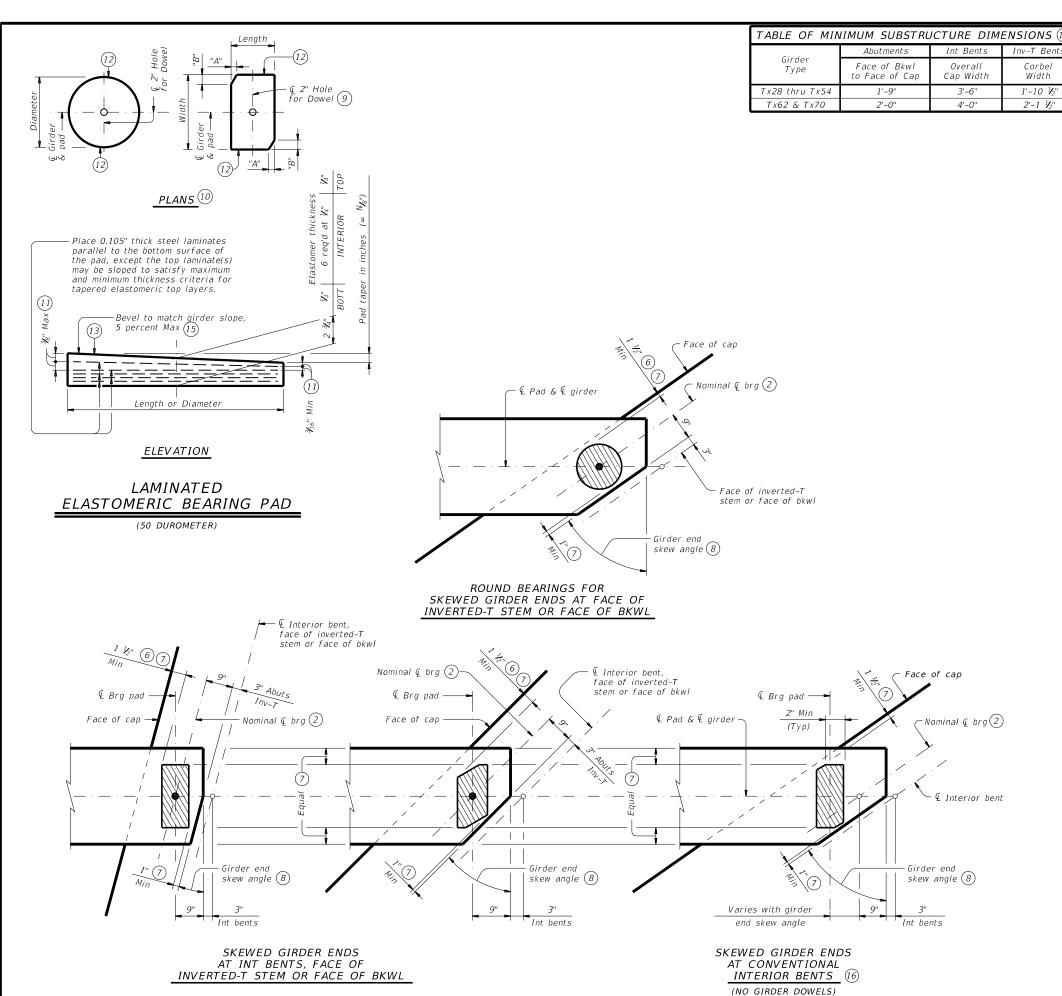


Face of abut bkwl,

Face of abut bkwl,

Face of abut bkwl,





BEARING PAD PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS

TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS Girder End Pad Clip Pad Size Bent Girder Туре Skew Angle Dimensions Type Type Lgth x Wdth Range G-1-"N" 0° thru 21° 8" x 21' Tx28,Tx34, 21°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" ABUTMENTS. INVERTED-T G-3-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 4 1/2" 45°+ thru 60° 15" Dia TRANSITION G-5-"N" 0° thru 21° 9" x 21' BENTS Tx62 G-6-"N" 9" x 21" 1 1/5" 21°+ thru 30° BACKWALLS G-7-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 10" x 21" 4 1/3" Tx70 45°+ thru 60° 10" x 21" 7 1/4" Tx40,Tx46INTERIOR & Tx54 G-1-"N" 8" x 21" 0° thru 60° *BENTS* Tx62 & Tx70 G-5-"N" 9" x 21" 0° thru 60° G-1-"N" 0° thru 18° 8" x 21" CONVENTIONAL Tx28,Tx34, INTERIOR 18°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" Tx40,Tx46 BENTS G-9-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 8" x 21" WITH& Tx54 SKEWED G-10-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21" GIRDER G-5-"N" 0° thru 18° 9" x 21' Tx62 G-5-"N" 18°+ thru 30° 9" x 21' (GIRDER CONFLICTS) 30°+ thru 45° G-11-"N"9" x 21" 1 1/3" Tx70 (16) 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21"

- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between limits shown
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (1) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- 13 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for V_6 " taper) N=2, (for V_4 " taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than $\left(\begin{array}{c} 0.0625^{\circ} \\ 1.00010^{\circ} \end{array}\right)^{IN/IN}$.

- (14) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- 15 See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

CTXDOT .

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



ELASTOMERIC BEARING

AND GIRDER END DETAILS
PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

		IGEB						
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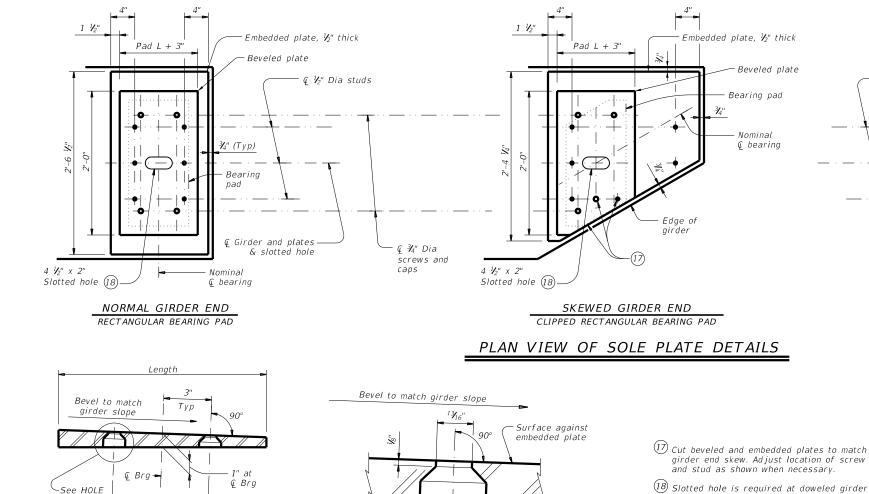
GONZALES

DETAIL

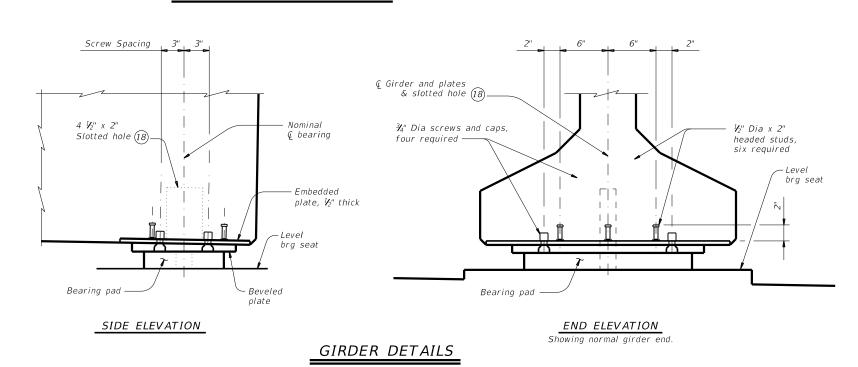
countersunk, for

SECTION

¾" dia screws



BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



1 7/16"

HOLE DETAIL

Bottom of

beveled

SOLE PLATE NOTES:

4 ½" x 2"

Slotted hole (18)

SKEWED GIRDER END

15" DIA BEARING PAD

3/4" Dia screws

G Girder and plates

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

Edge of

girder

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest N_6 " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is N_6 "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed N_6 " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

-Embedded plate, ½" thick

© bearing

3∕4"

Beveled plate

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

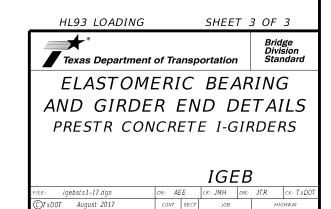
Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

 $\frac{1}{4}$ " Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type 1. Provide screws long enough to maintain a $\frac{1}{4}$ " minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ " deep or deeper than 1".

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.



0942 02

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GONZALES

FM 2067

120

Bundle Bars OA with Bars G in overhangs 12 Spa at $3\frac{1}{2}$ " = 3'-6"-

Face of backwall

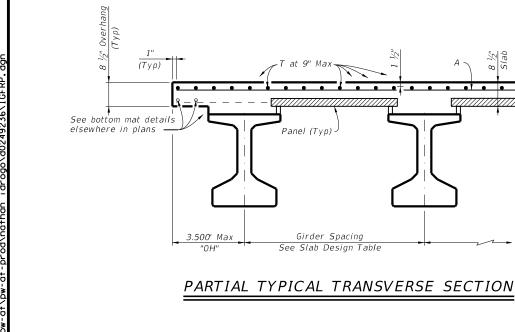
Thickened slab end See IGTS for bottom mat reinforcement —

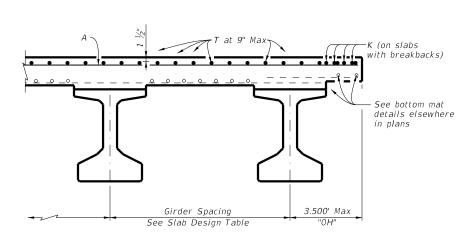
or @ bent

- 0A

 $\frac{3'-8 \frac{3}{4}''}{\cos 0} + 7''$

AT THICKENED SLAB END





- Const joint or controlled joint (2)

AT SLAB CONTINUOUS

OVER INTERIOR BENTS

SECTION OF THICKENED SLAB END

Showing PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

OA (top) 1

PLAN FOR SLABS WITHOUT BREAKBACKS

Showing top mat reinforcement only.

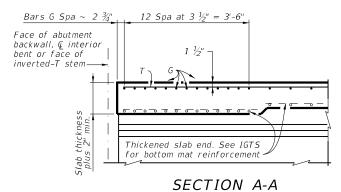
0A (top) (1) -

_ℓ Structure

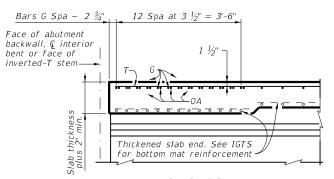
∠¢ Girder

Bars A at 7" Max spacing

√⊈ Girder



Showing Thickened Slab End with PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.



SECTION B-B Showing Thickened Slab End with PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

- 1) Place Bars OA midway between Bars A at overhang.
- (2) Bars are continuous through joint.
- 3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.





GFRP SLAB TOP MAT REINFORCEMENT PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER **SPANS**

IGFRP

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specification.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	VKM	CONTALES				121

BARS K (#5) 7

BARS OA (#5)

("B"- 0.125') x Sin Ø

BARS OA (#5)

(For slabs with breakbacks)

BAR TABLE

BAR	SIZE
А	#5
AA	#5
G	#5
K	#5
0A	#5
T	#5

- 1) Place Bars OA midway between Bars A at overhang.
- (2) Bars are continuous through joint.
- 3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.
- (4) Tie Bars AA to bottom of Bars G in this location.
- (5) A = ("0H" + 2.333' "B") x Tan Ø
- $6 C = \frac{3.729'}{Cos \emptyset} + "A" + Bar A spacing$
- (7) Only required on slabs with breakbacks.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Guide Specifications for GFRP-Reinforced Concrete, 2nd Edition. These details are restricted to Prestressed Concrete I-Girder spans with an 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ " slab and up to a 10'-0"

girder spacing.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details and PCP Standard (if prestressed concrete panels are used).

