BR 2020(319) STATE TEXAS WACO 1191 03 033, ETC. FM 1245, ETC.

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET 2 INDEX OF SHEETS

PLANS OF PROPOSED

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STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT: BR 2020(319) CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

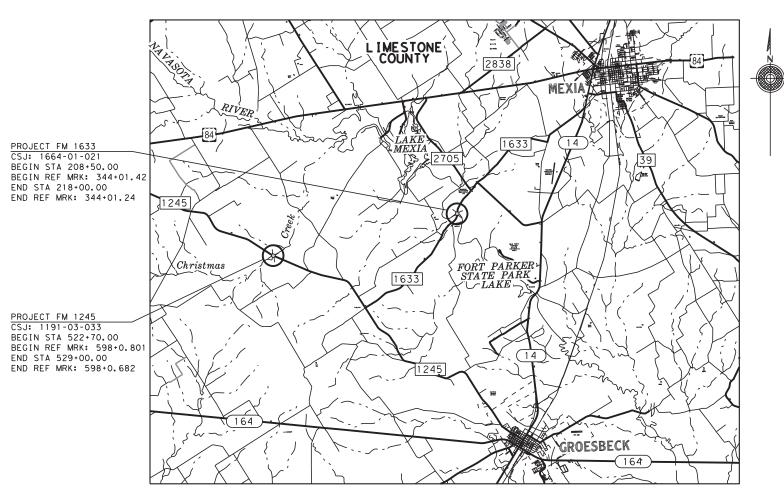
LIMESTONE COUNTY

FM 1245, ETC.

LIMITS: @ CHRISTMAS CREEK (STR #006), ETC.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

CSJ	FM	ROADWAY	BRIDGE	TOTAL
1191-03-033	1245	495.00 FT = 0.093 MI	135.00 FT = 0.026 MI	630.00 FT = 0.119 MI
1664-01-021	1633	560.00 FT = 0.106 MI	390.00 FT = 0.074 MI	950.00 FT = 0.180 MI
TOTAL PROJECT	LENGTH	1055.00 FT = 0.200 MI	525.00 FT = 0.099 MI	1580.00 FT = 0.299 MI



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 1, 2012). SCALE: 1"=15,000' EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE EXCEPTIONS: NONE

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DESIGN SPEED = 60 MPH

CURRENT A.D.T. (2019) = 1021 FUTURE A.D.T. (2039) = 2042

DESIGN SPEED = 60 MPH CURRENT A.D.T. (2019) = 631 FUTURE A.D.T. (2039) = 820

FM 1245

SUBMITTED FOR 5/12/2021 LETTING <u>,</u> P.E. PROJECT MANAGER

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252

FIRM REGISTRATION No.

FEDERAL ALD PROJECT NO.

LIMESTONE

RECOMMENDED FOR 5/19/2021 Josh Voiles , P.E. -AC8604F84EC2483...INEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 05/28/2021 DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETT Docusioned by

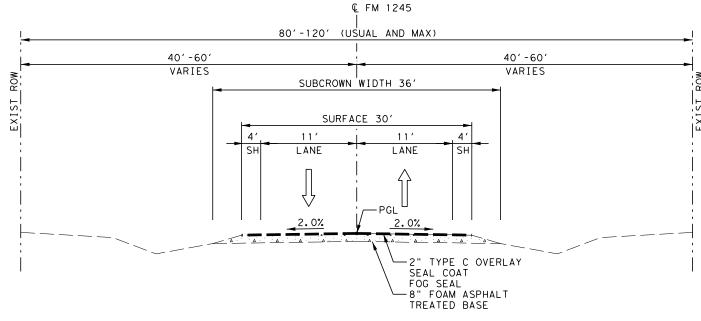
6/2/2021

Stanley Swiatch B69BDY969PR6469...ENGINEER

<u>, P.</u>E.

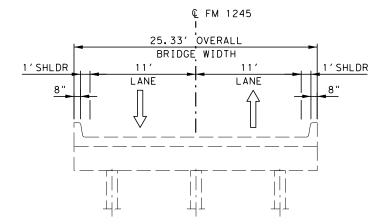
GENERAL BRIDGE STANDARDS (CONT'D) (D) 80 TITLE SHEET IGCS **(** 81-82 2 INDEX OF SHEETS IGD (D) 3-4 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS 83-85 IGEB THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS $\langle \mathbb{D} \rangle$ 86-87 I GMS 9.9A-9F GENERAL NOTES 88-89 IGSD-32 **(** 10,10A ESTIMATE AND QUANTITIES 90 IGSK **(** SUMMARY SHEET 91 IGTS 13 SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS $\langle \mathbb{D} \rangle$ 92-93 MEBR(C) \bigcirc 94-97 PCP MAY 17, 2021 CHRISTIANI MOORMAN \bigcirc 98 PCP-FAB TRAFFIC CONTROL (D) 98A-98B PCP (0) TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEQUENCE OF OPERATION 14 $\langle \mathbb{D} \rangle$ 98C-98D PCP(O)-FAB TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN DETOUR LAYOUT AT CHRISTMAS CREEK 15 \bigcirc 99-100 PMDF TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN DETOUR LAYOUT AT NAVASOTA RIVER 16 $\langle \mathbb{C} \rangle \langle \mathbb{D} \rangle$ 101-102 SD-EBR 103 THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE SEJ-M TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE $\langle \mathbb{D} \rangle$ 104-105 SIG-32-15 $\langle A \rangle$ BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14 SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. 17-28 \bigcirc 106-107 SRR Rich Plato $\langle \! \Delta \! \rangle$ 29 WZ (RCD) -13 108-109 SXB-32 (D) 110-113 TYPE T1W ROADWAY $\langle \mathbb{C} \rangle$ 114-116 TYPE T223 30-31 SURVEY CONTROL INDEX $\langle \mathbb{C} \rangle$ 117-118 32-33 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET /. RICHARD RENTON JR. (C) 119 XBBR-MS 34 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA (C) 120 XBCS 84792 35-36 REMOVAL PLAN (C) FGISTERED 121 XBEB 37-38 PLAN & PROFILE 5/17/2021 (C) 122 XBSD-32 39 DRIVEWAY P&P (C) 123 XBSK THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE 40 DRIVEWAY DETAIL 124 XBTS SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. Tamara H. Cortez ROADWAY STANDARDS TRAFFIC **B** 41 BED-14 125-126 SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS PLAN **B** 42 GF (31) - 19 **B** 43 GF (31) MS-19 TRAFFIC STANDARDS ՛® 44-45 GF (31) TR TL3-20 $\langle B \rangle$ 127 D&OM(1)-20 TAMARA M. CORTEZ ՛® 46 SGT (11S) 31-18 ՛® 128 D&OM(2)-20 134001 ՛® 47 SGT (12S) 31-18 ₿ 129 D&OM(3)-20B 48 SGT (15) 31-20 ՛® 130 D&OM(4)-20 ՛® 49 TE (HMAC) -11 **B** THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. 131 D&OM(5)-20 **B** 132 D&OM(VIA)-20 ՛๎® 133 PM(1)-20 DRAINAGE **B** 134 PM(2)-20 5/17/2021 DRAINAGE AREA MAP 50-51 (B) 135 RS(3) - 1352-55 HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET ՛® 136 RS(4) - 1356-60 BRIDGE HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS ՛® 137 SMD (GEN) -08 **B** 138 SMD (SL IP-1) -08 B 139 SMD(SLIP-2)-08 B <u>BRIDGE</u> 140 SMD(SLIP-3)-08 61 BRIDGE LAYOUT CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE ՛® 141 SMD (FRP) -08 ՛® 142 SMD (TWT) -08 62 BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE ՛® ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE 143 TSR(3)-13 REVISION ՛® BORING LOGS CHRISTMAS CREEK 144 TSR (5) -13 65 BRIDGE LAYOUT NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE **ENVIRONMENTAL** Texas Department of Transportation 66 BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE 145 FM 1245 EPIC ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE 67 FIRM REGISTRATION No F-10161 146 WACO DISTRICT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) FM 1245 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253 68 BORING LOGS NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE 147-148 FM 1245 SW3P LAYOUT 69 CEMENT STABILIZED ABUTMENT BACKFILL DETAILS FM 1245 & FM 1633 149 FM 1633 EPIC 150 WACO DISTRICT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) FM 1633 INDEX OF SHEETS BRIDGE STANDARDS 151-152 FM 1633 SW3P LAYOUT (D) 70-72 AIG-32-15 (C) 73-74 AXB-32 \bigcirc 75 BAS-A ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS SHEET 1 OF (D) 76 BIG-32-15 153 TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING DETAIL (WACO DISTRICT) FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. $\langle \mathbb{C} \rangle$ 77 BXB-32 154 EC(1)-16 06 SEE TITLE SHEET \bigcirc 78-79 FD 155 EC(2)-16 TEXAS WACO LIMESTONE $\langle A \rangle$ 156-165 TA-BMP (WACO DISTRICT STANDARD) 033. ETC. FM 1245, ETC.

002 INDEX OF SHEETS, dgn



FM 1245 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION (NTS)

STA 522+70.00 TO STA 525+30.00 STA 526+17.96 TO STA 529+00.00

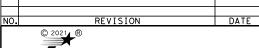


FM 1245 EXISTING BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION

STA 525+30.00 TO STA 526+17.96



5/12/2021



Texas Department of Transportation



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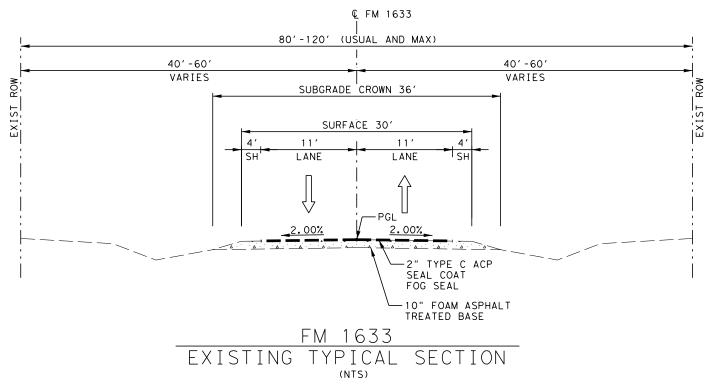
FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

FM 1245 & FM 1633 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS

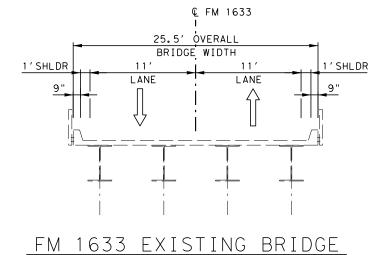
	SHEET I OF 2	
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	
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DISTRICT	COUNTY	

WACO LIMESTONE 033, ETC. FM 1245, ETC.

003 FM 1245 EXIST TYP SECT.dgn



STA 208+50.00 TO STA 211+43.25 STA 214+20.58 TO STA 218+00.00

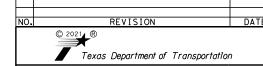


(NTS) STA 211+27.26 TO STA 215+17.26

TYPICAL SECTION



5/12/2021



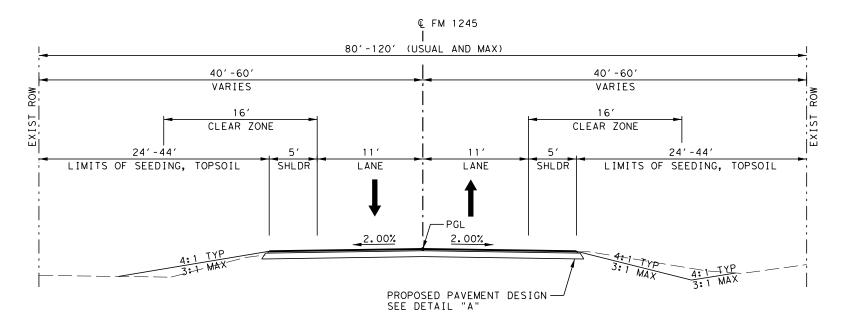
18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253 FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

FM 1245 & FM 1633

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS

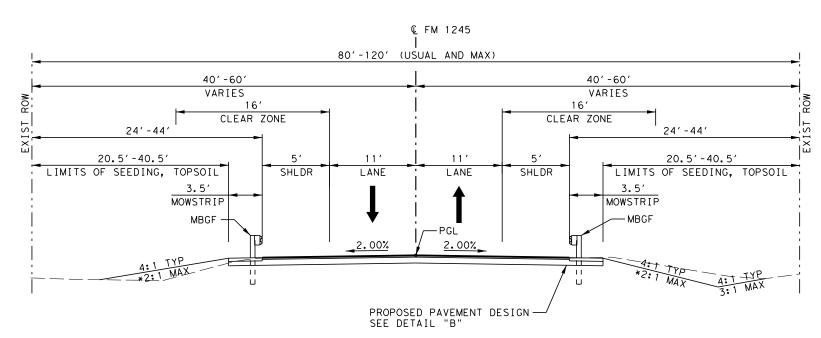
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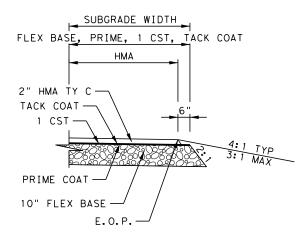


FM 1245 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

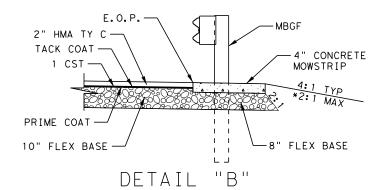
STA 522+70.00 TO STA 523+22.55 STA 528+71.58 TO STA 529+00.00



FM 1245 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION (NTS) STA 523+22.55 TO STA 525+05.00 STA 526+40.00 TO STA 528+71.58



DETAIL "A"



* SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 WILL REQUIRE STONE RIPRAP FOR GLOBAL STABILITY.



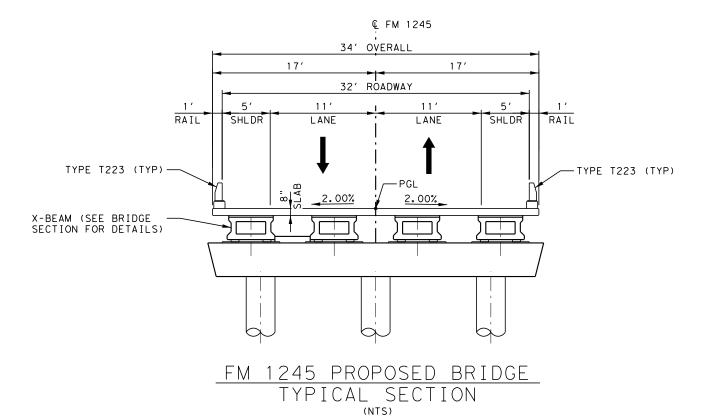
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FM 1245 & FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

			SHE	ET 1 OF 4
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TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE		
CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY NO		
1191	03	033 FTC	FM	1245 FTC

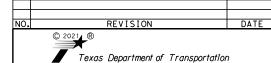
005 FM 1245 PROP TYP SECT.dgr



STA 525+05.00 TO STA 526+40.00



5/12/2021





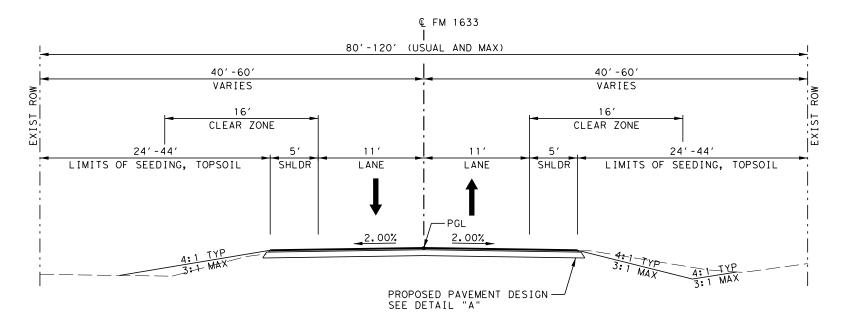
18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 FIRM REGISTRATION No. DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253 F-10161

FM 1245 & FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

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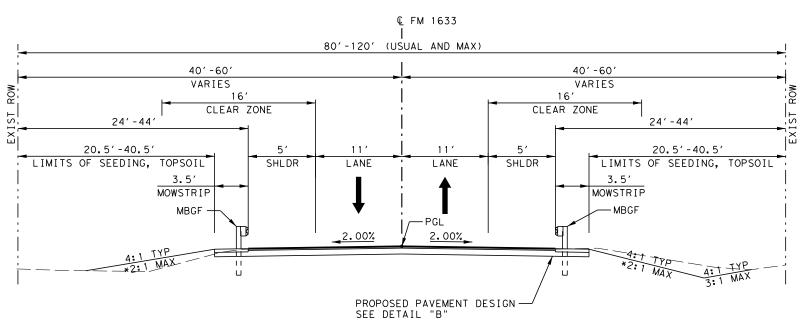
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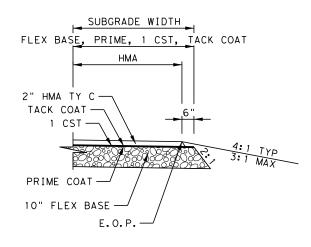


FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

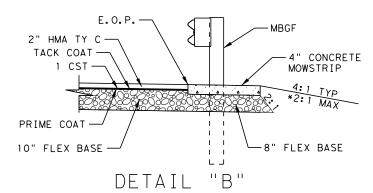
STA 208+50.00 TO STA 208+67.38 STA 217+04.34 TO STA 218+00.00



FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION (NTS) STA 208+67.38 TO STA 211+27.26 STA 215+17.26 TO STA 217+04.34



DETAIL "A"



* SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 WILL REQUIRE STONE RIPRAP FOR GLOBAL STABILITY.



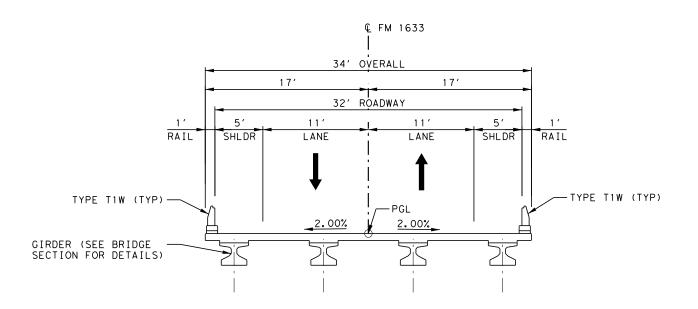
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FM 1245 & FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

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STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE		
CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY NO		
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PROPOSED BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION (NTS)

STA 211+27.26 TO STA 215+17.26



5/12/2021



Texas Department of Transportation

18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

FM 1245 & FM 1633 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET TEXAS WACO LIMESTONE SECT JOB HIGHWAY NO

O3 033, ETC. FM 1245, ETC.

008 FM 1633 PROP TYP SECT.dgn

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

BASIS OF ESTIMATE TABLES

Table 1: Basis of Estimate for Erosion Control Items								
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities				
	FERTILIZER							
*400	FERTILIZER (20-10-10)	300 LBS / AC	2.08 AC	0.3 Ton				
*166	(PERMANENT)							
	FERTILIZER (20-10-10)	300 LBS / AC	2.08 AC	0.3 Ton				
	(TEMPORARY)							
	VEGETATIVE WATERING							
	(3 Applications - Perm)	13,100 GAL/AC/APP	2.08 AC	82.5 MG				
168	(3 APPLICATIONS - TEMP)	13,100 GAL/AC/APP	2.08 AC	82.5 MG				

^{*} For Contractor's Information Only

Table	Table 2: Basis of Estimate for Base Work						
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities			
	FLEXIBLE BASE						
247	(Ty D Gr 1-2 Fnal Pos)	138 LB/CF	32,481 CF	1,203 CY *83ToN			
	PRIME COAT						
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR AE-P)	0.20 GAL / SY	3,765 SY	753 GAL			

Table 3	able 3: Basis of Estimate for Seal Coats						
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities			
	SEAL COAT						
	FIRST COURSE						
	ASPH (CRS-2)	0.45 GAL / SY	3,767 SY	1,695 GAL			
316	AGGR (TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	1 CY / 135 SY	3,767 SY	29 CY			

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

Table 4: Basis of Estimate for Asphalt Pavements							
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities			
	DENSE-GRADED HOT MIX ASPHALT						
	Ty-C PG 64-22	220 LB / SY / IN	3,739 SY	412 TON			
3076	TACK COAT	0.25 GAL/SY	3,767 SY	942 GAL			

GENERAL

The construction, operation and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans are 0.93 and 1.24 acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set forth in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

There is a high probability that an environmentally sensitive area could be encountered on the contractor designated Project-Specific Locations (PSL) for this project (haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow pits, disposal sites, field offices, storage areas, parking areas, etc.). Item 7.6 "Project-Specific Locations", provides a listing of regulatory agencies that may need to be contacted regarding this project.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the Waco District at the following address:

Bill Compton - <u>Wacoprebid@txdot.gov</u>, 254-867-2707, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - <u>Wacoprebid@txdot.gov</u>, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Or Via phone or in person to the following individual(s):
Area Engineer's: Josh Voiles – <u>josh.voiles@txdot.gov</u>, 254-582-5432
Assistant Area Engineer's: Anel Rivera Rosado – anel.riverarosado@txdot.gov, 254-582-5432

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20 Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Paper copies of cross-sections may be produced by using the provided .pdf file located on the above FTP Website at the bidders' expense and at copying companies. This data is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the enclosed data with appropriate plans, specifications and estimate for the project(s).

GENERAL NOTES

ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK

Submit all fabrication and shop drawings per TxDOT's online shop drawing submittal system and copy the Area Engineer on the email submittal, unless otherwise directed.

Where a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is shown in the plans, Contractor may submit a precast concrete alternate in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at:

https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-

contractors/publications/bridge.html#design.

Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the use of alternates.

Prior to beginning work in the area of existing utilities, the contractor will consult with the utility companies for exact locations to prevent any damage or interference with present facilities. This action will in no way be interpreted as relieving the contractor of his responsibilities, under the terms of the contract and as set out in the plans and specifications. The contractor will repair any damage caused by his operations, at his own expense and will restore facilities to service in a timely manner.

ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

This project has existing bridges with surface coatings which contain hazardous constituent which is lead paint. Contractor is responsible for the health and safety of his employees and compliance with all OSHA standards and regulations.

Mixing of materials, storing of materials, storing of equipment, or repairing of equipment on top of bridge decks will not be permitted unless specifically authorized. Permission will be granted to

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9A

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

store materials on surfaces if, in the opinion of the Engineer, no damage or discoloration will result.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If utilizing private property for waste disposal sites, field office sites, equipment storage sites or for any other purpose involved with this project, provide to the Engineer written proof of the property owner's approval of the use of this property. This proof may be in the form of a letter or agreement signed by the property owner or other documents acceptable to the Engineer.

Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. However, the contractor's employees may park on the right of way at the sites where the contractor has his office, equipment and materials storage yard.

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks. Orange fencing will not be paid for but will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

Meet bi-weekly or at intervals as agreed upon with the engineer to notify him or her of planned work for the upcoming 3-week period.

For this project, provide a Bar Chart progress schedule.

ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY

The limits of preparing right of way will be measured at the following locations:

FM 1245 From Sta. 522+70.00 to Sta. 529+00.00 FM 1633 From Sta. 208+50.00 to Sta. 218+00.00 along the centerline of construction.

Remove the existing roadway delineators and object markers within the project limits listed above, or as directed, during construction within the right of way. Delineator and object marker removals are subsidiary to this Item.

The removal of trees and vegetation will be subsidiary to Item 100, "Preparing Right Of Way". Contractor will preserve all trees designated for preservation by whatever means necessary.

The removal of any existing fence will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the bid Item 100, "Preparing Right Of Way".

All trees and brush removed each day will be disposed of within the same day of removal unless otherwise approved. If removed vegetation is burned, ashes from burned vegetation will not be placed or allowed to be transported by storm water into any stream. Burn locations, if approved, will be no closer than 300 feet from a stream. Earth berms must be used around burn areas to keep ash in place.

Prior to starting bridge removals, the Contractor will remove all driftwood and all public trash and dumped materials within the stream channel and property boundaries, with all work and disposal being subsidiary to Item 100, "Preparing Right Of Way" and /or Item 496 "Removing Structures".

The existing stone riprap in the channel shall remain in place except as needed for the Contractor to perform work such as building abutments, placing drilled shafts, form work for bent construction, etc. The removal of the stone riprap will be considered subsidiary to Item 100, "Preparing Right Of Way".

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9B

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

ITEMS 105: REMOVING TREATED AND UNTREATED BASE AND ASPHALT PAVEMENT

Saw existing asphalt along neat lines where portions are to be left in place temporarily or permanently. Sawing is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this item.

Take possession of recycled asphalt pavement from the project and recycle the material.

Properly dispose of unsalvageable material at Contractor's expense.

Remove the loose material from the roadway before opening to traffic.

ITEM 110: EXCAVATION

In a cut section, when soils are encountered at subgrade depths that are unstable and are deemed unsuitable by the Engineer, undercut this material for a minimum depth of one (1.0) foot below the maximum depth as determined and replace with a material having a plasticity index less than 25 and a liquid limit of less than 50.

ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT

Excavation and embankment for driveways will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to these items.

In those cases where fixed features require, the governing slopes indicated herein and on the cross sections may be varied between the limits and to the extent determined.

ITEM 132: EMBANKMENT

The Ty C embankment material for this project must meet the following requirements:

Properties	Test Method	Specification Limits
LIQUID LIMITS	TEX-104-E	≤ 50
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	TEX-106-E	10 ≤ PI ≤ 25

Excavated material from the project site has not been determined to be suitable for embankment. The bidder assumes all risk for the use of excavated materials for embankment and is expected to meet all material requirements for embankment regardless of the source.

Perform Tex-106-E (Plasticity Index) by an approved laboratory on excavated soils from sources outside right of way when used in roadway embankment. Provide the test results at no expense to the department. The engineer will sample and test soils produced by the construction project for specification requirements or material sources specified in the plans.

Type C Embankment will consist of suitable earthen material such as rock, loam, clay or other materials that will form a stable embankment. In addition, the top two (2) feet of embankment, including material used to complete front slopes after final surfacing will meet the physical requirements listed herein. Shale will not be allowed

GENERAL NOTES SHEET E GENERAL NOTES SHEET F

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

ITEM 160: TOPSOIL

Salvage the existing topsoil from the cut/fill areas. Topsoil not stored in small windrows will be stockpiled in locations with heights no greater than four (4) feet and dumped loose from Contractor equipment. The Contractor will minimize topsoil compaction and limit equipment being driven over stockpiled topsoil.

Additional Topsoil will come from approved sources outside of the ROW. Topsoil must come from a location within six (6) inches of the natural ground surface to ensure it contains nutrients and is not sterile soil. Off ROW top soil will contain a minimum organic content of three & one-half (3.5%) percent, based on soil test results.

ITEM 164: SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

Temporary seeding mixtures (cool and warm) will also include three (3) lbs of Bermuda grass seed per acre, with all seeds being planted concurrently.

Contractor will mow or disc wheat and or oats in spring prior to vegetation going to seed.

Permanent seed mixes for both urban and rural projects including sand or clay soils in the Waco District will be bid and installed to include a minimum of one & one-half (1.5) pounds per acre Green Sprangletop seed and four (4) pounds per acre Bermudagrass seed, with other seed types also being included and quantities remaining unchanged.

ITEM 169: SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS

Hydraulically apply Flexterra FGM, CocoFlex ET-FGM, Earth Guard or other spray applied soil retention as approved by the Engineer for erosion control on the specified slopes or areas in the construction plan. Apply as required per manufacturer's recommendations.

Use Tables under Item 164 to determine type of seeds to be used. Water for application, seeding, labor, equipment, tools, supplies, materials, fertilizer and incidentals will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item.

ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE

Construct uniform layer thickness of 6 inches, or less with the required density and moisture content.

Minimum PI is equal to three (3) for all grades, or a minimum Bar Linear Shrinkage of 2%.

RAP may not be incorporated into Flexbase Material

ITEM 310: PRIME COAT

When cutback asphalt is used, a minimum curing time of seven (7) days will be required before application of Item 316, "Seal Coat", unless otherwise approved in writing.

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9C

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

ITEM 316: SEAL COAT

No AC or Emulsion for surface treatment items will be placed between September 15 and May 1 unless approved in writing.

ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

The use of windrow pick-up equipment is allowed except on the first course of roadway material placed over the subgrade.

ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL OF STRUCTURES

Aggregate for cement stabilized backfill will be coarse aggregates, GRADE 3, 4 or 5 and fine aggregate, as shown in Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete". The ratio of course aggregate to sand should not contain more than sixty percent (60%) sand unless otherwise approved.

CLASS B bedding is required if rock is encountered.

ITEM 416: DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATIONS

Provide a minimum of one core per bent, regardless of placement method.

Soil from foundation drilling will be removed immediately from the stream channel area to higher ground above the Ordinary High Water Marks. No earth drill spoil material will be deposited into water of a stream. If used, drilling mud will not be allowed to enter into any stream.

ITEM 420 CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES

Form columns to a point a minimum of one foot below the proposed future or existing bottom of channel elevation indicated on the bridge layouts by an acceptable method. This form work is not paid for directly, but is considered subsidiary to this item.

BENT NUMBERING:

For bridges with four or more spans, number every third bent (counting the abutments) on the upstation and down-station faces of the outside column(s) at approximately the mid height of the column. For structures with three columns or less per bent, place numbers on column A. Where there are four or more columns per bent, place numbers on both outside columns. Bent numbers shall be as shown on the bridge layout.

Provide block numbers with a height of 6". Place numbers using appropriate die cut stencils and black paint. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing bent numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET G GENERAL NOTES SHEET H

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

NATIONAL BRIDGE INVENTORY NUMBERS:

Provide \underline{N} ational \underline{B} ridge \underline{I} nventory (NBI) numbers on all bridge structures and bridge class culverts.

Where beam types allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment backwall using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers between the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

Where beam types do not allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment cap using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

Where a bridge begins, ends or contains a bent common to multiple structures, place NBI numbers on both faces near both ends of the common bent cap. The number placed at each of the four locations will correspond to the NBI number assigned to the bridge immediately above the number. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beam. Place using 3" Block Numbers.

For all conditions, use appropriate die cut stencils and black paint for placement. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing NBI numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

Reduce headwall heights, if necessary, to provide a maximum of three (3) inches projection above the roadway slope. No increase or decrease will be made in plan quantities of concrete or reinforcing steel for this work.

All construction products used to construct concrete structures and bridges including but not limited to plastics, Styrofoam, grease, glues, caulking, adhesives, solvents, paints, cleaning agents and rubber will be handled in a manner that the construction products or empty containers/tubes will not be allowed into any stream. Construction debris developed from the cutting, grinding or sizing of solid construction products including plastics and Styrofoam will not be allowed on the ground or to blow into a stream.

Concrete curing compounds will not be applied in a manner that the chemical will be spilled, dripped or be discharged into streams. Containers and rags used during application of curing compound will be properly disposed of off project. Do not store curing compound containers and drums on TxDOT ROW.

Ensure steel forms are free of rust immediately prior to placing concrete.

ITEM 421: HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

Furnish mix designs to the Engineer in a format compatible to the latest version of the Department's Construction Management System (Site Manager). Mix Design templates will be provided by the Engineer.

Provide High Performance Concrete (HPC) of the class specified for the following bridge components: abutments, bent caps, and columns.

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9D

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

Provide sulfate resistant concrete for all drilled shafts.

Supply the Engineer with a list of certified personnel and copies of their current ACI certificates before beginning production and when personnel changes are made. Supply hard copies of calibration reports for testing equipment when required by the Engineer.

ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE

Provide bridge structures with a Surface Area II, rub finish.

ITEM 432: RIPRAP

Locations and quantities may be varied as directed to accommodate field conditions.

The sodium sulfate soundness requirement for material used in rock riprap is waived for this project.

ITEM 440: REINFORCEMENT FOR CONCRETE

Prior to concrete placement, all dried mortar and splashed concrete, in addition to any other contaminates, will be removed from all steel reinforcement.

Fiber Reinforced Concrete (FRC) can be used as a substitute for Non-Structural Class Reinforced Concrete in Mow-Strip and Rip Rap Items. FRC may also be used for other Non-Structural Class Reinforced Concrete Items as approved.

ITEMS 450: RAILING

Blast clean all railing installed as part of the project in accordance with Item 427, "Surface Finishes for Concrete", prior to final acceptance of the project. This work will be considered subsidiary to Items 450, "Railing".

Ensure slip formed barrier and cast-in-place barrier will be uniform in color and texture.

ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES

Submit to the Engineer for approval a detailed plan for bridge removal including methods, equipment and sequencing.

The Contractor will make every attempt to prevent debris and rubble from falling into the stream during the removal of the bridge. If any debris or rubble should fall into the stream it will be removed as soon as possible. Relocate large pieces of any demolished bridge structure or culvert to the high bank and outside of the Ordinary High Water Marks before processing into smaller pieces. Concrete fines will be minimized from entering a stream.

The Contractor must comply with any notification(s) dates made by TxDOT to the Texas Department of Health, for asbestos abatement and bridge demolitions.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET I GENERAL NOTES SHEET J

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Access will be provided to all business and residences at all times. Where turning radii are limited during phased construction at intersections, provide all weather surfaces such as RAP or base in turning movements to accommodate and to protect the traffic from edge drop-offs. Materials, labor, maintenance and removal for these temporary accesses and radii will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers entering the highway from driveways or side streets.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Take all practicable precautions to prevent debris from being discharged into the Waters of Texas or a designated wetland. Install Best Management Practices before demolition begins and maintain them during the demolition. Remove any debris or construction material that escapes containment devices and are discharged into the restricted areas, before the next rain event or within 24 hours of the discharge.

If temporary construction stream crossings are allowed under a Nationwide Permit, submit in writing for approval the type and location of each temporary stream crossing. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for temporary stream crossings. A temporary culvert crossing will consist of storm sewer pipes and 4- to 8-inch nominal size rock. Temporary stream crossings must not cause more than minimal changes to the hydraulic flow characteristics of the stream, increase flooding, or cause more than minimal degradation of water quality. Remove the temporary stream crossings in their entirety and return

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9E

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the affected areas to their pre-existing elevation. All work and materials use for temporary construction stream crossings will not be paid for directly but are subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Provide SW3P Signs. Obtain from the Engineer a copy of the project's completed TPDES Storm Water Program Construction Site Notice and Contractor Site Notice. Laminate the sheets and bond with adhesive to 36" X 36" sign blanks. Ensure the sheets remain dry. Apply Type C Blue reflective sheeting as the background and add the text "SW3P" in 5" white lettering, centered at the top. Attach the signs to approved temporary mounts and locate at each of the project limits just inside the right of way line at a readable height or as directed by the Engineer. If the sign cannot be placed outside the clear zone, it must adhere to the TMUTCD. SW3P signs, maintenance, and reposting (for replacement or as needed to ensure readability) will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Leave all right of way areas undisturbed until actual construction is to be performed in said areas.

No soil disturbing activities will begin on any section of TxDOT ROW without adequate sedimentation controls first being installed and functioning at adjacent drainage outfalls. Begin and continuously prosecute the repairs, additions and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation control devices within seven days after the Contractor receives each Form 2118, Field Inspection and Maintenance Report, from the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to fulfill either of the above requirements places TxDOT in potential non-compliance with permit requirements and may result in withholding estimates or stopping work or both until all environmental permit requirements are fulfilled.

Concrete Washouts are required per the CGP. The Concrete Washout Area(s) structural controls must consist of temporary berms, temporary shallow pits, and/or temporary storage tanks to prevent contaminated runoff and must be lined as to prevent contamination of underlying soil. Ensure pits properly maintained including removal of concrete as not to allow over flow. The location(s) of washout area will be approved by the Engineer. When washout pits are no longer needed, they will be removed and area will be restored to original condition. This work, materials and labor will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls."

Cleaning and sweeping of open roadways due to material spillage or loss from Contractor equipment or tires will be the responsibility of the Contractor at no cost to TxDOT. This work will not be charged as Item 738, "Cleaning and Sweeping Highways". Cleaning and sweeping of roadways will be completed as directed, including multiple times per day if necessary, to maintain acceptable roadways for the traveling public and to meet environmental regulations. Construction activities will cease when material deposited on the roadway is not properly removed or when equipment is not available as needed. Adequate construction exits will be planned, constructed and maintained by the Contractor per Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls".

ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish one type of post throughout the project except as specifically noted in the plans.

Wooden block outs will not be allowed.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET K GENERAL NOTES SHEET L

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

ITEMS 542 & 544: REMOVING METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE & GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

W-Beam elements, steel posts and composite material blockouts will become the property of the contractor.

ITEM 544: GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

The use of wooden block-outs will not be allowed.

ITEM 585: RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Use Surface Test Type A on all intersections and driveways.

Use Surface Test Type B pay adjustment schedule 3 on the travel lanes.

Milling will not be allowed as a corrective action for excessive deviations in the surface layer.

ITEM 636: SIGNS

Verify all dimensions at the actual proposed sign location in order to maintain dimensions as shown on the Sign Mounting Details.

ITEM 644: SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES

Bolt Clamp type will be used on Texas Triangular Slip Base System.

Do not leave any sign foundation holes open overnight. Ensure all holes drilled are at least the minimum required depth with no loose material remaining in the hole.

Stake proposed sign locations and receive approval before installation of sign foundations.

Expanded foam foundations are not permitted.

Cut the bottom of all posts square.

For sign types which design details are not shown on these plans, fabricate according to the "STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS".

Removed material that is deemed salvageable (signs and posts) will be the property of TxDOT. Deliver salvageable material to the TxDOT Maintenance Office. Remove unsalvageable material.

ITEM 658: DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER ASSEMBLIES

All flexible and GF2 delineators will have a tubular body.

COUNTY: LIMESTONE SHEET 9F

HIGHWAY: FM 1245, ETC. CSJ: 1191-03-033, ETC.

The delineator assembly BRF Class A (D-SW) and (D-SY) are to be single delineators (Class I) attached to a flat, plastic bracket to facilitate the mounting of the delineator on top of the bridge rail at the locations shown on the plans. Submit a sample for approval before ordering materials.

ITEM 666: RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

The Contractor will layout the proposed striping in accordance with TxDOT Traffic Control Plan Standards and latest version Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD) and project striping layout sheets. The Engineer will verify proposed striping layout prior to the beginning of striping operations.

The Contractor will locate the beginning and ending points of No Pass Zones.

ITEM 3076: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Design for a target Laboratory-molded density of 97.0% when using the Texas Gyratory Compactor (TGC) (Tex-204-F, Part I).

Use aggregate that meets the Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) requirement of Class B.

Maximum stripping of 0% is required.

RAP from Contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated.

ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

This project will require "full matrix" type portable changeable message signs.

Ensure that the Contractor's Responsible Person for traffic control can revise messages within thirty (30) minutes of notification.

Furnish two (4) portable changeable message signs. The portable changeable message sign(s) will be used for all roadway closures as shown on the traffic control plan standard sheets.

Supply portable changeable message sign(s) in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan standard sheets and Article 6f.55 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways Part VI.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET M GENERAL NOTES SHEET N



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 1191-03-033

DISTRICT Waco **HIGHWAY** FM 1245, FM 1633

COUNTY Limestone

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	1191-03	-033	1664-01	-021		
	PROJECT ID		A00131	.376	A00131	.377			
		(OUNTY	Limest	one	Limest	one	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		н	GHWAY	′ FM 1245		FM 1633			FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	1	
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	6.300		9.500		15.800	
	104-6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY			559.000		559.000	
	104-6017	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SY			83.000		83.000	
	104-6054	REMOVING CONCRETE(MOW STRIP)	LF	820.000		1,045.000		1,865.000	
	105-6014	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (7"-12")	SY	1,691.000		1,819.000		3,510.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	298.000		409.000		707.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	60.000		100.000		160.000	
	132-6006	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	CY	690.000		723.000		1,413.000	
	160-6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	4,488.000		5,577.000		10,065.000	
	164-6003	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	4,488.000		5,577.000		10,065.000	
	164-6071	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	SY	4,488.000		5,577.000		10,065.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	74.000		91.000		165.000	
	169-6003	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY C)	SY	245.000		1,287.000		1,532.000	
	247-6053	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYD GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	574.000		629.000		1,203.000	
	310-6027	PRIME COAT(MC-30 OR AE-P)	GAL	354.000		399.000		753.000	
	316-6022	ASPH (CRS-2)	GAL	797.000		898.000		1,695.000	
	316-6397	AGGR(TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	CY	14.000		15.000		29.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	112.000		212.000		324.000	
	416-6001	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	LF			140.000		140.000	
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	721.000		592.000		1,313.000	
	420-6011	CL B CONC (FLUME)	CY	5.400		9.400		14.800	
	420-6014	CL C CONC (ABUT)(HPC)	CY	37.800		64.300		102.100	
	420-6030	CL C CONC (CAP)(HPC)	CY	30.600		62.900		93.500	
	420-6038	CL C CONC (COLUMN)(HPC)	CY	15.000		40.900		55.900	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	4,590.000		13,260.000		17,850.000	
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	51.400		62.300		113.700	
	425-6020	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5XB20)	LF	534.000				534.000	
	425-6039	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54)	LF			1,550.000		1,550.000	
	432-6031	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	CY	224.000		887.000		1,111.000	
	432-6035	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24 IN)	CY	720.000		1,501.000		2,221.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	40.000		42.000		82.000	
	450-6003	RAIL (TY T1W)	LF			856.000		856.000	
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	310.000				310.000	
	454-6018	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	LF	66.000		102.000		168.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000				1.000	
	496-6010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	26.00%		74.00%		100.00%	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Limestone	1191-03-033	10



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 1191-03-033

DISTRICT Waco **HIGHWAY** FM 1245, FM 1633

COUNTY Limestone

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	1191-03	3-033	1664-01	-021		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00131	.376	A00131	.377	1	T074
		C	OUNTY	Limest	one	Limest	one	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 12	45	FM 16	33	1	TINAL
ALT	502-6001 E 506-6002 F 506-6011 F 506-6038 T 506-6039 T 530-6004 E 533-6001 F 533-6002 F 540-6002 M 542-6001 F 542-6004 F 544-6001 G 544-6003 G 644-6004 I 658-6062 I 666-6302 F 666-6302 F 666-6312 F 666-6314 F 666-6315 F 672-6009 F	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	14.000				14.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	48.000		84.000		132.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	48.000		84.000		132.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,369.000		1,876.000		3,245.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,369.000		1,876.000		3,245.000	
	, ,		SY			69.000		69.000	
			LF	710.000		913.000		1,623.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	355.000		456.000		811.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	300.000		350.000		650.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	325.000		550.000		875.000	
	542-6004	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	6.000		22.000		28.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	18.000		17.000		35.000	
	666-6302	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF			1,900.000		1,900.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,260.000				1,260.000	
	666-6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	158.000				158.000	
	666-6314	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF			1,900.000		1,900.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	630.000				630.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	16.000		24.000		40.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	443.000		499.000		942.000	
	3076-6069	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	194.000		218.000		412.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
	A	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Limestone	1191-03-033	10A

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS									
	104	104	104	105	496	496	542	542	544
	6009	6017	6054	6014	6009	6010	6001	6004	6003
LOCATION	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	REMOVING CONCRETE (MOW STRIP)	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (7"-12")	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	LF	SY	EA	EA	LF	EA	EA
FM 1245 REMOVAL PLAN 1 OF 2	0	0	820	1691	1	0	325	4	4
FM 1633 REMOVAL PLAN 2 OF 2	559	83	1045	1819	0	1	550	4	4
PROJECT TOTALS	559	83	1865	3510	1	1	875	8	8

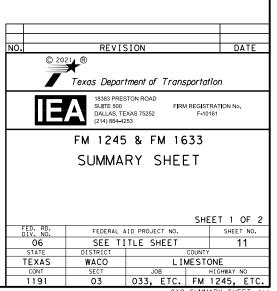
SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTE	ROL ITEMS
	6001
LOCATION	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN
	EA
FM 1245 TCP	2
FM 1633 TCP	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN EA 2 2
PROJECT TOTALS	4

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY IT	EMS															
	100 6002	110 6001	110 6002	132 6006	247 6053	310 6027	316 6022	316 6397	432 6031	432 6045	530 6004	540 6002	540 6006	544 6001	3076 6066	3076 6069
	6002	6001	6002	0000	0000	6027	0022	6397	6031	6045	6004	6002	6006	6001	0000	6009
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYD GR1-2)(FNAL POS)		ASPH (CRS-2)	AGGR(TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	DRIVEWAYS	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	TEN TRANS	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	TACK COAT	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)
	STA	CY	CY	CY	CY	GAL	GAL	CY	CY	CY	SY	LF	EA	EA	GAL	TON
FM 1245 P&P SHEET 1 OF 2	6.3	298	60	690	574	354	797	14	224	40	0	300	4	4	443	194
FM 1633 P&P SHEET 2 OF 2	9.5	409	100	723	629	399	898	15	887	42	69	350	4	4	499	218
PROJECT TOTALS	15.8	707	160	1413	1,203	753	1,695	29	1,111	82	69	650	8	8	942	412

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING	ITEMS					
	533 6001	533 6002	666 6303	666 6312	666 6315	672 6009
LOCATION	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA
FM 1245 PAVEMENT MARKINGS	710	355	1260	158	630	16
FM 1633 PAVEMENT MARKINGS	913	456	1900	0	1900	24
PROJECT TOTALS	1,623	811	3160	158	2530	40

SUMMARY OF SIGNING ITEMS				
	644	644	658	658
	6004	6076	6062	6014
LOCATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)
	EA	EA	EA	EA
FM 1245 SIGNING	2	2	18	6
FM 1633 SIGNING	2	2	17	22
PROJECT TOTALS	4	4	35	28

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL I	TEMS								
	160	164	164	168	169	506	506	506	506
	6003	6003	6071	6001	6003	6002	6011	6038	6039
LOCATION	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY C)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDM CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	MG	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF
FM 1245									
SHEET 1 OF 2: BEGIN TO 525+65	2,136	2,136	2,136	35.0	0	12	12	656	656
SHEET 2 OF 2: 525+65 TO END	2,352	2,352	2,352	39.0	245	36	36	713	713
FM 1245 SUBTOTAL	4,488	4,488	4,488	74.0	245	48	48	1,369	1,369
FM 1633				•					
SHEET 1 OF 2: BEGIN TO 213+00	2,516	2,516	2,516	41.0	961	36	36	913	913
SHEET 2 OF 2: 213+00 TO END	3,061	3,061	3,061	50.0	326	48	48	963	963
FM 1633 SUBTOTAL	5,577	5,577	5,577	91.0	1,287	84	84	1,876	1,876
PROJECT TOTALS	10,065	10,065	10,065	165.0	1,532	132	132	3,245	3,245



SUMMARY OF BRIDGE I	TEMS														
	400	416	416	420	420	420	420	422	422	425	425	432	450	450	454
	6005	6001	6004	6011	6014	6030	6038	6001	6015	6020	6039	6035	6003	6006	6018
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)		CL C CONC (ABUT)(HPC)	CL C CONC (CAP)(HPC)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)(HPC)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5XB20)	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24 IN)	RAIL (TY T1W)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN)(SEJ-M)
	CY	LF	LF	CY	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	CY	LF	LF	LF
FM 1245 BRIDGE	112	0	721	5.4	37.8	30.6	15.0	4590	51.4	534	0	720	0	310	66
FM 1633 BRIDGE	212	140	592	9.4	64.3	62.9	40.9	13260	62.3	0	1550	1501	856	0	102
PROJECT TOTALS	324	140	1313	14.8	102.1	93.5	55.9	17850	113.7	534	1550	2221	856	310	168



FM 1245 & FM 1633 SUMMARY SHEET

			SHEET 2	OF 2					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.	SHEE	ET NO.					
06	SEE TI		12						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY							
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE							
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO					
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM 1245,	ETC.					

011 SUMMARY SHEET.dgn

			SUMMARY		â ŝ	SM RI) SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	XX (X - XXXX)	25.55-	
PLAN					(TYPE (TYPE	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE		ITING DESIGNATION	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS	
SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM EXAL ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED	DEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	(See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
1	1	I - 3	CHRISTMAS CREEK	36×96		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			
	2	I-3	CHRISTMAS CREEK	36×96		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
2	1	I - 3	NAVASOTA RIVER	36×96		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			Square Feet Minimum Thicknes
	2	I - 3	NAVASOTA RIVER	36×96		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100"
												Greater than 15 0.125"
												The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
												NOTE:
												1. Sign supports shall be located as sign on the plans, except that the Enginemay shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unlead the otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Enginemial verify all sign support location.
												2. For installation of bridge mount classigns, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
												3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadsid Signs General Notes & Details SMD(G
												Texas Department of Transportation
												SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS
												FILE: SUMS16.dgn DN: TXDOT CK:TXDOT DW: TXDOT (C) TXDOT May 1987 CONT SECT JOB REVISIONS 1191 O3 O33,ETC FM DIST COUNTY

VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"=20,000'

SIGNS G20-5T, G20-6T, G20-2, G20-2bT, CW20-1D, R20-3T, R20-5T, G20-9TP, G20-10T AND R20-5aTP WILL BE REQUIRED AT PROJECT LIMITS.

CW20-1D AND G20-2 WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL CROSSROADS.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

CONCURRENT CONSTRUCTION OF FM 1245 (CHRISTMAS CREEK) AND FM 1633 (NAVASOTA RIVER) SHALL NOT BE PERMISSIBLE.

FM 1245 AT CHRISTMAS CREEK IS THE PREFERRED BRIDGE TO BE REPLACED FIRST.

- INSTALL DETOUR ROAD CLOSURE SIGNS AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN IN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AND TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARD DRAWINGS.
- 2) INSTALL SW3P AND BMPs AS SHOWN AND AS DIRECTED.
- 3) SET UP DETOUR SIGNING AND CLOSE ROAD TO TRAFFIC.
- 4) REMOVE EXISTING BRIDGE.
- 5) CONSTRUCT NEW BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.
- 6) INSTALL MBGF, SGTs, SIGNS, DELINEATORS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 7) INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 8) PERFORM PROJECT CLEAN UP AND OTHER WORK AS DIRECTED.
- 9) UPON APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER, REMOVE ALL BARRICADES, TEMPORARY SIGNS AND DETOUR SIGNS.

10) OPEN THE ROAD AND BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC.

REPEAT STEPS 1-10 FOR FM 1633 AT NAVASOTA RIVER.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES:

- 1) INSTALL ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD BC SHEETS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. TEMPORARY SIGNS WILL HAVE PERMANENT MOUNTS AND/OR TEMPORARY BASE(S) AS APPLICABLE. ALL SIGNS SHOWN IN THIS TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ARE A MINIMUM REQUIREMENT OF THE SIGNS TO BE PLACED.
- 2) ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS SUBSIDIARY TO THE ITEM 502, "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".
- 3) ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES WILL CONFORM WITH THE MOST CURRENT VERSION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (TMUTCD) AND WILL BE MAINTAINED AS DIRECTED. ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE FOUND IN THE TMUTCD.
- 4) WORK SITES SHOULD BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO ENSURE THAT TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPERATING EFFECTIVELY AND THAT ALL DEVICES USED ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE. CLEAN AND IN GOOD REPAIR.
- 5) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SAFE ACCESS TO AND FROM ADJACENT PRIVATE PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES AND IN ALL WEATHER CONDITIONS.
- 6) PCMS LOCATIONS ARE TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY WORK COMMENCED AND ARE TO REMAIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER CLOSURE. PCMSs SHALL BE INSTALLED AND WORKING PROPERLY FOR A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS PRIOR TO ANY ROAD CLOSURES OR COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 7) THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COVERING ANY SIGNS IN CONFLICT WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS AND DEVICES.
- 8) THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE TCP SEQUENCE OF OPERATION. COMPLETE ALL WORK ON PROJECT AS SHOWN ON THE VARIOUS PLAN SHEETS AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL NOTES OF THIS CONTRACT.
- 9) ANY REQUEST TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR HIS WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- 10) PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN LOCATIONS ARE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.



NO. REVISION DATE

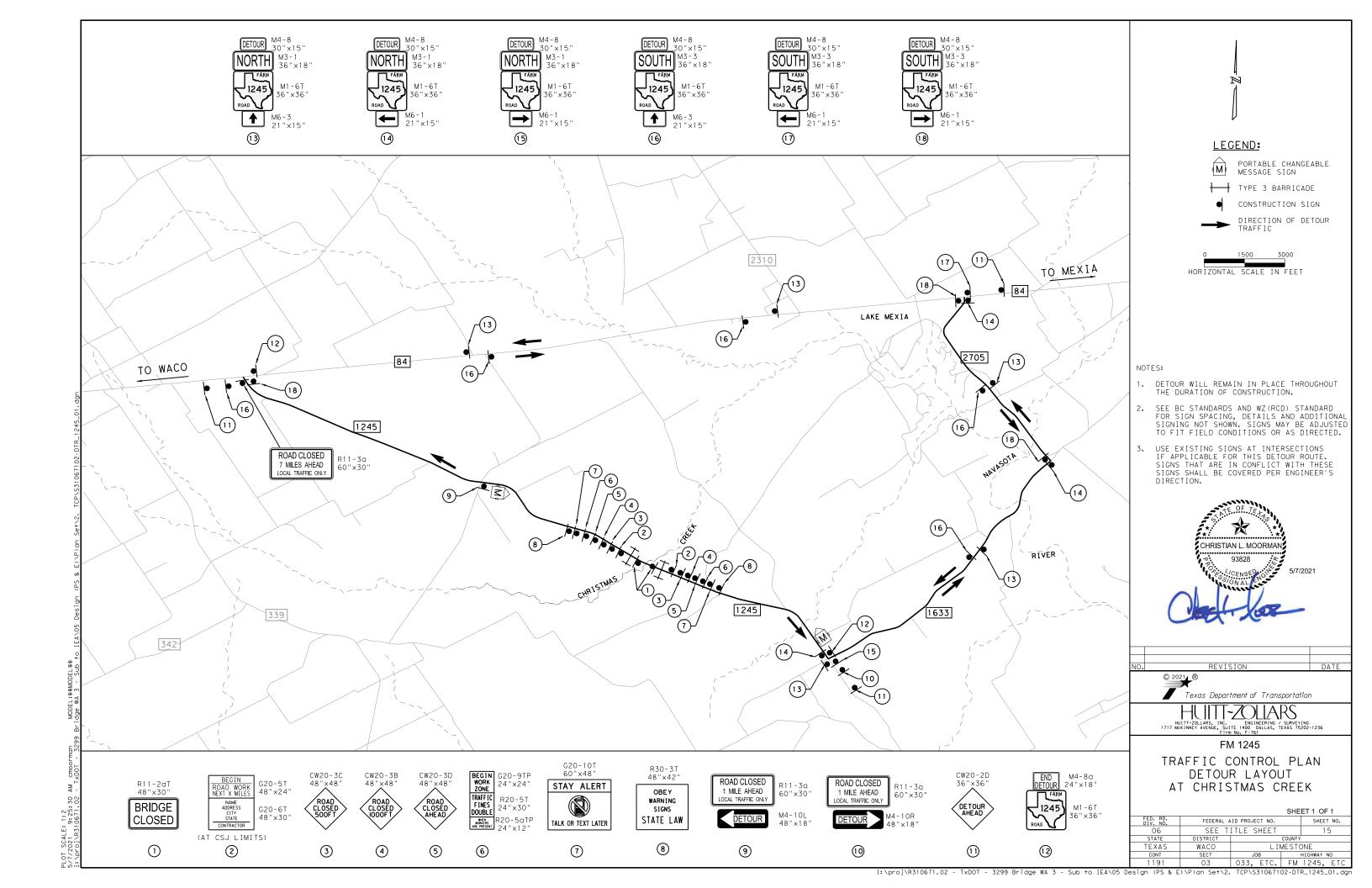
Texas Department of Transportation

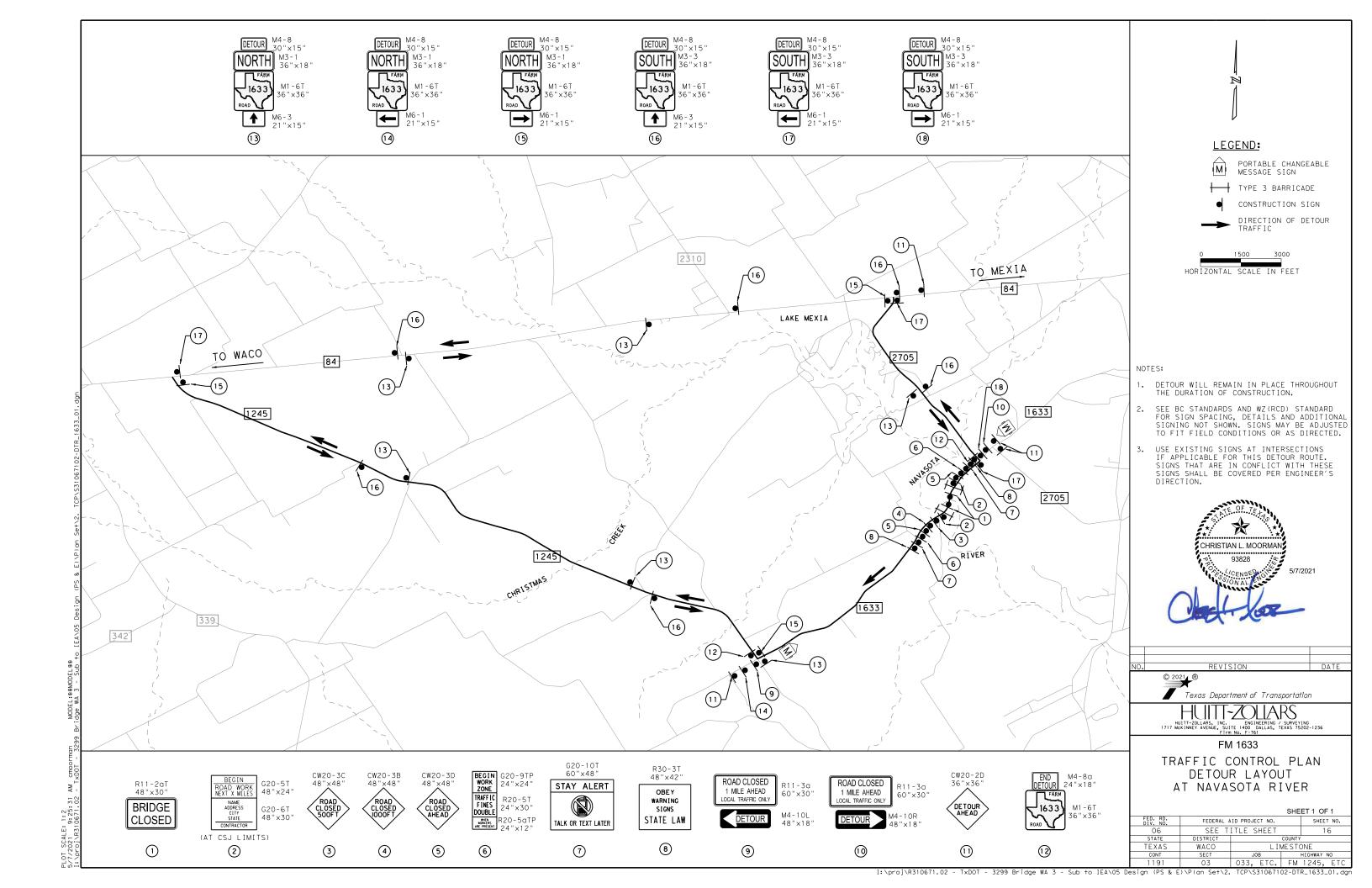
HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. ENGINEERING / SURVEYING
1717 MCKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-1236
FITTIN MCKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-1236

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

SHEET 1 OF 1

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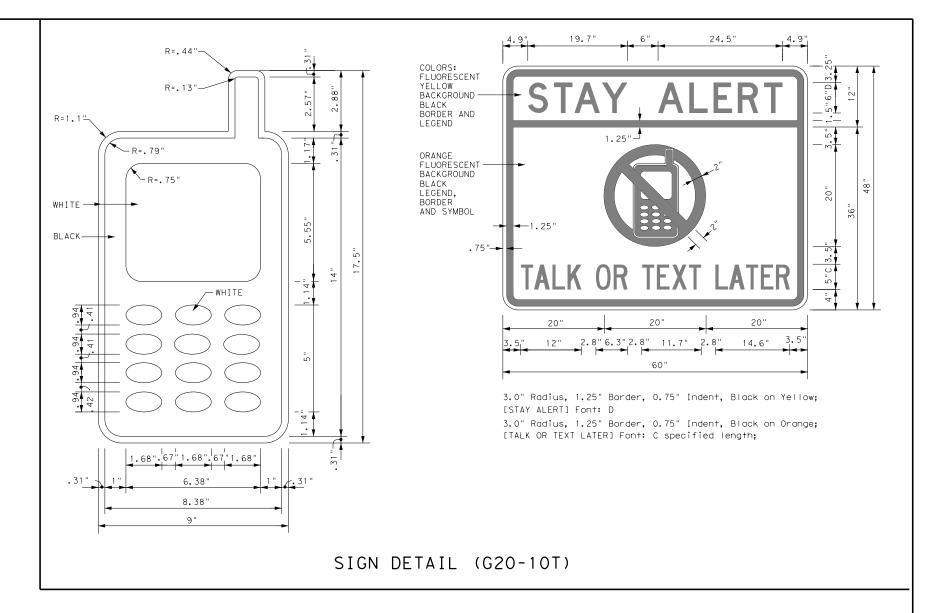
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)'

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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channelizina devices.

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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES END ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ 1000′ -1500′ INTERSECTED 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City \Rightarrow WORK 801 G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP mir ZONE TRAFFI TRAFFI G20-5 R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBL R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" × 36" 48" x 48' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

Δ

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign ¹ Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600 ²	
65	700 2	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

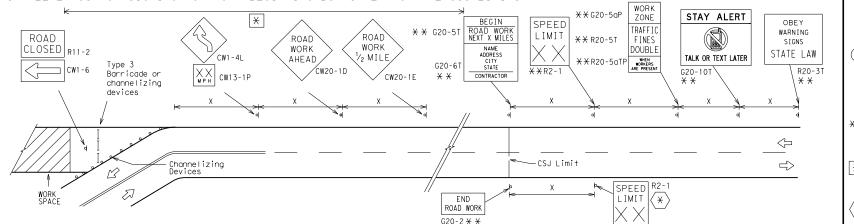
- $_st$ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP X X SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5T* * WORK FINES WARNING $* \times G20-5$ CW1-4L AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS appropriate CW13-1P XX CW20-1D ROAD R20-5aTP X X MORKERS STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER * *R2-ROAD * * G20-6ADDRESS WORK CW20-1D R20-3T* * WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD lхх CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P . CW20-1D channelizina devices \triangleleft $\langle \neg$ $\langle \neg$ \triangleleft \Rightarrow \Rightarrow <u>۰۰۰</u>۰۰ \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED (*)END R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-26T * * line should FND $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location NOTES G20-2 X X within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD" WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- XX Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
	Type 3 Barricade				
000	Channelizing Devices				
•	Sign				
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12



Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

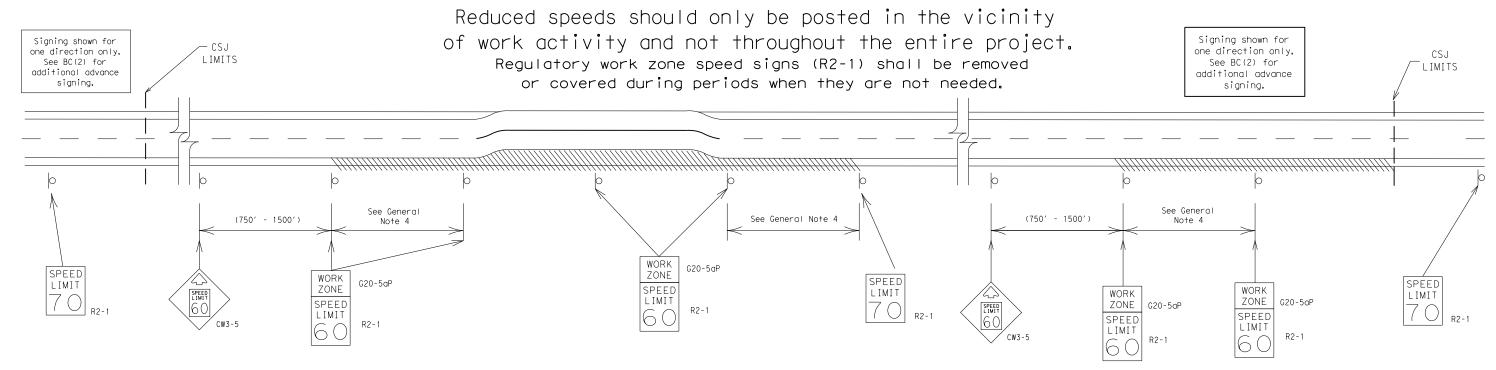
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mountina heiaht.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Division Standard

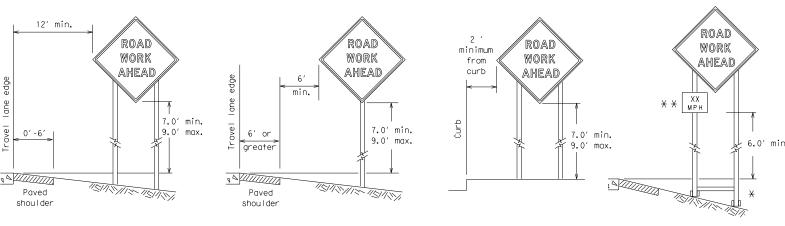
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3) - 14

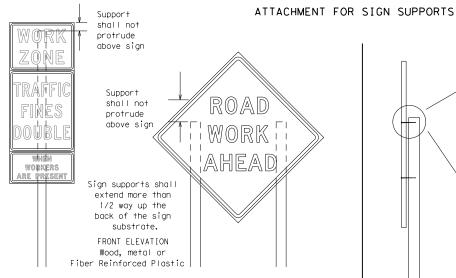
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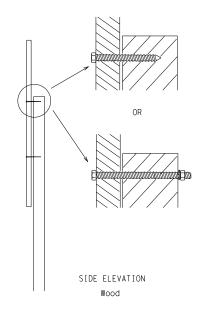
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - \star \star When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

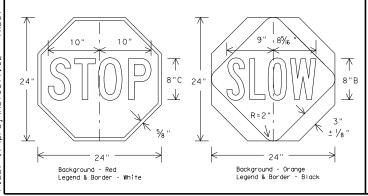


Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
- the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlan shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

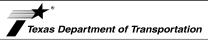
SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



Division Standard

Operation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

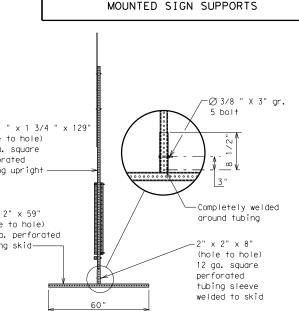
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ng Practice Act". No warranty of any s no responsibility for the conversion mages resulting from its use.

9:25:34



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

Post

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

for embedment.

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - X Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

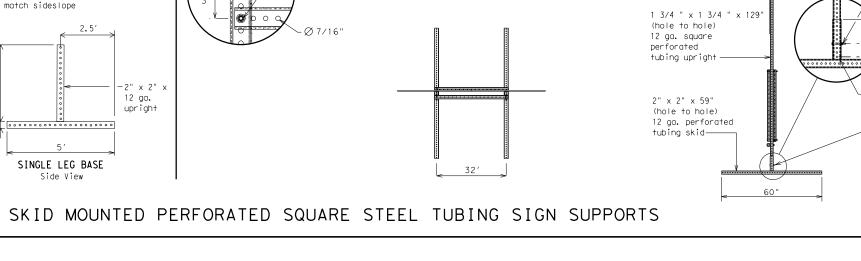


Traffic Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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tubing cross brace

nin at angle

needed to

Welds to start on

going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

opposite sides

-3/8" X 4-1/2 gr.

5 BOLT (TYP.)

9:25:

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency		South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane		Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	UD UDC	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	LWR LEVEL MAINT		1

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condi	tion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT *
XXXXXXX			

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

LANE

ΙN

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Trave List MERGE RIGHT DETOUR NEXT X EXITS USE USE VSE EXIT			Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
		X LINES	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	NEXT	XXXXX	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
	STAY				

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- location phase is used.

