SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

BEGIN PROJECT

CSJ: 0809-04-057 STA 1607+72 REF MRK 352+1.18 LAT +31.4479895° LONG -94.0961724°

PREVIOUS PROJECT TIE:

PROJECT NO: FR 327(17)

CSJ: 0809-04-031

TIE-IN STA 1607+72

END PROJECT CSJ: 0809-04-057

STA: 1423+08

REF MRK 356+0.573 LAT: +31.4084245° LONG: -94.0595027°

PREVIOUS PROJECT TIE:
PROJECT NO: FR 327(18)

CSJ: 0809-04-032 TIE-IN STA 1423+08 STATE OF TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ILEXAS LFK SAN AUGUSTINE
CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO.

0809 04 057 US 96

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

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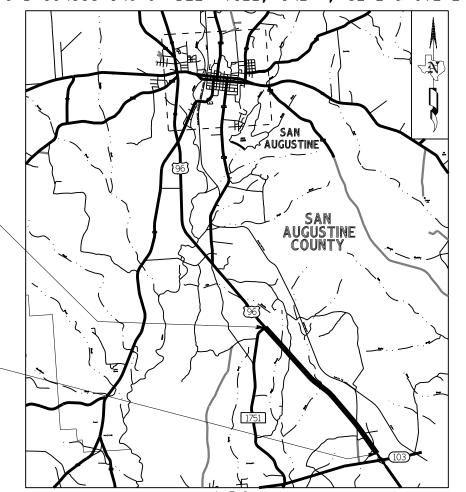
PROJECT F 2022(193)

US 96 SAN AUGUSTINE COUNTY

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 18,464 FT. = 3.497 MI.

LIMITS FROM: 0.21 MI S OF FM 1751 TO: 0.22 MI N OF SH 103

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF REHABILITATION OF EXISTING ROAD CONSISTING OF DEEP MILL, INLAY, SEAL & OVERLAY



NO EXCEPTIONS, NO EQUATIONS, NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 2012).

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FUNCTIONAL CLASS.: RURAL PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

DESIGN SPEED = 40 ADT (2018) = 2,326

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR:
CONSTRUCTION WORK ON THIS PROJECT WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS, CONTRACT AND APPROVED CHANGE ORDERS.
DATE

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

PROVIDE AND ERECT BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND AS DIRECTED.



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:_____

APPROVED FOR LETTING:_____

Ebaleth Ottego, P.E. 9/27/2021

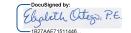
DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

DocuSigned by: kelly O. Morris, P. Eg/27/2021 F044211639424B4...

DISTRICT ENGINEER



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED BY # HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



9/24/2021

ELIZABETH A. ORTEGO, P.E.

DATE

INDEX SHEETS

	XAS (2021	DEPARTMENT OF	TR	ANSPORTATION
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0809	04	057		US 96
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
I FK	SA	AN AUGUSTI	NF	2

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES TXDOT SWP3 INDEX 80-87 SWP3 LAYOUTS TREE TRIMMING DETAILS BLOCK SOD DETAILS SMD (SLIP-3) -08 65 SMD(TWT)-08 66 D & OM(1)-20 67 D & OM(2)-20

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D & OM(3)-20 D & OM(4)-20

D & OM(5)-20

D & OM(6)-20

PM(1)-20

PM(2)-20

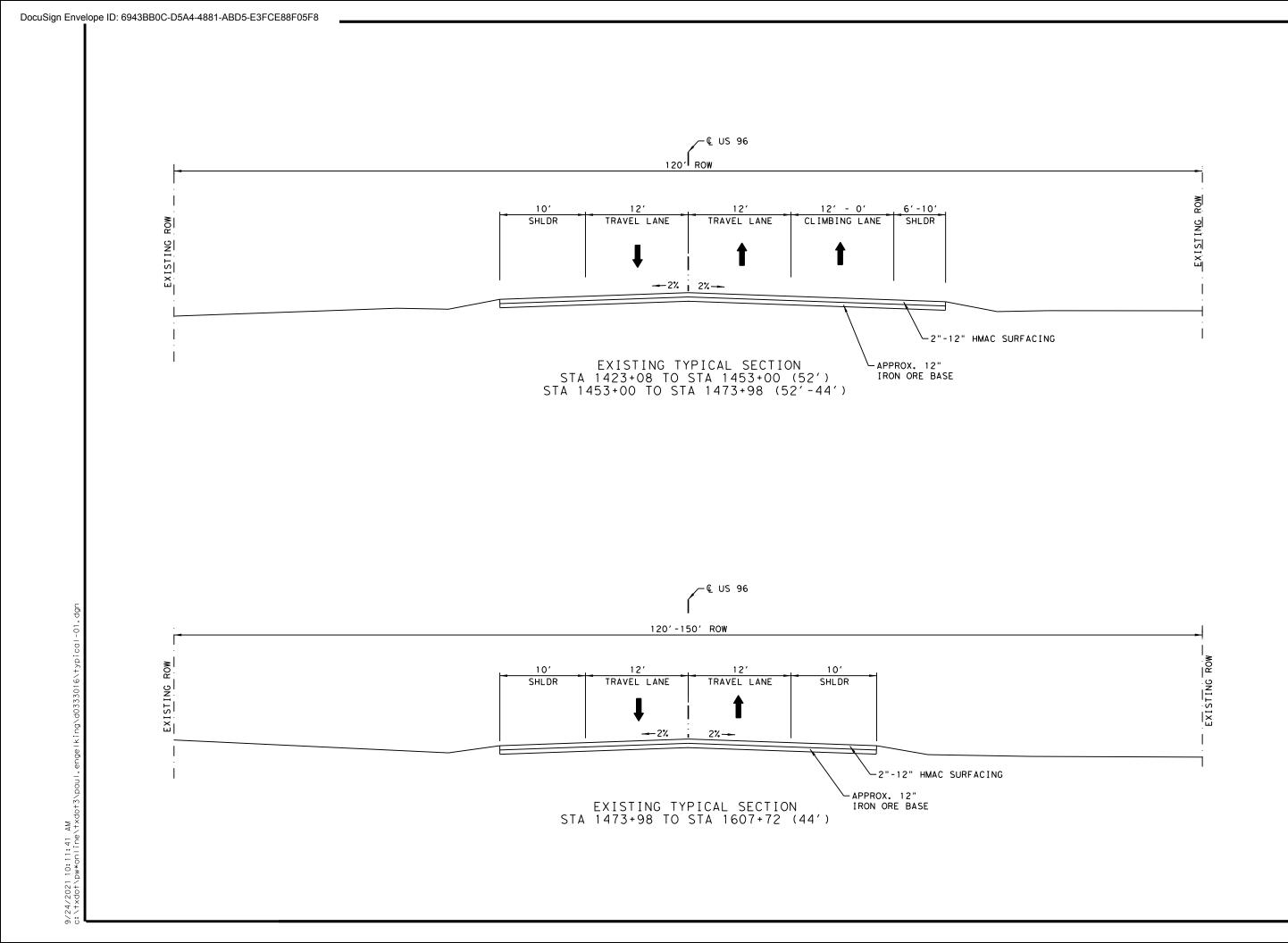
PM(3)-20

RS(2)-13

RS(3)-13

RS(4)-13

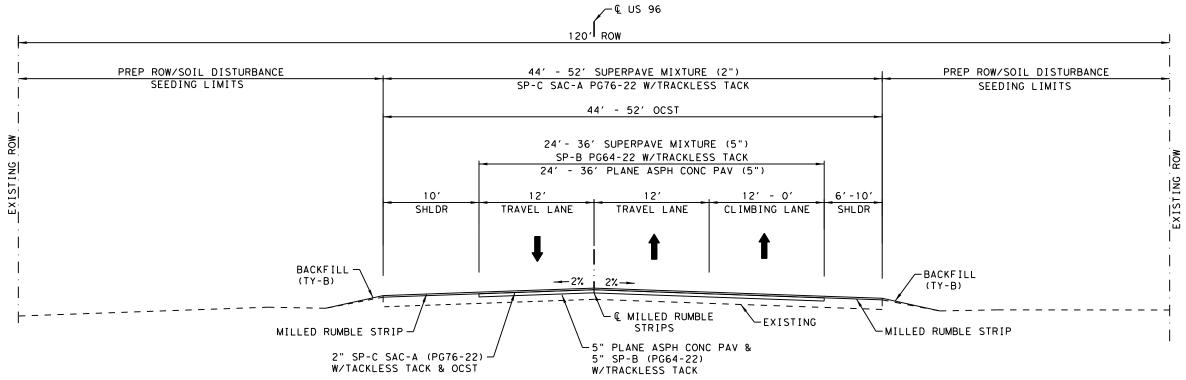
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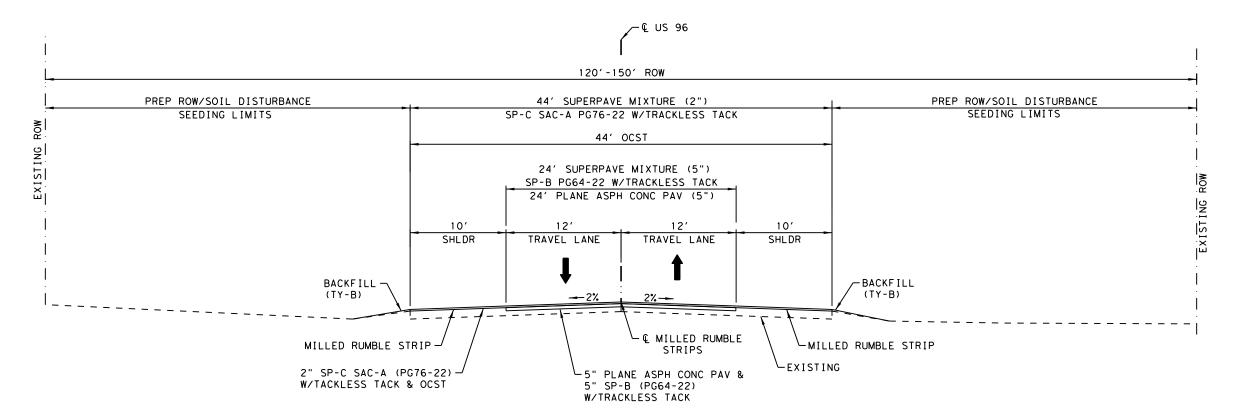


TYPICAL SECTIONS

	R XAS 2021	DEF	PARTMENT			AWSP()N
CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGH	HWAY	
0809	04		057			US	96	
DIST			COUNTY			SH	EET NO.	
LFK	SA	١N	AUGU:	STI	NE		3	



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION STA 1423+08 TO STA 1453+00 (52') STA 1453+00 TO STA 1473+98 (52'-44')



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION STA 1473+98 TO STA 1607+72 (44')



TYPICAL SECTIONS

	KAS 1	<i>DEPARTMENT OF</i> SHE		ANSPO		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY	
0809	04	057		US	96	,
DIST		COUNTY		SHI	EET	NO.
LFK	SA	N AUGUSTI	NE		4	

County: San Augustine Sheet 5

Highway: US 96 **Control:** 0809-04-057

GENERAL NOTES:

Existing regulatory, warning and guide signs within project limits are to remain visible to the traveling public at all times. If a sign must be repositioned during construction operations, move and install the sign to an approved location. Use care when working near existing signs and repair or replace signs damaged by work operations. All work involved repositioning existing signs will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway at any location damaged by construction operations. This work shall be done in an approved manner and will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Ensure drainage structures and outfall channels constructed on this project are free of silt and debris at the time of project acceptance. Final clean out work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Maintain adequate surface drainage throughout the project limits during all phases of construction.

Roadway cross slopes shall conform approximately to the existing surface, unless otherwise directed.

Provide suitable access at all times to adjacent businesses, private property and side roads.

When construction work necessitates the moving of mailboxes, temporarily relocate them as necessary to keep them clear of construction operations and convenient for the mail carrier. Mounts for temporarily relocating mailboxes shall conform to the Department's "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" or the mailbox standard. Temporary relocation of mailboxes will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Remove dirt, silt, rocks, debris and other foreign matter that accumulates in structures due to the Contractor's operations as directed. Keep stream channels open at all times. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s): Matt Brazil (Area Engineer) Matt.Brazil@txdot.gov
Randall Cooper (Asst. Area Engineer) Randal.Cooper@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Control: 0809-04-057

The contractor's attention is directed to the EPIC sheet included in this plan set for Environmental Issues and Commitments.

Project Mowing

Highway: US 96

The equipment used for mowing shall consist of approved mowing units capable of mowing on slopes without marring finished slope surfaces or injuring existing growth. The minimum cutting width shall not be less than 5 ft., unless otherwise approved.

Mow all areas of existing vegetation and vegetation placed during the project as directed. The mowing height shall be 5 in. unless otherwise directed. Repair portions of sod or grass that are injured during mowing operations as directed.

Mow as close as possible to all fixed objects, exercising extreme care not to damage trees, plants, shrubs, signs, delineators or other appurtenances which are part of the facility. Hand trim around such objects, unless otherwise specified.

Use safety chains or other manufacturer's safety device to prevent damage to people or property caused by flying debris propelled out from under rotary mowers. Chains shall be a minimum size of 5/16 in. and links spaced side by side around the mower's front, sides and rear. When mowing at the specified cutting height, the chains shall be long enough to drag the ground. If at any time, it is determined mowing or trimming equipment is defective to the point that it may affect the quality of work or create an unsafe condition, then that equipment shall be immediately repaired or replaced.

Litter Pickup

Remove litter from the right of way in the limits of this project a maximum of 3 cycles per year as directed. Litter pickup will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various bid items.

In addition to the requirements in Item 5, Section 11, Final Cleanup; remove litter from the right of way at locations where the Contractor may be required to mow. Litter pickup will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various bid items.

The equipment used for litter pickup shall be approved.

Collect and dispose of all litter deposited by construction operations or the traveling public including cans, bottles, paper, plastic items, metal scraps, lumber, etc. from within the project right of way or as directed. Properly dispose of all collected litter. Do not dump or stockpile collected litter on State property.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: San Augustine Sheet 5A

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057 Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

For removal of large dead animals, contact nearest TxDOT maintenance section for disposal instructions. Do not bury animal carcasses on State property.

Item 5: Control of the Work

There are several existing sewer manholes within the right of way. Work around them with care to prevent damage to the sewer system.

In the event utility lines needing unforeseen adjustments are encountered during construction operations, alter operations and continue to prosecute the contract in such a manner that will allow utility adjustments to be made by others. An extension of working time may be granted for any delays caused by the utility adjustments if deemed necessary.

Precast Alternate Proposals.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

This project has a soil disturbance of 5 acres or more.

The Department will be considered a primary operator for <u>Operational Control Over Plans and Specifications</u> as defined in TPDES GP TXR 150000 for construction activities in the right of way. The Department will post a large site notice, file a notice of intent (NOI), notice of change (NOC), if applicable, and a notice of termination (NOT) along with other requirements per TPDES GP TXR 150000 as the entity having operational control over plans and specifications for work shown on the plans in the right of way.

The Contractor will be considered a primary operator for <u>Day-to-Day Operational Control</u> as defined in TPDES GP TXR 150000 for construction activities in the right of way. In addition to the Department's actions, the Contractor shall file a NOI, NOC, if applicable, and NOT and post a large site notice along with other requirements as the entity of having day-to-day operational control of the work shown on the plans in the right of way. This is in addition to the Contractor being responsible for TPDES GP TXR 150000 requirements for on- right of way and off- right of way PSL's. Adhere to all requirements of the SWP3 as shown on the plans.

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State Right of Way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations and requirements.

Burning locations must be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning. Burning activities must be conducted in compliance with Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regulations. Notify the Engineer when burning activities will take place.

In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), construction activities that may affect nests (i.e. tree removal, tree limbing, bridge work) shall be conducted outside of the nesting season (March 15 to September 15). In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountered, contact the engineer prior to conducting work.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

For this project, working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Item 8, Section 3.1.4. "Standard Workweek".

Submit monthly progress schedules no later than the 20th calendar day of the month. Failure to comply with this deadline may result in the Engineer withholding progress (monthly) payments.

Provide a Critical Path Method (CPM) Construction Schedule unless otherwise approved.

The road-user cost liquidated damages are \$1008.00 per day.

Item 100: Preparing Right of Way

The equipment used to trim limbs shall be approved. A boom axe will not be allowed.

Item 132: Embankment

Hauling materials with scrapers across or along existing roadways will not be permitted without written permission.

Drying of material deeper than 6 inches below subgrade elevations will not be permitted without written permission.

Grading required for shaping driveways and side road turnouts for pipe culverts at all access locations, will be subsidiary to various bid items.

All blading, rolling, and scraper work to construct and remove temporary slopes adjacent to pavement drop-offs, will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Compact embankment material used to reshape existing slopes to a density comparable with adjacent undisturbed material to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

County: San Augustine Sheet

Highway: US 96 **Control:** 0809-04-057

Item 134: Backfilling Pavement Edges

Mix a minimum width of 6 ft. from the pavement edge and a depth of at least 6 inches with approved equipment. This mixing shall be done prior to placement of any additional material. Mixing will be subsidiary to Item 134.

Item 158: Specialized Excavation Work

Use specialized excavation work at structures to improve drainage as directed.

Item 162: Sodding for Erosion Control

Provide Bermuda block sod unless St. Augustine is the prevailing grass cover at particular placement locations. Provide St. Augustine block sod at those locations.

Item 166: Fertilizer

Fertilize all seeded or sodded areas.

Item 168: Vegetative Watering

Equip water trucks with sprinkler systems capable of watering all of the entire seeded or sodded areas from the roadway.

Water all newly placed sodded or seeded areas at the time of installation. Thereafter, maintain the sodded or seeded areas in a well-watered condition, at no time allow the areas to dry to a condition where water stress is evident.

Item 302: Aggregates for Surface Treatments

When using Type E, furnish Type E aggregate consisting of crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

When using Type PE aggregate, furnish Type PE aggregate consisting of precoated crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Locate aggregate stockpiles off the highway right of way unless otherwise approved.

Aggregate stockpile locations shall be approved prior to stockpiling.

When directed, flush aggregate stockpiled for surface treatment with water to remove excessive dust particles, in such sequence that will permit free water to drain from the stockpiled aggregate prior to surfacing operations. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

No surface aggregate classification is required.

County: San Augustine Sheet 5B

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

Item 316: Seal Coat

Open season for asphalt placement is from May 1 thru August 31. Do not place asphalt outside the open season without written approval.

The uniformity and rate of distribution of asphaltic material will be checked periodically during construction. Apply the seal coat in lane widths unless otherwise directed. Where extra width of surfacing has been provided in transitions and climbing lanes, seal the entire surface width.

Resurface county road turnouts and intersection areas as directed.

Place surface on driveways and other road turnouts prior to placing the final roadway surface.

Cease application of asphalt 2 hr. before sunset unless otherwise directed.

Cure the surface treatment as directed prior to placement of the overlay.

Use precoated aggregate with AC-15P and use non-precoated aggregate with CRS-2P.

Furnish medium pneumatic tire rollers in accordance Item 210, "Rolling". Provide enough rollers to perform the work as directed.

Sweep all roadways with a powered rotary broom prior to placement of the surface treatment to remove all loose or excess material or debris. After rolling, sweep as soon as aggregate has sufficiently bonded to remove excess. Use a vacuum broom on all roadway sections having curb and gutter and all roadway sections within the city limits of any city.

Blade the existing paved shoulders prior to surface treatment operations to remove existing overgrowth. This work will be subsidiary to Item 316.

Item 320: Equipment for Asphalt Concrete Pavement

Cover each load of asphalt with waterproof tarpaulins.

Remove and properly dispose of any piles of asphaltic concrete and all other debris left on the right of way daily.

Item 354: Planing and Texturing Pavement

Complete planing operations in adjacent lanes and shoulders to the same point at the end of each day.

RAP produced from this project may be used in the HMA mixtures. All RAP not utilized in the HMA shall be delivered to the TxDOT maintenance facility located at at *Sabine County Bronson Yard, SH 184 and FM 1, Bronson, TX 75930*

Cut the existing shoulder pavement to drain water away from planed travel lanes. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

County: San Augustine

Sheet

County: San Augustine

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

Use an approved ski device to control longitudinal grade.

Where the underlying flexible base is exposed during the planing operation, prime exposed area with asphalt at the rate directed and patch with an approved HMA material at the end of the day's operation in which it occurs. These items of work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 354.

Item 400: Excavation and Backfill for Structures

Replace excavated material deemed unsuitable for backfilling with material approved by the Engineer, paid for under the pertinent bid items or as extra work. This provision does not apply to excavated materials that are too wet and are replaced for the Contractor's convenience to expedite the work.

When excavation does not generate enough material to complete the backfill, additional material must be approved prior to use. Additional material will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Item 420: Concrete Substructures

Limit work on structures crossing the roadway to one side of the roadway at a time. No work shall begin on the opposite side of the roadway until backfilling of the initially extended portion of the structure is completed.

Item 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

The Engineer will provide curing facilities and strength testing equipment for acceptance testing at TxDOT San Augustine Maintenance Office, 551 El Camino Crossing (US 96 South), San Augustine, TX 75972

Item 432: Riprap

Stone riprap will require the placement of filter fabric prior to placement of stones.

Welded wire fabric will not be allowed for reinforcing concrete riprap. Reinforcing shall consist of No. 3 or 4 bars meeting the requirements of grade 60 reinforcing steel. Place bars on 12 in. centers in each direction, supported on reinforcing chairs.

Item 464: Reinforced Concrete Pipe

Lay each private entrance or side road pipe culvert to the line and grade as directed.

Limit work on pipe culverts crossing the road to one side of the roadway at a time. No work shall begin on the opposite side of the roadway until backfilling the first side of the pipe culvert being extended is complete.

When excavation does not generate enough material to complete the backfill, additional material must be approved prior to use.

Highway: US 96 **Control:** 0809-04-057

Sheet 5C

Item 466: Headwalls and Wingwalls

Provide cast-in-place headwalls and wingwalls.

Item 467: Safety End Treatment

Use Type II precast concrete units of the same style and design.

Provide 12 in. deep toewalls on Type II precast safety end treatments.

To improve drainage, grade existing ditch within ten feet of proposed safety end treatment. This work shall be subsidiary to Item 467.

When excavation does not generate enough material to complete the backfill, additional material must be approved prior to use.

Check each location where safety end treatments are to be installed to verify pipe lengths shown will produce the desired slope. Extra pipe will be paid for, but removing and replacing safety end treatment units previously installed under this Contract will not be paid for.

Place safety end treatments along the same slope as the pipe.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Traffic Control Plan (TCP):

Ensure the Contractor's Responsible Person (CRP) or their alternate for Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling is available at all times and able to receive instructions from the Engineer or authorized Department representative. The CRP shall be a person that is usually at the project site during normal working hours.

For protection of the traveling public, direct traffic through the work area using signs, flaggers and other devices. Required signs are shown in the plans on the Barricade and Construction Standards and Traffic Control Plan Sheets. The latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" shall also be used as a guide for handling traffic on this project.

Use "Do Not Pass" (R4-1) signs to mark the beginnings of roadway sections where passing is prohibited and use "Pass With Care" (R4-2) signs to mark the beginnings of roadway sections where passing is permitted. Install signs at the time signing for project limits are erected. Sign placement shall be verified and approved.

This project requires speed reduction signs during construction. Fabricate, provide and maintain speed limit signs (XX mph) as shown on BC(3)-21 standards. Remove or cover regulatory (black and white) speed limit signs, when not applicable.

Furnishing, erecting, relocating and removing temporary speed zone signs is subsidiary to Item 502.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

County: San Augustine Sheet

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057 Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

County: San Augustine

Install "No Center Line" (CW8-12) signs at 2-mile intervals. Install "Loose Gravel" (CW8-7) and "Next XX Miles" (CW7-3aP) signs as directed prior to the start of surface treatment operations.

Restrict construction work to single lane widths with only minor disruptions in traffic flow. Lane closures shall conform to the Traffic Control Plan for lane closures as shown in the plans. No overnight closures will be permitted.

Limit lane closures for 2 lane roads to 1 mi. in length, unless otherwise approved.

Lane closure lengths can exclude the end tapers.

Plan the sequence of work to minimize the time lane closures are in place. Install lane closures only where construction operations are anticipated to start within 1 hr. and limited to the amount of lane that can be reached by the construction activity within 2 hr. unless otherwise approved.

Provide channelizing devices to restrict traffic from traveling on the shoulders.

Provide flashing arrow panels to supplement required signs and devices for lane closures.

Provide temporary rumble strips as shown on work zone rumble strip standards.

Provide a pilot car to lead traffic through the work area. The pilot car will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Halt traffic during the time asphalt is being applied to the roadway. No vehicles will be allowed to pass the asphalt distributor during asphalt application.

Provide adequate flaggers to protect the traveling public when working on or near a roadway carrying traffic. All flaggers shall wear hardhats and reflective vests.

Install "Be Prepared to Stop" (CW3-4) and "Flagger Ahead" (CW20-7aD) signs when flaggers are present. Position the signs where good visibility and traffic control can be maintained.

Use a flashing arrow board in addition to the required signs to warn motorists of flaggers.

Use additional flaggers at roadway intersections to direct traffic entering the work area, when deemed necessary by the Engineer.

Open all traffic lanes to traffic at the close of work each day.

Provide one high-intensity yellow, rotating dome-light on all equipment such as distributors, spreader boxes, lay-down machines, dump trucks, rollers, backhoes, road graders, loaders, etc. within the work zone. Mount lights high enough to be visible from all directions and operating when the equipment is in the work zone. On all other equipment such as automobiles, trailers, etc. use emergency flashers while within the work zone.

Install "Shoulder Drop-Off" (CW8-9aT) and "Uneven Lanes" (CW8-11) signs at one-half mile spacings as the hot mix asphalt is placed, unless otherwise directed. Maintain signs until the condition is eliminated.

Sheet 5D

Install vertical panels or drums at 100-ft. spacings where drop-offs or construction work occurs along edges of existing pavement. Unless otherwise authorized, these shall remain in place until final striping.

Install "Slow Down on Wet Road" (CW8-5aT), "Shoulder Drop-Off" (CW8-17), "Uneven Lanes" (CW8-11), "Bump" (CW8-1) and "Soft Shoulder" (CW8-4) signs during construction as directed.

Restrict construction operations so that no drop off along the edge of pavement will remain overnight.

All blading, rolling and scraper work to construct and remove temporary slopes adjacent to pavement drop-offs, will be considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Notify the Engineer prior to placing any materials or equipment on the right of way. Locate equipment, stockpiles or other materials not in use as far as possible from the driving lanes and in no case closer than 30 ft. unless otherwise authorized. Any equipment, stockpiles, or materials placed within 30 ft. of the driving lane must have adequate signs, barricades or other warning devices as approved. As a minimum place an 8 ft. wide TY III Barricade or barrels on the approach side of each site that is within 30 ft. of the driving lane. Use TY III Barricade or barrels for the site similarly on the departure side if the location is within 30 ft. of the opposing traffic lane.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Texas Transportation Code 547.105 authorizes the use of warning lights to promote safety and provides an effective means of gaining the travelling public's attention as they drive in areas where construction crews are present. In order to influence the public to move over when high risk construction activities are taking place, minimize the utilization of blue warning lights. These lights must be used only while performing work on or near the travel lanes or shoulder where the travelling public encounters construction crews that are not protected by a standard work zone set up such as a lane closure, shoulder closure, or one-way traffic control. Refrain from leaving the warning lights engaged while travelling from one work location to another or while parked on the right of way away from the pavement or a work zone.

Temporary stop lines as shown on TCP (2-2)-18 should be omitted.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

County: San Augustine

Sheet

County: San Augustine

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057 Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

Provide an illuminated flagger station when nighttime work is performed.

All workers on TxDOT right-of-way shall wear reflective clothing meeting ANSI Class II requirements during the day and ANSI Class III requirements during the night.

Item 504: Field Office and Laboratory

Provide a Type D Structure. Asphalt content will be determined by the ignition method.

Provide a lockable file cabinet, desk and chair in a contractor's field office for TxDOT use.

Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Furnish compost for core material in biodegradable erosion control logs.

Locations and types of BMPs may require adjustments prior to or after placement as directed by the Engineer. Adjustments should be made to ensure BMPs are working effectively and maintain compliance with the Construction General Permit. Notify the Engineer prior to making adjustments.

Item 530: Intersections, Driveways, and Turnouts

Welded wire fabric will not be allowed for reinforcing concrete driveways. Use reinforcing steel consisting of No. 3 or 4 bars meeting the requirements of grade 60 reinforcing steel. Place bars on 12 in. centers in each direction, supported on reinforcing chairs.

Item 560: Mailbox Assemblies

Repair and, if necessary, replace mailboxes damaged by construction operations.

The number and type of mailbox assemblies shown in the plans are for estimating purposes; actual quantities may vary.

Use 1 size 3 reflector mounted on the upstream and downstream sides of the post as directed for single and double mailbox assemblies.

Use 1 strip of reflective sheeting on the upstream and downstream sides of post for multiple mailbox assemblies in lieu of the Type 2 object marker shown on the mailbox standards. Each strip shall be approximately 12 in. wide. Use reflective sheeting conforming to DMS-8600.

Item 585: Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces

Use Surface Test Type B pay adjustment schedule 2.

Item 644: Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

Install adjacent signs with bottom edges at equal heights.

Sign placement shall be in accordance with the "Sign Crew Field Book" and as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Stake all sign support locations for verification and approval.

Sheet 5E

Existing supports shall not be reused, and shall become the property of the Contractor.

Salvage all sign blanks to be removed and deliver the same day to TxDOT's facility at Sabine County Bronson Yard, SH 184 and FM 1, Bronson, TX 75930.

Place relocated signs as close as feasible to existing signs, unless placement conflicts with the Sign Crew Field Book.

Prior to ordering signs, advisory speeds at horizontal curves shall be verified by the department.

Wrap red retroreflective tape (NGIP Code 801-49-87-1008) around the support post of all STOP, YIELD, and DO NOT ENTER signs. Tape shall be placed approximately 4 feet above the surface of the edge of the roadway adjacent to the sign and shall be wrapped to a height of 12 inches. The tape and the placement of the tape on the sign posts shall be subsidiary to the sign assembly.

Item 662: Work Zone Pavement Markings

Standard work zone pavement markings shall be paint and glass beads or thermoplastic.

Install short term pavement markings (removable) on the finish course of the overlay immediately following final rolling, offset from lane lines so there will be no conflict with permanent stripes.

Place short term pavement markings on the existing pavement after planing.

After placement of permanent striping on the finish course, remove all short term pavement markings.

Furnish Type II glass beads conforming to DMS-8290, "Glass Traffic Beads", for hot applied thermoplastic and traffic paint markings.

Item 666: Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Remove loose aggregate immediately prior to placing pavement markings.

Place reflectorized pavement markings no sooner than 3 days nor later than 14 days after placement of the surface treatment.

Before construction operations begin, observe and mark existing passing/no passing zones. Passing/no passing zones shall be verified prior to placement of permanent pavement markings.

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L

County: San Augustine Sheet

Highway: US 96 **Control:** 0809-04-057

Furnish Type II glass beads conforming to DMS-8290, "Glass Traffic Beads", for Type I and II Markings.

Use Type II pavement markings as a sealer for Type I pavement markings.

Item 672: Raised Pavement Markers

Place permanent raised pavement markers after permanent striping has been completed.

Item 3077: Superpave Mixtures

Shoulders and ramps are not subject to in-place air void determination and pay adjustment.

TX-203 Will be ran on the complete mix and a requires minimum of 45%

Add hydrated lime to all HMA mixtures at a minimum rate of 1.0% by weight of the total aggregate, except for those mixtures containing RAP and/or RAS. Mixtures that contain RAP and/or RAS shall be designed at a minimum rate of 0.5 % of lime by weight and the test results will be evaluated by the engineer to determine if lime or a liquid anti-strip additive will be used. The hydrated lime shall meet the requirements of DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". The hydrated lime shall be added in accordance with the construction method in Item 301, "Asphalt Antistripping Agents". This lime will be subsidiary to this item.

Trial batches may be required whenever the design has not been produced in the previous 12 months. Trial batches will be subsidiary to the bid item.

Provide a tack that meets the requirements of Item 300, Table 3A or Table 10A, unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Cover each load of mixture with waterproof tarpaulins.

Operate the spreading and finishing machine at a uniform forward speed consistent with the plant production rate, hauling capability, and roller train capacity to result in a continuous operation. The speed shall be slow enough so that stopping between trucks is not ordinarily required. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, sporadic delivery of material is adversely affecting the HMA placement, the Engineer may require paving operations to cease until acceptable methods are employed to minimize starting and stopping of the paver.

A material transfer vehicle (MTV) will be required for all courses of HMA on this project. An MTV is defined as a self-propelled, wheel-mounted vehicle capable of receiving HMA from the haul trucks separate from the paver. The MTV shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons and shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and a means of completely remixing the HMA prior to placement.

Remove and properly dispose of any piles of asphaltic concrete and all other debris left on the right of way daily.