This standard provides Glass Fiber Reinforced Polymer (GFRP) reinforcement details for the top mat of slab reinforcement. The bottom mat reinforcement and other slab details are as shown elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor has the option to provide GFRP reinforcement, in accordance with the details shown, when epoxy-coated steel bars are specified for the deck slab. The Contractor may provide an alternate GFRP slab design with calculations signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide GFRP bars, conforming to ASTM D7957/7957M, except provide a minimum modulus of elasticity of 7,500

Provide Grade 60 steel bars for all bottom mat reinforcement as shown elsewhere in plans. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: #5 GFRP bar = 2'-9"

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



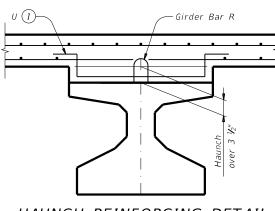
Bridge Division ansportation Standard

GFRP SLAB TOP MAT
REINFORCEMENT
PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER

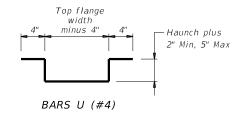
SPANS

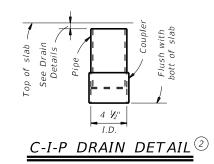
IGFRP

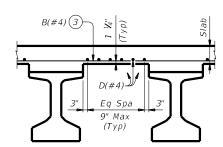
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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 10-19: Updated to latest design	0942	42 02 011			FM	2067	
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HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



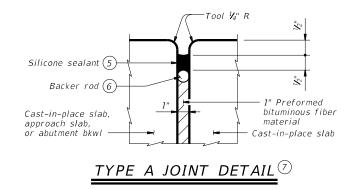




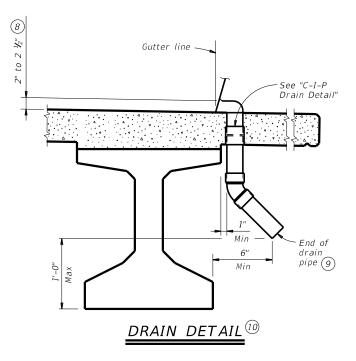
TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE (4) SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP

Where flanges project under slab of adjacent span, provide a minimum of V_2 " clearance between top of girder and bottom of adjacent slab. Polystyrene or other suitable compressible material may be used as a filler.

TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- $\bigcirc{1}$ Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $rac{1}{2}$ ".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- 3 Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- (5) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 6 1 ¼" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location of joints
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

SHEET 1 OF 2



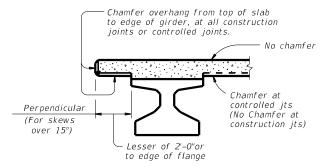
Bridge Division Standard

MISCELLANEOUS
SLAB DETAILS
PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

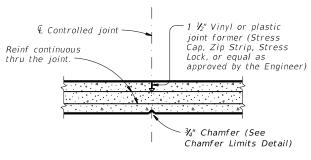
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₹4" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct)

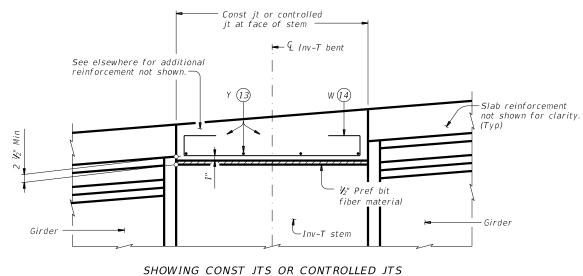


CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)

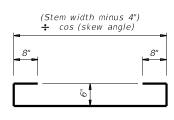


CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)



REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



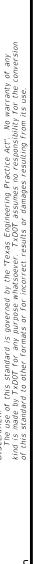
BARS W (#4)

- 11) See Layout for joint type.
- ${rac{12}{12}}$ Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv–T bents for quantity and location.
- 3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- (14) Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



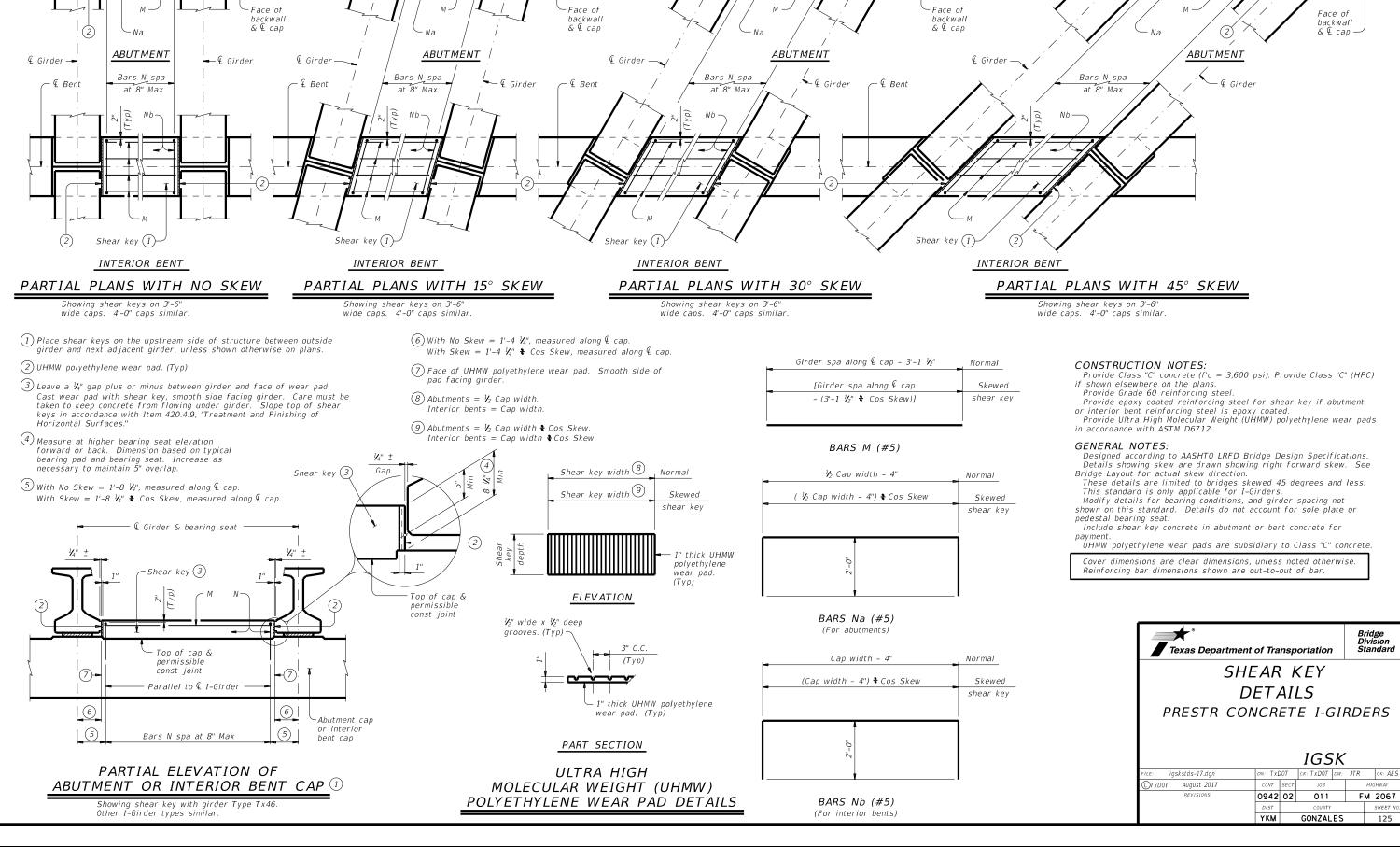
MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

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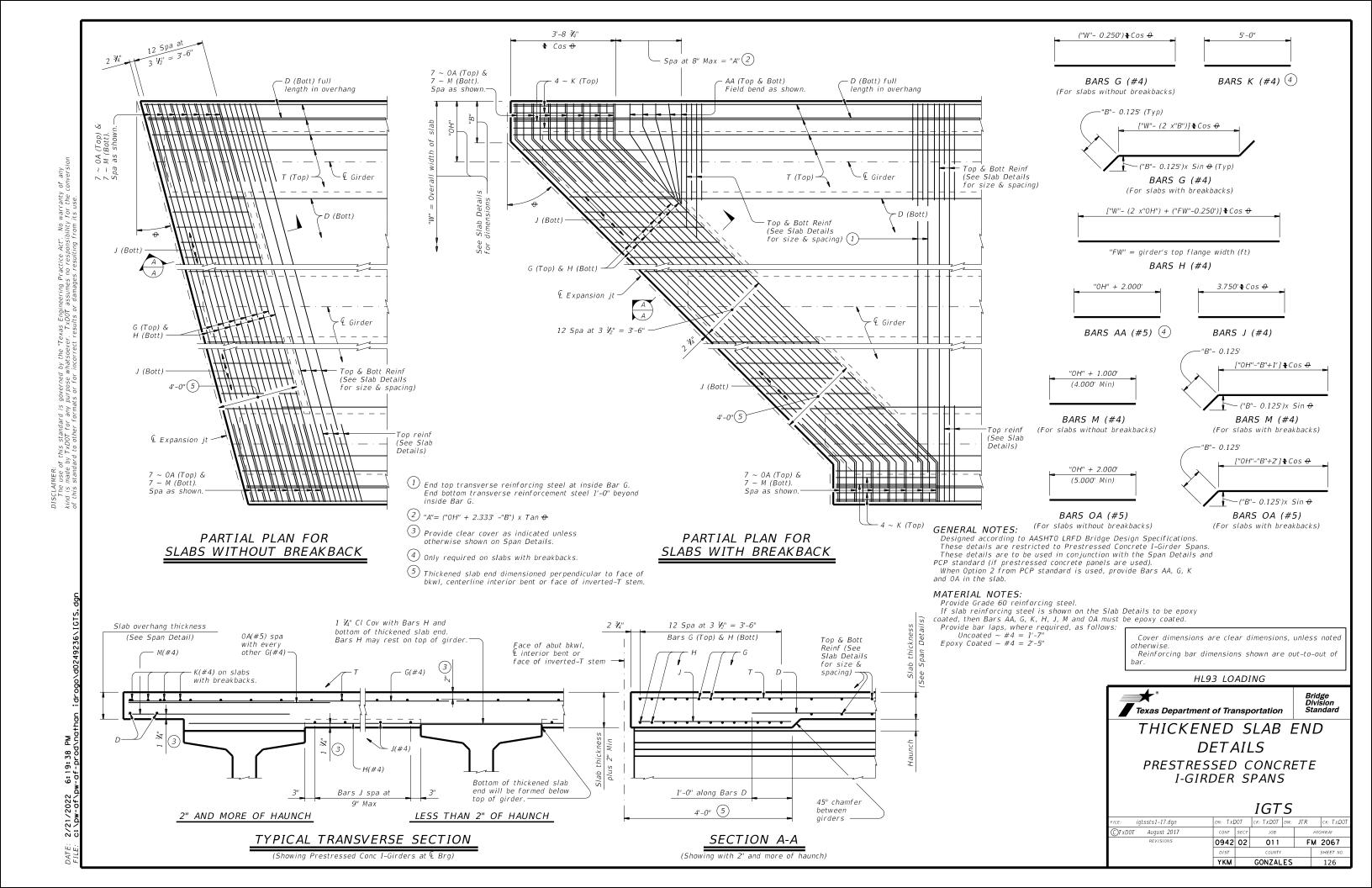
Shear key (1)

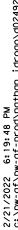
Shear key (1)

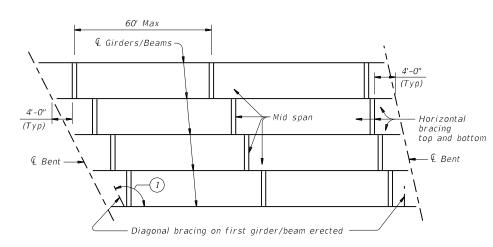


Shear key (1)

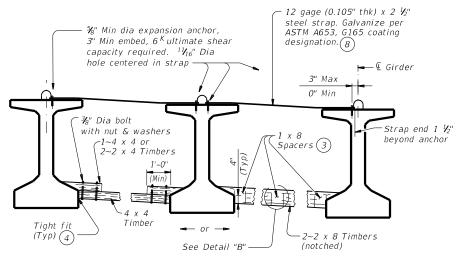
Shear key (1)





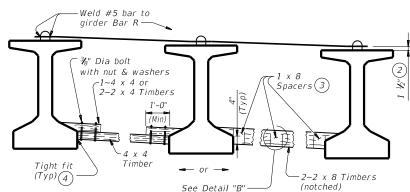


ERECTION BRACING



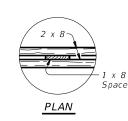
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

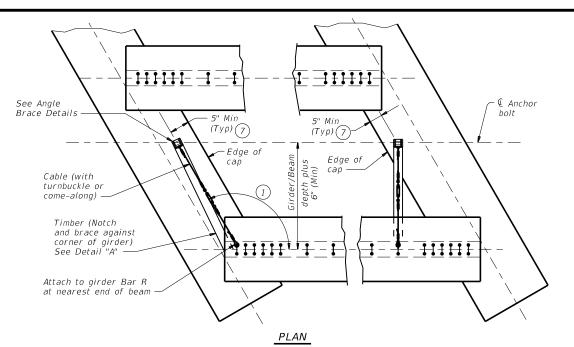


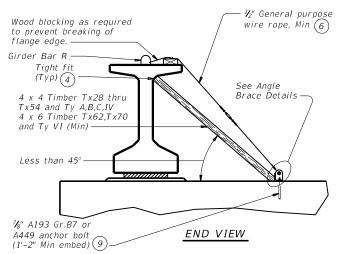
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



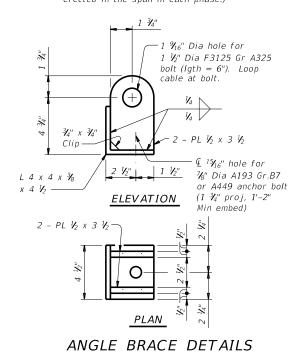
DETAIL "B"





DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/bean erected in the span in each phase.)



HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

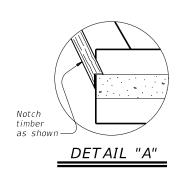
ERECTION BRACING:

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be



- 1) If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole

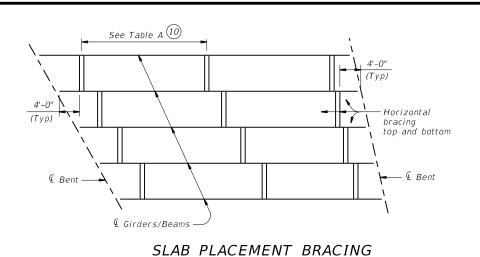
SHEET 1 OF 2



MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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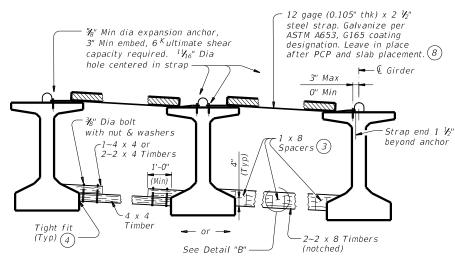
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OPTION 1-RI	GID BRACING (ST	EEL STRAP)
	Maximum Bra	acing Spacing
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)
Tx28	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	${}^{1\!$
T x 34	V_4 points	¼ points
T x 40	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	∜ ₈ points
T x 46	V₄ points	½ points
T x 54	V₄ points	½ points
Tx62	V_4 points	∜ ₈ points
Tx70	√4 points	$lay{1}{8}$ points
А	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle{\mathcal{B}}}$ points	V_8 points
В	V_8 points	∜ ₈ points
С	V_8 points	⅓ points
IV	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	⅓ points
VI	¼ points	½ points

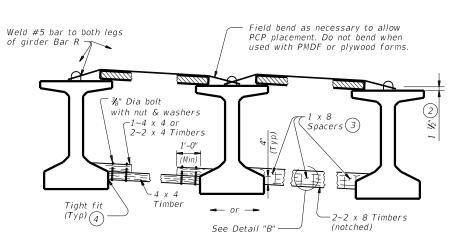
TABLE A

OPTION 2-FLEXIBLE BRACING (NO. 5 OVER PCP)								
	Maximum Bracing Spacing							
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)						
Tx28	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	$ u_{\!\!\!8}$ points						
Tx34	$V_{\!\!\!4}$ points	$ u_{\!\!\!8}$ points						
T x 40	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	V_8 points						
Tx46	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	V g points						
T×54	V₄ points	V ₈ points						
Tx62	¼ points	$ u_{\!\!\!\!8}$ points						
Tx70	√4 points	V_8 points						
Α	2.0 ft	1.5 ft						
В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft						
С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft						
IV	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	4.0 ft						
VI	V₄ points	4.0 ft						



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

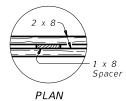
(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE

(Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS 5



DETAIL "B"

- (2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8) Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- $\stackrel{\hbox{\scriptsize (1)}}{}$ Bracing spacing (V_4 and V_6 points) measured between first and last typical brace location.
- (1)
 Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam.
 When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425.
Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

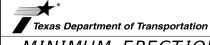
Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

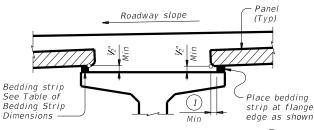


Bridge Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

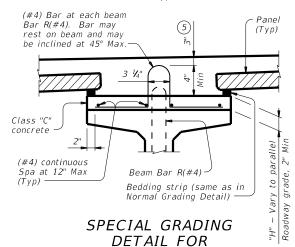
MEBR(C)

	-			- ,		
FILE: mebcsts1-17.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	CK: TXDOT
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		128



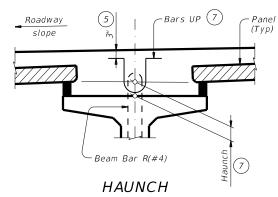
NORMAL GRADING DETAIL 3

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)



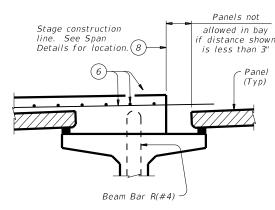
CONCRETE BEAMS

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
(Other beam types similar)



REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



8 ARS UP (#4) (7)

TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

DIMENSIONS

16

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/3

WIDTH

1" (Min

1 1/4

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2

2 3/4"

HEIGHT(4)

Мах

2 1/2"

3 1/2"

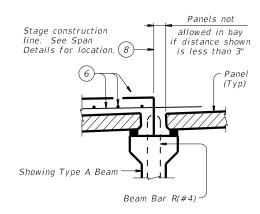
4"

4 1/2" (.

5" (2

5 1/2" (2

6"



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

ig(1) 2" Min for I-giders, 1 V_2 " Min for all other beam types.

(2) Allowed for I-girders, not allowed on other beam types

3 To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in 'N' increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is 'N'. Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

 $\binom{4}{}$ Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

7 Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

(9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8° o.c..

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds V₄" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer.

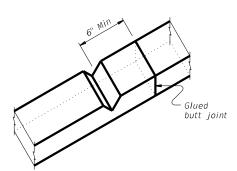
Make seal flush with top of panel.

Allowable Gap

PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity.

The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 ½" under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least V_2^{ν} . Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted atherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

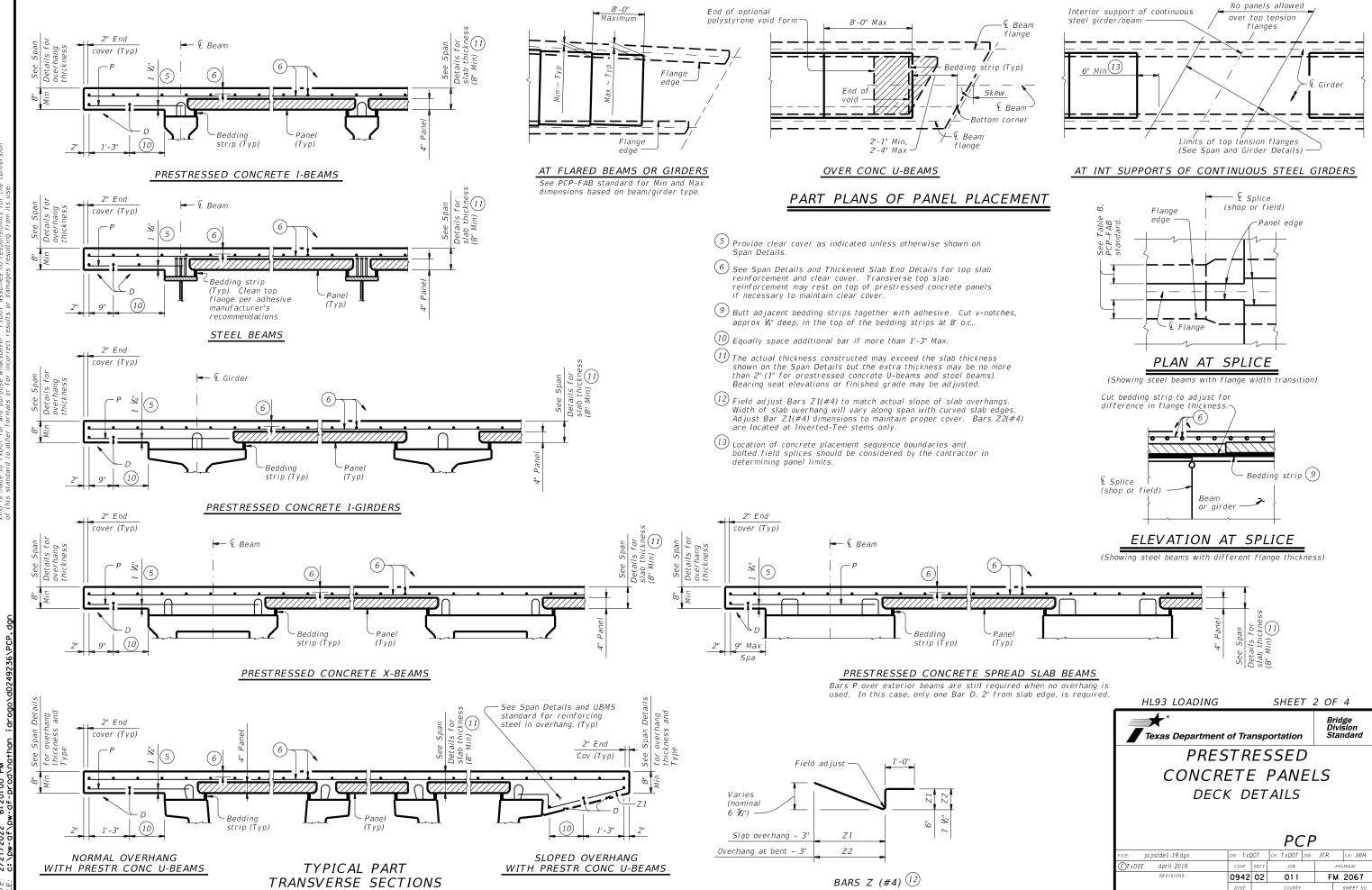


SHEET 1 OF 4

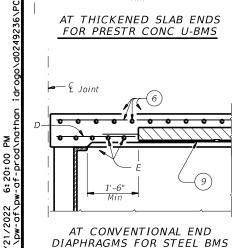
Bridge Division

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP



GONZALES



(20)

AT ALL SPAN ENDS UNLESS

NOTED OTHERWISE

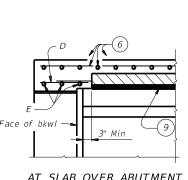
& Bent-

Prestressed

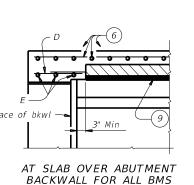
Panel ~ (Typ)

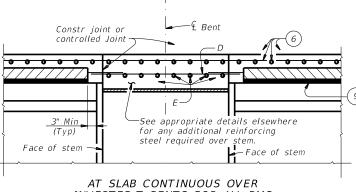
Concrete

Place one bar E parallel to edge of slab



(20)





1'-6" Min

(Typ)

AT SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENTS FOR ALL SIMPLE SPAN BMS

P or Z (19)

4 Rean

Flange

end. For reinforcina

details elsewhere in

steel, see appropriate

Beam flange

plans.

flange

THICKENED

END SLABS

AT SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER INVERTED-T BENTS FOR ALL BMS

OPTION 1 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS

INTERIOR

BENTS

OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH NORMAL REINFORCEMENT

AT THICKENED SLAB ENDS FOR PRESTR CONC I-BMS AND STEEL BMS

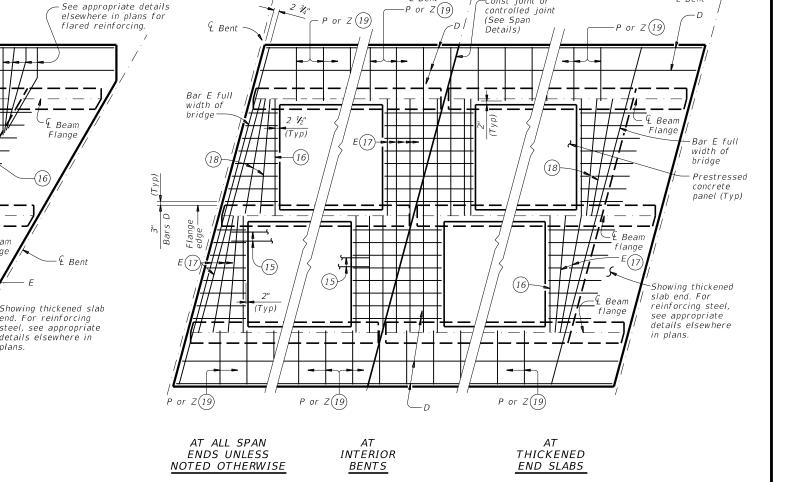
P or Z (19)

G Bent

controlled ioint (See Span Details)