SHEET 6 OF 12



X X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

Division Standard

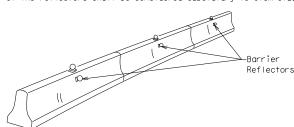
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6) - 14

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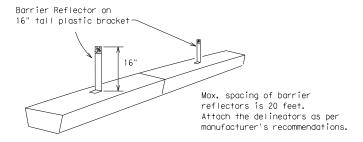
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

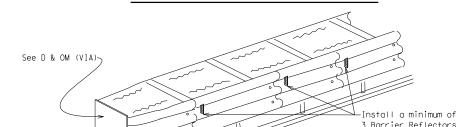


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

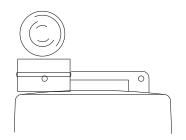
as per manufacturer's

recommendations.

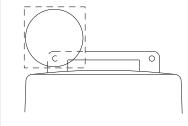
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

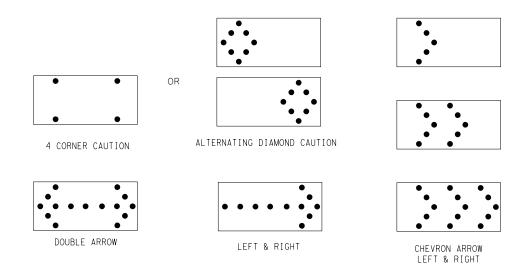
WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

- Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.
- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.
 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 14

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1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

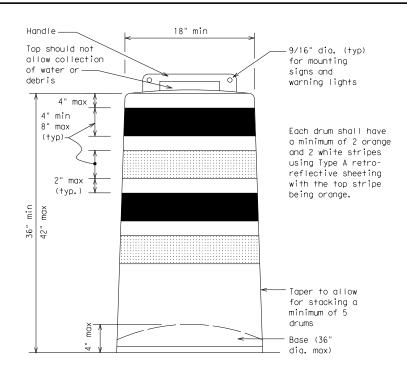
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

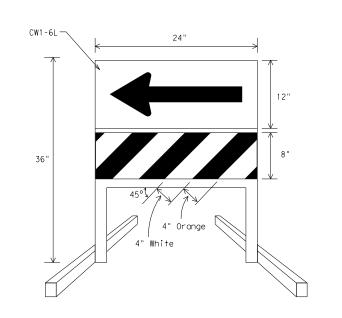
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

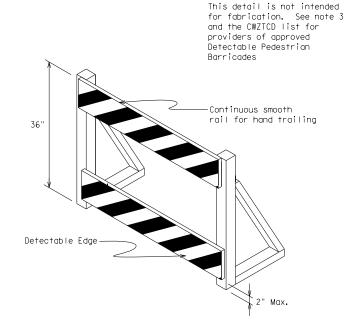




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

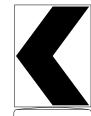
- 1. The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall t detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



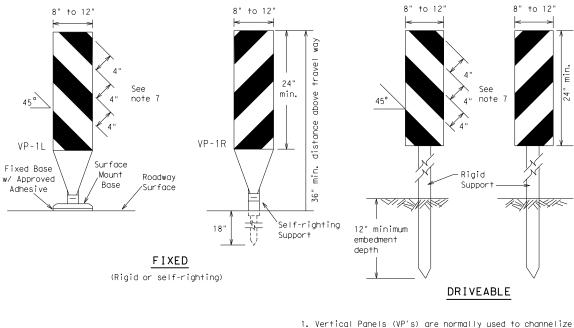
Traffic Operation Division Standard

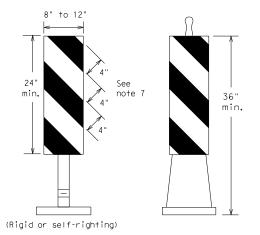
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8) - 14

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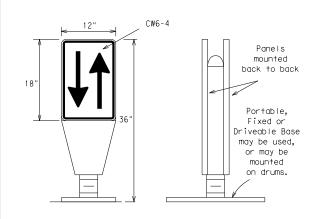




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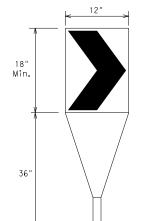
- traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\text{FL}}\,\text{or}$ Type $C_{\text{FL}}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



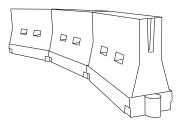
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	le	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset		On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50 °	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′	
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9) - 14

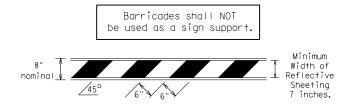
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
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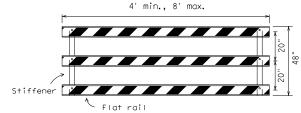
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices Li

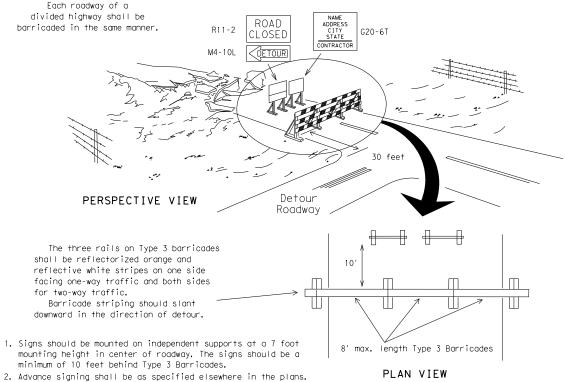
- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



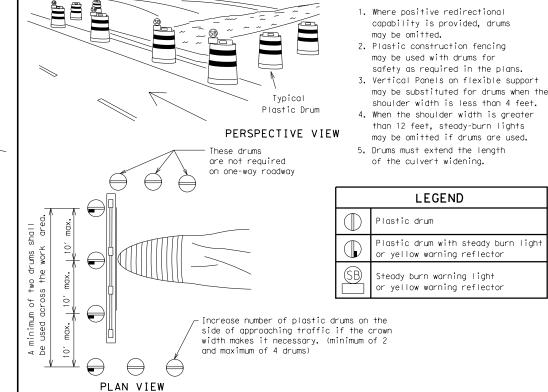
TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



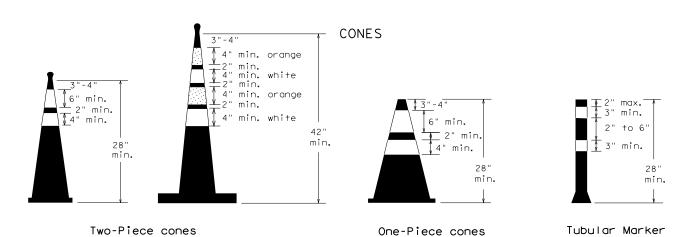
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL
FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of
30 lbs. including base.

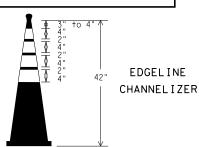
Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. at 50' maximum spacing 50′ Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \triangleleft

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

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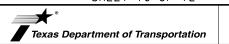
- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Operation Division Standard

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

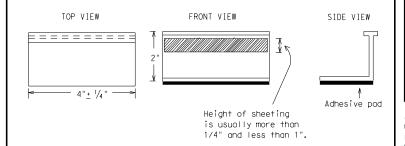
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Fnaineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11) - 14

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-96 9-07 -02 7-13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 0 0/ DOUBLE PAVEMENT _ □ MARKERS NO-PASSING REFLECTOR LZED PAVEMENT LINE MARKINGS Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" NO-PASSING LINE Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTORIZED (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, Type I-C or II-A-A-_ _ RAISED CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A BROKEN (when required) LINES П П П П П П RAISED PAVEMENT AUXILIARY MARKERS Type I-C or II-C-F OR LANEDROP LINE RAISED PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ ± 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-14 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO

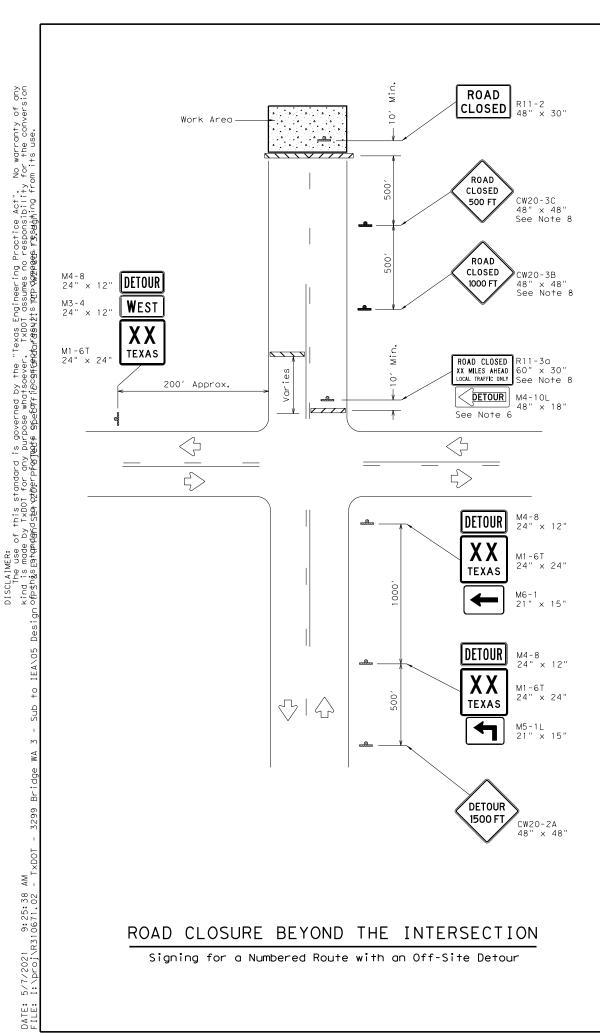
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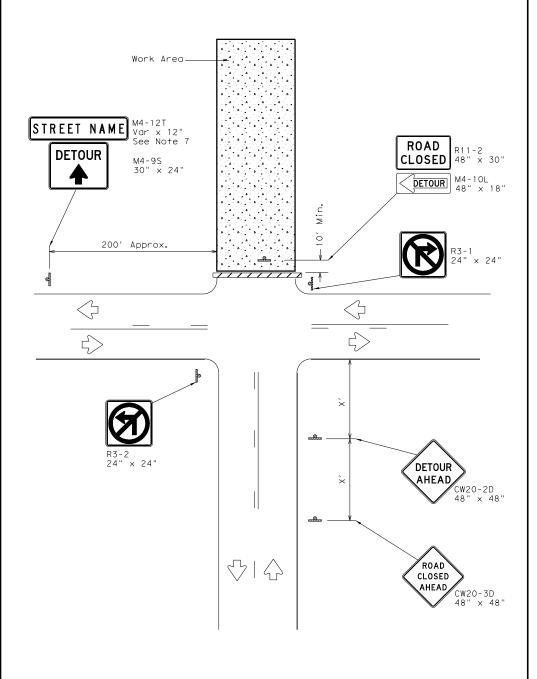
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ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND									
////	Type 3	Barrica	de						
4	Sign								

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

- This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the DPOM standards.
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



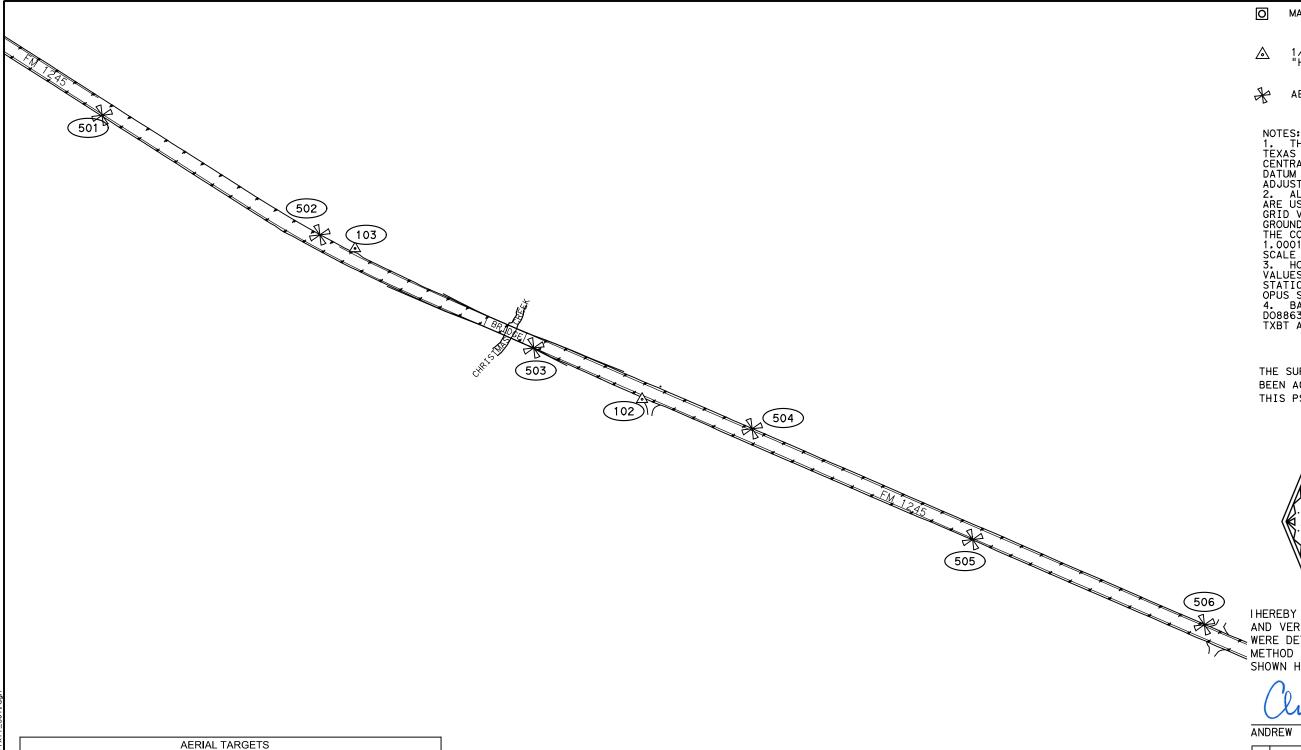
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

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POINT#	NORTHING (Y)	EASTING (X)	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION							
501	10,567,603.4925	3,440,152.4278	483.414	AERIAL TARGET							
502	10,567,354.4080	3,440,605.9849	481.717	AERIAL TARGET							
503	10,567,118.8042	3,441,051.6589	481.402	AERIAL TARGET							
504	10,566,950.4805	3,441,506.4568	480.193	AERIAL TARGET							
505	10,566,719.7725	3,441,965.7469	480.245	AERIAL TARGET							
506	10,566,542.2992	3,442,448.6554	481.717	AERIAL TARGET							
		PRIM	ARY CONTRO	L							
POINT#	NORTHING (Y)	EASTING (X)	ELEVATION		DESCRIPTION						0
102	10,574,181.6524	3,469,737.3792	435.028	MAG NAIL WITH "F	IALFF" WASHER						<u> </u>

434.6661 1/2" IRON ROD WITH RED CAP STAMED "HALFF CNTL"

103

10,573,432.9132 3,469,607.7589

MAG NAIL WITH "HALFF" WASHER

1/2IN-IRON ROD W/ RED CAP STAMPED "HALFF CNTL"

AERIAL TARGET

NOTES:

1. THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) 2011

ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00

2. ALL COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE US SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GROUND (SURFACE) BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012000 (TXDOT LIMESTONE COUNTY SCALE FACTOR).

3. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES WERE ESTABLISHED USING THE STATIC GPS METHOD AND BASED ON NGS OPUS SOLUTIONS.

4. BASE STATIONS USED:

D08863 TXC2, DM4157 TXHI, DM4151
TXBT AND DF8988 TXES

THE SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E



I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON ■ WERE DETERMINED USING GPS STATIC ■ METHOD IN MARCH 2020, AND CORRECTLY SHOWN HEREON.

ANDREW CHAVCHALOV, R.P.L.S. TEXAS No. 6708



FM 1245 & FM 1633

FM 1243 & FM 1633

SURVEY CONTROL INDEX

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TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE						
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO					
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245, ETC.				

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SCALE: 1"=200'

400

MAG NAIL WITH "HALFF" WASHER

1/2IN-IRON ROD W/ RED CAP STAMPED "HALFF CNTL"



AERIAL TARGET

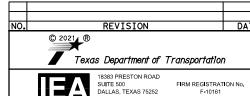
NOTES:
1. THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00
2. ALL COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE US SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GROUND (SURFACE) BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012000 (TXDOT LIMESTONE COUNTY SCALE FACTOR).
3. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES WERE ESTABLISHED USING THE STATIC GPS METHOD AND BASED ON NGS OPUS SOLUTIONS.
4. BASE STATIONS USED: DN5858 TXPI, DG9808 TXWA, DM4157 TXHI AND D08863 TXC2

THE SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E



IHEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON WERE DETERMINED USING GPS STATIC METHOD IN MARCH 2020, AND CORRECTLY SHOWN HEREON.

ANDREW CHAVCHALOV, R.P.L.S. TEXAS No. 6708



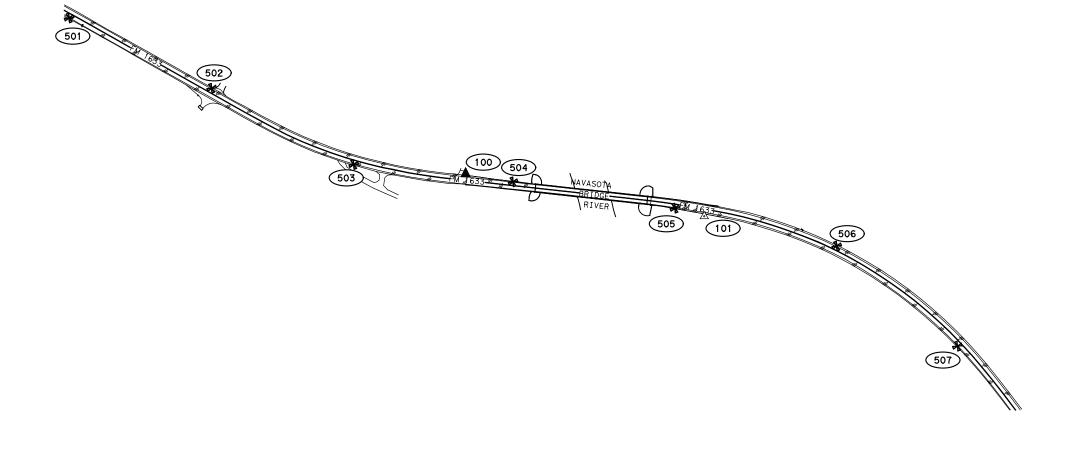
SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

FM 1245 & FM 1633

SURVEY CONTROL INDEX

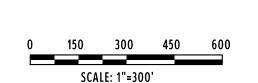
SHEET 2 OF 2

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06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET 31					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE					
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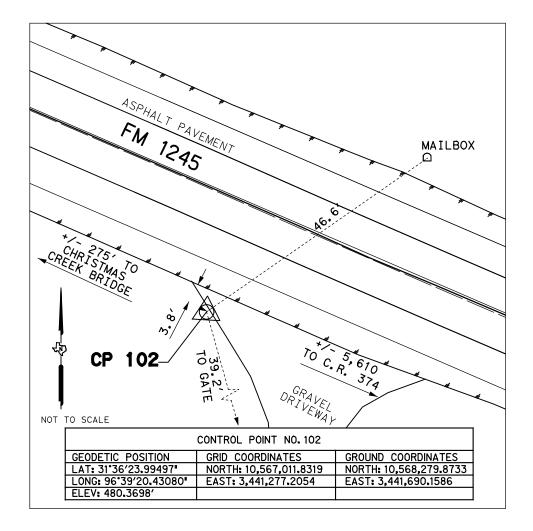


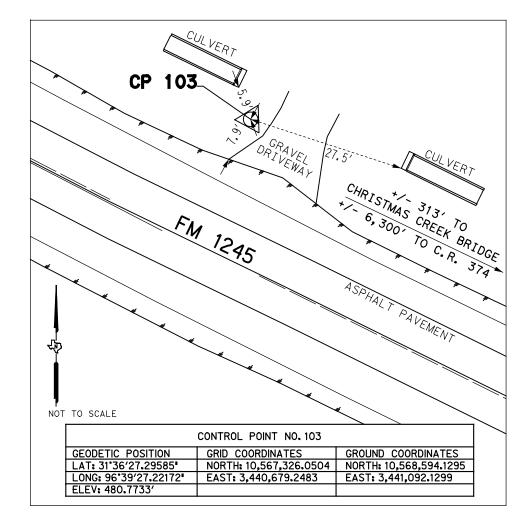
AERIAL TARGETS									
POINT#	NORTHING (Y)	NG (Y) EASTING (X) ELEVATION		G (Y) EASTING (X) ELEVATION		DESCRIPTION			
501	10,575,420.7303	3,470,223.4468	452.9766	AERIAL TARGET					
502	10,574,975.3103	3,470,003.6621	442.2010	AERIAL TARGET					
503	10,574,531.4272	3,469,765.4726	435.7696	AERIAL TARGET					
504	10,574,033.6797	3,469,711.1879	436.5279	AERIAL TARGET					
505	10,573,527.8857	3,469,629.0727	436.1011	AERIAL TARGET					
506	10,573,022.2769	3,469,510.6081	436.5092	AERIAL TARGET					
507	10,572,645.0802	3,469,197.9429	437.6015	AERIAL TARGET					

	PRIMARY CONTROL									
POINT #	NORTHING (Y)	EASTING (X)	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION						
100	10,574,181.6524	3,469,737.3792	435.0276	MAG NAIL WITH "HALFF" WASHER						
101	10,573,432.9132	3,469,607.7589	434.6661	1/2" IRON ROD WITH RED CAP STAMED "HALFF CNTL"						



FM1245_FM1633_CONTROL_11x17_S02.dgn







△ 1/2IN-IRON ROD W/ RED CAP STAMPED "HALFF CNTL"

──**#** EDGE OF ASPHALT

NOTES:
1. THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NADB3) 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00
2. ALL COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE US SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GROUND (SURFACE) BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012000 (TXDOT LIMESTONE COUNTY THE COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012000 (TXDOT LIMESTONE COUNTY SCALE FACTOR).

3. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES WERE ESTABLISHED USING THE STATIC GPS METHOD AND BASED ON NGS OPUS SOLUTIONS.

4. BASE STATIONS USED:
D08863 TXC2, DM4157 TXHI, DM4151
TXBT AND DF8988 TXES



HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON WERE DETERMINED USING GPS STATIC METHOD IN MARCH 2020, AND CORRECTLY SHOWN HEREON.

ANDREW CHAVCHALOV, R.P.L.S. TEXAS No. 6708

Texas Department of Transportation



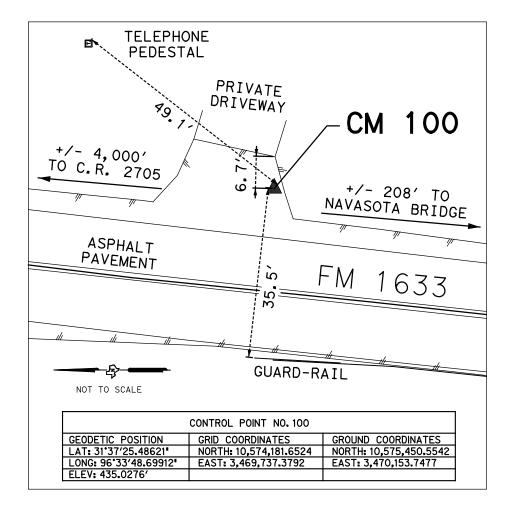
18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

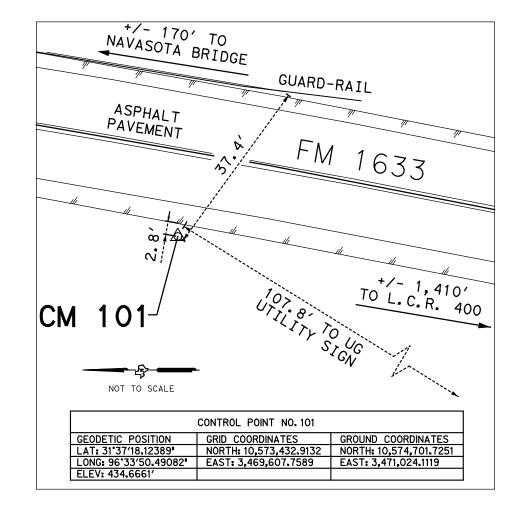
FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

FM 1245 & FM 1633 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.				
•			32				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO				
1191	03	033, ETC.	FМ	1245, FTC			







∆ 1/2IN-IRON ROD W/ RED CAP STAMPED "HALFF CNTL"

MAG NAIL WITH "HALFF WASHER

F EDGE OF ASPHALT

NOTES:
1. THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE TEXAS
COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE
(4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83)
2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00
2. ALL COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE US
SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND
MAY BE CONVERTED TO GROUND (SURFACE) BY
MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED ADJUSTMENT
FACTOR OF 1.00012000 (TXDOT LIMESTONE
COUNTY SCALE FACTOR).
3. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL VALUES
WERE ESTABLISHED USING THE STATIC GPS
METHOD AND BASED ON NGS OPUS SOLUTIONS.
4. BASE STATIONS USED:
DN5858 TXP1, DG9808 TXWA, DM4157 TXHI AND
D08863 TXC2



IHEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON WERE DETERMINED USING GPS STATIC METHOD IN MARCH 2020, AND CORRECTLY SHOWN HEREON.

ANDREW CHAVCHALOV, R.P.L.S. TEXAS No. 6708

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18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

FM 1245 & FM 1633 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET

			SHE	ET 2 OF 2				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.				
•		. 33						
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE						
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO					
1191	03	033. FTC.	FM	1245. FTC.				

FM1245_FM1633_H&V_11x17_S02.dgn

N 10,573,533.7923 E 3,469,149.5380 Sta Point 412 194+44, 25

Course from 412 to PC FM1633_C1 N 52° 03′ 16.32" E Dist 465.2535

Curve Data *----*

Curve FM1633_C1 P.I. Station 205+14.07 N 10,574,191.6386 E 3,469,993.1967 45° 45′ 58.89" (LT) 4° 00′ 00.05" Delta = Dearee 604.5697 Tangent Length 1,144.1554 Radius 1,432.3900 External 122.3594 Long Chord = 1,113.9797 Mid. Ord. = 112.7297 P.C. Station 10,573,819.8819 E 10,574,792.5710 E 199+09.50 N 3,469,516.4352 P.T. Station 210+53.66 N 3, 470, 059. 4147 10,574,949.4595 E 3,468,635.6426 C.C. Ν Back = N 52° 03′ 16.32" E Ahead = N 6° 17′ 17.43" E Chord Bear = N 29° 10′ 16.87" E

Course from PT FM1633_C1 to PC FM1633_C2 N 6° 17′ 17.43" E Dist 759.2207

Curve Data

Curve FM1633_C2 P.I. Station 221+06.25 N 10,575,838.8274 E 3,470,174.7039 23° 08′ 57.90" (RT) Delta 4° 00′ 00.05" Degree 293.3686 Tangent 578.7336 1,432.3900 Length Radius 29.7339 External Long Chord = 574.8052 Mid. Ord. = 29.1292 218+12.88 P.C. Station 10,575,547.2239 E 3,470,142.5715 P.T. Station 10,576,094.3196 E 3,470,318.8873 223+91.61 N 10,575,390.3354 E C.C. Ν 3,471,566.3436 = N 6° 17′ 17.43" E Back Ahead = N 29° 26′ 15.33" E Chord Bear = N 17° 51′ 46.38" E

Course from PT FM1633_C2 to 413 N 29° 26′ 15.33" E Dist 854.3910

N 10,576,838.4016 E 3,470,738.7994 Sta

_______ Ending chain FM1633_CL description

FM 1245

Beginning chain FM1245_CL description Feature: ML_CL

N 10,568,158.8194 E 3,442,020.9496 Sta 519+03.20

Course from 230 to PC FM1245_C1 N 66° 35′ 41.31" W Dist 827.8884

Curve Data *----

Curve FM1245_C1 529+58.50 N 9° 04′ 38.49" (RT) 2° 00′ 00.00" 10,568,578.0166 E 3,441,052.4827 P.I. Station Delta Degree Tangent 227.4098 Length 453.8679 Radius 2,864.7890 External 9.0118 453.3934 Long Chord = Mid. Ord. = 8.9836 P.C. Station 527+31.09 10,568,487.6824 E 3,441,261.1809 P.T. Station 531+84.96 N 10.568.700.1454 E 3,440,860,6500 10,571,116.7526 E 3,442,399.1641 C.C. = N 66° 35′ 41.31" W Back Ahead = N 57° 31′ 02.82″ W Chord Bear = N 62° 03′ 22.06″ W

Course from PT FM1245_C1 to 231 N 57° 31′ 02.82" W Dist 217.6890

N 10,568,817.0537 E 3,440,677.0174 Sta 534+02.65 Point 231

Ending chain FM1245_CL description



5/12/2021



FM 1245 & FM 1633

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

06

TEXAS

1191

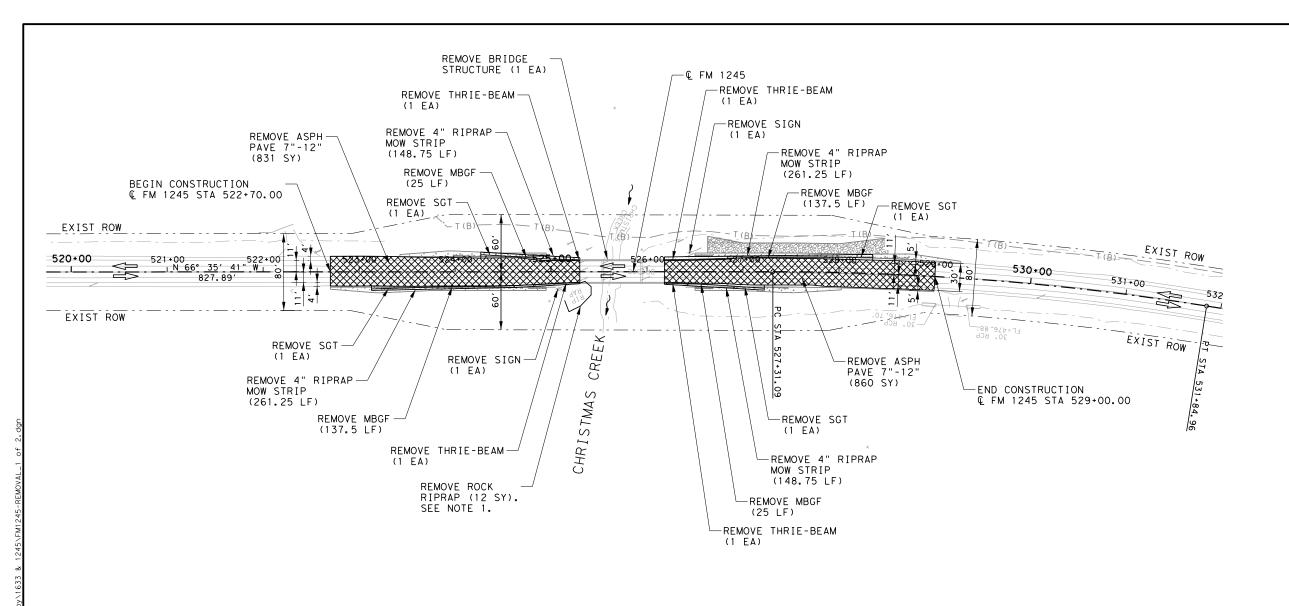
WACO

03

SHEET 1 OF FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. SEE TITLE SHEET 34 LIMESTONE

> 033, ETC. FM 1245, ETC. FM1245-FM1633-HAD, da

/ in. AM USER: hbs\2138B



0 50 100 HORIZONTAL SCALE IN FEET



LEGEND:

PAVEMENT REMOVAL

REMOVE CONCRETE DRIVEWAY

- T(B)-EXIST. TELEPHONE LINE

- G(B)-EXIST.GAS LINE

-----EXIST. OVERHEAD UTILITY LINE

NOTES:

1. REMOVAL OF ROCK RIPRAP IS SUBSIDIARY TO BID ITEM 432-6031.



NO. REVISION DATE

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Texas Department of Transportation

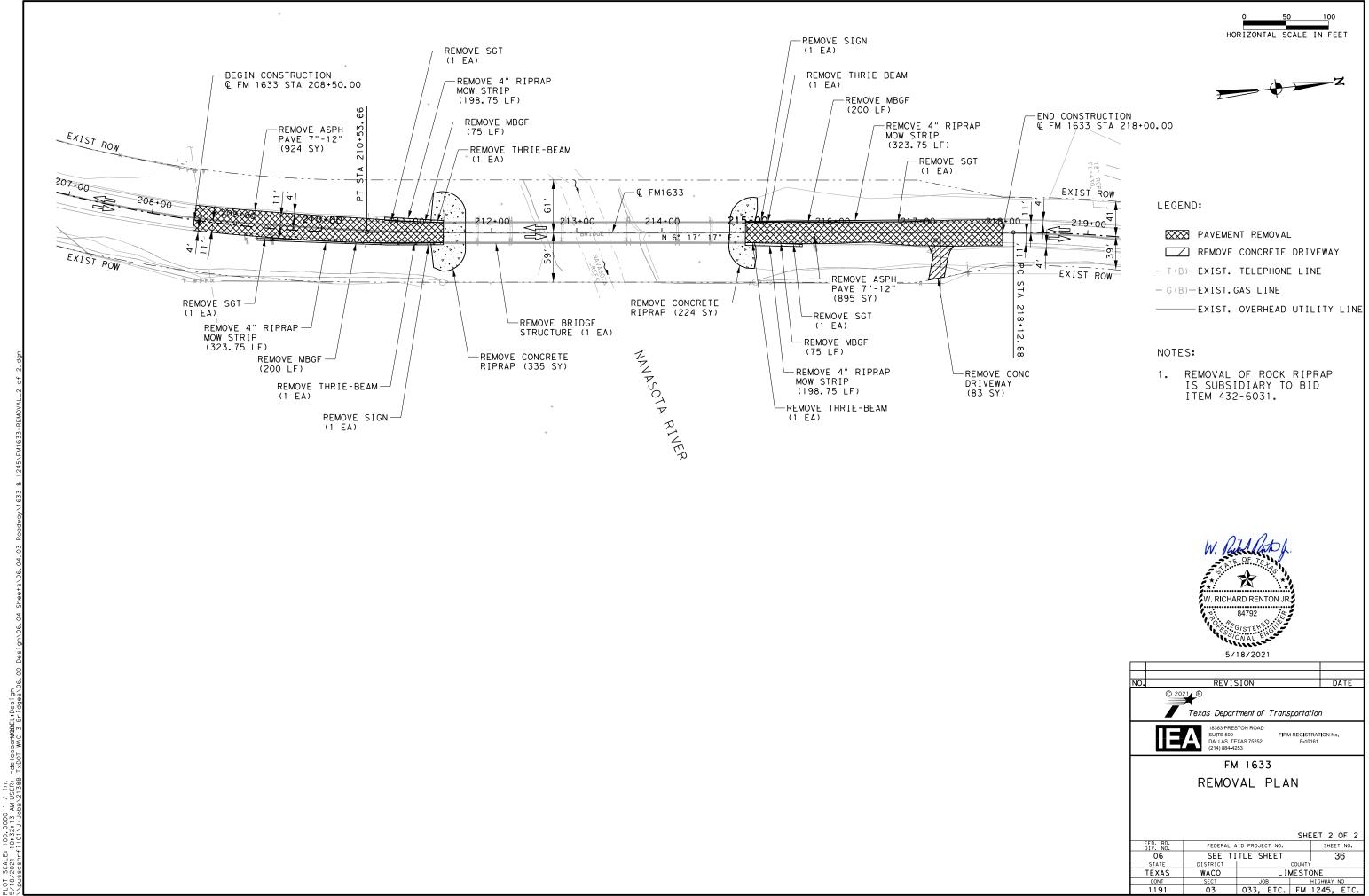
18383 PRESTON ROAD

SUITE 500 FI DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

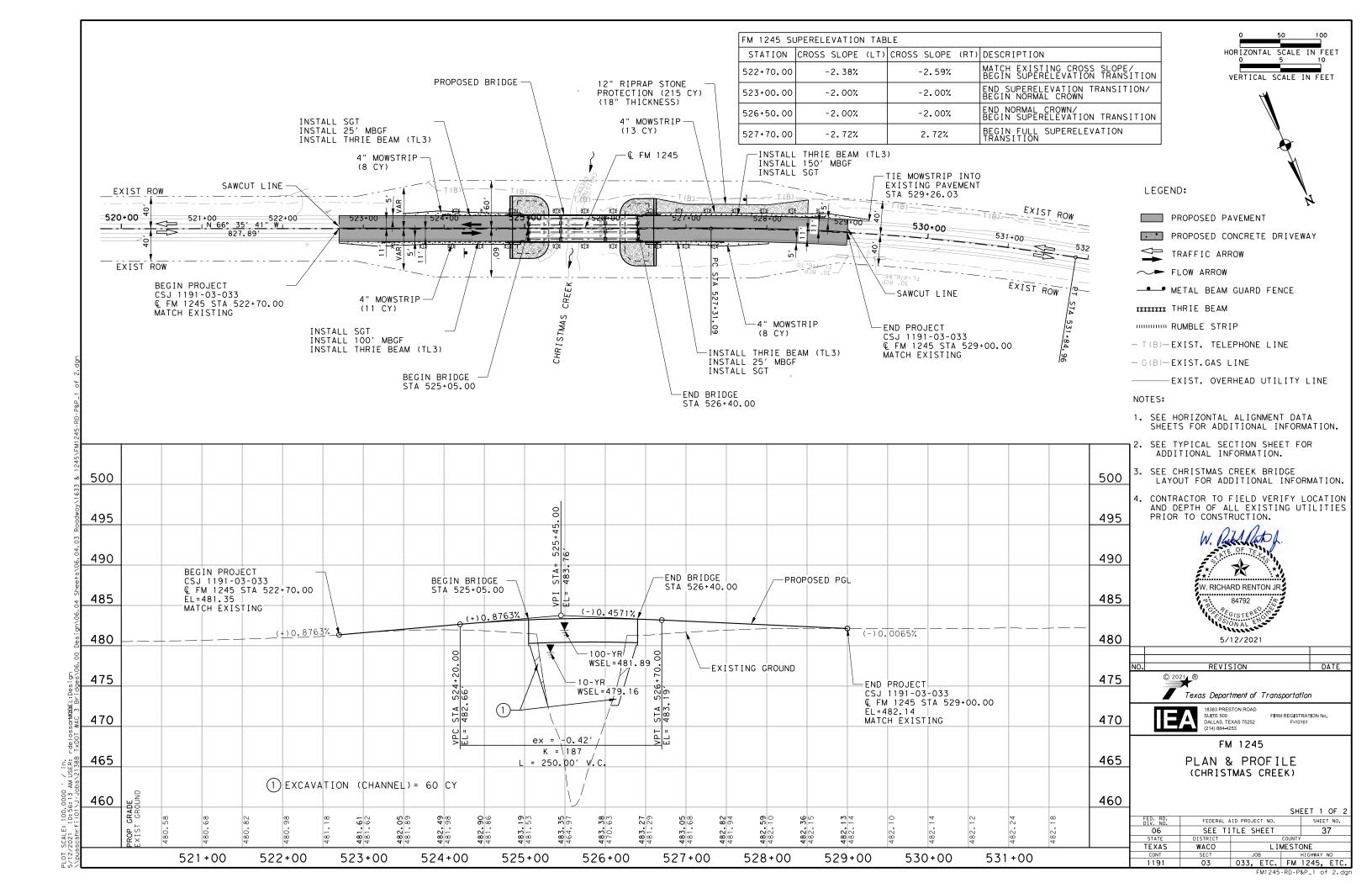
FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

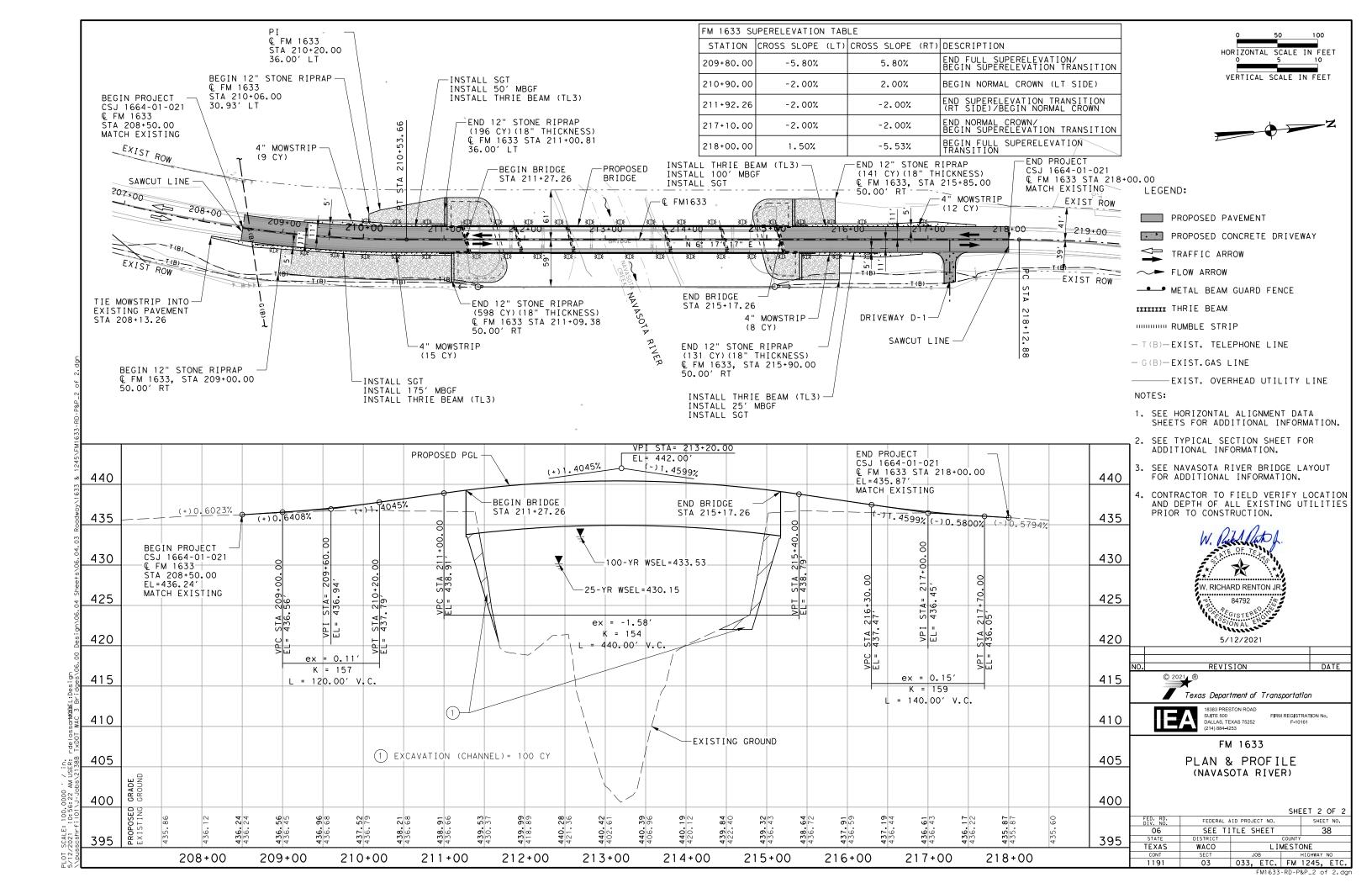
FM 1245 REMOVAL PLAN

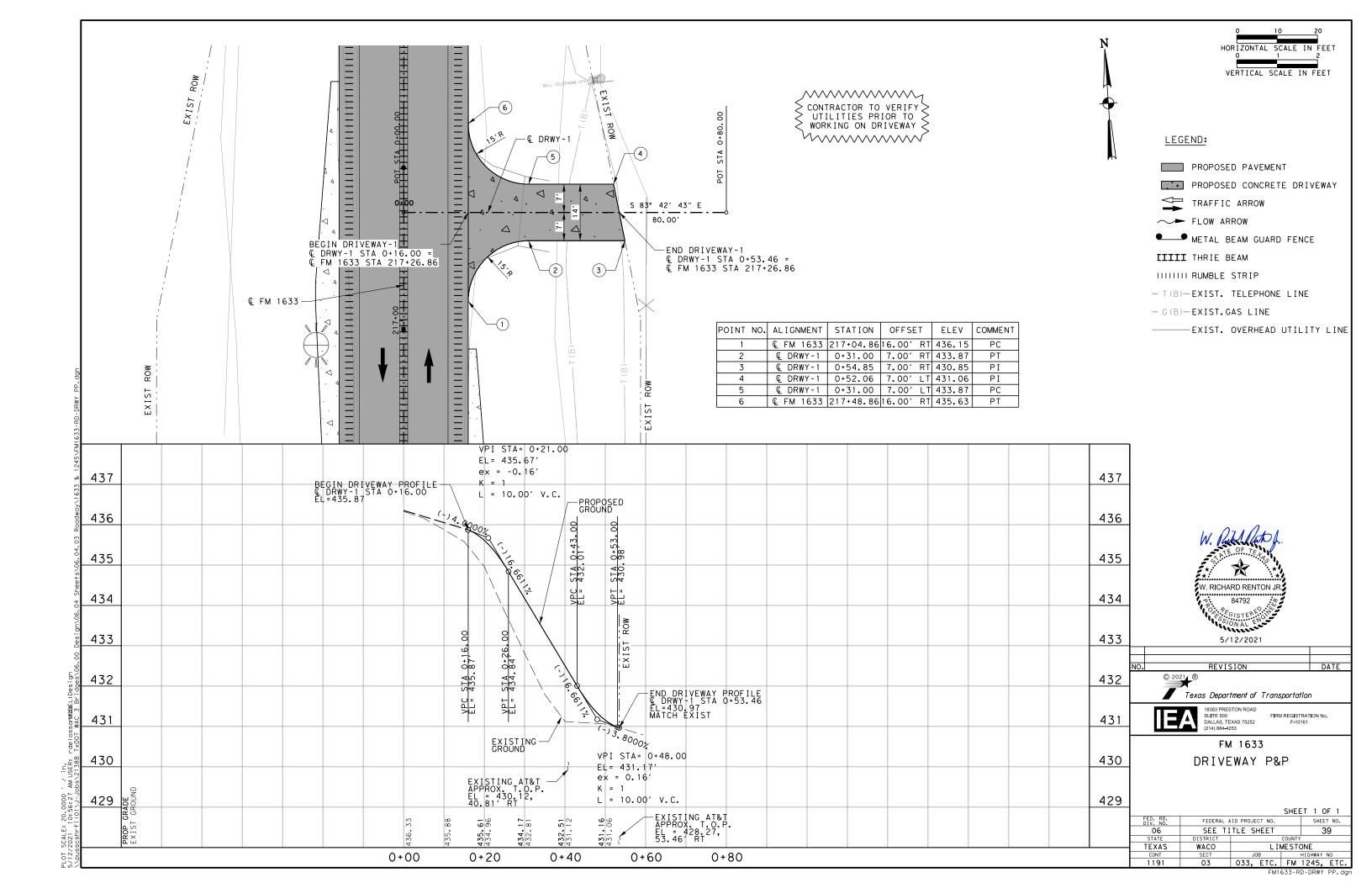
FM1245-REMOVAL_1 of 2.dgn

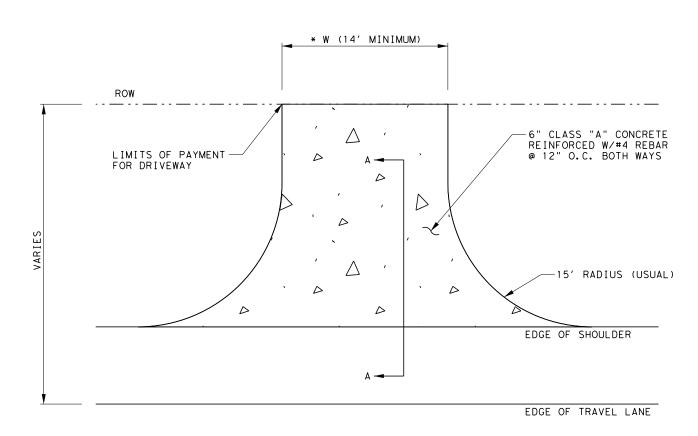


FM1633-REMOVAL_2 of 2.dgn



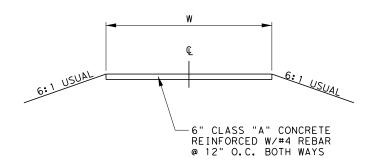




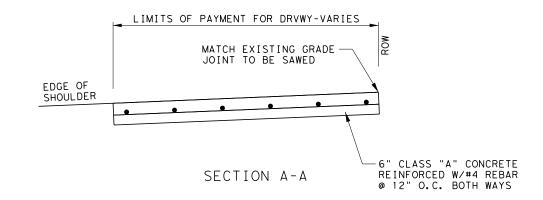


DRIVEWAYS (CONC)

DRIVEWAYS (CONC) SHALL CONSIST OF: BLADING AND RESHAPING THE SUBGRADE, ANY EXTRA EMBANKMENT MATERIAL NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE PROPER SUBGRADE WIDTH.THE PLACEMENT OF 6" CLASS "A" CONCRETE AND REMOVAL OF ANY EXISTING CONCRETE AND/OR CONC CURB AND GUTTER.



DRIVEWAY TYPICAL SECTION





NO. REVISION DATE

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Texas Department of Transportation

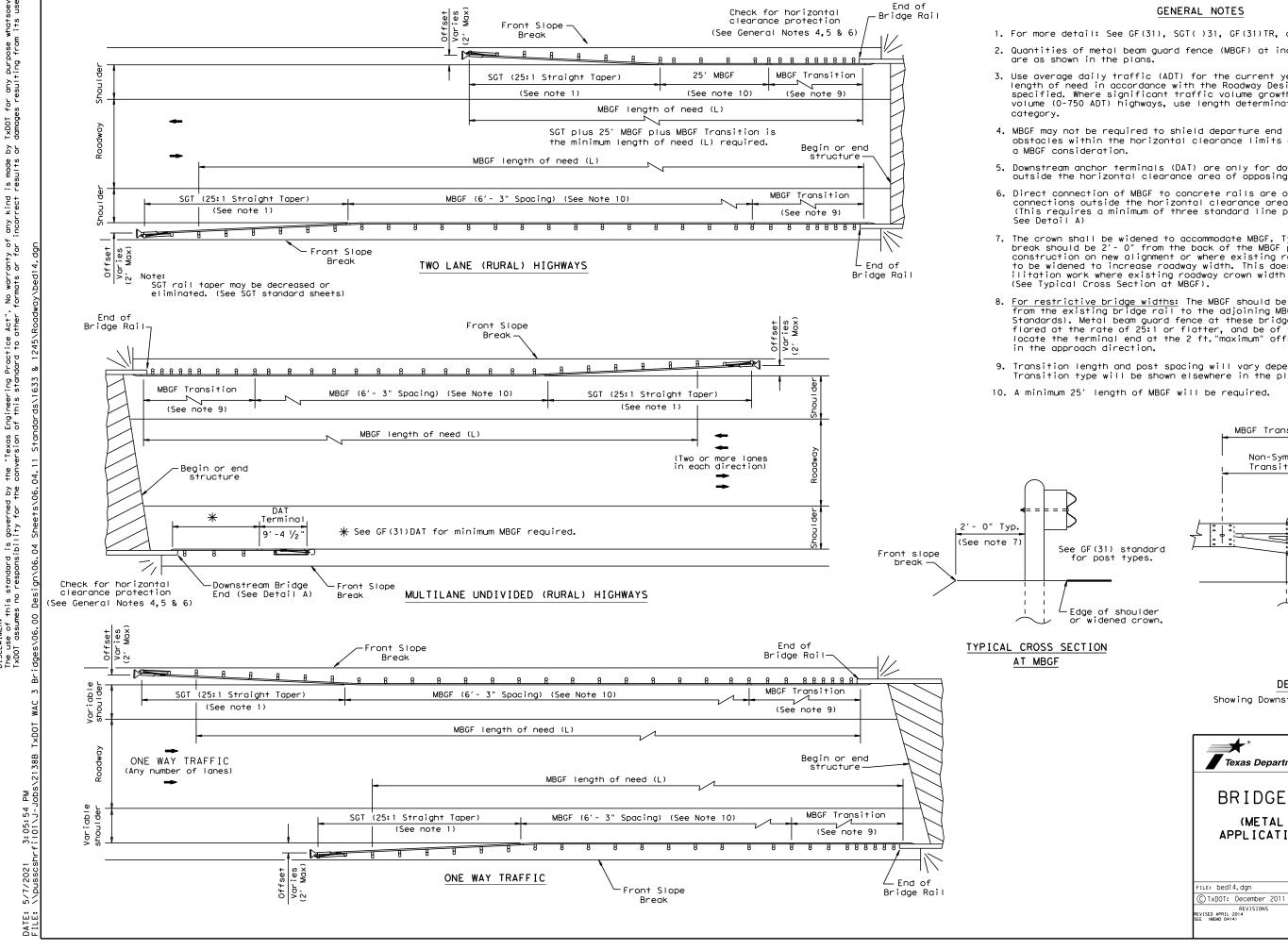
18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253

363 FRESTON ROAD JITE 500 FIRM REGISTRATION No. ALLAS, TEXAS 75252 F-10161 14) 884-4253

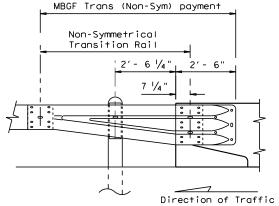
FM 1245 & FM 1633 DRIVEWAY DETAIL

			SHE	ET 1 OF 1			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.				
06	SEE TI	ITLE SHEET 40					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO				
1191	03	033 FTC	FM	1245 FTC			

FM1245-FM1633-DRWY TRNOUT DETAIL.dgn



- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2' 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.



All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment

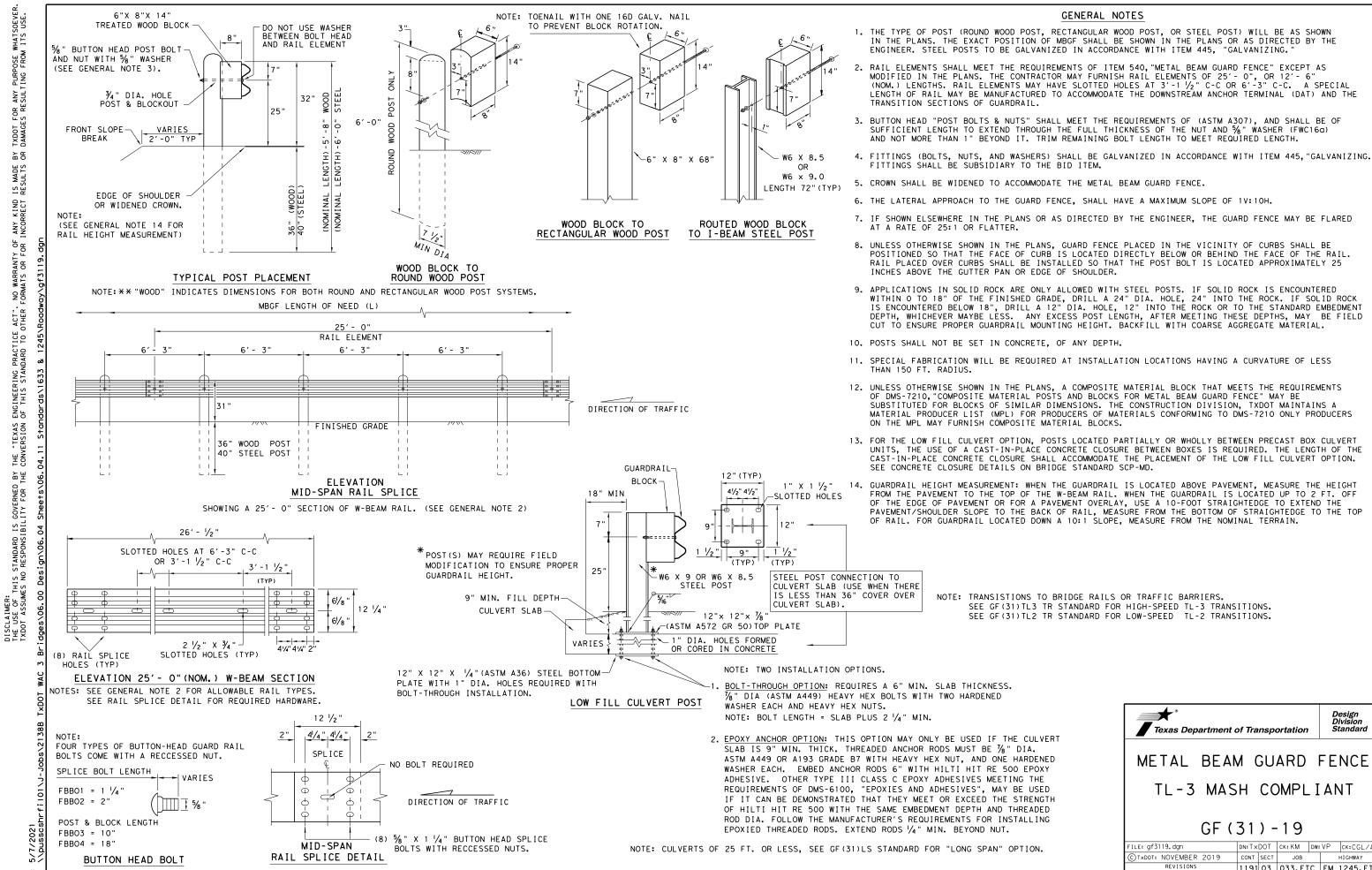


BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: AM	DW: BD/VP		ow: BD/VP		DW: BD/VF			ck: CGL
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY				
REVISIONS ED APRIL 2014	1191	03	033,ET	С	FM	12	45,ET				
(MEMO 0414)	DIST	COUNTY				5	HEET NO.				
	WAC	LIMESTONE				41					



NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

FILE: gf3119.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	T CK: KM DW:		۷P	ck:CGL/AG	
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	c	FM	1245,ETC	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	WAC		LIMESTO	ONE		42	

CURB OPTION (2)

Curb shown on top of mow strip

This option will increase the post

embedment throughout the system.

Site conditions may exist where grading is required for the proper installation of metal guard fence and

2'-0"

Approach grading or mow strip may be decreased or eliminated, as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

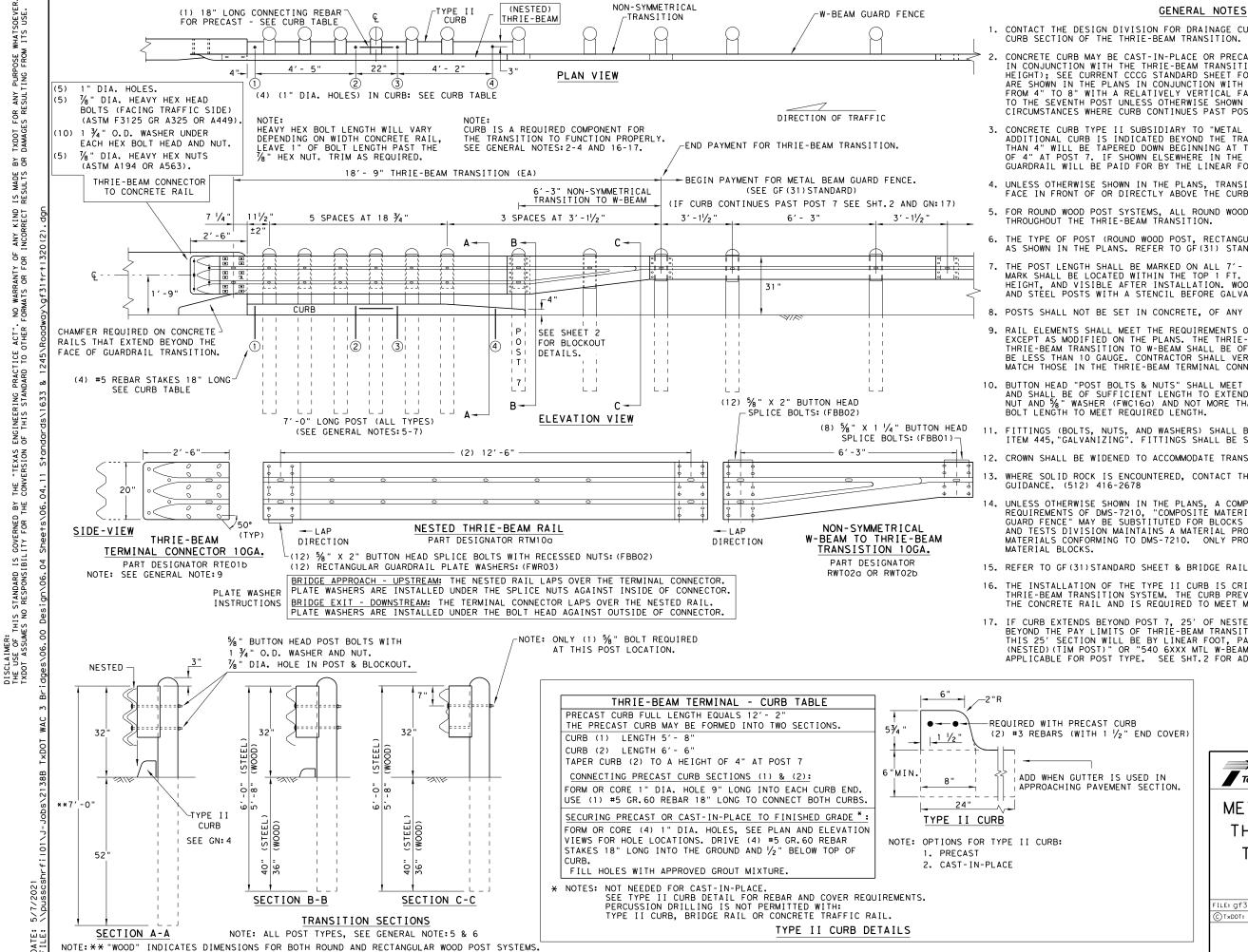
- 1. This mow strip design is for use with metal beam guard fence, guard fence transitions, and guard fence end treatments. See applicable GF(31) MBGF or GF(31) Transition Standard
- 2. Mow strips shall be reinforced concrete with (wire mesh or synthetic fiber), as shown on the plans and will be paid for under the pertinent bid item. Reinforced concrete shall be placed in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." The use of the synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber producer is on the Department Material Producer List (MPL), maintained by TxDOT, Construction Division.
- 3. The leave-out behind the post shall be a minimum of 7".
- 4. Only steel (W6 x 8.5 or W6 x 9.0), or $7 \frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. round wood posts are acceptable for use in the mow strip. See GF(31) Standard for additional details.
- 5. Other curb placement options may be used. Curbs are not considered part of the mow strip and will be paid for under other pertinent bid item.
- 7. The limits of payment for reinforced concrete will include leave-outs for the posts.
- 8. The leave-outs shall be filled with a Grout mixture consisting of: 2719 pounds sand, 188 pounds Type 1 or II cement, and 550 pounds of water per cubic yard, with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 230 psi or less. Provide grout with a consistency that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (Suggested Maximum leave-out of 20"). Payment for furnishing and placing the grout mixture will be subsidiary to the pay item of riprap mow strip.



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MOW STRIP) TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) MS-19

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/AC ILE: gf31ms19.dgn C)TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB 1191 03 033,ETC FM 1245,ETC WAC LIMESTONE



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- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $1\!\!/_2$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5%" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 1 OF 2

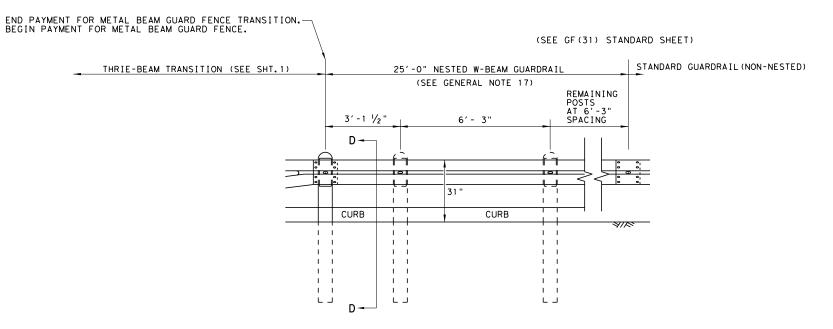


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

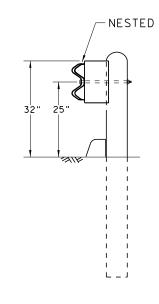
GF (31) TR TL3-20

ILE: gf31trt 320.dgn	DN: Tx	I:T×DOT CK: KM DW: VP		۷P	ck:CGL/AG		
C)T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03 033,ETC FM			FM	1245,ETC	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	WAC LIMESTONE				44		

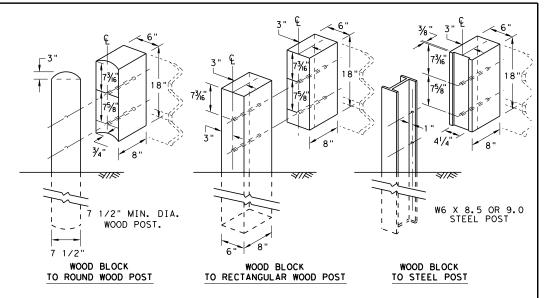
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF(31)TR TL3-20

FILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN: T ×	TxDOT CK: KM DW: F		KM	ck:CGL/AG	
©T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	1191	03 033,ETC		FM	1245,ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WAC	WAC LIMESTONE				45

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST.
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 ¼" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	% " X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	% " WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR.2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	% " X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

FILE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: Tx0	тоот	ck: KM	DW:	W: TxDOT CK: CL		-	
C TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С	FM 1245, E		TC	
	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET	NO.
	WAC		LIMESTONE 4			46		

I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

CT-100S1

B581002

Design Division Standard

HIGHWAY

LIMESTONE

SHEET NO

E3151

B580122

B580904A

B340854A

B5160104A

P621

* NOTE: GUARDRAIL PANELS 2 & 3 (ITEM C) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH ONE 25'-0" GUARDRAIL PANEL (ITEM D). NOTE: THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE GUARDRAIL PANELS FOR (MODIFIED PANEL 4) END OF LENGTH OF NEED PANEL 4 MODIFIED PANEL 1 TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM MODIFIED PANEL 2 PANEL 3 9'-4 1/2" 12'-6" 12'-6" -3′ 1½ " -| - 3′ 1½ "-FIELDSIDE FACE GR PANEL -(B2) GR PANEL √C) GR PANEL POST 3 PLAN VIEW B, OR LENGTH OF NEED COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (ITEM F) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (ITEM G) WOOD BLOCKOUTS. BGR PANEL MADE SUL TS NOTE: CONFIRM ALL POST OFFSET'S AS SHOWN ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL END PAYMENT FOR SGT IS RES TRAFFIC-SIDE VIEW OFFSET DISTANCE 3 TO POST 2 = 8 3 TO POST 1 = 6 → → BEGIN STANDARD 31 MBGF TRAFFIC FLOW RAIL SPLICE HARDWARE LAP GUARDRAIL SPLICES IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER TEETH LOCKED ONTO FRONT OF THE MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL (8) \%" X 1 1/4" GR BOLTS YIELDING POST HARDWARE ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER FORWATS OR FOR WITH %" GR HEX NUTS (1) % "× 10" GR BOLT NO BOLTS IN WITH %" GR HEX NUT REAR TWO HOLES -(c, f) (c, f) (b, f) (b, f) -(b, f) -(b, f) YIELDING E-POST HE I GHT └─F INISHED GRADE YIELDING (g, (2i), j, k POST HOLES AT 41 DEPTH STRUT HARDWARE THE "TEXAS I POST POST 8 POST 7 POST 6 POST 5 POST 4 POST 3 STRUT POST ELEVATION VIEW ITEM (E) (YIELDING POST 8 THRU 2) ARE MODIFIED W6X8.5 STEEL POST WITH FOUR 1/2" YIELDING HOLES, TWO HOLES PER FLANGE. DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE 5 1/2" X 7 1/2" X 50" WOOD BREAKAWAY POST WOOD STRIKE BLOCK (K)-FIELD SIDE TRAFFIC 6" X 8" X 14' W6X8.5 I-BEAM POST WITH YEILDING HOLES COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT STRIKE PLATE (L) \SIDE_ 17" GUARDRAIL N-I TEM (F) Æ I TEM S REFLECTIVE SHEETING PROVIDED BY COMPANY SGET (A)-IMPACT HEAD SEE (GENERAL NOTE 3) (1) % " X 10" GR BOLT BEARING (O) -(Q)BCT CABLE (1) % " GR NUT BEARING O HSTRUT PLATE ⊕PIPE SLEEVE STRUT (H)-/ MAXIMUM TUBE HEIGHT (b, (2d), e, f) YEILDING HOLE 3" X 3" X 80" 5/8" × 10" GR BOLT 5/8" FLAT WASHER POST LENGTH ABOVE GROUND 1/4" THICKNESS -FINISHED LOCK WASHER GRADE GR NUT TUBF TUBE LENGTH EMBED DEPTH 6" X 8" X 72" 3/6" THICKNESS (I)-SIDE VIEW POST 1 FIELD SIDE VIEW POST 1 POST 8 - POST 3 (TYP) FRONT END VIEW 50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10" SGET MAXIMUM (OFFSET), HORIZONTAL FLARE STANDARD OVER THE FIRST 50 FEET = 1 FOOT. EDGE OF PAVEMENT--2'-0" MAX. RAIL OFFSET NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.

