INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET 2

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NO. CC 488-1-17

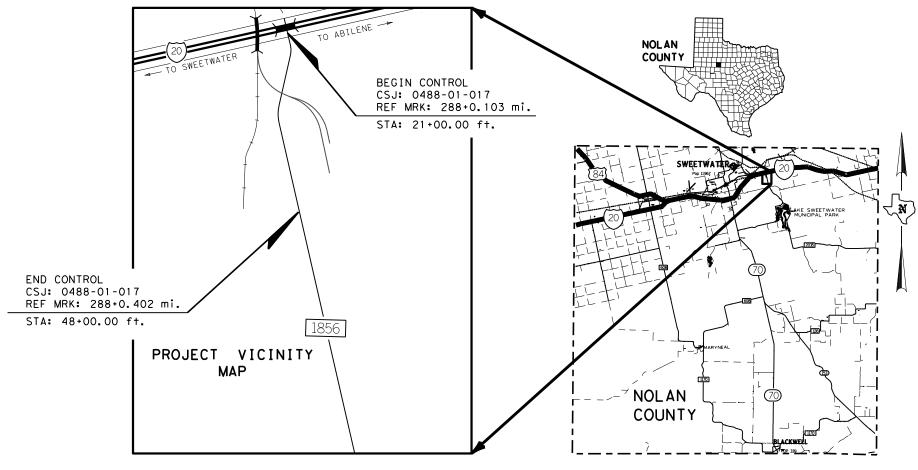
NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 2,700.00 ft = 0.511 mi 0.00 ft = 0.000 mi 2,700.00 ft = 0.511 mi

FM 1856 NOLAN COUNTY

LIMITS: FROM 1-20 SOUTH FR TO 0.51 MILES SOUTH

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: REHABILITATION OF EXISTING ROAD

CONSISTING OF: REHAB EXITING ROADWAY



EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: 29+56.8 TO 29+67.2 (PROPOSED)

DESIGN SPEED = 30 mph CURRENT A.D.T. (2021) = 1,000 vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2041) = 1,400 vpd FUNCTIONAL CLASS = MAJOR COLLECTOR EXISTING NBI# = N/A

PROPOSED NBI# = N/A

PROJECT NO. CC 488-1-17 STATE COUNTY DISTRICT TEXAS ABL NOLAN CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY NO. 0488 01 017 FM 1856

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR:

CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS

THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THESE FINAL PLANS REFLECT THE WORK DONE AND THE QUANTITIES SHOWN THEREON AND ON THE FINAL ESTIMATE ARE FINAL QUANTITIES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

THE DISTRICT TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE HAS REVIEWED THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR THIS PROJECT AND IT IS IN COMPLIENCE WITH CURRENT LOCAL CONTROL STANDARDS.

Casey & M. Gea, P.E.

6/30/2021

COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN

DATE

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RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 6/30/2021

Mil Welch

NEIL WELCH, P.E. AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 6/30/2021

Michael Haithcock

MICHAEL A. HAITHCOCK, P.E. DIRECTOR OF T P & D

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

as & allitta P.E.

THOMAS G. ALLBRITTON. P.E. DISTRICT ENGINEER

6/30/2021

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS. (SP 000-008)

6/30/2021 SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: Brandon Vinson

> BRANDON M. VINSON. P.E. TXDOT PROJECT MANAGER

D & OM(4)-20 D & OM(5)-20

		GENERAL	# 90	D & OM(VIA)-20
	1	TITLE SHEET	# 91	PM(1)-20
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS	# 92	PM(2)-20
	3	TYPICAL SECTIONS	# 93	PM(4)-20
	4-9	GENERAL NOTES	# 94-97	MB-15(1)
	10-11	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY		
	12	QUANTITY SUMMARY		
				ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES
			98-99	STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	100	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	13-15	DETOUR LAYOUT	101	SW3P SITE PLAN
	16	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	102	SW3P NOTIFICATION BOARD DETAIL
	17	TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS		
		TRAFFIC CONTROL DI AN CTANDADRO		ENVIRONMENTAL INCUES CTANDARDS
#	40.00	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS	# 103	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS
#	18 - 29 30	BC (1)-14 THRU BC (12)-14 TCP(1-1)-18	# 103 # 104	EC(1)-16 EC(2)-16
#	31	TCP(1-2)-18	# 105-107	EC(2)-10 EC(9)-16
#	32	TCP (3-1)-13	100 107	
#	33	TCP (3-2)-13		
#	34	WZ (RCD)-13		RAILROAD
#	35	WZ (STPM)-13	108	RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK
#	36	WZ (UL)-13		
		ROADWAY DETAILS		
	37	SURVEY CONTROL INDEX		
	38	REMOVAL LAYOUT		
	39	ALIGNMENT DATA		
	40 - 41 42	PLAN AND PROFILE INTERSECTION DETAILS		
	43-45	DRIVEWAY DETAILS		
	10 10	SINVENTINE SETTINES		
		ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS		
#	46	TE(HMAC)-11		
		DRAINAGE DETAILS		
	47	EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA COMPUTATIONS		
	48 49 - 50	PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA COMPUTATIONS DRAINAGE P&P		
	51	CULVERT SECTIONS		
	52	BCS		
		DRAINAGE DETAILS STANDARDS		
#	53-55	SETB-FW-S		
#	56-57	SCC-7		
#	58	SCC-MD		
#	59	ECD		
#	60-61	SETP-CD		
#	62 63	SETP-PD		
	63 64	PSET-SC PSET-SP		
	04	F3E1-9F		
		<u>TRAFFIC ITEMS</u>		
	65	SOSS		
	66-68	SIGN & STRIPE LAYOUT		
	69-70	SIGN DETAILS		
		TRAFFIC ITEM CTANDARDS		
#	71	TRAFFIC ITEM STANDARDS		
	71 72	TSR(3)-13 TSR(4)-13		
	72 73	TSR(5)-13		
#	74	SMD(GEN)-08		
#	75	SMD(SLIP-1)-08		
#		SMD(SLIP-2)-08		
#	77	SMD(SLIP-3)-08		
#		SPRFBA(1)-13		
	79	ED(1)-14		
#	80	ED(3)-14		
#	81	ED(4)-14		
#		ED(12)-14		
#	83	RCD(1)-16		
#		RCD(2)-16		
#	85 86	D & OM(1)-20		
	86 87	D & OM(2)-20 D & OM(3)-20		
	88	D & OM(4)-20		



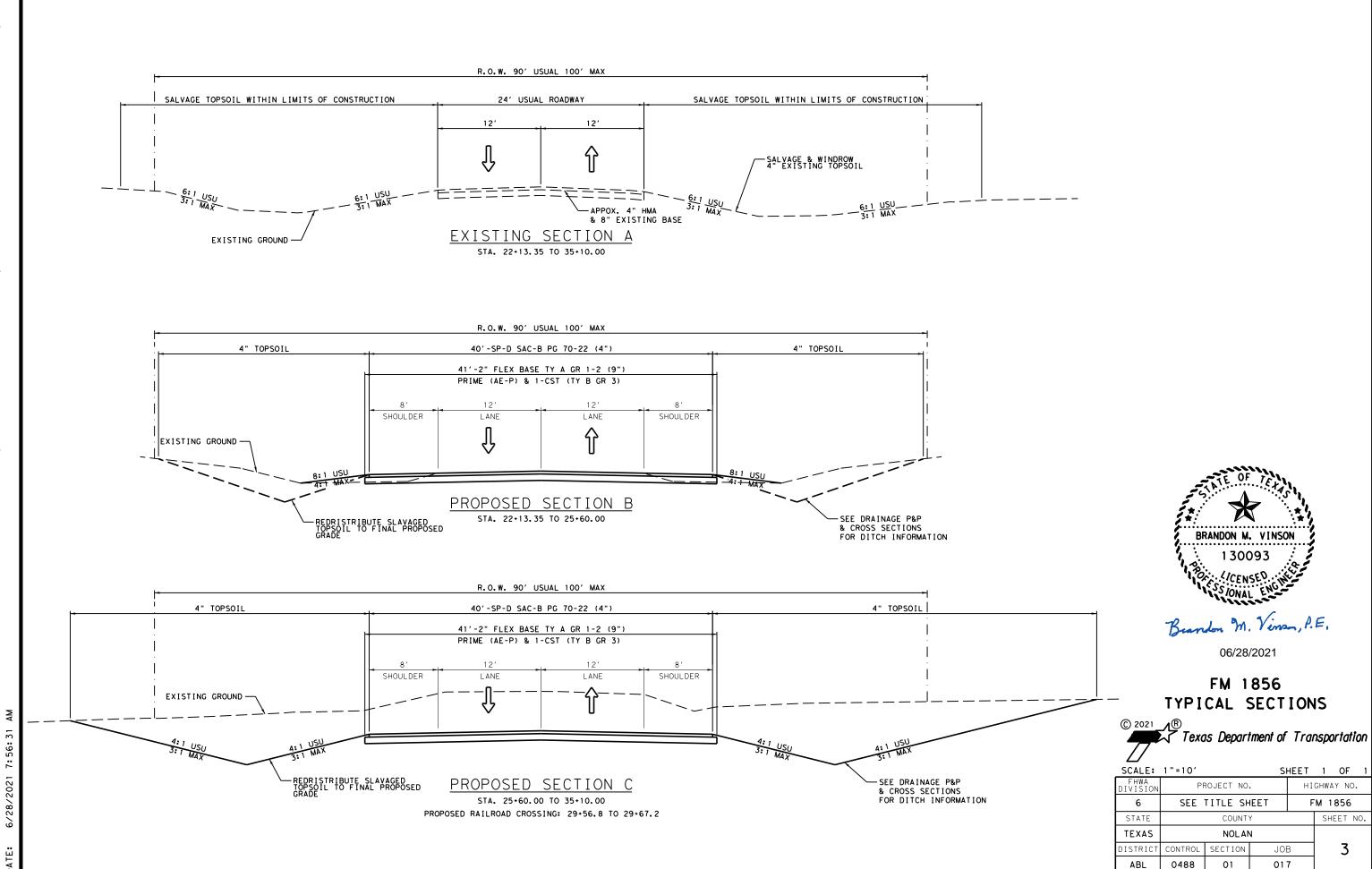
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A # HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Brandon M. Vinn, P.E. 06/28/2021 DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS



FHWA IVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	ΗI	HIGHWAY NO.						
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	F	FM 1856					
STATE			SHEET NO.							
TEXAS		NOLA	١							
ISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3	2					
ABL	0488	01	01	7						



Highway: FM 1856

ABILENE DISTRICT GENERAL NOTES 2014 SPECIFICATIONS

General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Neil Welch, P.E.: <u>Neil.Welch@txdot.gov</u> Ryan R. Sayles, P.E.: <u>Ryan.Sayles@txdot.gov</u> (Big Spring Area Office)

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site.

The site is organized by:

District

Project Type (Construction or Maintenance)

Letting Date

CCSJ/Project Name.

Failure to make necessary corrections to SW3P based on SW3P inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections have been made.

Failure to make necessary corrections to traffic control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections have been made.

Provide ingress/egress to the adjacent properties in areas under construction. Phased construction of driveways and streets shall be required to provide uninterrupted access to adjacent properties. Coordinate work with the property owners before beginning any construction in the vicinity of the drive.

Mailbox manipulation made necessary because of construction shall be done in accordance with Item 560, except that this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the permanent installation pay item. For temporary mailbox supports, use type 6 as shown on the MB-15(1) standards.

Cut neat, straight lines with vertical faces along pavement edges or along joints between existing asphalt or concrete pavement and new pavement perpendicular or parallel to the direction of traffic by methods described in applicable bid items, or as directed. Provide clean edges or joints

General Notes Sheet A

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

without jagged appearance or chunks broken out. This work is considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Water for the project is available, free of charge, from the Georgia Pacific plant adjacent to the property. Contact information for the Georgia Pacific Representative will be made available at the pre-construction meeting.

Environmental

Endangered and Protected Species

- Migratory Birds
 - a. Bird nesting season is typically 15Feb through 15Sep annually.
 - b. The Contractor will avoid disturbing, destroying, removing, or relocating migratory birds and active nests found in trees, culverts, bridges, on the ground, or anywhere they are encountered.
 - c. Perform all tree trimming and other vegetation clearing activities during the non-breeding season (typically 15Sep-15Feb annually). Perform any inactive nest removal and bird exclusion methods to prevent birds from establishing nests. Phasing of work during construction may be necessary to stay in compliance.
 - d. When active nests are unexpectedly encountered on-site during construction, the Contractor will stop work and immediately notify the Engineer. Take measures to avoid disturbance of these birds, their occupied nest, eggs, and/or young, in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, and TxDOT policy.
 - e. The Engineer will notify the Contractor when work may resume.
 - f. The Contractor should be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests by utilizing nest prevention methods, such as bird-deterrent netting and birdrepelling sprays and/or gels, between 15Feb and 15Sep. The Contractor can discuss other preventative measures with the Engineer and/or District Environmental Staff.

Best Management Practices

- 1. Bird BMPs
 - a. Not disturbing, destroying, or removing active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season;
 - b. Avoiding the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable;
 - c. Preventing the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair;
 - d. Not collecting, capturing, relocating, or transporting birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.

Item 5, "Control of Work"

Use Method C for construction surveying.

General Notes Sheet B

Texas Department of Transportation

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

All known utilities are identified in the plans, including the crossing of power lines. Use this information to identify potential issues with power poles and power lines prior to bidding. Make necessary arrangements with utility owners regarding temporary protections such as bracing power poles, and de-energizing power lines. The Department will not reimburse the cost of such temporary protections to the Contractor, unless the Engineer determines that inadequate information was available at the time the project was bid. "Call Before You Dig" "Call 811"

"Provide notification to the District Signal Shop by telephone at 325-676-6974 and by email at <u>Juan.Salgado@txdot.gov</u> when planning drilling or excavation work in areas where existing TxDOT underground utilities exist." Visual evidence of TxDOT underground utilities in the area include illumination poles, ground boxes, flashing beacons, traffic signals, etc. This notification must be provided 48 hours in advance of performing the work.

Drilled shaft locations or excavation areas must be staked prior to the notification so that the underground utilities can be located in relationship to the proposed work. Preserve and document the marked utility locations to prevent unnecessary secondary notifications. Notify the Engineer of conflicts between proposed work and underground utilities.

Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

The total area disturbed for this project is 4.0 acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Provide one SW3P Notification Board for this project. Notification Boards are to be placed at locations within the right-of-way but outside the clear zone as directed by the Engineer. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Hard hats are required at all times during construction when construction personnel are in TxDOT Right-of-Way.

Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress"

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

General Notes Sheet C

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

The Contractor is hereby authorized to begin work prior to the expiration of the number of calendar days provided in the Item 8, Article 8.1. Notify the Engineer in writing of the date to begin work. Time charges will commence when work begins or on the expiration of the number of calendar days provided, whichever occurs first.

Maintain and submit a project schedule monthly. Submit to the Engineer the updated project schedule no later than the 25th calendar day of the following month.

Coordinate and update the work schedule with the project inspector daily. Give a minimum of 24 hours of notice to project inspector if work requiring inspection or testing is to be performed. Failure to do so may cause that work to be delayed or postponed if TxDOT personnel are not available. Work performed without suitable inspection, as determined by the Engineer, may be ordered removed and replaced at Contractor's expense.

Working days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.1., "Five-Day Workweek.

Prepare the progress schedule as a Critical Path Method (CPM).

The dollar amount of Daily Contract Administration Liquidated Damages per Working Day shown in Table 1 of SP 000-658 shall be increased by the RUC of \$11,800.00 per working day.

An Early Substantial Completion of Work Incentive will be paid in accordance with section 8.9.1.2 of special provision 008-006 using a daily road-user cost (RUC) of \$11,800.00 per day. The number of working days allowed for Early Substantial Completion of Work Incentive is 79 days. The maximum number of working days for computing the incentive credit for the Early Substantial Completion of Work is 7 days. The total sum of the incentive available to the contractor shall not exceed \$82,600.00

A <u>Disincentive for Failure to Substantially Complete Work on Time</u> will apply to this contract in accordance with section 8.9.2 of special provision 008-006 using a daily road-user cost (RUC) of \$11,800.00. Failure to Substantially Complete Work within 79 working days will result in the assessment of disincentives.

Substantial Completion of Work shall be defined as the completion of the first lift of SP-D pavement work and backfill of the first lift, up to and including: culvert work, temporary seeding, temporary erosion control, work zone striping, and final signing defined in the contract. The roadway shall be open to traffic. Time charges for substantial completion shall begin the same day contract time charges begin.

Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

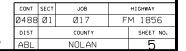
The progress payment period shall end on the 25th of each month, unless directed by the Area Office Engineer. Material on Hand (MOH) is due two business days before estimate cut off.

Item 100, "Preparing Right of Way"

The Contractor's attention is directed to potential regulations against burning within the project limits. Abide by all local ordinances and county imposed burn bans. When burning is

General Notes Sheet E





Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

prohibited, dispose of material in accordance with regulations set forth by other regulatory agencies including the Texas Commission for Environmental Quality. The cost of burning or disposal of any product is subsidiary to various bid items.

Item 105, "Removing Stabilized Base and Asphalt Pavement"

Material removed under this item will become the property of the Contractor.

Item 110, "Excavation"

Spoils from excess excavation may be deposited, free of charge, on adjacent Georgia Pacific property. Contact information for the Georgia Pacific Representative will be made available at the pre-construction meeting.

Over-excavate to allow placement of salvaged topsoil in a uniform 4" lift to final grade. Overexcavation is included in the earthwork quantities of this contract.

Item 160, "Topsoil"

Salvage 4" of existing topsoil in windrows along the limits of the disturbed area, or as directed. Redistribute salvaged topsoil to final grades.

Item 164, "Seed for Erosion Control"

Quantities shown are approximate; limits of the temporary and permanent seeding will be determined during construction.

Temporary seeding will be required in several small areas as work progresses to comply with the storm water pollution prevention plan and may require multiple mobilizations of seeding crew.

Item 168, "Vegetation Watering"

Water rate for this project shall be 1/4" of water per acre every two weeks for a 3-month period.

Item 204, "Sprinkling for Dust Control"

Sprinkle for dust control as directed. Payment for this item will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

Item 316, "Surface Treatments"

The Engineer must authorize work if the wind exceeds 20 mph.

When cool season emulsion asphalt is used, delay the second surface treatment course or ACP overlay 7 days.

Seal driveways, mailbox turnouts, and intersections prior to sealing the roadway, unless otherwise approved.

Cover or protect any sealed expansion joints or rail on bridges and any railroad tracks encountered on this project, as directed by the Engineer. Clean any of these items not properly protected. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to Item 316.

> General Notes Sheet E

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

For items of work that include both summer and winter materials or the Asphalt (Multi Option), the Engineer will determine which asphalt to apply based on timing and prevailing weather conditions. The Asphalt (Multi Option) shall consist of the following choices and rates.

Estimated Summer Rates with Grade 3 Aggr.

ASPH (AC-20-5TR) @ .40 GAL/SY ASPH (AC-20-XP) @ .40 GAL/SY

Estimated Winter Rates with Grade 3 Aggr.

ASPH (CRS-2P) @ .42 GAL/SY*

AGGREGATES

AGGR (TY-B GR-3 SAC -B) - 1 CY/125 SY

The rates shown are for estimating purposes and the engineer can dictate higher or lower rates based on roadway conditions.

Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete"

Use a cement meeting the requirements of Ty II when Mix Design Option 7 is selected for cast in place concrete.

Class C fly ash and Type I cement will not be allowed for any mix unless approved by the Engineer.

As a minimum, curing facility includes concrete curing tank, heater and a concrete recording thermometer. Provide a recorder with the capability to chart temperatures for 24 hours, 7 days and 30 day periods of time.

Air Entrainment requirements are waived.

Precast SET's are not allowed on skewed structures on this project.

Precast units are not allowed for extending box culvert on this project.

Item 432, "Riprap"

Provide structural fiber reinforced or conventionally reinforced concrete.

Meet the following requirements when using structural fiber reinforcement:

- Use Class A Concrete.
- Sprinkle and consolidate the subgrade before the concrete is placed. Finish the surface with a wood float or broom finish as approved. Immediately after finishing operation, cure the riprap according to Item 420, "Concrete Structures".

General Notes Sheet F

epartment of Transportation

FM 1856

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

When using conventional reinforcement, meet all requirements in accordance with Article 432.3.1. Concrete Riprap with exception that Class A Concrete is required.

Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Mobile traffic control in accordance with TPC 3 series will be required for placement of short duration, short term, intermediate term, and long-term traffic control.

Provide the Engineer with written notification seven (7) days in advance of major traffic changes. A major traffic change is defined as the temporary (greater than one day) or permanent relocation of traffic lanes typically in an urban setting. The notice will, at a minimum, include the expected date, time and scope of the traffic change. The Department will utilize the information provided to inform the traveling public of the changes. Failure to provide advance notice, or to provide accurate information, will result in delaying the work until such time that the public has been notified.

Additional signs, barricades and traffic handling may be necessary to complete the work shown herein and will be provided by the contractor as required and will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Provide separate attenuators for each work area within a common lane closure as approved or directed by the Engineer.

In sections where traffic is restricted to one lane, two-way traffic, flaggers stationed at each end of that section will control operations with two-way communication devices.

Relocate existing roadside signs to temporary supports as approved by the engineer.

All safety appurtenances such as signs, delineators, object markers and route markers will be in place prior to opening each phase of the construction to traffic, unless otherwise directed.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance must be available by local telephone and have a response time within 45 minutes.

Equip all work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way with a functioning amber strobe light or rotating beacon visible from all directions.

General Notes

Sheet M

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

Repair barricades within the timeline shown on the barricade inspection report. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department.

Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Conflicting guide signs shall be covered as approved by the Engineer.

Item 504, "Field Office for Laboratory" Field Laboratory:

Furnish a "Type D" structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to the requirements of Item 504, furniture and equipment to be furnished by the Contractor shall include:

- eye wash station
- first-aid kit
- two fire extinguishers
- Provide internet connectivity for use by TxDOT lab testing personnel at all laboratory structures on this project.

Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls"

On site concrete washout shall be allowed on this project at locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Item 530, "Intersections, Driveways, and Turnouts"

Excavation and embankment necessary to construct the intersections and driveways according to the details shown elsewhere shall be considered subsidiary to this item.

Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces"

Use surface test Type A for ride quality control.

Item 618, "Conduit"

All conduit shall be SCH 80 PVC.

High density polyethylene (HDPE) may be substituted for schedule 80 PVC in bores.

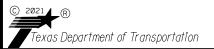
High density polyethylene (HDPE) may be threaded and used with threaded PVC connectors or couplings.

Conduit elbows will be the long radius variety.

Rigid metal conduit elbows 1" and larger that are required to be installed on conduit system, will not be paid for separately, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

All couplings and connections shall be tight and waterproof. Each end of every PVC pipe connection and/or coupling shall be cleaned with PVC cleaner and glued thoroughly with PVC General Notes

Sheet M





Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

sealer. Proposed and existing conduit shall be brought into a pull box and elbowed unless otherwise shown. Where a rigid metal conduit run terminates, a bushing shall be provided to protect the wire from abrasion.

The conduit shall be placed at a minimum depth of 2 feet unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer. If utility lines or other obstacles are at the 2-foot minimum depth then the conduit shall be routed under the utility or obstacle unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

The conduit shall be placed on a 2-inch sand cushion and then backfilled with a minimum of 6 inches of sand fill. The remainder of the trench shall be backfilled with flexible base or soil as required by location of conduit on the project.

Flexible metal shall not be used on this project.

Use materials from prequalified material producers list as shown on the Texas department of Transportation (TxDOT) – Construction Division's (CST) material producer list. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies".

Item 620, "Electrical Conductors"

A bare copper wire No. 8 AWG or larger will be installed in every conduit throughout the electrical system in accordance with Item 620, the electrical detail sheets, and the latest edition of the National Electric Code (NEC).

Grounding Conductors that share the same conduit, junction box, ground box or structure shall be bonded together at every accessible point in accordance with the current National Electrical Code.

Labeling conductors with label marker is acceptable.

Use ONLY certified persons to perform electrical work. See Item 7.18 "Electrical Requirements" for additional details.

For both transformer and shoe- base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holder as shown on the Texas department of Transportation (TxDOT) – Construction Division's (CST) material producer list. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies". Fuse holder is shown on the list under Items 610 and 620. Provide 10-amp time delay fuses.

For Flashing Beacons (Item 685), provide single-pole breakaway disconnects.

Use breakaway connectors listed on materials from pre-qualified material producers list.

Item 644, "Small Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies"

Use the latest edition of the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" for Sign types for which design details are not shown on the plans.

General Notes Sheet M

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

Sign placement shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the TMUTCD & TxDOT's Sign

Crew Field Book located at the following addresses.

TMUTCD - https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/signage/tmutcd.html
TxDOT's Sign Crew Field Book - http://onlinemanuals.txdot.gov/txdotmanuals/sfb/index.htm

Before final sign installation, stake all sign locations for approval by the engineer.

All triangle slip base small sign mounts installed under this item shall utilize clamp type bases.

Remove entire small sign foundation.

Deliver and stockpile all signs to be salvaged to the Nolan county maintenance yard, located approximately 3.5 miles from the North end of the project.

Item 658, "Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies"

Delineators and object marker assemblies will use winged channel posts. The winged channel posts will be 1.12 lb/ft.

Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings"

Use paint and beads for non-removable markings.

Item 666, "Retro reflectorized Pavement Markings"

Provide a complete system of thermoplastic pavement markings at locations indicated on the plans and as directed by the engineer. The plans are intended to show typical conditions, which can be extended to similar conditions throughout this project as approved or directed.

Establish a true and correct alignment with a method approved by the Engineer. This work will be considered subsidiary.

Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers"

Provide a complete system of raised pavement markers at locations indicated on the plans and as directed by the engineer. The plans are intended to show typical conditions, which can be extended to similar conditions throughout this project as approved or directed.

Bituminous adhesive shall be used on this project.

Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies"

One-Pole Solar Powered Roadside Flashing Beacon shall consist of an installation with one foundation, pole and transformer base and the use of a ground box/battery vault as shown on the standard sheet(s).

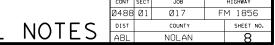
Item 3077, "Superpave Mixtures"

Furnish aggregate for final surfaces with a minimum surface aggregate classification of "B".

General Notes

Sheet M





Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

Provide an SP-D Fine Mixture with a minimum design VMA of 17.0% and a minimum plant-produced VMA of 16.5%.

The Engineer reserves the right to test all sources even if the source is listed in the Bituminous Source Rated Quality Catalog.

Provide the testing lab samples to calibrate the ignition oven no later than five (5) working days prior to mix design verification.

Meet the minimum Hamburg Wheel Test requirements shown below:

- PG 64 or lower 5,000 passes
- PG 70 10,000 passes
- PG 76 20,000 passes

Paving operations will not be allowed to begin until TxDOT has tested and obtained passing Hamburg results on the trial batch.

A maximum of 0.50% anti-stripping agent will be allowed for each specified mix type. Dilution

of tack coat is not allowed.

Do not exceed a laydown width of 16' per pass.

Substitute Binders will not be allowed unless RAP or RAS is used in the production of the mixture.

RAS will not be allowed in surface mixes.

A warm mix additive will be required for hotmix hauls over 50 miles.

Unless otherwise directed by the engineer, a warm mix additive will be required when paving during November 1st through March 15th.

The maximum allowable dust / asphalt ratio that will be allowed is 0.6 to 1.2.

The use of a tapered longitudinal joint will be required for pavement thicker than 2 inches.

Use a self-propelled, wheel-mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver on this project. Minimum requirements for the MTV are a storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, a pivoting discharge conveyor, and a means of completely remixing the ACP prior to placement.

Provide PG 64-22 tack coat at a rate of 0.10 gal/sy.

The Contractor will be required to tack 100% of the surfaces with uniform coverage prior to the

General Notes Sheet M

Project Number: See Title Sheet

Control: 0488-01-017 County: Nolan Highway: FM 1856

subsequent lift. The type and grade of tack will be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

Tack all vertical joints unless otherwise directed.

Cement and kiln dust will not be allowed to be used as mineral fillers.

Shoulders shall not be placed prior to adjoining main lanes.

Final surface of driveway shall not be placed prior to adjoining surface.

Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

		TMA (Stationary)									
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	l TOTAL							
Clean-up	TCP(1-1)-18	1	0	1							
Intersection work	TCP(1-2)-18	1	0	1							
BASIS OF E	STIMATE FOR N	MOBILE TM	[As								
		TMA (Mobile)									
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL							
Detour Setup & Removal	TCP(3-1)-13	2	0	2							
Detour Setup & Removal	TCP(3-2)-13	3	0	3							
Final Striping	TCP(3-1)-13	2	0	2							

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. The Contractor must get approval from the Engineer for any changes in the number of TMA as shown in the plans.

If a TMA is used for both mobile and stationary traffic control on the same day, it will be paid for as stationary for that day.

General Notes

Sheet M







QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0488-01-017

DISTRICT Abilene **HIGHWAY** FM 1856

COUNTY Nolan

	-	CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0488-01	-017		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00138	3287	1	
		CC	OUNTY	Nola	n	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 18			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	13.370		13.370	
Ī	104-6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	30.000		30.000	
Ī	105-6058	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (10"-12")	SY	4,699.000		4,699.000	
Ī	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	18,945.000		18,945.000	
Ī	132-6008	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY D)	CY	1,193.000		1,193.000	
Ī	160-6001	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	STA	12.970		12.970	
Ī	164-6033	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	11,348.000		11,348.000	
Ī	164-6051	DRILL SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	SY	11,348.000		11,348.000	
Ī	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	91.000		91.000	
	169-6004	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY D)	SY	11,348.000		11,348.000	
	247-6041	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYA GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	1,516.000		1,516.000	
	310-6005	PRIME COAT (AE-P)	GAL	1,516.000		1,516.000	
	316-6001	ASPH (MULTI OPTION)	GAL	2,547.000		2,547.000	
Ī	316-6173	AGGR(TY-B GR-3 SAC-B)	CY	49.000		49.000	
	351-6021	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(13")	SY	76.000		76.000	
	432-6002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	14.000		14.000	
	460-6003	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	LF	169.000		169.000	
	462-6018	CONC BOX CULV (7 FT X 7 FT)	LF	18.000		18.000	
	467-6262	SET (TY I)(S= 7 FT)(HW= 9 FT)(3:1) (C)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	467-6377	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (4: 1) (C)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	467-6380	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6005	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
Ī	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000		6.000	
Ī	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	32.000		32.000	
Ī	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	32.000		32.000	
Ī	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	634.000		634.000	
Ī	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	634.000		634.000	
Ī	530-6005	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	753.000		753.000	
Ī	560-6001	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (TWG-POST) TY 1	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	618-6040	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (1")	LF	40.000		40.000	
Ī	620-6004	ELEC CONDR (NO.12) INSULATED	LF	92.000		92.000	
Ī	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	46.000		46.000	
Ī	624-6006	GROUND BOX TY BATTERY (162915)W/APRON	EA	2.000		2.000	
Ī	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	47.000		47.000	
Ī	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	16.000		16.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	12.000		12.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Nolan	0488-01-017	10



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0488-01-017

DISTRICT Abilene **HIGHWAY** FM 1856

COUNTY Nolan

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0488-0	1-017		
		PROJE	CT ID	A0013	8287	1	
		CO	UNTY	Nola	an	TOTAL EST.	
		HIG	HWAY	FM 1	856		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		TOTAL FINAL
	644-6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6031	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T-2EXT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6033	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	12.000		12.000	
Ī	658-6011	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND(BI)	EA	17.000		17.000	
Ī	658-6047	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC)GND	EA	4.000		4.000	
	662-6004	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	LF	2,430.000		2,430.000	
	662-6034	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	2,700.000		2,700.000	
Ī	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	135.000		135.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,639.000		2,639.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,585.000		2,585.000	
Ī	668-6076	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	LF	150.000		150.000	
	668-6089	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (RR XING)	EA	2.000		2.000	
Ī	668-6091	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (18")(YLD TRI)	EA	8.000		8.000	
Ī	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	66.000		66.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	685-6004	INSTL RDSD FLSH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
Ī	3077-6053	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-B PG70-22	TON	1,294.000		1,294.000	
Ī	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	595.000		595.000	
Ī	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	3.000		3.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	11.000		11.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	12.000		12.000	
	6227-6001	SOLAR POWERED LED WARNING SIGN	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	08	SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Nolan	0488-01-017	11

28/5	
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	SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS													
	110 6001	132 6008	160 6001	247 6041	310	316	316	351 6021	432 6002	530 6005	3077	3077		
LOCATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY D)	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYA GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	PRIME COAT (AE-P)	ASPH (MULTI OPTION)	AGGR(TY-B GR-3 SAC-B)	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(13")	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SUPERPAVE MIXTURES SP-D SAC-B PG70-22	TACK COAT		
	CY	CY	STA	CY	SY	SY	SY	SY	CY	SY	SY	SY		
PROPOSED SECTION B			3.47	397	1587	1587	1587				1541	1560		
PROPOSED SECTION C			9.5	1086	4346	4346	4346				4222	4275		
INTERSECTION DETAILS				33	132	132	132				117	117		
PLAN AND PROFILE SH 1 OF 2	15793	1172							8					
PLAN AND PROFILE SH 2 OF 2	3152	21												
DRIVEWAY DETAILS SH 1 OF 3										297				
DRIVEWAY DETAILS SH 2 OF 3										119				
DRIVEWAY DETAILS SH 3 OF 3	·							76		337				
PROJECT TOTALS	18945	1193	12.97	1516	6065 ①	6065 ①	6065 ①	76	8	753	5880 ①	5952 ①		

	SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC ITEMS																					
	560 6001	618 6040	620 6004	620 6007	624 6006	636 6001	644 6001	644 6004	644 6030	644 6031	644 6033	658 6011	658 6047	666 6303	666 6315	668 6076	668 6089	668 6091	672 6009	682 6003	685 6004	6227 6001
LOCATION	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (TWG-POST) TY 1	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (1")	ELEC CONDR (NO.12) INSULATED	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE		ALUMINUM	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA (P)	SUP&AM	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T- 2EXT)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND(BI)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC) GND	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD) (100MIL)	TYI	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	MRK TY C (W	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (18")(YLD TRI)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	INSTL RDSD FLSH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PWRD)	SOLAR POWERED LED WARNING SIGN
	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	SF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
SIGN & STRIPING LAYOUT SH 1 OF 3						3	8	5	2		1	13	4	2119	2065	120	2	8	66			
SIGN & STRIPING LAYOUT SH 2 OF 3	1						2	5		1		4		520	520							1
SIGN & STRIPING LAYOUT SH 3 OF 3		40	92	46	2	44	6	2								30				4	2	
PROJECT TOTALS	1	40	92	46	2	47	16	12	2	1	1	17	4	2639	2585	150	2	8	66	4	2	1

	SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
	164 6033	164 6051	168 6001	169 6004	506 6002	506 6011	506 6041	506 6043		
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	DRILL SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY D)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)		
	SY	SY	MG	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF		
SW3P SITE PLAN SH 1 OF 1	11348	11348	91	11348	32	32	634	634		
PROJECT TOTALS	11348	11348	91	11348	32	32	634	634		

SUMMA	RY OF REMO	VAL ITEMS		
	100 6002	104 6009	105 6058	644 6076
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (10"-12")	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
	STA	SY	SY	EA
REMOVAL LAYOUT SH 1 OF 1	13.37	30	4699	
SIGN & STRIPING LAYOUT SH 1 OF 3				10
SIGN & STRIPING LAYOUT SH 2 OF 3				2
PROJECT TOTALS	13.37	30	4699	12

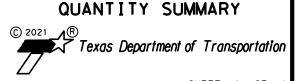
)	SEE	BASIS	OF	ESTIMATE	FOR	PAY	ITEM	QUANTITY

		SUMM	ARY OF DRAIN	AGE ITEMS			
	432	460	462	467	467	467	496
	6002	6003	6018	6262	6377	6380	6005
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	CONC BOX CULV (7 FT X 7 FT)	SET (TY I)(S= 7 FT)(HW= 9 FT)(3:1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (4: 1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (6: 1) (P)	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)
	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA
CULVERT SECTIONS SHEET	6	56	18	1	2		1
DRAINAGE P&P SH 2 OF 2		113				2	
PROJECT TOTALS	6	169	18	1	2	2	1

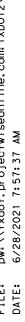
SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS									
	662 6004	662 6034	662 6111	6001 6002	6185 6002	6185 6005			
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)			
	LF	LF	EA	EA	DAY	DAY			
VARIOUS				3	11	12			
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEET	2430	2700	135						
PROJECT TOTALS	2430	2700	135	3	11	12			

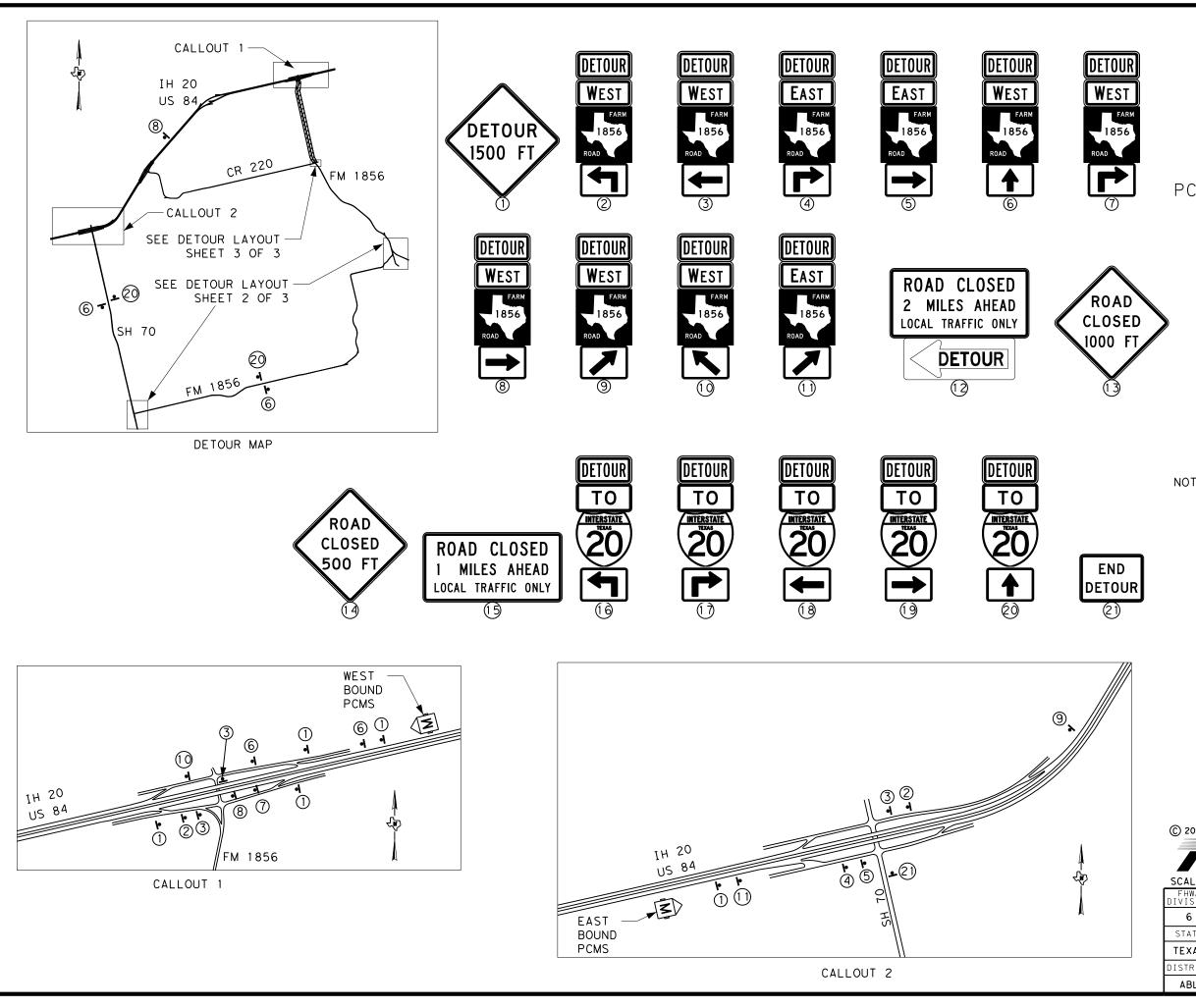
	BASIS OF ESTIMATE									
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	AREA(SY)	RATE	TOTAL QUANTITY	UNIT					
310 6005	PRIME COAT (AE-P)	PRIME BASE	6065	0.25 GAL/SY	1516	GAL				
316 6001	ASPH (MULTI OPTION)	UNDERSEAL	6065	0.42 GAL/SY	2547	GAL				
316 6173	AGGR(TY-B GR-3 SAC-B)	UNDERSEAL	6065	125 SY/CY	49	CY				
3077 6053	SUPERPAVE MIXTURES SP-D SAC-B PG70-22	4" LIFT	5880	440LBS/SY/2000	1294	TONS				
3077 6075	TACK COAT	TACK LIFTS	5952	0.1 GAL/SY	595	GAL				

FM 1856 QUANTITY SUMMARY



			SI	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		НΙ	GHWA	Y NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	FM 1856			
STATE	COUNTY					EET N	Ю.
TEXAS		NOL AN					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOE	3		12	
ABL	0488	01	01	7			





LEGEND

SIGN

PCMS

ROAD CLOSURE

PCMS MESSAGES:

WEST BOUND PCMS:

FM 1856 PHASE 1: WEST

DETOUR

USE PHASE 2: EXIT 244

EAST BOUND PCMS:

FM 1856 PHASE 1: EAST **DETOUR**

USE PHASE 2: EXIT 244

NOTE: PCMS LOCATIONS TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER.