P or Z (19)-

controlled joint



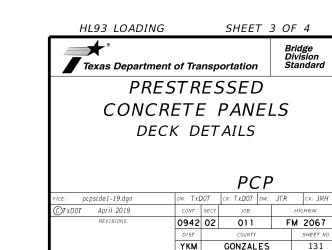
& Bent

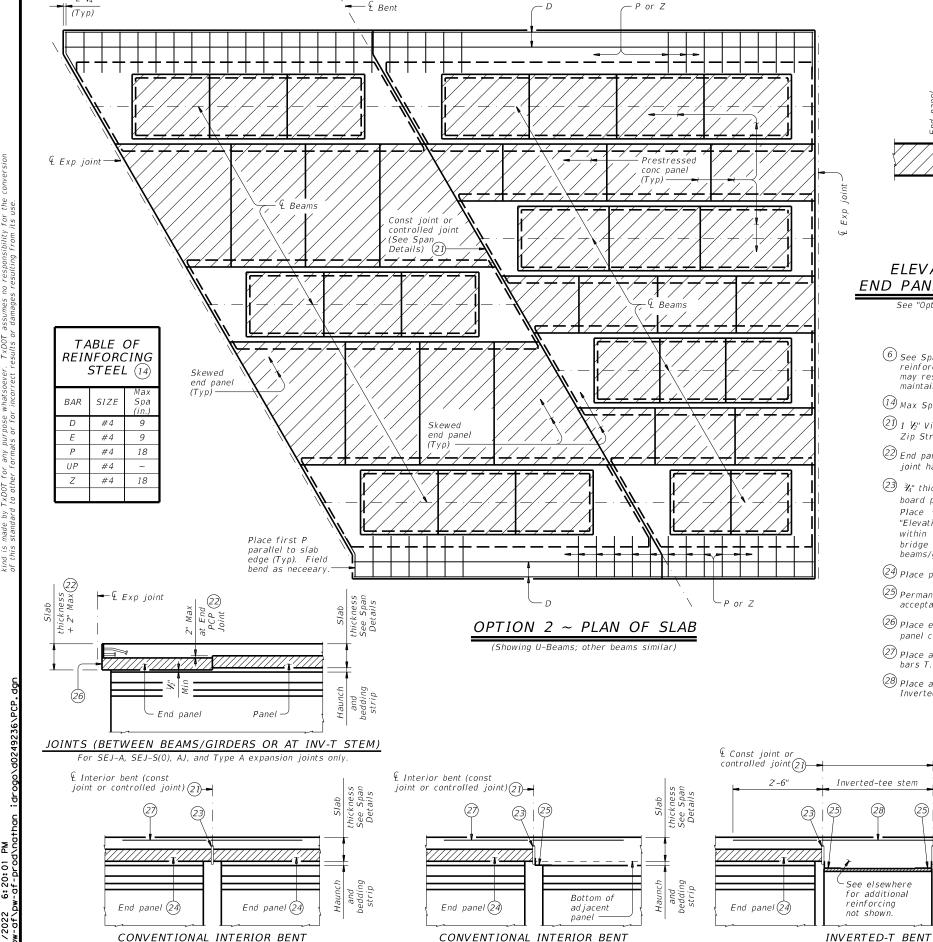
OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH SKEWED REINFORCEMENT

- See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- (9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx V_4 " deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c.
- $\stackrel{ ext{ }}{14}$ Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- 15) At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement. See PCP-FAB for details.
- (16) Maintain one Bar E(#4) parallel to panel ends (Typ).
- (17) Bars E(#4) not continuous over beam flanges must overlap beam flange 6" Min.
- (18) Add flared Bars E(#4) (Min Spa = 6", Max Spa = 12") as required at panel ends.
- (19) Where possible, Bars E(#4) may be extended into overhangs to replace Bars P(#4). Bars Z(#4) are required for sloped overhangs with U-Beams.
- (20) See appropriate thickened slab end details for reinforcing and limits of thickened slab end.

TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL 14							
BAR	SIZE	Max Spa (in.)					
D	#4	9					
Е	#4	9					
P	#4	18					
UP	#4	}					
Z	#4	18					

€ Bent-





Panel against panel between beams/girders

Skew top flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange Face of Web edge supporting ¾" pyramid shape a panel. Not chamfer place along applicable to top of redwood flange edges on timber board. exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders. Face of Web ¶ Interior Bent, Face Apply construction adhesive in a of Abut Bkwl or Face continuous bead to both sides of board, of Inverted-T Stem if second panel is present, to adhere to end panel(s) and seal interface.

ELEVATION EXAMPLE OF END PANEL AND TIMBER BOARD 3

OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Bm/I-Girder, U-Bms and Steel Bms simila

- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to
- (14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- 2) 1 ½" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
- (22) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than ${1 \over 2}$ " thick.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle 2}{\cancel{2}}$ $\stackrel{\textstyle 2}{\cancel{4}}$ " thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within ${}^1\!\!Z$ " Max above panel. Place ¾" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight, within V_4 " of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia beams/girders. Do not extend into overhang.
- 24 Place panel within $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{3}{4}$ " thick board.

Panels against inverted-tee stem

- (25) Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is
- (26) Place end panel within $\frac{1}{2}$ " of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.
- 27) Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab bars T. Center (#4) bar on Joint.
- Place additional (#4) bar continuous 2'-6" beyond each side of Inverted-T Stem between every slab bars T.

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- Bottom Flange

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement

into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi. Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS

in the slab.

SHEET 4 OF 4

Bridge Division Standard



CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

OTxDOT April 2019 FM 2067 0942 02 011 GONZALES

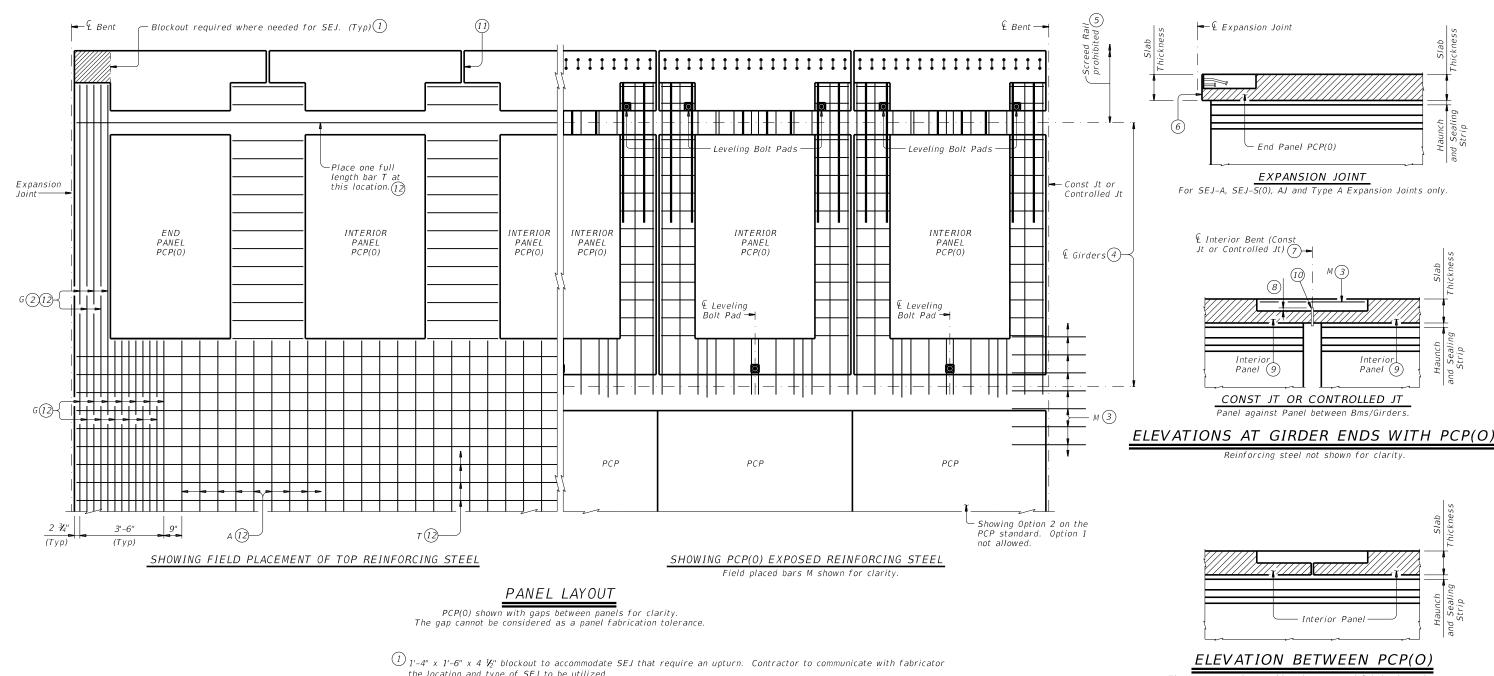
PRESTRESSED

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: JTR CK: JMH pcpstde1-19.dgr

HL93 LOADING

OPTION 2 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS 6

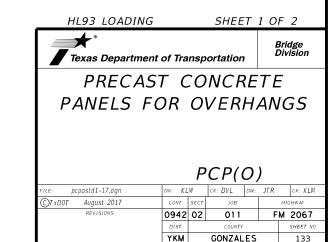
Panel against beam/girder end in adacent span.



- the location and type of SEJ to be utilized.
- 2) When blockout is required, extend bars G into blockout.
- ③ Place additional bars M 2'-11" in length on top of bars A and between every bar T. Center bars M at center of bent.

 Located at bents with construction joints or controlled joints only. Bars M may replace additional (#4) bars 5'-0' in length as shown on PCP standard in Option 2 ~ Elevations At Beam Ends. Option 1 not allowed.
- 4 It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.
- 5 Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown.
- 6 Place end panel PCP(0) within $\cancel{1}$ of expansion joint opening. Do not encroach on required expansion joint
- 7 Top Plastic Joint Former at Controlled Joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, etc.) is not required with these
- 8 0" Min, ¾" Max, support as necessary.
- 9 Place panel within 1/2" of 1/4" thick board.
- 10° 3_4° " thick wood/timber board, leave in place. Place straight, within 1_4° of Centerline of Bent, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia girders. Do not extend into overhang.
- (1) Seal top of panel only, with a Class 4 sealant prior to rail construction. Typical between panels. Do not seal at Expansion Joints.
- $12 1 V_2$ " End Cover. (Typ)

The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



 $\stackrel{ ext{\textcircled{4}}}{4}$ It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels. igotimes Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown. (12) 1 V_2 " End Cover on bars. (Typ)

 $rac{oxtimes}{2}$ Space bars UP(#4) with girder bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $rac{1}{2}$ " with Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(14) 6" plus or minus.

Girder (4)

Girder Spacing

See Span sheets

See PCP

standard

Delace sealing strip at flange edge as shown. Butt adjacent sealing strips longitudinally together with adhesive. Use pencil vibrators with concrete placement over girder and between sealing strips to avoid rupturing sealing strips. Cut sealing strips 2" higher than anticipated haunch thickness and compress to grade

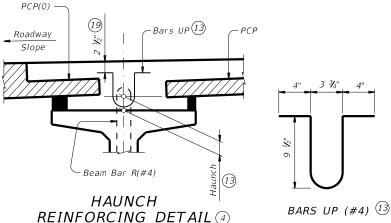
(16) (#3) Panel bars F must be field bent and welded to the R bars in girder. Two bars F per panel.

~ (#3) stability bars must be welded before grading.

 $\widehat{\mathbb{U}}$ Field placed bars that are allowed to be lapped. Reinforcing steel that protrudes from panels are not considered bars to be lapped. See "Material Notes" for applicable bar laps

(18) - (18) = 0 Leveling Bolt Pad. 1" Dia Coil Rod or 1" Dia Coil Bolt shown, are furnished by the contractor. After grading each PCP(0) panel with the 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts, secure each panel in its final resting position (plastic shims, welding, etc) and remove all 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts for the cast-in-place concrete. Coil rods/bolts may be left in place at contractor's option. If coil rods/bolts are left in place, coil rods/bolts must have at least 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " of cover to top of finish grade. Grading bolts are inadequate to carry all conceivable screed/construction loads. Panel support method must be calculated, location identified, and placed on shop drawings. Method chosen to support panels must be adequate for all construction loads. Panel support method must be placed/constructed after final grading and before screed rail placement.

19 Unless shown otherwise on Span Details.



See Span Sheets

(14)(14)

€ Girder (4)

Sealing

Strip (15)

Girder Spacing

See Span sheets

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION (Showing Girder Type Tx46)

Example of Rail Anchorage.

(Typ)

Sealing

Strip (15)

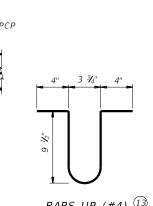
Overhang

See Span sheets

Screed Rail prohibited (5)

See applicable rail for

rail anchorage.



PCP(0)

Sealing

Strip (15)

SIZE MAX SPA (IN) #4 G (12)(1 #4 31/2" #4 9" T (12)(17) #4 9"

BAR TABLE

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended.

Ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Place sealing strips at girder flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 8" transversely under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

Panel placement with Option 1 on the PCP standard is not allowed. It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder and

panel, maintain a minimum vertical opening of 1". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Sealing strips vary in thickness along girder are therefore reauired.