12'-6"

POST 2

POST 2

CĂBLE @-

YH)STRUT

(<u>b,(2d)</u>,e,f

(a, d, f)

-(Q)

POST

GRABBER

HARDWARE

(h, (2i), e, f

POST J-

WOOD BREAKAWAY

-(H)STRUT

(b, (2d), e, f)

DO NOT BOLT MODIFIED (PANEL 4) TO WOOD POST

IMPACT A HEAD

-(1,m)³/₈" X 3" GR5 LAG SCREWS

SEE PLAN VIEW

REINFORCEMENT

√N GUARDRAIL GRABBER

M PLATE

(6h) $\frac{1}{2}$ " X 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " BOLTS

(12i) $\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER (6j) $\frac{1}{2}$ " LOCK WASHER

%" HEX NUT

NOTE: TWO FLAT WASHERS

SIDE VIEW REINFORCEMENT PLATE

WITH GUARDRAIL GRABBER

PER BOLT, ONE EACH SIDE OF PANEL.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SGET TERMINAL SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED

TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL

RF ID CHIP

BEARING

PLATE

MODIFIED B

(h, (2i), J, K

(6k)

RAIL 1

POST

NO BOLTS IN

YEILDING

POST

Œ

POST 2

STRUT POST

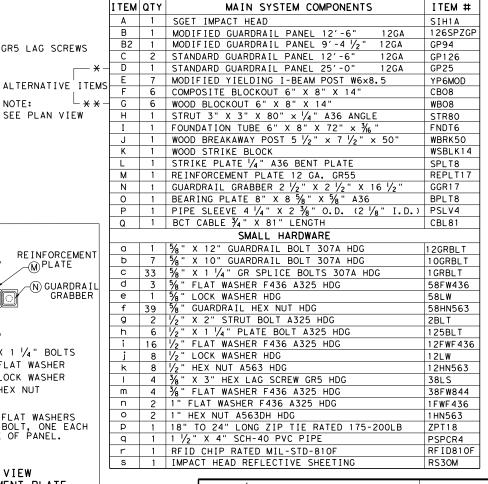
APPROACH GRADING

(1V: 10H OR FLATTER)

REAR TWO HOLES

TRAFFIC SIDE VIEW

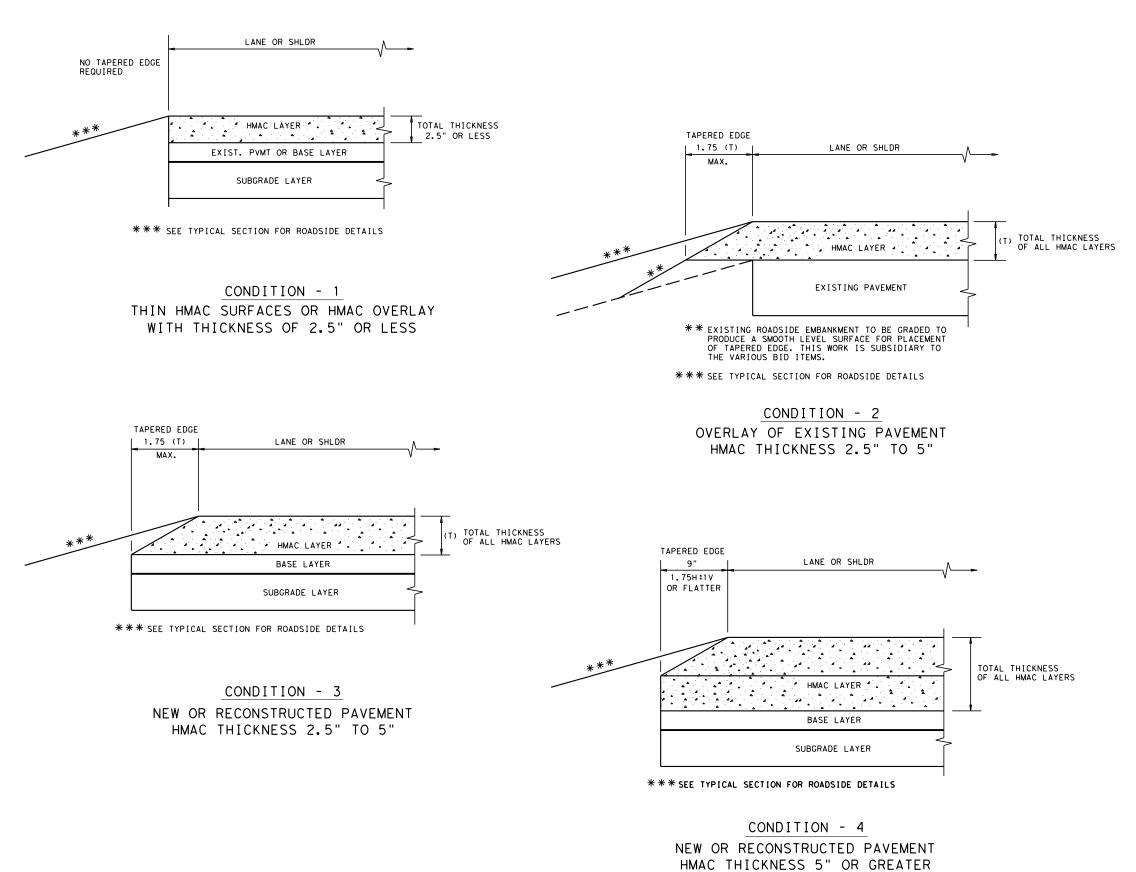
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.





SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	_	-	- '			
FILE: sgt153120.dgn	DN: T×	ОТ	CK: KM	DW:VP CK: VF		CK: VP	
CTxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ETC FM 1245,		45,ETC		
	DIST	COUNTY			Si	HEET NO.	
	WAC		LIMESTO	ONE			48



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

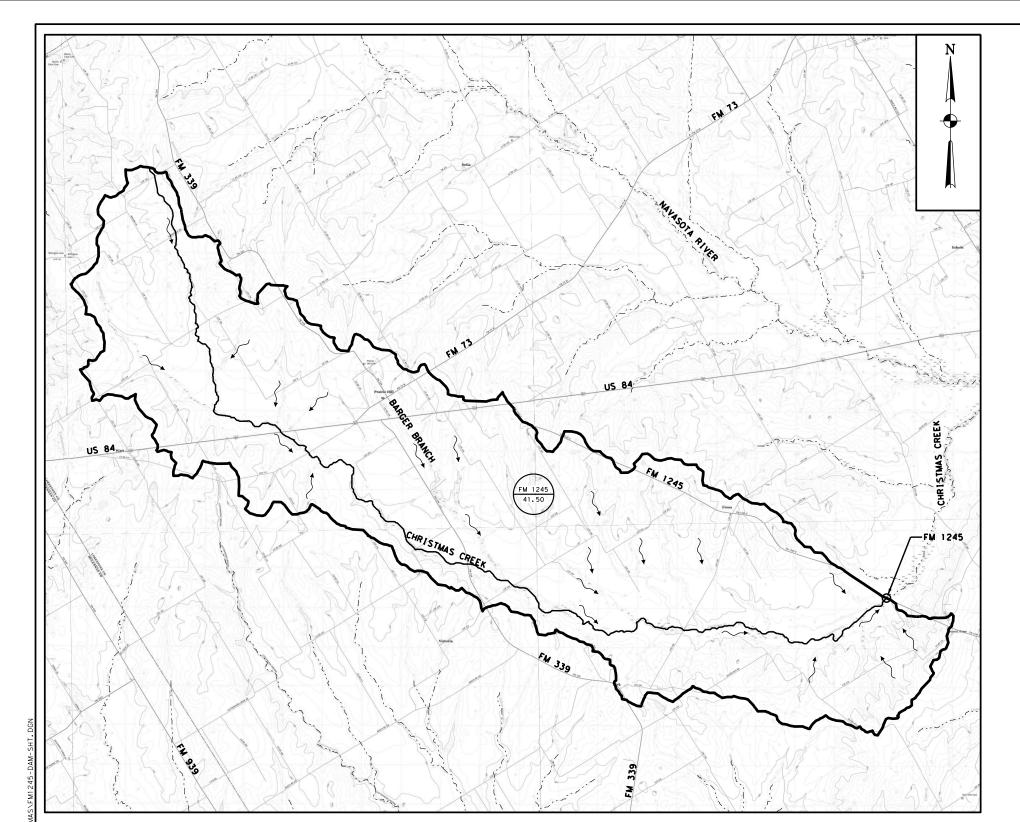


Design Division Standard

TAPERED EDGE DETAILS
HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	CK: RL DW:		KB ck:		CK:
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C	FM	12	45 , ETC
	DIST	ST COUNTY SH				HEET NO.	
	WAC		LIMESTO	ONE			49



HYDROLOGIC METHOD:

HYDROLOGY COMPUTATIONS ARE DETAILED IN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE
REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX"
DATED DRAFT JANUARY 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.
FLOWS WERE COMPUTED WITHIN HEC-HMS(V. 4. 2. 1),
FILENAME: 245069C_IEA_WACO_CHRIST_NAVA. HMS

DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DELINEATED USING LIDAR AND USGS DEM TOPOGRAPHY
AND AERIALS WITHIN ARCGIS v10. 7 USING ARCHYDRO TOOLS.

RAINFALL WAS TAKEN FROM NOAA ATLAS 14 "PRECIPIRATION-FREQUENCY ATLAS
OF THE UNITED STATES", VOLUME 11, VERSION 2.3-TEXAS, DATED
SEPTEMBER 27, 2018. GAGE STATION: GROESBECK, TX.
FLOWS COMPUTED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD.

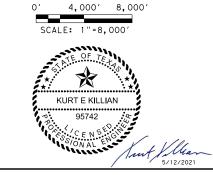
UNIT HYDROGRAPH PEAK RATING FACTOR (PRF) SET TO 484.
TIME OF CONCENTRATION WAS COMPUTED USING KERBY-KERPICH METHOD.
SOIL INFILTRATION COMPUTATION USED NRCS CN LOSS METHOD;
CLIMATIC ADJUSTMENT OF CN -10 WAS APPLIED.

LEGEND

FLOW ARROW

DRAINAGE AREA ID DRAINAGE AREA (SQ MI)

DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
PROP CROSSING







) FIRM REGISTRATION No TEXAS 75252 F-10161 4253



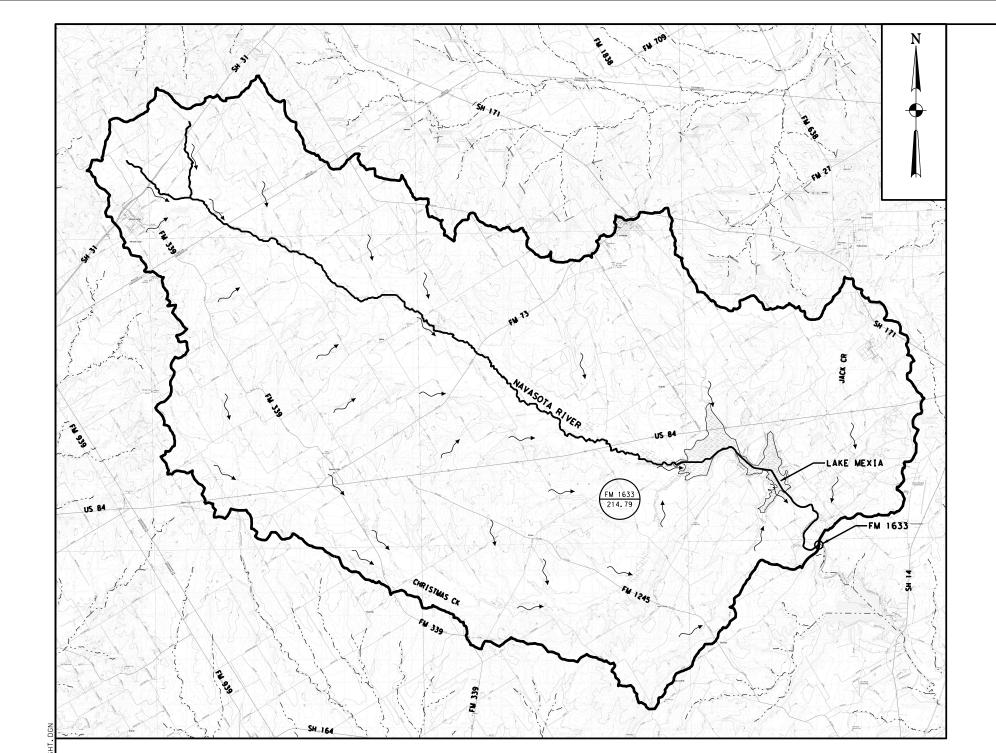
DRAINAGE AREA MAP
FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK
LIMESTONE COUNTY

			SHEET	Γ 1 OF 2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET		50
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TX	WAC	LIM	MESTO	NE
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY NO
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245, ETC.

	DRAINAGE AREA PARAMETERS										
CROSSING	STREAM	AREA	AREA	IMP	CN	scs					
ROAD	STREAM	(AC)	(SQ.MI.)	(%)		PRF					
FM 1245	CHRISTMAS CREEK	26,557	41.50	0%	73	484					

	TIME OF CONCENTRATION											
			OVERLAND CHANNEL									
CROSSING	STREAM	LENGTH	SLOPE	RETARDANCE	LENGTH	SLOPE	Tc	LAG				
ROAD		(FT)	(FT/FT)	COEFF	(FT)	(FT/FT)	(MIN)	(MIN)				
FM 1245	CHRISTMAS CREEK	835	0.0114	0.4	99,426	0.0018	662	397				

	COMPUTED FLOWS												
CROSSING	STREAM	AREA	AREA	Q2	Q5	Q10	Q25	Q50	Q100				
ROAD	STREAM	(AC)	(SQ.MI.)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)				
FM 1245	CHRISTMAS CREEK	26,557	41.50	2,504	4,814	6,935	9,932	12,360	15,117				





LEGEND

DRAINAGE AREA ID DRAINAGE AREA (SQ MI)

DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY



PROP CROSSING

HYDROLOGIC METHOD:

HYDROLOGY COMPUTATIONS ARE DETAILED IN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX", DATED DRAFT JANUARY 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC. FLOWS WERE COMPUTED WITHIN HEC-HMS(V.4.2.1), FILENAME: 245069C_IEA_WACO_FISH.HMS

DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DELINEATED USING LIDAR AND USGS DEM TOPOGRAPHY

AND AERIALS WITHIN ARCGIS v10.7 USING ARCHYDRO TOOLS.

RAINFALL WAS TAKEN FROM NOAA ATLAS 14 "PRECIPIRATION-FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE UNITED STATES", VOLUME 11, VERSION 2.3-TEXAS, DATED SEPTEMBER 27, 2018.

FLOWS COMPUTED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD. UNIT HYDROGRAPH PEAK RATING FACTOR (PRF) SET TO 484. TIME OF CONCENTRATION WAS COMPUTED USING KERBY-KERPICH METHOD. SOIL INFILTRATION COMPUTATION USED NRCS CN LOSS METHOD. CLIMATIC ADJUSTMENT OF CN -10 APPLIED.

WATERSHED WAS ROUTED THROUGH LAKE MEXIA WITHIN HEC-HMS; STORAGE-STAGE CURVE AND SPILLWAY DATA WERE TAKEN FROM TWDB REPORT: "VOLUMETRIC_AND SEDIMENTATION SURVEY OF LAKE MEXIA APRIL 2008 SURVEY" AND LIDAR TOPO.

> 7,000′ 14,000′ SCALE: 1"=14,000 KURT E KILLIAN 95742





FIRM REGISTRATION No. SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252



DRAINAGE AREA MAP FM 1633 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER LIMESTONE COUNTY

			SHEET	Γ2	OF	2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.		SH	EET NO	٠.
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET			51	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
ΤX	WAC	LI	MESTO	NE		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWA	Y NO	
1191	03	033. ETC.	FM	1245	. ET	ГС.

	DRAINAGE AREA PARAMETERS											
CROSSING	STREAM	AREA	AREA	IMP	CN	scs						
ROAD	STREAM	(AC)	(SQ.MI.)	(%)		PRF						
FM 1633	NAVASOTA RIVER	137,468	214.79	0%	72	484						

	TIME OF CONCENTRATION											
			OVERLAND									
CROSSING	STREAM	LENGTH	SLOPE	RETARDANCE	LENGTH	SLOPE	Tc	LAG				
ROAD		(FT)	(FT/FT)	COEFF	(FT)	(FT/FT)	(MIN)	(MIN)				
FM 1633	NAVASOTA RIVER	935	0.0183	0.4	163,770	0.0015	1010	606				

	COMPUTED FLOWS											
CROSSING	CTDEAM	AREA	AREA	Q2	Q5	Q10	Q25	Q50	Q100			
ROAD	STREAM	(AC)	(SQ.MI.)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)			
FM 1633	NAVASOTA RIVER	137,468	214.79	5,347	10,832	15,859	22,809	28,656	34,970			

NOTES:

- 1. STREAM MODELING DATA PRESENTED IS FROM "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX" DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.
- PROPOSED BRIDGE IS LOCATED AT PROJECT STA. 525+05 STA. 526+40.
- PROPOSED BRIDGE CONSISTS OF A 3-SPAN (40'-55'-40') 5XB20 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE X-BEAM STRUCTURE WITH A TOTAL LENGTH OF 135 FEET.
- PROPOSED BRIDGE WIDTH IS 34 FEET, NORMAL TO THE STREAM.
- PROPOSED BRIDGE IS SUPPORTED BY 36-INCH CIRCULAR PIERS.
- BOUNDARY CONDITION SET TO NORMAL DEPTH SLOPE = 0.0004 FT/FT.
- ELEVATIONS PRESENTED ARE REFERENCED TO NAVD88 DATUM.
- 8. BRIDGE DESIGNED FOR 10YR STORM EVENT.
- ROADWAY APPROACH IS OVERTOPPED DURING EVENTS GREATER THAN 10YR STORM EVENT.

FEMA:

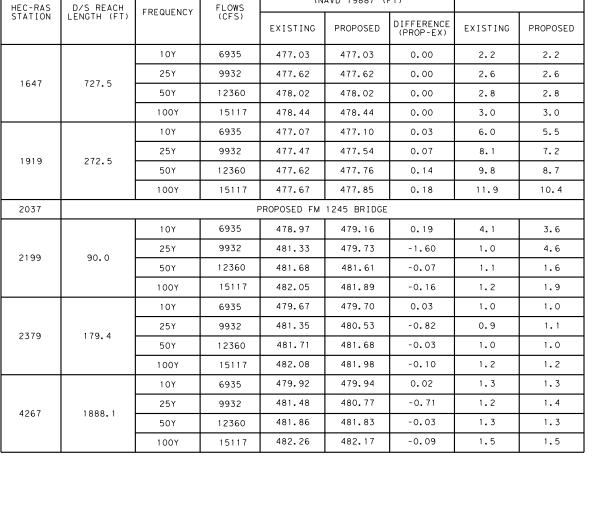
PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF LIMESTONE COUNTY, A PARTICIPATING COMMUNITY WITHIN THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.

PROJECT AT CHRISTMAS CREEK IS SHOWN ON FEMA FORM PANEL NO. 48293C0275C DATED EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 16, 2011. CHRISTMAS CREEK IS LOCATED WITHIN SHADED ZONE A FLOOD HAZARD AREA AT THE FM 1245 BRIDGE CROSSING.

FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATOR NOTIFICATION WAS COMPLETED ON: 5/14/2021

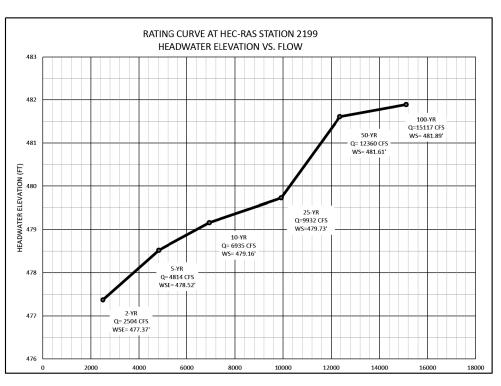
HYDROLOGIC METHOD:

FLOWS WERE COMPUTED WITHIN HEC-HMS(V. 4.2.1); FILENAME: 245069C_IEA_WACO_CHRIST_NAVA.HMS. DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DELINEATED USING LIDAR AND USGS DEM TOPOGRAPHY AND AERIALS WITHIN ARCGIS v10.7 USING ARCHYDRO TOOLS. RAINFALL WAS TAKEN FROM NOAA ATLAS 14 "PRECIPIRATION-FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE UNITED STATES", VOLUME 11, VERSION 2.3-TEXAS, DATED SEPTEMBER 27, 2018. RAIN STATION: GROESBECK, TX. FLOWS COMPUTED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD. UNIT HYDROGRAPH PEAK RATING FACTOR (PRF) WAS SET TO 484. TIME OF CONCENTRATION WAS COMPUTED USING KERBY-KERPICH METHOD. SOIL INFILTRATION COMPUTATION USED NRCS CN LOSS METHOD; CLIMATIC ADJUSTMENT OF CN -10 WAS APPLIED.



FREQUENCY

COMPUTED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS (NAVD 1988) (FT)





VELOCITIES



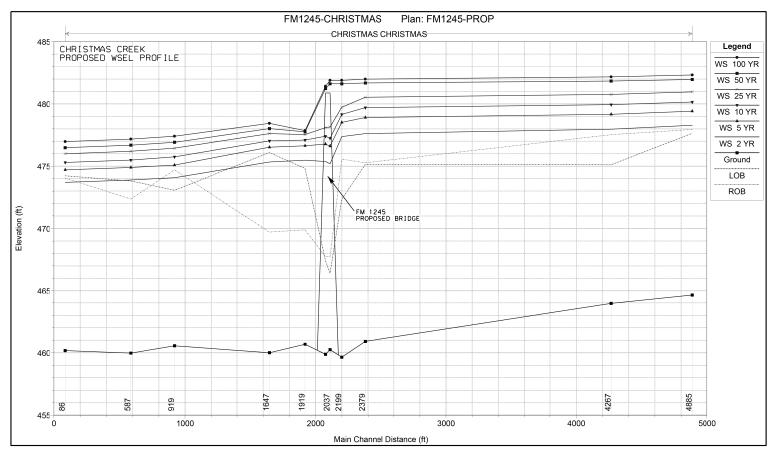


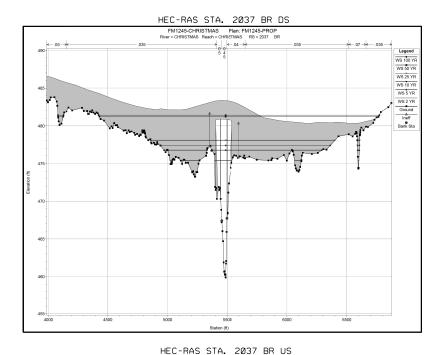
SUITE 500 FIRM REGISTRATION NO DALLAS TEXAS 75252

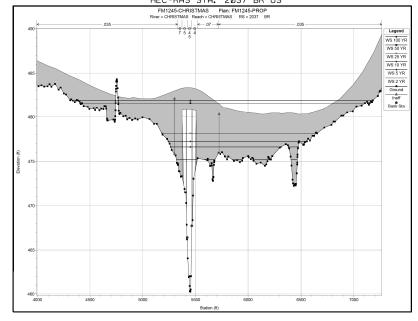


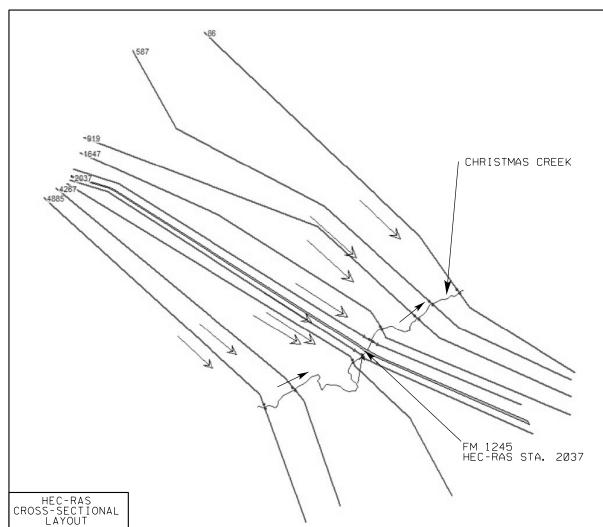
HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK

			SHE	ET 1	OF	4
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	SHEE	T NO.			
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET	Ē	52		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE				
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.		
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245,	ET(·.]









HYDRAULIC METHOD:

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION RESULTS FROM HYDRAULIC MODELING ANALYSIS PRESENTED WITHIN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX," DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.

WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS (V.5.0.7). HEC-RAS MODEL WAS GENERATED FROM PROJECT FIELD SURVEY, LIDAR TOPO, AND BRIDGE LAYOUTS.

STARTING BOUNDARY CONDITION SET TO NORMAL DEPTH: SLOPE = 0.0004

HEC-RAS FILENAME: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.PRJ HEC-RAS FILENAME: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.PRJ

EXISTING (PRE-PROJECT) CONDITION WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS ARE FROM:
PLAN: "FM1245-EXIST", "*.PO1"
GEOMETRY: "FM1245-EXIST", "*.GO1"
FLOW: "FM1245-FLOW", "*.FO1"

PROPOSED (POST PROJECT) CONDITION WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS ARE FROM:
PLAN: "FM1245-PROP", "*.PO2"
GEOMETRY: "FM-1245-PROP", "*.GO2"
FLOW: "FM1245-FLOW", "*.FO1"

STREAM MODELED WITH REPRESENTATIVE MANNING'S VALUES OF:
CHANNEL ARFA: 0.045

CHANNEL AREA: 0.045

OVERBANK AREA: 0.035 - 0.07







FIRM REGISTRATION No. DALLAS, TEXAS 75252



HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK

			SHE	ET 2 (OF 4	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.				
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET	53	3		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE				
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO			
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245,	ETC.	

NOTES:

- 1. STREAM MODELING DATA PRESENTED IS FROM "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX", DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.
- 2. PROPOSED BRIDGE IS LOCATED AT PROJECT STA. 210+99 STA. 214+57.
- 3. PROPOSED BRIDGE CONSISTS OF A 5-SPAN (65'-65'-120'-70'-70')
 TX54 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STRUCTURE
 WITH A TOTAL LENGTH OF 390 FEET.
- 4. PROPOSED BRIDGE WIDTH IS 34 FEET, NORMAL TO THE STREAM.
- 5. PROPOSED BRIDGE IS SUPPORTED BY 36-INCH CIRCULAR PIERS.
- 6. BOUNDARY CONDITION SET TO NORMAL DEPTH SLOPE = 0.001 FT/FT.
- 7. ELEVATIONS PRESENTED ARE REFERENCED TO NAVD88 DATUM.
- 8. BRIDGE DESIGNED FOR 25YR STORM EVENT.
- 9. ROADWAY OVERTOPPED DURING EVENTS GREATER THAN 100YR STORM EVENT.

FEMA:

PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF LIMESTONE COUNTY, A PARTICIPATING COMMUNITY WITHIN THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.

PROJECT AT NAVASOTA RIVER IS SHOWN ON FEMA FORM PANEL NO. 48293C0300C DATED EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 16, 2011. NAVASOTA RIVER IS LOCATED WITHIN SHADED ZONE A FLOOD HAZARD AREA AT THE FM 1633 BRIDGE CROSSING.

FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATOR NOTIFICATION WAS COMPLETED ON: 5/14/2021

HYDROLOGIC METHOD:

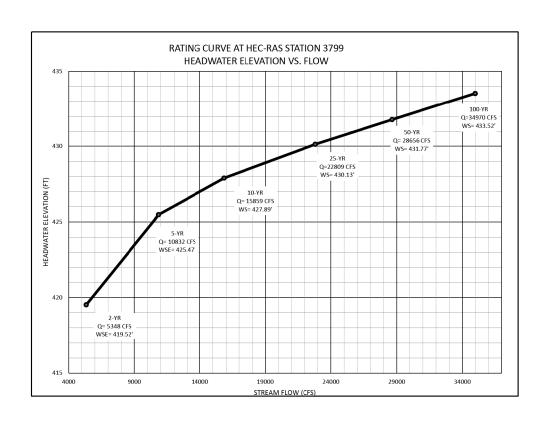
FLOWS WERE COMPUTED WITHIN HEC-HMS(V.4.2.1), FILENAME: 245069C_IEA_WACO_CHRIST_NAVA.HMS.
DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DELINEATED USING LIDAR AND USGS DEM TOPOGRAPHY
AND AERIALS WITHIN ARCGIS v10.7 USING ARCHYDRO TOOLS.
RAINFALL WAS TAKEN FROM NOAA ATLAS 14 "PRECIPIRATION-FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE
UNITED STATES", VOLUME 11, VERSION 2.3-TEXAS, DATED SEPTEMBER 27, 2018
FLOWS COMPUTED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD.
UNIT HYDROGRAPH PEAK RATING FACTOR (PRF) SET TO 484.
TIME OF CONCENTRATION WAS COMPUTED USING KERBY-KERPICH METHOD.
SOIL INFILTRATION COMPUTATION USED NRCS CN LOSS METHOD.
CLIMATIC ADJUSTMENT OF CN -10 APPLIED.

WATERSHED WAS ROUTED THROUGH LAKE MEXIA WITHIN HEC-HMS;

STORAGE-STAGE CURVE AND SPILLWAY DATA WERE TAKEN FROM LIDAR TOPOGRAPHY
AND TWDB LAKE MEXIA SEDIMENTATION STUDY.

D/S REACH LENGTH (FT HEC-RAS STATION FREQUENCY DIFFERENCE EXISTING PROPOSED EXISTING PROPOSED 10Y 15859 426.91 426.91 0.00 3.7 3.7 25Y 22809 429.24 429.24 0.00 4.0 4.0 889.2 3189 50Y 28656 430.93 430.93 0.00 4.1 4.1 100Y 34970 432.75 432.75 0.00 4.1 4.1 10Y 15859 427.08 427.10 0.02 4.3 3.9 429.39 25Y 22809 429.41 0.02 4.7 4.3 3591 356.0 50Y 28656 431.06 431.09 0.03 5.0 4.6 100Y 34970 432.86 432.89 0.03 5.3 4.8 3703 PROPOSED FM 1633 BRIDGE 10Y 15859 427.95 427.89 3.7 25Y 22809 430.20 430.13 -0.07 3.7 4.2 3799 83.5 50Y 28656 431.69 431.77 0.08 4.0 4.5 34970 434.72 433.52 4.8 100Y -1.20 3.9 15859 428.32 428.36 0.04 1.8 1.8 430.61 430.66 0.05 1.8 1.8 25Y 22809 4338 539.5 50Y 432.14 432.34 0.20 1.9 1.8 100Y 34970 435.10 434.13 -0.97 1.6 1.8 15859 428.58 428.61 0.03 1.4 1.4 25Y 22809 430.79 430.84 0.05 1.2 1.2 5683 1125.4 50Y 432.30 432.49 0.19 1.2 1.1 435.20 1.1 434.26 -0.94 1.0 100Y 34970

COMPUTED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS (NAVD 1988) (FT)





VELOCITIES





18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 FIRM REGISTRATION NO DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 F-10161

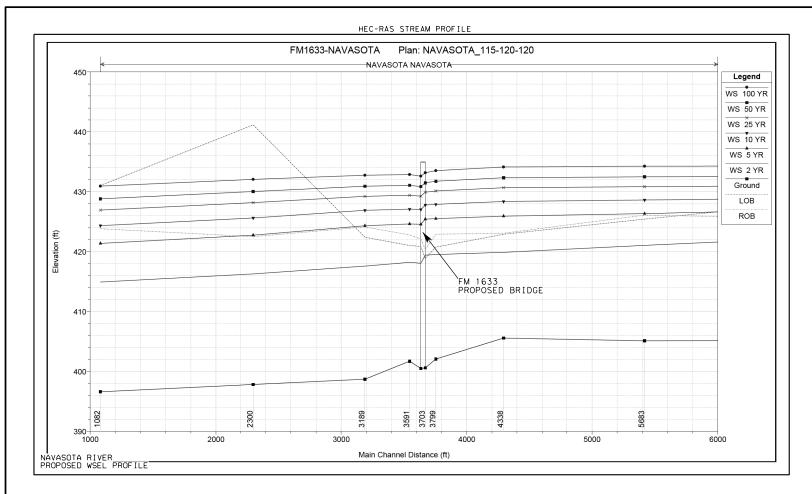
(214) 884-4253

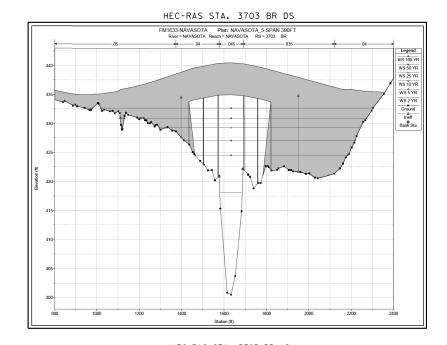


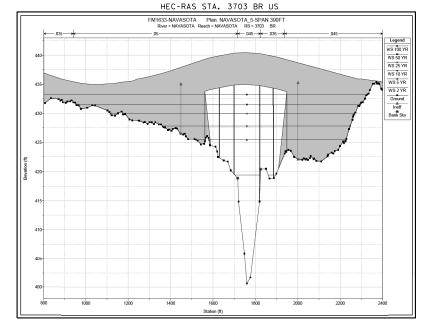
FM 1633 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER

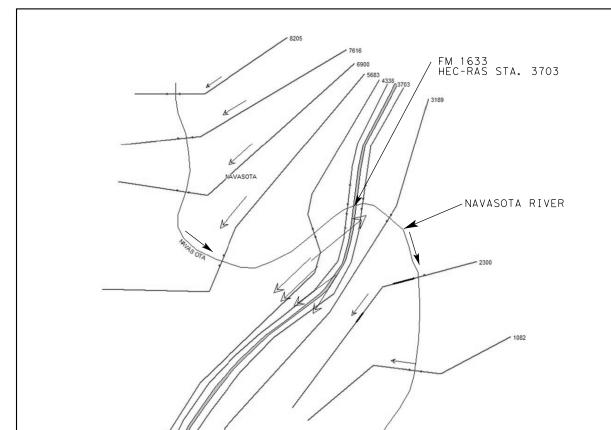
			SHE	ET 3	OF	4
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	SH	EET NO.			
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET		54		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE				
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO		
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245	, ET	c.

C:\1CSE_PROJECTS\245069C_IEA_WACO\CAD\NAVASOTA\FM1633-HDS.DGN









HYDRAULIC METHOD:

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION RESULTS FROM HYDRAULIC MODELING ANALYSIS PRESENTED WITHIN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX," DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.

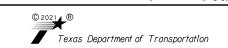
WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS (V.5.0.7). HEC-RAS MODEL WAS GENERATED FROM PROJECT FIELD SURVEY, LIDAR TOPO, AND PRELIMINARY BRIDGE LAYOUTS.

HEC-RAS FILENAME: FM1633-NAVASOTA.PRJ
EXISTING (PRE-PROJECT) CONDITION WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS ARE FROM:
PLAN: "NAVASOTA_EXIST", "*.PO1"
GEOMETRY: "FM1633-NAVASOTA-EXIST", "*.GO1"
FLOW: "NAVASOTA_FLW", "*.FO1"
PROPOSED (POST PROJECT) CONDITION WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS ARE FROM:

PLAN: "NAVASOTA_5-SPAN 390FT", "*.PO3"
GEOMETRY: "FM1633-NAVASOTA-PROP-5-SPAN 390FT", "*.GO3"
FLOW: "NAVASOTA_FLW", "*.FO1"
STREAM MODELED WITH REPRESENTATIVE MANNING'S VALUES OF:

CHANNEL AREA: 0.045 - 0.07 OVERBANK AREA: 0.035 - 0.07







DALLAS, TEXAS 75252



HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET FM 1633 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER

			SHE	ET 4	OF 4	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	SHEE	T NO.			
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET	55			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
ΤX	WAC	LIMESTONE				
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO			
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245,	ETC.	

HEC-RAS CROSS-SECTIONAL LAYOUT

Χ	Х	XXXXXX	XX	XX		XXX	×Χ	Х	X	XXXX
Χ	Х	Χ	X	Х		Х	Χ	Х	Χ	X
X	X	X	Χ			X	X	Χ	Χ	X
XXX)	(XXX	XXXX	X		XXX	XXX	ΧX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
Χ	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	
X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	
V	V	VVVVVV		VV.		V	· · · · ·	V	V	VVVVV

PROJECT DATA Project Title: FM1245-CHRISTMAS Project File: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.prj

Project in English units

PLAN DATA Plan Title: FM1245-PROP Plan File: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.p02

Geometry Title: FM-1245-PROP Geometry File: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.g02

Flow Title : FM1245-FLOW Flow File : FM1245-CHRISTMAS.f01

Plan Summary Information:
Number of: Cross Sections = 9 Multiple Openings = Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = Bridges = 1 Lateral Structures =

Computational Information

putational Information
Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01
Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01
Maximum number of iterations = 20
Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3
Flow tolerance factor = 0.00

Computation Options Critical depth computed only where necessary
Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only
Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance
Computational Flow Regime: Subcritical Flow Flow Title: FM1245-FLOW Flow File: FM1245-CHRISTMAS.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

CHRISTMAS 5 YR 4814 CHRISTMAS

Boundary Conditions

River	Reach	Profile	Upstream	Downstream
CHRISTMAS CHRISTMAS	CHRISTMAS CHRISTMAS	2 YR 5 YR	Normal S = 0.0011 Normal S = 0.0011	Normal S = 0.0004 Normal S = 0.0004
CHRISTMAS	CHRISTMAS	10 YR	Normal S = 0.0011	Normal S = 0.0004
CHRISTMAS CHRISTMAS	CHRISTMAS CHRISTMAS	25 YR 50 YR	Normal S = 0.0011 Normal S = 0.0011	Normal S = 0.0004 Normal S = 0.0004
CHRISTMAS	CHRÍSTMAS	100 YR	Normal S = 0.0011	Normal S = 0.0004

CHRISTMAS CREEK FM 1245 HEC-RAS STA. 2037 CROSS-SECTIONAL LAYOUT

RS: 2037 INPUI Description: FM1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK Distance from Upstream XS = 90 Deck/Roadway Width = 34 Weir Coefficient = 2.6 = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = .98

Upstream Embankment side slope
Downstream Embankment side slope
Baximum allowable submergence for weir flow =
Elevation at which weir flow begins
Energy head used in spillway design
Spillway height used in design
Weir crest shape

= B = Broad Crested

Number of Bridge Coefficient Sets = 1

Low Flow Methods and Data Energy
Momentum
Yarnell
Selected Low Flow Methods = Highest Energy Answer

High Flow Method
Pressure and Weir flow
Submerged Inlet Cd
Submerged Inlet + Outlet Cd =
Max Low Cord =

Additional Bridge Parameters
Add Friction component to Momentum
Do not add Weight component to Momentum
Class B flow critical depth computations use critical depth
inside the bridge at the upstream end
Criteria to check for pressure flow = Upstream energy grade line

Number of Abutments = 2

Number of Piers = 2

Pier Data
Pier Station Upstream= 5411.3 Downstream= 5442.5
Upstream num= 2
Width Elev Width Elev 3 460 3 483.5
Downstream num= 2
Width Elev Width Elev 3 460 3 483.5

Pier Data
Pier Station Upstream= 5466.3 Downstream= 5497.5
Upstream num= 2
Width Elev Width Elev 3 483.4
Downstream num= 2
Width Elev Width 2
Blev 460 3 483.4

NOTES:

- 1. BRIDGE HYDRAULICS PERFORMED USING HEC-RAS (V.5.0.7) STEADY STATE MODEL.
- 2. CHANNEL GEOMETRY EXTRACTED FROM LIDAR TOPO, PROJECT FIELD SURVEY AND PRELIMINARY BRIDGE LAYOUTS.
- 3. ELEVATIONS REFERENCE TO NAVD88 DATUM.
- 4. SEE "DRAINAGE AREA MAP" SHEET FOR FLOWS AND COMPUTATION PARAMETERS.
- 5. STREAM MODELING & WATERSHED DATA DETAILED WITHIN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX", DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.







FIRM REGISTRATION No DALLAS, TEXAS 75252



BRIDGE HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK

			SHEE	ET 1	OF	3
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.				
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET	Ē	56		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE				
CONT	SECT	JOB	- 1	HIGHWAY	NO	
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245,	ET(С.

C: \1CSE_PROJECTS\245069C_IEA_WACO\CAD\CHRISTMAS\FM1245-RAS.dgr

57/1/2021 2:58:11 FM BATOU C:\ICSE_PROJECTS\245069C_IEA_WACO\CAD\CHRISTMAS\FM1245-RAS.dgn			
SYICZEURI C:\ICSE_PROJECTS\245069C_IEA_WACO\ 		CAD/CHRISTMAS/FM1245-RAS.dgn	
5/12/2021 2:58:21 PM BAYOU C:\1CSE_PROJECTS\245069C_1EA		-WACO	
5/12/2021 2:38:21 PM C:\1CSE_PROJECTS\24506	BAYOU	9C_IEA	
5/16/2021 2:58:2 C:\1CSE_PROJECTS\	_ Z	24506	
5/12/2021 C:\1CSE_PR	7:20:7	OJECTS\	
_ ان آ	1707/7	1CSE_PR	
	_ ?	:	L

BRIDGE Upstream	Stal Hi Cord Lo Cord 68 515.84 364.1 515.22 664.8 511.83 1005.7 505.78 1160.1 1261 502.64 1887.3 494.85 1887.3 494.85 1896.4 12182.3 493.37 2240.6 2320.8 492.67 23823 490.59 3191.1 2709.7 2823 490.59 3279.4 488.72 33101 489.59 33191 488.72 33477.4 488.11 3664.9 3882 486.87 492.67 28823 490.59 2878 482.67 28823 490.59 3193.5 3279.4 488.72 3477.4 488.11 3664.9 3882 486.87 492.67 5087 482.33 5087 482.13 5052 482.13 5052 482.13 5052 482.13 5177 482.44 5177 482.44 5177 482.44 5177 482.44 5177 482.44 5177 482.48 51177 482.44 5177 482.44 5187 5227 5262 482.66 5232 5242 482.66 5232 5242 482.67 5257 482.89 5292 483.1 5357 483.37 55552 482.97 55662 482.82 5567 482.89 5597 483.03 55627 481.82 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.86 5577 483.87 5567 482.89 5292 5822 5824 482.97 55627 481.82 5567 482.97 55687 482.99 55822 483.17 55577 5567 482.86 55777 483.17 55577 483.17 55577 482.86 55777 483.17 5567 482.86 5577 483.37 55627 481.82 56627 481.82 56627 481.82 56627 481.82 56627 481.82 56627 481.83 57757 5787 481.08 5787 480.99 5882 480.99	Hi Cord Lo Cord 515.91 514.75 510.8 503.6 499.1 496.05 494.7 493.83 492.98 490.91 490.43 480.47 481.31 486.479 483.11 482.15 482.15 482.12 482.21 482.21 482.23 482.62 482.62 482.62 482.62 482.62 482.85 482.85 483.12 483.32 483.12 483.12 483.12 483.12 483.13 480.82 482.84 482.93 483.12 483.12 483.12 483.12 483.13 480.81 480.81 480.81 481.78 481.65 481.52 481.39 481.165 481.52 481.39 481.165 481.52 481.39 480.81 480.93 480.89 480.84 480.93 480.89 480.84 480.93 480.89 480.84 480.77 480.66 480.57 480.66 480.57 480.37 480.37 480.37 480.37 480.37 480.37 480.37 480.47 4	BRIDGE	STMAS 85: 2037 10
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .04 858.5 5370.2 .05 5420.6	num= 10 n Val Sta n Val Sta .035 3556.4 .05 3765.4 .045 5463.6 .04 5518.4		Manning's n Values	9 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 4153,7 .035 5412 .05 5453,4 .045 6516.5 .07 6660.1 .035







FIRM REGISTRATION No. (AS 75252 F-10161



BRIDGE HYDRAULIC
COMPUTATIONS
FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK

			SHE	EΤ	2	OF	3
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.				
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET	57				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO				
1191	03	033. ETC.	FM	124	15.	ET(с.

Profile Output	t Table - Stand	dard Table	1									
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
CHRISTMAS	86	10 YR	6935.00	460.18	475.30	473.36	475.34	0.000400	2.57	4951.02	2014.35	0.16
CHRISTMAS	86	100 YR	15117.00	460.18	476.98	474.24	477.03	0.000400	2.90	8552.79	2269.64	0.16
CHRISTMAS	587	10 YR	6935.00	459.97	475.49		475.60	0.000651	3.72	3498.91	1765.93	0.21
CHRISTMAS	587	100 YR	15117.00	459.97	477.18		477.27	0.000568	3.86	7018.48	2520.11	0.20
CHRISTMAS	919	10 YR	6935.00	460.56	475.75		476.01	0.002226	5.48	2373.71	1485.70	0.36
CHRISTMAS	919	100 YR	15117.00	460.56	477.40		477.58	0.001412	5.02	5135.69	1802.73	0.30
CHRISTMAS	1647	10 YR	6935.00	460.00	477.03		477.15	0.001212	4.03	3101.93	1197.92	0.21
CHRISTMAS	1647	100 YR	15117.00	460.00	478.44		478.62	0.001622	5.03	4969.39	1527.10	0.25
CHRISTMAS	1919	10 YR	6935.00	460.68	477.10	472.33	477.87	0.002264	7.48	1267.30	1269.12	0.39
CHRISTMAS	1919	100 YR	15117.00	460.68	477.85	477.68	480.67	0.007943	14.61	1451.64	1408.07	0.74
CHRISTMAS	2037		Bridge									
CHRISTMAS	2199	10 YR	6935.00	459.65	479.16	477.31	479.61	0.001868	6.95	1913.33	1891.09	0.32
CHRISTMAS	2199	100 YR	15117.00	459.65	481.89	479.43	481.96	0.000372	3.49	8059.19	2526.00	0.15
CHRISTMAS	2379	10 YR	6935.00	460.91	479.70		479.72	0.000123	1.72	7094.03	2289.54	0.09
CHRISTMAS	2379	100 YR	15117.00	460.91	481.98		482.01	0.000106	1.79	12729.54	2680.25	0.08
CHRISTMAS	4267	10 YR	6935.00	463.95	479.94		479.98	0.000336	2.47	5400.53	1893.61	0.14
CHRISTMAS	4267	100 YR	15117.00	463.95	482.17		482.21	0.000263	2.53	10079.18	2231.27	0.13
CHRISTMAS	4885	10 YR	6935.00	464.62	480.15		480.20	0.000419	2.72	5146.91	2310.27	0.16
CHRISTMAS	4885	100 YR	15117.00	464.62	482.32		482.35	0.000244	2.40	10414.53	2593.99	0.13

BRIDGE RIVER: CHRISTMAS REACH: CHRISTMAS RS: 2037 BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #10 YR

E.G. US. (ft) W.S. US. (ft) Q Total (cfs) Q Bridge (cfs) Q Weir (cfs) Weir Sta Lft (ft) Weir Sta Rgt (ft) Weir Submerg Weir Max Depth (ft) Min El Weir Flow (ft) Delta EG (ft) Delta WS (ft) BR Open Area (sq ft)	479.61 479.16 6935.00 6935.00 480.33 480.88 1.75 2.06 1458.94	Element E.G. Elev (ft) W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Flow Area (sq ft) Froude # Chl Specif Force (cu ft) Hydr Depth (ft) W.P. Total (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Top Width (ft) Freth Loss (ft)	Inside BR US 478.24 477.24 472.16.99 6.83 1015.41 7585.75 8.65 157.98 147681.2	Inside BR DS 478. 28 477. 40 472. 75 17. 52 6. 73 1029. 84 0. 39 7500. 76 8. 65 159. 91 134933. 7
BR Open Vel (54 17) BR Sluice Coef BR Sel Method	6.83 Momentum	C & E Loss (ft) Shear Total (Ib/sq ft) Power Total (Ib/ft s)	0.88 6.04	1.06 7.15

Warning: The water surface upstream of the bridge computed by the Yarnell method was below critical depth. The Yarnell

Solution has been disregarded.

Yarnell answer is not valid if the water surface is above the low chord or if there is weir flow. The Yarnell answer has been disregarded. Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #100 YR

E.G. US. (ft)	481.96	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (f+)	481.89	E.G. Elev (ft)	481.96	481.83
Q Total (cfs)	15117.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	481.89	481.41
Q Bridge (cfs)	10785.96	Crit W.S. (ft)	477.45	477.43
Q Weir (cfs)	4331.04	Max Chl Dpth (ft)	21.64	21.53
Weir Sta Lft (ft)	5703.09	Vel Total (ft/s)	5.33	6.59
Weir Sta Rat (ft)	6797.12	Flow Area (sq ft)	2834.79	2295.58
Weir Submerg	0.00	Froude # Chl	0.27	0.33
Weir Max Depth (ft)	1.64	Specif Force (cu ft)	15900.75	15163.65
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	480.33	Hydr Depth (ft)	2.44	2.28
Min El Prs (ft)	480.88	W.P. Total (ft)	1474.46	1319.77
Delta EG (ft)	1.29	Conv. Total (cfs)		
Delta WS (ft)	4.04	Top Width (ft)	1161.25	1004,99
BR Open Area (sq ft)	1458.94	Froth Loss (ft)		
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	7.39	C & E Loss (ft)		
BR Sluice Coef	0.35	Shear Total (lb/sq ft)		
BR Sel Method	Press/Weir	Power Total (lb/ft s)		

Yarnell answer is not valid if the water surface is above the low chord or if there is weir flow. The Yarnell answer has been disregarded. Note: has been disregarded.

Momentum answer is not valid if the water surface is above the low chord or if there is weir flow. The momentum answer has been disregarded.

The downstream water surface is below the minimum elevation for pressure flow. The sluice gate equations were used for pressure flow.

Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used. For the cross section inside the bridge at the upstream end, the water surface and energy have been projected from the upstream cross section. The selected bridge modeling method does not compute answers inside the bridge. For the cross section inside the bridge at the downstream end, the water surface and energy are based on critical depth over the weir.

The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This selection is the property of the cross section inside the property of the cross section inside the bridge at the downstream end, the water surface and energy are based on critical depth over the weir.

Note:

Note:

Note:

Note:

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.







18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253 FIRM REGISTRATION No.



BRIDGE HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS FM 1245 OVER CHRISTMAS CREEK

			SHE	EΤ	3	OF	3
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A		SHEE	T NO.			
06	SEE TI	TITLE SHEET 58					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY NO					
1191	03	033. ETC.	FM	124	45.	ET(c. l

Downstream

Normal S = 0.00

S = 0.001 S = 0.001 S = 0.001 S = 0.001

Normal

Normal Normal

Normal Normal

Upstream

Normal S = 0.0001 Normal S = 0.0001 Normal S = 0.0001 Normal S = 0.0001

Normal S = 0.000

- SEE "DRAINAGE AREA MAP" SHEET FOR
- FLOWS AND COMPUTATION PARAMETERS. STREAM MODELING & WATERSHED
- DATA DETAILED WITHIN "ON-SYSTEM BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE HYDRAULIC REPORT, LIMESTONE COUNTY, TX", DATED FINAL APRIL 2021 BY CIVIL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.



Cord Lo Cord

Texas Department of Transportation

18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 DALLAS TEXAS 75252

FIRM REGISTRATION No



BRIDGE HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS FM 1633 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER

			SHEE	ET 1	OF 2		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.		SHEE	T NO.		
06	SEE TI		5	9			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TX	WAC	LI	MESTO	NE			
CONT	SECT	JOB	H	HIGHWAY NO			
1191	03	033. ETC.	FM	1245.	ETC.		

C:\1CSE_PROJECTS\245069C_IEA_WACO\CAD\NAVASOTA\FM1633-RAS.dg

River

NAVASOTA

NAVASOTA NAVASOTA

ΝΔΥΔΝΟΤΔ

NAVASOTA

Reach

NAVASOTA NAVASOTA

NAVASOTA NAVASOTA

NAVASOTA

Profile

2 YR 5 YR 10 YR 25 YR 50 YR

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1												
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (f†)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (f†)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
NAVASOTA	1082	25 YR	22809.40	396.60	426.94	415.85	427.40	0.001001	6.55	5526.69	573.59	0.27
NAVASOTA	1082	100 YR	34969.80	396.60	430.94	422.78	431.37	0.001002	6.64	7914.43	632.74	0.27
NAVASOTA	2300	25 YR	22809.40	397.82	428.19		428.81	0.001331	7.44	4822.66	831.71	0.31
NAVASOTA	2300	100 YR	34969.80	397.82	432.06		432.50	0.000922	6.93	8662.68	1140.79	0.27
NAVASOTA	3189	25 YR	22809.40	398.71	429.24		429.55	0.000581	5.47	5781.81	690.85	0.21
NAVASOTA	3189	100 YR	34969.80	398.71	432.75		433.07	0.000518	5.72	8505.78	887.07	0.20
NAVASOTA	3591	25 YR	22809.40	401.70	429.41	417.86	429.76	0.000524	5.36	5329.26	960.64	0.21
NAVASOTA	3591	100 YR	34969.80	401.70	432.89	424.74	433.28	0.000494	5.77	7246.10	1417.99	0.21
NAVASOTA	3703		Bridge									
NAVASOTA	3799	25 YR	22809.40	402.08	430.13	418.31	430.49	0.000546	5.53	5487.54	1147.49	0.21
NAVASOTA	3799	100 YR	34969.80	402.08	433.52	425.02	433.95	0.000551	6.14	7360.14	1666.60	0.22
NAVASOTA	4338	25 YR	22809.40	405.58	430.66		430.73	0.000161	2.94	12734.00	1664.78	0.11
NAVASOTA	4338	100 YR	34969.80	405.58	434.13		434.19	0.000125	2.87	19131.98	2078.58	0.10
NAVASOTA	5683	25 YR	22809.40	405.12	430.84		430.87	0.000116	2.11	19253.58	3578.11	0.09
NAVASOTA	5683	100 YR	34969.80	405.12	434.26		434.28	0.000060	1.72	31942.44	3857.26	0.07
NAVASOTA	6900	25 YR	22809.40	405.18	430.98		431.07	0.000252	3.39	11326.35	2139.46	0.14
NAVASOTA	6900	100 YR	34969.80	405.18	434.32		434.39	0.000141	2.79	18980.67	2634.63	0.11
NAVASOTA	7616	25 YR	22809.40	405.09	431.09		431.36	0.000412	4.66	6564.96	864.92	0.19
NAVASOTA	7616	100 YR	34969.80	405.09	434.35		434.61	0.000380	4.97	10577.28	1715.30	0.18
NAVASOTA	8205	25 YR	22809.40	405.14	431.23		431.89	0.001573	7.31	3693.54	423.56	0.33
NAVASOTA	8205	100 YR	34969.80	405.14	434.38		435.15	0.001497	7.95	5184.73	529.16	0.33
					DIVED. N	AVACOTA						
					RIVER: N. REACH: N.	AVASOTA	RS: 3703					
						UTPUT Profile						
					E.G. U' W.S. U'	S. (ft) S. (ft)	430.49 430.13	Element E.G. Elev (f		nside BR US II 430.46		

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #100 YR

E.G. US. (ft) W.S. US. (ft) Q Total (ofs) Q Bridge (ofs) Q Weir (cfs) Weir Sta Lft (ft) Weir Sta Rgt (ft) Weir Submerg Weir Max Depth (ft) Min El Weir Flow (ft) Min El Prs (ft) Delta EG (ft) Delta WS (ft)	433. 95 433. 52 34969. 80 34969. 80 435. 00 434. 95 0. 67 0. 64	Element E.G. Elev (ft) W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Flow Area (sq ft) Froude # Chl Specif Force (cu ft) Hydr Depth (ft) W.P. Total (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Top Width (ft)	Inside BR US 433.95 433.21 424.16 6.35 5502.83 0.21 59561.82 14.88 533.60 1034269.0	Inside BR DS 433, 44 432, 63 423, 64 32, 13 6, 53 5356, 37 0, 22 59373, 14 14, 62 508, 73 1151969, 0 366, 33
BR Open Area (sq ft) BR Open Vel (ft/s) BR Sluice Coef BR Sel Method	5984.32 6.53 Momentum	Freth Loss (ft) C & E Loss (ft) Shear Total (lb/sq ft) Power Total (lb/ft s)	0.74 4.68	0.61 3.95
Dit Set Metriod	Womerrain	10461 10141 (10/11 3/	1.00	3. 33

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.





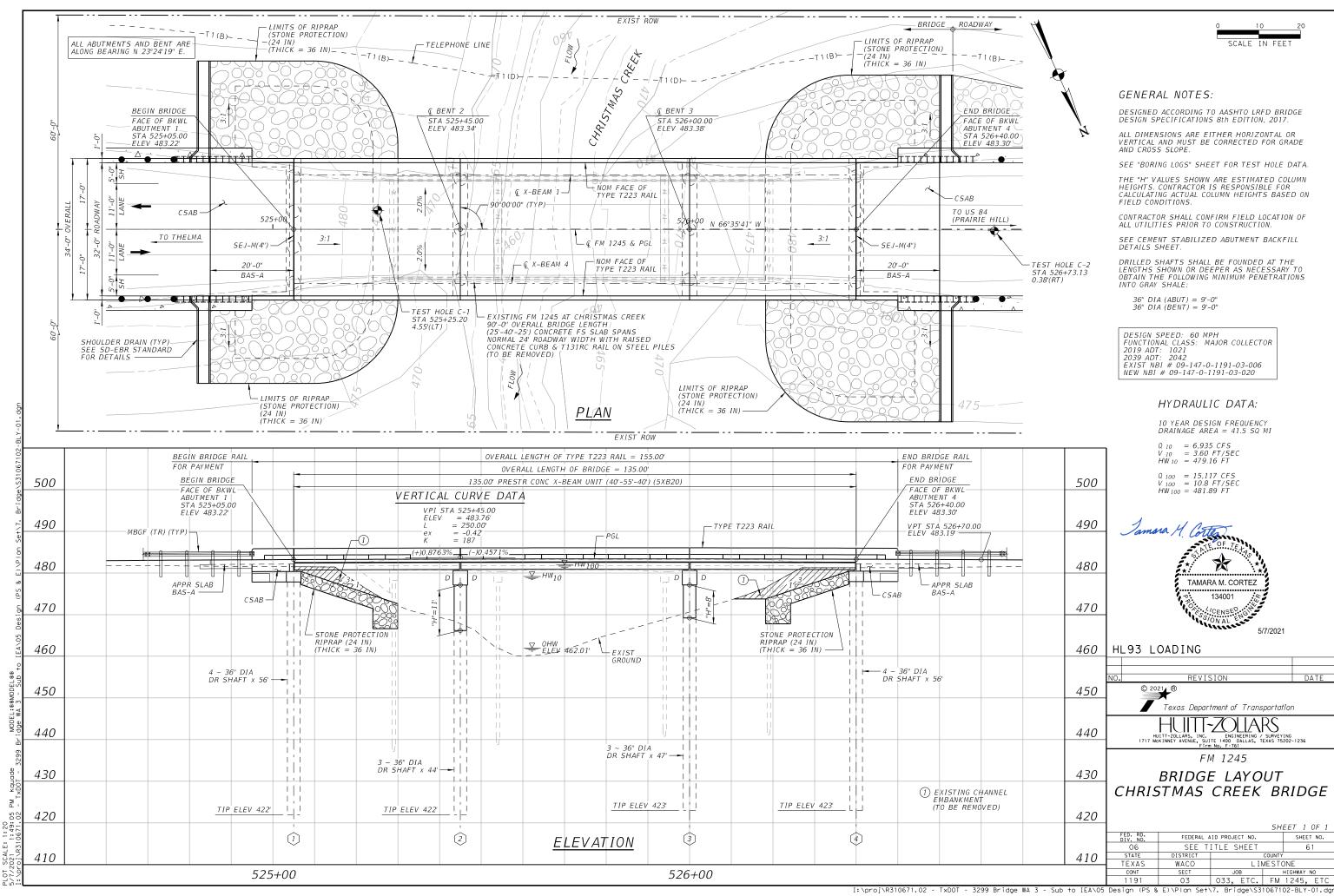


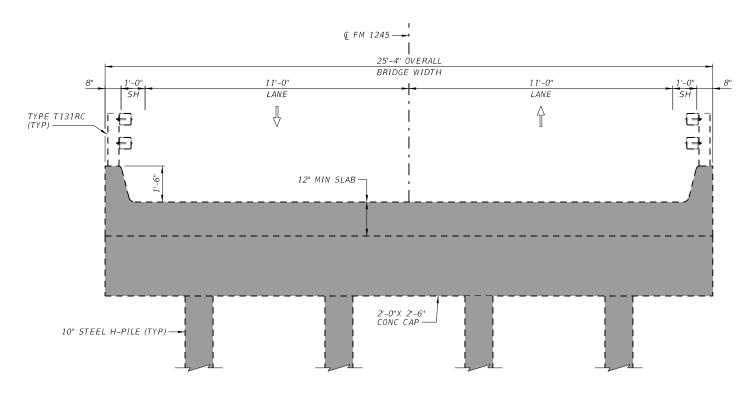
18383 PRESTON ROAD SUITE 500 FIRM REGISTRATION NO. DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 F-10161 (214) 884-4253



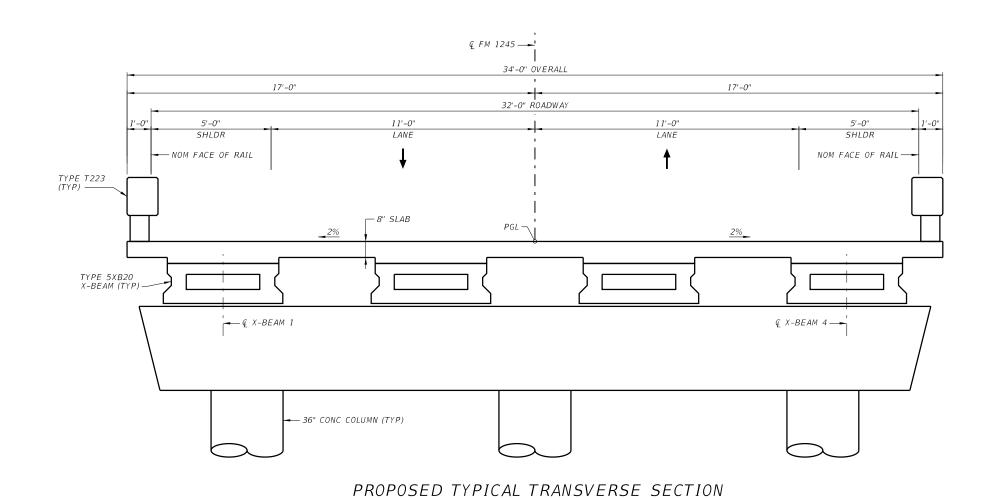
BRIDGE HYDRAULIC
COMPUTATIONS
FM 1633 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER

			SHE	ET :	2	OF	2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	SH	EE	T NO.			
06	SEE TI	SEE TITLE SHEET					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TX	WAC	LIMESTONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO				
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245	5,	ET(٥.٦





$\frac{EXISTING\ TYPICAL\ SECTION}{SCALE:\ 1/4''=1'-0''}$



SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



HL93 LOADING



HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. ENGINEERING / SURVEYING
1717 MCKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-1236
Firm No. F-761

FIRM No. F-761 FM 1245

BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE

			SH	EET 1 OF 1				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.						
06	SEE T	TITLE SHEET 62						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE						
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO					
1191	0.3	033. FTC. FM 1245. FTC						

ESTIMATED BRIDGE QUANTITIES (CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE)													
	ITEM	400	416	420	420	420	420	422	422	425	432	450	454
	BID CODE	6005	6004	6011	6014	6030	6038	6001	6015	6020	6035	6006	6018
	DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	CL B CONC (FLUME)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT
BRIDGE ELEMENT		D -	(00 111)		(HPC)	(HPC)	(HPC)	JEAD		(5XB20)	(24 IN)		(4 IN) (SEJ - M)
	UNIT	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	CY	LF	LF
2 - ABUTMENTS		112	448	5.4	37.8				51.4		720	40.0	66
2 - INTERIOR BENTS			273			30.6	15.0						
1 ~ 135.00' PRESTR CONC X-BEAM UNIT (5XB20)								4,590		534.00		270.0	
TOTAL		112	721	1 5.4	② 37.8	3 30.6	15.0	4,590	51.4	534.00	720	310.0	4 66
									(1) QUANTIT	Y SHOWN FOR	SHOULDER DR	RAINS	

DIST BETWN BRNG ELEVS ALONG CL BRNG (FT)

2 QUANTITY INCLUDES 0.2 CY/ABUT FOR SHEAR KEY

3 QUANTITY INCLUDES 0.3 CY/BENT FOR SHEAR KEY

4 QUANTITY BASED ON 33 LF PER ABUTMENT

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS (FT)

BEAM 1 LEFT BEAM LEFT BEAM 4 LEFT BEAM 3 RIGHT RIGHT LEFT ABUT 1 (FWD) 480.171 480.291 480.345 480.465 480.465 480.345 480.291 480.171 6.0000 480 585 BENT 2 (BK) 480.291 480 411 480.465 480 585 480 465 480 411 480 291 6.0000 (FWD) 480.296 480.416 480.469 480.589 480.589 480.469 480.416 480.296 6.0000 BENT 3 (BK) (FWD) 480.447 480.327 480.327 480.447 480.500 480.620 480.500 480.620 6.0000 ABUT 4 (BK) 480.254 480.547 480.547 480.427 480.374 480.254 6.0000 480.374 480.427

BEARING PAD TAPER - FABRICATOR'S REPORT

BEARING PAD TAPER -- FABRICATOR'S REPORT
PERPENDICULAR TO THE CENTERLINE OF BEARING.
SUMMATION OF BEARING PAD TAPER DUE TO CROSS-SLOPE, GRADE, AND SKEW, MEASURED IN IN/IN.
A POSITIVE TAPER INDICATES INCREASING PAD THICKNESS IN DIRECTION OF INCREASING STATIONS.
A NEGATIVE TAPER INDICATES DECREASING PAD THICKNESS IN DIRECTION OF INCREASING STATIONS.