County: San Augustine Sheet 5F

Highway: US 96 Control: 0809-04-057

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

2 TMAs (stationary) will be required for this project. 2 TMAs (mobile) will be required for mobile operations. The contractor will be responsible for determining if multiple operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet M General Notes Sheet N



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0809-04-057

DISTRICT Lufkin HIGHWAY US 96 **COUNTY** San Augustine

Report Created On: Oct 1, 2021 11:35:03 AM

	<u> </u>	CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0809-04	l-057		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00133	3123		
		<u>_</u>	OUNTY	San Augu		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	6		FINAL		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	185.000		185.000	
	132-6019	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	16.000		16.000	
	134-6002	BACKFILL (TY B)	STA	184.600		184.600	
	158-6003	SPEC EXCAV WORK (HYD EXCAVATOR)	HR	33.000		33.000	
	162-6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	1,010.000		1,010.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	12,309.000		12,309.000	
İ	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	12,309.000		12,309.000	
İ	164-6021	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(SANDY)	SY	24,619.000		24,619.000	
İ	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	1,000.500		1,000.500	
ļ	316-6416	AGGR (TY E OR L, PE OR PL GR 4)	CY	722.000		722.000	
İ	316-6530	ASPH (AC-15P OR CRS-2P)	TON	168.000		168.000	
İ	351-6008	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(12")	SY	1,500.000		1,500.000	
İ	354-6100	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (5")	SY	54,626.000		54,626.000	
İ	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	20.000		20.000	
İ	400-6008	CUT & RESTORE ASPH PAVING	SY	37.000		37.000	
İ	400-6012	CUT AND RESTORE PAV (FLEX BASE)	SY	150.000		150.000	
İ	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	13.000		13.000	
İ	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	112.000		112.000	
İ	432-6026	RIPRAP (STONE COMMON)(DRY)(18 IN)	CY	24.000		24.000	
İ	464-6003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	422.000		422.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	464-6010	RC PIPE (CL III)(48 IN)	LF	24.000		24.000	
	466-6041	HEADWALL (CH - FW - 30) (DIA= 48 IN)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	466-6056	HEADWALL (CH - FW - 45) (DIA= 48 IN)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	467-6363	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	32.000		32.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	467-6580	SET (REMOV & REINSTALL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6016	REMOV STR (PIPE)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	19.000		19.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	500.000		500.000	
Ī	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	500.000		500.000	
Ī	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	266.000		266.000	
İ	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	266.000		266.000	
İ	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	7,905.000		7,905.000	
Ī	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	7,905.000		7,905.000	
	530-6005	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	1,261.000		1,261.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Lufkin	San Augustine	0809-04-057	6



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0809-04-057

DISTRICT Lufkin HIGHWAY US 96

COUNTY San Augustine

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0809-04	-057		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00133	123		
		C	OUNTY	San Augu	ıstine	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 9	6		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	36,928.000		36,928.000	
	533-6004	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE) ASPHALT	LF	21,454.000		21,454.000	
	560-6007	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (WC-POST) TY 3	EA	5.000		5.000	
	560-6008	MAILBOX INSTALL-D (WC-POST) TY 3	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6007	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6060	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	644-6061	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(T)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	23.000		23.000	
	658-6101	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX)SRF)SRF	EA	30.000		30.000	
	662-6001	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)4"(BRK)	LF	684.000		684.000	
	662-6032	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(BRK)	LF	2,502.000		2,502.000	
	662-6034	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	11,520.000		11,520.000	
	662-6060	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(BRK)	LF	342.000		342.000	
	662-6093	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(BRK)	LF	1,251.000		1,251.000	
	662-6095	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	5,765.000		5,765.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	228.000		228.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	2,124.000		2,124.000	
	666-6302	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	750.000		750.000	
	666-6311	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	2,810.000		2,810.000	
	666-6314	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	25,583.000		25,583.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	38.000		38.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	466.000		466.000	
	3077-6001	SP MIXESSP-BPG64-22	TON	15,022.000		15,022.000	
	3077-6033	SP MIXESSP-CSAC-A PG76-22	TON	10,325.000		10,325.000	
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	4,456.000		4,456.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	78.000		78.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	18.000		18.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Lufkin	San Augustine	0809-04-057	6A

(2) USE AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER

(3) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

(4) USE PRECOATED AGGREGATE WITH AC-15P AND NON-PRECOATED AGGREGATE WITH CRS-2P

				SUMMARY	OF WORK ZO	NE PAVEMEN	IT MARKING	S						
			ITEM NO.			662								
				(6)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(5)	(5)			
LIMITS		rs	LENGTH (FT)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W) 4" (BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2			
STATION	то	STATION		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA			
1423+08.00	ТО	1607+72.00	18464.00	2502		11520		1251	5765		2124			
1423+08.00	ТО	1452+98.00	2990.00	684			342			228				
			PROJECT TOTALS	684	2502	11520	342	1251	5765	228	2124			

(5) PLACE ON OCST

(6) PLACE ON PLANING & INLAY

(7) PLACE ON FINAL SURFACE

				SUMMARY OF	PAVEMENT	MARKINGS 8	& MARKERS						
			ITEM NO.	5	33		666			672			
	LIMITS		LENGTH	(8) RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) RUMBLE S (CENTER ASPHA			RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK) (O9OMIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD) (O9OMIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A			
STATION	ТО	STATION	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA			
1423+08.00	ТО	1607+72.00	18464.00	36928	18464	64 2810		2810 25583		466			
1423+08.00	1423+08.00 TO 1452+98.00		2990.00		2990	750			38				
			PROJECT TOTALS	36928	21454	750	2810	25583	38	466			

(8) SEE STANDARD SHEET RS(4)-13 OPTION 4

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

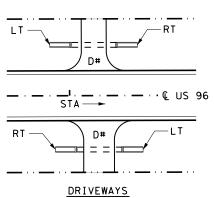
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
©2021 SHEET 1 OF 6 057 0809 04 US 96

LFK SAN AUGUSTINE 7

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												DRIVEWAY AND SIDEROA	D SUMMA	RY										
					_	EOP						DESCRIPTION	ITEM 158	ITEM 162	I TEM 168	l	ГЕМ 00		ГЕМ 64	1	M 467 12)	I TEM 496	I TEM 530	I TEM 3076
ID	(9)	SET	EXISTING	1 .	с WIDTH	FROM	0 1	50104		OF F FROI			SPEC EXCAV	(11)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	CUT & RESTORE	CUT & RESTORE		PIPE III)	(RCP	TY II:)(6:1) (P)	REMOV	DRIVEWAYS	(13) D-GR HMA TY-D
	STATION	OFF	MATERIAL	C S	AVG	OFFSET		_	EXISTING STRUCTURE	EXIST	PROP	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	WORK (HYD EXCAVATOR)	BLOCK SODDING		ASPH	PAV (FLEX BASE)	(18 IN)		(18 IN)	(24 IN)	STR (PIPE)	(ACP)	PG70-22 220 LBS/SY
					LF	FT	RT	LT		FT	FT		HR	SY	MG	SY	SY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	SY	TON
D1	1425+85	RT	L IMESTONE ROCK	R	16	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/ SET	41		NO WORK												
D2	1426+84	RT	DIRT/ ASPHALT	R	28	2	20	20	24" X 28' CMP NO SET	42	42	REMOVE 24" CMP REPLACE W/18" X 28' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	2	22	0.4		12		28		2	1	9	
D3	1429+40	RT	GRAVEL	R	19	2	10	10	NONE		42	INSTALL 18' X 24' RCP (CL III) W/SET (TY II) (18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4		10	24		2			8	
D4	1431+30	RT	DIRT	R	35	2	10	10	18" X 32' CMP NO SET	42	42	REMOVE 18" CMP REPLACE W/18" X 32' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4		15	32		2		1	10	
D5	1434+54	LΤ	DIRT	R	17	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/SET	34		NO WORK											7	
D6	1435+52	LT	ASPHALT	R	13	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/SET	24		NO WORK											6	1
D7	1438+04	LT	ASPHALT	R	13	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/SET	35	35	SET DISJOINTED, RESET SET	1	11	0.2								6	1
D8	1440+68	RT	DIRT	R	17	2	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET	41	41	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4		9	24		2		1	7	
D9	1442+20	LT	ASPHALT	s	44	40	40	15	NO PIPE (CR 415)			NO WORK											183	20
D10	1449+66	RT	ASPHALT	S	20	29	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET (CR 418)	43	43	REMOVE 15" RCP W/SET REPLACE W/18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4	9		24		2			68	7
D11	1453+00	LT	ASPHALT	R	15	2	10	10	15" X 20' RCP W/ SET	35	35	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 20' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4	6		20		2			6	1
D12	1454+44	LT	ASPHALT	R	14	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/SET	35		NO WORK											6	1
D13	1461+00	LT	ASPHALT	S	46	38	80	20	18" X 58' RCP W/SET (CR 415)	42		NO WORK											187	21
D14	1462+30	RT	ASPHALT	S	58	30	100	20	NO PIPE (CR 413)			NO WORK											201	22
D15	1465+38	LT	GRAVEL	R	14	2	10	10	15" RCP W∕ SET	31	31	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 20' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22			6	20		2			6	
												SHEET TOTALS	9.0	165	2.6	15	52	144	28	12	2	3	710	74

(9) A FULL TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY
WAS NOT PERFORMED. STATIONS
WERE ACQUIRED USING A DIGITAL
MEASURING INSTRUMENT (DMI) AND
SATELLITE IMAGERY. THE STATIONS
SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND SHALL
BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR
PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.



(10) R - RESIDENTIAL C - COMMERCIAL

S - SIDEROAD

REQUIRED BLOCK SO AT EACH SET END	ODDING
CULVERT SIZE	SY
15"	10
18"	11
24"	13
30"	16

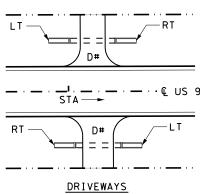
11)

- 12) PROVIDE 12" DEEP
 TOEWALL FOR ALL SET'S.
- 13) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

TE ©2		DEF	PARTMEN				PORTA OF	
CONT	SECT		JOB			ΗI	GHWAY	
0809	04		057			US	96	U,
DIST			COUNT	r		s	HEET	NO.
LFK	SA	١N	AUGU	STI	NE		8	

											DRIVEWAY AND SIDEROAD SUMM	MARY (CO	UNITNO	ED)									
						٩					DESCRIPTION	I TEM 158	I TEM 162	I TEM 168		EM 00		ГЕМ 64		M 467 12)	I TEM 496	I TEM 530	I TEM 3076
	(9)	SET	EXISTING	(10) R	WIDTH	FROM EOP	<u> </u>	RADIOS		OFFSET FROM CL		SPEC EXCAV	(11)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	CUT &	CUT & RESTORE	(CL	PIPE III)	(RCP	TY II))(6:1) :P)	REMOV	DDIVEWAYC	(13) D-GR HMA TY-D
ID	STATION		MATERIAL	C	AVG	OFFSET	Č	A A	EXISTING STRUCTURE	EXIST	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	WORK (HYD EXCAVATOR)	BLOCK SODDING	(10 GAL/SY) (2 APPS)	RESTORE ASPH PAVING	PAV (FLEX BASE)	(18 IN)		(18 IN)	(24 IN)	STR (PIPE)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	PG70-22 220 LBS/SY
					LF	FT	RT	LT		FT FT		HR	SY	MG	SY	SY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	SY	TON
D16	1466+27	RT	GRAVEL	R	17	2	10	10	18" X 24' RCP W/SET	41 41	SET DISJOINTED, RESET SET	1	11									6	
D17	1469+69	RT	DIRT	R	18	2	10	10	NONE		NO WORK												
D18	1478+20	RT	GRASS	R	20	2	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET	35 35	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22			9	24		2			7	
D19	1479+32	LT	DIRT	R	16	2	10	10	24" X 24' CMP NO SET	31 31	REMOVE 24" CMP REPLACE W/ 24" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	2	26	0.5		8		24		2	2	6	
D20	1480+40	RT	ASPHALT	R	17	2	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET	34 34	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22		7		24		2			7	1
D20A	1481+80	RT	ASPHALT	R	18	2	10	10	15" X 34' RCP W/ SET	34 34	REMOVE 15" RCP REPLACE W/18" X 34' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6:1)(P) LT & RT	1	22		8		34		2			8	1
D21	1482+08	LT	ASPHALT	R	13	2	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET	31 31	REMOVE 15" RCP & SET ADD 18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4	7		24		2			6	1
D22	1483+76	RT	MIX MILLINGS	R	25	2	10	10	NONE		NO WORK											11	
D23	1484+60	LT	GLAUCONITE	R	21	2	10	10	18" X 30' CCP W/SET	31 31	REMOVE 18" CCP & SET ADD 18" X 30' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4		11	30		2			8	
D24	1486+63	LT	ASPHALT	R	15	2	10	10	18" X 22' CCP NO SET	31 31	REMOVE 18" CCP ADD 18" X 22' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	1	22	0.4		7	22		2			6	1
D25	1496+29	RT	GLAUCONITE	С	28	10	10	10	18" X 36' CCP W/SET	33 33	REMOVE 18" CCP & SET ADD 18" X 36' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6"1)(P) LT & RT	1	22			14	36		2			43	
D26	1520+61	RT	DIRT	R	20	2	10	10	15" X 30' RCP W/ SET	35 35	REMOVE 15" CCP & SET ADD 18" X 30' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II)(18")(RCP)(6"1)(P) LT & RT	1	22			10	30		2			8	
D27	1526+23	LT	ASPH MIX	R	18	2	10	10	PIPE OUTSIDE ROW	81	NO WORK											8	1
D28	1532+08	RT	DIRT	R	26	2	10	10	18' X 30' RCP W/SET	31	SET DISJOINTED, RESET SET	1	11									8	
											SHEET TOTALS	12	224	1,7	22	59	224	24	16	2	2	1 32	5



10) R - RESIDENTIAL C - COMMERCIAL

S - SIDEROAD

REQUIRED BLOCK SODDING AT EACH SET END

CULVERT SIZE SY

15" 10

18" 11

24" 13

30" 16

- 12) PROVIDE 12" DEEP TOEWALL FOR ALL SET'S.
- 13) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

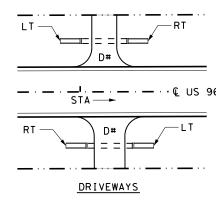
	XAS (2021	DEPARTMENT OF SHE			ORTATION OF 6
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAWH
0809	04	057		US	96
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.
LFK	SA	AN AUGUSTI	NE		9

9) A FULL TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY
WAS NOT PERFORMED, STATIONS
WERE ACQUIRED USING A DIGITAL
MEASURING INSTRUMENT (DMI) AND
SATTELITE IMAGERY, THE STATIONS
SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND SHALL
BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR
PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.

RT

	_																							
												DRIVEWAY AND SIDEROAD SUMM	MARY (CC	UNITNU	IED)									
						EOP						DESCRIPTION	I TEM 158	I TEM 162	I TEM 168		EM OO		ΓΕΜ 64		/ 467 12)	I TEM 496	I TEM 530	I TEM 3076
		L		(10)	WIDTH	FROM EC	SANTIIS			-	SET M CL		SPEC EXCAV	(11)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	l col «	CUT & RESTORE	-	PIPE III)	(RCP	TY II))(6:1) P)	REMOV		(13) D-GR HMA TY-D
ID	(9) STATION	OFFSE	EXISTING MATERIAL	R C S	AVG	FSET	ă	<u> </u>	EXISTING	EXIST	PROP	PROPOSED	WORK (HYD	BLOCK SODDING		RESTORE ASPH PAVING	PAV (FLEX		(24		(24	STR (PIPE)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	PG70-22
				3		OF			STRUCTURE	EX	P. P.	STRUCTURE	EXCAVATOR)		(10 GAL/SY) (2 APPS)	FAVING	BASE)	IN)	IN)	IN)	IN)			220 LBS/SY
					LF	FT	RT	LT		FT	FT		HR	SY	MG	SY	SY	LF	LF	EΑ	EΑ	EΑ	SY	TON
D29	1545+20	LT	DIRT	R	22	2	10	10	24" X 40' CMP NO SET	37	37	REMOVE 24" CMP REPLACE WITH 24" X 40' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	2	26	0.5		11		40		2		8	
D30	1548+55	RT	ASPHALT	R	32	2	10	10	18" RCP, W/SET	33		NO WORK											10	1
D31	1548+78	LT	ASPHALT	R	37	2	10	10	18" RCP, W/SET	35		NO WORK											52	6
D32	1552+49	RT	GRAVEL	R	32	2	10	10	NONE		35	ADD 18' X 34' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT. SHOULD DRAIN TO CULVERT AT STA 1553+60.90	1	22			11	30		2			13	
D33	1575+00	LT	GRAVEL	s	48	39	70	20	NO PIPE (CR 410)			NO WORK											194	
D34	1575+70	RT	ASPHALT	S	24	37	10	10	NO PIPE (CR 184)			NO WORK											104	11
D35	1578+40	RT	DIRT	R	25	2	10	10	NONE			NO WORK											9	
D36	1594+26	LT	DIRT	R	12	2	10	10	24" X 28' STEEL PIPE W/HOME MADE SET	34	34	REMOVE 24" STEEL PIPE AND SET ADD 24" X 28' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	2	26	0.5		8		28		2		6	
D37	1599+32	RT	DIRT	R	20	2	10	10	NONE			NO WORK											7	
D38	1600+05	LT	DIRT	R	20	2	10	10	15" X 24' RCP W/ SET	37	37	REMOVE 15" CMP REPLACE WITH 18" X 24' RCP (CL III) & ADD SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P) LT & RT	1	22			9	24		2			7	
D39	1602+50	RT	DIRT	R	30	2	10	10	NONE			NO WORK											9	
			•				•					SHEET TOTALS	6	96	1	0	39	54	68	4	4	0	419	18
												PROJECT TOTALS	27	485	5, 3	37	150	422	120	32	8	5	1261	97

9) A FULL TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY
WAS NOT PERFORMED. STATIONS
WERE ACQUIRED USING A DIGITAL
MEASURING INSTRUMENT (DMI) AND
SATTELITE IMAGERY. THE STATIONS
SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND SHALL
BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR
PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.



10)
R - RESIDENTIAL
C - COMMERCIAL
S - SIDEROAD

11)	REQUIRED BLOCK SO AT EACH SET END	ODDING
	CULVERT SIZE	SY
	15"	10
	18"	11
	24"	13
	30"	16

12) PROVIDE 12" DEEP TOEWALL FOR ALL SET'S.

13) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

(16) APPLY FERTILIZER ON PERMANENT SEEDING AS DIRECTED

(17) PLACE AS DIRECTED

LOCATIONS AND TYPES OF BMPs MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENTS PRIOR TO OR AFTER PLACEMENT AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE TO ENSURE BMPs ARE WORKING EFFECTIVELY AND MAINTAIN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT. NOTIFY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO MAKING ADJUSTMENTS.

		FLEXIBLE PAV	EMENT REPAIR			
ITEM NO.	105	3076	351	31	16	
	(14)	(14)	(15)	(14)	(14)	
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE &	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE	AGGR (TY PE GR 4 OR PL GR 4)	ASPH (AC-15P OR CRS-2P)	
	ASPH PAV	(1320 LBS/SY)	REPAIR(12")	(1 CY/110 SY)	(0.35 GAL/SY)	
	SY	TON	SY	CY	GAL	
LOCATIONS AS DIRECTED	1500	990	1500	14	525	
PROJECT TOTALS	1500	990	1500	14	525	

(14) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

(15) TO BE USED AS DIRECTED

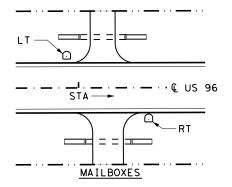
1	RY OF TR								
ITEM NO.	ITEM NO. 6185								
LOCATIONS	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)							
	DAY	DAY							
AS DIRECTED 78 18									
PROJECT TOTALS	78	18							

F	PREP R	OW SUMM	ARY
		ITEM NO.	100
	LIMITS		PREPARING ROW
STATION	ТО	STATION	STA
1423+08.00	ТО	1607+72.00	185
	PRO	JECT TOTALS	185

NOTE: PREP ROW INCLUDES THE REMOVAL OF ALL TREES WITHIN THE ROW & ALL LIMBS EXTENDING INTO THE ROW TO A HEIGHT OF 60' ABOVE THE EOP

		SMA	LL ROAD	SIGNS AS	SSEMBLY		
					ITEM 644		
STAT	ION TO ST	ATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1) SA(T)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1) SA(U)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1) WS(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1) WS(T)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
			EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
1423+08.00	ТО	1607+72.00	1	1	20	1	23
CSJ	: 0809-0	4-057 TOTALS	1	1	20	1	23

SUMMA	RY OF	MAILBOX	ITEMS
ITEM NO.		50	60
LOCATION (STATION)	OFFSET	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (WC-POST) TY 3	MAILBOX INSTALL-D (WC-POST) TY 3
		EA	EA
1429+65	RT	1	
1437+78	LT	1	
1452+77	LT	1	
1481+81	LT		1
1484+30	LT	1	
1496+07	LT	1	
PROJECT TOTALS		5	1





	R XAS 1	<i>DEPARTMENT OF</i> SHE				ATION 6
CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY	
809	04	057		US	96	5
DIST		COUNTY		s	HEET	NO.
_FK	SA	AN AUGUSTI	NE		1 1	

10/1/2021 11:46:34 AM
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			SUMMA	RY OF C	ROSS [<u>PRA I NAGE</u>	STRU	<u>JCTURES</u>							
	D	ESCRIPTION	ITEM 132	ITEM 158	ITEM 162	ITEM 168	ITEM 400	ITEM 402	ITEM 403	ITEM 432	ITEM 464	ITEN	И 466	ITEM 467	ITEM 658
STA	EXISTING STRUCTURE	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	SPEC EXCAV WORK (HYD EXCAVATOR)	BLOCK SODDING	VEGETATIVE WATERING 10 GAL/SY (2 APPS)	CEM STABIL BKFL	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	RIPRAP (STONE COMMON) (DRY) (18 IN)	(CL III)	HEADWALL (CH-FW-30) (DIA=48 IN)	HEADWALL (CH-FW-45) (DIA=48 IN)	SET (REMOV & REINSTALL)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z) (WFLX)SRF)SRI
			CY	HR	SY	MG	CY	LF	SF	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA
1432+56.15	2-48" X 82' RCP W/SET W/SPR(LT) & CH-11-B(RT), 30°RFS	LT: RMV SET, RMV 2-48"X 6'BND JNTS, ADD 2-48"X 6' RCP (CL III), ADD CH-FW-30(2:1), ADD EMBKMNT RT: NO STRUCT WORK	6	2	1 48	2.96					12	1			2
1442+53.85	EXIST 18" X 72' RCP W/SET(4:1)	NO STRUCTURE WORK													2
1461+76.75	EXIST 18" X 80' RCP W/SET(4:1)LT & SET(6:1)RT	LT: ADD 18' RIPRAP (STONE COMMON)(DRY)(18 IN) RT: NO STRUCT WORK			12	0.24				2					2
1469+50.45	EXIST 18" X 98' RCP W/SET(4:1), 30°LFS	NO STRUCTURE WORK			12	0.24				2					2
1474+85.65	EXIST 10' X 5' X 84' BOX W/FW-45°, 45°RFS	NO STRUCTURE WORK													4
1498+97.30	18" X 64' RCP W/SET(4:1)	NO STRUCTURE WORK			12	0.24				3					2
1506+57.00	2-42" X 138' RCP W/PW, 30°LFS	NO STRUCTURE WORK													2
1523+82.56 TO 1524+08.54	2-10' X 10' X 92' BOX, CH-FW-30°, 30° RFS	NO STRUCTURE WORK													4
1538+35.50	18" X 63' RCP, SET(4:1)	NO STRUCTURE WORK													2
1553+60.00	30" X 98' RCP, W/CH-FW	NO STRUCTURE WORK													2
1569+01.00	36" X 80' RCP, SET(4:1)	NO STRUCTURE WORK													2
1584+03.15	18" X 69' RCP, SET(4:1)	LT: REMOV & REINSTALL SET, ADD CEM STAB BKFL, ADD RIPRAP (STONE COMMON) (DRY) (18 IN), RT: REMOV & REINSTALL SET					10			1 7				2	2
1590+62.75	EXIST 2-48" X 96' RCP W/SET,W/SPR,45° RFS	LT: RMV SET, RMV 2-48" X 4' JNTS, ADD CH-FW-45°, (2:1) RT: RMV SET, RMV 2-48" X 6' BEND JNTS, ADD 2-48" X 6' RCP(CL III) (45° BEND JNTS), ADD CEMENT STAB BKFL, ADD CH-FW-45°(2:1)	10	4	341	6.82	10	13	112		12		2		2
		PROJECT TOTALS	16	6	525	10.50	20	13	112	24	24	1	2	2	30

ALL CULVERTS WERE ORIGINALLY ANALYZED AT A 10 YEAR FREQUENCY AND THERE IS NO HISTORICAL DATA OF OVERTOPPING EVENTS FOR ANY CULVERT LOCATION IN THIS PROJECT. CULVERTS REQUIRING HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS WERE ANALYZED AT A 10 YEAR FREQUENCY. ALL OTHER CULVERTS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS ARE OPERATING AT AN ESTIMATED 10 YEAR FREQUENCY. DUE CONSIDERATION HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THE EFFECTS OF HEADWATER AND VELOCITIES WITH THESE STRUCTURES. ADDITIONAL STUDIES NOT JUSTIFIED.



QUANTITY SUMMARIES

	XAS 1		TRANSPORTATION
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0809	04	057	US 96
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
LFK	SA	N AUGUSTI	NE 12

			SUMMARY	OF S	MAL						
					(TYPE A)	SM R	D SGN	ASSM TY XX	XXXX (X)	<u>XX</u> (X- <u>XXXX</u>)	
					(TYPE (TYPE] ,
PLAN HEET	SIGN	SIGN			<u> </u>	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE		ITING DESIGNATION	4
NO.	NO.	NOMENCL ATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM EXAL ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	1 or 2	UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED P = "Plain" T = "T" U = "U"	IEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	b
1	S1	D2-2	(DESTINATIONS) (DISTANCES) <2 LINES> (SAN AUGUSTINE) (11) (CENTER) (30)	84 x 24	Х	10BWG	1	SA	Т		ŀ
1	S2	D1-1	(DESTINATION - 1 LINE) (LUFKIN) (45 RT)	66 x 18	Х	TWT	1	WS	Т		
1	S3	W6-1	SYMBOL - DIVIDED HIGHWAY AHEAD	36 x 36	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
1	S4	R3-7R (L)	RIGHT LANE MUST TURN RIGHT	30 x 30	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		ļ
1	S5	M2-1	JCT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	21 x 15	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		ŧ
		M1-6T	(ROUTE #) TEXAS (SH 103)	24 x 24							l
1	S6	D20-1T	COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER) (CO RD 415) (LT)	24 x 24	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
2	S7	D20-1T	COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER) (CO RD 418) (RT)	24 x 24	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		ŧ
2	S8	D20-1T	COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER) (CO RD 415) (RT)	24 x 24	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		
2	S9	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		t
2	S10	W9-2TL (R)	LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT	36 x 36	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
2	S11	M1-4	<us highway="" route="" shield=""> (ROUTE #) (US 96)</us>	24 x 24	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> 3 5 6	3 x 10	X						
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER>	3 x 10	X						\dotplus
			3 5 6								
2	S12	D20-1T	COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER) (418) (LT)	24 x 24	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
2	S13	D20-5T	(COUNTY ROAD NUMBER) (CO RD 415) (RT) (CO RD 413) (LT)	24 x 42	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
2	S14	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		+
2	S15	D3-3bT (L)	CHINQUAPIN CEMETERY	60 x 36	Х	10BWG	1	SA	U		+
		D3-3bT (R)	CHINQUAPIN CEMETERY	60 x 36	X						+
2	S16	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		\downarrow
3	S17	D20-5T	COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER) (CO RD 413) (LT) COUNTY ROAD (NUMBER)	24 x 42	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		+

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS						
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness					
Less than 7.5	0.080"					
7.5 to 15	0.100"					
Greater than 15	0.125"					

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

					E B	SM R	D SGN	I ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>XX (X-XXXX)</u>	BR M
PLAN					(1 YP	POST TYPE POSTS		ANCHOR TYPE	I MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	CLE
	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A) EXAL ALUMINUM (TYPE G)	S80 = Sch 80		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	ΤΥ
7	S18	M1-4	<us highway="" route="" shield=""> (ROUTE 96)</us>	24 x 24	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> 3 5 4	3 x 10	X						
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> 3 5 4	3 x 10	X		<u> </u>				-
			3 3 4		++						1
7	S19	D20-5T	(COUNTY ROAD NUMBER) (CO RD 410) (LT) (CO RD 184) (RT)	24 x 42	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
7	S20	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	Х	TWT	1	WS	Р		
7	S21	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	+	TWT	1	WS	Р		
7	S22	D20-5T	(COUNTY ROAD NUMBER)	24 x 42	X	TWT	1	WS	Р		
			(CO RD 184) (LT) (CO RD 410) (RT)								
8	S23	M2-1	JCT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	21 x 15	х	TWT	1	WS	Р		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (ROUTE #) (FM 1751)</fm>	24 x 24	X						
			(i iii ii o i								
					++						-
											1
					\Box						
					++						\vdash
					++						1
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
					++	1					\vdash
					++						<u> </u>
-					++		1				\vdash

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

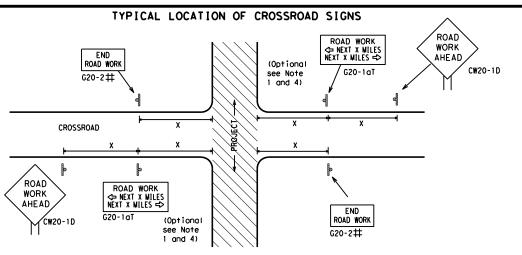


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		• • •	•					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	0809	04	057		US	96	
9-07			DIST COUNTY			S	SHEET NO.	
5-10	5-21	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STIN	E	15	



- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

//	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
.	30	120
-	35	160
-	40	240
┪	45	320
.	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
	65	700 ²
.	70	800 ²
-	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
_	*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD WORK AND CW20-1D WP N CW13-1P	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
	<u> </u>
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE SPEED
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** location NOTES
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and The Contractor shall determine the appropriat

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bt ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
Ι	Type 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
۴	Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

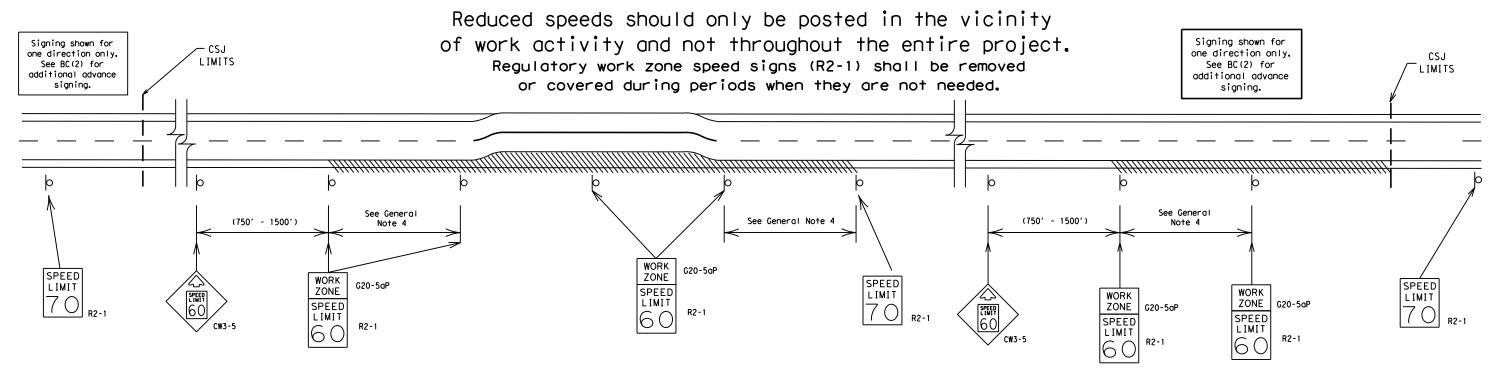
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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9-07 8-14		DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	LFK	SAN AUGUSTINE				16		

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

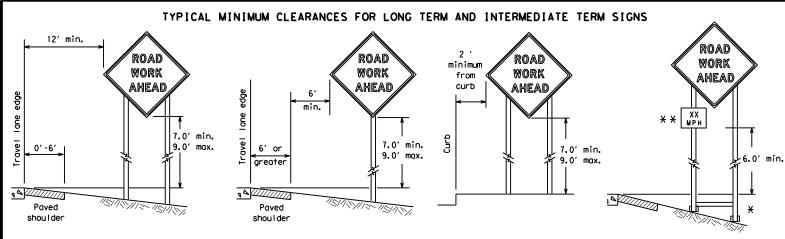


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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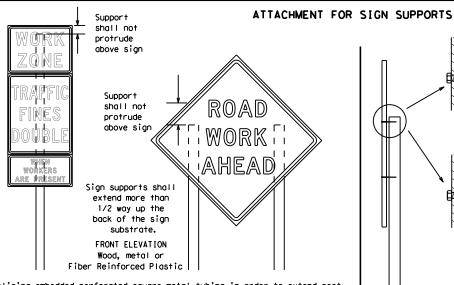


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



FRONT ELEVATION
Wood, metal or
Fiber Reinforced Plastic

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

OR

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

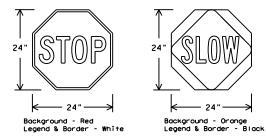
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
 STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
 appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

I. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cobesingless sand should be used.
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.
 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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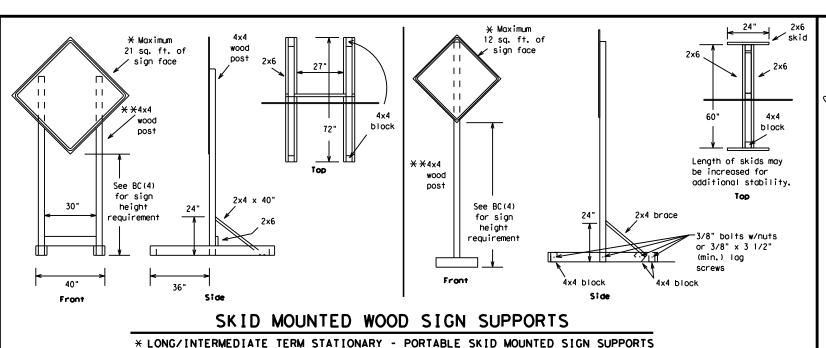


opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

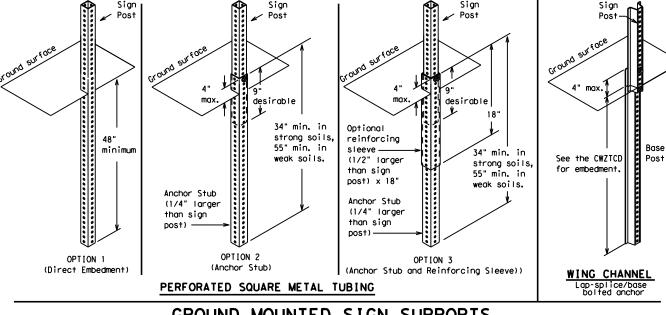


-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

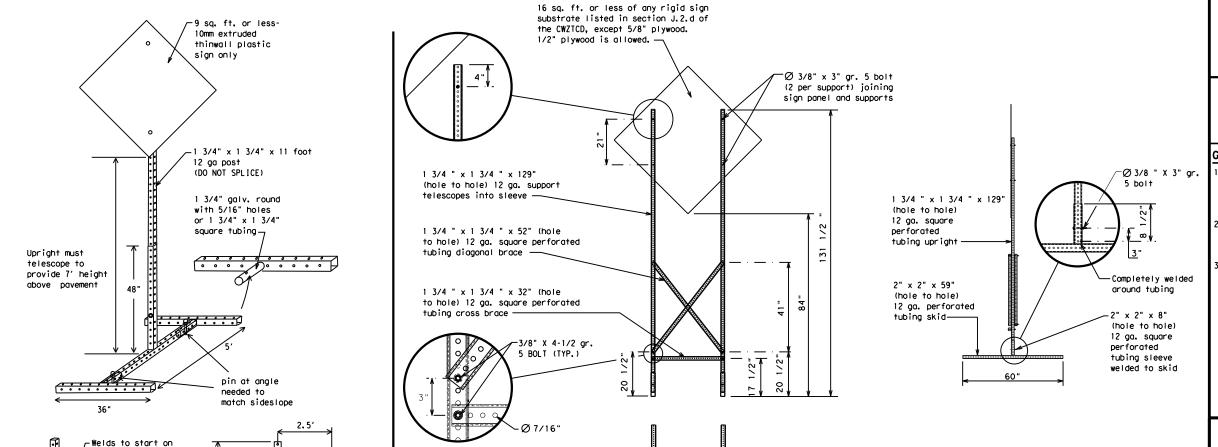
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE		SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E		SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD		TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phas