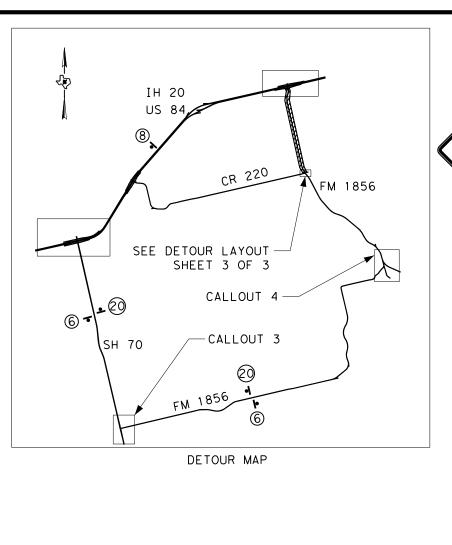
Brandon M. Vinn, P.E.

06/28/2021

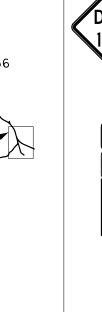
DETOUR LAYOUT

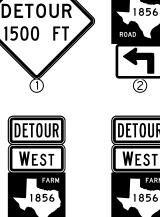


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CALE:	NTS		SI	HEET	1	OF	3
FHWA VISION	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.						
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	FM 1856			
STATE	COUNTY				SH	IEET N	10.
ΓEXAS	NOL AN						
STRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB			13	
ABL	0488	01	01	7			



CALLOUT 4





WEST

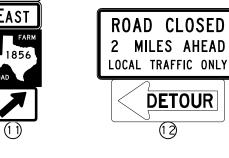


DETOUR

WEST

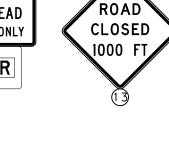


EAST



DETOUR

EAST







LEGEND

SIGN

PCMS

ROAD CLOSURE

PCMS MESSAGES:

FM 2035 PCMS:

FM 1856 PHASE 1: CLOSED

PHASE 2: 2 MILES AHEAD









DETOUR

WEST





NOTE: PCMS LOCATIONS TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER.



Brandon M. Vinn, P.E.

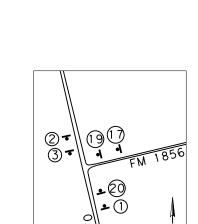
06/28/2021

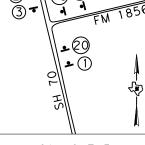


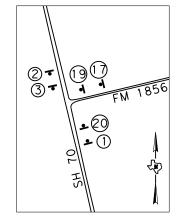
DETOUR LAYOUT

Texas Department of Transportation

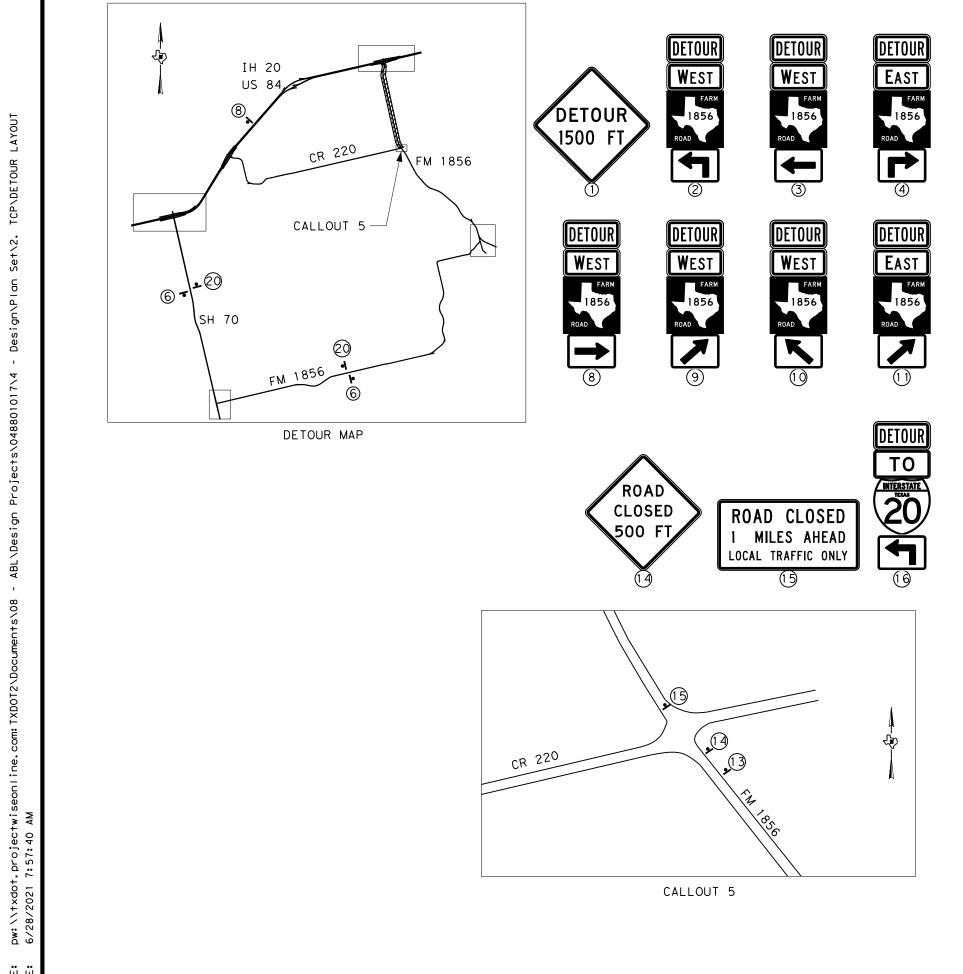
SCALE:	NTS		SI	HEET	2	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	OJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
6	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	FM 1856			
STATE		COUN.	ΓΥ		SH	EET N	١٥.
TEXAS		NOL A	N				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		14	
ABL	0488	01	01	7			







CALLOUT 3



LEGEND

SIGN

PCMS

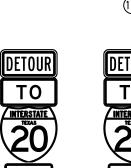
ROAD CLOSURE



DETOUR

WEST





DETOUR

EAST

DETOUR

WEST

ROAD CLOSED

2 MILES AHEAD

LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY

12

DETOUR

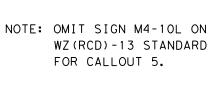
TO
INTERSTATE
20

DETOUR





END DETOUR





Brandon M. Vinn, P.E.

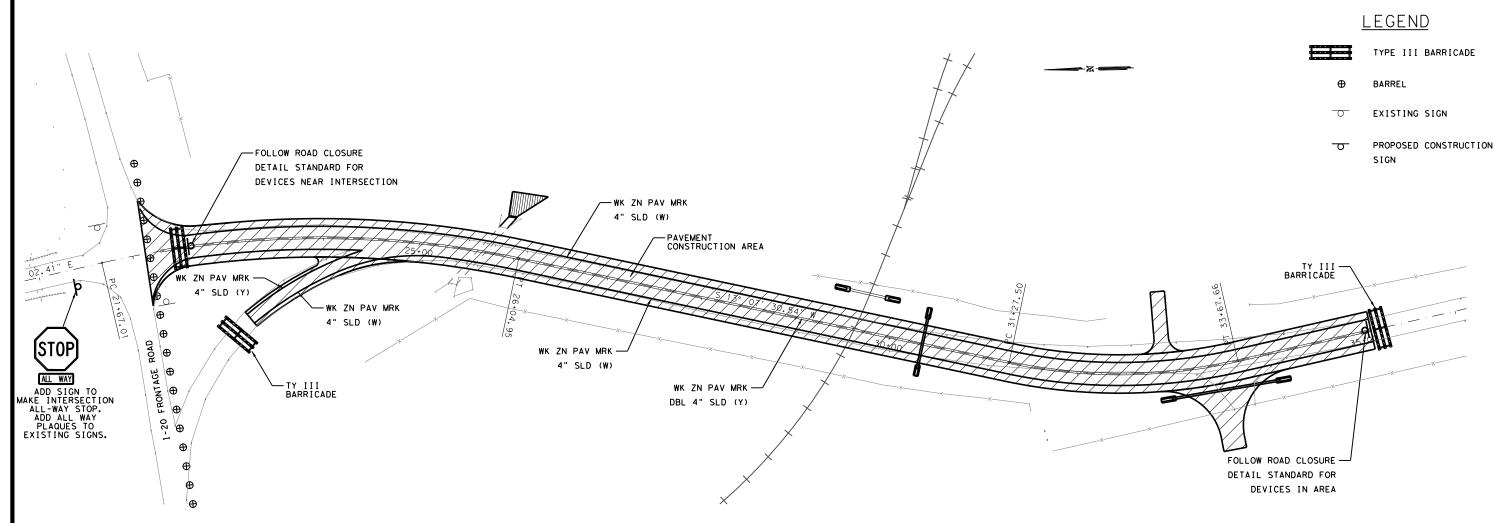
06/28/2021

DETOUR LAYOUT

Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	NTS		SH	HEET	3	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PROJECT NO. HIG				GHW,	ОИ Ү	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	HEET	FM 1856			
STATE	COUNTY					EET N	١٥.
TEXAS		NOLAN					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB			15	
ABL	0488	01	01	7			





CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1) PLACE BARRICADES & SETUP DETOUR
- 2) CLOSE FM 1856
- 3) PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES
- 4) REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT, BEGIN CULVERT EXTENSION WORK, AND CLEAR CONSTRUCTION LIMITS
- 5) EXCAVATE TO NEW ROADWAY GRADE
- 6) PLACE PROPOSED CMP's
- 7) HAUL, SHAPE & COMPACT FLEX BASE LAYER
- 8) PLACE PRIME AND 1-CST
- 9) LAY ONE 2" LAYER OF HMA
- 10) SHOULDER UP AND PLACE TEMPORARY SEEDING
- 11) PLACE TEMPORARY WORK ZONE STRIPING, FINAL SIGNING & OPEN THE ROADWAY
- 12) RAIL CROSSING INSTALLATION BY OTHERS
- 13) PLACE FINAL HMA LAYER, SHOULDER UP, & PLACE PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES
- 14) PLACE FINAL STRIPING

SHEET SUMMARY							
	662	662	662				
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2				
	LF	LF	EA				
SHEET TOTALS	2430	2700	135				

NOTES:

- 1) COORDINATE ACCESS WITH ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS.
- USE ONE-LANE, TWO-WAY FLAGGER CONTROL FOR WORK THAT ENCROACHES ONTO FRONTAGE ROAD AT THE INTERSECTION.
- 3) COORDINATE TIMING OF RAIL SPUR CONSTRUCTION WITH ADJACENT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. TIME CHAGRGES WILL BE SUSPENDED WHEN THE ROADWAY IS OPENED DURING THE TIME LEADING UP TO, AND DURING THE RAIL SPUR CONSTRUCTION.
- 4) PLACE AND MAINTAIN TRANSITIONS OF HMA FROM EXISTING ROADWAY SURFACES TO CONSTRUCTION SURFACES TO THE SATIFACTION OF THE ENGINEER UNTIL THE FINAL SP-D LAYER CAN BE PLACED. THIS WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY.
- 5) WORK ZONE TABS ARE TO BE PLACED AFTER THE FINAL LIFT OF SP-D AND BEFORE FINAL STRIPING.



Brandon M. Vinn, P.E.

06/28/2021

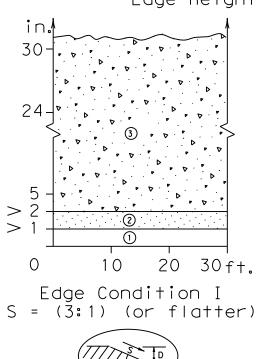
FM 1856 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

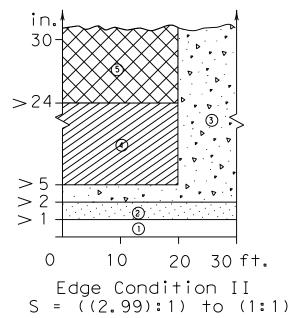


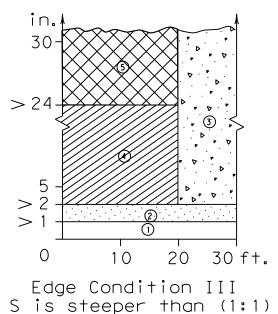
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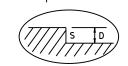
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

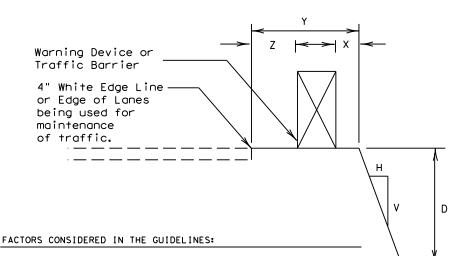
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet











- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Treatment Types Guidelines:

No treatment. (1)

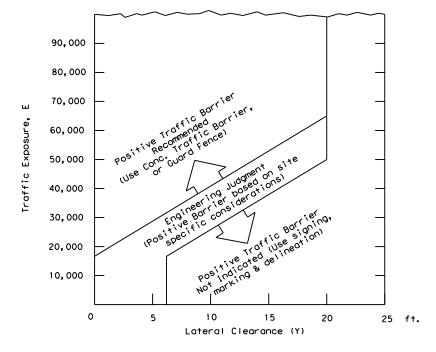
CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs.

- CW 8-9a "Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels.
- CW 8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge fill may be provided to change the edge slope to that of the preferable Edge Condition I.
- Check indications (Figure-1) for positive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone- 4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Edge Condition Notes:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 (



- 1 $E = ADT \times T$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2 Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within a lateral offset of 20 feet from the edge of the travel lane.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's





TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS **EDGE CONDITIONS**

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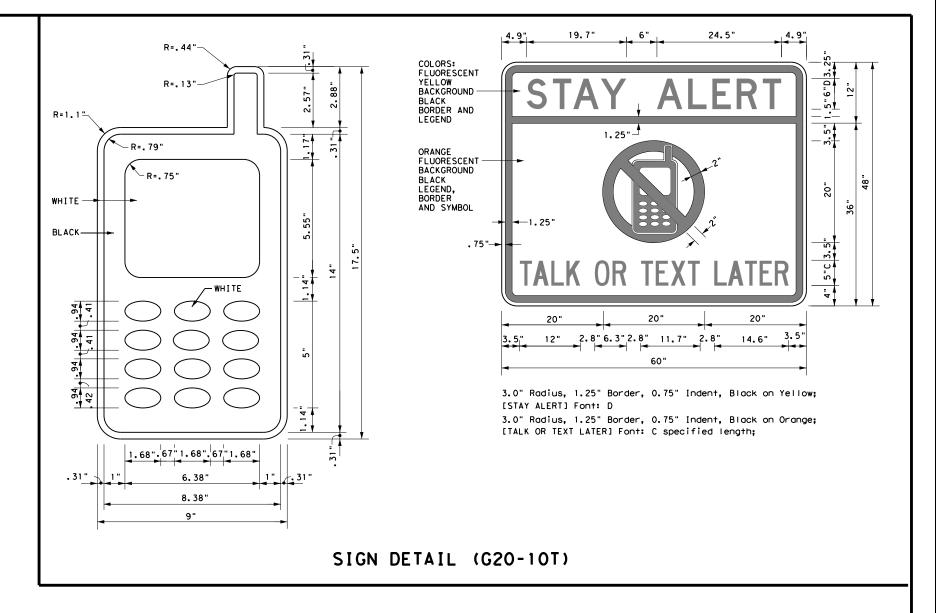
08-01 correct typos

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

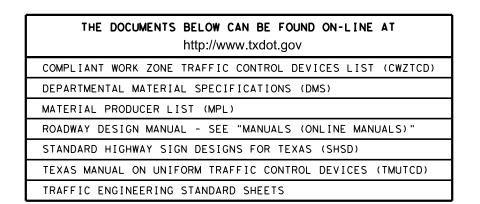
WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.

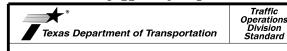


Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118







BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

Barricade or

channelizina

Channelizing Devices

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK ← NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ← END ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
 NEXT X MILES
 NEXT X MILES
 □ AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

ROAD WORK → NEXT X MILES ROAD WORK G20-1bT NEXT X MILES ⇒ G20-1bTR 1000'-1500' - Hwy INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow WORK G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP ZONE [RAFF] TRAFFI G20-51 R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBL F R20-5aTP HERN BORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T BORKERS ARE PRESENT R20-5aTP END ROAD WORK G20-2

T-INTERSECTION

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign onventional Expressway. Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" × 48' 48" x 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign ^A Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600 ²	
65	700 ²	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP * * SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 (as appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5T* * WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBL F SIGNS CW20-1D R20-5aTPX X ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER * *R2-CW13-1P ROAD * *G20-6 WORK R20-3T X > WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD |xx|AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or (MPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END (*) WORK ZONE G20-25T * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still **NOTES** G20-2 * * within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

* * G20-5aP

X X R20-5T

XXR20-50TP BHEN BORKERS ARE PRESENT

SPEED

LIMIT

* * R2-1

-CSJ Limit

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

* * G20-5T

G20-6T

END

G20-2 * *

ROAD WORK

ROAD

WORK

1/2 MILE

CW20-1E

ZONE

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1 LIMIT

 $|\langle * \rangle$

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

R20-31

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
⊢⊣ Type 3 Barricade							
000 Channelizing Devices							
þ	Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Operation Division Standard

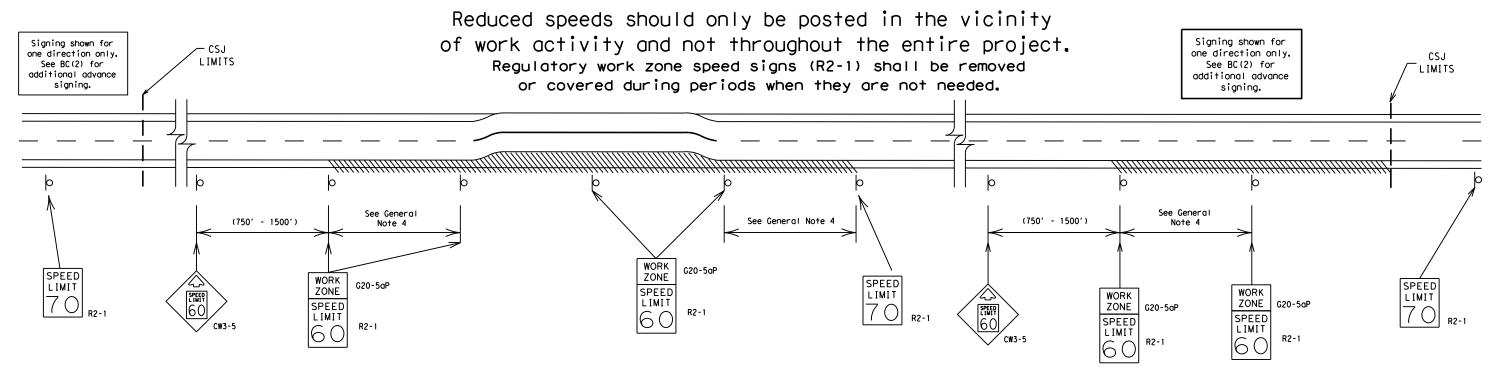
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

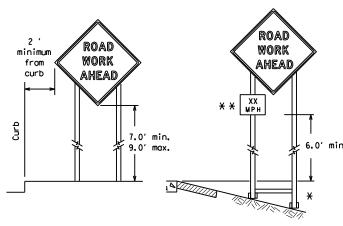
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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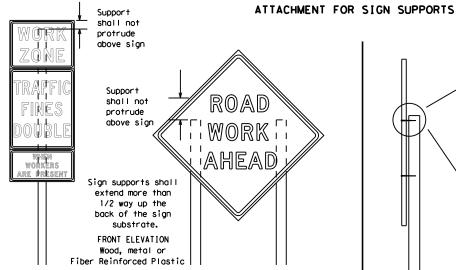
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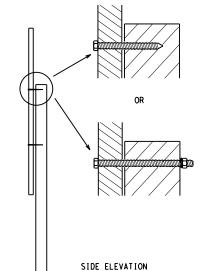


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.



Wood

sign supports Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by

any means. Wood

supports shall not be

extended or repaired

by splicing or

other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

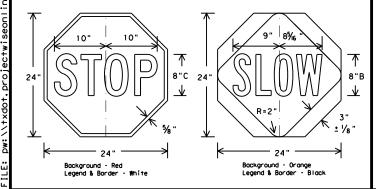
manufacturer's recommended

procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and auide the travelina public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlon shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work,

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

SHEET 4 OF 12



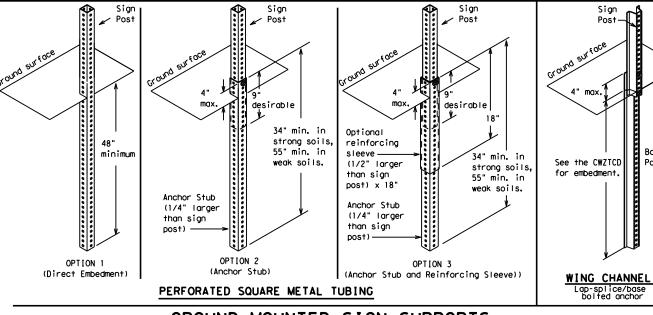
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Operation Division Standard

BC (4) - 14

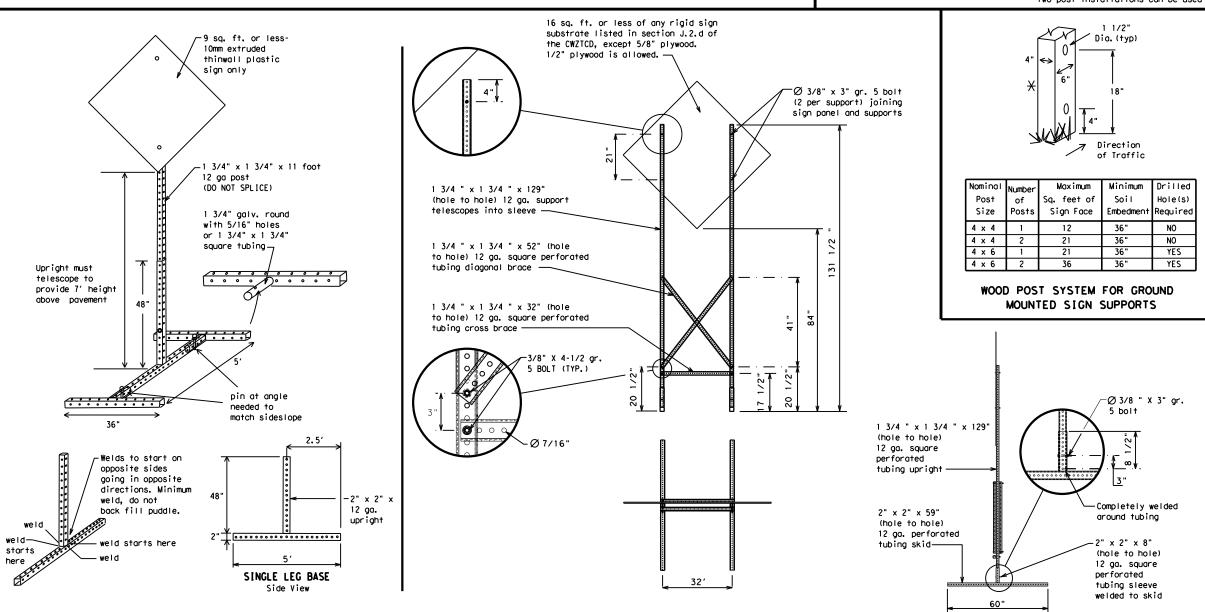
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12 sq. ft. of sign face \triangle Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of post sign face $\, riangle \,$ 2x6 4×4 wood X block block 72" post Length of skids may Top be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Top 2x4 x 40" height See BC(4) for sign 2x4 brace requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 40" 4x4 block 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - \times Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-14

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PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

Practice Act". No warranty of any responsibility for the conversion es resulting from its use.

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE		SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E		SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD		TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ram	np Closure List	Other Cond	lition List	
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT	*
xxxxxxxx				

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Travel	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	*	X ★ Se	e Application Guidelines N	lote 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

location phase is used.

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

IND GUARDRAIL OR

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR
CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE
UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION
OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS
SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

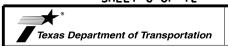
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- . When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

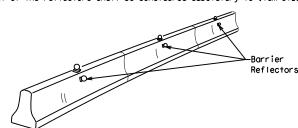
PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -14

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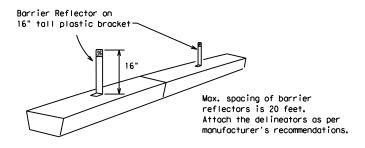
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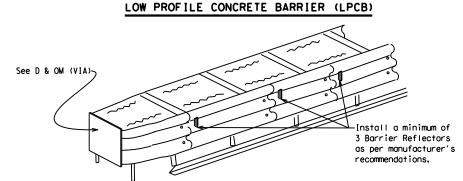
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



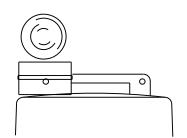


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

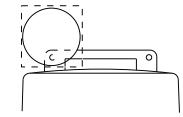
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

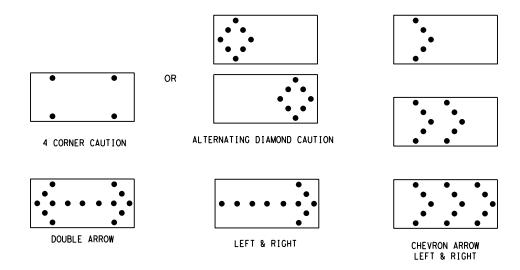
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

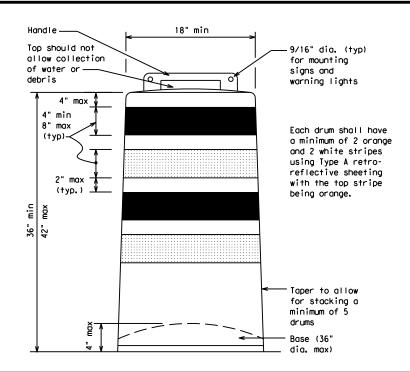
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

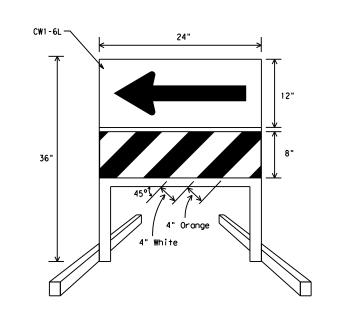
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

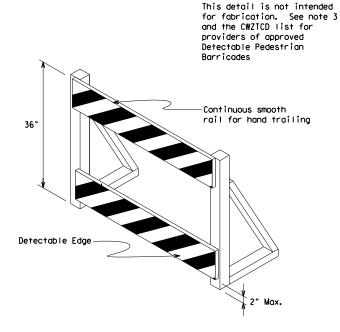




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type $\mathsf{B_{FL}}$ or Type $\mathsf{C_{FL}}$ Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- . Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
 Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

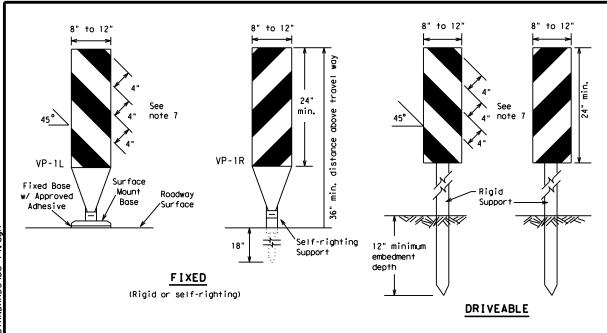


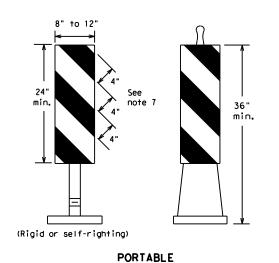
Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

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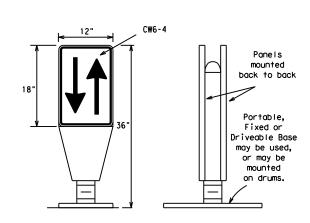




- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
 VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high
- speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- (CWZTCD).

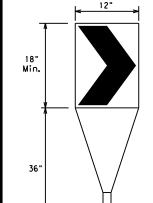
 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,
- unless noted otherwise.
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



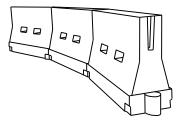
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
 Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.

 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

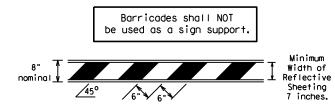
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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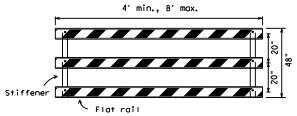
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

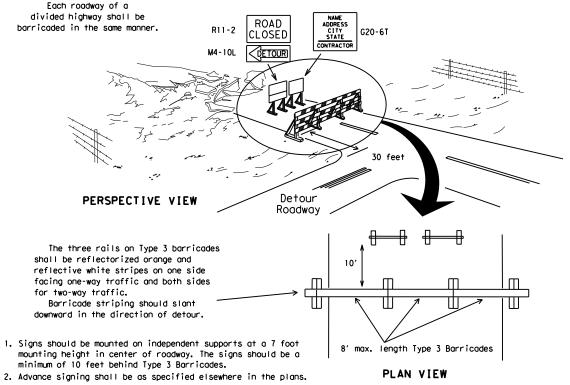


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



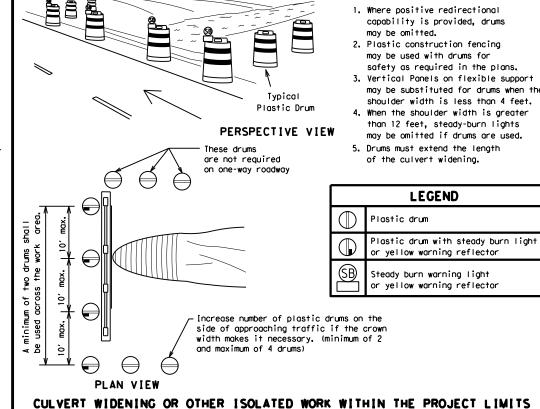
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



CONES 4" min. orange 2" min. 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange (16" min. _2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white **1**4" min. 2" to 6 42" min. 3" min. min.

Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. at 50' maximum spacing 50' 50' Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \Diamond

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs. 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

Tubular Marker

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

One-Piece cones

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

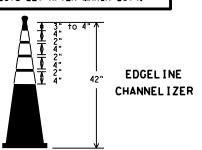
4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.