ABUT	1 (FWD)	BEAM 1 0.00315	BEAM 2 0.00315	BEAM 3 0.00315	BEAM 4 0.00315
BENT	2 (BK) (FWD)	BEAM 1 0.00315 0.00062	BEAM 2 0.00315 0.00062	BEAM 3 0.00315 0.00062	BEAM 4 0.00315 0.00062
BENT	3 (BK) (FWD)	BEAM 1 0.00062 -0.00192	BEAM 2 0.00062 -0.00192	BEAM 3 0.00062 -0.00192	BEAM 4 0.00062 -0.00192
ABUT	4 (BK)	BEAM 1 -0.00192	BEAM 2 -0.00192	BEAM 3 -0.00192	BEAM 4 -0.00192



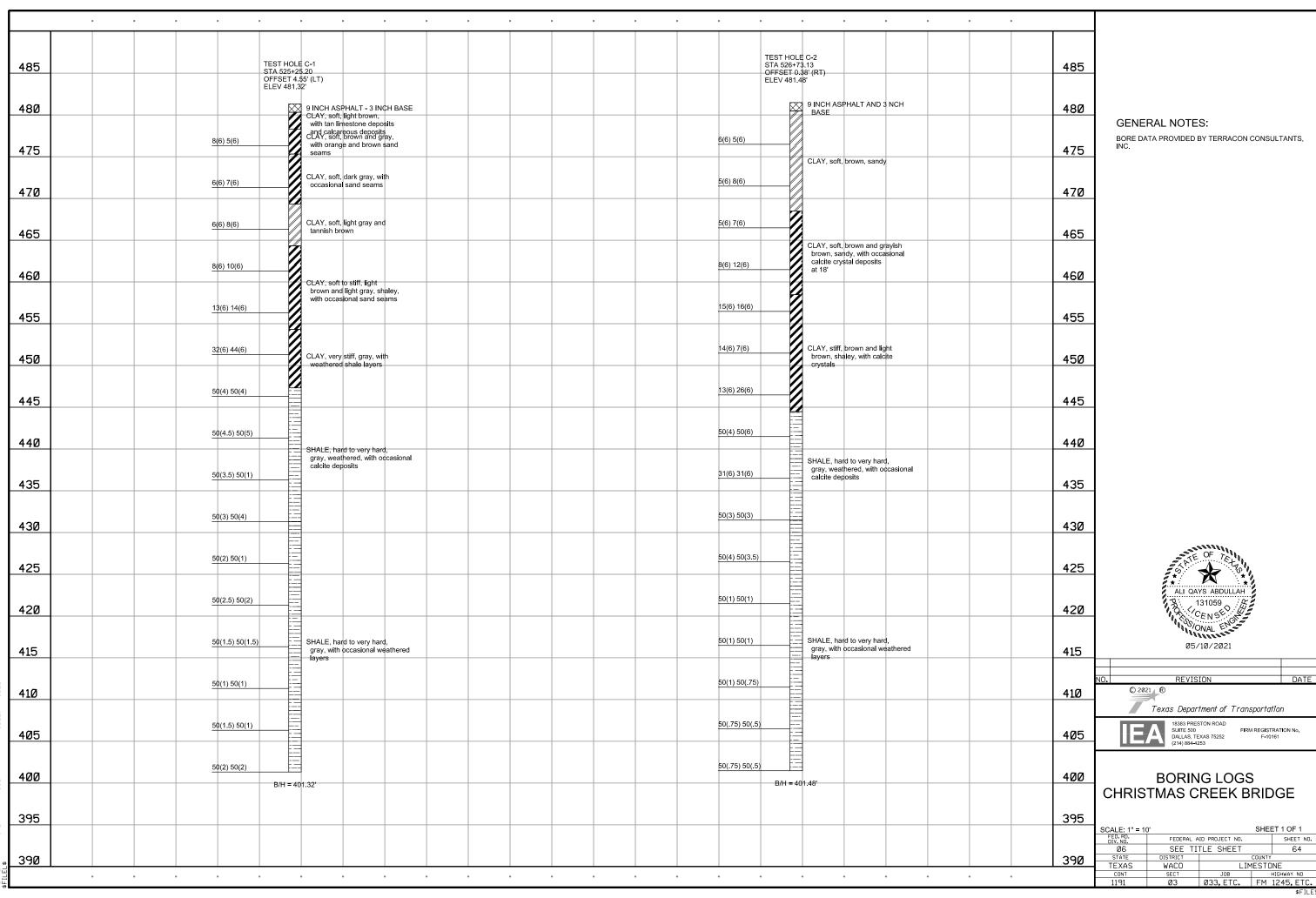
HL93 LOADING

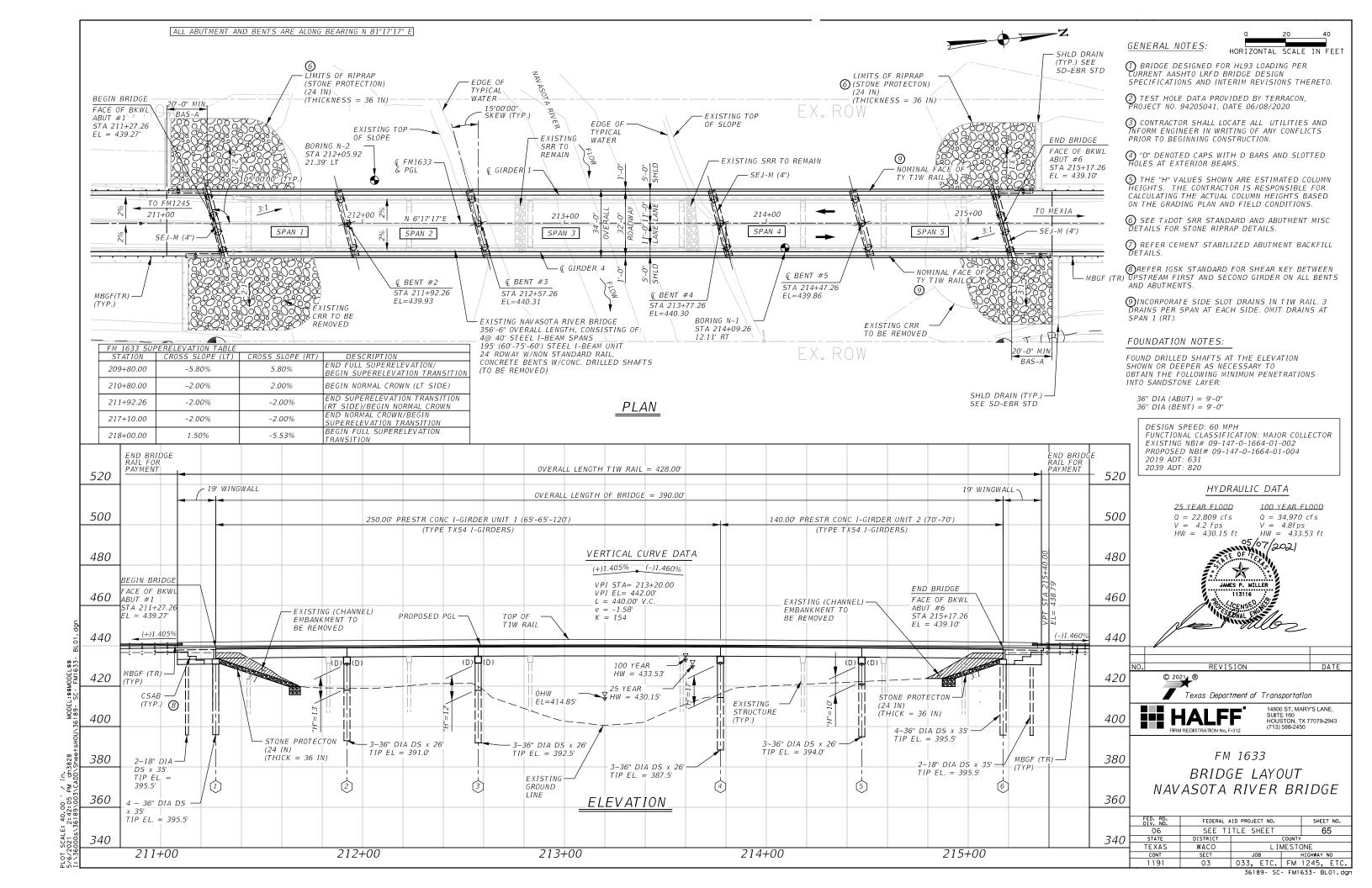
NO.	REVISION	DATE
	© 2021 ® Texas Department of Transportation	า
	HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. ENDINEERING / SURVEYING 1717 McKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202	-1236

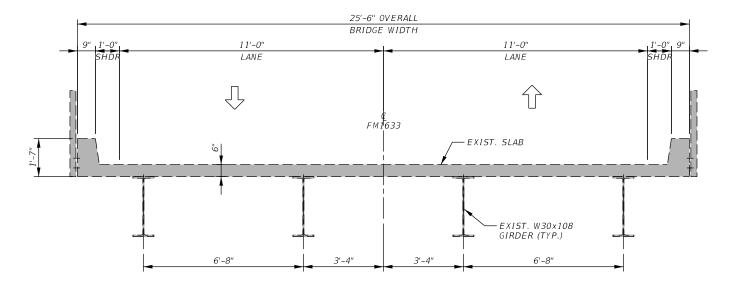
FM 1245

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS CHRISTMAS CREEK BRIDGE

			SHI	EET 1 OF 1				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.							
06	SEE T	ITLE SHEET 63						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE						
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY NO					
1191	03	033 FTC	FM	1245 FTC				

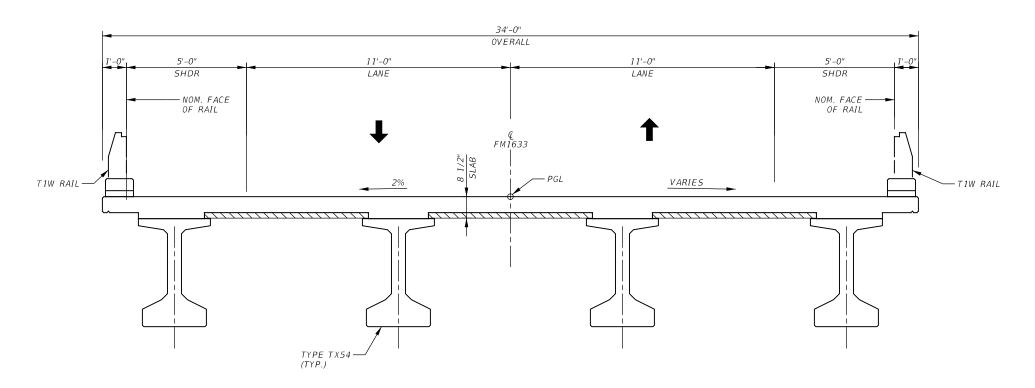






EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

SCALE: 1/4"=1'-0"



PROPOSED TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

SCALE: 1/4"=1'-0"



NO. REVISION DATE

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Texas Department of Transportation



14800 ST. MARY'S LANE, SUITE 160 HOUSTON, TX 77079-2943 (713) 588-2450

FM 1633 BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE

DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.							
06	SEE TI	ITLE SHEET 66							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY							
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE							
CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY NO							
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM 1245, ETC.						

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES														
		400	416	416	420	420	420	420	422	422	425	432	450	454
	BID ITEM	6005	6001	6004	6011	6014	6030	6038	6001	6015	6039	6035	6003	6018
DESCRIPTION BRIDGE ELEMENT		CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN DIA)	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN DIA)	CL "B" CONC (FLUME)	CL "C" CONC (ABUT) (HPC)	CL "C" CONC (CAP) (HPC)	CL "C" CONC (COLUMN) (HPC)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (Tx54)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (24 IN)	RAIL (TY T1W)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ-M)
2 - ABUTMENTS		212	140	280	9.4	64.3	C/	C1	31	CI	LI	CI	76.0	Lr
4 - INTERIOR BENTS				312			62.9	40.9						
1 - 250.00' PCG UNIT & 1 - 140.00'	PCG UNIT								13,260	62.3	1,550	1,501	780.0	102
TOTAL		212	140	592	① 9.4	264.3	3 62.9	40.9	13,260	62.3	1,550	1,501	856.0	4 102

- ① QUANTITY SHOWN IS FOR SHOULDER DRAINS.
- ② QUANTITY INCLUDES .36 CY/ABUT FOR SHEAR KEY.
- 3 QUANTITY INCLUDES .72 CY/BENT FOR SHEAR KEY.
- 4 QUANTITY IS BASED ON 34 LF PER ABUTMENT AND INTERIOR BENT 4.

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

0 - 7 17	B27111110 32711 E22171110113											
			BEAM	BEAM	BEAM	BEAM						
			1	2	3	4						
BENT	1	(FWD)	433.225	433.443	433.577	433.617						
BENT	2	(BK)	433.880	434.087	434.108	433.941						
		(FWD)	433.897	434.104	434.124	433.956						
BENT	3	(BK)	434.285	434.482	434.492	434.314						
		(FWD)	434.293	434.490	434.499	434.322						
BENT	4	(BK)	434.311	434.488	434.478	434.281						
		(FWD)	434.303	434.480	434.470	434.273						
BENT	5	(BK)	433.893	434.059	434.037	433.829						
		(FWD)	433.876	434.042	434.020	433.811						
BENT	6	(BK)	433.156	433.310	433.278	433.058						



O. REVISION DATE
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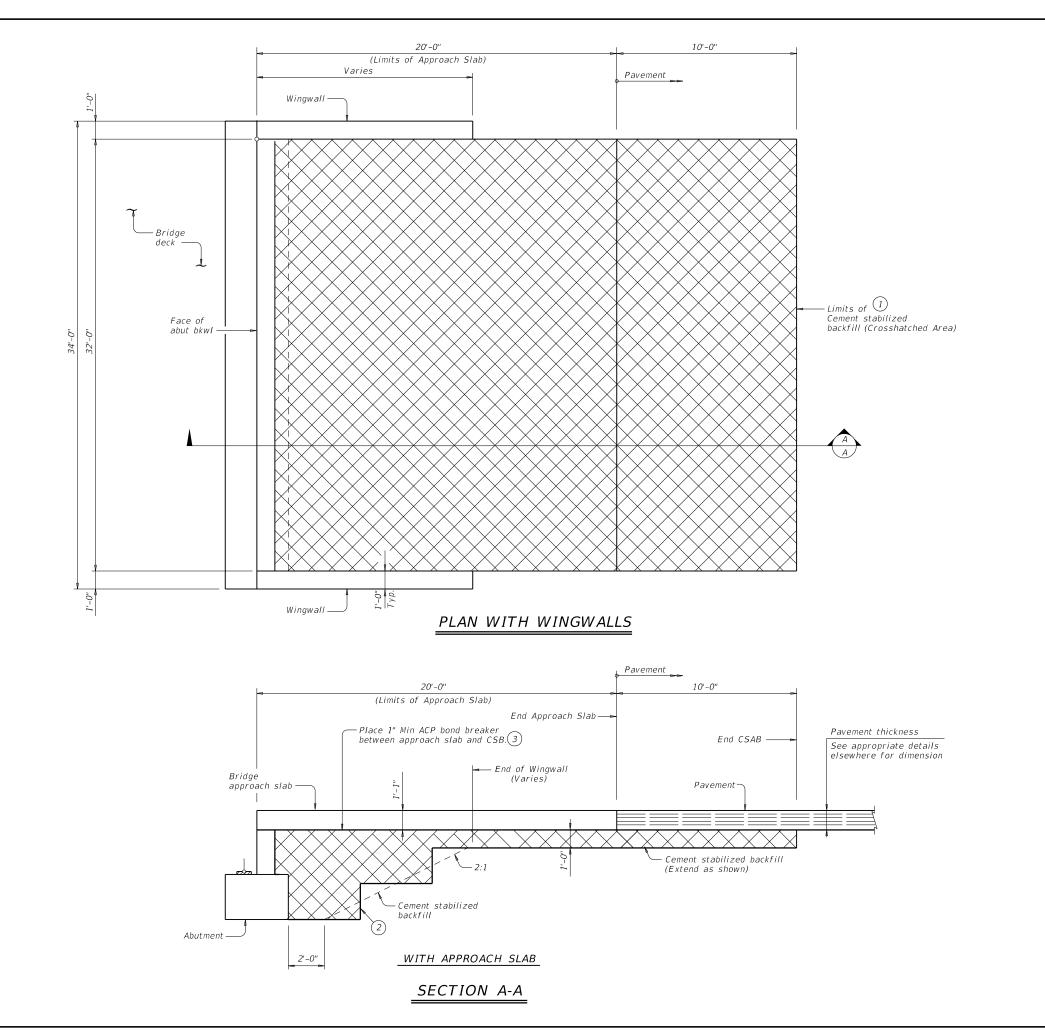


14800 ST. MARY'S LANE, SUITE 160 HOUSTON, TX 77079-2943 (713) 588-2450

FM 1633 ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS NAVASOTA RIVER BRIDGE

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.						
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET 67						
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE						
CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY NO						
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245, ETC.				
-		34400 60	=					

25	Test Hole No. N <u>- 1</u> STA 214+09.26		Te	st Hole No, N- 2		
20	OFFSET = 12.11' RT EI 421.10	y loose, brown and	ST/ OF	A 212+05.92 FSET = 21.39' LT 419.84		
5	4(6) 5(6) light brow SAND, loo	n, clayey	50(3) 50(1)	SAND, very dense, orangish brown, clayey, with sandstone layers		
)	3(6) 5(6) SAND, loo	se, dark gray, clayey—	50(.75) 50(.5)			
5	34(6) 32(6) and light	npact, tannish brown prown, clayey, sional sandstone	50(.25) 50(.25)			
)	50(.25) 50(.25)		50(.5) 50(.25)			
j.	50(.5) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			
1	50(1) 50(.5)		50(.25) 50(.25)			•
i	50(.75) 50(.5)		50(.5) 50(.25)			
)	50(.5) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			
5	50(.5) 50(.25) SANDSTO	NE, hard, tannish	50(.75) 50(.25)	SANDSTONE, hard, light gray and tannish brown, with sand layers		
)		NE, hard, tannish	50(.5) 50(.25)			- OF WA
5	50(.25) 50(.25)		50(.5) 50(.25)			ALI QAYS ABDULLAH
)	50(.5) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			ALI GAYS ABDULLAH 131059 CENSONAL EN
5	50(.25) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			05/10/2021
)	50(.25) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			NO. HL93 LOADING REVISION DATE © 2021 © Texas Department of Transportation
5	50(.5) 50(.25)		50(.25) 50(.25)			HALFF FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-312 14800 ST. MARY'S SUITE 160 HOUSTON, TX 770 (713) 588-2450
)	50(.25) 50(.25)B/H = -32		50(.5) 50(.25)	P/U = 22		FM 1633 BORING LOGS
i				B/H = -32		(NAVASOTA RIVER)
						FED. RD.



- 1 Limits of Cement Stabilized Backfill is 30' from face of backwall.
 Paid for as a Bridge Item.
- Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.
- 3) Other materials can be used as a bond breaker if permitted by the Engineer. 2 layers of 30 Lb roofing felt or 2 layers of heavy mil polyethylene sheeting are examples.

GENERAL NOTES:

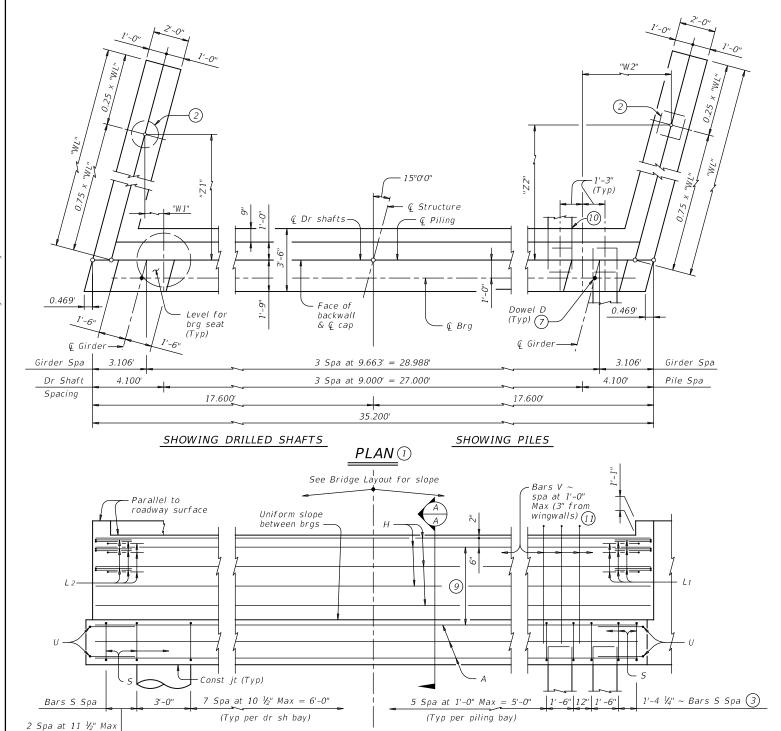
Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.





CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
DETAILS
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

FILE: CSABDET.DGN	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ETC FM		FM 1.	245, ETC
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST		69	



3'-6"
1'-9"
1'-0"
Approach slab
(flush with
top of slab)

2" (Typ unless
otherwise noted)

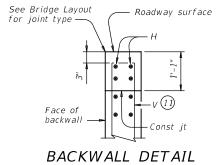
V(1)

A

Const jt

SECTION A-A

(With approach slab) (6)



(Without approach slab) (6)

TABLE OF FOUNDATION LOADS

Span Length	All Girde	er Types
Ft	Tons/Shaft	Tons/Pile
40	<i>53</i>	49
45	57	50
50	60	52
55	63	54
60	67	56
65	70	57
70	73	59
75	76	61
80	80	62
85	83	64
90	86	65
95	89	67
100	92	69
105	95	70
110	98	72
115	101	73
120	105	75

- 1) See Table A for variable dimensions based on header slope and girder type.
- 2) See Table A to determine if wingwall foundations are required.
- 3 For piling larger than 16" adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piling.
- 4 Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- (5) See Span details for "Y" value.
- 6 See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 7) Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.
- 8 With pile foundations, move Bars A
- 9 Spacing based on girder type: Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- 10 See Detail A on FD standard.
- 11) Field bend as needed to clear piles.
- Negative values for the "W1" dimension indicates a wingwall foundation on the other side of the cap foundation from what is shown in plan view. See Detail A.

GENERAL NOTES:

- Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
- See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet
- See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard shee for all foundation details and notes.
- See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment details, if applicable.
- See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.
- Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
- These abutment details may be used with standard SIG-32-15 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize dowel bars D.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard



Texas Department of Transportation

ABUTMENTS

TYPE TX28 THRU TX54

PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

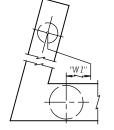
AIG-32-15

FILE: aig42sts-17.dgn	DN: TA	IR	CK: KCM	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR		
CTxD0T August 2017	CONT SECT JOB					HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ET	⁻C.	FΜ	1245,	ETC.	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY SHEE			SHEE	NO.		
	WACO	CO LIMESTONE 70				<u> </u>		

ELEVATION

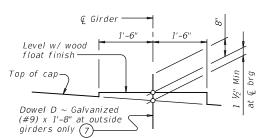
	TABLE A												
Header Slope	Girder Type	Wingwall Type	Wingwall Lgth "WL"	"W1"(12) "Z1" "W2" "Z2									
	Tx28	Cantilevered	8.000'										
	Tx34	Cantilevered	9.000'	1									
2:1	Tx40	Cantilevered	10.000'	Not Applicable									
	Tx46	Cantilevered	11.000'										
	Tx54	Founded	13.000'	0.541'	9.418'	5.588'	9.418'						
	Tx28	Cantilevered	12.000'		Not App	olicable							
	Tx34	Founded	14.000'	0.347'	10.142'	5.782'	10.142'						
3:1	Tx40	Founded	15.000'	0.153'	10.867'	5.976'	10.867'						
	Tx46	Founded	17.000'	-0.235'	12.316'	6.365'	12.316'						
	Tx54	Founded	19.000'	-0.623'	13.764'	6.753'	13.764'						

SHOWING DRILLED SHAFTS



SHOWING PILES

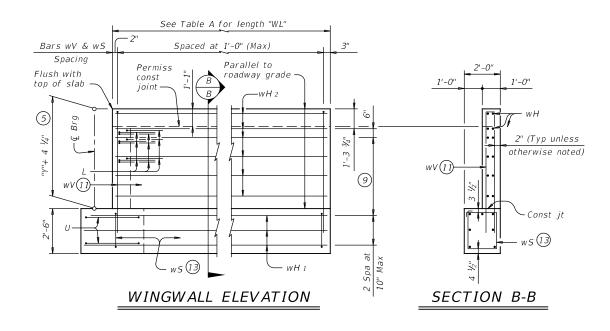
DETAIL A

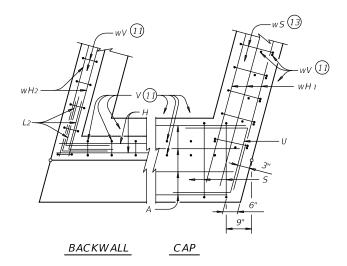


BEARING SEAT DETAIL

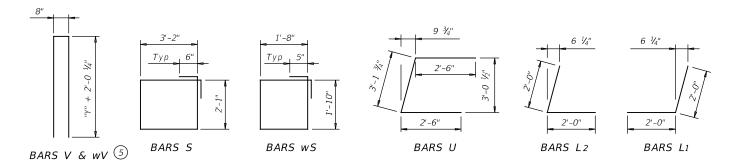
(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

= 1'-10 1/4" -





CORNER DETAILS



5 See Span details for "Y" value.

9 Spacing based on girder type:

Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max

Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max

Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max

Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max

Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max

 $\widehat{11}$ Field bend as needed to clear piles.

(13) Adjust as required to avoid piling.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard



ABUTMENTS

TYPE TX28 THRU TX54

PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

AIG-32-15

	,	_		_			
FILE: aig42sts-17.dgn	DN: TA	IR	JTR	0	k: TAR		
◯TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03 033, ETC.			FM 1245, ETC.		5, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		HEET NO.
	WACO		LIMESTO			71	

							T	4 <i>BLE</i>	S C	F
	TYPE	Tx2	8 Gir	ders			TYPE	Tx3	4 Gir	de
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	ngth	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Lei	ngth
Α	10	#11	34	'-3"	1,820	Α	10	#11	34	'-3"
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'	-8"
Н	8	#6	34'-	-10"	419	Н	8	#6	34'	-10"
L1	9	#6	4'	-0"	54	L1	9	#6	4'	-0"
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54	L2	9	#6	4'	-0"
S	30	#5	11'	-6"	360	S	30	#5	11	'-6"
U	4	#6	8'-	-2"	49	U	4	#6	8'	-2"
V	34	#5	11'	'-4"	402	V	34	#5	12	"-4"
/H1	14	#6	9'.	-5"	198	wH1	14	#6	10	'-5"
·H2	20	#6	7'-	-8"	230	wH2	20	#6	8'	-8"
vS	18	#4	7'-	10"	94	wS	20	#4	7'-	-10"
νV	18	#5	11'	'-4"	213	wV	20	#5	12	"-4"
Reinfo	orcing St	eel	•	Lb	3,904	Reinf	orcing St	eel	•	
lass	"C" Conc	rete		CY	19.0	Class	"C" Conc	rete		

ers				TYPE	T x 40) Gir	ders	
h	Weight		Bar	No.	Size	Ler	igth	Wei
3"	1,820		Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,8
,	11		D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	1
0"	419		Н	10	#6	34'-	-10"	52
,	54		L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	5.
,	54		L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	5.
3"	360		S	30	#5	1 1'	-6"	36
,	49		U	4	#6	8'-	-2"	4
!"	437		V	34	#5	13'	-4"	47
5"	219		wH1	14	#6	1 1'	-5"	24
,	260		wH2	24	#6	9'-	-8"	34
)"	105		wS	22	#4	7'-	10"	11
l	257		wV	22	#5	13'	-4"	30
Lb	4,045		Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	4,3
CY	20.6		Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	22
		ı						

	TYPE	Tx4	6 Gir	ders	
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	igth	Weight
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11
Н	10	#6	34'-	-10"	523
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
5	30	#5	11'	-6"	360
U	4	#6	8'-	49	
V	34	#5	14'	508	
wH1	14	#6	12'-5"		261
wH2	24	#6	10'	-8"	385
wS	24	#4	7'-	10"	126
wV	24	#5	14'	-4"	359
Reinfo	orcing St	eel	•	Lb	4,510
Class	"C" Conc	rete	•	CY	24.0

E	3ar	No.	Size	Len	igth	Weight
	Α	10	#11		-3"	1,820
	D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11
	Н	12	#6	34'-	-10"	628
	L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
	L2	9	#6	4'-	-O"	54
	5	30	#5	1 1'	360	
	U	4	#6	8'-	49	
	V	34	#5	15'	556	
И	/H1	14	#6	14'-5"		303
И	/H2	28	#6	12'	-8"	533
ı	NS	28	#4	7'-	10"	147
١	ΝV	28	#5	15'	-8"	458
	2.1.6					1.073
		orcing St			Lb	4,973
C	lass	"C" Conc		CY	27.0	

TABLES OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 3:1 HEADER SLOPE @

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 2:1 HEADER SLOPE @

	TYPE	Tx2	8 Gir	ders					
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	igth	Weight	-			
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820				
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11				
Н	8	#6	34'-	-10"	419				
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0" 54					
L2	9	#6	4'-						
S	30	#5	-6"	360					
U	4	#6	8'-	-2"	49				
V	34	#5	11'	-4"	402				
wH1	14	#6	13'	-5"	282				
wH2	20	#6	11'	-8"	350				
wS	26	#4	7'-	10"	136				
wV	26	#5	11'	-4"	307				
Reinfo	rcing St		Lb	4,244	ı				
Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	21.6				

	ITPE	1 X 3	4 Gir	aers	
Bar	No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820
D(7	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11
Н	8	#6	34'-	-10"	419
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
5	30	#5	11'	-6"	360
U	4	#6	8'-	49	
V	34	#5	12'	437	
wH1	14	#6	15'	-5"	324
wH2	20	#6	13'	-8"	411
wS	30	#4	7'-	10"	157
wV	30	#5	12'	-4"	386
Reinf	orcing St	eel		Lb	4,482
Class	"C" Conc	rete		24.0	

	TV05	T 2	1 6'	-1		Г		TVDC	T 1	<u> </u>		
	TYPE	IX3	4 GIr	aers				IYPE	Tx4	U GIR	aers	
	No.	Size	Ler	ngth	Weight		Bar	No.	Size	Le	ngth	Weight
	10	#11	34	'-3"	1,820		Α	10	#11	34	34'-3"	
7)	2	#9	1'-8"		11		D(7)	2	#9	1'	-8"	11
	8	#6	34'-10"		419		Н	10	#6	34'	-10"	523
	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54		L1	9	#6	4'	-0"	54
	9	#6	4'-0"		54		L2	9	#6	4'	-0"	54
	30	#5	11'-6"		360		S	30	#5	11	11'-6"	
	4	#6	8'-2"		49		U	4	#6	8'	-2"	49
	34	#5	12'-4"		437		V	34	#5	13	3'-4"	473
	14	#6	15	'-5"	324		wH1	14	#6	16	i'-5''	345
	20	#6	13	-8"	411		wH2	24	#6	14	!'-8"	529
	30	#4	7'-	10"	157		wS	32	#4	7'-	-10"	167
	30	#5	12	-4"	386	1	wV	32	#5	13	2'-4"	445
						1						
f	orcing St	eel		Lb	4,482	1	Reinfo	rcing St	eel	•	Lb	4,830
5	"C" Conci	rete		CY	24.0	4.0 Class "C" Concrete CY				25.9		

	TYPE	Tx4	6 Gir	ders	
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	igth .	Weight
А	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11
Н	10	#6	34'-	-10"	523
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
5	30	#5	11'	1'-6" 360	
U	4	#6	8'-	49	
V	34	#5	14'	508	
wH1	14	#6	18'	-5"	387
wH2	24	#6	16'	-8"	601
wS	36	#4	7'-	10"	188
wV	36	#5	14'	-4"	538
•				•	
Reinfo	orcing St	eel	•	Lb	5,093
Class	"C" Conc	rete	•	CY	28.5

	TYPE	Tx5	4 Gir	ders	
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	gth	Weight
Α	10	#11	34'	-3"	1,820
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11
Н	12	#6	34'-	-10"	628
L1	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
L2	9	#6	4'-	-0"	54
5	30	#5	11'	-6"	360
U	4	#6	8'-	49	
V	34	#5	15'	-8"	556
wH1	14	#6	20'	-5"	429
wH2	28	#6	18'	-8"	785
wS	40	#4	7'-	10"	209
wV	40	#5	15'	-8"	654
Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	5,609
Class	"C" Conc	rete	•	CY	31.8

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 3 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

ABUTMENTS TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 32' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

AIG-32-15

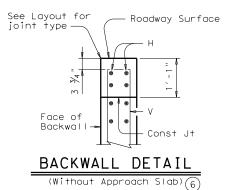
ille: aig42sts-17.dgn	DN: TA	R	ck: KCM	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR	
◯TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ET	·C.	FM 12	245, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO	I IMESTONE 7					

⁷ Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

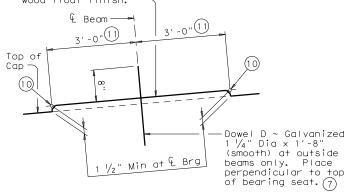
Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). With no approach slab, add 1.3 CY Class "C" concrete and 209 lbs reinforcing steel for 4 additional Bars H.

		TABLE A				
Header Slope	Beam Type	Wingwall Type	Wingwall Lgth "WL"			
	XB20	Cantilevered	7.000′			
2:1	XB28	Cantilevered	8.000′			
	XB34	Cantilevered	9.000′			
	XB40	Cantilevered	10.000′			
	XB20	Cantilevered	10.000′			
3:1	XB28	Cantilevered	12.000′			
3:1	XB34	Founded	13.000′			
	XB40	Founded	15.000′			

of this standard is gover by TxDOT for any pur



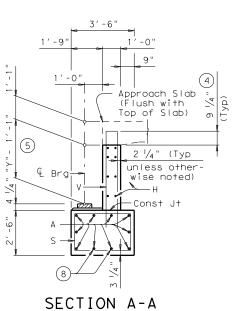
Level along a line perpendicular to backwall. Uniform slope between Left and Right Bearing Seat Elevations with wood float finish.-



BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

- 1) See Table A for variable dimensions based on header slope and beam type.
- 2 See Table A to determine if wingwall foundations are required.
- 3 For Piling larger than 16" adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid Piling.
- $\boxed{4}$ Increase as required to maintain 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ from Finished Grade.
- 5 See Span details for "Y" value.
- 6 See Bridge Layout to determine if Approach Slab is present.
- 7 Omit Dowels D at end of unit. Deduct 14 lbs from reinforcing steel total.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{8}}$ With pile foundations, move Bars A shown to clear piles.
- 9 Spacing based on beam type: XB20 ~ 2 Equal Spaces XB28 ~ 3 Equal Spaces XB34 ~ 3 Equal Spaces
- XB40 ~ 3 Equal Spaces (10) Right and left elevations and locations are provided elsewhere.
- (1) Measured along £ of Bearing.



(With Approach Slab) (6)

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Concrete strength f'c = 3,600 psi.

All cap and wall reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Grade 60.
Galvanize dowel bars D.
See Bridge Layout for header slope
and foundation type, size and length.
See Foundation Detail Standard Sheet,
FD, for all foundation details and notes.
See Concrete Riprap Standard Sheet,
CRR, for riprap attachment details, if

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 2



ABUTMENTS

TYPE 5XB20 THRU 5XB40 PRESTR CONC X-BEAMS 32' ROADWAY

AXB-32

ILE: xbstde41.dgn	DN: JM	Н	CK: AM	DW:	JTR	CK:	JMH
OTxDOT June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW,	qy
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С.	FM	1245	,ETC
	DIST		COUNTY				ET NO.
	WACO		LIMESTO	ONE		7	<u>′3</u>

TABLE OF FOUNDATION LOADS

59

63

67

70

74

78

81

85

88

92

95

99

102

Span

F+

40

45

50

55

60

65

70

75

80

85

90

95

100

105

Beam Types 5XB20 Thru 5XB40

Tons/Shaft Tons/Pile

42

44

46

48

49

51

53

55

57

59

61

62

64

66

GENERAL NOTES:

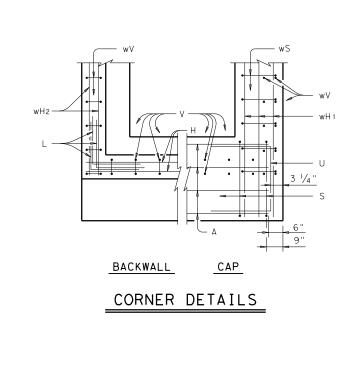
applicable.

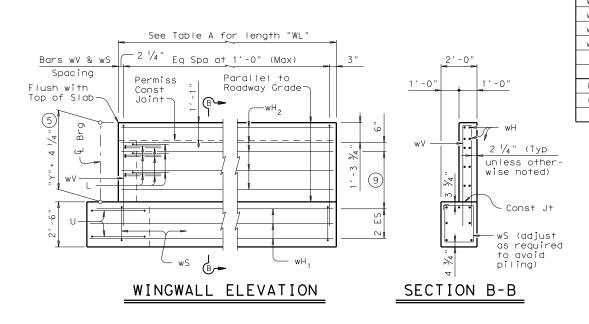
See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.

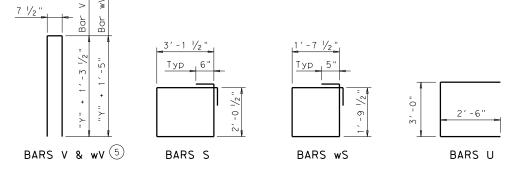
These abutment details may be used with

Standard SXB-32 only.

Bridge Division Standard







TABLES OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 2:1 HEADER SLOPE 13													3							
T,	YPE	5XB	320	BE,	AMS	T,	YPE	5XB	328 E	3E,	AMS		T١	/PE	5XB	34	BE A	AMS	Т	ΥF
Bar	No.	Size	L	ength	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Leng	jth	Weight	11	Bar	No.	Size	Leng	gth	Weight	Bar	N
А	10	#11	3	3′-0"	1,753	А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753	1[А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753	А	
D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1	′-8"	14	D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1′-8	3 ''	14	11	D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1 ′ -	8 "	14	D (7)	
Н	6	#6	3	3′-8"	303	Н	8	#6	33′-	8"	405	1[Н	8	#6	33′-	8"	405	Н	
L	18	#6		1'-0"	108	L	18	#6	4′-C) "	108	1[L	18	#6	4′-0) "	108	L	
S	30	#5	1	1′-4"	355	S	30	#5	111'-	4"	355	1[S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355	S	
U	4	#6	ω	3′-0"	48	U	4	#6	8′-0) "	48][U	4	#6	8′-0) "	48	U	
٧	33	#5		8′-5"	290	V	33	#5	9′-9)"	336][٧	33	#5	10′-	9"	370	٧	,
wH 1	14	#6		8′-5"	177	wH 1	14	#6	9′-5	5 "	198	$\rfloor \lfloor$	wH 1	14	#6	10′-	5"	219	wH 1	
wH 2	16	#6		6′-8"	160	wH 2	20	#6	7′-8	3 "	230	IJ	wH 2	20	#6	8′-	8"	260	wH 2	2
wS	16	#4	7	′′-8"	82	wS	18	#4	7′-8	3 "	92	Ш	wS	20	#4	7′-	8"	102	wS	á
wV	16	#5		8′-8"	145	wV	18	#5	10′-	0"	188	Ш	wV	20	#5	11′-	0"	229	wV	2
												Ш								
												∐								
Reinfo	rcin	g Steel		Lb	3,435	Reinfo	proinq	g Steel		Lb	3,727	Ш	Reinfo	rcinç	steel		Lb	3,863	Reinf	orc
Class	"C" (Concret	е	CY	16.9	Class	"C" C	Concret	-е	CY	18.7	∐	Class	"C" C	Concret	е	CY	20.3	Class	. "C

					. —	<u> </u>	- -	•				
	T,	YPE	5XE	34	BE A	MS	T`	YPE	5XB	40	BEA	MS
jh+	Bar	No.	Size	Leng	gth	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Leng	gth	Weight
53	А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753	А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753
	D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1 ′ -	8"	1 4	D 7	2	11/4 " D	1 ′ -	8"	14
5	Н	8	#6	33′-	8"	405	Н	8	#6	33′-	8"	405
3	L	18	#6	4′-0	0"	108	L	18	#6	4′-	0"	108
5	S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355	S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355
	U	4	#6	8′-0	0"	48	U	4	#6	8′-0	0"	48
ŝ	V	33	#5	10′-	9"	370	V	33	#5	11'-9"		404
3	wH 1	14	#6	10′-	5"	219	wH 1	14	#6	11′-	5"	240
	wH 2	20	#6	8′-	8"	260	wH 2	20	#6	9′-	8"	290
	wS	20	#4	7′-	8"	102	wS	22	#4	7′-8"		113
3	wV	20	#5	11′-	0"	229	w∨	22	#5	12′-	0"	275
27	Reinfo	rcing	steel		Lb	3,863	Reinfo	rcing	steel		Lb	4,005
7	Class	"C" C	Concret	·e	CY	20.3	Class "C" Concrete CY				21.9	
ı T I	TIES	WIT	- Н 3	: 1 H	ΗΕΑ	DER SI	_OPE 12	<u> </u>				

					TAB	} L	LES O	F E	STIN	ИАТЕ	D (TNAUC	Ι.	ΤI
TYPE 5XB20 BEAMS							T١	YPE	5XE	28	BEA	MS		
3ar	No.	Size	Lenç	g†h	Weight	11	Bar	No.	Size	Lenç	jth	Weight		E
А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753	11	А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753		
D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1′-8	8 "	14		D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1 ′ - 8	3 "	14][
Н	6	#6	33′-	8"	303		Т	8	#6	33′-	8"	405		
L	18	#6	4′-0) "	108		L	18	#6	4′-0	o "	108		
L S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355	Ш	S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355	IJ	
U	4	#6	8′-0) "	48	П	U	4	#6	8′-0) "	48	IJ	
٧	33	#5	8′-	5"	290		٧	33	#5	9′-9	9"	336	\prod	
'H 1	14	#6	11′-	5"	241		wH 1	14	#6	13′-	5"	282	\prod	W
'H 2	16	#6	9′-	8"	232		wH 2	20	#6	11′-	8"	350	∐	W
S	22	#4	7′-8	8"	113		wS	26	#4	7′-8	3"	133	∐	w
V	22	#5	8′-	8"	199		wV	26	#5	10′-	0"	271	П	w
													Ш	
						П							╢	
Reinforcing Steel Lb 3,656 Reinforcing Steel Lb					Lb	4,055	╽	F						
Class "C" Concrete CY 18.7 Class "C" Concrete CY 21.3						(

T١	YPE	5XE	34	BE/	AMS	
Bar	No.	Size	Lenç	jth	Weight	Bar
А	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753	А
D (7)	2	11/4 "D	1 ′ - 8	3 "	1 4	D
Н	8	#6	33′-	8"	405	Н
L	18	#6	4′-0) "	108	L
S	30	#5	11′-	4"	355	S
U	4	#6	8′-0) "	48	U
٧	33	#5	10′-	9"	370	V
wH 1	14	#6	14′-	5"	303	wH 1
wH 2	20	#6	12′-	8"	381	wH 2
wS	28	#4	7′-8"		143	wS
wV	28	#5	11′-	0"	321	wV
Reinfo	rcing	Steel		Lb	4,201	Rei
Class	"C" C	oncret	·e	CY	23.0	Clc

	TYPE 5XB40 BEAMS																	
n†	Bar	No.	Size	Lenç	jth	Weight												
3	Α	10	#11	33′-	0"	1,753												
	D (7)	2	11/4 " D	1′-8	3"	14												
	Н	8	#6	33′-8"		33′-8"		33′-8"		33′-8"		405						
	L	18	#6	4′-0"		108												
	S	30	#5	11'-4"		11'-4"		11'-4"		11'-4"		11'-4"		11'-4"		11'-4"		355
	U	4	#6	8'-0"		8′-0"		48										
	٧	33	#5	11'-9"		404												
	wH 1	14	#6	16′-	5"	345												
	wH 2	20	#6	14′-	8"	441												
	wS	32	#4	7′-8	3"	164												
	wV	32	#5	12′-	0"	401												
1	Reinfo	rcing	Steel		Lb	4,438												
)	Class	"C" C	e	CY	25.5													

- 5 See Span details for "Y" value.
- Omit Dowels D at end of unit. Deduct 14 lbs from reinforcing steel total.
- 9 Spacing based on beam type: XB20 ~ 2 Equal Spaces XB28 ~ 3 Equal Spaces XB34 ~ 3 Equal Spaces XB40 ~ 3 Equal Spaces
- Quantities shown are for one Abutment only (with Approach Slab). With no Approach Slab, add 1.3 CY Class "C" Concrete and 202 Lbs Reinforcing Steel for 4 additional H bars.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



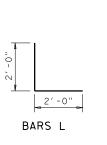
Bridge Division Standard

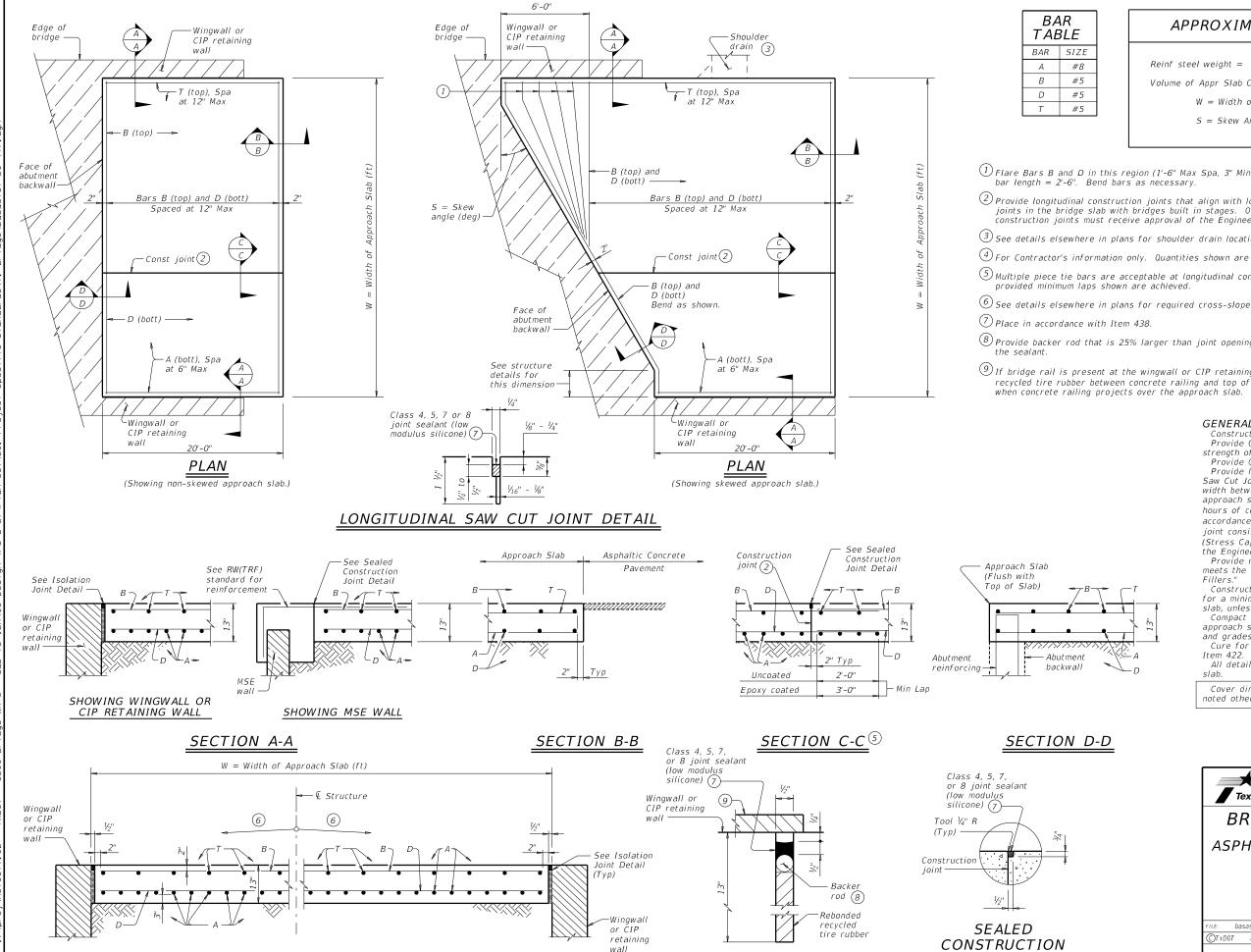
ABUTMENTS

TYPE 5XB20 THRU 5XB40 PRESTR CONC X-BEAMS 32' ROADWAY

 $\Lambda YR_{-}32$

				H/	\ D	ر-	2				
FILE: X	bstde41.dgn	DN:	JM	Н	CK: AM	1	DW:	JTR		CK:	ЈМН
©T x D0T	June 2011	CON	IT	SECT		J0B			HIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	11	91	03	033	,ET	c.	FM	12	45,	ETC
		DIS	ST COUNTY			SHEE	T NO.				
		WΔ	20	O LIMESTONE				7	Δ		





ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

JOINT DETAIL

of this standard is go by TxDOT for any pur

₽,

1:49:08

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4

Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) = $0.802W + 0.02W^2$ Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- ① Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- (3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints
- $\fbox{8}$ Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with
- (9) If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place ½" rebonded recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)

Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers:

Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the

approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422.

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach

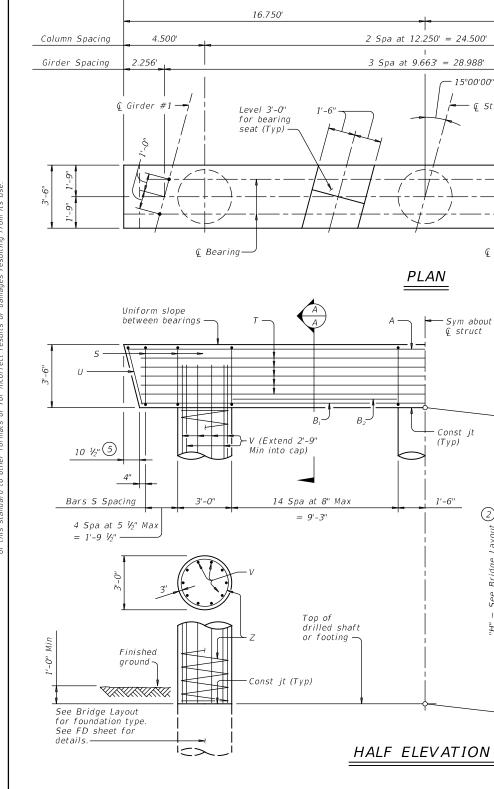
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

BAS-A

<i>B</i> /13 /1								
FILE: basaste1-20.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	CK: T	xD0T	
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ETC. FM			1245,	ETC	
02-20: Removed stress relieving pad.	DIST	COUNTY SHEET			NO.			
	WACO		LIMEST	ANC		75	5	



BARS U

BARS S

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is kind is made by TxDOT for any

33.500'

— € Structure

€ Cap & € columns

BARS Z

16.750'

4.500'

G Girder #4 →

2.256

Dowels D (outside

girders only)

1 Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 36'. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0" Bars Z length, 31'-5" Reinforcing steel, 165 Lb Class "C" conc (col), 0.78 CY

This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 36'. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.

3 Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span units. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

4 Foundation Loads based on "H" = 36'.

(5) Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 1

No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight
7	#11	3.	3'- 0"	1,227
4	#11	3	1'- 6"	670
6	#11		9'- 3"	295
4	#9		1'- 8"	23
40	#5	1.	3'- 8"	570
10	#5	3	1'- 6"	329
2	#5		9'- 8"	20
30	#9	3	8'- 9"	3,953
3	#4	1,15	4'- 7"	2,314
ing Steel	,		Lb	9,401
" Concret		CY	15.0	
" Concret	e (Col)		CY	28.3
	7 4 6 4 40 10 2 30 3 ing Steel	7 #11 4 #11 6 #11 4 #9 40 #5 10 #5 2 #5 30 #9	7 #11 3. 4 #11 3 6 #11 5 4 #9 40 #5 1. 10 #5 3 2 #5 5 30 #9 3. 3 #4 1,15. ing Steel	7 #11 33'- 0" 4 #11 31'- 6" 6 #11 9'- 3" 4 #9 1'- 8" 40 #5 13'- 8" 10 #5 31'- 6" 2 #5 9'- 8" 30 #9 38'- 9" 3 #4 1,154'- 7" ing Steel Lb " Concrete (Cap) CY

FOUNDATION LOADS 4

Span Average	Drilled Shaft	Pile Load (Tons/Pile)							
9 -	Loads	3 Pile	4 Pile	5 Pile					
Ft	Tons/Shaft	Ftg	Ftg	Ftg					
40	113	41	31	26					
45	122	44	34	28					
50	130	47	36	29					
55	139	50	38	31					
60	147	52	40	33					
65	155	55	42	34					
70	164	58	44	36					
75	172	61	46	38					
80	180	63	48	39					
85	189	66	50	41					
90	197	69	52	43					
95	205	72	54	44					
100	213	74	56	46					
105	221	77	58	47					
110	230	80	61	49					
115	238	83	63	51					
120	246	85	65	52					

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes, if applicable.

Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5 ft increment.

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for

actual skew directions.

These bent details may be used with standard SIG-32-15 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize dowel bars D.

Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard

INTERIOR BENTS TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 15° SKEW 32' ROADWAY

HL93 LOADING

BIG-32-15

		_				
LE: big42sts-17.dgn	DN: TA	R	ck: SDB	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	1191	1 03 033, ETC. FM 1245		1245, ETC.		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	WACO	WACO LIMESTONE				76

 $(#9) \times 1'-8"$ at outside girders only (3)BEARING SEAT DETAIL

SECTION A-A

€ Girder

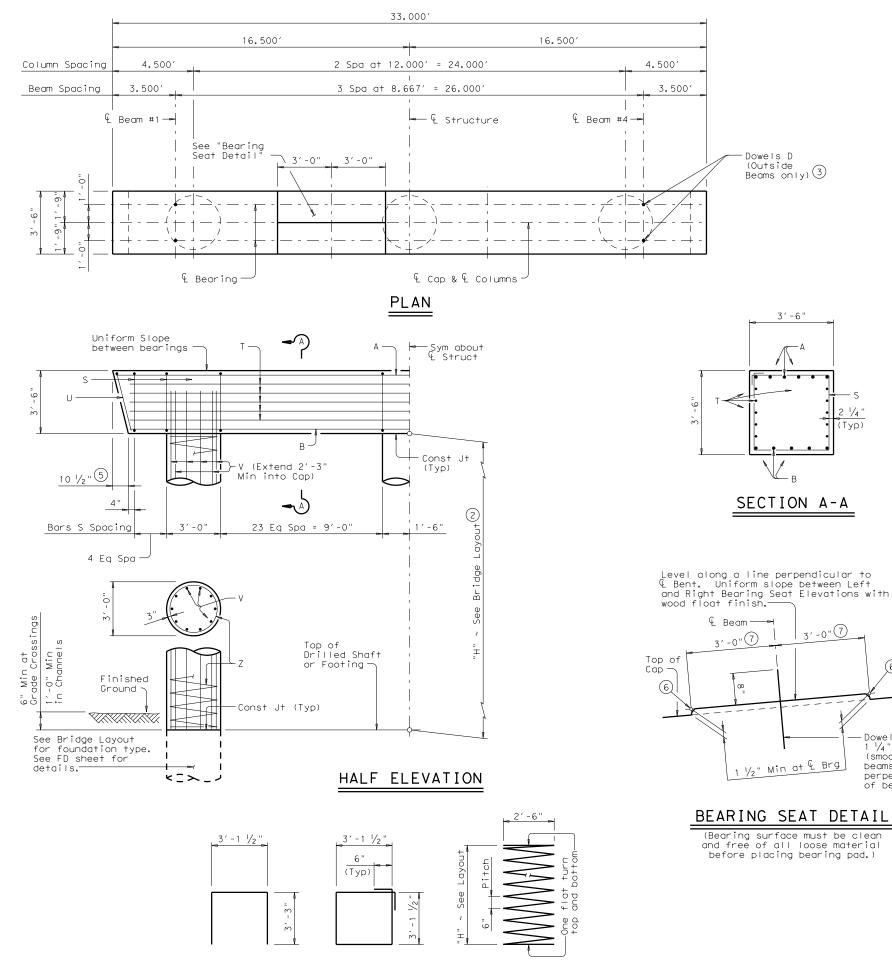
Level w/ wood

Dowel D ~ Galvanized

float finish

Top of cap-

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)



BARS S

BARS Z

BARS U

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is gov kind is made by TXDOT for any pur of this standard to other formats of this standard to other formats.

- 1) Quantities shown are based on an "H" value /Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 36'. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0"
 Bars Z length, 15.740'
 Reinforcing Steel, 120 Lb
 Class "C" Conc (Col), 0.785 CY
- 2 This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 36'. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this sťandard.
- 3 Omit Dowels D at end of units. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.
- \bigcirc 4 Foundation Loads based on "H" = 36'.

7 Measured along £ of Bearing.

- (5) Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope.
- 6 Right and left elevations and locations are provided elsewhere.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 1

Bar	No.	Size	Size Leng		Weight			
Α	6	#11	32′	- 6"	1,036			
В	5	#11	31′	- 0"	824			
D (3)	4	1 1/4 "D	1 ′	- 8"	28			
S	58	#5	13′	- 6"	817			
Т	10	#5	31′	- 0"	323			
U	2	#5	9′	- 8"	20			
V	30	#9	38′	- 3"	3,902			
Z	3	#3	583′	- 0"	658			
Reinfo	rcing S	ГР	7,608					
Class	"C" Cor	CY	15.0					
Class	"C" Concrete (Col) CY 28.3							

FOUNDATION LOADS 4											
Span Average	Drilled Shaft	Pile Load (Tons/Pile									
,	Loads	3 Pile	4 Pile	5 Pile							
F†	Tons/Shaft	F†g	F†g	F†g							
40	121	44	33	27							
45	130	47	36	29							
50	140	50	38	31							
55	149	53	40	33							
60	159	56	43	35							
65	168	59	45	37							
70	177	62	47	39							
75	186	65	50	41							
80	195	68	52	42							
85	205	71	54	44							
90	214	74	57	46							
95	223	77	59	48							
100	232	81	61	50							
105	241	84	63	51							

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. Concrete strength f'c = 3,600 psi.

All Cap reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Galvanize dowel bars D.
Column and Drilled Shaft reinforcing may be Grade 40.
See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.
See Foundation Detail standard FD for all foundation

details and notes.

Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5 Ft increment. These bent details may be used with Standard SXB-32 only.

HL93 LOADING



Texas Department of Transportation

INTERIOR BENTS

TYPE 5XB20 THRU 5XB40 PRESTR CONC X-BEAMS 32' ROADWAY

RYR_32

Bridge Division Standard

	D/\ D-32									
rile: xbstde44.dgn	DN: JN	Н	CK: AM	DW:	JTR		ск: ЈМН			
CTxDOT June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY			
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С.	FM	12	45,ETC			
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.					
	WACO		I TMEST	JVIE			77			

beams only. Place perpendicular to top of bearing seat. 3

<u>3'-0</u>"7

-Dowel D ~ Galvanized $1 \frac{1}{4}$ " Dia x 1'-8" (smooth) at outside

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

BEARING SEAT DETAIL

1 ½" Min at & Brg

Dowels D

(Outside

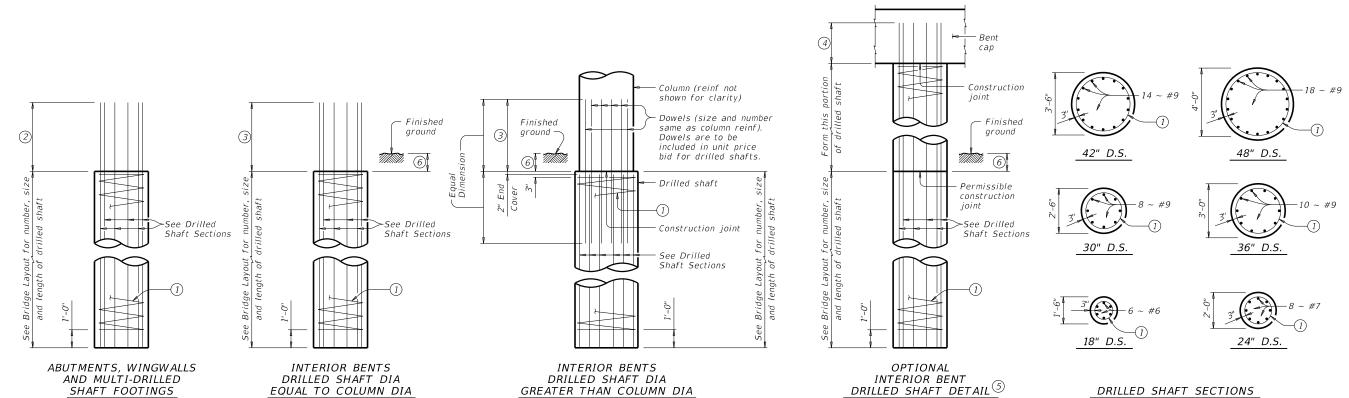
Beams only) 3

3'-6"

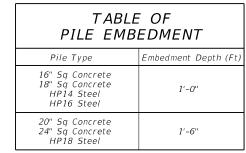
SECTION A-A

Μ

1:49:10



DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS



See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

ELEVATION

Bevel ¾" PL

45 degrees (Typ) -

SECTION A-A

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

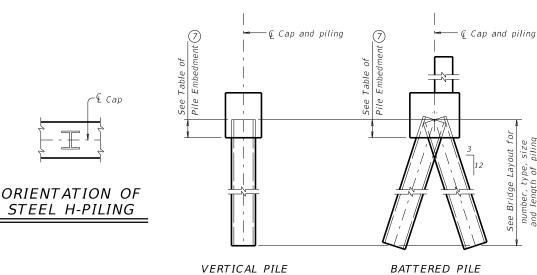
See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement

is required and for options to the details shown.

Fill flush with

weld metal (Typ), shop or field weld.

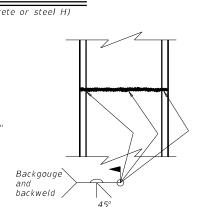
field weld



Cut flange 45°

SECTION B-B





SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required

- If unable to avoid conflict with wingwall piling at exterior pile group regardless of which pile would be battered back, one pile in group may be vertical

| E | E |

Normal 3:12 battered pile Piling group

DETAIL "A" (Showing plan view of a 30° skewed abutment)

7 Or as shown on plans.

1) #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns

2 Min extension into supported element:

4 Min extension into supported element:

5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the

drilled shaft diameter equals the column

diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to

construction. No adjustments in payment

6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.

will be made if this option is used.

top and bottom).

#6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

#7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9"

 $#11 \; Bars = 4'-8''$

#6 Bars = 1'-11"

 $\#7 \; Bars = 2'-3''$

 $#9 \; Bars = 2'-9"$

3 Min lap with column reinf.

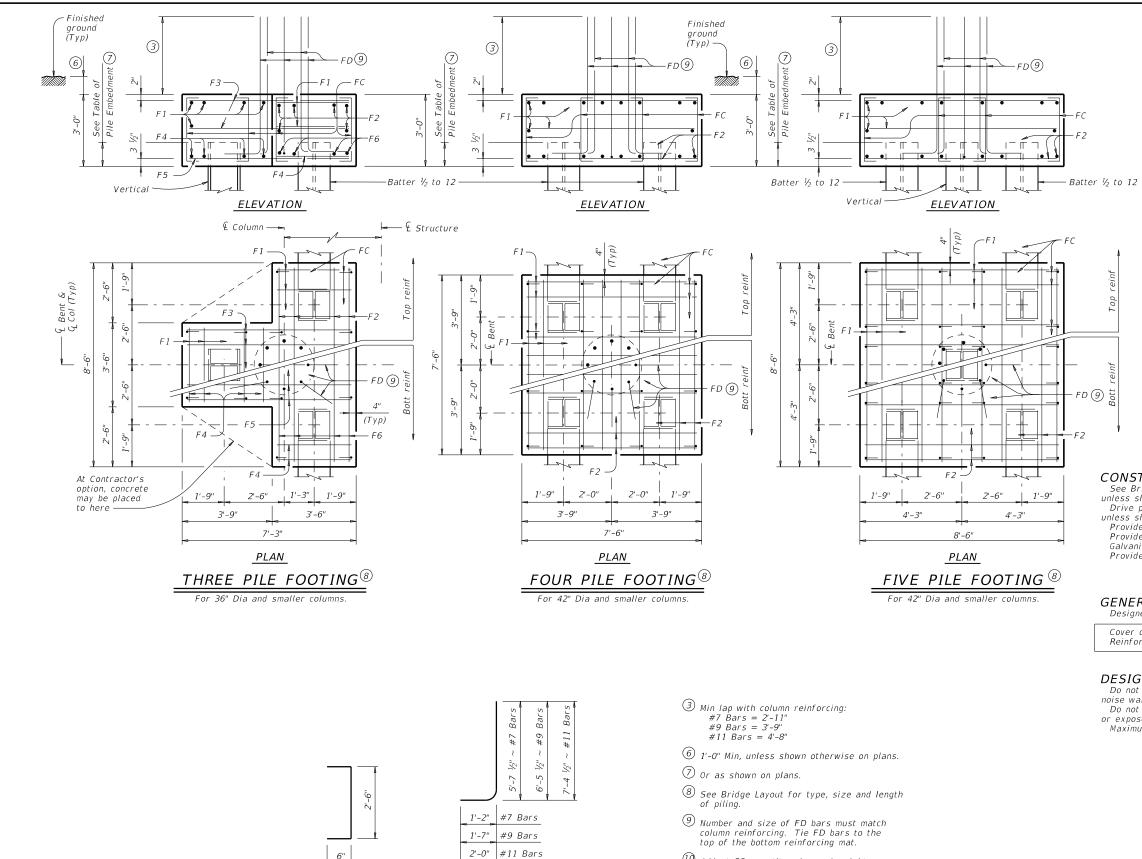


COMMON FOUNDATION

FDN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT 1191 03 033,ETC. FM 1245,ET

DETAILS

fdstde01-20.dgr OTxDOT April 2019 01-20: Added #II bars to the FD bars LIMESTONE



BARS FD 9

10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

6"

BARS FC

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is gov kind is made by TxDOT for any pur of this standard to other formats o

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

JO COLOMINA											
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	rING							
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight						
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	ıı	23						
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	ıı	33						
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	28							
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86						
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	!"	94						
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	ıı	111						
FC	12	#4	3'- 6		28						
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1		220						
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb							
Class	4.8										
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING											
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	Weight							
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	96							
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	II .	306						
FC	16	#4	3'- 6		<i>37</i>						
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	п	220						
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659						
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3						
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	TING							
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight						
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	u .	109						
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	ıı .	444						
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	56							
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	220							
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829						
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0						

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6"

Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"

Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

				_	_		
: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT.	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T		ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C.	FM	124	45,ETC
11-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ANC			79

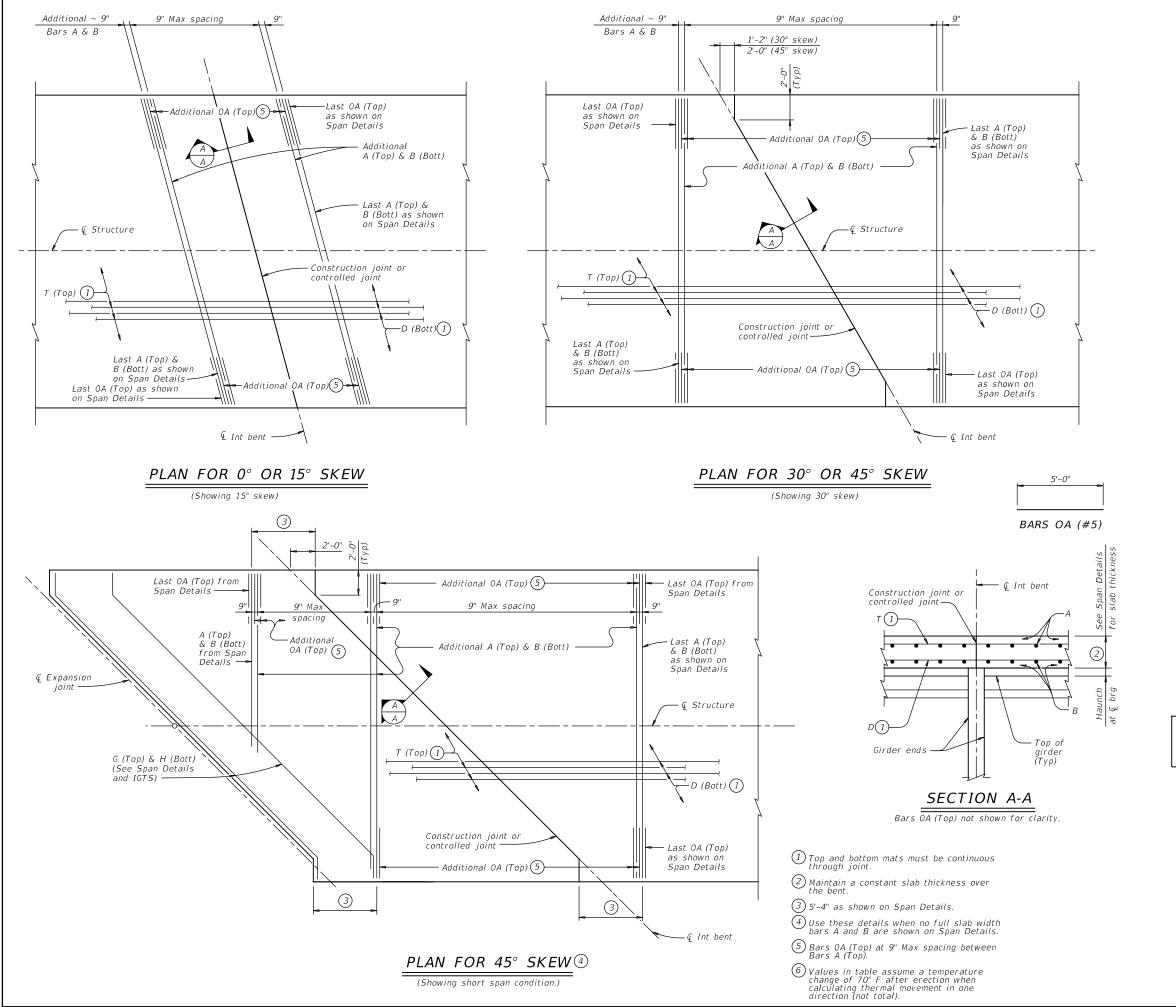


TABLE OF 6 ALLOWABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Facto
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
5.00	3.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR SIZE

A #4

B #4

D #4

0A

#4

#5

BAR TABLE

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type.
Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

HL93 LOADING



Bridge Division Standard

CONTINUOUS

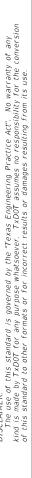
SLAB DETAILS

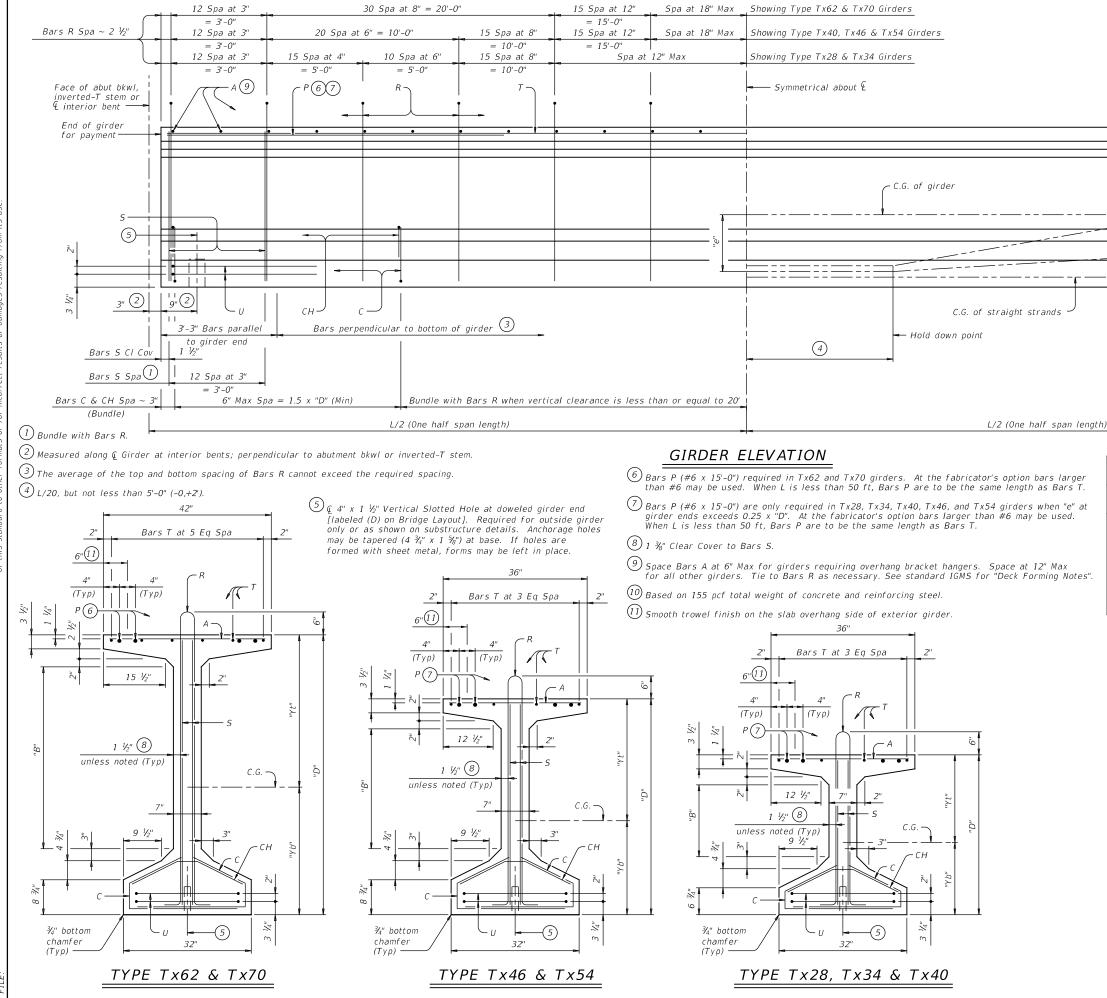
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

IGCS

.e: igcs1sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	IH.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ск: ТхD0Т			
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ET	С.	FM 1	245, ETC.			
0-19: Added bubble note 6.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	WACO		LIMESTO	NF		80			

DATE:





GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Area "Iy" Weight(Girder Type (in.) (in.) (in.) (in.) $(in.^2)$ (in.4) (in.4) (plf) Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52,772 40.559 630 Tx34 34 12 18.49 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 720 T x 40 40 18 21.90 18.10 669 134,990 40.902 819 Tx46 46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46,478 880 Tx54 54 30 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 1/2" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980 Tx70 70 45 1/2" 38.09 31.91 966 628,747 57,579 1,040

9"(2)

Face of abut bkwl,

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

Ê interior bent

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Provide Class H concrete.