Seal the top panel with a Class 4 sealant as shown in the Panel Lavout.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then epoxy coat bars A, G, M, & T.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

Provide sealing strips comprised of one layer low density polyurethane (1.0 Lbs density) foam sealing strips or equivalent. Oversize the height of sealing strips by 2". Bond sealing strips to the girder with 3M Scotch ® 4693 or equivalent adhesive compatible with sealing strips.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details can be used as an option to construct the deck overhang when noted on the Span details and in conjunction with the PCP(0)-FAB, PCP and applicable Standard sheets.

These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on these details is subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab"

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar



HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2 Bridge Division

PANELS FOR OVERHANGS

Texas Department of Transportation PRECAST CONCRETE

PCP(O)

		•	O . (_ /	<i>'</i>		
pcpostd1-17.dgn	DN: KL	M	CK: DVL	DW:	JTR		CK: KLM
xDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
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	YKM		GONZAL	ES			134



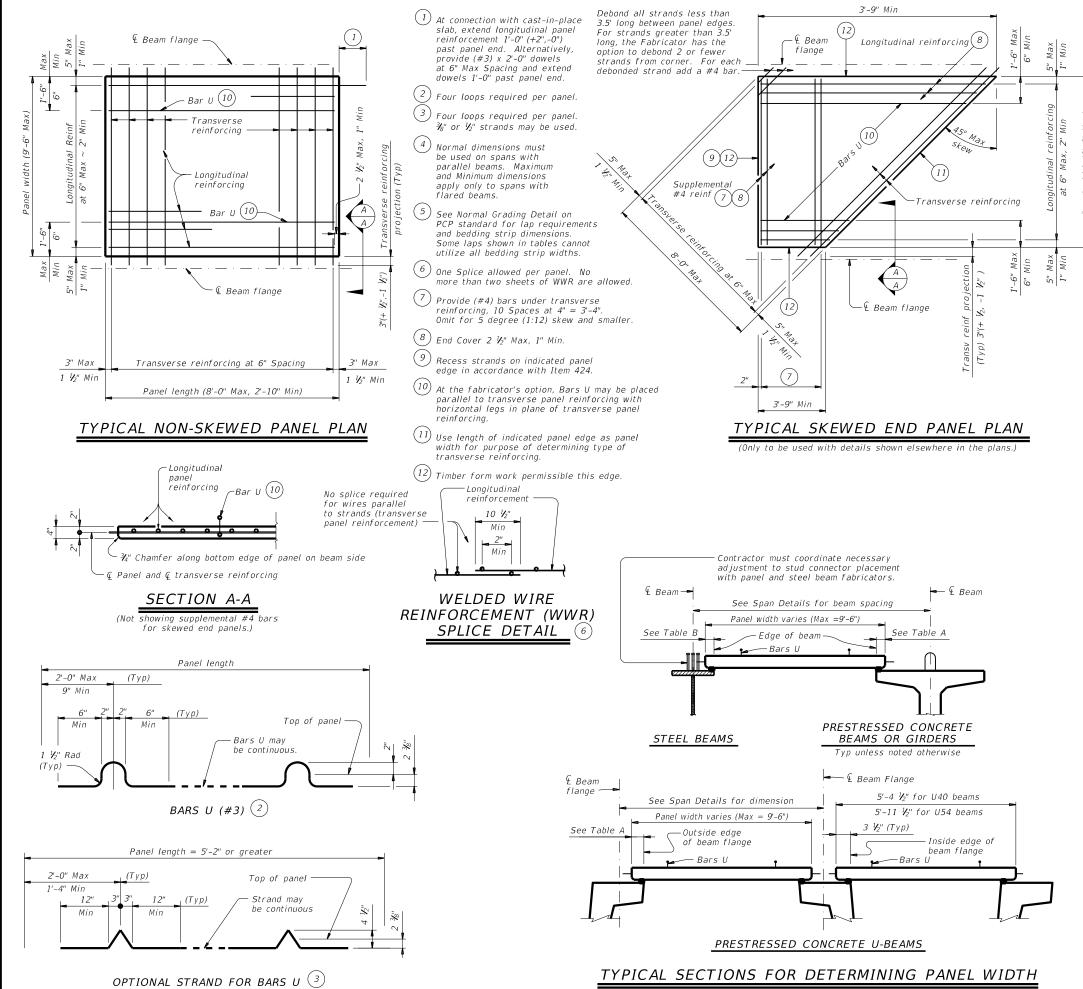


	TABLE	E A (1)(5)	TA	BLE B	4)(5	5)
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
А	3	2 1/2	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 ¾	2 1/2	2 3/4
В	3	2 1/2	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
С	4	3	4 ½	Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 ¾
IV	6	4	7 ½	Over 18"	5	3 ½	6 1/4
VI	6 ½	4 1/2"	8 ½				
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7				
Tx28-70	6	5	7 ½				
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 ½				
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 ½				
				-			

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide $rac{3}{4}$ " chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.

Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface.

Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use \mathscr{H} " or \mathscr{V} " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use $\frac{2}{3}$ " or $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed.
- 2. $\frac{1}{16}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 4 $\frac{1}{16}$ " Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3. $V_2^{\prime\prime}$ Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed. Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.





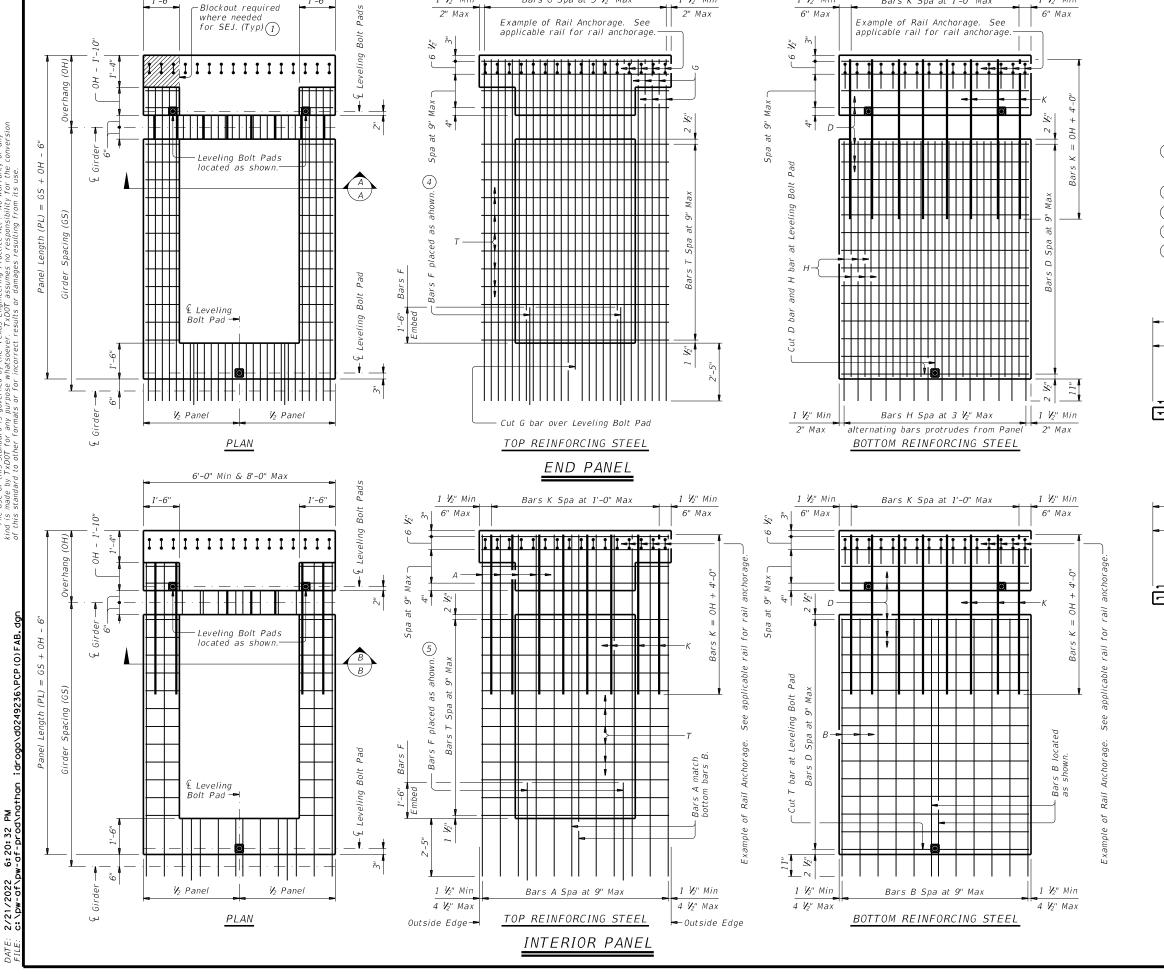
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE
PANEL FABRICATION
DETAILS

PCP-FAB

	-					
: pcpstde2-19.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	02 011		FM	2067
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		135

6'-0" Min & 8'-0" Max

1 ½" Min



Bars G Spa at 3 1/2" Max

Example of Rail Anchorage. See

1 ½" Min

1 ½" Min

6" Max

BAR TABLE BARB (2) D (2)(. G (2) H (2) K(2)(3T (2)(3)

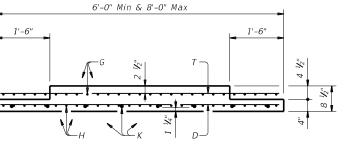
- 1 1'-4" x 1'-6" x 4 ½" blockout to accommodate SEJ that require an upturn. Contractor to communicate with fabricator the location and type of SEJ to be utilized.
- 2 1 ½" End Cover on bars. (Typ)

1 1/2" Min

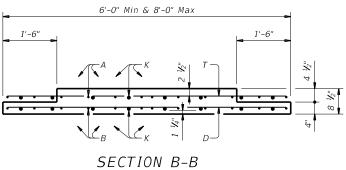
Bars K Spa at 1'-0" Max

Example of Rail Anchorage. See

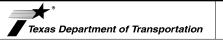
- 3 Bars that are not allowed to have lap splices.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$4$}}{ ext{$4$}}$ Place F bars under bars T and against bars G.
- $\stackrel{ ext{(5)}}{}$ Place F bars under bars T and between bars A.



SECTION A-A



HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2

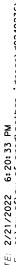


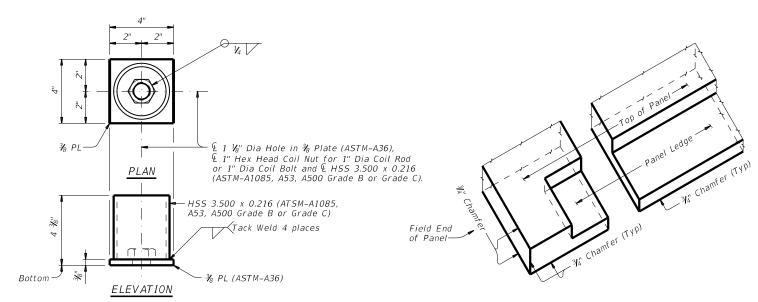
PRECAST CONCRETE PANELS FOR OVERHANGS FABRICATION DETAILS

PCP(O)-FAB

Bridge Division

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GONZAL	.ES		136





LEVELING BOLT PAD DETAILS

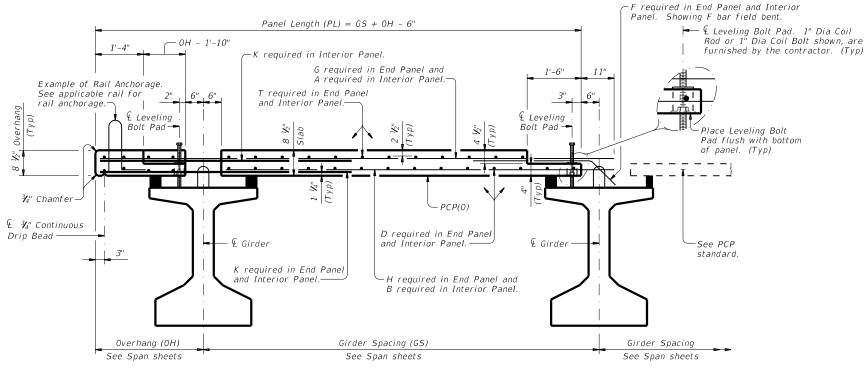
Galvanize if epoxy coated reinforcing steel is used in slab. Do not oil this assembly.

ISOMETRIC VIEW AT CORNER OF PANEL

Showing Typical Chamfers on Panel. Drip Bead and reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



BARS F



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

(Showing Girder Type Tx46)

CONSTRUCTION/FABRICATION NOTES:

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top surface area of panel with a broom finish.

Finish top surface area of panel with a broom finish. Finish top ledge of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Provide ¾" concrete chamfers as shown on these details.

