INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.

TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS

DESCRIPTION

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

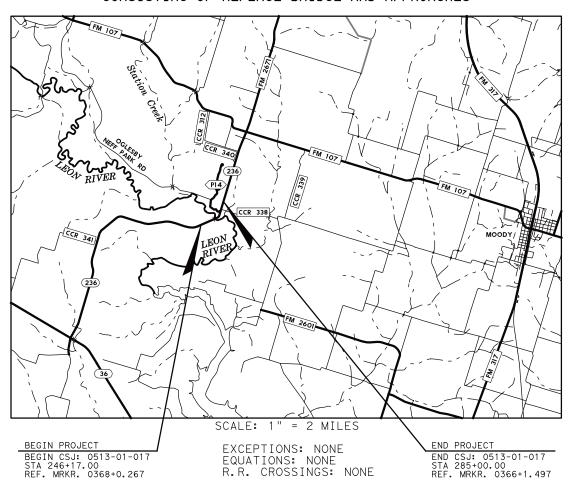
PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2021(617)

CORYELL COUNTY

STATE HIGHWAY 236

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = ROADWAY = 2,833.00 FT = 0.537 MI BRIDGE = 1,050.00 FT = 0.199 MI= 3.883.00 FT = 0.736 MI

> LIMITS: FROM @ LEON RIVER TO (STR #001) FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES



03/12/2021 Phaisam CHATANAPho/P.E.

PHAISARN CWATANAPHOL
PROJECT MANAGER
HOR ENGINEERING, INC
FIRM REGISTRATION NO. 754



3/30/2021

RECOMMENDED FOR

Jarod E. Johnson P.E.

RECOMMENDED FOR 03/30/2021

3/31/2021 Stanley Swiatek

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCITON CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY, 2012)

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CORYELL

HIGHWAY NO

SH 236

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2021 (617)

JOB

017

STATE TEXAS

CONT.

ADT (2019) = 498

ADT (2039) = 598

0513

WACO

SECT.

01

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STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) WACO DISTRICT EPIC 175 176 177 - 180 SW3P LAYOUT ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS
TA-BMP (WACO DISTRICT) \*\*\*
EC(1)-16 \*\*\* 181 - 190 192 EC(2)-16 \*\*\*



\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



\*\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



\*\*\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



193

EC(3)-16 \*\*\*

# THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	2
0513	01	017	_

STATE

TEXAS

CONTROL

0513

DISTRICT

WACO

SECTION

01

COUNTY

CORYELL

JOB

017

SHEET NO.

3

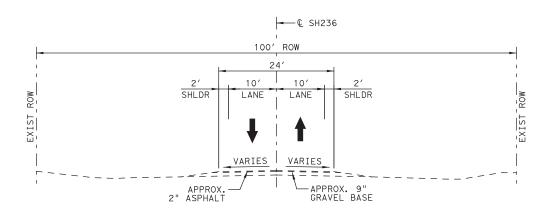
GRADING EASEMENT

EXIST ROW -

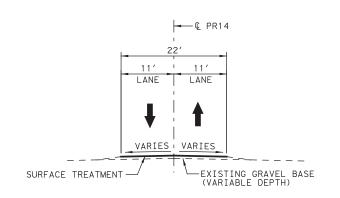
19.47+E1 Tq

×111 - S76° 3′ 15. 74"E

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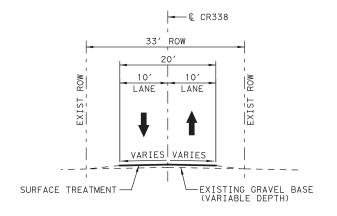


# SH 236 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION BEGIN TO END



PARK ROAD 14 TYPICAL SECTION

BEGIN TO END

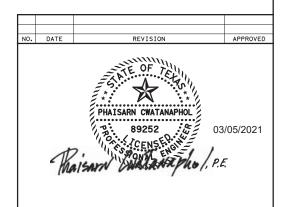


COUNTY ROAD 338 TYPICAL SECTION

BEGIN TO END

#### NOTES:

1. ANY ADDITIONAL EXISTING BASE THAT IS NOT REMOVED WITH ITEM 105 WILL BE REMOVED WITH ITEM 110.



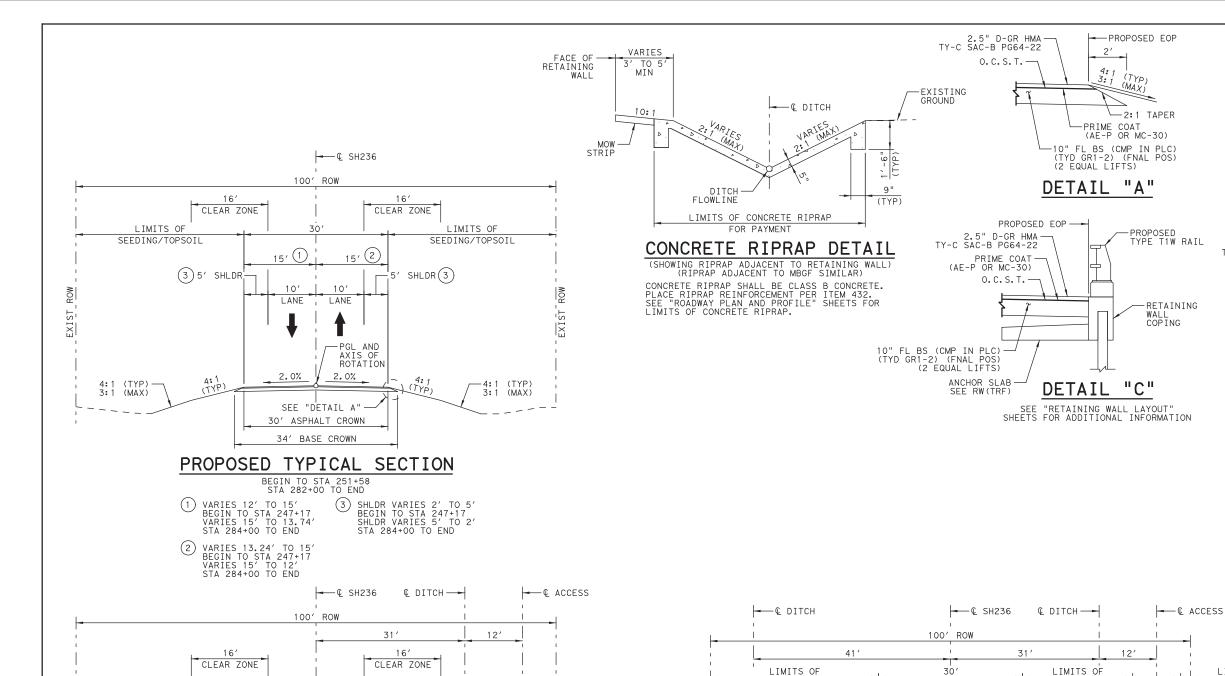


HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

	oo.				
OT TO SCALE SHEET 1 OF 1					
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	HIGHWAY NO.				
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	4		
0513	01	017	_		



LIMITS OF

SEEDING/TOPSOIL

PGL AND

AXIS OF ROTATION

VARIES 2:1 (MAX)

-SEE "DETAIL B"

2:1 (MAX) —

10'

2.0% / 2.0%

-VARIES 3:1 (MAX)

5' SHLDR

3.5′

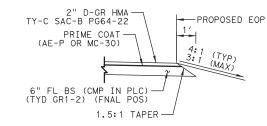
MOW STRIE

VARIES 2:1 (MAX)

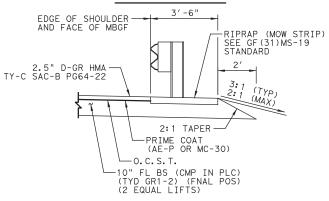
SEEDING/TOPSOIL

CONCRETI

RIPRAF



## DETAIL "B"

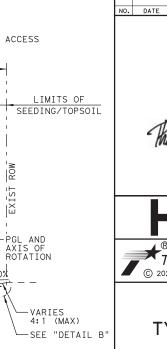


## MBGF DETAIL

SEE ROADWAY PLAN SHEETS FOR MBGF LOCATIONS

#### NOTES:

- 1. O.C.S.T. = ONE COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT
- 2. SEE "SW3P LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ACTUAL LIMITS AND PAYMENT FOR SEEDING AND TOPSOIL.
- 3. SEE "ROADWAY TABLE OF CROSS SLOPES" SHEET FOR ACTUAL SUPERELEVATION TRANSITION RATES AND LOCATIONS.
- 4. SEE "RETAINING WALL LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL RETAINING WALL DETAILS AND NOTES.
- 5. SEE "RW(MSE)DD(MOD)" SHEET FOR RETAINING WALL BENCH WIDTH AT BASE OF WALL CRITERIA, DETAILS, AND NOTES.





# Texas Department of Transportation

### **PROPOSED** TYPICAL SECTIONS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

NOT TO SC	ALE	SHEET	1 OF 3	
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.		
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	5	
0513	01	017		



5' SHLDR

10'

LANE

10'

LANE

---PGL AND

2.0%

SEE "MBGF DETAIL"

30' ASPHALT CROWN

STA 251+58 TO STA 257+00

AXIS OF ROTATION

LIMITS OF

SEEDING/TOPSOIL

SEE "DETAIL A"

4:1 (TYP) 3:1 (MAX)

## PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

15'

10'

LANE

2.0%

-SEE "MBGF DETAIL"

34' BASE CROWN

SEE "DETAIL C" -

30' ASPHALT CROWN

5' SHLDR

MOW STRI

50:1

15'

AND

AXIS OF ROTATION

10'

LANE

STA 257+00 TO STA 259+00

\* RETAINING WALL BENCH WIDTH
WALL A - BEGIN WALL A TO STA 257+30 = 5' MIN
WALL A - STA 257+30 TO STA 257+40 = 5' TO 3' MIN
WALL A - STA 257+40 TO STA 259+00 = 3' MIN

SEEDING/TOPSOIL

TYPE TIW RAIL

MSE RETAINING

-VARIES

-MOW STRIP

2:1 (MAX)

