R

PROJECT

LETTING ġ

HWY. NO.

SEE INDEX OF SHEETS ON SHEET 2

## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT

## WILSON COUNTY CR 347

PROJECT NO.: BR 2021 (063)
CSJ:0915-14-047
COUNTY:WILSON
LIMITS: CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK
ROADWAY LENGTH: 300 FT = 0.057 MI.
BRIDGE LENGTH: 45 FT = 0.008 MI. TOTAL LENGTH: 345 FT = 0.065 MI.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE & APPROACHES LA VERNIA **EXCEPTIONS: NONE** EQUATIONS: NONE RR X-ING'S: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 1, 2012)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	BF	R 2021 (063)	CR 347
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	SAT	WILSON	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	1
0915	14	047	•

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION= LOCAL ROAD DESIGN SPEED= N/A MEETS OR IMPROVE EXISTING CONDITIONS AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0.28 ACRES ADT: (2022) = 200 ADT: (2042) = 300

#### FINAL PLANS

ETTING DATE:	
ATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
ATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:	
INAL CONTRACT COST: \$	
ONTRACTOR:	

FINAL PLANS STATEMENT: THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS. AREA ENGINEER

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

RECOMMENDED 4/27/2021 FOR LETTING

Ligette Colvert, P.E.

— DF7D9**9Ƨ19A**45**ŞUPPORT DIRECTOR** 

RECOMMENDED 4/27/2021 FOR LETTING

Clayton Ripps, P.E. - 74F59AICES830REDF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT FOR LETTING

RECOMMENDED

FOR LETTING

4/27/2021

4/27/2021

Gina Gallegos, P.E. -124372CCDP664FBICT ENGINEER

Gress Granato, P.E.

- 0D08C713B5**80£45DGN ENGINEER** 

Texas Department of Transportation

END PROJECT END CSJ: 0915-14-047 STA 12+95.00

> BEGIN PROJECT BEGIN CSJ: 0915-14-047 STA 9+50.00

1C	ENERAL		<u> V. L.</u>	111-	LIY	
	1	TITLE SHEET		55		EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUT
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS				
	3	PROJECT LAYOUT	<b>Y1</b> -	BRI.	DGE	
	4	EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION	56		57	BRIDGE LAYOUT
	5	PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS		58		ESTIMATED QUANTITES
6, 6A	A 6D	GENERAL NOTES		59		BRIDGE GEOMETRY
7	7 7A	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY	60		61	BORING LOGS
8	9	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES				
10	11	SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS	BRID	GE_	STANI	DARDS
				62		# AJ
11	<u>IRAEE1C</u>	CONTROL_PLAN		63		# APSB-24
	12	TCP GENERAL NOTES AND NARRATIVE		64		# BAS-C
	13	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (ADVANCE WARNING LAYOUT)	65		66	# CSAB
	14	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (DETOUR ROUTE)	67		68	# FD
				69		# PSB-5SB15
IRAE	ETC_CON1	[ROI_STANDARDS		70		# PSBEB
15	26	*BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14		71		# PSBRA
	27	*WZ (RCD) -13		72		# PSBSD
				73		# SPSB-24
111.	_ROADWAY	(_DEIAU_S	74		76	# T223
	28	HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX MAP		77		# BRIDGE NBI NUMBER STENCIL (SAT DIST STND)
	29	HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL				
	30	HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA	AIT"	_IR	AEE 10	<u>C_DEIAILS</u>
	31	REMOVAL LAYOUT		78		SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT
	32	CUT AND FILL IN FLOODPLAIN				
	33	PLAN AND PROFILE	IRAE		_SIA	NDARDS
3.4	35	GABION DETAILS		79		*D&OM(1)-20
34				80		*D&OM(2) -20
	36	ROADWAY DETAILS (PAVEMENT TRANSITION DETAIL)		81		*D&OM(3)-20
	WAY CTAL	UD A DDC		82		*D&OM(4)-20
KUAL	WAY_SIAN			83		*D&OM(5)-20
	37	*GF (31) -19		84		*PM(1)-20
70	38	*GF (31) DAT-19		85		*PM(2)-20
39	40	*GF (31) TRTL3-20		86		*FGA-15
	41	*GF (31) MS-19		87		*SMD (GEN) -08
	42	*BED-14		88		*SMD(SLIP-1)-08
	43	*SGT (10S) 31 -16		89		*SMD(SLIP-2)-08
	44	*SGT (11S) 31-18		90		*SMD(SLIP-3)-08
	45	*SGT (12S) 31 - 18		91		*SMD(FRP)-08
	46	*SGT (15) 31-20				
	47	*TRF	AIII	E	ROS LO	ON_CONTROL
	47A	*TREE PROTECTION (SAT DIST STND)		92		STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)
	47B	*TREE PRUNING & REMOVAL (SAT DIST STND)		0.7		C
	715	THE THOUSAND A HEMOTHE TONE BIST STAD		93		SW3P LAYOUT

#### IV. DRAINAGE DETAILS

48 DRAINAGE AREA MAP
49 -- 53 HYDRAULIC DATA
54 SCOUR ANALYSIS

EROSION\_CONTROL\_STANDARDS

95 \*EC(1)-16



\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

77NU

P.E. 4/29/2021

TREY A. NEAL, P.E.



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

1/2 CZ +

\_, P.E. <u>4/29/2021</u>

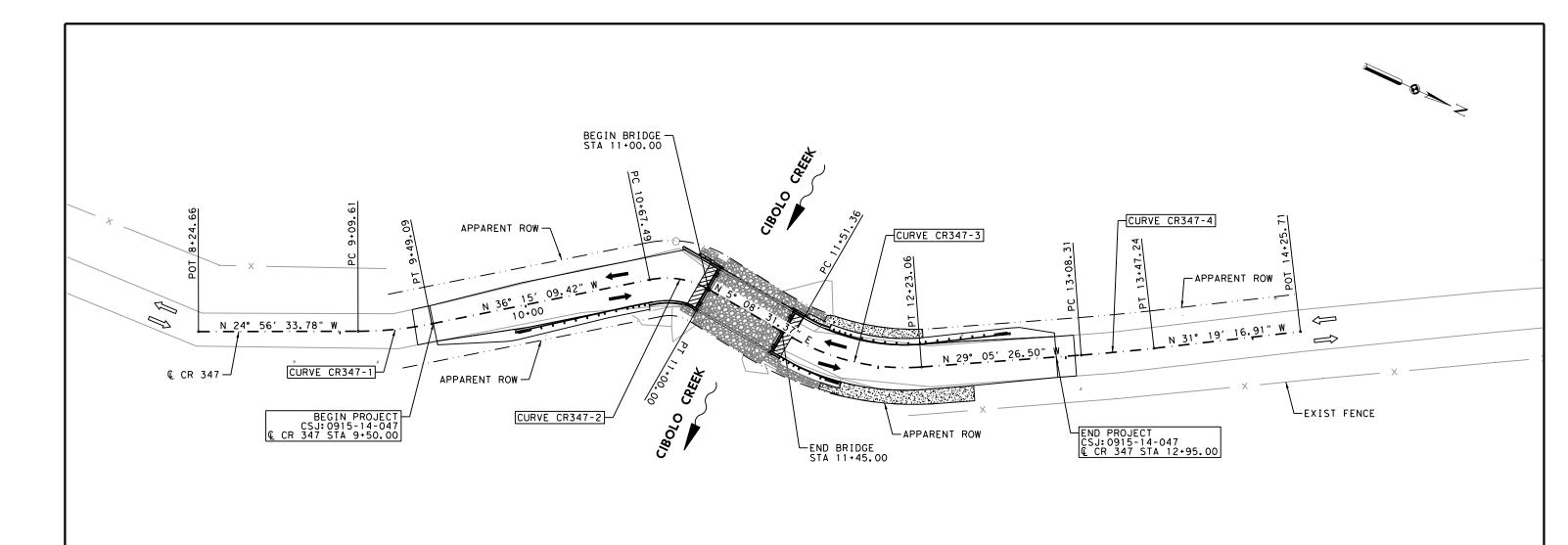
RYAN C. LAURENT, P.E.

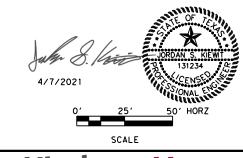


Kimley»Horn

Texas Department of Transportation

		SHEET	_1_	OF 1			
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID P	ROJE	CT NO.	HIG	HWAY	NO.
6	į.	BR 2021	(06	3)	l CI	R 34	7
ST	ATE	DIST.		COUNT	Y	SHE	ET ),
TE	KAS	SAT		WILSO	)N		
СО	NT.	SECT.		JOB		2	2
09	15	14		047			





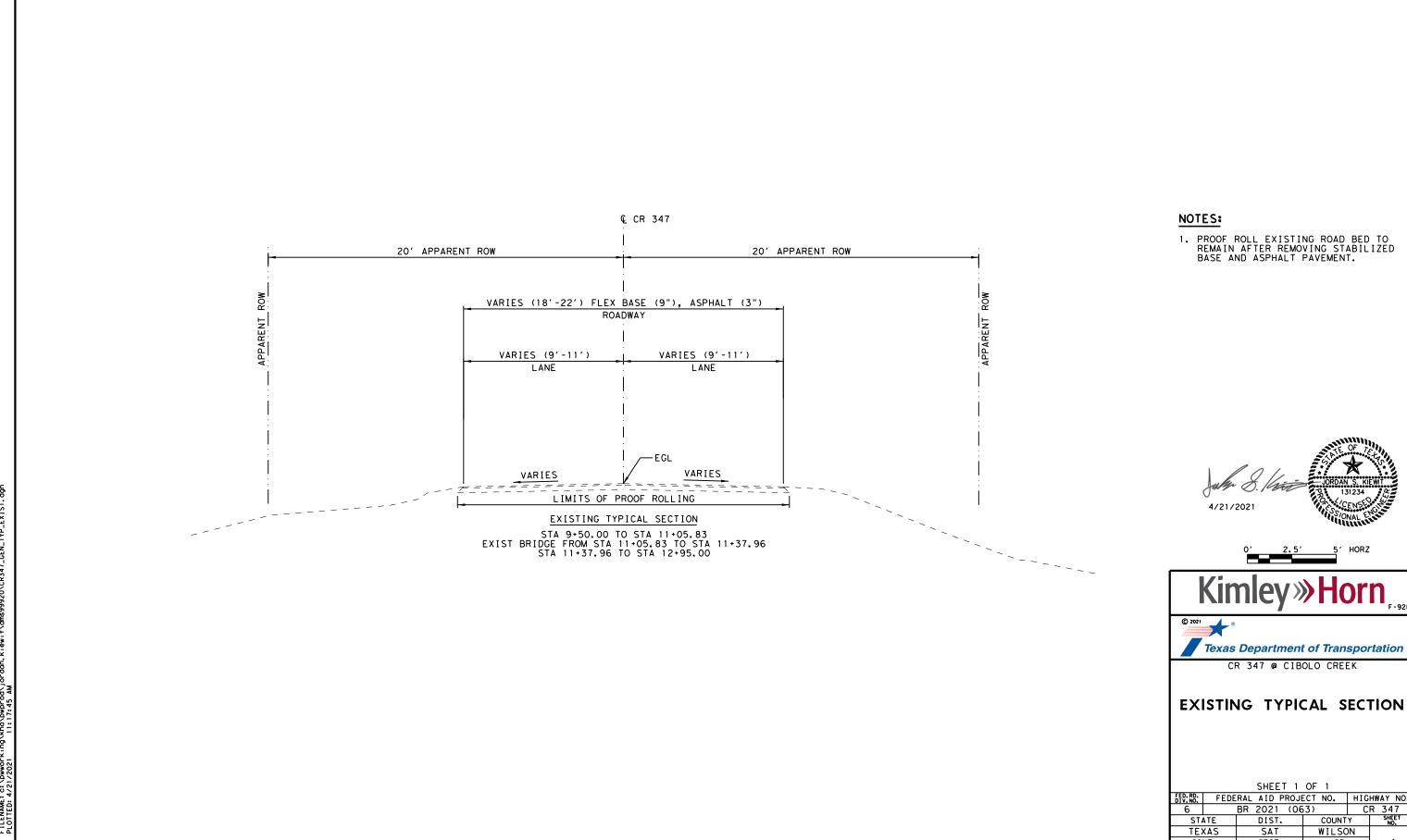




#### PROJECT LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

ED.RD. FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. H				
6	BR 2021 (063)				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	SAT	WILSO	Ž		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB		3	
0915	14	047			



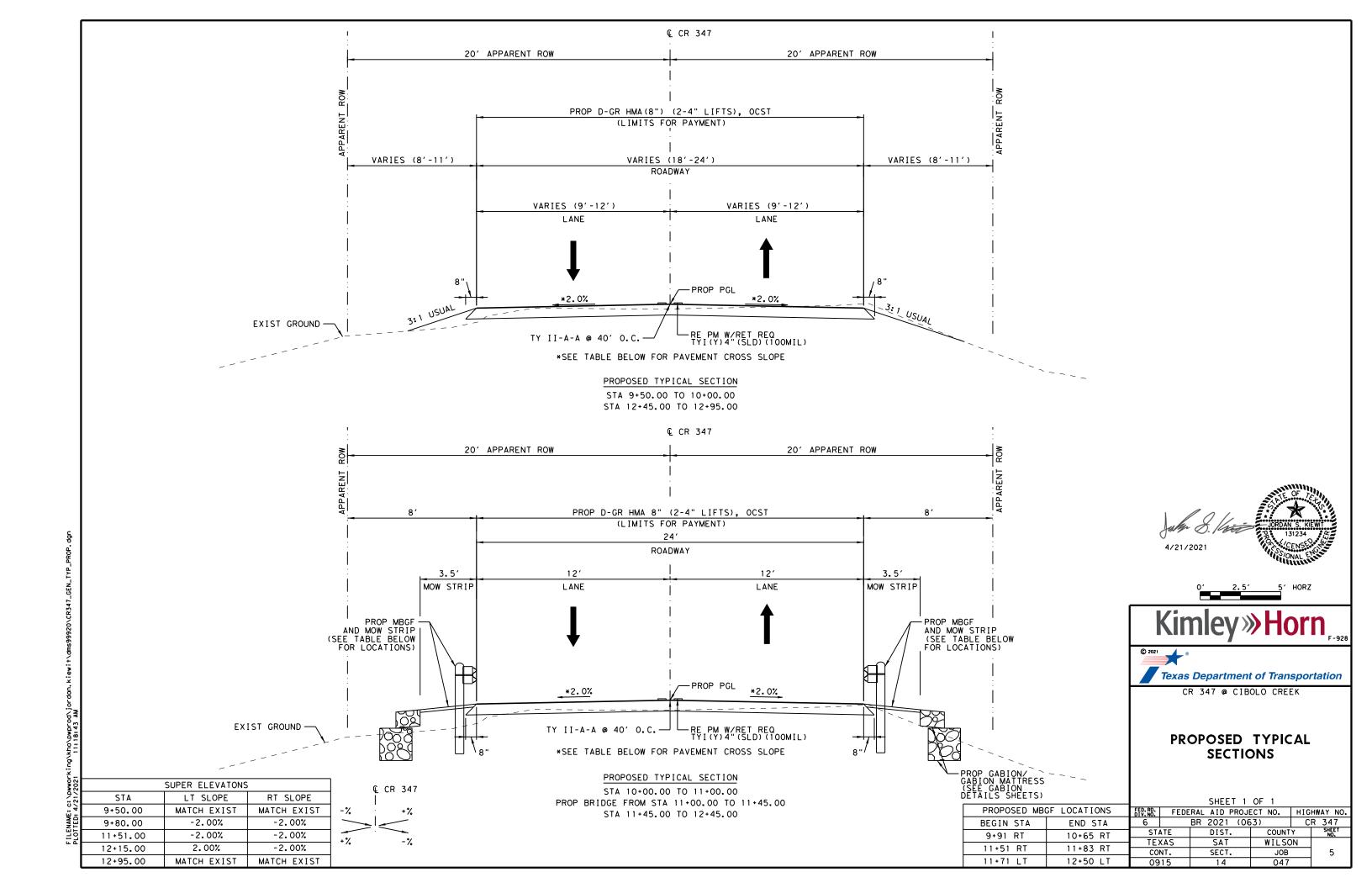








		SHEET	OF I			
. RD.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJ	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.	
6	BR 2021 (063) CR 347					
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS		SAT	WILSON			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		4	
09	15	14	047			



**County:** Wilson

Highway: CR 347

### 2014 Specification Book

Item   Description   Depth   Rate   Area   Quant-Unit   3076 6003   D-GR   HMA   TY-B   (8")   110lb/sy-in   656   sy   289   ton   PG64-22(EXEMPT)     Surface   Treatment   Data   ==================================				
	D-GR HMA TY-B			•
	Surface T	reatment Dat	a =====	
316 6222	Description (One Course)AGGR (TY-PB GR-	,	Rate 1cy/105sy	Area Quant-Unit 703 sy 7 cy
316 6436	(One Course) ASPH(AC-15P OR A	AC-10-2TR)	0.3gal/sy	703 sy 211 gal

132 sy 14 gal

0.1gal/sy

#### --General--

3076 6066 TACK COAT

To better fit field conditions, the cross sections may be varied when approved.

Any materials removed and not reused and determined to be salvageable shall be stored within the project limits at an approved location or delivered undamaged to the storage yard as directed. Properly dispose unsalvageable materials in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Deface traffic signs so that they will not reappear in public as signs.

Any sign panels that are adjusted or removed and replaced, shall be done the same workday unless otherwise approved. This work shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

#### Hurricane Evacuation:

Hurricane Season is from June 1 thru November 30. As the closest metropolitan city inland from the Texas Coast, the City of San Antonio is a major shelter destination during mandatory hurricane evacuations. As such, planned work zone lane or road closures may be restricted and/or suspended during mandatory hurricane evacuation operations. The District will coordinate these restrictions at a minimum H-120 from any projected impact to the Texas Coast.

No time charges will be made if the Engineer determines that work on the project was impacted by the hurricane.

The Engineer may order changes in the Traffic Control Plan to accommodate evacuation traffic, and may suspend the work, all or in part, to ensure timely completion of this work. All work to implement changes in the Traffic Control Plan will be paid through existing bid prices or through Item 9.5, Force Account. However, the Department will not entertain any request for delay

**Control:** 0915-14-047 Sheet 6

**County:** Wilson

**Highway:** CR 347

damages, loss of efficiency that may be attributed to the restriction or suspension of road or lane closures, or to changes in the Traffic Control Plan.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Will.Lockett@txdot.gov Will Lockett, P.E., Area Engineer Carlos Arcila, P.E., Assistant Area Engineer Carlos.Arcila@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

#### --Item 5--

Prior to letting, bidders may obtain a free computer diskette or a computerized transfer of files (from the Engineer's office) that contains the earthwork information. If copies of the crosssections in addition to, or instead of, the CD are requested, they will be available at the Engineer's office for borrowing by copying companies at the bidder's expense.

#### Prevention of Migratory Bird Nesting:

It is anticipated that migratory birds, a protected group of species, may try to nest on bridges, culverts, vegetation, or gravel substrate, at any time of the year. The preferred nesting season for migratory birds is from February 15 through October 1. When practicable, schedule construction operations outside of the preferred nesting season. Otherwise, nests containing migratory birds must be avoided and no work will be performed in the nesting areas until the young birds have fledged.

#### Structures:

Bridge and culvert construction operations cannot begin until swallow nesting prevention is implemented, until after October 1 if it's determined that swallow nesting is actively occurring, or until it's determined swallow nests have been abandoned. If the State installed nesting deterrent on the bridges and culverts, maintain the existing nesting deterrent to prevent swallow nesting until October 1 or completion of the bridge and culvert work, whichever occurs earlier. If new nests are built and occupied after the beginning of the work, do not perform work that can interfere with or discourage swallows from returning to their nests. Prevention of swallow nesting can be performed by one of the following methods:

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

- 1. By February 15 begin the removal of any existing mud nests and all other mud placed by swallows for the construction of nests on any portion of the bridge and culverts. The Engineer will inspect the bridges and culverts for nest building activity. If swallows begin nest building, scrape or wash down all nest sites. Perform these activities daily unless the Engineer determines the need to do this work more frequently. Remove nests and mud through October 1 or until bridge and culvert construction operations are completed.
- 2. By February 15 place a nesting deterrent (which prevents access to the bridge and culvert by swallows) on the entire bridge (except deck and railing) and culverts.

No extension of time or compensation payment will be granted for a delay or suspension of work caused by nesting swallows. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

#### --Item 7--

The total disturbed areas within the project is anticipated at less than one (1) acre. Due to this type of construction, the project qualifies for exclusion under the Construction General Permit (CGP) issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). However; should the sum of the Engineer's anticipated disturbances and the Contractor's (On ROW and off ROW) PSL's equal or exceed the one (1) acre threshold; both TxDOT and the Contractor have project responsibilities under the CGP that reverts to non-exclusion status. Obtain approval for all non-depicted areas of disturbance that increases the initial soil and vegetation disturbed area estimates before work starts at these locations.

Notify the Engineer of the disturbed acreage within one (1) mile of the project limits. Obtain authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSL's for construction support activities on or off ROW.

No significant traffic generators events identified.

#### --Item 8--

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.:Standard Workweek.

Create and maintain a Bar Chart schedule.

**Control:** 0915-14-047 **Sheet 6A** 

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

#### --Item 100--

Begin clearing operations after trees and other areas of vegetation to be protected have been identified and approved. Install fencing around features to be protected as shown in the plans or directed. Coordinate all right of way clearing operations with the SW3P.

Trim and remove brush and trees within the stations noted in the plans and as needed for construction operations. Unless shown otherwise in the plans or a designated non-mow area, perform trimming or removal for areas to the ROW limits. Trim or remove to provide minimum of 5 ft. of horizontal clearance and 7 ft. of vertical clearance for the following: sidewalks, paths, guard fence, rails, signs, object markers, and structures. Trim to provide a minimum of 12 ft. vertical clearance under all trees. This work is subsidiary.

Obtain approval for proposed method of tree and brush trimming and removal. Vertical flailing equipment is not allowed. Treat damaged or cut branches, roots and/or stumps of all oak trees with a commercial tree wound dressing. Disinfect all pruning tools with a solution of 70% alcohol before moving from one tree to another. Unless otherwise approved remove all resulting vegetative debris from the ROW within 24 hours. The Engineer can stop all construction operations if the dressing, cut and removal requirements are not followed.

#### --Item 110--

Where excavation extends beyond a right of way fence, remove and replace the fence to a comparable condition. This work shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item.

#### --Item 132--

At no time shall the retaining wall backfill material exceed the adjacent embankment operation by more than one embankment lift. At no time will the embankment adjacent to the retaining wall backfill exceed the wall backfill by any elevation.

#### --Item 164--

Drill seeding of permanent grasses requires the use of approved grass seeding equipment capable of properly storing and metering the release of small seeds (such as Bermuda grass) separately from fluffy type seeds (such as bluestems). Equipment manufactured for planting grain crops is acceptable for planting temporary cool season seeds, but not for planting the permanent seed mix.

If performing a permanent seeding in an area with established temporary grass cover and mowing is performed instead of tilling, seed and fertilizer may be distributed simultaneously during "Broadcast Seeding" operations, provided each component is applied at the specified rate.

#### --Item 166--

Use a fertilizer with an analysis of 13-13-13 (50% of the total N must be sulfur coated urea) to apply 60 lbs of actual N per acre. This requires 460 lbs of 13-13-13 per acre or .095 lbs per SY of area.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

#### --Item 168--

Apply vegetative watering as needed to supplement natural rainfall during the vegetation establishment period. Plan quantity of irrigation water is based on the application of a total of 1.3 gal of water each week for each sq. yd. of area that is sodded or seeded. Establishment time is estimated to be 12 weeks for both sod and permanent seed mixes. Temporary seeding will require less time for establishment. Provide a schedule and coordinate watering cycles and rates per cycle with the Engineer. Obtain approval if the quantity of water to be applied is expected to exceed the plan quantity. Adjust the amount of water applied with each cycle and the number of cycles each wk. according to actual site conditions. Drought or other conditions, as determined by the Engineer, may require the application of supplemental irrigation during hours other than normal working hours.

#### --Item 247--

There is no minimum PI requirement for this project.

#### --Item 316--

When using latex asphalt, avoid drifting of asphalt onto traffic and adjacent properties.

Asphalt season will be year around, but meet sections 316.4.4.1 through 4.4.3.

Ensure that the asphalt for precoating the aggregate and the asphalt used for the surface treatment will not result in a reaction that may adversely affect the bonding of the aggregate and asphalt during the surface treatment operation.

Do not add bag house fines in the production of precoated material.

#### --Item 420--

Mass concrete will be measured in place.

Restrict large aggregate size to 3/4" maximum for class "C" concrete used in aesthetic details requiring form liners.

Pier and Bent Concrete will be paid for as "Plans Quantity".

#### --Item 422--

For construction of approach slabs, longitudinal joints shall be placed on lane lines. Joints may be either a saw-cut crack control joint or a construction joint. Saw cut joints shall terminate 1'-0" before reaching the edge of the slab, must be saw cut as soon as possible after placement of concrete, and will be cut within 12 hours of concrete placement. Once sawing begins, it should be a continuous operation and should only be stopped if raveling occurs. Saw cut will be to a depth of 1.5" and filled with approved joint sealant.

**Control:** 0915-14-047 Sheet 6B

**County:** Wilson

Highway: CR 347

The bridge approach slab will be poured simultaneously with the bridge deck.

#### --Item 432--

In areas where guard fence posts are to be placed in riprap, the riprap shall have an 18 inch +/-blocked out area (round or square). After the posts are installed, the blocked out area shall be topped off with 4 inches of low strength grout/mortar consisting of about 1 sack of cement per cubic yard of mix.

Match the slope of the Riprap (Mow Strip) to the slope of the adjacent roadway.

#### --Item 496--

The Contractor will submit a demolition plan for all structures to be replaced and/or removed in accordance with Item 496.

Provide for the safety and health of employees and abide by all OSHA Standards and Regulations. All costs incurred for proper management, shall be subsidiary to this Item.

Water to be temporarily diverted for the construction of CR 347 over Cibolo Creek. Diversion of water will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to Item 496.

Demolition of existing bridge to be performed in such a way that debris/material is not allowed to fall in, and impact the waters of Cibolo Creek.

#### --Item 500--

"Materials on Hand" payments will not be considered in determining percentages for mobilization payments.

#### --Item 502--

Place standard markings no later than 14 days after surface treatment operations are completed.

When advanced warning flashing arrow panels and/or changeable message sign is specified, have one standby unit in good condition at the job site. Standby time shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item.

After written notification, the time frame is provided on the Form 599 to provide properly maintained signs and barricades before considered in non-compliance. Failure to make corrections as noted may result in payment for this item being withheld.

Moving an existing sign to a temporary location is subsidiary to this Item. Installations with permanent supports at permanent locations will be paid for under the applicable bid item (s).

Notify the Engineer in writing 10 business days in advance of any temporary or permanent lane, ramp, connector, etc. closures/detours, restrictions to lane widths, alterations to vertical

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

clearances, or modifications to radii. Any other modifications to the roadway that may adversely affect the mobility of oversized/overweight trucks also require 10 business days advance written notice to the Engineer. Unless shown in the TCP, no lane, ramp, connector, etc. closures are allowed during special events. At least one lane has to remain open at all times. Lane closures will not be allowed if this reporting requirement is not met.

Avoid placing stockpiles within the roadway's horizontal clear zone. If a stockpile is placed within the clear zone, address in accordance with the TMUTCD.

Do not place barricades, signs, or any other traffic control devices where they interfere with sight distance at driveways or side streets.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 2 hours or within a reasonable time frame as specified by the Engineer.

If Nighttime work is required and work is not behind positive barrier then full TY 3 reflective gear is required to be worn by all workers, hard hat halos are required to be worn by the flaggers at flagging stations, TY III barricades are required to be spaced at 500 ft, and a mandatory night work meeting is required.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

#### --Item 506--

An Inspector will perform a regularly scheduled SWP3 inspection every 7 calendar days.

Failure to address items noted on the SW3P inspection report within two report cycles may result in the Department stopping all construction operations, exclusive of time charges, or withholding that month's estimate until the SW3P deficiencies are corrected unless the Engineer determines that the area is too wet to correct SW3P deficiencies.

Failure to correctly maintain daily monitoring reports and submitting to TxDOT on a daily/weekly basis may result in the monthly estimate being withheld.

**Control:** 0915-14-047 **Sheet 6C** 

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

#### --Item 540--

MBGF posts shall be round with domed tops, and not painted. If 10 or less timber posts are needed, they may be purchased locally and will be accepted by visual inspection.

Guard fence posts placed in proposed and/or existing areas of riprap, sidewalks or other concrete shall have an 18 inch +/- (square or round) block out in the concrete. After the posts are installed, the blocked out area shall be topped off with 4 inches of low strength grout/mortar consisting of about 1 sack of cement per cubic yard of mix.

When connecting a Thrie-Beam to a concrete wingwall, bridge rail, CTB, etc., drill the holes for bolt placement using rotary or core type equipment. Use a core type drill when reinforcing steel is encountered. Do not use percussion or impact drilling. Repair damage to the concrete and spalls exceeding ½" from the edge of the hole.

#### --Item 542--

Salvage all undamaged/acceptable radius guardrail and deliver to the TxDOT maintenance section yard.

#### --Item 644--

The wedge anchor system shown on State Standard Sheet SMD (TWT) is not allowed.

The set screw type for Triangular Slipbase Systems is not allowed. Use the following products for the Triangular Slipbase System.

Triangular Slip Base Systems
(For use with 10 BWG and Schedule 80 Round Posts)

(1 of use with 10 BWS and senedate 00 Round 1 osts)					
Southern Plains	SPF Triangular Slipbase	Info@SouthernPlainsFabrication.com			
Fabrication	Housing	http://SouthernPlainsFabrication.com			
		(806) 241-0060			
Structural and Steel	Triangular Slipbase	<u>CustServ@s-steel.com</u>			
Products	Breakaway Support	http://s-steelcom			
		(800) 782-5804			

#### --Item 666--

Use TY II material (vs. an acrylic or epoxy) as the sealer for the TY I markings, place the TY II a minimum of 14 calendar days (to provide adequate curing) before placing the TY I markings.

Failure to provide the retroreflectometer testing data within the time specified in the specifications will result in non-payment of the bid item.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 347

#### --Item 672--

Place all adhesive material directly from the heated dispenser to the pavement. Do not use portable or non-heated containers. Use adhesive of sufficient thickness so that when the marker is pressed into the adhesive, 1/8" or more adhesive will remain under 100% of the marker. The adhesive should extend not less than 1/2" but not more than 1 1/2" beyond the perimeter of the marker.

#### --Item 4171--

Install bridge identification numbers shown below for each of the following listed bridges in accordance to the special specification and San Antonio District Standard. Install the bridge identification number on two locations as shown on the plans, or as directed. For bridges in a two-way condition, install the bridge identification number on each outside beam on the upstream side of traffic. For bridges in a one-way condition, install the bridge identification number on each side, opposite corners on each outside beam. For culverts less than 5 ft. in height, install the bridge identification number on the headwall on upstream and downstream location. For culverts greater than 5 ft. in height, install the bridge identification number inside the first barrel on the upstream side of traffic and inside the last barrel on the opposite corner in the direction of traffic.

CR 347 Bridge at Cibolo Creek – NBI # 15-247-AA03-84-002

General Notes Sheet I



## **QUANTITY SHEET**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0915-14-047

**DISTRICT** San Antonio HIGHWAY CR 347

**COUNTY** Wilson

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0915-14	1-047		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00131	L351		
		C	YTNUC	Wilso	on	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
ALT BID CODE DESCRIPTION		HIG	HWAY	CR 34		1	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	3.450		3.450	
Ī	100-6007	PREP ROW (TREE)(GREATER THAN 24" DIA)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	104-6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	155.000		155.000	
Ī	105-6014	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (7"-12")	SY	759.000		759.000	
Ī	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	125.000		125.000	
Ī	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	5.000		5.000	
Ī	164-6021	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(SANDY)	SY	146.000		146.000	
Ī	164-6029	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(WARM)	SY	73.000		73.000	
Ī	164-6031	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(COOL)	SY	73.000		73.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	4.600		4.600	
Ī	169-6002	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY B)	SY	146.000		146.000	
	216-6001	PROOF ROLLING	HR	2.000		2.000	
Ī	316-6222	AGGR(TY-PB GR-3 SAC-B)	CY	7.000		7.000	
Ī	316-6436	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR)	GAL	211.000		211.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	34.000		34.000	
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	102.000		102.000	
	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	820.000		820.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	183.000		183.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	18.400		18.400	
Ī	420-6066	CL C CONC (RAIL FOUNDATION)	CY	7.500		7.500	
	422-6007	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	SF	1,170.000		1,170.000	
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	39.000		39.000	
Ī	425-6012	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	LF	222.500		222.500	
Ī	432-6001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	11.200		11.200	
Ī	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	13.500		13.500	
Ī	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	167.000		167.000	
Ī	454-6004	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	LF	50.400		50.400	
Ī	459-6001	GABIONS (GALV)	CY	232.700		232.700	
Ī	459-6007	GABION MATTRESSES (GALV)(12 IN)	SY	111.600		111.600	
Ī	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
Ţ	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	8.000		8.000	
Ţ	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	225.000		225.000	
Ţ	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	225.000		225.000	
Ţ	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	137.000		137.000	
Ī	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	137.000		137.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	25.000		25.000	

0.7	* a	
TxDOT(	CONNEC	CT

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
San Antonio	Wilson	0915-14-047	7

Report Created On: Apr 27, 2021 12:28:05 PM



## **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0915-14-047

**DISTRICT** San Antonio HIGHWAY CR 347

**COUNTY** Wilson

Report Created On: Apr 27, 2021 12:28:05 PM

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0915-1	4-047		
	PROJE CO		CT ID	A0013	1351	1	
			OUNTY Wilson		on	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	CR 3	47		FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	540-6014	SHORT RADIUS	LF	37.500		37.500	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	1.000		1.000	
	540-6021	MTL THRIE-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	189.000		189.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	644-6023	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYFRP(1)UA(P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000		2.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	658-6094	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 1(WFLX)SRF	EA	5.000		5.000	
	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	31.000		31.000	
	666-6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF	732.000		732.000	
	666-6228	PAVEMENT SEALER 12"	LF	31.000		31.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	42.000		42.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	690.000		690.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	9.000		9.000	
	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF	732.000		732.000	
	678-6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	31.000		31.000	
	3076-6003	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	289.000		289.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	14.000		14.000	
	4171-6001	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	08	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
San Antonio	Wilson	0915-14-047	7A

#### TCP SUMMARY

SPEC ITEM #	6001 6002
ITEM DESCRIPTION	PORTABLE
	CHANGEABLE
	MESSAGE
	SIGN
UNITS	EA
TCP	2
TOTAL	2

#### REMOVAL SUMMARY

SPEC ITEM #	0100 6007	0104 6009	0105 6014	0496 6009	0542 6001
ITEM DESCRIPTION	PREP ROW	REMOVING	REMOVING	REMOV	REMOVE
	(TREE)	CONC	STAB BASE	STR	METAL
	(GREATER	(RIPRAP)	&	(BRIDGE	BEAM
	THAN		ASPH PAV	0-99 FT	GUARD
	24" DIA)		(7"-12")	LENGTH)	FENCE
UNITS	EΑ	SY	SY	EΑ	LF
REMOVAL	1	155	759	1	189
TOTAL	1	155	759	1	189

#### EARTHWORK SUMMARY

	0110 6001	0132 6003
	EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT
LOCATION (STATION TO STATION)	(ROADWAY)	(FINAL)
(STATION TO STATION)		(ORD COMP)
		(TY B)
UNITS	CY	CY
9+50 TO 10+00	0	0
10+00 TO 10+50	0	0
10+50 TO 11+00	33	2.5
BRIDGE		
11+45 TO 11+95	39	2.5
11+95 TO 12+45	53	0
TOTAL	125	5
		<del>-</del>

#### NOTES:

1. TEMPORARY DIVERSION OF WATER FOR REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCTION OF GABIONS AND BRIDGE ELEMENTS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 496.

#### **ROADWAY SUMMARY**

SPEC ITEM #	0100 6002	0420 6066	0432 6001	0432 6045	0450 6006	0540 6001	0540 6014	0540 6016	0540 6021	0544 6001
ITEM DESCRIPTION	PREPARING	CL C CONC	RIPRAP	RIPRAP	RAIL	MTL	SHORT	DOWNSTREAM	MTL	GUARDRAIL
	ROW	(RAIL	(CONC)	(MOW STRIP)	(TY T223)	W-BEAM	RADIUS	ANCHOR	THRIE-BEAM	END
		FOUNDATION)	(4IN)	(4 IN)		GD FEN		TERMINAL	GD FEN	TREATMENT
	*					(TIM POST)		SECTION	(TIM POST)	(INSTALL)
UNITS	STA	CY	CY	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EΑ	EA
9+50 TO 11+00	1.50	5.2	0.2	5.9	37	12.5			1	1
BRIDGE	0.45									
11+45 TO 12+95	1.50	2.3	11	7.6	16	12.5	37.5	1	2	1
			•							
TOTAL	3.45	7.5	11.2	13.5	53	25.0	37.5	1	3	2

<sup>\*</sup> REMOVAL OF CONCRETE DEBRIS/RUBBLE IS CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 100 PREP ROW

#### **PAVEMENT SUMMARY**

			** (	DCST	**	**
		0216 6001	0316 6222	0316 6436	3076 6003	3076 6066
		PROOF	AGGR	ASPH	D-GR HMA	TACK
	SURFACE	ROLLING	(TY-PB GR-3	(AC-15P	TY-B	COAT
LOCATION	AREA		SAC-B)	OR	PG64-22	
				AC-10-2TR)	(EXEMPT)	
			1 CY / 105 SY	0.30 GAL / SY	110 LB / SY/IN	0.10 GAL / SY
	SY	HR	SY	SY	SY	SY
TRANSITION	22		22	22		
9+50 TO 11+00	315	1	315	315	315	63
BRIDGE						
11+45 TO 12+95	341	1	341	341	341	69
TRANSITION	25		25	25		
TOTAL	703	2	703	703	656	132

<sup>\*\*</sup>REFER TO BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR BID ITEM QUANTITIES





CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

#### SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 1 OF 2

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJE	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.			
6	BR 2021 (063) CR 347							
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.			
TE	TEXAS SAT		WILSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		8			
09	15	5 14 047						

	0402 6001	0403 6001	0459 6001	0459 6007
	TRENCH	TEMPORARY	GABIONS	GABION
LOCATION	EXCAVATION	SPL	(GALV)	MATTRESSES
	PROTECTION	SHORING		(GALV)
				(12 IN)
UNITS	LF	SF	CY	SY
SLOPE PROTECTION "1"			4.6	0.5
ABUTMENT AND WINGWALLS 1	51	350	101.5	6.5
ABUTMENT AND WINGWALLS 2	51	350	106.4	6.6
SLOPE PROTECTION "2"			5.4	0.5
SLOPE PROTECTION "3"		120	14.8	
CHANNEL PROTECTION				97.5
TOTAL	102.0	820	232.7	111.6

#### BRIDGE

SPEC ITEM #	0400 6005	0416 6002	0420 6013	0422 6007	0422 6015	0425 6012	0450 6006	0454 6004	4171 6001
ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM	DRILL	CL C CONC	REINF	APPROACH	PRESTR	RAIL	ARMOR	STENCILING
	STABIL	SHAFT	(ABUT)	CONC SLAB	SLAB	CONC	(TY T223)	JOINT	PERMANENT
	BKFL	(24 IN)		(SLAB BEAM)		SLAB BEAM		(SEALED)	STRUCTURE
						(5SB15)			NUMBERS
BRIDGE COMPONENT	CY	LF	CY	SF	CY		LF	LF	EA
2 - ABUTMENTS	34	183	18.4		39		114.0	50.4	
1 - 45.00' PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM UNIT				1,170		222.50			
									2
TOTAL	34	183	18.4	1,170	39	222,50	114.0	50.4	_

### NOTES:

1. TEMPORARY DIVERSION OF WATER FOR REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCTION OF GABIONS AND BRIDGE ELEMENTS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 496.

#### SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING SUMMARY

SPEC ITEM #	0644 6001	0644 6023	0644 6076	0658 6014	0658 6062	0658 6094	0666 6042	0666 6224	0666 6228	0666 6303	0666 6315	0672 6009	0678 6001	0678 6006
ITEM DESCRIPTION	IN SM	IN SM	REMOVE	INSTL DEL	INSTL DEL	INSTL DEL	REFL PAV	PAVEMENT	PAVEMENT	RE PM	RE PM	REFL PAV	PAV SURF	PAV SURF
	RD SN	RD SN	SM RD SN	ASSM	ASSM	ASSM	MRK TY I	SEALER	SEALER	W∕ RET REQ	W∕ RET REQ	MRKR	PREP FOR	PREP FOR
	SUP&AM	SUP&AM	SUP&AM	(D-SW)SZ	(D-SW)SZ	(D-DW)SZ	(W) 12"	4"	12"	TY I (W) 4"	TY I (Y) 4"	TY II-A-A	MRK (4")	MRK (12")
	TY 10BWG(1)	TYFRP(1)		(BR)CTB	1 (BRF) GF2	1 (WFLX) SRF	(SLD)			(SLD)	(SLD)			
	SA(P)	UA (P)		(BI)	(BI)		(100MIL)			(100MIL)	(100MIL)			
UNITS	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	LF
SIGNING AND														
PAVEMENT	3	2	2	6	8	5	31	732	31	42	690	9	732	31
MARKINGS														
TOTAL	3	2	2	6	8	5	31	732	31	42	690	9	732	31

#### SW3P SUMMARY

SPEC ITEM #	0164 6021	0164 6029	0164 6031	0166 6002	0168 6001	0169 6002	0506 6020	0506 6024	0506 6038	0506 6039
ITEM DESCRIPTION	CELL FBR	CELL FBR	CELL FBR	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE	SOIL RETENTION	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	TEMP SDMT	TEMP SDMT
	MLCH SEED	MLCH SEED	MLCH SEED	*	WATERING	BLANKETS	EXITS	EXITS	CONT	CONT
	(PERM)	(TEMP)	(TEMP)			(CL 1)(TY B)	(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)	FENCE	FENCE
	(RURAL)	(WARM)	(COOL)				(TY 1)		(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)
	(SANDY)									
UNITS	SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	SY	SY	SY	LF	LF
SW3P	146	73	73	0.1	4.6	146	225	225	137	137
										·
TOTAL	146	73	73	0.1	4.6	146	225	225	137	137

\* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY



#### SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 2 OF 2

NO.	FEDE	RAL AID	PROJI	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.			
6	BR 2021 (063) CR 347								
STAT	ΓE	DIS	Т.	COUN	ITY	SHEET NO.			
TEXA	EXAS SAT		WILSON						
CONT.		SECT.		JOB		9			
091	5	14		04	7				

				SUMMARY	OF SM	ΙΑΙ	LL SIG	NS					
PLA SHEE NO.	ET SI		SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE  UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	MOUI PREFABRICATEI	XX (X-XXXX)  NTING DESIGNATION  DIEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
ges resulting fro			_ W8-19oTP	FLOOD GAUGE	18" X 12"				·				ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
d to other formats or for incorrect results or dama 84	1	1	- W8-19	FEET -54321-	12" X 72"		FRP	1	UA	P			Square Feet Minimum Thickness  Less than 7.5 0.080"  7.5 to 15 0.100"  Greater than 15 0.125"  The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.  http://www.txdot.gov/
this standard			_ W8-190TP	FLOOD GAUGE	18" X 12"								design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Enginee
78	2	2	- W8-19	FEET -543211-	12" X 72"		FRP	1	UA	Р			will verify all sign support locations  2. For installation of bridge mount clear signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Si Assembly (BMCS) Standard Sheet.  3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, se Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD (GEN)  Traffic Operations Division Division Division Standard
	+	+		NO									SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
78	3	3	R19-5T	DUMPING ALLOWED	24" X 30"		1 OBWG	1	SA	P			SOSS   SHEET 1 OF 2

T		<u> </u>	SUMMARY	OF SN		a SM I	RD SO		XXXX (X)	XX ( <u>X</u> -XXXX)	BRIDGE	
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM (TYPE	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglas TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POST s	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN PREFABRICATED	ITING DESIGNATION  1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext  BM = Extruded Wind Beam  WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2)  TY = TYPE  TY N TY S	
78	4 —	W1-3R - W13-1P	15 MPH	30" X 30"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS  Square Feet Minimum Thickness  Less than 7.5 0.080"  7.5 to 15 0.100"  Greater than 15 0.125"
78	5 —	W1-3R - W13-1P	15 MPH	30" X 30"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.  http://www.txdot.gov/  NOTE:  1. Sign supports shall be located as she on the plans, except that the Enginemay shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the
												Contractor shall stake and the Engine will verify all sign support location  2. For installation of bridge mount cleating signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sasembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.  3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GE)
												Traffic Operation Division Texas Department of Transportation Standard SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS   SHEET 2 OF 2

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. TRAFFIC MUST BE HANDLED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A SAFE AND COMFORTABLE PASSAGE FOR VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC WITH MINIMAL INCONVENIENCE TO THE PUBLIC AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE/RECOMMEND MODIFICATION TO THE SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE ENGINEER. ANY MAJOR RECOMMENDATION MODIFICATION BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE ANY CHANGES TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS, IMPACT TO TRAFFIC, EFFECT OF OVERALL PROJECT IN TIME AND COST, ETC. IF THIS PROPOSAL IS IMPLEMENTED, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING DETAILED PLAN SHEETS TO BE SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR INCLUSION WITH THE CHANGE ORDER, THE CONTRACTOR CANNOT PROCEED WITH ANY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS BASED ON A REVISED PHASE/SEQUENCE UNTIL WRITTEN APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE ENGINEER. IF AT ANY TIME DURING CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED PLAN OF OPERATION FOR HANDLING TRAFFIC DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR SAFE AND COMFORTABLE MOVEMENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL IMMEDIATELY CHANGE THEIR OPERATION TO CORRECT THE UNSATISFACTORY CONDITION.
- 3. DO NOT STORE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT AT ANY LOCATION THAT WILL CONSTITUTE A HAZARD AND WILL ENDANGER TRAFFIC.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE ADVANCE NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER OF IMPENDING/UPCOMING LANE CLOSURES. SEE GENERAL NOTES OR NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
- 5. ACCESS TO ADJOINING PROPERTY MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. TEMPORARY DRAINAGE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF BARRICADES, WARNING AND DIRECTIONAL SIGNS TO DELINEATE TRAFFIC FOR ANY DETOURS OR CLOSURES. THE CONTRACTOR MAY, WITH THE APPROVAL AND/OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER BE REQUIRED TO VARY THE NUMBER AND LOCATIONS OF SIGNS AND BARRICADES FROM THAT INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- 8. REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF EXISTING ABANDONED UTILITIES (EITHER PREVIOUSLY ABANDONED OR ABANDONED DURING THIS PROJECT) REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THIS PROJECT'S CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE OVERALL PREPARE RIGHT-OF-WAY (ITEM 100).
- 9. ALL SEQUENCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COORDINATED TO COINCIDE WITH ANY PROJECTS WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.
- 10. COVER PERMANENT SIGNS IF NOT USED. THIS IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 11. NOTIFY AND INCLUDE COPIES OF THE DETOUR MAP AND APPROXIMATE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE TO THE LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, SHERIFF, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICES, AND THE SCHOOL DISTRICT SO ROUTES CAN BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED.

#### SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

THIS PROJECT WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ONE PHASE. A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THIS PHASE IS AS FOLLOWS:

- PLACE DETOUR SIGNS AND BARRICADES UTILIZING BC (10) -14 AND TCP PLANS.
- 2. PLACE SWP3 DEVICES.
- 3. PLACE PROTECTIVE MEASURES TO PROTECT THE WATERS OF CIBOLO CREEK FROM MATERIAL/DEBRIS ASSOCIATED WITH THE DEMOLITION OF THE EXISTING BRIDGE.
- 4. REMOVE EXISTING STRUCTURE AND PAVEMENT.
- 5. TEMPORARILY DIVERT WATER FOR DRILLED SHAFT CONSTRUCTION.
- 6. CONSTRUCT DRILLED SHAFTS.
- 7. CONSTRUCT ABUTMENT CONCRETE.
- 8. CONSTRUCT GABION BLOCKS AT ABUTMENT FACES.
- 9. CONSTRUCT PRESTRESSED SLAB BEAMS.
- 10. CONSTRUCT REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB AND BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB.

- 11. CONSTRUCT T223 BRIDGE RAIL.
- 12. PERFORM ROADWAY EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT.
- 13. CONSTRUCT GABION BLOCKS AT WINGWALLS AND SLOPE STABILIZATION.
- 14. CONSTRUCT TRF & T223 RAIL.
- 15. CONSTRUCT MBGF AND ELEMENTS.
- 16. CONSTRUCT 8" OF HMA.
- 17. PLACE FIRST COURSE AND CURE.
- 18. INSTALL PERMANENT SIGNING AND STRIPING.
- 19. REMOVE SW3P DEVICES.
- 20. PERFORM FINAL CLEANUP.
- 21. REMOVE DETOUR SIGNS AND BARRICADES.

#### HAULING EQUIPMENT

- 1. THE USE OF RUBBER-TIRED EQUIPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED FOR MOVING DIRT OR OTHER MATERIALS ALONG OR ACROSS PAVEMENT SURFACES. WHERE THE CONTRACTOR DESIRES TO MOVE ANY EQUIPMENT NOT LICENSED FOR OPERATION ON PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, ON OR ACROSS PAVEMENT, THEY SHALL PROTECT THE PAVEMENT FROM DAMAGE AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONDUCT THEIR HAULING OPERATIONS IN A MANNER SUCH THAT VEHICLES WILL NOT HAUL OVER PREVIOUSLY RECOMPACTED SUBGRADE OR COMPACTED BASE MATERIAL, EXCEPT IN SHORT SECTIONS FOR DUMPING MANIPULATIONS.

#### FINAL CLEAN UP

1. UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK AND BEFORE FINAL ACCEPTANCE AND FINAL PAYMENT IS MADE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAR AND REMOVE FROM THE SITE ALL SURPLUS AND DISCARDED MATERIALS AND DEBRIS OF EVERY KIND AND LEAVE THE ENTIRE PROJECT IN A SMOOTH NEAT AND SIGHTLY CONDITION.

#### PAYMENT

1. ALL BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND FLAGGERS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING." ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE PAID UNDER ITEM 506, "TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS." ALL OTHER WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED IN THE PLANS.

#### **SAFETY**

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE, CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN BARRICADES AND SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE STANDARDS BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14. ANY SIGNS REQUIRED THAT ARE NOT DETAILED IN THE STANDARD SHEETS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND THE "STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS."
- 2. BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. THIS SHALL BE CONSIDERED THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY OF TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN OTHER SUCH BARRICADES AND SIGNS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER OR AS DIRECTED BY FIELD CONDITIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC IN SAFETY AT ALL TIMES.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN FLAGGERS AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, AT SUCH POINTS AND FOR SUCH PERIODS OF TIME AS MAY BE REQUIRED, TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE TRAVELING PUBLIC AND THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP THE ROADWAY CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT AND OTHER MATERIALS DURING HAULING OPERATIONS. IF THE CONTRACTOR DOES NOT MAINTAIN A CLEAN ROADWAY, THEY SHALL CEASE ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, TO CLEAN THE ROADWAY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER.





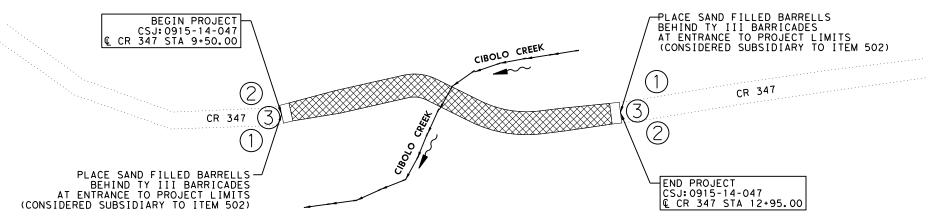


TCP GENERAL NOTES
AND NARRATIVE

SHEET 1 OF 1

	SCHEDULE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES																	
CATION	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW	STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER	BEGIN WORK ZONE PRANT PROT PROT PROT PROT PROT PROT PROT PRO	SPEED LIMIT XX	ROAD CLOSED 500 FT	ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT	EEGN ROAD WORK NEXT MLES NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR	ROAD CLOSED		END WORK ZONE	END ROAD WORK	DETOUR AHEAD	ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AVEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY	ROAD CLOSED	OR 347 DETOUR	CR 347 DETOUR	CR 347 DETOUR	ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AFEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY
١	R20-3T	G20-10T	G20-9TP R20-5T R20-5aTP	R2-1	CW20-3C	CW20-3B	G20-5T G20-6T	R11-2	TY III	G20-2bT	G20-2a	CW20-2D	R11-3a	R11-2 M4-10L	MR-12T M4-9L	MR-12T M4-9R	MR-12T M4-9S	R11-3a
1	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X												
2										X	X							
3							X	X	X									
4												X	X	X	X	X	X	X





ROAD CLOSURE DETAIL

#### LEGEND



WORK ZONE

#### ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS LEGEND:

- (1)to be used at the beginning of the project and entering side streets.
- (2) TO BE USED AT THE END OF THE PROJECT LIMITS AND EXITING SIDE STREETS.
- TO BE USED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PROJECT LIMITS. BARRICADES TO BE PLACED BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS AND SHALL REMAIN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 4) TO BE USED ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE PROJECT PER THE DETOUR LAYOUT.

#### NOTES:

- COUNTY ROAD 347 FROM FARM ROAD 1346 TO FARM ROAD 775 WILL BE CLOSED TO THE THROUGH TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. LOCATIONS SHOWN FOR SIGNING ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR VISUAL AID. EXACT LOCATIONS AND SIGN SPACING ARE TO BE ACCORDING TO TEXAS MUTCD, BARRICADE & TCP STANDARDS, OR AS DIRECTED. TYPE 3 BARRICADES TO BE PLACED IN A LOCATION THAT IS SATISFACTORY TO THE ENGINEER. ALLOW EGRESS AND INGRESS FOR LOCAL PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL TIMES.
- 3. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SETUP AND DEVICES ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TEXAS MUTCD) & TXDOT STANDARDS.
- 4. ANY SIGNS LISTED ON THIS SHEET AND ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNS REQUIRED ARE TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502. ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNS REQUESTED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "BC" STANDARD SHEETS, THE "TCP" STANDARD SHEETS AND/OR THE TEXAS MUTCD.

- BARRICADES ARE NOT TO BE USED AS A SIGN SUPPORT.
  SUPPORT FOR SIGNS SHALL BE TEMPORARY, FIXED OR PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS,
  AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "BC" STANDARD
  SHEETS AND THE TEXAS MUTCD.
- ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC IS TO BE REGULATED SO AS TO CAUSE A MINIMUM OF INCONVENIENCE TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC. AT TIMES WHEN IT IS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT OR TRUCKS TO STOP, UNLOAD, OR CROSS ROADWAYS UNDER TRAFFIC, WARNING SIGNS AND FLAGGERS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS NECESSARY TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
- 7. BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS ON THE SHEET ARE THE MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION ZONE SIGNING. ADDITIONAL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, ARROW PANELS, CONES, ETC. REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT "BC" STANDARDS AND THE TEXAS MUTCD MAY BE REQUIRED IN AREAS OF ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION.



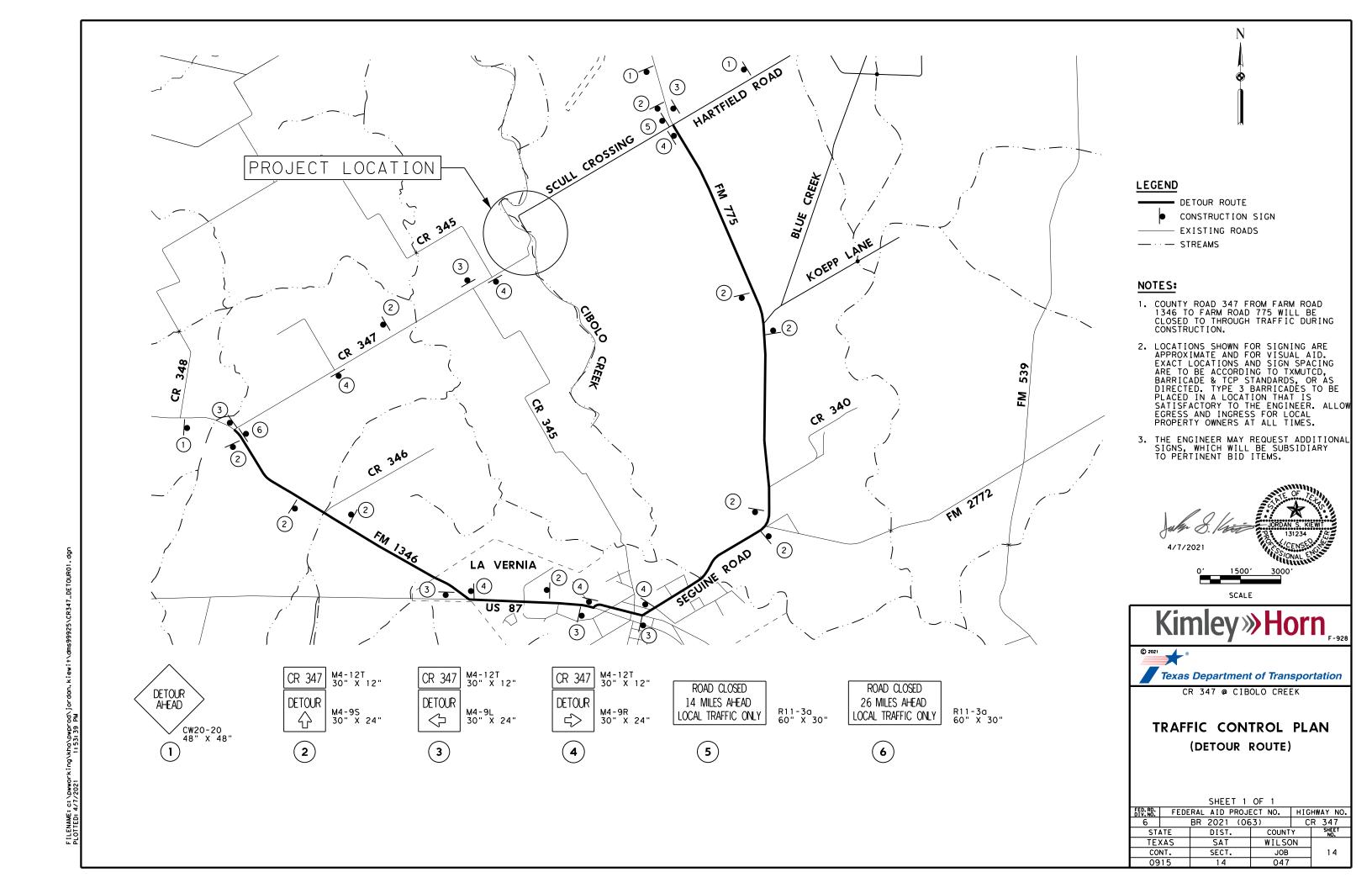


CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
(ADVANCE WARNING LAYOUT)

SHEET	1 OF	1
-------	------	---

	SHEET TOT T										
D.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.											
6											
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.						
TE	XAS	SAT	WILSO	Ž							
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		13						
09	15	14	047								

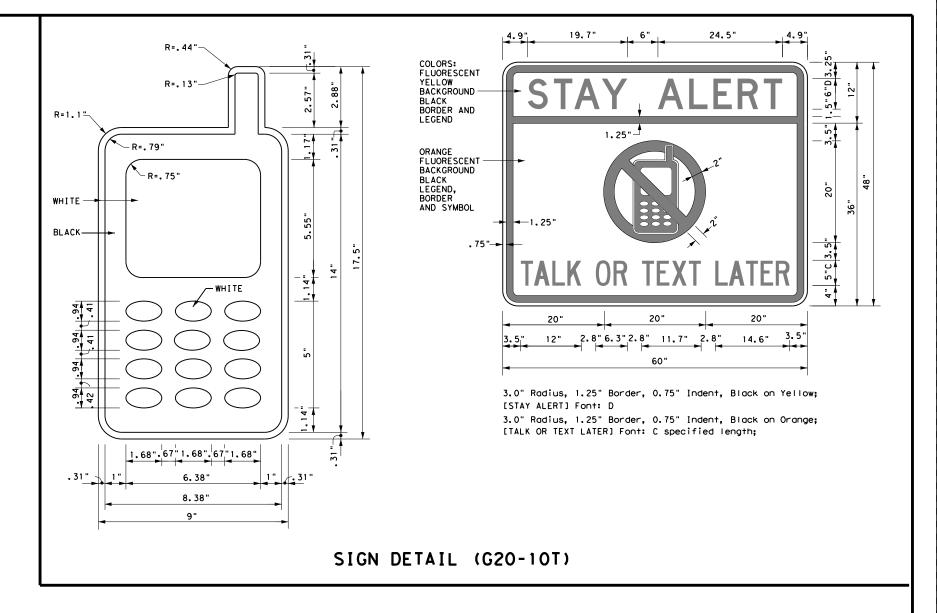


#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

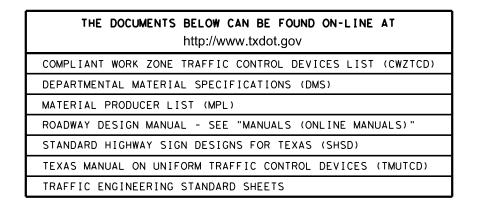
#### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



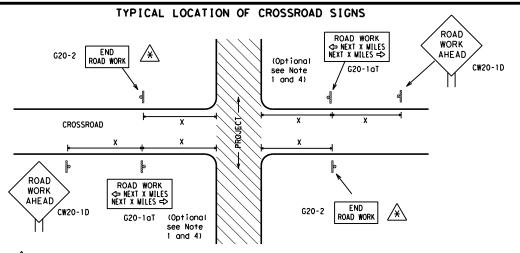




# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

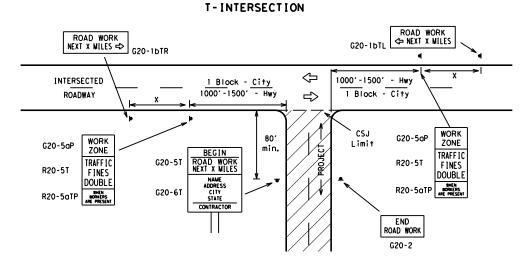
BC(1)-14

.E:	bc-14.	dgn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	Novemb	per 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY	
	REVIS		0915	14	047		CR	347	
-03 -07	5-10 7-13	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-01	1-13		SAT		WILSO	N		15	



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.



#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

#### Sign onventional Expressway. Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" × 48' 48" x 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

#### SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign <sup>A</sup> Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\Delta$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

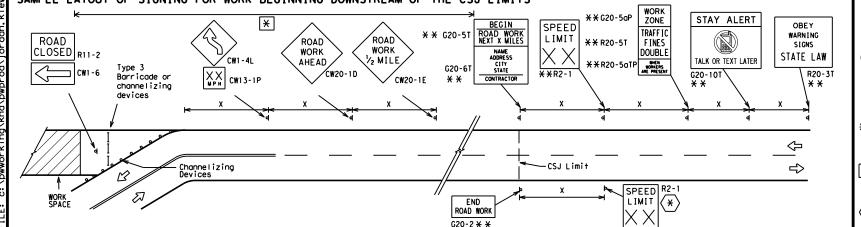
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP \* \* SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 (as appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5T\* \* WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBL F SIGNS CW20-1D R20-5gTPX X ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER \* \*R2-CW13-1P ROAD \* \*G20-6 WORK R20-3T X > WORK G20-10T \* \* AHEAD CONTRACTOR lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or (MPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ Beginning of — $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED END (\*) WORK ZONE G20-25T \* \* R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still **NOTES** G20-2 \* \*

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ш	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
•	Sign
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



Operation Division Standard

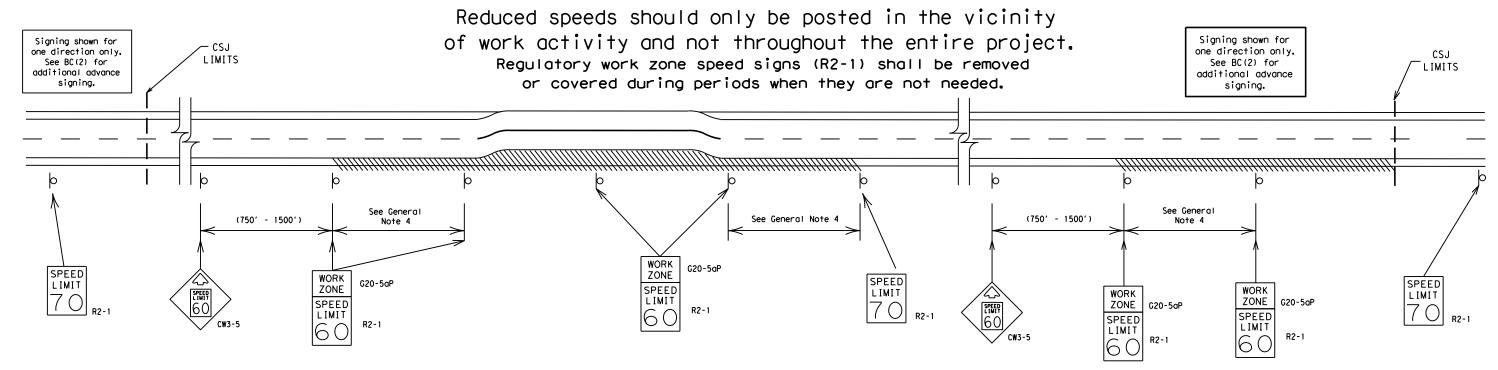
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDO</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDO
CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
0915	14	047		CR	347
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
SAT		WILSO	N		16
	CONT 0915	CONT SECT 0915 14	CONT         SECT         JOB           0915         14         047           DIST         COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 0915 14 047 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HII  O915 14 O47 CR  DIST COUNTY

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

o.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



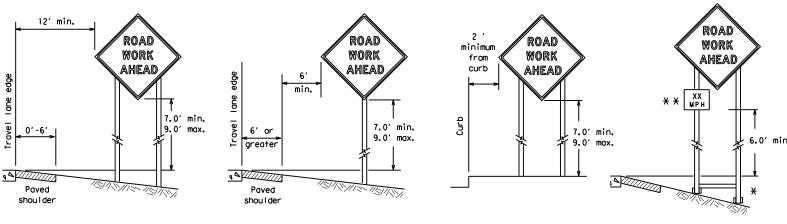
Traffic Operations Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

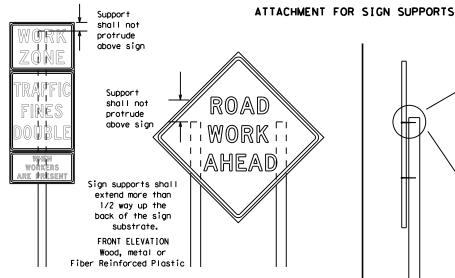
:	bc-14.dgn	DN: Tx[	T00	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
		0915	14	047		CR	347
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
'-13		SAT		WILSO	N		17

#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

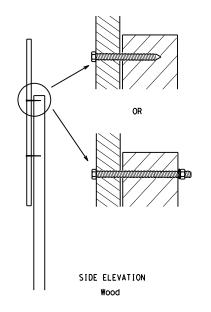


- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

  Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

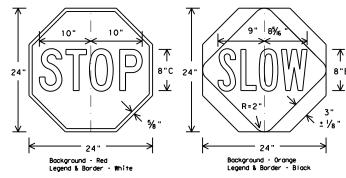


Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



## CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
  attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
  show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
  of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
  Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
  quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- . When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- I. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor
  or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the
  Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary
  to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
  work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
  Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
  regard to croshworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - . Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
  - Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
  the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
  intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
   Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

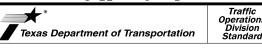
- . Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.

  3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. I. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact, Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

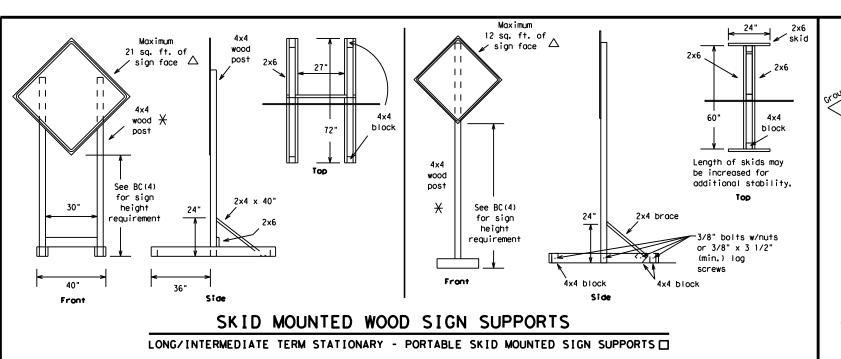


## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-14

ILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: I)	KDO1	ck: [xD0]	DW:	TXDOT	ck: [xDO]
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
		0915	14	047		CR	347
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		SAT		WILSO	N		18





·9 sq. ft. or less-

thinwall plastic

1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 11 foot

1 3/4" galv. round with 5/16" holes or 1 3/4" x 1 3/4"

pin at angle

match sideslope

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

-2" x 2"

12 ga.

upright

needed to

square tubing -

0000

10mm extruded

sign only

12 ga post (DO NOT SPLICE) 16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign substrate listed in section J.2.d of

the CWZTCD, except 5/8" plywood.

1/2" plywood is allowed. -

1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 129"

telescopes into sleeve

tubing diagonal brace

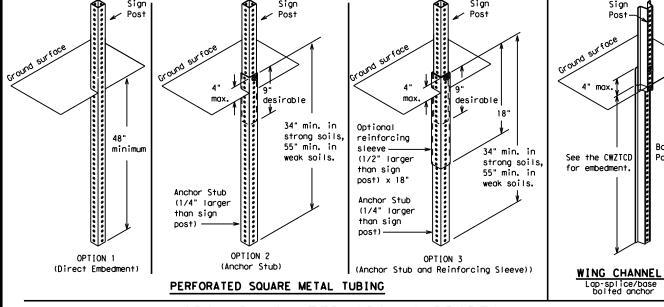
(hole to hole) 12 ga. support

1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 52" (hole

1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 32" (hole to hole) 12 ga. square perforated

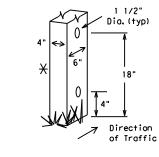
to hole) 12 ga. square perforated

-3/8" X 4-1/2 gr. 5 BOLT (TYP.)



## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



Ø 3/8" x 3" gr. 5 bolt (2 per support) joining

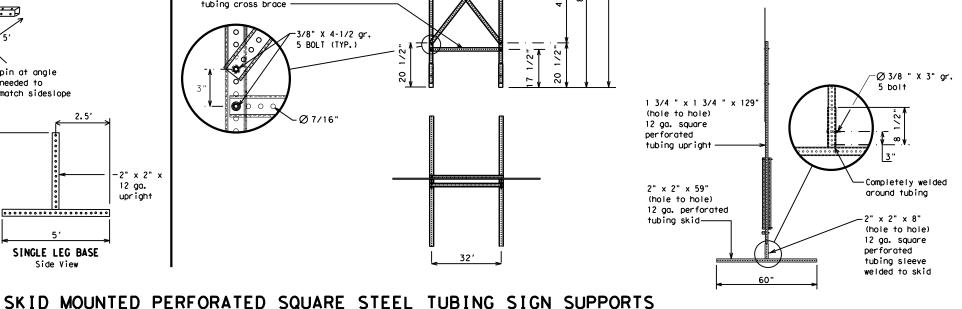
sign panel and supports

1/2"

32'

Nominal	Number	Maximum	Minimum	Drilled	
Post	of	Sq. feet of	Soil	Hole(s)	
Size	Posts	Sign Face	Embedment	Required	
4 x 4	1	12	36"	NO	
4 x 4	2	21	36"	NO	
4 × 6	1	21	36"	YES	
4 v 6	2	36	36"	YFS	

WOOD POST SYSTEM FOR GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



#### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - $\times$  Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

### BC(5)-14

		_						
FILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT	ск: TxDO	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		SAT	T WILSON			19		

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Road	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXXX			

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR  NEXT X EXITS  USE XXXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT I - XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH EXPECT DELAYS TRUCKS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES  WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	<b>*</b> * Se	e Application Guidelines No	ote 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

## SHEET 6 OF 12



Operation Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

	FILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
	© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
	REVISIONS 9-07 8-14		0915 14		047		CR 347	
			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	7-13		SAT		WILSO	N		20

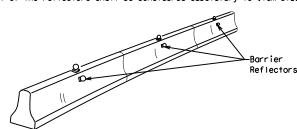
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

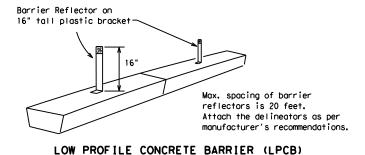
30 square inches

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

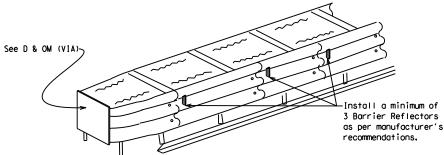


#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.







#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

## WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in
- order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes. 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

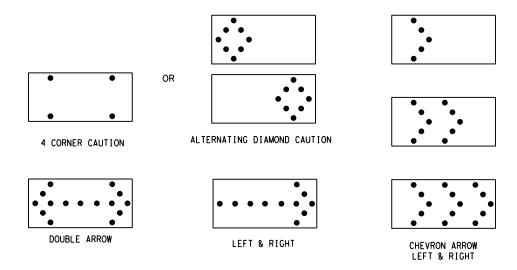
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Operation: Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 14

FILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS		0915	14	047		CR	347
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13		SAT	NOZITW TAZ		21		

### 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

the primary channelizing device.

For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections

one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the

- cones in proper position and location.

  3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as
- approved by the Engineer.

  4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

(CWZTCD).

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be nell down while separating the arum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

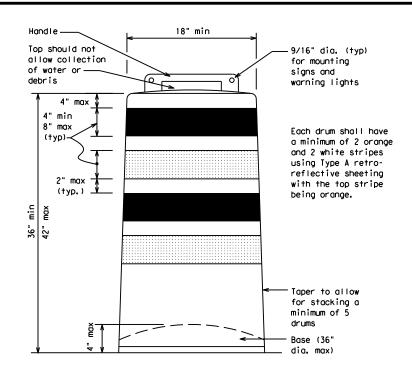
 The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.

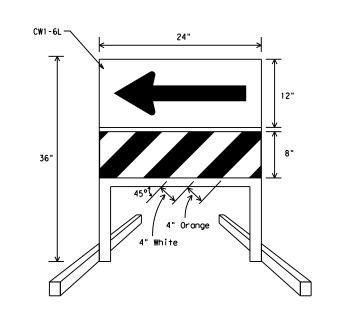
10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

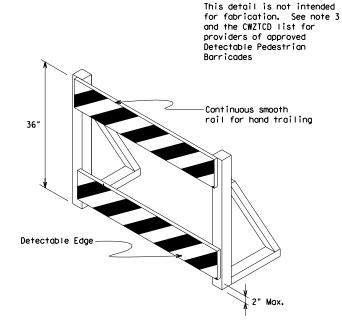




#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

  2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub>or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
   Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.

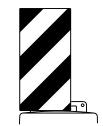


#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

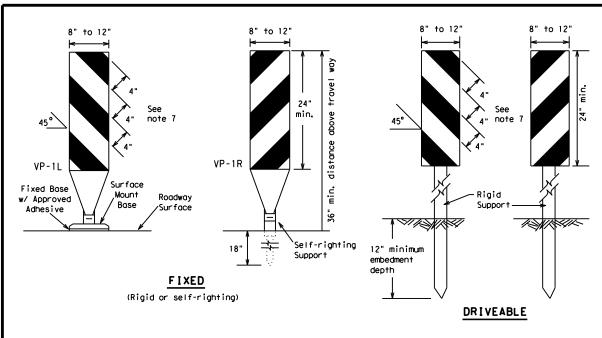


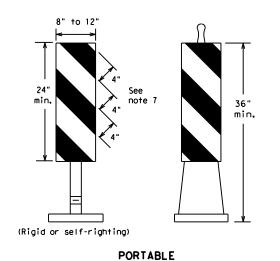
Traffic Operations Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

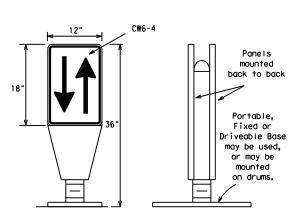
ILE: bc-14.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
	0915	14 047		CR 347		
4-03 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
9-07 8-14	SAT		WILCO	N		22





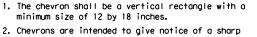
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
   Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
  6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,
- unless noted otherwise.
  7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

#### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

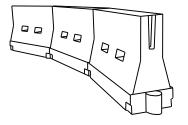


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- I. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
   Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55°	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130'	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

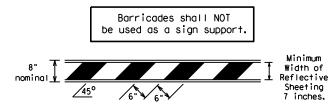
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -14

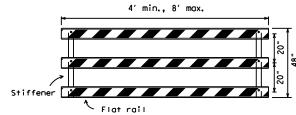
ILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: Tx	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	CHWAY
		0915	14	047		CR	347
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		SAT		WILSO	N		23

## TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

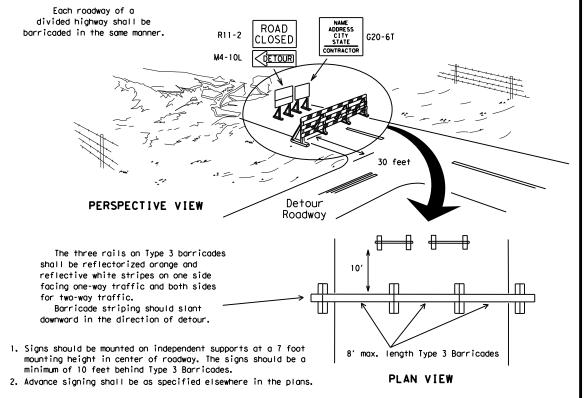


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

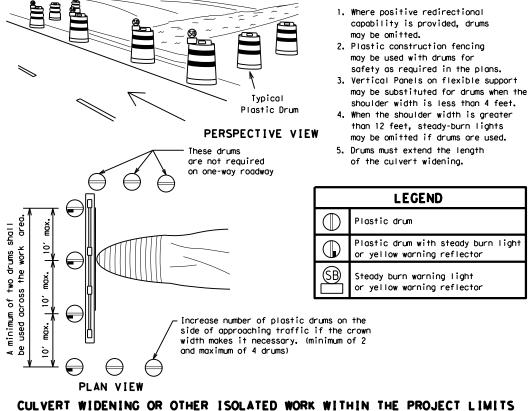


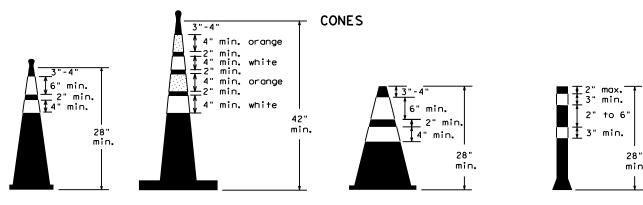
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

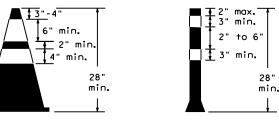


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

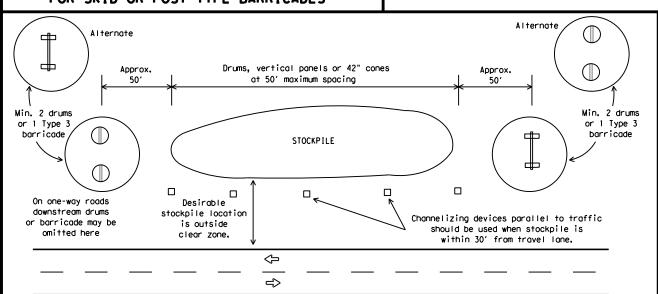




Two-Piece cones



Tubular Marker One-Piece cones



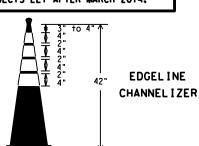
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

#### THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch. two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

#### SHEET 10 OF 12



## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

## BC(10)-14

E:	bc-14.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	ı
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	NT SECT JOB		HIC	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS		0915	15 14 047			CR 347		
9-07	· ·			COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		SAT		WILSO	N		24	

#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

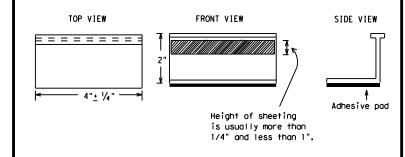
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Operation: Division Standard