Do not lap splice bars D, F, K & T. Bars A, B, G & H, may be spliced with only one lap splice allowed on each bar. Panels must be fabricated by a fabricator meeting the requirements of DMS 7300 for Multi-Project Nonstressed Member Fabrication Plant.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete (f'c=4000 psi) in panels. Provide Class H (HPC) concrete for panels if required elsewhere in plans. Maximum large aggregate size is 1".

Provide material as shown on this standard for the

Provide material as shown on this standard for the Leveling Bolt Pad.

Provide Grade 60 conventional reinforcing steel.

Provide epoxy coated reinforcement for bars A, B, D, G,
H, K & T if slab reinforcement is enough coated.

H, K & T if slab reinforcement is epoxy coated.
An equal area and spacing of deformed Welded Wire
Reinforcement (WWR) ASTM-A1064 may be substituted for
bars A, B, D, G, H & T, unless otherwise noted. Bars F and
K can not be replaced with WWR.
Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coated

Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coated reinforcing steel is used in slab.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement, lifting devices or epoxy coated reinforcement required on these details are subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

See railing details for rail anchorage in panel overhang. A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

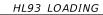
Submit stable lifting methods and devices to the Engineer for approval.

Shon drawings for the fabrication of panels will require

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will require the Engineer's approval.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar



SHEET 2 OF 2

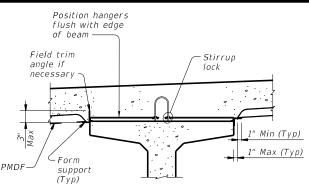
Bridge Division



PRECAST CONCRETE
PANELS FOR OVERHANGS
FABRICATION DETAILS

PCP(O)-FAB

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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		GON7AI	FS		137



PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

Position hangers flush with edge

1" Max (Typ)

of beam

Stirrup lock -

– Form

support

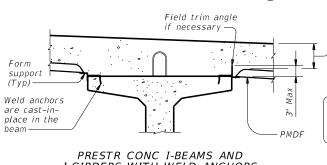
U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

- Form supports -

Field trim angle

if necessary

weld



Slab thickness.

See Span Details 1

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH WELD ANCHORS

Form

PMDF

cast-in-place

Terminate weld ½"

from edge of

protective angle

Weld anchors are

support

Slab thickness, See Span Details 1)-

Field trim angle

if necessary -

U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS

(4'-0" Max Spa) →

STEEL BEAMS

AT TENSION FLANGES (2)

Support

(Typ)

Slab thickness

See Span Details (1)-

weld

-Intermittent

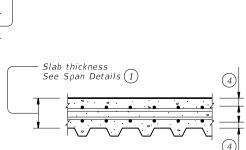
angle (Typ)

-PMDF

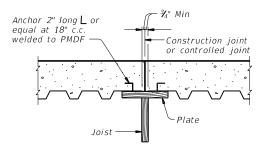
Cut 2" wide tabs at

8'-0" Max centers and field bend for

wind hold down



TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION



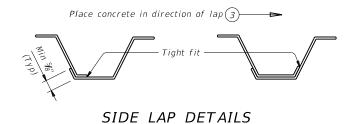
Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES:

Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing.



(1) Slab thickness minus ⅙" if corrugations match reinforcing bars.

- (2) Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld joint.
- 3 The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.
- 4 See Span details for cover requirements.

GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

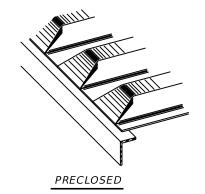
All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form

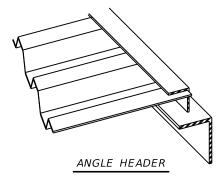
a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

1" Min (Typ) 1" Max (Typ) Intermittent

STEEL BEAMS AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

TYPES OF END CLOSURES

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

- 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'
- 1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater than 10'.
- 1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for all design spans of railroad overpass bridge spans fully or partially over railroad right-of-way, and for all bridge spans of railroad underpass structures.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2".

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam flanges.

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder

in accordance with Item 448. All permanently exposed form metal, where the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

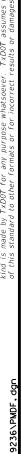
must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

SHEET 1 OF 2



PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

	PMDF							
LE: pmdfste1-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ск: ТхДОТ		
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM	2067		
2-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
2-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	YKM		GONZAL	ES		138		



Permanent

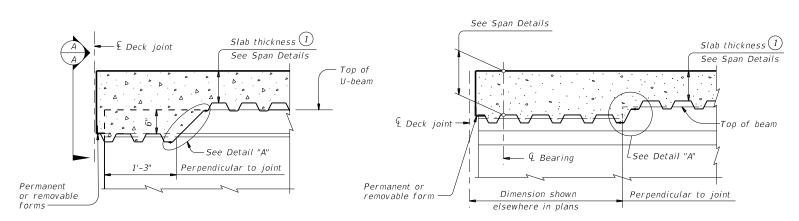
forms

Permanent or removable

& Deck joint

& Bearing

or removable



AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

Top of beam

-Top of beam

-Top of slab to top of beam at & brg ~ See Span Details

AT SLAB OVER ABUT BKWL OR INV TEE STEM FOR CONC BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

∽End diaphragm

AT CONC END DIAPHRAGM

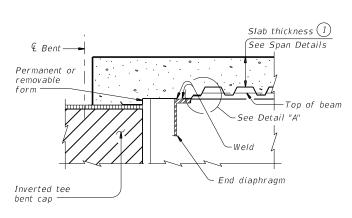
FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS

AND STEEL BEAMS

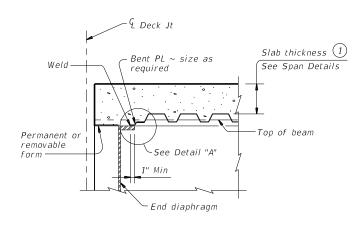
-Top of slab to top of beam at ♀ bearing ~ See Span Details

AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

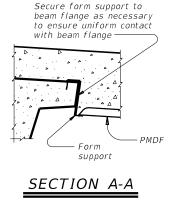
Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

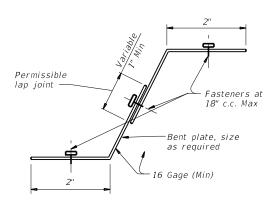


AT SLAB OVER INV TEE STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

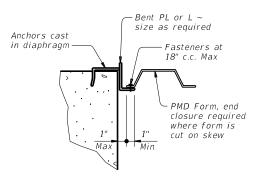


AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



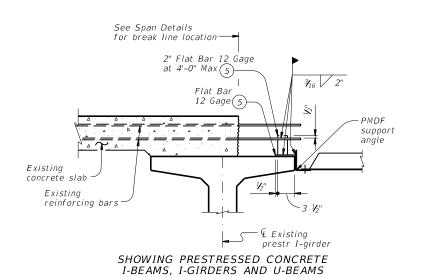


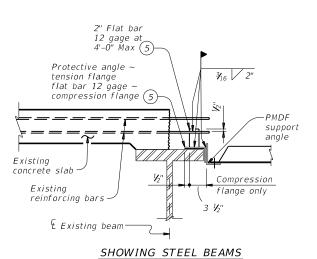
DETAIL "A"



DETAIL "B"

- 1) Slab thickness minus 1/8" if corrugations match reinforcing bars
- (5) Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi

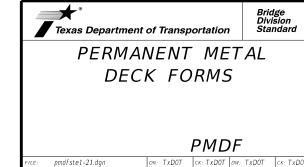




WIDENING DETAILS

○TxDOT April 2019





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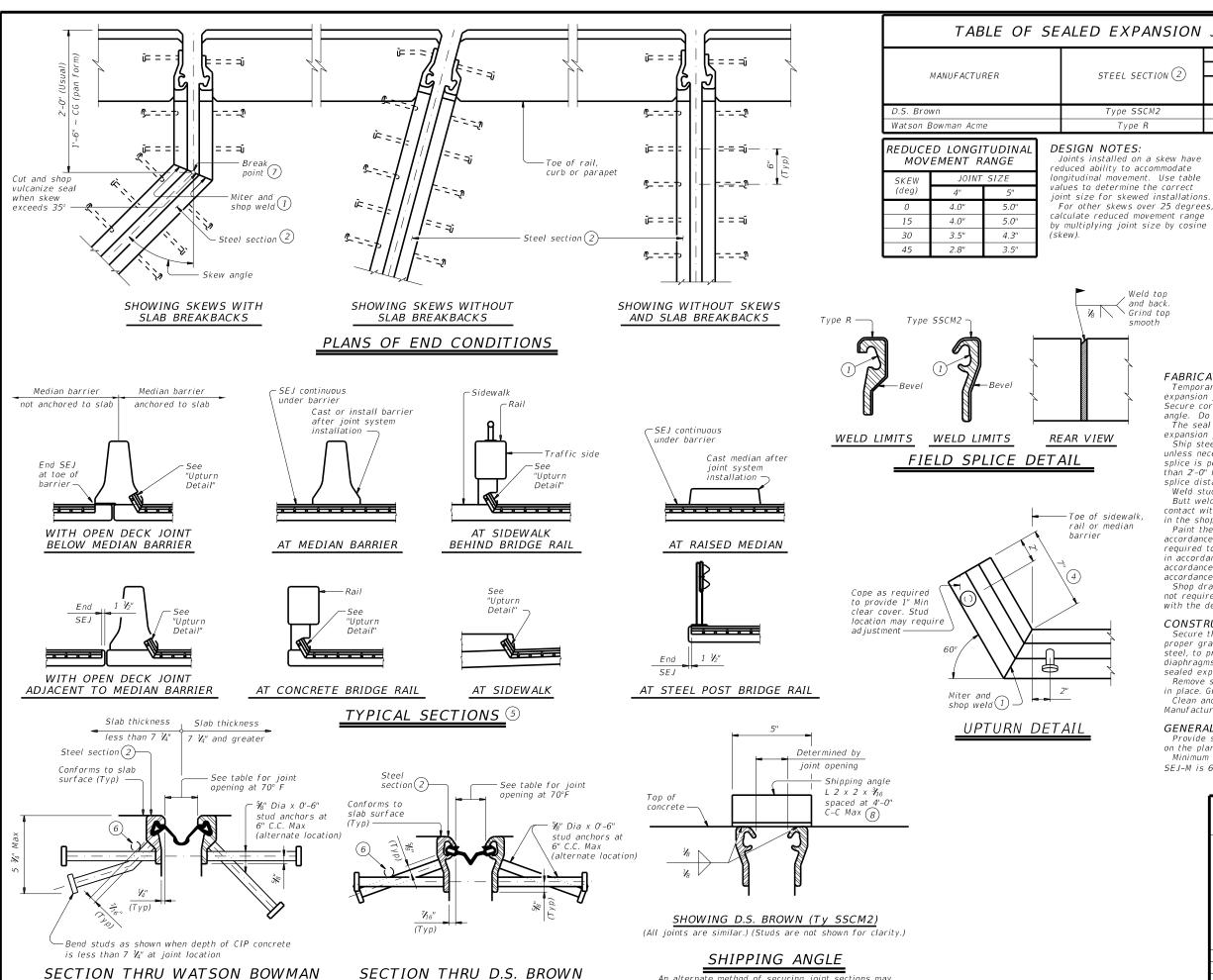
139

DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS





ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS



(A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION Seal Join Joint Opening (3 Type Opening (. Type A2R-400 A2R-XTRA 1 3/1 SE-400 1 3/," SF-500

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $^{igl(2igr)}$ Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- $\stackrel{ ext{ }}{ ext{ }}$ These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$ Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- 7 See Span details for location of break point.
- (8) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment. Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max. Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446, "Feild Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown

Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6 1/2".



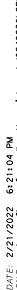
SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPEMWITHOUT OVERLAY

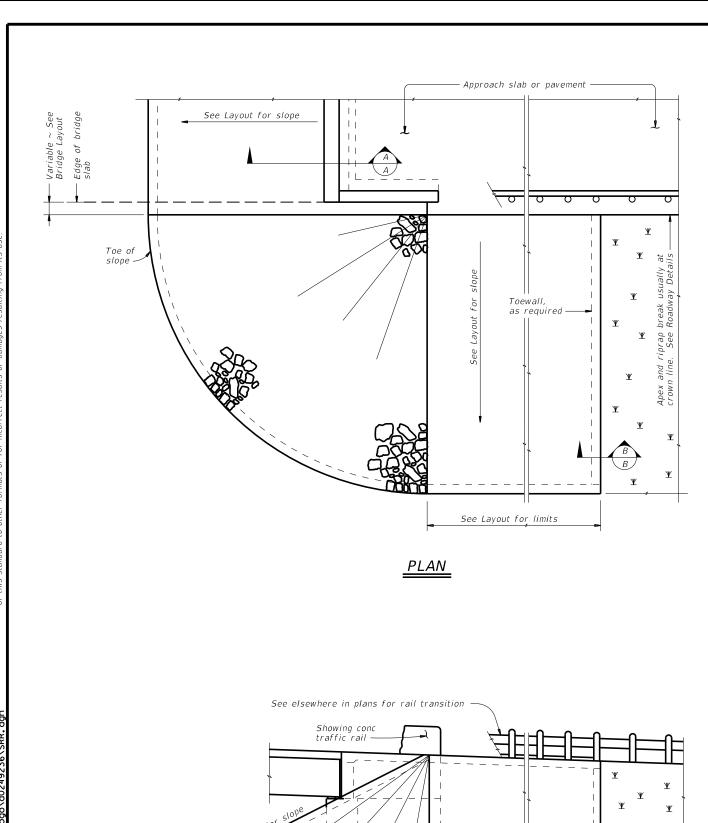
SEJ-M

Bridge Division Standard

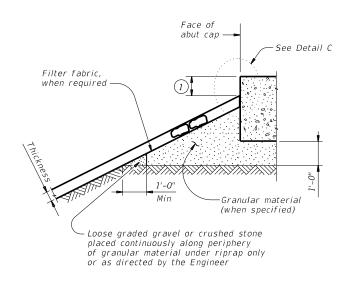
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REVISIONS	0942	02	011	1	FM 2067		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	YKM		GONZAL	ES	140		

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.