5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone

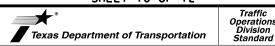
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch. two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

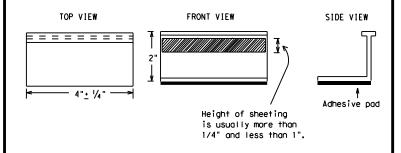
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

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105

05 |

Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT <u>_</u>_ NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" NO-PASSING LINE White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING,) White Type I-C or II-A-A _ _ RAISED **'**o o CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES П п П П п RAISED AUXILIARY Type I-C or II-C-R OR LANEDROP LINE RAISED PAVEMEN' REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised payement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' <u>+</u> 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-14 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB

FM 1856

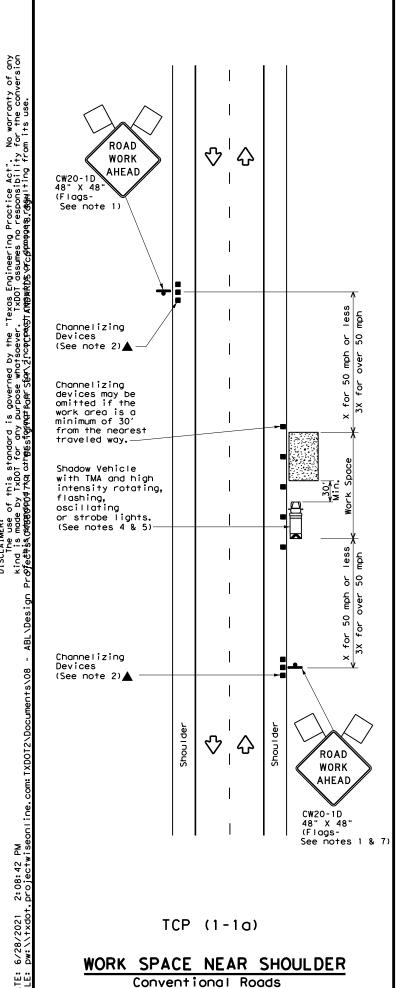
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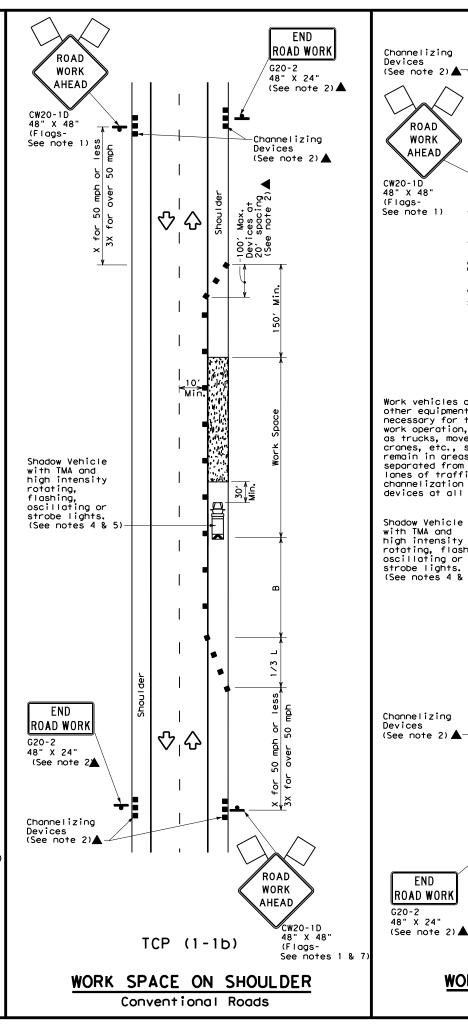
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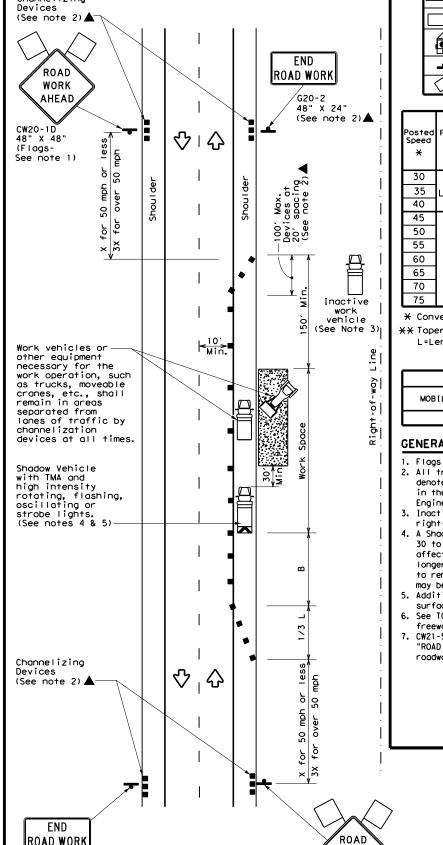
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STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS







TCP (1-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
þ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Pesirable Formula Taper Lengths ***				d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offs			On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	WS ²	150'	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90'	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	\	√							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

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-95	2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO	
-97	2-18		ABL		NOLAI	V		30	

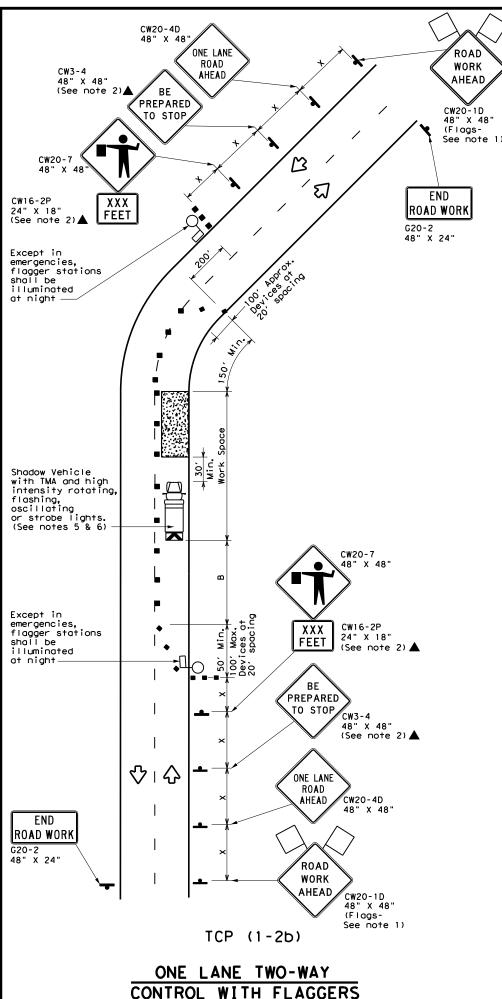
WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See notes 1 & 7)

Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction ROAD WORK Same as Below G20-2 48" X 24" ♡□↔ 42" X 42 " X 42 T0 ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 8) Channelizing devices separate work space from traveled way —Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) 42" X 42 " X 42" R1 - 2aP ONCOMING 48" X 36" TRAFFIC (See note 8) ♡ | ☆ ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD CW20-4D ROAD TCP (1-2a) WORK **AHEAD** CW20-1D 48" X 48" ONE LANE TWO-WAY (Flags-See note 13 CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



١		LEGEND									
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
Į	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90,	2001
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	320' 40' 80'		240′	155′	3051
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L "3	600'	660′	720′	60,	120'	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	1301	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820'

flaor Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



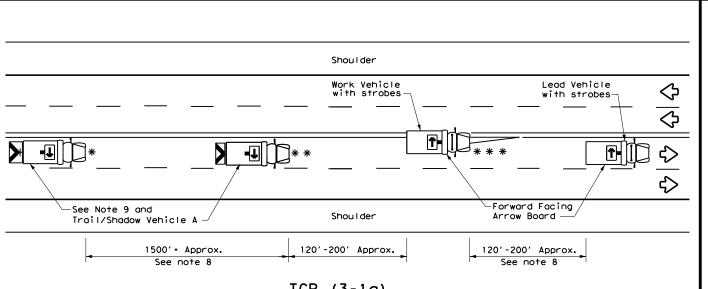
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

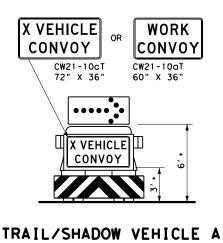
TCP(1-2)-18

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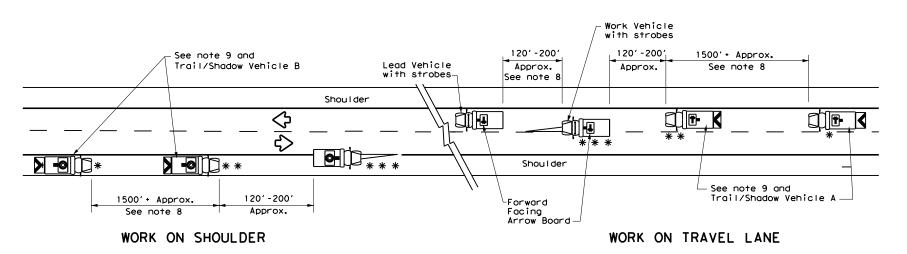
15



TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

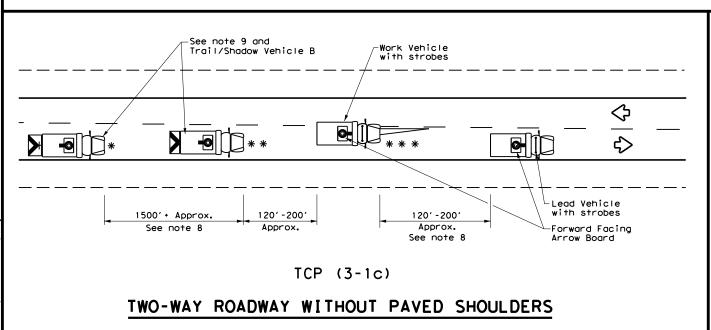


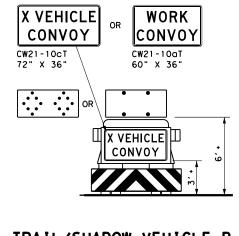
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

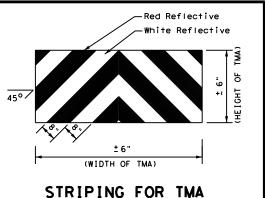
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	* Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow				
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





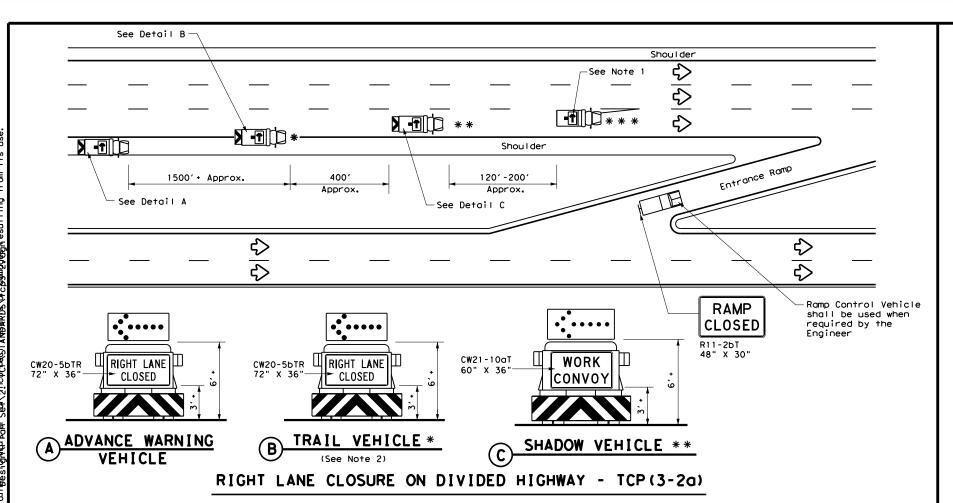
Traffic Operations Division Standard

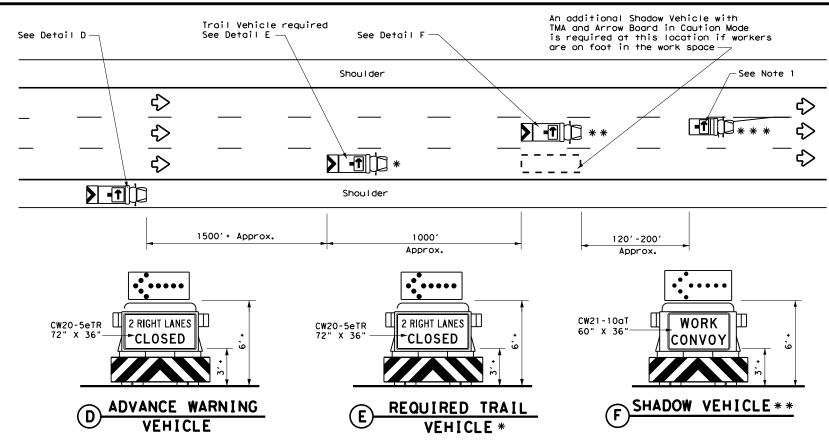
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

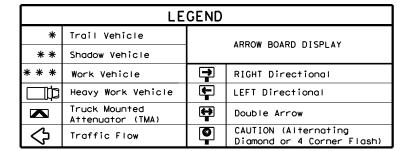
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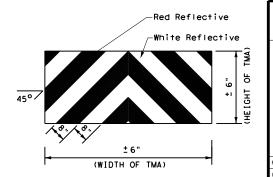
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

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95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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CW20-3C 48" x 48" See Note 8

CW20-3B

48" x 48" See Note 8

M4-10L 48" x 18'

M1-6T

24" x 24"

M6-1 21" x 15"

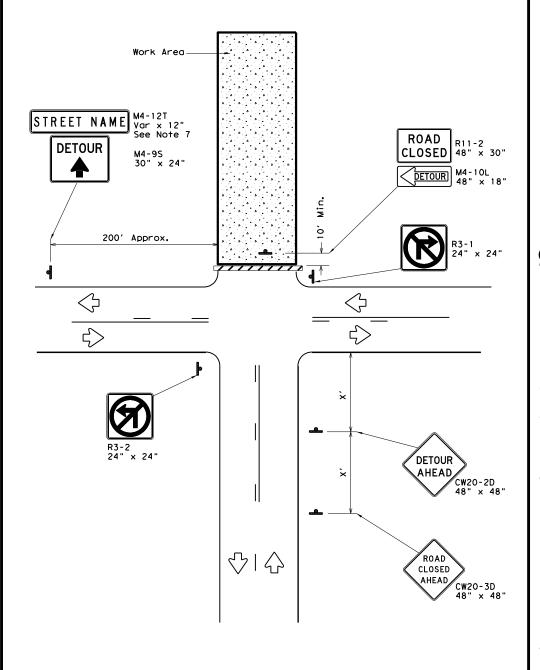
M4-8 24" x 12"

24" x 24"

M5-1L 21" x 15"

CW20-2A

M1-6T



ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND					
////	Type 3 Barricade				
-	Sign				

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- 9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

					_		
FILE:	wzrcd-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM	1856
1-97 4-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-98 3-03		ABL	NOLAN				34

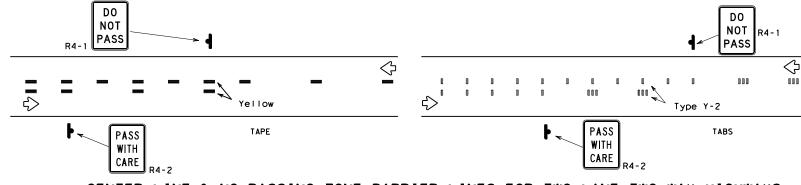
warranty of any r the conversion

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

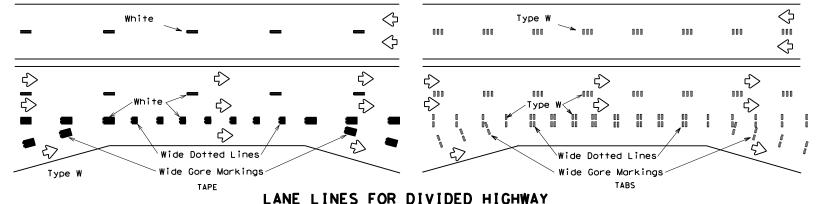
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

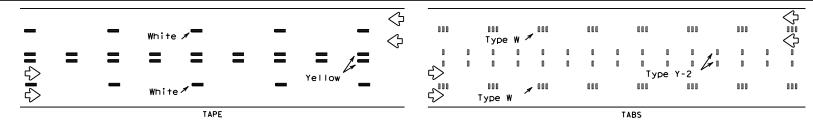
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

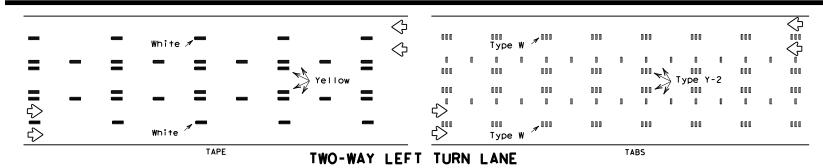


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM	1856
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		ABL		NOLAN	٧		35

Type I

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices				
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11				
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.					
② >3 1 D D O	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11				
0" to 3/4" 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".					
Notched Wedge Joint						

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/e: divided	48" >	48"	

Texas Department of Transportation

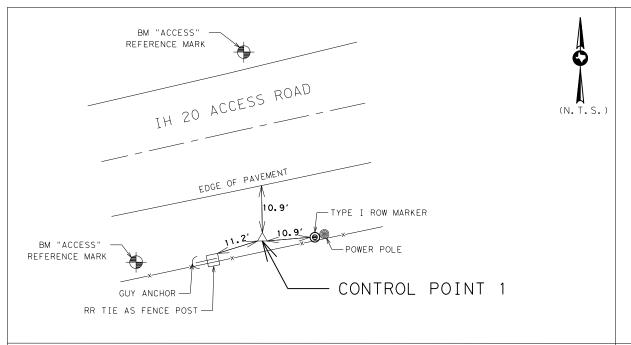
SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

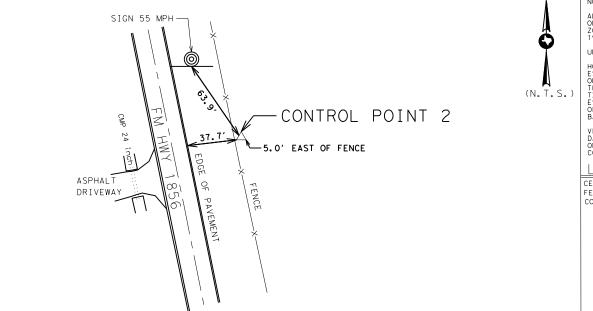
WZ (UL) - 13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T CK: TxDOT
© TxD01	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FN	M 1856
8-95 2	98 7-13	DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 3-	3-03		ABL NOLAN			36	

112





LONGITUDE

ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (4202)NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 1983) 2011 ADJUSTMENT

UNIT OF MEASURE IS U.S. SURVEY FEET

HORIZONTAL CONTROL OF THIS PROJECT WAS
ESTABLISHED BY ONE FOUR HOUR STATIC SESSIONS
ON CONTROL POINT 1 AND POST-PROCESSESD
THROUGH THREE TXDOT BASE STATIONS (TXAB,
TXRL AND TXSC); CONTROL POINT 2, 3 AND 4 WERE
ESTABLISHED BY THREE AVERAGED 180 EPOCH
OBSERSVATIONS HOLDING CONTROL POINT 1 AS THE
BASE.

VERTICAL CONTROL IS NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88); GEOID 12B; BASED ON THREE 180 EPOCH OBSERVATIONS HOLDING CONTROL POINT 1.

 \triangle

CENTER LINE FENCE

CONTROL POINT



Kith L. Raylunch

28 June 2021

CONTROL POINT: 1

CP# 1 IS A NGS TRIANGULATION STATION DISK NAMED "ACCESS". LOCATED ON THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD OF IH 20 AND BEING 1,262 FEET EAST OF THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD INTERSECTION OF FM 1856 AND IH20.

GRID COORDINATES

NORTHING

EASTING

ELEVATION

1,403,301.34

2,123.42

LATITUDE 6,865,621.57 32°29′18.8836" 100°19′59.3421"

LONGITUDE

CONTROL POINT: 2

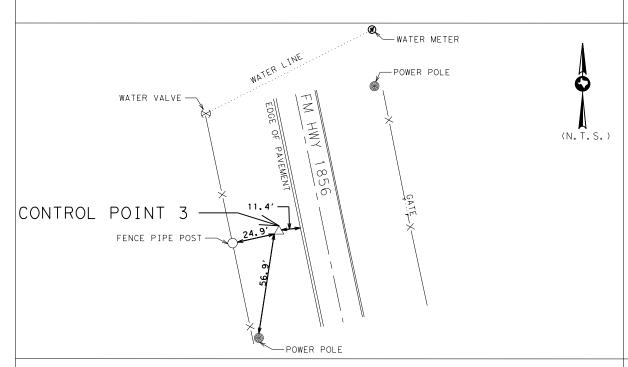
CP# 2 IS A ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE. LOCATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF FM HWY 1856 AND BEING 2,240 FEET SOUTH OF THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD INTERSECTION OF FM 1856 AND IH20.

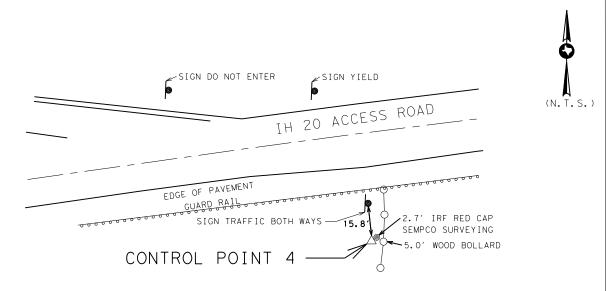
GRID COORDINATES

NORTHING 6,863,088.64 1,402,217.18

LATITUDE 32° 28′ 53. 6354" 100° 20′ 11. 4814"

EASTING ELEVATION 2,101.74





CONTROL POINT: 3

CP# 3 IS A 5/8"REBAR WITH A TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP. LOCATED ON THE WEST SIDE OF FM HWY 1856 AND BEING 3,871.7' FEET SOUTH OF THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD INTERSECTION OF FM 1856 AND IH20.

GRID COORDINATES NORTHING 6,861,473.57

EASTING 1,402,479.60 ELEVATION 2,150.78

LATITUDE

LONGITUDE 32° 28′ 37. 7011" 100° 20′ 08. 0888"

CONTROL POINT: 4

CP# 4 IS A 5/8"REBAR WITH A TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP. LOCATED ON THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD OF IH 20 AND BEING 503 FEET WEST OF THE SOUTH ACCESS ROAD INTERSECTION OF FM 1856 AND IH20.

GRID COORDINATES NORTHING FASTING

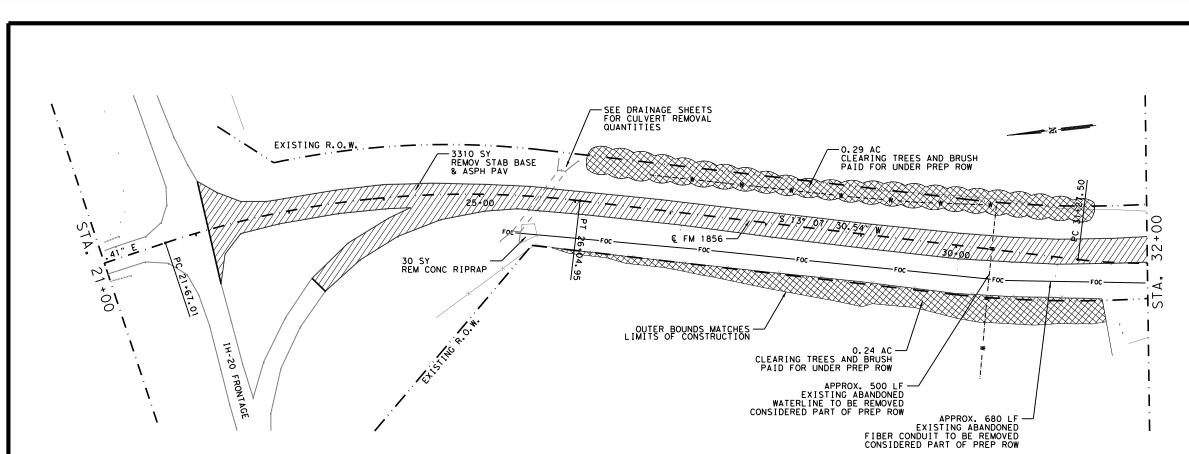
1,401,585.50 ELEVATION 2,082.37

LATITUDE LONGITUDE 6,865,209.04 32°29′14.5052" 100°20′19.2881' © 2021 ® TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
ABILENE DISTRICT
4250 North Clack Street
Abilene, Texas 79601
PHONE: (325) 676 - 6800

FM HWY 1856

SURVEY CONTROL INDEX

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	F	EDERAL	_ AID F	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	TEXAS		SEE	TITLE	SHEET	FM 1856
STATE DISTRICT NO.	COUNT	Υ	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
8	NOLAN	٧	0488	01	017	37



LEGEND



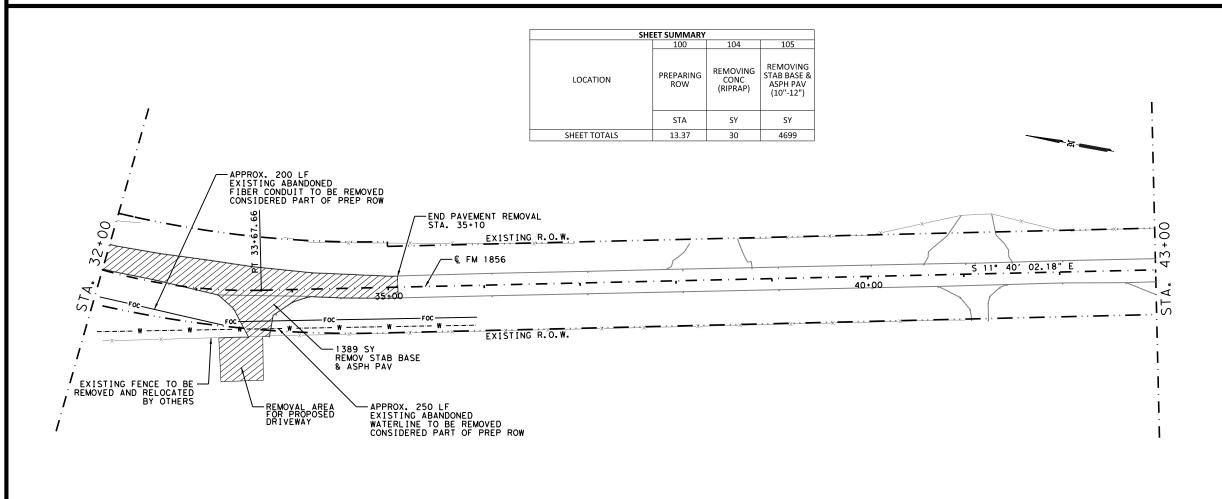
REMOVE STABILIZED BASE AND ASPHALT PAVEMENT



AREA OF BRUSH AND TREE CLEARING

NOTES:

- 1) AREA OF CLEARING TREES AND BRUSH IS FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.
- 2) VERIFY WITH UTILITY OWNERS FOR LOCATIONS OF LIVE LINES IN THE VICINITY OF ABANDONED LINES.





Brandon M. Vinn, P.E.

06/30/2021

FM 1856 REMOVAL LAYOUT

Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	1"=100'		HEET	1	OF 1	
FHWA IVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	НΙ	GHWA	AY NO.	
6	SEE	FM 1856				
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	EET NO.
TEXAS		NOL A	N	•		
ISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		38
ABL	0488	01	01	7		

£ FM 1856

Chain CL_FM1856 contains: 2 CUR CL_FM1856_3 CUR CL_FM1856_6 3

Beginning chain CL_FM1856 description Feature: Road_Centerline

Point 2 N 6,865,519.2425 E 1,402,034.4991 Sta 20+00.00

Course from 2 to PC CL_FM1856_3 S 11° 58′ 02.41" E Dist 167.0078

Curve Data

Curve CL_FM1856_3 P.I. Station Delta = 23+89.55 N 25° 05' 32.95" (RT) 5° 43' 46.48" 222.5416 437.9465 6,865,138.1596 E 1,402,115.2737 Degree Tangent Length Radius 437.9465 1,000.0000 24.4632 434.4550 23.8790 21+67.01 26+04.95 External Long Chord =
Mid. Ord. =
P.C. Station
P.T. Station 6,865,355.8644 6,864,921.4316 6,865,148.5104 1,402,069.1288 1,402,064.7392 1,401,090.8629 C.C. Back 11° 58′ 02.41" E 13° 07′ 30.54" W 0° 34′ 44.07" W Ahead = S Chord Bear = S

Course from PT CL_FM1856_3 to PC CL_FM1856_6 S 13° 07′ 30.54" W Dist 522.5489

Curve Data

Curve CL_FM1856_6 P.I. Station Delta = 32+49.49 N 24° 47′ 32.73" (LT) 10° 19′ 24.83" 6,864,293.7341 E 1,401,918.3790 Degree Tangent Length 121.9862 240.1537 Radius External Long Chord = Mid. Ord. = P.C. Station P.T. Station 238. 2845 12. 9390 31+27. 50 6,864,412.5335 6,864,174.2683 6,864,286.5048 1,401,943.0480 1,402,486.5808 33+67.66 30.54" W 02.18" E 44.18" W 13° 07′ 11° 40′ 0° 43′ Chord Bear = S

Course from PT CL_FM1856_6 to 3 S 11° 40′ 02.18" E Dist 1,586.8680

N 6,862,620.1874 E 1,402,263.9570 Sta Point 3 49+54.52 -----

Ending chain CL_FM1856 description

DRIVEWAY #1

Chain DW1_ALIGN contains: CUR DW1_ALIGN1

Ending chain DW1_ALIGN description

Beginning chain DW1_ALIGN description Curve Data Curve DW1_ALIGN1 1+14.67 N ' 42.53" (RT) ' 40.83" 6,865,108.2336 E 1,402,074.4747 P.I. Station Delta Degree Tangent Length Radius External 114.6676 221.4058 344.9197 18.5610 217.6242 17.6132 0+00.00 Long Chord =
Mid. Ord. =
P.C. Station
P.T. Station 1,402,002.4060 1,402,078.7988 1,401,734.1245 6, 865, 197, 4230 6,864,993.6476 6,864,980.6406 Back = S 38° 56′ 22.67″ Ahead = S 2° 09′ 40.14″ Chord Bear = S 20° 33′ 01.40″ _____

DRIVEWAY #2

Chain DW2_ALIGN contains:

Beginning chain DW2_ALIGN description

N 6,864,256.6642 E 1,402,016.8047 Sta 0+00.00

Course from DW10 to DW11 S 86° 21′ 55.47" W Dist 84.2771

N 6,864,251.3216 E 1,401,932.6971 Sta 0+84.28

______ Ending chain DW2_ALIGN description

DRIVEWAY #3

Chain DW3_ALIGN contains: DW20 DW21

Beginning chain DW3_ALIGN description

N 6,864,175.8979 E 1,401,834.0709 Sta 0+00.00

Course from DW20 to DW21 N 80° 22′ 45.29" E Dist 106.8181

N 6,864,193.7499 E 1,401,939.3866 Sta 1+06.82

Ending chain DW3 ALIGN description



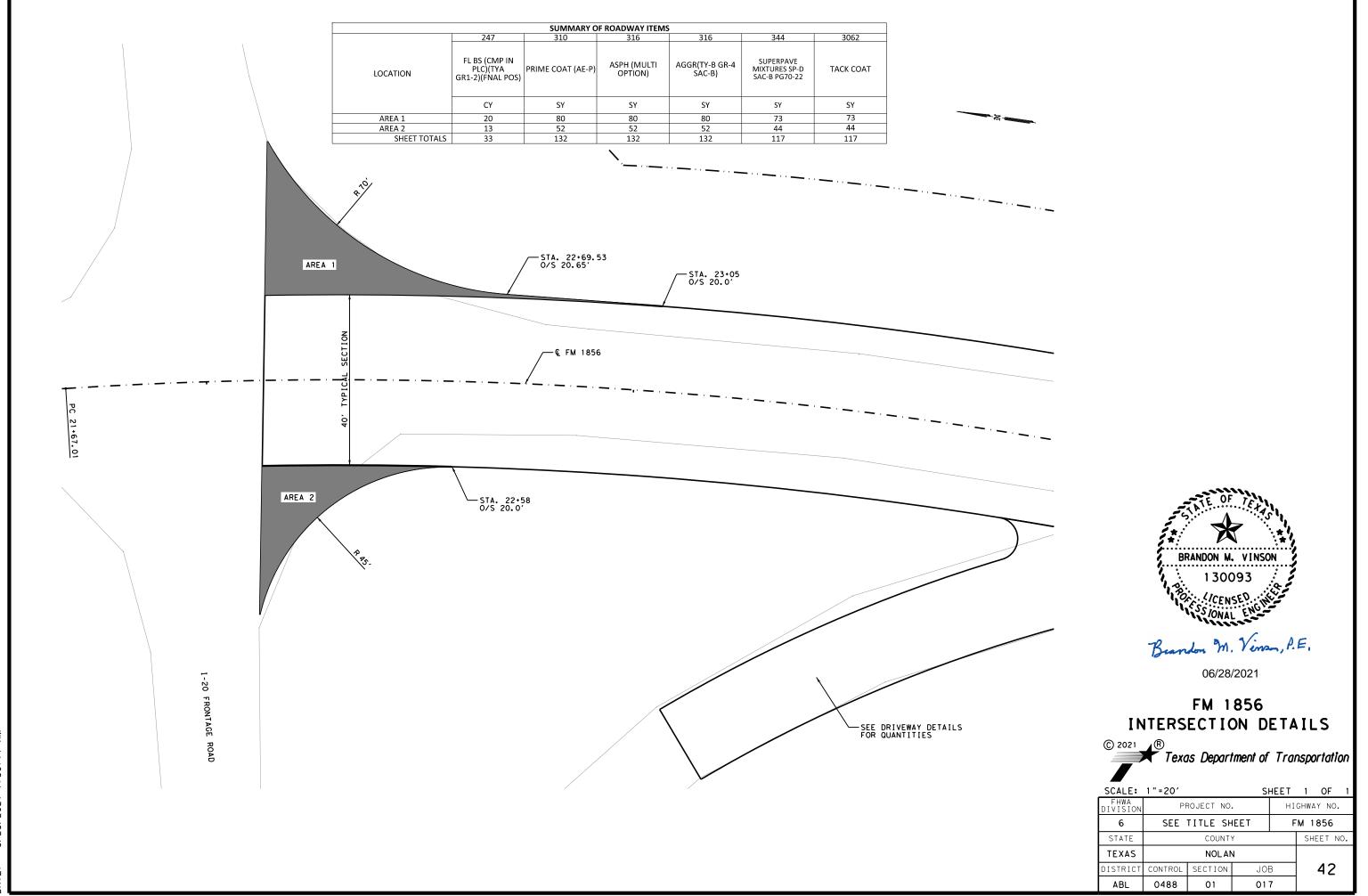
06/28/2021

FM 1856 ALIGNMENT DATA



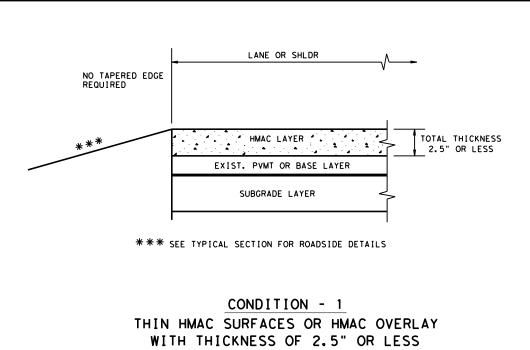
NO SCAL	.Ε		SI	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF		НΙ	GHWA	Y NO.		
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	F	M 1	856	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	EET N	0.
TEXAS		NOLAN	١				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOE	3		39	
ABL	0488	01	01	7			

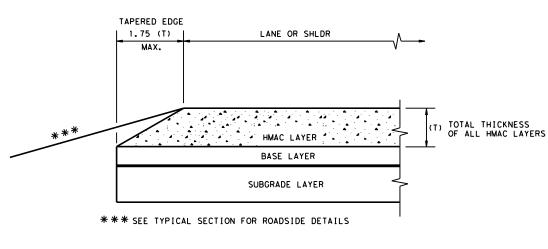
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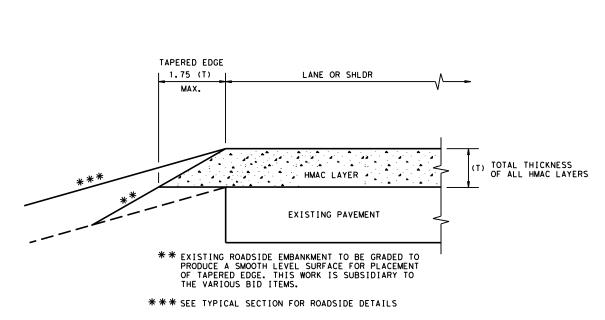






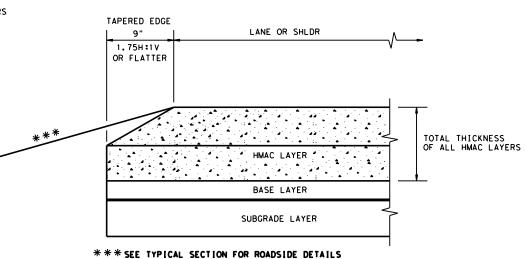
CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT
HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2

OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT
HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

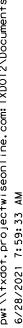
TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: RL		KB	CK:
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0488	01 017			FM	1856
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ABL		NOLAI	٧		46







FREQUENCY CULVERT CONTRIBUTING AREAS AREA

EX1 EX1

50 7'x7'x79' CBC 100 7'x7'x79' CBC

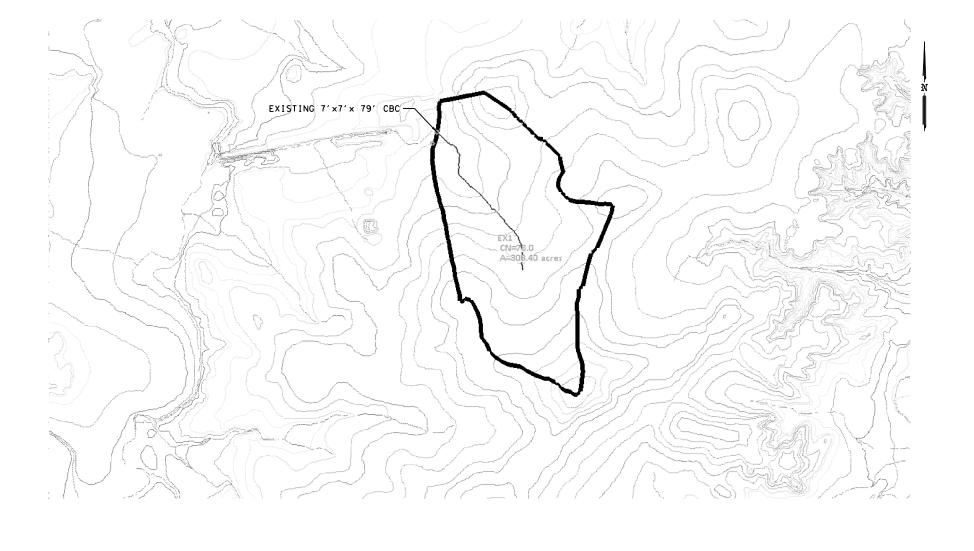
CN LAG TIME DISCHARGE

AC HR
308.4 78 1.0413
308.4 78 1.0413
308.4 78 1.0413









Discharge Names	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth(ft)	Outlet Control Depth(ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Crltical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Ta ll water Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
10 year	318	318	2066.55	6.19	2.32	3.94	4.00	3.94	2.60	11.53	6.37
50 year	516	516	2069.69	9.03	9.33	5.75	5.53	5.53	3.38	13.34	7.35
100 year	608	608	2070.98	10.62	10.38	6.57	6.16	6.16	3.69	14.09	7.70



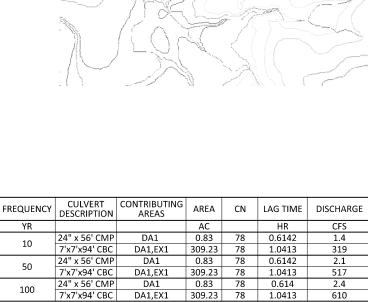
Brandon M. Vinson, P.E.