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Travel st	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Se	e Application Guideline	es Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

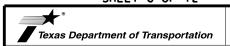
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



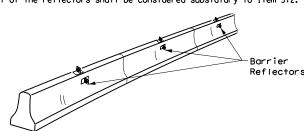
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

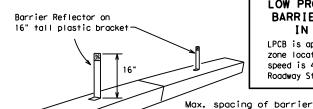
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0809	04	057		U	US 96	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STI	NE	20	

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

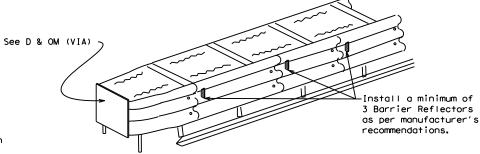
LPCB is approved for use in work

zone locations, where the posted

speed is 45mph, or less. See

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



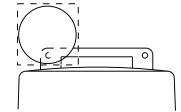
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

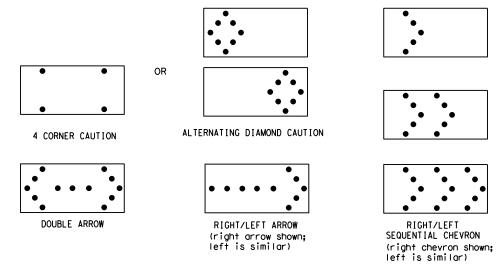
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

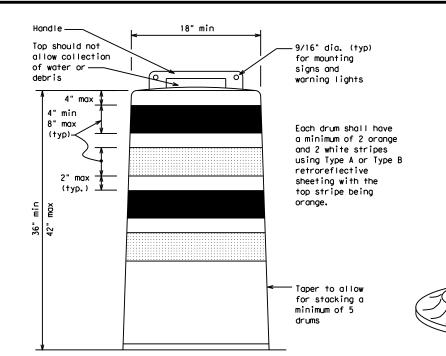
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

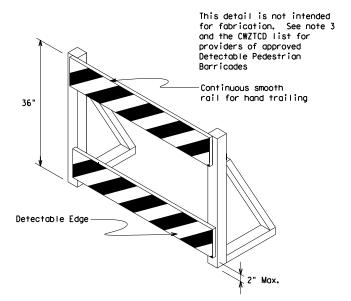
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

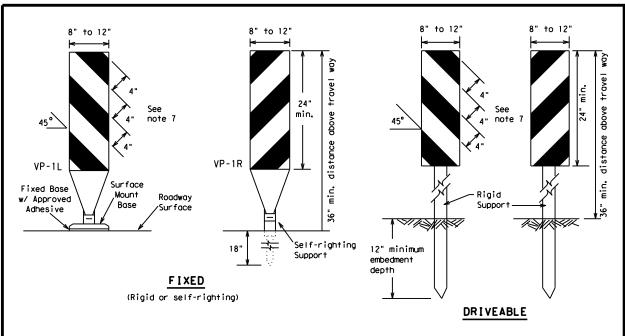


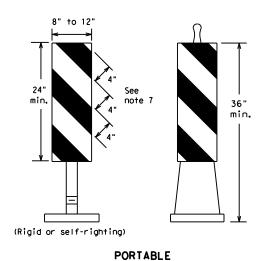
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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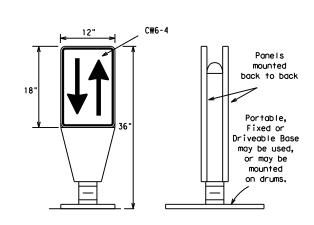




- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

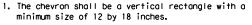
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

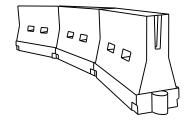


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimu esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′		
40	60	265′	2951	320′	40'	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

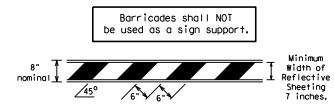
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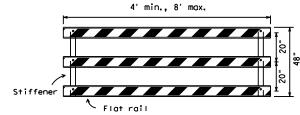
- TYPE 3 BARRICADES 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD)
- used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades. 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials

- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

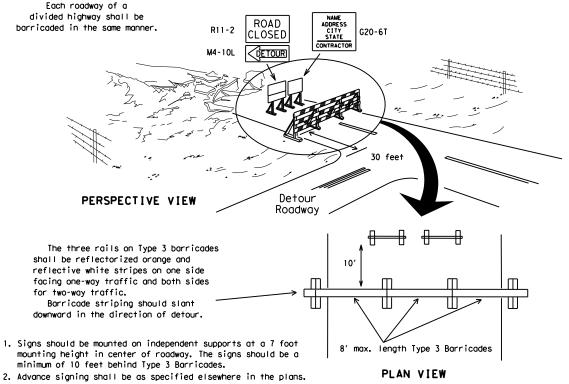


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



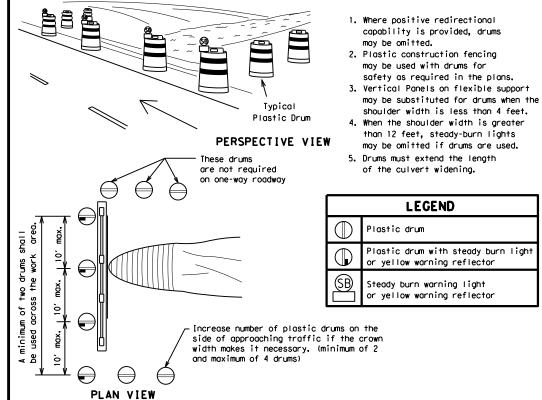
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



CONES 4" min. orange ₹2" min. 1 4" min. white 2" min. ↑ 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

2" min.

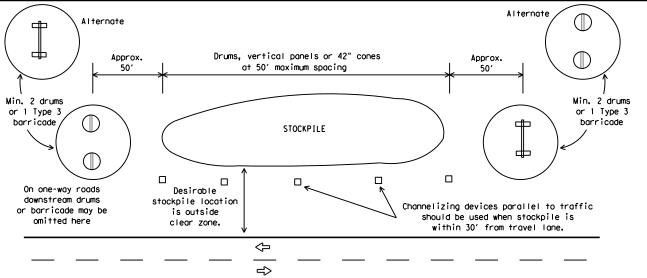
2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker





TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

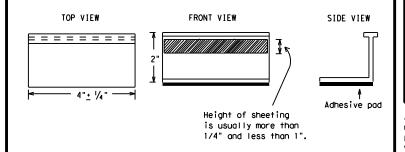
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" ₹> `Yellow REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A

Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A

Type II-A-A <>>

Type II-A-A-

Type I-C

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B

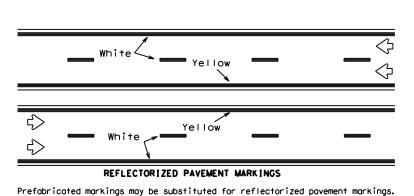
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

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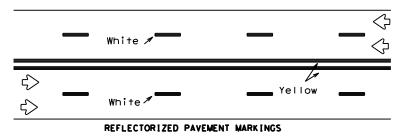
Type Y

buttons-



Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Type I-A Type Y buttons 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

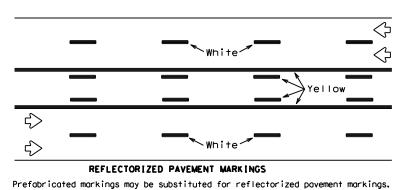
EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY

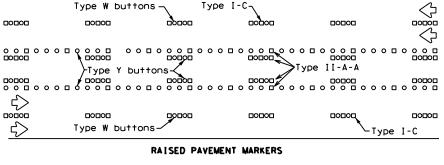


Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS





TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING,) White 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3" Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED **CENTER** PAVEMENT | 5' | 5' | MARKERS ✓Type W or LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED п _ ‡8 п П 1-2" _ п MARKERS **AUXILIARY** Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5' <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines **SHEET 12 OF 12** Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

Raised pavement markers used as standard

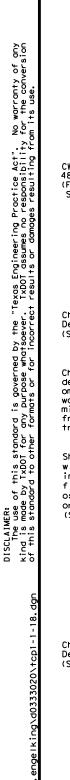
Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

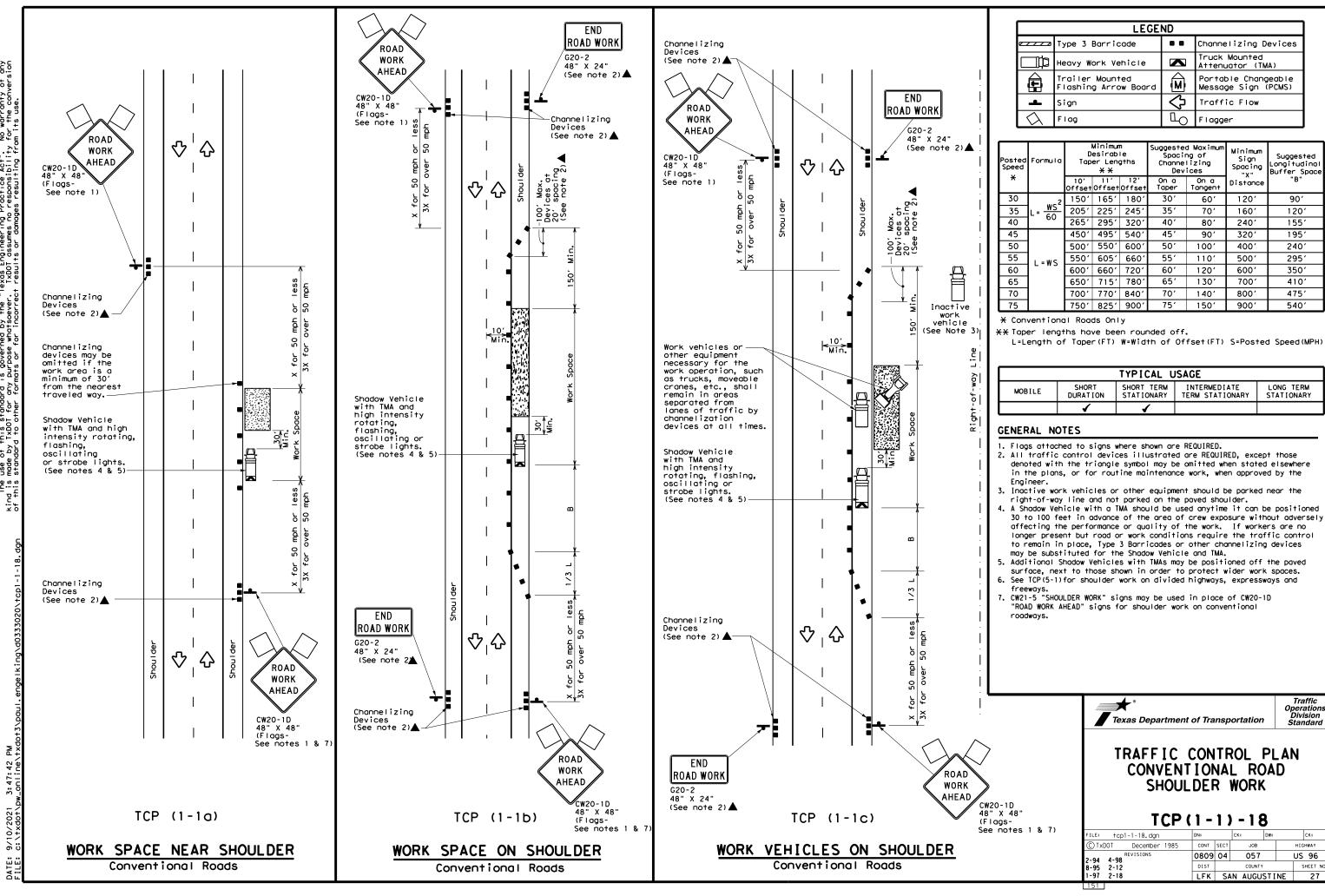
pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

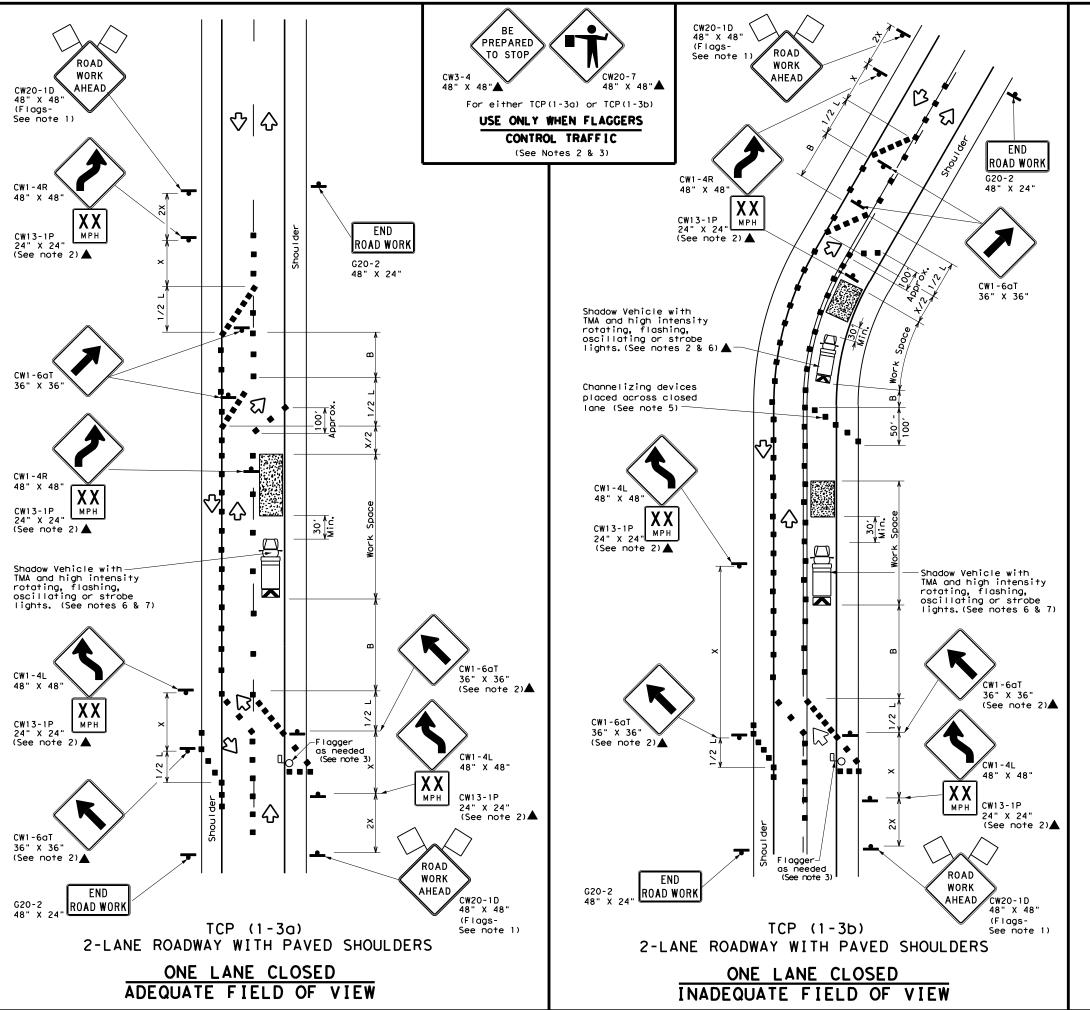
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LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ŋ	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90,
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	1001	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LC DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY ST						
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$  the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2Swhere S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



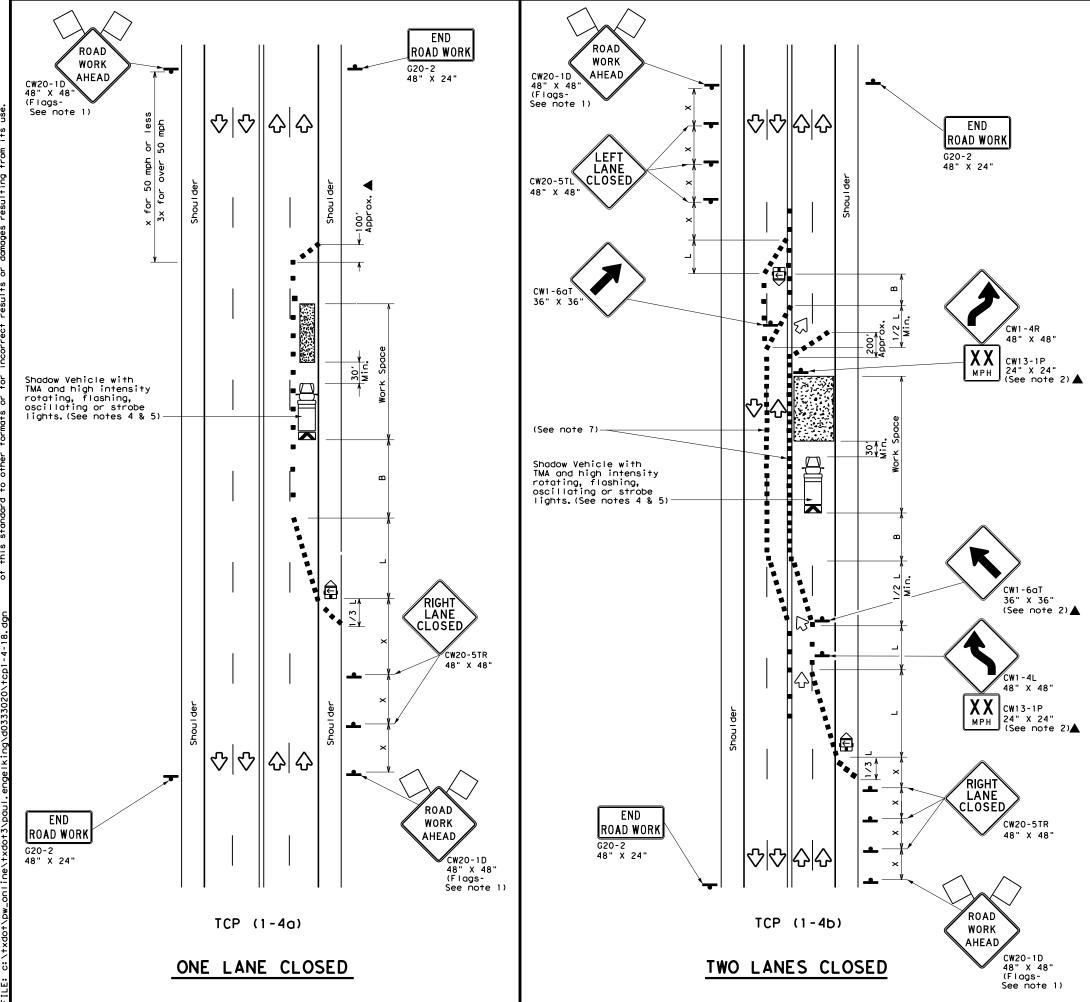
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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		LEGEND							
Type 3 Barricade	e <b>8</b>	Channelizing Devices							
Heavy Work Vehic	ele 🔼	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow E	Board M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
<b>-</b> Sign	<b>₩</b>	Traffic Flow							
Flag	TO	Flagger							

Posted Formula Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, <u>ws²</u>	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS 60	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40		265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L - W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

	_				-	
FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-	REVISIONS 98	0809	04	057		US 96
8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-	-18	LFK	SA	N AUGU	STINE	29

WORK

AHEAD

50 for

Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the

nearest traveled way.

(See notes 4 & 5)

48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

♡□☆

 $\triangle$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

50 mph less

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48"

(Flags-See note 1) WORK

**AHEAD** 

r 50 mph r less for over 50 mph ROAD WORK

(See note 2)▲

ROAD

WORK AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

G20-2 48" X 24"

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

(See notes 4 & 5)-

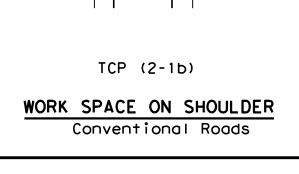
END

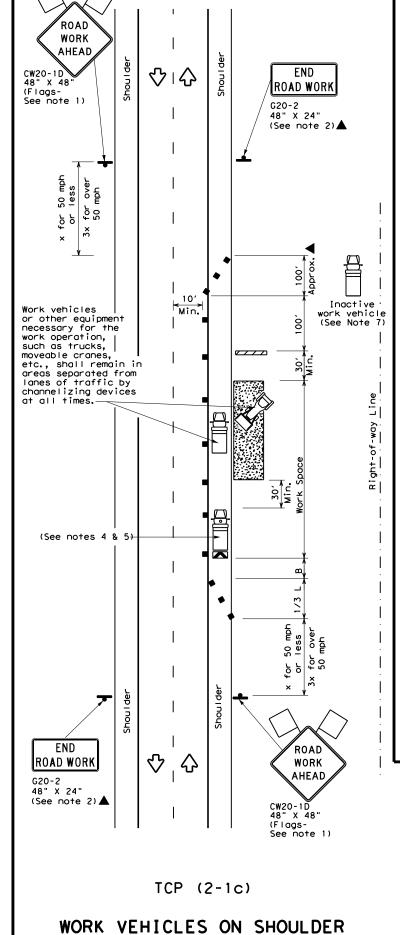
ROAD WORK

(See note 2)▲

48" X 24"

G20-2





Conventional Roads

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger					
	Minimum Suggested New!m.ml							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend X X	irable Spacing of Channelizing		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	5501	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
 See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways.

 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

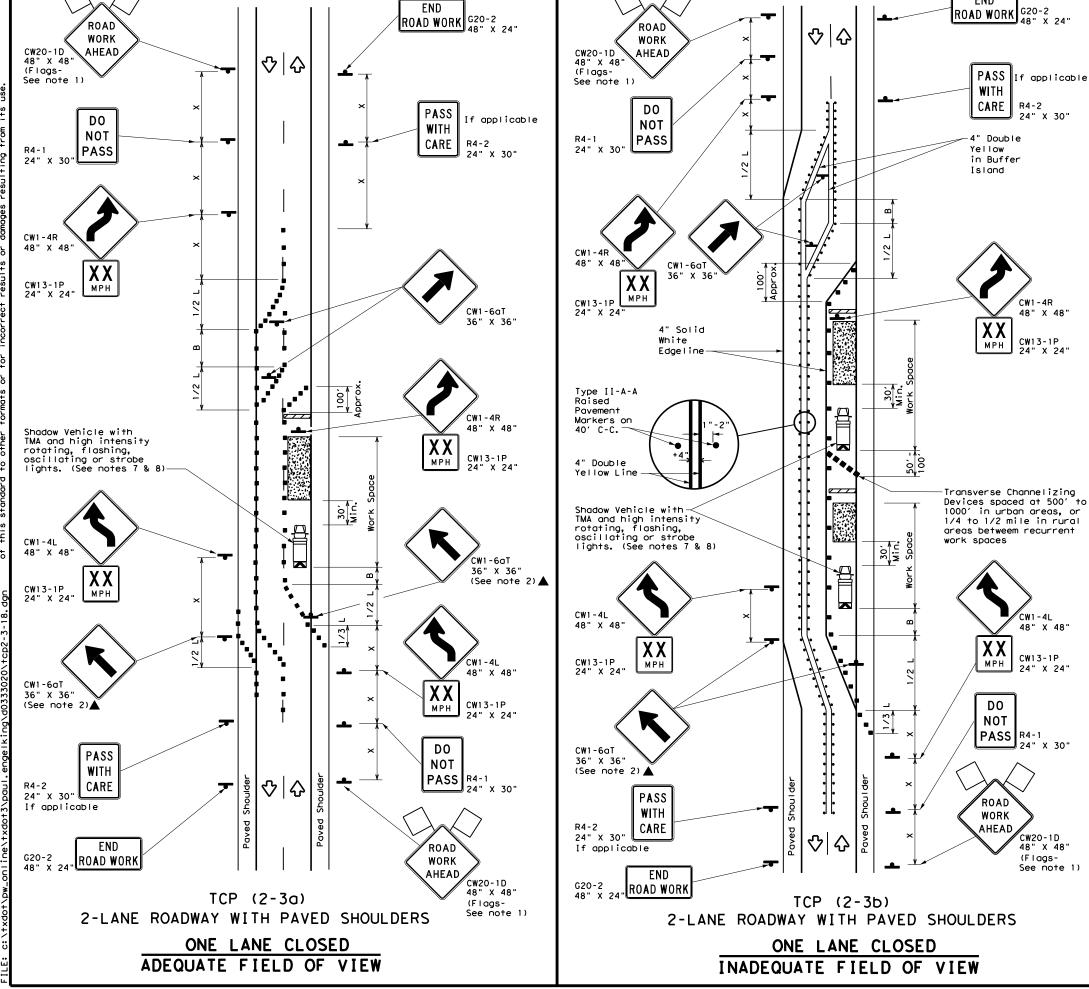
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

	_			-	
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0809	04	057		US 96
2-94 4-96 8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	LFK	SA	N AUGU	STINE	30

16



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA					
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	5501	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- "3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY		
			√	1		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned $30\ \text{to}\ 100\ \text{feet}$ in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



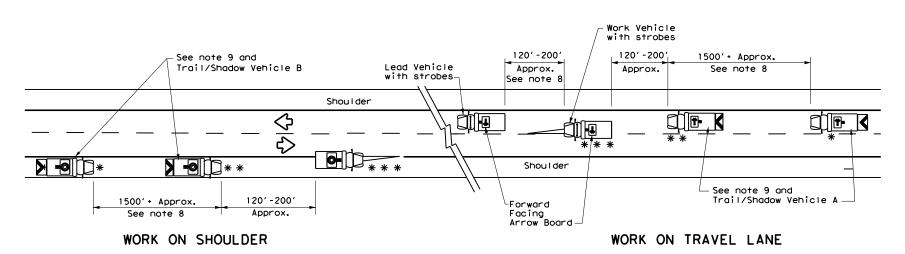
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -18

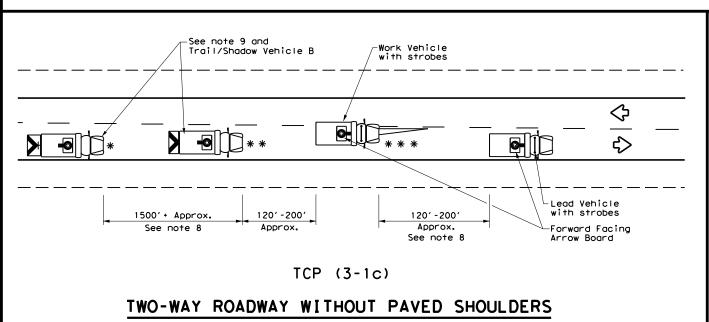
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0809	04	057 US 9		US 96
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	LFK	SA	N AUGU	STINE	31

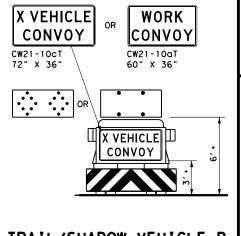
TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





X VEHICLE

CONVOY

CW21-10cT

72" X 36"

••••••

X VEHICLE CONVOY

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional

display Flashing Arrow Board

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

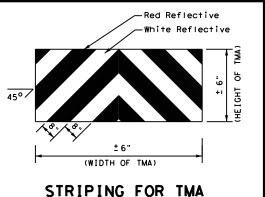
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT						
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow	•	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
1						

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





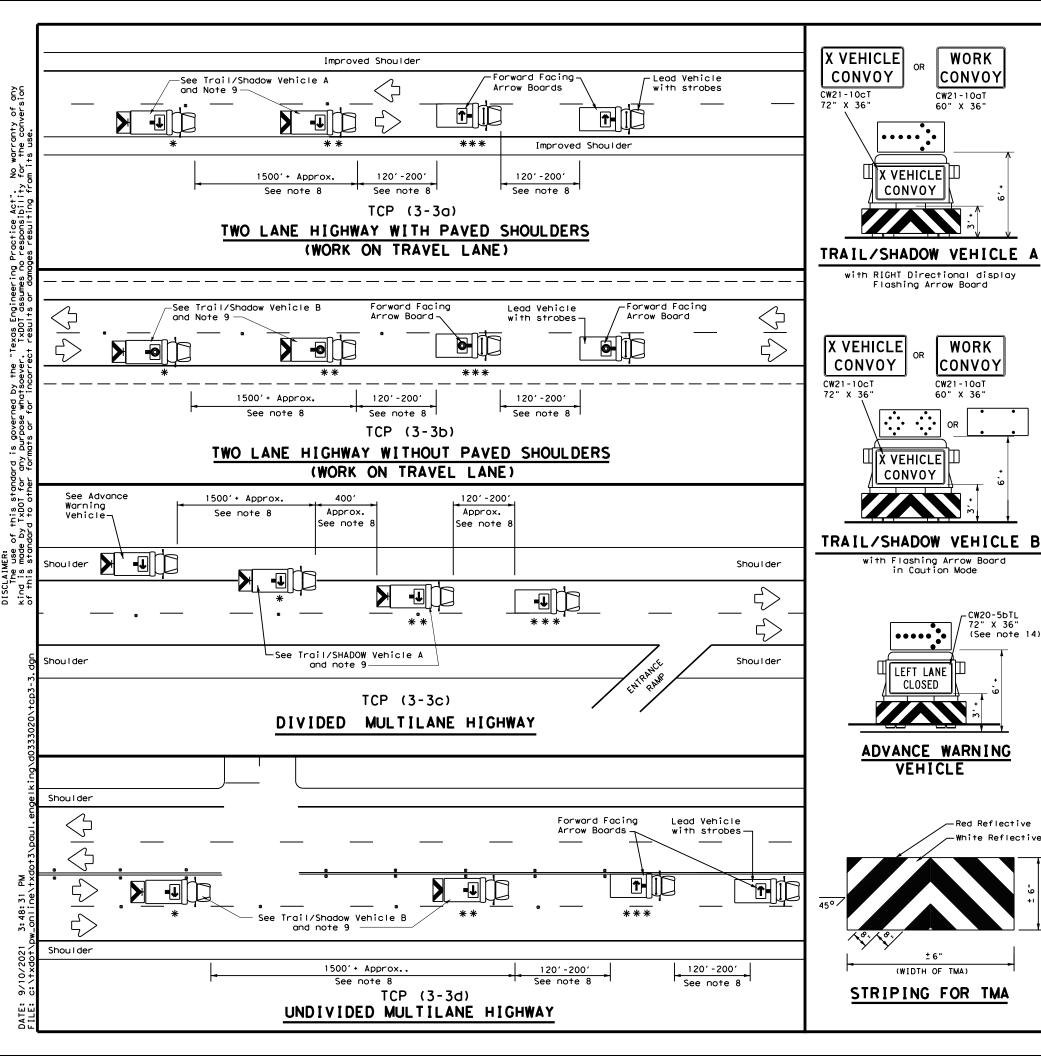
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

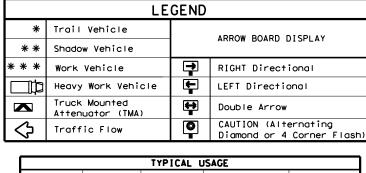
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(3-1)-13

		-	_		_	
FILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW: Tx	DOT CK: TXDOT
C TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS 0	0809	04	057		US 96
8-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97		LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE	32

175





TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
4						

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE|川

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

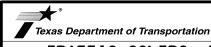
CW21-10aT

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

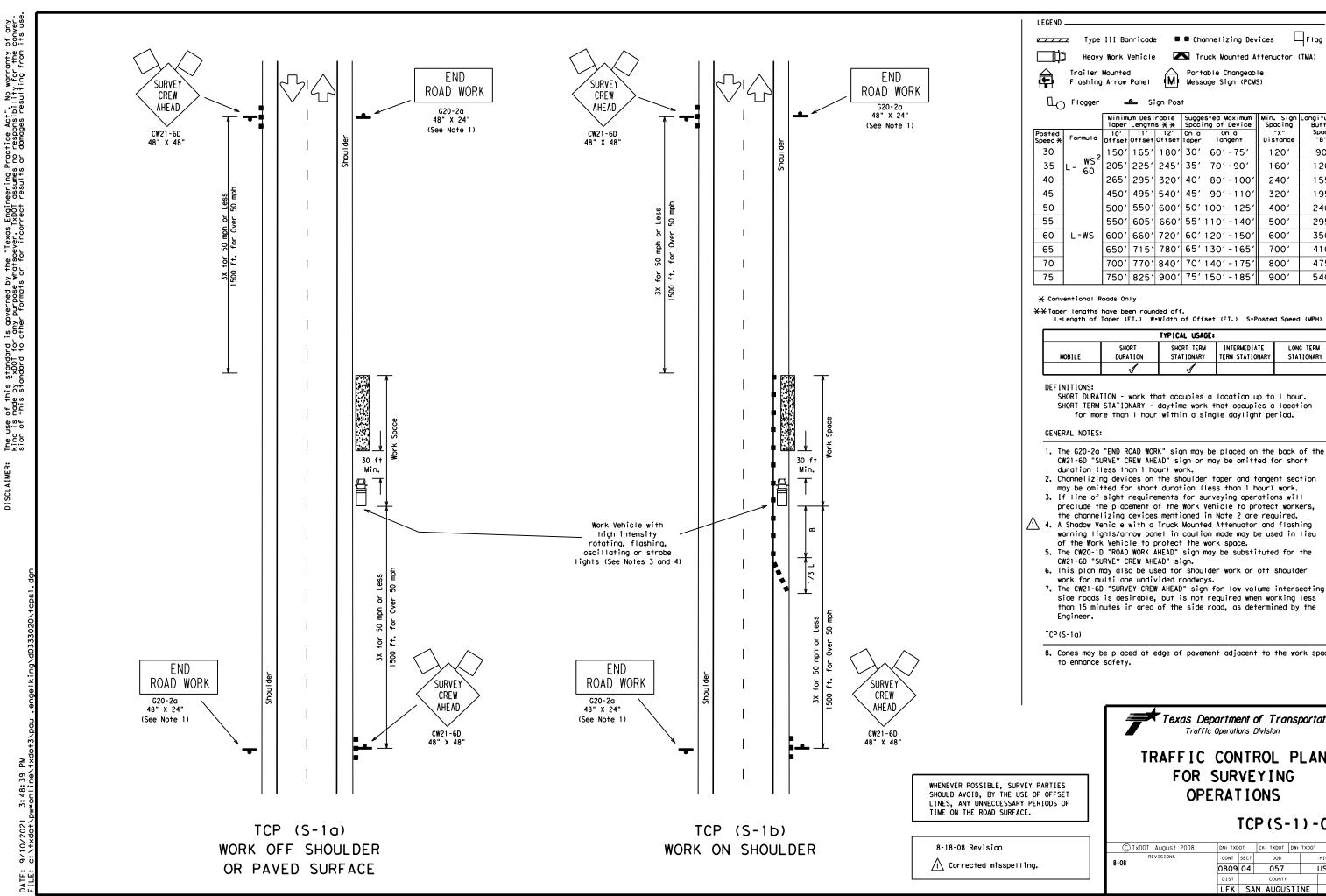
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