Do not blockout

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

top of girders for

thickened slab ends.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel

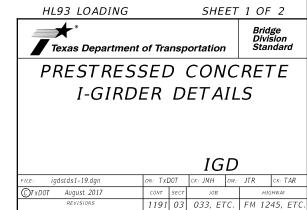
An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

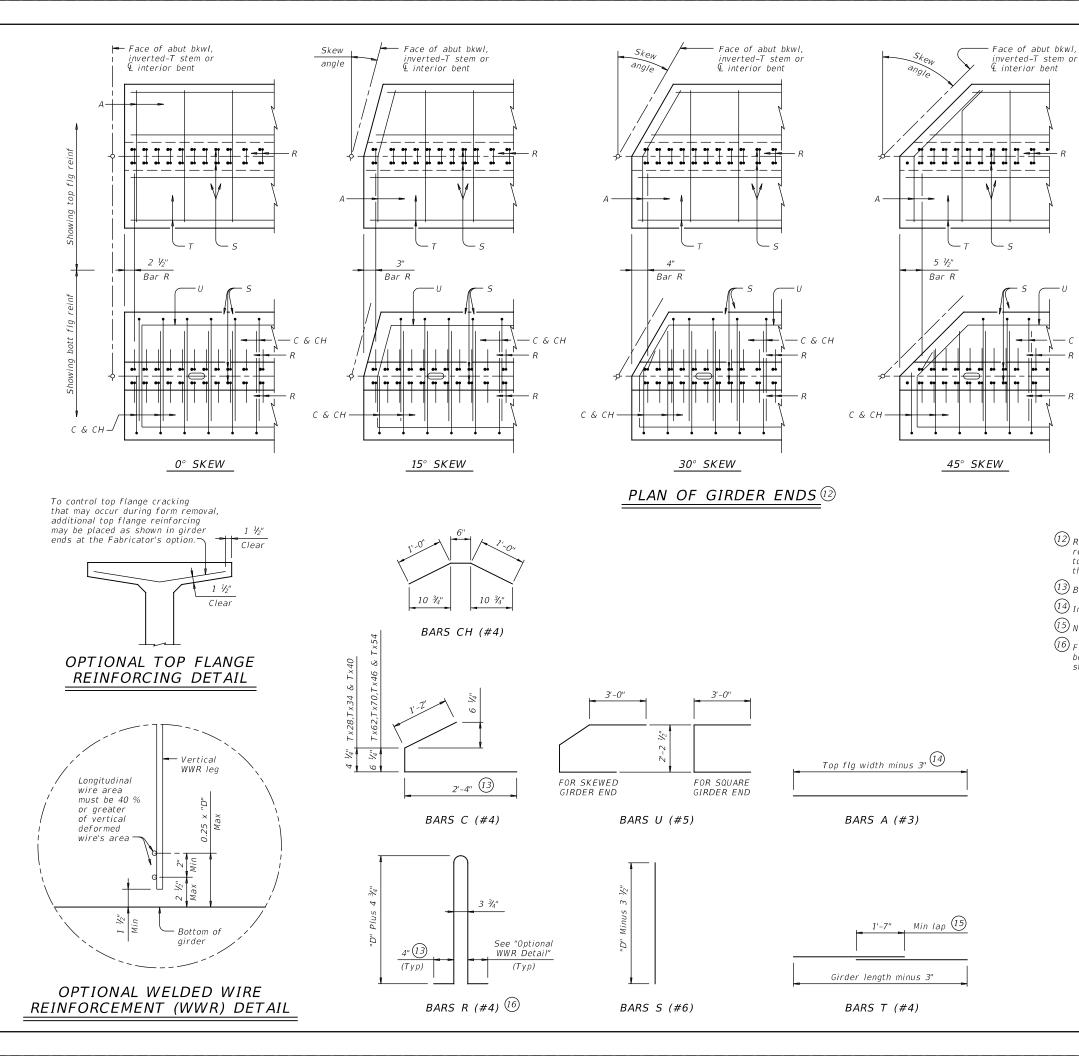
It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact

with materials used in forming anchor holes.

10-19: Added Bars C and CH full length for VC<= 20'

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





(12) Reinforcing patterns shown are provided as guides to determine reinforcement placement in skewed ends. Place Bars S as close to girder end as cover requirements permit, which may prevent them to be bundled with Bars R.

60° SKEW

Face of abut bkwl,

inverted-T stem or Linterior bent

 $\widehat{13}$ Bars may be cut or bent at skewed end as required.

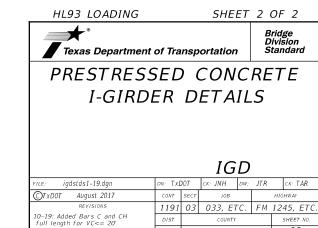
 $\widehat{\mbox{14}}$ Increase as necessary for bars at skewed end.

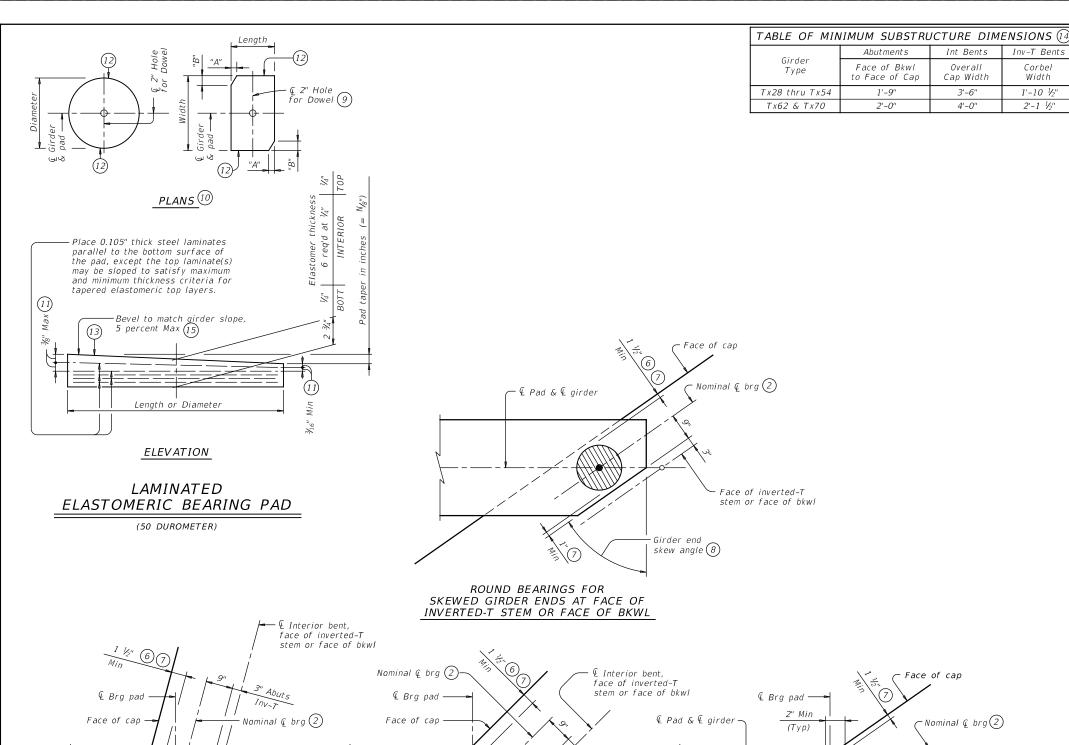
15 No portion of bar less than 10 ft.

Bar R

C & CH

for Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) option, area of Bars R may be reduced in proportion to the increase in reinforcement yield strength over 60 ksi. Yield strength of WWR is limited to 75 ksi.





Girder end

BEARING PAD PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS

skew angle (8)

(7)

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

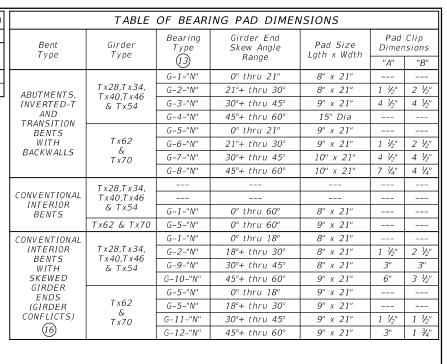
AT INT BENTS, FACE OF

INVERTED-T STEM OR FACE OF BKWL

Girder end

Int bents

skew angle (8)



- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between limits shown.
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (1) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.

Girder end

Varies with girder

end skew angle

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

AT CONVENTIONAL

INTERIOR BENTS (16)
(NO GIRDER DOWELS)

skew angle (8)

13 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for V_6 " taper) N=2, (for V_4 " taper)

- \bigodot Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- 15 See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (f) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3

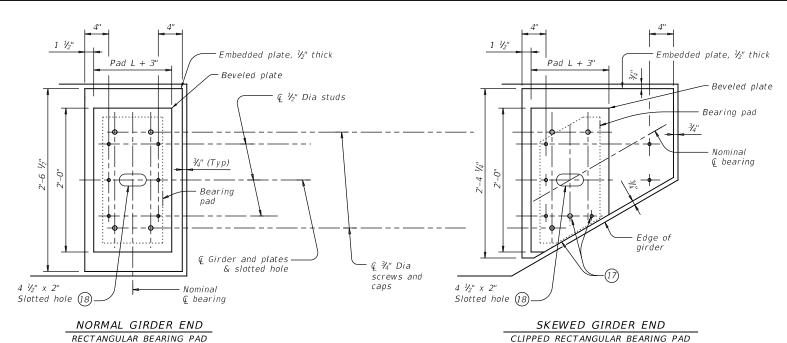


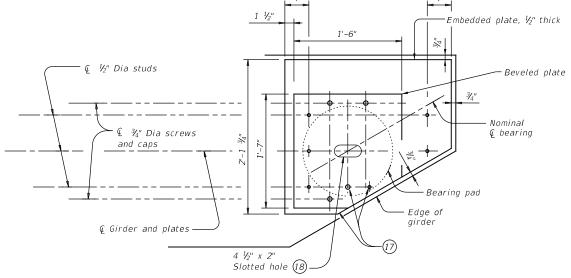
Bridge Division Standard

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGEB

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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY							
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	DIST	SHEET NO.											
	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		84							



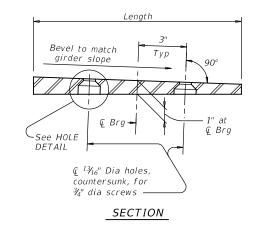


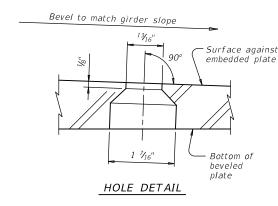
SKEWED GIRDER END

15" DIA BEARING PAD

PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS

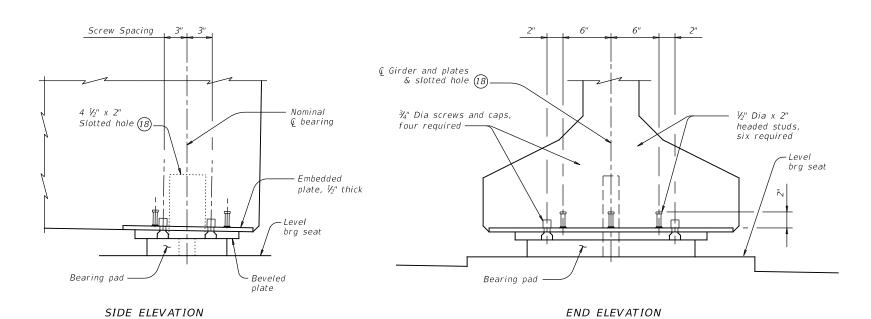
Showing normal girder end.





- (17) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- (18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.

BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



GIRDER DETAILS

SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest γ_{16} " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is $\frac{1}{16}$ +/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed ${}^{1\!\!}/_{16}$ " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates. Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to aalvanizing.

 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type I. Provide screws long enough to maintain a $\frac{3}{4}$ " minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than 1/2" deep or deeper than 1"

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

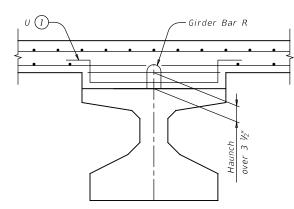
> HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 3



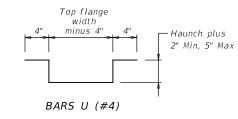
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

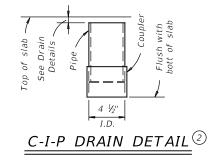
IGEB

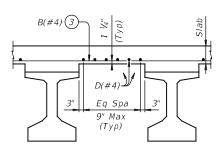
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	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		85



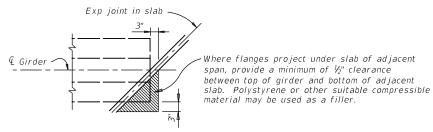
HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



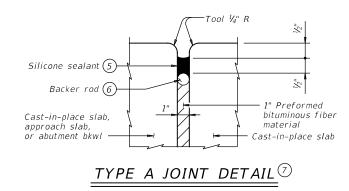




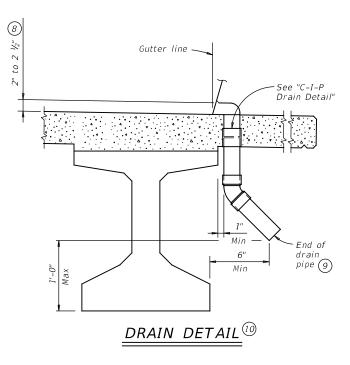




TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- 1) Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $rac{3}{3}$ Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$
- (5) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{(6)}$ 1 V_4 " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location
- 8) Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

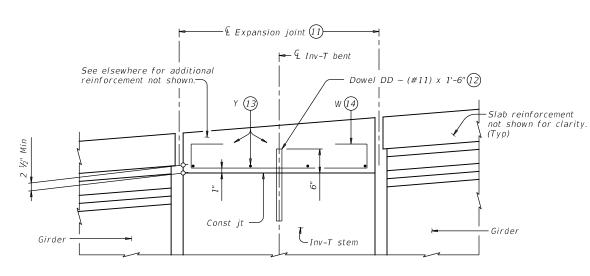
SHEET 1 OF 2



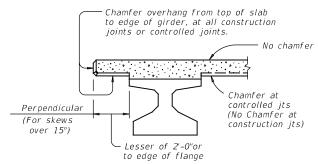
MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGMS

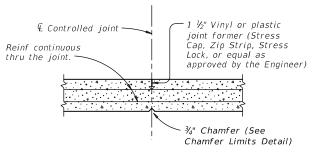
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-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.		
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¾" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct) DRIP BEAD DETAIL



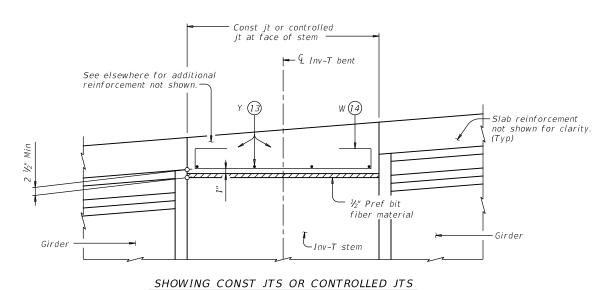
CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)



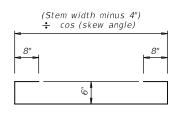
CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

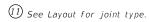
SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



BARS W (#4)



- Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- 3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- 14 Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



Texas Department of Transportation

MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGMS

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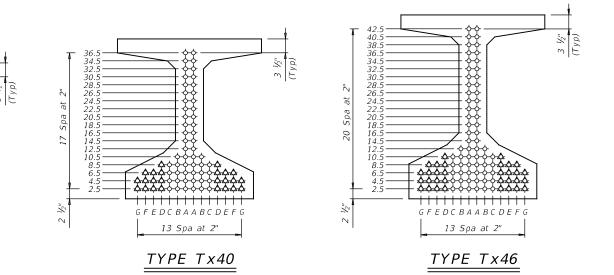
kind is been in mas standard is governed by the Texas chighrening tractice Act. No ward ainty on any kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatszeever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	
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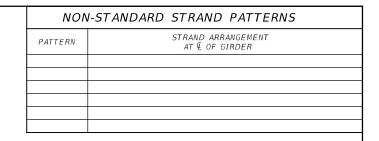
STRICTURE Strict				DES	SIGNED	GIRDE	RS				DEPR	ESSED	CONC	CRETE		OPTION	AL DESIGN			LC	AD R	ATING
March Marc	STRUCTURE	SPAN	GIRDER		, uau	PRES	TRESSI	NG STR/	ANDS		1	l II			LOAD	LOAD	MINIMUM	DISTRI	IBUTION			
## 40 ## ALL 7.22	STRUCTURE	NO.	NO.	TYPE	STD STRAND			f pu	Œ.	END		TO END	1 f'ci	COMP STRGTH f'c	STRESS (TOP (E) (SERVICE I)	STRESS (BOTT Q) (SERVICE III)	MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I)		2)			SERVICE III
Figs 128 Girder 50											-				-							
Type 7128 Griders											1											2.01
37 Roadway 65 ALL Ti28 22 0.6 270 10.94 8.76 4 10.5 4.800 6.00 2.247 2.980 2277 0.760 10.00 1.26 1.88 10.0 6.5 ALL Ti28 22 0.6 270 9.56 771 4 16.5 560 7.300 3.104 3.978 3064 0.740 1.100 1.09 1.76 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	Tyne Ty28 Girders		1										1						1 1	1		
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50			1								2	8.5						I	1 1			
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## 185 Slab* 65											4		1									1.17
1.00		65	ALL	Tx34		22		270	12.28	7.92	4	28.5	4.000	6.000	2.424	-3.039	3173	0.770	1.070	1.59		1.34
80		70	ALL	Tx34		26	0.6	270	12.09	8.09	4	30.5	4.700	6.500	2.807	-3.458	3548	0.750	1.080	1.08	1.81	1.04
80		75	ALL	Tx34		30	0.6	270	11.81	7.41	6	28.5	5.200	6.700	3.195	-3.894	3951	0.740	1.080	1.44	1.93	1.12
45		80	ALL	Tx34		34	0.6	270	11.48	7.25	6	30.5	5.800	7.000	3.633	-4.373	4378	0.730	1.080	1.23	1.67	1.05
45 ALL Tx40		40	ΔΙΙ	T x 40		12	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4,000	5,000	0.768	-1.053	2052	0.910	1.030	2.02	262	2.88
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Type Tx46 Girders 32 Roadway 32 Roadway 32 Roadway 32 Roadway 70 ALL Tx46 18 0.6 270 15.16 13.82 4 10.5 4.000 5.000 1.978 -2.447 3277 0.800 1.060 1.31 1.70 1.22 1.22 1.24 1.25		55	ALL	T x 40		16	0.6	270	15.35	14.35	4	8.5	4.000	5.000	1.442	-1.834	2685	0.830	1.050	1.60	2.07	1.79
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8.5° Slab 70 ALL 7x40 20 0.6 270 15.00 13.40 4 12.5 4.000 5.200 2.288 -2.783 3666 0.780 1.060 1.060 1.060 2.07 1.22 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02		65	ALL	T x 40		18	0.6	270	15.16	13.82	4	10.5	4.000	5.000	1.978	-2.447	3277	0.800	1.060	1.31	1.70	1.22
85 ALL Tx40 32 0.6 270 14.23 8.60 6 36.5 5.100 6.200 3.328 -3.900 4944 0.740 1.070 1.29 2.04 1.00 90 ALL Tx40 36 0.6 270 13.93 9.27 6 34.5 5.900 6.600 3.695 -4.294 5394 0.730 1.070 1.33 1.75 1.03 1.070 1.29 2.04 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.		70	ALL	T x 40		20	0.6	270	15.00	13.40	4	12.5	4.000	5.200	2.288	-2.783	3666	0.780	1.060	1.13	1.68	1.08
85 ALL Tx40 32 0.6 270 14.23 8.60 6 36.5 5.100 6.200 3.328 -3.900 4944 0.740 1.070 1.29 2.04 1.00 90 ALL Tx40 36 0.6 270 13.93 9.27 6 34.5 5.900 6.600 3.695 -4.294 5394 0.730 1.070 1.33 1.75 1.03 1.070 1.29 2.04 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.29 2.00 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.		l	ALL	T x 40		24	0.6	270	14.77	9.77	4	34.5	4.100	5.700	2.619	-3.135	4064	0.760	1.060	1.60	2.07	1.26
90 ALL Tx40 36 0.6 270 13.93 9.27 6 34.5 5.900 6.600 3.695 -4.294 5394 0.730 1.070 1.33 1.75 1.00 40 ALL Tx46 12 0.6 270 17.60 17.60 4.500 4.500 5.000 0.846 -1.024 2543 0.920 1.020 2.22 2.88 3.13		l				1	I .				1 '									1		1.14
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Type Tx46 Girders 32 Roadway 70		40	ALL	Tx46		12	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	0.678	-0.844	2150	0.950	1.020	2.22	2.88	3.41
14		45	ALL	Tx46		14	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.500	5.000	0.846	-1.024	2543	0.920	1.020	2.22	2.88	3.17
Type Tx46 Girders 65 ALL Tx46 18 0.6 270 17.16 15.83 4 10.5 4.000 5.000 1.489 -1.701 3221 0.840 1.040 1.51 1.95 1.7. 32 Roadway 8.5" Slab 70 ALL Tx46 20 0.6 270 17.16 15.83 4 10.5 4.000 5.000 2.001 -2.227 3834 0.810 1.040 1.26 1.64 1.22 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25			ALL	Tx46		14	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.500	5.000		-1.235			1.030	1.82		2.47
Type Tx46 Girders 65 ALL Tx46 18 0.6 270 17.16 15.83 4 10.5 4.000 5.000 1.489 -1.701 3221 0.840 1.040 1.51 1.95 1.7. 32 Roadway 8.5" Slab 70 ALL Tx46 20 0.6 270 17.16 15.83 4 10.5 4.000 5.000 2.001 -2.227 3834 0.810 1.040 1.26 1.64 1.22 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25		l	1				I .				1 '		1	I I					1 1	1		2.22
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8.5" Slab 70 ALL 1746											1 '		1									1.59
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GFEDCBAABCDEFO

13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx34





1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASTHO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

Wiap run renge. See Town When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and the State of Texas

dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD **DESIGNS**

32' ROADWAY

IGSD-32

		_				
FILE: ig06stds-21.dgn	DN: EFC		CK: AJF	DW:	EFC	ck: TAR
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT 5	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 10-19: Redesigned girders.	1191	03 033, ETC.		٠.	FM	1245, ET
1-21: Added load rating.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		88

G F E D C B A A B C D E F G

13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx28

LAIMER:	DISCLAIME R:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any	The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any
kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion	is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversi

			DES	SIGNED	GIRDE	RS				DEPR	ESSED	CONC	CRETE		OPTION	AL DESIGN			LC	DAD R.	ATING
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	4NDS "e" (£	"e" END		TERN TO END	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP (LOAD) (SERVICE I)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT ©) (SERVICE III)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTR. FAC	LOAD IBUTION CTOR	STREN	GTH I	SERVICE III
						(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)		(in)	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	fct(ksi)	fcb(ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
	40	ALL	Tx54		12	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	0.561	-0.686	2216	0.980	1.010	2.55	3.30	4.09
	45	ALL	Tx54		12	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	0.703	-0.835	2629	0.950	1.010	2.12	2.75	3.32
	50	ALL	Tx54		14	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	0.858	-1.003	3108	0.920	1.020	2.10	2.73	3.05
	55	ALL	Tx54		16	0.6	270	20.76	20.26	4	6.5	4.000	5.000	1.035	-1.189	3629	0.900	1.020	2.05	2.66	2.77
	60	ALL	Tx54		16	0.6	270	20.76	20.26	4	6.5	4.000	5.000	1.224	-1.381	3931	0.870	1.020	1.76	2.28	2.27
	65	ALL	Tx54		18	0.6	270	20.56	19.23	4	10.5	4.000	5.000	1.430	-1.588	4159	0.850	1.020	1.75	2.26	2.09
Type Tx54 Girders	70	ALL	Tx54		18	0.6	270	20.56	19.23	4	10.5	4.000	5.000	1.653	-1.815	4103	0.840	1.030	1.49	1.93	1.68
32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	75	ALL	Tx54		20	0.6	270	20.41	18.81	4	12.5	4.000	5.000	1.877	-2.035	4399	0.820	1.030	1.50	1.94	1.56
0.5 5105	80	ALL	Tx54		20	0.6	270	20.41	18.81	4	12.5	4.000	5.000	2.129	-2.284	4880	0.810	1.030	1.29	1.67	1.23
	85	ALL	Tx54		22	0.6	270	20.28	18.46	4	14.5	4.000	5.000	2.392	-2.534	5339	0.790	1.040	1.30	1.68	1.12
	90	ALL	T x 54		26	0.6	270	20.08	16.39	4	28.5	4.000	5.000	2.665	-2.800	5839	0.780	1.040	1.22	1.67	1.00
	95 100	ALL	Tx54		28 32	0.6	270 270	20.01 19.63	14.29	4	44.5 44.5	4.000 4.300	5.000 5.200	2.951 3.262	-3.075 -3.370	6353 6892	0.770	1.040 1.040	1.38	1.86	1.03 1.03
	105	ALL ALL	T x 54 T x 54		36	0.6 0.6	270	19.63	12.51 12.01	6	50.5	4.700	5.400	3.262	-3.370 -3.667	7434	0.760 0.750	1.040	1.42 1.48	1.99 2.10	1.03
	110	ALL	T x 54		40	0.6	270	19.34	12.51	6	50.5	5.300	6.100	3.899	-3.973	7988	0.730	1.040	1.40	2.10	1.03
	115	ALL	Tx54		44	0.6	270	18.83	11.55	8	48.5	5.600	6.400	4.252	-4.301	8569	0.730	1.050	1.29	1.74	1.03
	120	ALL	Tx54	*	48	0.6	270	18.42	10.09	10	50.5	5.800	7.700	4.619	-4.640	9165	0.720	1.050	1.28	1.69	1.01
	60	ALL	Tx62		16	0.6	270	25.53	25.53			4.000	5.000	0.961	-1.157	4309	0.900	1.010	1.98	2.56	2.74
	65	ALL	Tx62		16	0.6	270	25.53	25.53			4.000	5.000	1.121	-1.331	4614	0.880	1.010	1.69	2.19	2.26
	70	ALL	Tx62		18	0.6	270	25.33	25.33			4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.514	4894	0.860	1.020	1.71	2.21	2.12
	75	ALL	Tx62		18	0.6	270	25.33	25.33			4.000	5.000	1.475	-1.705	4844	0.840	1.020	1.48	1.92	1.75
	80	ALL	Tx62		20	0.6	270	25.18	24.38	4	8.5	4.000	5.000	1.659	-1.903	5116	0.830	1.020	1.49	1.93	1.64
	85	ALL	Tx62		20	0.6	270	25.18	24.38	4	8.5	4.000	5.000	1.866	-2.120	5578	0.820	1.020	1.29	1.67	1.32
Type Tx62 Girders	90	ALL	Tx62		20	0.6	270	25.18	24.38	4	8.5	4.500	5.500	2.080	-2.338	6072	0.800	1.030	1.31	1.70	1.23
32' Roadway 8.5" Slab	95	ALL	Tx62		24	0.6	270	24.94	22.94	4	16.5	4.000	5.000	2.310	-2.574	6621	0.790	1.030	1.31	1.70	1.12
U.J SIAU	100	ALL	Tx62		26	0.6	270	24.85	22.39	4	20.5	4.000	5.000	2.531	-2.805	7159	0.780	1.030	1.27	1.70	1.03
	105	ALL	Tx62		30	0.6	270	24.58	14.18	6	58.5	4.800	5.800	2.771	-3.050	7723	0.770	1.030	1.64	2.16	1.31
	110	ALL	Tx62		34	0.6	270	24.25	15.42	6	56.5	4.200	5.000	3.020	-3.304	8301	0.760	1.030	1.60	2.10	1.21
	115	ALL	Tx62		36	0.6	270	24.11	17.44	6	46.5	4.700	5.600	3.291	-3.576	8909	0.750	1.030	1.53	2.04	1.13
	120	ALL	Tx62		40	0.6	270	23.88	16.68	6	54.5	5.100	6.000	3.545	-3.835	9493	0.740	1.040	1.63	2.12	1.47
	125	ALL	Tx62		44	0.6	270	23.60	14.87	8	56.5	5.300	6.100	3.836	-4.124	10128	0.730	1.040	1.51	2.04	1.35
	130	ALL	Tx62		48	0.6	270	23.28	15.28	8	56.5	5.800	6.700	4.144	-4.438	10849	0.730	1.040	1.44	1.80	1.11

NON	I-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER
*	2.5(14),4.5(14),6.5(14),8.5(4),10.5(2)

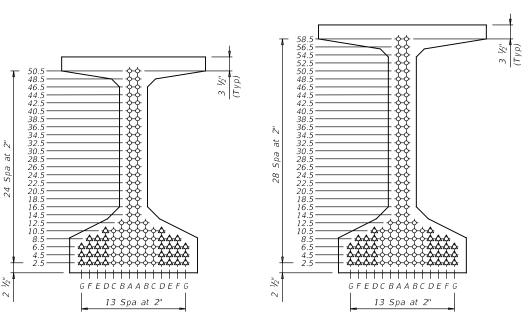
1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2) Portion of full HL93.



TYPE Tx54

TYPE Tx62

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

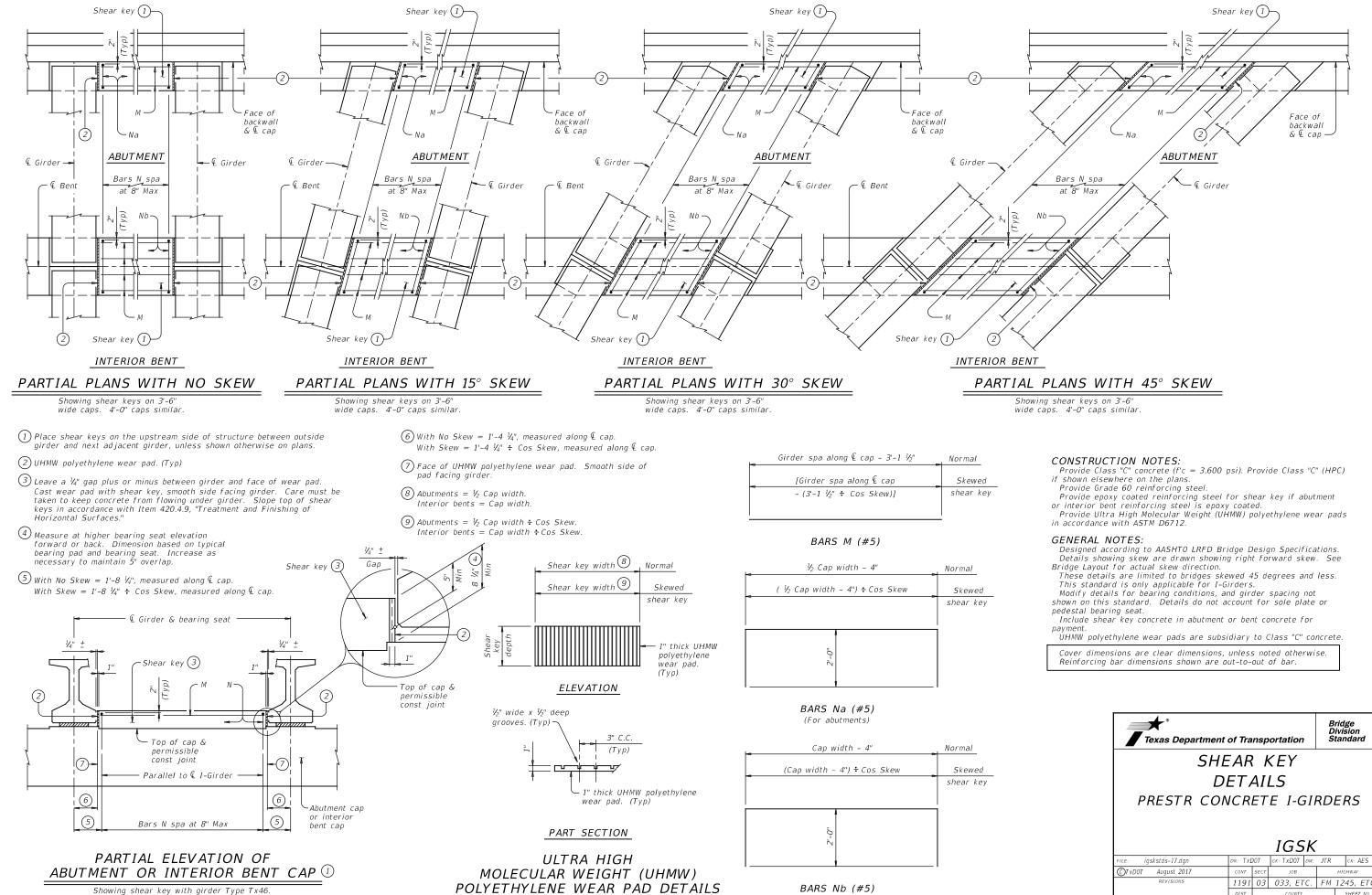
Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD DESIGNS

32' ROADWAY

IGSD-32

	_			_		
FILE: ig06stds-21.dgn	DN: EF	: EFC CK: AJF DW:		EFC	ck: TAR	
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 10-19: Redesigned girders.	1191	03	033, ET	٠.	FM.	1245, ETC.
1-21: Added load rating.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		89



(For interior bents)

Face of

backwall

Bridge Division Standard

IGSK

LIMESTONE

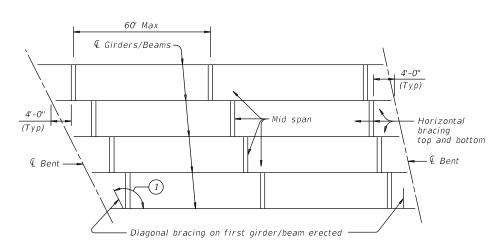
WACO

Other I-Girder types similar

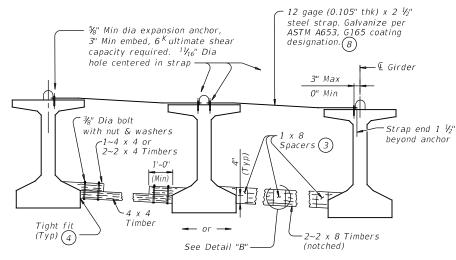
WACO

LIMESTONE

(Showing Prestressed Conc I-Girders at € Brg)

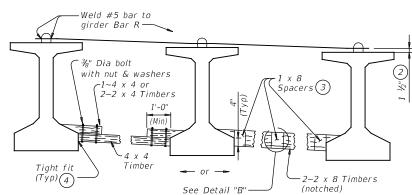


ERECTION BRACING



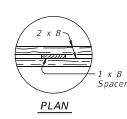
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

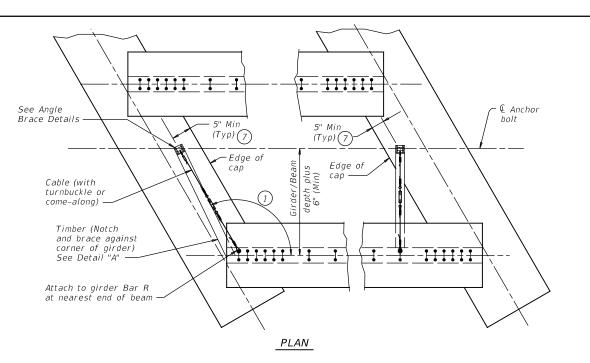


FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



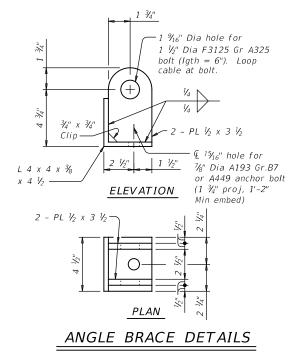
DETAIL "B"



1/2" General purpose Wood blocking as required wire rope, Min (6) to prevent breaking of flange edge. Girder Bar R (Typ) (4)See Anale 4 x 4 Timber Tx28 thru Tx54 and Ty A,B,C,IV 4 x 6 Timber Tx62,Tx70 Brace Details and Ty VI (Min) Less than 45° 7/8" A193 Gr.B7 or END VIEW A449 anchor bolt (1'-2" Min embed) (9)

DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam erected in the span in each phase.)



HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

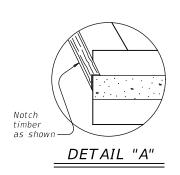
ERECTION BRACING:

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be



- 1) If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k

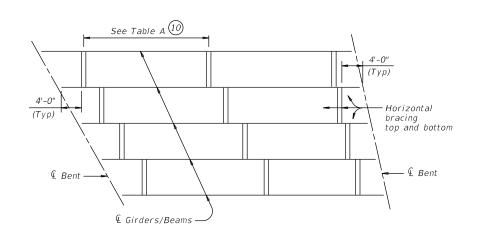
SHEET 1 OF 2



MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

MEBR(C)

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©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG.	HWAY
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ET	·C. 1	FM 124	45, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		92

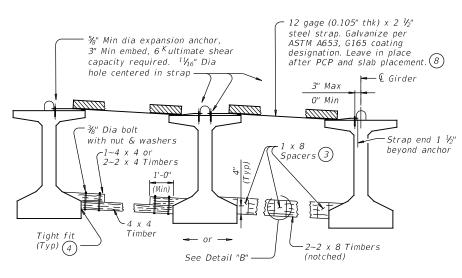


SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING

OPTION 1-RIGID BRACING (STEEL STRAP) Maximum Bracing Spacing								
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang						
	less than 4'-0" (11)	4'-0" and greater (11)						
Tx28	⅓ points	V_4 points						
Tx34	⅓ points	$rac{1}{4}$ points						
T x 40	⅓ points	⅓ points						
Tx46	V_4 points	⅓ points						
T x 54	V_4 points	⅓ points						
Tx62	V_4 points	⅓ points						
Tx70	½ points	⅓ points						
Α	₹ points	⅓ points						
В	⅓ points	½ points						
С	$\frac{\eta_8}{8}$ points	⅓ points						
IV	⅓ points	½ points						
VI	¼ points	⅓ points						

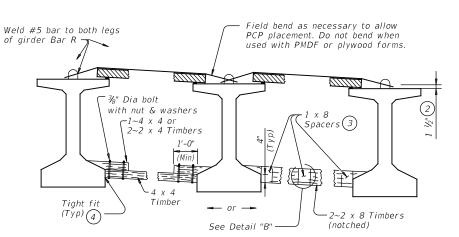
TABLE A

OPTION 2-FLEX	IBLE BRACING (NO	O. 5 OVER PCP)						
Maximum Bracing Spacing								
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)						
Tx28	¼ points	⅓ points						
Tx34	₹ points	½ points						
T x 40	√₄ points	⅓ points						
Tx46	√₄ points	⅓ points						
Tx54	V₄ points	⅓ points						
Tx62	√₄ points	⅓ points						
Tx70	₹ points	⅓ points						
Α	2.0 ft	1.5 ft						
В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft						
С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft						
IV	¼ points	4.0 ft						
VI	1/4 points	4.0 ft						



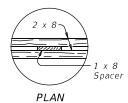
FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE
(Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS 3



DETAIL "B"

- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8) Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (10) Bracing spacing ($\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ points) measured between first and last typical brace location.
- (1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425.
Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable shown.

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

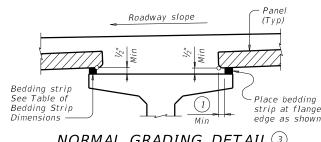


Bridge Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

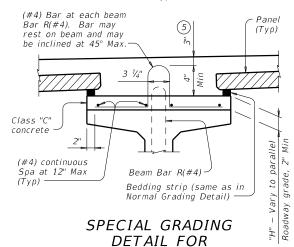
MEBR(C)

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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		IIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033, ET	·C.	FM 1.	245, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ONE		93



NORMAL GRADING DETAIL (3)

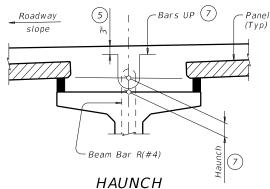
Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)



CONCRETE BEAMS Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)

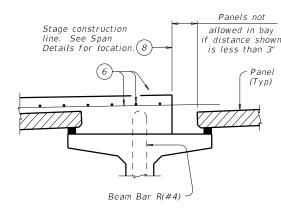
this standard TXDOT for

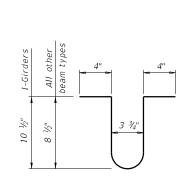
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REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar





BARS UP (#4) (7)

TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

DIMENSIONS

Min

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

WIDTH

1" (Min)

1 1/4"

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2"

2 3/4"

3" (Max)

HEIGHT (4)

Мах

2"

2 1/2"

3 1/2"

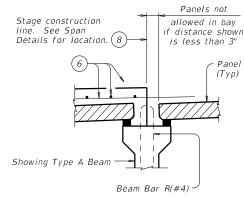
4"

4 1/2" (2

5 1/2" (2

6" (2

5" (2



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

(1) 2" Min for I-giders, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Min for all other beam types.

ig(2ig) Allowed for I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

 $\left(3\right)$ To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in $\frac{1}{4}$ " increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is 1/4". Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

 $\binom{4}{}$ Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover

(7) Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

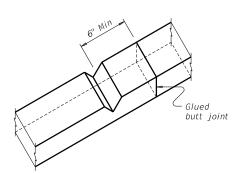
(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

 $^{\left(9\right)}$ Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx $rac{1}{4}$ " deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..

> Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds 1/4" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer. 0" - 1" Max Make seal flush with top of panel Allowable Gap

PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity. The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between

beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least 1/2". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: $Uncoated \sim #4 = 1'-7"$ Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrées.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 4

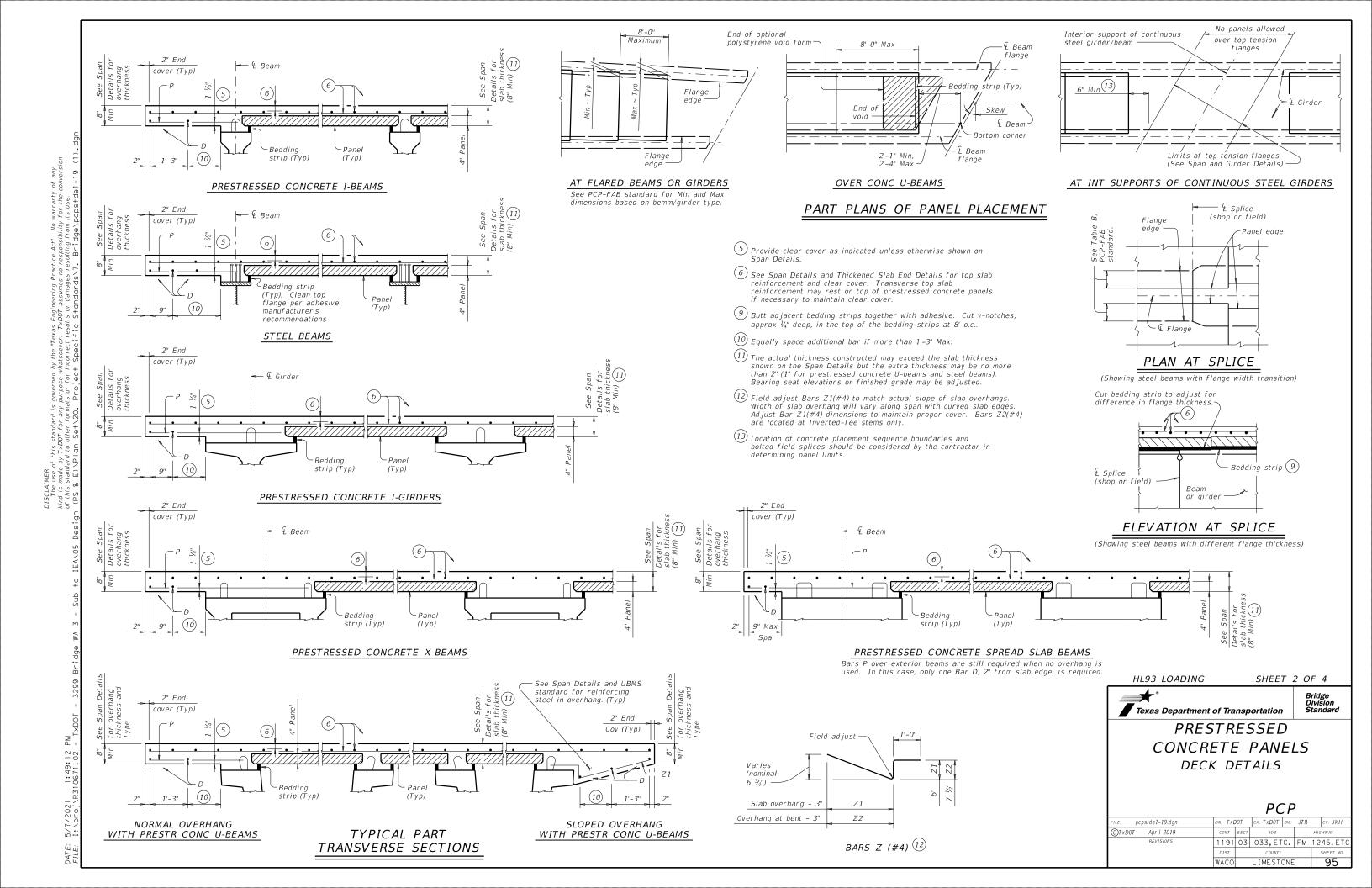
Bridge Division Standard

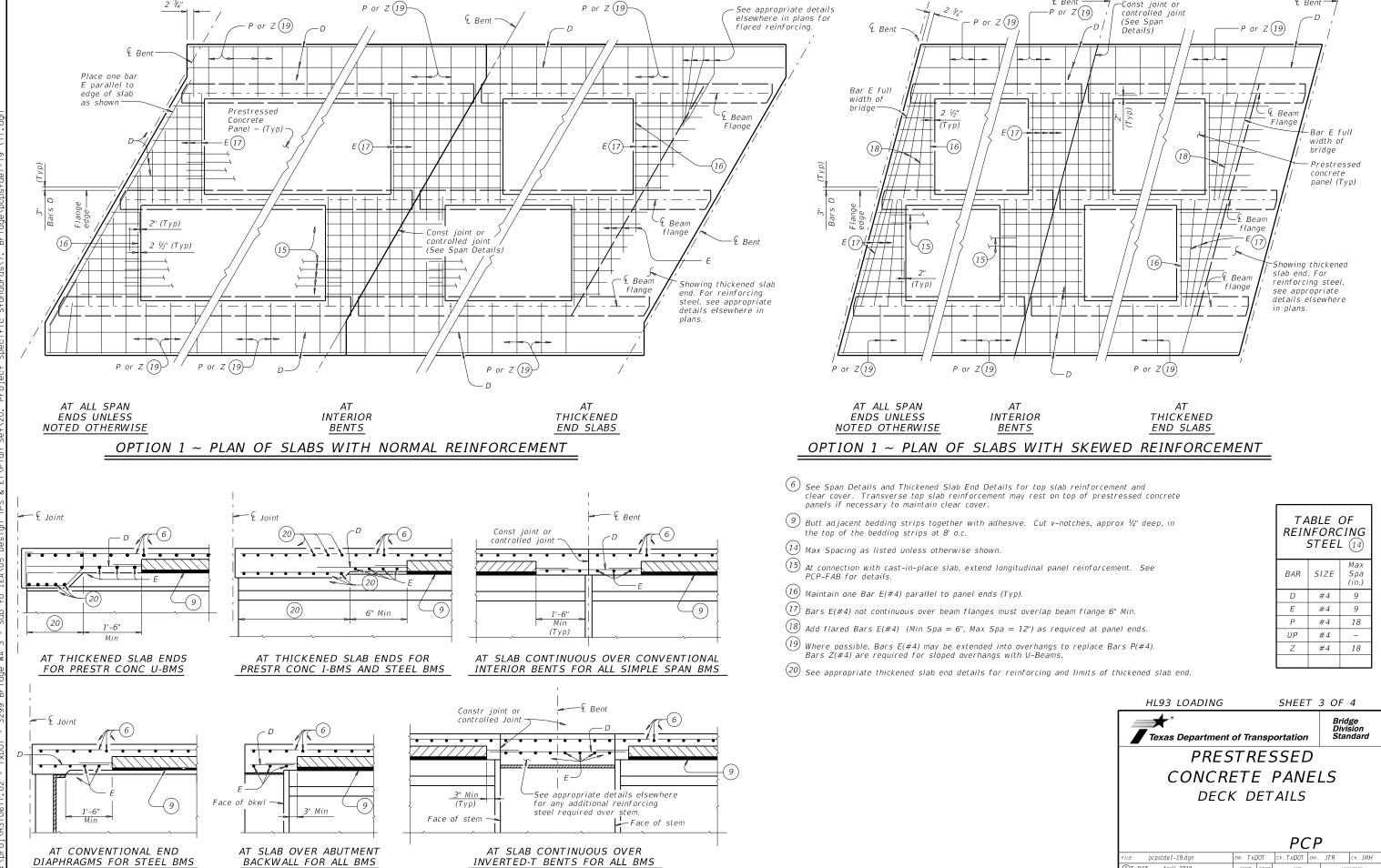


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

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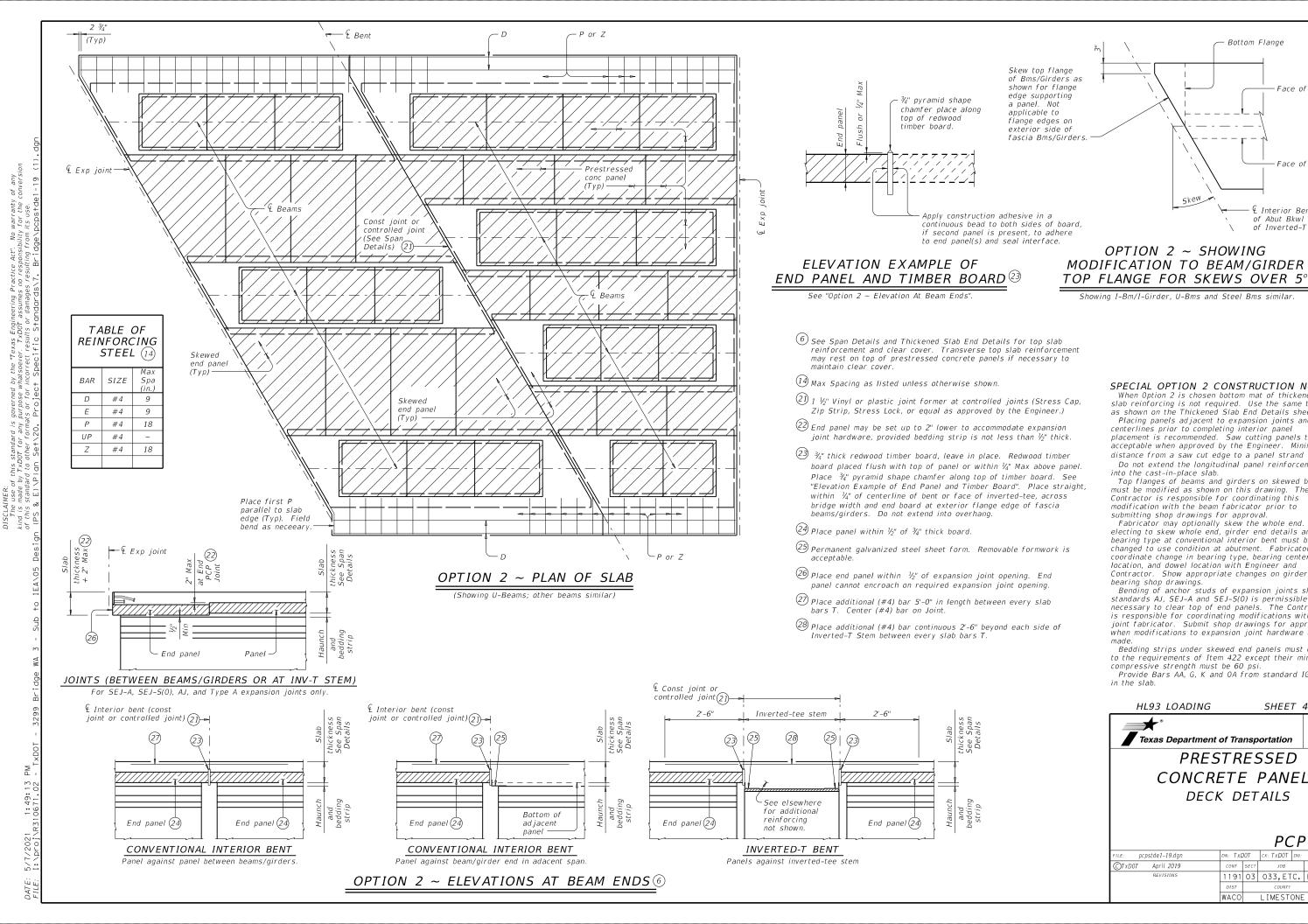
AT CONVENTIONAL END

DIAPHRAGMS FOR STEEL BMS

AT SLAB OVER ABUTMENT

BACKWALL FOR ALL BMS

OPTION 1 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS



Showing I-Bm/I-Girder, U-Bms and Steel Bms similar

OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Bottom Flange

Face of Web

ace of Web

¶ Interior Bent, Face

of Abut Bkwl or Face

of Inverted-T Stem

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1 ½".

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement

into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi. Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS

HL93 LOADING

in the slab.

SHEET 4 OF 4

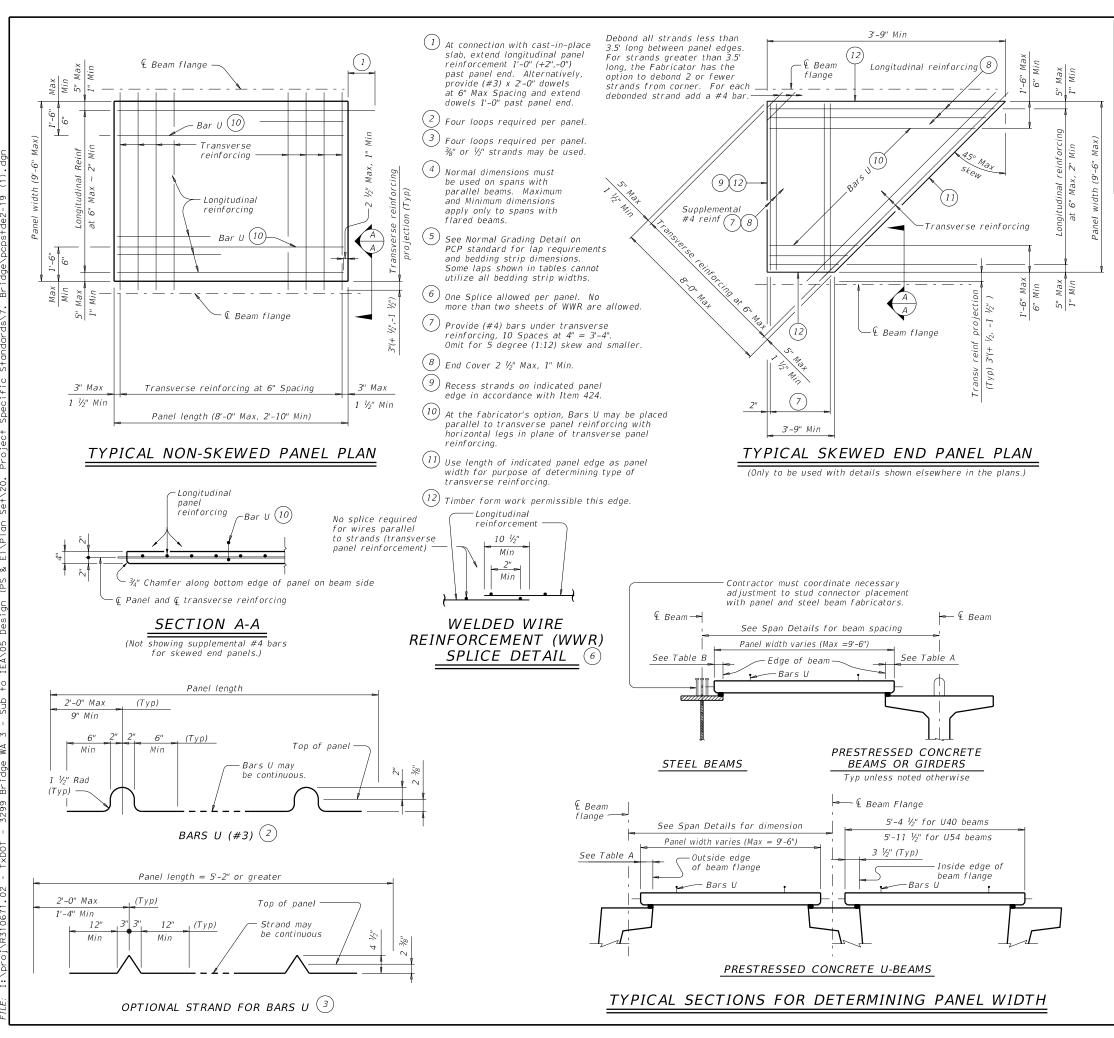
Bridge Division Standard

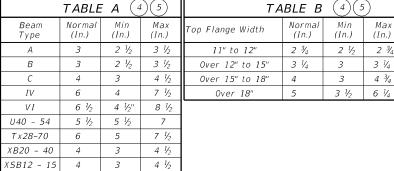


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide ¾" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.

Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels.

Remove laitance from top panel surface

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair

Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use $\frac{3}{8}$ " or $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use $\frac{3}{6}$ " or $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed. 2. %" Dia prestressing strands at 4 %" Max Spacing
- (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3. $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted. Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail. No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed.

No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

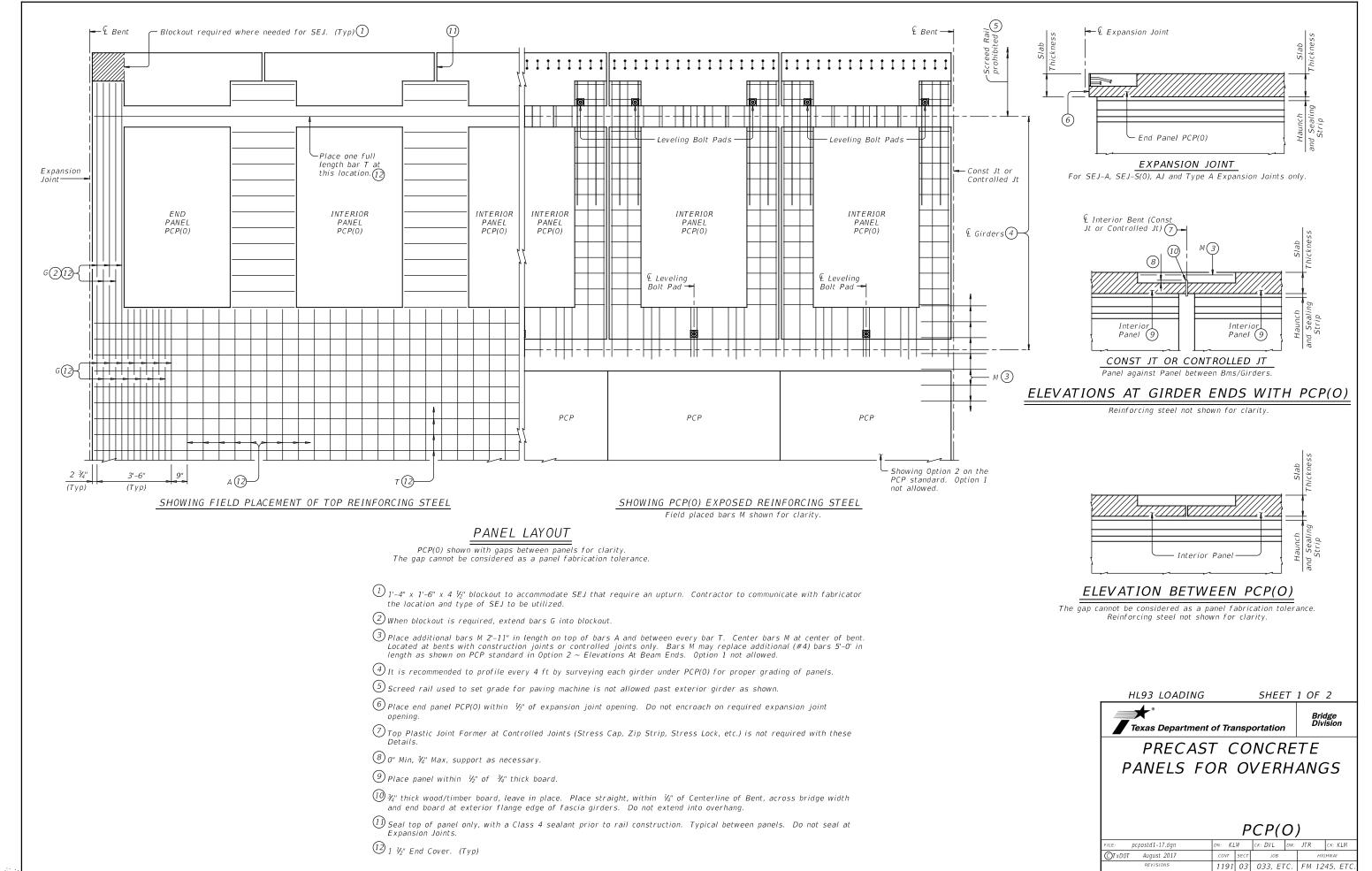
HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE
PANEL FABRICATION
DETAILS

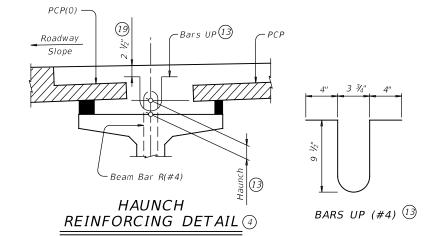
PCP-FAB

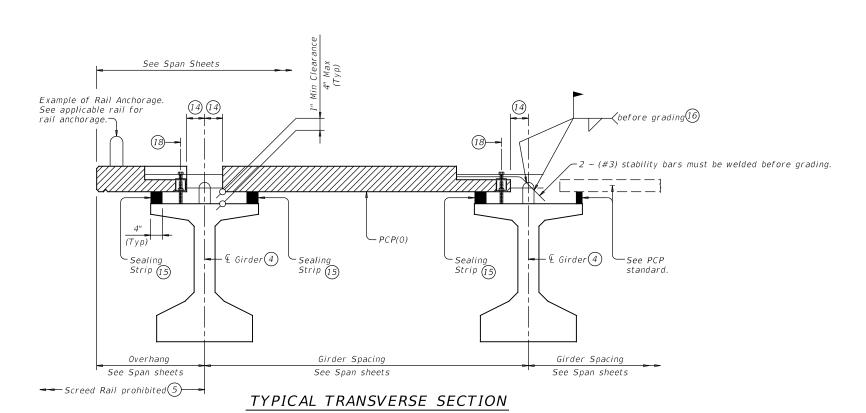
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В	BAR TABLE							
BAR	SIZE	MAX SPA (IN)						
A (12)(17)	#4	9"						
G (12)(17)	#4	3½"						
М	#4	9"						
T (12)(17)	#4	9"						

- 4 It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.
- ${rac{5}{5}}$ Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown.
- (12) 1 ½" End Cover on bars. (Typ)
- \bigcirc Space bars UP(#4) with girder bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ with Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.
- 14) 6" plus or minus.
- Place sealing strip at flange edge as shown. Butt adjacent sealing strips longitudinally together with adhesive. Use pencil vibrators with concrete placement over girder and between sealing strips to avoid rupturing sealing strips. Cut sealing strips 2" higher than anticipated haunch thickness and compress to grade.
- 10 (#3) Panel bars F must be field bent and welded to the R bars in girder. Two bars F per panel.
- (1) Field placed bars that are allowed to be lapped. Reinforcing steel that protrudes from panels are not considered bars to be lapped. See "Material Notes" for applicable bar laps.
- (B) Leveling Bolt Pad. 1" Dia Coil Rod or 1" Dia Coil Bolt shown, are furnished by the contractor. After grading each PCP(0) panel with the 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts, secure each panel in its final resting position (plastic shims, welding, etc) and remove all 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts for the cast-in-place concrete. Coil rods/bolts may be left in place at contractor's option. If coil rods/bolts are left in place, coil rods/bolts must have at least 2 ½" of cover to top of finish grade. Grading bolts are inadequate to carry all conceivable screed/construction loads. Panel support method must be calculated, location identified, and placed on shop drawings. Method chosen to support panels must be adequate for all construction loads. Panel support method must be placed/constructed after final grading and before screed rail placement.
- 19 Unless shown otherwise on Span Details.