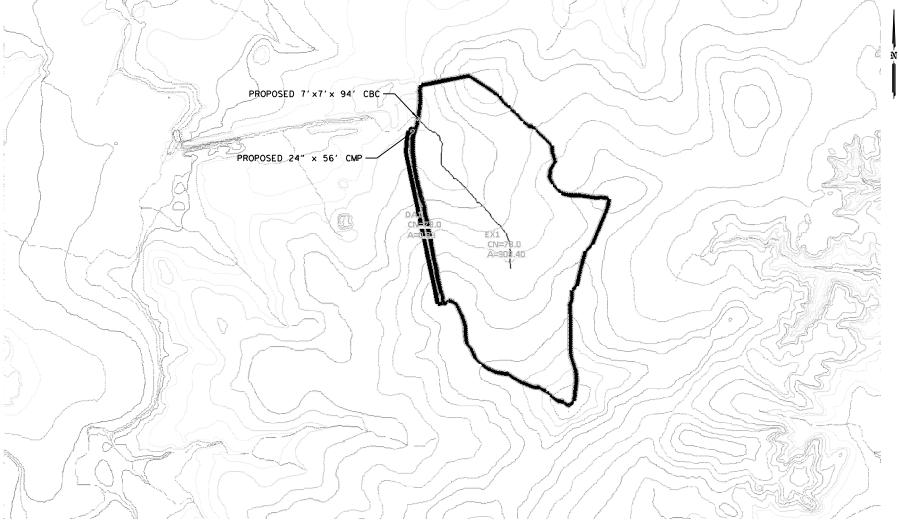
06/28/2021

FM 1856 EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA COMPUTATIONS

© 2021 A® Texa	s Department of	Trai	nspo	ortati	'n
NTS	SH	IEET	1	OF	1

NTS				SI	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT 1	١0.		НΙ	GHWA	Y NO	
6	SEE	TITLE	SHEET		F	M 1	856	
STATE		COUN	NTY			SH	EET N	١٥.
TEXAS		NOL	AN					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTIO	N	JOI	3		47	
ABL	0488	01		01	7			





					PROPOS	ED 7x7					
Discharge Names	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth(ft)	Outlet Control Depth(ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Ta il water Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
10 year	320	320	2068.33	6.22	7.93	4.02	4.02	4.02	2.61	11.38	6.38
50 year	519	519	2069.74	9.08	9.34	5.87	5.55	5.55	3.39	13.37	7.36
100 year	612	612	2071.10	10.70	10.41	6.71	6.19	6.19	3.71	14.12	7.71

				P	ROPOSEL) 24" CMI	Р				
Discharge Names	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth(ft)	Outlet Control Depth(ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Ta il water Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
10 year	1.4	1.4	2071.97	0.59	0.64	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.39	3.07	1.67
50 year	2.1	2.1	2072.13	0.73	0.8	0.52	0.5	0.5	0.46	3.44	1.84
100 year	2.4	2.4	2072.18	0.78	0.85	0.56	0.53	0.53	0.48	3.56	1.91



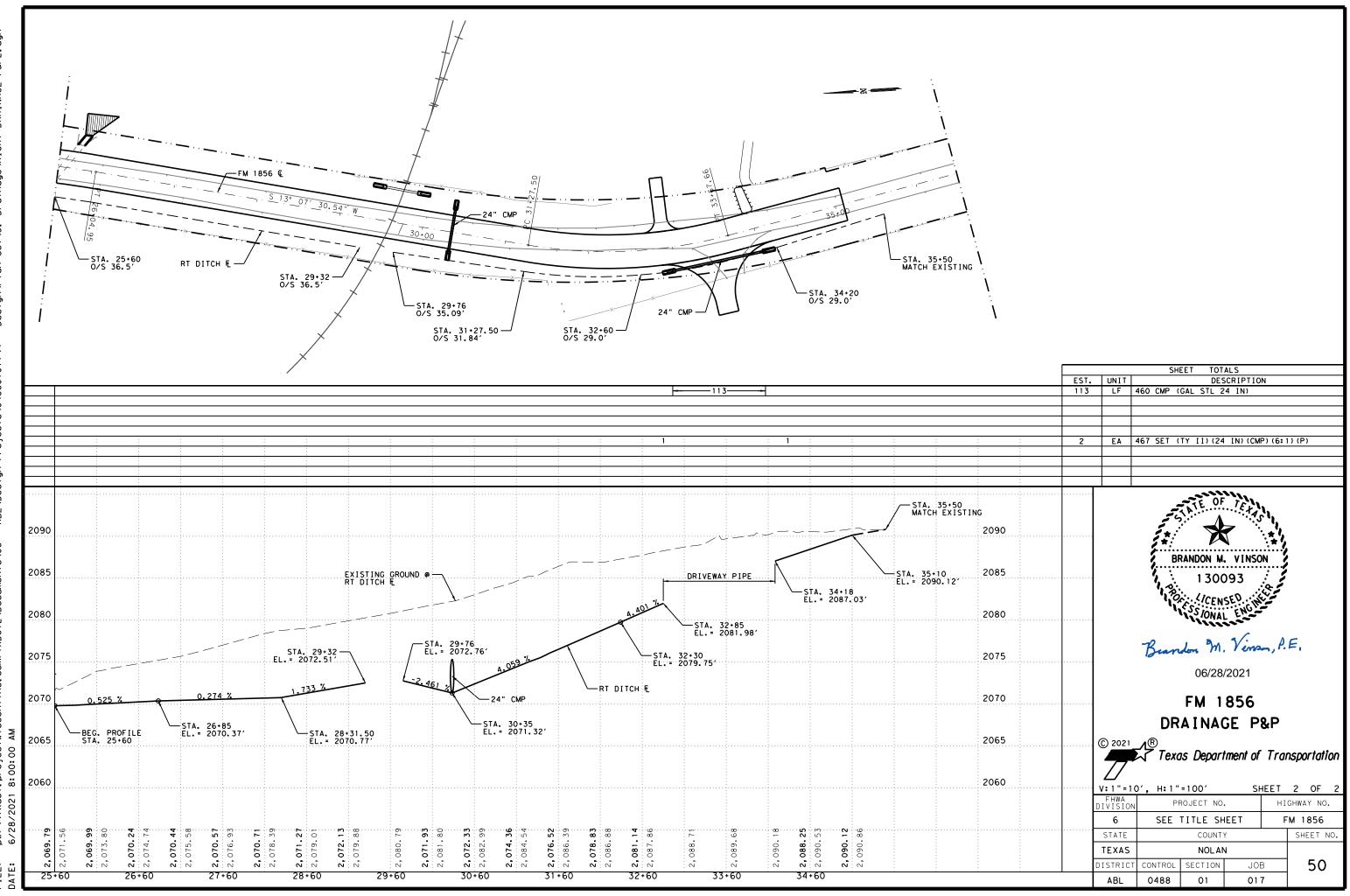
Brandon M. Vinsa, P.E.

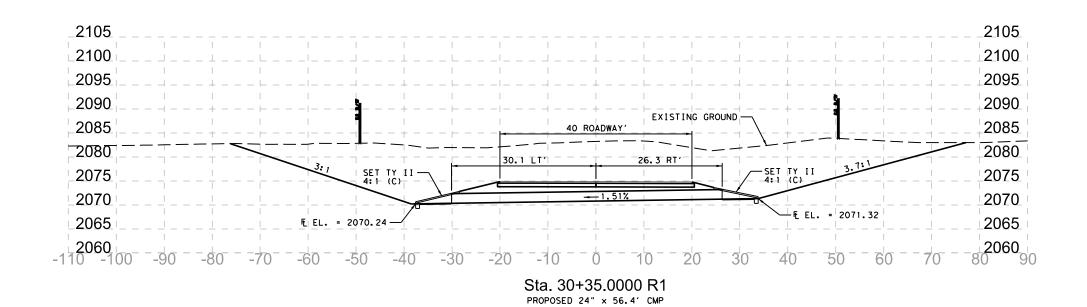
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FM 1856 PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA COMPUTATIONS

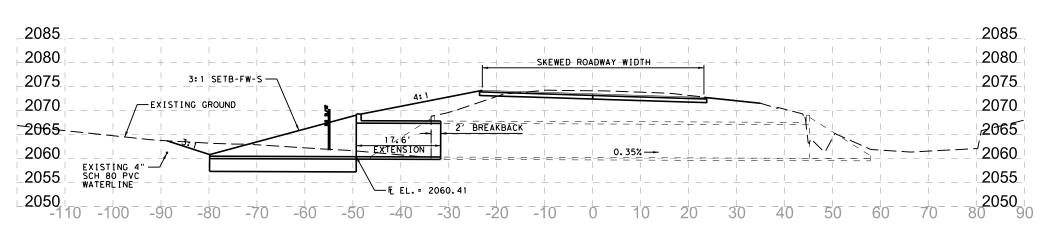
Texas Department of Transportation

	NTS				SI	HEET	1	OF	1
	FHWA DIVISION	Pf	ROJECT N	٥.		НΙ	GHWA	Y NO.	
	6	SEE	TITLE S	HEET		F	M 1	856	
I	STATE		COUN	ГΥ			SH	EET N	٥.
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l	DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION		JO	3		48	
	ABL	0488	01		01	7			





	SL	IMMARY OF D	RAINAGE ITEM	IS		
	432	460	462	467	467	496
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	CONC BOX CULV (7 FT X 7 FT)	SET (TY I)(S= 7 FT)(HW= 9 FT)(3:1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (4: 1) (C)	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)
	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA
STA. 25+65.62	6		18	1		1
STA. 30+35		56			2	



Sta. 25+65.62 R1

30° L.F.S.
EXISTING 7' × 7' × 78.9' CBC
PROPOSED 7' × 7' × 94.5' CBC
REMOVE EXISTING HEADWALL AND END TREATMENT (LT)
EXTEND 17.6' LT SCC-7 & SETB-FW-S
(DIMENSIONS AND OFFSETS ARE PARALLEL TO CULVERT)



06/28/2021

FM 1856 **CULVERT SECTIONS**

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Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	1"=20'		S	HEET	1	OF 1		
FHWA IVISION	Pf	ROJECT NO	٠.	HIGHWAY NO.				
6	SEE	SEE TITLE SHEET						
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The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any	kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion	Profecteroroabaoto Ptra fordes Park Igariset ksilldra iraderstandardskolsetaet - 20. dan

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	No. Spans ~ Span X Height		Standard 4	Treatment Standard	(0°,15°, 30° or 45°)	Slope Ratio (SL:1)	(In)	Thickness (In)	(Ft)	Wingwall (Ft)	Wingwall (Ft)	(Ft)	Wingwall (Ft)	Length (Ft)	Length (Ft)	(CY)	(CY)	(Wingwall) (CY)	(SF
25+65.62 (Lt)	1 ~ 7' X 7'	16'	SCC-7	SETB-FW-S	30	3:1	8"	7"	1.400	8.813	25.438	25.438	35.974	N/A	33.520	6.1	0.5	18.6	N/A
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									(1) _f	Round the wa oot for bidd	II heights showing purposes.	wn to the near	est						
									(2)	`oncrete volu	me shown is f	or box culvert	curh only		SP	ECIAL N	OTE:		

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

Culvert Station and/or Creek Name

followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)

- Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
 Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.

Description of

Box Culvert

Applicable

Вох

Culvert

Standard

Fill

Height

Applicable

Wingwall

or End

Treatment

Angle

(0°,15°,

Slope or Channel

Slope Ratio

Culvert

Top Slab

Thickness

Culvert Wall

Thickness

Estimated

Curb

Height

Height of

Wingwall

Curb to

End of

Wingwall

- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)

Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.

Offset

of End of

Wingwall

Length of

Lonaest

Wingwall

Culvert

Toewall

Length

- (3) Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- (4) Precast culverts segments will not be allowed.

Riprap

Apron

Anchor

Toewall

Length

Class

Conc

(Curb)

Class

Area

Conc

(Wingwall)

This sheet is a supplement to the box culvert standards. It is to be filled out by the culvert specifier and provides dimensions for the construction of the box culvert wingwalls and safety end treatments

An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded from the Bridge Standards (English) web page on the TxDOT web site. The completed sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed Professional Engineer.

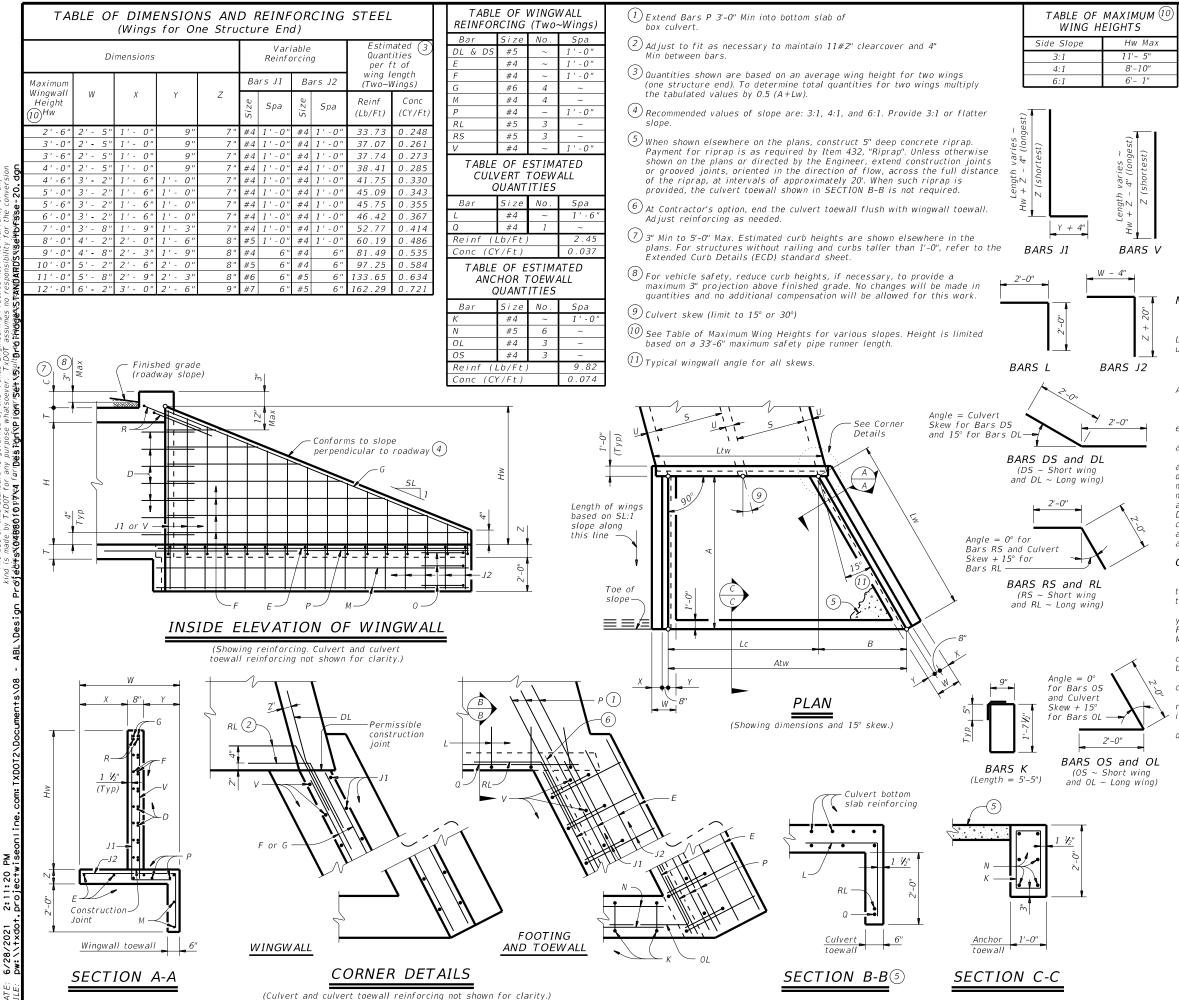




BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

BCS

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WING DIMENSION CALCULATIONS:

Formulas:

HW = H + T + C - 0.250'(10)

A = (Hw - 0.333') (SL)

 $B = (A) [tan (\theta + 15^\circ)]$

 $Lw = (A) \div [\cos (\theta + 15^{\circ})]$ For cast-in-place culverts:

 $Ltw = [(N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)] \div (\cos \theta)$

For precast culverts:

 $Ltw = [(N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.500')] \div (\cos \theta)$

 $Lc = (Ltw) - (2U) \div (cos \theta)$

Atw = (Lc) + (B)

Total Wingwall Area (two wings ~ S.F.) = (0.5) (Hw + 0.333') (Lw + A)

= Height of wingwall (feet)

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal : 1 vertical)

= Length of wingwall (feet)

= Culvert toewall length (feet) = Culvert curb between wings (feet)

= Anchor toewall length (feet)

= Number of culvert spans

= Culvert skew

See applicable box culvert standard for H, S, T, and U values. See Table of Maximum Wall Heights for limits on Hw.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide Class "C" concrete (f`c = 3,600 psi).

Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide a minimum clear cover of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Provide pipe runners and anchor pipes meeting the requirements of

ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Provide ASTM A36 steel plates.

Galvanize all steel components, except reinforcing unless required elsewherein the plans, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the Item 445, "Galvanizing".

For optional adhesive anchors, install adhesive anchorages in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions including hole size, drilling equipment and method, hole cleaning equipment and method, mixing and dispensing adhesive, and anchor insertion. Do not alter the manufacturer's mixing nozzle or dispenser. Provide anchorage rods that are clean and free of grease, oil, or any other foreign material. Demonstrate hole cleaning method to the Engineer for approval and continue the approved process for all anchorage locations. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The safety end treatments shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse

the openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of , Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer.

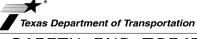
All bolts, nuts, washers, brackets, angles, and pipe runners are considered parts of the safety end treatment for payment

The quantities for pipe runners, reinforcing steel, and concrete, resulting from the formulas given herein are for Contractor's information only.

See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for additional dimensions and information.

> Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

SHEET 1 OF 3



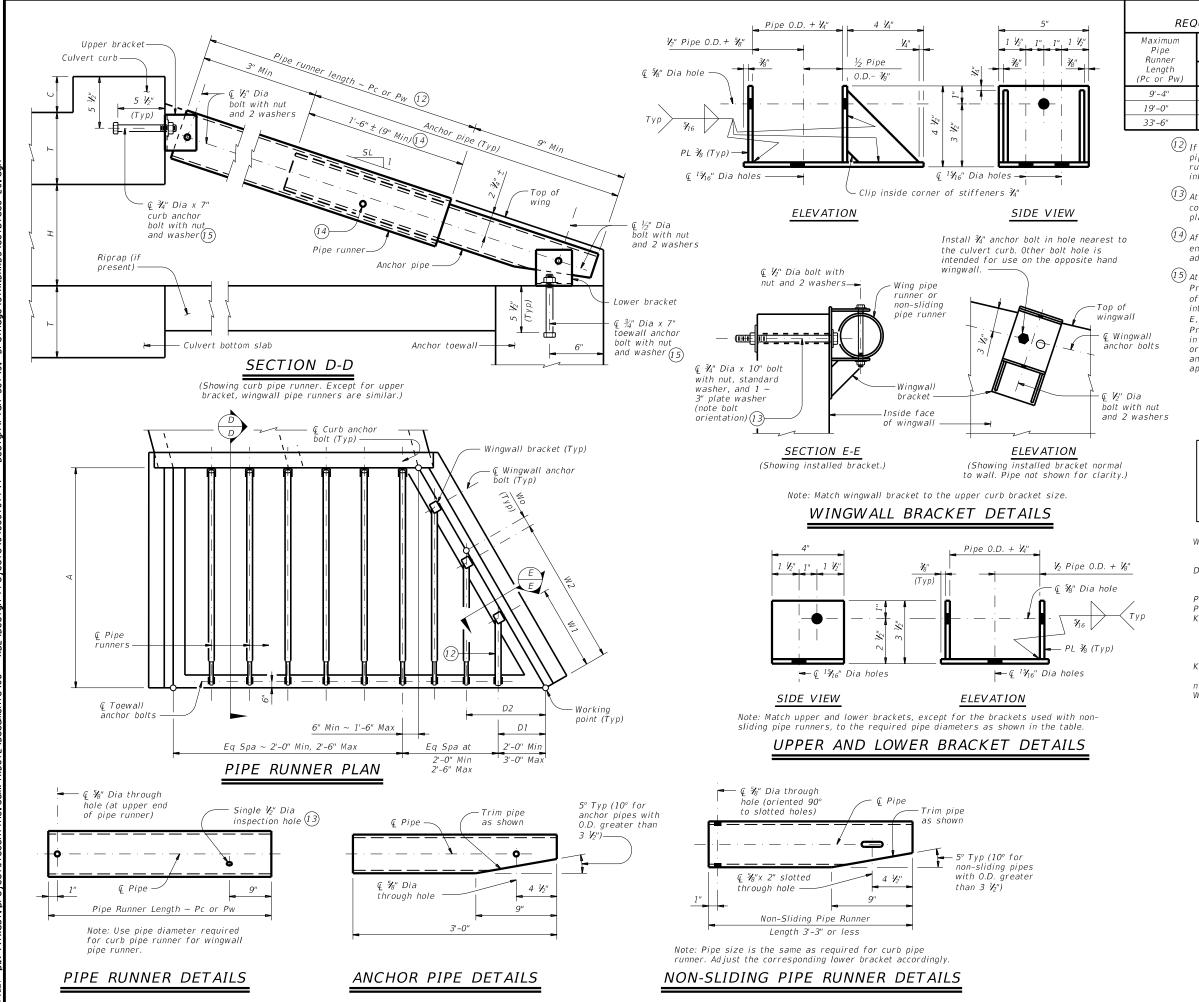
Bridge Division

SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS

FOR 15° AND 30° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETB-FW-S

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MAXIMUM PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS AND REQUIRED PIPE RUNNER AND ANCHOR PIPE SIZES

Maximum Pipe Runner		equired Pip Runner Size		Required Anchor Pipe Size								
Length (Pc or Pw)	Pipe Size	Pipe 0.D.	Pipe I.D.	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.						
9'-4"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"						
19'-0"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"						
33'-6"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	4" STD	4.026"							

- (12) If pipe runner length (Pw) is 1'-9" or less, replace the normal pipe runner and anchor pipe with a single non-sliding pipe runner. See Non-Sliding Pipe Runner Details for additional information.
- cored drilled. Percussion drilling is not permitted. Adjust placement of reinforcing steel as necessary to avoid bolt holes.
- (14) After installation of pipe runner, use the 1/2" inspection hole to ensure that the lap of the anchor pipe with the pipe runner is
- (15) At Contractor's option, an adhesive anchor may be used. Provide $rac{3}{4}$ " Dia adhesive anchors that meet the requirements of ASTM A307, Gr A fully threaded rods. Embed threaded rods into curb, wingwalls, and toewall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum embedment depth is 5 ½". Provide anchor adhesive able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 20 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use.

PIPE RUNNER DIMENSION CALCULATIONS:

Wn = (K3)(Dn) - (Wo)Pwn = (Dn)(K2) - (2.063')

Pw1 Non-Sliding Pipe Runner (If required) = (D1) (K2) - (0.563')

Pc = (A) (K1) - (1.688')

Wn = Distance from working point to centerlineanchor bolt measured along bottom inside face of wing (feet)

Dn = Distance from working point to centerline pipe runner measured along outside face

of anchor toewall (feet) Pw = Wingwall pipe runner length (feet)

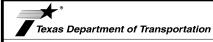
Pc = Curb pipe runner length (feet) K = Constant values for use in formulas

Slope SL:1 K1 K2-15° Skew K2-30° Skew 3:1 ~ 1.054 ~ 1.826 ~ 1.054 4:1 ~ 1.031 ~ 1.785 ~ 1.031 ~ 1.756 ~ 1.014

6:1 ~ 1.014 $K3 = 15^{\circ} Skew \sim 2.000$ 30° Skew ~ 1.414

= Wing pipe runner number $Wo = 15^{\circ} Skew \sim 5''$ 30° Skew ~ 2 1/2"

SHEET 2 OF 3



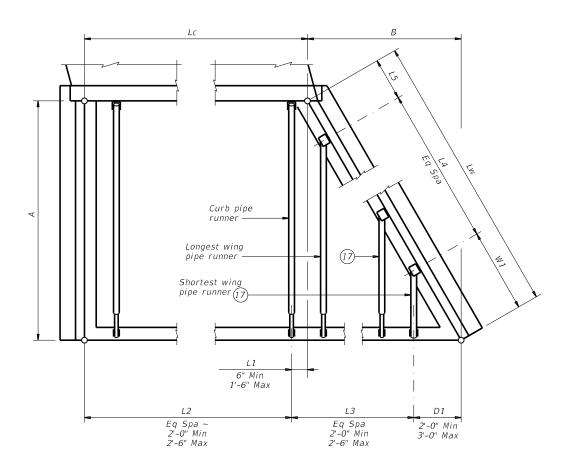
SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS

FOR 15° AND 30° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

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Culvert Station and/or Creek name	Lc	L1		L2		D1		L3		W 1		L4		L5	R	rb Pipe unner (Pc)	Longest Wing Pipe Runner	Shortest Wing Pipe Runner	Non-Sliding Wing Pipe Runner	Curb, N Non–Slidin	Ning, and/or ng Pipe Runners	3'-0'	' Anchor Pipe
followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both) (16)	(Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No.	Length (Ft)	(Pw)	(Pw)	(if applicable)	Size (3",4" or 5")	Total (16) Length (Ft)	Size (2",3" or 4")	Total (16) Length (Ft)
25+65.62 (Lt)	8.083	1.500	3	2.194	6.583	3.000	10	2.394	23.938	4.034	9	3.385	30.463	1.478	3	25.125	23.813	3.625	2.604	5"	201.448	4"	36.000
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PIPE RUNNER LAYOUT

Note: Right forward culvert skew shown, actual culvert skew may be opposite hand.

- Quantities shown are for one structure end if Lt or Rt. Quantities shown are for two structure ends if Both.
- (17) If the outermost wing pipe runner is a non-sliding pipe runner, consider the next outermost wing pipe runner as the shortest.

SPECIAL NOTE:

This tabular sheet is to be filled out by the culvert specifier and provides information for the construction details and quantities of pipe runners.

An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded from the Bridge Standards (English) web page on the TxDOT web site. The completed sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed Professional Engineer.

Note that the tabular quantities are given for estimating purposes only. It is likely that these quantities will change due to field conditions. Therefore, all dimensions must be verified by the Contractor in the field prior to fabrication of the safety end treatment components.

SHEET 3 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS

FOR 15° AND 30° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

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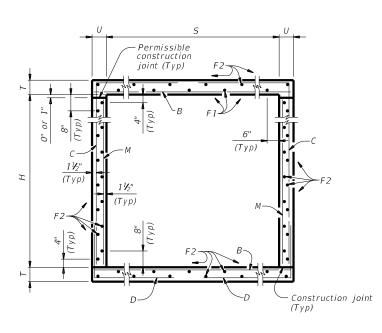
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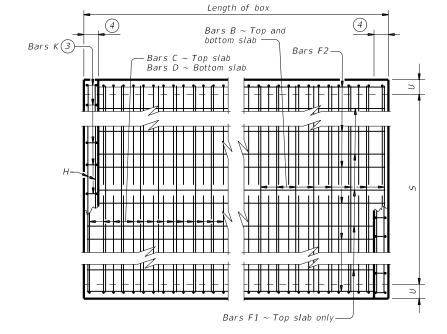
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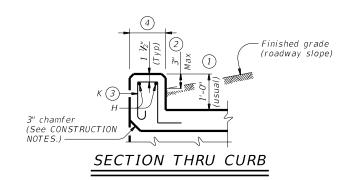
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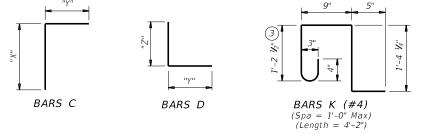




TYPICAL SECTION

PLAN OF REINF STEEL





- 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other
- For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
 For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
 - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

 Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- $\begin{picture}(40,0)\put(0,0){\line(1,0){10}}\put(0,0){\line(1,0){10}$
- 4 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR. Required WWR = (0.44 sq. in. per 0.5 ft.) x (60 ksi / 70 ksi) = 0.755 sq. in. per ft. If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing = (0.306 sq. in.) / (0.755 sq. in. per ft.) x (12 in. per ft.) = 4.86" Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2'-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms. Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance. Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:

- culverts with overlay,
 culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or
 culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface.
 Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
- Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min
- Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min
 Uncoated or galvanized ~ #6 = 2'-6" Min

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of fill heights shown.

See the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (SCC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-7

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L	IMENS	SIONS	>	HEIG		Bars B				Bá	ars C						Bars D				Ва	rs M ~ :	#4		ars F1 ~ at 18" Sp			s F2 ~ 18" Sp		Bars 4 ~ :	H #4	Bars K	Per of i	· Foot Barrel	Curb		Total
S	Н	Т	U	FILL	No. Size	Lengti	h Weight	No.	Size Spa	Length	Weight	" X "	" Y "	No.	Size	Leng	th Weig	nt "Y'	" Z	" ^	Spa	Length	Weight	No.	Length	Wt	No. L	ength.	Weight	Length	Wt	No. Wt	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)	Conc Re (CY) (L		nc Reinf (Lb)
7' - 0''	3' - 0''	8"	7"	16'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	7' - 11"	1,338	3' - 6"	4' - 5"	162	#5 6	i'' 7' -	1" 1,19	7 4' - 5	2' - 8	" 1	08 9"	3' - 0"	216	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.533	124.8	0.6 7	1 21.	.9 5,062
7' - 0''	3' - 0"	9"	7"	20'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	8' - 0''	1,352	3' - 7"	4' - 5''	162	#5 6	i'' 7' -	2" 1,21	1 4' - 5	' 2' - 9	" 1	08 9"	3' - 0"	216	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.583	125.5	0.6 7	1 23.	.9 5,090
7' - 0''	3' - 0''	10"	8"	23'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	8' - 2"	1,380	3' - 8"	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	i'' 7' -	4" 1,23	9 4' - 6	' 2' - 1	0" 8	32 12"	3' - 0"	164	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.663	126.3	0.6 7	8 27.	.1 5,128
7' - 0''	3' - 0''	11"	8"	30'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	8' - 3''	1,394	3' - 9''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	i'' 7' -	5" 1,25	3 4' - 6	2' - 1	1" 8	32 12"	3' - 0"	164	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.714	127.0	0.6 7	8 29.	.2 5,156
7' - 0''	4' - 0''	8"	7"	16'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	8' - 11''	1,507	4' - 6''	4' - 5"	162	#5 E	7' -	1" 1,19	7 4' - 5	2' - 8	" 1	08 9"	4' - 0"	289	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.576	130.8	0.6 7	1 23.	.6 5,304
7' - 0''	4' - 0''	9"	7"	20'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	9' - 0''	1,521	4' - 7"	4' - 5''	162	#5 6	7' -	2" 1,21	1 4' - 5	2' - 9	" 1	08 9"	4' - 0"	289	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	9' - 9''	823	7' - 11''	21	18 50	0.627	131.5	0.6 7	1 25.	.7 5,332
7' - 0''	4' - 0''	10"	8"	23'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	9' - 2''	1,549	4' - 8''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	4" 1,23	9 4' - 6	2' - 1	0" 8	32 12"	4' - 0"	219	5	39' - 9''	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.712	131.9	0.6 7	8 29.	.1 5,352
7' - 0''	4' - 0''	11"	8"	30'	162 #6 6	5" 8' - 1"	1,967	162	#5 6"	9' - 3''	1,563	4' - 9''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	5" 1,25	3 4' - 6	2' - 1	1" 8	32 12"	4' - 0"	219	5	39' - 9"	133	31 3	19' - 9''	823	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.763	149.0	0.6 7	8 31.	.1 6,036
7' - 0''	5' - 0''	8"	7"	16'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	9' - 11''	1,676	5' - 6"	4' - 5"	162	#5 6	7' -	1" 1,19	7 4' - 5	2' - 8	" 1	08 9"	5' - 0"	361	5	39' - 9"	133	35 3	19' - 9''	929	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.619	139.5	0.6 7	1 25.	.4 5,651
7' - 0''	5' - 0''	9"	7"	20'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	10' - 0''	1,690	5' - 7''	4' - 5"	162	#5 6	7' -	2" 1,21	1 4' - 5	2' - 9	" 1	08 9"	5' - 0"	361	5	39' - 9''	133	35 3	19' – 9''	929	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.670	140.2	0.6 7	1 27.	.4 5,679
7' - 0''	5' - 0''	10"	8"	23'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	10' - 2''	1,718	5' - 8''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	4" 1,23	9 4' - 6	2' - 1	0" 8	32 12"	5' - 0"	274	5	39' - 9''	133	35 3	19' – 9''	929	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.761	140.1	0.6 7	8 31.	.1 5,682
7' - 0''	5' - 0''	11"	8"	30'	162 #6 6	5" 8' - 1"	1,967	162	#5 6"	10' - 3''	1,732	5' - 9''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	5" 1,25		2' - 1	1" 8	32 12"	5' - 0''	274	5	39' - 9''	133	35 3	19' – 9''	929	8' - 1''	22	20 56	0.813	157.2	0.6 7	8 33.	.1 6,366
7' - 0''	6' - 0''	8"	7"	16'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	10' - 11"	1,845	6' - 6''	4' - 5''	162	#5 6	7' -	1" 1,19		2' - 8	" 1	08 9"	6' - 0''	433	5	39' - 9"	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	7' - 11''	21	18 50	0.663	148.2	0.6 7	1 27.	.1 5,999
7' - 0''	6' - 0''	9"	7"	20'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	11' - 0''	1,859	6' - 7''	4' - 5"	162	#5 6	7' -	2" 1,21	1 4' - 5	2' - 9	" 1	08 9"	6' - 0"	433	5	39' - 9"	133	39 3	19' - 9''	1,036	7' - 11"	21	18 50	0.713	148.9	0.6 7	1 29.	.1 6,027
7' - 0''	6' - 0''	10"	8"	23'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	11' - 2"	1,887	6' - 8''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	4" 1,23	9 4' - 6	2' - 1	0" 8	32 12"	6' - 0"	329	5	39' - 9''	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.811	148.4	0.6 7	8 33.	.1 6,013
7' - 0''	6' - 0''	11"	8"	30'	162 #6 6	5" 8' - 1"	1,967	162	#5 6"	11' - 3''	1,901	6' - 9''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	5" 1,25	3 4' - 6	2' - 1	1" 8	32 12"	6' - 0''	329	5	39' - 9''	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	8' - 1''	22	20 56	0.862	165.5	0.6 7	8 35.	.1 6,697
7' - 0''	7' - 0''	8"	7"	16'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	11' - 11"	2,014	7' - 6''	4' - 5''	162	#5 6	7' -	1" 1,19	7 4' - 5	' 2' - 8	" 1	08 9"	7' - 0"	505	5	39' - 9"	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	7' - 11''	21	18 50	0.706	154.2	0.6 7	1 28.	.8 6,240
7' - 0''	7' - 0''	9"	7"	20'	108 #6 9	9" 7' - 1	1" 1,284	162	#5 6"	12' - 0''	2,028	7' - 7"	4' - 5''	162	#5 6	i'' 7' -	2" 1,21	1 4' - 5	2' - 9	" 1	08 9"	7' - 0"	505	5	39' - 9"	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	7' - 11''	21	18 50	0.756	154.9	0.6 7	1 30.	.8 6,268
7' - 0''	7' - 0''	10"	8"	23'	108 #6 9	9" 8' - 1"	1,311	162	#5 6"	12' - 2"	2,056	7' - 8''	4' - 6''	162	#5 6	7' -	4" 1,23	9 4' - 6	2' - 1	0" 1	08 9"	7' - 0"	505	5	39' - 9''	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.860	157.0	0.6 7	8 35.	.0 6,358
7' - 0''	7' - 0''	11"	8"	30'	162 #6 6	5" 8' - 1"	1,967	162	#5 6"	12' - 3''	2,070	7' - 9''	4' - 6''	162	#5 E	7' -	5" 1,25	3 4' - 6	2' - 1	1" 1	08 9"	7' - 0"	505	5	39' - 9''	133	39 3	19' – 9''	1,036	8' - 1"	22	20 56	0.912	174.1	0.6 7	8 37.	.1 7,042