- · · ·	•	•		•		
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th colspan="2">CK: TXDOT DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	CK: TXDOT DW:		T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0809	04	057		US	96
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STIN	1E	33



	Taper Lengths 💥 💥 Spaci							Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		2651	295′	320′	40′	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′ -125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600'	660′	720′	60′	120' -150'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′ -165′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′ -185′	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE:									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short
- preclude the placement of the Work Vehicle to protect workers, the channelizing devices mentioned in Note 2 are required.
- warning lights/arrow panel in caution mode may be used in lieu
- 5. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be substituted for the
- 6. This plan may also be used for shoulder work or off shoulder
- 7. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the

8. Cones may be placed at edge of pavement adjacent to the work space

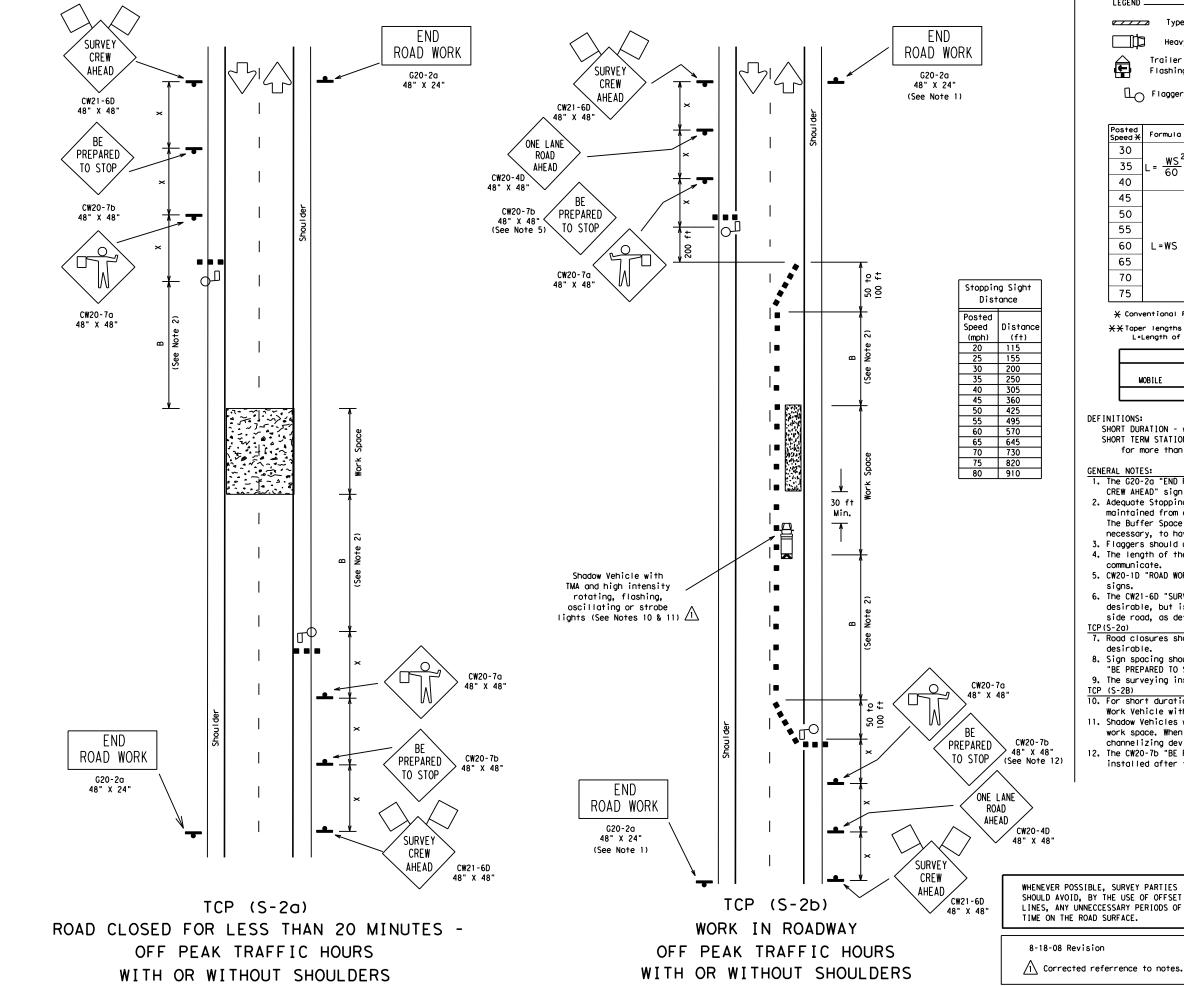
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING

TCP(S-1)-08A

C TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
00	0809	04	057		US	96
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	I FK	SA	N AUGUS	STI	NF	34





LEGEND □Flag ■ Channelizing Devices Type III Barricade Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable
Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel Sign Post

		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			ested Maximum ing of Device	Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer	
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		265′	295′	3201	401	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110'-140'	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′-150′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′-185′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XXToper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:									
	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM					
MOBILE	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY					
	1	✓							

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Adequate Stopping Sight Distance (see Stopping Sight Distance table) should be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles. The Buffer Space "B" should be extended around curves or other obstacles, when necessary, to have adequate Stopping Sight Distance to the flagger station. 3. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other means of communication while flagging.
- 4. The length of the work space should be based on the ability of the flaggers to
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD"
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is
- desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.
- 7. Road closures shall be less than 20 minutes. Closures less than 5 minutes are
- 8. Sign spacing should be increased if traffic repeatedly queues past the CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign.
- 9. The surveying instrument should not be located on the paved surface.
- 10. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with a TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 11. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other
- channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.

 12. The CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign is optional. When used, it should be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign.

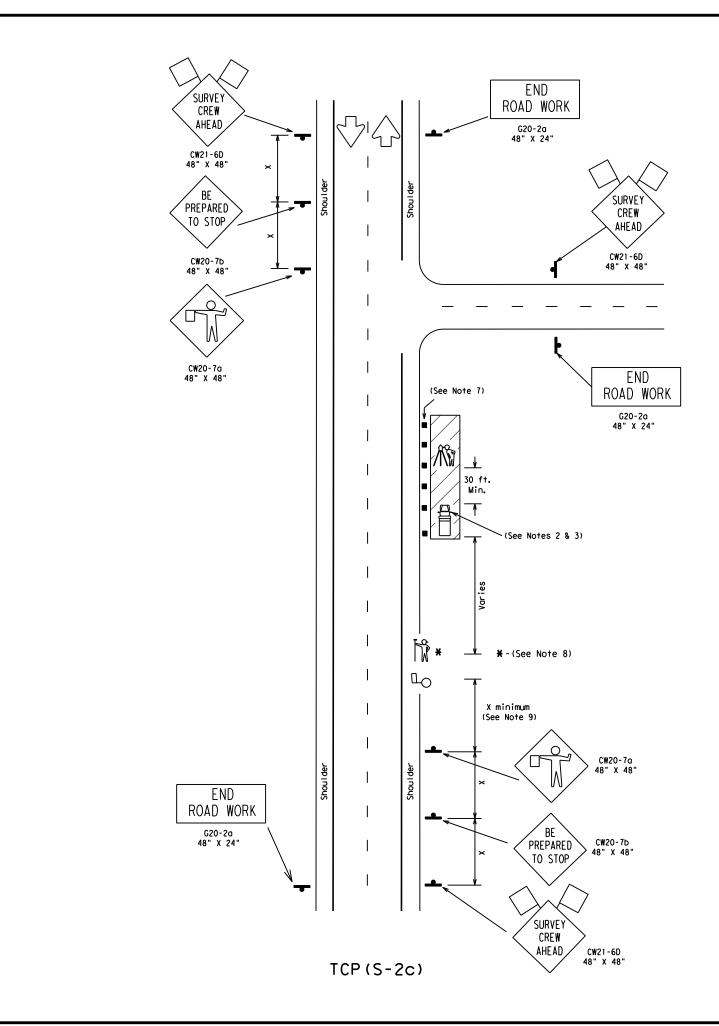


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2)-08A

C TxDOT August 2008	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 08	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
Jō	0809	04	057		US 96
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE	35





Stopping Sight							
drice							
Distance							
(ft)							
115							
155							
200							
250							
305							
360							
425							
495							
570							
645							
730							
820							
910							
	Distance (ft) 115 155 200 250 305 360 425 495 570 645 730 820						

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Work Vehicle Survey Rodman Instrument Person ☐_{○ Flagger} Sion Post Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device 10' 11' 12' On a On a On the Confront Offset O Min. Sign Spacing Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 120' 90' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160' 120' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 320' 195′ 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500' 295' 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165 410' 700' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 8001 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540'

Channelizing Devices

Flag

Type III Barricade

X-X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Taper (FT.) W*Width of Offset (FT.) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:										
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM MOBILE DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1								

LEGEND .

 $\label{eq:mobile} \mbox{MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently}$

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows. 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the
- flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.

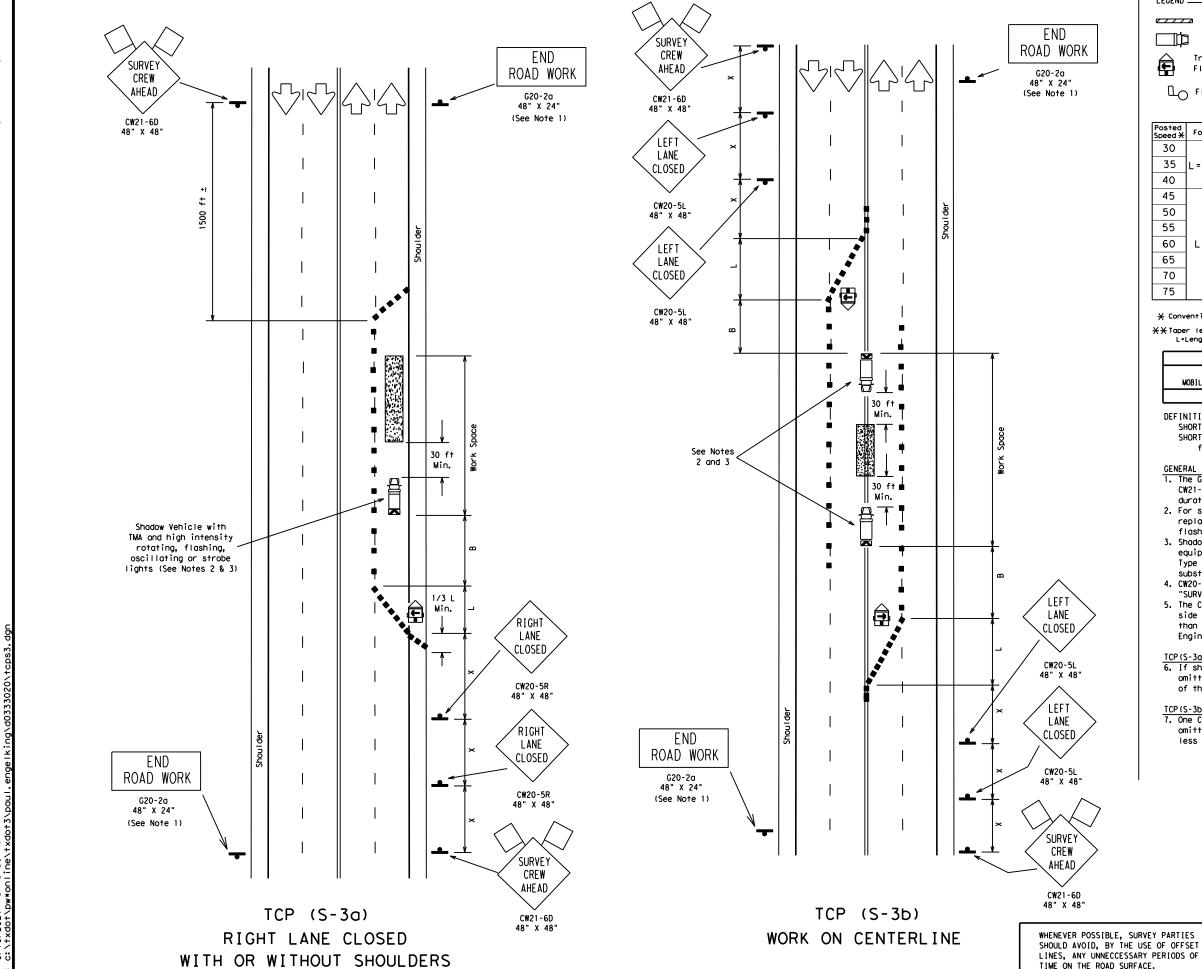


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2c)-10

© TxDOT January 2010	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0809	04	057		US	96
	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STII	NE	36





LEGEND □Flag ■ © Channelizing Devices Type III Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel

Message Sign (PCMS)

Sign Post

		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			ested Maximum ing of Device	Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudina Buffer	
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"x" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′ - 75′	120′	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		265′	295′	320′	401	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	6051	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	7201	60′	120′-150′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′-185′	900′	540′

★ Conventional Roads Only

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	\checkmark	\checkmark								

DEFINITIONS:

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 3. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.

6. If shoulders are not present, the 1/3L shoulder taper is to be omitted and four channelizing devices shall be placed in front of the arrow panel, perpendicular to traffic.

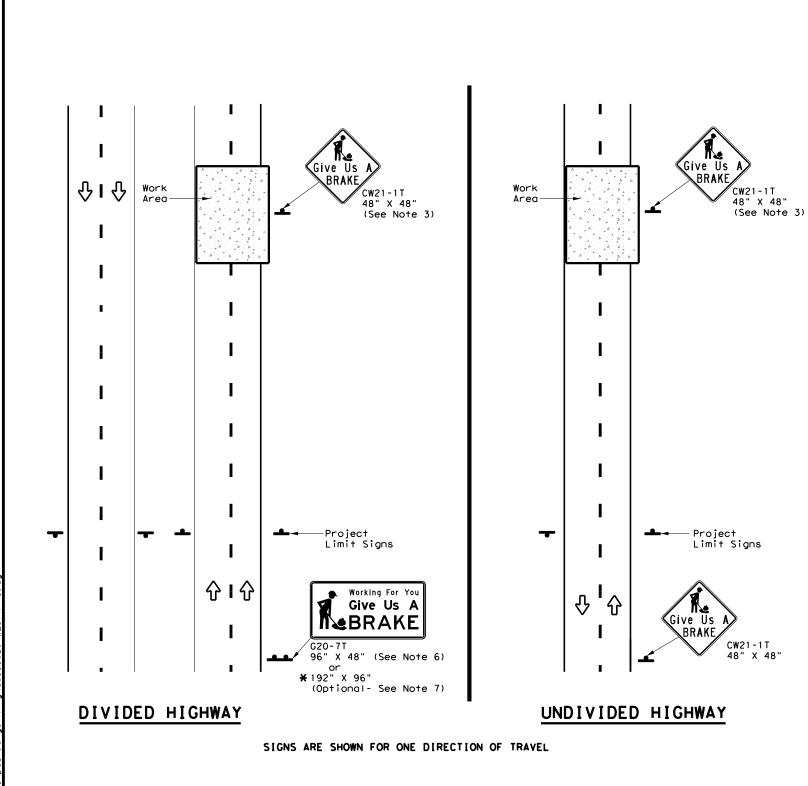
7. One CW20-5L "LEFT LANE CLOSED" sign in each direction may be omitted when the posted speed is less than 45mph and volume is less then 2000 ADT.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-3)-08

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REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
	0809	04	057		US	96
	DIST		COUNTY	•	S	HEET NO.
	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STIN	1E	37



* When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted

elsewhere in the plans.

SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS GAL VANIZED STRUCTURAL DRILLED SHAF T REFLECTIVE BACKGROUND SIGN SIGN STEEL SQ FT SIGN DIMENSIONS SHEETING COLOR DESIGNATION 24" DIA. (LF) (LF) Size \bigcirc Give Us A G20-7T \blacktriangle 0range 96" X 48" Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} 32 Working For You Give Us A BRAKE G20-7T 192" X 96" Orange Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} 128 W8×18 16 17 12

▲ See Note 6 Below

	LEGEND
•	Sign
4	Large Sign
Ŷ	Traffic Flow

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL}
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-71) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

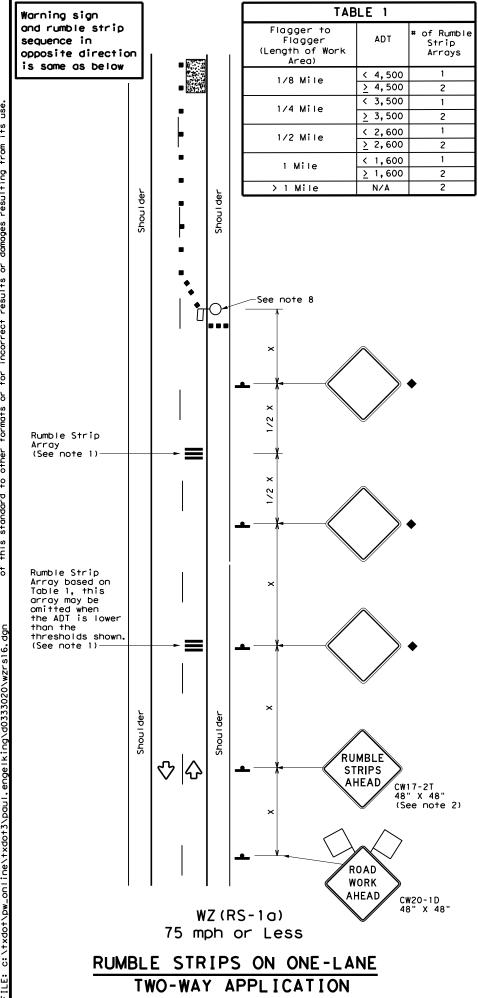


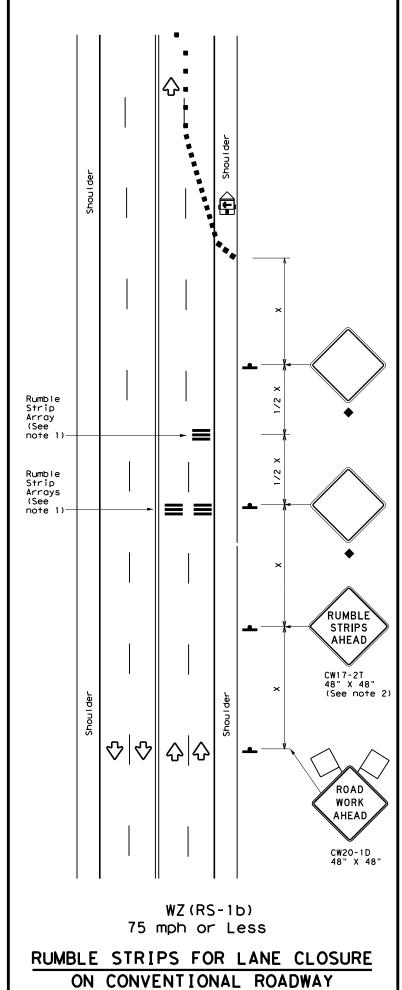
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE
"GIVE US A BRAKE"
SIGNS

WZ (BRK) - 13

					_		
ILE:	wzbrk-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	Dw: Tx[TO	ск: TxDOT
DTxDOT August 1995		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US	96
5-96 5-9	98 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		s	HEET NO.
3-96 3-0)3	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE		38





GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger

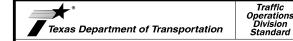
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	5001	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

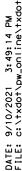
T.	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array
<u> </u>	10′
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′
> 55 MPH	20′

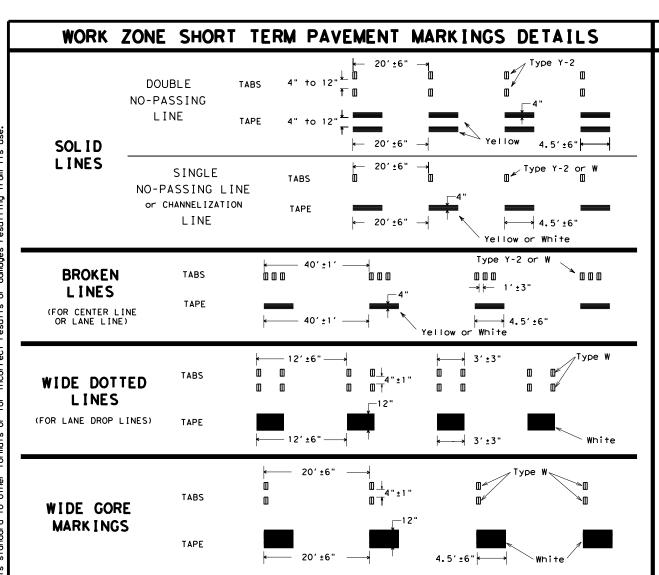


TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) - 16

			•				
FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US	96
2-14 4-16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10		LFK	SA	N AUGU	STI	NE	39





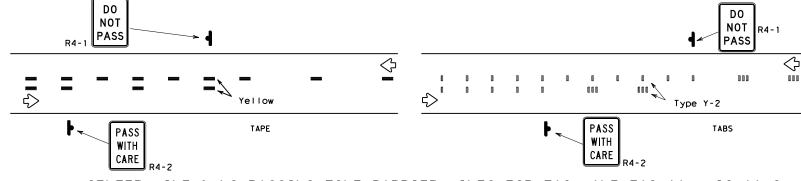
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

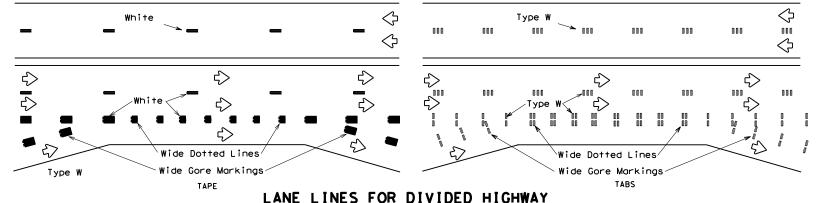
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

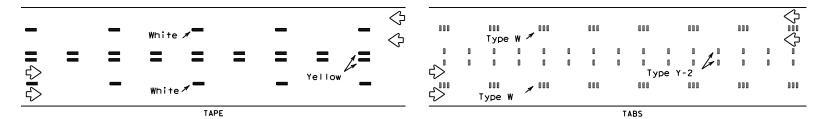
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

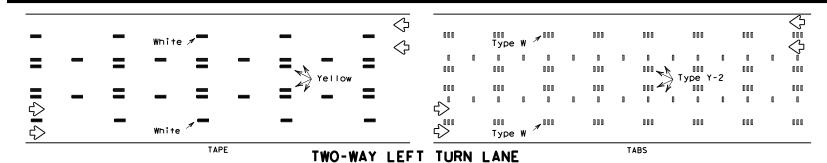


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

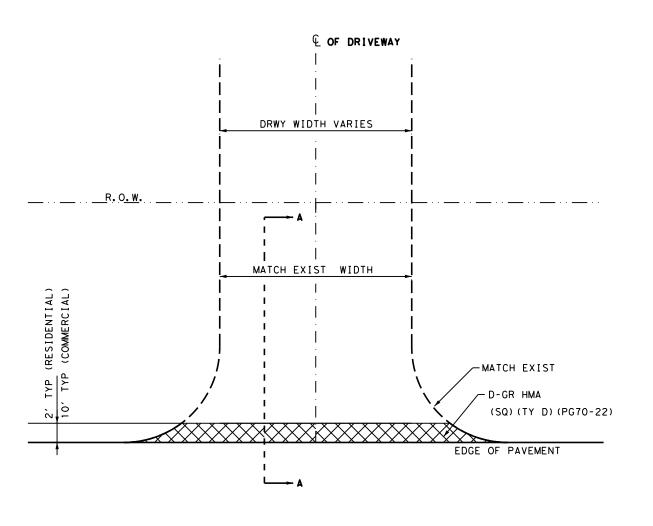
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

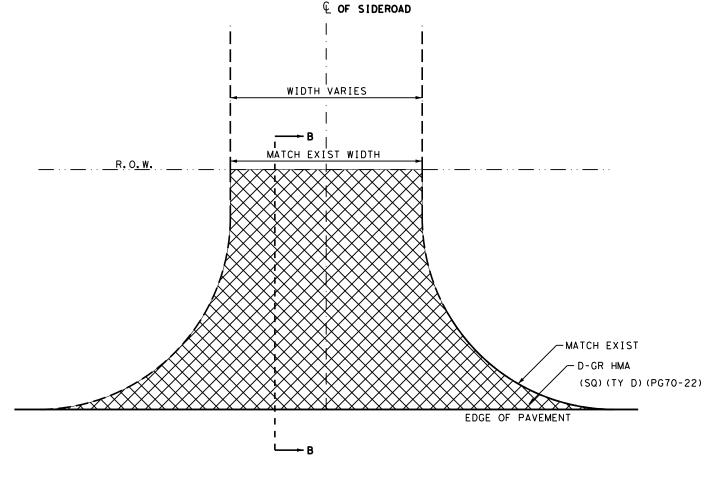
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T:	kD0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US	96
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STIN	IE	40

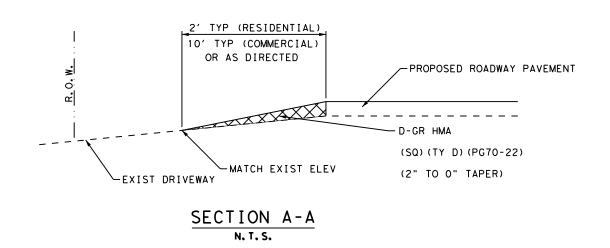


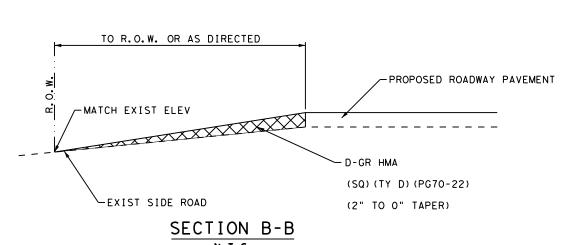


TYPICAL PLAN VIEW OF DRIVEWAYS (USE AS DIRECTED)

TYPICAL PLAN VIEW OF SIDEROAD

(USE AS DIRECTED)

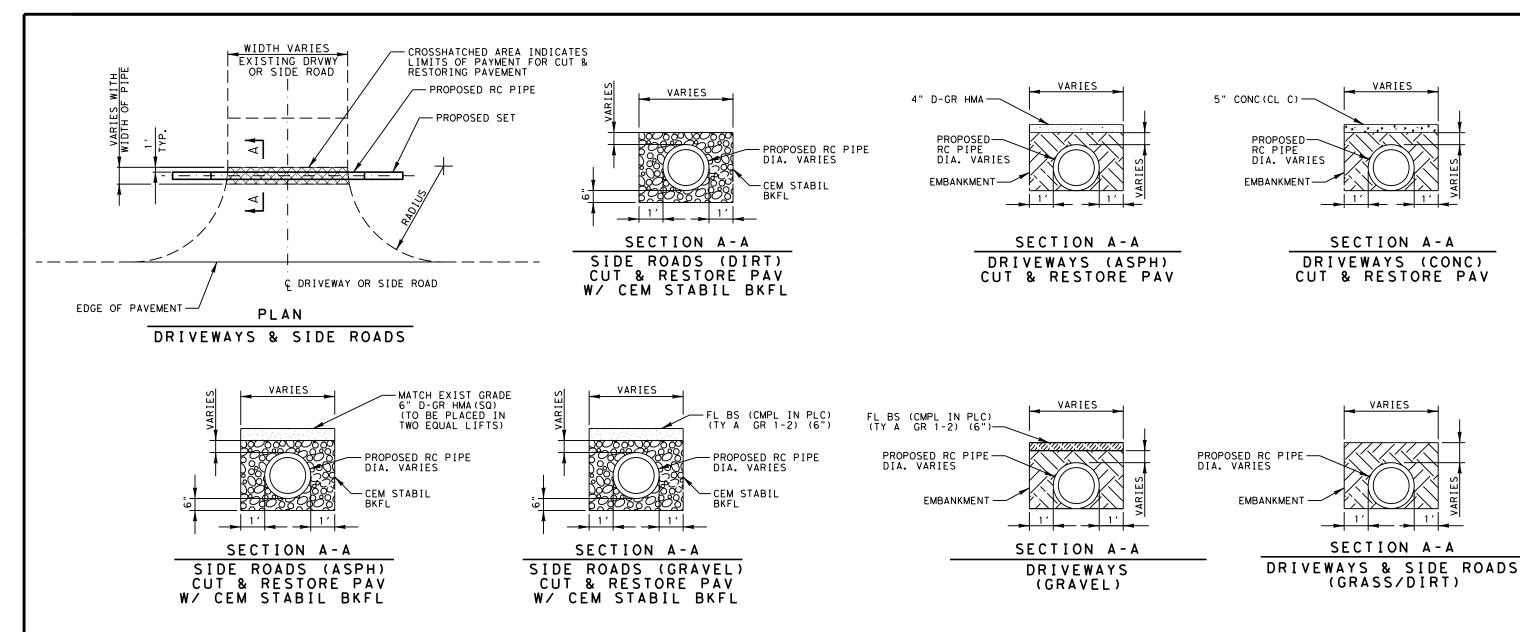






DRIVEWAY & SIDE ROAD DETAILS

	R XAS 1 2021	DEPARTMENT OF	TR.	ANSPORTATIO	٧	
CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
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DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
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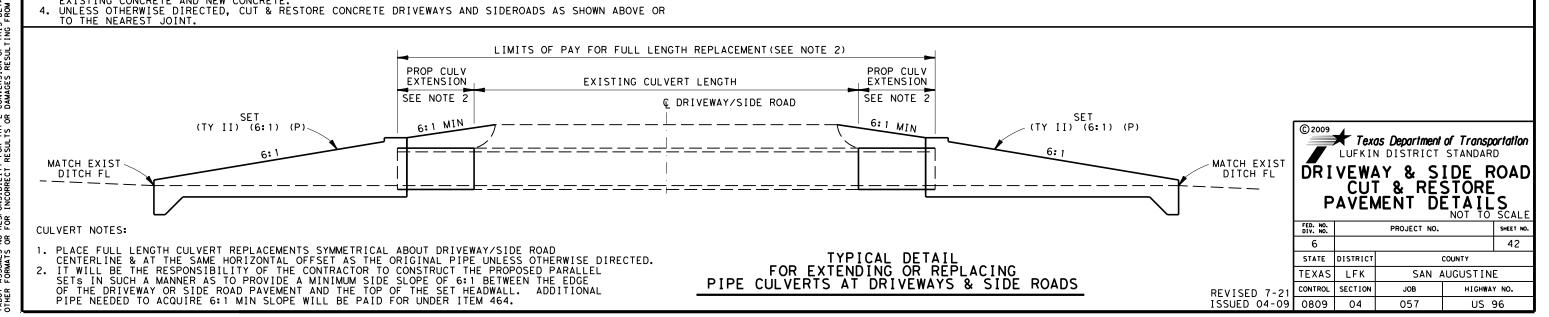


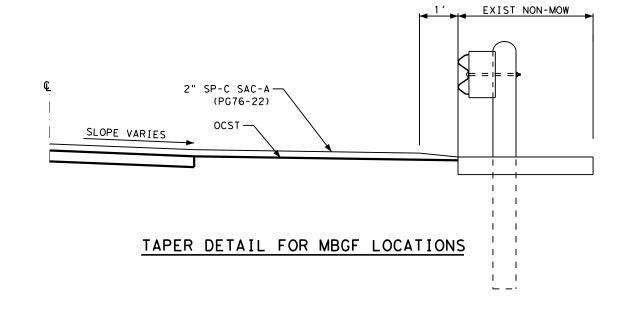
CONCRETE DRIVEWAY NOTES:

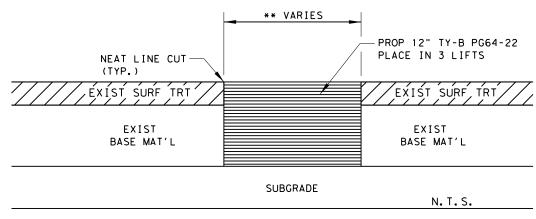
- USE REINFORCING STEEL CONSISTING OF NO.3 OR 4 BARS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. PLACE BARS ON 12 INCH CENTERS IN EACH DIRECTION, SUPPORTED ON REINFORCING CHAIRS. INSTALL DOWELLS SIX INCHES INTO EXISTING CONCRETE USING EPOXY GROUT.
 WELDED WIRE FABRIC WILL NOT BE ALLOWED FOR REINFORCING.
 UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, INSTALL ½INCH PREMOLDED EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL BETWEEN EXISTING CONCRETE AND NEW CONCRETE.
 UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, CUT & RESTORE CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS AND SIDEROADS AS SHOWN ABOVE OR TO THE NEAREST JOINT.

DRIVEWAY NOTES:

- 1. LIMITS OF STRUCTURAL EXCAVATION SHOULD BE DEFINED BY SAWCUTTING AT ASPHALT AND CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS. THIS WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 400.
- 2. D-GR HMA TYPE & RATE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.