2.0%/2.0%

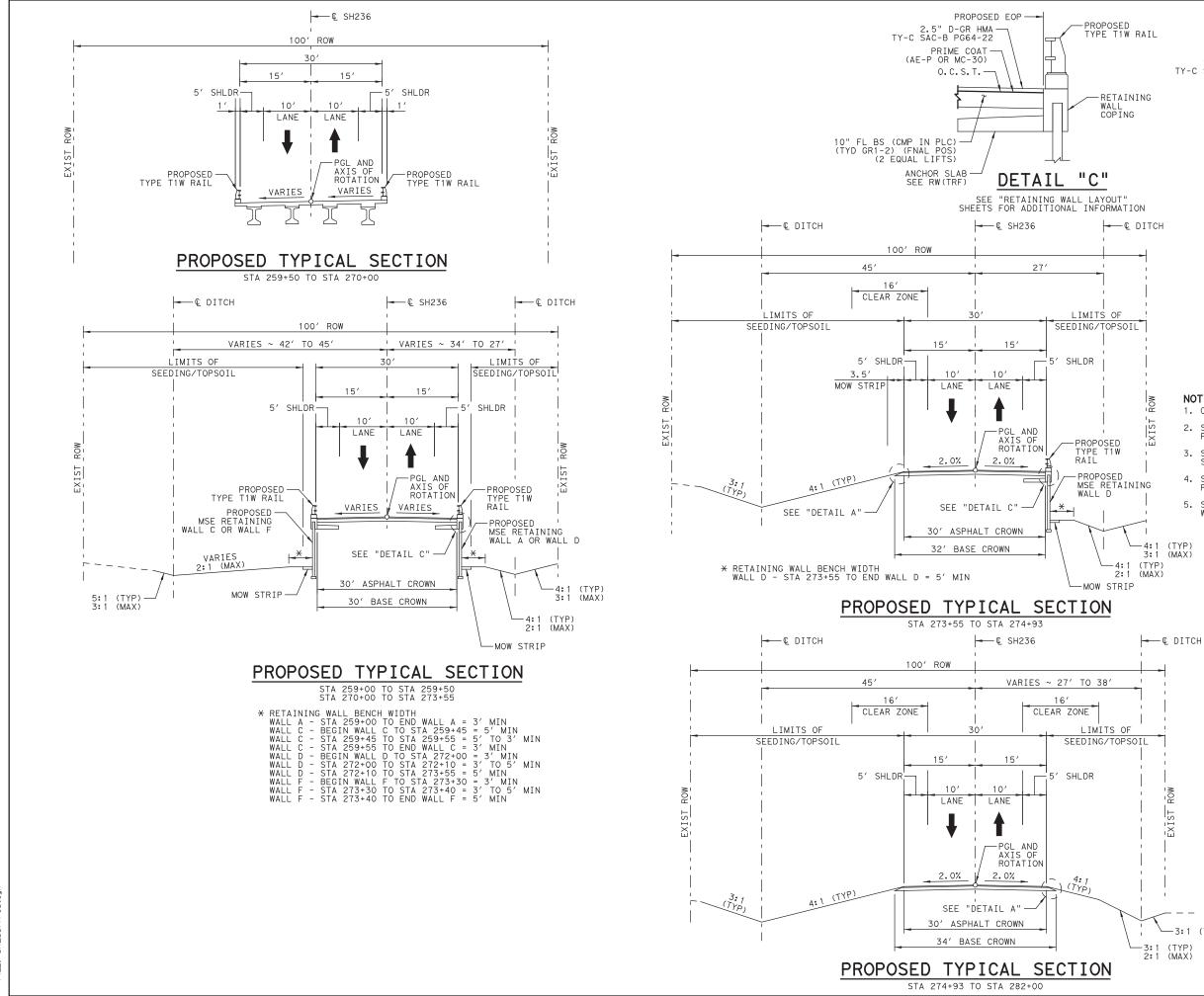
4:1 (TYP)

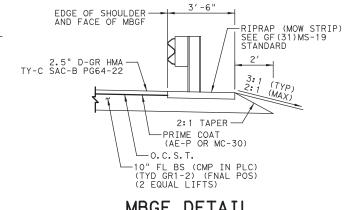
- PROPOSED

WALL A

SHLDR

TIME:





## MBGF DETAIL

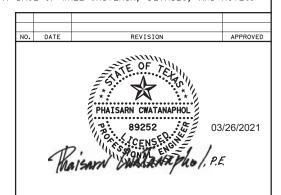
SEE ROADWAY PLAN SHEETS FOR MBGF LOCATIONS

#### NOTES:

ĒXĪST

─\_3:1 (TYP)

- 1. O.C.S.T. = ONE COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT
- 2. SEE "SW3P LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ACTUAL LIMITS AND PAYMENT FOR SEEDING AND TOPSOIL.
- 3. SEE "ROADWAY TABLE OF CROSS SLOPES" SHEET FOR ACTUAL SUPERELEVATION TRANSITION RATES AND LOCATIONS.
- 4. SEE "RETAINING WALL LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL RETAINING WALL DETAILS AND NOTES.
- 5. SEE "RW(MSE)DD(MOD)" SHEET FOR RETAINING WALL BENCH WIDTH AT BASE OF WALL CRITERIA, DETAILS, AND NOTES.

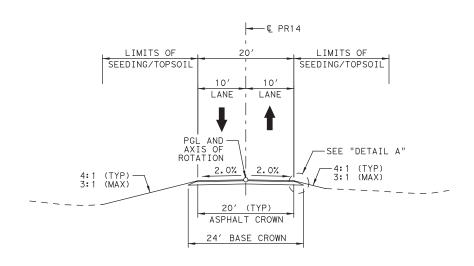


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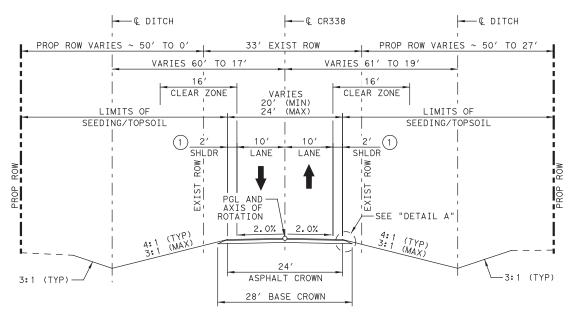


#### **PROPOSED** TYPICAL SECTIONS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

NOT TO SCALE FEDERAL PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH236 6 SHEET NO. STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS WACO CORYELL CONTROL SECTION JOB 6 0513 017 01



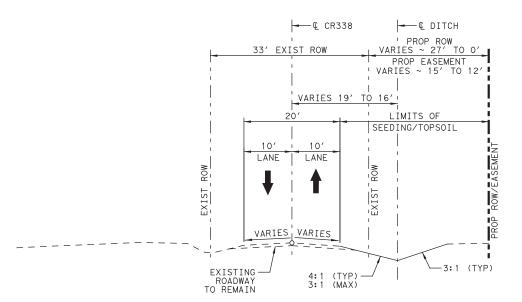
PROPOSED
PARK ROAD 14 TYPICAL SECTION



# PROPOSED CR 338 TYPICAL SECTION

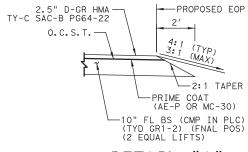
BEGIN TO STA 11+88

1 SHLDR VARIES 2' TO 0'
STA 11+60 TO STA 11+88



# PROPOSED CR 338 TYPICAL SECTION

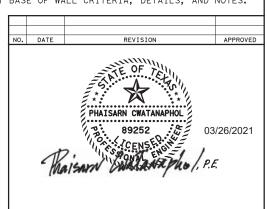
STA 11+88 TO END



## DETAIL "A"

#### NOTES:

- 1. O.C.S.T. = ONE COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT
- 2. SEE "SW3P LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ACTUAL LIMITS AND PAYMENT FOR SEEDING AND TOPSOIL.
- 3. SEE "ROADWAY TABLE OF CROSS SLOPES" SHEET FOR ACTUAL SUPERELEVATION TRANSITION RATES AND LOCATIONS.
- 4. SEE "RETAINING WALL LAYOUT" SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL RETAINING WALL DETAILS AND NOTES.
- 5. SEE "RW(MSE)DD(MOD)" SHEET FOR RETAINING WALL BENCH WIDTH AT BASE OF WALL CRITERIA, DETAILS, AND NOTES.





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# PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

T TO SCALE SHEET 3 OF 3						
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.			
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
EXAS	WACO	CORYELL				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	7			
0513	01	017	_			

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

#### **BASIS OF ESTIMATE TABLES**

Table	Table 1: Basis of Estimate for Erosion Control Items						
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities			
	FERTILIZER						
	FERTILIZER (20-10-10)	300 LBS / AC	5.5 AC	0.83 Ton			
*166	(PERMANENT)						
100	FERTILIZER (20-10-10)	300 LBS / AC	5.5 AC	0.83 Ton			
(TEMPORARY)							
	VEGETATIVE WATERING						
168	(3 Applications - Perm)	13,100 GAL/AC/APP	5.5 AC	216.5 Mg			
100	(3 APPLICATIONS - TEMP)	13,100 GAL/AC/APP	5.5 AC	216.5 MG			

Table	Table 2: Basis of Estimate for Base Work						
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities			
	PROOF ROLLING						
*216	PROOF ROLLING	8HR /ROADBED- MILE	0.537 ROADBED-MILE	4 HR			
	FLEXIBLE BASE						
247	(Ty D Gr 1-2 FNAL Pos)	138 LB/CF	84,834 CF	3,142 CY *5,854 TON			
	PRIME COAT						
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR AE-P)	0.20 GAL / SY	10,510 SY	2,102 GAL			

<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

Table 3: Basis of Estimate for Seal Coats						
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities		
	SEAL COAT					
316	ASPH (CRS-2)	0.45 GAL / SY	10,510 SY	4,729 GAL		
310	AGGR (TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	1 CY / 135 SY	10,510 SY	78 CY		

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

Table 4	Table 4: Basis of Estimate for Asphalt Pavements							
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities				
	DENSE-GRADED HOT MIX ASPHALT (2 1/2")							
3076	TY-C PG 64-22 SAC-B (EXEMPT)	275 LB / SY	10,419 SY	1,433 Ton				

#### **GENERAL**

The construction, operation and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans is 5.5 acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set forth in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the Waco District at the following address:

Bill Compton - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2707, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Or Via phone or in person to the following individual(s): Area Engineer's: Jarod Johnson, (254) 865-7115 Assistant Area Engineer's: Mallory Donavan, (254) 865-7115

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20 Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

Paper copies of cross-sections may be produced by using the provided .pdf file located on the above FTP Website at the bidders' expense and at copying companies. This data is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the enclosed data with appropriate plans, specifications and estimate for the project(s).