5 For direct traffic culverts (fill height ≤ 2 ft.), identify the required box size and select the option with the minimum fill height.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

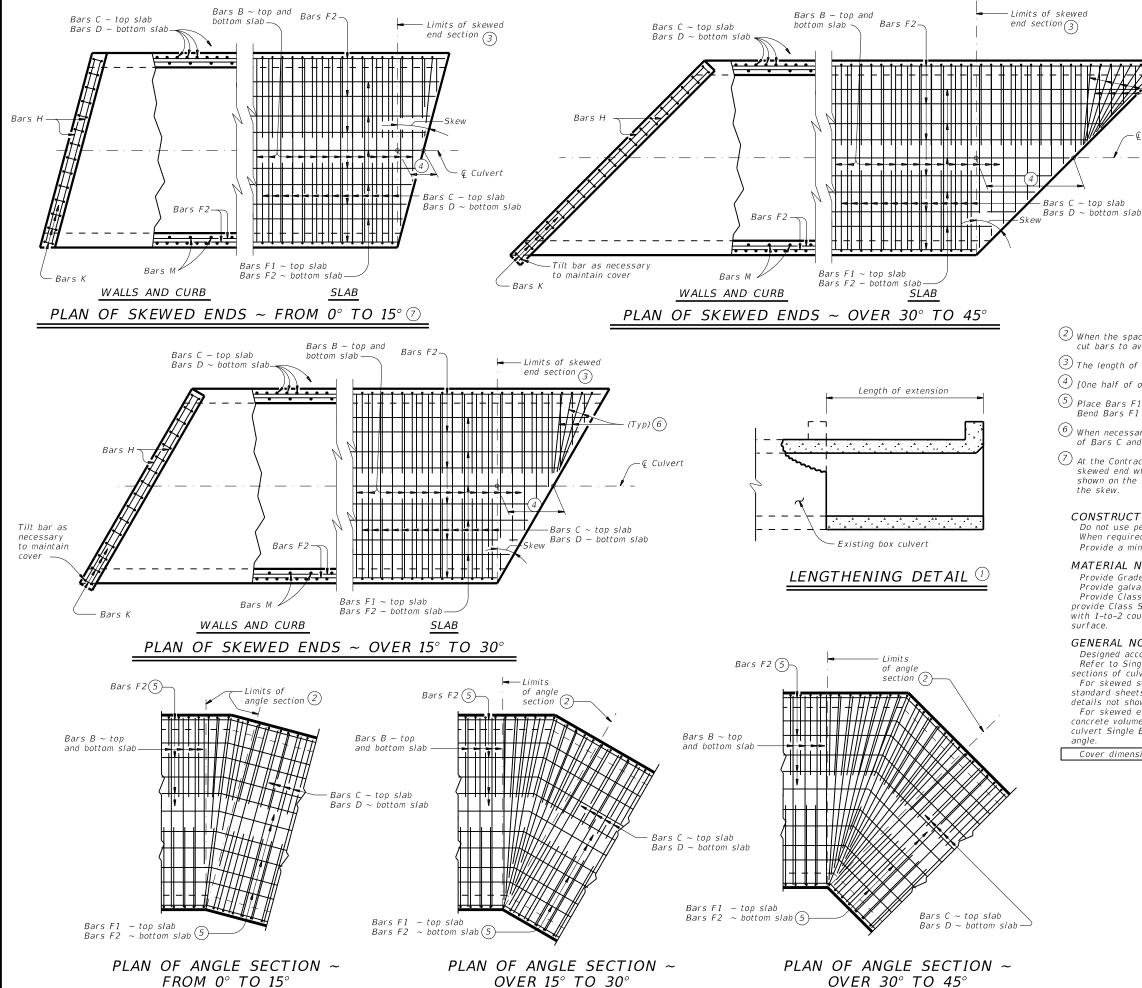
Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS
CAST-IN-PLACE
0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-7

scc07ste-21.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: T	xD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	HWAY	
REVISIONS	0488	01	017	,	FM 1856		
2021 Updated X values.	DIST		COUNT	COUNTY S		SHEET NO.	
	ABL		NOLA	5.7			



1) For skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the

For non-skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill and for skewed or non-skewed culverts with a fill depth of 2'-0" or greater, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension. Alternatively, if the box non-skewed, embed #6 anchor bars with a Type III, C, D , E or F ancher adhesive into the existing walls, top and bottom slab at 1'-6" center-to-center spacing. Minimum embedment depth is 8". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26.4 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval pric to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.

Break back wings and apron as necessary to install the extension. Clean and extend the exposed wingwall and apron reinforcing into the extension. When lengthening existing box culverts with dimensions different than current standard dimensions, form horizontal and vertical transitions as directed by the Engineer. Match bottom slabs to maintain an uninterrupted flow line. Field bend existing and new reinforcing into transitions and maintain specified cover requirements. For top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, adjust the "H" dimension to provide a smooth riding surface.

- $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize (2)}}{ ext{\scriptsize When the spacing between Bars B becomes less than half of the normal spacing,}}$ cut bars to avoid conflict.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{3}$ The length of Bars B vary in the skewed end sections.
- 4 [One half of overall width] x [tangent of the skew angle]
- (5) Place Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section. Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert
- 6 When necessary to avoid conflictin acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.
- At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, and D parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B shown on the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standards sheets to accommodate

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars. Provide a minimum of 1 1/2" clear cover.

MATERIAL NOTES: Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for details of straight

For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes, maximum bar spacing, and any other

For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the culvert Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING



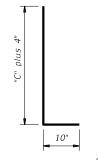
SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE

MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

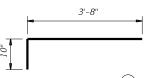
SCC-MD

sccmdste-20.dgn	ואס: TxD0T		ck: TxD0T	CK: TXDOT DW: 1		ck: TxD0T		
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0488	01 017			FM	FM 1856		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ABL		NOL AN			58		

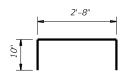
Used for curbs over 1'-0" to 5'-0"



BARS V (#5) 6 Spaced at 12" Max



BARS L (#5) (3) Spaced at 12" Max



OPTIONAL BARS L (#5) 3 7 Spaced at 12" Max



BARS U (#4) 6 Spaced at 12" Max

- 1 "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For precast boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD standard for additional details.
- 2 Adjust normal culvert slab bars as necessary to clear obstructions.
- (3) Place bars L as shown. Tilt hook as necessary to maintain cover.
- 4 Place normal culvert curb bars H(#4) as shown. Adjust as necessary to
- (5) Additional bars H(#4) as required to maintain 12" Max spacing.
- 6 Replace normal culvert curb bars K with one bar U and two bars V as shown spaced at 12" Max. Adjust length of bars V as necessary to maintain clear cover.
- (7) Optional bars L are to be used only for precast box culverts with 3'-0" closure pour.
- 8 Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per linear foot of curb length. The value in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of curb height, "C". Quantity includes bars K (when applicable).

TABLE OF ESTIMATED CURB QUANTITIES (8)

		<u> </u>
Curb Height "C"	Conc (CY/LF)	Reinf Steel (Lb/LF)
1'-0"	0.037	10.4
1'-6"	0.056	14.5
2'-0"	0.074	15.6
2'-6"	0.093	18.0
3'-0"	0.111	19.0
3'-6"	0.130	21.3
4'-0"	0.148	22.4
4'-6"	0.167	24.8
5'-0"	0.185	25.9

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Adjust reinforcing steel as necessary to provide 1 ¼" cover. For vehicle safety, top of the curb must not project more than 3" above the finished grade.

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in

Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) minimum for curbs.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

• Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

These details are suitable for use with PR11, PR22 and PR3 type rails. These details are not swith FAIT, FAZZ and FAS type rails. These details are not suitable for the mounting of other rail types. For new construction using T631 or T631LS railing, use the T631-CM standard. This Curb is considered as part of the Box Culvert for

payment.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



Bridge Division Standard

EXTENDED CURB DETAILS

FOR BOX CULVERTS WITH CURBS OVER 1'-0" TO 5'-0" TALL

ECD

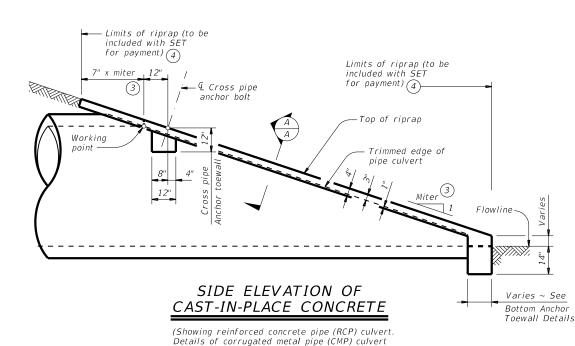
FILE: ecdstde1-20.dgn	DN: GAF		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	CK: GAF		
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM 1856			
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ABL		NOLAI	V		59		

Working point (at intersection of nominal I.D.) Trimmed edge of pipe $_{Miter}$ \Im

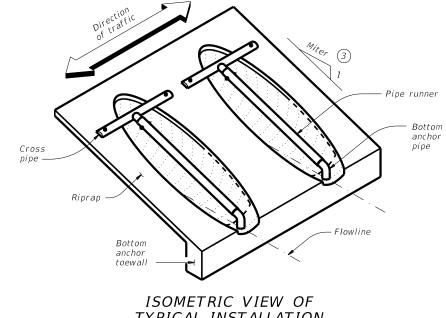
NOTE: All pipe runners, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

(Showing corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert. Details of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert are similar.)



are similar. Pipe runners not shown for clarity)



TYPICAL INSTALLATION

(Showing installation with no skew.)

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS AND PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS 102

			Pipe Runner Length											
Nominal Culvert I.D.	Pipe Culvert Spa ∼ G	Cross Pipe Length	3:1 Side Slope				4:1 Side Slope				6:1 Side Slope			
00170171151		Length	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
24"	1' - 7''	3' - 5"	N/A	N/A	N/A	5' - 10''	N/A	N/A	N/A	8' - 1''	N/A	N/A	N/A	12' - 9"
27"	1' - 8"	3' - 8''	N/A	N/A	5' - 5''	6' - 11''	N/A	N/A	7' - 7''	9' - 7''	N/A	N/A	11' - 11"	14' - 11"
30"	1' - 10''	3' - 11''	N/A	N/A	6' - 4''	8' - 0''	N/A	N/A	8' - 9''	11' - 0''	N/A	N/A	13' - 8"	17' - 0''
33"	1' - 11''	4' - 2''	6' - 2"	6' - 5"	7' - 3''	9' - 1''	8' - 6''	8' - 10''	10' - 0''	12' - 5"	13' - 3"	13' - 9"	15' - 5"	19' - 2"
36"	2' - 1"	4' - 5''	6' - 11''	7' - 3''	8' - 2''	10' - 2''	9' - 6''	9' - 11''	11' - 2''	13' - 10''	14' - 9"	15' - 3"	17' - 2"	21' - 3"
42"	2' - 4''	4' - 11''	8' - 6''	8' - 10''	9' - 11''	12' - 4''	11' - 7''	12' - 0''	13' - 6''	16' - 8''	17' - 9"	18' - 5"	20' - 8"	25' - 7"
48''	2' - 7"	5' - 5''	10' - 1''	10' - 5"	11' - 9''	N/A	13' - 7''	14' - 2''	15' - 10''	N/A	20' - 9"	21' - 6"	24' - 2"	N/A
54"	3' - 0"	5' - 11''	11' - 8"	12' - 1"	N/A	N/A	15' - 8''	16' - 3''	N/A	N/A	23' - 10"	24' - 8"	N/A	N/A
60"	3' - 3"	6' - 5''	13' - 3''	N/A	N/A	N/A	17' - 9''	N/A	N/A	N/A	26' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A

TYPICAL	PIPE	CULVERT	MITERS
_			(3)

, , , , , ,	3							
Side Slope	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew				
3:1	3:1	3.106:1	3.464:1	4.243:1	Г			
4:1	4:1	4.141:1	4.619:1	5.657:1				
6:1	6:1	6.212:1	6.928:1	8.485:1				

CONDITIONS WHERE PIPE RUNNERS ARE NOT REQUIRED 2

			_
Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culvert	Multiple Pipe Culverts	
12" thru 21"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 45°	
24"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 30°	
27"	Skews thru 30°	Skews thru 15°	
30"	Skews thru 15°	Skews thru 15°	
33"	Skews thru 15°	Always required	
36"	Normal (no skew)	Always required	
42" thru 60"	Always required	Always required	

STANDARD PIPE SIZES AND MAX PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS

	1-7717	TITE NO		
S	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max Pipe Runner Leng
5°	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/A
0°	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10' - 0''
5°	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' - 8''
5°	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' - 2''
ed		•		

ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY) (5)

Nominal		3:1 Sid	e Slope			4:1 Sid	e Slope		6:1 Side Slope			
Culvert I.D.	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
12"	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
15"	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
18"	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0
21"	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2
24"	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3
27"	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4
30"	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6
33"	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
36"	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8
42"	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.1
48"	1.1	1.1	1.2	N/A	1.4	1.4	1.5	N/A	1.9	1.9	2.1	N/A
54"	1.3	1.3	N/A	N/A	1.6	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.1	2.1	N/A	N/A
60"	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1) Provide pipe runner of the size shown in the tables. Provide cross pipe of the same size as the pipe runner. Provide cross pipe stub out and bottom anchor pipe of the next smaller size pipe as shown in the Standard Pipe Sizes and Max Pipe Runner Lengths table.
- 2) This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT Roadway Design Manual.

- 3 Miter = slope of mitered end of pipe culvert.
- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- (S) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

SHEET 1 OF 2



SAFETY END TREATMENT

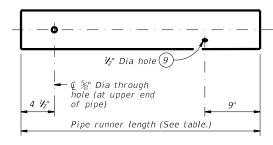
FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

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CROSS PIPE AND CONNECTIONS DETAILS

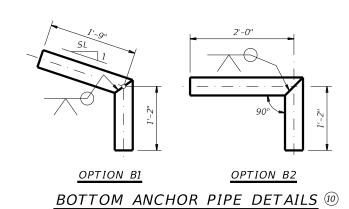
OPTION A2



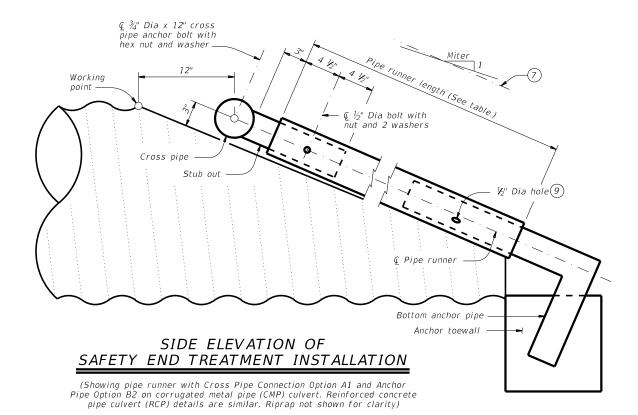
OPTION A1

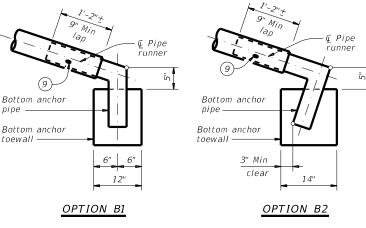
NOTE: The separate pipe runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

PIPE RUNNER DETAILS



- 4 Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- 6 Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- Note that actual slope of pipe runner may vary slightly from side slope of riprap and trimmed culvert pipe edge.
- 8 Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- 9 After installation, inspect the ½" hole to ensure that the lap of the pipe runner with the bottom anchor pipe is adequate.
- At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the bottom anchor pipe.







(Culvert and riprap not shown for clarity.)

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES

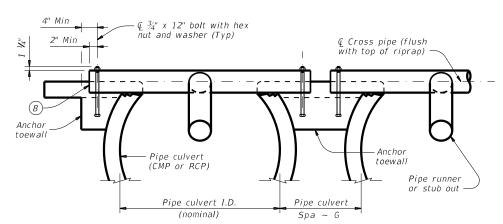
Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in thos installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".



SHOWING CROSS PIPE AND ANCHOR TOEWALL SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT AND RIPRAP



Limits of

riprap

© Roadway

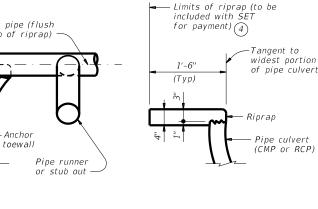


FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA
PIPE CULVERTS
TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

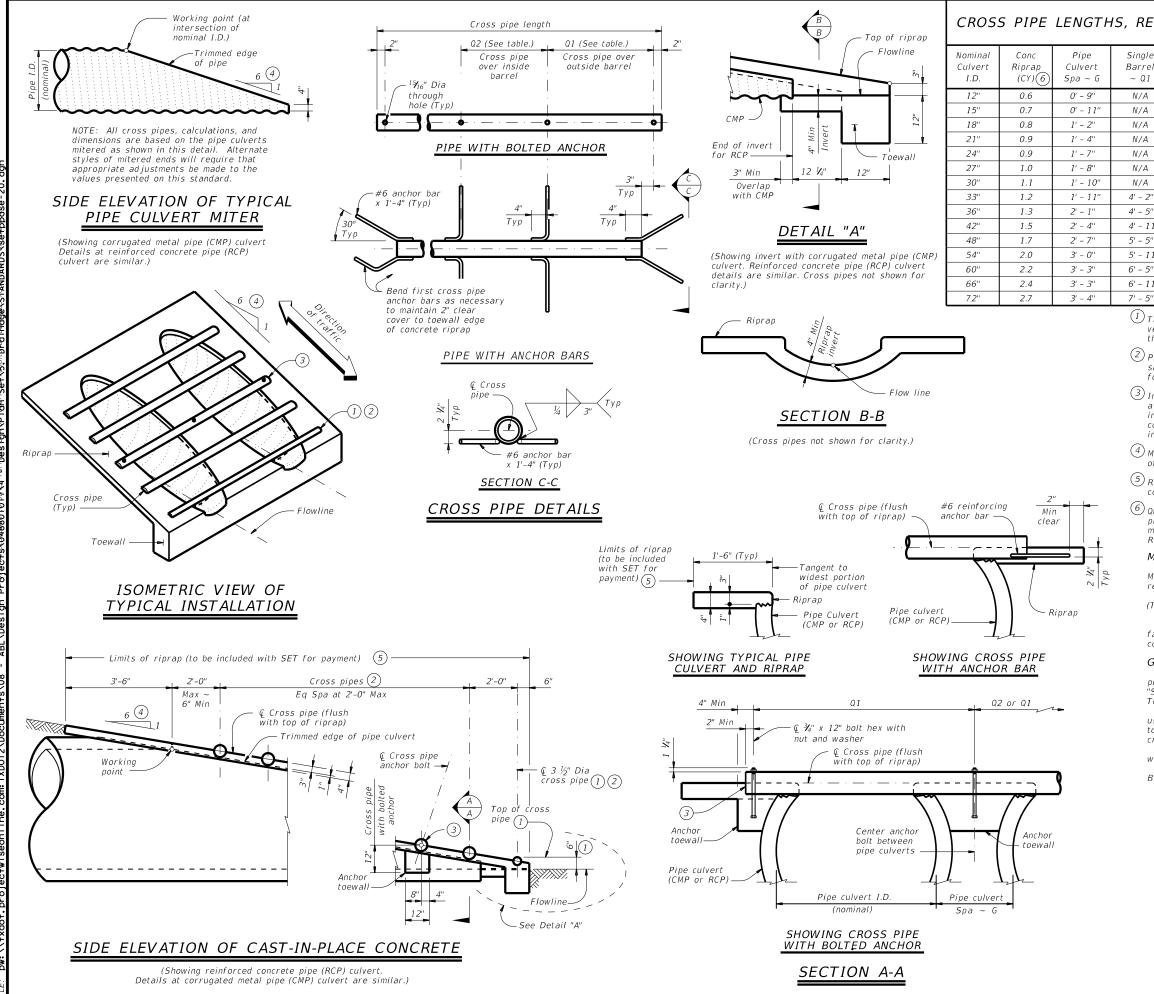
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SECTION A-A



PLAN OF SKEWED

INSTALLATION



CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9''	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9''		
15"	0.7	0' - 11''	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2''		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10''	2' - 8''	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std (3.500" 0.D.)
21"	0.9	1' - 4''	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1''		(5.500 0.5.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7''	N/A	3' - 6''	3' - 7''		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10''	3' - 11''	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4''	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std
33"	1.2	1' - 11''	4' - 2''	4' - 5"	4' - 8''	All pipe culverts	(4.000" 0.D.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1''	4' - 5''	4' - 9''	5' - 1''	All pine sulverts	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11''	5' - 5"	5' - 10''	All pipe culverts	(4.500" 0.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7''	5' - 5"	6' - 0''	6' - 7''		
54"	2.0	3' - 0''	5' - 11''	6' - 9''	7' - 6''		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5''	7' - 4"	8' - 3''	All pipe culverts	5" Std (5.563" O.D.)
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11''	7' - 10''	8' - 9''		(3.303 0.6.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4''		

- 1) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- 4 Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 5 Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- 6 Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53

(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment.

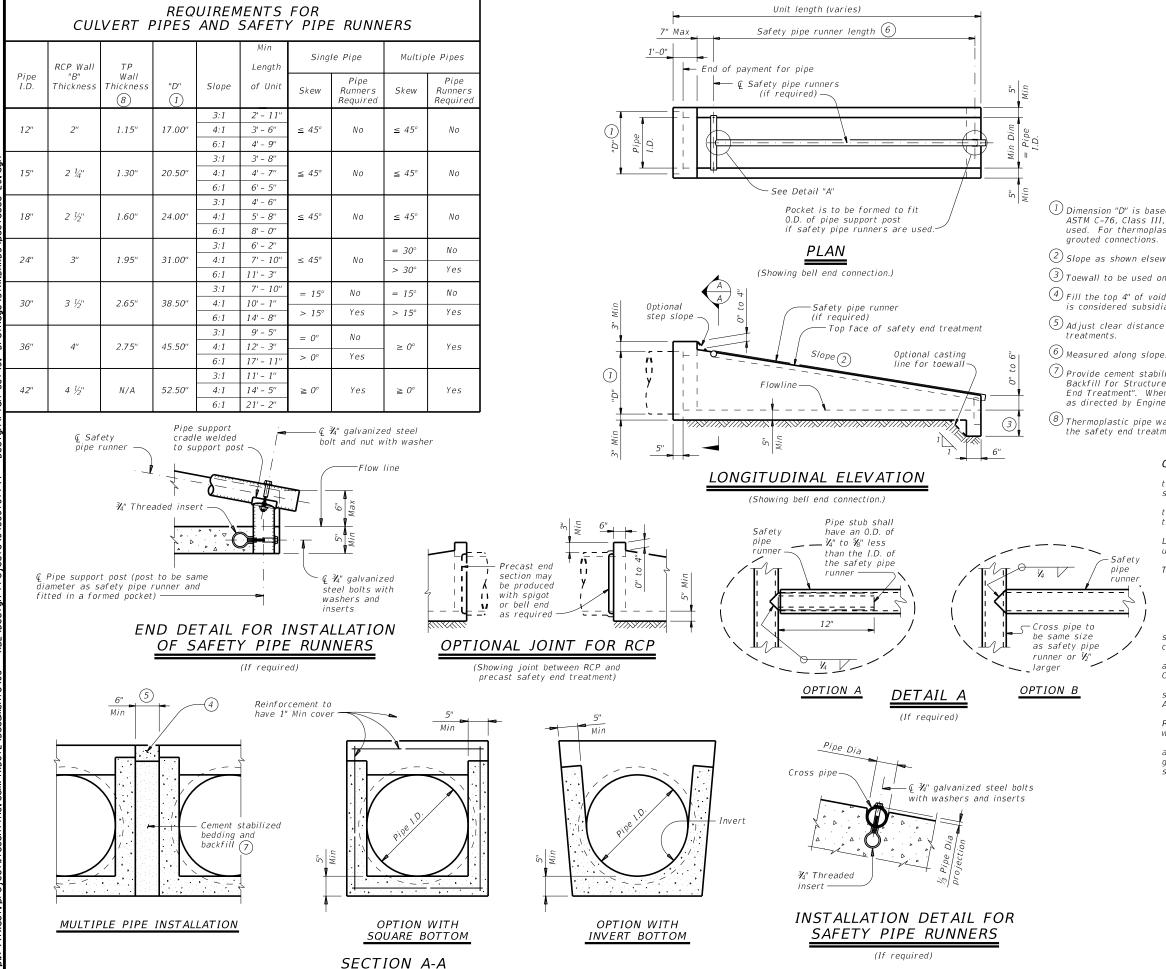


SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS

SETP-PD

TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

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SAFETY PIPE RUNNER **DIMENSIONS**

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size								
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.						
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"						
15' - 6''	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"						
20' - 10''	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"						
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"						

- $\stackrel{\textstyle (1)}{}$ Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for
- $^{igg(2igg)}$ Slope as shown elsewhere in plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- ${rac{3}{3}}$ Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{(5)}$ Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end
- Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer
- $^{igg(8)}$ Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below :

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12
- or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete
- (f'c = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor, the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See PBGC standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment

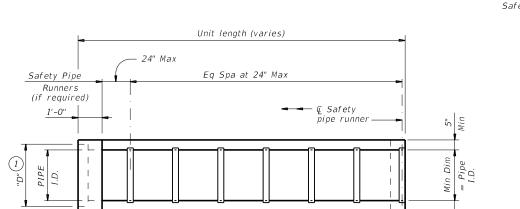


Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

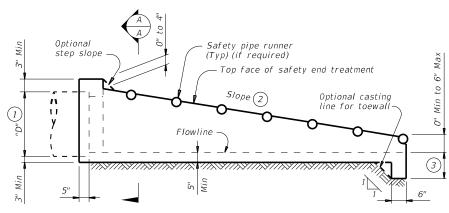
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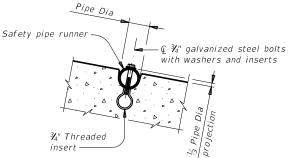
<u>PLAN</u>

(Showing bell end connection.)



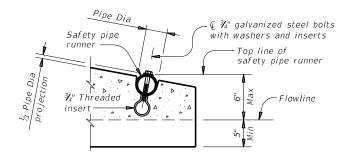
LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

(Showing bell end connection.)

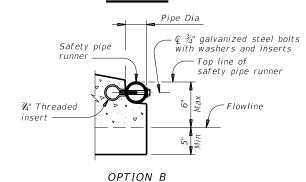


INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required,

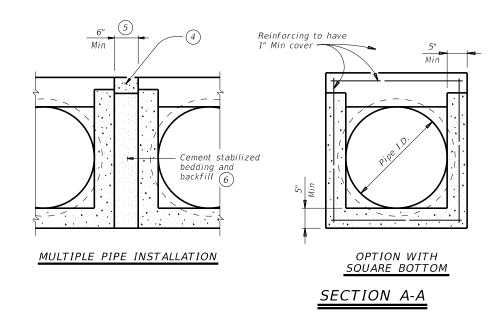


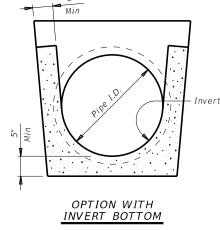
OPTION A

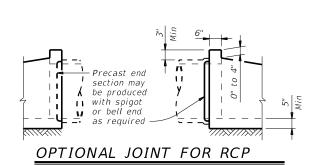


END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)







(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Pipe	RCP Wall	TP Wall			Min	Pipe R Requ	unners uired	Required	Pipe Run	ner Size
I.D.	Thickness	Thickness 7	"D"	Slope	Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	0.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" ST D	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" ST D	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" ST D	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	N/A	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- 2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{(5)}$ Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 6 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (7) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3.600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See PBGC standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END

TREATMENT

TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

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					3	3	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall		UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc	P = "Plain"	BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	"
						₹	10BWG = 10 BWG	l or 2	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	T = "T"	Channe I	ΤΥ
					FLAT	EXAL	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel	U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	
		R1 - 1	STOP	30 X 30	X	ш			WP=Wedge Plastic		Panels	1
66	1	R1 - 3P	ALL WAY	30 X 12	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
66	2	R1 - 1	STOP	30 X 30	Х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M3-4B	WEST	24 X 12	Х							
		M1 - 1 T	IH 20	24 X 24	X							
66	3	M6-3B M3-2B	↑ EAST	21 X 15 24 X 12	X X		S80	1	SA	U		
		M1 - 1 T	IH 20	24 X 24	X							
		M6-1B	→	21 X 15	X							
66	3A	R1-3P	ALL WAY	30 X 12	Х				SIGNS TO BE MOUN	TED ON EXISTING	STOP SIGN	
66	3B	R1-1	STOP	30 X 30	Х	[1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		R1 - 3P	ALL WAY	30 X 12	X			1	SA	P	1	1
66 66	4 5	R5-1 R1-2	DO NOT ENTER YIELD	30 X 30 36 X 36	X	-	1 OBWG	1	SA SA	T	1	
66	6	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	30 X 30	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
66	7	D14-4T	ADOPT A HIGHWAY NEXT 2 MILES - GEORGIA PACIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL TEAM	48 X 48	Х		\$80	1	SA	Т		
		M3 - 4	WEST	24 X 12	Х							
66	8	M1 - 6F	Farm Road 1856	24 X 24	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	<u> </u>	D10-7aT	288 ↑ SWEETWATER	3 X 10	X							1
66	9	D1-2	ABILENE →	96 X 30	×		S80	1	SA	Т		
66	10	W12-2	14'-11"	36 X 36	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
66	1.1	W1 O - 1	RAILROAD CROSSING SYMBOL	36 DIA.	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
66	12	W1-2L	1	36 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	T		
66	13	OMITTED	COLLO I INIT. 30	24 V 70	l x		1.00,000	,	SA	P		
66 66	1 4 1 5	R2-1 W10-1	SPEED LIMIT 30 RAILROAD CROSSING SYMBOL	24 X 30 36 DIA.	X X		1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1	SA SA	T	+	
66	16	R8-3aTDBL	NO PARKING ↔	24 X 30	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
67	1 7	W8-25	SHOULDER ENDS	36 X 36	Х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
67	17A	W3-1	STOP AHEAD (SYMBOL)	36 X 36	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
67	18	R8-3aTL	NO PARKING ↔	24 X 30 36 X 36	X		1 0 B W G	1	SA	P T		
67 67	18A 19	W10-12 (MOD) W1-2L	SKEWED TRACK CROSSING (SYMBOL) (LED) LAKE SWEETWATER 4	126 X 18	+ ×		10BWG \$80	1	SA SA	T	2EXT	
67	20	W1 - 4R	EARL SHEETHATER 1	36 X 36	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	T	Z C X 1	
67	21	M2-1B	JCT	21 X 15	х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
61	21	M1 - 1 T	IH 20	24 X 24	Х		TODWG	'	SA	r		
67	22	W11-2	PEDESTRIAN CROSSING SYMBOL	36 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
		W16-9P W11-2	AHEAD PEDESTRIAN CROSSING SYMBOL	24 X 12 36 X 36	X				<u> </u>		1	1
68	23	W16-7P	K	24 X 12	Х			SIGN	S TO BE MOUNTED ON SOL	AR POWERED FLASH	HING BEACON ASSEMBLY	
68	24	W11-2	PEDESTRIAN CROSSING SYMBOL	36 X 36	Х			SIGN	S TO BE MOUNTED ON SOL	AR POWERED FLASH	HING BEACON ASSEMBLY	
-	- '	W16-7P	DEDECTRIAN CROSSING SYMBOL	24 X 12	X	_			T 32 3 302	<u> </u>	T	1
68	25	W11-2 W16-9P	PEDESTRIAN CROSSING SYMBOL AHEAD	36 X 36 24 X 12	X X	-	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
68	26	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 30	24 X 30	X	-	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
68	27	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 40	24 X 30	Х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
68	28	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 40	24 X 30	Х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
68	29	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 50	24 X 30	X	_	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р	1	1
68 68	30 31	R2-1 R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 50 SPEED LIMIT 60	24 X 30 24 X 30	X		1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1	SA SA	P P		
68	32	W3-5	REDUCED SPEED AHEAD W/ ARROW(50 MPH)	36 X 36	X	-	1 OBWG	1	SA	T		1
	<u> </u>		***************************************		+ +	<u> </u>						
					$\perp \perp 1$	\Box						
					++						1	1
					+							
					+							1
		1									•	-

ALUMINUM SIGN BI	LANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080"
7.5 to 15	0.100"
Greater than 15	0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

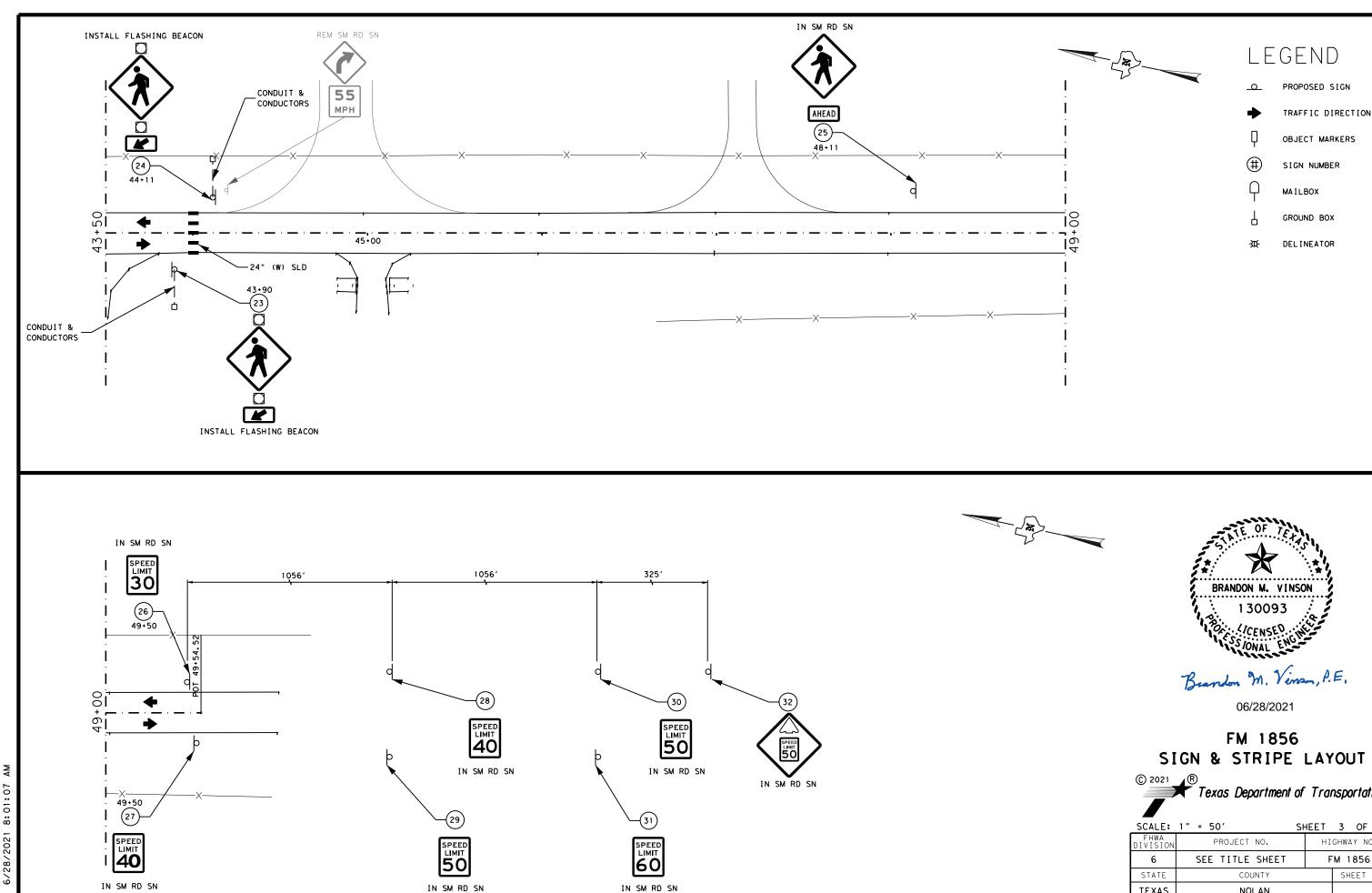
Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