ELEVATION

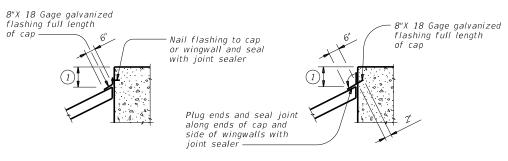


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

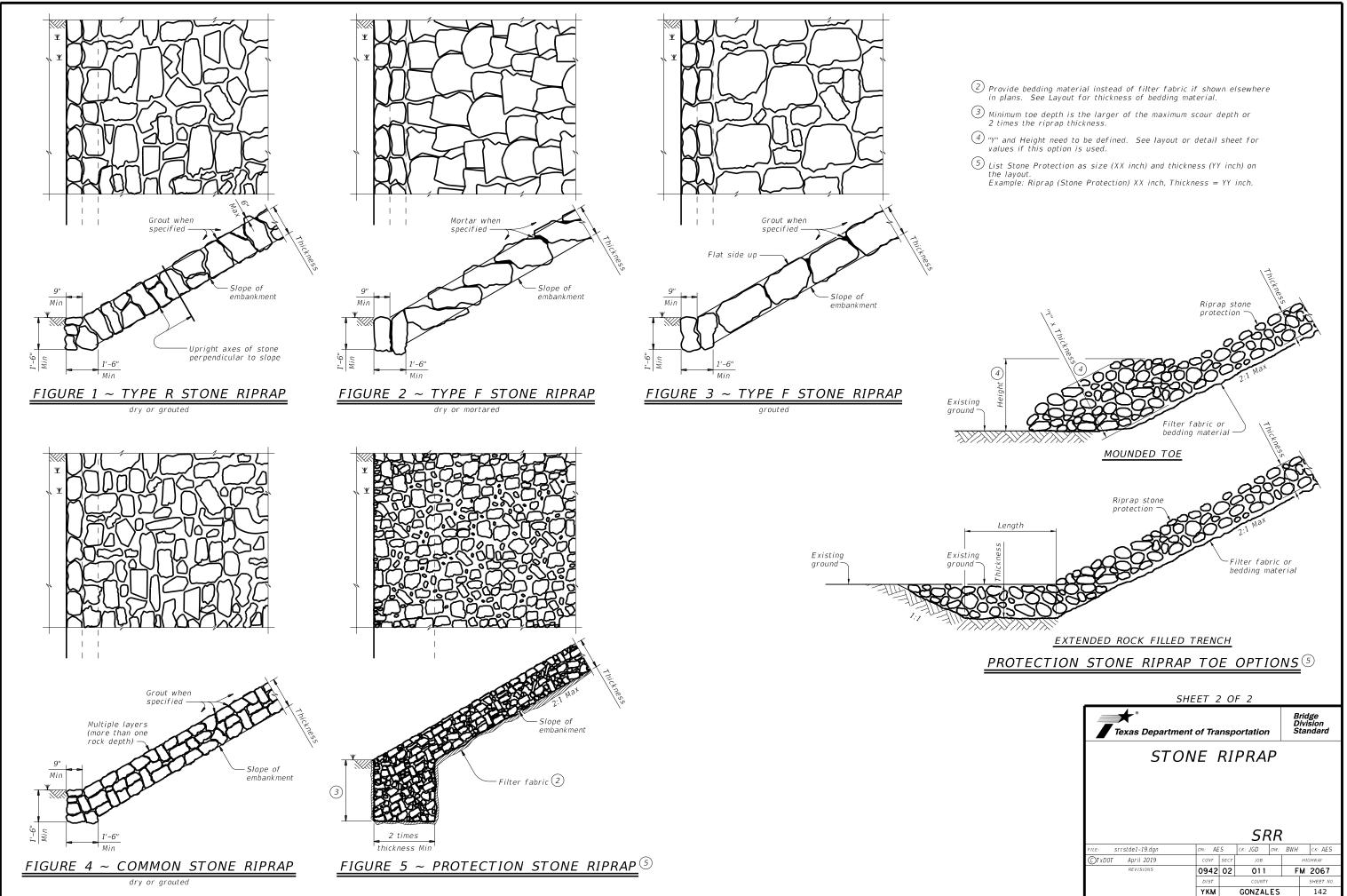
1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

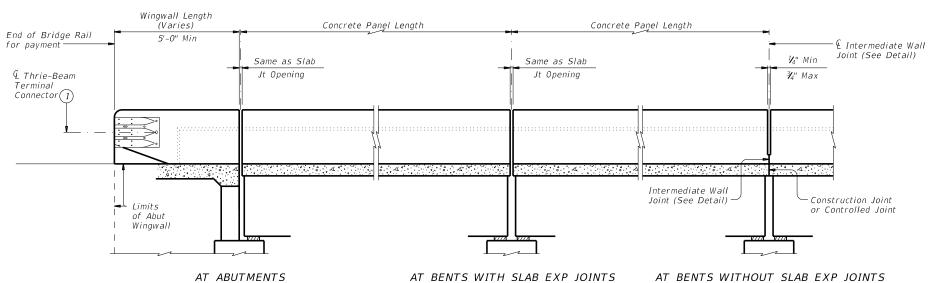


YKM

GONZALES

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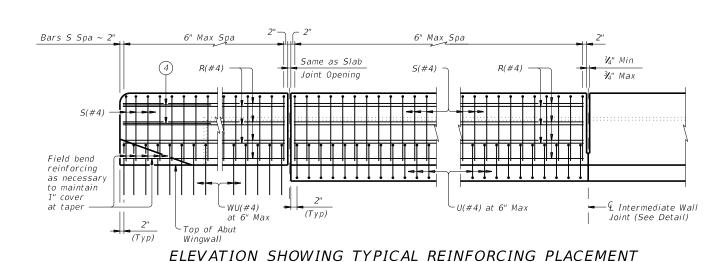
0pening Form to here. Tool V groove Construction Joint or Controlled Joint

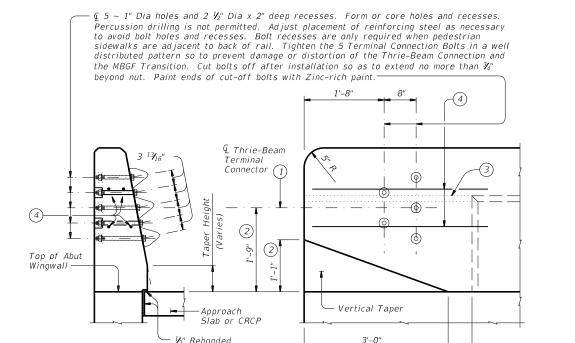
INTERMEDIATE WALL JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXP JOINTS

ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL





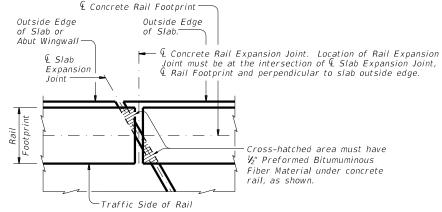
SECTION

ELEVATION

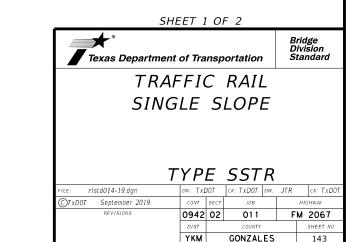
3'-6"

TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS

recycled tire rubber



- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- 2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- 3 Back of rail offset may, with Engineer's approval, be continued to the end of the railing.
- (4) Place 4 additional Bars R(#4) 3'-8" in length inside Bars S(#4) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required.



End of Back of

Rail Offset

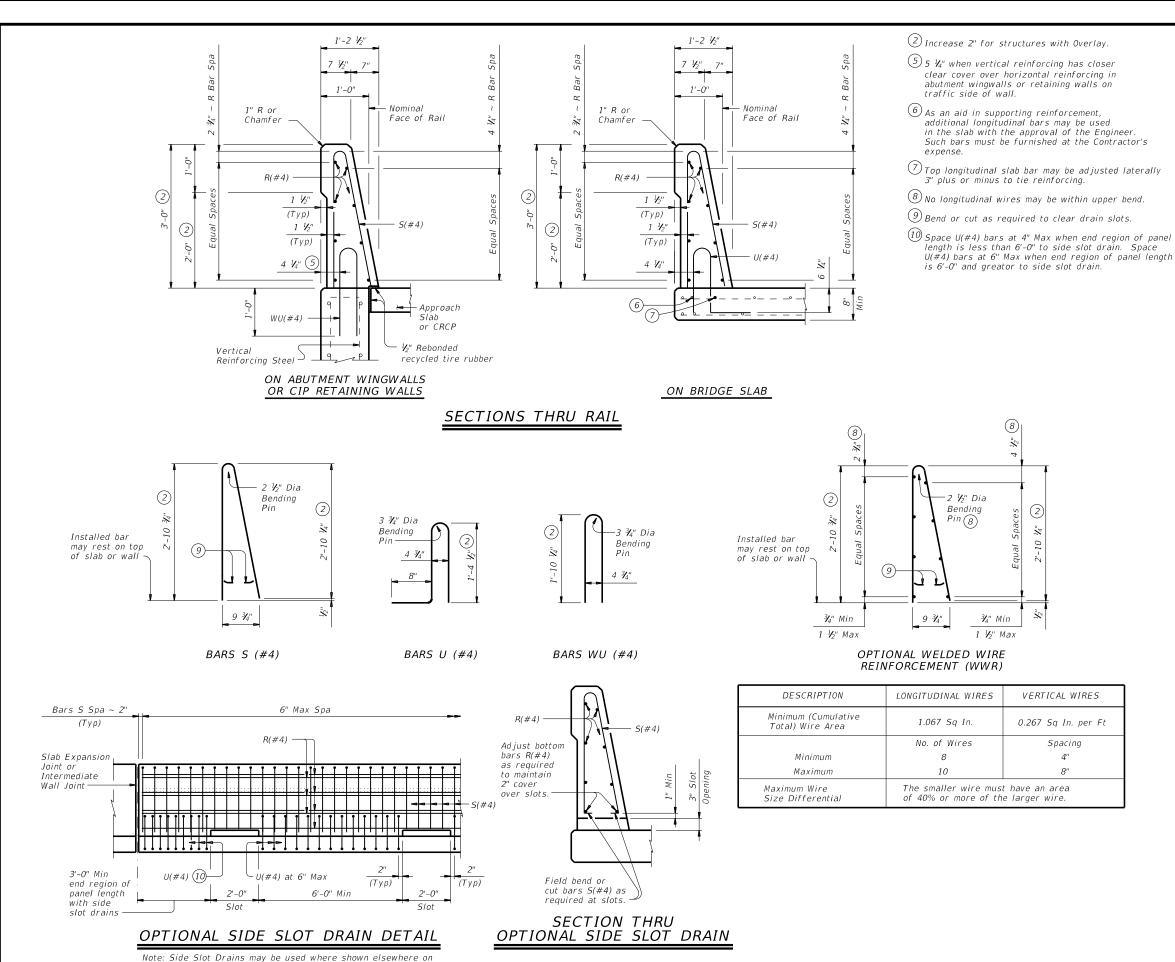
PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS





the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Drains should not be placed over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface

and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.



CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed, provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a $\frac{3}{6}$ " width x $\frac{1}{4}$ " tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints roviding more than 5" movement.

providing more than 5" movement. Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this rail.

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar



Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

,	, ,	_	551	, ,		
FILE: rlstd014-19.dgn	DN: TXI	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T
	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0942	02	011		FM 2067	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM	GONZALES				144

DESCRIPTION

SHEET 1 OF 3

FM 206

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.