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

The following standard detail sheets have been modified:

RW(MSE)DD(MOD)

#### **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Submit all fabrication and shop drawings per TxDOT's online shop drawing submittal system and copy the Area Engineer on the email submittal, unless otherwise directed.

Where a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is shown in the plans, Contractor may submit a precast concrete alternate in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at:

https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-

contractors/publications/bridge.html#design.

Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the use of alternates.

#### **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

This project has structure with surface coatings which contain hazardous constituent which is lead paint. Contractor is responsible for the health and safety of his employees and compliance with all OSHA standards and regulations.

#### ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If utilizing private property for waste disposal sites, field office sites, equipment storage sites or for any other purpose involved with this project, provide to the Engineer written proof of the property owner's approval of the use of this property. This proof may be in the form of a letter or agreement signed by the property owner or other documents acceptable to the Engineer.

Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. However, the contractor's employees may park on the right of way at the sites where the contractor has his office, equipment and materials storage yard.

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8A

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks. Orange fencing will not be paid for but will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

#### **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

Nighttime work is allowed in accordance with Article 8.3.3.

Meet bi-weekly or at intervals as agreed upon with the engineer to notify him or her of planned work for the upcoming 3-week period.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

Critical Path Method (CPM) schedule in P6 format will be required for this project. Submit baseline schedule and obtain approval prior to beginning construction. The baseline schedule working days will be the same as the number of working days established by the Contract. The Estimate will be held if monthly schedule update is not submitted.

Submit the schedule in both PDF and in a base software electronic file format acceptable to TxDOT to allow for import and analysis into TxDOT's current scheduling software.

#### **ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY**

The limits of preparing right of way will be measured at the following locations:

From Sta. 246+17 to Sta. 285+00 along the centerline of construction.

The limits of preparing right of way for the borrow pit site on Winkler Park Road will be measured as shown on the project layout sheets.

Remove the existing roadway delineators and object markers as shown on the plans, or as directed, during construction within the right of way. Delineator and object marker removals are subsidiary to this Item.

Prune trees as required for construction operations or as directed. Treat all pruning cuts or damage to trees with a commercial wound dressing within 20 minutes of cut or damage. All pruning or tree trimming for trees not be removed shall be subsidiary to this bid item.

#### ITEMS 105: REMOVING TREATED AND UNTREATED BASE AND ASPHALT PAVEMENT

Saw existing asphalt along neat lines where portions are to be left in place temporarily or permanently. Sawing is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this item.

Take possession of recycled asphalt pavement from the project and recycle the material.

Properly dispose of unsalvageable material at Contractor's expense.

Remove the loose material from the roadway before opening to traffic.

#### **ITEM 110: EXCAVATION**

In a cut section, when soils are encountered at subgrade depths that are unstable and are deemed unsuitable by the Engineer, undercut this material for a minimum depth of one (1.0) foot below the maximum depth as determined and replace with a material having a plasticity index less than 25 and a liquid limit of less than 50.

#### ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT

Excavation and embankment for driveways, sleeper slabs, alleys and intersections will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to these items.

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In those cases where fixed features require, the governing slopes indicated herein and on the cross sections may be varied between the limits and to the extent determined.

#### **ITEM 132: EMBANKMENT**

The Ty C embankment material for this project must meet the following requirements:

Properties	Test Method	Specification Limits
LIQUID LIMITS	TEX-104-E	≤ 50
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	TEX-106-E	10 ≤ PI ≤ 25

Perform Tex-106-E (Plasticity Index) by an approved laboratory on excavated soils from sources outside right of way when used in roadway embankment. Provide the test results at no expense to the department. The engineer will sample and test soils produced by the construction project for specification requirements or material sources specified in the plans.

Type C Embankment will consist of suitable earthen material such as rock, loam, clay or other materials that will form a stable embankment. In addition, the top two (2) feet of embankment, including material used to complete front slopes after final surfacing will meet the physical requirements listed herein. Shale will not be allowed

#### **ITEM 160: TOPSOIL**

Salvage the existing topsoil from the cut/fill areas. Topsoil not stored in small windrows will be stockpiled in locations with heights no greater than four (4) feet and dumped loose from Contractor equipment. The Contractor will minimize topsoil compaction and limit equipment being driven over stockpiled topsoil.

Additional Topsoil will come from approved sources outside of the ROW. Topsoil must come from a location within six (6) inches of the natural ground surface to ensure it contains nutrients and is not sterile soil. Off ROW top soil will contain a minimum organic content of three & one-half (3.5%) percent, based on soil test results.

#### ITEM 164: SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

Temporary seeding mixtures (cool and warm) will also include three (3) lbs of Bermuda grass seed per acre, with all seeds being planted concurrently.

Contractor will mow or disc wheat and or oats in spring prior to vegetation going to seed.

Permanent seed mixes for both urban and rural projects including sand or clay soils in the Waco District will be bid and installed to include a minimum of one & one-half (1.5) pounds per acre Green Sprangletop seed and four (4) pounds per acre Bermudagrass seed, with other seed types also being included and quantities remaining unchanged.

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#### **ITEM 169: SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS**

Hydraulically apply Flexterra FGM, CocoFlex ET-FGM, Earth Guard or other spray applied soil retention as approved by the Engineer for erosion control on the specified slopes or areas in the construction plan. Apply as required per manufacturer's recommendations.

Use Tables under Item 164 to determine type of seeds to be used. Water for application, seeding, labor, equipment, tools, supplies, materials, fertilizer and incidentals will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item.

#### **ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE**

Construct uniform layer thickness of 6 inches, or less with the required density and moisture content.

Minimum PI is equal to three (3) for all grades, or a minimum Bar Linear Shrinkage of 2%.

RAP may not be incorporated into Flexbase Material

#### **ITEM 310: PRIME COAT**

When cutback asphalt is used, a minimum curing time of seven (7) days will be required before application of Item 316, "Seal Coat", unless otherwise approved in writing.

#### **ITEM 316: SEAL COAT**

No AC or Emulsion for surface treatment items will be placed between September 15 and May 1 unless approved in writing.

All trucks hauling materials to be paid for by truck measurement will be "struck off" prior to delivery to the project.

Unless otherwise approved, seal coat will not be exposed to traffic for more than seven(7) calendar day before application of HMAC..

#### ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

The use of windrow pick-up equipment is allowed except on the first course of roadway material placed over the subgrade.

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8C

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#### ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL OF STRUCTURES

Aggregate for cement stabilized backfill will be coarse aggregates, GRADE 3, 4 or 5 and fine aggregate, as shown in Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete". The ratio of course aggregate to sand should not contain more than sixty percent (60%) sand unless otherwise approved.

CLASS B bedding is required if rock is encountered.

#### **ITEM 416: DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATIONS**

Provide a minimum of one core per bent, regardless of placement method.

#### **ITEM 420 CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES**

Form columns to a point a minimum of one foot below the proposed future or existing bottom of channel elevation indicated on the bridge layouts by an acceptable method. This form work is not paid for directly, but is considered subsidiary to this item.

Apply an ordinary surface finish to all concrete surfaces within 30 days after form removal.

#### **BENT NUMBERING:**

For bridges with four or more spans, number every third bent (counting the abutments) on the upstation and down-station faces of the outside column(s) at approximately the mid height of the column. For structures with three columns or less per bent, place numbers on column A. Where there are four or more columns per bent, place numbers on both outside columns. Bent numbers shall be as shown on the bridge layout.

Provide block numbers with a height of 6". Place numbers using appropriate die cut stencils and black paint. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing bent numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

For bridges with aesthetic treatments, the numbering will be incorporated into the aesthetics package.

#### NATIONAL BRIDGE INVENTORY NUMBERS:

Provide <u>National Bridge Inventory</u> (NBI) numbers on all bridge structures and bridge class culverts.

Where beam types allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment backwall using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers between the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

Where beam types do not allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment cap using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

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Where a bridge begins, ends or contains a bent common to multiple structures, place NBI numbers on both faces near both ends of the common bent cap. The number placed at each of the four locations will correspond to the NBI number assigned to the bridge immediately above the number. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beam. Place using 3" Block Numbers.

For all conditions, use appropriate die cut stencils and black paint for placement. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing NBI numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

Reduce headwall heights, if necessary, to provide a maximum of three (3) inches projection above the roadway slope. No increase or decrease will be made in plan quantities of concrete or reinforcing steel for this work.

#### **ITEM 421: HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE**

Furnish mix designs to the Engineer in a format compatible to the latest version of the Department's Construction Management System (Site Manager). Mix Design templates will be provided by the Engineer.

Provide High Performance Concrete (HPC) of the class specified for the following bridge components: abutments, bent caps, and columns.

Provide sulfate resistant concrete for all drilled shafts.

Supply the Engineer with a list of certified personnel and copies of their current ACI certificates before beginning production and when personnel changes are made. Supply hard copies of calibration reports for testing equipment when required by the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 423: RETAINING WALLS**

For Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) walls, provide a system from one of the following approved suppliers:

The Reinforced Earth Company Contech Engineered Solutions LLC ROSCH Earth Technologies Structural Embankment, LLC Tricon Precast, Ltd. Valley Prestress Products, Inc.

All retaining walls will have a uniform texture and appearance.

Unless otherwise noted in the plans, the top of the leveling pad is located 2 feet below the proposed ground.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide Type AS backfill as defined under this item for permanent MSE or concrete block (CB) walls not subject to inundation. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide type DS backfill as defined under this item for permanent MSE or CB walls subject to inundation.

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Supply drainage aggregate meeting the requirements of this item for use as filter material with the retaining wall.

Cement-Stabilized Backfill (CSB) is not permitted.

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, provide flowable backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401 between the back of panels and inlets or drainage pipes where the required compaction can not be achieved. Flowable backfill used for this purpose is subsidiary to this item.

Provide earth reinforcements with a minimum length of 8' or longer as required by RW(MSE)-DD. Earth reinforcement length is measured perpendicular to the wall. Adjust skewed earth reinforcements as necessary of obtain required length.

Submit design calculations supporting the details necessary to incorporate coping, railing, inlets, drainage, electrical conduits and any additional necessary features.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, form the map of Texas emblem into a wall panel next to each bridge abutment. Engineer approval of the exact location of each emblem is required. The cost of forming emblems is considered subsidiary to this item. Inset the map of Texas a minimum of ¾ inch into the face of the panel, and provide a smooth finish with an engineer approved contrasting color.