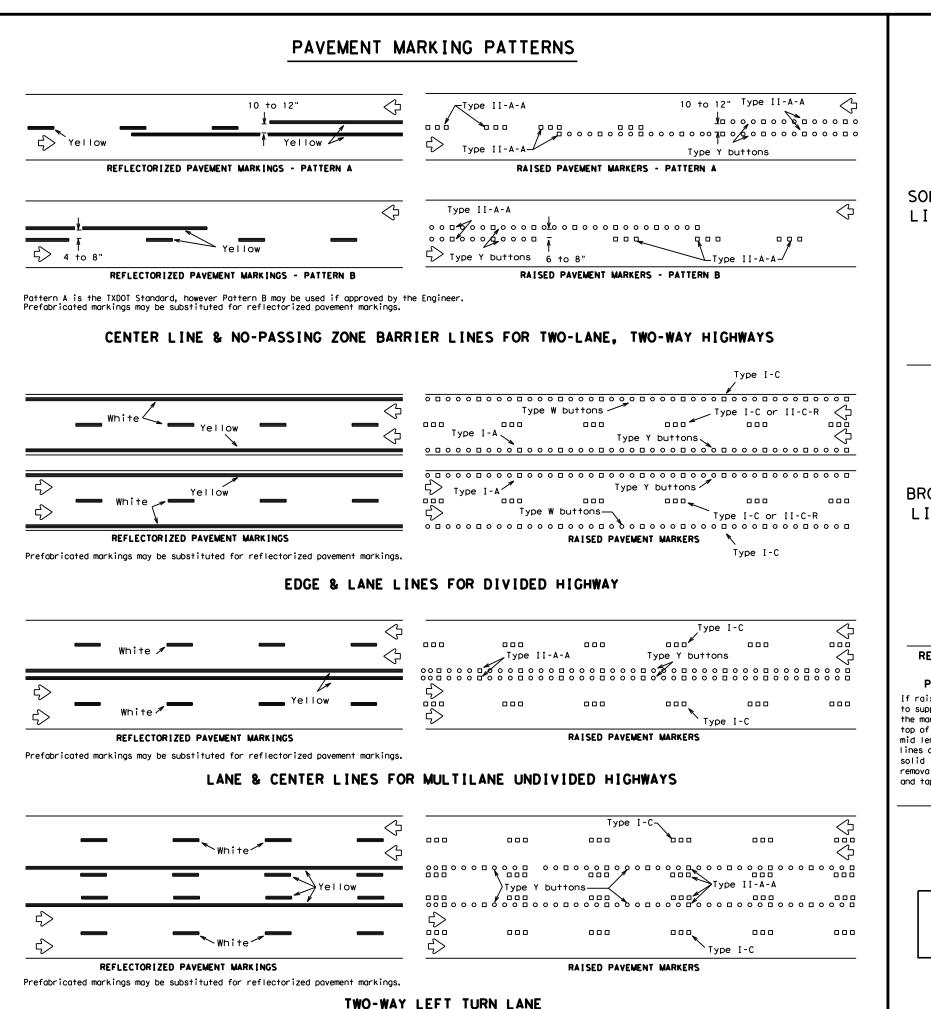
Texas Department of Transportation

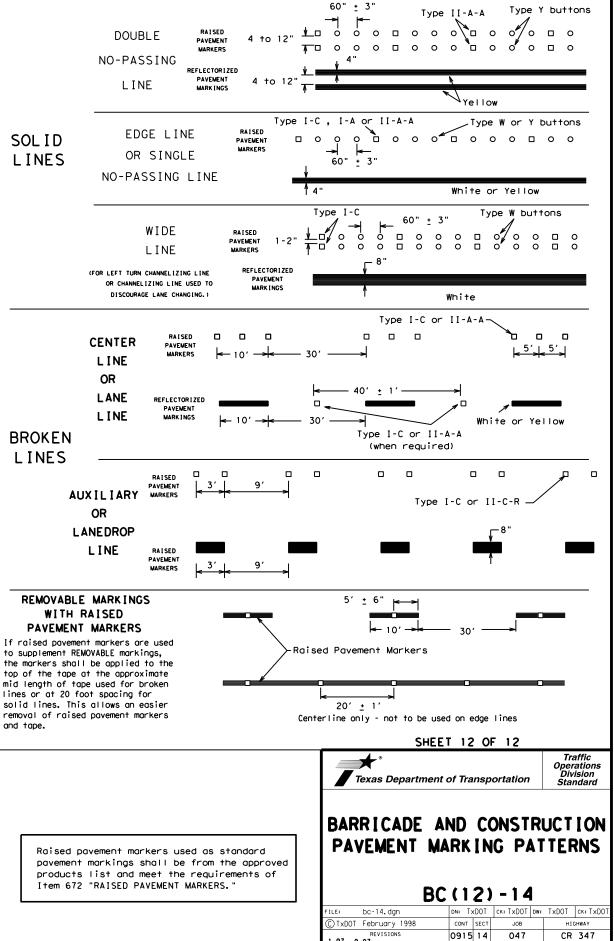
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

E: bc-14.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
	0915	14	047		CR 347	
98 9-07 02 7-13	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
02 8-14	SAT		WILSO	N		25

105

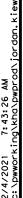


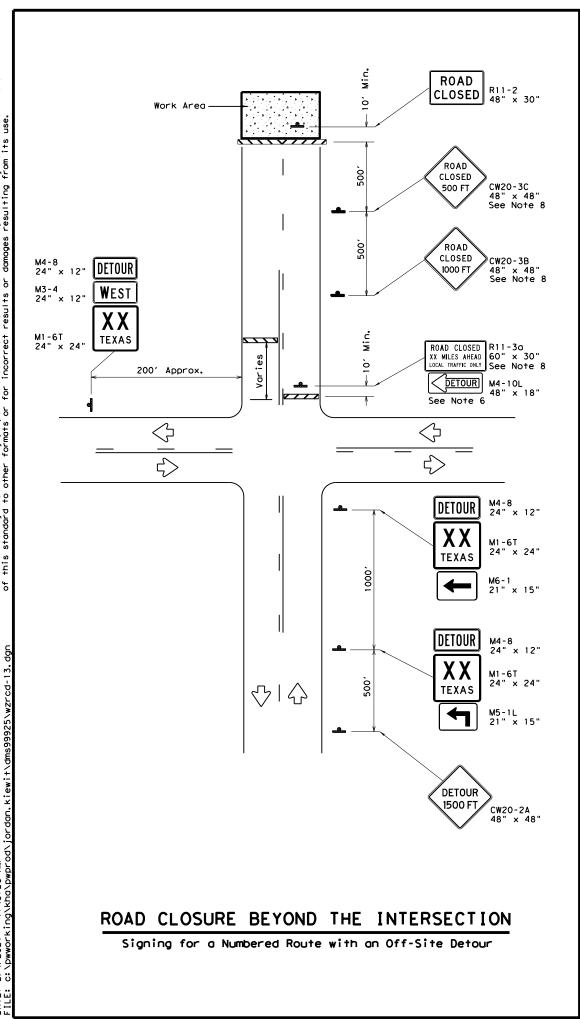


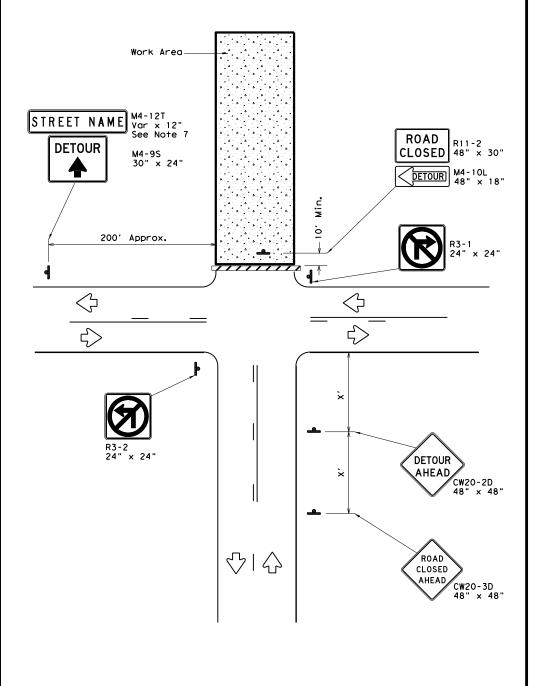
2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

WILSON

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS







ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION
----------------------------------

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND						
Type 3 Barricade						
4	Sign					

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- 9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

**WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS** 

WZ (RCD) - 13

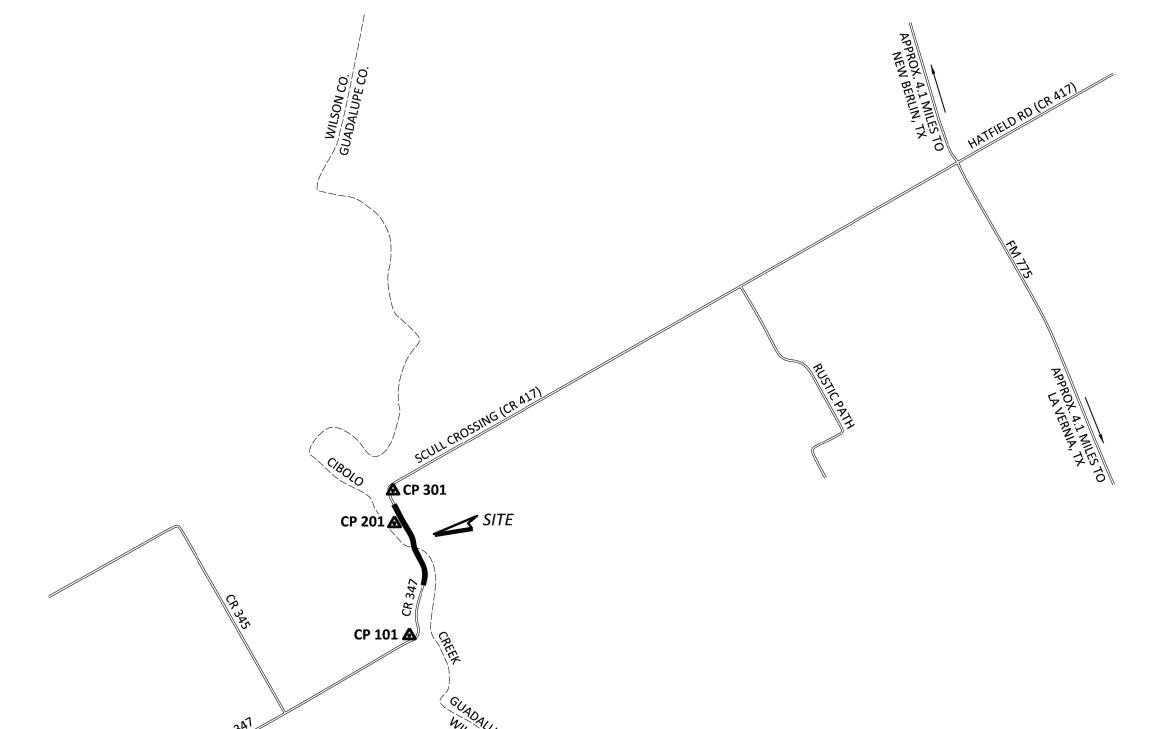
		_			_		
LE:	wzrod-13.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
97 4-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
98 3-03		SAT		WILSO	N		27

R. dgn	
7*CNTF	
N\CR34	
ion\DG	
roSta†	
gs∖Micr	
Drawin	
vey	
1-Sur	
gnDa‡a\1-	
-	
\WAO4\DesignDa†a\1-	
nprod/WA04\DesignData\1-	
-S03\Techprod\WA04\DesignData\1-	
\Techprod\WAO4\DesignData\1-	
\048-S03\Techprod\WA04\DesignDa†a\1-	

CONTROL	SURFACE CO	ORDINATES	GRID COO	RDINATES		LOUGITURE	FLEWATION	DECORIDATION	
POINT	Northing	Easting	Northing	Easting	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION	
101	13,693,155.99	2,246,684.19	13,691,376.11	2,246,329.14	29° 23′ 33. 8746"	98° 07′ 38. 1864"	497.46′	5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM (	DISK
201	13,694,337.35	2,246,553,28	13,692,557.32	2,246,261.27	29° 23′ 45. 5789"	98° 07′ 39. 5664"	477.31′	5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM (	DISK
301	13,694,635.86	2,246,489.83	13,692,855.79	2,246,197.83	29° 23′ 48. 5387"	98° 07′ 40. 2588"	499.37'	5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM (	DISK



NOT TO SCALE



NOTES

HORIZONTAL DATUME

BEARINGS ARE BASED ON NAD83 (2011).
TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM
SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE (4204). COORDINATES
AND DISTANCES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET.
COORDINATE VALUES ARE SURFACE VALUES
DERIVED BY A GRID TO SURFACE ADJUSTMENT
FACTOR OF 1.00013.

HORIZONTAL CONTROL COORDINATE VALUES WERE OBTAINED BY GPS/GNSS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING TXDOT RTN VRS SYSTEM NADB3 ITRF 2014 (EPOCH 2010) TO THE FOLLOWING CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS):

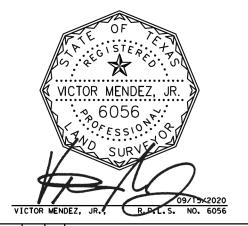
CORS ID: TXSE SITE NAME: SEGUIN COR ARP

CORS ID: GVEC SITE NAME: GUADALUPE VALLEY ELECTRIC COOP

VERTICAL DATUM:

ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988 (NAVD88), GEOID MODEL 12B (CONUS) AND WERE ESTABLISHED THROUGH DIFFERENTIAL DIGITAL LEVELING METHODS AND GPS STATION AVERAGING.

DATE ESTABLISHED: 07/14/2020



		//////	
DATE	BY	REV	REVISION



SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, 78228
(210) 349-3273 (PH)
TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #F-483 / TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #100423-00

(210) 349-4395 (FAX) http://www.pozcam.com/

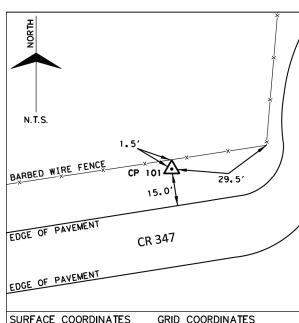
Texas Department of Transportation®

CR 347

TZONTAL AND

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX MAP

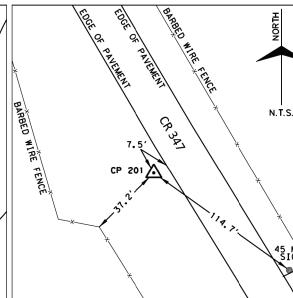
DSN	DV	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
			BR 2021 (063)		28
СНК	VM	STATE	DIST. COU		COUNTY
DRN	RC	TEXAS	14	WILSON	I/GUADALUPE
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
СНК	CR	0915	14	047	CR 347



CP 101

SURFACE COORDINATES
NORTHING: 13,693,155.99
NORTHING: 13,691,376.11
EASTING: 2,246,684.19
ELEVATION: 497.46'
DESCRIPTION - 5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM
DISK SET APPROXIMATELY 1,515' NORTHEAST OF THE
INTERSECTION OF CR 347 AND CR 345 ON THE

NORTHWEST SIDE OF CR 347.

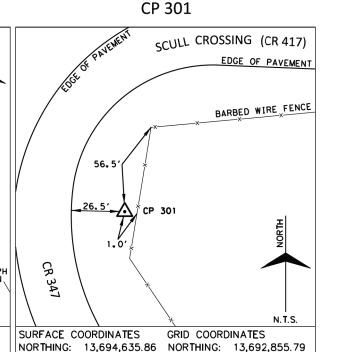


CP 201

NORTHING: 13,694,337.35 NORTHING: 13,692,557.32 EASTING: 2,246,553.28 EASTING: 2,246,261.27 ELEVATION: 477.31' ELEVATION: 477.31' DESCRIPTION – 5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM DISK SET APPROXIMATELY 2,810' NORTHEAST OF THE INTERSECTION OF CR 347 AND CR 345 ON THE SOUTHWEST SIDE OF CR 347.

GRID COORDINATES

SURFACE COORDINATES



EASTING: 2,246,489.83 EASTING: 2,246,197.83 ELEVATION: 499.37' ELEVATION: 499.37' DESCRIPTION — 5/8" IRON ROD WITH TXDOT ALUMINUM DISK SET APPROXIMATELY 3,145' NORTHEAST OF THE INTERSECTION OF CR 347 AND CR 345 ON THE EAST SIDE OF CR 347

NOTES

HORIZONTAL DATUME

BEARINGS ARE BASED ON NAD83 (2011), TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE (4204), COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET. COORDINATE VALUES ARE SURFACE VALUES DERIVED BY A GRID TO SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013.

HORIZONTAL CONTROL COORDINATE VALUES WERE OBTAINED BY GPS/GNSS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING TXDOT RTN VRS SYSTEM NAD83 ITRF 2014 (EPOCH 2010) TO THE FOLLOWING CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS):

CORS ID: TXSE SITE NAME: SEGUIN COR ARP

CORS ID: GVEC SITE NAME: GUADALUPE VALLEY ELECTRIC COOP

VERTICAL DATUME

ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988 (NAVD88), GEOID MODEL 12B (CONUS) AND WERE ESTABLISHED THROUGH DIFFERENTIAL DIGITAL LEVELING METHODS AND GPS STATION AVERAGING.

DATE ESTABLISHED: 07/14/2020



			<b>DOZNECKI</b>
DATE	BY	REV	REVISION

AMARILLO
5835 CALLAGHAN RD. SUITE 200
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, 78228
(210) 349-3273 (PH)

TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #F-483 / TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #100423-00 (210) 349-4395 (FAX) http://www.pozcam.com/



Texas Department of Transportation®

CR 347

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL

DSN	DV	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO,		SHEET NO.
			BR 2021 (063)		29
СНК	VM	STATE	DIST. COUR		COUNTY
DRN	RC	TEXAS	14	14 WILSON/GUA	
		CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK CR		0915	14	047	CR 347

Course from PT CR347-2 to PC CR347-3 N  $5^{\circ}$  08' 31.37" E Dist 51.3598

Curve Data

Curve CR347-3				
Degree = 4 Tangent =	11+88.31 N 4° 13′ 57.87" (LT) 7° 44′ 47.34" 36.9544	13,694,149.4584	E	2,246,683.6497
Length = Radius = External = Long Chord = Mid. Ord. =	71.6969 120.0000 5.5612 70.6352 5.3149			
P.C. Station P.T. Station C.C. Back = N 5° Ahead = N 29° Chord Bear = N 11°	11+51.36 N 12+23.06 N N 08' 31.37" E 05' 26.50" W 58' 27.56" W	13,694,112.6528 13,694,181.7510 13,694,123.4078	E E E	2,246,680.3376 2,246,665.6827 2,246,560.8206

Course from PT CR347-3 to PC CR347-4 N 29° 05′ 26.50" W Dist 85.2531

#### Curve Data

Curve CR347-4				
P.I. Station 13+27.78 Delta = 2° 13′ 50.42" Degree = 5° 43′ 46.48" Tangent = 19.4687 Length = 38.9326 Radius = 1,000.0000	N (LT)	13,694,273.2623	E	2,246,614.7676
External = 0.1895 Long Chord = 38.9301 Mid. Ord. = 0.1895 P.C. Station 13*08.31 P.T. Station 13*47.24 C.C. Back = N 29° 05′ 26.50" W Ahead = N 31° 19′ 16.91" W Chord Bear = N 30° 12′ 21.70" W	N N N	13,694,256.2495 13,694,289.8938 13,693,770.0561	E E E	2,246,624.2332 2,246,604.6470 2,245,750.3820

Course from PT CR347-4 to CR34714 N 31° 19′ 16.91" W Dist 78.4668

Point CR34714 N 13,694,356.9253 E 2,246,563.8570 Sta 14+25.71

Ending chain CR347 description





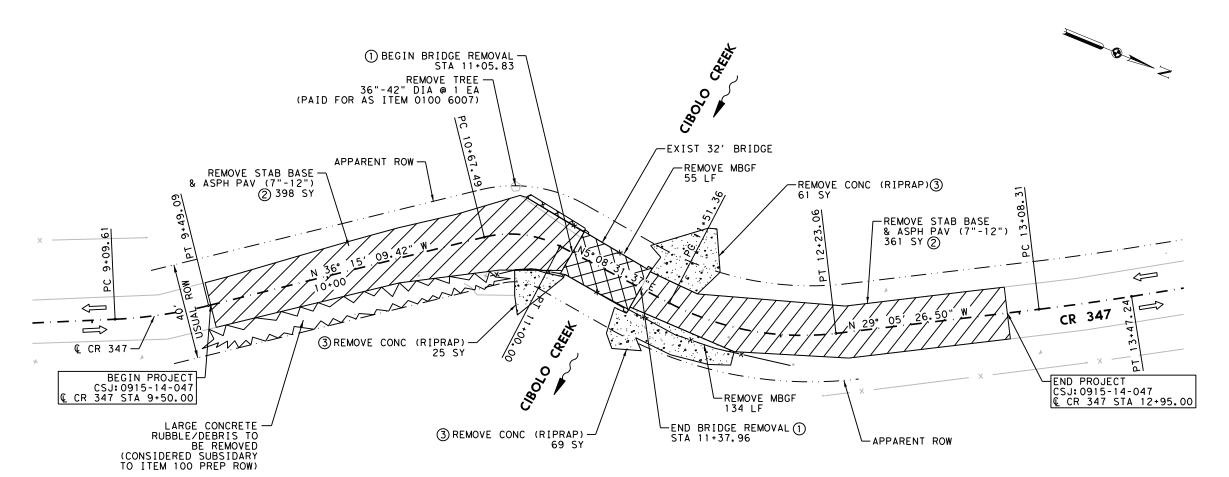


CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

SHEET 1 OF 1

D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJ	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
9		С			
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TEX	KAS	SAT	WILSON		
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		30
09	15	14	047		



#### LEGEND

REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0-99 FT LENGTH)



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (7"-12")



(3) REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)

#### NOTES:

- CONTRACTOR TO DEMOLISH THE EXISTING BRIDGE IN SUCH A MANNER THAT WILL NOT ALLOW MATERIALS/DEBRIS FROM DEMOLITION TO FALL IN AND IMPACT THE WATERS OF CIBOLO CREEK. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A
  DEMOLITION PLAN TO ENGINEER FOR
  APPROVAL PRIOR TO REMOVING THE
  EXISTING STRUCTURE AND CONCRETE
- TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO PREP ROW UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.





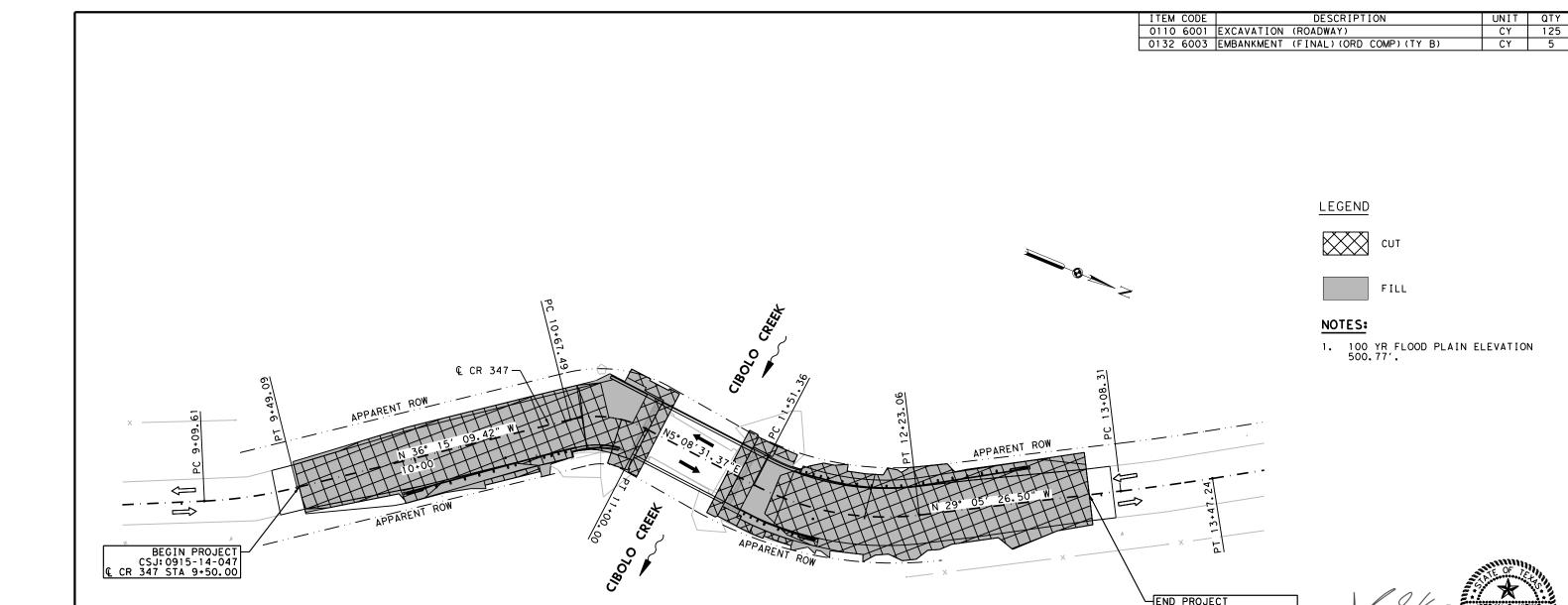


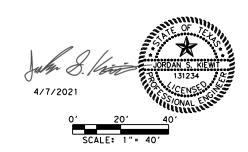
CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

REMOVAL LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

| FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. | HIGHWAY NO. | 6 | BR 2021 (063) | CR 347 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS SAT WILSON CONT. SECT. JOB 14





END PROJECT CSJ:0915-14-047 & CR 347 STA 12+95.00



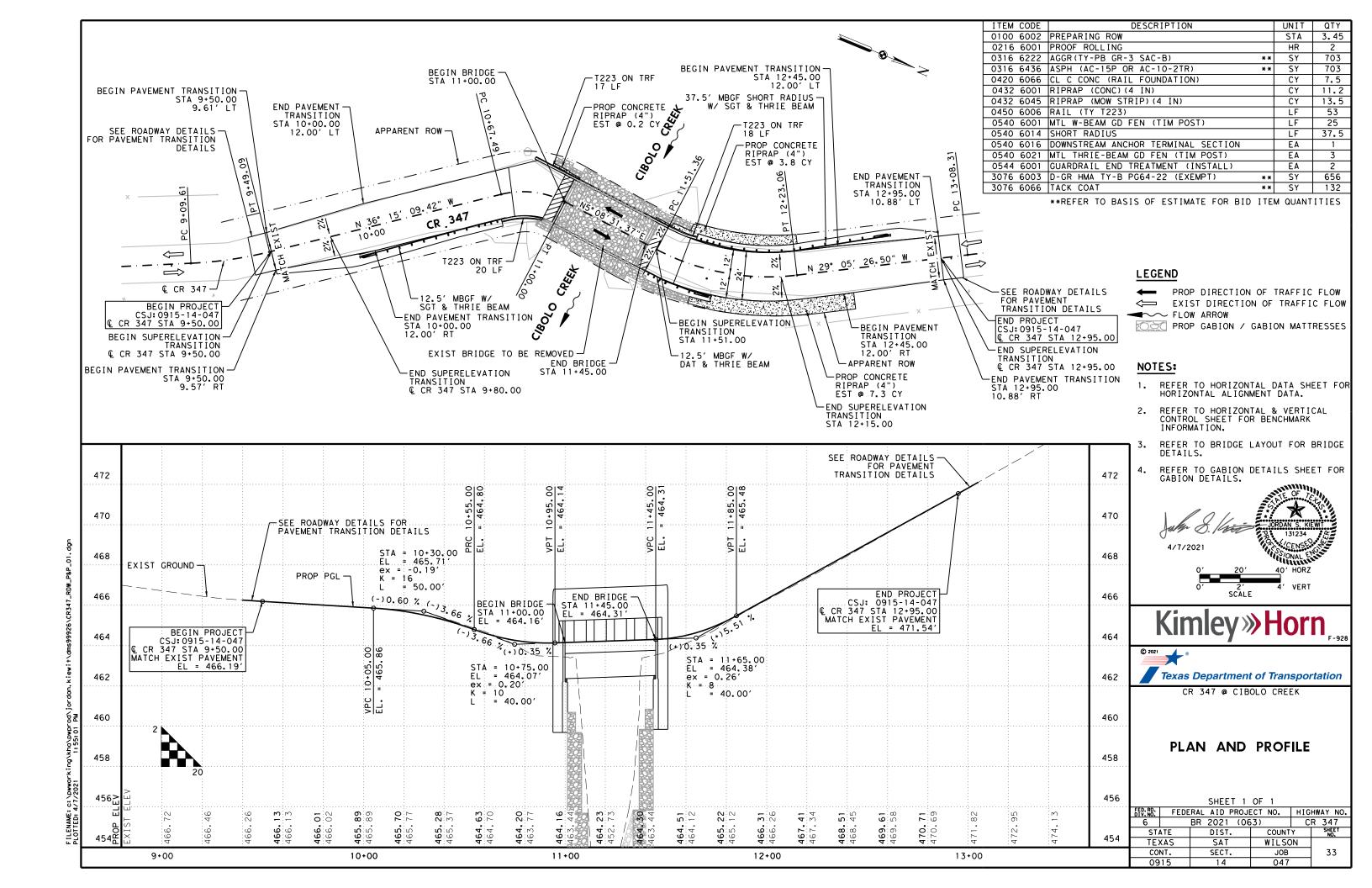


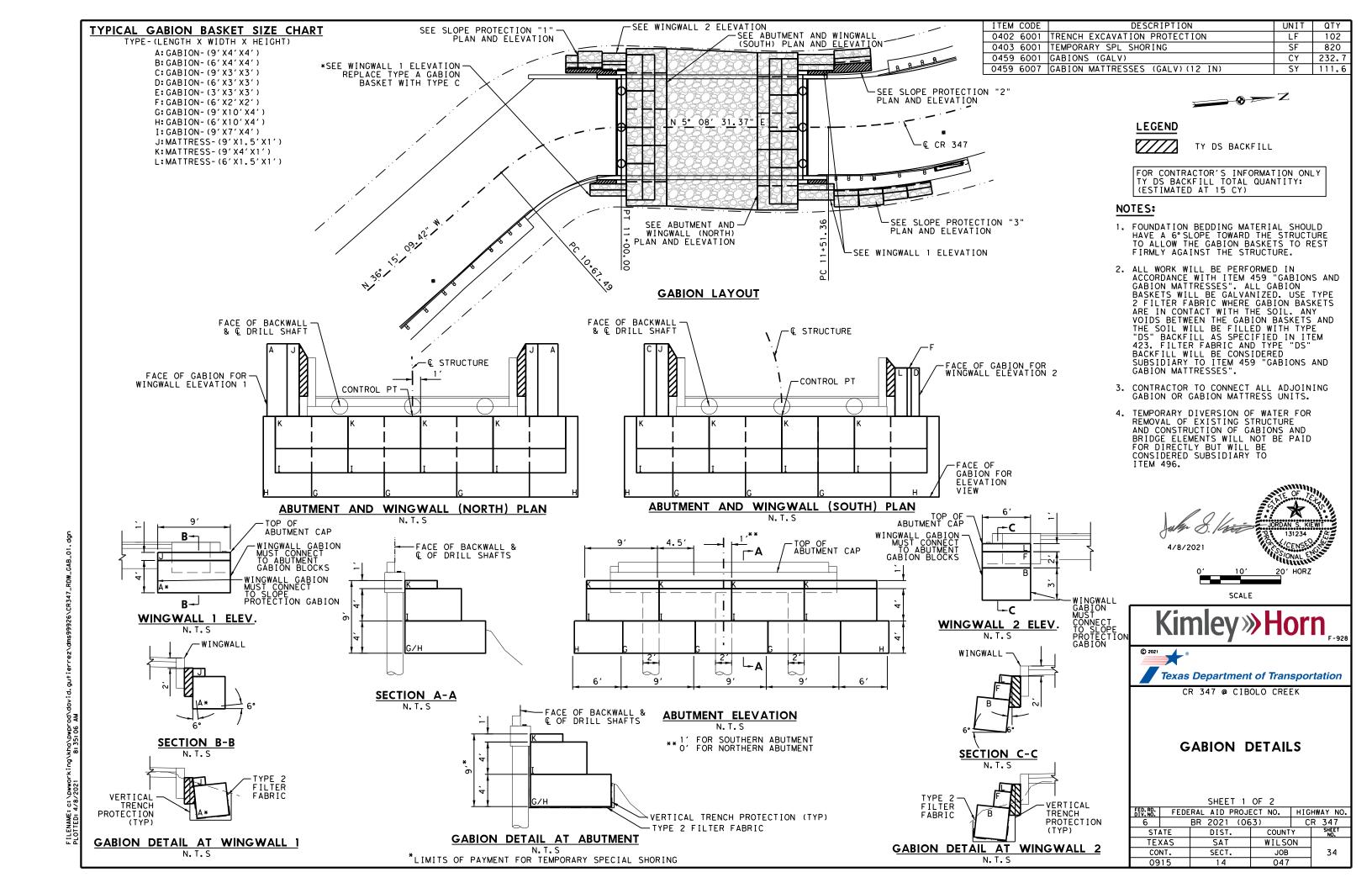
CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

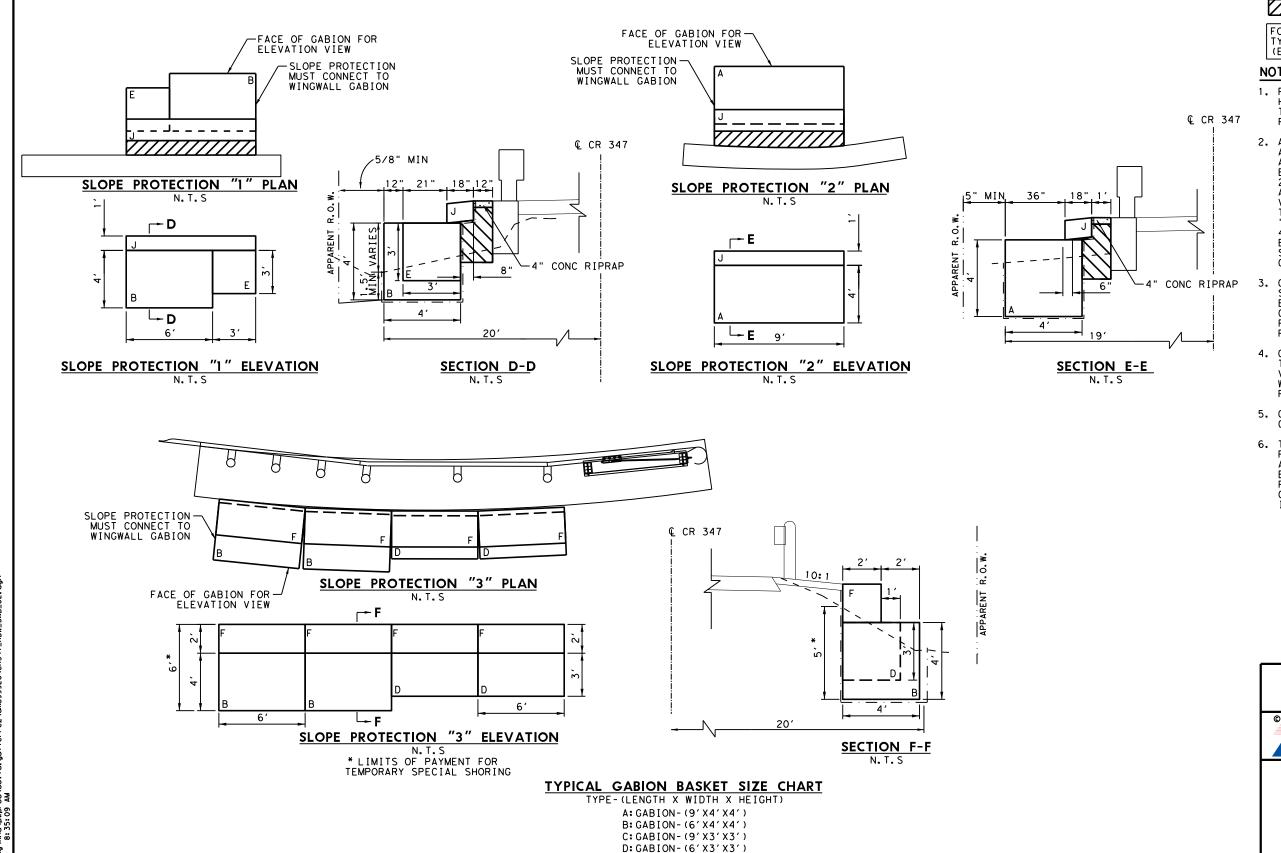
CUT AND FILL IN FLOODPLAIN

		SHEET	OF I					
D: FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.								
BR 2021 (063) CR 347								
STATE		DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.			
ΓEXAS		SAT	WILSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		32			
0915		14	047					

BEGIN PROJECT CSJ: 0915-14-047 & CR 347 STA 9+50.00







E: GABION- (3'X3'X3') F: GABION- (6'X2'X2') G: GABION- (9'X10'X4') H: GABION- (6'X10'X4') I: GABION- (9'X7'X4') J: MATTRESS- (9'X1.5'X1') K: MATTRESS- (9'X4'X1') L: MATTRESS- (6'X1.5'X1')

#### LEGEND



TY DS BACKFILL

FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY
TY DS BACKFILL TOTAL QUANTITY:
(ESTIMATED AT 15 CY)

#### NOTES:

- 1. FOUNDATION BEDDING MATERIAL SHOULD HAVE A 6° SLOPE TOWARD THE STRUCTURE TO ALLOW THE GABION BASKETS TO REST FIRMLY AGAINST THE STRUCTURE.
- 2. ALL WORK WILL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 459 "GABIONS AND GABION MATTRESSES". ALL GABION BASKETS WILL BE GALVANIZED. USE TYPE
  2 FILTER FABRIC WHERE GABION BASKETS
  ARE IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL. ANY
  VOIDS BETWEEN THE GABION BASKETS AND
  THE SOIL WILL BE FILLED WITH TYPE "DS" BACKFILL AS SPECIFIED IN ITEM 423. FILTER FABRIC AND TYPE "DS" BACKFILL WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 459 "GABIONS AND GABION MATTRESSES".
- 3. CONSTRUCTION GABION TOE NEAR DRILLED SHAFTS AFTER DRILLED SHAFTS HAVE BEEN PLACED BUT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF ABUTMENT CAP. FINALIZE GABIONS PRIOR TO SLAB PLACEMENT.
- 4. GABION CONSTRUCTION SHALL UTILIZE TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION WITH VERTICAL SIDES, PAID IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 402 TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR TO CONNECT ALL ADJOINING GABION OR GABION MATTRESS UNITS.
- 6. TEMPORARY DIVERSION OF WATER FOR REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCTION OF GABIONS AND BRIDGE ELEMENTS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO



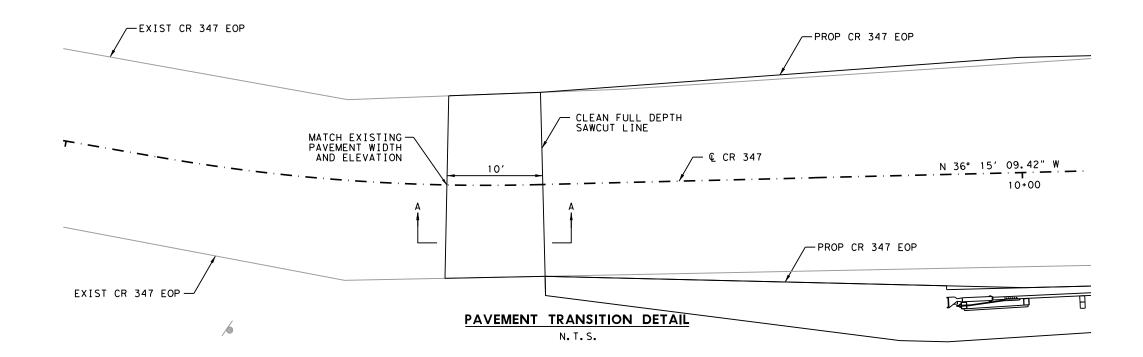




CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

#### GABION DETAILS

	SHEET Z	OF Z						
FED. RD. FE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIG							
6	BR 2021 (063) C							
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
TEXAS	SAT	WILSON						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB		35				
0915	14	047						
•								



### NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST GRADING AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM PROPOSED PAVEMENT TO EXISTING PAVEMENT ACROSS SAWCUT JOINT.







CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

ROADWAY DETAILS
(PAVEMENT TRANSITION DETAIL)

SHEET 1 OF 1

	ED:RD: FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.									
٠.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.									
		BR 2021 (063) CR								
	SHEET NO.	COUNTY		DIST.	STATE					
٦		WILSON		SAT	TEXAS					
	36	JOB		SECT.	CONT.					
			047	14	0915					

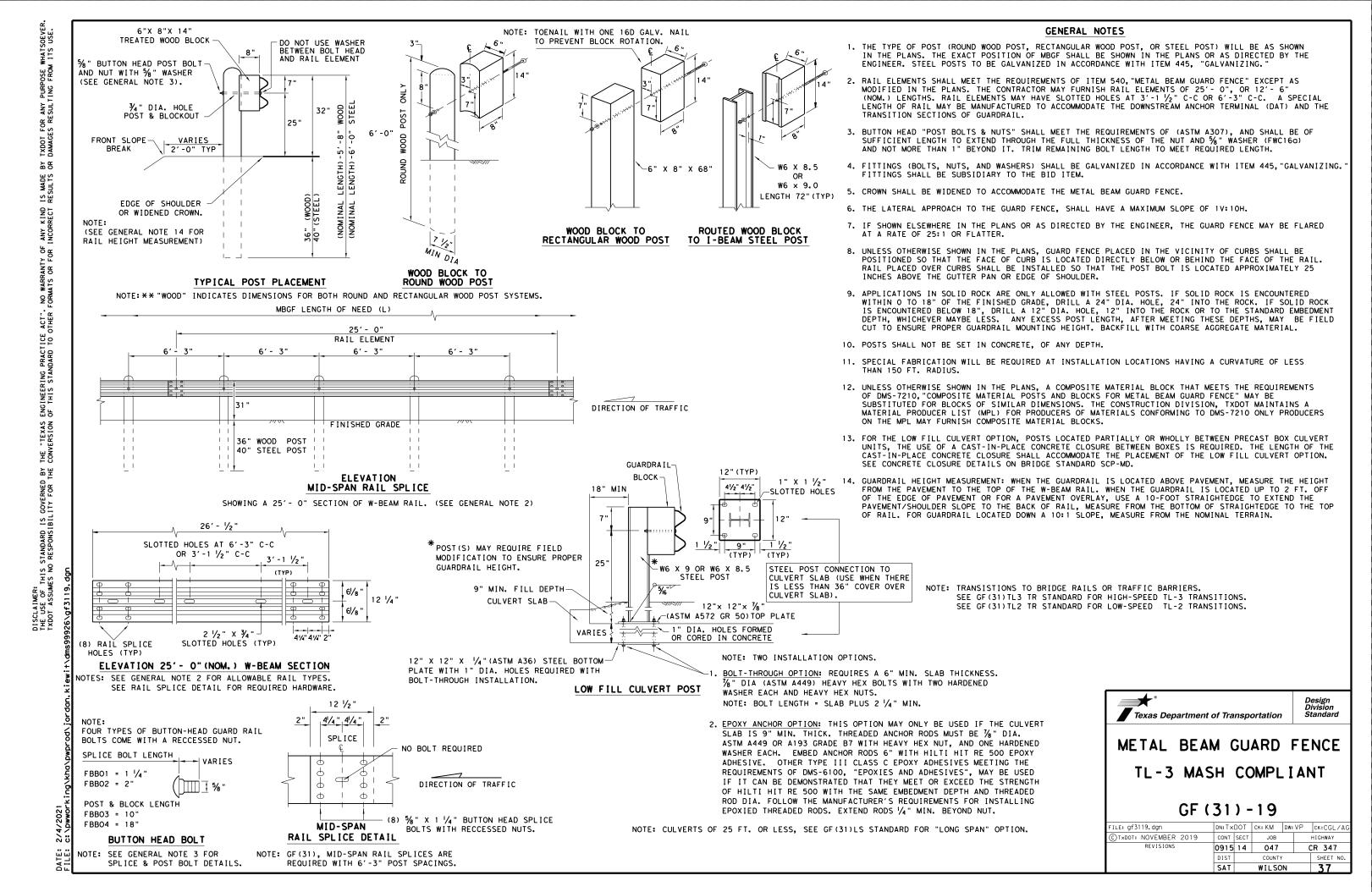
ONE COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT

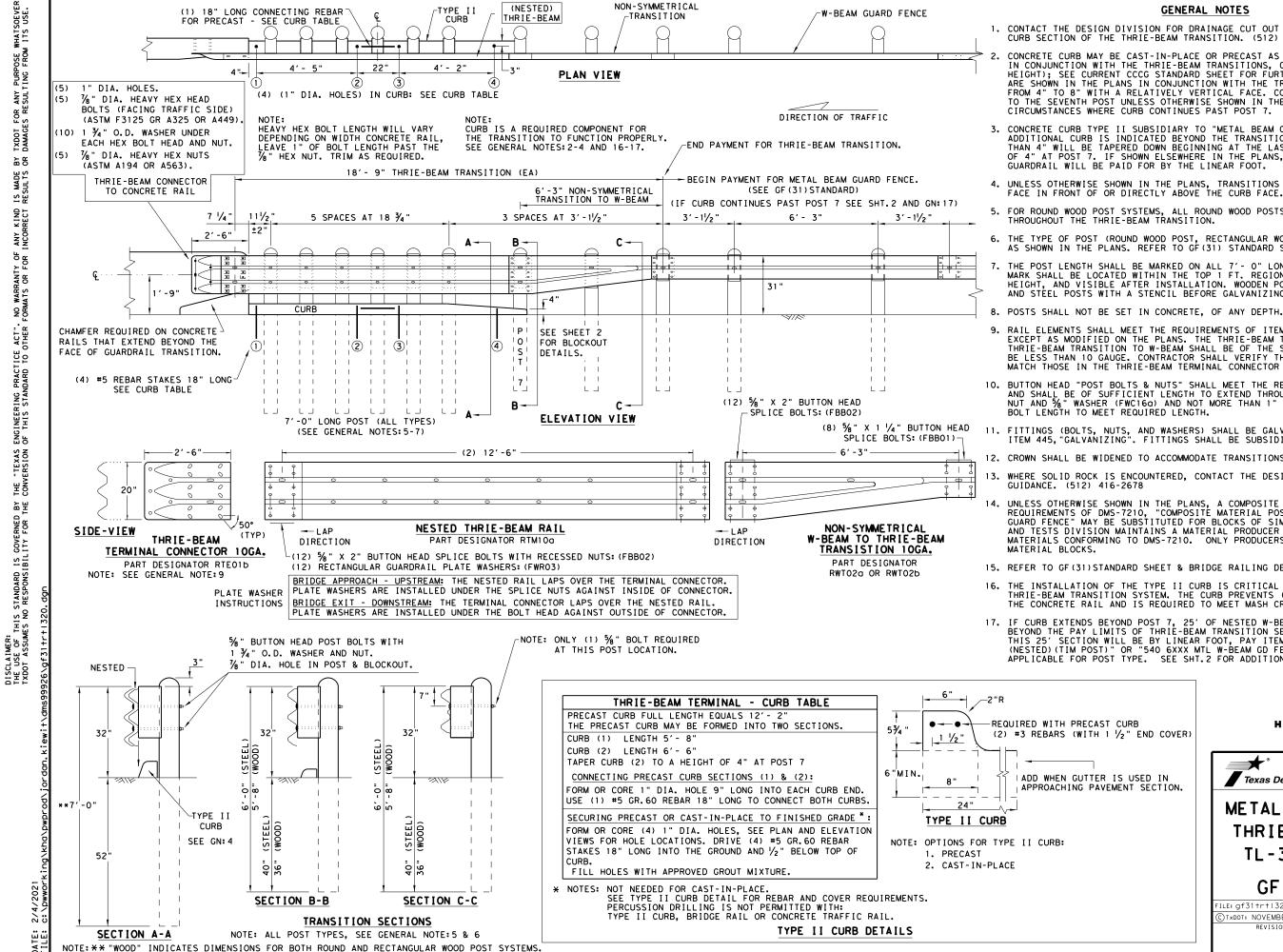
10'

CLEAN FULL DEPTH
SAWCUT LINE

SECTION A-A

N. T. S.





ANY SUL

S B

Z Ä

MANTY OF OR FOR

ENGINEERING FOR THIS STAND

THE "TEXAS CONVERSION

절품

#### GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

## HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2

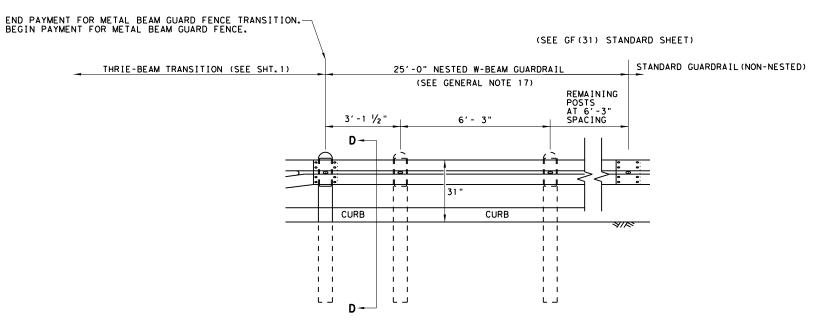


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

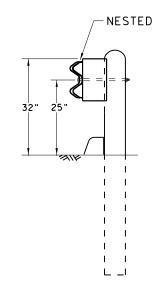
GF (31) TR TL3-20

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/A ILE: gf31+r+1320.dgn C)TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020 CONT SECT JOB 0915 14 047 CR 347 WILSON

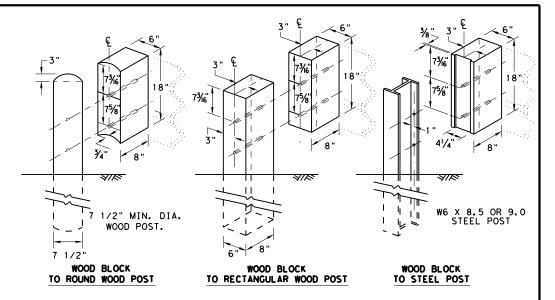
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



## THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

## HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

FILE: gf31trt1320.dgn	DN: T x	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	KM	ck:CGL/AG
© T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR 347	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		40

WILSON

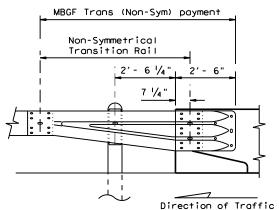
41

Curb shown on top of mow strip

embedment throughout the system.

- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.

  (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'- 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.



All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



## BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

e: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOO	ck: AM	DW: BD/VP		ck: CGL	
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY	
REVISIONS SED APRIL 2014	0915	14	047		CR 347		
(MEMO 0414)	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	SAT	SAT WILSON			42		

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOftStop SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN:5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST(4) AND LINE POST(5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN:61G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN:15215G LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS				
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)				
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)				
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS				
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0")				
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %")				
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 ½")				
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")				
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")				
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")				
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14")				
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE				
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)				
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )				
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)				
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT				
	HARDWARE					
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436				
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH				
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325				
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436				
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH				
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR				
3340G	25	% " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR				
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307				
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325				
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325				
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436				
105285G	2	%6" × 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5				
105286G	1	%6" × 1 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5				
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)				
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR. DH				
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B				

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

FILE: sgt10s3116	DN: Tx[	TO	CK: KM	DW:	VP CK: MB/		
CTxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0915	14	047	С		CR 347	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	SAT					43	

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- . APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	5/8" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	% " WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	% " RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5) GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

# MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

LE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: Tx	ОТ	ck: KM	DW:	: T×DOT	ck: CL
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR 347	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		44

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).

3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.

FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.

5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.

6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.

7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.

8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE

9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.

10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.

11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.

12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.

A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

I TEM NUMBERS ITEM OTY MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS MSKT IMPACT HEAD \_ 1 | MS3000 1 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga. SF1303 C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) MTPHP1A D | 1 | POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15) MTPHP1B POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP UHP2A F 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) HP2B G 1 BEARING PLATE E750 S760 1 CABLE ANCHOR BOX J | 1 | BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY F770 K 1 GROUND STRUT MS785 P621 L | 6 | W6x9 OR W6x8.5 STEEL POST M 6 COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS CBSP-14 N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2") G12025 O 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1203A P 6 WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" P675 Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") G1209 SMALL HARDWARE 0 2 %6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)
b 4 %6" WASHER B5160104A W0516 C 2 % " HEX NUT N0516 d 25 %" Dia. x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2) B580122 2 %" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B580904A f 3 %" WASHER W050 9 | 33 | %" Dia, H.G.R NUT N050 ¾" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B340854A j 1 ¾" Dia. HEX NUT N030 k 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT N100 W100 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER m 8 1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER SB12A n 8 1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS N012A

O 8 1 1/6" O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS W012A P 1 BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE CT-100S1 Q 6 %" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT B581002 r 1 OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18'

Texas Department of Transportation

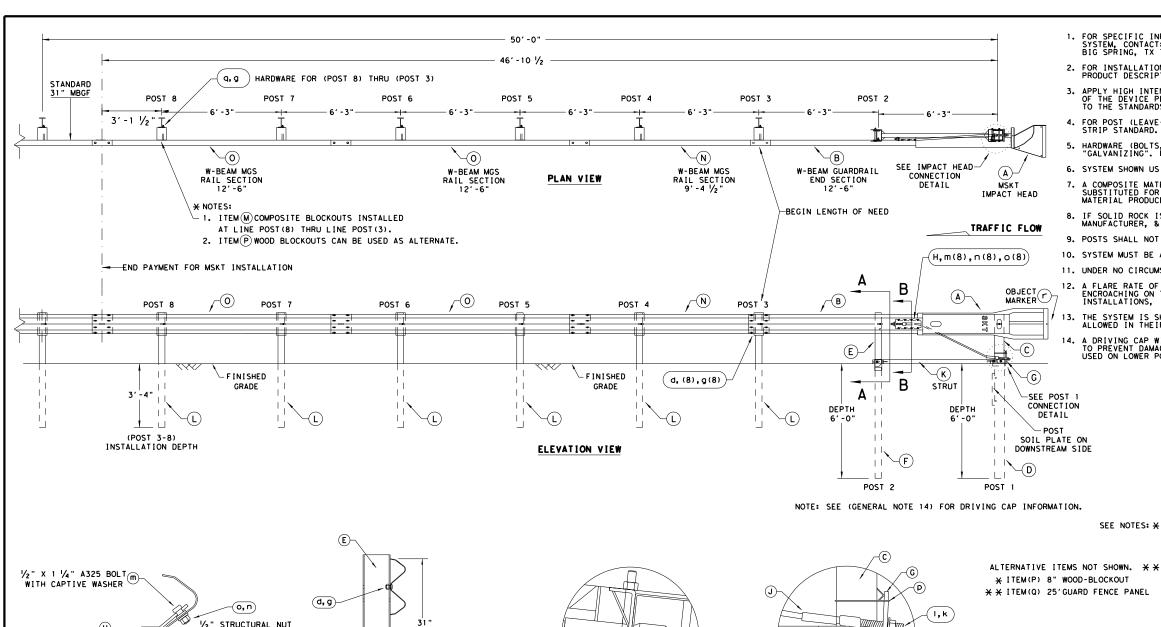
Design Division Standard

E3151

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск:км	DW:	:VP	CK:CL
T×DOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		(	CR 347
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		45



(e, (2) f, g

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

IMPACT HEAD

5'-0"

-2'-0"

RAIL OFFSET

(25:1 MAX

FLARE RATE)

CONNECTION DETAIL

APPROX 5'-10"-

50' APPROACH GRADING

APPROACH GRADING
(1V: 10H OR FLATTER)

SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL

FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

(e, (2) f, g

**Q** 

POST 1

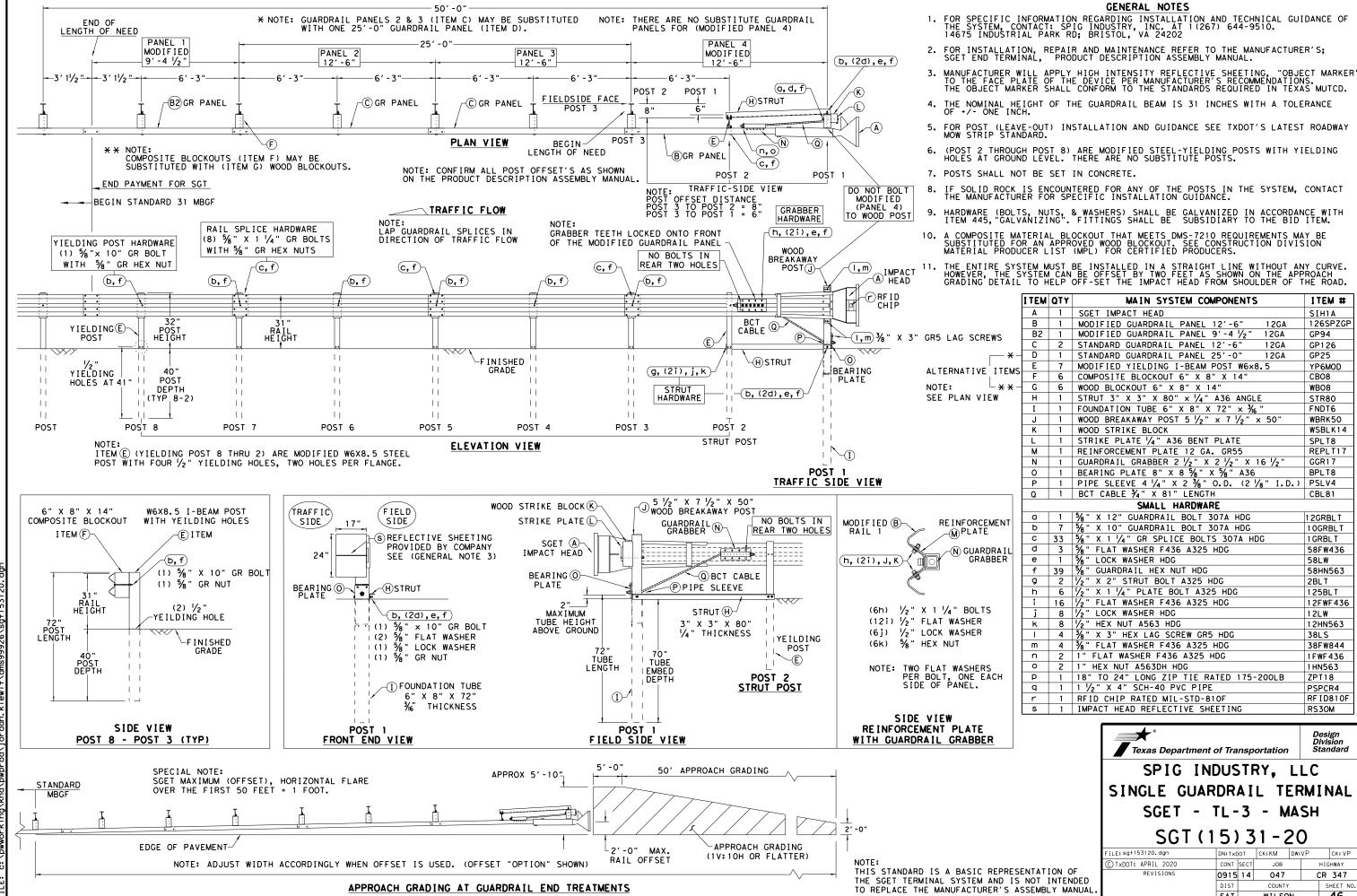
CONNECTION DETAIL

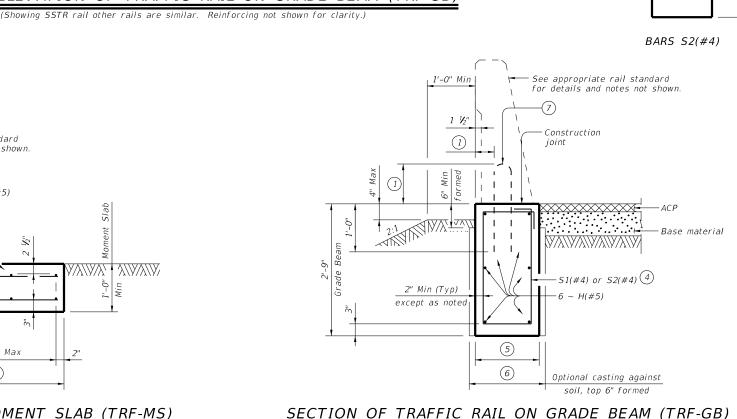
2'-0'

TRAFFIC FLOW

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

₽ R MADE SUL TS IS RES NO WARRANTY OF FORMATS OR FOR ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER THE "TEXAS I DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE





1/2" Min

ROADWAY ELEVATION OF TRAFFIC RAIL ON MOMENT SLAB (TRF-MS)

(Showing SSTR rail other rails are similar. Reinforcing not shown for clarity.,

25'-0" Min Traffic Rail & Moment Slab

30'-0" Min Traffic Rail & Grade Beam

Same as moment II

slab joint opening||

Open Joint

1/4" Min

¾" Max

€ Expansion joint -

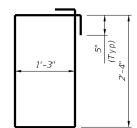
Same as grade beam II

joint opening

Open Joint

1'-0"

BARS S1(#4)



SECTION OF TRAFFIC RAIL ON MOMENT SLAB (TRF-MS)

MA(#5)(2)

MT(#5) bars spaced at 11 1/4" Max

5'-0" Min Moment Slab (3)

ioint

1) See applicable bridge rail standard

(2) MA(#5) space longitudinally along moment slab at 12" Max. (Spaced 2 1/2" longitudinally from outside edge of moment slab).

 $\bigcirc$  Approximate moment slab concrete = 0.19 CY/LF and reinforcement = 22.4 LB/LF.

4 S1(#4) or S2(#4) spaced longitudinally along grade beam at 8" Max. (Spaced 2 1/2" longitudinally from outside edge of grade beam).

(5) Use bar \$1(#4) with 1'-4" grade beam width and bridge rail types: All rails except for T224, C412, T66, C66, T80HT and T8055. Approximate grade beam concrete = 0.14 CY/LF and reinforcement = 13.8 LB/LF.

Use bar S2(#4) with 1'-7" grade beam width and bridge rail types: T66 and C66. Approximate grade beam concrete = 0.16 CY/LF and reinforcement = 14.2 LB/LF.

(6) 1'-6" for bridge rail types: All rails except for T224, C412, T66, C66, T80HT and T80SS.

1'-9" bridge rail types: T66 and C66.

(7) Modify reinforcing on standard bridge rail anchorage if necessary by extending rail anchorage 12" Min, vertically into traffic rail

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Align moment slab (TRF-MS) or grade beam (TRF-GB) open joints with rail open joints maintaining no less than minimum rail length Provide moment slab (TRF-MS) or grade beam (TRF-GB) with open joints at no greater than 100' spacing unless otherwise shown on the plans or approved by the Engineer.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for bars S1(#4), S2(#4) and H(#5) unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-4" Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-6''$ 

GENERAL NOTES:

Use of these details will result in a moment slab (TRF-MS) or grade beam (TRF-GB) foundation that is acceptable for traffic rails which are MASH TL-2, TL-3, or TL-4 compliant.

See elsewhere in the plans for selected options between moment slab (TRF-MS) and/or grade beam (TRF-GB).
The foundation design resistance is based on the current

AASHTO bridge railing requirements with the assumption of fair to good soil support conditions. Poor soil conditions will require suitably deeper and/or wider foundations.

See appropriate rail standard for details and notes not shown. This detail is intended for use as a guide to unusual railing anchorage situations but may be included in the plans, modified as necessary to apply to specific installations required on the project.

Payment for moment slab (TRF-MS) and/or grade beam (TRF-GB) will be by Class "C" concrete or Class "C" (HPC) concrete for rail foundations.

The associated bridge railing will be paid for by the linear foot which includes the concrete and reinforcement. Excavation will be subsidiary to other Items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL **FOUNDATIONS** FOR MASH TL-2, TL-3 & TL-4 BRIDGE RAILS

TRF

	rIstd027-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		CK: TAR DW:		JTR	ck: TAR	
xD0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR 347		
7-20: .	Added moment slab with rail foundation lengths.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		SAT		WILSC	N		47	

MT(#5) may move over for

rail anchorage support

(Showing SSTR rail other rails are similar.) (Showing SSTR rail other rails are similar.)

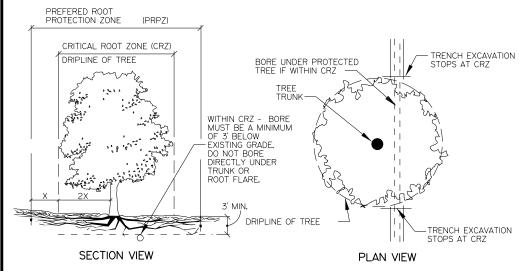
#### GENERAL NOTES FOR TREE PROTECTION

- I. PROTECT AND INSURE THE CONTINUED GOOD HEALTH OF EXISTING TREES IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PRESERVE ALL EXISTING VEGETATION WITHIN THE PREFERRED ROOT PROTECTION ZONE.
- 2. SECURE THE SERVICES OF A TREE CARE SPECIALIST TO PERFORM OR OVERSEE ANY OPERATION INVOLVING LIMB PRUNING, ROOT PRUNING, CHEMICAL APPLICATION, OR ASSESSMENT OF THE CONDITION OF TREES OR EFFECTS OF CONSTRUCTION ON TREES
- 3. WITHIN THE PREFERRED ROOT PROTECTION ZONE, NONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES ARE ALLOWED:

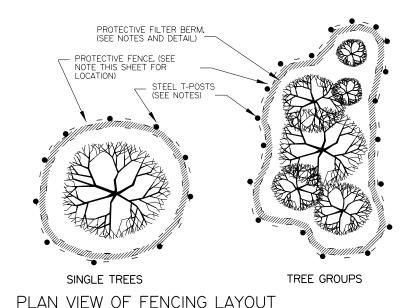
PARKING OF ANY VEHICLES; ERECTION OF ANY SHED OR STRUCTURE; STORAGE OF ANY EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS; USE BY PEOPLE FOR ANY REASON; DUMPING OF ANY LITTER, WASTE MATERIALS, OR LIQUIDS, IMPOUNDMENT OF WATER, ADDITION OF FILL-SOIL; EXCAVATION, BORING, OR TRENCHING OF ANY TYPE

#### DEFINITIONS

- I. DRIPLINE THE LINE ON THE GROUND DIRECTLY BELOW THE OUTER TIPS OR ENDS OF THE TREE LIMBS.
- 2. CRITICAL ROOT ZONE (CRZ) THE GROUND AREA EXTENDING OUT FROM THE TREE TRUNK TO THE DRIPLINE.
- 3. PREFERRED ROOT PROTECTION ZONE (PRPZ) THE GROUND AREA EXTENDING OUT FROM THE TREE TRUNK A DISTANCE EQUAL TO ONE AND ONE HALF OF THE DISTANCE FROM THE
- 4. TREE CARE SPECIALIST CERTIFIED ARBORIST OR PROFESSIONAL URBAN FORESTER.
- 5. O.C. ON CENTER



## TRENCHING PAST TREES



#### CONSTRUCTION METHODS

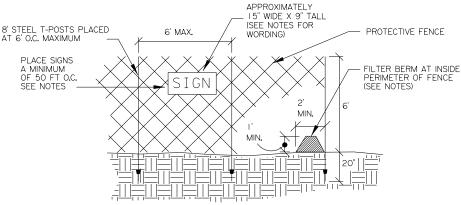
- PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION, MARK ALL TREES OR OTHER FEATURES INDICATED ON THE PLANS TO BE PROTECTED WITH YELLOW FLAGGING FOR APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, PRUNE PROTECTED TREES AS FOLLOWS:
- A. REMOVE ANY DISEASED OR DEAD LIMBS AND CORRECT ANY PREVIOUS IMPROPER PRUNING
- REMOVE LIMBS FOR NECESSARY EQUIPMENT ACCESS (AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER). C. REMOVE LIMBS THAT WILL BE WITHIN TWENTY FEET (20) VERTICAL CLEARANCE OF VEHICLE
- D. REMOVE LIMBS THAT WILL BE WITHIN TEN FEET (10) VERTICAL CLEARANCE OF PEDESTRIAN AREAS.
- 3. PERFORM PRUNING USING ONLY TOOLS SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR THE JOB AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI A300 PRUNING STANDARD. PRUNED MATERIAL BECOMES THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR
- 4. ERECT PROTECTIVE FENCING AT ALL TREES, GROUPS OF TREES, OR OTHER FEATURES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, OR DESIGNATED BY THE ENGINEER, OR OTHERWISE INDICATED FOR PROTECTION.
- 5. ERECT PROTECTIVE FENCING FOR TREES AT THE EDGE OF THE PRPZ. PLACE FENCING IN OTHER LOCATIONS ONLY WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. THE FENCE MATERIAL SHALL BE CHAIN-LINK FENCE.
- A. CHAIN-LINK FENCING SHALL BE SIX-FOOT (6') IN HEIGHT AND SUPPORTED BY EIGHT-FOOT (8') STEEL T-POSTS SPACED SIX FEET (6) O.C., DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 20" INTO EXISTING GRADE.
- B. THE FENCING SHALL BE CONTINUOUS BETWEEN POSTS AND SHALL BE FIRMLY ATTACHED TO THE POSTS WITH A MINIMUM OF 4 WIRE TIES.
- 6. PREPARE SIGNS WITH THE FOLLOWNG WORDING, AND INSTALL AT A MINIMUM OF 50 ON CENTER ALONG THE PROTECTIVE FENCING:
- PROTECTED AREA
- THIS FENCE MAY NOT BE REMOVED OR MODIFIED WITHOUT THE PERMISSION OF THE ENGINEER CONTACT (PHONE NUMBER)
- 7. IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY TO LOCATE THE PROTECTIVE FENCING WITHIN SIX FEET (6) OF THE TRUNK OF A TREE, SECURE WOOD PLANKING TO THE TRUNK. THE PLANKING SHALL BE NOMINAL 2X4 DIMENSION LUMBER SECURED WITH A ROPE, BAND, OR STRAP OF SUFFICIENT DURABILITY TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. INSTALL PLANKS TO A HEIGHT OF TEN FEET (10) OR TO THE LOWEST MAJOR BRANCHES WHICHEVER IS LOWEST. DO NOT USE NAILS, SCREWS, OR ANY OTHER DAMAGING ATTACHMENTS UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 8. ERECT A FILTER BERM COMPOSED OF WOOD CHIPS TO THE DIMENSIONS AND LOCATION SHOWN IN THE DETAILS. USE WOOD CHIPS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 5 IN. IN LENGTH WITH 95% PSSING A 2-IN. SCREEN AND LESS THAN 30% PASSING A I-IN. SCREEN.
- 9. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ANY CONCRETE, LIME OR OTHER CHEMICALS ACCIDENTALLY SPILLED WITHIN THE PROTECTED ROOT ZONE, IMMEDIATELY TREAT FOR ACCIDENTAL DAMAGE TO ANY TREE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. SECURE THE SERVICES OF A TREE CARE SPECIALIST TO ASSESS AND/OR TREAT FOR
- IO. MAINTAIN ALL TREE PROTECTION MATERIALS THROUGHOUT ENTIRE LENGTH OF PROJECT, REPAIR ANY DAMAGED TREE PROTECTION MATERIALS IMMEDIATELY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. ADDITIONAL COMPOST OR MULCH MATERIALS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- II. NO TRENCHING, EXCAVATING, FILLING, OR COMPACTION IS ALLOWED WITHIN THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANS OR APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 12. IF ROOT REMOVAL OR EXCAVATION IS UNAVOIDABLE WITHIN THE PREFERRED ROOT PROTECTION ZONE, HAND-DIG TO EXPOSE MAJOR TREE ROOTS OF ONE-INCH (I") DIAMETER OR GREATER, ONCE EXPOSED, PRUNE ROOTS WITH SHARP, CLEAN TOOLS DESIGNED FOR THAT PURPOSE, BACKFILL EXPOSED ROOT ENDS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE OR COVERED WITH SIX INCHES (6") SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH WITHIN THE SAME
- 13. PRUNE ANY ROOTS EXPOSED BY CONSTRUCTION FLUSH WITH THE SOIL BACKFILL ROOT AREAS WITH GOOD QUALITY TOPSOIL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, IF EXPOSED ROOTS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITHIN TWO DAYS, COVER THEM WITH A MINIMUM OF SIX INCHES (6") OF SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH.
- 14. SHOULD ACCESS ACROSS THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE BE NECESSARY, OPEN ONLY THAT PORTION NEEDED FOR ACCESS AND THE COMPLETION OF THE TASK, INSTALL SIX INCHES (6") OF SHREDDED HARDWOOD BARK IN ACCESS AREAS BEFORE ANY WHEELED OR TRACKED VEHICES ENTER THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE, REPLACE PROTECTIVE FENCING TO ITS ORIGINAL POSITIONS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION TASK IS COMPLETED AND REMOVE THE BARK MULCH LAYER AND STOCKPILE OUTSIDE THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.
- I.5. FOR PROPOSED UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS THAT CROSS THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE, BORE AT A MINIMUM OF THREE FEET (3) BELOW EXISTING GRADE, TRENCH FOR BORE SHALL NOT INTRUDE INTO CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.

#### POST CONSTRUCTION

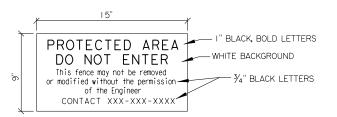
- I. UPON THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, CONDUCT A FINAL ASSESSMENT BY A TREE CARE SPECIALIST TO DETERMINE THE HEALTH AND CONDITION OF THE TREES. THE SPECIALIST SHOULD PROVIDE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FOLLOWING INSPECTION ITEMS FOR NEEDED POST-CONSTRUCTION MEASURES:
- A. DAMAGE TO ANY PART OF THE TREE
- B. CHANGES IN SOILS STRUCTURE SUCH AS COMPACTION, FILLS, EROSION, OR LOSS OF ORGANIC MATTER

IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY THE TREE CARE SPECIALIST AS DIRECTED. AT A MINIMUM, PERFORM THE FOLLOWING

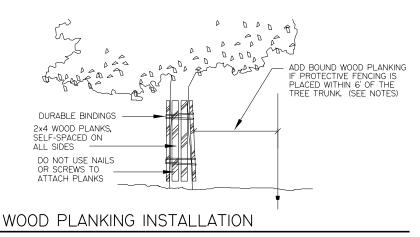
- A. REMOVE TREES THAT MAY HAVE DIED DURING CONSTRUCTION
- B. REMOVE ANY FILL SOIL FROM ROOT ZONES
- C. REPAIR AREAS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION
- 2. AFTER ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED, REMOVE ALL TREE PROTECTION MATERIALS FROM THE PROJECT SITE. MULCH MAY BE SPREAD OVER THE SITE IN A TWO-INCH THICK MAXIMUM LAYER.



## PROTECTIVE FENCE AND SIGN PLACEMENT



## SIGNAGE FOR PROTECTED AREAS



THIS WORK AND ALL ASSOCIATED MATERIALS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 100 - PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY.



### San Antonio District Standard

:Engdata/Standards/SATreeProtection.dgn PREPARED BY AND FOR USE OF TXDOT. STATE FEDERAL DISTRICT REGION

DRIGINAL DRAWING DATE: 12-18-18 FEDERAL AID PROJECT 

SHEET SAT 6 BR 2021 (063) CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY COUNTY 0915 14 047 CR 34

A - STEP I

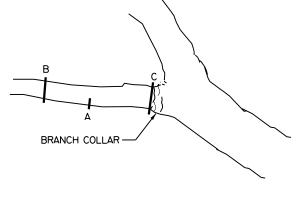
CUT 1/3 WAY THROUGH BOTTOM OF LIMB 8-12" ABOVE MAIN STEM OR TRUNK

B - STEP 2

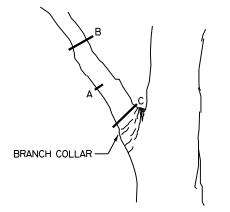
REMOVE LIMB 4-6" BEYOND THE FIRST CUT

C - STEP 3

REMOVE STUB WITH A SMOOTH CUT JUST BEYOND THE BRANCH COLLAR OF THE REMOVED LIMB.



TREE LIMB



MAIN BRANCH

PRUNING CUTS - LIMBS 2" IN DIAMETER AND GREATER

#### TREE REMOVAL:

REMOVE ALL DEAD WOODY VEGETATION WITHIN THE ROW. CUT STUMPS FLUSH WITH THE GROUND.

#### TREE PRUNING:

THE OBJECTIVE OF TREE PRUNING IS FOR CROWN RAISING TO ALLOW CLEARANCE FOR MAINTENANCE VEHICLES.

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF WORK WITHIN OR ALONG A CHANNEL OR UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, LIMIT WIDTH OF WORK TO 35' FROM THE EDGE OF THE TRAVEL LANE, OR TO ROW LINE, CLIFF, STEEP HILL, OR NON-MOW AREA, WHICHEVER IS LESS. THE ENGINEER WILL DEFINE CLIFFS, STEEP HILLS AND NON-MOW AREAS BASED ON FIELD CONDITIONS. THE ENGINEER MAY DEFINE AREAS TO RESTRICT OR INCREASE TREE PRUNING.

IF ANY TREES IN THE ROW ARE MARKED IN ANY WAY, VERIFY THE MEANING OF THE MARKINGS BEFORE BEGINNING PRUNING OPERATIONS.

WHEN PRUNING OAK TREES, DISINFECT TOOLS BEFORE MOVING FROM ONE TREE TO ANOTHER. USE 70% METHYL ALCOHOL, CHLORINE SOLUTION, OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL AS A DISINFECTANT.

TREAT ALL WOUNDS AND CUTS ON ALL OAK SPECIES WITH A COMMERCIAL TREE WOUND DRESSING WITHIN 20 MINUTES OF CREATING THE WOUND.

FLAILING EQUIPMENT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR THIS WORK.

REPAIR DAMAGE TO A PRIVATE FENCE OR OTHER PRIVATE PROPERTY AT CONTRACTOR EXPENSE.

PERFORM TREE PRUNING WITHIN ROW LIMITS. IF POSSIBLE, OBTAIN LANDOWNER PERMISSION AND MAKE PROPER PRUNING CUTS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE HEALTH OF THE TREE.

CUT LIMBS AT A MAJOR FORK IN THE BRANCH OR, IF THE ENTIRE BRANCH IS ENCROACHING INTO THE AREA TO BE CLEARED, REMOVE THE BRANCH AT THE TRUNK,

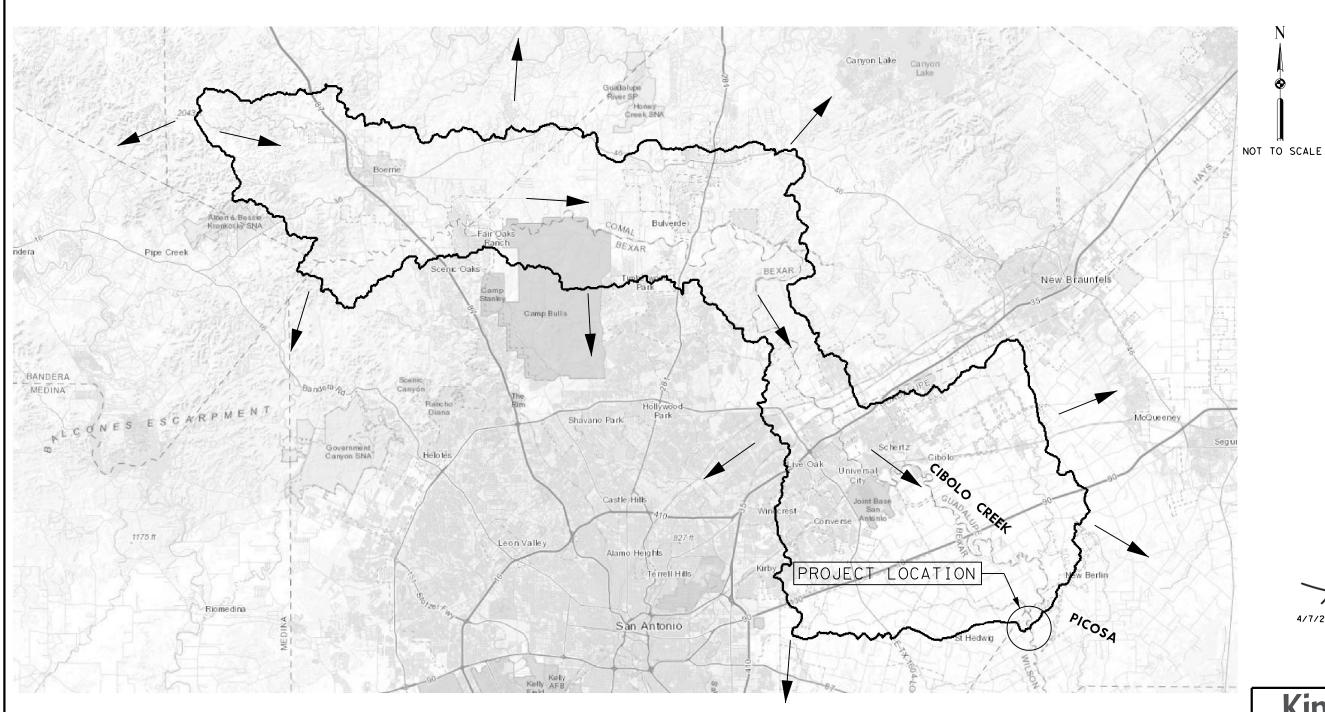
DO NOT LEAVE A STUB BEYOND THE BRANCH COLLAR OR CUT THROUGH THE BRANCH COLLAR WHEN MAKING PRUNING CUTS. THE BRANCH COLLAR IS GENERALLY VISIBLE, BUT IF IT IS NOT, MAKE THE FINAL CUT APPROXIMATELY 1/2" FROM THE PARENT BRANCH OR TRUNK, PERPENDICULAR TO THE BRANCH OR LIMB BEING REMOVED.

THIS WORK AND ALL ASSOCIATED MATERIALS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 100 - PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY.



## TREE PRUNING AND REMOVAL

San Antonio District Standard





## NOTES:

- 1. DRAINAGE AREAS, DATA TABLES, AND CALCULATIONS TAKEN FROM THE SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY (SARA) HYDROLOGY TECHNICAL SUPPORT DATA NOTEBOOK (HTSDN) PREPARED FOR WILSON COUNTY DFIRM MAP MODERNIZATION PROJECT IN JULY 2007.
- 2. DRAINAGE BASIN AREA VERIFIED USING USGS QUADRANGLE MAPS DATED 2020.
- 3. THE CR 347 CROSSING OF CIBOLO CREEK IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED ZONE AE FLOOD AREA IN WILSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 48493C0025C, EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 26, 2010. THE EXISTING HYDRAULIC MODELS FOR CIBOLO CREEK IN WILSON COUNTY ARE WERE OBTAINED FROM SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY.
- 4. NO RUNOFF VALUES WERE CALCULATED AT CR 347 IN THE FIS.





CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

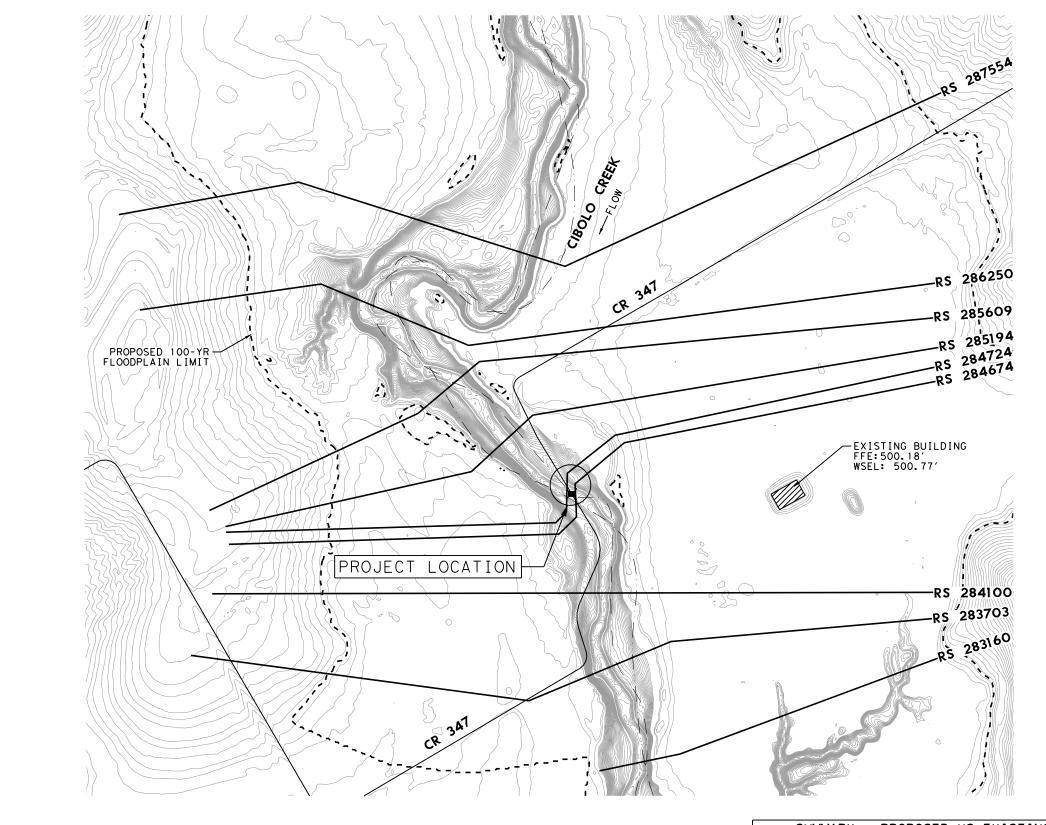
DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SHEET	1	ΛF	1

		OF I	SHEET					
HWAY NO.	HIG	ECT NO.	RAL AID PROJE	FEDE	ED. RD. IV. NO.			
	С	BR 2021 (063) C						
SHEET NO.	Υ	COUNT	DIST.	ATE	ST			
	N	WILSO	SAT	XAS	TEX			
48		JOB	CONT. SECT.					
		047	14	15	09			

FILENAME: c:\Dwworking\kha\pwprod\jordan.kiewi+\dms99928\CR347. PLOTTED: 4/7/2021

RUNOFF CALCULATIONS FROM SARA								
CROSSING	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ MI)	10-YR (CFS)	50-YR (CFS)	100-YR (CFS)				
CR 347 AT	475	39261	58513	64798				

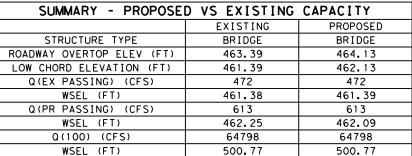


#### NOTES:

- 1. SEE NOTES ON DRAINAGE AREA MAP FOR PEAK FLOW CALCULATIONS.
- 2. HYDRAULICS ANALYZED USING HEC-RAS VERSION 5.0.7 WITH STEADY FLOW ANALYSIS.
- 3. THE CR 347 CROSSING OF CIBOLO CREEK IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED ZONE AE FLOOD AREA IN WILSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 48493C0025C, EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 26, 2010. THE EXISTING HYDRAULIC MODELS FOR CIBOLO CREEK IN WILSON COUNTY WERE OBTAINED FROM SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY.
- 4. MULTIPLE PLANS AND GEOMETRY FILES WERE INCLUDED IN THE MODEL RECEIVED FROM THE SAN ANTONIO RIVER AUTHORITY. THE PLAN LABELED "CIBOLO\_CREEK\_MAINSTEM" WAS USED AS THE EXISTING EFFECTIVE MODEL AND ALL OTHER PLANS REMAINED AS RECIEVED. CROSS SECTION DATA IS BASED ON THE EFFECTIVE MODEL RECEIVED AND WERE SUPPLEMENTED WITH SURVEY AND LIDAR DATA RECEIVED FROM TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM (TNRIS).
- 5. A CORRECTED EFFECTIVE MODEL WAS CREATED FROM THE EXISTING EFFECTIVE MODEL. CORRECTIONS INCLUDED BRIDGE PARAMETERS, FLOW CHANGE LOCATION ADDITION, CROSS SECTION MODIFICATION WITH SURVEYED TERRAIN AND INEFFECTIVE FLOW AREA ADDITIONS.
- 6. THE TXDOT HYDRAULIC MANUAL SETS CRITERIA OF OFF-SYSTEM BRIDGES AS "SAME OR SLIGHTLY BETTER THAN EXISTING". THE PROPOSED BRIDGE MEETS THIS REQUIREMENT.
- 7. THE EXIST PASSING DESIGN EVENT DISCHARGE IS SET SO THAT THE WATER PASSES UNDER THE BRIDGE IN EXISTING CONDITIONS.
- THE PROPOSED PASSING DESIGN EVENT DISCHARGE IS SET SO THAT THE WATER PASSES UNDER THE BRIDGE IN PROPOSED CONDITIONS.
- B. DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION WAS SET TO KNOWN WSEL (460.24) FOR 100 YR PROFILE AND SET TO NORMAL DEPTH (SL = 0.0006 FT/FT) FOR DESIGN EVENT PROFILE.
- COORDINATION WITH THE LOCAL FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR IN WILSON COUNTY HAS BEEN INITIATED AND ALL PLANS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR THEIR REVIEW ON 10/16/20.











CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

#### HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 1 OF 5

		SHEET	0 5				
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.						
6		BR 2021 (063) CR 347					
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.		
TE	(AS	SAT	WILSO	N			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		49		
09	15	14	047				

FILENAME: c:\pwworking\kha\pwprod\jordan.kiewi+\dms99928\CR347\_DRG\_HYDATA\_01. PLOTTED: 4/7/2021 1:56:08 PM

## HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION SUMMARY - EXISTING VS PROPOSED

River	ations: User Defir Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
					(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	90782.00	458.60		,	503.94	0.001636	8.21	22631.14	3259.66	0.23
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	90782.00	458.60	503.51		503.95	0.001635	8.21	22638.20	3260.37	0.23
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	319.00	458.60	465.36		465.40	0.001062	1.44	221.08	64.77	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	319.00	458.60	465.36		465.39	0.001068	1.45	220.62	64.70	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	418.00	458.60	466.07		466.11	0.001043	1.56	268.58	69.11	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	289052 LETTERED XS M	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	418.00	458.60	466.05		466.09	0.001058	1.56	267.29	69.03	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	288669	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	90782.00	458.25	503.00		503.42	0.001378	7.70	23324.28	3457.18	0.22
ibolo Creek	1	288669	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	90782.00	458.25	503.00		503.42	0.001377	7.70	23333.25	3457.77	0.22
ibolo Creek	1	288669	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	319.00	458.25	464.93		464.97	0.001166	1.51	211.94	62.34	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	288669	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	319.00	458.25	464.92		464.96	0.001176	1.51	211.31	62.27	0.14
ibolo Creek	1	288669	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	418.00	458.25	465.65		465.69	0.001149	1.62	258.12	67.20	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	288669	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	418.00	458.25	465.62		465.66	0.001171	1.63	256.38	67.03	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	288002	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	90782.00	457.65	501.99		502.47	0.001939	7.93	18793.18	3825.18	0.23
ibolo Creek	1	288002	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	90782.00	457.65	501.99		502.48	0.001936	7.93	18809.87	3826.52	0.23
ibolo Creek	1	288002	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	319.00	457.65	463.91		463.96	0.002056	1.70	187.88	58.30	0.17
ibolo Creek	1	288002	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	319.00	457.65	463.89		463.93	0.002104	1.71	186.38	58.15	0.17
bolo Creek	1	288002	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	418.00	457.65	464.67		464.72	0.001894	1.79	233.53	62.83	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	288002	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	418.00	457.65	464.61		464.66	0.001972	1.82	230.25	62.52	0.17
ibolo Creek	1	287554	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	90782.00	457.24	501.85		502.12	0.000349	6.44	28525.13	3914.93	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	287554	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	90782.00	457.24	501.85		502.12	0.000349	6.44	28542.33	3915.79	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	287554	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	319.00	457.24	463.49		463.53	0.000541	1.66	191.78	58.30	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	287554	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	319.00	457.24	463.45		463.49	0.000560	1.68	189.48	58.08	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	287554	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	418.00	457.24	464.28		464.33	0.000487	1.74	239.83	62.73	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	287554	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	418.00	457.24	464.21		464.26	0.000514	1.78	235.34	62.33	0.16
bolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	64798.00	456.06	501.60		501.80	0.000213	5.27	29551.75	3919.99	0.15
bolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	456.06	501.60		501.81	0.000213	5.27	29569.22	3920.23	0.15
bolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	456.06	462.68		462.74	0.000643	2.00	241.95	62.79	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	456.06	462.60		462.66	0.000685	2.04	236.76	62.40	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	456.06	463.52		463.59	0.000625	2.14	296.08	67.68	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	286250 LETTERED XS L	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	456.06	463.39		463.47	0.000674	2.20	287.63	66.67	0.19
ibolo Creek	1	285609	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	64798.00	455.48	501.30		501.62	0.000598	5.79	20095.72	3523.56	0.17
ibolo Creek	1	285609	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	455.48	501.31		501.62	0.000597	5.78	20113.89	3524.37	0.17
ibolo Creek	1	285609	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	455.48	462.27		462.32	0.000670	1.77	272.86	65.66	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	285609	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	455.48	462.16		462.21	0.000728	1.82	265.36	65.15	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	285609	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	455.48	463.11		463.17	0.000673	1.92	330.32	71.27	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	285609	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	455.48	462.95		463.01	0.000743	1.99	318.73	70.16	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	1% AC	EFF EX CORR	64798.00	454.95	500.83		501.36	0.000702	7.64	17837.04	3462.59	0.22
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	454.95	500.84		501.36	0.000700	7.64	17860.19	3463.63	0.22
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	454.95	462.04		462.09	0.000459	1.75	275.66	66.90	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	454.95	461.91		461.96	0.000506	1.81	266.55	66.27	0.16
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	454.95	462.89		462.94	0.000443	1.90	333.18	69.36	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	285194 CR 347 - XS04	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	454.95	462.70		462.76	0.000501	1.98	319.99	68.83	0.16
bolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	64798.00	453.81	500.77	479.82	500.97	0.000617	4.61	22687.08	3734.96	0.13
ibolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	453.81	500.77	479.74	500.98	0.000613	4.61	22728.27	3735.87	0.13
ibolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	453.81	461.46	457.29	461.56	0.005249	2.57	187.71	62.25	0.26
ibolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	453.81	461.45	457.27	461.53	0.002027	2.20	219.98	62.20	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	453.81	462.36	457.80	462.46	0.004089	2.57	246.16	67.65	0.24
ibolo Creek	1	284724 CR 347 - XS3	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	453.81	462.18	457.83	462.28	0.002777	2.50	253.41	66.72	0.20
ibolo Creek	1	284704			Bridge									
ibolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	1% AC	EFF_EX_CORR	64798.00	451.46	500.70		500.89	0.000585	4.58	24271.68	3850.59	0.13
bolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	451.46			500.89	0.000584	4.58	24284.29	3850.58	0.13
bolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	451.46	461.34	455.05	461.40	0.000757	1.87	258.53	83.60	0.12
ibolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	451.46	461.36		461.39	0.000622	1.54	314.25	83.76	0.10
ibolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	451.46	462.12		462.18	0.002453	1.96	323.11	91.51	0.18
ibolo Creek	1	284674 CR 347 - XS02	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	451.46	462.07		462.12	0.000774	1.83	346.25	90.89	0.12
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	1% AC	EFF EX CORR	64798.00	453.19	500.62		500.84	0.000725	5.26	21920.96	3346.54	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	1% AC	EFF_PR_CORR	64798.00	453.19			500.84	0.000725	5.26	21920.96	3346.54	0.15
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	EX PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	483.00	453.19			461.33	0.002785	2.03	237.46	68.99	0.19
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	EX PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	483.00	453.19			461.33		2.03	237.46	68.99	0.19
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	PR PASS	EFF_EX_CORR	633.00	453.19			462.05		2.20	287.85	73.25	0.20
ibolo Creek	1	284100 CR 347 - XS01	PR PASS	EFF_PR_CORR	633.00	453.19	461.97		462.05	0.002731	2.20	287.85	73.25	0.20





CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

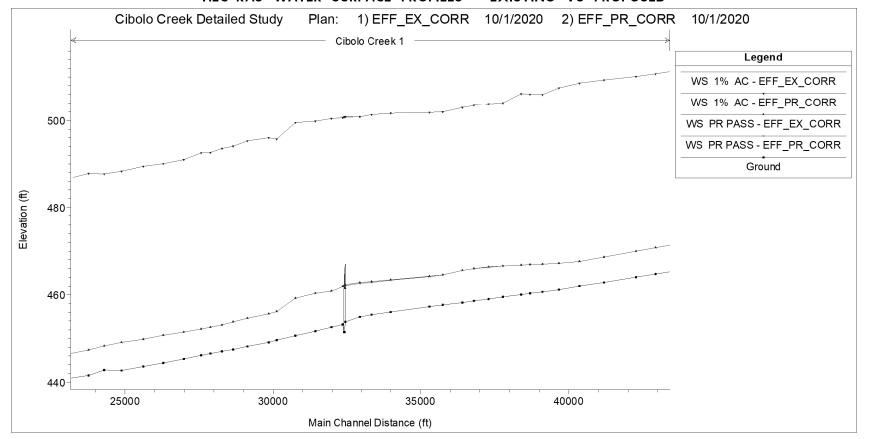
## HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 2 OF 5

	3	۷ '	SHEET Z		D. RD. V. NO.		
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
BR 2021 (063) CR 347							
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	STATE DIST. COUNT		STA			
	WILSON	WILSON		KAS	TEX		
50	JOB		SECT.	CONT.			
	047		14	15	09		

1. REFER TO HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET 1 FOR CALCULATION NOTES.

## HEC-RAS WATER SURFACE PROFILES - EXISTING VS PROPOSED



RATING TABLE	EX VS PROP W	SEL
	AT UPSTE	REAM ROW
EVENT	EXIST WSEL FT	PRO WSEL FT
EX PASSING	461.38	461.39
PR PASSING	462.25	462.09
10-YR	490.97	491.05
50-YR	499.59	499.63
100-YR	500.77	500.77







CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 3 OF 5

	311221 3 01 3									
₹D.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.									
	BR 2021 (063) CR 347									
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.					
TEXAS SAT		WILSO	Z							
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		51					
09	15	14	047							

### BRIDGE HYDRAULIC SUMMARY - EXISTING

Plan: EFF EX CORR Cibolo Creek 1 RS: 284704 Profile: 1% AC

Plan. EFF_EX_CORR C	ibolo Creek T K	5. 204704 Profile. 1%	AC	
E.G. US. (ft)	500.97	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	500.77	E.G. Elev (ft)	500.94	500.92
Q Total (cfs)	64798.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	500.78	500.77
Q Bridge (cfs)	127.74	Crit W.S. (ft)	481.19	480.61
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	46.97	49.31
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	2.89	2.70
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	22418.81	23966.34
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.08	0.08
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	188173.20	197420.70
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	464.43	Hydr Depth (ft)	6.00	6.21
Min El Prs (ft)	461.48	W.P. Total (ft)	3836.96	3963.52
Delta EG (ft)	0.08	Conv. Total (cfs)	2279115.0	2285387.0
Delta WS (ft)	0.07	Top Width (ft)	3736.26	3857.46
BR Open Area (sq ft)	169.11	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.02	0.01
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	0.76	C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	0.01
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.29	0.30
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	0.85	0.82

Plan: EFF\_EX\_CORR Cibolo Creek 1 RS: 284704 Profile: EX PASS

E.G. US. (ft)	461.49	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	461.38	E.G. Elev (ft)	461.45	461.38
Q Total (cfs)	472.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	461.32	461.29
Q Bridge (cfs)	472.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	457.19	455.15
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	7.51	9.83
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	2.86	2.33
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	165.28	202.75
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.21	0.16
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	561.07	852.30
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	464.43	Hydr Depth (ft)	5.55	6.83
Min El Prs (ft)	461.48	W.P. Total (ft)	36.23	40.72
Delta EG (ft)	0.15	Conv. Total (cfs)	7946.8	10335.1
Delta WS (ft)	0.10	Top Width (ft)	29.77	29.71
BR Open Area (sq ft)	169.11	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.05	0.02
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	2.86	C & E Loss (ft)	0.02	0.02
BR Sluice Coef	0.27	Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	1.00	0.65
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	2.87	1.51

### BRIDGE HYDRAULIC SUMMARY - PROPOSED

Plan: EFF\_PR\_CORR Cibolo Creek 1 RS: 284704 Profile: 1% AC

Tani. El T_T N_GOTT Cibolo Greek T NG. 204704 T Tollie: 17/1/NG							
E.G. US. (ft)	500.98	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS			
W.S. US. (ft)	500.77	E.G. Elev (ft)	500.95	500.92			
Q Total (cfs)	64798.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	500.79	500.78			
Q Bridge (cfs)	186.21	Crit W.S. (ft)	482.31	481.09			
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	46.98	49.32			
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	2.92	2.71			
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	22174.70	23873.00			
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.08	0.08			
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	179192.10	194157.30			
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	466.99	Hydr Depth (ft)	5.93	6.19			
Min El Prs (ft)	462.52	W.P. Total (ft)	3858.89	3986.82			
Delta EG (ft)	0.08	Conv. Total (cfs)	2177020.0	2223477.0			
Delta WS (ft)	0.07	Top Width (ft)	3737.97	3857.86			
BR Open Area (sq ft)	231.60	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.02	0.01			
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	0.80	C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	0.01			
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.32	0.32			
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	0.93	0.86			

Plan: EFF\_PR\_CORR Cibolo Creek 1 RS: 284704 Profile: PR PASS

TIGHT: ETT_TTT_GOOTATC				
E.G. US. (ft)	462.19	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	462.09	E.G. Elev (ft)	462.16	462.07
Q Total (cfs)	613.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	462.04	461.98
Q Bridge (cfs)	613.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	457.87	455.67
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	8.23	10.52
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	2.80	2.31
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	218.98	265.75
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.22	0.17
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	747.04	1105.64
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	466.99	Hydr Depth (ft)	4.87	5.91
Min El Prs (ft)	462.52	W.P. Total (ft)	51.10	55.76
Delta EG (ft)	0.16	Conv. Total (cfs)	10099.3	13157.8
Delta WS (ft)	0.11	Top Width (ft)	45.04	45.09
BR Open Area (sq ft)	231.60	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.07	0.02
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	2.80	C & E Loss (ft)	0.02	0.02
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	0.99	0.65
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	2.76	1.49







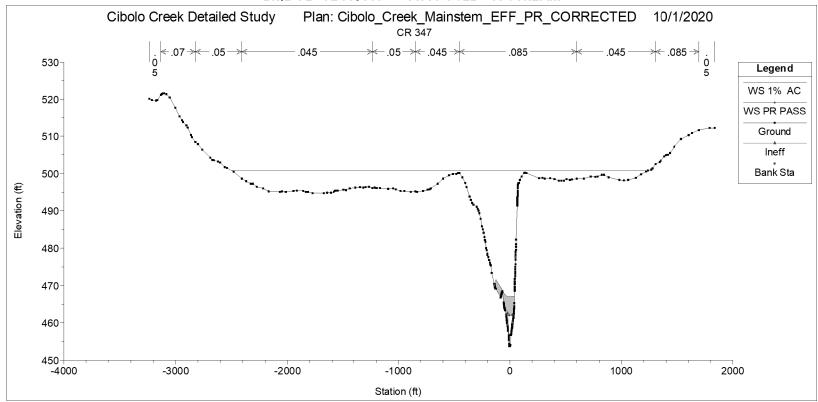
CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## HYDRAULIC DATA

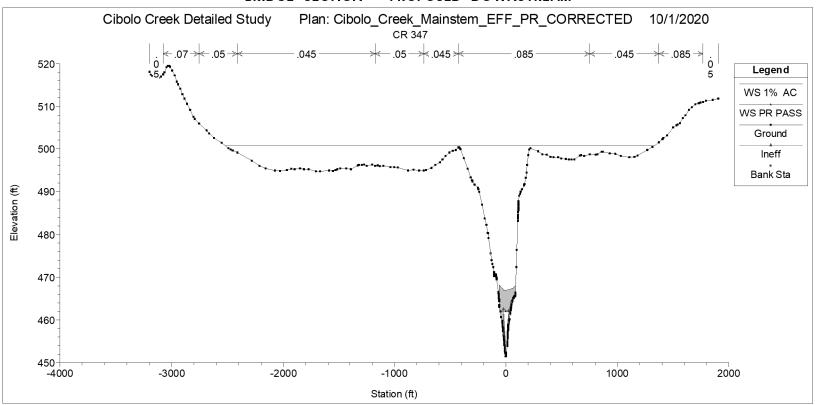
SHEET 4 OF 5

		O	0. 0						
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJE	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.				
6		BR 2021 (063) CR 347							
ST	ATE	DIST. COUNTY							
TE	XAS	SAT	WILSO	Z					
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		52				
09	115	14	047						

#### BRIDGE SECTION - PROPOSED UPSTREAM



#### **BRIDGE SECTION - PROPOSED DOWNSTREAM**



#### NOTES:

1. REFER TO HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET 1 FOR CALCULATION NOTES.





CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 5 OF 5

		JIILL I J	01 3						
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.								
9		BR 2021 (06	(063) CR 347						
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY SHEET						
TEX	XAS	S SAT WILSON							
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		53				
09	15	14	047						

LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR ANALYSIS										
LOCATION	FREQ (yrs)	yı (f†)	y₀ (f†)	Κı	Qı (cfs)	Q₂ (cfs)	₩ı (f†)	W <sub>2</sub> (f†)	y <sub>2</sub> (f†)	ys (ft)
CHANNEL	PR PASS	4.55	4.87	0.69	613.00	613.00	68.48	36.00	7.09	2.22

#### PR-PASS TOTAL SCOUR CALCULATIONS- CIBOLO CREEK

#### CONTRACTION SCOUR RESULTS

FREQ	AVG DEPTH
(yrs)	(ft)
PR-PASS	2.22

LIVE BED CONTRACTION SCOUR ANALYSIS

$$\frac{y2}{y1} = \frac{Q2}{Q1}^{\frac{6}{7}} \times \frac{W1}{W2}^{0.69}$$

ys= y2- y0

#### WHERE:

y= Average depth in the upstream main channel (ft)

 $y_2$ = Average depth in the contracted section (ft)

yo= Existing depth in the contracted section before scour (ft)

Q<sub>i</sub>= Flow in the upstream channel transporting sediments (cfs) Q₂= Flow in the contracted channel (cfs)

 $W_1$ = Bottom width of the upstream main channel that is transporting bed material (ft)  $W_2$ = Bottom width of the main channel in the contracted section less pier widths (ft)

kı= Exponent determined from table below

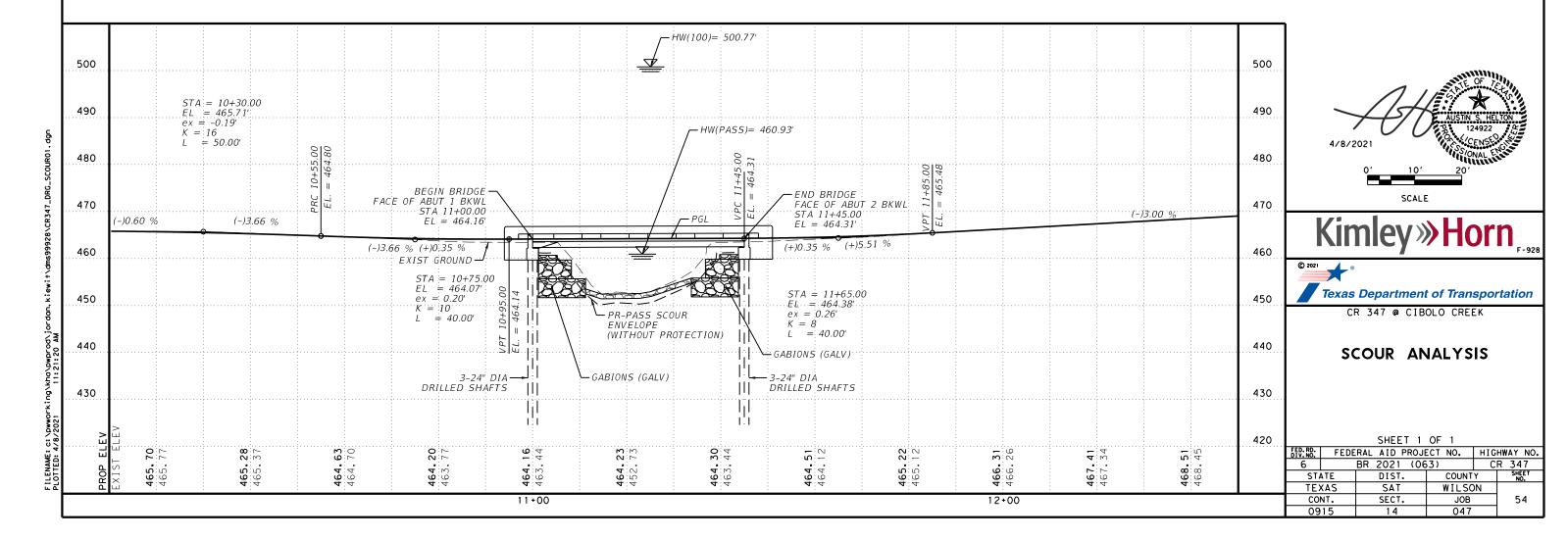
ys= Average contraction scour depth (ft)

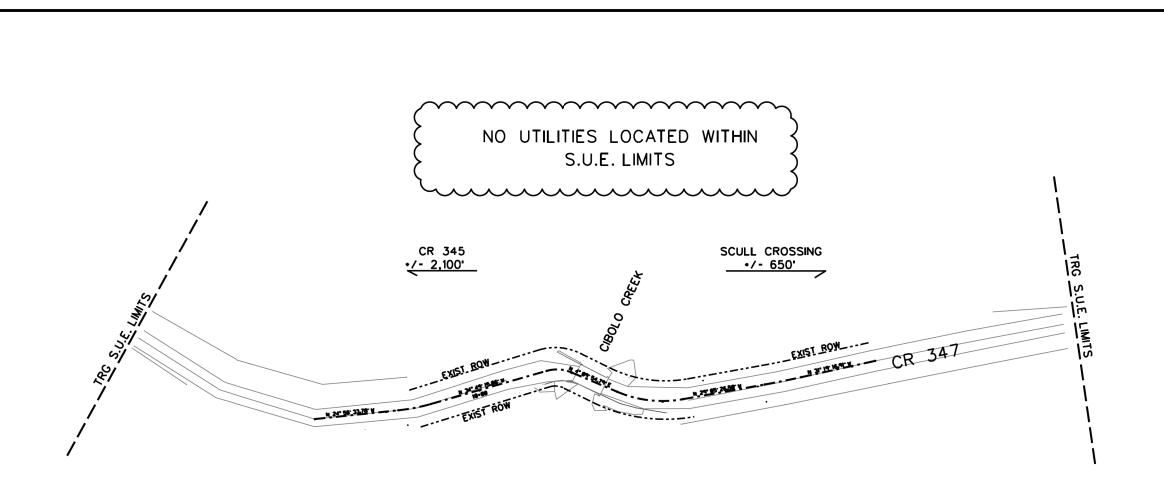
V•/T	kι	MODE OF BED MATERIAL TRANSPORT
<0.5	0.59	MOSTLY CONTACT BED MATERIAL DISCHARGE
0.5 TO 2.0	0.64	SOME SUSPENDED BED MATERIAL DISCHARGE
>2.0	0.69	MOSTLY SUSPENDED BED MATERIAL DISCHAGE

V\*= Shear velocity in the upstream section (ft/s) V\*= Fall velocity of bed material based on the D50 (ft/s)

#### NOTES:

- 1. SCOUR ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED IN THE FHWA HYDRAULIC TOOLBOX VERSION 5.0.
  2. SCOUR COMPUTATIONS WERE PERFORMED
- FOR THE PR-PASS AND 100-YR FLOWS. THE PR-PASS FREQUENCY IS THE SCOUR DESIGN FREQUENCY.





## EXISTING UTILITY CONTACT INFORMATION

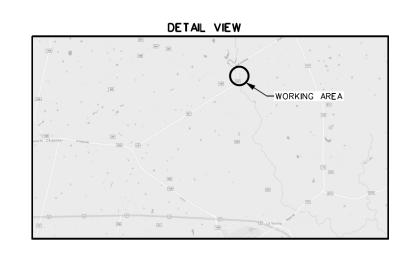
GUADALUPE VALLEY ELECTRIC CO-OP

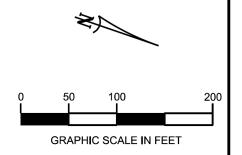
PAUL STOCK 1-830-386-4424 PSTOCK@GVEC.ORG PA1657@ATT.COM

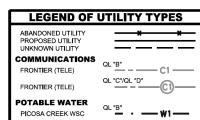
PHILLIP AUSTIN 210-283-1839

EAST CENTRAL SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT

ALBERT STRZELCZYK
210-649-2383
EASTCENTRALWATER@SBCGLOBAL.NET







PICOSA CREEK WSC

OL "D"

OVERHEAD UTILITY
OL "D"

OH

OH

OH

OH1 - KARNES ELECTRIC CO-OP (ELEC)

OH2- FRONTIER (TELE)

# END CAP

END CAP
QUALITY LEVEL CHANGE
TEST HOLE
UTILITY CONTINUATION
FIBER HANDHOLE
TELEPHONE CABINET
TELEPHONE HANDHOLE
TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
TELEPHONE POLE WRISER
ELECTRIC POLE (POWER)
ELECTRIC POLE WIRISER

WATER MANHOLE
WATER METER
WATER VALVE
WATER VAULT
REV DATE BY

The Rios Group, Inc. TBPE Firm # F-14595

TRAVIS S. ISAACSON

NONAL ENGL

01-29-2021

REV DATE BY DESCRIPTION

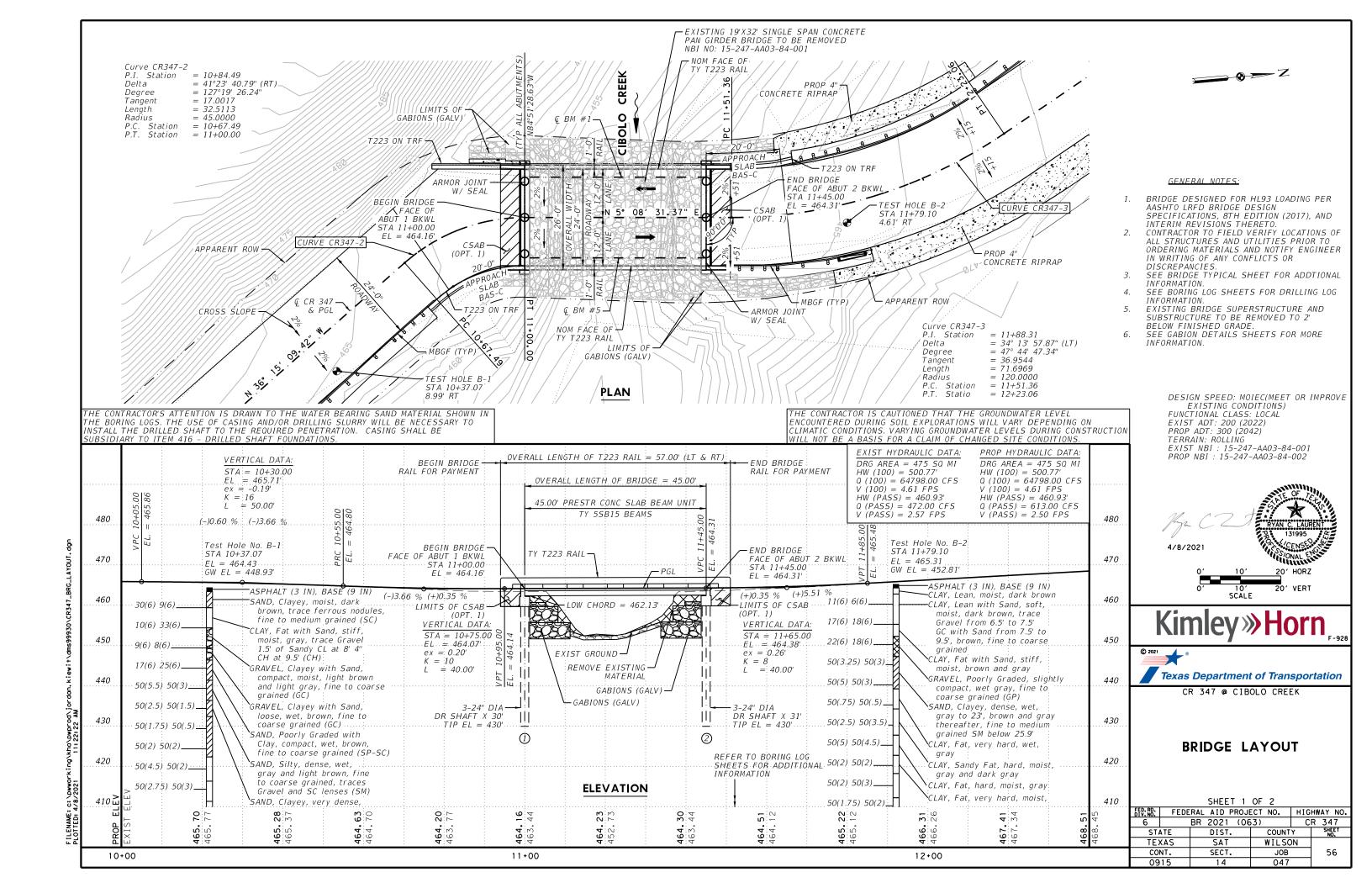


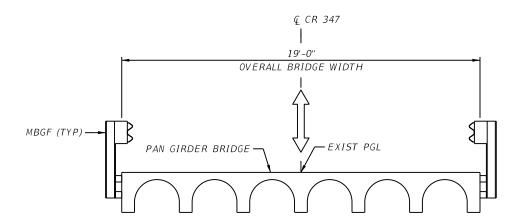
© 2021
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CR 347 AT CIBOLO CREEK

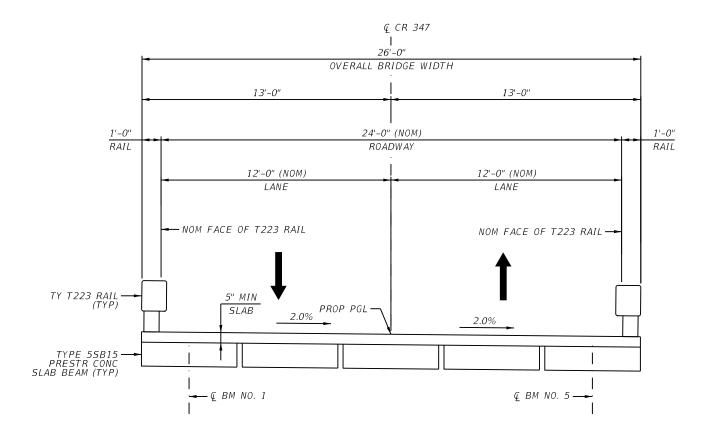
## S.U.E. PLAN SHEET

DESIGNED BY:	D.W.	CHECKE	ED BY: T.I. DATE: 01-29-2021				
APPROVED BY:		CHECKE	D BY:	DATE;			
TRG PROJEC	T NUN	IBER	SUE	SHEET	NO.	DATE	
KHA19	21.0	4	1	OF	1	01-29-2021	
CSJ NUM	/BER		PLAN SHEET NO.				
0915-1	4-047	•			5	5	
STATE	DI	STRICT	COUNTY				
TX		SAT	WILSON				





**EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION** 



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION
SCALE: 1"=5'







CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## BRIDGE LAYOUT

SHEET 2 OF 2

		511221 2	U						
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.								
6		BR 2021 (063) CR 347							
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY SHEE						
TE	XAS	SAT							
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		57				
09	15	14	047						

PROP ELEV Exist elev

SPEC ITEM #	0400 6005	0416 6002	0420 6013	0422 6007	0422 6015	0425 6012	0450 6006	0454 6004	4171 6001
ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM	DRILL	CL C CONC	RE I NF	APPROACH	PRESTR	RAIL	ARMOR	STENCILING
	STABIL	SHAFT	(ABUT)	CONC SLAB	SLAB	CONC	(TY T223)	JOINT	PERMANENT
	BKFL	(24 IN)		(SLAB BEAM)		SLAB BEAM		(SEALED)	STRUCTURE
						(5SB15)			NUMBERS
BRIDGE COMPONENT	CY	LF	CY	SF	CY		LF	LF	EA
2 - ABUTMENTS	34	183	18,4		39		114.0	50, 4	
1 - 45.00' PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM UNIT	<u> </u>	103	10.1	1,170	33	222.50	11110	30.1	
									2
TOTAL	34	183	18,4	1,170	39	222,50	114.0	50, 4	2



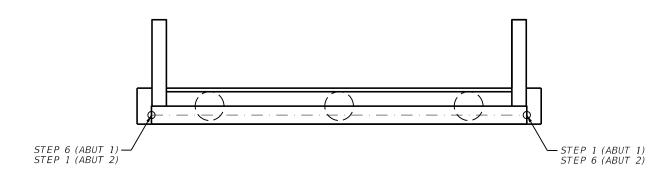


CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

## **ESTIMATED QUANTITIES**

SHEET 1 OF 1

ED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGH	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.								
6 BR 2021 (063) CR	2.7 2027								
STATE DIST. COUNTY	SHEET NO.								
TEXAS SAT WILSON									
CONT. SECT. JOB	58								
0915 14 047									

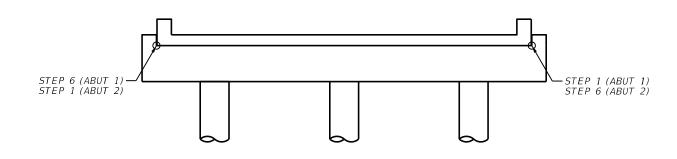


CONTROL ELEVATIONS										
	TOP OF CAP TOP OF DRILLED SHAFTS*									
	STEP 1	STEP 6	DS 1	DS 2	DS 3					
ABUT 1	462.462'	461.942'	459.862'	459.702'	459.542′					
ABUT 2	462.612'	462.092'	460.012'	459.852'	459.692'					

\* ELEVATIONS AT & OF DRILLED SHAFT

#### GENERAL NOTES:

REFER TO TXDOT STANDARDS APSB-24 AND SPSB-24 FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN.