10		ABL		NOL AI	N		65
-16 -16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1.0	REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM	1856
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
.E:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxD01

REM SM RD SN &



IN SM RD SN

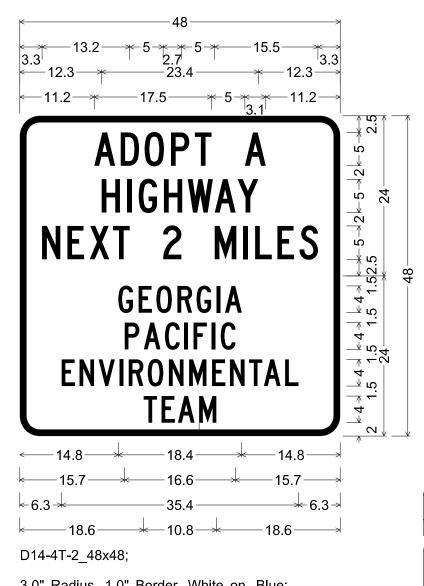
SIGN & STRIPE LAYOUT

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R

Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	1" = 50	,	SH	HEET	3	OF	3	
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	HIGHWAY NO.				
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	F	M 1	856		
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	EET NO	٥.	
TEXAS		NOLAN	١					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3		68	ı	
ABL	0488	01	01	7				



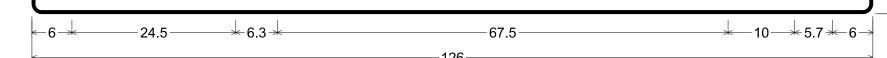
3.0" Radius, 1.0" Border, White on, Blue; "ADOPT A", C; "HIGHWAY", C;

"NEXT 2 MILES", C;

3.0" Radius, 1.0" Border, White on, Blue; "GEORGIA", C; "PACIFIC", C; "ENVIRONMENTAL", C; "TEAM", C;

SIGN NO. 12

Lake Sweetwater



D2-1 8in;

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on, Green;

"Lake Sweetwater", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "4", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

SIGN NO. 31

D1-2 8in UP-RT;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on, Green; Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 7.1" 90'; "Sweetwater", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on, Green;

"Abilene", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 8.0" 0';

BRANDON M. VINSON

130093

CENSED

Brandon M. Vinon, P.E

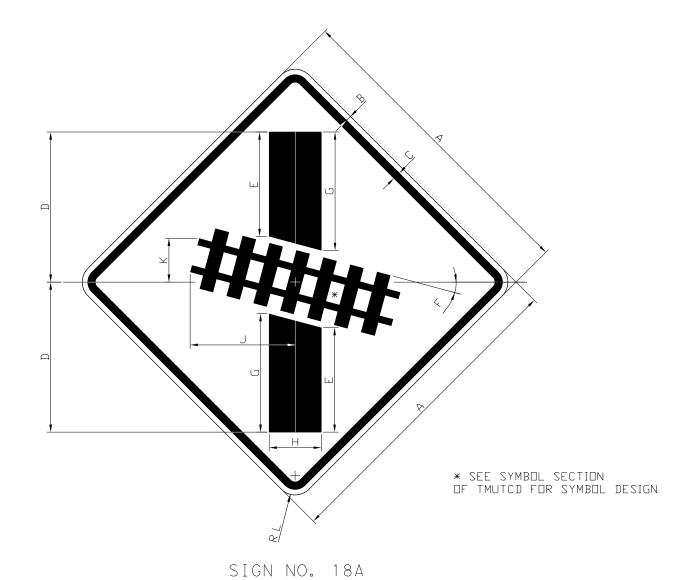
06/28/2021

FM 1856 SIGN DETAILS



NO SCAL	HEET	1	OF 2				
FHWA DIVISION	PF	GHW	AY NO.				
6	SEE	M 1	856				
STATE			SH	IEET NO.			
TEXAS	NOLAN						
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOE	3		69	
ABL	0488	01	017				

SIGN NO. 15



А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К	RL
36	.625	.875	17.293	12.042	15°	13.650	6	12.112	5.402	2.25

W10-12(MOD)

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED



06/28/2021

FM 1856 SIGN DETAILS

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Texas Department of Transportation

NO SCALE SHEET 2 OF 2						2
PROJECT NO. HI			ΗI	GHW	AY NO.	
SEE TITLE SHEET			F	M 1	856	
COUNTY				SH	IEET N	10.
NOL AN						
CONTROL SECTION JOB			3		70	
0488	01	01	7			
	SEE CONTROL	PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SH COUNTY NOLAN CONTROL SECTION	PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET COUNTY NOLAN CONTROL SECTION JOH	PROJECT NO. HI SEE TITLE SHEET F COUNTY NOLAN CONTROL SECTION JOB	PROJECT NO. HIGHWA SEE TITLE SHEET FM 1 COUNTY SH NOLAN CONTROL SECTION JOB	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET FM 1856 COUNTY SHEET N NOLAN CONTROL SECTION JOB 7 O

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



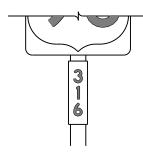




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING		
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

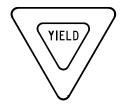
TSR(3)-13

FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
12-03 7-13		0488	01	017		FM	1856
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		ΔRI		NOI AN	J		71

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

	SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

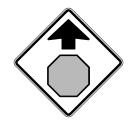




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS			
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING	
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	IREMENTS		
	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
	BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
	LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
	LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

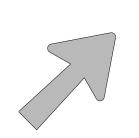
.E:	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	1		
)TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS		0488	01	017		FM 1856				
-03 7-13 -08	•	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
		ABL		NOLAN	٧		72			

warranty of any the conversion

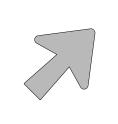
ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

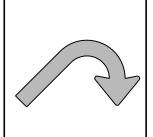
SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



Type A

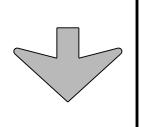


Type B



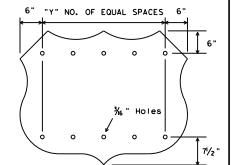
E-3

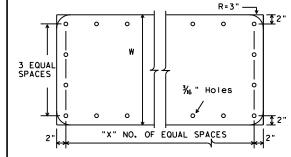




Down Arrow

% "Holes





STATE ROUTE MARKERS

INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

Α	С	D	E
36	21	15	11/2
48	28	20	13/4

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10 . 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10 . 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-IaT
E-4	E5-lbT

NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

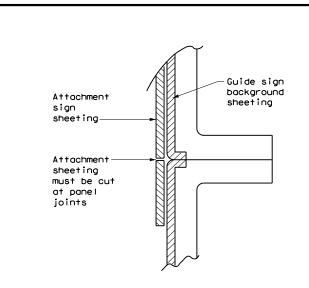
The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

EXIT ONLY PANEL

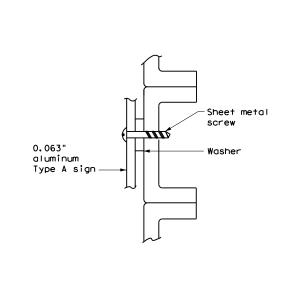
dia.

MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)





- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

1/4" nut and bolt 0.063" Lock washer aluminum Type A sign Washer

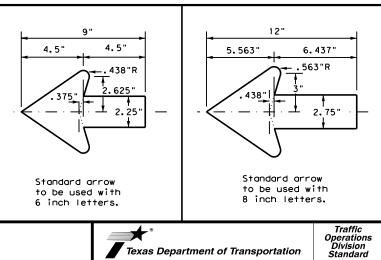


NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)





TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(5)-13

:	tsr5-13.d	gn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
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	REVISIONS		0488	01	017		FM	1856
-03 -08	7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
.00			ABL		NOLAN	1		73

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets) SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX) Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

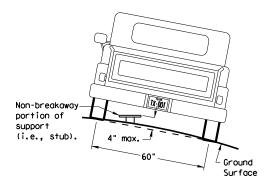
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

diameter

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

SIGN LOCATION

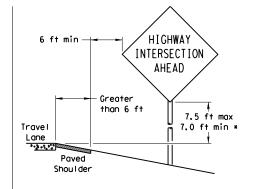
HIGHWAY min INTERSECTION AHEAD 0 to 6 ft 7,5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min : Lane

LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

Paved

Shoul der



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

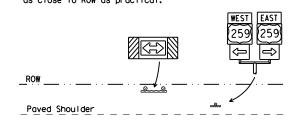
T-INTERSECTION

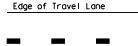
12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

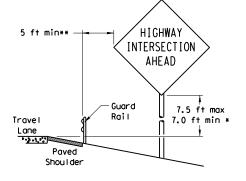
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

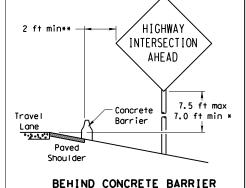
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB HI		HWAY	
	0488	01	017		FM	1856
	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
	ΔRI		NOI AN	J		74

BEHIND BARRIER

PAVED SHOULDERS



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



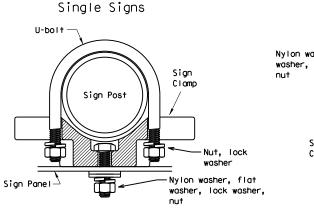
 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle

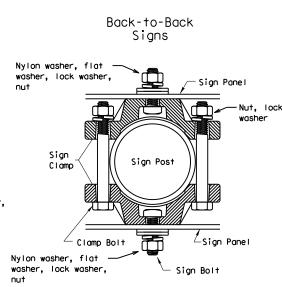


circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

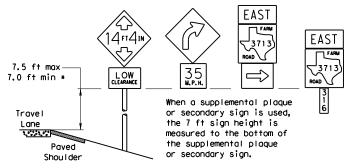


Acceptable

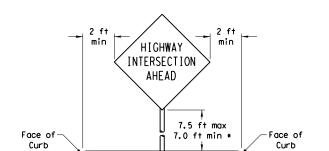
diameter

circle

Approximate Bolt Length					
Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				
	Specific Clamp 3" 3 or 3 1/2"				



SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



3.6.4.4.5

\$\frac{1}{2}\$

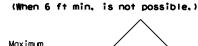
CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND

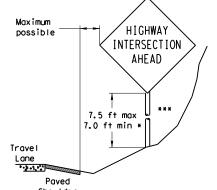
7.0 ft min * Travel Lane Right-of-way restrictions may be created

by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme





lane as practical.



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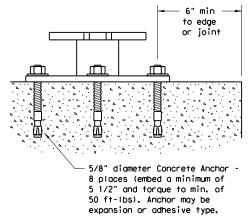
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System.
Please reference the Material Producer
List for approved slip base systems.
http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer_list.htm
The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations.
Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.85 Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

Support

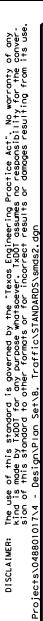
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

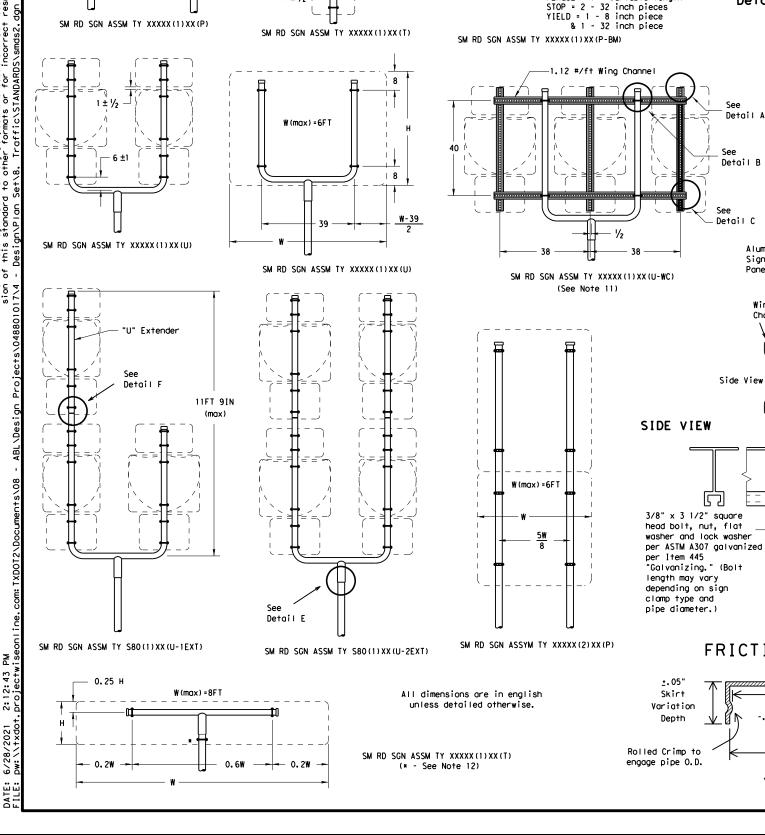
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1 ± 1/2

1 ± ½





1 ± 1/2

Nylon washer. 5/16" x 1 3/4" Aluminum hex bolt with Sign nut, lock washer, Pane I 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 Wing galvanized per Channe Item 445. Sign Clamp -"Galvanizing.' (Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" Wing hex bolt with Channe I nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Top View Detail B aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Detail A

Gap between

Extruded Alum. Windbeam

Detail A

Detail B

Detail C

Aluminum.

Wina

Side View

Channe I

Sign

Pane I

(See SMD(2-1))

PLAQUE = 1 - variable length

plaques

shall be

ONF-WAY

(R6-1) or

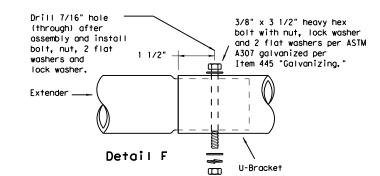
Street Name

Sign (if required)

Detail D

STOP (R1-1)

YIELD (R1-2)



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer,

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

"Galvanizing."

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4" hex bolt with nut, lock washer

per ASTM A307

galvanized per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.

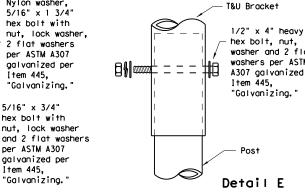
TOP VIEW

Extruded

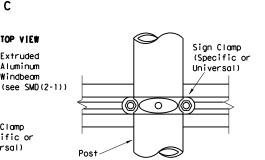
Aluminum

Windbeam

Detail C



1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per



Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal) Detail D

FRICTION CAP DETAIL

Pipe O.D. -.025"<u>-</u>.010" Pipe O.D. +. 025" +. 010"

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
Regulatory	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

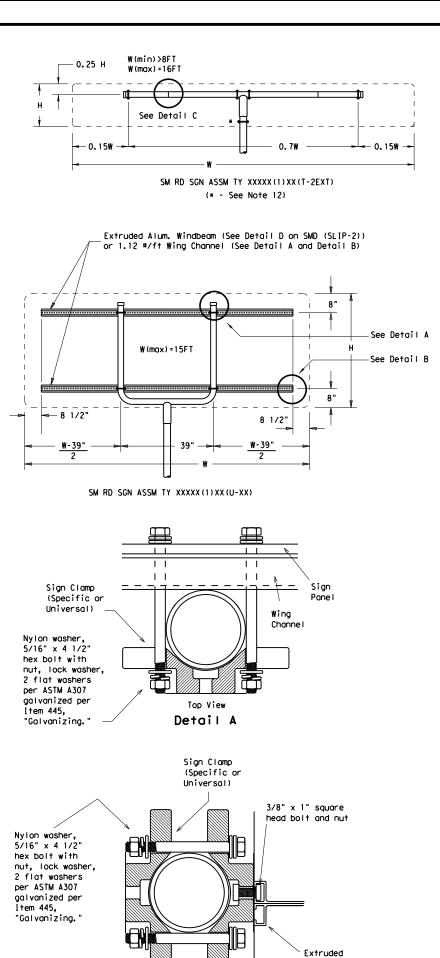
REQUIRED SUPPORT

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

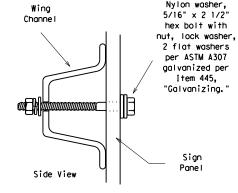
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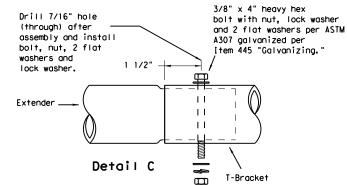


EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET

Aluminum Panel



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

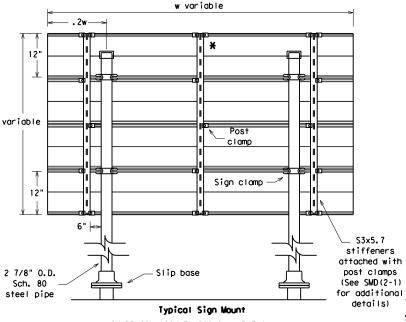
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

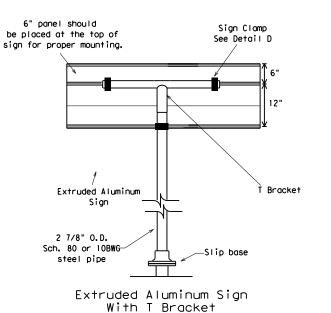
"Galvanizina.

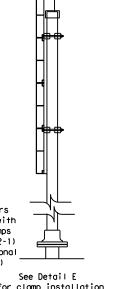
Detail E



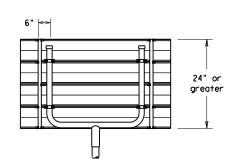
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
•	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
•	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
•	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
:	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



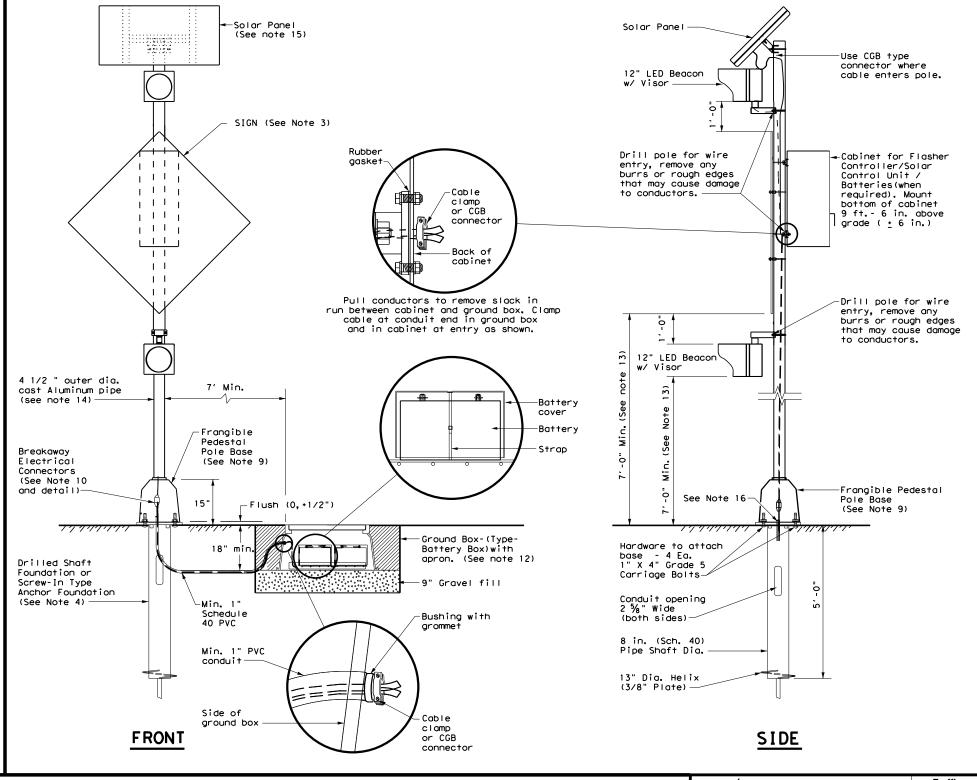
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

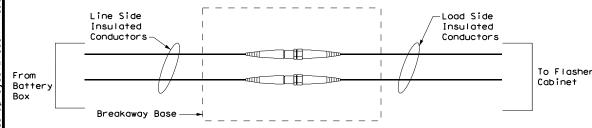
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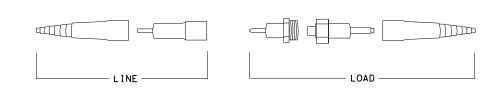
GENERAL NOTES:

- Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the upper beacon.
- See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
- See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- 4. Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations. On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- 5. When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- 6. Use materials specifically designed for attaching cabinets, beacon heads, solar panels, etc., to poles.
- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on poles.
- 8. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening on connection.
- 10. Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT'S MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).
- 11. Install the batteries in a battery box. Place the batteries on a $\frac{3}{16}$ "thick plastic sheet and connect together. Place a plastic cover (battery bell jar) over the top of each battery and secure the battery bell jar to the battery with a strap. The batteries, bell jars, straps and $\frac{3}{16}$ "plastic sheet are subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies." When required, install batteries in the flasher cabinet. Wire batteries according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide the number of batteries as required by the manufacturer.
- 12. See standard sheet Electrical Details (ED) for additional requirements regarding the installation of ground boxes/battery boxes, conduit, and cabinets.
- 13. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- 14. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed.
- 15. Orient solar panel for optimum exposure to sunlight (face to the south). Prior to installation, check the location to ensure there is no overhead obstruction that would block the solar panel from receiving full sunlight. Unless specified elsewhere, mount a minimum of 14' above grade.
- 16. Ensure height of conduit is below top of anchor bolts.





NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS
EXPLODED VIEW



Traffic Operations Division Standard

SOLAR POWERED ROADSIDE FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY DETAILS

SPRFBA(1)-13

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GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

- A. MATERIALS
- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in, and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft, of the enclosure or within 18 in, of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS
CONDUITS & NOTES

ED(1)-14

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A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the
- Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag
- Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use not melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a sinale connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

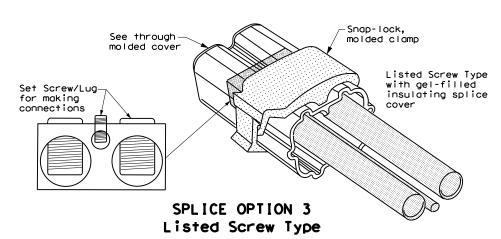
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with

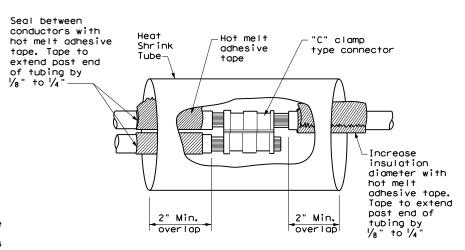
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

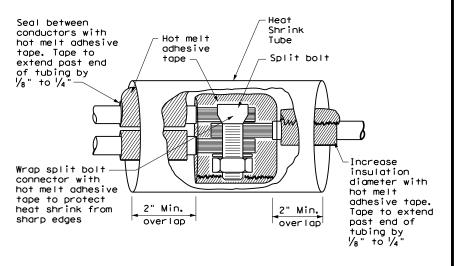
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

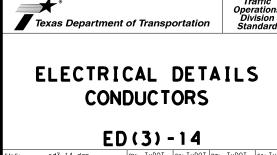




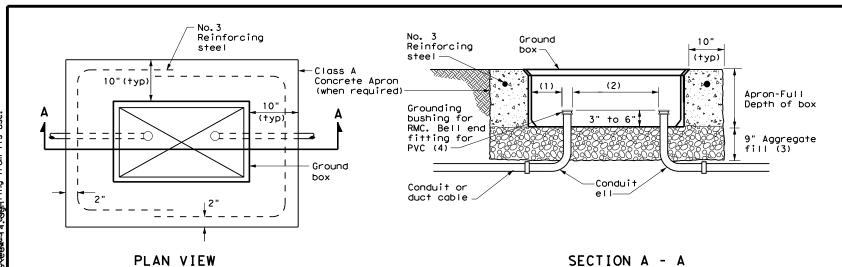
SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



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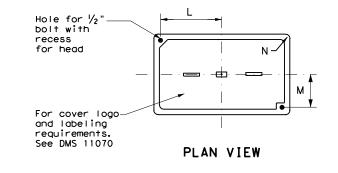


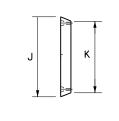
APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

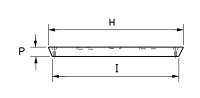
GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
Α	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
Е	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS								
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)							
I IIFE	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 ½	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2





END



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

GROUND BOXES A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth
 of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed
 under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are
 subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



GROUND BOXES

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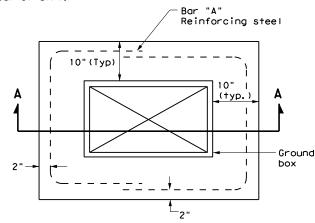
BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

A. MATERIALS

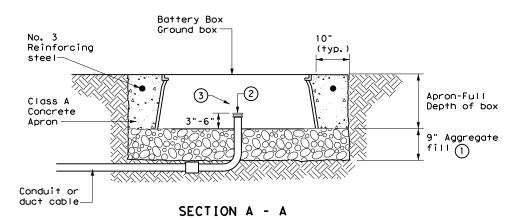
- Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Battery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in. x 13.5 in. x 10 in. (W x L x D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- 2. Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steel rack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down straps.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting battery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in. deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast battery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.

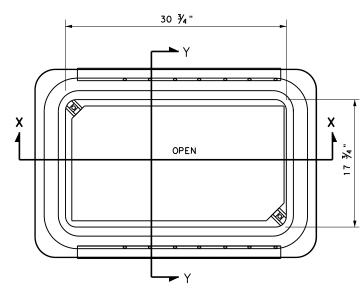


PLAN VIEW

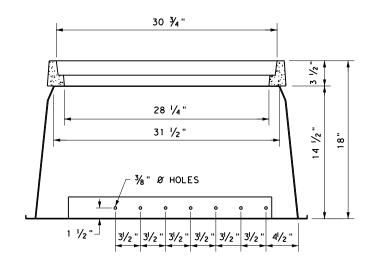


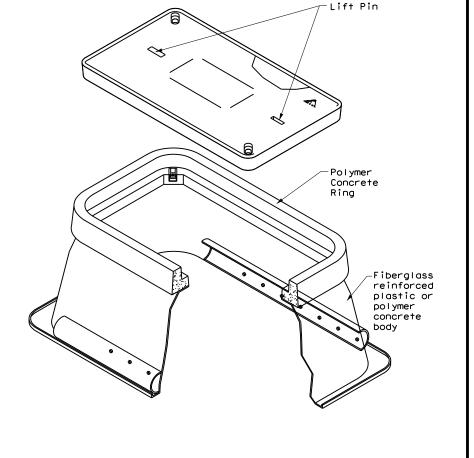
APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- 1) Place aggregate under the box and not in the box.
 Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- 2 Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all ells.
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.

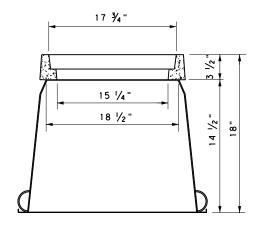


BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW

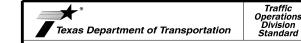




SECTION X-X



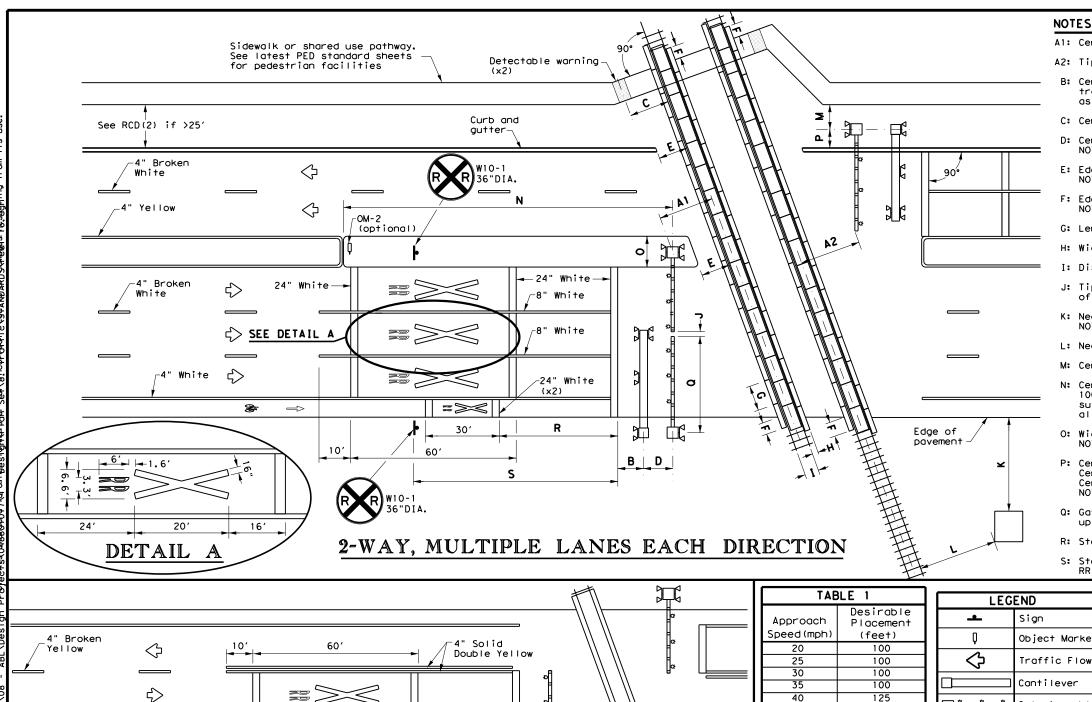
SECTION Y-Y



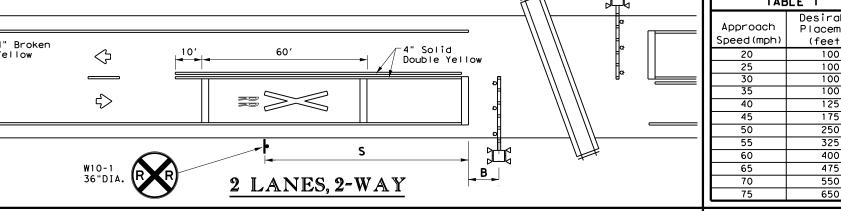
ELECTRICAL DETAILS BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

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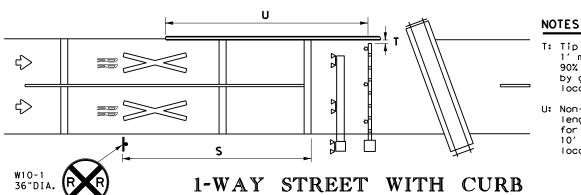
- Al: Center of RR mast to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Center of detectable warning device to nearest rail: 6' minimum
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of pavement or sidewalk: 3' minimum. NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4'-8.5".
- J: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum for Quiet Zone SSM or 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other locations.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabin from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabin from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate most to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- O: Width of median: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 4'-3" minimum. Center of RR most to edge of pavement (with shoulder): 6' minimum Center of RR most to edge of pavement (no shoulder): 8'-3" minimum NOTE: BNSF prefers 5'-3", 7', and 9'-3" minimums, respectively.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32'under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.



1	LEGEND							
	•	Sign						
l	Q	Object Marker						
1	♡	Traffic Flow						
l		Cantilever						
l		Gate Assembly						
	77	Mast Flasher Pair						
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GENERAL NOTES

- Medians and curbs must be non-traversable to qualify as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.
- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- 3. Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- 4. Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.

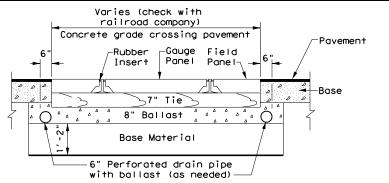


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T: Tip of gate to edge of curb: max for Quiet Zone SSM, 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other

locations

U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100' min, for a Quiet Zone SSM, 10' min for all other locations.