Six inch (6") perforated pipe underdrain, as per MSE wall standard sheet, will be required. Pipe outfall should be terminated into wall of drainage structures or as shown in the plans. Pipe underdrain for retaining walls will be subsidiary to Item 423, "Retaining Walls".

#### **ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE**

**Table of Special Surface Finishes and Coatings** 

ITEM		SPECIAL SURFACE FINISH	COATING	REMARKS
RETAINING	WALL	FORMLINER FINISH	N/A	N/A
PANELS				

Apply an Ordinary Surface Finish to elements not listed in "Surface Area I".

Special Surface Finishes listed above will not be paid for directly but are considered subsidiary to various bid items.

**FORM LINER FINISHES:** Place architectural concrete treatments as shown on MSE Retaining Wall Surface Detail sheet in the plans. Placement is subsidiary to this item.

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Provide form liners that release without leaving pieces of liner material on the concrete and without pulling or breaking concrete from the textured surface. Provide form release agents as recommended by the manufacturer. Replace form liners as directed that have become damaged or worn. Replacement of form liners is considered incidental to the work and no additional compensation is provided.

Provide sample panels a minimum of ten days in advance of starting construction of the textured concrete surfaces. Construct sample panel(s) in accordance with Item 427.4.3.5 "Form Liner Finish" using each type of approved form liner. Sample panels must meet the requirements of the plans and specifications and be approved before any construction form liners may be ordered, obtained or used. Provide panels having a textured portion at least 5'-0" by 5'-0" with a representative un-textured surrounding surface. If directed, construct and finish additional test panels until a satisfactory concrete surface texture is obtained.

The approved sample panel is the standard of comparison for the production concrete surface texture. If directed, build a new test panel to demonstrate acceptability of any proposed change in construction method.

Tool or replace areas requiring surface treatment that do no match their associated sample panels. Upon completion, tooled or replaced panels must match the associated sample panel. Tooling or replacement is at the contractor's expense.

Joint reveal details and location may vary slightly from what is shown to match the adjacent MSE walls as directed. No additional compensation will be allowed.

#### **ITEM 432: RIPRAP**

Weep holes and granular material, are required and locations will be determined prior to placement of concrete riprap at bridge abutments.

#### ITEM 440: REINFORCEMENT FOR CONCRETE

Fiber Reinforced Concrete (FRC) can be used as a substitute for Non-Structural Class Reinforced Concrete in Mow-Strip and Rip Rap Items. FRC may also be used for other Non-Structural Class Reinforced Concrete Items as approved.

#### **ITEMS 450: RAILING**

Apply additional paint coating to all T1W metal posts and tubular sections and as directed. Paint color shall be DoT Highway Brown (FS 10055). A different color even if equivalent must be approved before application. Refer to material notes on standard TYPE T1W.

Blast clean all railing and barrier wall installed as part of the project in accordance with Item 427, "Surface Finishes for Concrete", prior to final acceptance of the project. This work will be considered subsidiary to Items 450, "Railing".

Ensure slip formed barrier and cast-in-place barrier will be uniform in color and texture.

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8E

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#### **ITEM 464: REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE**

The concrete collars and the connections of pipes to existing or proposed concrete boxes or pipe will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### **ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES**

Submit to the Engineer for approval a detailed plan for bridge removal including methods, equipment and sequencing.

#### **ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION**

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

#### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Access will be provided to all business and residences at all times. Where turning radii are limited during phased construction at intersections, provide all weather surfaces such as RAP or base in turning movements to accommodate and to protect the traffic from edge drop-offs. Materials, labor, maintenance and removal for these temporary accesses and radii will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

When excavation is required next to a pavement lane carrying traffic and the widening is not completed by the end of the work day, backfill against the edge of the pavement with at least a 3:1 slope using an acceptable material to support vehicular traffic. Carefully remove and dispose of this material when work resumes. Backfilling pavement edges, and the materials required for the work will be subsidiary to this item.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers entering the highway from driveways or side streets.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

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#### **ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE**

Furnish one Asphalt Mix Control Laboratory (Type D) for this project.

Chain link fencing, area dimensioned as directed by the Engineer, will be provided around TxDOT field office/laboratory and parking areas separate from contractor areas. Keep Contractor and TxDOT parking separate. No Contractor vehicles, equipment, dumpsters, storage, etc. is allowed in TxDOT parking area.

Provide an all in one printer/scanner/fax/copier with software that is compatible with TxDOT equipment, cost not in excess of \$300. This is subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### ITEM 506: TEMPROARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Take all practicable precautions to prevent debris from being discharged into the Waters of Texas or a designated wetland. Install Best Management Practices before demolition begins and maintain them during the demolition. Remove any debris or construction material that escapes containment devices and are discharged into the restricted areas, before the next rain event or within 24 hours of the discharge.

If temporary construction stream crossings are allowed under a Nationwide Permit, submit in writing for approval the type and location of each temporary stream crossing. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for temporary stream crossings. A temporary culvert crossing will consist of storm sewer pipes and 4- to 8-inch nominal size rock. Temporary stream crossings must not cause more than minimal changes to the hydraulic flow characteristics of the stream, increase flooding, or cause more than minimal degradation of water quality. Remove the temporary stream crossings in their entirety and return the affected areas to their pre-existing elevation. All work and materials use for temporary construction stream crossings will not be paid for directly but are subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Provide SW3P Signs. Obtain from the Engineer a copy of the project's completed TPDES Storm Water Program Construction Site Notice and Contractor Site Notice. Laminate the sheets and bond with adhesive to 36" X 36" sign blanks. Ensure the sheets remain dry. Apply Type C Blue reflective sheeting as the background and add the text "SW3P" in 5" white lettering, centered at the top. Attach the signs to approved temporary mounts and locate at each of the project limits just inside the right of way line at a readable height or as directed by the Engineer. If the sign cannot be placed outside the clear zone, it must adhere to the TMUTCD. SW3P signs, maintenance, and reposting (for replacement or as needed to ensure readability) will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Leave all right of way areas undisturbed until actual construction is to be performed in said areas.

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8F

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

No soil disturbing activities will begin on any section of TxDOT ROW without adequate sedimentation controls first being installed and functioning at adjacent drainage outfalls. Begin and continuously prosecute the repairs, additions and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation control devices within seven days after the Contractor receives each Form 2118, Field Inspection and Maintenance Report, from the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to fulfill either of the above requirements places TxDOT in potential non-compliance with permit requirements and may result in withholding estimates or stopping work or both until all environmental permit requirements are fulfilled.

Concrete Washouts are required per the CGP. The Concrete Washout Area(s) structural controls must consist of temporary berms, temporary shallow pits, and/or temporary storage tanks to prevent contaminated runoff and must be lined as to prevent contamination of underlying soil. Ensure pits properly maintained including removal of concrete as not to allow over flow. The location(s) of washout area will be approved by the Engineer. When washout pits are no longer needed, they will be removed and area will be restored to original condition. This work, materials and labor will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls."

Cleaning and sweeping of open roadways due to material spillage or loss from Contractor equipment or tires will be the responsibility of the Contractor at no cost to TxDOT. This work will not be charged as Item 738, "Cleaning and Sweeping Highways". Cleaning and sweeping of roadways will be completed as directed, including multiple times per day if necessary, to maintain acceptable roadways for the traveling public and to meet environmental regulations. Construction activities will cease when material deposited on the roadway is not properly removed or when equipment is not available as needed. Adequate construction exits will be planned, constructed and maintained by the Contractor per Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls".

Place construction perimeter fencing between work area and masonry wall at PR 14 Mother Neff State Park entrance. See removal plan. Limits and length to be as directed and approved and paid for under item 506 "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation and Environmental Controls. Construction perimeter or safety fencing at all other areas of project outside of these limits adjacent to the masonry wall shall be subsidiary to items in the plans.

#### **ITEM 533: MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS**

Provide an off-set milling head for milling shoulder rumble strips in vicinity of metal beam guard fence, if directed.

#### ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish one type of post throughout the project except as specifically noted in the plans.

Wooden block out will not be allowed.

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## <u>ITEMS 542 & 544: REMOVING METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE & GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS</u>

W-Beam elements, steel posts and composite material blockouts will become the property of the contractor.

#### **ITEM 544: GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS**

The use of wooden block-outs will not be allowed.

#### ITEM 585: RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Use Surface Test Type A on all intersections and driveways.

Use Surface Test Type B pay adjustment schedule 1 on the travel lanes.

The contractor will ensure satisfactory profile results in the intermediate paving layers (mixture) to eliminate corrective action for excessive deviations in the final surface layers.

Milling will not be allowed as a corrective action for excessive deviations in the surface layer.

#### ITEM 644: SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES

Bolt Clamp type will be used on Texas Triangular Slip Base System.

As practical with new construction, leave the existing sign assemblies in place until the proposed foundation, post and sign are in installed, and then remove the old sign assemblies.

Do not leave any sign foundation holes open overnight. Ensure all holes drilled are at least the minimum required depth with no loose material remaining in the hole.

Stake proposed sign locations and receive approval before installation of sign foundations.

Expanded foam foundations are not permitted.

Cut the bottom of all posts square.

For sign types which design details are not shown on these plans, fabricate according to the "STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS".

Removed material that is deemed salvageable (signs and posts) will be the property of TxDOT. Deliver salvageable material to the TxDOT Maintenance Office. Remove unsalvageable material.

The Contractor will relocate the existing double sided street name signs and furnish the post mounted brackets for the street name signs to be paid for as part of the proposed Stop Signs (R1-1). Existing street name signs will be mounted above Stop signs. If damaged while being relocated, the Contractor will furnish new double sided street name sign at their own expense.

COUNTY: CORYELL SHEET 8G

HIGHWAY: SH 236 CSJ: 0513-01-017

#### **ITEM 658: DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER ASSEMBLIES**

All flexible and GF2 delineators will have a tubular body.

The delineator assembly BRF Class A (D-SW) and (D-SY) are to be single delineators (Class I) attached to a flat, plastic bracket to facilitate the mounting of the delineator on top of the bridge rail at the locations shown on the plans. Submit a sample for approval before ordering materials.

#### **ITEM 666: RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

The Contractor will layout the proposed striping in accordance with TxDOT Traffic Control Plan Standards and latest version Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD) and project striping layout sheets. The Engineer will verify proposed striping layout prior to the beginning of striping operations.

The Contractor will locate the beginning and ending points of No Pass Zones.