(Showing Girder Type Tx46)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended.

Ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Place sealing strips at girder flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 8" transversely under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

Panel placement with Option I on the PCP standard is not allowed. It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels. To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder and

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder an panel, maintain a minimum vertical opening of 1". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Sealing strips vary in thickness along girder are therefore required.

Seal the top panel with a Class 4 sealant as shown in the Panel Layout.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement. If the reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then epoxy coat bars A, G, M, & T.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

Provide sealing strips comprised of one layer low density polyurethane (1.0 Lbs density) foam sealing strips or equivalent. Oversize the height of sealing strips by 2". Bond sealing strips to the girder with 3M Scotch ® 4693 or equivalent adhesive compatible with sealing strips.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details can be used as an option to construct the deck overhang when noted on the Span details and in conjunction with the PCP(0)-FAB, PCP and applicable Standard sheets.

These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders.
Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on these
details is subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

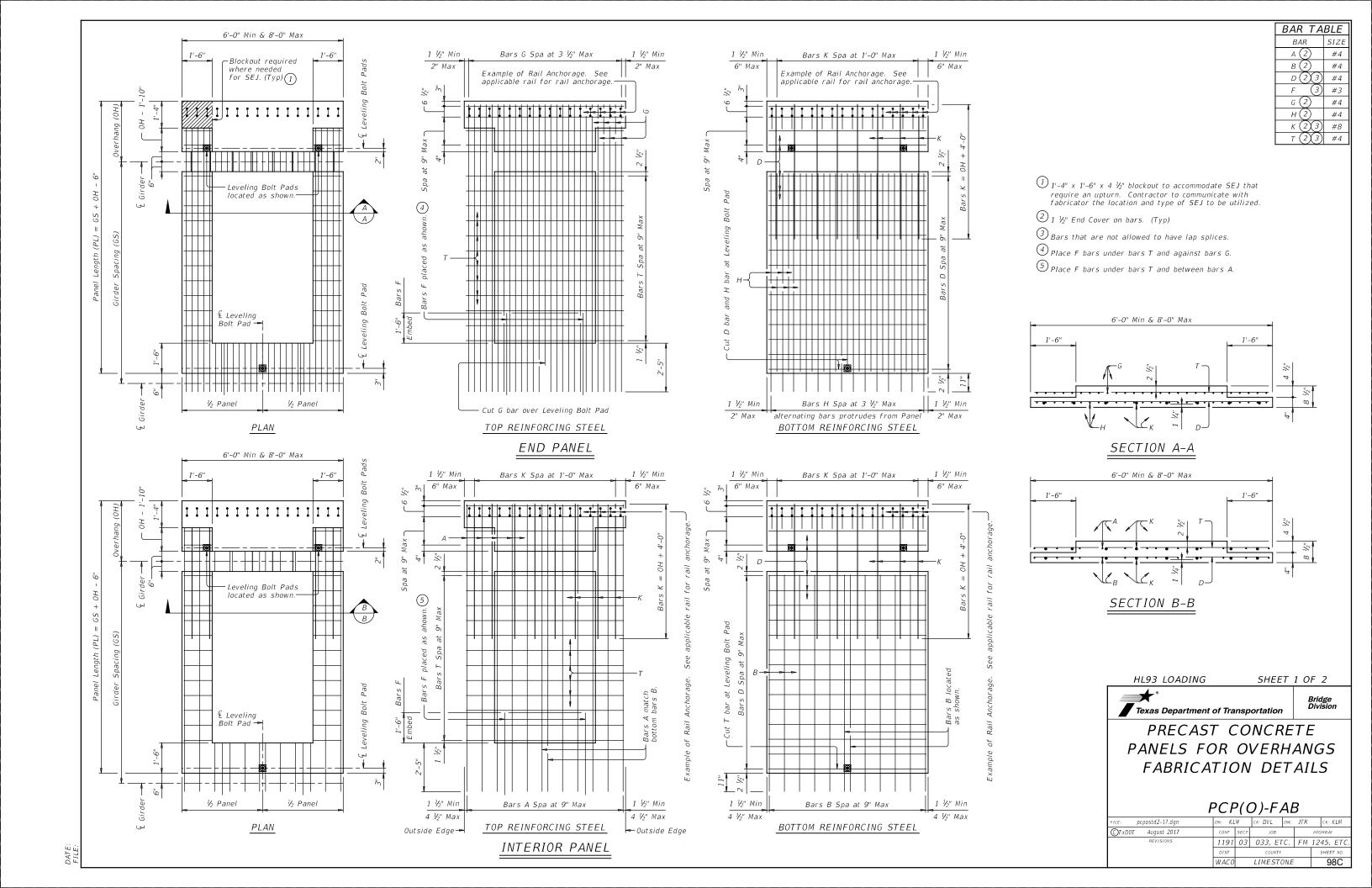
Bridge Division

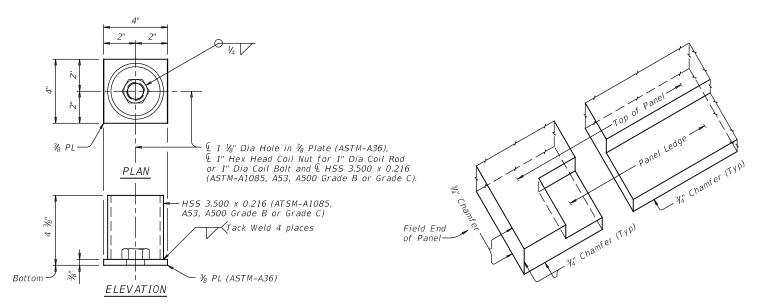


PRECAST CONCRETE
PANELS FOR OVERHANGS

PCP(O)

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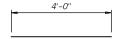


LEVELING BOLT PAD DETAILS

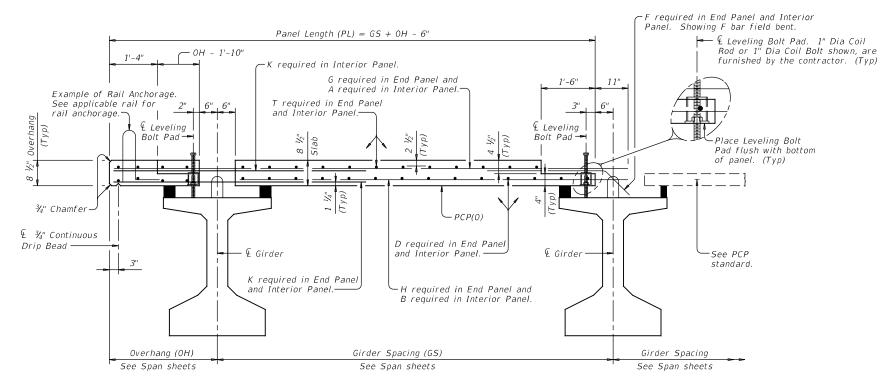
Galvanize if epoxy coated reinforcing steel is used in slab. Do not oil this assembly.

ISOMETRIC VIEW AT CORNER OF PANEL

Showing Typical Chamfers on Panel. Drip Bead and reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



BARS F



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

(Showing Girder Type Tx46)

CONSTRUCTION/FABRICATION NOTES:

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top surface area of panel with a broom finish. Finish top ledge of panel to a roughness between a No.

Finish top ledge of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Provide ¾" concrete chamfers as shown on these details.

Do not lap splice bars D, F, K & T. Bars A, B, G & H, may be spliced with only one lap splice allowed on each bar. Panels must be fabricated by a fabricator meeting the requirements of DMS 7300 for Multi-Project Nonstressed Member Fabrication Plant.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete (f'c=4000 psi) in panels. Provide Class H (HPC) concrete for panels if required elsewhere in plans. Maximum large aggregate size is 1".

Provide material as shown on this standard for the Leveling Bolt Pad.

Provide Grade 60 conventional reinforcing steel.

Provide epoxy coated reinforcement for bars A, B, D, G,
H, K & T if slab reinforcement is enoxy coated.

H, K & T if slab reinforcement is epoxy coated.
An equal area and spacing of deformed Welded Wire
Reinforcement (WWR) ASTM-A1064 may be substituted for
bars A, B, D, G, H & T, unless otherwise noted. Bars F and
K can not be replaced with WWR.

K can not be replaced with WWR. Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coated reinforcing steel is used in slab.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement, lifting devices or epoxy coated reinforcement required on these details are subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

See railing details for rail anchorage in panel overhang. A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Submit stable lifting methods and devices to the Engineer for approval.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will require the Engineer's approval.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted therwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

Bridge Division



PRECAST CONCRETE
PANELS FOR OVERHANGS
FABRICATION DETAILS

PCP(O)-FAB

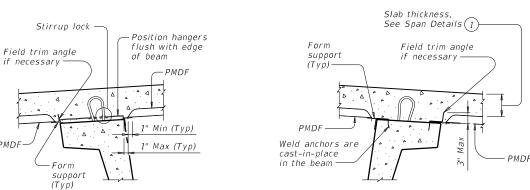
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PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

if necessary

this standard TxDOT for

₽,



U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS

AT TENSION FLANGES (2)

-Intermittent

angle (Typ)

-PMDF

Cut 2" wide tabs at

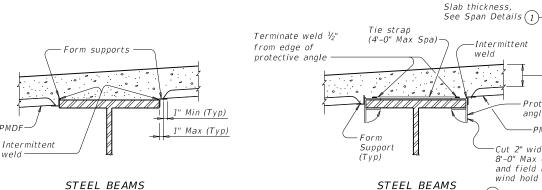
8'-0" Max centers and field bend for

wind hold down

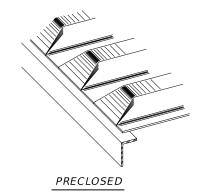
weld

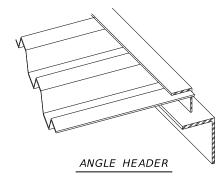
U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

AT COMPRESSION FLANGES



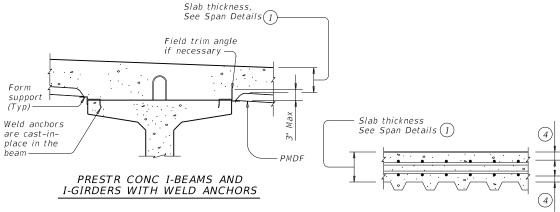
TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

TYPES OF END CLOSURES



TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION

Anchor 2" long ∟ or egual at 18" c.c welded to PMD -Construction joint or controlled joint Plate Joist

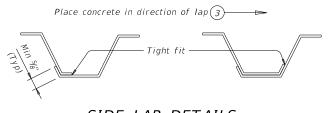
Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES:

Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing



SIDE LAP DETAILS

- (1) Slab thickness minus $\frac{5}{8}$ " if corrugations match reinforcing bars.
- Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld joint.
- (3) The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.
- (4) See Span details for cover requirements.

GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer

These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form

a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10' or less.

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater than 10'.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2"

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder in accordance with Item 448.

All permanently exposed form metal, where

the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

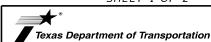
Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.

A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

SHEET 1 OF 2



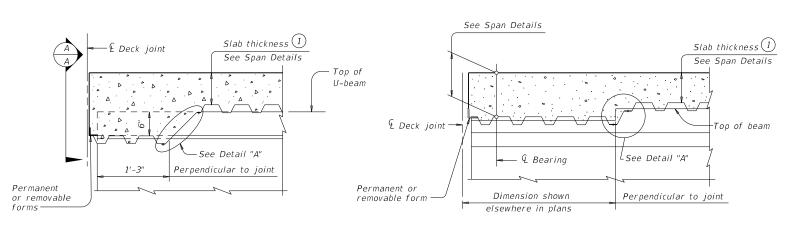
PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

PMDF

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Permanent

or removable forms



€ Bent-

Permanent or removable

Inverted tee

bent cap

AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

Top of beam

-Top of slab to top of beam at & brg ~ See Span Details

AT SLAB OVER ABUT BKWL OR INV TEE STEM FOR CONC BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

End diaphragm

AT SLAB OVER INV TEE STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

-¶ Deck Jt

required

- Bent PL ~ size as

See Detail "A"

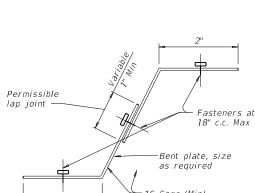
End diaphragm

Top of beam

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

·Top of beam



Secure form support to

with beam flange

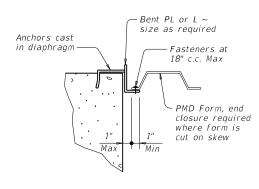
beam flange as necessary to ensure uniform contact

support

SECTION A-A

DETAIL "A'

16 Gage (Min)

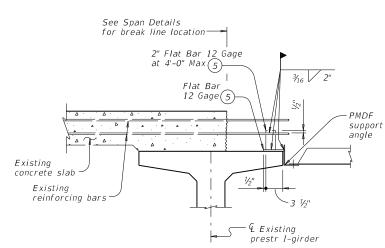


DETAIL "B"

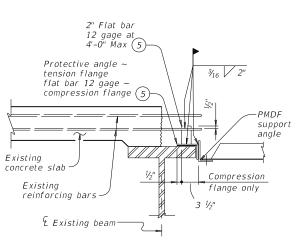
(5) Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi

match reinforcing bars

1) Slab thickness minus 5%" if corrugations

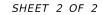


SHOWING PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS



SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

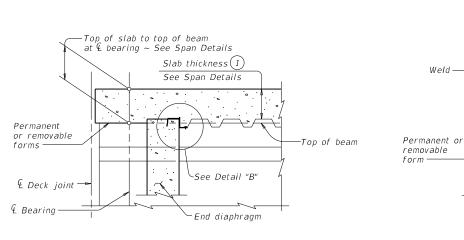
WIDENING DETAILS





PMDF

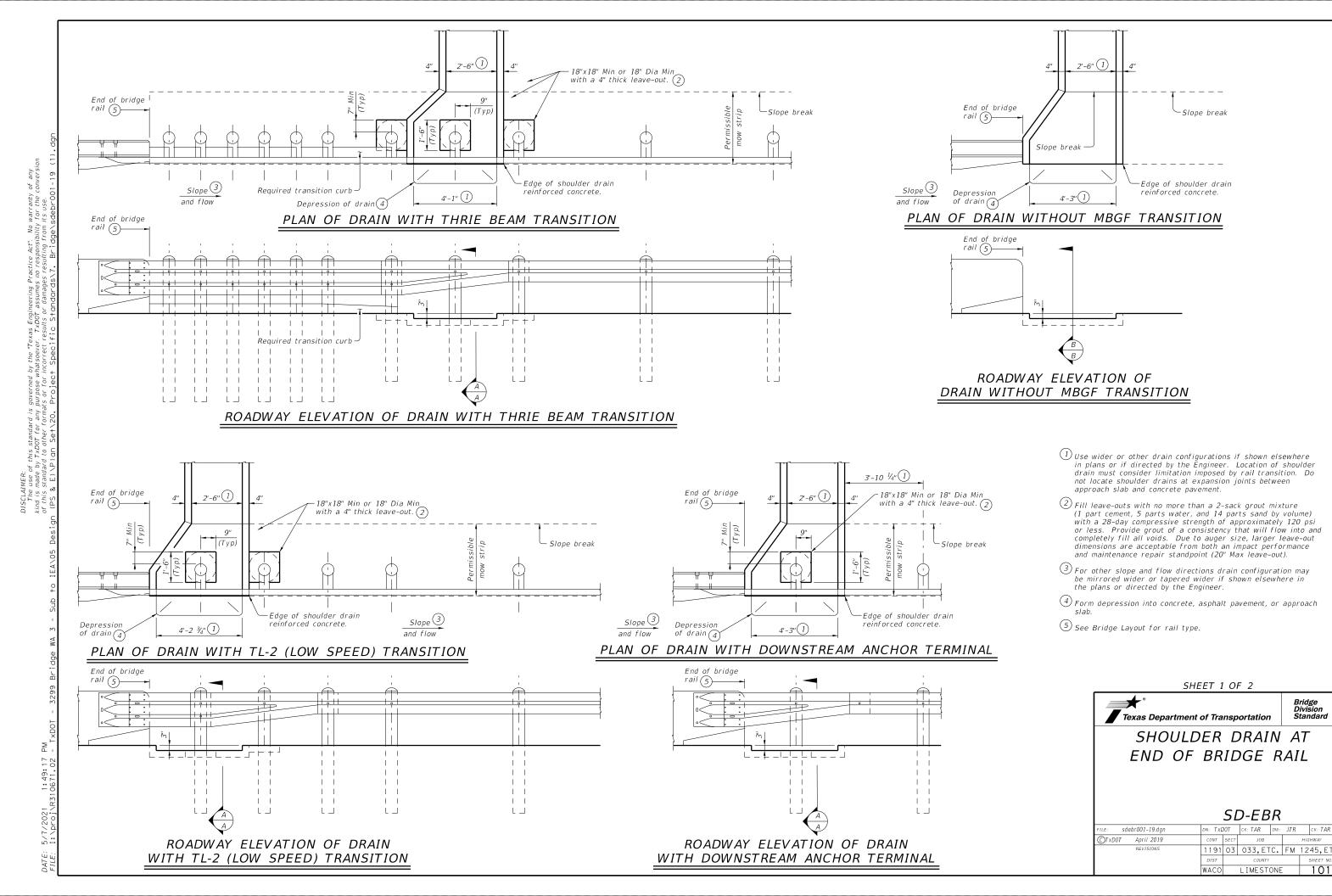
pmdfste1-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OOT TOO	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
xDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		,	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C.	FM 1	245,ETC	
 Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary. 	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	WACO) LIMESTONE				100	

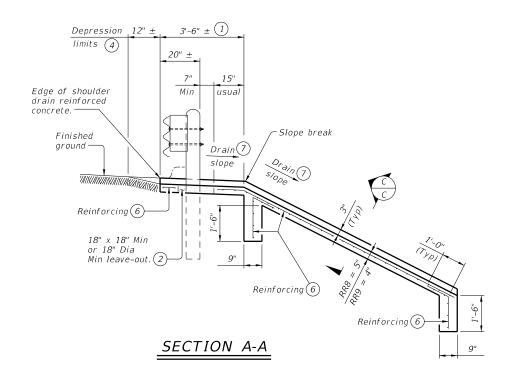


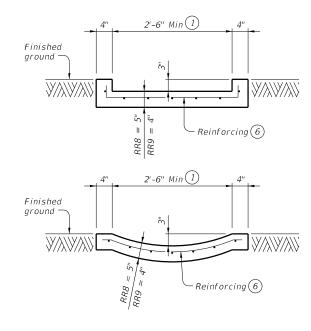


AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

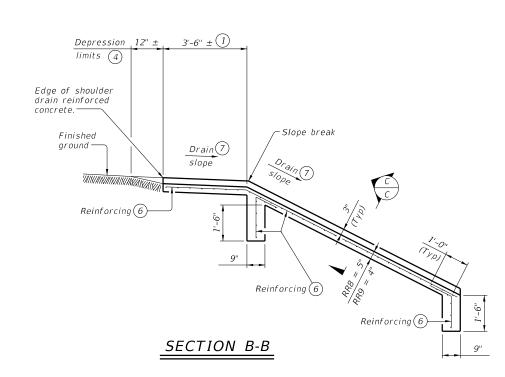
DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS

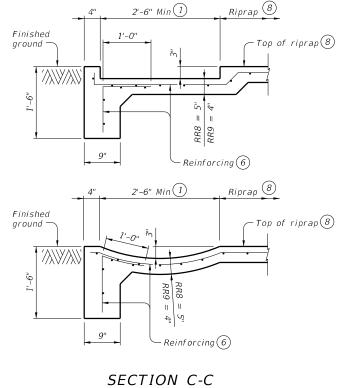






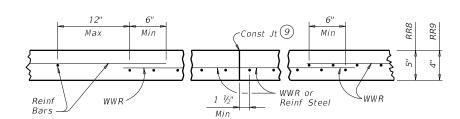
SECTION C-C





Sections shown with integrated riprap.

See Layout for limits of shoulder drain. RR8 is to be used on stream crossings.



REINFORCEMENT DETAILS 6

See General Notes for optional synthetic fiber reinforcement

- 1) Use wider or other drain configurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer. Location of shoulder drain must consider limitation imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.
- 2) Fill leave-outs with no more than a 2-sack grout mixture (1 part cement, 5 parts water, and 14 parts sand by volume) with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 120 psi or less. Provide grout of a consistency that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger and the performance and leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (20" Max leave-out).
- 4 Form depression into concrete, asphalt pavement, or approach slab.
- 6 Provide (#3) reinforcing bar at 18" spacing c-c or welded wire reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars, unless shown otherwise.
- (7) See elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- 8 See CRR standard for details and notes not shown.
- 9 WWR or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints. Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic fiber is utilized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 2,000 psi unless noted elsewhere in plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the

Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer. Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. See Metal Beam Guard Fence (Mow Strip) standard for details and

notes not shown. Payment for furnishing and placing 2-sack grout mixture will be subsidiary to shoulder drain.

Payment for shoulder drain will be as per Item 420, "CI B Conc (Flume)". All details shown herein are subsidiary to shoulder drain.

RR9 is to be used on other embankments.

SHEET 2 OF 2

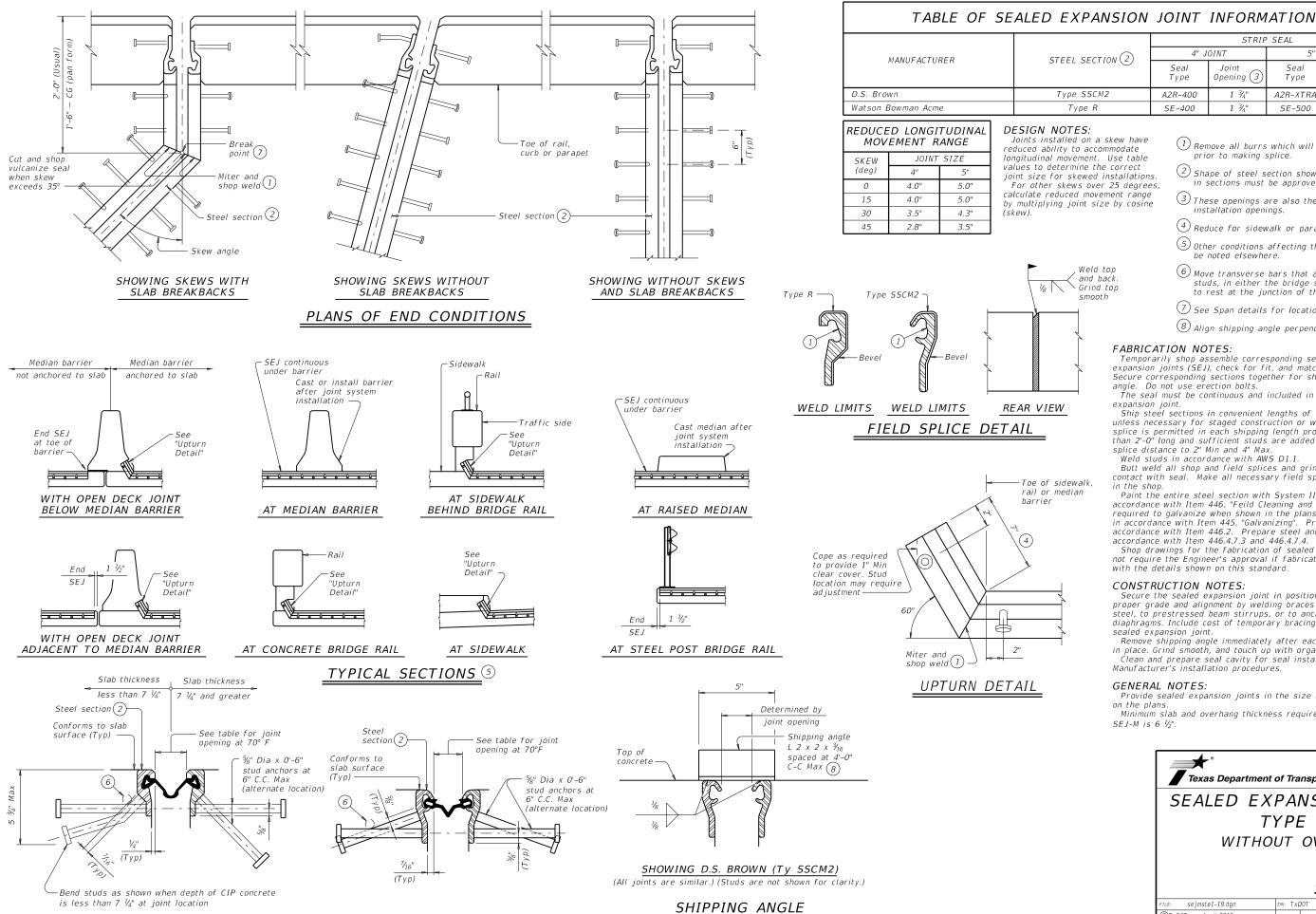


SHOULDER DRAIN AT END OF BRIDGE RAIL

SD-EBR

Bridge Division Standard

ILE: sdebr001-19.dgn	DN: TXE	70T	ck: TAR	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR	
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С.	FM	1245,ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		LIMESTO	ONE		102	



An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division.

Erection bolts are not allowed.

SECTION THRU D.S. BROWN

(A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

₽,

1:49:19

SECTION THRU WATSON BOWMAN

ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS

5" JOINT 4" JOINT Seal Joint Joint Opening (3) Type Opening (3 Type A2R-400 A2R-XTRA SE-400 SE-500

reduced ability to accommodate longitudinal movement. Use table values to determine the correct joint size for skewed installations

For other skews over 25 degrees, calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $^{ig(2)}$ Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle (3)}{}$ These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$ Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- See Span details for location of break point.
- 8 Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed

expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in

accordance with Item 446, "Feild Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown

Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6 1/2".

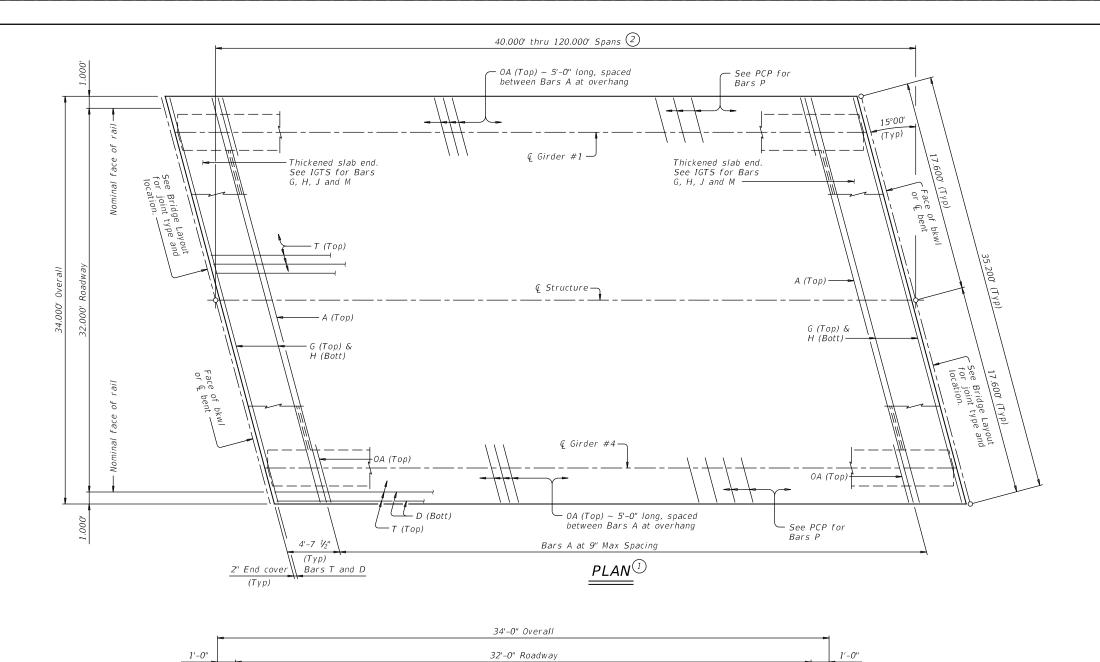


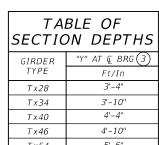
SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPE M WITHOUT OVERLAY

SEJ-M

Bridge Division Standard

N: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: JTR CK: JMH sejmstel-19.dgn OTxDOT April 2019 1191 03 033,ETC. FM 1245,ET LIMESTONE





Nominal face of rail —

Panel (Typ)

@ Girder #4 →

See PCP for Bars P

3.000'

JLC 11C	N DETTITS						
GIRDER	"Y" AT & BRG (3)						
TYPE	Ft/In						
Tx28	3'-4"						
Tx34	3'-10"						
T x 40	4'-4"						
Tx46	4'-10"						
Tx54	5'-6"						

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

3 Spa at 9.333' = 28.000'

See Bridge Layout for slope

17'-0"

– Nominal face of rail

₡ Girder #1

(Typ)

9" (Typ)

3.000'

(Showing girder type Tx46)

1) If multi-span units (with slab continuous over interior bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, see standard IGCS for adjustment to slab reinforcement and quantities.

2) Span lengths for prestressed concrete I-Girder type:
Type Tx28 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 65.000'.
Type Tx34 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 80.000'.
Type Tx40 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 90.000'.
Type Tx46 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 100.000'.
Type Tx54 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 120.000'.

3"Y" value shown is based on theoretical girder camber, dead load deflection from an 8 ½" concrete slab, a constant roadway grade, and using precast panels (PCP). The Contractor will adjust this value as necessary for any roadway vertical curve and/or if the precast overhang panel (PCP(0)) option is used.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 2

BAR TABLE

SIZE

#4

#4 #4

#4

#4

#4

#5

#4

#4

BAR

D

Н

Μ

0A

Т



Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)

32' ROADWAY

15° SKEW

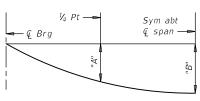
SIG-32-15

DN: JM	IH	CK: ASB	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR	
CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
1191	03	3 033, ETC. FM			1245, ETC.	
DIST			SHEET NO.			
WACO		LIMEST	ONE		104	
	CONT 1191 DIST	CONT SECT 1191 03	CONT SECT JOB 1191 03 033, ET DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 1191 03 033, ETC. DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 1191 03 033, ETC. FM DIST COUNTY	

					TABLE	=	OF DEA	D LOAD	DEFLEC	27	TIONS
TYPE	Tx28 GII	RDERS	TYPE	TYPE Tx34 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx40 GIRDERS				TYPE
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"		SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"		SPAN LENGTH
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft] [Ft	Ft	Ft		Ft
40	0.011	0.015	40	0.006	0.009][40	0.004	0.006		40
45	0.017	0.024	45	0.010	0.014][45	0.006	0.009		45
50	0.026	0.037	50	0.016	0.022	1 [50	0.011	0.015		50
55	0.040	0.056	55	0.024	0.033] [55	0.016	0.022		55
60	0.057	0.080	60	0.034	0.048		60	0.022	0.031		60
65	0.079	0.111	65	0.047	0.066	1 [65	0.031	0.043		65
	•		70	0.064	0.090	1 [70	0.042	0.059		70
			75	0.085	0.120] [75	0.056	0.078		75
			80	0.111	0.156] [80	0.073	0.102		80
						- г					

TYPE Tx40 GIRDERS			TYPE	Tx46 GII	RDERS
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft
40	0.004	0.006	40	0.003	0.004
45	0.006	0.009	45	0.004	0.006
50	0.011	0.015	50	0.007	0.010
55	0.016	0.022	55	0.011	0.015
60	0.022	0.031	60	0.015	0.021
65	0.031	0.043	65	0.021	0.030
70	0.042	0.059	70	0.028	0.040
75	0.056	0.078	75	0.038	0.053
80	0.073	0.102	80	0.049	0.069
85	0.093	0.131	85	0.063	0.089
90	0.118	0.165	90	0.080	0.113
			95	0.100	0.140
			100	0.123	0.173

	TYPE Tx54 GIRDERS										
	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"								
	Ft	Ft	Ft								
	40	0.002	0.003								
	45	0.003	0.004								
	50	0.005	0.007								
	55	0.007	0.010								
	60	0.010	0.014								
	65	0.014	0.020								
	70	0.019	0.027								
	75	0.025	0.035								
	80	0.033	0.046								
	85	0.042	0.059								
	90	0.053	0.074								
	95	0.066	0.093								
	100	0.081	0.114								
_	105	0.100	0.140								
	110	0.120	0.169								
	115	0.144	0.202								
	120	0.172	0.241								



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

Calculated deflections shown are due to the concrete slab on interior girders only (Ec = 5000 ksi). Adjust values as required for exterior girders and if optional slab forming is used. These values may require field verification.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

		Prestres	TOT 41(5)		
SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	TOTAL REINF STEEL
Ft	SF	LF	LF	LF	Lb
40	1,360	157.96	158.00	157.93	3,128
45	1,530	177.96	178.00	177.93	3,519
50	1,700	197.96	198.00	197.93	3,910
55	1,870	217.96	218.00	217.93	4,301
60	2,040	237.96	238.00	237.93	4,692
65	2,210	257.96	258.00	257.93	5,083
70	2,380	277.96	278.00	277.93	5,474
75	2,550	297.96	298.00	297.93	5,865
80	2,720	317.96	318.00	317.93	6,256
85	2,890	337.96	338.00	337.93	6,647
90	3,060	357.96	358.00	357.93	7,038
95	3,230	377.96	378.00	377.93	7,429
100	3,400	397.96	398.00	397.93	7,820
105	3,570	417.96	418.00	417.93	8,211
110	3,740	437.96	438.00	437.93	8,602
115	3,910	457.96	458.00	457.93	8,993
120	4,080	477.96	478.00	477.93	9,384

4 Fabricator will adjust lengths for girder slopes as required.

(5) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and standard IGCS.

See IGTS standard for Thickened Slab End details and

quantity adjustments.

See PCP and PCP-FAB for panel details not shown.

See PCP(0) and PCP(0)-FAB for precast overhang panel details if this option is used.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments if this option is used.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
This standard does not support the use of transition

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

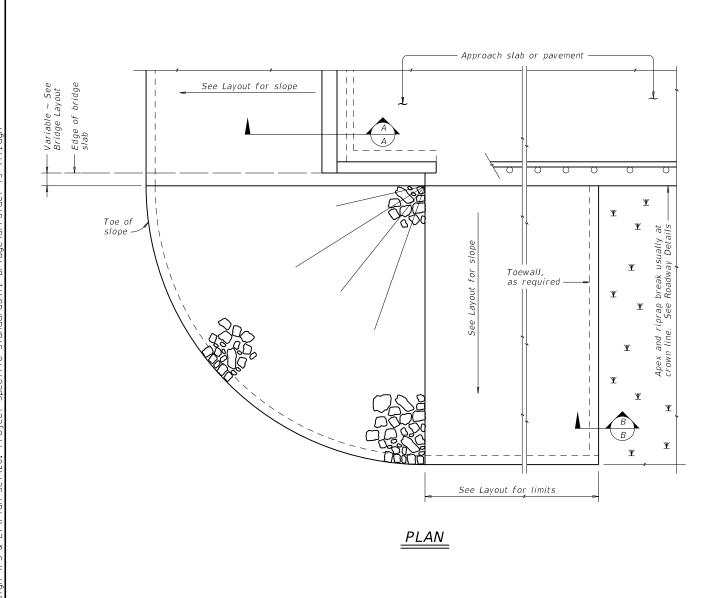
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)

32' ROADWAY

15° SKEW

SIG-32-15

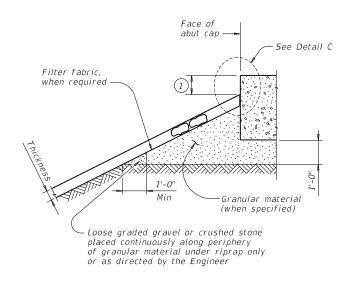
e: sig42sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	Н	CK: ASB	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR	
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191 03 033, ETC. FM					1245, ETC.	
10-19: Increased "X" and "Y" Values	DIST		SHEET NO.				
	WACO		105				

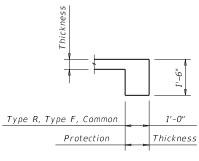


See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

traffic rail -

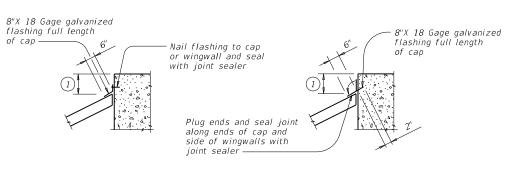




SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:

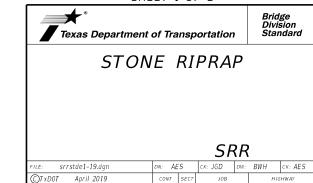
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

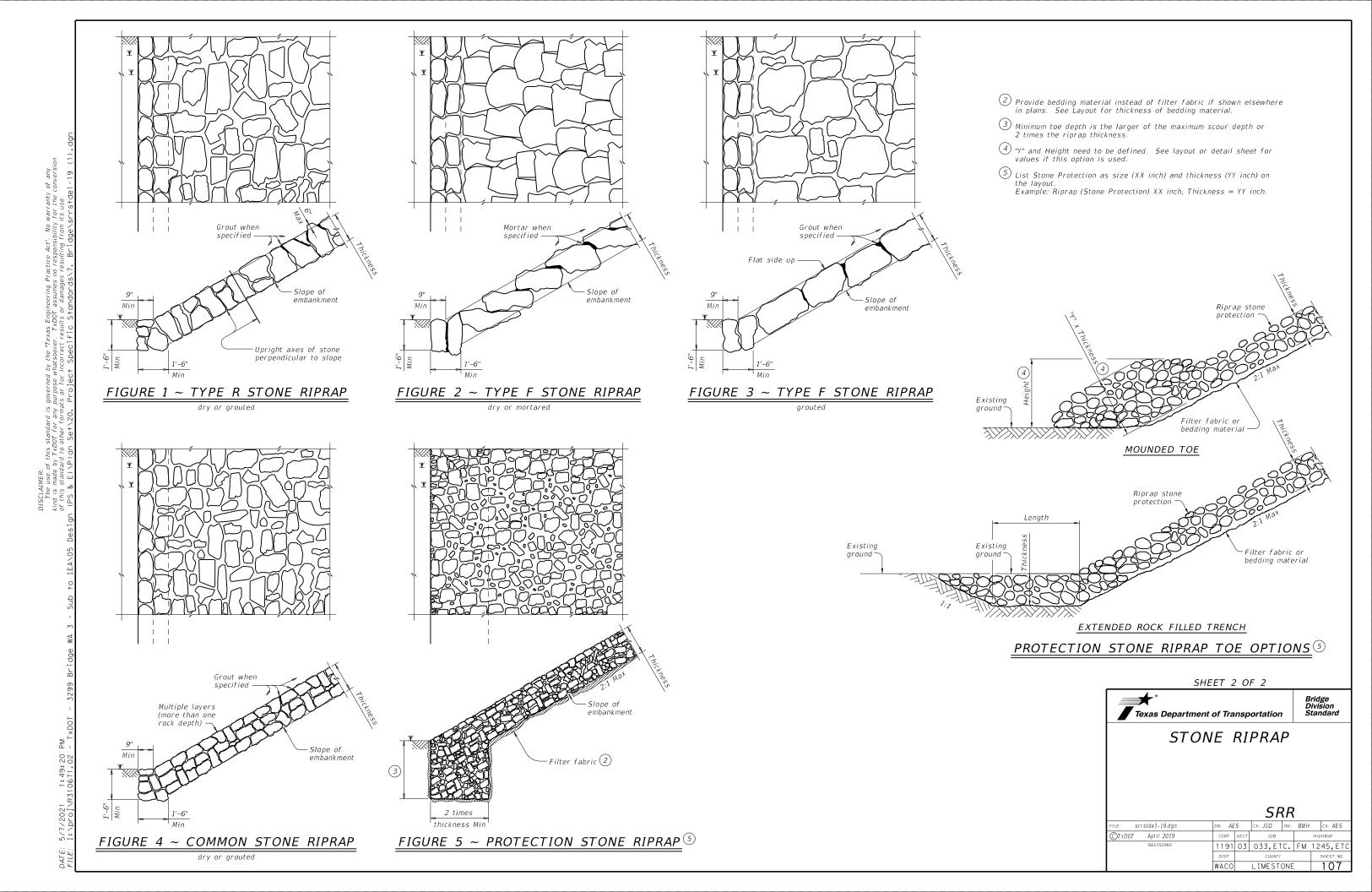




1191 03 033, ETC. FM 1245, ET LIMESTONE

DISCLAIMER:

The use of this standard is governed by the kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsou of this standard to other formats or for incorning this standard to other formats.



40.000′ thru 105.000′ Spans ② BAR TABLE BAR SIZE #5 #5 #5 G #5 #5 #5 € Beam #1 М #5 Thickened Slab End. See XBTS for Bars Thickened Slab End. #4 See XBTS for Bars G, H, J and M. G, H, J and M. of Ber

- ① If multi-span units (with slab continuous over interior bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, see Standard XBCS for adjustment to slab reinforcement and quantities.
- ② Span Lengths for Prestressed Concrete X-Beam Type:
 Type 5XB20 for Spans Lengths 40.000' thru 65.000'.
 Type 5XB28 for Spans Lengths 40.000' thru 80.000'.
 Type 5XB34 for Spans Lengths 40.000' thru 95.000'.
 Type 5XB40 for Spans Lengths 40.000' thru 105.000'.
- $\ensuremath{\Im}$ "Y" value shown is based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflection from an 8" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant roadway grade. The contractor will adjust this value as necessary for any roadway vertical curve.
- $^{\textcircled{4}}$ This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.

	TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS										
Span	Beam Ty	oe 5XB20	Beam Typ	oe 5XB28	Beam Typ	oe 5XB34	Beam Typ	oe 5XB40			
ength	" X "	"Y"③	"X"	"Y"③	"X"	"Y"③	"X"	"Y"③			
F†	In	Ft/In	In	Ft/In	In	Ft/In	In	Ft/In			
40	10"	2′-6"	10"	3′-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
45	10"	2'-6"	10"	3'-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
50	10"	2′-6"	10"	3'-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
55	10"	2′-6"	10"	3'-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
60	10 ½"	2'-6 1/2"	10"	3'-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
65	11"	2'-7"	10"	3′-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
70			10"	3′-2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
75			10 1/2"	3'-2 1/2"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
80			11"	3'-3"	10"	3′-8"	10"	4'-2"			
85					10 ½"	3′-8 ½"	10"	4'-2"			
90					10 ½"	3′-8 ½"	10"	4′-2"			
95					11"	3′-9"	10"	4′-2"			
100							10 1/2 "	4'-2 1/2"			
105							11"	4′-3"			

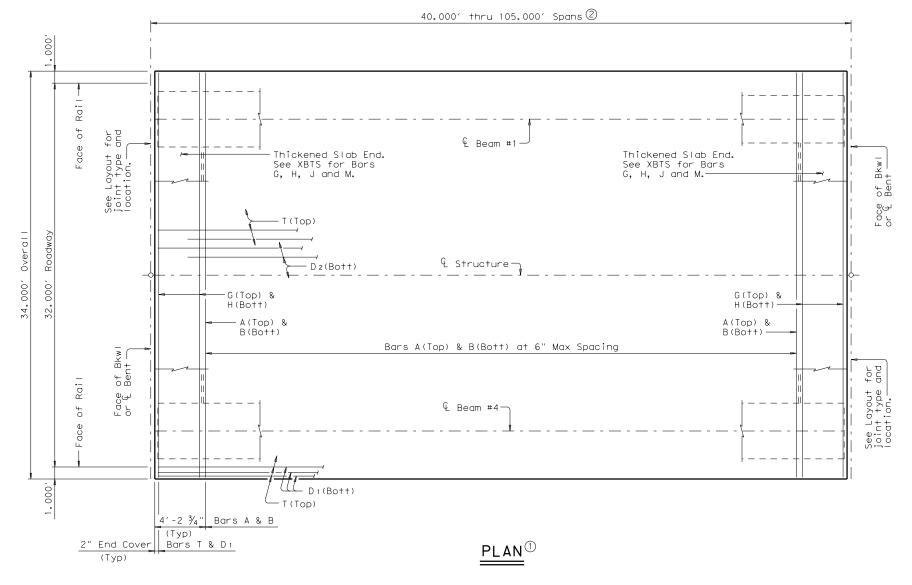
HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

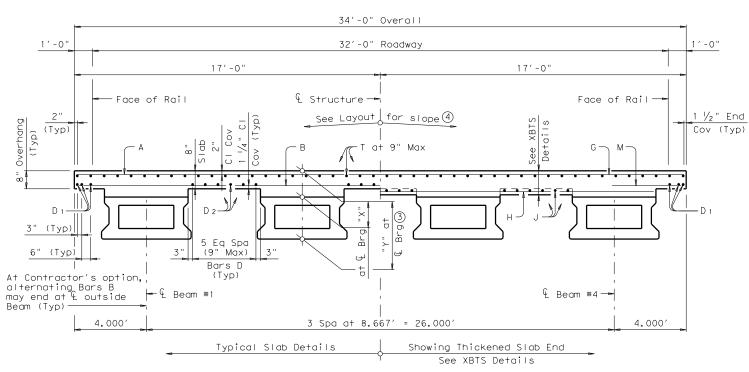
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE X-BEAM SPANS (TYPE 5XB20 THRU 5XB40) 32' ROADWAY

SXB-32

	xbstde47.dgn	DN: JMH		CK: AM	DW:	JTR		ск: ЈМН
TxD0T	June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С.	FM	12	45,ETC
		DIST		COUNTY			9	SHEET NO.
		WACO	WACO LIMESTONE					108

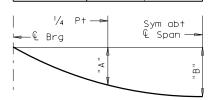


DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is gov kind is made by TxDOT for any pur, of this standard to other formats o



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

	TABLE OF DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS										
TYPE 5XB20 BEAMS TYPE 5XB28 BEAM						TYPE 5	XB34	BEAMS	TYPE 5	XB40	BEAMS
SPAN LENGTH	" A "	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	" A "	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	" A "	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	" A "	"B"
F†	F†	F†	F+	F†	F+	F†	F+	F+	F+	F†	F+
40	0.014	0.019	40	0.005	0.007	40	0.003	0.004	40	0.002	0.003
45	0.021	0.030	45	0.009	0.012	45	0.005	0.007	45	0.004	0.005
50	0.033	0.047	50	0.014	0.019	50	0.008	0.011	50	0.005	0.007
55	0.050	0.070	55	0.020	0.028	55	0.012	0.017	55	0.008	0.011
60	0.071	0.100	60	0.029	0.041	60	0.017	0.024	60	0.011	0.016
65	0.100	0.140	65	0.040	0.056	65	0.024	0.034	65	0.016	0.022
			70	0.055	0.077	70	0.033	0.046	70	0.021	0.030
			75	0.073	0.102	75	0.043	0.060	75	0.029	0.040
			80	0.095	0.133	80	0.056	0.079	80	0.037	0.052
						85	0.072	0.101	85	0.047	0.066
						90	0.091	0.128	90	0.060	0.084
						95	0.113	0.159	95	0.074	0.104



0.091

0.112

0.128

0.157

100

105

DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

Calculated deflections shown are due to the concrete slab on interior beams only (Ec = 5,000 ksi). Adjust values as required for exterior beams and if optional slab forming is used. These values may require field verification.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	PRESTR CONCRETE X-BEAMS	CLASS "S" CONCRETE	6 TOTAL REINF STEEL
F†	SF	LF	CY	Lb
40	1,360	158.00	38.5	8,840
45	1,530	178.00	43.2	9,945
50	1,700	198.00	47.9	11,050
55	1,870	218.00	52.7	12,155
60	2,040	238.00	57.2	13,260
65	2,210	258.00	61.9	14,365
70	2,380	278.00	66.7	15,470
75	2,550	298.00	70.7	16,575
80	2,720	318.00	75.2	17,680
85	2,890	338.00	79.1	18,785
90	3,060	358.00	82.9	19,890
95	3,230	378.00	86.0	20,995
100	3,400	398.00	92.1	22,100
105	3,570	418.00	98.7	23,205

- $\ensuremath{{\mbox{\Large 5}}}$ Fabricator will adjust lengths for beam slopes as required.
- © Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 6.5 Lbs/SF.

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.
Multi-span units, with slab continuous over
interior bents, may be formed with the details
shown on this sheet and Standard XBCS.
See XBTS Standard for Thickened Slab End Details
and quantity adjustments.
See PCP or PMDF Standards for details and
quantity adjustments if either of these options
are used.

are used. See XBMS Standard for miscellaneous details. See XBMS Standard for miscellaneous defails.

All reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Concrete strength f'c = 4,000 psi.

Bar laps, where required, will be as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-5"

~ #5 = 1'-9"

Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-1"

~ #5 = 2'-7"

See railing details for rail anchorage in slab.
This standard does not support the use of
Transition Bents.

HL93 LOADING

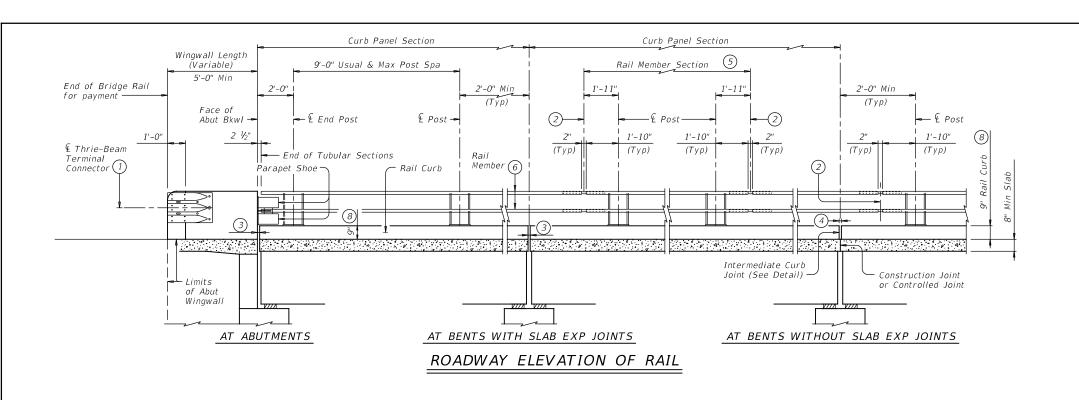
SHEET 2 OF 2



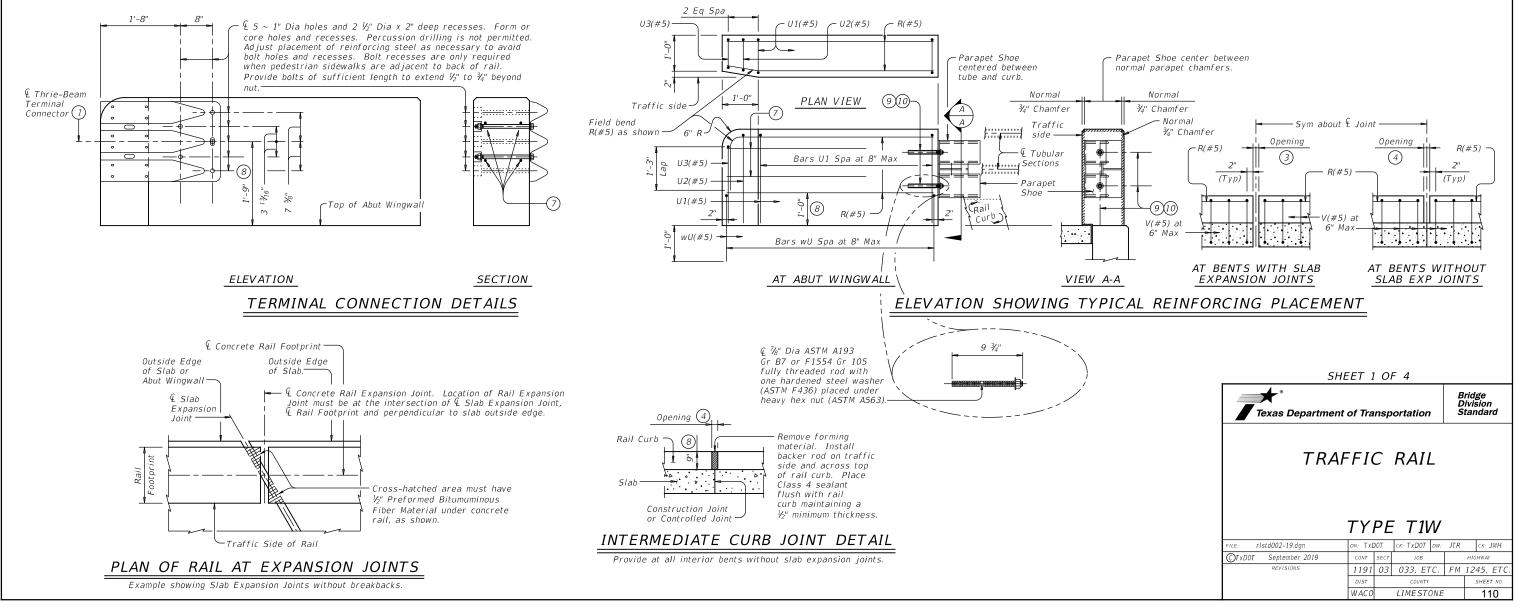
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE X-BEAM SPANS (TYPE 5XB20 THRU 5XB40) 32' ROADWAY

SXB-32

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©TxD0T June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HWAY
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- Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② £ Expansion Joint or Splice Joint as required.
- 3 Same as slab joint opening. (5" Max Expansion Joint).
- 4 1/4" Min, 3/4" Max.
- (5) Rail member sections must have at least two posts but not more than four.
- 6 HSS 6 x 2 x 1/4 (ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B).
- Place 4 additional Bars R(#5) 3'-8" in length inside Bars U(#5) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required. Field bend as needed.
- 8 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 9 Anchor bolts must be $\frac{7}{6}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with heavy hex nuts and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into parapet wall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Adhesive anchor embedment depth is 8". Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".
- (1) Install Parapet Shoe after rail has been placed. To ease installation, temporarily brace parapet shoe until the anchorage system achieves manufacturer's recommended curing time. Anchorage system must be assembled with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one heavy hex nut (ASTM A563) each. Remove temporary bracing after anchorage systems has been firmly tightened.



BARS VS(#5)

BARS Z(#5)

Installed Anchor

(ASTM A36)

Bridge Division Standard

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○TxDOT September 2019

Bolt assembly

may rest on top of slab.

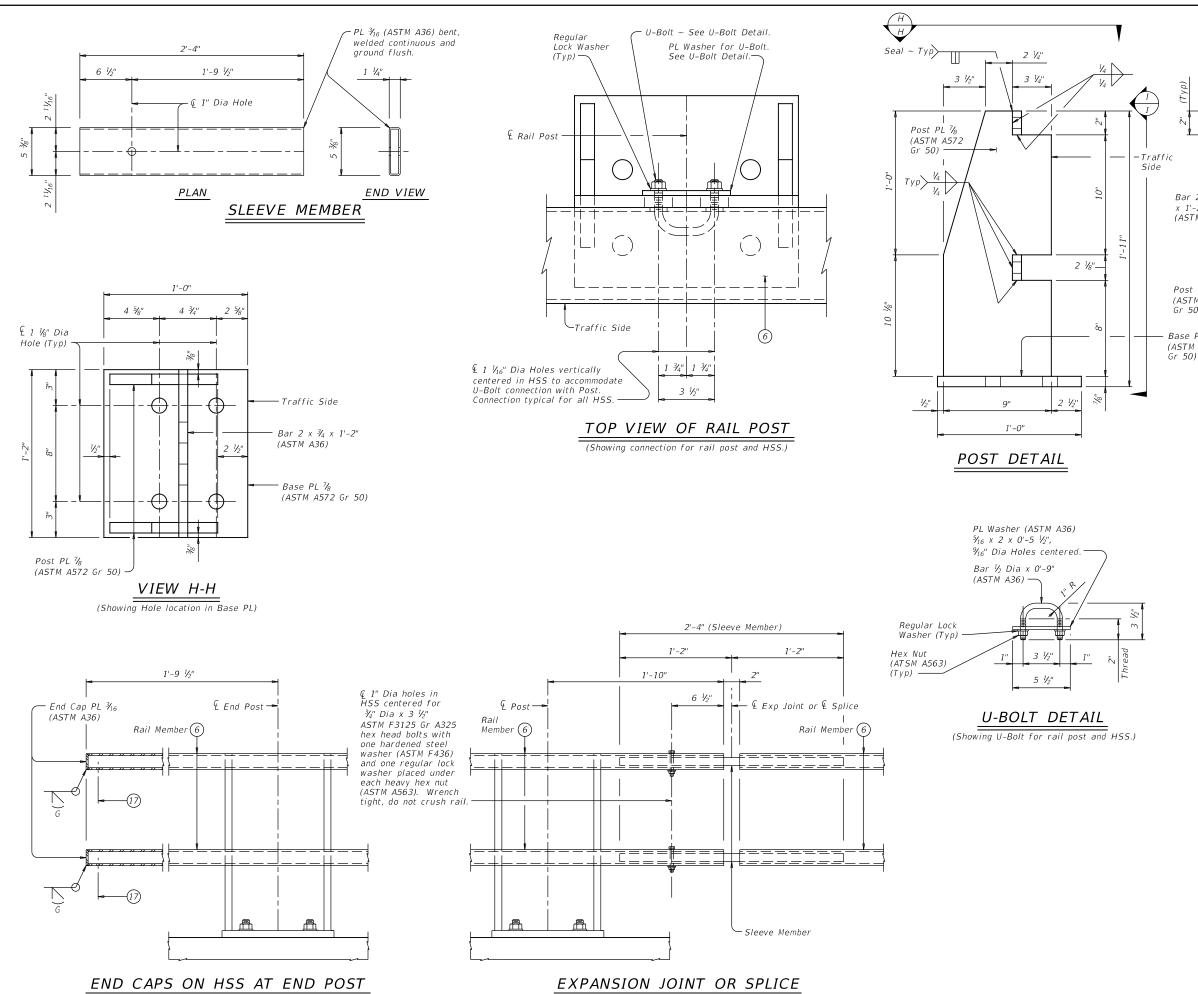
BARS U(#5)

BARS wU(#5)

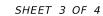
BARS V(#5)

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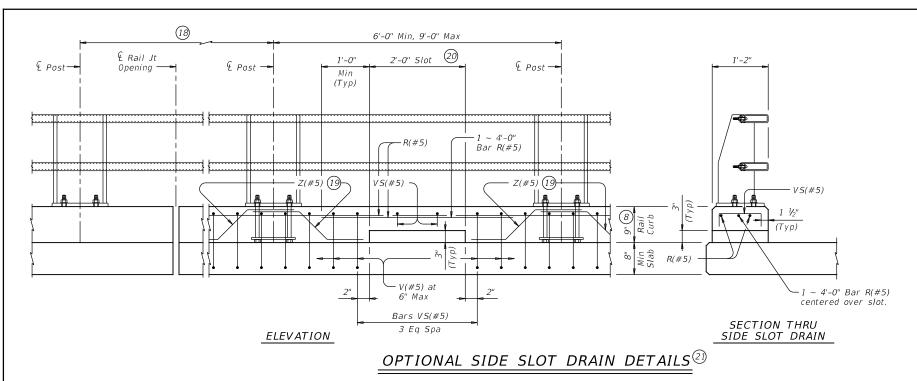


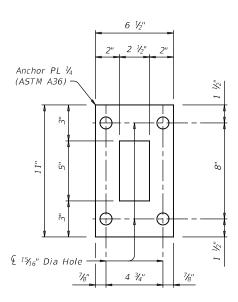
Bridge Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T1W

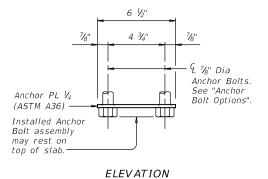
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	WACO	LIMESTONE				112		



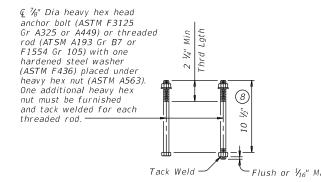


- (8) Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- (18) Side slot drains are not allowed in areas where there is a joint in the concrete curb between rail posts
- $^{igl(9)}$ Bars Z(#5). See "Section Thru Rail" and "View G-G" for Bar Z placement and spacing.
- 20 Center side slot drain between posts within the limits shown.
- ② Side slot drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Do not place drains over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway and a sidewalk, side slot drains are not permitted.

PLAN OF ANCHOR PLATE



ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY DETAILS



ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

(Showing Anchor Bolts for Base Plate)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

The face of tubular sections and rail curb must be plumb unless otherwise approved. Steel posts must be square to the top of curb. Use Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than V_{16} " exist.

Bend tubes to required radius for curved rails. Shop drawings for approval are required for curved rails.

One shop splice per rail member section is permitted with minimum 85

percent penetration. The weld may be square groove or single vee groove.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail members and rail posts to approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ " by grinding.

Chamfer all exposed concrete corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B for all HSS.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over gavanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be 7/8" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements

Provide 3/4" Dia x 3 1/5" hex head bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr A325) for expansion or splice joints in HSS with one regular washer and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563

Provide ½" Dia round bar U-bolts (ASTM A36) with plate washer (ASTM A36) and regular lock washers placed under hex nuts that conform to ASTM A563 requirements. See "U-Bolt Detail".

Provide Class "S" concrete. When Class "S" concrete for slab is HPC, include a minimum of 3 gallons of calcium nitrite inorganic corrosion inhibitor per cubic yard of Class "S" concrete.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated $\sim #5 = 3'-0''$

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

This railing cannot be used on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement or on cast-in-place retaining walls, unless otherwise noted.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, rail post spacing, and anchor bolt setting, to the Engineer for approval.

Average weight of railing with no overlay:

173 plf total 131 plf (Conc) 42 plf (Steel).

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

SHEET 4 OF 4



Bridge Division Standard

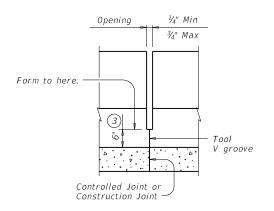
TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T1W

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SECTION

See "Post Joint

Detail" (Typ)

U(#5)

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXPANSION JOINTS

R(#5) —

U Spa at 3 ½" Max

4'-0" Min & 9'-0" Max

End Post

½" Min

¾" Max

POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

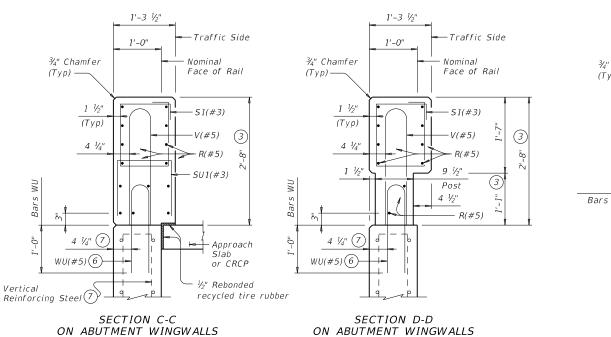
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©TxD0T September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	WACO		LIMEST	115		

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2'-5"

BARS L (#5)

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1'-3 1/2" 1'-3 1/2" 1'-0" 1'-0" ¾" Chamfer Nominal Nominal ¾" Chamfer Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) -(Typ)-51(#3) 51(#3) Const Jt (3) (Typ) (Typ) Top of 4 1/4" Post 1 1/2" 4 1/5" Slab Bars L, U and V Posi v](3) L(#5) (4) ypical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6) AT POST AT OPENING

SECTIONS THRU RAIL

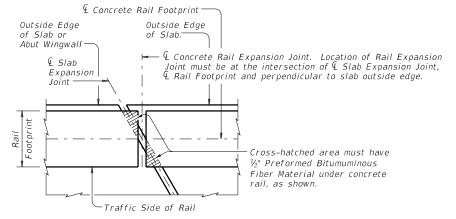
Sections on box culverts similar

- (2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.

ON ABUTMENT WINGWALLS

OR CIP RETAINING WALLS

- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- (7) When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- $\fbox{8}$ Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- (9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway surface without overlay.

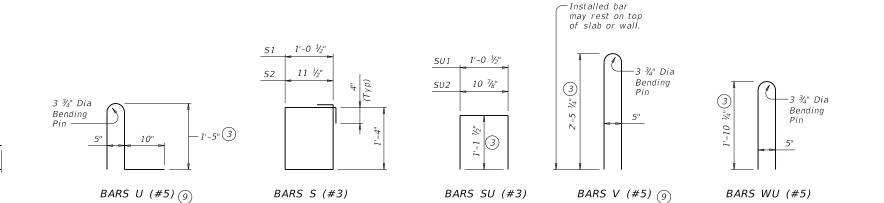


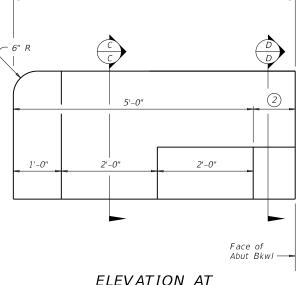
ON BRIDGE SLAB

PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.





Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

ABUTMENT WINGWALL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved

Chamfer all exposed corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

Bridge Division Standard

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

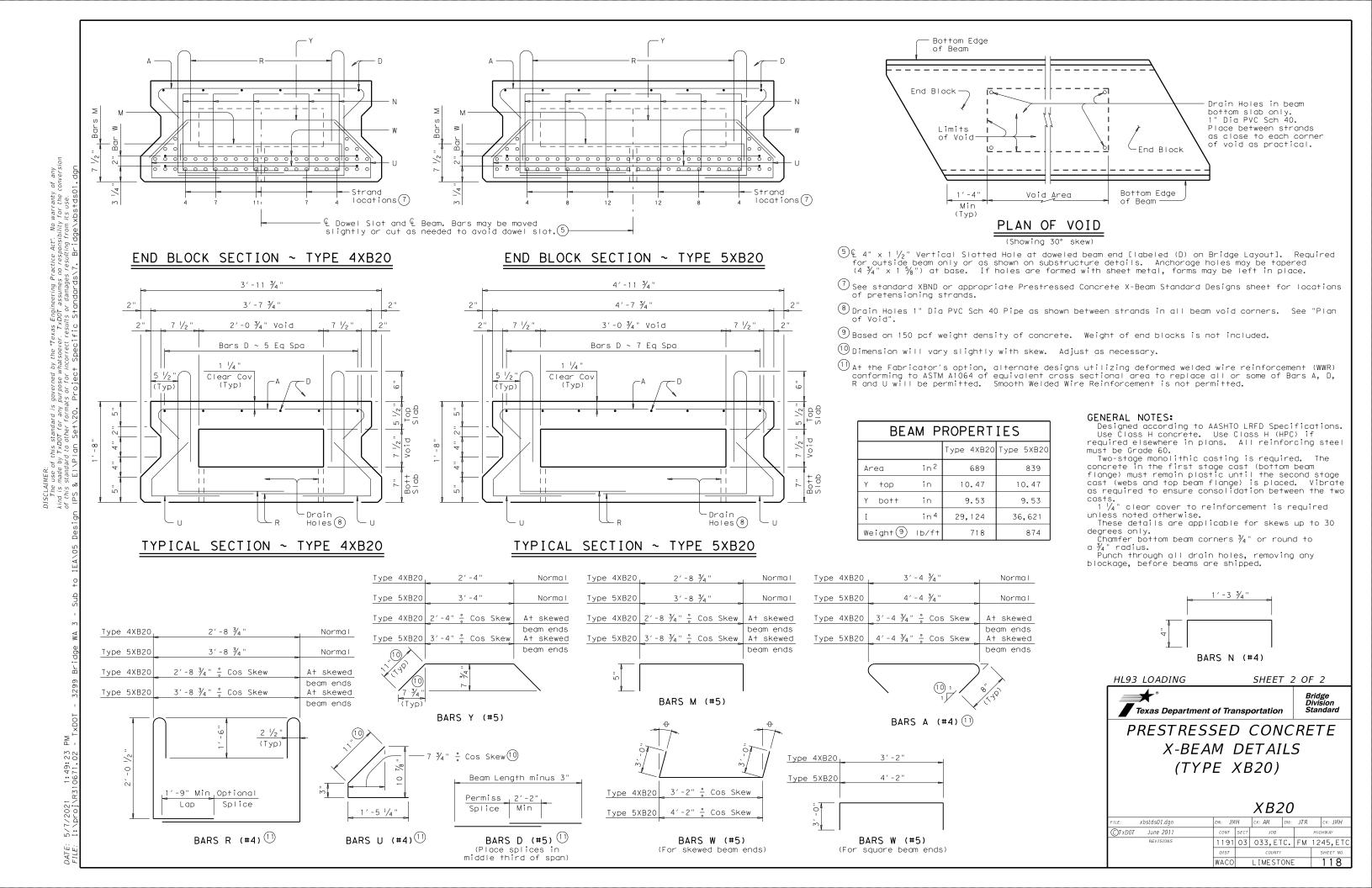
SHEET 3 OF 3

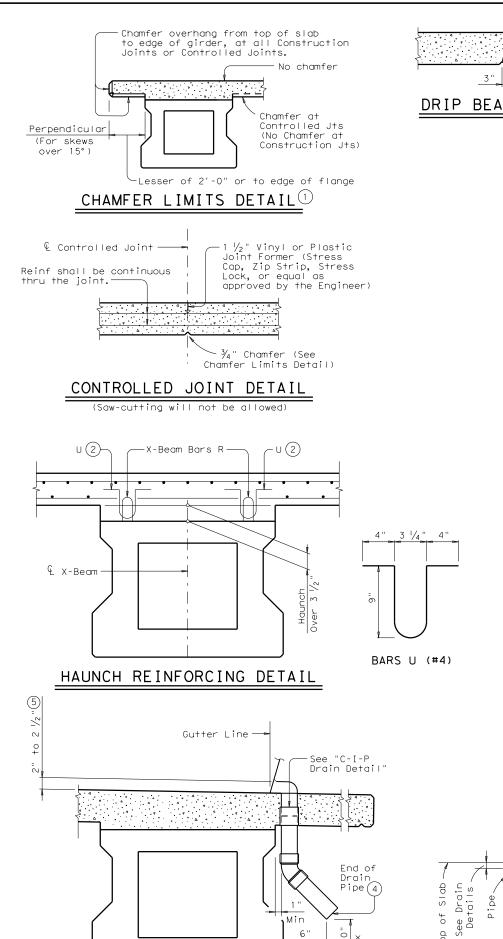


TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPF T223

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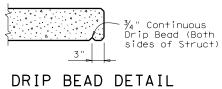


DRAIN DETAIL®

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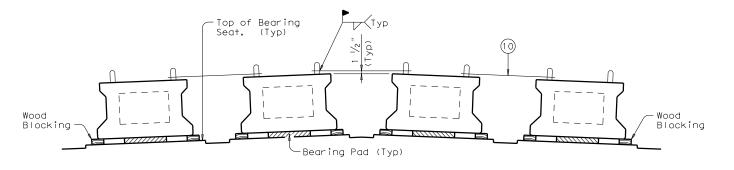
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4 1/2 "

C-I-P DRAIN DETAIL®



MINIMUM BEAM BLOCKING & BRACING DETAIL

Provide blocking at both sides of all beam ends supported by one bearing pad. Leave blocking in place for at least 4 days after slab is cast and afterwards remove at the Contractor's convenience.

- (1) See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.
- (2) Space Bars U with Beam Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ".
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{3}$ Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{ ext{0}}$ No water shall be discharged onto beams.
- (5) Drain Entrance formed in Rail or Sidewalk.
- 6 All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location shall be as directed by the Engineer. No drains shall be permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of Bent Caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside beam face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, shall be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.
- (7) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- 9 The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location of joints. Type A joints will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".
- Weld a (#5) bar at each beam end as shown immediately after erection and prior to PCP placement. These bars are in addition to slab reinforcement.

GENERAL NOTES:

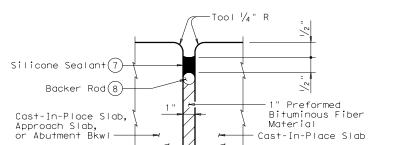
Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

All items (reinforcing steel, drains, joint formers, etc.) shown on this sheet shall be considered subsidiary to other bid items.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer

prior to erection.

Use of these systems and/or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL 9

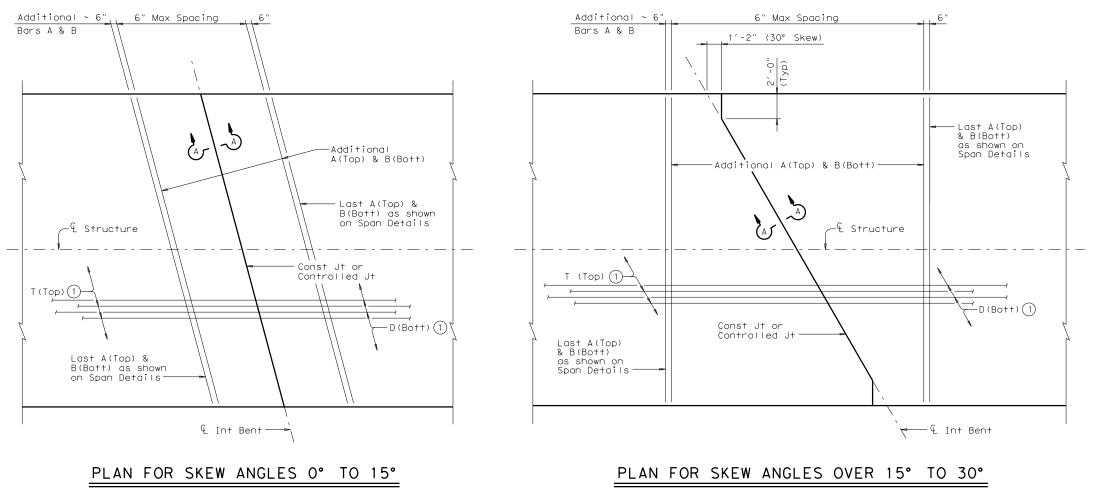


MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS WITH MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE X-BEAMS

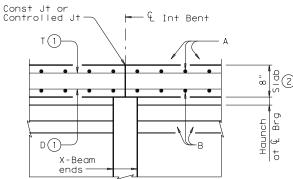
XBBR-MS

Bridge Division Standard

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(Showing 30°skew)



- ① Top and bottom mats must be continuous through joint.
- ② Maintain a constant 8" thick slab over the bent.

TABLE OF ALLOWABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Length Factor
0.00	4.6
1.00	4.4
2.00	4.2
3.00	4.0
4.00	3.7
5.00	3.5

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR TABLE BAR SIZE #5 #5 В D #5

#4

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same x-beam type.

Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward

See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the Thickened Slab End details and reinforcement shown on Standard XBTS (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on Standard PCP (if using this option).

Thickened Slab End reinforcement and details

still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab

~ #5 = 2'-7"

reinforcement and details.

All reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Concrete strength f'c = 4,000 psi.

Bar laps, where required, will be as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-5"

~ #5 = 1'-9"

Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-1'$

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete X-Beam Standard Designs shown on standards XBSD-32, XBSD-38, XBSD-40 and XBSD-44.

HL93 LOADING



Texas Department of Transportation

CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONC X-BEAM SPANS

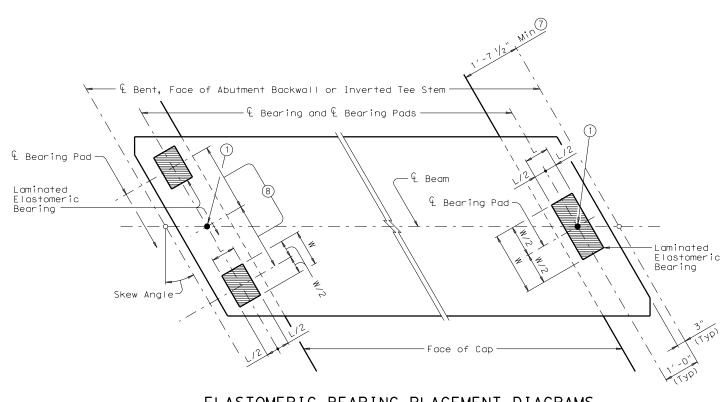
XBCS

Bridge Division Standard

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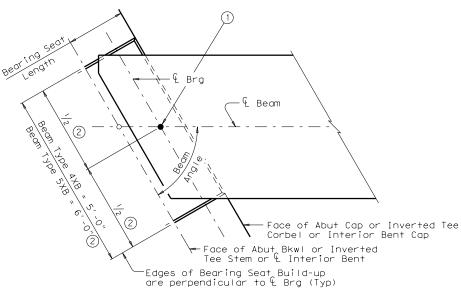
SECTION A-A

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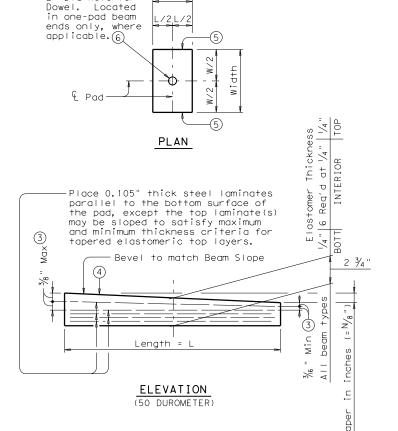
ELASTOMERIC BEARING PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS

Place one bearing at forward station beam end. Place two bearings at back station beam end.



BEARING SEAT DIMENSIONS

Used when shown on Abutment and/or Bent details.



ELASTOMERIC BEARING SECTION The use of Polyisoprene (natural rubber), for the manufacture of bearing pads, is not permitted.

2" Dia Hole for

ELASTOMETRIC BEARING DIMENSIONS TABLE

	DIMENS	TONS	IAD			
BEARING TYPE	BEAM	ONE BE	EARING	TWO BEARINGS		
4	TYPE	∟	W	L	W	
200	4XB20	8"	21"	8"	10"	
XB20-"N"	5XB20	8"	21"	8"	10"	
XB28-"N"	4XB28	8"	21"	8"	10"	
AD20- N	5XB28	8"	21"	8"	10"	
XB34-"N"	4XB34	8"	21"	8"	12"	
XB34- N	5XB34	8"	21"	8"	12"	
XB40-"N"	4XB40	8"	21"	8"	12"	
	5XB40	8"	21"	8"	12"	

- (1) Dowel at doweled beam end [labeled (D) on Bridge Layout]. Required for outside girder only or as shown on substructure details.
- (2) Measured along £ of Bearing.
- $\ensuremath{ \begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \ensuremath{ \begin{tabular}$ on tapered layers.
- 4 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. Include the value of "N" (amount of taper in $\frac{1}{8}$ " increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper)
 N=1, (for $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper)
 N=2, (for $\frac{1}{4}$ " taper)

(etc.) Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than (0.0625") IN/IN.

5 Locate Permanent Mark here.

- 6 Provide 2" Dia Hole only at locations required. See substructure details for location.
- $\ensuremath{ \bigcirc \hspace{-0.5em}]}$ Minimum dimension required for the bearings shown on this standard.
- 8 4XB beams = 1'-2" along e Bearing (Typ). 5XB beams = 1'-8" along e Bearing (Typ).

GENERAL NOTES:

Set beams on elastomeric bearings of the dimensions shown. Center bearings as near nominal £ bearing as possible within limits shown. Constant thickness bearings may be used for moderate beam slopes

For skewed supports, Bearings beveled for beam slope may not provide uniform contact. However, predicted contact is considered within allowable tolerances.

Shop drawings for approval are required.

A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. Provide copy of the bearing layout to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings is to be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete X-Beams". Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual direction.

These details are applicable for skews up to 30 degrees only.

HL93 LOADING



ELASTOMERIC BEARING DETAILS PRESTR CONC X-BEAMS

XBEB

F:	xbstde07.dgn	DN: JN	IH.	CK: AM	DW:	JTR		ск: ЈМН
TxD0T	June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
	REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C.	FM	124	45,ETC
		DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
		WACO		LIMEST	ONE			121

X-BEAMS 45 ALL 5XB20 14 0.6 270 7.03 7.03 0 2.50 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.557 -1.997 1498 0 32' Roadway 50 ALL 5XB20 20 0.6 270 7.03 7.03 0 2.50 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.4.000 5.000 1.926 -2.432 1787 0 8" 5lab 60 ALL 5XB20 24 0.6 270 7.03 7.03 7.03 0 2.50 24 4 2 2 0 0 0 0 0.00 5.000 1.926 -2.432 1787 0 8" 5lab 60 ALL 5XB20 30 0.6 270 6.90 6.87 6 2.50 28 6 2 2 2 0 0 4.400 5.000 2.777 -3.406 2407	LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION FACTOR 2 Moment Shear
TYPE STRONT STR	2
TYPE 5XB20 40 ALL 5XB20 14 0.6 270 7.03 7.03 0 2.50 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 11.557 -1.997 1498 13 13 14 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	
X-BEAMS	
	0.688
X-BEAMS 45 ALL 5X828 12 0.6 270 10.63 10.63 0 2.50 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.006 -1.255 1793 32' Roadway 50 ALL 5X828 12 0.6 270 10.63 10.63 0 2.50 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.240 -1.523 1870 1.006 1.00	0.719
X-BEAMS	0.736 0.976 0.714 0.971 0.695 0.966 0.678 0.962 0.663 0.958 0.649 0.956 0.637 0.953 0.626 0.951 0.615 0.949 0.606 0.947 0.597 0.946 0.589 0.945
X-BEAMS 45 ALL 5XB40 12 0.6 270 15.70 15.70 0 2.50 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.752 1.001 0.729 0.996 0.709 0.991 0.692 0.988 0.6676 0.984 0.6650 0.982 0.650 0.980 0.638 0.978 0.628 0.976 0.618 0.975 0.609 0.974 0.601 0.973 0.593 0.972 0.586 0.971

TxDOT 5XB28 BEAMS

TXDOT 5XB20 BEAMS

TxDOT 5XB34 BEAMS

TxDOT 5XB40 BEAMS

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

Beam designs are applicable for 8" concrete slabs without overlay and 0 through 30 degree skews.

FABRICATION NOTES: Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard stand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc. Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "1" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of box. 3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width.

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.
Do not debond strands in position "1". Distribute debonded strands equally about the vertical centerline. Decrease debonded lengths working inward, with debonding staggered in each row.

Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ .

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

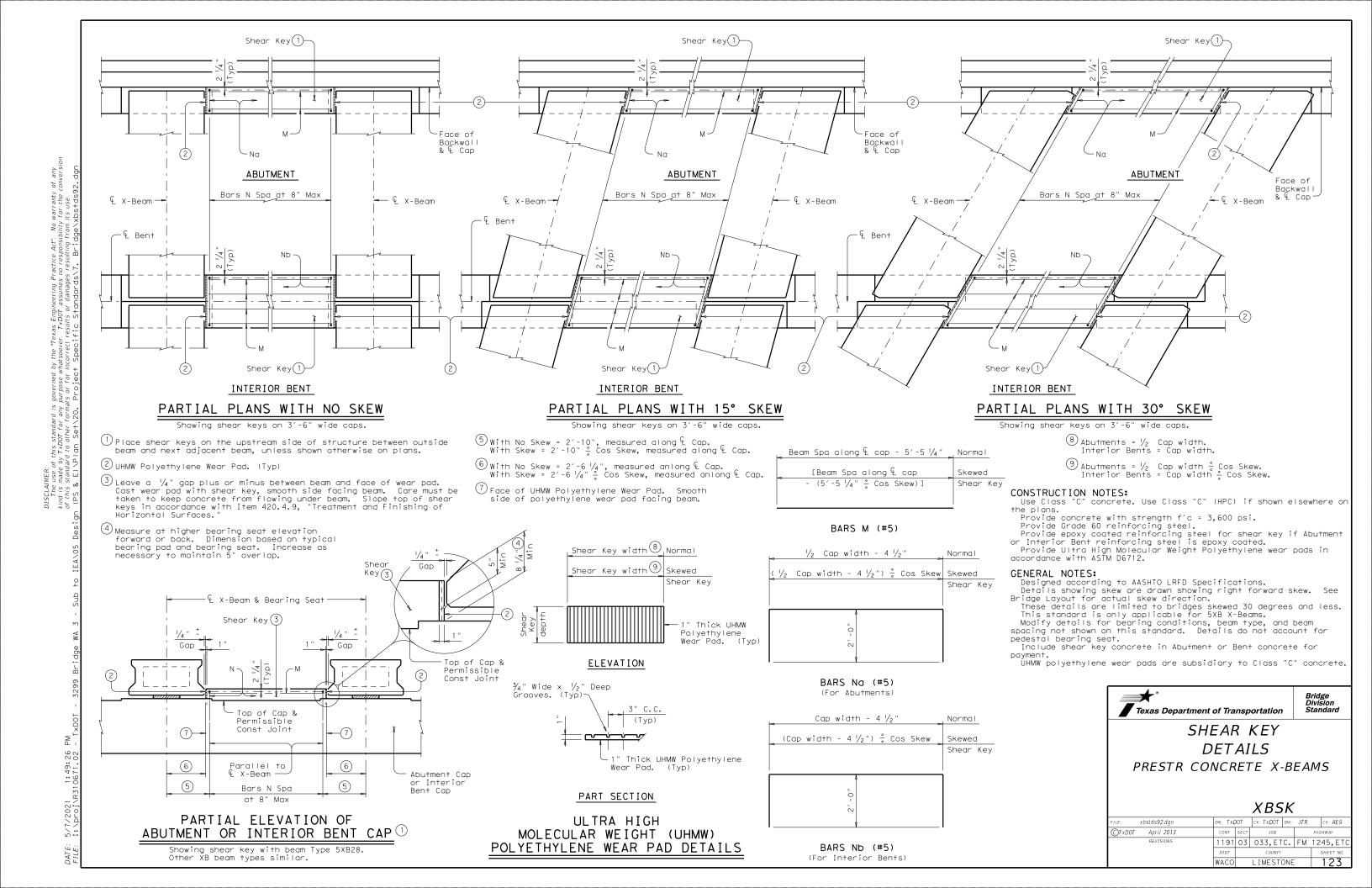
HL93 LOADING

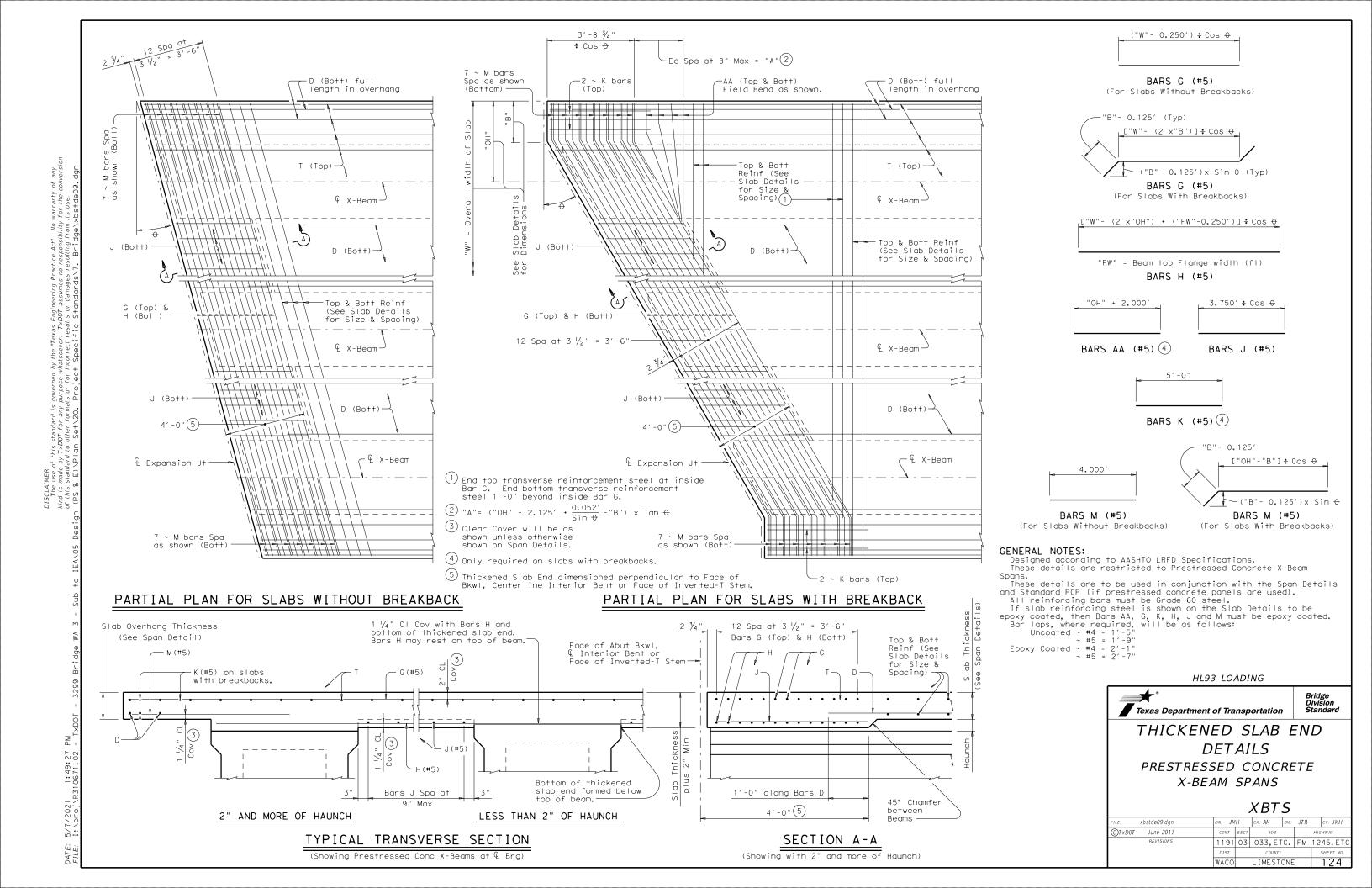


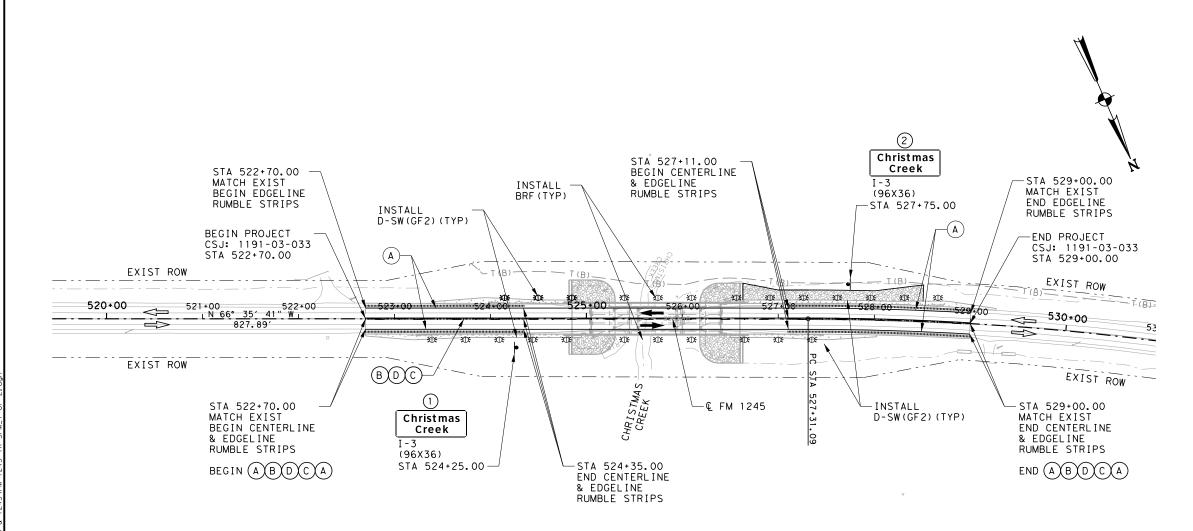
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE X-BEAM STANDARD **DESIGNS** 32' ROADWAY

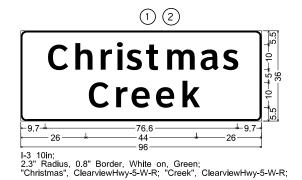
XBSD-32

7,000 32						
E: xbstds40.dgn	DN: SF	RW	ск: ВМР	DW:	SFS	ck: SDB
TxDOT June 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C.	FM	1245,ETC
1-16: Notes, 0.6" strand designs.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	ANC		122









LEGEND:

- A RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100 MIL)
- B RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (Y) 4" (SLD) (100 MIL)
- C RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (Y)
 4" (BRK) (100 MIL)
- (D) RAIS PV MRK TY II A-A
- (#) SMALL SIGN IDENTIFIER
- PROP SMALL SIGN ASSY
- ** PROP DELINEATOR ASSY
- → DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW

NOTES:

- 1. ALL EXIST SIGNS TO BE REMOVED AND REPLACED UNLESS NOTED.
- 2. INSTALL DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS PER TXDOT D&OM STANDARDS EXCEPT AS NOTED.
- 3. REFER TO TXDOT PM(2)-12
 STANDARD FOR REFLECTORIZED
 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER SPACING
 AND D & OM(5)-20 FOR DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER SPACING.



5/12/2021

NO.	REVISION	DAT
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	Texas Department of Transportation	7
	40000 PRECTON BOAR	

SUITE 500 DALLAS, TEXAS 75252 (214) 884-4253 FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10161

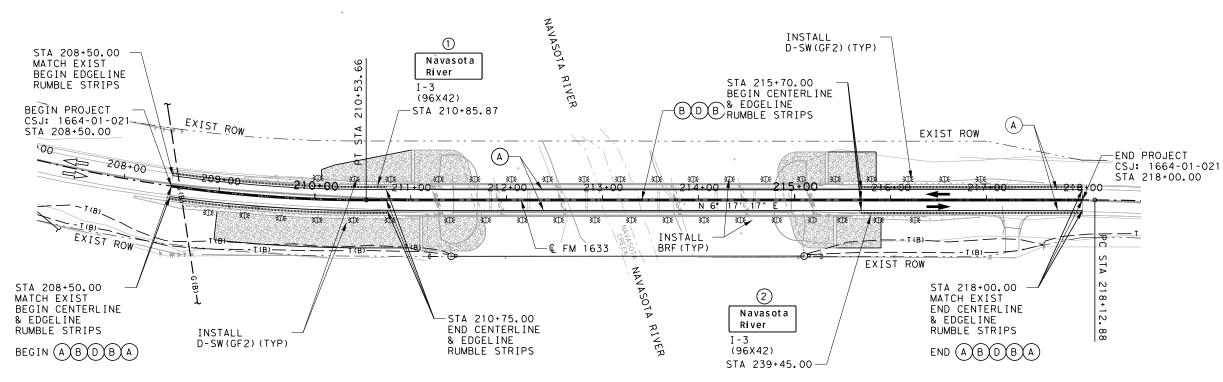
FM 1245

SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS PLAN

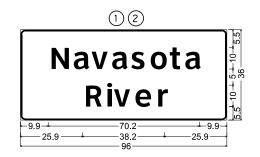
			SHEE	T 1 OF 2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET		125
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	WACO	LII	MESTO	NE
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY NO
1191	0.3	033. FTC.	FM	1245. FTC.

FM 1245-TR-SPM_1 OF 2.dgr





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I-3 10in; 2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on, Green; "Navasota", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R; "River", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;

LEGEND:

- A RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100 MIL)
- B RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (Y) 4" (SLD) (100 MIL)
- © RE PM W/SET REQ TY I (Y)
 4" (BRK) (100 MIL)
- (D) RAIS PV MRK TY II A-A
- (#) SMALL SIGN IDENTIFIER
- PROP SMALL SIGN ASSY
- *T PROP DELINEATOR ASSY
- → DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW

NOTES:

1.ALL EXIST SIGNS TO BE REMOVED AND REPLACED UNLESS NOTED.

2.INSTALL DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS PER TXDOT D&OM STANDARDS EXCEPT AS NOTED.

3.REFER TO TXDOT PM(2)-12 STANDARD FOR REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER SPACING AND D & OM(5)-20 FOR DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER SPACING.



5/12/2021

NO.	REVISION	DAT
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	Texas Department of Transportation	7
	18383 PRESTON ROAD	



I383 PRESTON ROAD

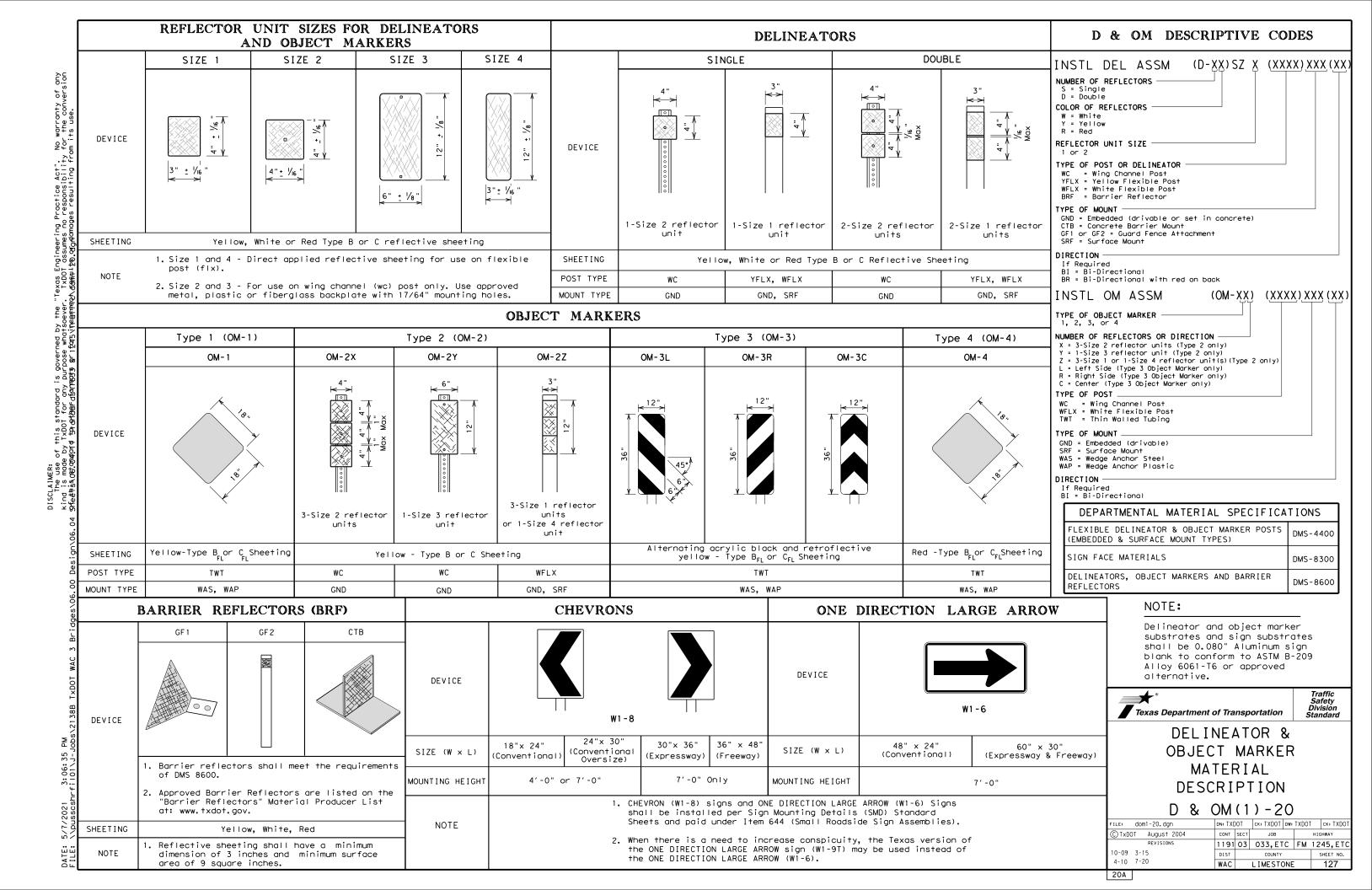
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ALLAS, TEXAS 75252 F-10161

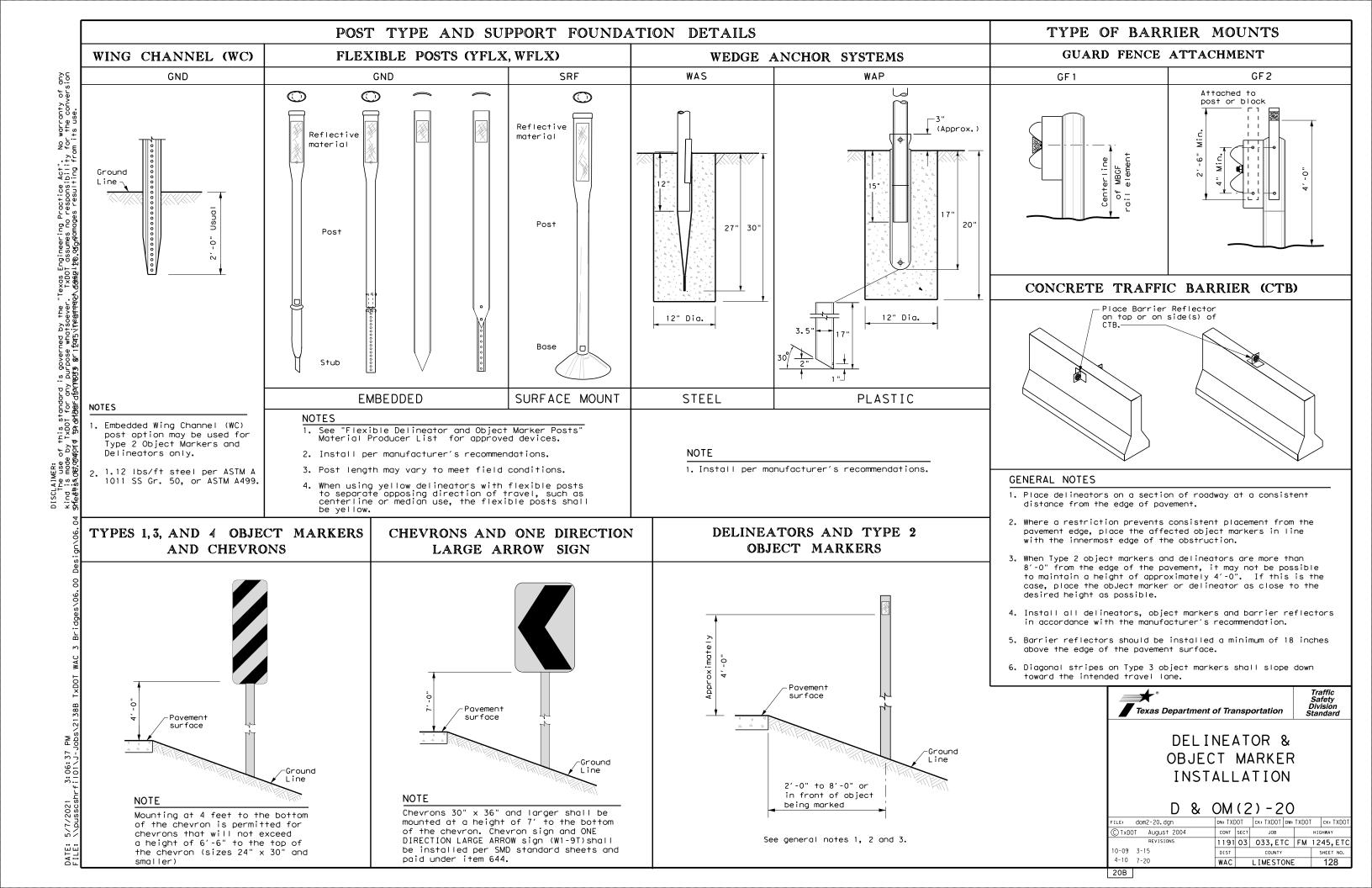
FM 1633

SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS PLAN

			SHEET	2 OF 2	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.			SHEET NO.	
06	SEE TI	TLE SHEET		126	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE			
CONT	SECT	JOB	HI	GHWAY NO	
1101	0.3	033 ETC	EM 1	245 ETC	

FM 1633-TR-SPM_2 OF 2.dgn





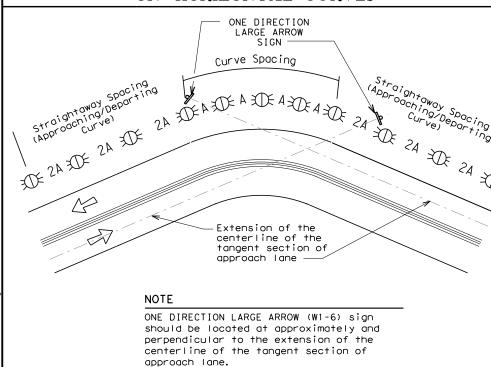
MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons. 			
25 MPH & more	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent 	• RPMs and Chevrons			

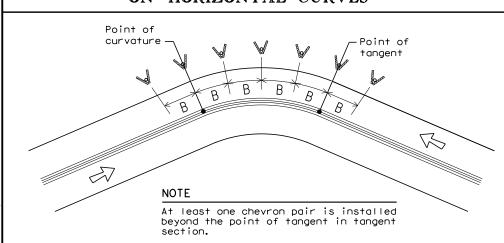
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

the installation of

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET					
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve		
		Α	2A	В		
1	5730	225	450			
2	2865	160	320			
3	1910	130	260	200		
4	1433	110	220	160		
5	1146	100	200	160		
6	955	90	180	160		
7	819	85	170	160		
8	716	75	150	160		
9	637	75	150	120		
10	573	70	140	120		
11	521	65	1 30	120		
12	478	60	120	120		
13	441	60	120	120		
14	409	55	110	80		
15	382	55	110	80		
16	358	55	110	80		
19	302	50	100	80		
23	249	40	80	80		
29	198	35	70	40		
38	151	30	60	40		
57	101	20	40	40		
				•		

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING			
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets			
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table			
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)			
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))			
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet			
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators			
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max			
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)			
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)			
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)			
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end			
Culverte without MRCF	7	See D & OM (5)			
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)			
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)			
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet			
NOTES					

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

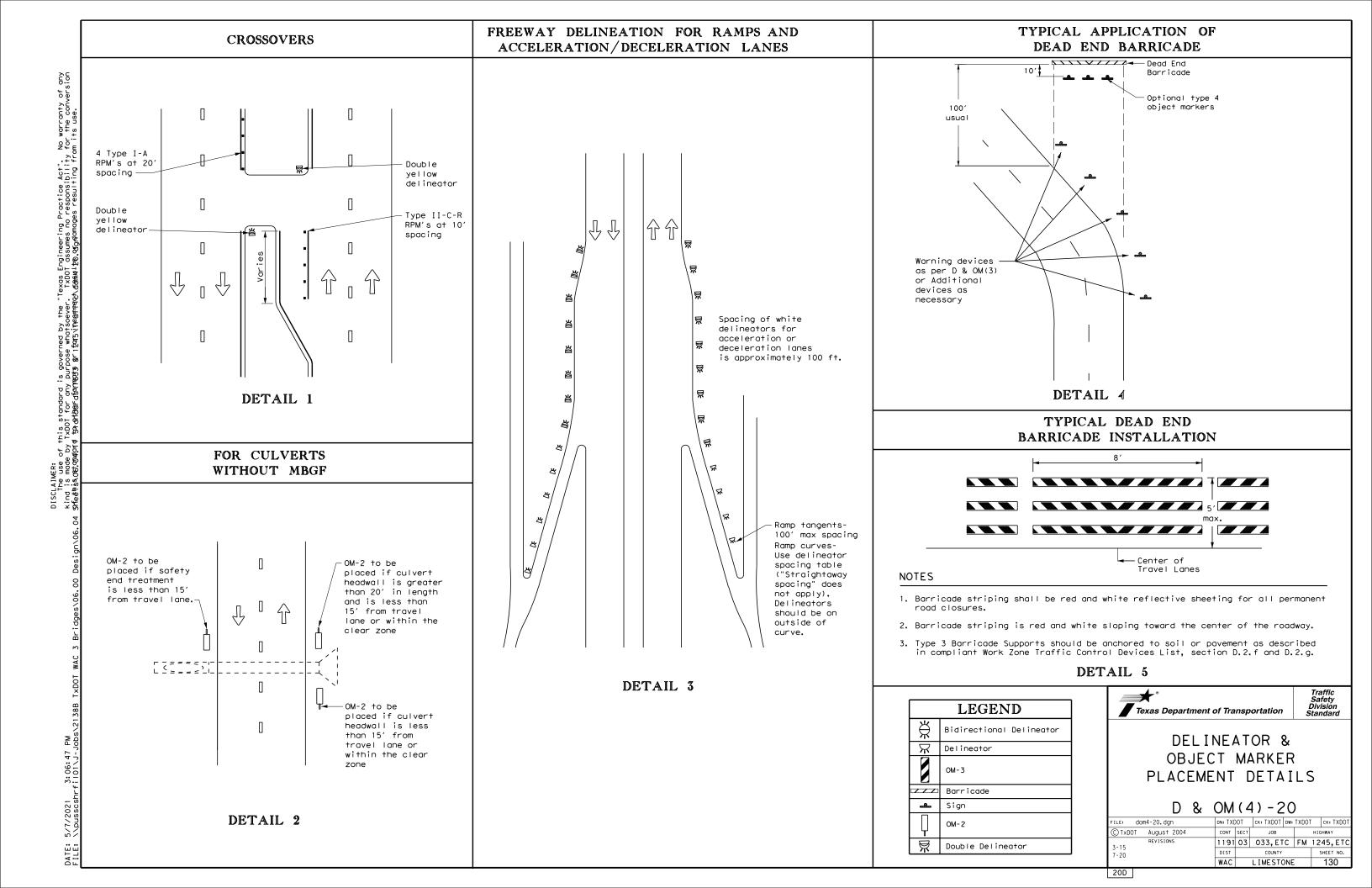
	LEGEND
XIX	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
4	Sign



DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

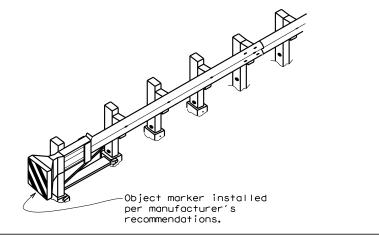
D & OM(3) - 20

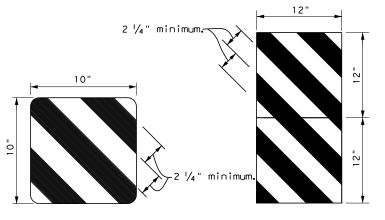
ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT		ck:]	TODX		
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	SHWAY	
REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С	FM	12	45,	ETC
3-15 8-15	DIST COUNTY		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
3-15 7-20	WAC	LIMESTONE				129		



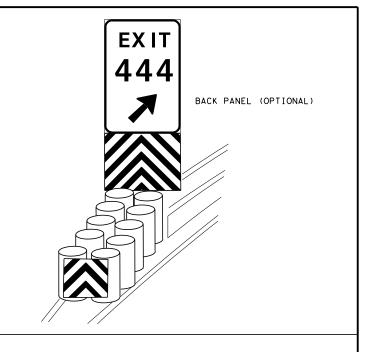
TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion Sfeethskostመመወጣ ነትልብቸፀዋ በ\$ማገሚያን ይገደሟኝነጉፀዋቸዋዊነፊቃሴ መልጠመወይ resulting from its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 出 3- Type D-SW /栄 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW delineators bidirectional Type D-SW delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional One barrier One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{\text{\tiny }}{\bowtie}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not П but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} $\stackrel{\,\,\,}{\triangleright}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart ∇ \mathbf{x} apart $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW 上 🛪 Line $\pi \perp$ Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ \Re MBGF X $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\,\,\,}{\bowtie}$ LEGEND 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\Rightarrow}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineato DELINEATOR & $\overline{\mathsf{x}}$ Delineator 3:06:49 F See Note See Note 1 OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT ILE: dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End C)TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front 1191 03 033,ETC FM 1245,ETC the terminal end. of the terminal end. Traffic Flow WAC LIMESTONE 20E

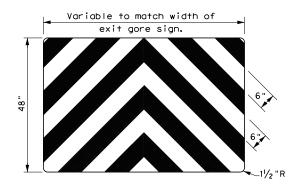
Traffic Safety Division Standard





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

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ℂTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	1191	03	033,ET	C F	vl 12	245,ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY	9	SHEET NO.		
4-98 7-20	WAC	LIMESTONE				132	

20G

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as

directed by the Engineer.

No warranty of any for the conversion its use.

Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDOT assumes no responsibility &\offsputts Agn damages resulting fro

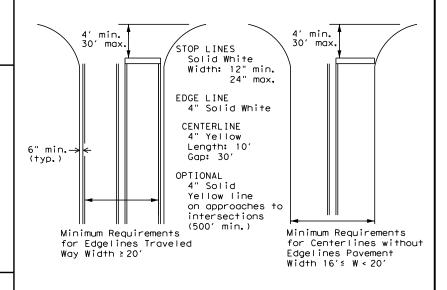
3:06:54

GENERAL NOTES

- Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

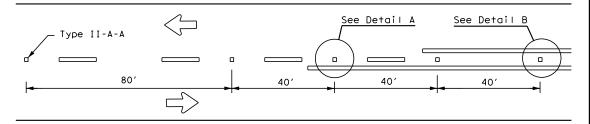
Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



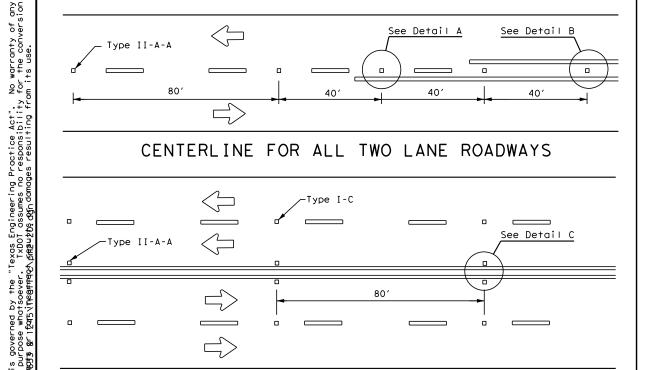
PM(1)-20

FILE: pm1-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:			
© TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			HIGHWAY			
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	1191	03	033,E1	ГС	FM	124	45,	ETC		
5-00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.				
8-00 6-20	WAC	LIMESTONE				133				

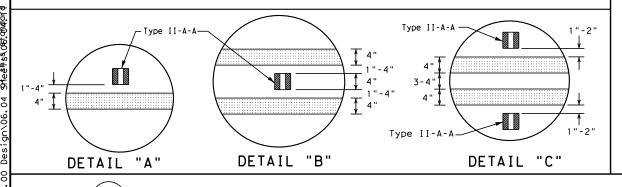
22A



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



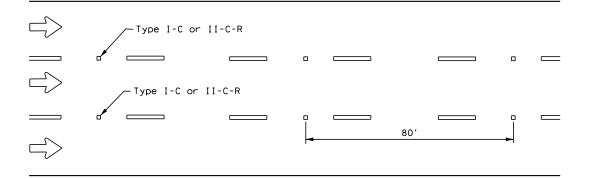
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



3:06:56

Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

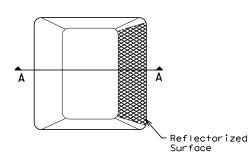
Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

GENERAL NOTES

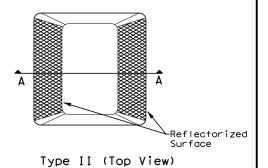
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min-Roadway -Adhesive Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS**

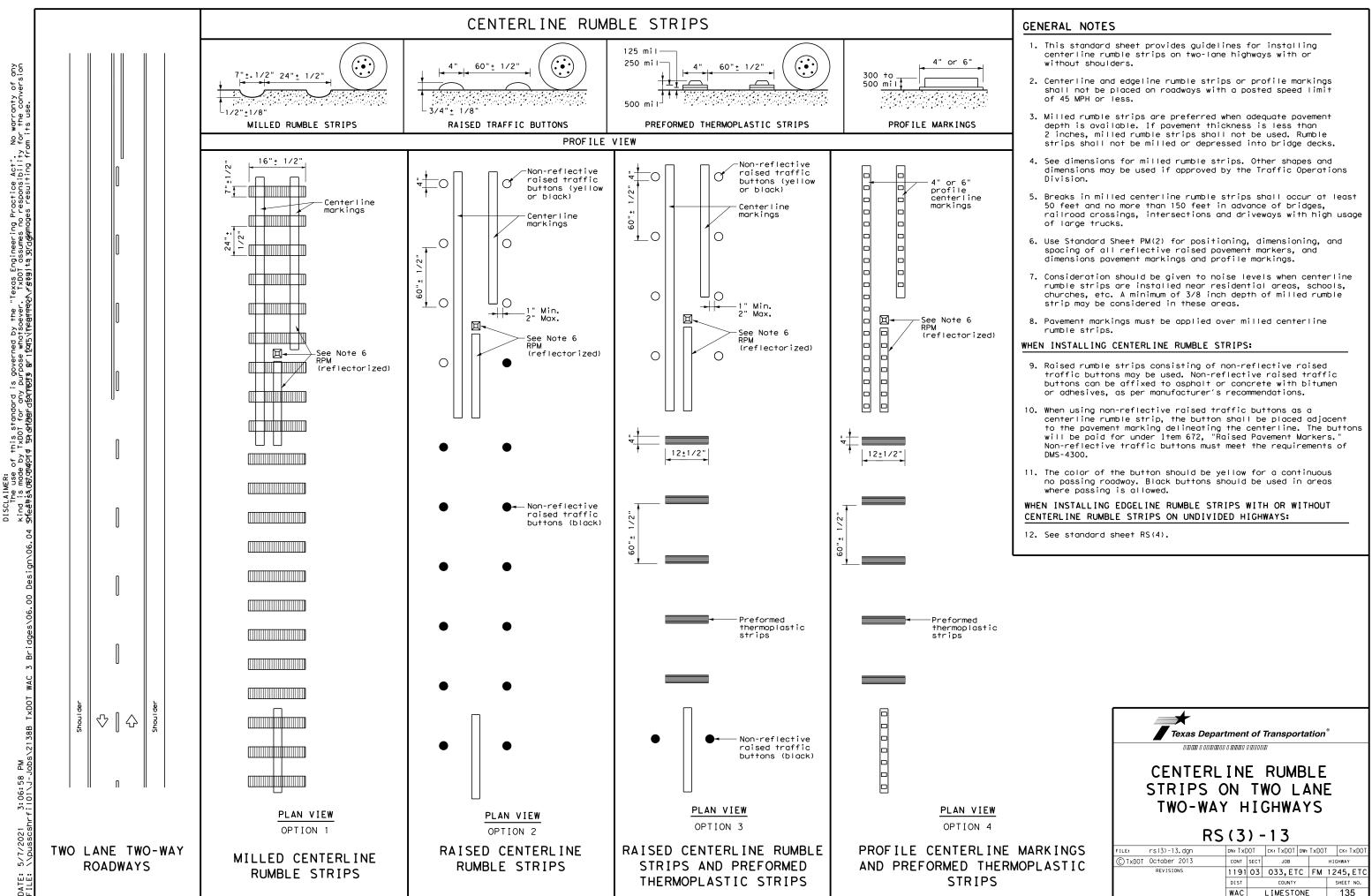
Traffic Safety Division Standard

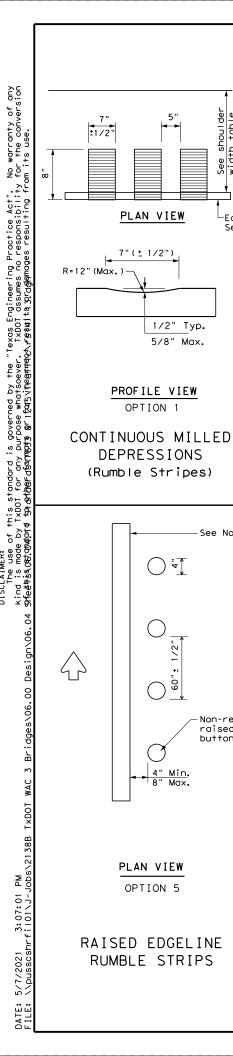
PM(2) - 20

FILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©⊺xDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	1191	03	033,E1	C F	FM 12	45,ETC
5-00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	WAC		LIMEST		134	

CENTER OR EDGE LINE |--12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' 30′ BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 3¹/4 "± ³/4 "★ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"--2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE LINE, CENTER LINE NOTE OR LANE LINE

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.





Edge of

pavement

-Edgeline

-See Note 3

Non-reflective raised traffic

buttons

See Note 3

PLAN VIEW

7"(± 1/2")

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

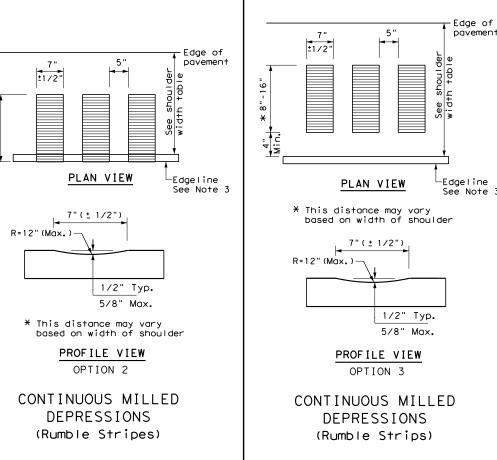
PROFILE VIEW

Q 41

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 5

OPTION 1



4" or 6'

profile

edgeline markina

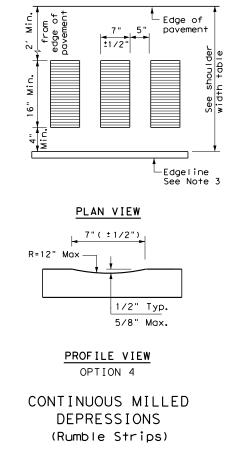
See Note 3

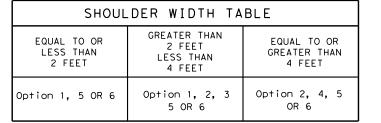
PLAN VIEW

OPTION 6

PROFILE EDGELINE

MARKINGS





GENERAL NOTES

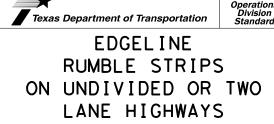
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 5. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 8. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder. If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 16. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



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RS(4) - 13

93

Edgeline See Note 3	Edgeline See Note 3
ory noulder	<u>PLAN VIEW</u>
Typ. Max.	R=12" Max — 1/2" Typ. 5/8" Max.
<u>N</u>	PROFILE VIEW OPTION 4
LLED IS os)	CONTINUOUS MILLED DEPRESSIONS (Rumble Strips)

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX (X) XX (X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

- P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

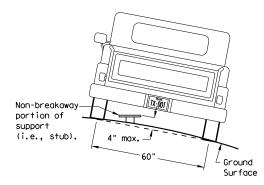
No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

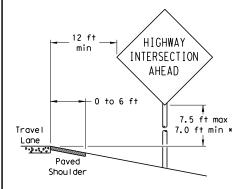
circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

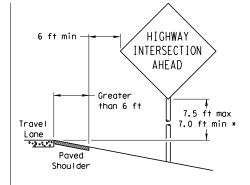
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

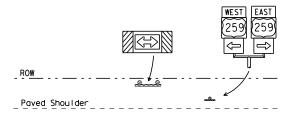
T-INTERSECTION

· 12 ft min

- 6 ft min -

7.5 ft max

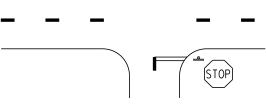
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



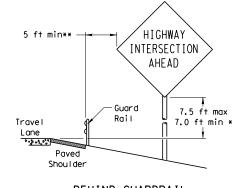
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

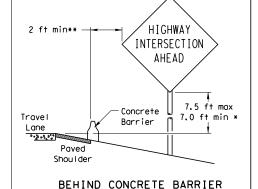
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Maximum

possible

Travel

Lane

0.3.000

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

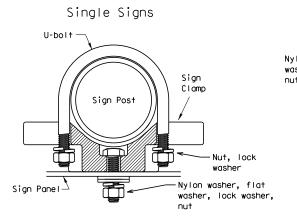
7 ft.

diameter

circle

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,



diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

Back-to-Back Signs Nylon washer, flat washer. lock washer – Sign Panel Sign Post Clamp ∠Sign Pane∣ Clamp Bolt

- Sian Bolt

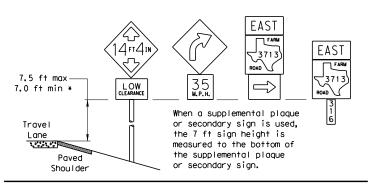
diameter

circle

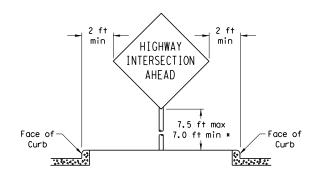
Acceptable

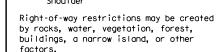
	Approximate	Bolt Length
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

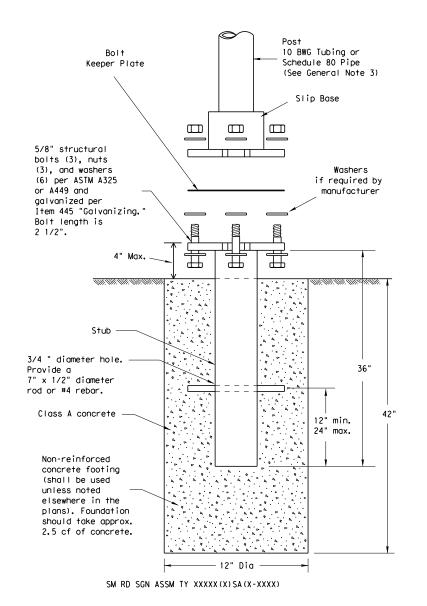


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

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9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
		1191	03	033,E1	ГС	FM	124	5,	ETC
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		WAC		LIMESTO	ONE			13	7

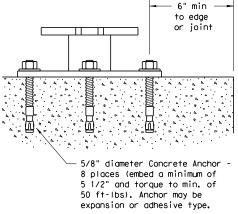
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

- 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas
- Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

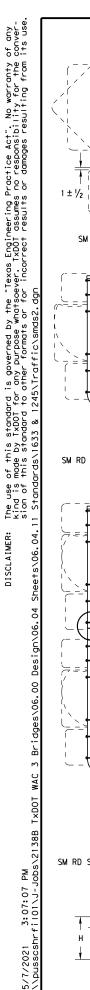
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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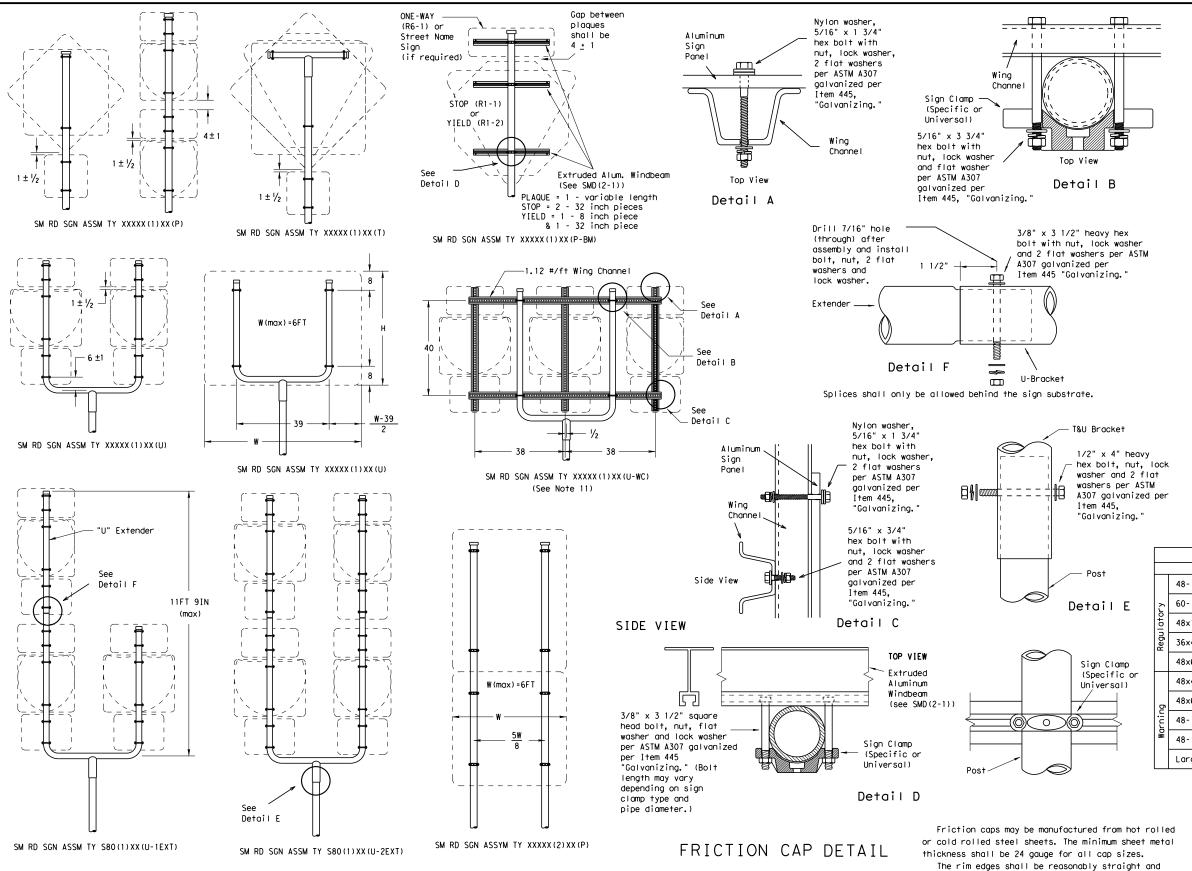
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		1191	03	033, ET	C F	M 12	45, E	ТC
		DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO	ο.
		WAC		LIMESTO	ONE		138	



0.25 H

W(max)=8FT

DISCLAIMER:



+.05"

Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+.025" ±.010"

1.75" max

All dimensions are in english

unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

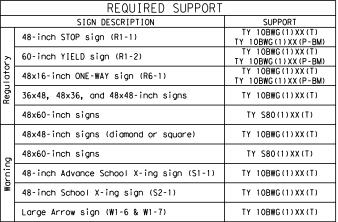
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
	1191	03	033, ET	С	FM 1245, ETC			
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	WAC	LIMESTONE				139		

smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and

have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe.

The depth shall be sufficient to give positive

protection against entrance of rainwater. They

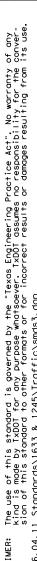
shall be free of sharp creases or indentations

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

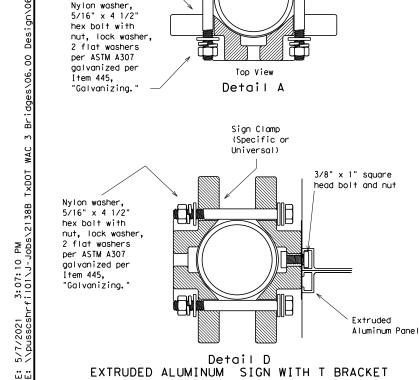
zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

and show no evidence of metal fracture.

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.







W(min)>8FT

W(max) = 16F

See Detail C

W (max) = 15FT

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXXX(1)XX(U-XX)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T-2EXT)

(* - See Note 12)

8 1/2"

Sign

Pane I

Wina

Channe I

W-39"

See Detail A

See Detail B

Extruded Alum. Windbeam (See Detail D on SMD (SLIP-2))

or 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (See Detail A and Detail B)

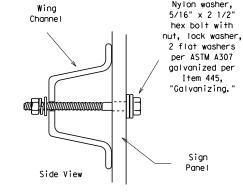
- 0.25 H

-— 0.15₩

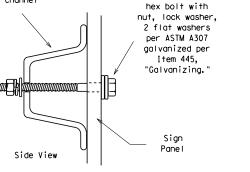
Sign Clamp

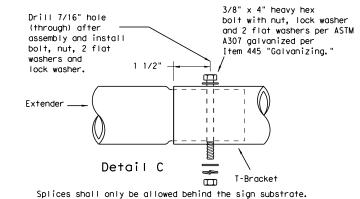
Universal)

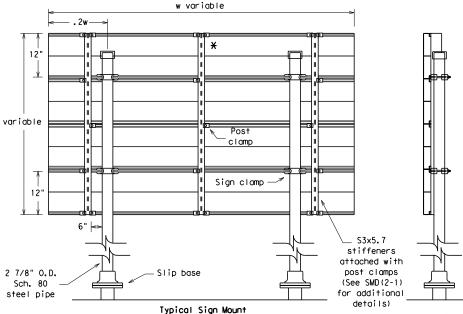
(Specific or



Detail B







Sign Clamp

See Detail D

-Slip base

Ì Bracket

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center

6" panel should

be placed at the top of

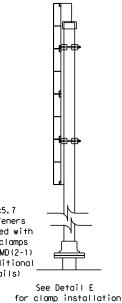
sign for proper mounting.

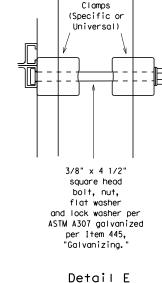
Extruded Aluminum

Sign

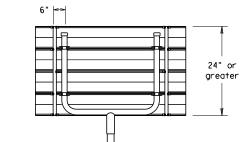
2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG-

steel pipe





Sign



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
٦	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
g	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
War	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

€ TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
	1191	03	033,ET	c	FM	1245,ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	WAC		LIMESTO		140		

(Slip-2)

Universal Anchor System with Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Post

slots (4

equally

spaced)

Fiberglass

Reinforced

(FRP) Pipe

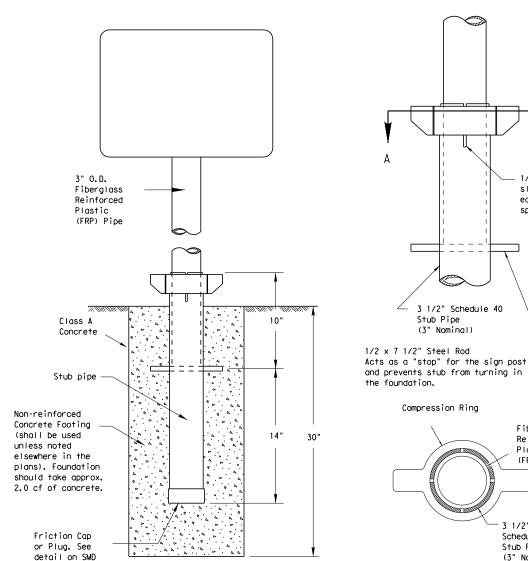
Plastic

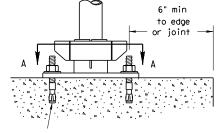
3 1/2

Schedule 40

(3" Nominal

Stub Pine

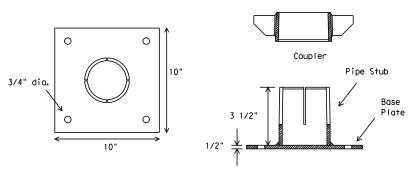




5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.