RFD1) ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 1)

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

FLOW ARROW

SEEDING

- 1. REFER TO TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURE STANDARDS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 2. SW3P CONTROL MEASURES INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL GRASS COVER IS ACHIEVED OR AS APPROVED BY
- 3.SW3P CONTROL MAY NEED TO BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD TO ACCOMPLISH THE DESIRED AFFECT. ALL MODIFICATIONS ARE TO BE NOTED ON THIS SHEET AND SIGNED BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.
- 4.ALL SW3P CONTROLS ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AND IN WORKING CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHOULD BE PLACED ON CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT LIMIT LINE WHENEVER PRESENT. IF NO CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXISTS IN AREA THEN PLACE ON RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE IS PURPOSELY SHOWN OFF-SET FROM SAID LINES FOR VISUAL CLARITY.

LUKE REED, P.E.

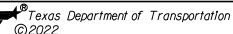
2/22/2022 DATE

SCALE: 1"= 50'

DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 | SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 | 210.375.9000



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SW3P LAYOUT

STA 320.00 TO STA 330.00

SHEET 2 OF 3											
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.							
	6	TEXAS		FM 2067							
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.					
	YKM	GONZALES	0942	02	011	146					

SW3P LEGEND

RFDI ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 1)

SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

FLOW ARROW

SEEDING

NOTES:

- 1.REFER TO TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURE STANDARDS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- SW3P CONTROL MEASURES INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL GRASS COVER IS ACHIEVED OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. SW3P CONTROL MAY NEED TO BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD TO ACCOMPLISH THE DESIRED AFFECT. ALL MODIFICATIONS ARE TO BE NOTED ON THIS SHEET AND SIGNED BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.
- 4.ALL SW3P CONTROLS ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AND IN WORKING CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHOULD BE PLACED ON CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT LIMIT LINE WHENEVER PRESENT. IF NO CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXISTS IN AREA THEN PLACE ON RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE IS PURPOSELY SHOWN OFF-SET FROM SAID LINES FOR VISUAL CLARITY.

DESIGN

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL

140328

CARLOS F. CANTU-VILLARREAL, P.E. DATE

2/22/2022 DATE

APPROVAL

LUKE REED

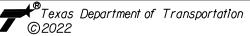
JUKE REED, P.E.

SCALE: 1"= 50'

REV.NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



FM 2067 AT DENTON CREEK

SW3P LAYOUT

STA 330.00 TO END

MAINTENANCE: All erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar days after the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from heavy equipment. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority followed by devices protecting storm sewer inlets. Sediment must be removed from control measures when the design capacity is reduced by 50 percent. If sediment escapes the construction site, off site accumulation of sediment must be removed at a frequency to minimize off-site impacts.

INSPECTION: An inspection will be performed by a TxDOT inspector at least every 7 calendar days. An Inspection and Maintenance Report will be made per each inspection. Based on the inspection results, the controls shall be revised per the inspection report.

WASTE MATERIALS: The contractor shall adequately store all construction waste materials to prevent these materials from becoming pollutants and to minimize pollutant discharges from the storage locations. No construction waste material will be buried on site or stored in 100-yr flood plain. Litter and construction chemicals shall be properly contained and prevented from becoming a pollutant in storm water discharge.

Potential pollutants will primarily be from the sediments leaving the project right-of-way and petroleum products. Principal sources of pollution will be disturbed soil from grading and excavating and other roadway construction activities, litter and debris from construction activities, gasoline, oil, and grease from asphalt distributor vehicles, scrappers, trucks, rollers, compactors, and fuel trucks during daily, routine operations.

The contractor will maintain a clean, orderly construction site. Construction waste including trash, rubble, scrap and vegetation shall be disposed of in lidded dumpsters or in a manner approved by the Project Engineer. Disposal methods must meet Federal, State, and Local waste management quidelines. No construction waste will be buried or burned on site. Spoi disposal, material storage, and material resulting from the destruction of existing roads and structures shall be stored in areas approved by the Project Engineer and protected from runoff. All waterways shall be cleared of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work piling, debris, or other obstructions placed during construction operations, that are not part of the finished work, as soon as practicable. All excess soil generated by the construction will be collected and disposed of by the contractor. Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, water body, or stream bed,

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): At a minimum, any product in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, Asphalt Products, Chemical Additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete Curing Compounds and additives. In event of a spill which may be hazardous, the Spill Coordinator should be contacted immediately.

SANITARY WASTE: All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary or as required by local regulation by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

_ HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL

✓ LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN

____ EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY

____ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

OTHER:

REMARKS: Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed.

On and off site project specific locations including borrow pits and equipment staging areas are under the control of the contractor. The contractor will be obligated to comply with the requirements of the construction general permit.

All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, falsework, piling, debris or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.

TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

Texas Department of Transportation
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FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	L AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.					
6				148			
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY				
TEXAS	YKM	(GONZALES				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	H I GH	WAY NO.			
0942	02	011	FM	2067			

TEMPORARY SEEDING PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS: NOTE: Stabilization measures must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily ceased and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Stabilization measures that provide a protective cover must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES ____ DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES: I. Install structural practices as indicated above in ditches at structure locations. 2. Existing topsoil will be bladed and windrowed. 4. Windrowed topsoil will be bladed back onto completed front slope. Then seed and sod all 5. Remove all temporary controls and reseed or resod any areas disturbed by their removal Contractor-generated schedules are incorporated into the projects SW3P by reference. For construction projects, the Yoakum District of the Texas Department of Transportation uses SiteManager, a computer based construction record-keeping system. Documentation describing major grading activities, temporary or permanent cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is a part of this system and is incorporated by reference into this SW3P. For RMC/Maintenance projects, documentation describing major grading activities, temporary or permanent cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is recorded in a project diary, and is incorporated by reference into this SW3P. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: Storm Water Drainage will be provided by grass "flat bottom & V bottom" ditches. This system will carry drainage within the right of way to Denton Creek where cross drainage occurs. The cross drainage structures will be protected with structural practices as Sediment control devices will remain in place until at least 70% regrowth of vegetation has occurred. At this time the new vegetation will act as a filter strip for post construction TSS control upon

MULCHING

____ BUFFER ZONES

✓ SILT FENCES

TOUR FILTER DAMS

CHANNEL LINERS

____ CURBS AND GUTTERS ____ STORM SEWERS

GABIONS

OTHER:

PAVED FLUMES/RIPRAP

SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS

____ STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

____ VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES

STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES

____ HAY BALES ____ SANDBAGS

____ OTHER

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET

activities have permanently ceased.

ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

____ BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS

The order of activities will be as follows:

3. Construction activities begin.

disturbed areas.

indicated above.

removal of the device.

A site (visual & odor) assessment of water quality leaving the project site: water quality leaving the construction site has been of good quality, with no visually apparent sediments, litter, fertilizers, or surfactants. The water has no petroleum or other odor. Even so, it might be expected that some sediment and litter will escape the project site and that petroleum products leaking from motor vehicles that travel through the site may lower the quality of runoff water.

TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general nesting season,

March through August, to minimize adverse impacts to birds.

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V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT. STATE LISTED SPECIES. CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Required Action ☐ No Action Required

BIRD BMPs

- 1. Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed.
- 2. Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season (February 15 - October 1 as established by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act).
- 3. Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable.
- 4. Prevent the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair.
- 5. Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.

Eastern spotted skunk (Spilogale putorius)

Contractor would be advised of the potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens.

Amphibian BMPs

-Woodhouse's toad (Anaxyrus woodhousii)

- -Woodhouse's toad (Anaxyrus woodhousii)

 1. Contactor is advised of the potential for the southern crawfish frog to occur in the project area and avoid harming the species if encountered.

 2. Minimize impacts to wetland, temporary or permanent open water features.

 3. Maintain hydrologic regime between wetlands and other aquatic features.

 4. Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas of soil stabilization. If hydromulching and/or hydroseeding are not feasible due to site conditions, using erosion control blankets or mats that contain no netting or only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable.

 5. Locate PSLs in uplands away from aquatic features.

 6. Minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites.

 7. Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing downed trees, rotting stumps, and leaf litter where feasible.

- leaf litter where feasible.

WATER QUALITY BMPs

- Minimize the use of equipment in streams and riparian areas during construction.
 When possible, equipment access should be from banks, bridge decks, or barges.
 Remove stream crossings once they are no longer needed and stabilize banks and soils around the crossing.

VI. GENERAL NOTES

NOI: Notice of Intent

THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE FACT THAT DISCHARGE OF PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY FILL MATERIAL INTO THE WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES (U.S.). INCLUDING JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS, AS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION, WILL REQUIRE SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) UNDER SECTION 404 OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT.

THE DEPARTMENT WILL OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE PERMIT(S), NATIONWIDE OR INDIVIDUAL, WHEN NECESSARY AS DICTATED BY THE PROPOSED ACTIONS FOR THE PROJECT AND IT'S POTENTIAL TO AFFECT USACE JURISDICTIONAL AREAS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY REVIEW THE PERMITTED PLANS AT THE OFFICE OF THE AREA ENGINEER IN CHARGE OF CONSTRUCTION. THE DEPARTMENT WILL HOLD THE CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING ALL CONDITIONS OF THE APPROVED PERMIT. IF THE CONTRACTOR CANNOT WORK WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THIS PERMIT(S), THEN IT BECOMES THE CONTRACTOR'S ENTIRE RESPONSIBILITY TO CONSULT WITH THE USACE PERTAINING TO THE NEED FOR CHANGES OR AMENDMENTS TO THE CONDITIONS OF THE EXISTING PERMIT(S) AS ORIGINALLY OBTAINED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE IS STRESSED ON THE FACT THAT ANY IMPACTS TO USACE JURISDICTIONAL WATERS OF THE U.S., INCLUDING JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS, BE THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROPOSED WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN NEAR NORMAL FLOW OF ANY JURISDICTIONAL WATERS OF THE U.S. AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION. IF THE CONTRACTOR NEEDS FURTHER EXPLANATION OF THE CONDITIONS OF THE PERMIT, INCLUDING MEANS OF COMPLIANCE, THEY MAY CONTACT THE YOAKUM DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR.

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

MP:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
GP:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
SHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
HWA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
OA:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
OU:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
S4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
BTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
OT:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
WP:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

VII. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No X Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes X No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	

VIII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

2.



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	CK: RG DW: VP		VP	CK: AR
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REVISIONS -12-2011 (DS)	0942	02	011		FM	2067
-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST				SHEET NO.	
-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	YKM				149	

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

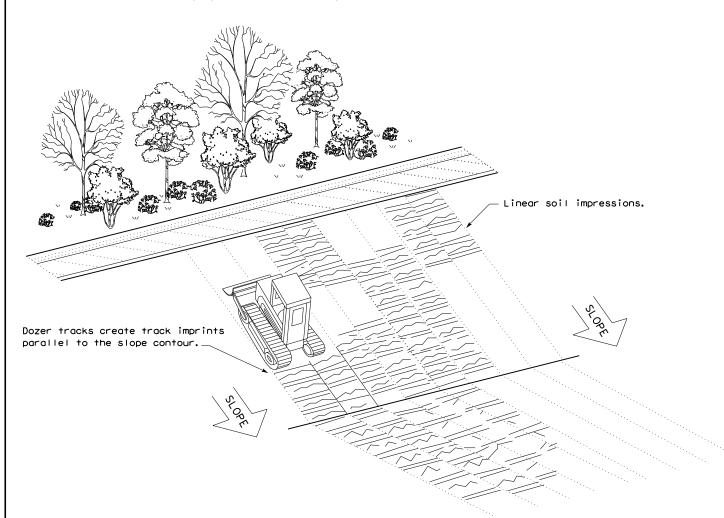
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 CPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1) - 16

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Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.

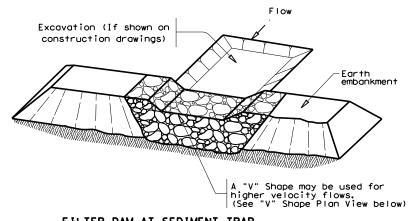
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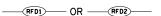
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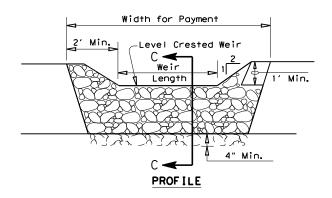
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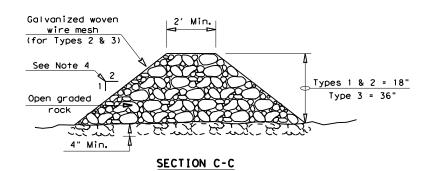
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FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

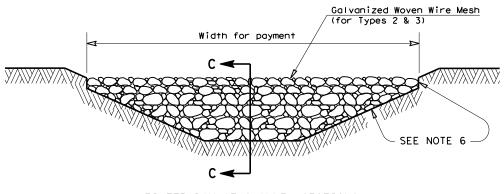
2' Dia.

to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

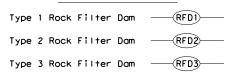


FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

PLAN SHEET LEGEND





TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2) - 16

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REVISIONS	0942	02 011			FM 2067		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO		
	YKM		GONZAL	ES		151	

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.