#### ITEM 677: ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS

The following are considered acceptable Pavement Marking Removal methods on this project for non-final pavement surfaces:

Provide 2' wide strip seals

Water blasting

Mechanical Method

#### ITEM 3076: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Design for a target Laboratory-molded density of 97.0% when using the Texas Gyratory Compactor (TGC) (Tex-204-F, Part I).

Use aggregate that meets the Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) requirement of Class B.

Maximum stripping of 0% is required.

RAP from Contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated.

#### ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

This project will require "full matrix" type portable changeable message signs.

Ensure that the Contractor's Responsible Person for traffic control can revise messages within thirty (30) minutes of notification.

Furnish two (2) portable changeable message signs. The portable changeable message sign(s) will be used for all lane closures and freeway closures as shown on the traffic control plan standard sheets.

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Supply portable changeable message sign(s) in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan standard sheets and Article 6f.55 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways Part VI.

#### **ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS**

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario		Required TMA	
(1-1)-18 / (1-2)-18			,	1
(1-3)-18	Α	В	1	2
(1-4)-18 / (1-5)-18 / (1-6)-18			,	1

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

Mobile operations will be paid for by the hour, per specifications. For mobile operations, payment will be made only while the TMA is in use.

For mobile operations requiring multiple TMA's, judgement may be applied in lower speed, urban / in town traffic environments to reduce the numbers of TMA in use where the added TMA may pose a hazard for traffic entering and exiting driveways, side streets, etc.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

## ITEM 7000: REMOVAL AND PROPER DISPOSAL OF DRIFTWOOD AND DEBRIS

Equipment may include but is not limited to dragline, front-end loader, backhoe, hydraulic excavator, dozer, track loader, dump trucks, etc.

Limits for the removal of driftwood and debris shall typically include the width of the right of way (upstream and downstream) for the length of the structure.

Debris shall consist of all foreign material within the work area including trash, tires, etc.

Contractor shall cut and remove abandoned timber bridge piles. This shall not be paid for directly, but considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Cut driftwood as required, load, haul and dispose of driftwood and debris off the right of way in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, small items (less than 24 inches in diameter) may be chipped on site and spread on the ROW above the ordinary high-water mark as approved by the Engineer. No debris, whole or chipped will be deposited in a floodplain area.

**COUNTY: CORYELL** SHEET 8H

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Disposal sites must be permitted by State and Local Government.

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# **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0513-01-017

**DISTRICT** Waco HIGHWAY SH 236

**COUNTY** Coryell

		CONTROL SECTION	ом јов	0513-01	-017			
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00001	906		TOTAL FINAL	
		C	OUNTY	Corye	ell	TOTAL EST.		
		HIC	HWAY	SH 23		1		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL			
	100-6001	PREPARING ROW	AC	7.100		7.100		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	39.000		39.000		
	100-6004	PREPARING ROW(TREE)(12" TO 24" DIA)	EA	7.000		7.000		
	100-6011	PREPARING ROW(TREE)(24" TO 36" DIA.)	EA	11.000		11.000		
	104-6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	78.000		78.000		
	104-6044	REMOVING CONC (FLUME)	SY	57.000		57.000		
	105-6011	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (2"-6")	SY	11,497.000		11,497.000		
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	1,329.000		1,329.000		
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	5,555.000		5,555.000		
	132-6006	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	CY	23,360.000		23,360.000		
	158-6006	SPEC EXCAV WORK (VEHICLE)	CY	19,712.000		19,712.000		
	160-6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	26,466.000		26,466.000		
	160-6006	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (3")	SY	14,970.000		14,970.000		
	164-6035	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	26,466.000		26,466.000		
	164-6071	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	SY	26,466.000		26,466.000		
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	433.000		433.000		
	169-6001	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY A)	SY	950.000		950.000		
	247-6053	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYD GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	3,142.000		3,142.000		
	310-6027	PRIME COAT(MC-30 OR AE-P)	GAL	2,102.000		2,102.000		
	316-6022	ASPH (CRS-2)	GAL	4,729.000		4,729.000		
	316-6397	AGGR(TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	CY	78.000		78.000		
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	110.000		110.000		
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	1,016.000		1,016.000		
	416-6005	DRILL SHAFT (42 IN)	LF	294.000		294.000		
	420-6014	CL C CONC (ABUT)(HPC)	CY	29.000		29.000		
	420-6030	CL C CONC (CAP)(HPC)	CY	143.000		143.000		
	420-6038	CL C CONC (COLUMN)(HPC)	CY	39.000		39.000		
	420-6074	CL C CONC (MISC)	CY	11.200		11.200		
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	33,600.000		33,600.000		
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	48.000		48.000		
	423-6001	RETAINING WALL (MSE)	SF	13,603.000		13,603.000		
	425-6038	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX46)	LF	3,582.630		3,582.630		
	425-6041	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX70)	LF	598.000		598.000		
	432-6001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	4.000		4.000		
	432-6002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	462.000		462.000		
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	76.000		76.000		
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	70.000		70.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Coryell	0513-01-017	9



## **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0513-01-017

**DISTRICT** Waco HIGHWAY SH 236

**COUNTY** Coryell

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0513-01	L-017		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00001	L906		
		CO	DUNTY	Cory	ell	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH 2:		-	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	450-6003	RAIL (TY T1W)	LF	3,249.000		3,249.000	
	454-6018	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	LF	156.000		156.000	
	460-6001	CMP (GAL STL 12 IN)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	464-6003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	66.000		66.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	110.000		110.000	
	464-6007	RC PIPE (CL III)(30 IN)	LF	123.000		123.000	
	467-6363	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	467-6423	SET (TY II) (30 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6005	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	376.000		376.000	
•	496-6010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
•	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	11.000		11.000	
•	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	192.000		192.000	
•	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	192.000		192.000	
•	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	224.000		224.000	
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	224.000		224.000	
•	506-6034	CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCE	LF	313.000		313.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	8,393.000		8,393.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	8,393.000		8,393.000	
	530-6005	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	1,298.000		1,298.000	
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	4,751.000		4,751.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	2,152.000		2,152.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	612.500		612.500	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	450.000		450.000	
	542-6005	RM MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (T101)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	545-6019	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	1.000		1.000	
İ	552-6003	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	LF	862.000		862.000	
İ	552-6005	GATE (TY 1)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	10.000		10.000	
İ	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	644-6033	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
İ	644-6066	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM (RAIL MOUNT)	EA	15.000		15.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Coryell	0513-01-017	9A



# **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0513-01-017

**DISTRICT** Waco HIGHWAY SH 236

**COUNTY** Coryell

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0513-0	1-017		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A0000	1906		
		CC	UNTY	Cory	ell	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH 2	:36		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	40.000		40.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	32.000		32.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	11.000		11.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	75.000		75.000	
	666-6224	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF	4,360.000		4,360.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	7,516.000		7,516.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	7,398.000		7,398.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	92.000		92.000	
	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF	4,360.000		4,360.000	
	3076-6069	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	1,433.000		1,433.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	10.000		10.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	120.000		120.000	
	7000-6002	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	LS	1.000		1.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Coryell	0513-01-017	9B

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL QUANTITIES															
	100	100	100	104	104	105	496	496	496	506	542	542	544	644	7000
	6002	6004	6011	6009	6044	6011	6005	6007	6010	6034	6001	6005	6003	6076	6002
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	PREPARING ROW(TREE)(12" TO 24" DIA)	PREPARING ROW(TREE)(24" TO 36" DIA.)	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	REMOVING CONC (FLUME)	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (2"-6")	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	(PIPE)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCE	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	RM MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (T101)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS
	STA	EA	EA	SY	SY	SY	EA	LF	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LS
REMOVAL PLAN															
BEGIN TO STA 267+00	21	-	2	78	57	5,448	-	205	1	-	450	4	4	13	1
STA 267+00 TO END	18	7	9	-	-	6,049	2	171	-	313	-	-	-	27	-
PROJECT TOTALS	39	7	11	78	57	11,497	2	376	1	313	450	4	4	40	1
	1 00	· ·				1.,, 101		3.0		310			•	1 10	<u> </u>

#### SUMMARY OF ROADWAY QUANTITIES

PROJECT TOTALS	3,142	2,102	4, 729	78	1,433	441	37	66	110	2	4	1,298	612.5	3	3	1	862	3
DRIVEWAY NO. 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	2	68	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRIVEWAY NO. 2	-	-	ı	-	_	-	-	-	72	-	2	149	-	-	-	-	-	-
ACCESS ROAD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	2	-	1,081	-	-	-	-	-	-
COUNTY ROAD 338	155	105	237	4	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	326	1
PARK ROAD 14	164	112	252	4	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STA 278+00 TO END	694	474	1,067	18	322	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STA 267+00 TO STA 278+00	761	526	1,183	19	360	155	4	-	-	-	-	-	12.5	1	1	1	302	-
STA 256+00 TO STA 267+00	349	221	497	8	152	156	13	-	_	_	_	-	207.0	2	1	_	138	1
BEGIN TO STA 256+00	1,019	664	1,493	25	452	73	20	-	-	-	-	-	393.0	-	1	-	96	1
ROADWAY PLAN AND PROFILE																		
	CY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	CY	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	SY	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA
LOCATION	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYD GR1-2) (FNAL POS)	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR AE-P)	ASPH (CRS-2)	AGGR (TY-D GR-4 OR TY-L GR-4)	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (4 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (18 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL) (S) (N) (TL3)	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	GATE (TY
	6053	6027	6022	6397	6069	6002	6045	6003	6005	6363	6395	6005	6002	6006	6001	6019	6003	6005
	247	310	316	316	3076	432	432	464	464	467	467	530	540	540	544	545	552	552

#### SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK QUANTITIES

	110	110	132
	6001	6002	6006
STATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY C)
	CY	CY	CY
246+17.00	0	0	0
247+00.00	7	0	5
248+00.00	19	0	185
249+00.00	0	0	405
250+00.00	0	0	497
251+00.00	0	0	473
252+00.00	15	0	409
253+00.00	27	0	349
254+00.00	27	0	334
255+00.00	33	0	442
256+00.00	36	0	666
257+00.00	27	0	1,004
258+00.00	55	0	1,119
259+00.00	101	0	1,146
259+50.00	74	0	575
260+00.00	0	156	273
261+00.00	0	796	56
262+00.00	0	1,200	57
263+00.00	0	711	39
264+00.00	0	209	0
265+00.00	0	790	26

## SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK QUANTITIES CONTINUED

	110	110	132
	6001	6002	6006
STATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY C)
	CY	CY	CY
266+00.00	0	949	49
267+00.00	0	514	49
268+00.00	0	193	54
269+00.00	0	37	81
270+00.00	0	0	688
271+00.00	51	0	1,297
272+00.00	54	0	1,311
273+00.00	100	0	1,194
274+00.00	159	0	960
275+00.00	98	0	743
276+00.00	17	0	1,057
277+00.00	26	0	1,271
278+00.00	29	0	1,064
279+00.00	35	0	999
280+00.00	43	0	912
281+00.00	34	0	731
282+00.00	15	0	422
283+00.00	0	0	108
284+00.00	42	0	4
285+00.00	52	0	3
SH 236 TOTALS	1,174	5,555	21,055

#### SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK QUANTITIES CONTINUED

PROJECT TOTALS	1,329	5,555	23,360		
SIDE STREET AND DRIVEWAY TOTALS	155	0	2,305		
CULVERT A	0	0	190		
DRWY03	16	0	27		
DRWY02	9	0	265		
DRWY01	2	0	0		
COUNTY ROAD 338	124	0	954		
PARK ROAD 14	4	0	869		
	CY	CY	CY		
STATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DEN CONT) (TY C		
	6001	6002	6006		
	110	110	132		

#### SUMMARY OF LAKE BELTON MITIGATION QUANTITIES

PROJECT TOTALS	7.1	19,712	14,970	50	
LAKE BELTON MITIGATION	7.1	19,712	14,970	50	
	AC	CY	SY	LF	
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	SPEC EXCAV WORK (VEHICLE)	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (3")	CMP (GAL STL 12 IN)	
	6001	6006	6006	6001	
	100	158	160	460	

### SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL QUANTITIES

	6001	6185	6185
	6002	6002	6003
LOCATION	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	EA	DAY	HR
DETOUR SIGNING LAYOUT	2	10	120
PROJECT TOTALS	2	10	120



HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681



## QUANTITY SUMMARY

### SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 3
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	10
0513	01	017	

CHAMAID	ΛE	DETAINING	WALL	QUANTITIES
SUMMART	UF	KETAINING	WALL	QUANTITES

	420	423	432	450	(1) 556
	6074	6001	6045	6003	
LOCATION	CL C CONC (MISC)	RETAINING WALL (MSE)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (4 IN)	RAIL (TY T1W)	PIPE UNDERDRAINS (TY 6) (6")
	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF
RETAINING WALL LAYOUT					
RETAINING WALL A	_	2,389	7	250	570
RETAINING WALL B	-	167	1	-	-
RETAINING WALL C	-	579	2	50	90
RETAINING WALL D	5.6	5,710	13	495	463
RETAINING WALL E	-	162	1	-	-
RETAINING WALL F	5.6	4,596	9	354	380
PROJECT TOTALS	11.2	13,603	33	1,149	1,503

TO FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.
PAYMENT SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 423,
RETAINING WALLS. INCLUDES PERFORATED
PORTION WITHIN WALL LIMITS,
NON-PERFORATED PORTION BETWEEN WALL AND
OUTFALL, WYE CONNECTION, AND CL B RIPRAP
FOR UNDERDRAIN OUTLET TO SIDE DITCH.

#### SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE QUANTITIES

COMMINANT OF BRAINAGE GOARTITIES				
	432	432	464	467
	6002	6033	6007	6423
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (30 IN)	SET (TY II) (30 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)
	CY	CY	LF	EA
CULVERT LAYOUT				
CULVERT A	21	76	34	-
CULVERT B	-	_	89	2
PROJECT TOTALS	21	76	123	2

## SUMMARY OF SW3P QUANTITIES

PROJECT TOTALS	26, 466	26, 466	26, 466	433	950	192	192	224	224	8, 393	8,393
STA 278+00 TO END	5,118	5,118	5,118	84	185			112	112	1,440	1,440
STA 267+00 TO STA 278+00	8,507	8,507	8,507	139	334	192	192			2,134	2,134
STA 256+00 TO STA 267+00	6,434	6,434	6,434	105	70					2,760	2,760
BEGIN TO STA 256+00	6,407	6,407	6,407	105	361			112	112	2,059	2,059
SW3P LAYOUT											
	SY	SY	SY	MG	SY	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF
LOCATION	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM OR COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY A)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	6003	6035	6071	6001	6001	6002	6011	6020	6024	6038	6039
	160	164	164	168	169	506	506	506	506	506	506



HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



## QUANTITY SUMMARY

### SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	2 OF 3
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	11
0513	01	017	

SUMMARY	OF	SIGNING	QUANTITIES

	644	644	644	644	658	658
	6001	6004	6033	6066	6014	6062
LOCATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1) SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1) SA(T)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1) SA(U)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM (RAIL MOUNT)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1 (BRF)GF2(BI)
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT						
BEGIN TO STA 267+00	4	-	-	6	18	9
STA 267+00 TO END	6	3	1	9	1 4	2
PROJECT TOTALS	10	3	1	15	32	11

#### SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING QUANTITIES

PROJECT TOTALS	4, 751	2, 152	75	4, 360	7,516	7,398	92	4, 360	
STA 267+00 TO END	2,405	1,069	75	1,280	3,350	3,232	40	1,280	
BEGIN TO STA 267+00	2,346	1,083	-	3,080	4,166	4,166	52	3,080	
SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT									
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	
LOCATION	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	
	6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)  REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PAV W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 4" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PAV MRKR T (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)  REFL PA	6009	6001					
	533	533	666	666	666	666	672	678	

#### SUMMARY OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES

PROJECT TOTALS	110	1,016	294	29.0	143.0	39.0	33,600	48.0	3,582,63	598.00	4	2,100,0	156
LEON RIVER BRIDGE	110	1,016	294	29.0	143.0	39.0	33,600	48.0	3,582.63	598.00	4	2,100.0	156
	CY	LF	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	CY	LF	LF
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	DRILL SHAFT (42 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT) (HPC)	CL C CONC (CAP) (HPC)	CL C CONC (COLUMN) (HPC)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX46)	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX70)	RIPRAP (CONC) (4 IN)	RAIL (TY T1W)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4IN) (SEJ-M)
	6005	6004	6005	6014	6030	6038	6001	6015	6038	6041	6001	6003	6018
	400	416	416	420	420	420	422	422	425	425	432	450	454



# QUANTITY SUMMARY

## SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	3 OF 3
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	12
0513	01	017	

		1	SUMMARY	<u> </u>								
					(A		SM R	) SGN	I ASSM TY <u>X</u>	$\times \times $	$\frac{XX}{T}$ $(X - \frac{XXXX}{T})$	BRIDGE
					(TYPE	(TYPE						MOUNT CLEARANC
PLAN	CION	CION					T TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUI	NTING DESIGNATION	SIGNS
HEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	WON I FRP = F				PREFABRICATE	D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext	(See
	.,,,,				N	FRP = F	iberglass Thin-Wall		UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc		BM = Extruded Wind Beam	Note 2
					AL	'W' - '	= 10 BWG	1 or 2	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	P = "Plain"   T = "T"	WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel	TY = TYF
					LAT	S80 = 9			WS=Wedge Steel	U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	
153	1	W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	36×36	X Z		O BWG	1	WP=Wedge Plastic	P	Panels	TY S
155												
	2	W1-2aR	COMBINATION HORIZONTAL CURVE RIGHT AND 60 M.P.H	36×36	X		O BWG	1	SA	Р		
	3	M2-1 M1-6T	JUNCTION PARK ROAD 14	21×15 24×24	X	10	O BWG	1	SA	P		
	4	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 65	30×36	X	10	O BWG	1	SA	P		
									34			
	5	M3-1 M1-6T	NORTH 236 TEXAS	24×12 24×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	<del>                                     </del>
		D10-7aT D10-7aT	368 368	3×10 3×10	X							
+	6	I-3	LEON RIVER	24×18	X	SO	CH 80	1		P	RAIL MOUNT	+
	7	W1-2aL	COMBINATION HORIZONTAL CURVE LEFT AND 40 M.P.H.	36×36	Х	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
	8	W1 - 8L	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT)	18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
		W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24	X							
	9	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
	4.0						211 22				DATE MOUNT	
	10	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	50	CH 80	1		P	RAIL MOUNT	
154	1	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
										_	2471 1421117	
	2	D7-2TL	MOTHER NEFF STATE PARK	78×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		T	RAIL MOUNT	
	3	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
											DATE MOUNT	
	4	I-3	LEON RIVER	24×18	X	50	CH 80	1		P	RAIL MOUNT	-
	5	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
					X		211 00	1			DATI MOUNT	
	6	D20-1TR	CO RD 338	24×24	X	50	CH 80	1		U	RAIL MOUNT	
	7	W1-8L W1-8R	CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (LEFT) CHEVRON ALIGNMENT (RIGHT)	18×24 18×24	X	SC	CH 80	1		Р	RAIL MOUNT	
	0						211 00	1		P	DATI MOUNT	
	8	W1-2aR	COMBINATION HORIZONTAL CURVE RIGHT AND 40 M.P.H.	36×36	X		CH 80	1		Ρ	RAIL MOUNT	
	9	M1 - 6T M6 - 1	PARK ROAD 14 DIRECTIONAL ARROW LEFT	24×24 21×15	X	SC	CH 80	1		U	RAIL MOUNT	
	10	R1-1	STOP	36×36	X	1.0	O BWG	1	SA	T		
										·		
	11	M1-6T D10-7aT	PARK ROAD 14 548	24×24 3×10	X	10	O BWG	1	SA	Р		1
		D10-7aT	548	3×10	Х							
	12	M3-1	NORTH	24×12	Х	SC	CH 80	1	SA	U		
		M1 - 6T M6 - 1	236 TEXAS DIRECTIONAL ARROW LEFT	24×24 21×15	X							
		M3-1 M1-6T	SOUTH 236 TEXAS	24×12 24×24	X							
		M6-1	DIRECTIONAL ARROW RIGHT	21×15	X							
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							_					
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ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

#### NOTE:

- . Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- . For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).