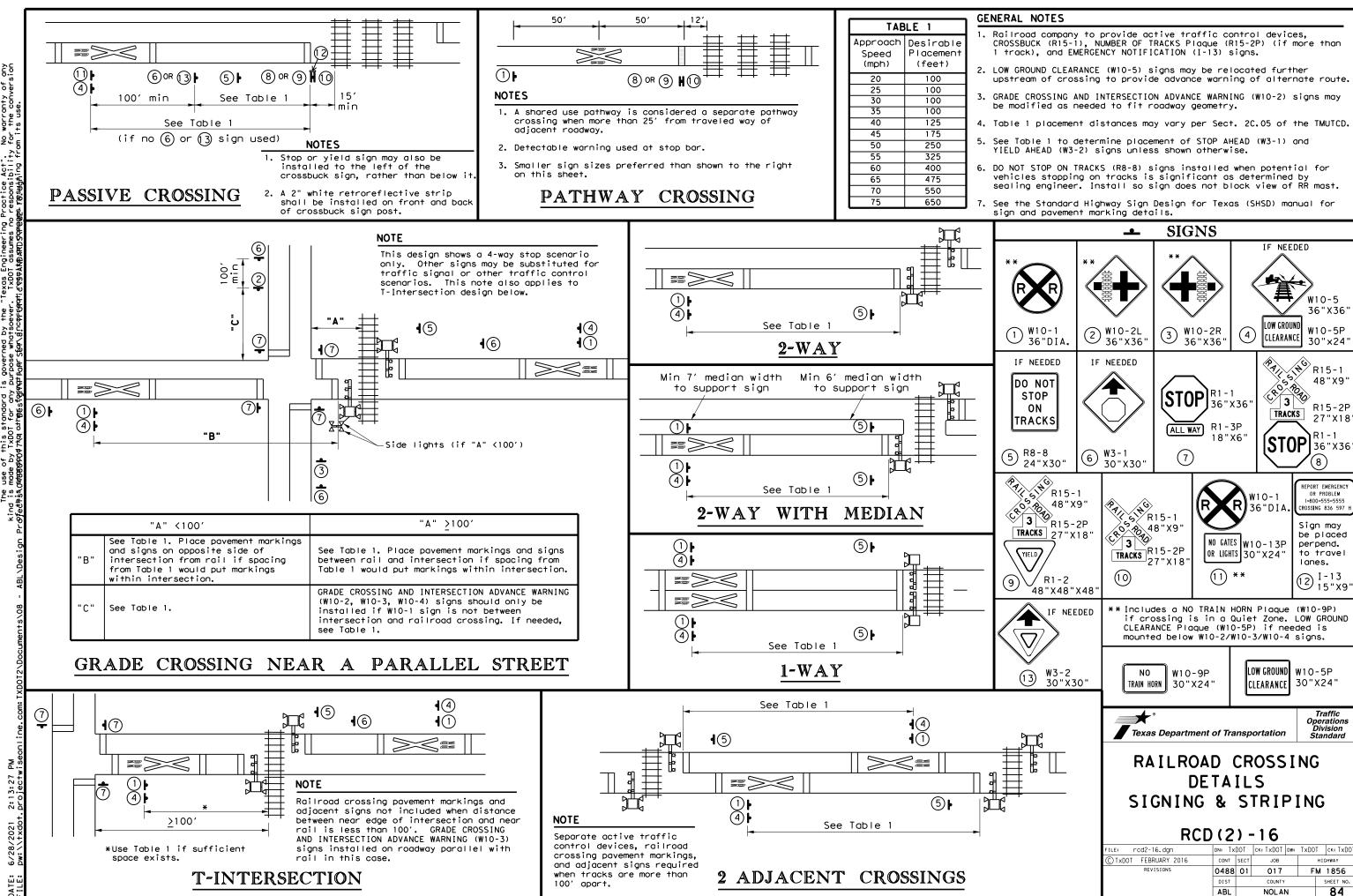
CROSSING SURFACE CROSS SECTION

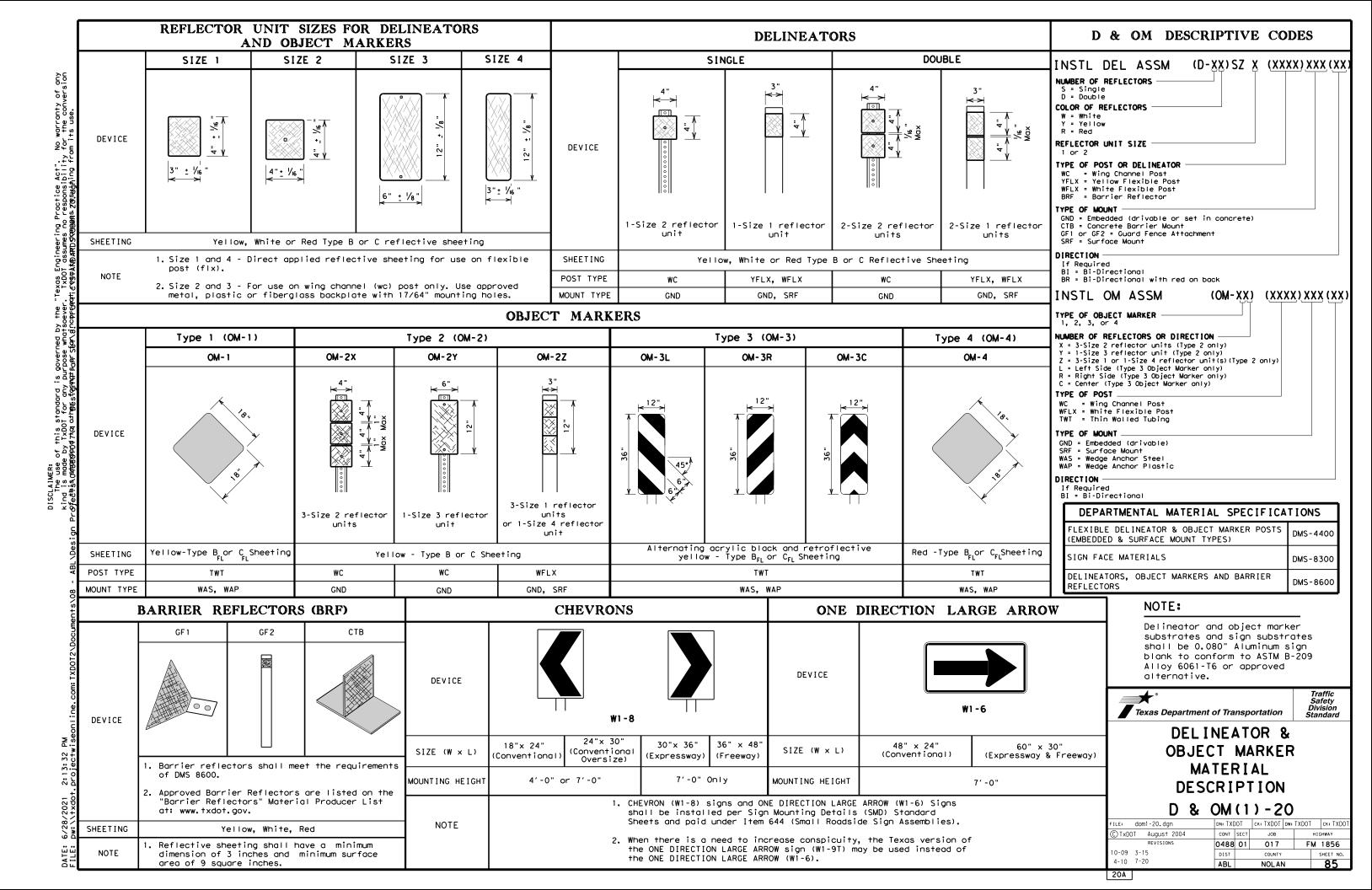
Texas Department of Transportation

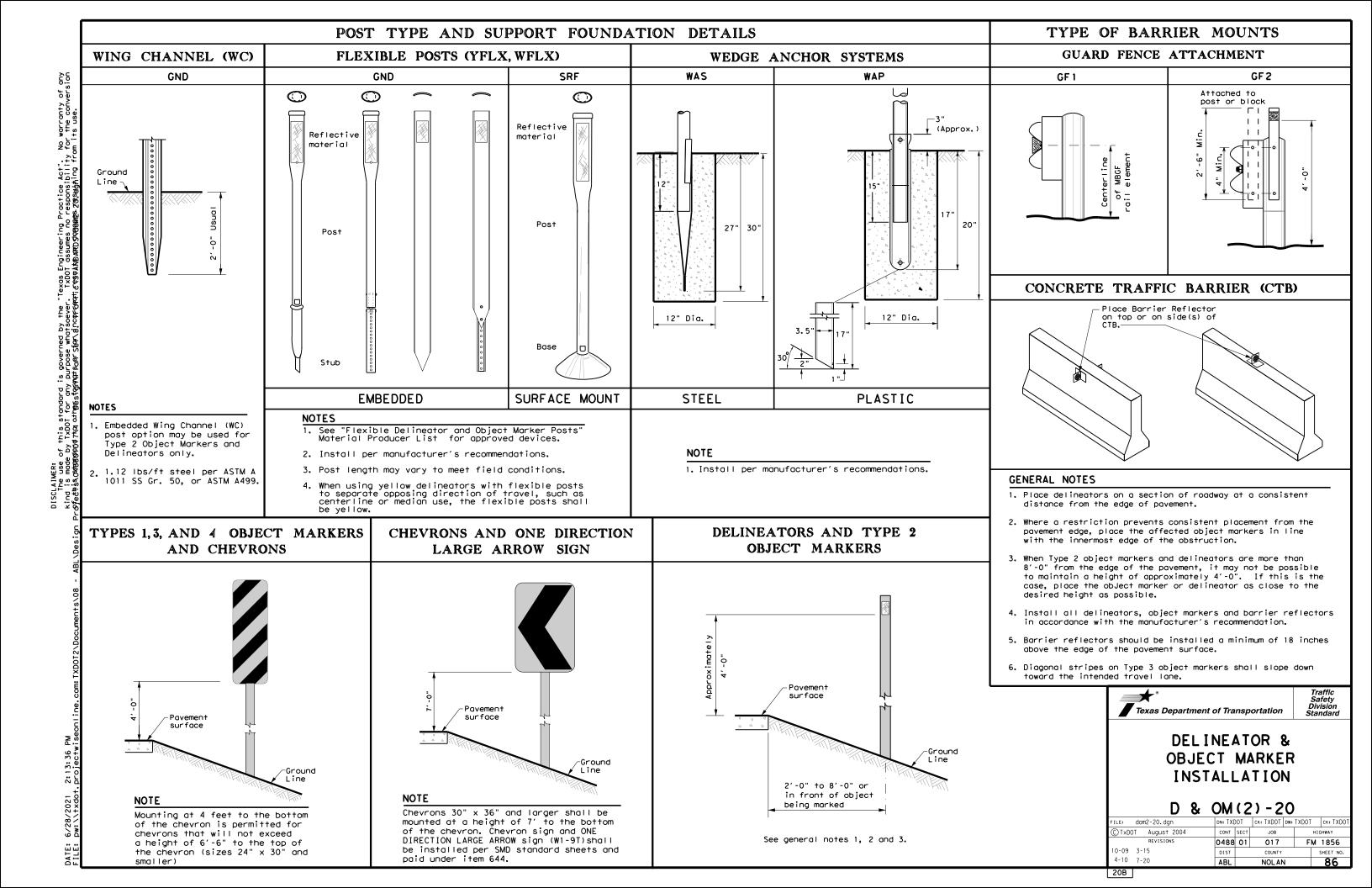
Traffic Operations Division Standard

RAILROAD CROSSING DETAILS SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1)-16

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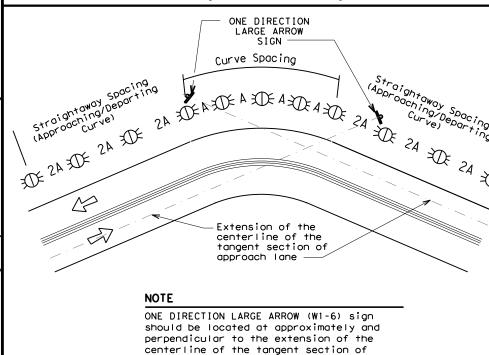


MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons			

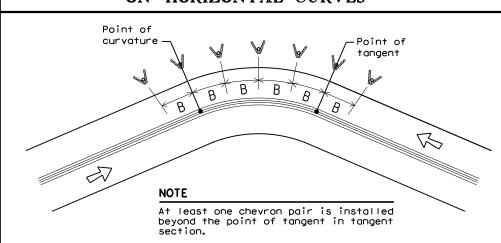
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	1 30	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

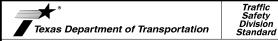
If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND	SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See D & OM (5)
CG17C1 13 WITHOUT WIDOT	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
XX	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
4	Sign

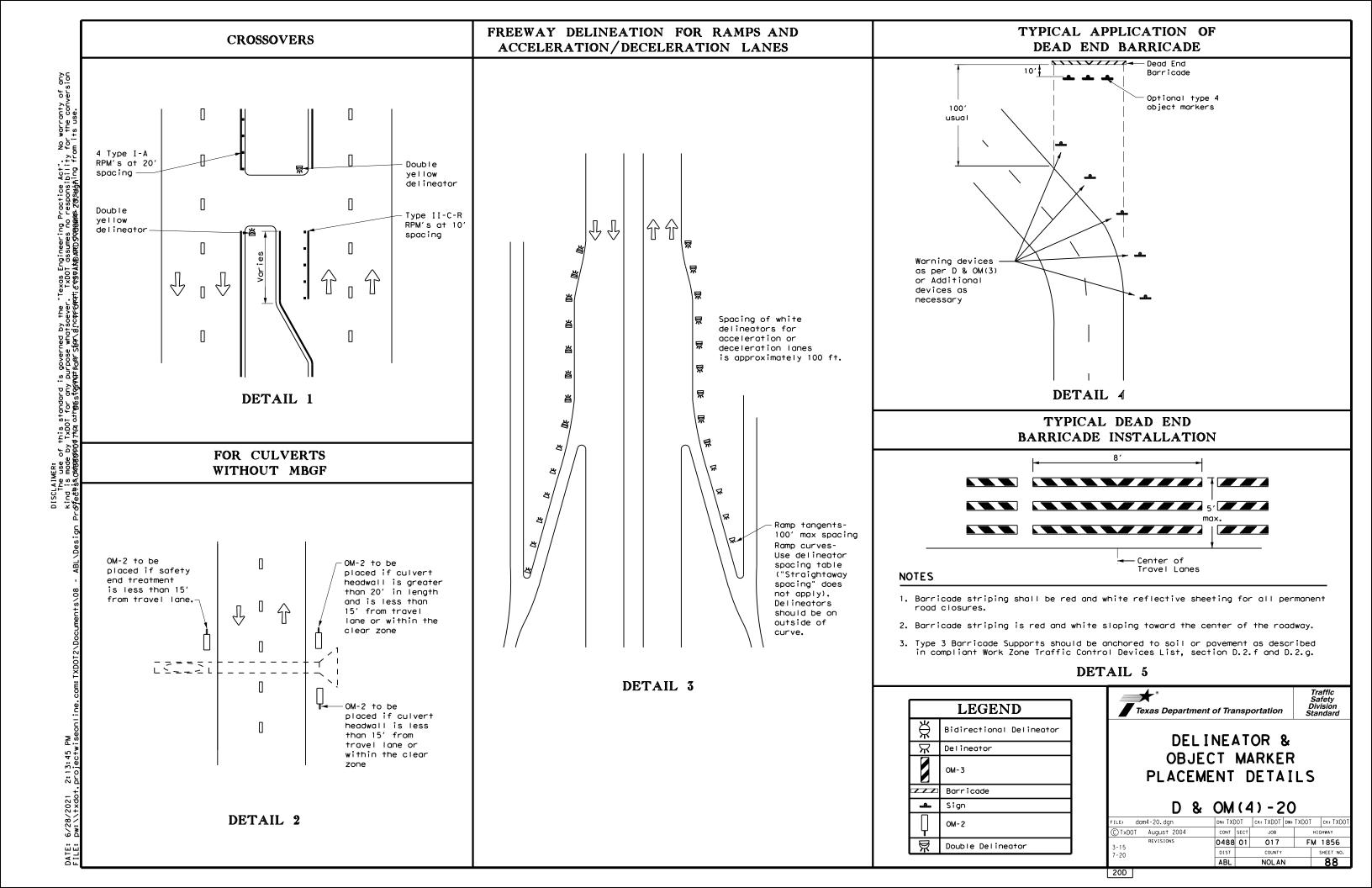


DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3)-20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	0488	01	017		FN	vi 1856
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-15 7-20	ABL		NOLAN	1		87

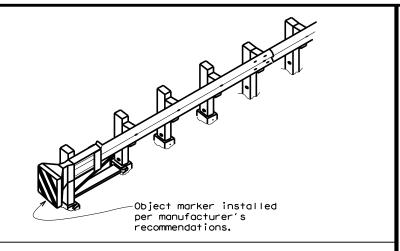
200

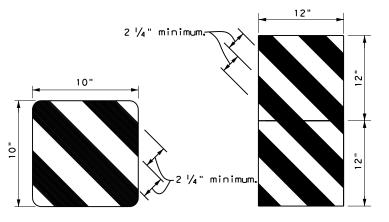


TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart \mathbf{R} \mathbf{x} apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ \Re **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & \mathbf{x} Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front FM 1856 0488 01 017 the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow NOLAN 89

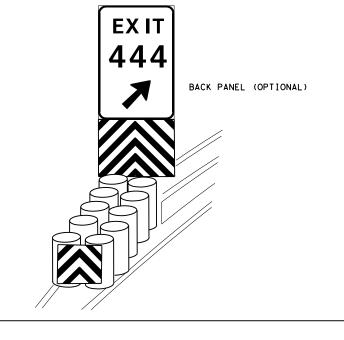
20E

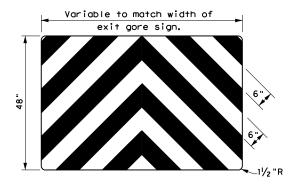
SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Ind is made by IxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion eatss(aMaragopo) thay athgesformatrager SEAN Biropragatt (PSA) ARDSABBES IO:84ghing from its use.





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



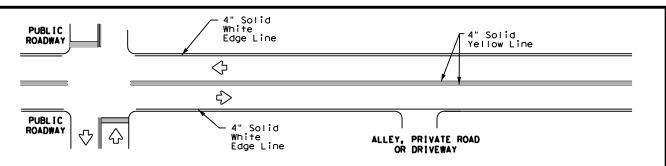
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

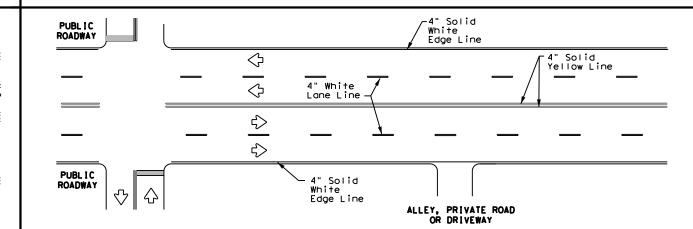
D & OM(VIA)-20

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C)TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		H] GHWAY
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4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	ABL		NOLAN	1	90

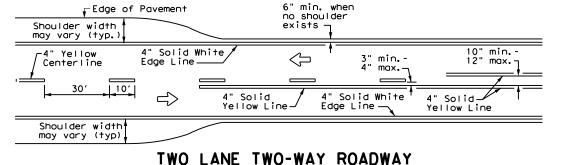
20G



TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-6" min.

_6" min.

10′

3" min.-4" usual

(12" max. for

traveled way

10′

 \Rightarrow

 $\overline{}$

 \Rightarrow

-Edge of Pavement

-Edge of Pavement

4" Solid White



YIELD LINES

$\langle \neg$ 4" Solid White 4" White Lane Line_ Edge Line 10′ -4" Solid Yellow Line -See Note 2-—See Note 1-10" min. max. ΔΔΔΔΔΔΙ 48" min. from edge Triangles line to 4" Solid Yellow stop/yield Storage Edge Line Deceleration ___ 4" Solid White \Rightarrow White Lane Line Edge Line —

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

NOTES

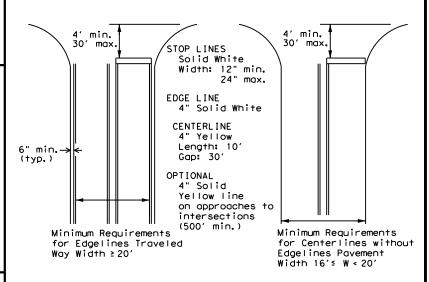
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

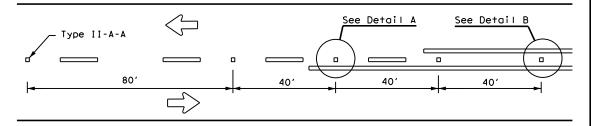


Texas Department of Transportation

PM(1)-20

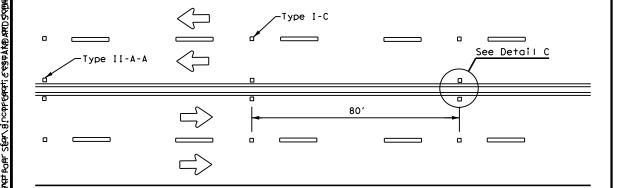
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© TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0488	01	017	F	M 1856
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	ABL		NOLAI	V	91

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

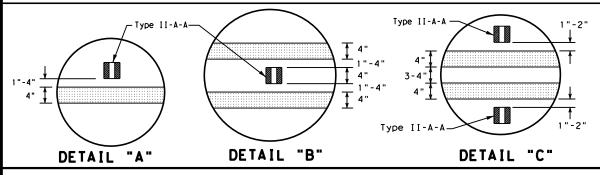


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CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

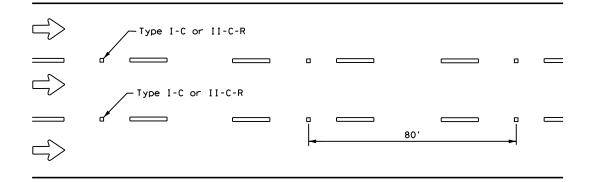


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type I-C Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

CENTER OR EDGE LINE | 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE LINE, CENTER LINE NOTE OR LÂNE LINE

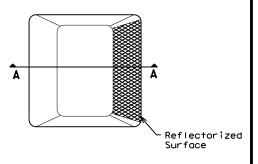
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

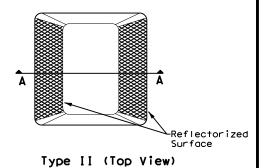
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.

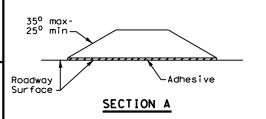
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	•

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



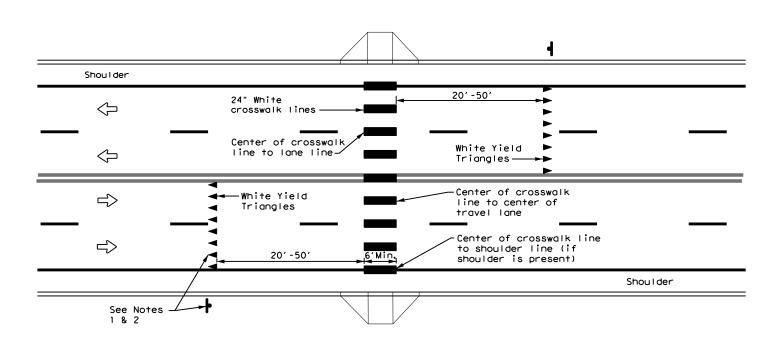
Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-20

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TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	ABL		NOLAI	N		92

22B

HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MID BLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

GENERAL NOTES

- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- Final placement of Stop Bar/Yield Triangles and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

NOTES

- Use yield triangles with "Yield Here to Pedestrians" signs at unsignalized mid block crosswalks.
- Use stop bars with "Stop Here on Red" signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.

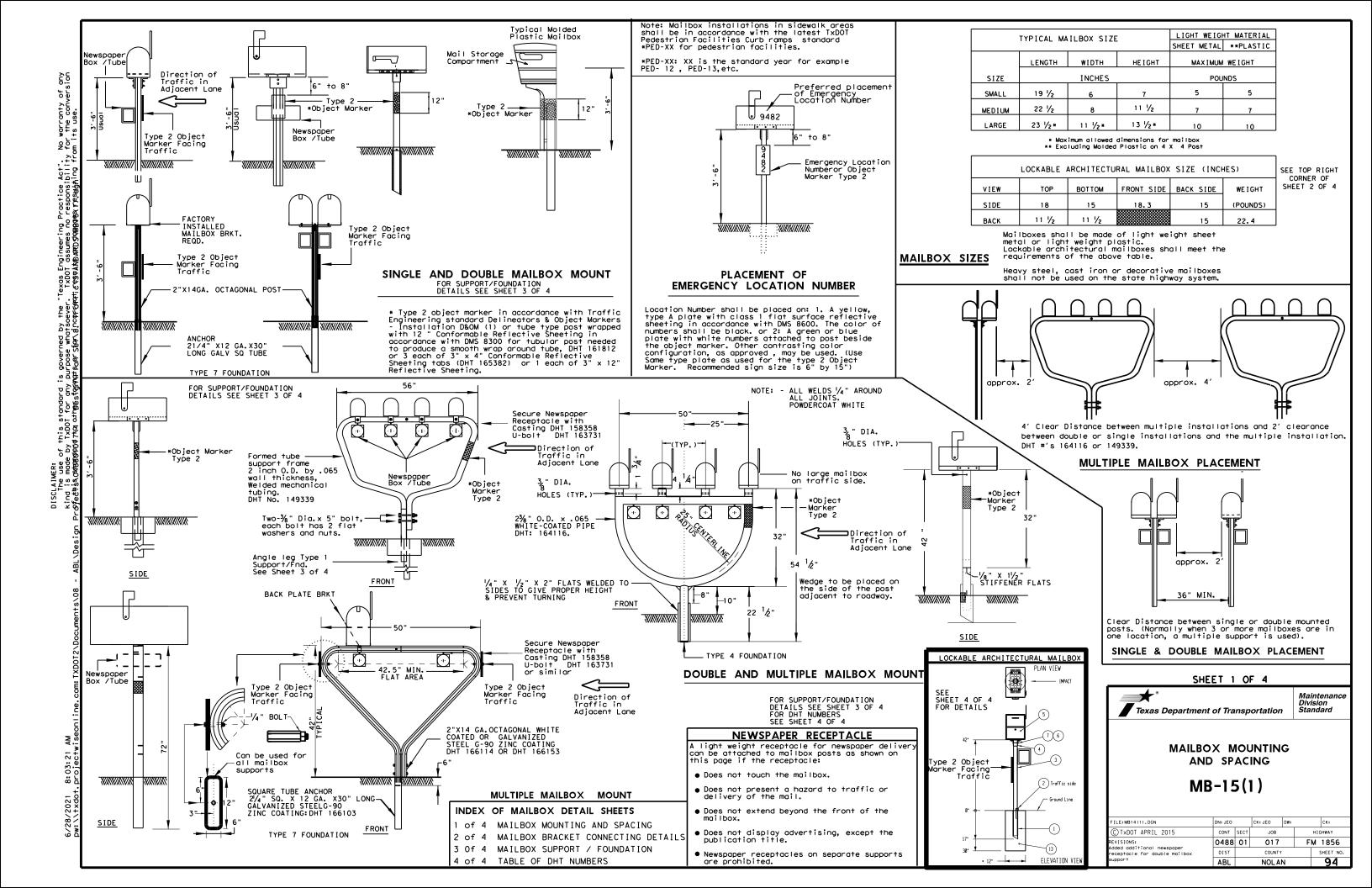


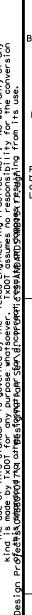
Traffic Safety Division Standard

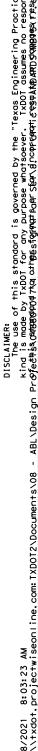
CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

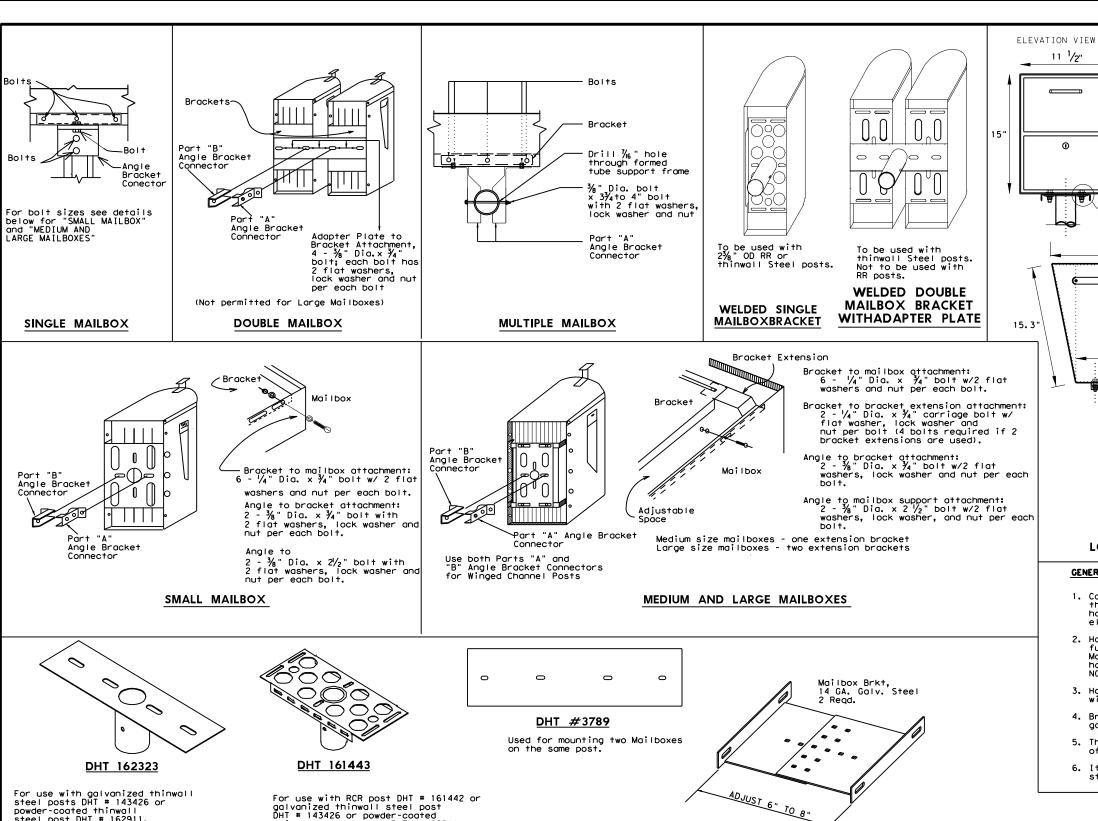
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)TxD0T June 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
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	ABL		NOLAI	N		93

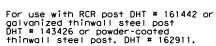


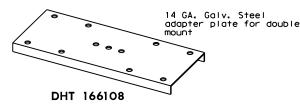






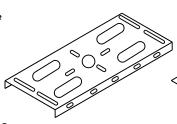
stee! post DHT # 162911.



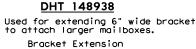


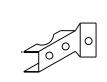
HARDWARE AT TXDOT REGIONAL WAREHOUSES

Brackets and adapter plate shown in this section should be available to the Contractor when stated elsewhere in plans or specifications.



DHT 148939 Mailbox Bracket





DHT 159489 Part "A" Angle Bracket Connector



DHT 166105

See Table of Applicable DHT

Numbers on sheet 4 of 4 for DHT description and unit of

DHT 159490 Angle Bracket



Angle Bracket

LOCKABLE ARCHITECTURAL MAILBOX CONNECTION DETAILS

to 8'

-Emergency Location Numberor Object Marker Type 2

GENERAL NOTES

11 ¹/2"

0

- Connecting hardware detailed on this sheet is for the hardware that the Department stocks at the Regional Warehouses. This hardware is available to the contractor only when so stated elsewhere in the plans or specification.
- 2. Hardware for mounting mailboxes to the support/foundation furnished by industry should be used when shown on the Maintenance Divisions "Approved Products List." Only mailbox hardware that have been crash tested in accordance with NCHRP Report 350, will be on the approved list.
- Hardware furnished by industry shall be erected in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- Bracket and bracket extension shall be constructed of 14 gauge galvanized steel sheet metal.
- 5. The angles, brackets and adapter plates shall be constructed of 12 gauge galvanized steel sheet metal.
- Items with evidence of damage to the galvanized coating or wet storage stains (white rust) will not be accepted.

SHEET 2 OF 4

Texas Department of Transportation

Plate Washer for Architectural

*7/16"x

DETAIL A

[·]/4' ·]/4' →

PLAN VIEW BOTTOM

Plate Washer for Architectural Mailbo: Plate, 2" x 1/8" ASTM A36 Steel

-Bolt, $3/8 \times 1-1/4$ he:

-Washer, 3/8 flat

Plate Washer

√Nut, 3/8 hex

-Washer, 3/8 flat

-Washer, 3/8 lock

Maintenanc

Division

Connection Details

ISOMETRIC VIEW

Preferred placement of Emergency Location Number

18"

9482

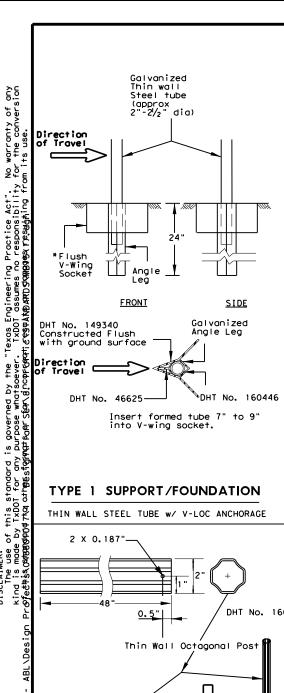
15"

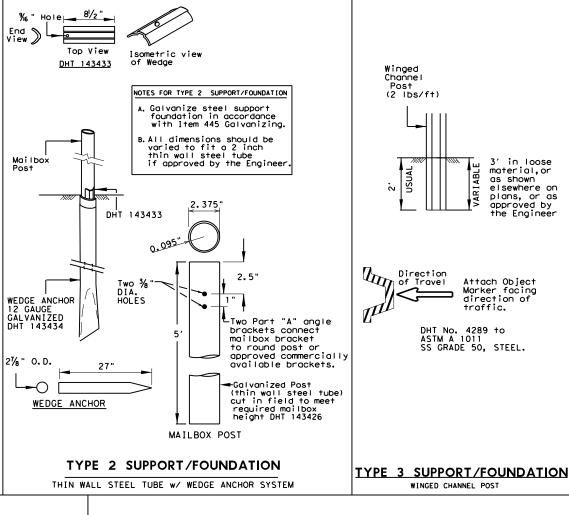
X~5.25" min; Y~5.75" min

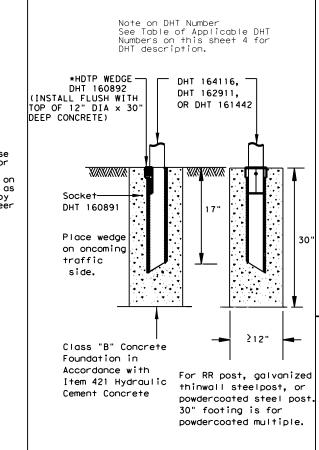


MB-15(1)

: MB14(1). DGN	DN: JEO		CK:	DW: .	JEO	CK:
TxDOT APRIL 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS D DHT 163730	0488	01	017		FM	1856
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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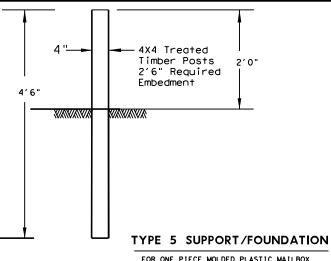






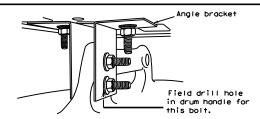
TYPE 4 SUPPORT/FOUNDATION

FOR WHITECOATED STEEL POST, MULTIPLE POST, AND RECYCLED RUBBER.



ONE PIECE MOLDED PLASTIC MAILBOXES

Molded Plastic Mailboxes shall be installed on 4"x4" treated timber posts only. The use of steel pipe or structural tubing in place of timber post is prohibited.



Placed on approved plastic drum as shown in the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices (CWZTCD). Existina attachment hardware shall be used unless

TYPE 6 TEMPORARY MAILBOX SUPPORT

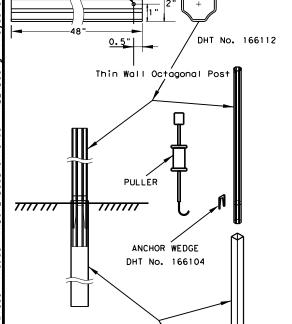
CONNECTION DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES

GENERAL NOTES
Erect post plumb or vertical.
When galvanized part is required
galvanize in accordance with Item 445.
type 1, 2, 3, 4 or 7 supports or foundation can be used for
single or double mailbox installations. The RCR post should
be used only for a single installation with a small mailbox.
The Type 5 support/foundation is used for the single molded plastic mailbox. The Type 4 support/foundation is used for the 2.375" O.D. RR post, thin wall steel post, and white

the 2.3/5 U.D. Km post, illin wall steel post, and minimultiple mailbox post.
The Type 1 or type 7 support/foundation can be used for a multiple mailbox mount.
The Type 4 support should be used with thin wall steel pipe for the medium, large and double mailbox installations.
Use a concrete footing as shown or when

directed. Concrete footing us shown or when directed. Concrete footing will be required when soils do not hold the support/foundations in a stable condition.

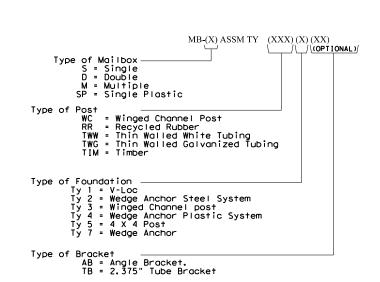


TYPE 7 MAILBOX SUPPORT/FOUNDATION

DHT No. 166103

21/4" SQ. X 12 GA. X 24", 30" OR 36" LONG

CONNECTION DETAIL





MAILBOX SUPPORT AND FOUNDATION

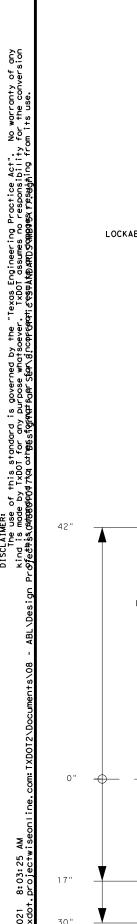
SHEET 3 OF 4

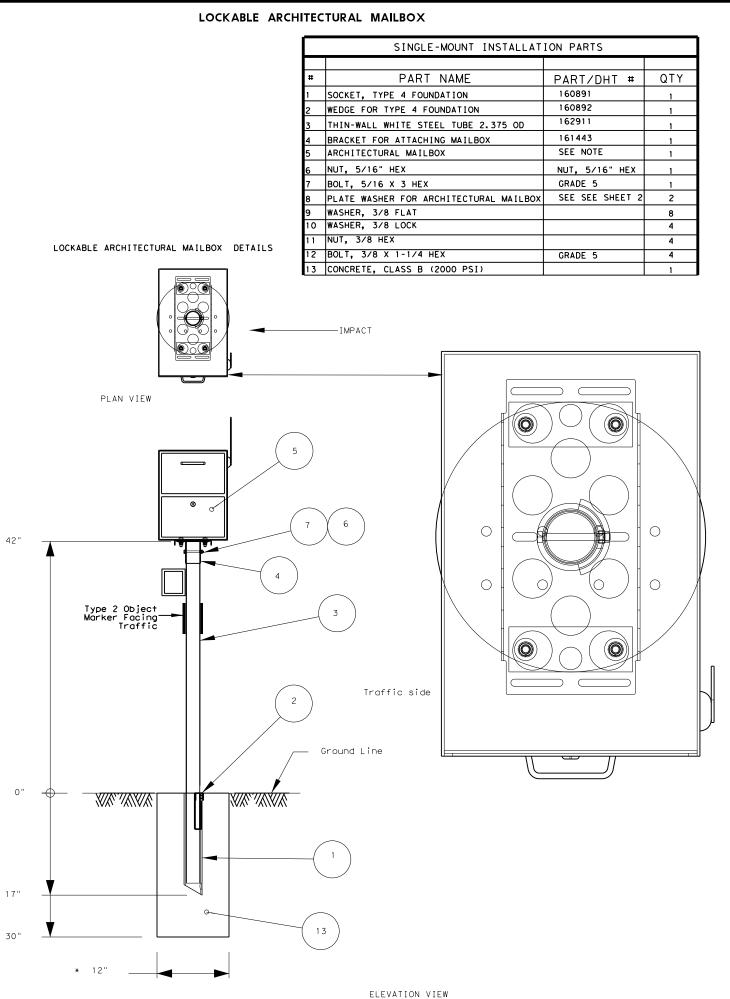
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DOUBLE AND LARGE MAILBOXES MUST BE ON STEEL POST.