ITEM 351 FULL DEPTH BASE REPAIR DETAIL

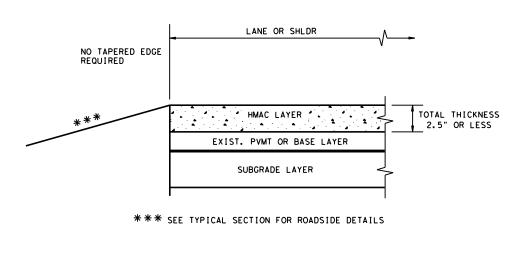
LOCATIONS AS DIRECTED

** MINIMUM DIMENSIONS 6' WIDTH X 25' LENGTH

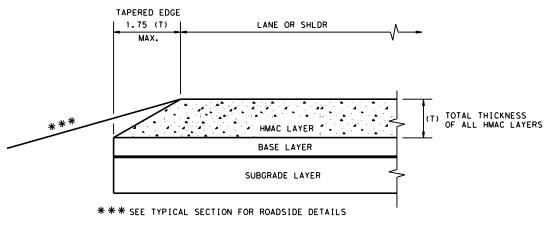


MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

TE ©2	F ® XAS 1 2021	DEF	PARTMENT (OF TI	RANSPO	RTATION			
CONT	SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY				
0809	04		057		US 96				
DIST			COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.			
IEV	57	١٨١	ALICHST	TNE	1 /	17			

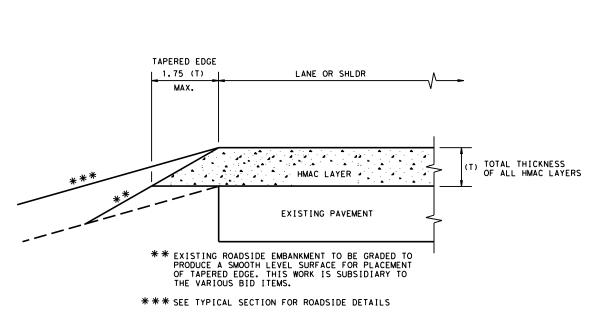


CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS



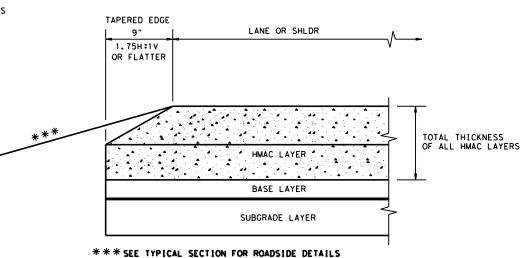
CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2
OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT

HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: RL	DW: KB	CK:
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US 96
	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE	44

Multiple Mailbox Post

NIGP#: 45057255254*

*For 12 gauge steel

TYPE I - MULTIPLE

 \oplus

56"

Permitted Mailboxes

12" conformable

yellow sheeting

sides for installations on

required on both

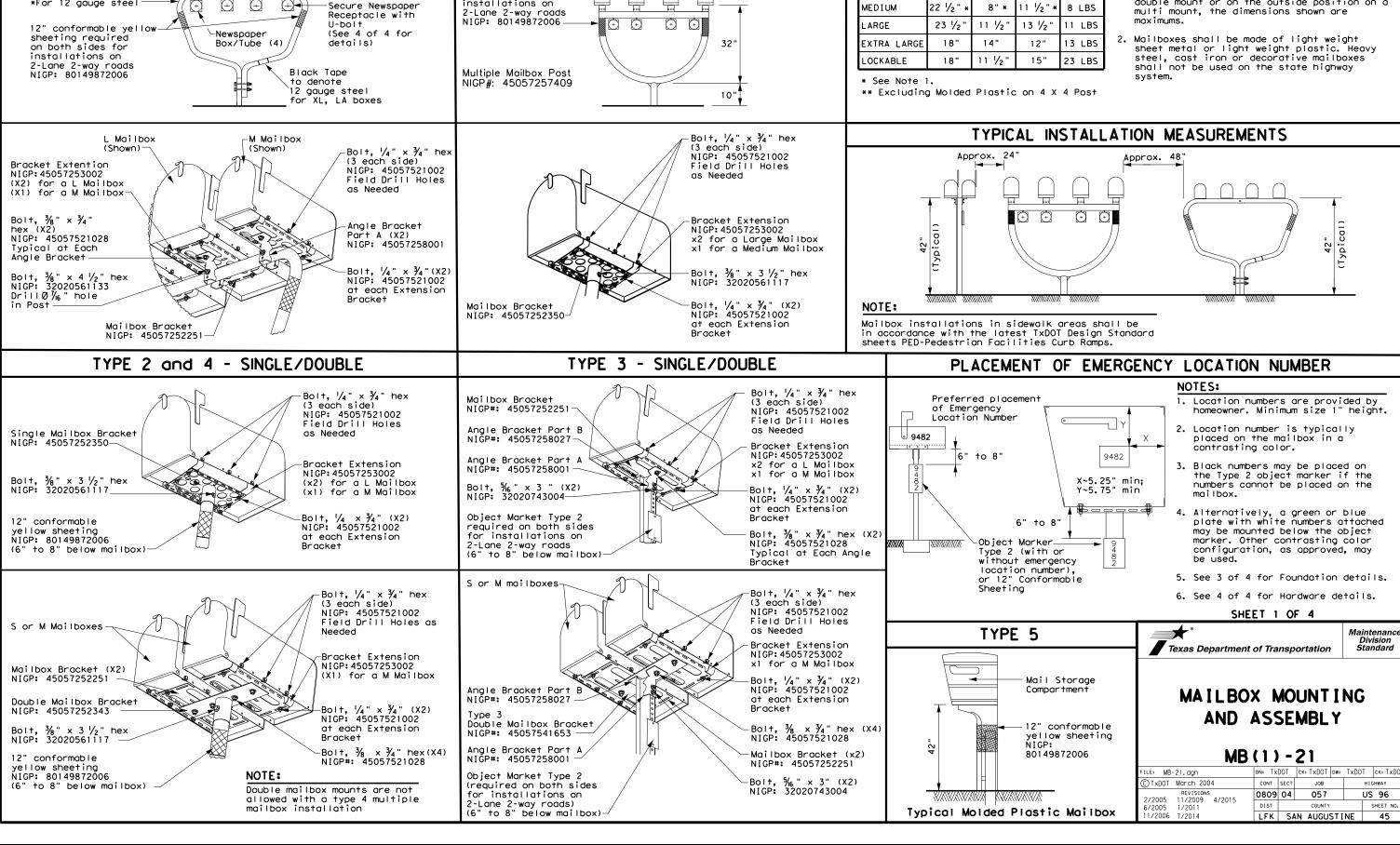
in Middle Positions

Outside Positions

(S, M, L, XL, LA)

Small or Medium

Secure Newspaper



TYPE 4 - MULTIPLE

50'

Permitted Mailboxes

MAILBOX

SIZE

SMALL

MEDIUM

in Middle Positions

Outside Positions

Small or Medium

(S, M, L, XL)

MAILBOX SIZES

MAX **

WE I GH

6 LBS

HEIGHT

7"

TYPICAL DIMENSIONS

WIDTH

6"

8" *

LENGTH

19 1/2

GENERAL NOTES:

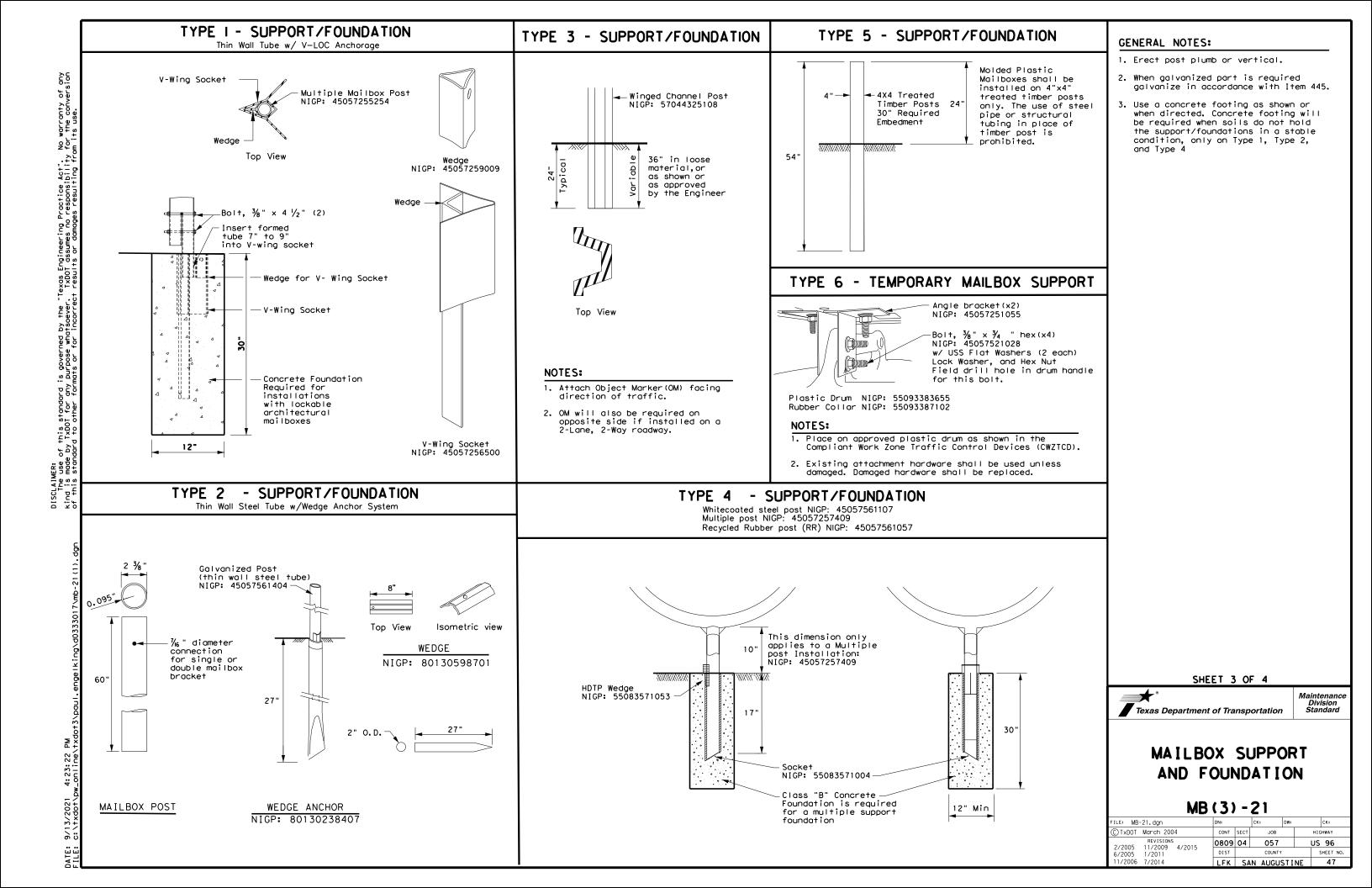
Dimensions shown (length, width, and height)

are typical, not maximums. However, anytime

a medium size mailbox is mounted on a single/

double mount or on the outside position on a

LFK SAN AUGUSTINE



TYPE	TYPE I	TYPE 2	TYPE 3		TYPE 4		TYPE 5	Ţ١
Configuration	Multiple	Single or Double	Single or Double	Single	Double	Multiple	Single	
Mailbox Size NIGP #	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, XL, o	Single: S, M, L, XL, or LA Double: SS, SM, MM	Single: S, M, L, or XL Double: SS, SM, MM	S, M, L, XL, or LA	SS, SM, or MM	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, or XL	Molded Plastic	S,
Mailbox Post NIGP #	45057255254 (Galvanized Multiple)	45057561404 (Thin Walled Gavanize)	57044325108 (Wing Channel Post)	45057561107 (Thin walled white powder coated) 45057561057 (Recycled Rubber Post: S or M only)	45057561107 (Thin Walled White Powder Coated)	45057257409 (White Powder Coated Multiple)	4x4 Timber	Cons
Post and Mailbox Hardware NIGP #	45057259009 (Wedge) 45057256500 (V-Wing Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket > 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/L/ 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)		45057541653 (Type 3 Double Mailbox Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket) 45057258027 (Part B Angle Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L—Bracket for XL x4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057252350 (Single Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252343 (Double Mount Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket x2)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252350 (Single Mount Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	None	4505 Angle (x2)
Foundation Used	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	None	Class B Concrete (not used with recycled rubber post, required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (not required)	Class B Concrete	None	
		_						1
					" "	ECT MARKERS AND CONFORMABLE SHEETIN		ļ
					<u> </u>	4"x4" (3 Needed) for Type 3 Wing Chann		ļ
					7,	6"x12" (1 needed) for Type 3 Wing Chan		-
					80149872006 12" Confor	mable Reflective Yellow Sheeting for Flexib	ole Posts	J
					NOTES:			
					1. Type 2 object marke	r in accordance with Traffic Eng	gineerin	ıg
NIGP:	: 45057250263	NIGP: 45057252343	NIGP: 45057252350	NIGP: 45057258001		ors & Object Markers.		
	.—Bracket x4 for (L sized mailboxes	Double Mailbox Bracket For Type 2 and Type 4	Single Mailbox Bracket For Type 2 single and for	Part "A" Angle Bracket For Type 1 multi (2 per mailbox)	2. A light weight rece attached to mailbo	phacle for newspaper delivery copy posts if the receptacle does not a bazard to traffic or delivery	not touc	:h
		double mount	Type 4 single and multi mount	and Type 3 single and double	mail, extend beyon	ent a hazard to traffic or delive nd the front of the mailbox, or of the publication title.	display	i ie
	0 0		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		BID CC Type of Mailb S = Single D = Double M = Multipl	DES FOR CONTRACTS MB-(X) ASSM TY (XXX) (XXX)		
7	P: 45057251055 Type 6 Angle Bracket (2 per mailbox)	NIGP: 45057252251 Mailbox Bracket For Type 1 multi and any double mount (use 2)	NIGP: 45057253002 Bracket Extension Use 1 for a medium Mailbox Use 2 for a Large Mailbox	NIGP: 45057258027 Part "B" Angle Bracket For Type 3 single and double	RR = Recycle TWW = Thin Wo	Channel Post		
NIG	P: 80130598701	NIGP: 45057250255	0 0 0		TIM = Timber Type of Found Ty 1 = V-Loc Ty 2 = Wedge A Ty 3 = Winged	lation ————————————————————————————————————		
	Wedge for Type 2	NIGP: 4303/230233 Plate Washer for Architecural and XL Mailboxes	NIGP: 45057541653 Type 3 double mailbox bracket	NIGP: 55083571053 Type 4 Mailbox Wedge		SHEET 4 OI	F 4	Ma
						Texas Department of Transp	ortation	S

NIGP: 45057259009

Wedge for Type 1 V-wing Socket

NIGP: 45057256500 V-wing Socket for Type 1 Foundation

DATE: 9/13/2021 FILE: C:\txdot\

NIGP: 55083571004

Type 4 Mailbox Socket

NIGP: 80130238407

Type 2 Wedge Anchor

TYPE 6

Single

S, or M

Construction Barrel

45057251055 Angle Brocket (x2)

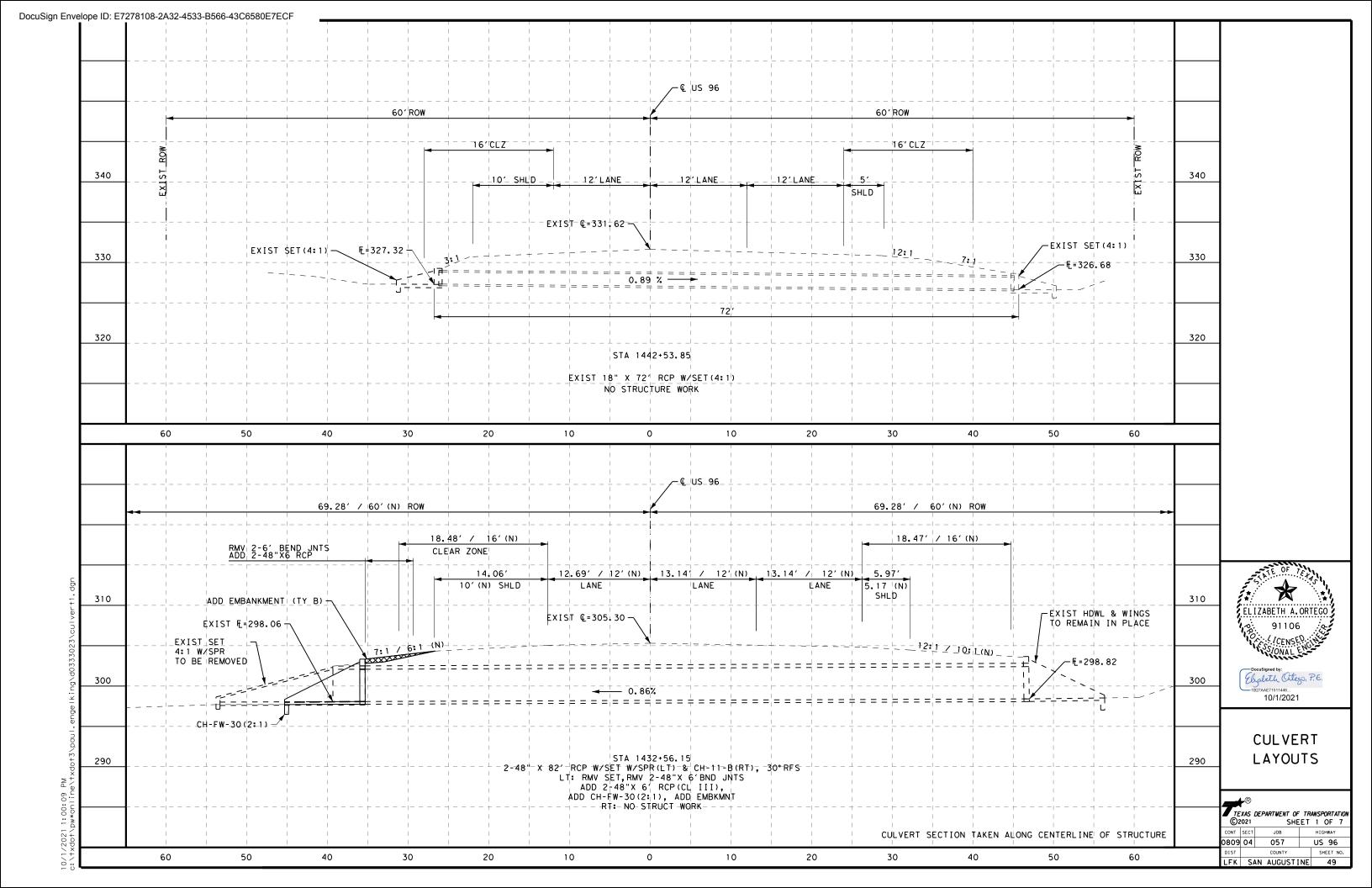
None

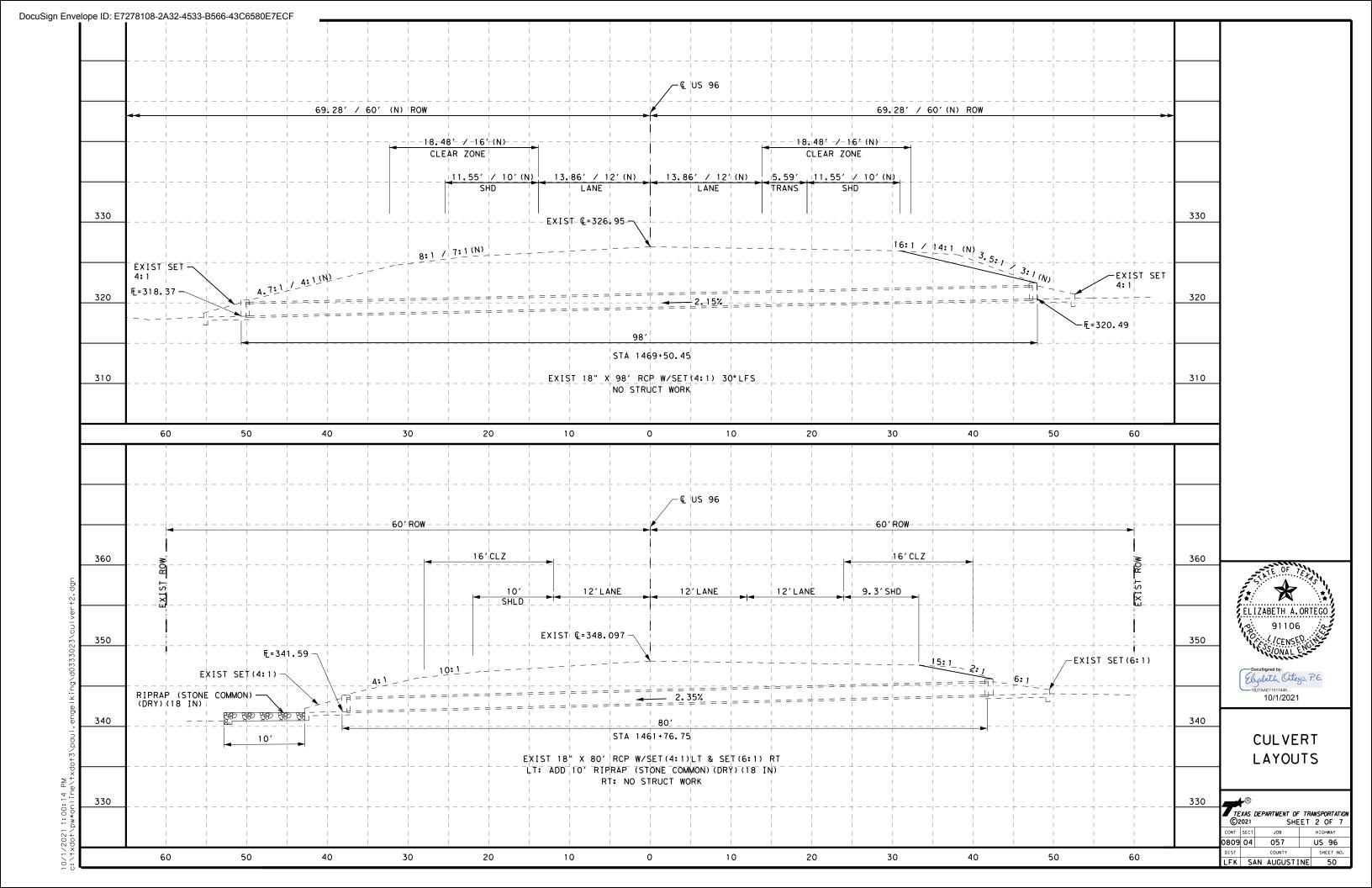
Maintenance Division Standard ansportation

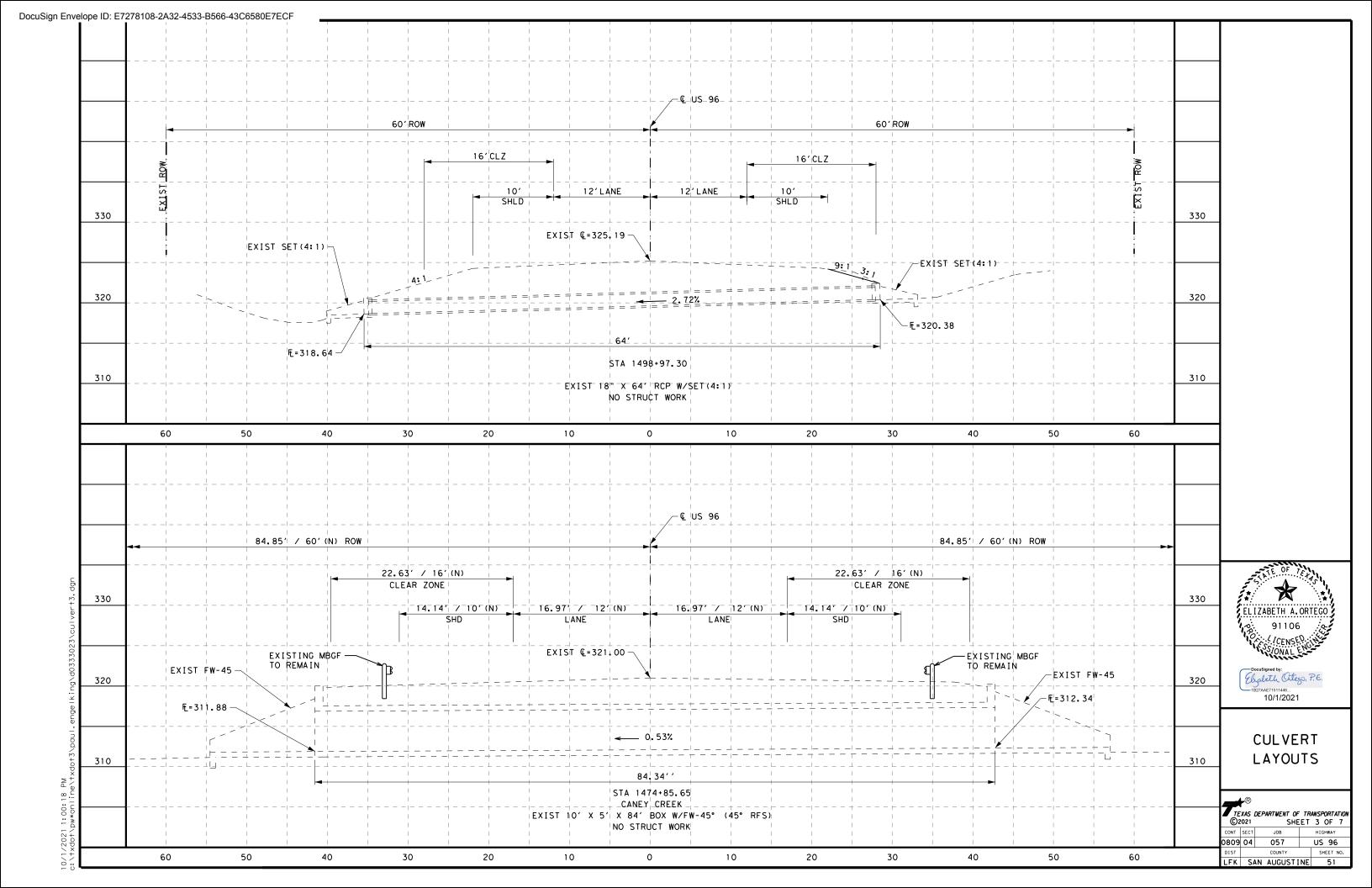
NIGP PARTS LIST AND COMPATIBILITY

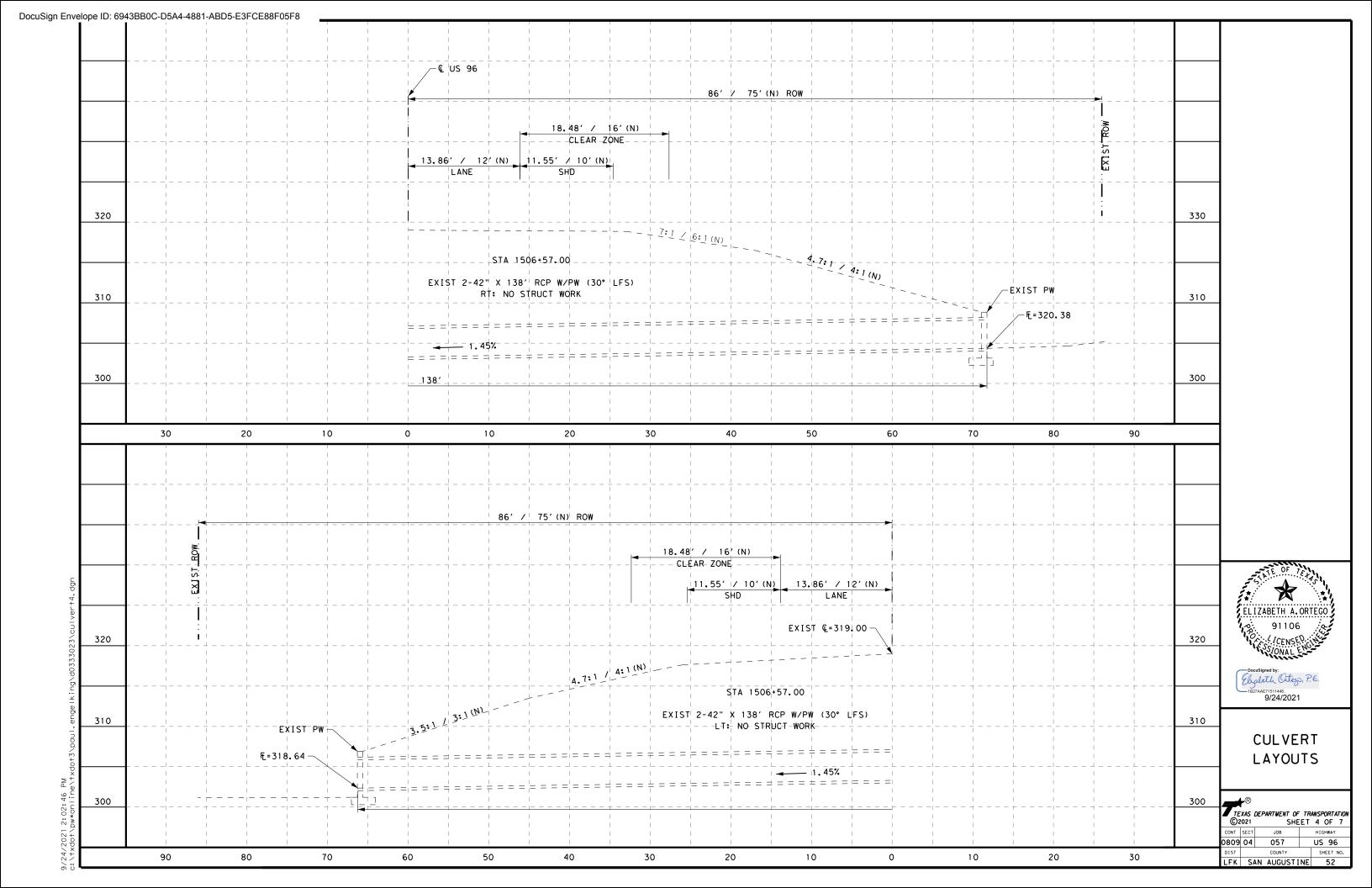
MB(4)-21

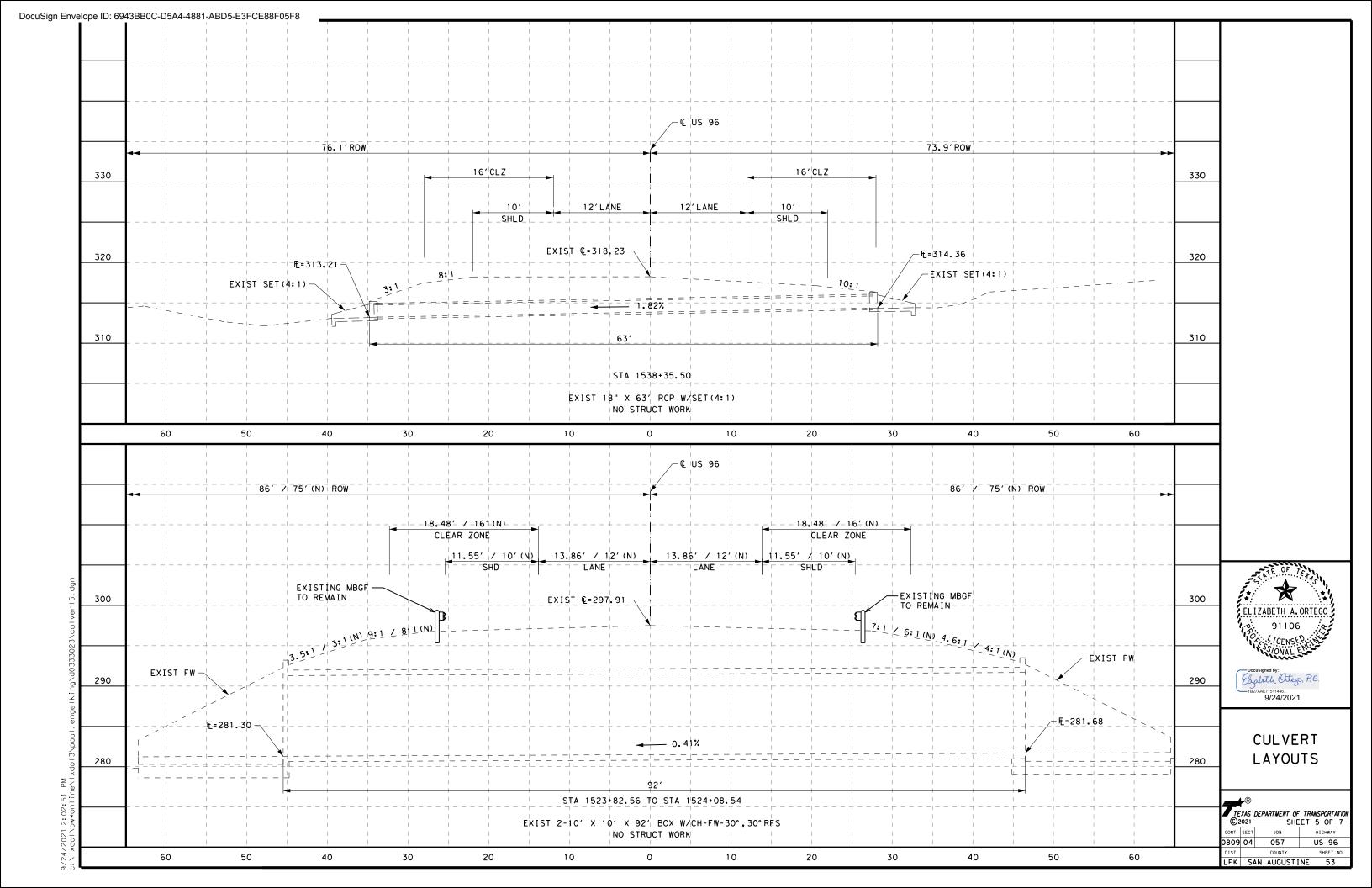
E: MB-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT Dw:		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT March 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS /2005 11/2009 4/2015	0809	04	057		US	96
2005 1/2005 4/2015	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
/2006 7/2014	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STI	NE	48