HEET TOF Z

**FDR** 

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

E:	sums16.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
T×DOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH	SH236		
16 16		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
		WACO		13					

				RY OF SI	(TYPE A)	SM R		N ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>XX</u> (X - <u>XXXX</u> )	BRIDGE MOUNT	
PLAN HEET	SIGN	SIGN					POSTS			NTING DESIGNATION	CLEARANCE SIGNS	ALUMINUM SIGN BLA
NO.	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	MINU	FRP = Fiberglass	5	UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED	D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam	(See Note 2)	Square Feet Less than 7.5
					ALU	TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2	SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt	P = "Plain" T = "T"	WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel	TY = TYPE	7.5 to 15
					FLAT	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	U = "U"	EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY N TY S	Greater than 15
154	13	M1-6T M6-1	PARK ROAD 14 DIRECTIONAL ARROW RIGHT	24×24 21×15	X	10 BWG	1	SA	Р			
	14	R1-1	STOP	36×36	X	10 BWG	1	SA	Т			
	15	W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	36×36	Х	10 BWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highw for Texas (SHSD) (
	16	M3-1	NORTH	24×12	X	10 BWG	1	SA	P			the following webs
		M1-6T	236 TEXAS	24×24	X							nttp://www.t
	17	D20-1TL	CO RD 338	24×24	X	10 BWG	1	SA	Р			
	18	D7-2TR	MOTHER NEFF STATE PARK	72×24	X	10 BWG	1	SA	T			NOTE:
$\exists$	19	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 65	30x36	X	10 BWG	1	SA	Р			1. Sign supports shall on the plans, excep
												may shift the sign s design guidelines, w
												secure a more desire avoid conflict with
												otherwise shown on t Contractor shall sto
												will verify all sign  2. For installation of
												signs, see Bridge Mo Assembly (BMCS)Stand
												3. For Sign Support Des
												Sign Mounting Detail Signs General Notes
												PHAISARN CV
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												[VIII] MATE UNIT
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												F) HDR Firm 710 H Roun 512.6
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					$\pm \pm$							REVISIONS 0513 4-16 8-16 DIST
$\exists$					$+ \mathbb{F}$							8-16 W

\_ANKS THICKNESS Minimum Thickness 0.080" 0.100" 0.125"

hway Sign Designs can be found at bsite.

txdot.gov/

- I be located as shown pt that the Engineer supports, within where necessary to rable location or to h utilities. Unless the plans, the take and the Engineer gn support locations.
- f bridge mount clearance Mounted Clearance Sign ndard Sheet.
- escriptive Codes, see ils Small Roadside s & Details SMD(GEN).



R ENGINEERING, INC. n Registration No. F-754 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 nd Rock, Texas 78681 685.2900

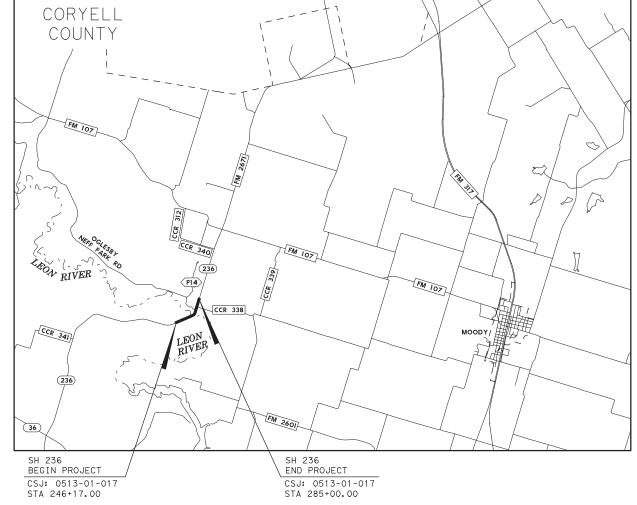


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# ARY OF SIGNS

SS

E:	sums16.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
T×DOT	May 1987	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWA				SHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH	SH236		
16 16		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
		WACO		14					



#### VICINITY MAP NOT TO SCALE

SIGNS G20-6T, G20-2, G20-2bT, CW20-3C, CW20-3B, R11-2, R20-3T, G20-10T, R20-5T, G20-9TP AND R20-5aTP WILL BE REQUIRED AT PROJECT LIMITS.

SIGNS CW20-3C, CW20-3B, AND R11-2 WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL CROSSROADS WITHIN PROJECT LIMITS.

SEE "DETOUR LAYOUT" SHEET AND WZ(RCD) STANDARD SHEET FOR SIGNS R11-3A MOUNTED ON A TYPE III BARRICADE REQUIRED AT THE SH 236 AND SH 36 INTERSECTION AND THE SH 236 AND FM 107 INTERSECTION.

SEE "DETOUR LAYOUT" SHEET FOR TYPE III BARRICADE LOCATIONS AND ADDITIONAL DETOUR SIGNAGE REQUIRED.

G20-6T (48X30) - NAME, ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, CONTRACTOR G20-2 (48X24) - FND ROAD WORK

SIGNAGE LEGEND

G20-2bT (36X30) - END WORK ZONE

G20-9TP (36X30) - BEGIN WORK ZONE

G20-10T (60X48) - STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER

CW20-3C (48X48) - ROAD CLOSED 500 FT CW20-3B (48X48) - ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT

R11-2 (48X30) - ROAD CLOSED

R11-3a (60X30) - ROAD CLOSED - LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY

R20-3T (48X42) - OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-5T (36X36) - TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE

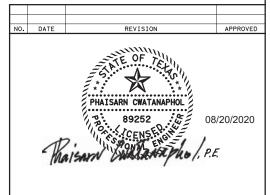
R20-5aTP(36X18) - WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD BC SHEETS AND AS DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY BE ADJUSTED DUE TO FIELD CONDITIONS AND SAFETY TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
- 2. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL CONFORM WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE TEXAS "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS" (TMUTCD), AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE FOUND IN THE TMUTCD.
- 3. ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES, OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES, OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE ITEM 502, "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".
- 4. WORK SITES WILL BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO ENSURE THAT TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPERATING EFFECTIVELY AND THAT ALL DEVICES USED ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE, CLEAN, AND IN GOOD
- 5. ACCESS TO ALL PRIVATE PROPERTY SHOULD TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES AND ALL WEATHER CONDITIONS AT THE SOLE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR. CONTACT THE PROPERTY OWNER AT LEAST 5 DAYS IN ADVANCE OF DRIVEWAY CONSTRUCTION. IF THE PROPERTY OWNER HAS MORE THAN ONE DRIVEWAY, CONSTRUCTION WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED ON ONE DRIVEWAY AT A TIME. DRIVEWAY GRADES DURING CONSTRUCTION SHOULD NOT EXCEED 15%. ADJUST CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ACCORDINGLY TO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM GRADE LIMITS. PROVIDE ADEQUATE TEMPORARY SURFACING FOR TRANSITIONS BETWEEN PAVEMENT ELEVATIONS FOR ALL DRIVEWAYS
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE TCP SEQUENCE OF OPERATION.
- 7. COMPLETE ALL WORK ON THE PROJECT AS SHOWN ON THE VARIOUS PLAN SHEETS AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL NOTES OF THIS CONTRACT.
- 8. ANY REQUEST TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR HIS WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- 9. NO EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS SHALL BE STORED WITHIN THE CLEAR ZONE UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED.

#### SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

- 1. SET PROJECT BARRICADES AND DETOUR SIGNAGE.
- 2. INSTALL REQUIRED TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, AS DIRECTED.
- 3. REMOVE EXISTING BRIDGE.
- 4. CONSTRUCT NEW BRIDGE AND ROADWAY APPROACHES.
- 5. PLACE PERMANENT SIGNAGE AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 6. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 7. CLEAN UP PROJECT AND REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, PROJECT BARRICADES, AND DETOUR SIGNAGE.





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## TRAFFIC CONTROL AND SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	15
0513	01	017	

CORYELL

JOB

017

16

TEXAS

CONTROL

0513

WACO

SECTION

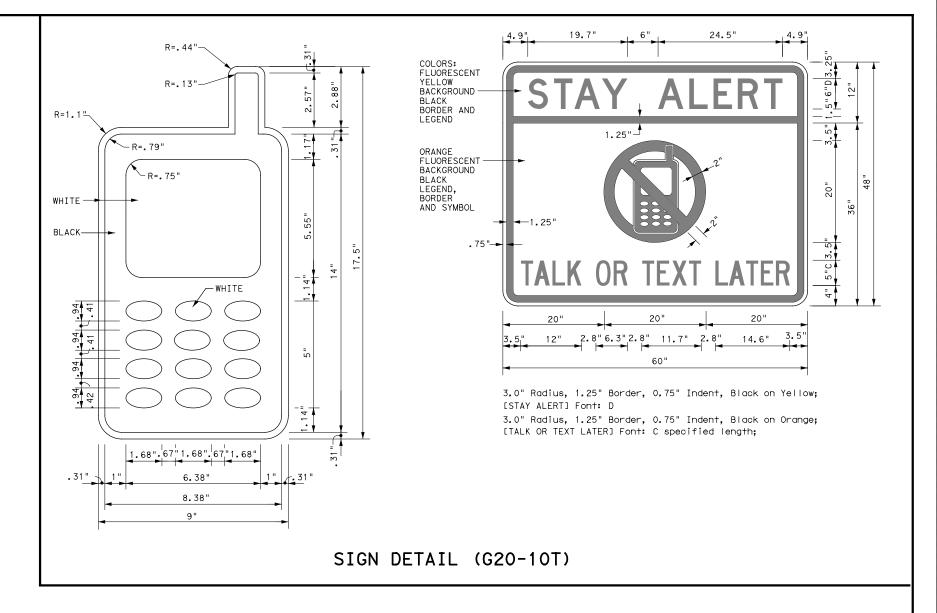
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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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TxDOT November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	EVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236		
-03 5-10 -07 7-13		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
-01 1-1	3	WACO		CORYEL	_L		17	

10:58:54

channelizing devices.