#### BEAM REPORT AT CENTER OF BOX, SPAN 1

	HORIZONTAL E C-C BENT	DISTANCE C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE BOT. BM. FLG.	BEAM SLOPE	BEAM BEARING
BOX 1	45.0000	43.5833	44.5003	0.00344	N 5 8 31.16 E
B0X 2	45.0000	43.5833	44.5003	0.00344	N 5 8 31.16 E
B0X 3	45.0000	43.5833	44.5003	0.00344	N 5 8 31.16 E
BOX 4	45.0000	43.5833	44.5003	0.00344	N 5 8 31.16 E
B0X 5	45.0000	43.5833	44.5003	0.00344	N 5 8 31.16 E



BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 1 (N 84 51 28.84 W)

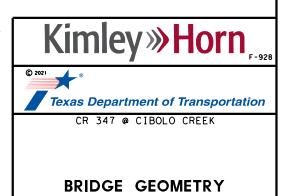
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 13.0000 L

BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 2 (N 84 51 28.84 W)

DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 13.0000 L

ВОХ	STEP SPAC. (CL BENT)	BEAM ANGLE D M S CL BENT	DIST CL BENT PERP TO CL BEAM	TO CL BRNG ALONG CL BENT	DIST CL BENT PERP TO CL BEAM	TO END OF BM ALONG	ВОХ	STEP SPAC. (CL BENT)	BEAM ANGLE D M S CL BENT	DIST CL BEN PERP TO CL BEAM	T TO CL BRNG ALONG CL BENT	DIST CL BENT PERP TO CL BEAM	TO END OF BM ALONG
STEP 1 LEFT BOX 1 CENTER	0.0000	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	STEP 1 LEFT BOX 1 CENTE	0.0000 R	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500
RIGHT  LEFT  BOX 2 CENTER	5.1172	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	RIGHT  LEFT  BOX 2 CENTE	5.1172 R	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500
RIGHT STEP 3 LEFT BOX 3 CENTER RIGHT	5.2552	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	RIGHT STEP 3 LEFT BOX 3 CENTER RIGHT	<i>5.2552</i>	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500
STEP 4  LEFT  BOX 4 CENTER  RIGHT	5.2552	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	STEP 4  LEFT  BOX 4 CENTE.  RIGHT	5.2552 R	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500
LEFT BOX 5 CENTER RIGHT	5.2552	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	LEFT BOX 5 CENTE. RIGHT	5.2552 R	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500
STEP 6	5.1172 26.0000	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500	STEP 6	5.1172 26.0000	90 0 0.00	0.7083	0.7083	0.2500	0.2500



SHEET 1 OF 1

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. 6 BR 2021 (063) CR 347 CR 347 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS WILSON SAT SECT. CONT. JOB 14

## **DRILLING LOG**

1 of 2

County Wilson Highway CR 347 WinCore Version 3.3 CSJ 0915-14-047

Station

Structure Bridge 10+37.07 8.99' RT Offset

District San Antonio Date 07/27/20 Grnd. Elev. 464.43 ft GW Elev. 448.93 ft

		L			Triax	ial Test		Prop	ertie	s	
Elev (ft)		O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Press.	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
463.7				ASPHALT (0.5"), BASE (2.5")	, (F-1)	(1)	6			(J)	SSS@1', N=7, -#200=20.1%
	-			SAND, Clayey with Gravel, moist, dark brown, fine to coarse grained, trace ferrous nodules, trace asphalt			9	35	18		PTS@3', PP=2.75, -#200=34.9%
	-		20 (6) 0 (6)	fragments to 2.5' (SC)							
459.4	5 -		30 (6) 9 (6)	CLAY, Sandy Lean, stiff, moist,			_11	41	24		SSS@5', N=13, -#200=38.2%
	-			gray; GC with Sand layer to 6.3'			17				SSS@6.3', N=11
	-						19	39	22		PTS@8', PP=4.0, -#200=67.4% Sulfate Content<100 ppm
454.4	10 -		10 (6) 33 (6)	GRAVEL, Clayey with Sand, compact,	-						
	-	0.000		moist, light brown, fine to coarse grained (GC)			7				SSS@11.5', N=41, -#200=13.8%
451.4	15 -	.0000	9 (6) 8 (6)	GRAVEL, Clayey with Sand, loose, wet, brown, fine to coarse grained (GC)							
	-						20				SSS@16.5', N=10
445.4	-	, 0	4 <b>-</b> (a) a- (a)	SAND, Poorly Graded with Clay							
:	20 - -	-	17 (6) 25 (6)	and Gravel, compact, wet, brown, fine to coarse grained (SP-SC)			14				SSS@21.4', N=18, -#200=8.8%
440.4	-		EO (E E) EO (2)	SAND, Silty, dense, wet, gray							
1	25 - -		50 (5.5) 50 (3)	and light brown, fine to coarse grained, traces Gravel and SC lenses (SM)			22				SSS@26', N=52
435.4	-			(,							
	30 -		50 (2.5) 50 (1.5)	SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, dark gray, fine grained (SC)			24				SSS@30.5', N=76, -#200=18.9%
	-										
430.4	35 - -		50 (1.75) 50 (0.5)	CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, dark gray (CH)			24	52	32		SSS@35.3', N=27, 50/5.5 -#200=88.8%
	-										
	- 40 -		50 (2) 50 (2)								

Remarks: Drill Rig: CME 55 with 170-pound TxDOT Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer Reading (tsf); Drilling Method: CFA to 15' then Mud Rotary; Lat. 29.395094, Long. -98.127175

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Logger: Pearl Saya-Ang Organization: Corsair Consulting LLC

X:\Shared\Projects\2020\2000528 CR 104 and CR 347 KH\Logs\Final\CR 347\Wincore\B-1.CLG

## **DRILLING LOG**

San Antonio

WinCore Version 3.3

County Wilson Highway CR 347 0915-14-047

Structure Bridge Station Offset

10+37.07 8.99' RT

Date 07/27/20 Grnd. Elev. 464.43 ft GW Elev. 448.93 ft

Organization: Corsair Consulting LLC

District

		L			Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	s	
Ele (ft	ev. )	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	MC	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
400.4	-			CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, dark gray (CH)	<u> </u>	<b>1</b>	23			-4 /	SSS@40.5', N=49
422.4	-		50 (4.5) 50 (2)	SAND, Clayey, dense, wet, gray, fine grained (SC)							
	45 - -						22	40	22		SSS@45.7', N=39, -#200=32.8%
416.9	-		50 (2.75) 50 (3)	CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, dark gray (CH)							
	50 - -		30 (2.73) 30 (3)				20				SSS@50.7', N=41
411.4	-		50 (4 5) 50 (4 35)	CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, dark gray (CH)							
407.4	55 - -		50 (1.5) 50 (1.75)				22				SSS@55.4', N=58
407.4	-			CLAY, Sandy Lean, very hard, moist, gray, few SC lenses (CL)							
402.9	60 - -		50 (2.5) 50 (1.25)				37				SSS@60.4', N=37, 50/3
	-			CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, dark gray, trace SM lenses (CH)							
	65 - -		50 (1.5) 50 (1)				22				SSS@65.3', N=53
	-										
394.1	70 - -		50 (1) 50 (1)								Boring Terminated at 70.3'
	-										
	75 -										
	-										
	80 -										

Remarks: Drill Rig: CME 55 with 170-pound TxDOT Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer Reading (tsf); Drilling Method: CFA to 15' then Mud Rotary; Lat. 29.395094, Long. -98.127175

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Logger: Pearl Saya-Ang

X:\Shared\Projects\2020\2000528 CR 104 and CR 347 KH\Logs\Final\CR 347\Wincore\B-1.CLG

YANFENG LI

01/28/21

95% PLANS





Texas Department of Transportation

CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

BORING LOGS

SHEET 1 OF 2

		SHI	EEI	1 OF	2		
FEO.RO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJECT NO.				HIGHWA	Y NO.
6		BR 2021 (063)			CR 347		
STATE			DIST.		COL	JNTY	SIEET
TEXA	S	SAN	ANT	ONIO	WI	_SON	
CONT.		SECT.			J	OB	60
0915			14		0		

## **DRILLING LOG** Teriel Dependent of Train portation

County Guadalupe

CSJ 0915-14-047

Highway CR 347

WinCore

Version 3.3

Hole	B-2	District	San Antonio
Structure	Bridge	Date	07/28/20
Station	11+79.10	Grnd. Elev.	465.31 ft
Offset	4.61' RT	GW Elev.	452.81 ft

	L	Texas Cone			al Test		Prop	ertie		
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
464.6			ASPHALT (1.25"), BASE (3.25")		/	18	46	27		SSS@1', N=12, -#200=79.6%
			CLAY, Lean with Sand, soft, moist,			10	40	21		333@1, N=12, -#200=79.0%
-			dark brown; GC with Sand to 1'; GC with Sand below 7.5' (CL)	0	40.5	17	48	29	117	PTS@2.5', PP=3.5, -#200=81.7' Sulfate Contents=720 ppm
-		(2) 2 (2)		0	38.2	14			127	PTS@4.5', PP=3.5
5 -		11 (6) 6 (6)								
-						18				PTS@6.5', PP=2.5
-						8				SSS@7.5', N=33, -#200=19.1%
-										
455.8 10 -		17 (6) 18 (6)	CLAY, Fat with Sand, stiff, moist,							
-			brown and gray (CH)			20				SSS@11.5', N=10
452.3										
452.5	.0.		GRAVEL, Poorly Graded, compact, wet, gray, fine to coarse grained							
15 -	. 0	22 (6) 18 (6)	(GP)							
-						9				SSS@16.4', N=12
-	0.									
446.3										
20 -		50 (3.25) 50 (3)	SAND, Silty, dense, wet, gray, fine grained; CH layer below 26.5'							000 C 00 TI N T
-	-		(SM)			26				SSS@20.7', N=51, -#200=19.0%
-	-									
-										
25 -	-	50 (5) 50 (3)								
-	-					31				SSS@25.9', N=46
-	-									
436.3										
30 -		50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)	CLAY, Fat, very hard, wet, gray (CH)			39				SSS@30.3', N=50/5.75
-			(33)							
433.3			CLAY, Sandy Fat, hard, moist,	-						
_			dark gray (CH)							
35 -		50 (2.5) 50 (3.5)								000000 71 N 00
-						20				SSS@35.7', N=38
-	<b>1</b>									
427.3			CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)							
		50 (5) 50 (4.5)								

Remarks: Drill Rig: CME 55 with 170-pound TxDOT Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer Reading (tsf); Drilling Method: CFA to 10' then Mud Rotary; Lat. 29.395449, Long. -98.127250

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Organization: Corsair Consulting LLC Logger: Pearl Saya-Ang

X:\Shared\Projects\2020\2000528 CR 104 and CR 347 KH\Logs\Final\CR 347\Wincore\B-2.CLG

Term Deposition of Transportation WinCore

Version 3.3

## DRILLING LOG

County Guadalupe Highway CR 347 CSJ 0915-14-047

Structure Bridge Station 11+79.10 Offset 4.61' RT

District San Antonio Date

07/28/20 Grnd. Elev. 465.31 ft GW Elev. 452.81 ft

Organization: Corsair Consulting LLC

L	Texas Cope					Prop	ertie		
O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	ΡI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
		CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)		•	24				SSS@41', N=43
		CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray							
	50 (2) 50 (2)	(OII)			19				SSS@45.5', N=59
		CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)							
	50 (2) 50 (3)								
					21				SSS@50.7', N=59
		CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)							
	50 (1.75) 50 (2)				22				SSS@55.5', N=50
		SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)							
5	50 (2) 50 (1)				14	29	14		SSS@60.5', N=50/5 -#200=46.7%
									-#200=40.7 %
5	50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)				15				SSS@65.3', N=30, 41, 50/5
					13				333@03.3 , N=30, 41, 30/3
5	50 (1) 50 (2)								Boring Terminated at 70.4'
1									
	00 111111111111111111111111111111111111	O Benetremeter	Penetrometer  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  SO (2) 50 (3)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)  50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)	Lateral Press. (psi)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  SO (2) 50 (3)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)  50 (2) 50 (1)  50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)	Strata Description Penetrometer  Strata Description Peness Stress Stress (psi)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)  50 (2) 50 (1)  50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)	Clay, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)   So (2) 50 (2)   CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)   CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)   So (1.75) 50 (2)   CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)   SaND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)   So (0.75) 50 (0.5)   15	Strata Description   Lateral Deviator Press, Stress (psi) (psi)   24	Strata Description   Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi)   24	Texas Cone Penetrometer  Strata Description  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, gray (CH)  50 (2) 50 (3)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  CLAY, Fat, very hard, moist, gray (CH)  50 (1.75) 50 (2)  SAND, Clayey, very dense, wet, light gray, fine grained (SC)  50 (0.75) 50 (0.5)

Remarks: Drill Rig: CME 55 with 170-pound TxDOT Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer Reading (tsf); Drilling Method: CFA to 10' then Mud Rotary; Lat. 29.395449, Long. -98.127250

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Logger: Pearl Saya-Ang

X:\Shared\Projects\2020\2000528 CR 104 and CR 347 KH\Logs\Final\CR 347\Wincore\B-2.CLG



01/28/21

95% PLANS





Texas Department of Transportation

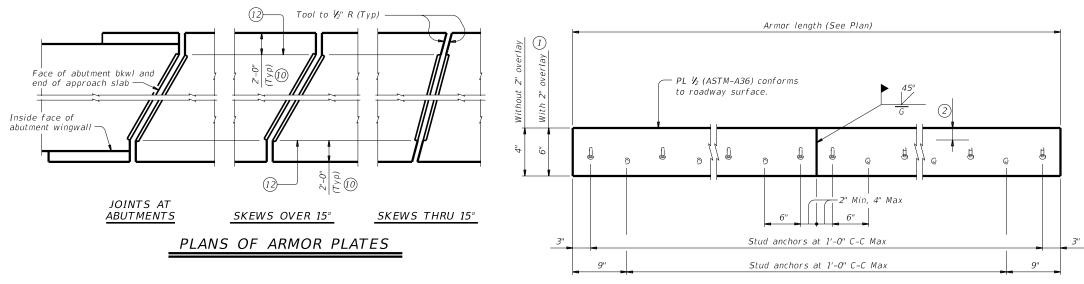
CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

BORING LOGS

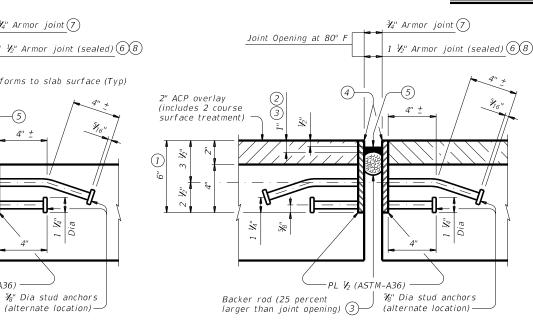
SHEET 2 OF 2

		31		٠ _	Oi.			
DIV.VO	FEDE	RAL 4	Q]A	PROJ	ECT	NO.	HIGHWA	Y NO.
6		BR 2021 (063)				CR 347		
STATE		DIST.				COL	INTY	94(E1
TEXA	S	SAN	AN.	<b>TONI</b>	oT	WIL	SON	
CONT.		SECT.				J	OB	61
0915		14				0	47	





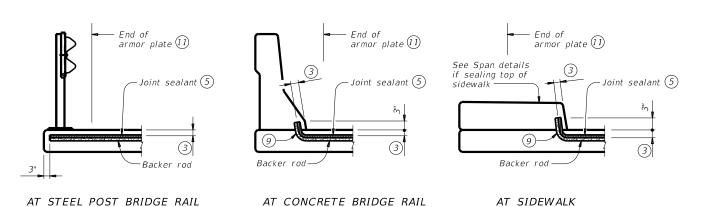
## ELEVATION OF BASIC ARMOR PLATE



#### SHOWN WITH 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION (1)

## ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS

Showing Armor Joint (Sealed,



¾" Armor joint (7)

(5)

4"

PL 1/2 (ASTM-A36)

SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY

AT JOINT LOCATION

Conforms to slab surface (Typ)

⅓" Dia stud anchors

(alternate location) -

Joint Opening at 80° F

Backer rod (25 percent

larger than joint opening) (3)—

## JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

Armor joint (sealed) only. Armor plate is not shown for clarity

① Adjust 6" plate height for overlay thicknesses other than the 2" shown. Adjust weight by 1.70 plf for each 1/2" variation in thickness.

 ${ rac{ 2}{ }}$  Do not paint top 1  ${ rac{ V_2 '' }{ }}$  of plate if using sealed armor joint.

 ${rac{3}{3}}$  Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.

 $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$  Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of

(5) Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.

 $\stackrel{igored}{ ext{ }}$  Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.

(7) Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.

8 Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.

9 Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.

0 Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.

(1) See "Plans of Armor Plates".

② At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.

(13) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

#### **FABRICATION NOTES:**

Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10"-0" Min and 24"-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2"-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations

Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel." Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details

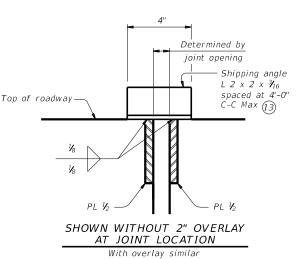
#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint. Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans.

These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1 1/4" (1/4" opening movement and 1/4" closure movement).

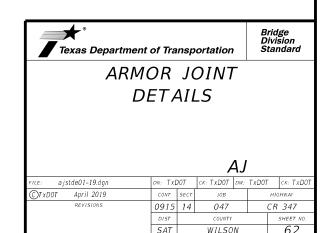
Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.

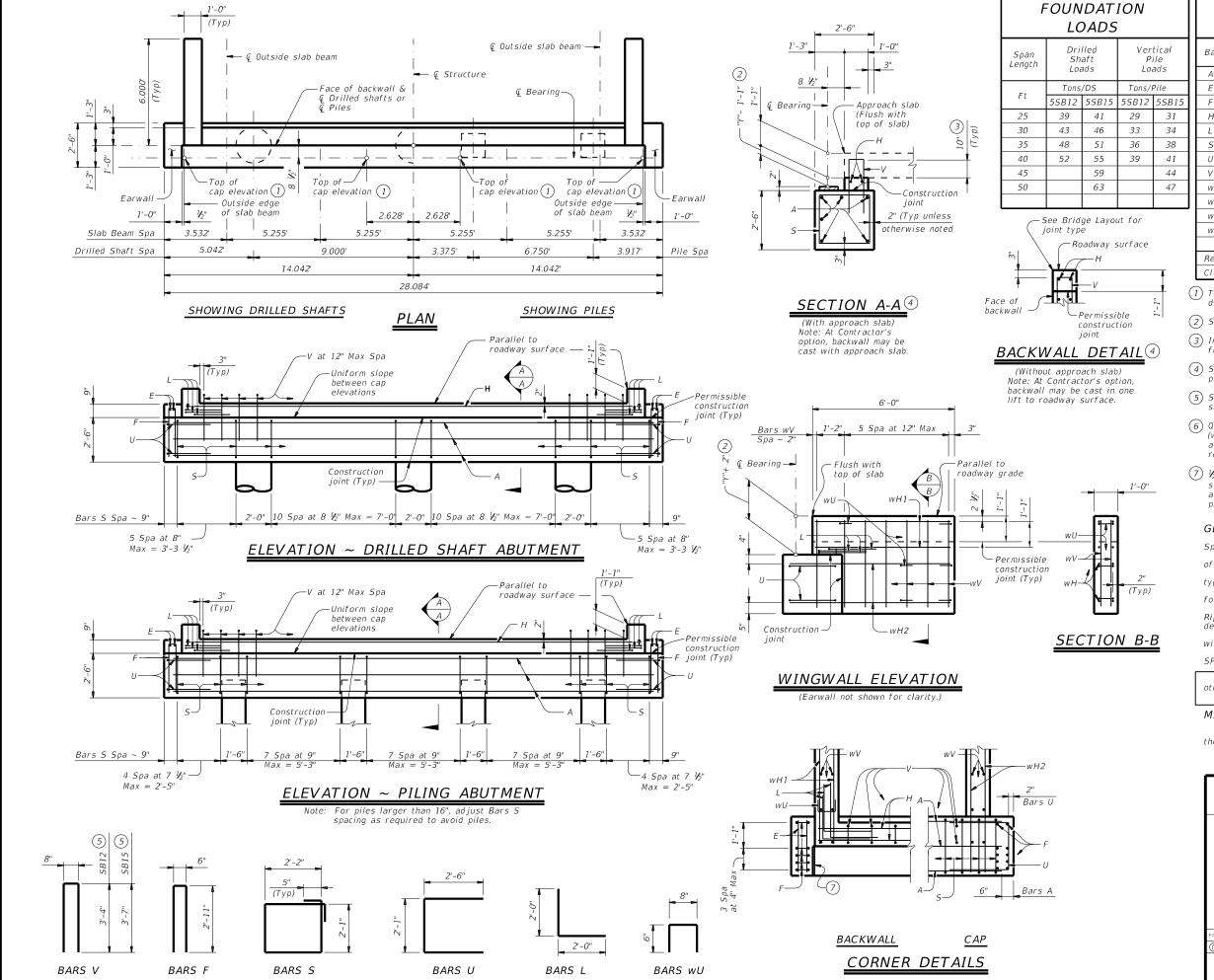


## SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

WEIGHTS F ARMOR JOINT	0.1.0.1.
WITHOUT OVERLAY	16.10 plf
WITH 2" OVERLAY	22.90 plf





## TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 **QUANTITIES**

Bar	No.	Size	Length	(5		Weight (5)						
Dai	NO.	3120	5SB12	5 <i>S</i> I	315	5SB12	5SB15					
Α	6	#11	27'-1"	2.	7'-1"	863	863					
Ε	4	#4	2'-2"		2'-2"	6	6					
F	10	#4	6'-4"	6'-4"		43	43					
Н	2	#5	25'-8"	2.	5'-8"	54	54					
L	6	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	36	36					
5	34	#4	9'-4"	9'-4"		212	212					
U	4	#6	7'-1"	7'-1"		43	43					
V	25	#5	7'-4"	7'	-10"	191	204					
wH1	8	#6	5'-8"		5'-8"	68	68					
wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83					
wU	12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14					
wV	28	#5	3'-10"		4'-1"	112	119					
Reinfo	rcing St	teel	•		Lb	1,725	1,745					
CI "C"	Conc (Al	but)			CY	8.8	9.2					

- 1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- ③ Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 54 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Designed for a normal embankment header slope

of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet.
See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size, and length.

type, size, and length.
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet
for all foundation details and notes.
See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone
Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING



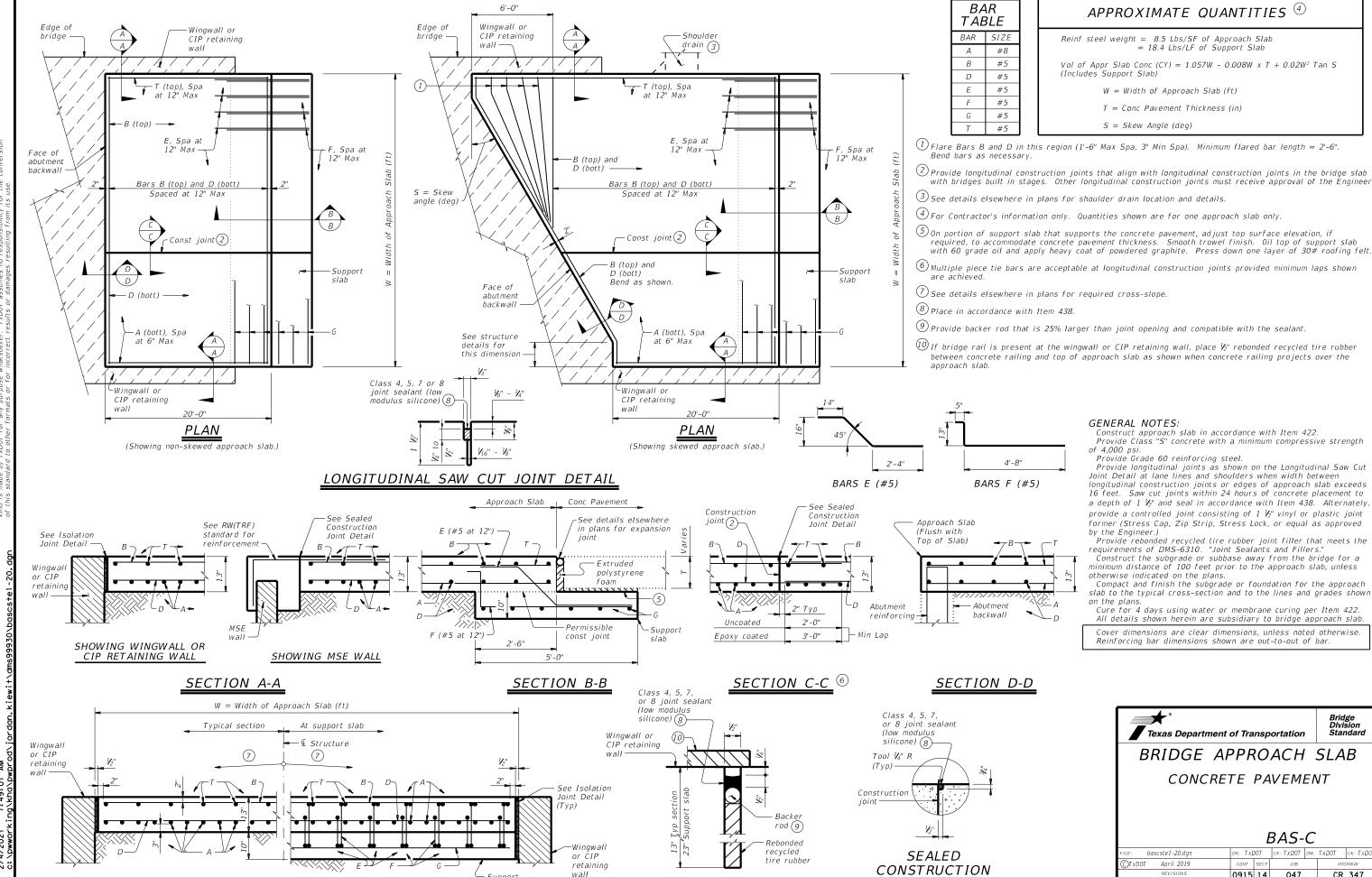
**ABUTMENTS** PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

Bridge Division Standard

24' ROADWAY

APSB-24

				-				
LE: psbste09-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW: 1		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T		
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	HWAY		
REVISIONS	0915	0915 14 047				CR 347		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	SAT		WILSC	N		63		



ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

JOINT DETAIL

0915 14

047

WILSON

CR 347

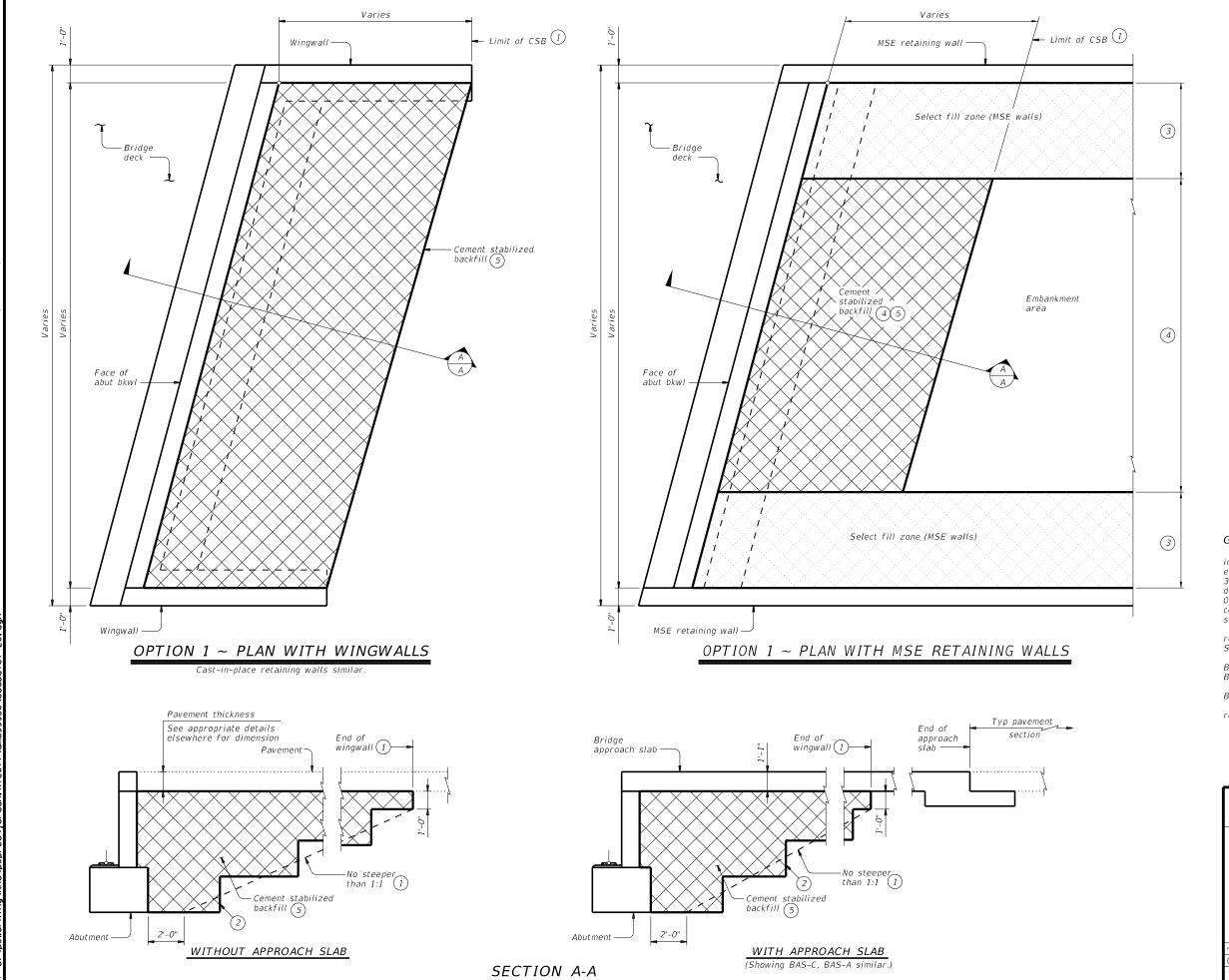
wall

Support

slab

TRANSVERSE SECTION

A



1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height, place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

#### GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a plasticity index (PI) greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring PI controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See

Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

These details do not apply when Concrete Block retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2

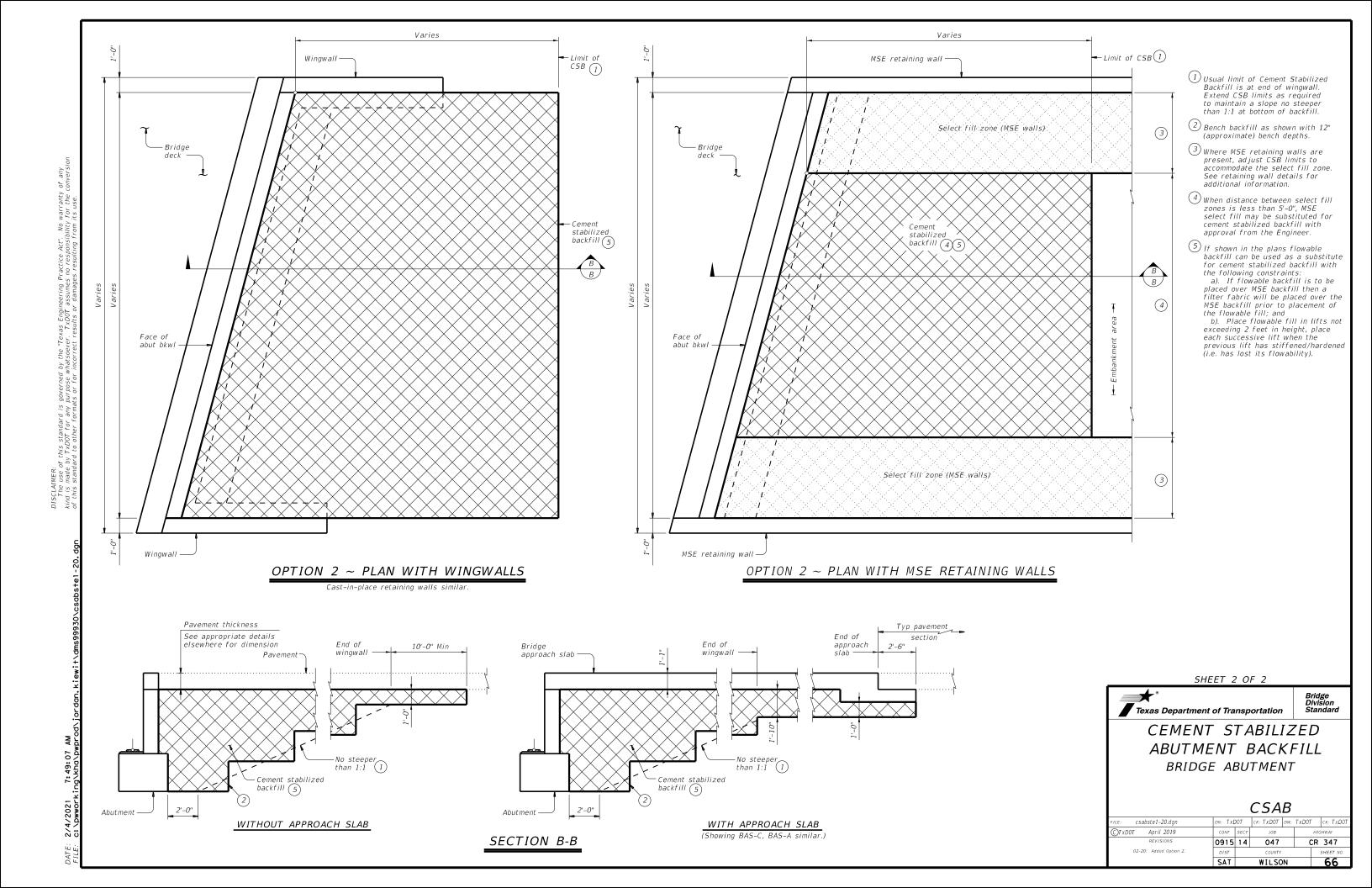


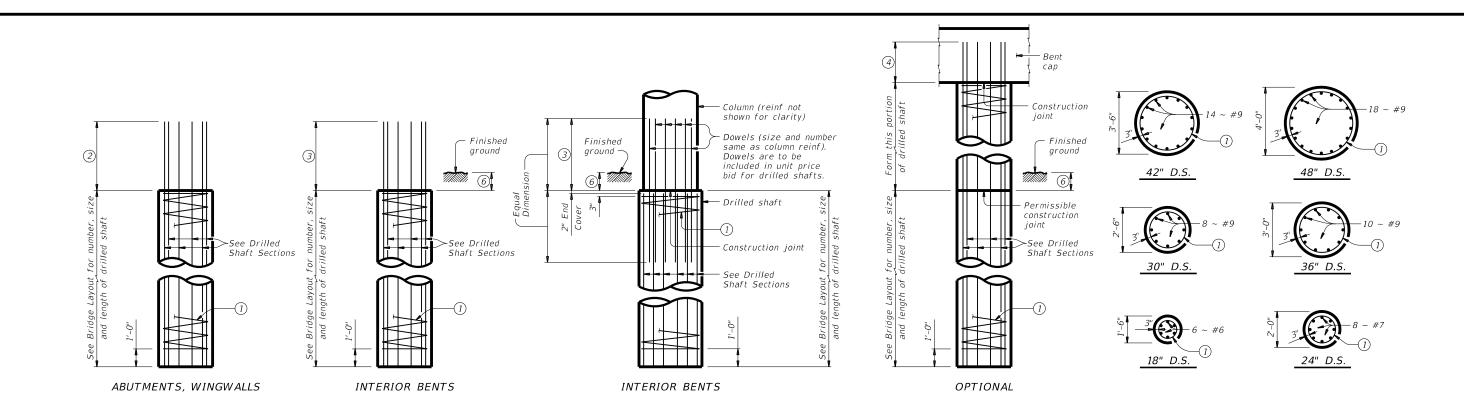
Bridge Division Standard

CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

			· · ·	_			
FILE: csabste1-20.dgn	DN: TXI	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск: ТхD0Т	
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR 347		
02-20: Added Option 2.	DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	SAT		WILSO	N		65	

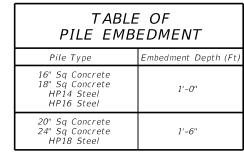




## DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

DRILLED SHAFT DIA

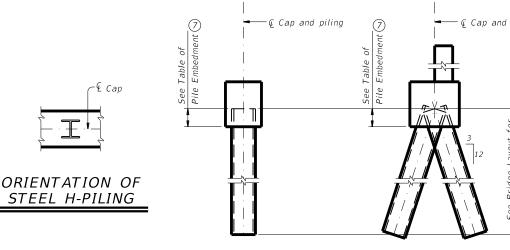
GREATER THAN COLUMN DIA

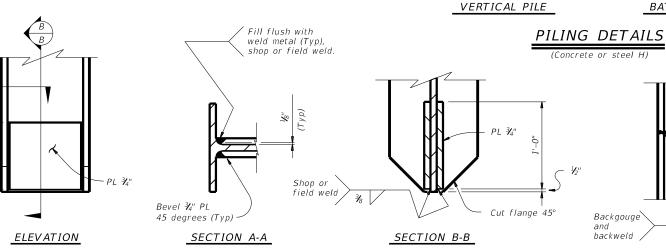


AND MULTI-DRILLED

SHAFT FOOTINGS

See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.



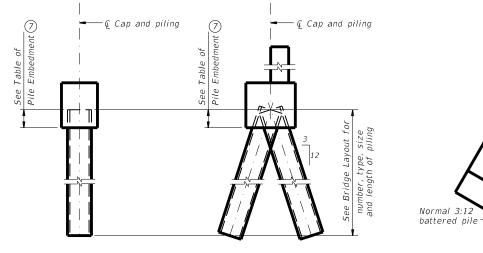


DRILLED SHAFT DIA

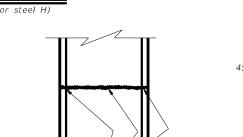
EQUAL TO COLUMN DIA

## STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.



BATTERED PILE



SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

INTERIOR BENT

DRILLED SHAFT DETAIL 5

If unable to avoid

conflict with wingwall

group regardless of

which pile would be battered back, one

pile in group may be

vertical

∟⊫ı

Piling

group

DETAIL "A'

(Showing plan view of a 30° skewed abutment)

piling at exterior pile

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.

- - top and bottom). 2 Min extension into supported element:

#3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns

#6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

- Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-3"  $#9 \; Bars = 2'-9''$
- 5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

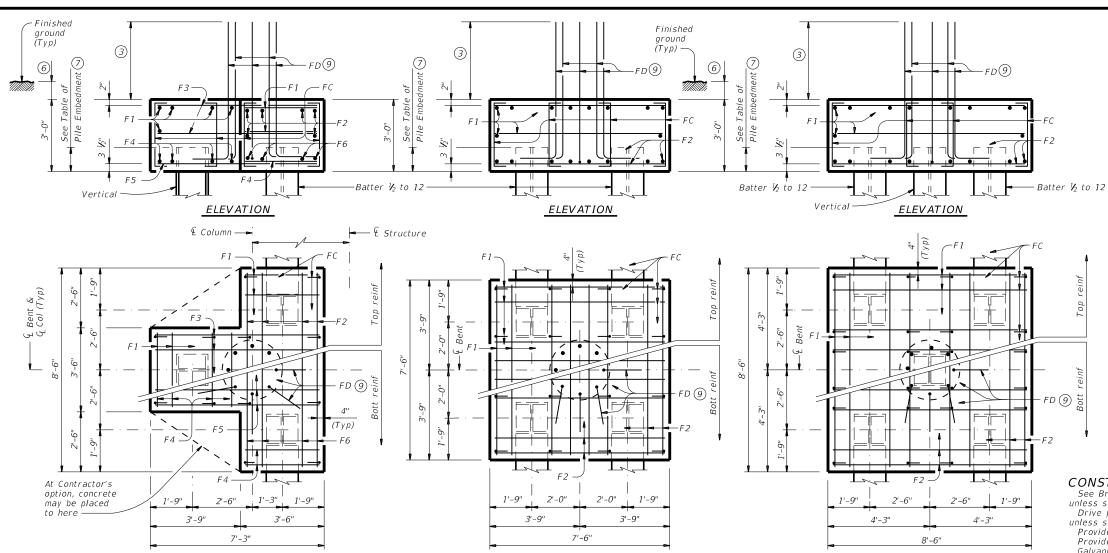




## COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

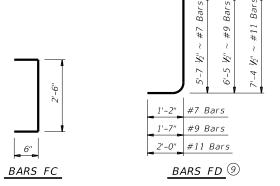
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO fdstde01-20.dar OTXDOT April 2019 CR 347 0915 14 047 01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars WILSON 67

FD



PLAN

FOUR PILE FOOTING $^{\circledR}$ 



PLAN

THREE PILE FOOTING®

- Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9"  $#11 \ Bars = 4'-8''$
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.
- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

## TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

		30 (	COLUN	כ עוו	1
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	「ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	"	33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	!"	28
F 4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	!"	94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	,,	111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623
Class	"C" Ca	ncrete		CY	4.8
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	"	96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	*	37
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	6.3
			PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	"	56
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	8.0

## CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

PLAN

FIVE PILE FOOTING (8)

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2

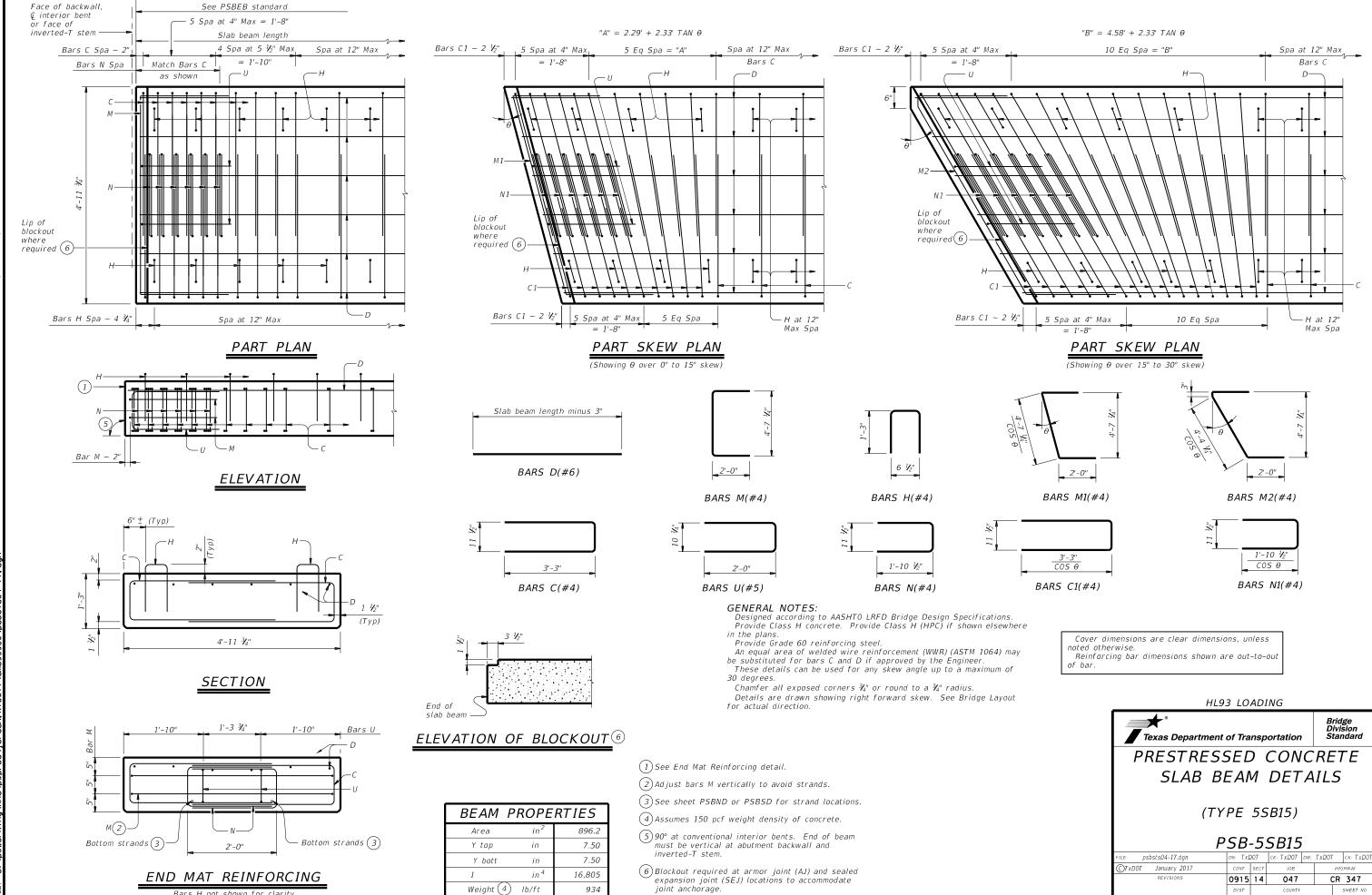


Bridge Division Standard

## COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

				_		
E: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TxE	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	0915	14	047		CR	347
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		68



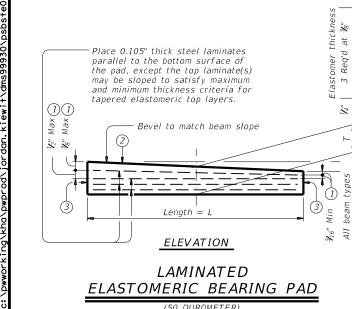
WILSON

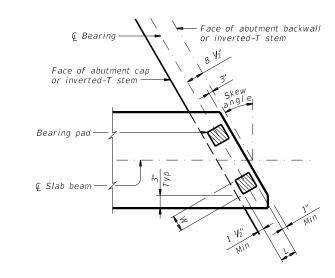
69

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Pract, kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no received to the contract of the contract

3 AM DWDFCOT\!OFGOT.K!EW!+\dms99930\DSDs+SO4-

2/4/2021 7:49:13 AM





- Face of abutment backwall

or inverted-T stem or

© of interior bent

G Slab beam

-Bearing pad

1 1/2" Min

TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap

or at interior bent)

– Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap

Face of abutment backwall

or inverted-T stem

or & of interior bent

ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap

or at interior bent)

Min

Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap-

Bearing pad-

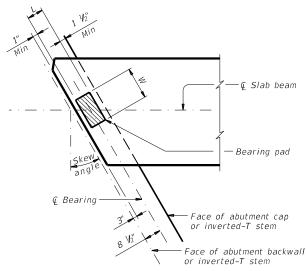
€ Slab beam

Min

**Q** Bearing−

## TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



## ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

## ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

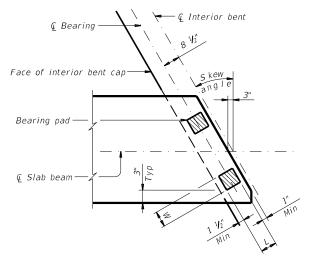
Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered lavers.
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in  $\frac{1}{16}$ " increments) in this mark. Examples: N=O, (for O" taper) N=1, (for ⅓" taper)

N=2, (for ½" taper)

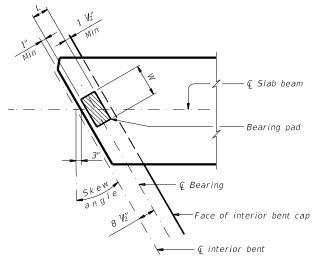
Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than  $\frac{0.0625''}{\text{Length}}$ 

3 Locate permanent mark here.



## TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

#### TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

0ne-Pa	d (Ty SB1	-"N") (2)	Two-Pa	nd (Ty SB2	'-"N") (2)
W	L	T	W	L	T
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.