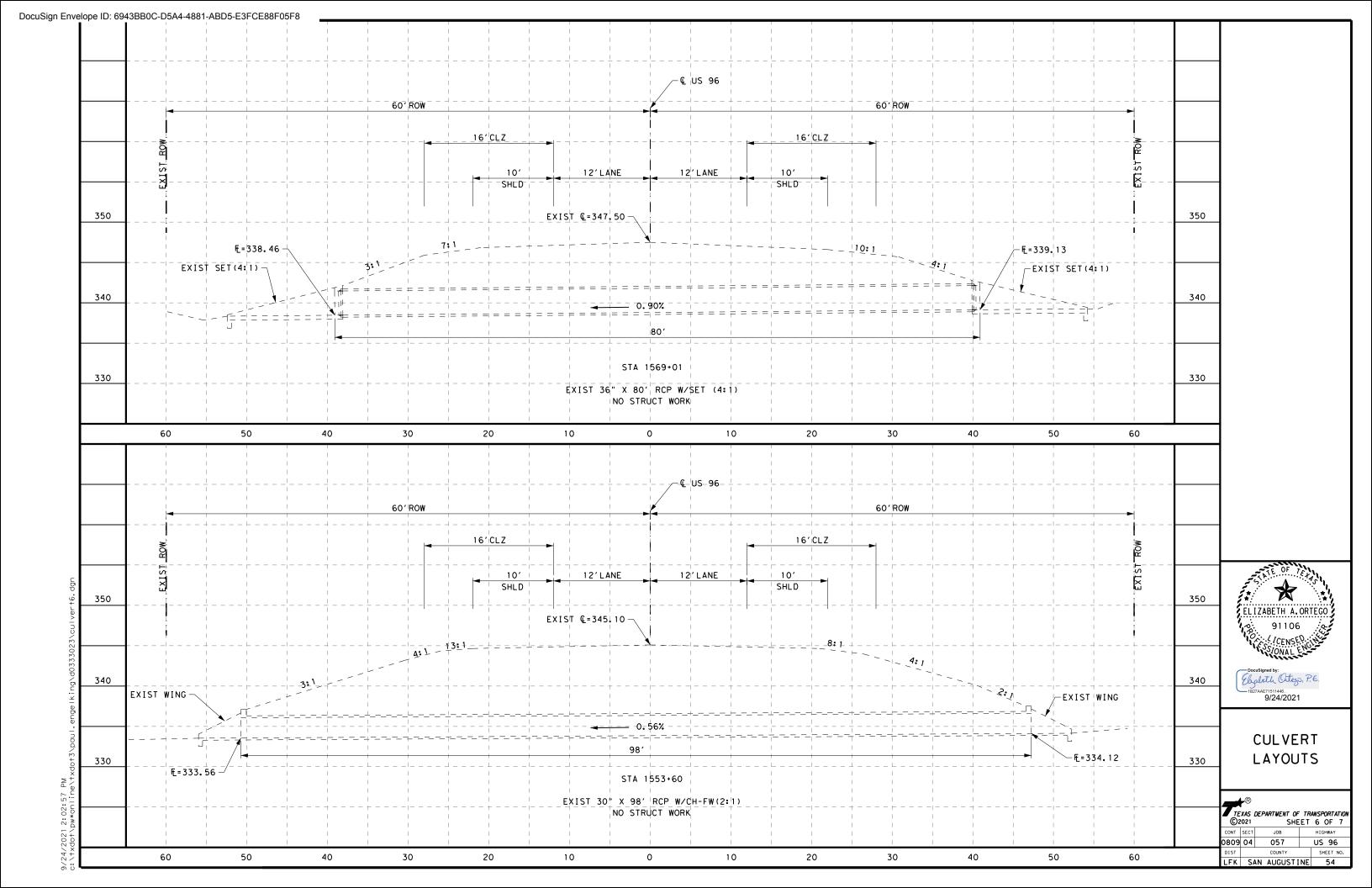












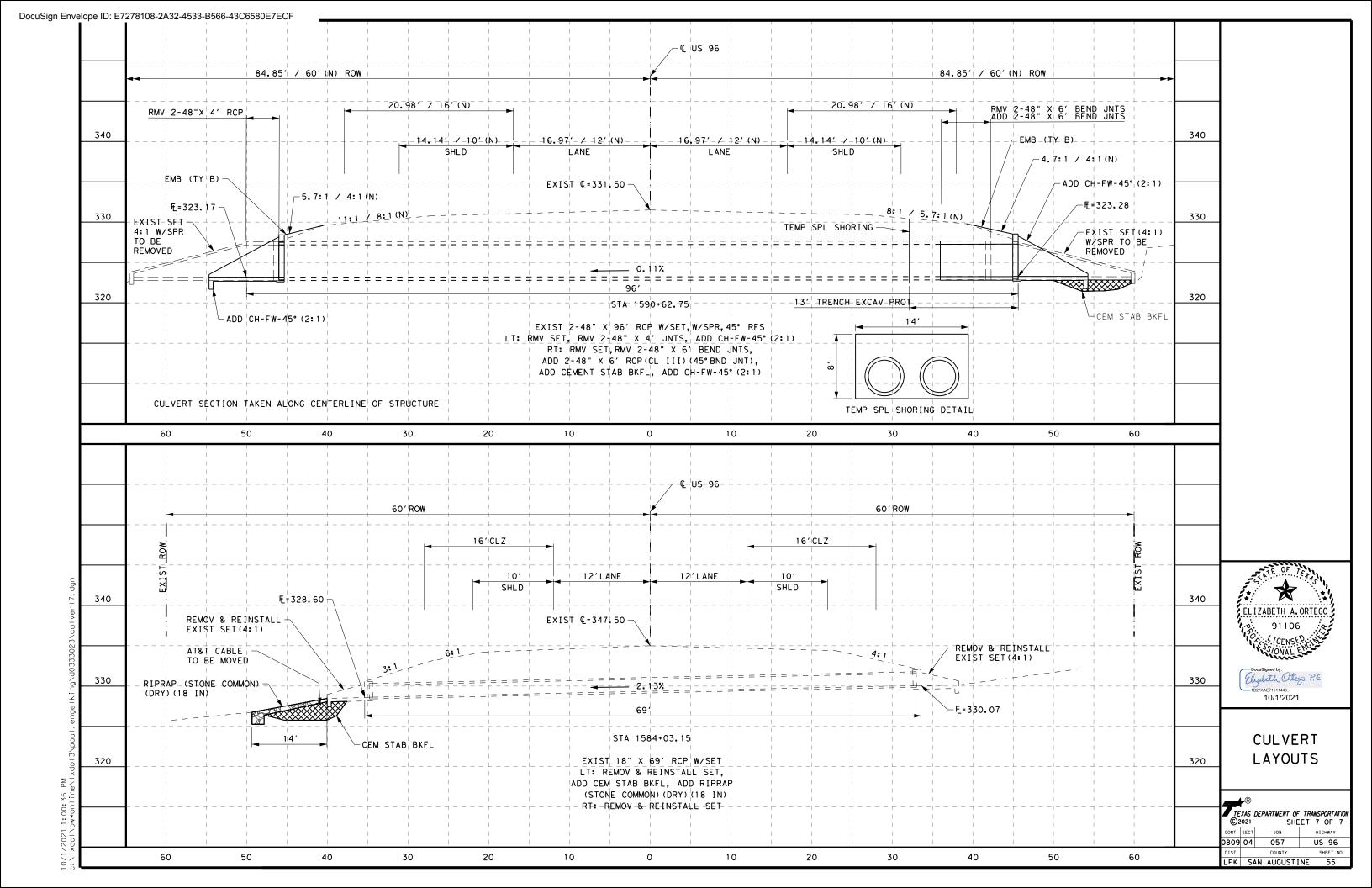
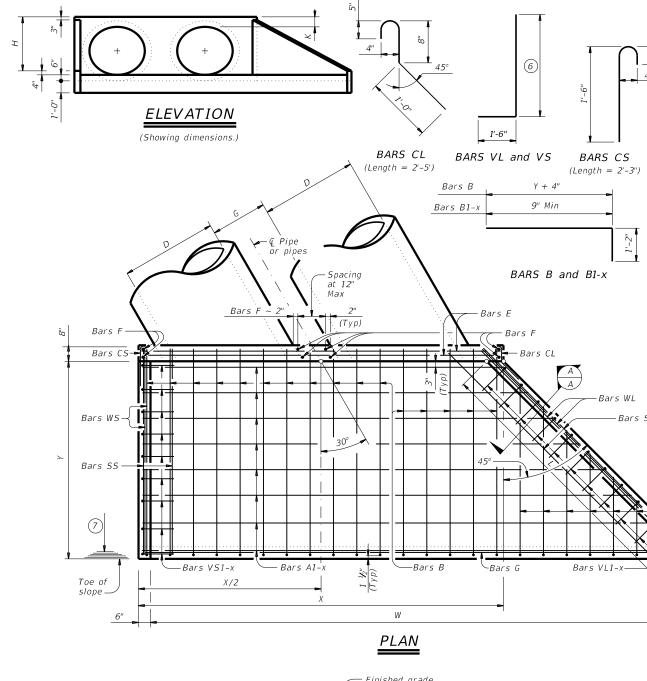
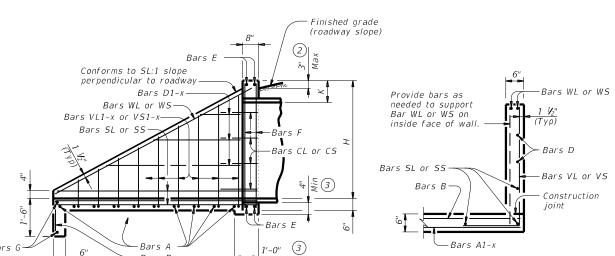


TABLE OF VARIABLE DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES FOR ONE HEADWALL (5)

			AND	QUANT	ITIES	FOR O	NE I	ЧЕА	DW ALL (5)	
	9	Pipe)		Value	es for One	e Pipe			Values to for Each		
	Slope	of , (D)					Reinf	Conc		Reinf	Conc
	S	Dia	W	Χ	Y	L	(Lbs)	(CY) (1)	X and W	(Lbs)	$\binom{(CY)}{1}$
		12"	4' - 9"	3' - 1 ½"	2' - 10"	4' - 0"	94	0.6	2' - 0 1/4"	22	0.2
		15"	5' - 6 3/4"	3' - 5 1/4"	3' - 4"	4' - 8 ½"	106	0.8	2' - 6"	28	0.3
		18"	6' - 4 3/4"	3' - 9 1/4"	3' - 10"	5' - 5"	133	0.9	3' - 1"	41	0.4
		21"	7' - 2 3/4"	4' - 1 1/4"	4' - 4"	6' - 1 ½"	150	1.1	3' - 6 3/4"	47	0.5
sion		24"	8' - 2 1/2"	4' - 7"	4' - 10"	6' - 10"	170	1.4	4' - 1 3/4"	57	0.6
wer		27"	9' - 0 1/2"	4' - 11"	5' - 4"	7' - 6 ½"	184	1.6	4' - 6 1/4"	62	0.7
COL		30"	9' - 10 ½"	5' - 3"	5' - 10"	8' - 3"	218	1.8	5' - 0"	72	0.9
the ise.	2:1	33"	10' - 8 3/4"	5' - 7"	6' - 4"	8' - 11 ½"	233	2.1	5' - 4 3/4"	79	1.0
tor ts u		36"	11' - 6 3/4"	5' - 11 ½"	6' - 10"	9' - 8"	258	2.4	5' - 10 ½"	90	1.2
lity om i		42"	13' - 2 3/4"	6' - 7 1/4"	7' - 10"	11' - 1"	312	3.0	6' - 8 3/4"	109	1.5
sibi. 1 fra		48"	15' - 4 ¾"	7' - 3 1/4"	9' - 4"	13' - 2 ½"	379	4.0	7' - 7 1/4"	142	2.0
spon Iting		54"	17' - 1"	7' - 11 ½"	10' - 4"	14' - 7 1/4"	441	4.7	8' - 8"	170	2.5
res		60"	18' - 9"	8' - 7 ½"	11' - 4"	16' - 0 1/4"	496	5.6	9' - 6 1/4"	194	2.9
s no		66"	20' - 5"	9' - 3 ½"	12' - 4"	17' - 5 1/4"	564	6.5	10' - 1 1/4"	217	3.3
issumes no responsibility damages resulting from		72"	22' - 1 1/4"	9' - 11 ¾"	13' - 4"	18' - 10 1/4"	628	7.5	10' - 9 1/4"	239	3.7
assı dai		12"	6' - 2"	3' - 1 ½"	4' - 3"	6' - 0"	122	0.9	2' - 0 1/4"	24	0.3
007 S 07		15"	7' - 2 ¾"	3' - 5 1/4"	5' - 0"	7' - 0 ¾"	146	1.1	2' - 6"	31	0.4
TxL sult		18"	8' - 3 ¾"	3' - 9 1/4"	5' - 9"	8' - 1 ½"	183	1.4	3' - 1"	46	0.5
er. t re		21"	9' - 4 ¾"	4' - 1 1/4"	6' - 6"	9' - 2 1/4"	203	1.7	3' - 6 ¾"	53	0.7
rrec		24"	10' - 7 ½"	4' - 7"	7' - 3"	10' - 3"	233	2.1	4' - 1 ¾"	65	0.8
hats		27''	11' - 8 ½"	4' - 11"	8' - 0"	11' - 3 ¾"	261	2.4	4' - 6 1/4"	75	1.0
or ,	ı	30"	12' - 9 ½"	5' - 3"	8' - 9"	12' - 4 ½"	304	2.8	5' - 0"	86	1.2
or 1	3:1	33"	13' - 10 ¾"	5' - 7"	9' - 6"	13' - 5 1/4"	330	3.2	5' - 4 3/4"	94	1.3
pu. ats		36"	14' - 11 ¾"	5' - 11 1/4"	10' - 3"	14' - 6"	363	3.7	5' - 10 ½"	108	1.5
any orm		42"	17' - 1 ¾"	6' - 7 1/4"	11' - 9"	16' - 7 ½"	449	4.6	6' - 8 ¾"	133	2.0
tor er f		48"	20' - 0 3/4"	7' - 3 1/4"	14' - 0"	19' - 9 ½"	552	6.2	7' - 7 1/4"	176	2.7
oth		54"	22' - 3" 24' - 5"	7' - 11 ½"	15' - 6"	21' - 11"	638	7.5	8' - 8"	211	3.3
d to		60" 66"	26' - 7"	8' - 7 ½" 9' - 3 ½"	17' - 0" 18' - 6"	24' - 0 ½" 26' - 2"	737 835	8.9 10.4	9' - 6 1/4" 10' - 1 1/4"	246 274	3.9 4.5
e b) ıdar		72"	28' - 9 1/4"	9' - 11 3/4"	20' - 0"	28' - 3 1/3"	944	12.0	10' - 9 1/4"	309	5.1
kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.		12"	7' - 7"	3' - 1 1/2"	5' - 8"	8' - 0 1/4"	160	1.2	2' - 0 1/4"	28	0.3
i is		15"	8' - 10 ¾''	3' - 5 1/4"	6' - 8"	9' - 5 1/4"	187	1.5	2' - 6"	36	0.5
kinc of t		18"	10' - 2 3/4"	3' - 9 1/4"	7' - 8"	10' - 10"	232	1.9	3' - 1"	52	0.6
		21"	11' - 6 3/4"	4' - 1 1/4"	8' - 8"	12' - 3"	270	2.3	3' - 6 3/4"	63	0.8
dgn		24"	13' - 0 ½"	4' - 7"	9' - 8"	13' - 8"	307	2.8	4' - 1 3/4"	75	1.0
•		27"	14' - 4 ½"	4' - 11"	10' - 8"	15' - 1"	345	3.4	4' - 6 1/4"	87	1.2
e-2		30"	15' - 8 ½"	5' - 3"	11' - 8"	16' - 6"	400	3.9	5' - 0"	99	1.4
080	4:1	33"	17' - 0 ¾"	5' - 7"	12' - 8"	17' - 11"	440	4.5	5' - 4 ¾"	112	1.7
fΨ		36"	18' - 4 ¾"	5' - 11 ½"	13' - 8"	19' - 4"	487	5.2	5' - 10 ½"	128	1.9
ρ̈́		42"	21' - 0 ¾"	6' - 7 1/4"	15' - 8"	22' - 1 ¾"	595	6.6	6' - 8 ¾"	158	2.5
23.		48"	24' - 8 ¾"	7' - 3 1/4"	18' - 8"	26' - 4 ¾"	748	8.9	7' - 7 1/4"	211	3.3
330		54"	27' - 5"	7' - 11 ½"	20' - 8"	29' - 2 3/4"	883	10.8	8' - 8"	257	4.1
303		60"	30' - 1"	8' - 7 ½"	22' - 8"	32' - 0 3/4"	1,011	12.8	9' - 6 1/4"	297	4.9
Ď		66"	32' - 9"	9' - 3 ½" 9' - 11 ¾"	24' - 8"	34' - 10 ½"	1,153	14.9	10' - 1 1/4"	340	5.6
. <u>.</u>		72" 12"	35' - 5 ½" 10' - 5"	3' - 1 1 1/2"	26' - 8" 8' - 6"	37' - 8 ½" 12' - 0 ¼"	1,304	17.3	10' - 9 1/4"	378 32	6.4
Э <u>е</u>		15"	12' - 2 3/4"	3' - 5 1/4"	10' - 0"	14' - 1 3/4"	227 277	1.9 2.5	2' - 0 ½" 2' - 6"	43	0.4
ě		18"	14' - 0 3/4"	3' - 9 1/4"	11' - 6"	16' - 3 1/4"	340	3.2	3' - 1"	61	0.8
Ę.		21"	15' - 10 ¾"	4' - 1 1/4"	13' - 0"	18' - 4 ½"	402	3.9	3' - 6 3/4"	76	1.1
۵		24"	17' - 10 1/2"	4' - 7"	14' - 6"	20' - 6"	456	4.8	4' - 1 3/4"	91	1.4
5+3	1:9	27"	19' - 8 1/2"	4' - 11"	16' - 0"	22' - 7 1/2"	525	5.7	4' - 6 1/4"	108	1.6
₹×	9	30"	21' - 6 1/2"	5' - 3"	17' - 6"	24' - 9"	601	6.6	5' - 0"	124	2.0
1 4:36:47 PM \pw_online\†xdo+3\paul.engelking\d0333023\chfw30se-20		33"	23' - 4 3/4"	5' - 7"	19' - 0"	26' - 10 ½"	682	7.7	5' - 4 ¾"	143	2.3
 1		36"	25' - 2 3/4"	5' - 11 1/4"	20' - 6"	29' - 0"	745	8.8	5' - 10 ½"	162	2.7
<u></u> و		42"	28' - 10 ¾"	6' - 7 1/4"	23' - 6"	33' - 2 ³ / ₄ "	928	11.3	6' - 8 ¾"	202	3.5
7 MO		48"	34' - 0 ¾"	7' - 3 1/4"	28' - 0"	39' - 7 ½"	1,199	15.5	7' - 7 1/4"	274	4.6
_ 기											





TYPICAL WING ELEVATION

SECTION A-A

TABLE OF (5) REINFORCING STEEL

Bar	Size	Spa	No.
Α	#4	1' - 0"	~
В	#3	1' - 6"	~
CL & CS	#4	1' - 0"	~
D	#3	1' - 0"	~
Ε	#5	~	4
F	#5	~	~
G	#3	~	2
SL & 55	#4	~	6
VL & VS	#4	1' - 0"	~
WL & WS	#5	~	4

-Bars B1-x

TABLE OF CONSTANT DIMENSIONS

	Dia of Pipe (D)	G	к 4	Н
1	12"	0' - 9"	1' - 0"	2' - 0''
1	15"	0' - 11''	1' - 0"	2' - 3"
1	18"	1' - 2"	1' - 0"	2' - 6"
1	21"	1' - 4"	1' - O''	2' - 9''
1	24"	1' - 7"	1' - 0"	3' - 0''
1	27"	1' - 8"	1' - O''	3' - 3"
1	30"	1' - 10''	1' - O''	3' - 6"
1	33"	1' - 11''	1' - O''	3' - 9''
1	36"	2' - 1"	1' - O''	4' - 0''
1	42"	2' - 4"	1' - 0"	4' - 6''
•	48''	2' - 7"	1' - 3"	5' - 3''
	54"	3' - 0"	1' - 3"	5' - 9''
	60"	3' - 3"	1' - 3''	6' - 3''
	66"	3' - 3"	1' - 3''	6' - 9''
	72"	3' - 4"	1' - 3"	7' - 3"

- 1) Quantities shown are for concrete pipe and will increase slightly for metal pipe installations.
- For vehicle safety, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet these requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- Provide a 1'-0" footing as shown where required to maintain 4" minimum cover for pipes.
- (4) Dimenisions shown are usual and maximum.
- Quantities shown are for one structure end only (one headwall).
- 7 Lengths of wings based on SL:1 slope along this

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Do not mount bridge rails of any type directly to these culvert headwalls.

This standard may not be used for wall heights, H, exceeding the values shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



CONCRETE HEADWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 30° SKEW PIPE CULVERTS

CH-FW-30

		_			_		
	chfw30se-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
xD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
	REVISIONS		04	04 057		US	96
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		LFK	SA	N AUGU	NE	56	

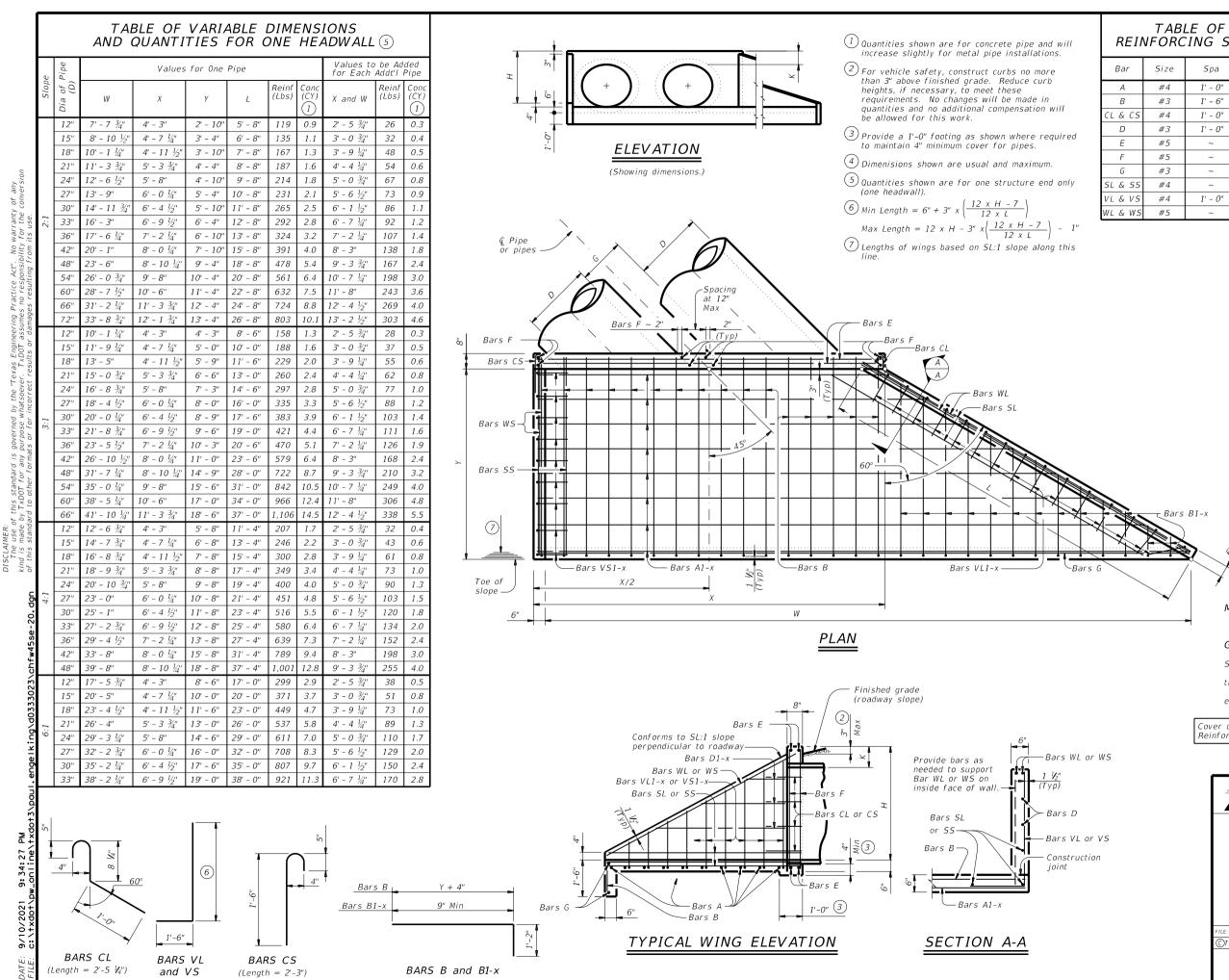


TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL CONSTANT DIMENSIONS

72"

Spa

1' - 0"

1' - 6"

1' - 0"

1' - 0"

1' - 0"

No.	Dia of Pipe (D)	G	K 4	Н
~	12"	0' - 9"	1' - O''	2' - 0''
~	15"	0' - 11''	1' - O''	2' - 3"
~	18"	1' - 2"	1' - O''	2' - 6"
~	21"	1' - 4"	1' - 0"	2' - 9''
4	24"	1' - 7"	1' - 0"	3' - 0''
~	27"	1' - 8"	1' - 0"	3' - 3"
2	30"	1' - 10''	1' - 0"	3' - 6"
6	33"	1' - 11''	1' - 0"	3' - 9''
~	36"	2' - 1"	1' - 0"	4' - 0''
4	42"	2' - 4"	1' - 0"	4' - 6''
	48"	2' - 7"	1' - 3"	5' - 3''
	54"	3' - 0"	1' - 3''	5' - 9''
	60"	3' - 3"	1' - 3''	6' - 3''
	CCII	וור ור	11 211	CI OII

3' - 4"

1' - 3"

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

GENERAL NOTES:

- Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
- Do not mount bridge rails of any type directly to
- these culvert headwalls.

 This standard may not be used for wall heights, H, exceeding the values shown.

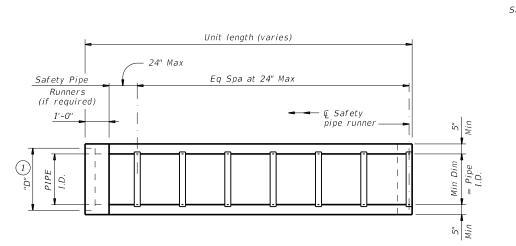
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



CONCRETE HEADWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 45° SKEW PIPE CULVERTS

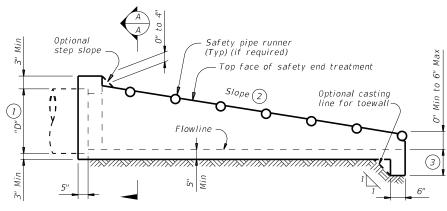
CH-FW-45

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)T x D O T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY		GHWAY		
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PLAN

(Showing bell end connection.)



LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

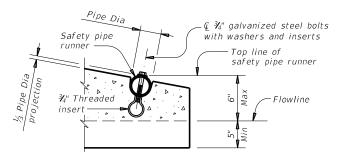
(Showing bell end connection.)

bedding and backfill

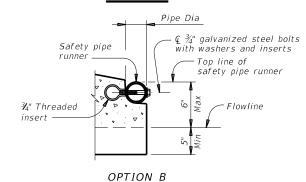
MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Pipe Dia Safety pipe runne with washers and inserts ¾" Threaded insert

INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

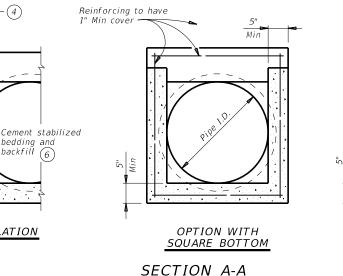


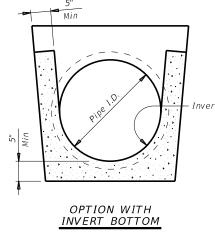
OPTION A

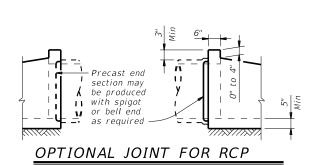


END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)







(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Pipe	RCP Wall	TP Wall		Min			Runners uired	Required Pipe Runner Size			
I.D.	Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	0.D.	I.D.	
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8''	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11''	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
42"	4 1/2"	N/A	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- 2 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 3 Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{\left(5\right)}$ Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 6 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (7) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12 or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3.600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension

cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B). ASTM A500 (Grade B). or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See PBGC standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

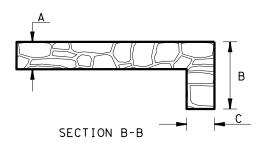
PSFT-SP

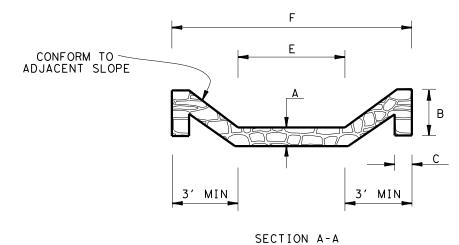
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()T x D 0 T	February 2020	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY					
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PLAN VIEW (PARALLEL WING)

RIPRAP DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE





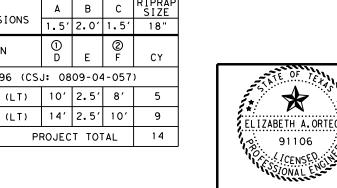
ELEVATION VIEWS

NOTE: CEMENT STABILIZE BACKFILL AS DIRECTED

1 ESTIMATED USING CULVERT LAYOUTS

② WIDTH OF CHANNEL TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD

RIPRAP [DIME	NSIO	NS	
LICHAL DIMENSIONS	Α	В	С	RIPRAP SIZE
USUAL DIMENSIONS	1.5	2.0'	1.5'	18"
LOCATION	① D	E	@ F	CY
US 96 (CS	J: 08	09-04	1-057)
1461+76.75 (LT)	10′	2.5	8′	5
1584+03.15 (LT)	14'	2.5	10′	9
PI	ROJEC	т тот	AL	14



MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE DETAILS

Ebaleth Ottego, P.E.

9/24/2021

057 US 96 0809 04 LFK SAN AUGUSTINE 59 1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on, Green;

"San Augustine", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"11", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on, Green;

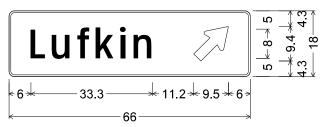
"Center", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"30", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Table of letter and object lefts

S 4.5	á	a 9.6	n 15	5.1														
		A 23	.7	u 29	.9	g 35	.2	u 40	.9	s 46	.0	t 50).4	i 54	4.3	n 57.	2	e 62.5
		1 73	.5	1 77	.1													
C 4.5	9	e 9.9	n 15	5.4	t 20).4	e 24	1.2	r 29	9.7	3 70).1	0 75	.1				

S2



D1-1 8in 45 RT;

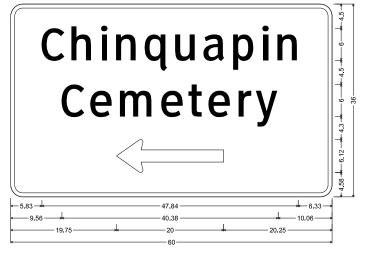
1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on, Green;

"Lufkin", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 45';

Table of letter and object lefts

L u f k i n 🗸 6.0 | 11.8 | 18.7 | 23.8 | 30.3 | 34.2 | 50.5 S15



D3-3bTL_VARx36;

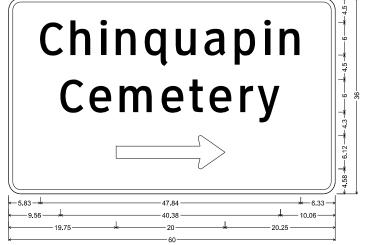
2.25" Radius, 0.75" Border, White on, Green;

"Chinquapin", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Cemetery", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Standard Arrow Custom 20.00" X 6.13" 180';

Table of letter and object lefts

C 5.83	h 11.43	i 16.85	n 19.77	q 25.06	u 30.78	a 36.04	p 41.60	i 46.95	n 49.87
C 9.56	e 14.92	m 20.48	e 28.17	t 33.19	e 36.99	r 42.51	y 45.77		
← 19.75									



D3-3bTL VARx36;

2.25" Radius, 0.75" Border, White on, Green;

"Chinquapin", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Cemetery", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Standard Arrow Custom 20.00" X 6.13" 0';

Table of letter and object lefts

labio	01 1011									
C	h	i 40.05	n	q	u	a	p	i	n 49.87	
5.83	11.43	16.85	19.77	25.06	30.78	36.04	41.60	46.95	49.87	
С	е	m	е	t	е	r	у			
9.56	14.92	20.48	28.17	t 33.19	36.99	42.51	45.77			
\Rightarrow										
	5									



SIGN DETAILS

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

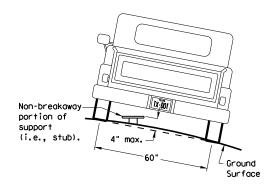
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

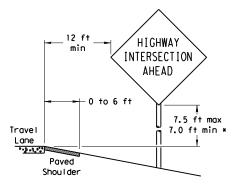
Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

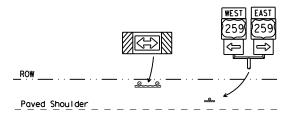
T-INTERSECTION

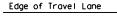
12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

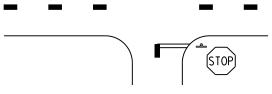
7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

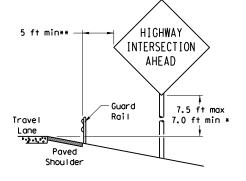
The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

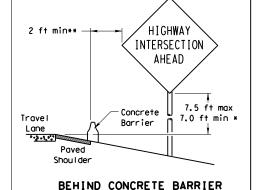
SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

	_					
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BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

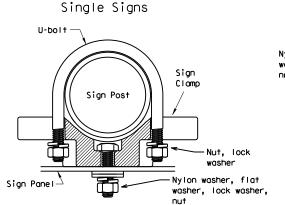


 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



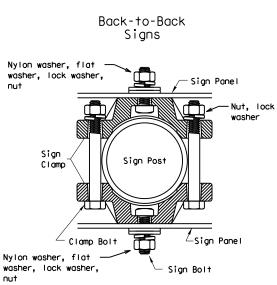
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



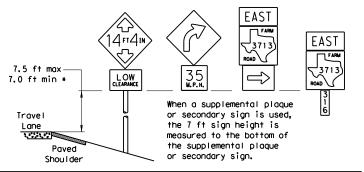
diameter

circle

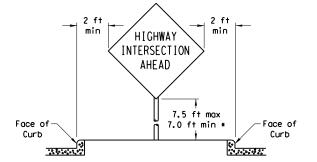
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length							
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp						
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"						
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"						
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"						

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

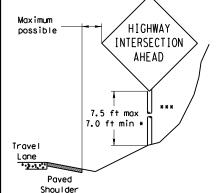


CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

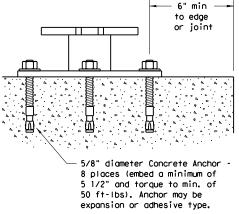
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

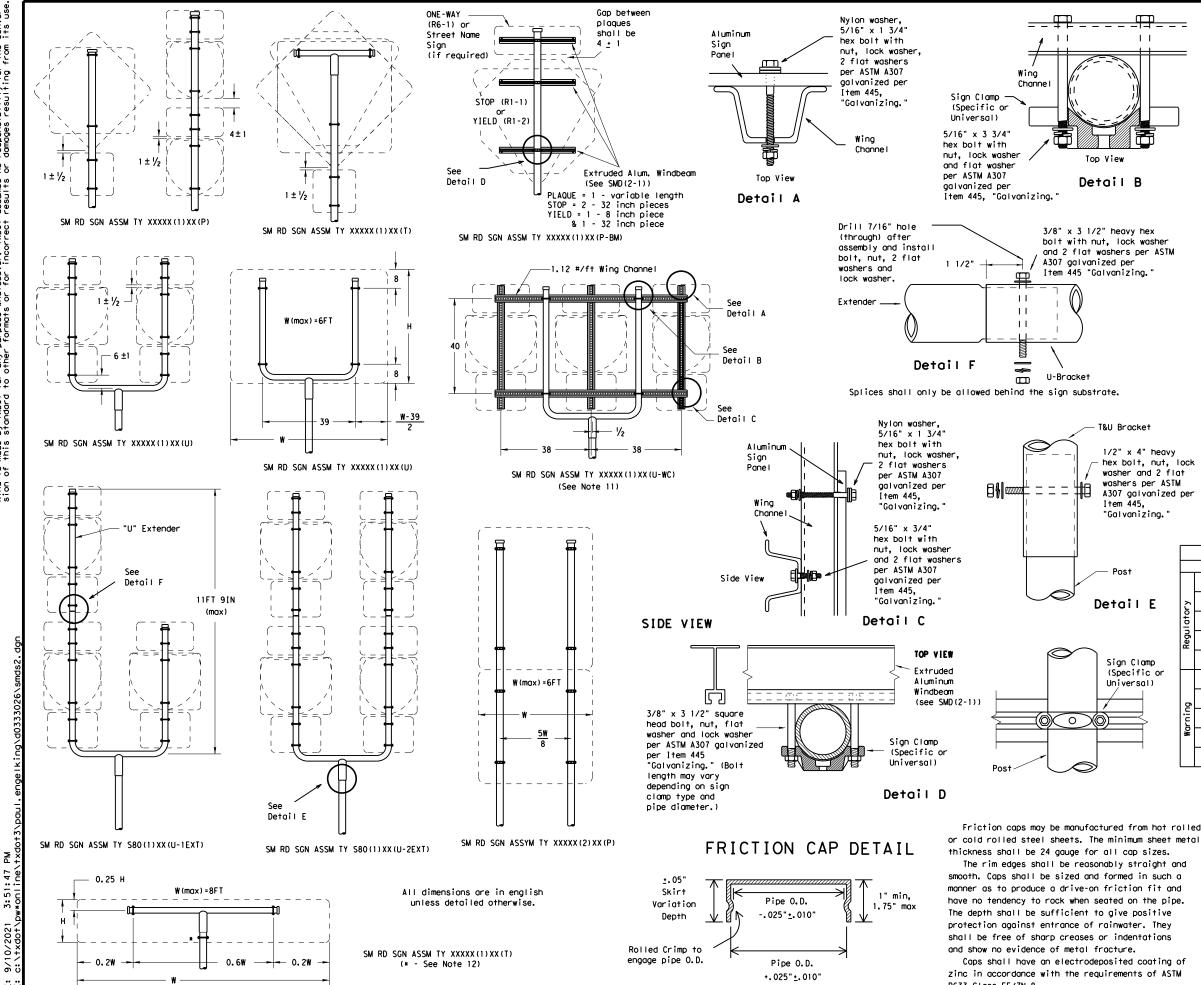


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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	LEV	CA	NI ALICUS	TIME	6.2





GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

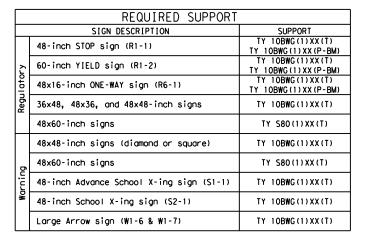
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-2) -08

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		LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE		63

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled

0

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

Wing

11

1.1

1.1

8

Sign Clamp -

Universal)

(Specific or

Channe

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445,

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

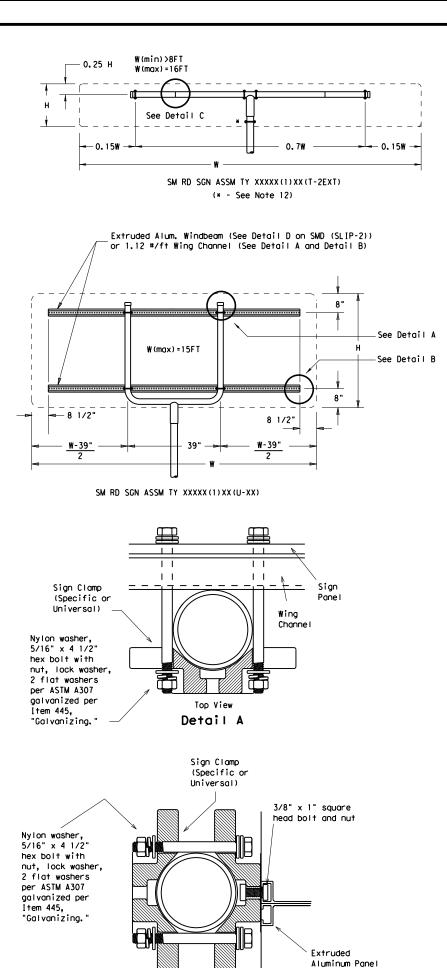
washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

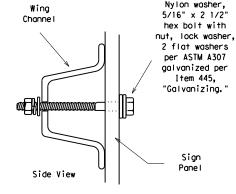
A307 galvanized per

Detail B

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center

of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

variable

2 7/8" O.D.