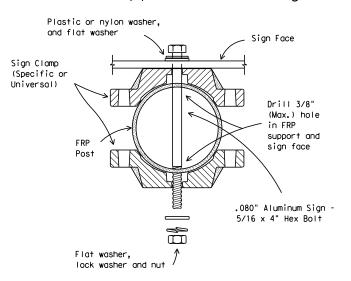
BOLT-DOWN DETAILS



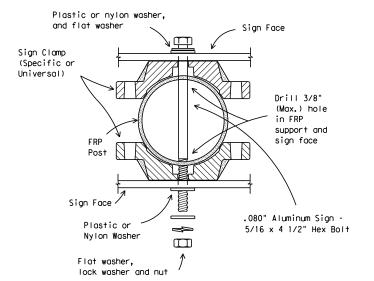
SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UB(P)

Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Single Sian

SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UA(P)



Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Back-to-Back Signs



- 1. FRP sign supports for a single type sign support may be used for signs up to and including 16 square feet. Dual post installation may be used for signs up to and including 32 square feet.
- 2. All nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

FRP POST REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Materials shall conform to the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-4410 and will be furnished in a yellow or gray color as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- Thickness of FRP sign support is 0.125" + 0.031", 0.0".
- 3. FRP sign supports are prequalified by the Traffic Operations Division. Prequalification procedures are obtained by writing: Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Insert base post in foundation hale to depths shown and fill hale with concrete. Cut base post from bottom and ensure a minimum of 18" embedment if installed in solid rock.
- 4. Level and plumb the base post with coupler using a torpedo level and let concrete set a minimum of 4 days, unless otherwise directed by Engineer. Bottom of base post slots shall be above the concrete footing.
- 5. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on the
- 7. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 8. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of

BOLT DOWN SIGN SUPPORT

- 1. Position base plate with coupler on existing concrete.
- 2. Drill holes into concrete and insert the 5/8" diameter bolts with wedge anchors, and tighten nuts.
- 3. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 4. Insert bottom of sign post into pipe stub.
- 5. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 6. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM WITH FRP POST

SMD (FRP) - 08

© Tx	DOT July 2002	DN: TXE	TOO	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	
9-08	0-08 REVISIONS			JOB		HIGHWAY			
		1191	03	033, ET	C	FM	12	45,ETC	
			COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
			LIMESTONE					141	

Wedge Anchor Steel System

(See General

Class

Stub pipe

Concrete

Footing

Concrete

Non-reinforced

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

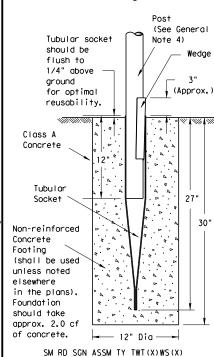
SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

elsewhere

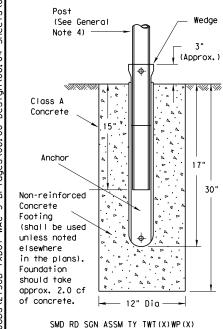
Foundation

should take

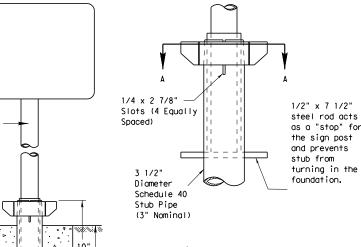
of concrete.



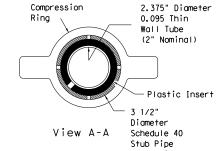
Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System



Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



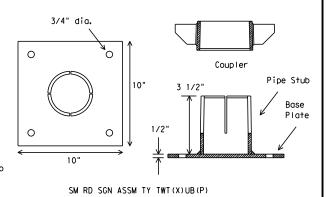
30"



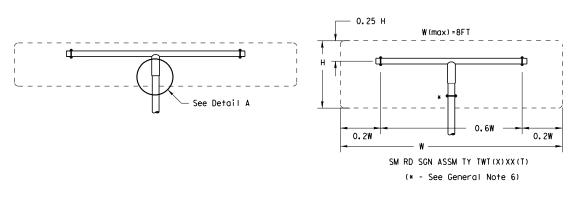
Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

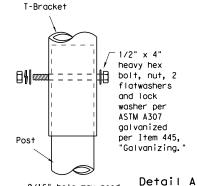
(See General Note 4) 5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of to edge 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment. shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm 4. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- 7. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall
- 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- 4. Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- 7. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris-
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a harmer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed. 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the
- tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD (TWT) - 08

ℂTxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDO	Т	CK: TXDOT	
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	1191	03	033, ET	C FM	12	45,ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.	
	WAC.		LIMESTO)NF		142	

7:17 PM

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS BLACK		ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



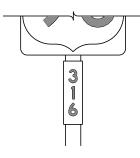


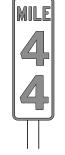


TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS						
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness					
Less than 7.5	0.080					
7.5 to 15	0.100					
Greater than 15	0.125					

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	Т	CK:	XDOT	ı
© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY		l
	REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	С	FM	12	45,	ETC	l
12-03 7-1	3	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.	l
9-08		WAC		LIMESTO	ONE			14	3	l

Type A

TYPE

A-2

A-3

B-I

B-2

B-3

CODE

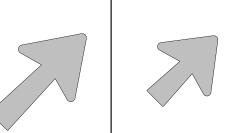
E-3

E-4

AIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any is made by IxDOI for any purpose whotsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion is to add the conversion is a second of the conversion of the conversion is a second of the conversion of the conversion is a second of the conversion of the conversion is a second of the conversion of the co

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



LETTER SIZE

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

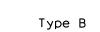
13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L



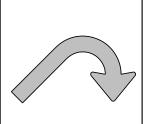
USE

Single

Lane Exits

Multiple

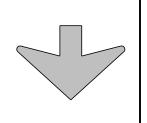
Lane Exits



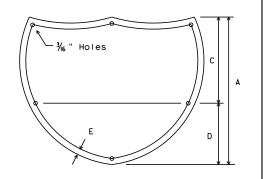
E-3

NOTE

Texas" manual.

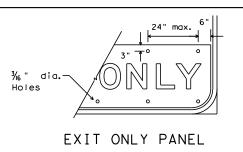


Down Arrow



INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

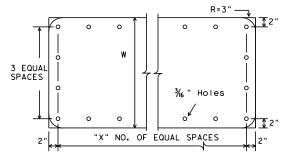
Α	С	D	Е
36	21	15	11/2
48	28	20	13/4



6" "Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" Holes

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digi†s	W	X
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

USED ON SIGN NO. E5-laT E5-IbT

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

Arrow dimensions are shown in the

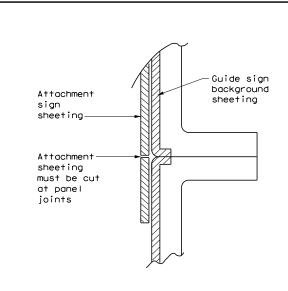
"Standard Highway Sign Designs for

http://www.txdot.gov/

MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

ARROW DETAILS

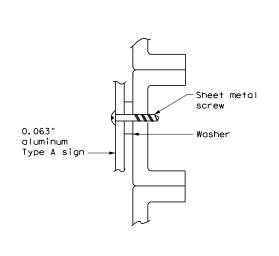
for Destination Signs (Type D)

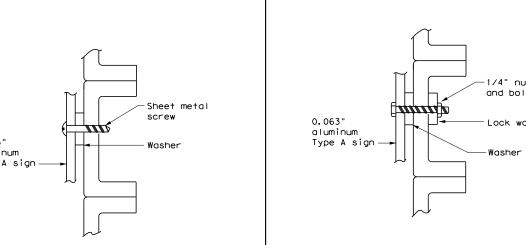


DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

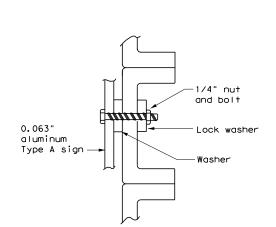
NOTE:

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".





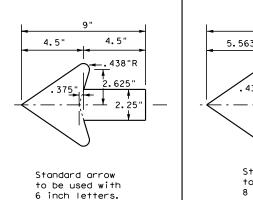




NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".





6.437" 563"R

Traffic Operations Division Standard



Texas Department of Transportation

TSR(5)-13

FILE:	tsr5-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxD0</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxD(</th><th>TC</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxD(TC
© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	٦
	REVISIONS	1191	03	033,ET	C	FM	12	45 , ET	С
12-03 7 9-08	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.	٦
3-08		WAC		LIMESTO	ONE			144	\neg

3:07:19

Sediment Basins

Grassy Swales

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

X Required Action

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

X Required Action

X Required Action

1. Comply with Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)

- 2. Plains Spotted Skunk: Contractors will be advised of potential occurence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens
- 3. Alligator Snapping Turtle: Contractor will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location TCFQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation NOT: Notice of Termination Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products

used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action	Required
-----------	----------

Required Action

1. Lead Based Paint: The removal, containment, and disposal process of hazardous materails would comply with applicable federal, state and local laws.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

FM 1245 EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: RG		DW: VP		ck: AR			
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SE	СТ	T JOB		ΗI	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	1191	0	3	033,	etc.	FM 12	45, etc.	
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	WAC		Lì	imest	tone		145	

ROJECT	LIMITS:
	CSJ 1191-03-033: On FM 1245 @ Christmas Creek
	Limestone County.
	<u> </u>
CATION	MAPS.
CATION	IVIAT 5.
	Refer to title sheet for project location map.
	kerer to titte sheet for project focultoring.
0.1507	DECORATE LOW-
OJECI	DESCRIPTION:
	CSJ 1191-03-033:
	Construction of Bridge Replacement
	COLISTI DELLOTE OL BILLIDE REDITICEMENT
	-
	Consisting of Repl Br & Apprs

MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

The major soil disturbing activities for this project will consist of excavation, embankment, grading and construction of proposed bridge and roadway.

TOTAL PROJECT AREA: TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

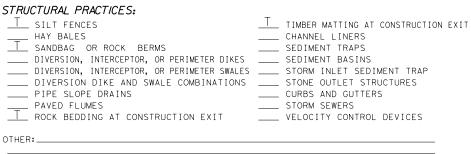
	CSJ 1191-03-033:
_	The predominant soil type is Kaufman Clay (Kd).
-	Vegetative cover is in good condition with 90-95% coverage.
_	
-	
-	
_	
_	
-	OF RECEIVING WATERS:
-	CSJ 1191-03-033:
-	Christmas Creek flows in a northeasterly direction from
-	FM 1245 and ties into Navasota River and ultimately
-	drains into Lake Mexia, Segment 1210 of the Navasota River watershed.
-	Navasota River watershed.
-	
-	
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-	

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

__ TEMPORARY SEEDING

X TEMPORARY SEEDING
X PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING
X NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES ____ MULCHING __X PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES OTHER: TXR 150000, Part III, Section G, 2 Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be initiated immediately whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site, or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Temporary stabilization must be completed no more than 14 calendar days after initiation of soil stabilization measures, and final stabilization must be achieved prior to termination of permit coverage.



NARRATIVE - SECHENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES

ATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:
The order of activities will be as follows:
 Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
2. Install temporary sediment control fencing, rock berms and other
items as shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.
Remove existing bridge, construct proposed bridge and roadway
and perform any necessary excavation, embankment and grading.
4. Place temporary/permanent seeding
as shown in the plans and as directed.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

An integral part of the SWPPP for this project includes the EPIC Sheet, Item 506, Waco District Waters of the US Notes, Waco District Typical Applications for Best Management Practices, Form 2118 TxDOT inspection forms, Contractor daily inspection forms, miscellaneous general notes on environmental requirements, TxDOT EC Standards, 2014 Standard Specifications, TxDOT roadway design drawings, SWPPP design and working BMP drawings, Site Manager Data Base, EMS Stage Gate Inspections and the Waco District environmental folders. The requirements of the TxDOT EMS will be fully implemented including training requirements for Contractors and TxDOT staff.

CHRISTIAN L. MOORMAN

5/11/2021 Center of Sign About Eye Level Type A Aluminum Slon Blank with Blue Engineer Grade Sheeting 1.875" Radius

Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Office Advanced Project Development 100 South Loop Drive Waco Texas, 76704-2858

PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING Sign May be Mounted Even with Top of Post - SWPPP (Plus or Minus 2") 2.5" Letter Height Wing Channel or Other

STORM WATER POLLUTION

Mount on Post at of Sign Approved Drivable Support (Holes for Bolting Sign to Post to be Drilled on Site

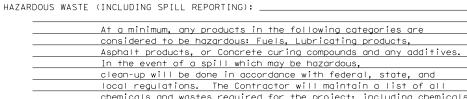
No Permanent Installation Allowed. Sign to be Removed After Project Completion

OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MA INTENIANCE.	All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs)
MAINTENANCE:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-	will be maintained in good working order per the environmental
	notes, details and standards included as part of the project
	plans and contract documents. BMP repairs will be made at the
	earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days
	after the inspection report has been completed and immediately
	after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access.
	BMPs damaged by the Contractor will be repaired or replaced
	immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and
·	outfalls will be given priority.
•	
INSPECTION:	TxDOT Form 2118 inspections to support TXR150000 and 404 permits

ECTION:	IXDUI Form 2118 inspections to support IXRISUUUU and 404 permits
	will be conducted on a seven day interval on the same day of
	the week, until permits are terminated. The Contractor will
	provide daily BMP inspection reports on work days. Stage Gate
	Inspections and other BMP inspections will be conducted by the
	District and Area Office Staff based on requirements of the
	TxDOT Environmental Management System (EMS).

WASTE MATERIALS: Any waste materials generated during construction will be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state and local laws.



chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals used by sub-contractors, and will implement written spill prevention and clean-up plans.

SANITARY WASTE:

Sanitary waste from portable units will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

- _ HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
- X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN _X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
- ____ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

REMARKS: .

<u>Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads will be constructed in a manner</u> that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas will not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area will be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end will be subsidiary to Item 506.

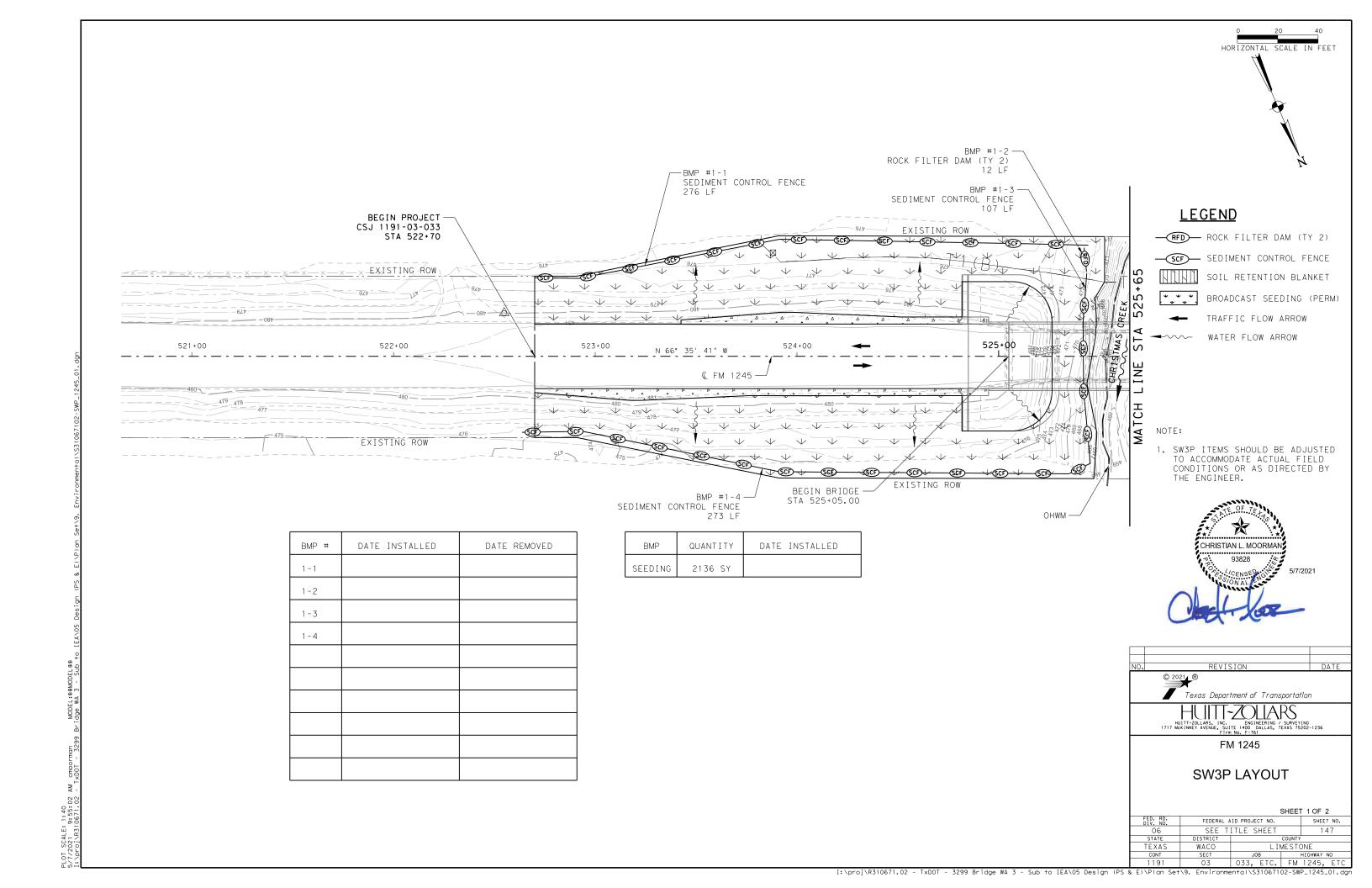
Sedimentation Basins - Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, a sedimentation basin is not required.

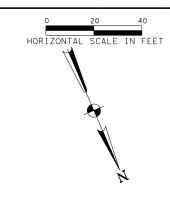
WACO DISTRICT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN FM 1245 (SW3P)

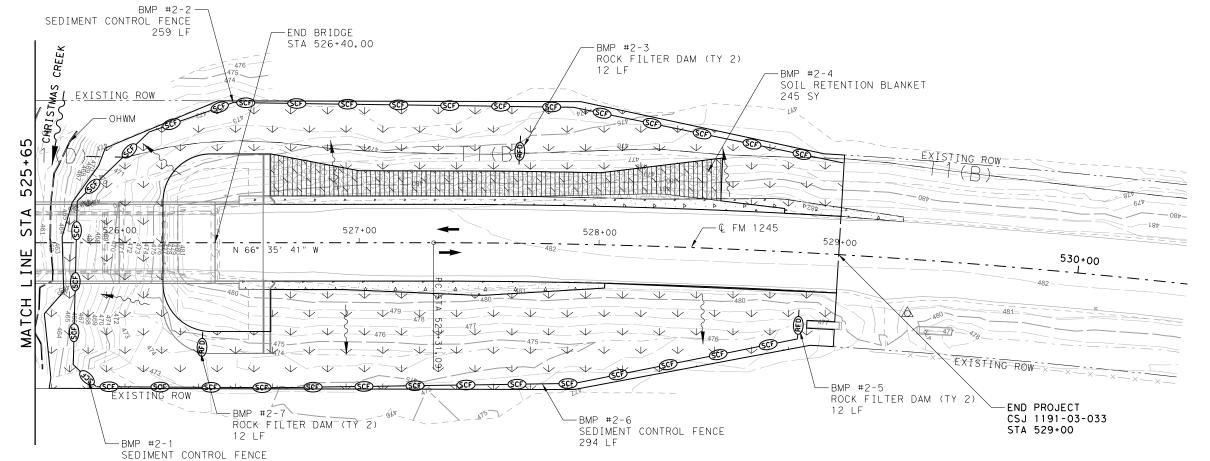


Texas Department of Transportation

FED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS WACO LIMESTONE CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO 03 033.ETC. FM1245.E







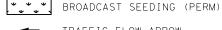
LE(<u>GENI</u>	<u>)</u>
RFD)—	ROCK	F

- ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



SOIL RETENTION BLANKET



TRAFFIC FLOW ARROW



WATER FLOW ARROW

NOTE:

1. SW3P ITEMS SHOULD BE ADJUSTED TO ACCOMMODATE ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



BMP #	DATE INSTALLED	DATE REMOVED
2-1		
2-2		
2-3		
2-4		
2-5		
2-6		
2-7		

160 LF

ВМР	QUANTITY	DATE INSTALLED
SEEDING	2352 SY	

Texas Department of Transportation HUITT-ZOLLARS

HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. ENGINEERING / SURVEYING 1717 MCKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-1236 Firm No. F-761 FM 1245

SW3P LAYOUT

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
06	SEE T	ITLE SHEET		148
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTONE		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY NO
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245, ETC

SHEET 2 OF 2

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 III. CULTURAL RESOURCES TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit General (applies to all projects): Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. X Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. 1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE ☐ No Action Required 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in of all product spills. accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. required by the Engineer. * Undesirable smells or odors IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ. EPA or other inspectors, Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil ☐ No area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ■ No Action Required X Required Action ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 Action No. USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. 1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): No Permit Required 🛛 Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or ☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required ☐ Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project X Required Action ☐ No Action Required and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. Action No. 1. Comply with Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) 1. Navasota River 2. Plains Spotted Skunk: Contractors will be advised of potential occurence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES 3. Alligator Snapping Turtle: Contractor will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered. X No Action Required The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide Action No. permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. 5. SEE STATEMENT BELOW Best Management Practices: If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during X Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ▼ Temporary Vegetation nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin ☐ Mulch Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ■ Wet Basin Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems NOT: Notice of Termination Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products

used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

\boxtimes	No	Action	Required	R
\boxtimes	NO	ACTION	Required	

Required Action

1. Lead Based Paint: The removal, containment, and disposal process of hazardous materails would comply with applicable federal, state and local laws.

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

Required Action

*	
Texas Department of Transportation	

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

FM 1633 **EPIC**

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK:	RG	DW: VP		ck: AR
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SE	СТ	JO	В	нІ	GHWAY
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	1191	0	3	033,	ETC.	FM 1	245, ETC.
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	WAC		L	imest	tone		149

Sediment Basins

Grassy Swales

PROJECT LIMITS:

CSJ 166	4-01-021:	On FM 1633	@ Navasota	River	
		in Limestor	e County.		
ION MAPS:					

LOCA

Refer to title sheet for project location map.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

CSJ 1664-01-021: Construction of Bridge Replacement Consisting of Replacing Bridge and Approaches.

MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

The major soil disturbing activities for this project will consist of excavation, embankment, grading and construction of proposed bridge and roadway.

TOTAL PROJECT AREA:

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

1.15 AC

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

CSJ 1664-01-021:

frequently flooded.

Vegetative	cover	is	in	good	condition	with	90-95%	coverage.

The predominate soil type is Whitesboro loam (Wf).

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

CSJ 1664-01-021:	
Navasota River drains into Fort Parker Lake,	
which ultimately drains into Lake Limestone,	
Segment 1252 of the Navasota River watershed.	

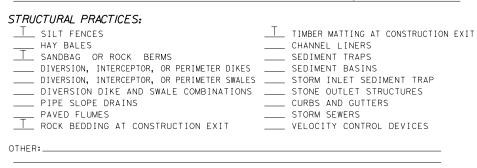
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

__ TEMPORARY SEEDING

X PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING X NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES ____ MULCHING __X PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES OTHER: TXR 150000, Part III, Section G, 2 Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be initiated immediately whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site, or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Temporary stabilization must be completed no more than 14 calendar days after initiation of soil stabilization measures, and final stabilization must be achieved prior to termination of permit coverage.

X SOIL RETENTION BLANKET



NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

The order of activities will be as follows:
1. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
2. Install temporary sediment control fencing, rock berms and other
items as shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.
, , ,

- 3. Remove existing bridge, construct proposed bridge and roadway and perform any necessary excavation, embankment and grading.
- 4. Place soil retention blankets and temporary/permanent seeding as shown in the plans and as directed.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

An integral part of the SWPPP for this project includes the EPIC Sheet, Item 506, Waco District Waters of the US Notes, Waco District Typical Applications for Best Management Practices, Form 2118 TxDOT inspection forms, Contractor daily inspection forms, miscellaneous general notes on environmental requirements, TxDOT EC Standards, 2014 Standard Specifications, TxDOT roadway design drawings, SWPPP design and working BMP drawings, Site Manager Data Base, EMS Stage Gate Inspections and the Waco District environmental folders. The requirements of the TxDOT EMS will be fully implemented including training requirements for Contractors and TxDOT staff.

HRISTIAN L. MOORMA 5/11/2021

Texas Department of Transportation

Advanced Project Development

100 South Loop Drive

Waco Texas, 76704-2858

Waco District Office

Sign May be Mounted Even with Top of Post (Plus or Minus 2") 2.5" Letter Height About Eye Level (4'-5') Type A Aluminum Blue Engineer Grade Sheeting

1.875" Radius Mount on Post at of Sign Wing Channel or Other Approved Drivable Support (Holes for Bolting Sign to Post to be Drilled on Site

STORM WATER POLLUTION

PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING

- SWPPP

No Permanent Installation Allowed. Sign to be Removed After Project Completion

OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE:	All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs)
MATINTENANCE:	will be maintained in good working order per the environmental
	notes, details and standards included as part of the project
	plans and contract documents. BMP repairs will be made at the
	earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days
	after the inspection report has been completed and immediately
	after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access.
	BMPs damaged by the Contractor will be repaired or replaced
	immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and
	outfalls will be given priority.

SPECTION:	TxDOT Form 2118 inspections to support TXR150000 and 404 permits
	will be conducted on a seven day interval on the same day of
	the week, until permits are terminated. The Contractor will
	provide daily BMP inspection reports on work days. Stage Gate
	Inspections and other BMP inspections will be conducted by the
	District and Area Office Staff based on requirements of the
	TxDOT Environmental Management System (EMS).

WASTE MATERIALS:

Any waste materials generated during construction will
be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state,
and local laws.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): _

At a minimum, any products in the following categories are
considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products,
Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives.
In the event of a spill which may be hazardous,
clean-up will be done in accordance with federal, state, and
local regulations. The Contractor will maintain a list of all
chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals
used by sub-contractors, and will implement written spill
prevention and clean-up plans.

SANITARY WASTE:

Sanitary waste from portable units will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

- _ HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
- X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
- _X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
- ____ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

REMARKS: .

Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads will be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas will not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area will be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end will be subsidiary to Item 506.

Sedimentation Basins - Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, a sedimentation basin is not required.

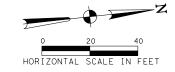
WACO DISTRICT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

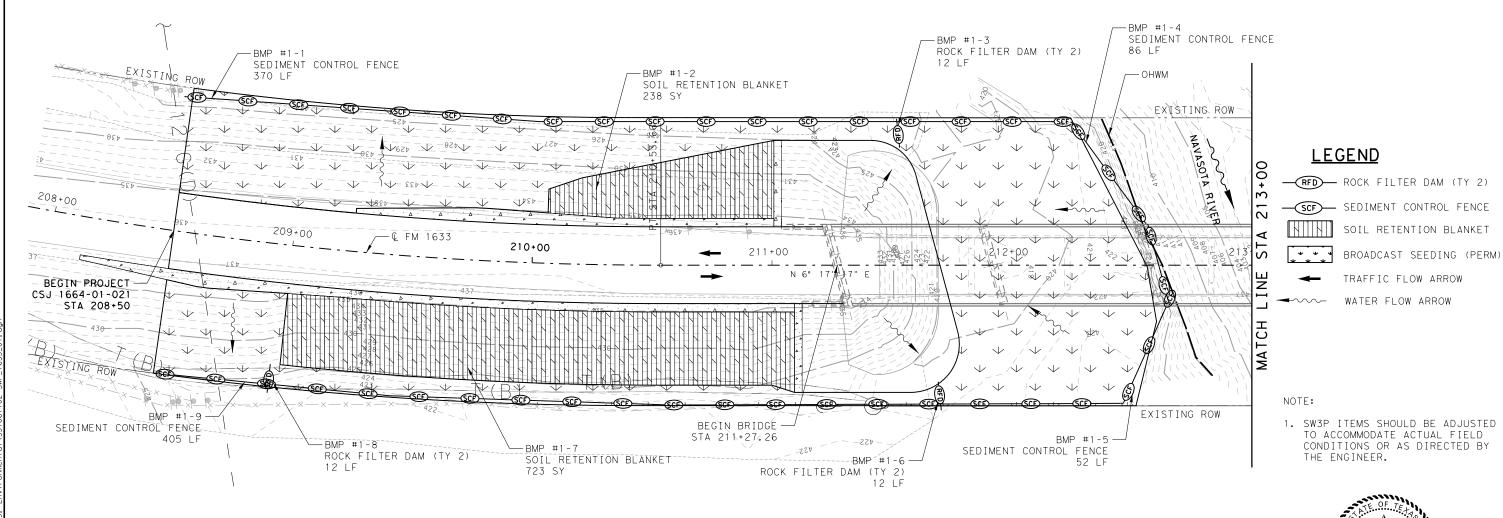


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FED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS WACO LIMESTONE CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO 03 033, ETC, FM1245, E

FM 1633 (SW3P)





BMP #	DATE INSTALLED	DATE REMOVED
1 - 1		
1 - 2		
1 - 3		
1 - 4		
1 - 5		
1 - 6		
1 - 7		
1 - 8		
1 - 9		

ВМР	QUANTITY	DATE INSTALLED
SEEDING	2516 SY	

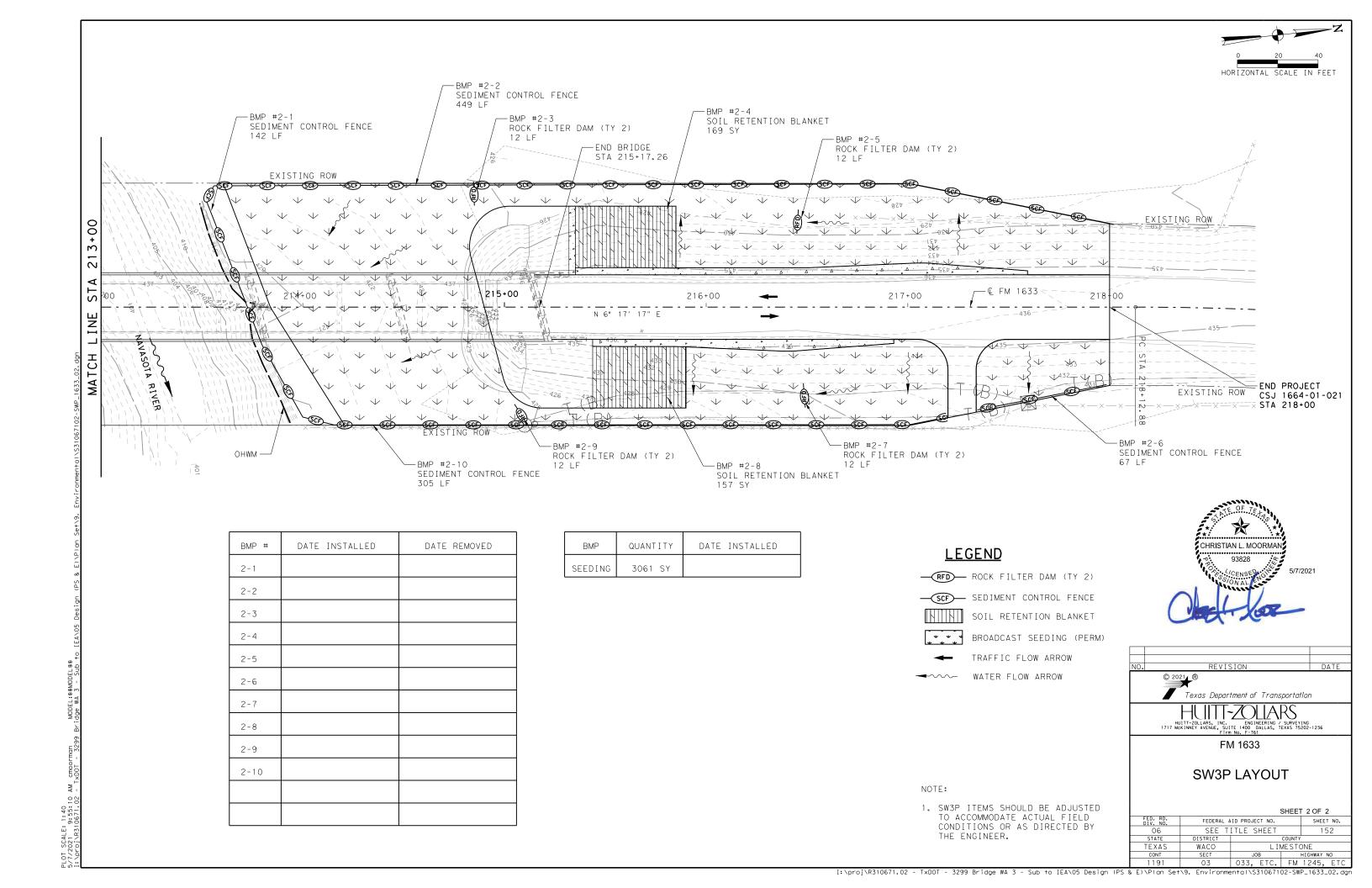


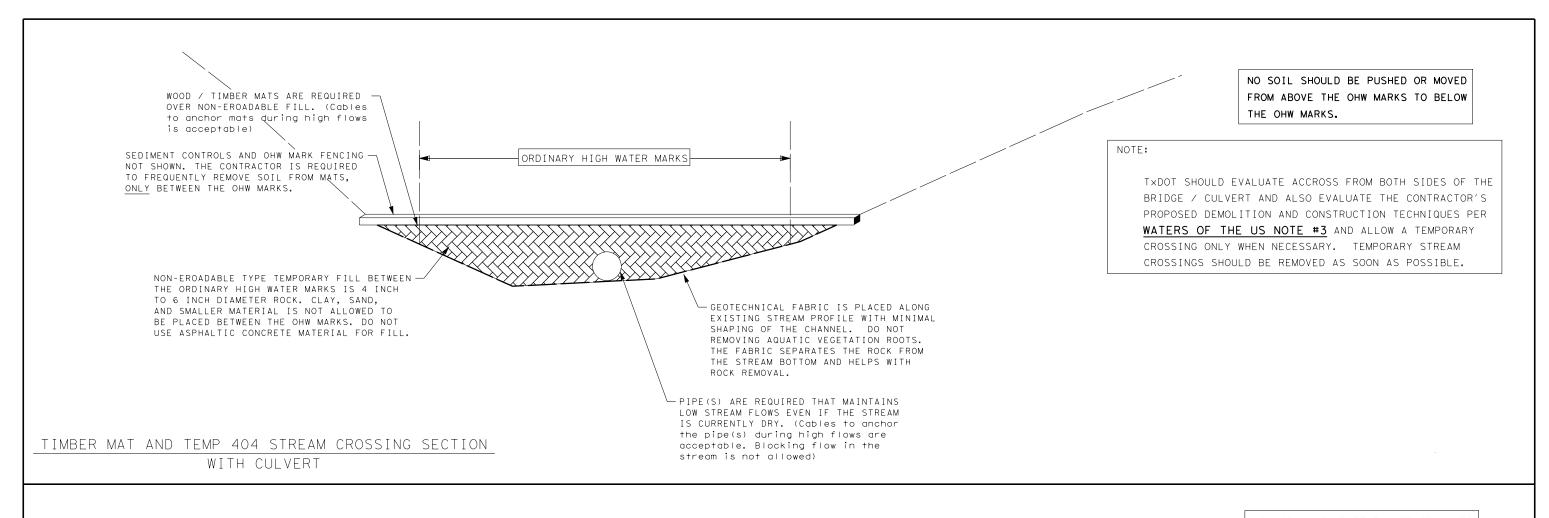
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	HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. ENGINEERING / SURVEYING 1717 MCKINNEY AVENUE, SUITE 1400 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-1236	

FM 1633

SW3P LAYOUT

l		SHEET TOP 2							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.					
06	SEE T	ITLE SHEET 151							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY							
TEXAS	WACO	LIN	MESTO	ONE					
CONT	SECT	JOB	DB HIGHWAY NO						
1191	03	033, ETC.	FM	1245, ETC					





NO SOIL SHOULD BE PUSHED OR MOVED FROM ABOVE THE OHW MARKS TO BELOW THE OHW MARKS.

NOTE:

TYPICAL USE IS FOR STREAM BANKS THAT ARE VERY FLAT AND STREAM CONDITIONS THAT ARE DRY OR VERY LOW FLOW.

A SINGLE RAIN EVENT MAY CAUSE THE CONTRACTOR TO CHANGE TO THE CULVERT TEMPORARY CROSSING. REMOVE STREAM CROSSINGS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

TIMBER MATS WILL BE ADEQUATELY SIZED FOR THE INTENDED EQUIPMENT AND WILL NOT BREAK UPON LOADING.

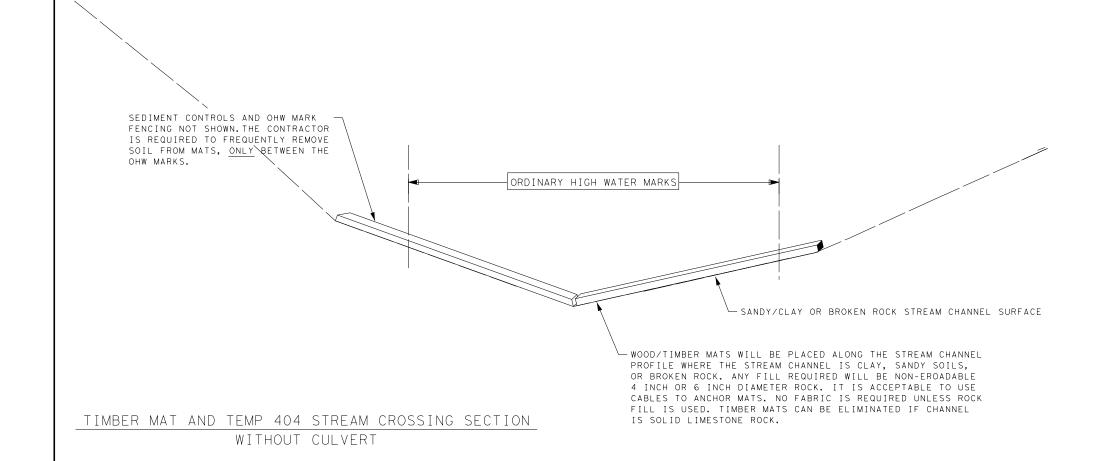
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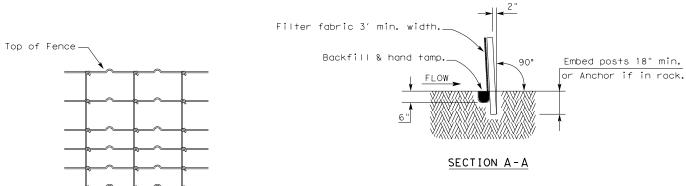
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TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING DETAIL

WACO DISTRICT STANDARD

NOT TO SC	ALE							
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STATE	DIS	TRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	W	ACO	LIME	STONE				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIG		VAY NO.				
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HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

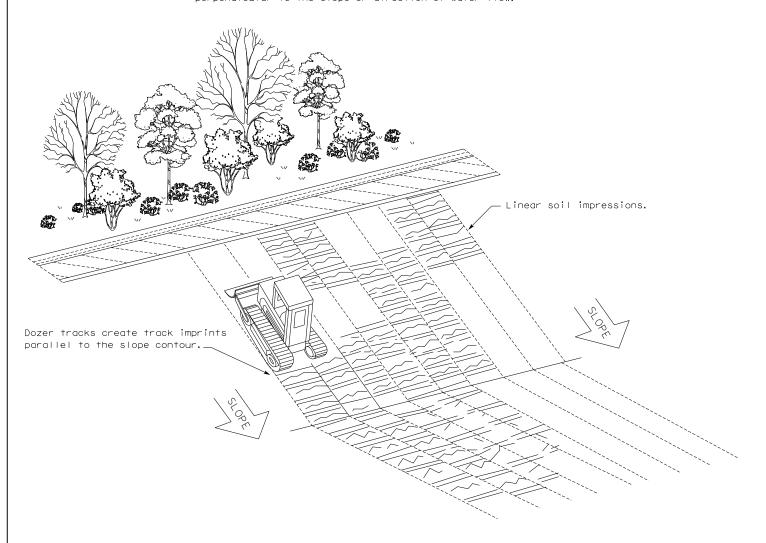
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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Unconcentrated Sheet Flow Léngth for payment Toe of slope Native rock or other suitable material Optional Sandbags FILTER DAM AT TOE OF SLOPE (See Usage Guidelines) —Ditch Flow 3:1 Max. "V" SHAPE PLAN VIEW Sack Gabions **A** B В ¾" Dia. Rebar Stakes Direction of Flow SECTION B-B PLAN VIEW 3', 6' or 9' Galvanized Steel Galvanized Steel Wire Mesh Wire Mesh 2' Dia. TYPE 4 (SACK GABIONS) SECTION A-A

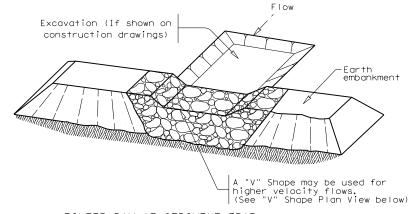
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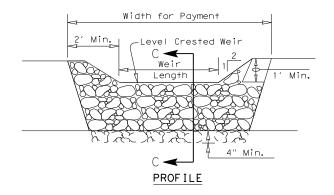
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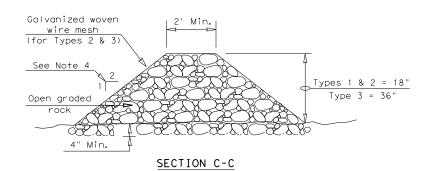
----(RFD4)-



FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 ${\rm CPM/FT}^2$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

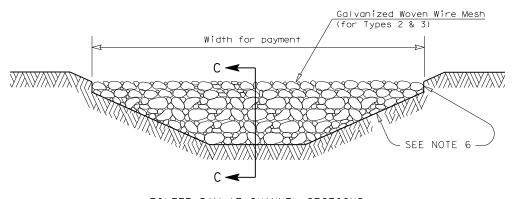
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- 4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{\pi}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam RFD1

Type 2 Rock Filter Dam RFD2

Type 3 Rock Filter Dam RFD3

Type 4 Rock Filter Dam —



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not limited to the following:
 - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary wastes, construction chemicals and petroleum products used or generated by the Contractor and sub-contractors. Along with the list, the Contractor will supply a spill prevention plan and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products or generated waste.
 - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
 - Post the TxDOT storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
 - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to TxDOT. The Contractor will not disturb soil without the proper permits.
 - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses,
 - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be located on TxDOT ROW.
 - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration.
 - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day.

 The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOT direction.
 - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US, Note #3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from TxDOT.
 - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
 - Provide an estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or torching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely hauled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all correspondence with MS4s, TCEQ, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSL(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of TxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance,
- 10. Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as silt fences and rock filter dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch and 2/3 of an acre of disturbed soil for a minimum of 100 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOT. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12. Earth berms or mounds typically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the Contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings that show the locations of all temporary sediment and erosion controls.
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SWPPP maintenance, including silt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type III dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required silt fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high priority, or be subject to stop work on the entire project.
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of soil tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blocked by sediment controls. The contractor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stock ponds. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to trespass off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet all OSHA requirements and the current safety guidelines established for TxDOT Quarries and Pits.
- 22. Boundary silt fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary silt fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filter dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filter dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filter dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filter dam ends.
- 24. Silt fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side slope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences that do not adequately span the ditch and allows storm water around the end(s) will not be used. Where there is adequate space, large U pattern silt fences are preferred to facilitate sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves TxDOT ROW, takes persistent over ditch line sediment controls.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary silt fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For ditch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls; on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls damaged by the Contractor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in silt fences are not typically allowed. Specific silt fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For silt fence maintenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of silt fences and not over excavate around silt fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW, RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetative buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38. For outfalls near stock ponds closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize silt fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or silt fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and around the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as possible. Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal. Do not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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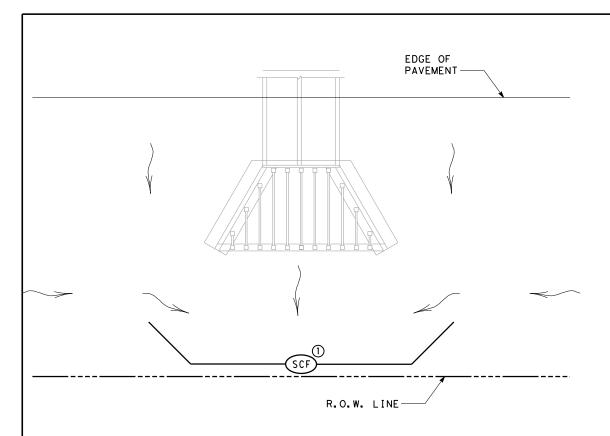
- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Marks of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprap for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after installing erosion rock.
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to Item 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2X4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet silt fence, subsidiary to Item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Silt fence steel T posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel T posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for T post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Silt fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately horizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of silt fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the slope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess grass, rocks, trash, debris or clods will be removed before seeding and installing soil retention blankets. All installations will be by the manufacturer recommendations. Contractor equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 4 OF 10



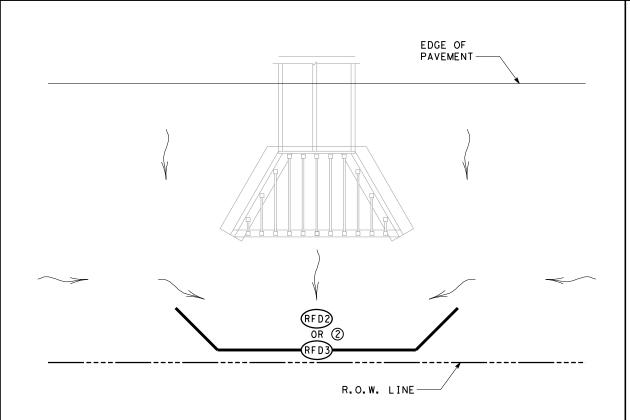
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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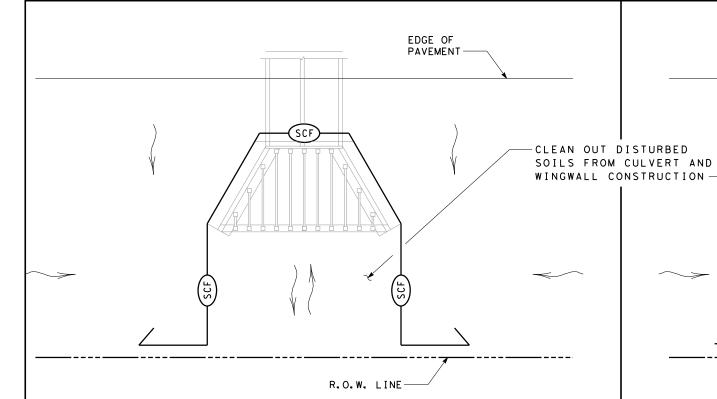
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #1

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



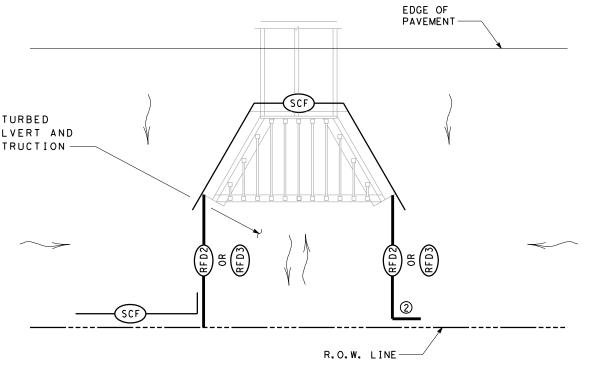
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #2

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



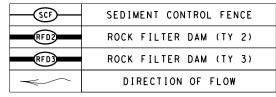
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #3

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #4

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



NOTES:

- 1 EXTEND SILT FENCE SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS. USE L-HOOKS ON ENDS AS REQUIRED.
- 2 EXTEND ROCK FILTER DAM SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS.

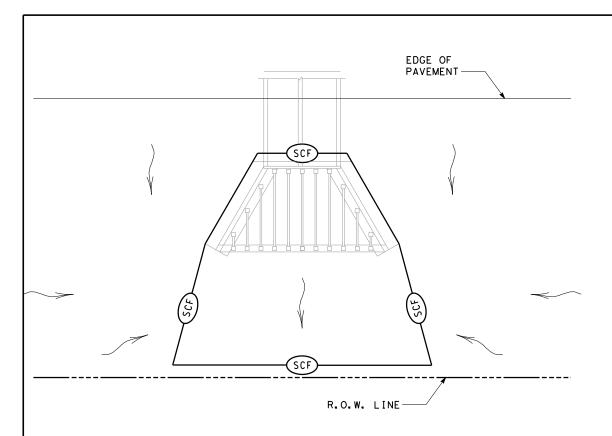
SCALE = NTS SHEET 5 OF 10



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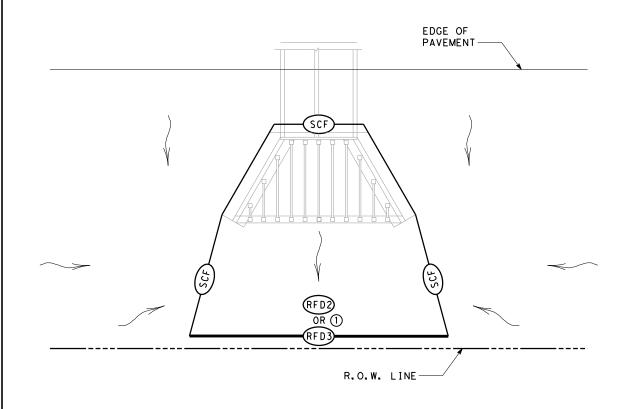
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT **PRACTICES**

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FEB 2015	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	WACO LIMESTONE					160	



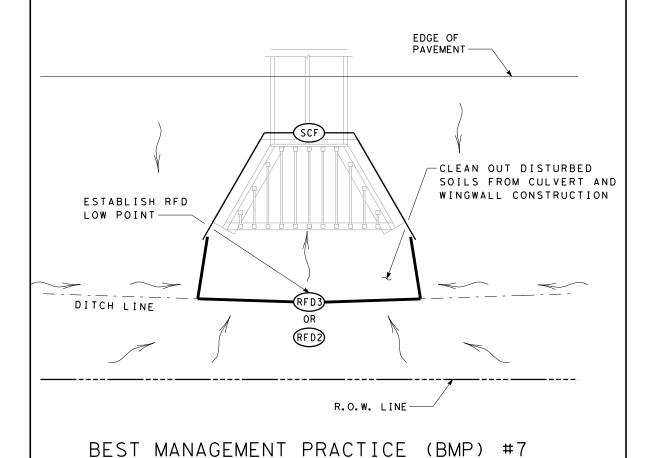
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #5

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT

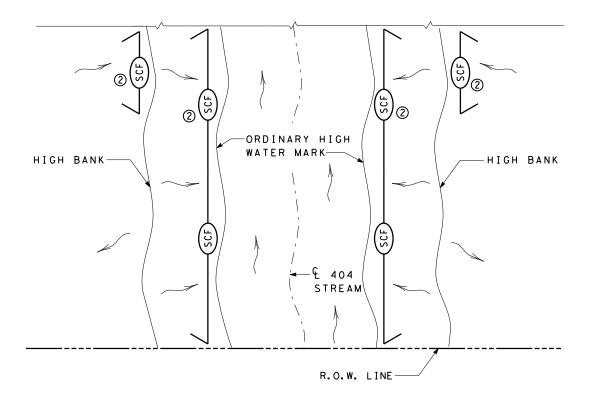


BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #8

FOR 404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING PROJECT CLEARING AND GRUBBING

SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RF D2	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RFD3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
	DIRECTION OF FLOW

NOTES:

- ① PROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.
- ② USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT

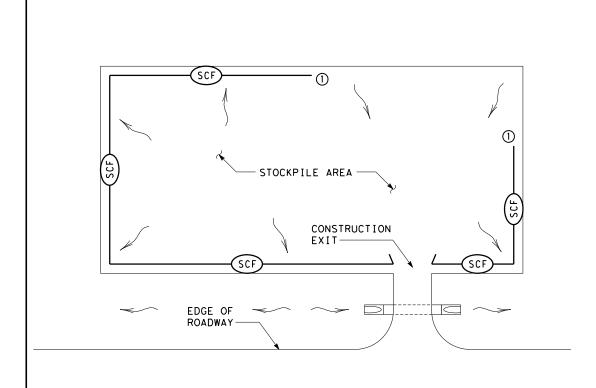
SCALE = NTS SHEET 6 OF 10



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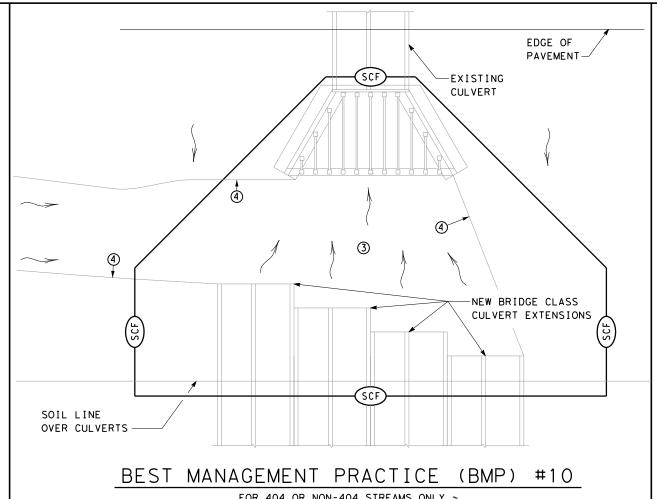
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT **PRACTICES**

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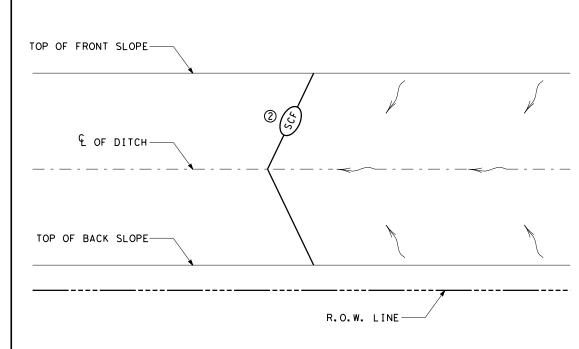


BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #9

STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL

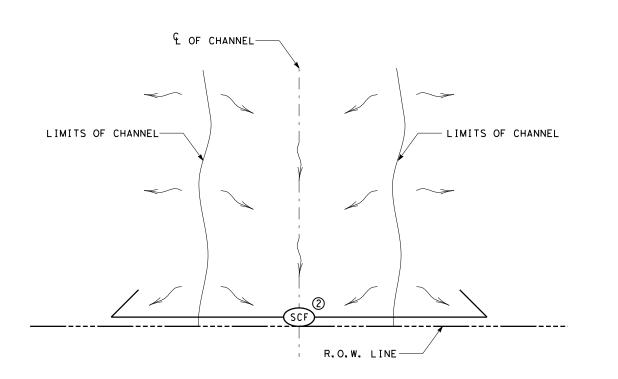


FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT PHASED CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #11

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #12

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED DOWN SLOPE

SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RF D2	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RF D3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
	DIRECTION OF FLOW

NOTES:

- (1) START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- (2) ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKMENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- (3) PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM THE INVERT ELEVATIONS BETWEEN CULVERTS. REMOVE LOOSE SOIL FROM EXCAVATED AREA BETWEEN CULVERTS.
- (4) PROVIDE AND INSTALL PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE ON THE DITCH BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN TEMPORARY TERMINATIONS BETWEEN OLD AND NEW CULVERTS. PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO THE HEIGHT OF THE LARGEST CULVERT ON THE DITCH SIDE SLOPES; AND TO A LIMIT 10 FEET OUTSIDE THE LOCATION OF BMPS ALONG THE DITCH BOTTOM. CEMENT STABILIZED SAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE, IN AREAS WHERE INSTALLATION WORKS AND AT THE OPTION OF TXDOT.

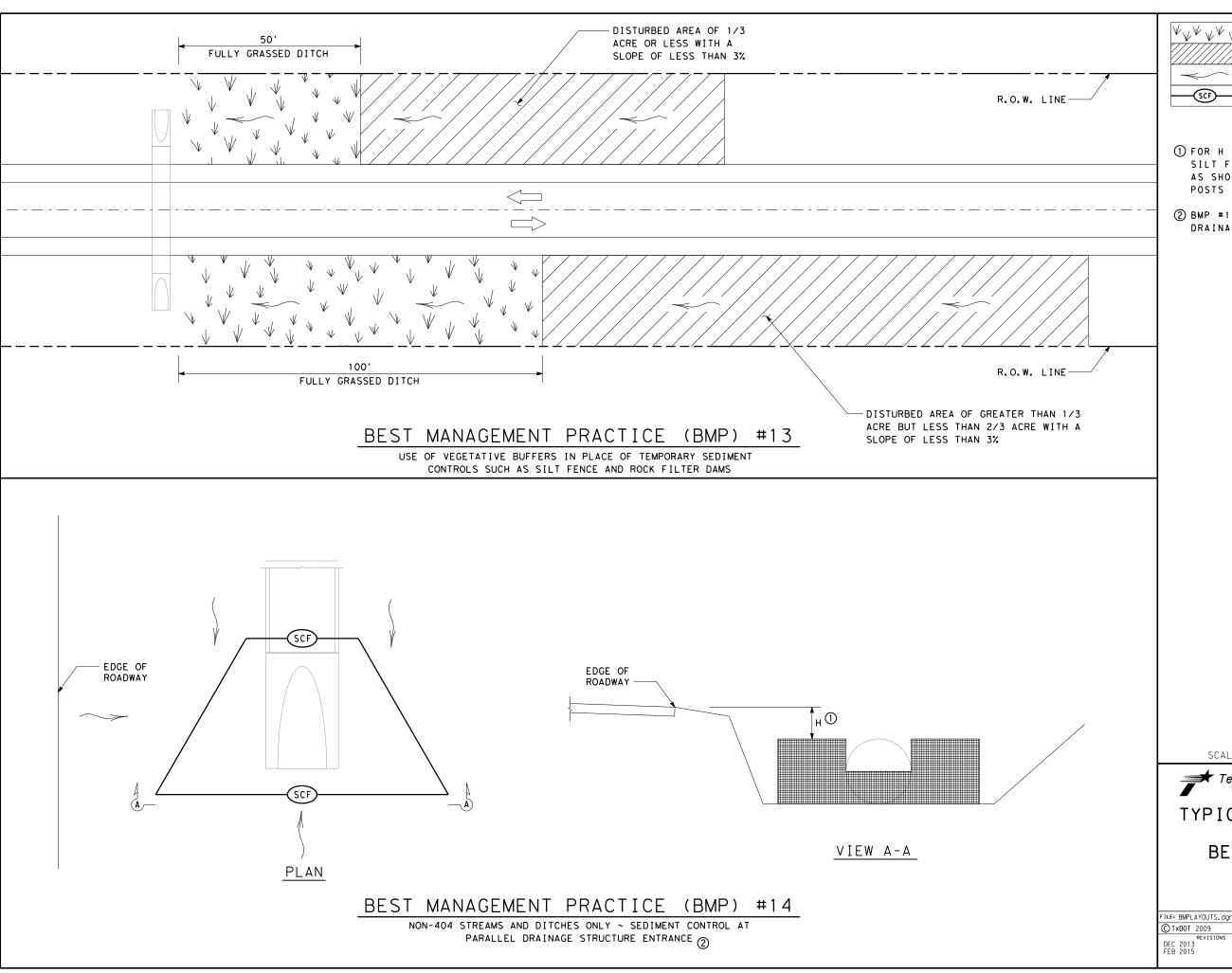
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Texas Department of Transportation

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT **PRACTICES**

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FULLY GRASSED DITCH DISTURBED AREA DIRECTION OF FLOW SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

- ① FOR H DIMENSIONS LESS THAN 1.5' SILT FENCE MAY NEED TO BE NOTCHED AS SHOWN IN VIEW A-A. ADD EXTRA POSTS AT NOTCH.
- ② BMP #14 MAY BE USED AT CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AS DIRECTED.

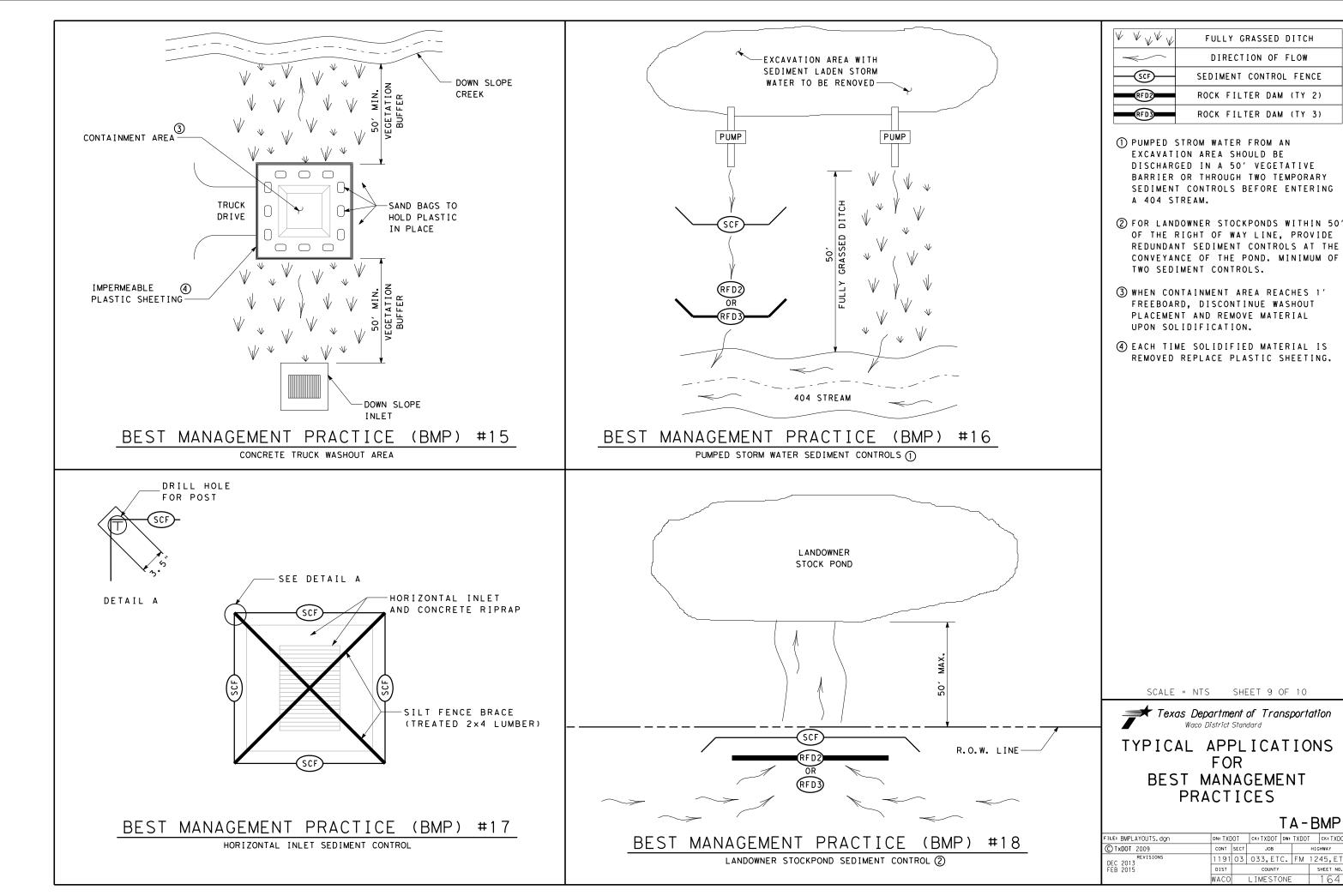
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Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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	WACO	LIMESTONE				163		



FULLY GRASSED DITCH DIRECTION OF FLOW

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2) ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)

FOR

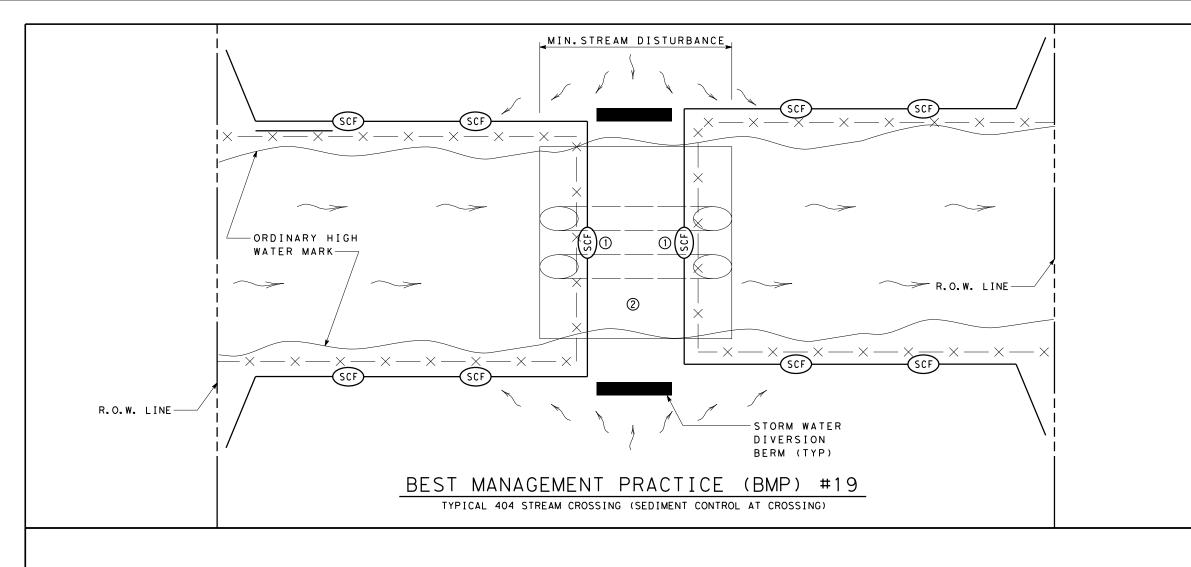
PRACTICES

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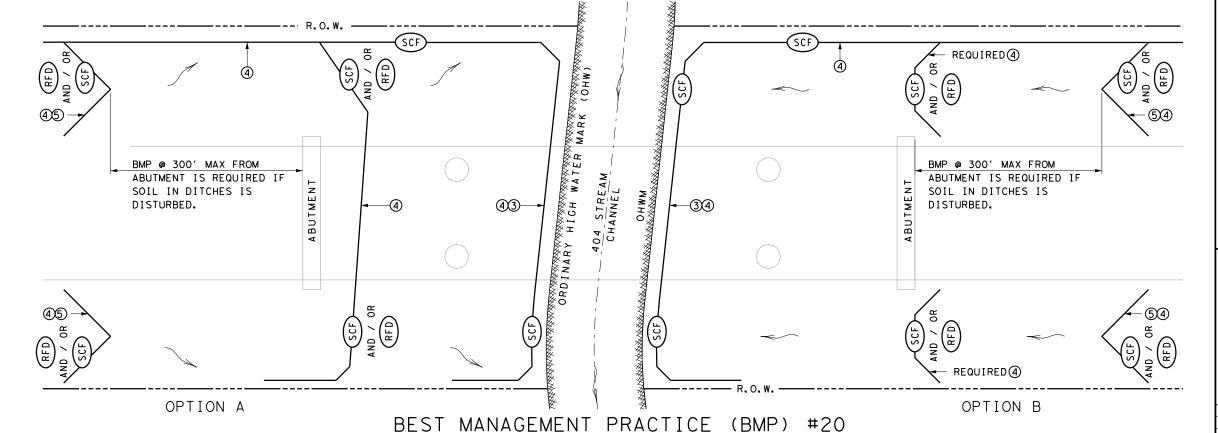
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LIMESTONE



~	DIRECTION OF FLOW
SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RFD-	ROCK FILTER DAM
- × ×	SECURITY FENCING

- (1) HAY BALES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SILT FENCE OVER THE STREAM CROSSING.
- ② CROSSING WILL BE AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE WATERS OF THE US GENERAL NOTES.
- (3) INSTALL SILT FENCE SLIGHTLY UP FROM OHW MARK FROM R.O.W. TO R.O.W.
- 4 USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON LEVEL OR DOWN SLOPING ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT
- (5) INSTALL LARGE V OR U SHAPED BMP'S FROM ABUTMENT AS SHOWN. IF THERE IS STEEP DITCH CONDITIONS DECREASE SPACING AND CONSIDER RFD'S. ADD ADDITIONAL BMP'S IF GRADE IS STEEP OR IF FLOW IS HIGH.



FOR 404 STREAMS ~ BMP'S AT BRIDGES

SCALE = NTS SHEET 10 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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	WACO	LIMESTONE			165		