  (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

### GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to  $30^{\circ}$ .

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING



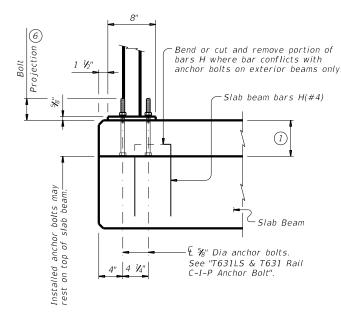
Texas Department of Transportation

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

PSRFR

		,	JUL	ט		
FILE: psbste06-17.dgn	DN: Tx	:D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0T	CK: TXDOT
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		70

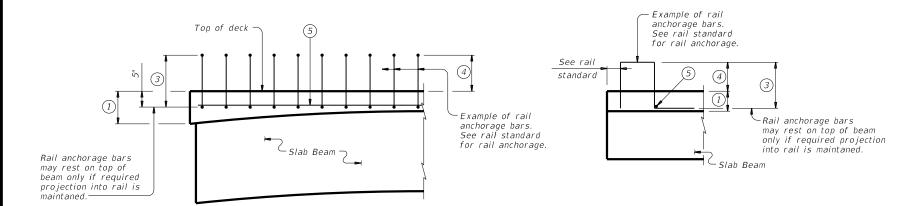


1 Slab Beam  $\mathcal{C}_{8}^{\mathcal{H}}$  Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one 4" 4 1/4" regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

## T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT 200

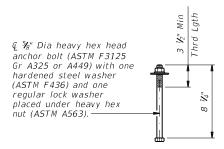


### PART SPAN ELEVATION

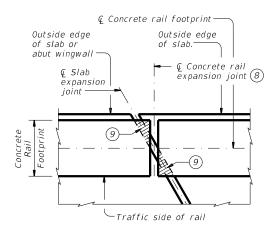
### SECTION

## TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2 Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$  Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1  $\ens{tabular}$ 4". Adjust bar length for a
- 4) See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than 1/2" must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of Q slab expansion joint, Q rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- concrete rail, as shown.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be ⅓" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 7/8" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 ¾". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

## GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.
See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Bridge Division Standard

## RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS**

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

**PSBRA** 

FILE: psbste07-18.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
CTxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		71

kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion	of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	

					ı	DESIG	NED I	BEAMS (	(STRAIG	HT S	STRAND	S)										OPTION	'AL DESIG	V		LC	AD RA	ATING	Π
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	STRANDS "e" ••	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM	NC	ONDED ST OF ANDS DE-		UMBE. DE	ROW R OF S BONDE from	D TO		RELEASE STRGTH	RETE  MINIMUM  28 DAY  COMP  STRGTH  f'c	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ()) (SERVICE 1)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT (E) (SERVICE III)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I)	LIVE DISTRI FAC	BUTION TOR	STRE	ENGTH I	SERVICE III	
	(ft)					(in)	(ksi)	(in)	(in)		(in)	TOTAL	BONDED			ب	12	1,3	(ksi)	(ksi)	fct (ksi)	fcb (ksi)	(kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv	1
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71	
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29	
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23	ı
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12	
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41	1
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45	
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14	1
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19	
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08	
!	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11	
28' ROADWAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5,000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80	1
SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	55B12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37	
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02	
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17	
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53	1.
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53	ı
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22	١.
SBIS BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24	ı
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16	1
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01	ı
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67	1
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	45B12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37	
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08	1
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11	1.
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32	1 :
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37	1
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	45B15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21	
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38	
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06	
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02	1
					•			•	•		•										•	•	•	•		•		•	_

1 Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASTHO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a

relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

## FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

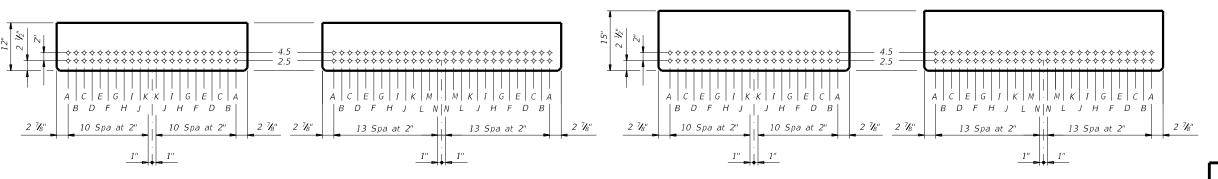
When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.



TxDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TY SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY

HL93 LOADING

**PSBSD** 

	SAT		WILSC	N		72	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
REVISIONS 1-21: Added load rating.	0915	14	047		CF	347	
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
E: psbsts08-21.dgn	DN: SF	W	ck: BMP	DW:	SFS	ck: SDB	



-Slab

Beam #1

4'-11 3/4"

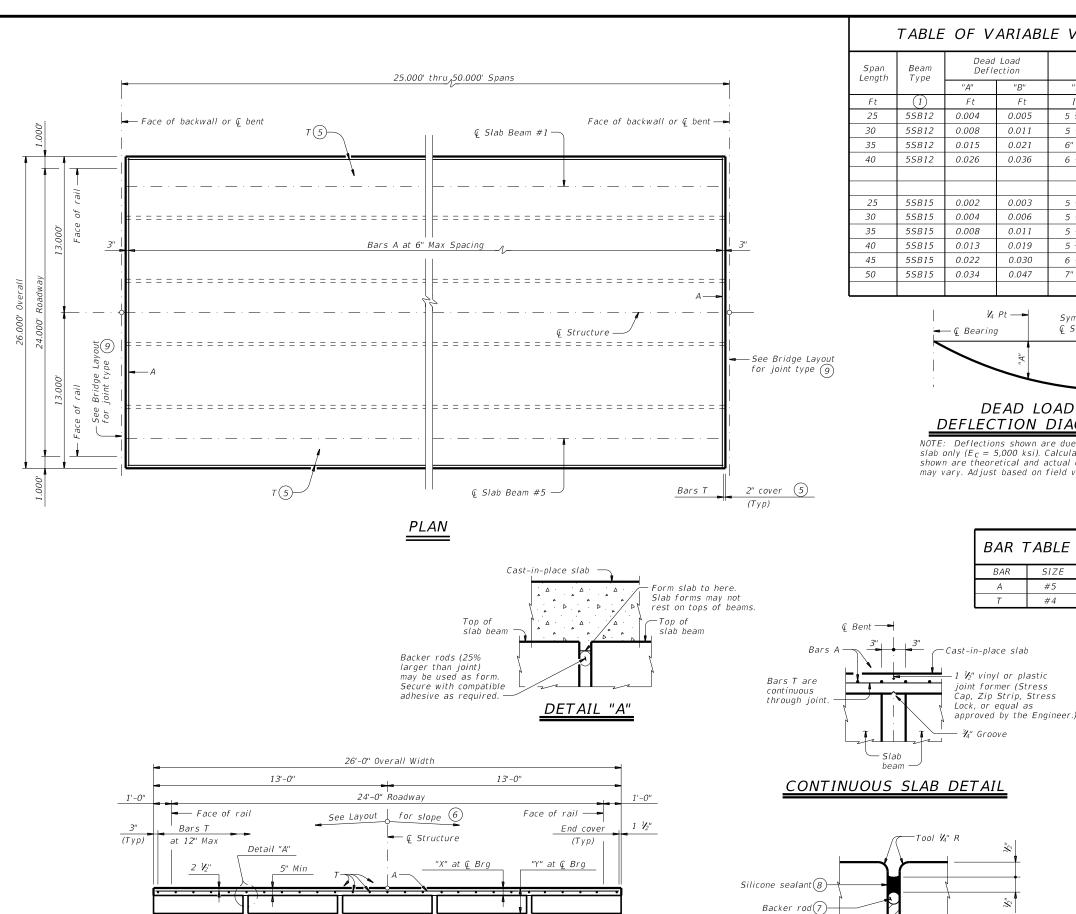
3 1/16"

4'-11 3/4"

3 1/16"

4'-11 3/4"

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



Slab

3 1/16

4'-11 ¾"

Beam #5

4'-11 3/4"

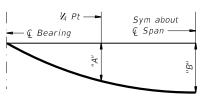
Cast-in-place slab,

or abutment backwai

approach slab,

## TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES

Span Length	Beam Type		Load ection	Seci Dep	
Lengen	1,9,60	"A"	"B"	"X"	"Y"
Ft	1	Ft	Ft	In	Ft/In
25	5SB12	0.004	0.005	5 <b>½</b> "	1'-5 <b>½</b> "
30	5SB12	0.008	0.011	5 ½"	1'-5 ½"
35	5SB12	0.015	0.021	6"	1'-6"
40	5SB12	0.026	0.036	6 ½"	1'-6 ½"
25	5SB15	0.002	0.003	5 ½"	1'-8 ½"
30	5SB15	0.004	0.006	5 ½"	1'-8 ½"
35	5SB15	0.008	0.011	5 ½"	1'-8 ½"
40	5SB15	0.013	0.019	5 ¾"	1′-8 ¾″
45	5SB15	0.022	0.030	6 ½"	1'-9 1/2"
50	5SB15	0.034	0.047	7"	1'-10"



## DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only ( $E_C = 5,000 \text{ ksi}$ ). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

SIZE

#5

#4

bituminous fiber

Cast-in-place slab

material

TYPE A JOINT DETAIL 9

## GENERAL NOTES:

Superstructures".

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents. may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

TO INT BT

LF (4

122.50

147.50

172.50

197.50

222.50

247 50

1) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and

2 Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF. (3) Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.

4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required

(7) 1  $V_a^{\prime\prime}$  backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not

Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.

(9) See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete

permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown. (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising.

(5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".

(6)This standard does not provide for changes in roadway

ONCRET

SLAB

(SLAB

BEAM)

650

780

910

1.040

1,170

1 300

SB15 beams within the same structure.

cross-slopes within the structure.

SPAN

LENGTH

Ft

25

30

35

40

45

50

PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM

TO INT BT

LF (4

122.50

147.50

172 50

197.50

222.50

247 50

(5SB12 OR 5SB15) (1

ABUT

TO ABUT

LF (4

122.50

147.50

172 50

197.50

222.50

247 50

TOTAL 2 REINF

STEEL

Lb

1,820

2,180

2,550

2,910

3,280

3.640

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

## MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi).
Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

~ #5 = 2'-0"

Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$  $\sim #5 = 3'-0'$ 

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

## HL93 LOADING



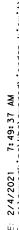
Bridge Division Standard

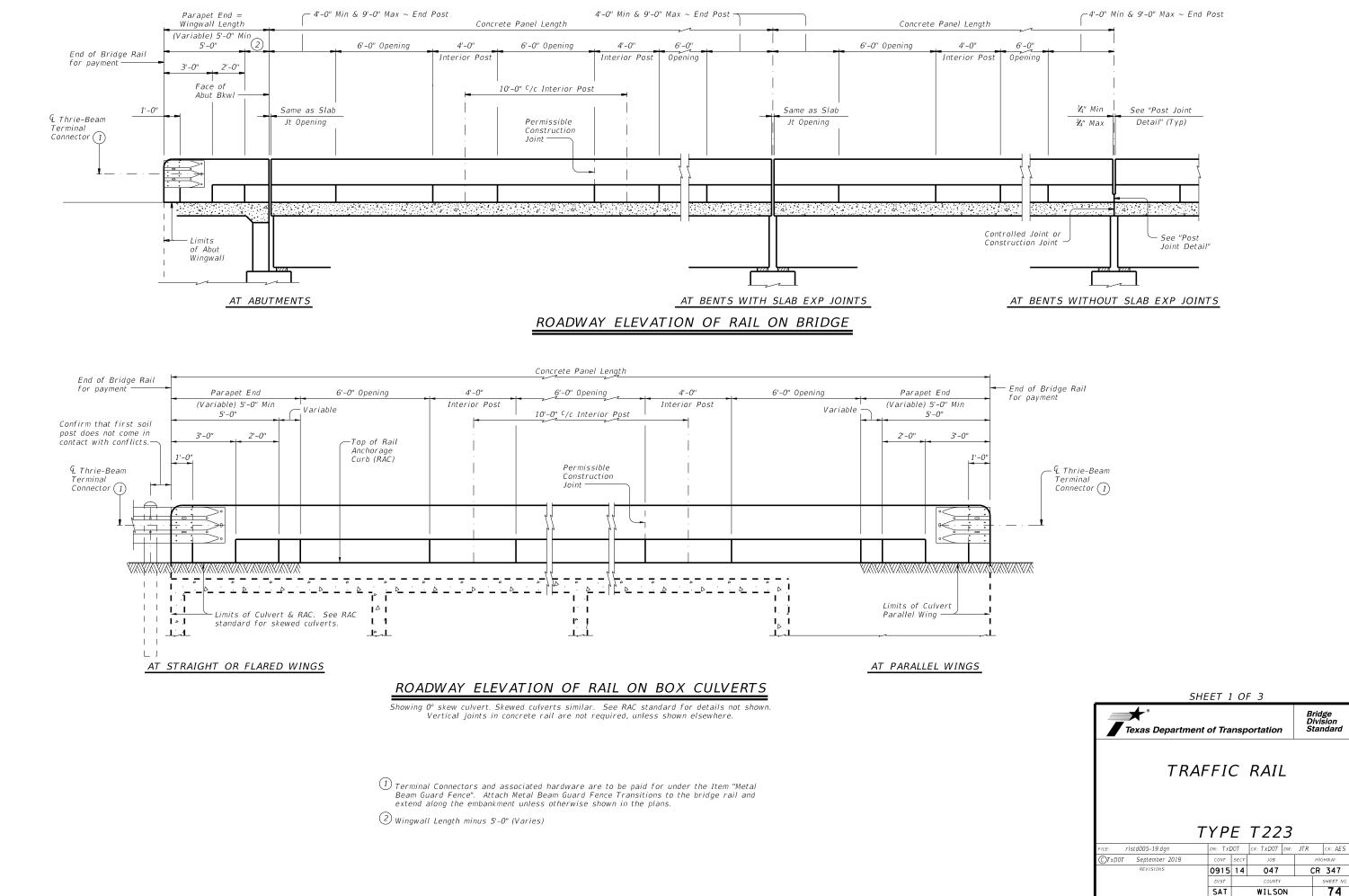
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM SPANS (TY SB12 OR SB15)

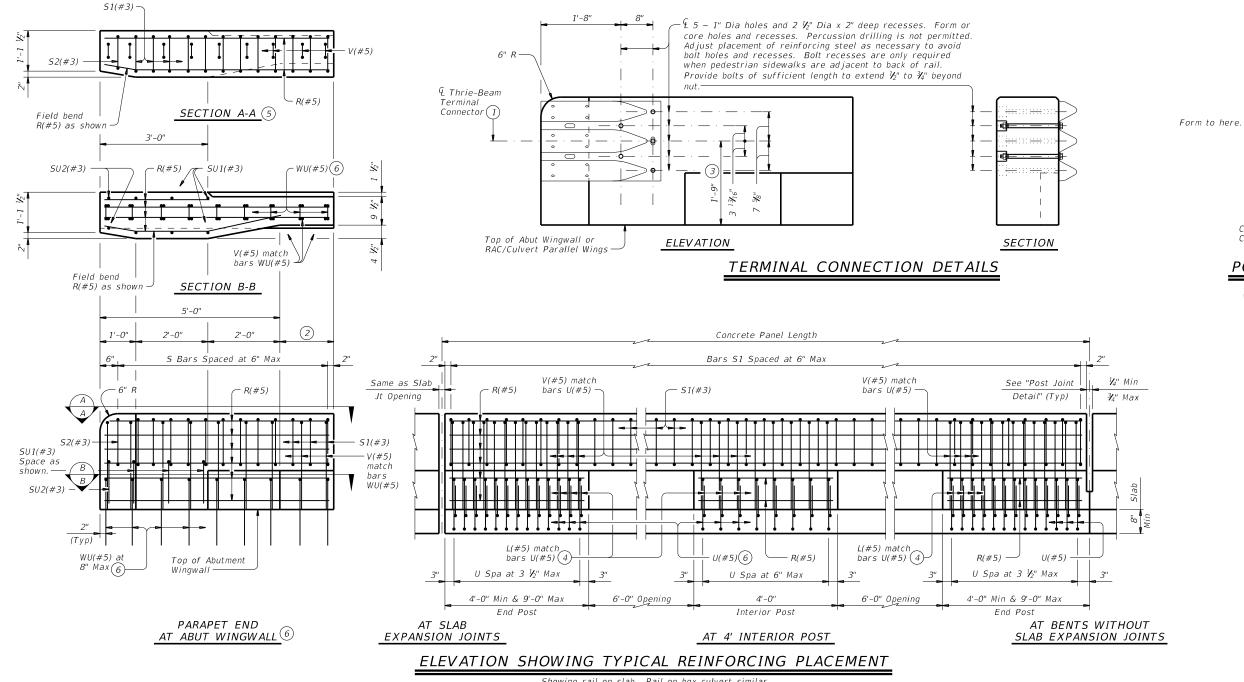
24' ROADWAY

psbste30-17.dgn	DN: TX	D0T	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck:TxD0T
xDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		73

SPSB-24







Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- 2 Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on achorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



Opening

Controlled Joint or

POST JOINT DETAIL

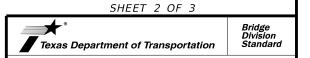
Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

Construction Joint

¼" Min

¾" Max

V groove



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

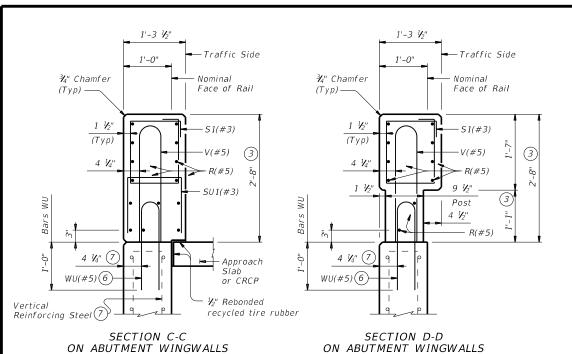
LE: rIstd005-19.dgn	DN: TxE	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES	
TxDOT September 2019	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	SAT		WILSO	N		75	

OR CIP RETAINING WALLS

2'-5"

BARS L (#5)





OR CIP RETAINING WALLS

4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if

6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located

(7) When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal

reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.

 $\fbox{8}$  Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.

(9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending

Bars U to 2'-5  $\frac{1}{4}$ " above the roadway surface without overlay.

on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bar's WU(#5) in culvert

(2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)

spacing is equivalent.

parallel wings.

3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

¾" Chamfer Nominal Nominal ¾" Chamfer Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) -(Typ)S1(#3) S1(#3) Const Jt (3) (Typ) (Typ) Top of 4 1/1 Post 1 1/2" Slab 1 3 Bars L, U and V Pos L(#5) (4) ypical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6)

AT POST ON BRIDGE SLAB

Outside Edge

Abut Wingwall

€ Slab

Joint

Expansion

€ Concrete Rail Footprint

-Traffic Side of Rail

PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

Outside Edge

► ¶ Concrete Rail Expansion Joint. Location of Rail Expansion

4 Rail Footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.

rail, as shown

Joint must be at the intersection of & Slab Expansion Joint,

Cross-hatched area must have

1/2" Preformed Bitumuminous

Fiber Material under concrete

SECTIONS THRU RAIL

Sections on box culverts similar

AT OPENING ON BRIDGE SLAB ABUTMENT WINGWALL

1'-0"

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved

Chamfer all exposed corners.

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0"

Bridge Division

Standard

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

# ELEVATION AT

Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

5'-0'

(2)

Face of

Abut Bkwl -

otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

## MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless

Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0''$ 

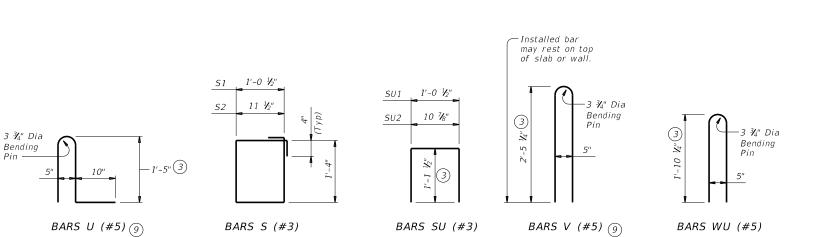
#### GENERAL NOTES:

only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



SHEET 3 OF 3



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

FILE:	rIstd005–19.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES	
©TxD0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS		14 047			CR 347		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		CAT		WILCO	NA.		76	

5 247 AAO3 84

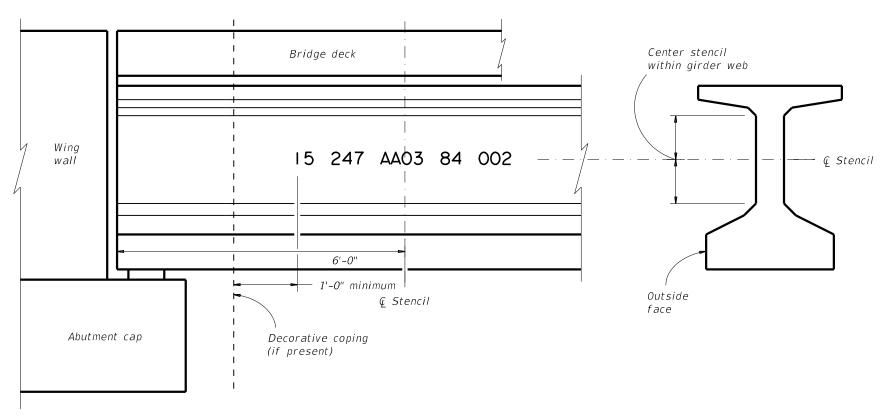
San Antonio District designation County designation

Control number

Structure number

Section nunber

## PAINTED STRUCTURE NUMBER DETAIL



TYPICAL BRIDGE CORNER (ELEVATION)

## SAN ANTONIO DISTRICT COUNTY DESIGNATIONS

Atascosa 007 Bandera 010 Bexar 015 Comal 046 Frio 083 Guadalupe 095 Kendall 131 *Kerr 133* McMullen 162 Medina 163 Uvalde 232 Wilson 247

## GENERAL NOTES:

Apply stucture number in accordance with Special Specification for Stenciling Permanent Structure Numbers.

## SAN ANTONIO DISTRICT STANDARD

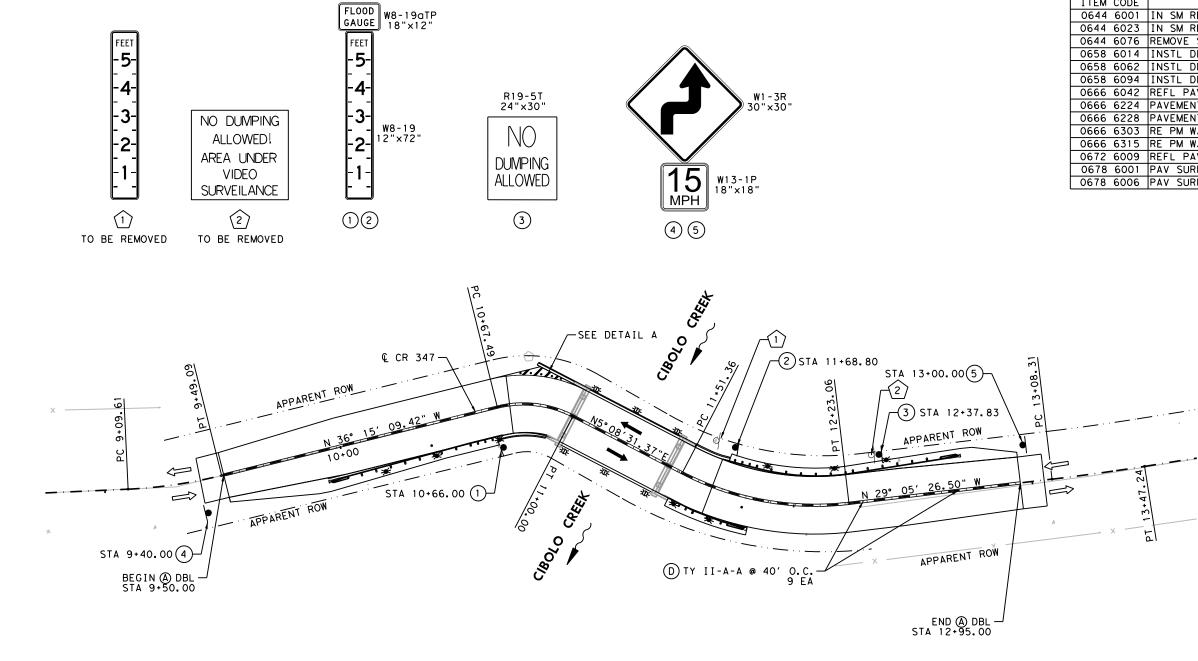


Texas Department of Transportation

San Antonio District (Structural December 1987) San Antonio District (Structural Design)

## BRIDGE NBI NUMBER STENCIL

DN: BCL	CK: XXX	FILENAME:	000000000 SA D	strict Stencil.dgn			
DW: SRF	,,,,,	ORIGINAL D	RAWING DATE: AL	igust 2019			
DIST	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL A	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. COUNTY				
SAT	6		WILSON				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	JOB SHEET ROUTE				
0915	14	047	77	CR 347			
REVISIONS:							

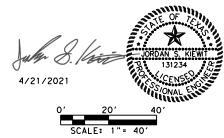


ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
0644 6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	3
0644 6023	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYFRP(1)UA(P)	EA	2
0644 6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EΑ	2
0658 6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BR)CTB (BI)	EA	6
0658 6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	8
0658 6094	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 1(WFLX)SRF	EΑ	5
0666 6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	31
0666 6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF	732
0666 6228	PAVEMENT SEALER 12"	LF	31
0666 6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	42
0666 6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	690
0672 6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EΑ	9
0678 6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF	732
0678 6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	31



## LEGEND

- # EXIST SIGN TO BE REMOVED
- # PROPOSED SIGN
- A REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)
- (B) REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)
- (C) REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" (SLD) (100MIL
- D REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
- ⇒DE INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ1 (BRF)CTB BI
- ☀ INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ1 (BRF)GF2 BI
- INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ1 (WFLX)SRF
- ← PROP DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC ← EXIST DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC





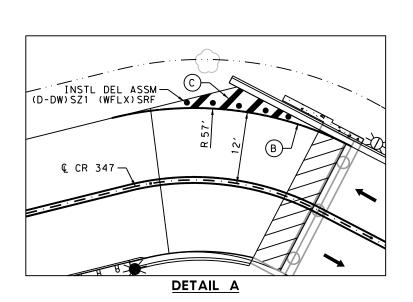


CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

# SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT

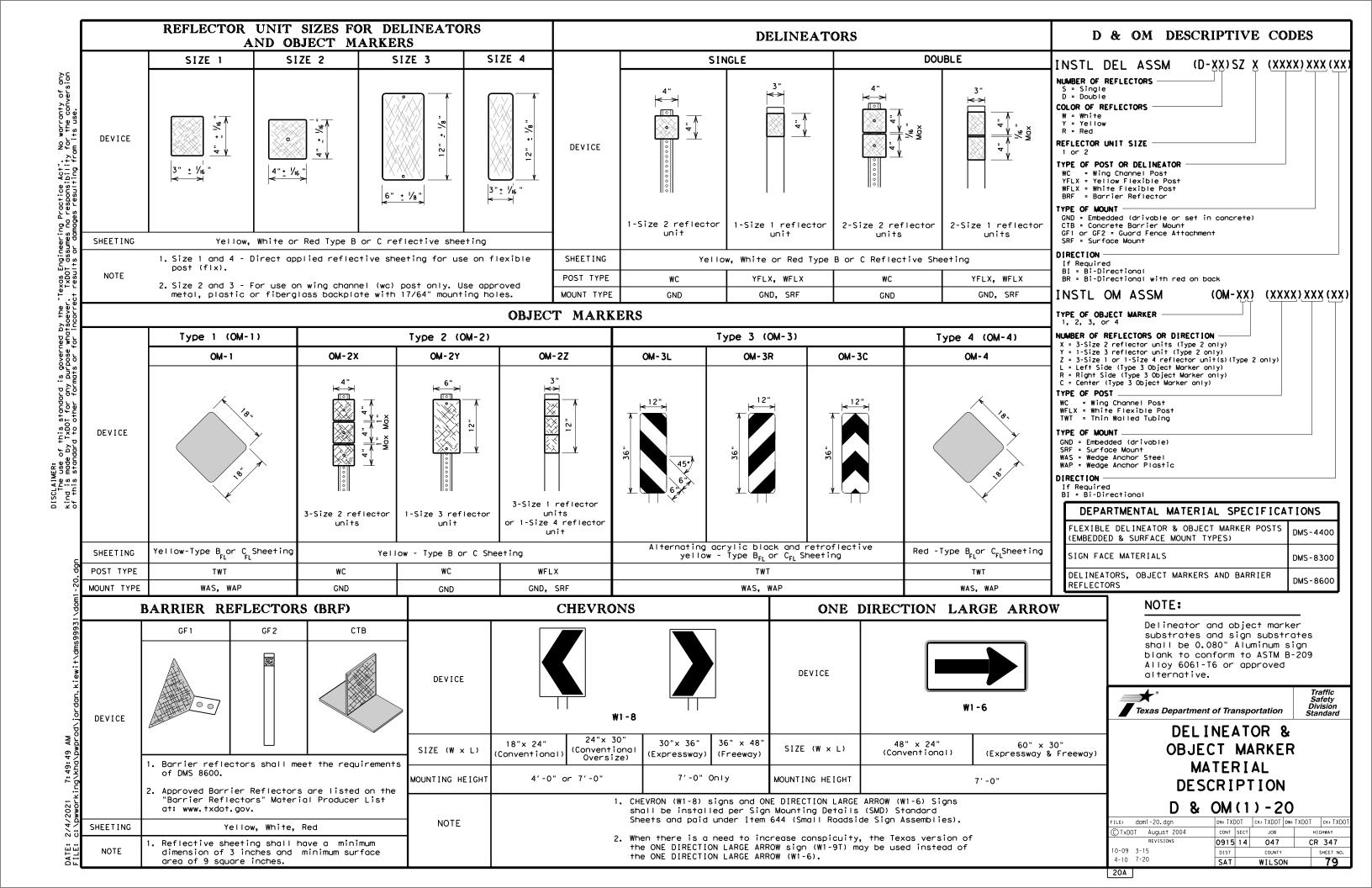
SHEET OF

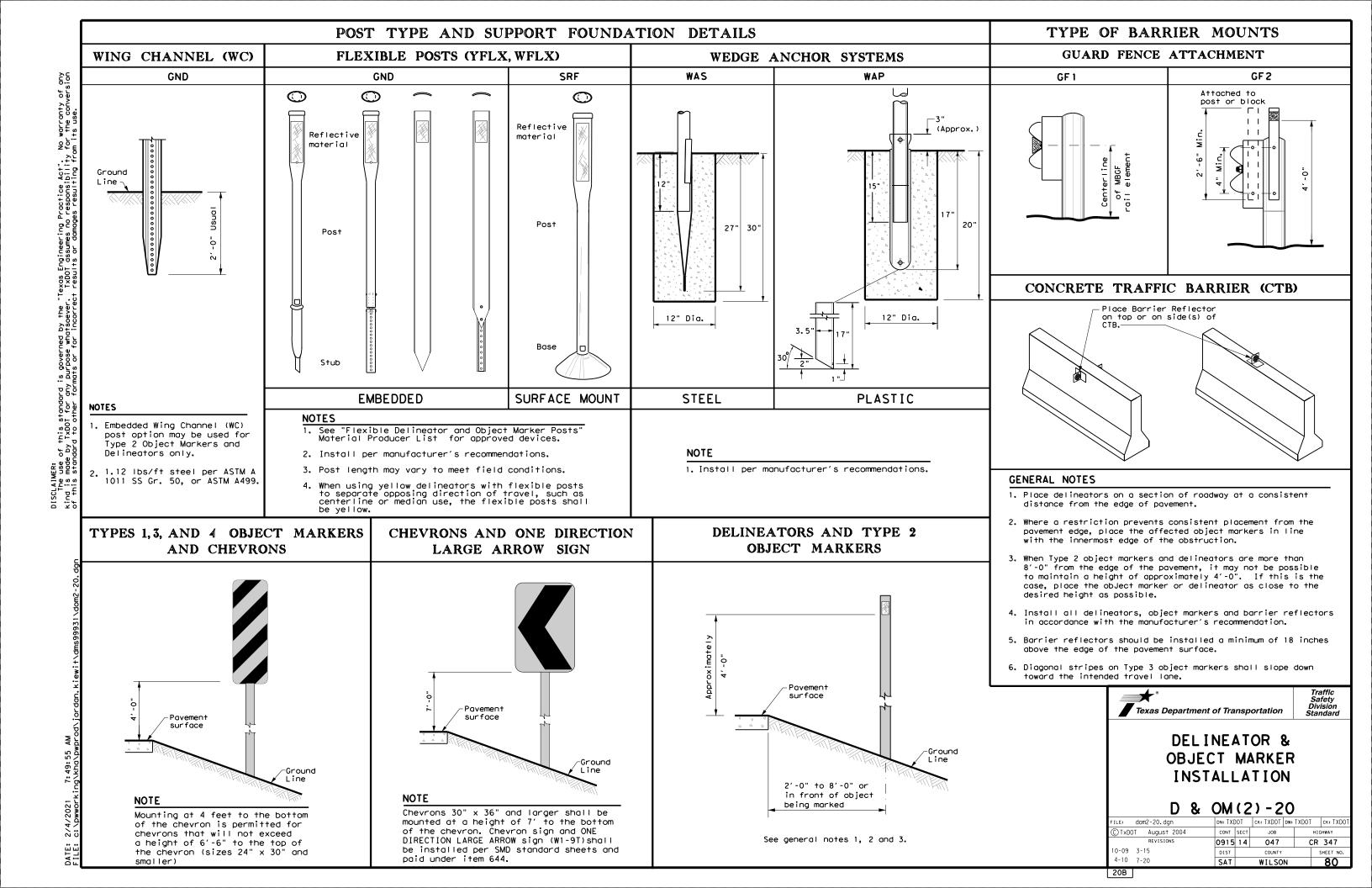
52.							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.						
6	BR 2021 (063) CR 347						
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.		
TEX	XAS	SAT	WILSO	N			
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		78		
09	15	14	047				



## NOTES:

- 1. SEE TXDOT STD D&OM FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON DELINEATOR PLACEMENT.
- 2. GF2 BARRIER REFLECTORS TO BE INSTALLED ALONG MBGF.
- 3. CTB REFLECTORS TO BE INSTALLED ALONG BRIDGE RAILS.

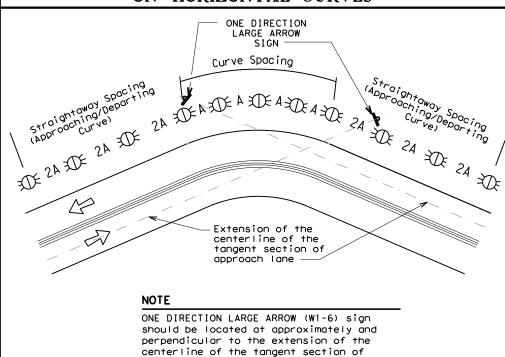




# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

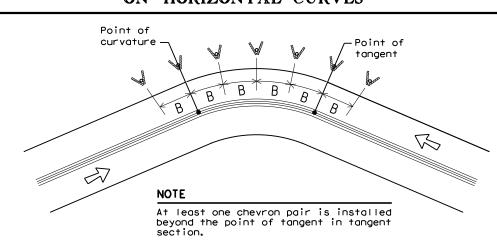
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed			
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)		
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs		
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.		
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons		

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

### NOTES

Reduced Width Approaches to

Culverts without MBGF

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

Bridge Rail

Crossovers

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Type 2 and Type 3 Object

Type 2 Object Markers

Markers (OM-3) and 3 single

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

delineators approaching bridge

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
Bi-directional Delineator					
X	Delineator				
4	Sign				



Requires reflective sheeting

provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Marker (OM-3) in front of the

See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

terminal end See D & OM (5)

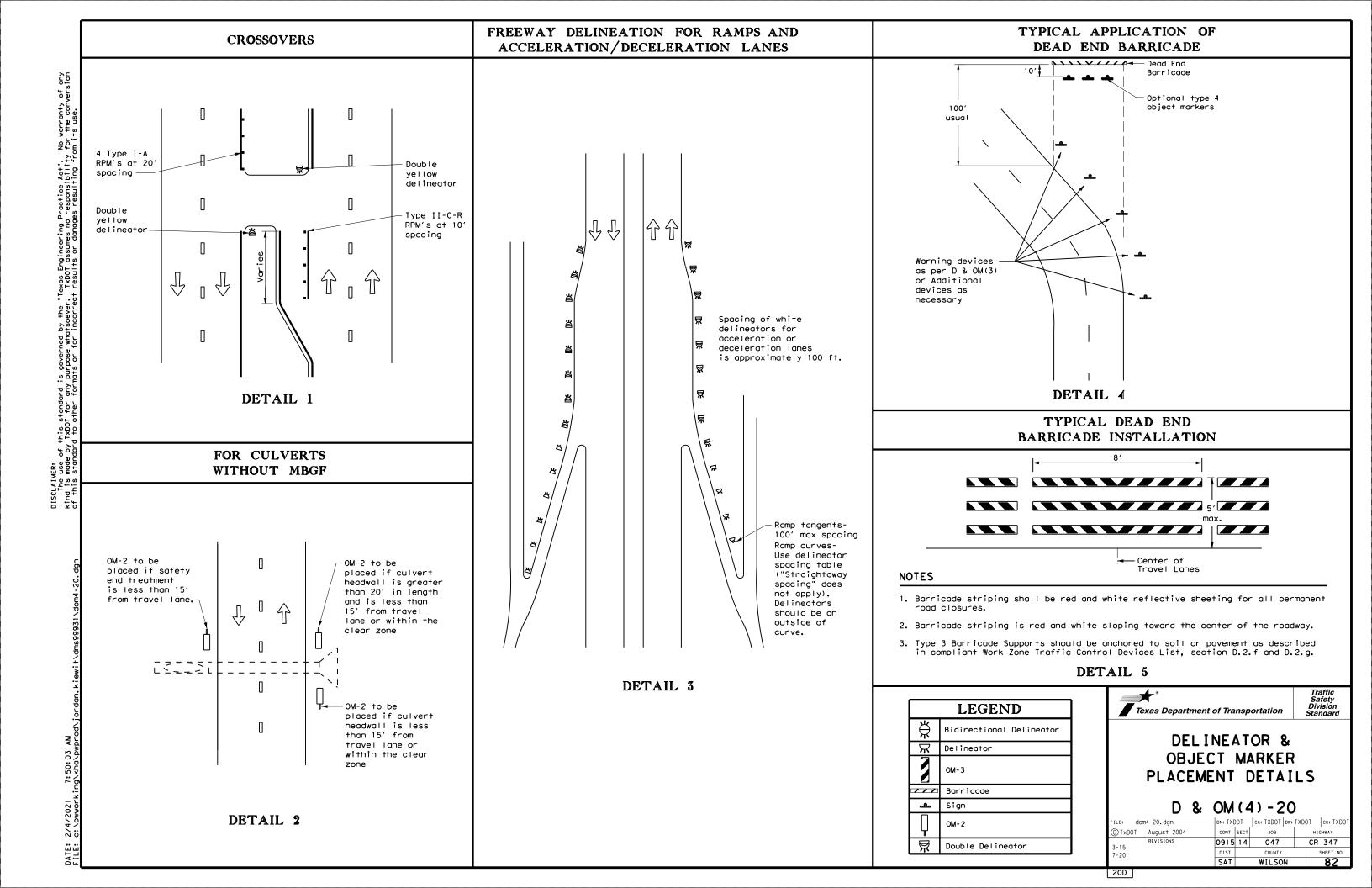
100 feet

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOO	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
5 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5 7-20	SAT		WILSO	N		81

200



Shou I der

4" Solid

Edge Line-

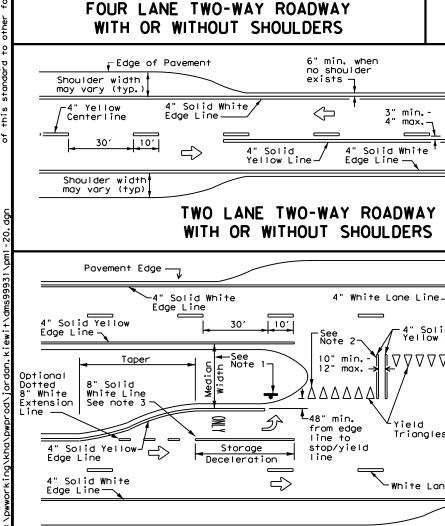
4" Solid

4" Solid White

Edge Line-

White Edge Line-

Yellow



-6" min.