Sch. 80

steel pipe

6" panel should

be placed at the top of

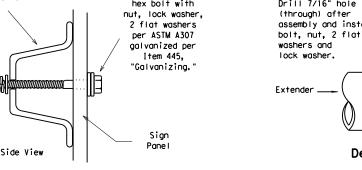
sign for proper mounting.

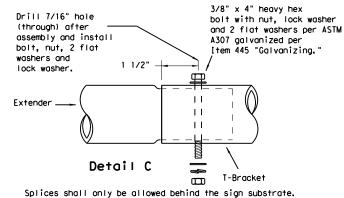
Extruded Aluminum

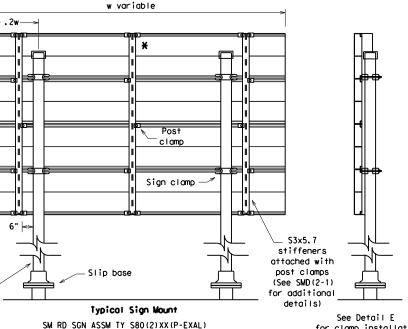
Sign

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG-

steel pipe





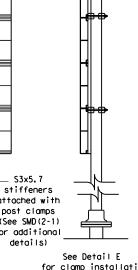


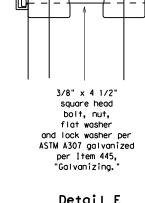
Sign Clamp

See Detail D

-Slip base

Ì Bracket





Sign

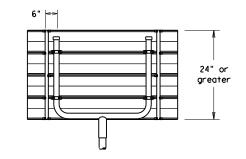
Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

Detail E

for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
,	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
2	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

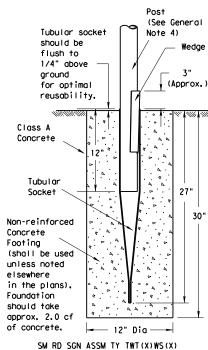


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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Wedge Anchor Steel System



Post

Class

Stub pipe

Concrete

Footing

elsewhere

Foundation

should take

of concrete.

Concrete

Non-reinforced

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

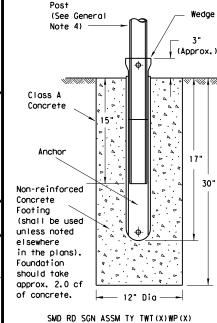
or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

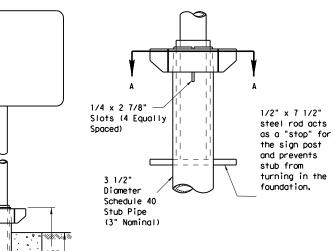
detail on SMD

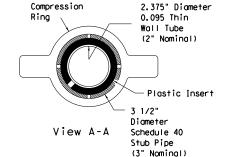
(See General

Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System



Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post





30"

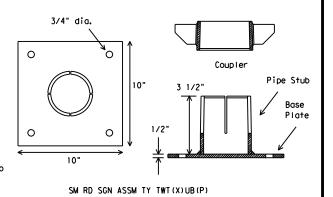
-12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

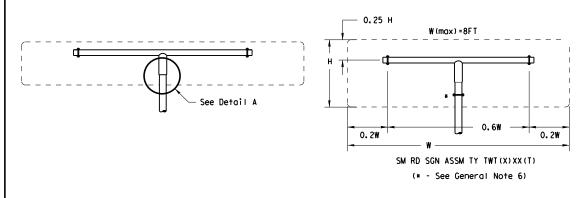
Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

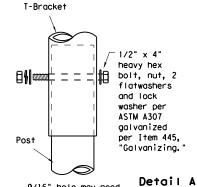
(See General Note 4) 5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min, of to edge 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

"Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire ner ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- 7. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall
- 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground.
- 3. Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- 4. Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- 7. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hale. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



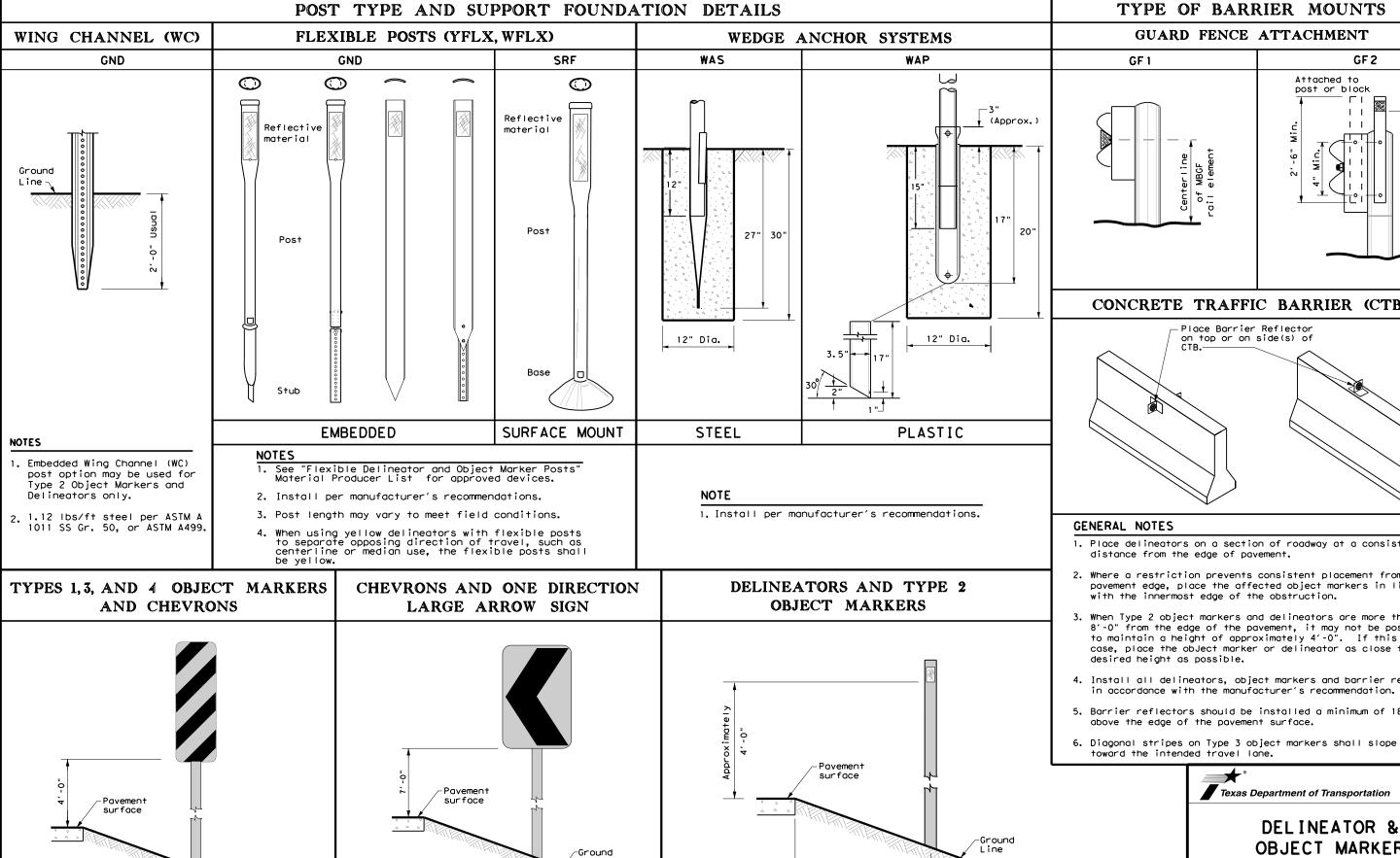
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD (TWT) - 08

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	I FK	SAN AUGUSTINE				65	

LFK SAN AUGUSTINE

20A

area of 9 square inches.



Line

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7' to the bottom

DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE

paid under item 644.

2'-0" to 8'-0" or in front of object being marked

See general notes 1, 2 and 3.

-Ground

Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom

of the chevron is permitted for

a height of 6'-6" to the top of

the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

chevrons that will not exceed

No warranty of any for the conversion

TxDOI assumes no responsibility

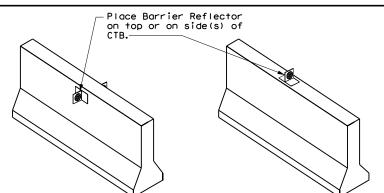
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ILE: dom2-20.dgn C)TxDOT August 2004 JOB 0809 04 057 US 96 10-09 3-15 LFK SAN AUGUSTINE

4-10 7-20

GF2 Attached to

post or block

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down

Texas Department of Transportation

OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

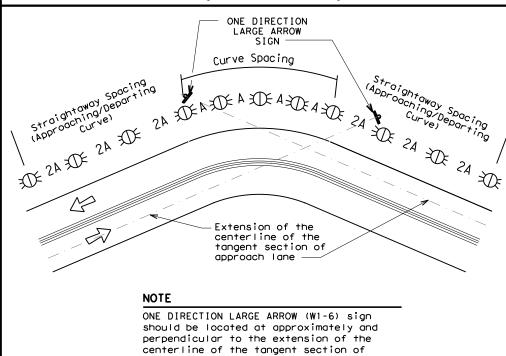
D & OM(2) - 20

MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons. 			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons			

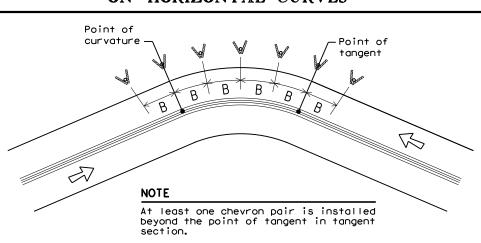
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET					
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve		
		Α	2A	В		
1	5730	225	450			
2	2865	160	320			
3	1910	130	260	200		
4	1433	110	220	160		
5	1146	100	200	160		
6	955	90	180	160		
7	819	85	170	160		
8	716	75	150	160		
9	637	75	150	120		
10	573	70	140	120		
11	521	65	130	120		
12	478	60	120	120		
13	441	60	120	120		
14	409	55	110	80		
15	382	55	110	80		
16	358	55	110	80		
19	302	50	100	80		
23	249	40	80	80		
29	198	35	70	40		
38	151	30	60	40		
57	101	20	40	40		

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
	Single deligestors on at least one	100 feet on ramp tangents

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4)) does not apply to ramp curves) Acceleration/Deceleration Double delineators (see Detail 3 100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)) on D&OM(4))

Single delineators on at least one

side of ramp (should be on outside

Truck Escape Ramp Single red delineators on both sides 50 feet

lanes each direction

Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each Bridge Rail (steel or direction Equal spacing (100'max) but concrete) and Metal not less than 3 delineators

Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) Barrier reflectors matching Equal spacing 100' max or Steel Traffic Barrier the color of the edge line

Single Delineators when multiple

Reflectors matching the color Every 5th cable barrier post (up to Cable Barrier of the edge line 100'max)

Divided highway - Object marker on Requires reflective sheeting provided approach end by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or Guard Rail Terminus/Impact a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in

Undivided 2-lane highways front of the terminal end Object marker on approach and See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6) departure end

Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) Bridges with no Approach See D & OM(5) at end of rail and 3 single Rail delineators approaching rail

Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per Type 2 and Type 3 Object Reduced Width Approaches to D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single Bridge Rail Marker (OM-3) in front of the

delineators approaching bridge terminal end See D & OM (5)

Type 2 Object Markers See Detail 2 on D & OM(4) Double yellow delineators and RPMs See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

Crossovers

Pavement Narrowing Single delineators adjacent (lane merge) on to affected lane for full Freeways/Expressway length of transition

NOTES

Culverts without MBGF

Frwy/Exp. Ramp

Beam Guard Fence

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND				
XX	Bi-directional Delineator			
K	Delineator			
4	Sign			



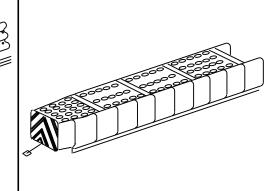
100 feet

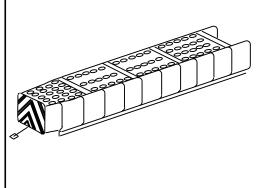
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

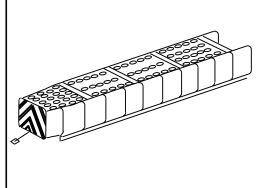
Traffic Safety Division Standard

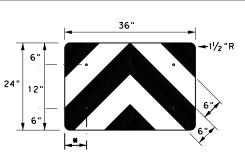
D & OM(3) - 20

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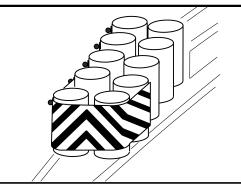


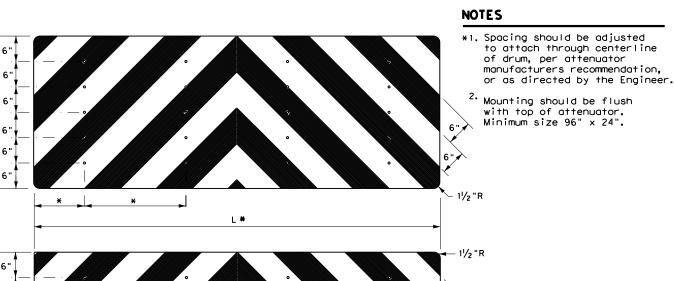


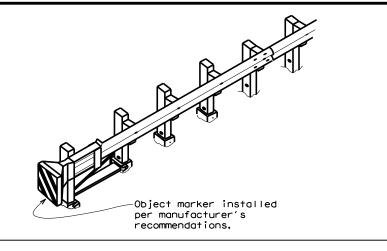


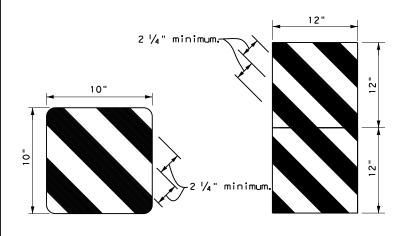


Adjust to fit attenuator per manufacturer's recommendation, or as directed by the Engineer

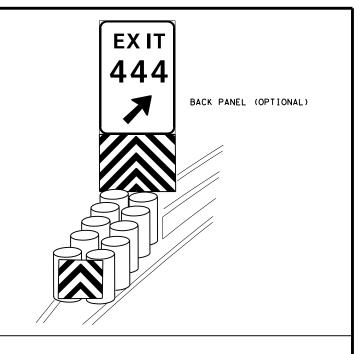


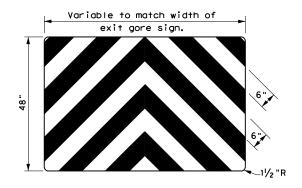






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of $2\,\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS**

D & OM(VIA) - 20

D 0.	٧. ،	• •	~ /		
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US 96
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STINE	72

Shou I der

4" Solid

Edge Line-

4" Solid

4" Solid White

Edge Line-

White Edge Line-

Yellow

-6" min.

-6" min.

10′

3" min.-4" usual

6" min. when no shoulder

3" min. -

4" Solid White

Edge Line

max.-

10" min. -12" max. 7

 $\langle \neg$

4" Solid-

Yellow Line

exists

 $\langle \neg$

TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

4" Solid

(12" max. for

traveled way

10′

 \Rightarrow

 $\overline{}$

 \Rightarrow

-Edge of Pavement

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES

ONE-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-Edge of Pavement

— 4" White J

Lane Line

4" Solid Yellow Line-

4" Solid White

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES

FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

4" Solid White Edge Line

 \Rightarrow

 \Rightarrow

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

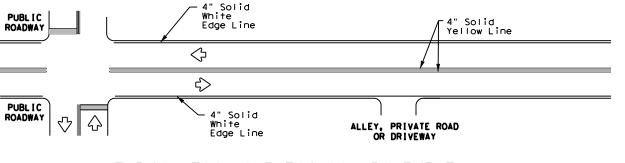
r4" Yellow Centerline

30'

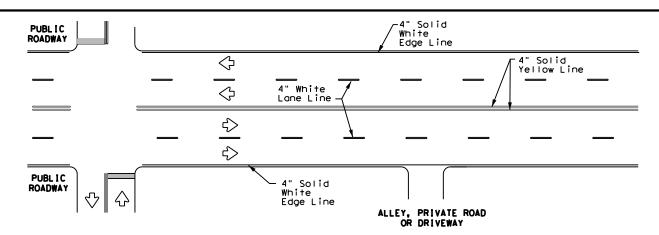
Shoulder width may vary (typ)

√Edge of Pavement

[_10′]



TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



YIELD LINES

NOTES

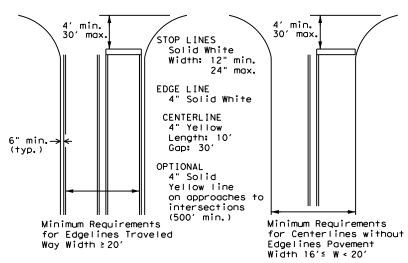
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

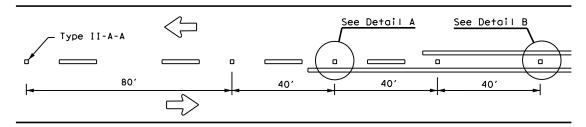
Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



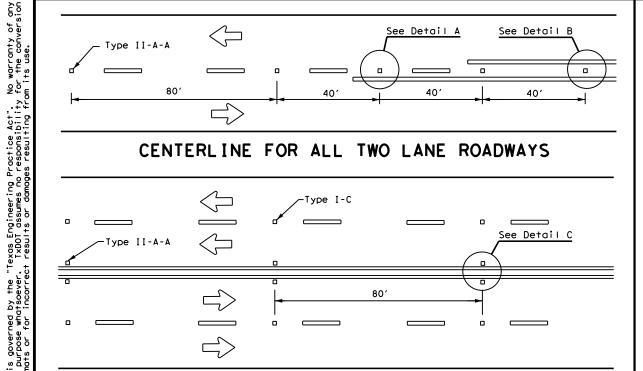
Texas Department of Transportation

PM(1)-20

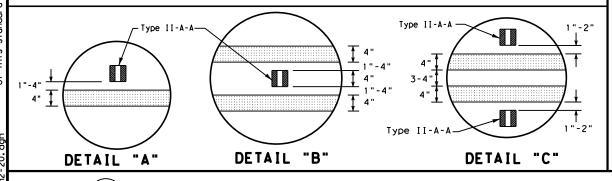
FILE: pm1-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:		
© TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY		
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US 96		
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
8-00 6-20	IFK	S /	N AUGU	STINE	73		



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

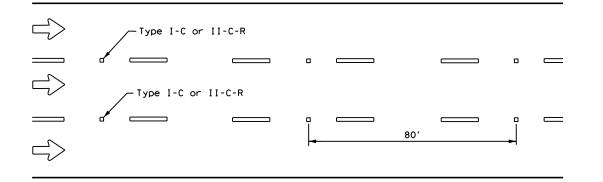
OR LÂNE LINE

LINE, CENTER LINE

NOTE

Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 401 80' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

CENTER OR EDGE LINE | 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--

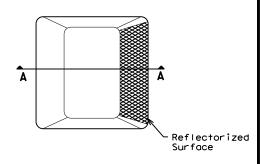
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

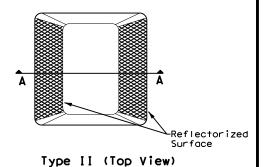
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

DMS-4200
DMS-6100
DMS-6130
DMS-8200
DMS-8220
DMS-8240
D

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min-Adhesive Roadway Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



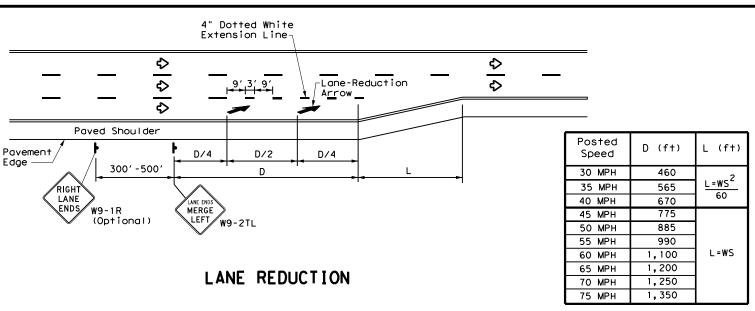
Traffic Safety Division Standard

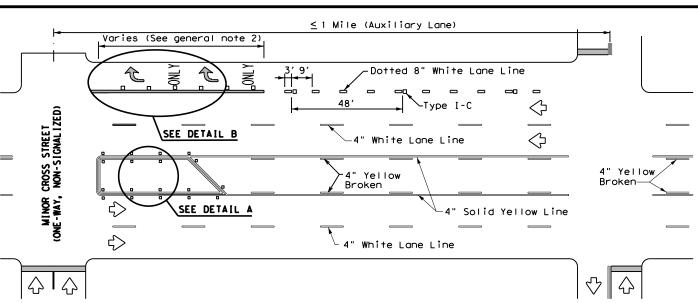
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 20

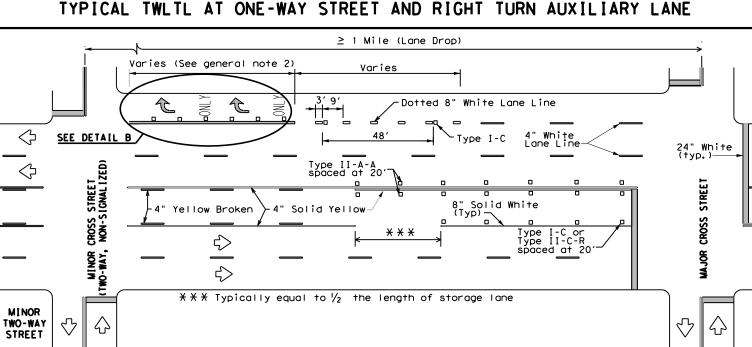
FILE: pm2-20, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US 96
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	LFK	SA	N AUGU	STINE	74

4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE





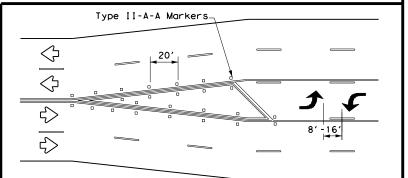




TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

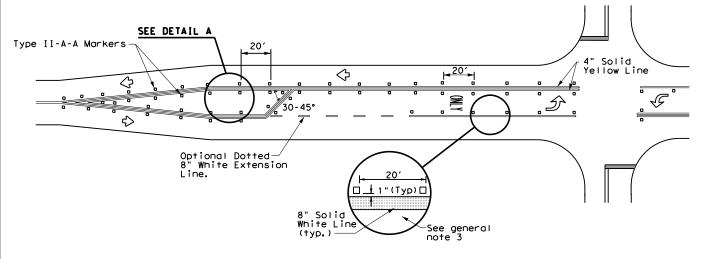
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

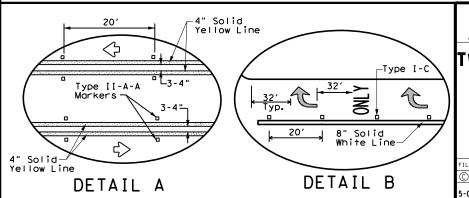
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

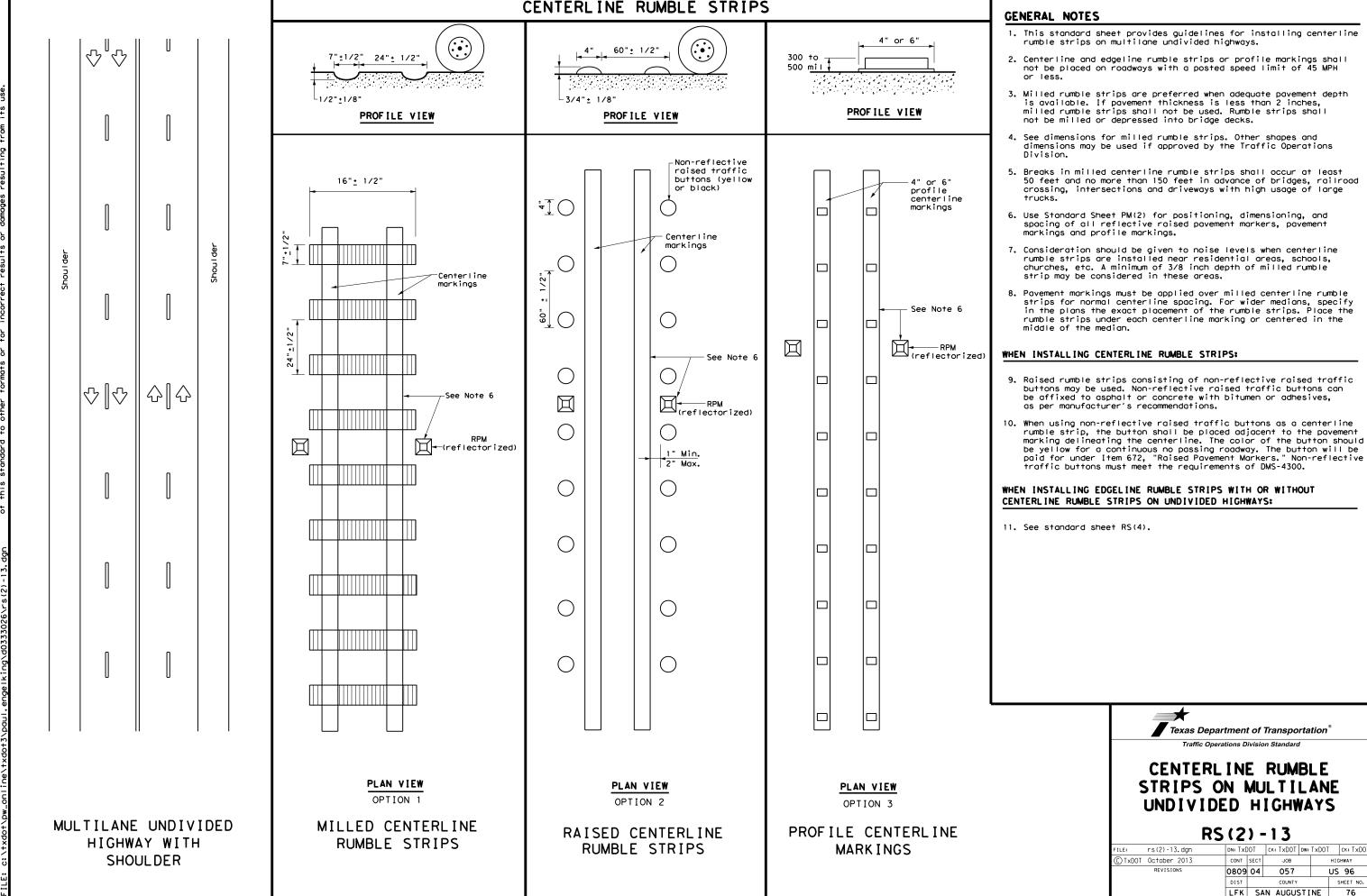




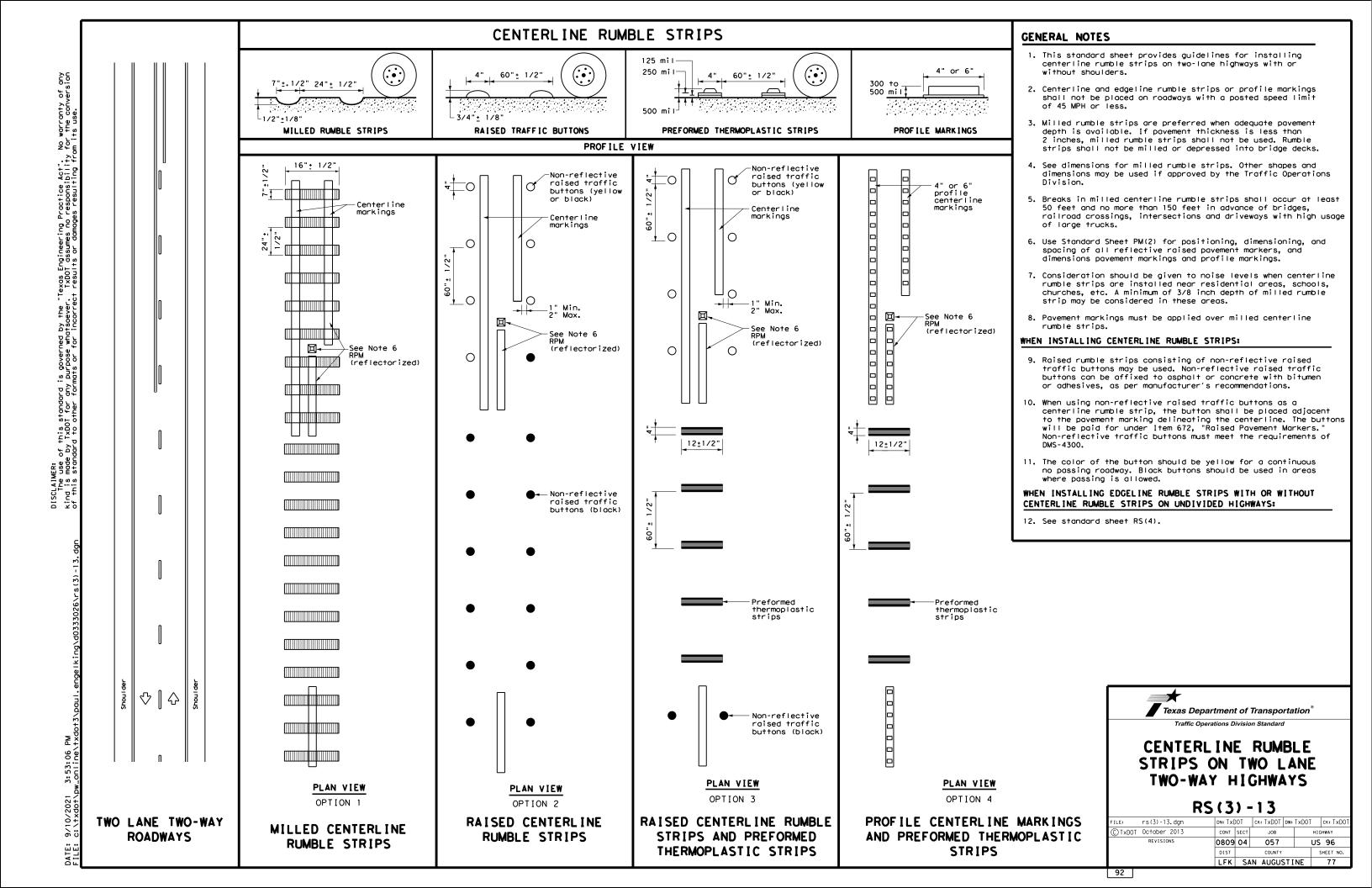
Traffic Safety Division Standard

'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 20

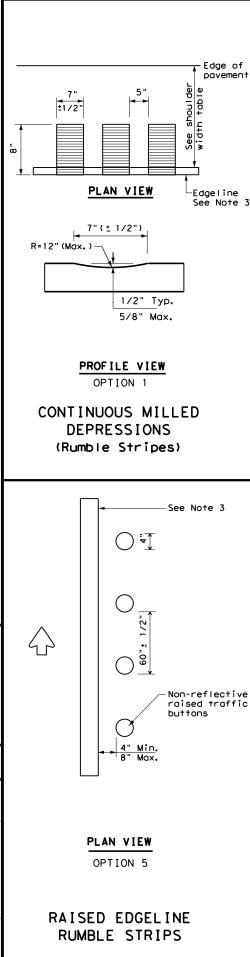
FILE: pm3-20, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT April 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H I GHWAY
5-00 2-10 REVISIONS	0809	04	057		US 96
8-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03 6-20	LFK	SA	N AUGU	STINE	75