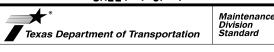
*HDTP: High density thermoplastic polyesters





DHT	
NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	FOUNDATIONS
46625	WEDGE FOR V-WING SOCKET FOR TYPE 1 FOUNDATION
149340	V-WING SOCKET FOR TYPE 1 FOUNDATION
143433	WEDGE FOR TYPE 2 FOUNDATION
143434	ANCHOR FOR TYPE 2 FOUNDATION
166103	ANCHOR FOR TYPE 7 FOUNDATION
160891	SOCKET FOR TYPE 4 FOUNDATION
160892	WEDGE FOR TYPE 4 FOUNDATION
166104	WEDGE FOR TYPE 7 FOUNDATION
	POSTS
4289	WINGED CHANNEL MAILBOX POST
149339	MULTIPLE MAILBOX POST (GALVANIZED TUBING)
164116	MULTIPLE MAILBOX POST (WHITE COATED)
166114	MULTIPLE MAILBOX POST (WHITE COATED OCTAGONAL)
166153	MULTIPLE MAILBOX POST (GALVANIZED OCTAGONAL)
161442	RECYCLED RUBBER POST. FOR SMALL MAILBOX ONLY
143426	THIN-WALL GALVANIZED STEEL TUBE 2.375" OUTER DIAMETER
162911	THINWALL WHITE STEEL TUBE 2.375" OUTER DIAMETER
	SINGLE OR DOUBLE THIN-WALL MAILBOX POST GALVANIZED
166152	2" OCTAGONAL
	SINGLE OR DOUBLE THIN-WALL MAILBOX POST WHITECOATED
166112	2" OCTAGONAL
	REFLECTIVE SHEETING
161812	REFLECTIVE SHEETING FOR EMERGENCY LOCATION NUMBER PANEL
	CONNECTING HARDWARE
2917	ANGLE BRACKET USED FOR TEMPORARY MAILBOX SUPPORT
166105	
	BRACKET FOR SINGLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT)
3789	BRACKET FOR SINGLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES
3789 166108	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES
166108	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT)
166108 166111	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT)
166108 166111 148939	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX
166108 166111 148939 148938	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A
166108 166111 148939	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX
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166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED.
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323 161443 158358	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET)
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323 161443 158358 163731	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) U-BOLT (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET)
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323 161443 158358 163731 160698	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) U-BOLT (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8"DIA X 3/4"L HD, W/2-FLAT WASHERS
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323 161443 158358 163731 160698 163750	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) U-BOLT (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8" DIA X 3/4"L HD, W/2-FLAT WASHERS BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8" X 1-1/2, 16 NC, W/WASHERS
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489 159490 162323 161443 158358 163731 160698 163750 160701	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) U-BOLT (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8"DIA X 3/4"L HD, W/2-FLAT WASHERS BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8"DIA X 2-1/2"L, HD, W/2-FLAT WASHERS
166108 166111 148939 148938 159489	PLATE FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR MULTIPLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES (MOUNTING KIT) BRACKET FOR ATTACHING SMALL OR MEDIUM SIZE MAIL BOX EXTENDER TO BRACKET FOR ATTACHING LARGE MAILBOX ANGLE BRACKET PART A ANGLE BRACKET PART B BRACKET FOR DOUBLE MOUNTING OF MAILBOXES ON THINWALL STEEL POST, GALVANIZED OR POWDERCOATED. BRACKET FOR ATTACHING MAILBOX TO RECYCLED RUBBER POST AND TO MULTIPLE WHITE MAILBOX POST CASTING (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) U-BOLT (NEWSPAPER RECEPTACLE BRACKET) BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8" DIA X 3/4"L HD, W/2-FLAT WASHERS BOLT; HEX HEAD, GALV; 3/8" X 1-1/2, 16 NC, W/WASHERS

SHEET 4 OF 4



DHT NUMBERS **TABLE**

MB-15(1)

FILE: MB14(1).DGN	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
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REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM	1856
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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SITE DESCRIPTION

PROJECT LIMITS:

THE PROJECT LIMITS SHOWN ON THE TITLE SHEET AND LIMITS OF TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY SHALL ALSO BE THE LIMITS OF COVERAGE OF THE SW3P.

PROJECT LOCATION MAPS: TITLE SHEET

DRAINAGE PATTERNS: DRAINAGE AREA MAPS <OR POSSIBLY SW3P SITE PLAN>

APPROX. SLOPES ANTICIPATED AFTER MAJOR GRADING AND AREAS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE: TYPICAL

MAJOR CONTROLS AND LOCATIONS OF STABILIZATION PRACTICES: SW3P SITE PLAN

PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS: TO BE SPECIFIED BY PROJECT FIELD OFFICE AND LOCATED IN THE PROJECT SW3P FILE.

SURFACE WATERS AND DISCHARGE LOCATIONS: DRAINAGE AND CULVERT LAYOUT SHEETS

TYPICAL AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE DISTURBED: SW3P SITE PLAN

ENDANGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT AND HISTORIC PROPERTY: EPIC SHEET

ESTIMATED START DATES AND DURATION OF ACTIVITIES IN THE INTENDED SCHEDULE/SEQUENCE OF EARTH-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: CONTRACT TIME ESTIMATE

NATURE OF ACTIVITY: <PROJECT DESCRIPTION FROM TITLE SHEET>

MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: **EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT**

TOTAL PROJECT AREA: 8.4 ACRES

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (AT EACH SITE): 4.0 ACRES

WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT BEFORE CONSTRUCTION:

WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT AFTER CONSTRUCTION:

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER: FAIR

% OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER: 70

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS: CLEAR FORK BRAZOS RIVER, VIA SWEETWATER CREEK SEG ID: 1232 CLEAR FORK OF THE BRAZOS RIVER IS AN IMPAIRED WATER

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

USE "T" OR "P" IN THE BLANKS BELOW IF APPLICABLE (T= TEMPORARY, P= PERMANENT)

SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

BUFFER ZONES PERMANENT PLANTING. SODDING. OR SEEDING PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES MULCHING Р TEMPORARY SEEDING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET Ρ T OTHER OTHER

OTHER:

DISTURBED AREAS ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS CEASED (TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY) SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS UNLESS ACTIVITIES ARE SCHEDULED TO RESUME WITHIN 14 DAYS.

FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS. THIS DISTRICT OF THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION USES SITEMANAGER, A COMPUTER BASED CONSTRUCTION RECORD-KEEPING SYSTEM, AS PART OF RECORD FOR PROJECT WORK INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL RELATED ACTIVITIES. DOCUMENTATION DESCRIBING MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITES, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CESSATION OF CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION MEASURE IS PART OF THIS SYSTEM AND IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE INTO THIS SW3P.

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:

	CHANNEL LINERS		DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS
	CURBS AND GUTTERS		DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES
	HAY BALES		DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES
	PAVED FLUMES		ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	PIPE SLOPE DRAINS		STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES
	STORM SEWERS		STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
	SEDIMENT BASINS		TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOGS (BIOLOGS)
	SEDIMENT TRAPS		TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	SILT FENCES		VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIPS
	ROCK FILTER DAMS		VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
<u>T</u>	EROSION CONTROL LOGS	T	LINED CONCRETE WASHOUT
	OFFSITE VEHICLE	TRΔ	CKING CONTROLS:
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X	HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
X	EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
	LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
	OTHER

NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

THE ORDER OF ACTIVITIES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

- 1) PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL
- 2) COMPLETE EXCAVATION & BUILD ROADWAY TO FIRST LIFT
- 3) PLACE TEMPORARY SEEDING AND REMAINDER OF BMP'S
- 4) COMPLETE PAVEMENT & FINAL GRADING AND PLACE PERMANENT SEEDING STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

PLACE BMP'S AS WORK PROGRESSES TO CAPTURE RUN-OFF OF SEDIMENT FROM THE PROJECT



06/28/2021

OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE:

ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY. IT WILL BE DONE AT THE EARLIEST DATE POSSIBLE. BUT NO LATER THAN 7 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE SURROUNDING EXPOSED GROUND HAS DRIED SUFFICIENTLY TO PREVENT FURTHER DAMAGE FROM HEAVY EQUIPMENT. THE AREAS ADJACENT TO CREEKS AND DRAINAGE WAYS SHALL HAVE PRIORITY FOLLOWED BY DEVICES PROTECTING STORM SEWER INLETS.

INSPECTION:

AN INSPECTION WILL BE PERFORMED BY A TXDOT INSPECTOR EVERY 7 DAYS. AN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT WILL BE MADE PER EACH INSPECTION. BASED ON THE INSPECTION RESULTS, THE CONTROLS SHALL BE REVISED PER THE INSPECTION REPORT.

WASTE MATERIALS:

ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN A SECURELY LIDDED METAL DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL CITY SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE WILL BE DEPOSITED IN THE DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL BE EMPTIED AS NECESSARY OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATION AND THE TRASH WILL BE HAULED TO A PERMITTED LANDFILL. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIAL WILL BE BURIED ON SITE. CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AND LITTER SHOULD BE PICKED UP ON A DAILY BASIS UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. WASTE AND DIRT PILES SHOULD BE REMOVED ON A WEEKLY BASIS.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):

NO LONG TERM WATER QUALITY IMPACTS ARE EXPECTED AS A RESULT OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT. SEE THE NEXT PLAN SHEET FOR A LIST OF POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS. IN THE EVENT OF A MAJOR SPILL. NOTIFY THE TXDOT ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY. ALL PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED IN THE PROCEDURES FOR SPILL HANDLING AND DISPOSING OF ANY HAZARDOUS MATERIALS THEY WILL BE USING. ALL SPILLS, INCLUDING THOSE OF LESS THAN 25 GALLONS SHALL BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY AND ANY CONTAMINATED SOIL SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY. DESIGNATED AREAS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE AREA ENGINEER FOR SPOILS DISPOSAL AND MATERIAL STORAGE. THESE AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM RUN-ON AND RUN-OFF. MATERIALS RESULTING FROM THE DESTRUCTION OF EXISTING ROADS AND BEING REMOVED AND/OR DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE DONE SO IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS, ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS AND WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT ENGINEER. ANY CHANGES TO AMBIENT WATER QUALITY DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT SHALL BE PROHIBITED AND MAY RESULT IN ADDITIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL MEASURES, WHICH SHALL BE MITIGATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (TCEQ) WITHIN 24 HOURS OF BECOMING AWARE OF IMPACTS.

SANITARY WASTE:

ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS AS NECESSARY OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATION BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

REMARKS:

CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTANTS. ALL WATERWAYS SHALL BE CLEARED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE OF TEMPORARY EMBANKMENT. TEMPORARY BRIDGES, MATTING, FALSEWORK PILING, DEBRIS OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS PLACED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS THAT ARE NOT PART OF THE FINISHED WORK. DISPOSAL AREAS, STOCKPILES, AND HAUL ROADS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE AND CONTROL THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT THAT MAY ENTER RECEIVING WATERS. DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN ANY WETLAND. WATER BODY OR STREAMBED.



TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

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LIST OF POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS				
POTENTIAL POLLUTANT	RELATED SOURCE	CONTROLS		
CEMENTATEOUS MATERIAL AND CEMENTATEOUS AGGREGATES (BROKEN CONCRETE)	REMOVAL OF CONCRETE RIPRAP, CULVERT COMPONENTS, BRIDGE COMPONENTS, ETC.	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
MILLED ASPHALTIC CEMENT PAVEMENT (MILLINGS)	OBLITERATION OF ABANDONED ROAD AND PLANING OF ASPHALT	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
VIRGIN ASPHALTIC MATERIAL INCLUSIVE OF PRIME OILS, PRECOAT AGGREGATES, AND HOT MIX BITUMINOUS MIXTURES	APPLICATIONS OF PRIME COATS, SEAL COAT, AND PAVING OPERATIONS	THIS MATERIAL SHALL BE APPLIED AT APPROPRIATE RATES FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES WHICH WILL PRECLUDE THESE MATERIALS FROM ENTERING RUNOFF. IN THE EVENT OF ANY UNINTENDED DISCHARGE, CONTROLS TO CONTAIN RUNOFF WILL BE IMMEDIATELY PLACED AND TOROWARD WILL BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED.		
CONCRETE, REBAR, WIRE, WIRE FABRIC LUMBER, NAILS, STYROFOAM BLOCK, FIBERBOARD, CURING COMPOUND AND LINSEED OIL	CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE BRIDGE COMPONENTS SUCH AS DRILLED SHAFTS, CULVERTS, ABUTMENTS, BENTS, REINFORCED CONCRETE SLABS, RAIL, INLET, CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIERS, CURB AND GUTTER, RIPRAP AND SIGN FOUNDATIONS	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF. ANY TEMPORARY FILLS MUST BE REMOVED IN THEIR ENTIRETY AND THE AFFECTED AREAS RETURNED TO THEIR PREEXISTING CONDITION/ELEVATION.		
MASONRY CONCRETE BLOCK, GEOGRID FABRIC, CARDBOARD, AND PLASTIC RAP	CONSTRUCTION OF MODULAR RETAINING WALL SYSTEMS	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
WOOD POSTS, STEEL POSTS, BARRELS, CONES, SIGN BOARDS (ALUMINUM AND PLYBOARD), FASTENERS, NUTS, BOLTS, AND WASHERS	PLACEMENT AND/OR REMOVAL OF BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
WOOD POST, STEEL POST, STEEL FASTENERS, NUTS, BOLTS, AND WASHERS	CONSTRUCTION OF METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
STRUCTURAL STEEL I-BEAM, SIGN BOARDS, AND CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS	REMOVAL OF ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES LARGE AND SMALL	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
THERMOPLASTIC PAINT, GLASS BEADS, REFLECTIVE TABS, AND RAISED REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKERS	APPLICATION OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS/MARKERS	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (SMALL QUANTITIES INTRODUCED BY CONTRACTOR)	EQUIPMENT FAILURE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	ALL EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED IN A DESIGNATED AREA WITH APPROPRIATE MEASURES FOR CONTAINMENT AND PROPER DISPOSAL OF ALL WASTE MATERIALS INCLUDING HYDRAULIC OIL AND OTHER LIQUIDS IN ACCORDANCE STATE AND LOCAL WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. ALL MATERIAL STORED PRIOR TO DISPOSAL SHALL BE CONTAINED IN A CONTAINER WITH A SECURE COVER MEETING ALL STATE AND LOCAL WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.		
ELIGIBLE NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO NON-POTABLE WATER AND NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGE	MOISTURE APPLICATIONS FOR DUST CONTROL, DENSITY, VEGETATION WATERING, NON-DETERGENT VEHICLE WASHING, AND AIR CONDITIONING CONDENSATE	THIS MATERIAL SHALL BE APPLIED AT APPROPRIATE RATES FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES WHICH WILL PRECLUDE THESE MATERIALS FROM ENTERING RUNOFF. IN THE EVENT OF ANY UNINTENDED DISCHARGE, CONTROLS TO CONTAIN RUNOFF WILL BE IMMEDIATELY PLACED AND THE NON-POTABLE WATER WILL BE RECOVERED AND PROPERLY STORED FOR REUSE.		
SURVEY STAKE, FLAGGING TAPE AND PAINT	SURVEY STAKING, ALIGNMENT ESTABLISHMENT	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
WASTEWATER	WASHOUT AND CLEANOUT OF STUCCO, PAINT, FORM RELEASE OILS, CURING COMPOUNDS AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
SOAPS AND SOLVENTS	VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WASHING	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		
UNSUITABLE FILL MATERIAL	EXCAVATION - ROADWAY, SPECIAL AND EROSION CONTROL	THIS CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. WHEN STORED ON SITE PRIOR TO DISPOSAL, IT SHALL BE CONTAINED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT CANNOT ENTER SURFACE RUNOFF.		



TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

© 2021 R Texas Department of Transportation NO SCALE SHEET 2 OF 2 FHWA DIVISION HIGHWAY NO. PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET FM 1856 6 STATE COUNTY SHEET NO. TEXAS NOLAN 99 DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB ABL 0488 01 017

REV. DATE: 02/27/2014

2.		
	linary high water marks of a vaters of the US requiring t the Bridge Layouts.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Best Management Prac	tices:	
rosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
Blankets/Matting		☐ Retention/Irrigation System
Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Sedimentation Basin
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
Interceptor Swale	Straw & Hay Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Compost & M
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Compost Filter Berm and Soc
Compost Filter Berm and Soc	cks 🗌 Compost Filter Berm and So	cks Sand Filter Systems
Temporary Erosion Control ((BIOLOGS)	.ogs⊠ Temporary Erosion Control (BIOLOGS)	Logs Temporary Erosion Control L (BIOLOGS)
Preservation of Natural	Sediment Traps	Permanent Vegetation
Resources Construction Exits	Sediment Basins	(Planting, Sodding, or Seed ☐ Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

☐ Postired Action

☐ No Action Required	☐ kedaired action
Action No.	
1,	
2.	
3	

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

☐ No Action Booking

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

☐ No	Action Required	Required Action
Action	No.	

- 1. COMPLY WITH E.O. 13112 ON USE OF NATIVE VEGETATION.

4.

- 3.

3.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$ area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

☐ No Action Required	□ Required Action
Action No.	
1. COMPLY WITH MIGRATORY BI	RD TREATY ACT (MBTA).
2.	

LIST OF ADDDEVIATIONS

	LIST OF ADDRE	AIWII	<u> </u>
BMP:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
CGP:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
DSHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
FHWA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
MOA:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
MOU:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MS4:	Municipal Separate Storm water Sewer System	n TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
MBTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
NOT:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
NWP:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI:	Notice of Intent	USFWS:	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ Yes No No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action

ABL

OH	Site.	HUZURUOUS MUTERIUIS OF	COLLEG	mination issues spe
	⊠ No	Action Required		Required Action
	Action	No.		
	1.			
	2.			

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

M No Action Required

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Action No.

FM 1856

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS **EPIC**

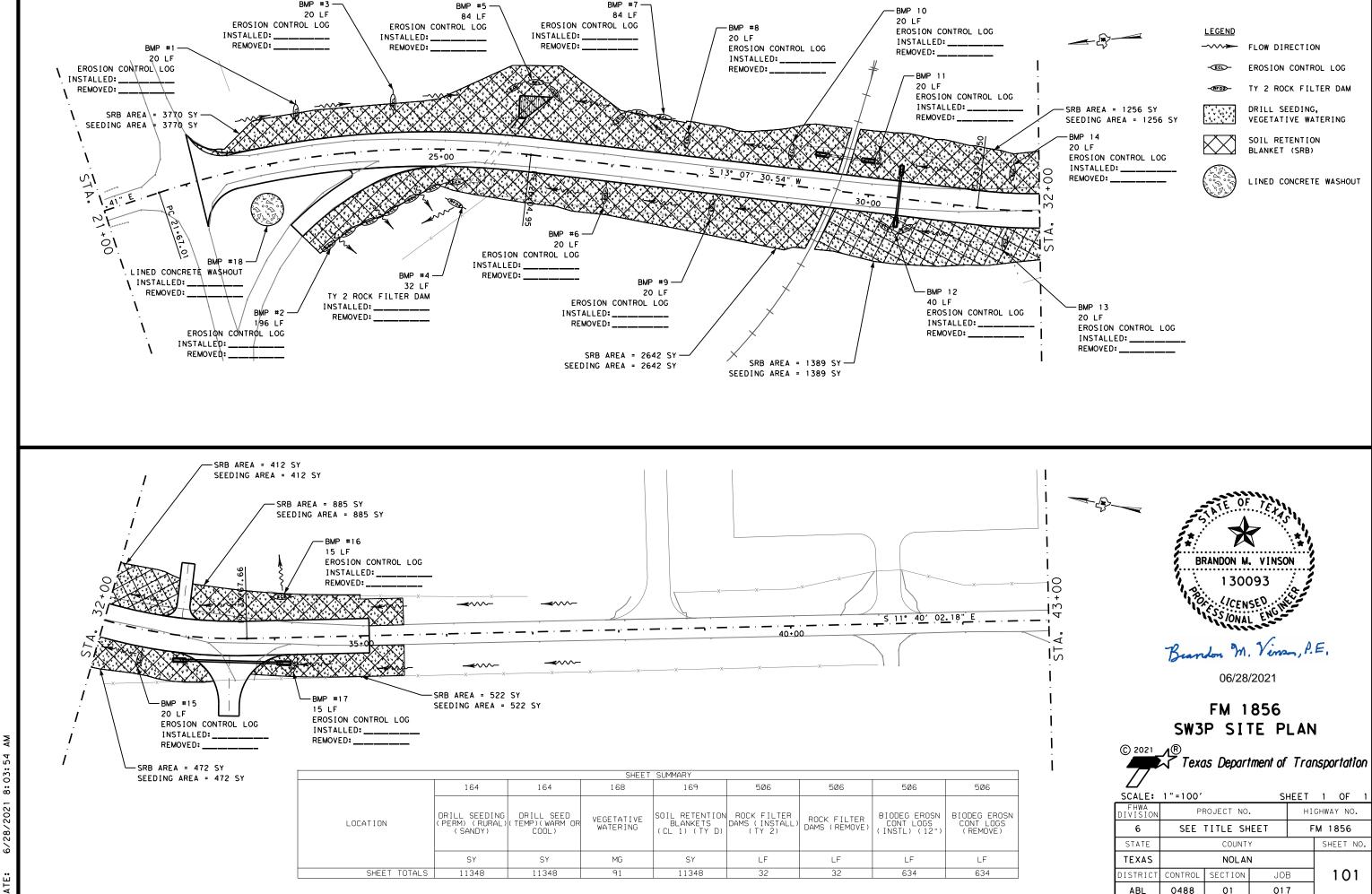


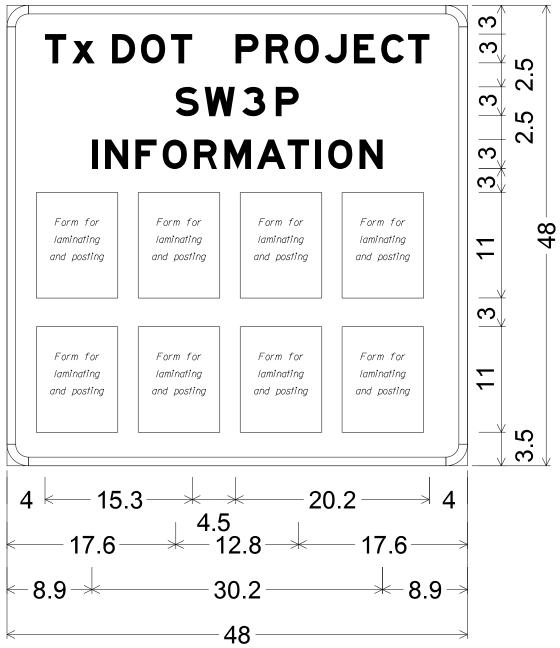
0488

NO SCALE SHEET 1 OF PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET FM 1856 6 COLINTY SHEET NO STATE **TEXAS** NOLAN DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB 100

017

01





2.3" Radius, 0.9" Border, White on Blue; [TxDOT PROJECT] E Mod; [SW3P] E Mod; [INFORMATION] E Mod;

NOTE:

The Forms needed for laminating and posting to the SW3P Notification Board will be provided by the Engineer. The total number of forms may vary. Notification Boards are to be constructed from Plywood, $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch thick, in accordance with TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)-7100. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The sign will be placed at a location within the right-of-way but outside the clear zone as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to other items.



Brandon M. Vinson, P.E

06/28/2021

SW3P NOTIFICATION BOARD DETAIL



NO SCALE SHEET 1 OF	1
FHWA DIVISION PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO	
6 SEE TITLE SHEET VA	
STATE COUNTY SHEET N	١٥.
TEXAS TAYLOR	
DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB 102	2
ABL 0908 33 100	

HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

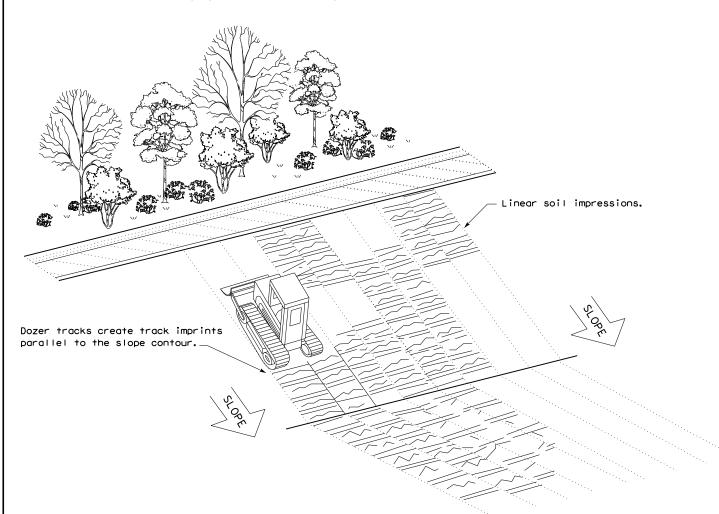
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

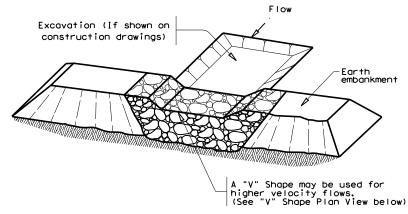
EC(1) - 16

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TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY			I GHWAY	1
REVISIONS	0488	01	017		F١٧	1 1856	1
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	1
	ABL		NOLAN	٧		103	1

Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.

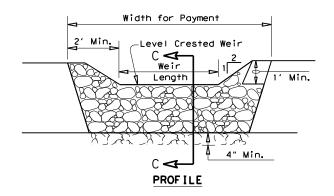
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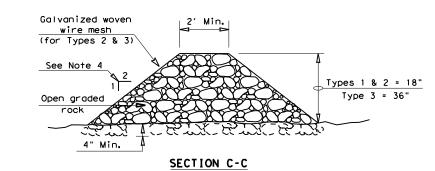
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FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 $\mbox{CPM/FT}^2$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

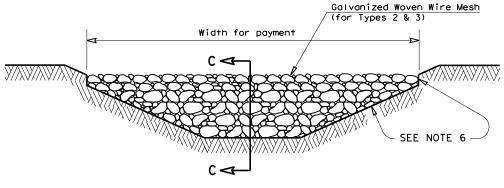
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

 The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

ILE: ec216	DN: TxD	TXDOT CK: KM DW: VP DN/CK: LS				DN/CK: LS	ı
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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6/28/2021

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

NIN

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

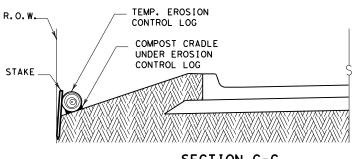
STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, CONTROL LOG OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

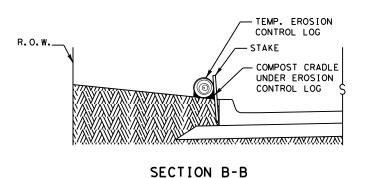
STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

PLAN VIEW





PLAN VIEW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB



SECTION C-C

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

SECTION A-A



LEGEND

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

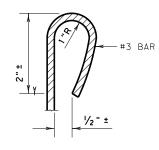
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL-SSL)
- -(cL-DI)→ EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction
- limits where drainage flows away from the project. The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a

depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

GENERAL NOTES:

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

LOG.

MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

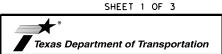
7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL &

WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.



MINIMUM

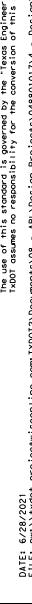
COMPACTED DIAMETER

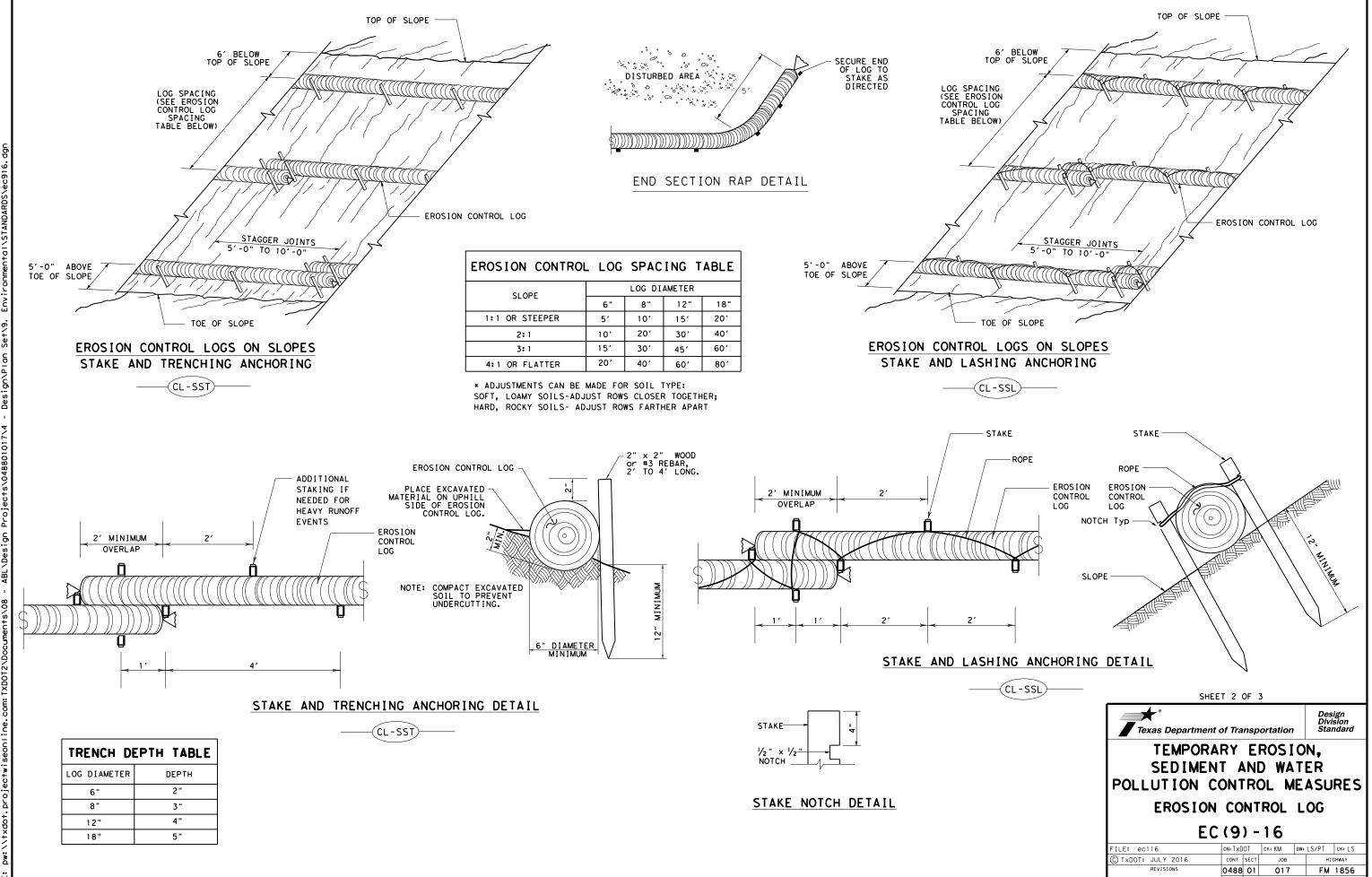
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
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ABL

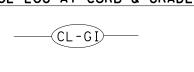
NOLAN

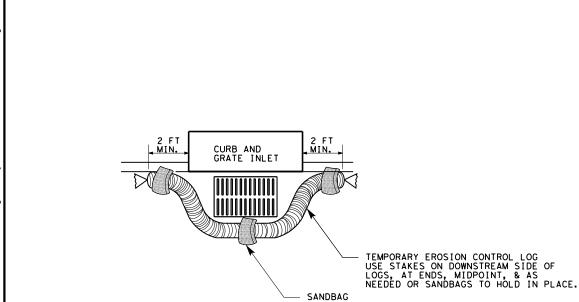
106

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW





EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

(CL-DÌ

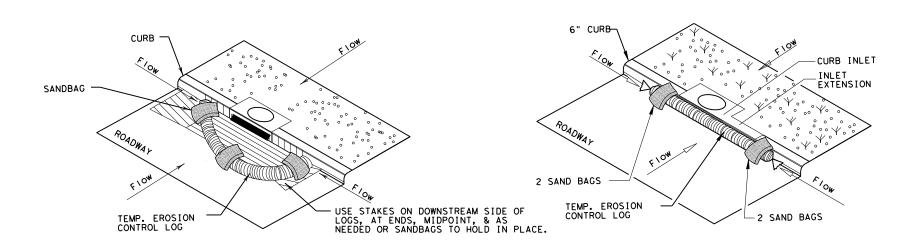
OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

- FLOW

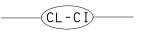
-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

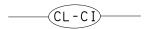
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET



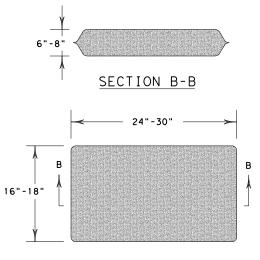
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SANDBAG DETAIL



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG**

EC(9) - 16

			_			
FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	TO	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0488	01	017		FM	1856
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ABL		NOLAN	1		107

	HIGHWAY UNDERPASS, PEDESTRIAN, OR CLOSED/ABANDONED)
	DOT *: 979 500 E
	Crossing Type:At <u>Grade</u> RR Company Owning Track at Crossing:Georgia Pacific
	Operating RR Company at Track: <u>Georgia Pacific</u> RR MP:GP TK1 0.131
	RR Subdivision: GP Gypsum
	City:_Sweetwater County: Nolan
	CSJ at this Crossing: 0488-01-017
	Highway/Roadway name crossing the railroad: FM 1856 # of regularly scheduled trains per day at this crossing: 8
	# of switching movements per day at this crossing: 8
	% of estimated contract cost of work within railroad ROW:
	Scope of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by State Contractor:
	Excavation, embankment, roadway construction, and traffic control for roadway construction.
	Scope of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by Railroad Company:
	Install rail roadbed, ballast, planking, rail, crossing arms, drainage
	structure, and traffic control for rail construction.
II.	OTHER PROJECT WORK WITHIN RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY (ROW)
	N/A
HII	FLAGGING & INSPECTION
	# of Days of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0
	On this project, night or weekend flagging is:
	Not Expected
	Flagging services will be provided by:
	Railroad Company: TxDOT will pay flagging invoices
	Outside Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices, to be reimbursed by TxDOT
	Contractor must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad requires a 30 day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule due to their own negligence and is not
	ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid by Contractor
	Contact Information for Flagging: ☐ UPRR - UP.info@railpros.com
	Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging
	☐ BNSF - BNSF.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging
	KCS - KCS.info@railpros.com
	Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging - Bottom Line On-Track Safety Services
	bottomline076@aol.com, 903-767-7630
	OTHERS
	OTHERS
	Contractor must incorporate Construction Inspection into anticipated construction schedule.
	Contractor must incorporate Construction Inspection into anticipated construction schedule.
	Contractor must incorporate Construction Inspection into anticipated construction schedule. Not Required
	Contractor must incorporate Construction Inspection into anticipated construction schedule.

On this project, construction work to be performed by a railroad company is: □ Required ☐ Not Required

Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to be performed by the Railroad Company. TxDOT must issue a work order for any work done by the Railroad Company prior to the work being performed.

V. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

Railroad reference number shall be provided by TxDOT CST or DO.

The Contractor shall confirm the insurance requirements with the Railroad as the insurance limits are subject to change without notice.

Insurance policies must be issued for and on behalf of the Railroad. Where more than one Railroad Company is operating on the same right of way or where several Railroad Companies are involved and operate on their own separate rights of way, provide separate insurance policies in the name of each Railroad Company.

No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for providing the insurance coverages shown below or any deductibles. These costs are incidental to the various bid items.

Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)				
Workers Compensation	rkers Compensation \$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000				
Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000				
Business Automobile \$2,000,000 combined single					
Railroad Prote	ective Liability				
☐ Not Required					
Non - Bridge Projects	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000				
☐ Bridge Projects	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000				
Other					

VI. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (ROE) AGREEMENT

With the following railroad companies: _

On this project, an ROE agreement is: Not Required Required: TxDOT CST to assist in obtaining with the UPRR (see Item 5, Article 8.3) Required: Contractor to obtain (see Item 5, Article 8.4)

To view previously approved ROE Agreement templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see:

http://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/rail/samples.html

Approved ROE Agreement templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed ROE agreement between the Contractor and the Railroad if required

VII. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

On this project, a Railroad Coordination Meeting is:

- ☐ Not Required
- Required

See Item 5, Article 8.1 for more details.

VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are required to maintain the same insurance coverage as required of the Contractor.

IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Case of Railroad Emergency Call Pete Buriss Railroad Emergency Line at 404-229-6605 Location: DOT 979 500 E RR Milepost: GP TK1 0.131 Subdivision: GP Gypsum



RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

ILE: RR Scope of Work.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	CK:	DW:		CK:	
TxDOT June 2014	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS /2020	0488	01	017		FM	1856	
72020	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ΔRI		NOI AN	J		108	