\_6" min.

10′

3" min.-4" usual

(12" max. for

traveled way

10′

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

3" min. -

max.-

-4" Solid Yellow Line

Triangles

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

White Lane Line

\_\_\_

-Edge of Pavement

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES

ONE-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-Edge of Pavement

— 4" White J

Lane Line

4" Solid Yellow Line-

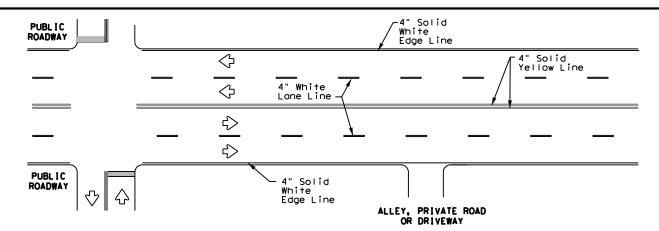
4" Solid White

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES

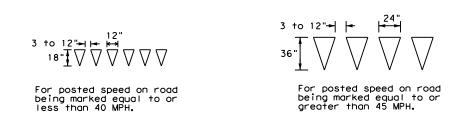
 $\Rightarrow$ 

#### 4" Solid White PUBLIC ROADWAY -4" Solid Yellow Line Edge Line $\Diamond$ ➾ PUBL I C Solid ROADWAY $\Diamond$ $\triangle$ White Edge Line ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY

## TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



## TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



## YIELD LINES

## NOTES

10" min. -12" max. 7

 $\langle \neg$ 

4" Solid-

Yellow Line

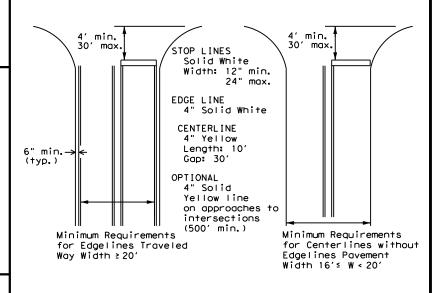
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

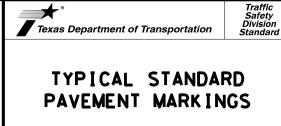
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



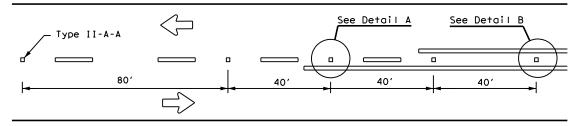
## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

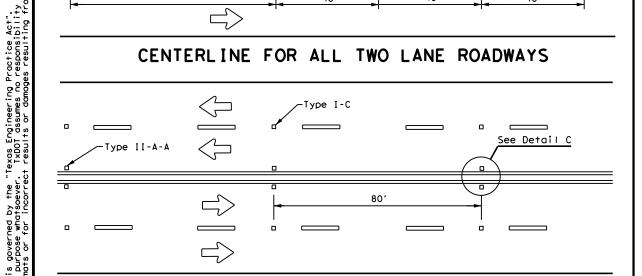


PM(1) - 20

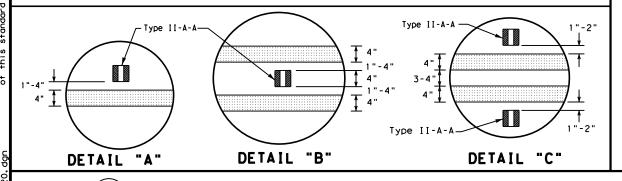
.E: pm1-20, dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		CK:		
TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
95 3-03 REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347	
00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.	
00 6-20	SAT		WILSC	N		84	



## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

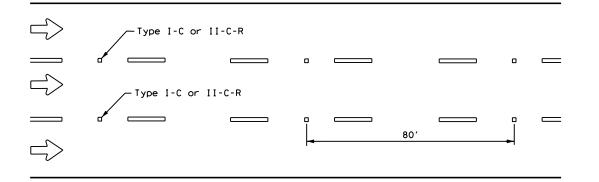
OR LÂNE LINE

LINE, CENTER LINE

NOTE

## Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 401 80' Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

## CENTER OR EDGE LINE <del>|</del> 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--

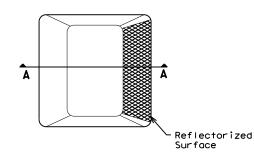
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

## GENERAL NOTES

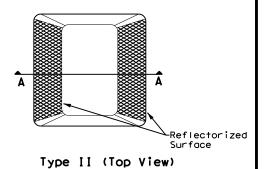
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

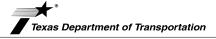


Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min-Roadway Adhesive Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS

RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 20

LE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		r: CK:	
TxDOT April 1977 CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR	347
00 2-12 DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	SAT		WILSON			85

4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

No warranty of any for the conversion

**FLOOD** 

**GAUGE** 

**FEET** 

W8-19

12x72

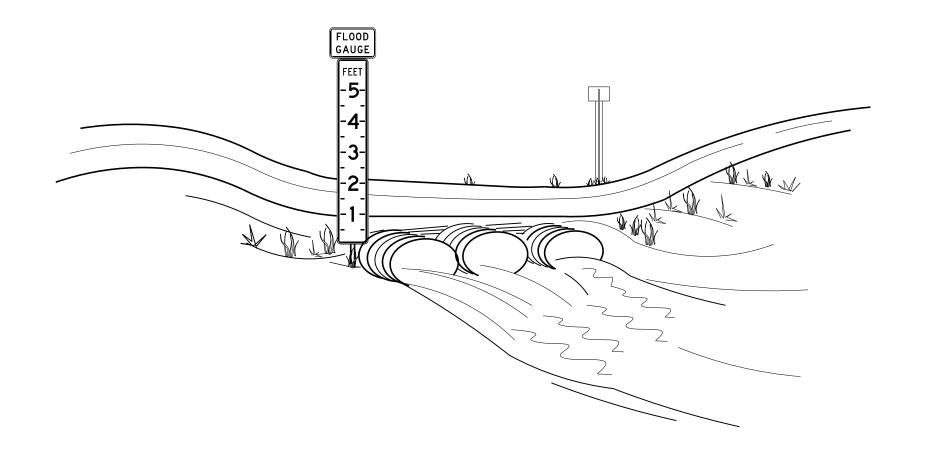


W16-4P

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> & C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			



## **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Each flood gauge assembly shall consist of the FLOOD GAUGE sign (W8-19aTP) and DEPTH MARKER (W8-19). Two assemblies should be erected, one along each approach, at the low water crossing location on the right side of the roadway.
- 2. The flood gauge assembly should be of sufficient height to register depth of water to a minimum of five (5) Feet above the lowest travel lane pavement surface. Actual height of depth marker required for each location is shown elsewhere in the plans, but should not be in excess of ten (10) feet.
- 3. The flood gauge assembly should be located not more than ten (10) feet from the pavement edge. Consideration should be given to placement with regard to the following factors:
  - a) Accurate register of depth of water over roadway.
  - b) Daytime and nighttime visibility of the flood gauge assembly along roadway approaches.
  - c) Outside the main flow of water during both normal and flood conditions.
- 4. In areas where flood conditions would likely obscure the flood gauge assembly, a second pair of gauges, one on each approach, registering depths greater than shown on the first flood gauge assembly, is recommended.
- 5. The Engineer will approve all flood gauge assembly locations before installation.
- 6. The alphabets and lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the Texas "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", latest edition, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral Spacing of text shall provide a balanced appearance. All materials shall conform to Department Specifications.
- 7. FLOOD GAUGE signs and depth marker shall be mounted in accordance with Standard SMD (series). The recommended mounting is three (3) inch fiberglass reinforced pipe (FRP) pipe as shown on Standard SMD(GEN) and SMD(FRP). ROAD MAY FLOOD sign (W8-18) along the approach roadway may be required in areas where rainfall causes frequent roadway flooding.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



## FLOOD GAUGE **ASSEMBLY**

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FGA-15

- 017 - 0							
LE:	fga-15.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	January 1997	CONT SECT		CT JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0915	0915 14 047		CR	347	
-15		DIST	COUNTY SHEET NO.		SHEET NO.		
		SAT WILSON 8		86			

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

## SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Sign Mounting Designation

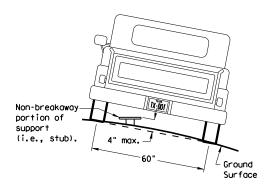
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

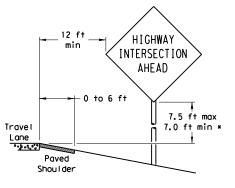
Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

**PAVED SHOULDERS** 



### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

## HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

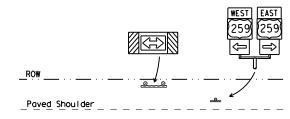
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

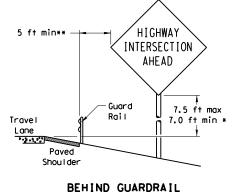
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

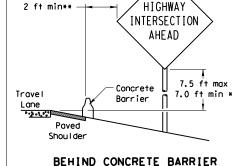
http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

## \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation: (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or

The website address is:

## BEHIND BARRIER





RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Maximum

Travel

Lane

factors.

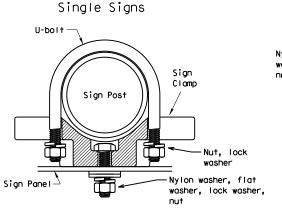
possible

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

## TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



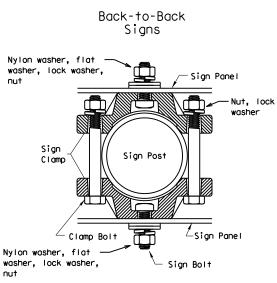
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



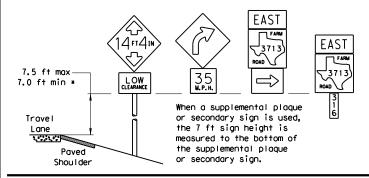
diameter

circle

Acceptable

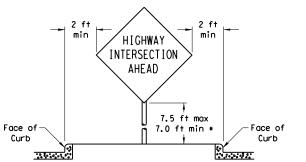
	Approximate Bolt Length				
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp			
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"			
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"			
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"			

## SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



### Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



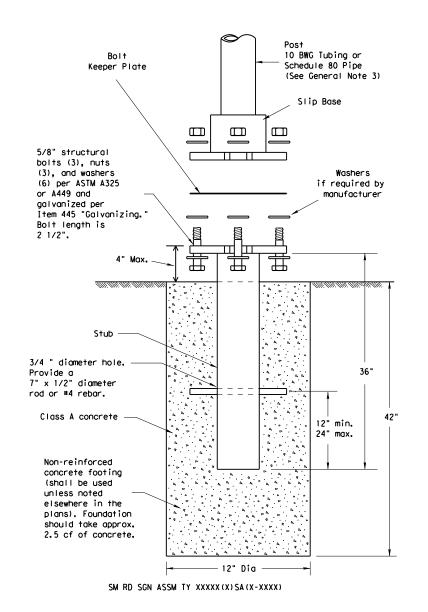
## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	то	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	CHWAY
	0915	14	047		CR	347
	DIST	ST COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.		
	SAT		WILSO	N		27



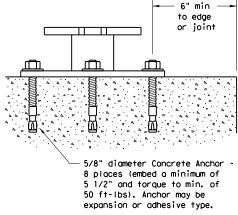
## TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer\_list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

## CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

#### Support

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight.
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

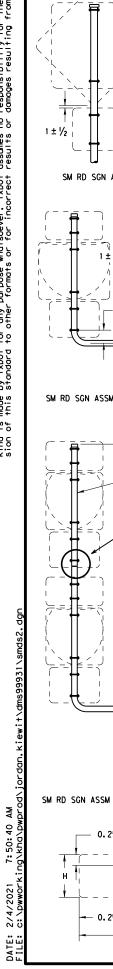


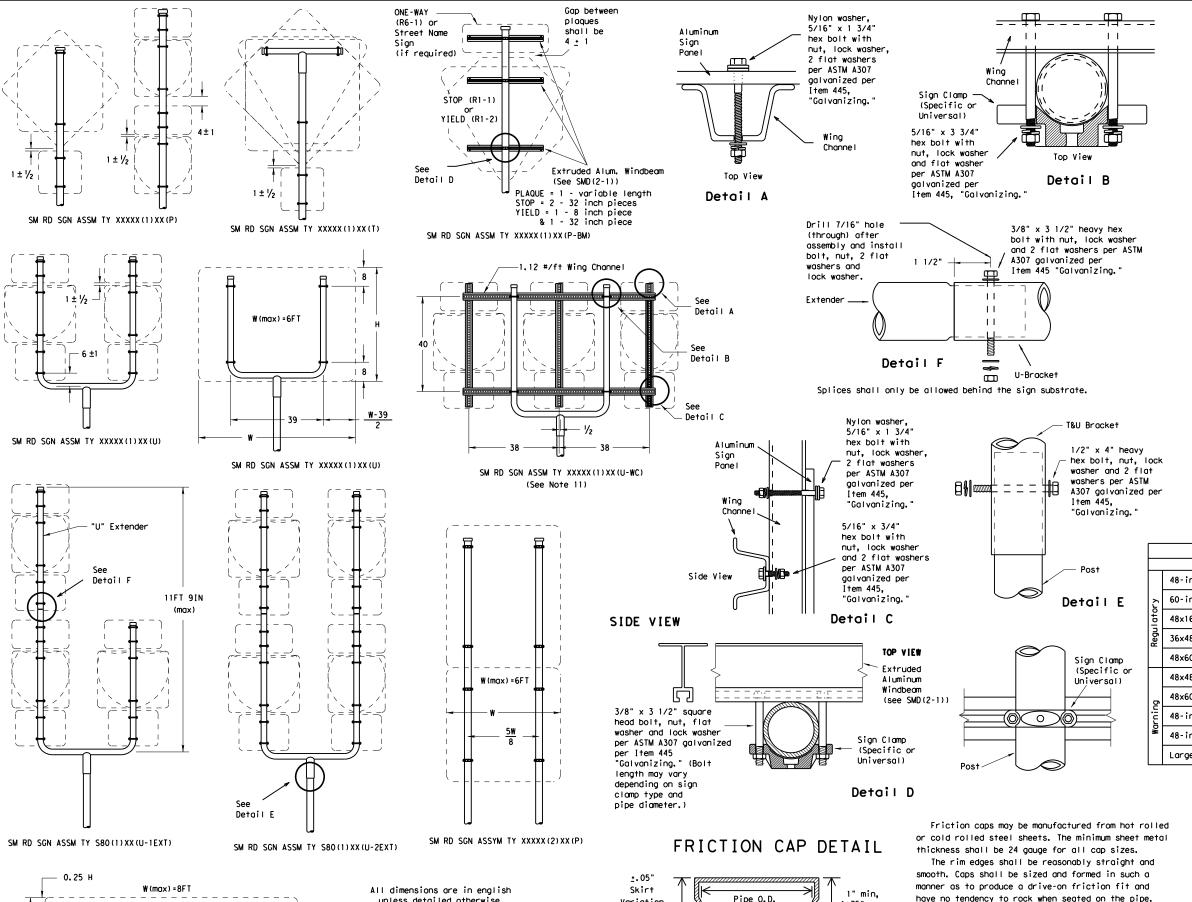
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

			1			
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	0915	14	047		CR	347
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		88







Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(\* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

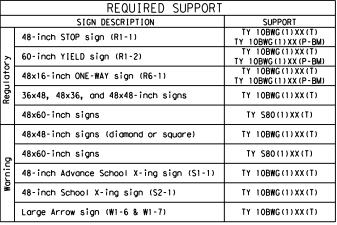
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





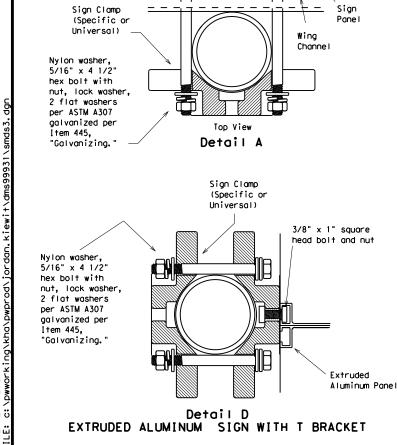
## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

© TxDOT July 2002		DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT DW:		XDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
		0915	14	047		CR	347
		DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
		SAT		WILSO	N		89

have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.



W(min)>8FT

W(max) = 16F1

See Detail C

W (max) = 15FT

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(U-XX)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T-2EXT)

(\* - See Note 12)

8 1/2"

W-39"

See Detail A

See Detail B

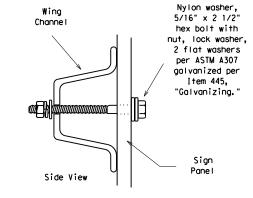
Extruded Alum. Windbeam (See Detail D on SMD (SLIP-2))

or 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (See Detail A and Detail B)

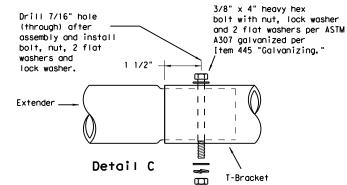
0.25 H

— 0.15W

<del>----</del> 8 1/2"

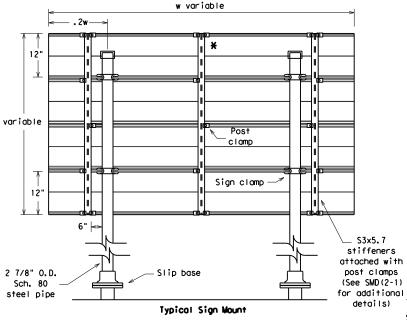


Detail B



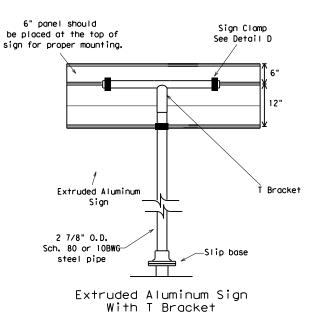
Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

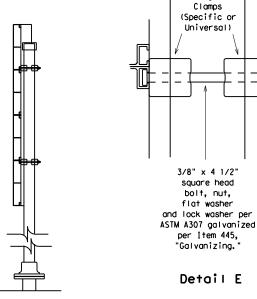
Sign



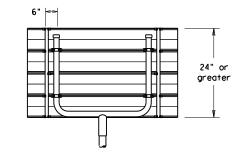
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





See Detail E for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
١,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
1	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT C					CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	0915	14	047		CR	347
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N		90

detail on SMD

(Slip-2)

## Universal Anchor System with Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Post

slots (4

equally

spaced)

Fiberglass

Reinforced

(FRP) Pipe

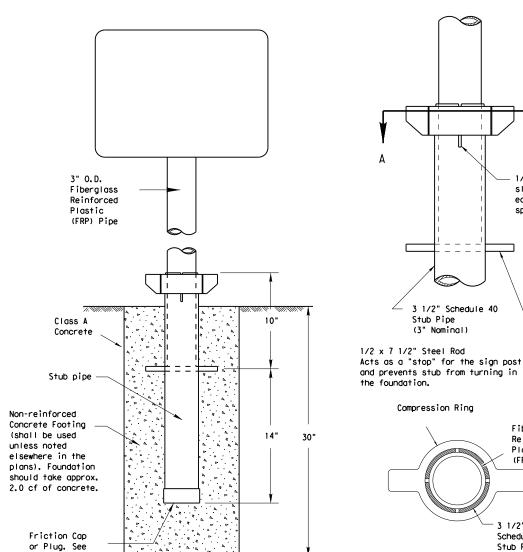
Plastic

3 1/2

Schedule 40

(3" Nominal

Stub Pipe

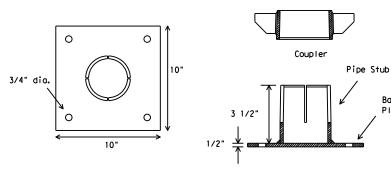


6" min to edge

5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.

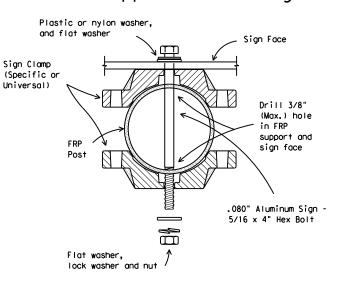
## BOLT-DOWN DETAILS



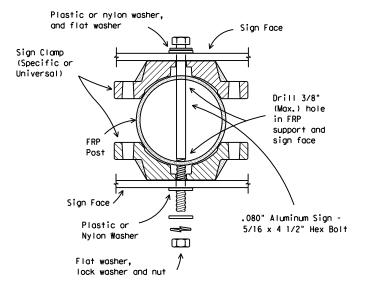
SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UB(P)

## Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Single Sign

SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UA(P)



## Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Back-to-Back Signs



- 1. FRP sign supports for a single type sign support may be used for signs up to and including 16 square feet. Dual post installation may be used for signs up to and including 32 square feet.
- 2. All nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing,"
- 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### FRP POST REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Materials shall conform to the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-4410 and will be furnished in a yellow or gray color as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- Thickness of FRP sign support is 0.125" + 0.031", 0.0".
- 3. FRP sign supports are prequalified by the Traffic Operations Division. Prequalification procedures are obtained by writing: Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483

#### UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18", Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Insert base post in foundation hale to depths shown and fill hale with concrete. Cut base post from bottom and ensure a minimum of 18" embedment if installed in solid rock.
- 4. Level and plumb the base post with coupler using a torpedo level and let concrete set a minimum of 4 days, unless otherwise directed by Engineer. Bottom of base post slots shall be above the concrete footing.
- 5. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on the
- 7. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 8. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of

## BOLT DOWN SIGN SUPPORT

Base Plate

- 1. Position base plate with coupler on existing concrete.
- 2. Drill holes into concrete and insert the 5/8" diameter bolts with wedge anchors, and tighten nuts.
- 3. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 4. Insert bottom of sign post into pipe stub.
- 5. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 6. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM WITH FRP POST

SMD (FRP) - 08

© TxDOT July 2002		DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	CHWAY
		0915	14	047		CR	347
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		SAT		WILSO	N		91

A. GENERAL SITE DATA
1. PROJECT LIMITS: CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK
1. PROJECT LIMITS: CA 347 & CIBOLO CAZEN
2. PROJECT SITE MAPS:  ** Project Latitude
3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES
Non-Joint Bid Utilities are not part of this SW3P.
4. FOR MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:
I. Install controls down-slope of work area and initiate inspection and maintenance activities.
<ol> <li>Begin phased construction with interim stabilization practices. Adjust erosion and sedimentation controls during construction to meet requirements and changing conditions and as directed/ approved by the Engineer.</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Major soil disturbing activities may include but are not limited to: right-of-way preparation, cut and/or fill to improve roadway profile, final grading and placement of topsoil and the following (if marked):</li> </ol>
_X Placement of road base Exstensive ditch grading _X Upgrading or replacing culverts or bridges Temporary detour road(s) Other:
5. EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS:
Description of existing vegetative cover: Uniform Grass
Percentage of existing vegetative cover: 41.9%
Existing vegetative cover:(mark one) <u>X</u> Thick or uniformly established Thin and Patchy None or minimal cover
Description of soils: (Provide classification and description of soils)
Site Acreage: 0.34  Site runoff coefficient (pre-construction):  Site runoff coefficient (post-construction):
6. RECEIVING WATERS: (Mark all that apply)
A classified stream passes through project. Name Segment Number
Name of receiving waters that will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>CIBOLO CREEK</u>
Site is in a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4). MS4 Operator (name):

## B. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

General timing or sequence for implementation of BMPs shall be as required and/or as directed/approved by the Engineer to provide adequate controls. BMPs shown on plan sheets are to be considered "proposed" unless/until install date is

1	shown. BMPs are to reduce sediments from road construction activities.
1. <u>S</u>	OIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)
	I/P     SEEDING     PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES       I/P     MULCHING (Hay or Straw)     P. FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER       BUFFER ZONES     RIGID CHANNEL LINER       PLANTING     I/P SOIL RETENTION BLANKET       COMPOST/MULCH FILTER BERM     COMPOST MANUFACTURED TOPSOIL       SODDING     OTHER: (Specify Practice)
2. <u>S</u>	TRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)
	HAY BALES
	ROCK FILTER DAMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES
	DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS
	PIPE SLOPE DRAINS
	PAVED FLUMES _T ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	CHANNEL LINERS
	SEDIMENT TRAPS
	SEDIMENT BASINS
	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES
	CURBS AND GUTTERS
	STORM SEWERS
	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
	OTHER:
3. <u>s</u>	TORM WATER MANAGEMENT:
	The proposed facility was designed in consideration of hydraulic design standards to convey stormwater in a manner that is protective of public safety and property. The control of erosion from the facility is inherent to the design. Additional factors affecting post-construction stormwater at the project location include: (mark all that apply)
	X Existing or new vegetation provides natural filtration.
	The design includes provisions for permanent erosion controls
	provided by strategically placed pervious and impervious surfaces.
	Project includes permanent sedimentation controls (other than grass).
	X Velocities do not require dissipation devices.
	Velocity-dissipation devices included in the design.
	Other :
4. N	ON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES:
1 -	Off-site discharges are prohibited except as follows:
.	<ol> <li>Discharges from fire fighting activities and/or fire hydrant flushings.</li> <li>Vehicle, external building, and pavement wash water where detergents and soaps are not</li> </ol>
	used and where spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have not occurred (unless
	all spilled material has been removed).
	3. Plain water used to control dust.
	4. Plain water originating from potable water sources.
1	5. Uncontaminated groundwater, spring water or accumulated stormwater.
	6. Foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process
	materials such as solvents.
	7. Other:
1	

Concrete truck wash water discharges on the site should be prohibited or minimized. If allowed by the Engineer, they must be managed in a manner so as not to contaminate surface water. They must not be located in areas of concentrated flow. Concrete truck wash-out locations must be shown on the SW3P Layout and included in the inspections.

Hazardous material spill/leak shall be prevented or minimized. At a minimum, this includes asphalt products, fuels, oils, lubricants, solvents, paints, acids, concrete curing compounds and chemical additives for soil stabilization. BMPs shall be implemented to the storage areas of these products. All spills must be cleaned and disposed properly and reported to the Engineer. Report any release at or above the reportable quantity during a 24 hour period to the National Response Center at I-800-424-8802.

## C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

## 1. MAINTENANCE:

All erosion and sediment controls shall be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it shall be performed before the next anticipated storm event but no later than 7 calendar days after the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from equipment. If maintenance prior to the next anticipated storm event is impracticable, maintenance must be scheduled and accomplished as soon as practicable. Disturbed areas on which construction activities have ceased, temporarily or permanently, shall be stabilized within 14 calendar days unless they are scheduled to and do resume within 2I calendar days. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainageways shall have priority followed by protecting storm sewer inlets.

#### 2. INSPECTION:

For areas of the construction site that have not been finally stabilized, areas used for storage of materials, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site, personnel provided by the permittee and familiar with the SW3P must inspect disturbed areas at least once every seven (7) calendar days. An Inspection and Maintenance Report shall be prepared for each inspection and the controls shall be revised on the SW3P within seven (7) calendar days following the inspection.

## 3. WASTE MATERIALS:

All non-hazardous municipal waste materials such as litter, rubbish, trash and garbage located on or originating from the project shall be collected and stored in a securely lidded metal dumpster. provided by the Contractor. The dumpster shall be emptied as necessary or as required by local regulation and the trash shall be hauled to a permitted disposal facility. The burying of non-hazardous municipal waste on the project shall not be permitted. Construction material waste sites, stockpiles and haul roads shall be constructed to minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Construction material waste sites shall not be located in any wetland, water body or stream bed. Construction staging areas and vehicle maintenance areas shall be constructed in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants.

## 4. OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

Off-site vehicle tracking of sediments and the generation of dust must be minimized. Excess sediments on road shall be removed on a regular basis as directed/approved by the Engineer.

## 5. OTHER:

4/7/2021

See the EPIC sheet for additional environmental information.

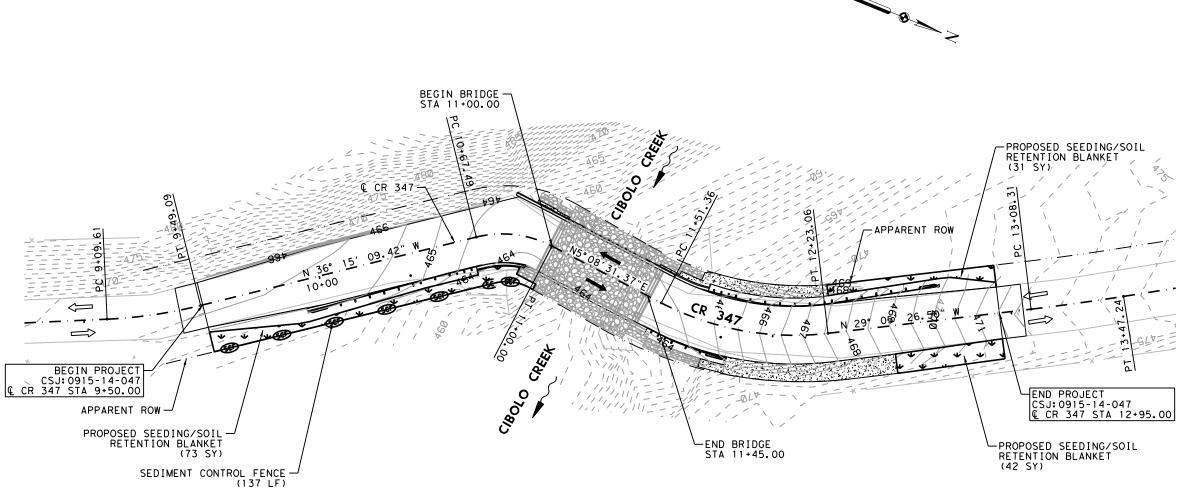




## STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

.411180-						
	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FE	DERAL AID PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.		
	6	В	R 2021 (062)	CR 347		
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	7 CK 347		
JORDAN S. KIEWIT , P.E. 4/7/2021 Signature of Registrant & Date	TEXAS	SAT	WILSON	SHEET		
Signature of Registrant & Date	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.		
REVISION DATE: 10/12	0915	14	047	92		

ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
0164 6021	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	146
0164 6029	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	73
0164 6031	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	73
0166 6002	FERTILIZER *	TON	0.1
0168 6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	4.6
0169 6002	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY B)	SY	146
0506 6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	225
0506 6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	225
0506 6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	137
0506 6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	137
* FOR CONTR	ACTORS INFORMATION ONLY		





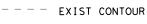
TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



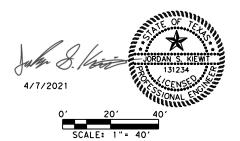
SEEDING/SOIL RETENTION BLANKET



EROSION CONTROL LOG



PROP CONTOUR







CR 347 @ CIBOLO CREEK

SW3P LAYOUT

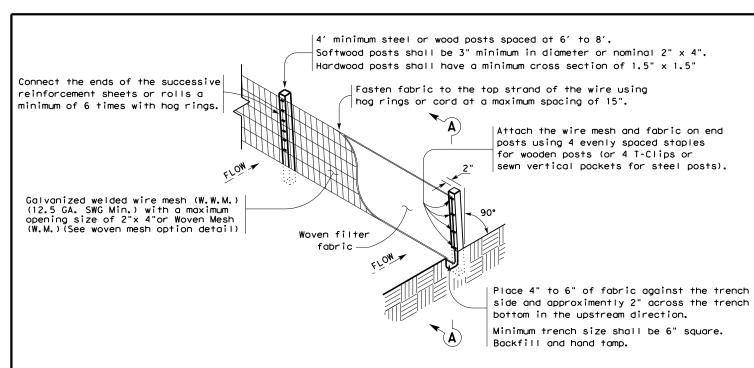
SHEET 1 OF 1

	JIILLI	01 1								
D.RD. FEC	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.									
6	BR 2021 (063) CR 347 TATE DIST. COUNTY SHEET NO.									
STATE	STATE DIST. COUNT									
TEXAS	SAT	WILSON								
CONT.	SECT.	JOB		93						
0915	14	047								

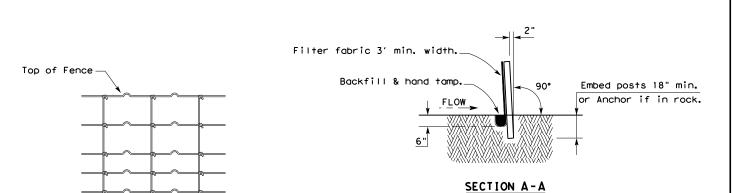
FILENAME: C: \Dwwworking\kna\pwprod\jordan.kiewit\ams99921\CK34/\_SM3F\_UI.ag PLOTTED: 4/7/2021 1:59:25 PM

No warranty DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is kind is made by TxDOI for any pu

	I. STORMWATER POLLUTION	PREVENTION-CLEAN WATE	R ACT SECTION 402	111.	CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES
15010	Discharge Permit or Consti or more acres distrubed so		required for projects with 1 turbed soil must protect for		archeological artifacts are fo archeological artifacts (bones	ications in the event historical issues or und during construction. Upon discovery of , burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately.	hazardous materials by conduct	rojects): cation Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with ing safety meetings prior to beginning construction and ial hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are
or The Convers	<ul><li>No Action Required</li><li>Action No.</li><li>1. Prevent stormwater po accordance with TPDES</li></ul>	— Ollution by controlling eros	ion and sedimentation in		No Action Required  Action No.	Required Action	Obtain and keep on-site Materia used on the project, which may Paints, acids, solvents, aspha compounds or additives. Provide	ive equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.  al Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products include, but are not limited to the following categories: It products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing e protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for s. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
resulting from	necessary to control 3. Post Construction Sit accessible to the pub Environmental Protect 4. When Contractor proje	pollution or required by the re Notice (CSN) with SW3P in- plic and Texas Commission on tion Agency (EPA) or other in ect specific locations (PSL'	formation on or near the site, Environmental Quality (TCEQ),		1. 2. 3.		Maintain an adequate supply of In the event of a spill, take of in accordance with safe work p	on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS, actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, ractices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator all be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup
soults or damages	the Engineer. 5. NOI required: ∐Yes ⊠			IV.	to Construction Specification 730, 751, 752 in order to con	o the extent practical. Contractor must adher n Requirements Specs 162,164, 192, 193, 506, nply with requirements for invasive species, ree/brush removal commitments.	* Trash piles, drums, canis * Undesirable smells or ode * Evidence of leaching or s	ation (not identified as normal) ster, barrels, etc. ors seepage of substances amination Issues Specific to this Project:
rect -	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STR ACT SECTIONS 401 AN	•	WETLANDS CLEAN WATER		No Action Required	Required Action	No Action Required  Action No.	Required Action
or for incor	US Army Corps of Enginee excavating or other work such as, rivers, creeks,	ers (USACE) Permit required k in any potential USACE jur	isdictional water,		Action No.		1. 2. 3.	
ormats	the following permit(s):	1			2. 3.			ne demolition of a span bridge?
5 to	Nationwide Permit (N₩	(P) 14 - Pre-construction No	tice (PCN) not Required		3.			(No further action required)
- <del>t</del>	☐ Nationwide Permit 14	- PCN Required			4.			n notification must be submitted to the Texas Department
ξ¢	☐ Individual 404 Permit	Required						The contractor shall contact TxDOT's Project Engineer 25
standard	•	aters of the US permit appli				THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	with the notification.	demolition of the bridges(s) on the project to assist
t sign		t Practices (BMPs) planned t roject total suspended solic	•				VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL	ISSUES
ō	1. CIBOLO CREEK - NWP #1	4 with no PCN			☐ No Action Required	Required Action	(includes regional issue	s such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
	2.				on No.		No Action Required	Required Action
	3.			1. MI fo	GRATORY BIRD NESTS: Schedule of Ilowing requirements:	construction activities as needed to meet the	Action No.	
	4.			A. co an	Do not remove or destroy any ntaining eggs and/or flightles y active nests, they shall not	active migratory bird nests (nests s birds) at any time of year. If there are be removed until the nests become inactive.	1.	
				B. re an th	On/in structures, if there of moved until all nests become id/or before nest activity beging structures to prevent future	re any active nests, they shall not be nactive. After inactive nests are removed ns, deterrent materials may be applied to nest building.	3,	
				3. Ski		avoid harming or harassing the Eastern		
	401 Best Management P	Practices: (Not applicab	le if no USACE permit)	4. Mu:	otted Skunk if encountered. ssel BMP- A mussel survey and nstruction activities take pla cessary by the 2021 Mussel Wor	relocation will be conducted before ce in the water, if determined		
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	l nec	cessary by the 2021 Mussel Wor	k Fidi between ixbol did irwb.		
	∑ Temporary Vegetation     ☐ Blankets/Matting	Silt Fence  ☐ Rock Berm	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems		-	oserved, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. The		Texas Department of Transportation
	── Mulch ☐ Sodding	☐ Triangular Filter Dike ☐ Sand Bag Berm	Extended Detention Basin Constructed Wetlands	nest are d	ing season of the birds associ	rom bridges and other structures during ated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes immediated area, and contact the		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS.
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin	Engl	ieer immedialery.			· ·
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost					ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	■ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks					EPIC
		s ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Sock  cks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and So						ELIC
	Combost titlet betill (1)(0 200	Stone Outlet Sediment Trap						FILE: epic_2015-10-09_SAT. dgn
		Sediment Basins	Sedimentation Chambers					© TXDOT         OCTOBER 2015         CONT         SECT         JOB         HIGHWAY           REVISIONS         0915         14         047         CR 347
1		<b>_</b>	☐ Grassy Swales					DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.



# TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



## HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

## SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

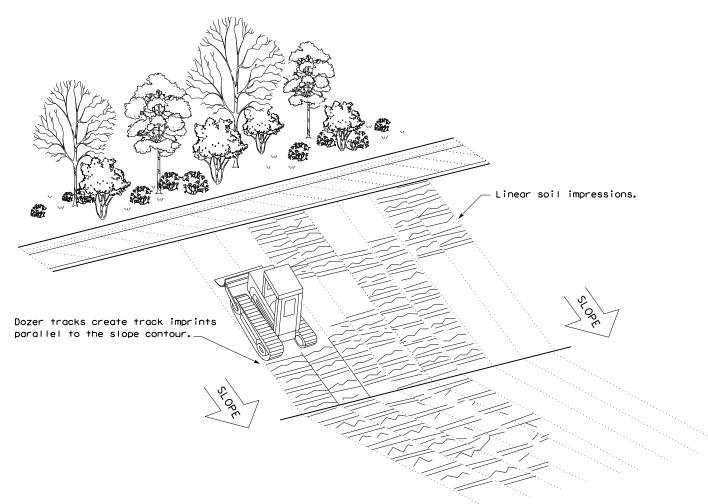
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence

### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	۷P	DN/CK: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	047		CR 347	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	CAT		WILSO	NI		95

ATE