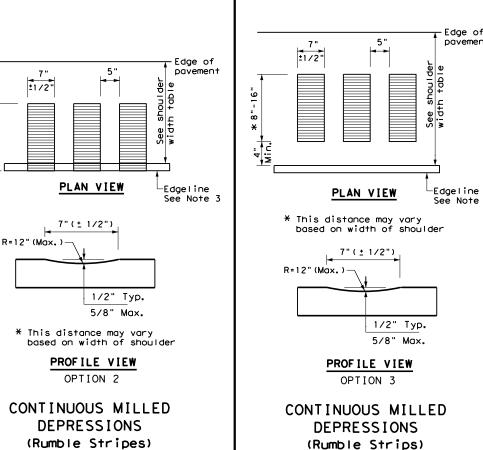


91









4" or 6'

profile

edgeline

See Note 3

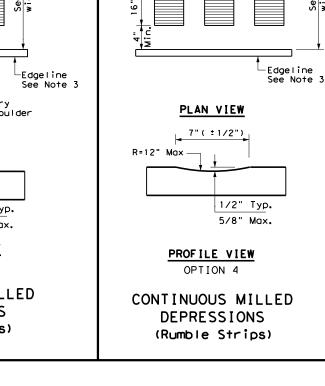
PLAN VIEW

OPTION 6

PROFILE EDGELINE

MARKINGS

marking



Ξ̈́

Ē

∟Edge of pavement

±1/2"

SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE GREATER THAN EQUAL TO OR EQUAL TO OR 2 FEET LESS THAN GREATER THAN LESS THAN 2 FEET 4 FEET 4 FEET Option 1, 5 OR 6 Option 1, 2, 3 Option 2, 4, 5 5 OR 6 OR 6

GENERAL NOTES

- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations Division.
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder. If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the povement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



NOTES:

- (1) THE PURPOSE OF THIS SHEET IS TO POINT THE USER TO THE APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS TO FIND THE REQUIRED CONTENT OF THE SWP3.
- 2) THE PROJECT LIMITS SHOWN ON THE TITLE SHEET AND LIMITS OF TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY SHALL ALSO BE THE LIMITS OF COVERAGE OF THE SWP3.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

- A. NATURE OF ACTIVITY: FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF REHABILITATION OF EXISTING ROAD CONSISTING OF DEEP MILL, INLAY, SEAL & OVERLAY
- B. POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND THEIR SOURCES: POLLUTANTS INCLUDE SEDIMENT, SOLID WASTE, GARBAGE, WRECKED/DISCARDED EQUIPMENT, ROCK, AND SAND.
- C. INTENDED SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES: SEE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE FOR ESTIMATED START DATES AND DURATION OF SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES
- D. TOTAL AREA OF SITE: 53.5 ACRES AREA TO BE DISTURBED: 24.7 ACRES
- E. DATA DESCRIBING THE SOIL OR QUALITY OF ANY DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE: Fine & Very Fine Sandy Loam, Etoile Loam,
- F. GENERAL LOCATION MAP: SEE TITLE SHEET OF THE PROJECT PLANS
- G. DETAILED SITE MAP/MAPS INDICATING THE FOLLOWING:
- i. DRAINAGE PATTERNS: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- ii. ANTICIPATED SLOPES AFTER MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES: SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS
- iii.AREAS WHERE SOIL DISTURBANCE WILL OCCUR: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
 iv. LOCATIONS OF ALL CONTROLS OR BUFFERS (PLANNED/IN PLACE):
- iv. LOCATIONS OF ALL CONTROLS OR BUFFERS (PLANNED/IN PLACE):
 SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- V. LOCATIONS WHERE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE EXPECTED TO BE USED: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- vi. LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- vii.SURFACE WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS, AT, ADJACENT, OR
 IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE SITE (* INDICATES IMPAIRED
 WATERS): SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- viii.LOCATIONS WHERE STORMWATER DISCHARGES DIRECTLY TO A SURFACE WATER BODY OR MS4: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- ix. VEHICLE WASH AREAS: N/A
- X. DESIGNATED POINTS ON THE SITE WHERE VEHICLES WILL EXIT FROM UNSTABLE DIRT TO PAVED ROAD: N/A
- H. LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES
 AUTHORIZED UNDER THE PERMITTEE'S NOI: CONSTRUCTION SUPPORT
 ACTIVITIES ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THIS SWP3 AS IT IS NOT
 AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS PERMITTEE'S CGP. THE PERMITTEE WILL
 MAKE REFERENCE TO CONSTRUCTION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES THAT ARE
 COVERED UNDER THE CONTRACTOR'S SWP3 AND CGP ON SWP3 LAYOUTS
- I. NAME OF RECEIVING WATER(S) AT OR NEAR SITE:
 CLEAR BRANCH, CHINQUAPIN CREEK, CANEY CREEK

NEAREST CLASSIFIED SEGMENT NUMBER: 0610

CLASSIFIED SEGMENT NAME: SAM RAYBURN RESERVOIR

- J. COPY OF TPDES GENERAL PERMIT: SEE SWP3 FILE
- K. NOI AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT CERTIFICATE OR SITE NOTICE: SEE SWP3 FILE
- L. STORMWATER AND ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGE LOCATIONS: SEE SWP3 LAYOUTS
- M. LOCATIONS OF POLLUTANT GENERATING ACTIVITIES: ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS PERMITTEE'S CGP CAN BE FOUND ON SWP3 LAYOUTS. THIS SHEET WILL ALSO REFERENCE THE LOCATION OF POLLUTANT GENERATING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE COVERED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S CGP AND SWP3.

DESCRIPTION OF BMPS

- A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHOWN ON SWP3
 LAYOUTS WERE DESIGNED TO RETAIN SEDIMENT ON-SITE TO THE EXTENT
 PRACTICABLE WITH CONSIDERATION OF LOCAL TOPOGRAPHY, SOIL TYPE, AND
 RAINFALL. THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WILL BE INSTALLED AND
 MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER AND TXDOT STORM WATER MANAGEMENT
 GUIDELINES. CONTROLS TO MINIMIZE THE OFF-SITE TRANSPORT OF LITTER,
 CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS INCLUDE: CONSTRUCTION
 MATERIALS TO BE STORED IN LOCATIONS THAT MINIMIZE THEIR EXPOSURE TO
 PRECIPITATION & STORM WATER RUNOFF; COLLECTION OF CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS
 IN RECEPTACLES WITH A SECURE COVER MEETING STATE AND LOCAL SOLID
 WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS; HAULING AND EMPTYING RECEPTACLES AT
 APPROVED LANDFILL SITES; PROHIBITING THE BURIAL OF CONSTRUCTION
 DEBRIS; COLLECTION OF SANITARY WASTE FROM PORTABLE UNITS AS NECESSARY
 OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATIONS BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE
 MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.
- B. EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION PRACTICES

T/P	TEMP/PERM SEEDING		PROTECTION OF	TREES	AND V	EGETATION
	MULCHING (HAY OR STRAW)		GEOTEXTILES			
	VEGETATIVE BUFFER STRIPS		SLOPE TEXTURI	NG		
	SOD STABILIZATION		TEMP VELOCITY	DISSIF	PATION	DEVICES
P	BLOCK SOD		FLOW DIVERSIO	N MECHA	ANISMS	
P	OTHER	T = TE	EMPORARY; P =	PERMANE	NT	

ATES:

- 1. MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES:
- 2. WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION OF THE SITE: REFER TO CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE
- 3. WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED:

INITIATE EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION MEASURES IMMEDIATELY IN THAT PORTION OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY CEASED AND WILL NOT RESUME FOR A PERIOD EXCEEDING 14 CALENDAR DAYS. INITIATE STABILIZATION MEASURES THAT PROVIDE A PROTECTIVE COVER IMMEDIATELY IN THAT PORTION OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE PERMANENTLY CEASED. "IMMEDIATELY" MEANS NO LATER THAN THE NEXT WORK DAY FOLLOWING THE DAY WHEN THE SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASED. STABILIZATION MEASURES MUST BE COMPLETED NO MORE THAN 14 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER INITIATION BEGINS.

THE SCHEDULE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE PRACTICES WILL BE BASED ON THE INTENDED SEQUENCE OF MAJOR SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. SEE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

C. SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES

X SILT FENCE

VEGETATIVE BUFFER STRIPS

X OTHER

IF SITE WILL DISTURB 10 OR MORE ACRES WITHIN A COMMON DRAINAGE LOCATION AND A SEDIMENTATION BASIN IS NOT FEASIBLE, PROVIDE REASON: N/A

THE SCHEDULE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE PRACTICES WILL BE BASED ON THE INTENDED SEQUENCE OF MAJOR SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. SEE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

DESCRIPTION OF PERMANENT STORM WATER CONTROLS

PROVIDE A DESCRIPTION OF ANY MEASURES THAT WILL BE INSTALLED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS TO CONTROL POLLUTANTS IN STORM WATER DISCHARGES THAT MAY OCCUR AFTER CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED: N/A

OTHER REQUIRED CONTROLS AND BMPS

TXDOT WILL UTILIZE ROCK AT CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES AND SPRINKLING, AS NEEDED, TO MINIMIZE OFF-SITE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS AND THE GENERATION OF DUST.

SEE SECTION A ABOVE FOR DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTION AND WASTE MATERIALS AND CONTROLS USED FOR THOSE THAT MAY BE STORED ON-SITE.

AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASONRY SURFACES, CLEANING SOLVENTS, FUELS, MOTOR OIL, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION, OR CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES. STORE MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. CONTACT THE SPILL COORDINATOR IMMEDIATELY IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH MAY BE HAZARDOUS.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

EFFECTIVELY MAINTAIN THE OPERATING CONDITIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND OTHER PROTECTIVE MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE SWP3. IF SITE INSPECTIONS REQUIRED BY THIS PERMIT IDENTIFY BMP'S THAT ARE NOT OPERATING EFFECTIVELY, MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED BEFORE THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT, OR AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE CONTINUED EFFECTIVENESS OF STORM WATER CONTROLS. IF MAINTENANCE PRIOR TO THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT IS UNPRACTICABLE, SCHEDULE AND ACCOMPLISH MAINTENANCE AS SOON AS PRACTICAL. CONTROLS THAT HAVE BEEN INTENTIONALLY DISABLED, RUN-OVER, REMOVED OR OTHERWISE RENDERED INEFFECTIVE MUST BE REPLACED OR CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY. IF A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INCORRECTLY, IS PERFORMING INADEQUATELY OR IS DAMAGED, THE OPERATOR SHALL REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THE DISCOVERY.

INSPECTION OF CONTROLS

A) QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHALL INSPECT DISTURBED AREAS OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED, AREAS USED FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION, STRUCTURAL CONTROL MEASURES, AND LOCATIONS WHERE VEHICLES ENTER OR EXIT THE SITE, ONCE EVERY 7 CALENDAR DAYS. DISTURBED AREAS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF, OR THE POTENTIAL FOR, POLLUTANTS ENTERING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM. SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IDENTIFIED ON THE SWP3 SHALL BE OBSERVED TO ENSURE THAT THEY ARE OPERATING CORRECTLY. LOCATIONS WHERE VEHICLES ENTER OR EXIT THE SITE SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF OFF-SITE SEDIMENT TRACKING.

D) THE SWP3 MUST BE MODIFIED BASED ON THE RESULTS OF INSPECTION TO BETTER CONTROL POLLUTANTS IN RUNOFF. REVISIONS TO THE SWP3 MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE INSPECTION. IF EXISTING BMPS ARE MODIFIED OR ADDITIONAL BMPS ARE NECESSARY, AN IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE MUST BE DESCRIBED IN THE SWP3. IMPLEMENTATION OF CHANGES SHOULD BE DONE PRIOR TO THE NEXT STORM EVENT IF POSSIBLE, OTHERWISE, THEY SHOULD BE DONE AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

E) A REPORT SUMMARIZING THE SCOPE, DATE, NAME AND QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTOR, AND MAJOR OBSERVATIONS RELATING TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SWP3 SHALL BE PRODUCED AND RETAINED AS PART OF THE SWP3. MAJOR OBSERVATIONS INCLUDE: LOCATIONS OF DISCHARGES OF SEDIMENT OR OTHER POLLUTANTS FROM THE SITE, LOCATIONS OF BMPS THAT NEED TO BE MAINTAINED, LOCATIONS OF BMPS THAT FAILED TO OPERATE AS DESIGNED OR PROVED INADEQUATE FOR A PARTICULAR LOCATION AND LOCATIONS WHERE BMPS ARE NEEDED. ACTIONS TAKEN AS A RESULT OF INSPECTIONS MUST BE DESCRIBED WITHIN AND RETAINED AS PART OF THE SWP3. REPORTS MUST IDENTIFY ANY INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE. WHERE THE REPORT DOES NOT IDENTIFY ANY INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE, THE REPORT MUST CONTAIN A CERTIFICATION THAT THE SITE IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SWP3 AND PERMIT.

OTHER SWP3 CONTENT

TXDOT WILL ENSURE THE APPROPRIATE POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES (I.E. VEGETATED BUFFER STRIPS, SILT FENCE, ETC.) ARE IDENTIFIED AND IMPLEMENTED FOR ALL ELIGIBLE NON-STORMWATER WATER COMPONENTS OF DISCHARGE SUCH AS WASHING OF VEHICLES, STRUCTURES, AND PAVEMENT WHERE SOAPS AND DETERGENTS ARE NOT USED AND THE PURPOSE IS TO REMOVE DIRT, MUD OR DUST; UNCONTAMINATED WATER USED FOR DUST CONTROL; AND LAWN WATERING AND SIMILAR IRRIGATION DRAINAGE.

CHECKLIST FOR CONTENTS OF AREA OFFICE SWP3 FILE:

CONT	$\Delta \cap T$	FORM	×

□ NOI AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT CERTIFICATE (IF EQUAL OR GREATER THAN 5 ACRES)

☐ APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION SITE NOTICE *

☐ SWP3 CERTIFICATION STATEMENT (SIGNED BY AE)

☐ TPDES GENERAL PERMIT

| ∐ SWP3 PLA

☐ INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT

☐ INSPECTOR QUALIFICATION FORM

☐ DELEGATION OF SIGNATURE AUTHORITY (ALL INSPECTORS SIGNING REPORTS)

□ NOTICE OF TERMINATION

* SYMBOL INDICATES THAT THE INFORMATION SHOULD BE DISPLAYED ON THE PROJECT BULLETIN BOARD

ANY REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RELEASE MUST
BE REPORTED TO NATIONAL RESPONSE
CENTER AT 1-800-424-8802 AND TO
STATE OF TEXAS SPILL-REPORTING
HOTLINE AT 1-800-832-8224



C 2021

Texas Department of Transportation

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

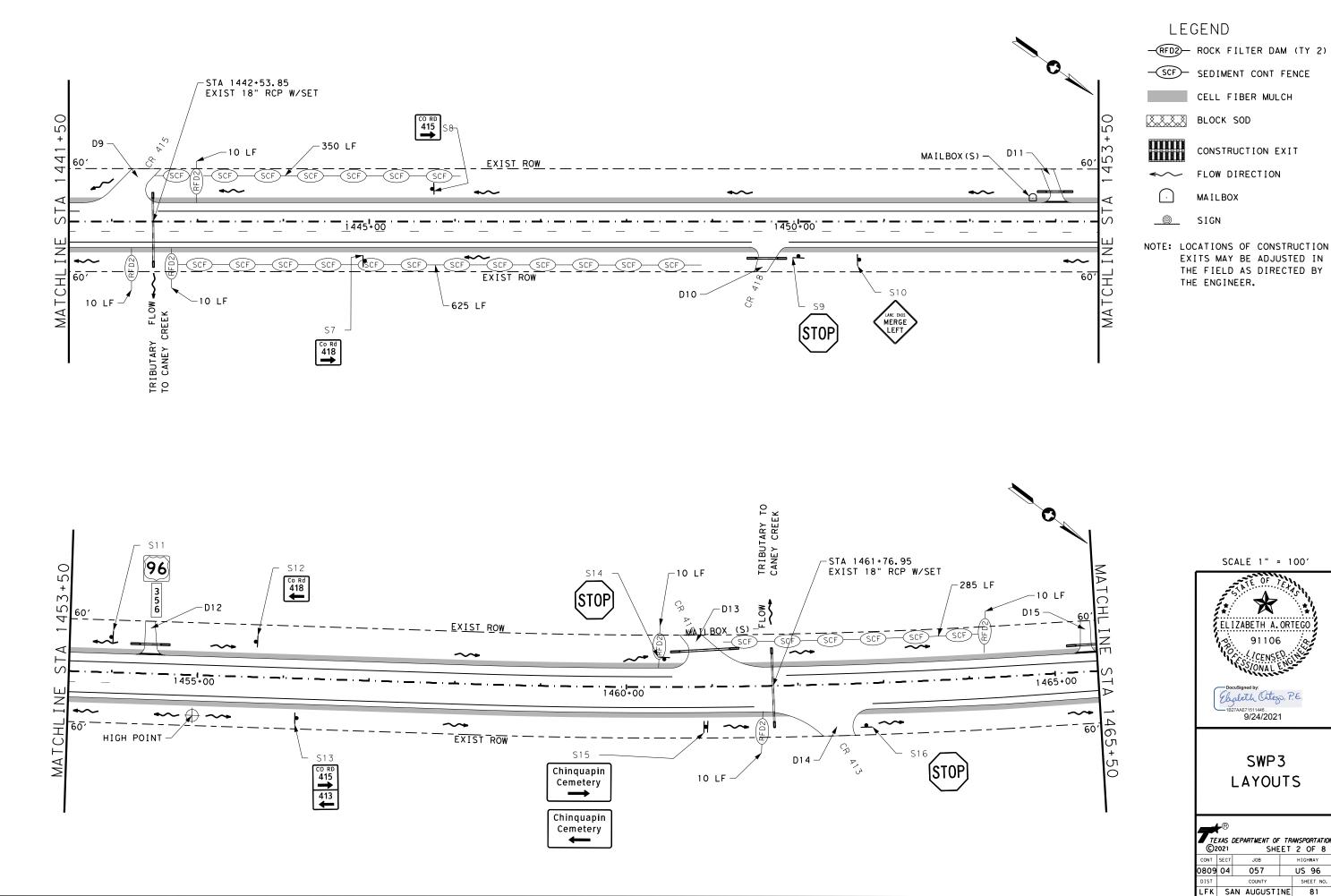
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FK SAN AUGUSTINE

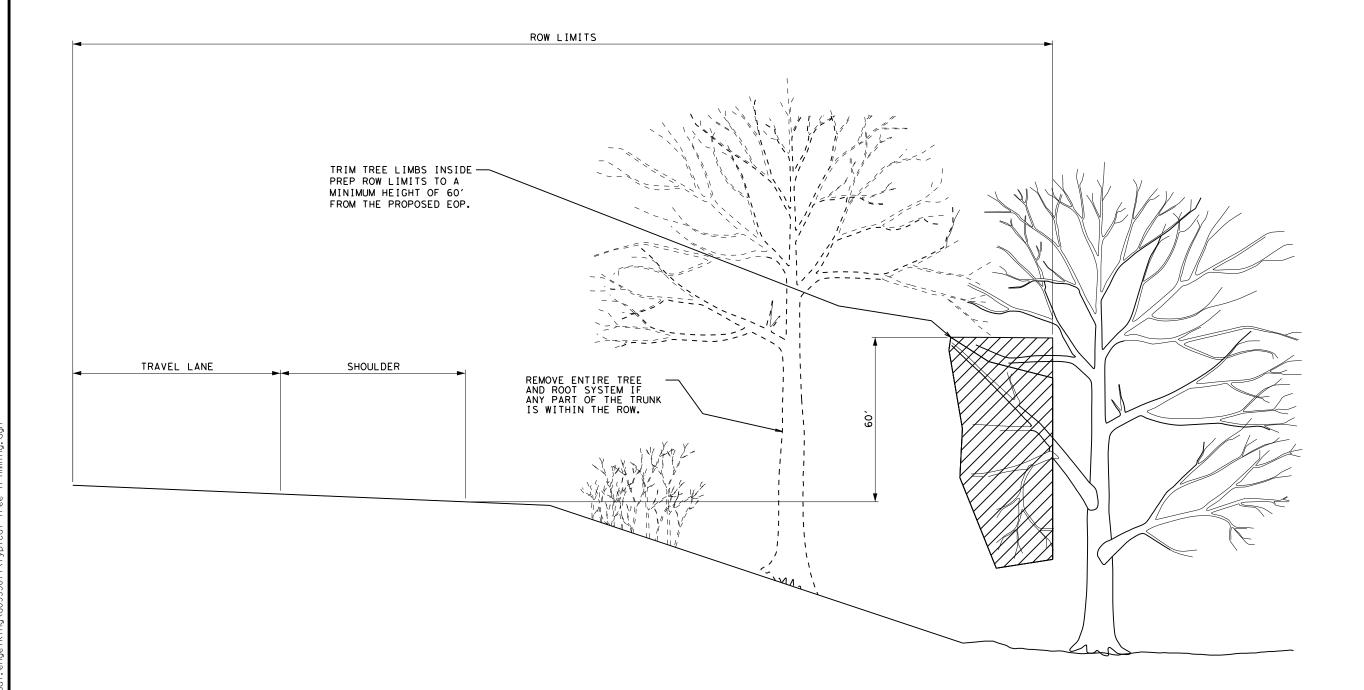
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DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

LFK SAN AUGUSTINE 86



TYPICAL REMOVAL AND TRIM DETAIL

N.T.S.



TREE TRIMMING
DETAILS

	F ® XAS 1	DEPAF	RTMENT	OF	TR	ANSP	ORTA	ATION
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☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

 \square Compost Filter Berm and Socks \square Compost Filter Berm and Socks \boxtimes Vegetation Lined Ditches

Sediment Basins

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action No Action Required Action No. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments No Action Required Required Action V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. ☐ No Action Required Required Action If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), construction activities that may affect nests (i.e. tree removal, tree limbing, bridge work) shall be conducted outside of the nesting season (March 15 to September 15). In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountered, contact the engineer prior to conducting work. TPWD BMPs: 1. N/A

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator

immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors

of all product spills.

* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action No Action Required Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.



EPIC

(ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS)

SHEET 1 OF 2

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REVISIONS -12-2011 (DS)	0809	04	057		US	96
-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY			,	SHEET NO.
-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	LFK	SA	N AUGUS	STIN	E	89

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location

Best Management Practice

Memorandum of Understanding

MOA: Memorandum of Agreement

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

NOT: Notice of Termination

NOI: Notice of Intent

Nationwide Permit

TCFQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

- 2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that nromally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water.
- 3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.
- 6. Suitable Material. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).
- 8. Adverse Effects from Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
- 9. Management of Water Flows. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water managment activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).
- 11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.
- 12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow.
- 13. Removal of Temporary Fills. Temporary fills must be removed in their
- 20. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when will consider the following fators when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal.
- 21. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes. or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401. individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation or water quality.
- 23. Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions andded by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate. 14. Proper Maintenance. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety.

Activities required for the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the U.S. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2 acre of waters of the U.S. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project: such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, or parking lots.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the U.S. exceeds 1/10 acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site. including wetlands.

NOTF:

The project crosses jurisdictional waters of the U.S. and a Nationwide Permit (NWP) #14 with no PCN is required. The construction of the proposed bridge replacement will impact jurisdictional waters. This NWP allows activities which impact jurisdictional waters to be covered under the NWP #14. The NWP General Conditions and the NWP #14 limits must be followed in order to maintain compliance with the NWP. No coordination has taken place with the USACE because impacts will not exceed the above criteria. Any impacts exceeding 1/10 acre or discharges into special aquatic sites will require coordination with the USACE. If coordination may be needed, contact the TxDOT Lufkin District Environmental Section at 1-800-687-8087.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. (EPIC) ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

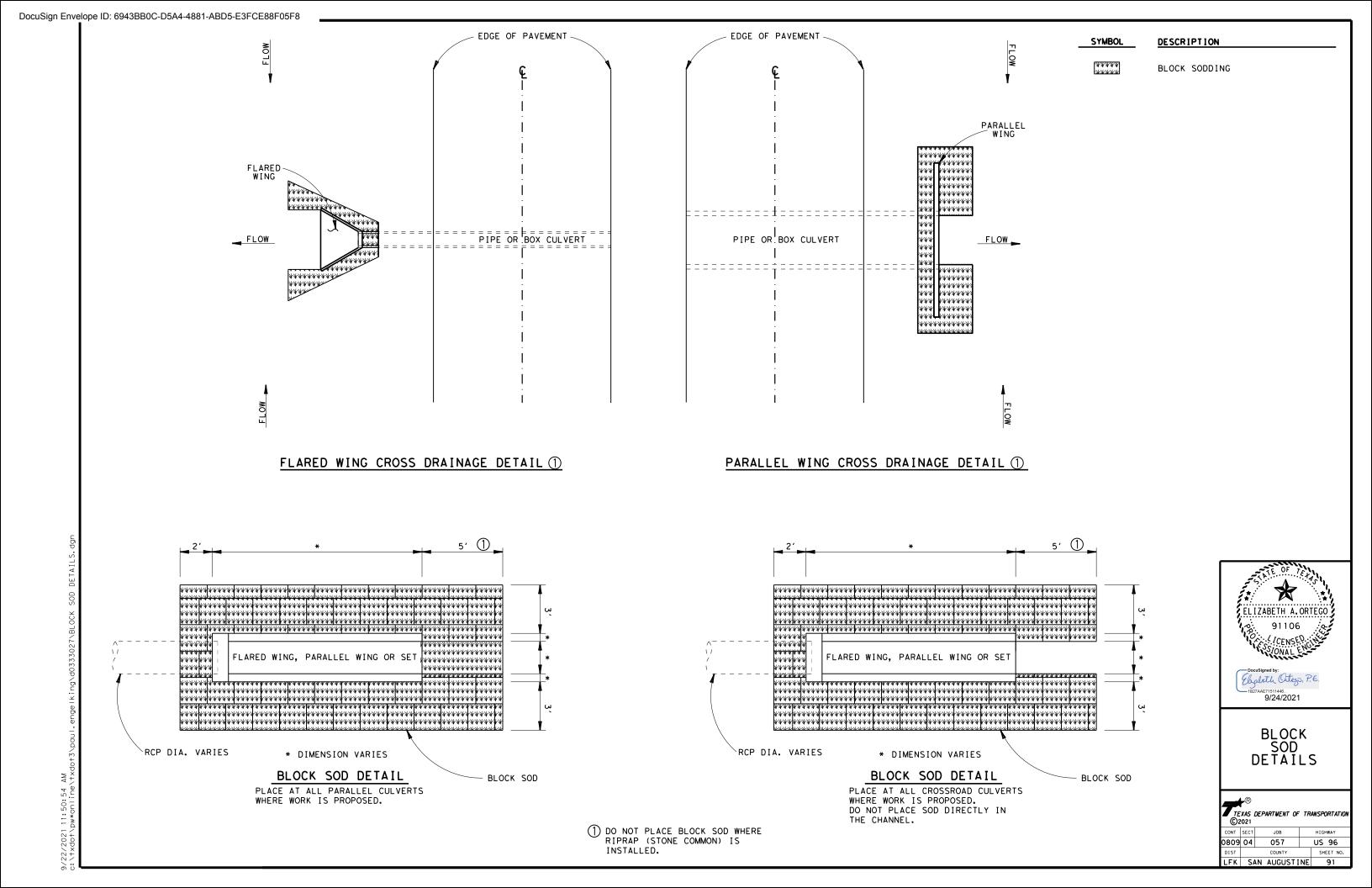
USACE

(ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS)

Texas Department of Transportation EPIC 2 OF 2

PROJECT NO. SHEET NO 6 90 STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS LFK SAN AUGUSTINE CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY NO. 0809 04 057 US 96

For a complete list of General Conditions go to: http://www.swf.usace.army.mil/pubdata/environ/regulatory/permitting/nwp/2007/index.asp

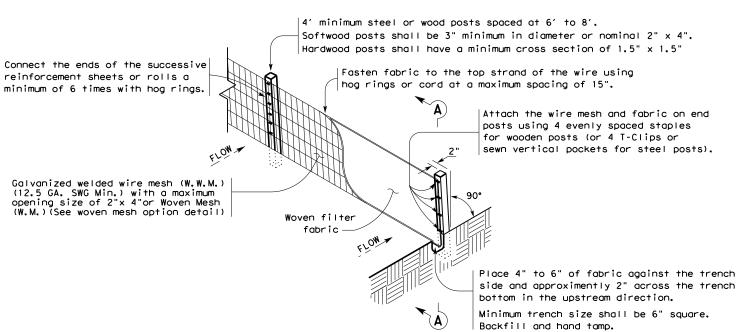


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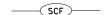
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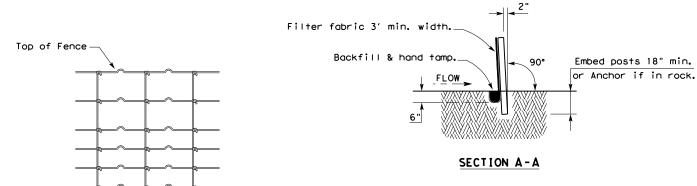
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TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

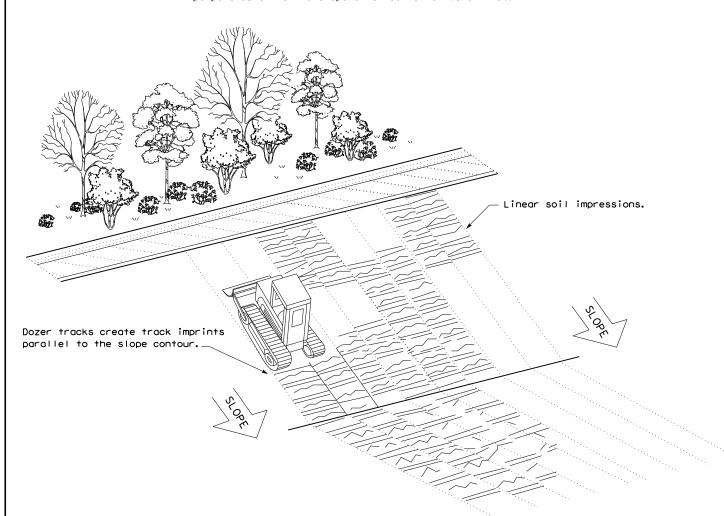
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



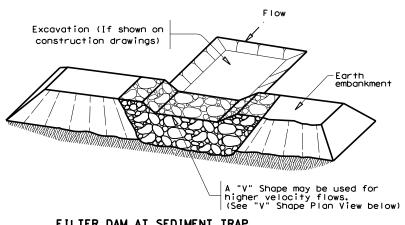
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

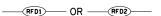
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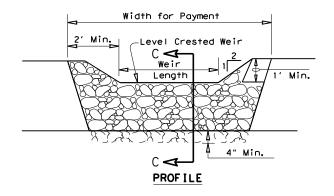
Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—

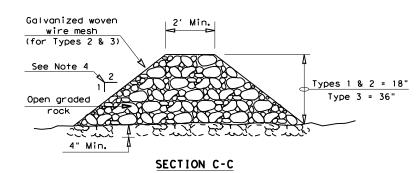
——(RFD4)—



FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







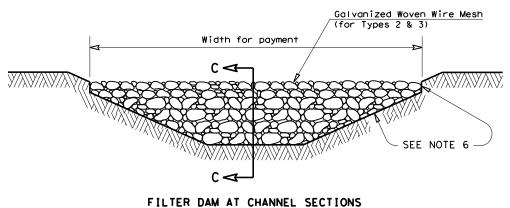
ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

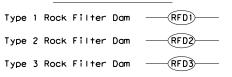
Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

PLAN SHEET LEGEND





Type 4 Rock Filter Dam RFD4

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2) - 16

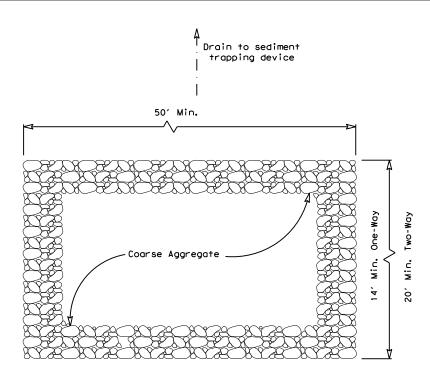
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Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas

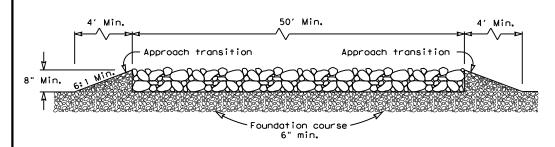
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



PLAN VIEW



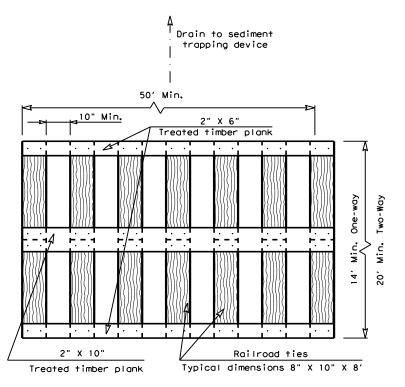
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

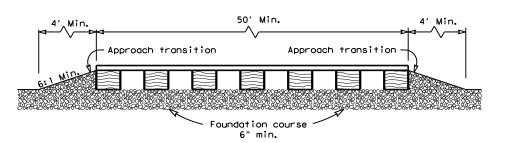
ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50° .
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



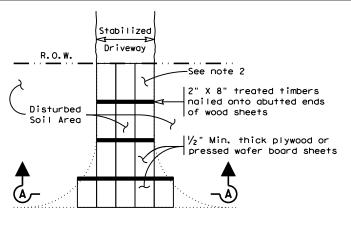
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

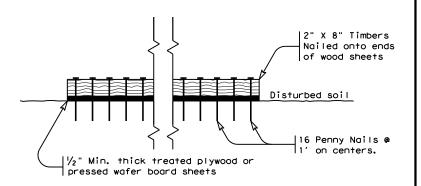
GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)

SHORT TERM

- GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as
- shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches
- spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.

 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
CONSTRUCTION EXITS
EC (3) -16

FILE: ec316	DN: <u>Tx</u> [<u>100</u>	ск: КМ	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0809	04	057	US 96	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	IEK	SAN AUGUSTINE			0.4