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ END ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <> AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ G20-1bT 1000'-1500' INTERSECTED 1 Block - City - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ WORK 80' G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP ZONE TRAFF TO TRAFFI G20-5T R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE DOUBL F R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

## TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{\rm l,5,6}$

#### SIZE

#### Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW201 CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" × 36" 48" x 48' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

#### SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign <sup>Δ</sup> Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

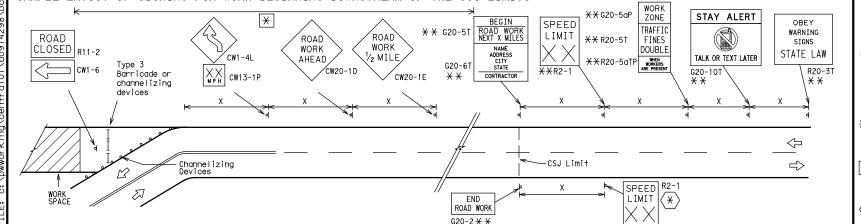
- st For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\Delta$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD". Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP \* \* SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS (as appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5TX X WORK FINES WARNING $* \times 620-5T$ ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBL F STGNS CW20-1D R20-5aTPX X MINE MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER X X R2-CW13-1P ROAD \* \*G20-6 WORK CW20-1D R20-3T\* WORK (\*)G20-10TX X AHEAD XX CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizina devices $\triangleleft$ $\Diamond$ $\triangleleft$ $\triangleleft$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ ۰۰،% Beginning of — NO-PASSING $\leq >$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED (\*)END R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* line should 3X FND $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location **NOTES** G20-2 X X within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

(\*)The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.

No decimals shall be used.

Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
	Type 3 Barricade					
000 Channelizing Devices						
<b>-</b> Sign						
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Division Standard

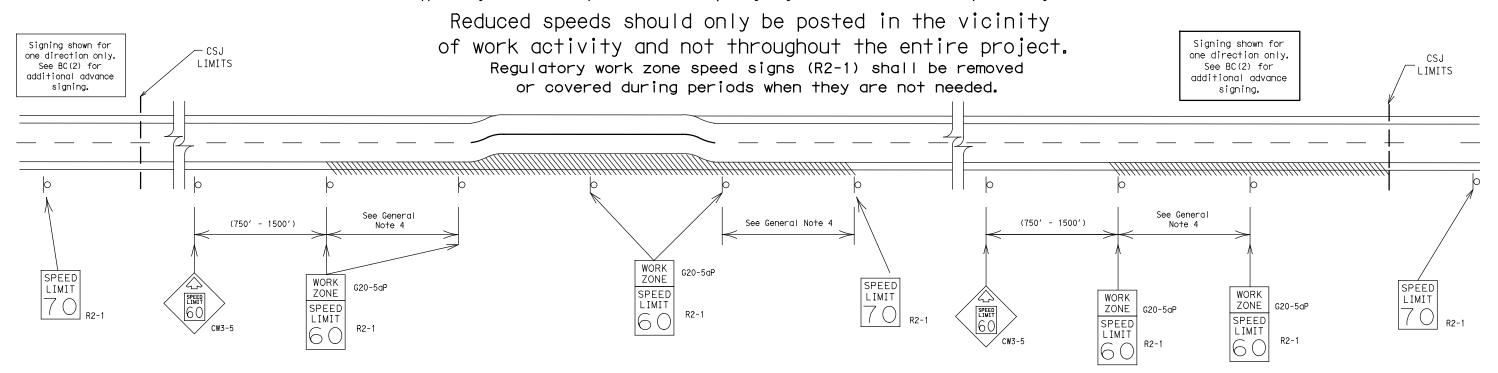
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	CHWAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		WACO		CORYEL	_L		18

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
  Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

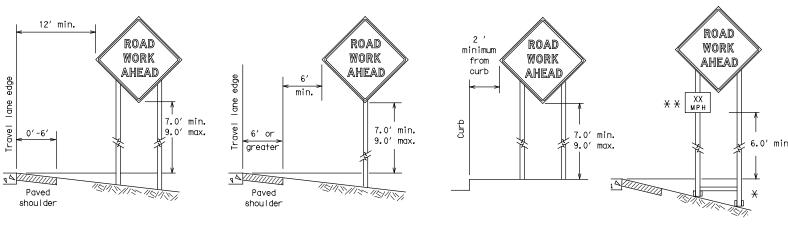
Division Standard

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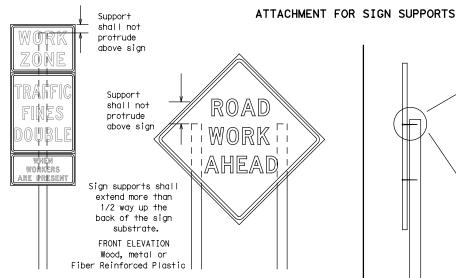
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#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



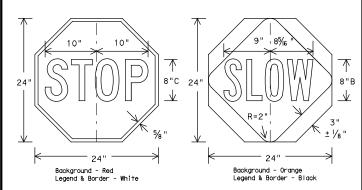
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sian shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Lona-term/Intermediate-term sians shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
  - Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWITCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
- the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlan shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

SHEET 4 OF 12



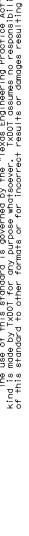
Operation Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

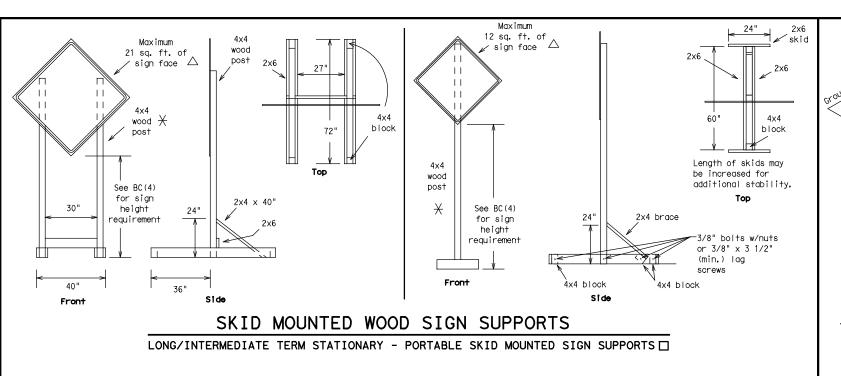
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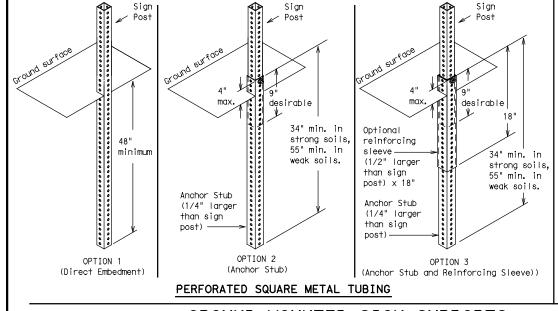
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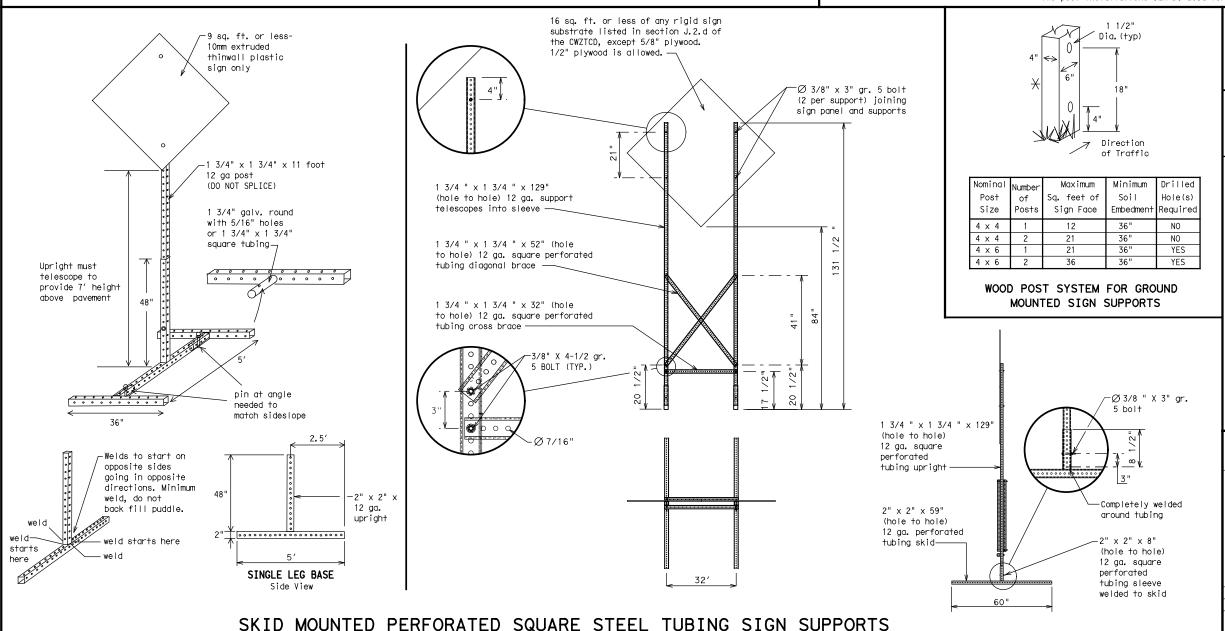
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## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## WEDGE ANCHORS

Post

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

for embedment.

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - X Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operation Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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7-13		WACO		CORYEL	L		21

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight.

  Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canno†	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

#### Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	ition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXX			

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days
  of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with
  days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for
  no more than one week prior to the work.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/E <sup>.</sup> Lis		Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS		_	TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		X X See	Application Guidelines N	ote 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

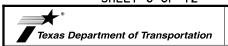
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

## SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

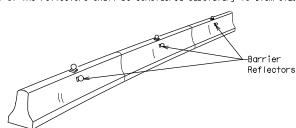
# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

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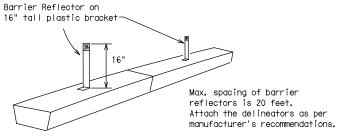
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

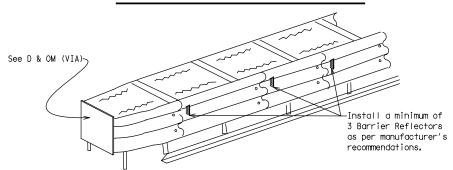


#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

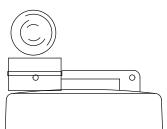


#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

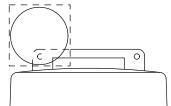
#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



#### Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

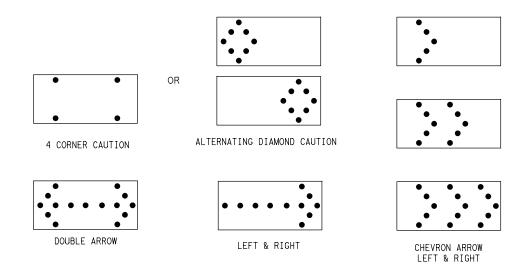
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (sée detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

  5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.

  6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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## GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.

  2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

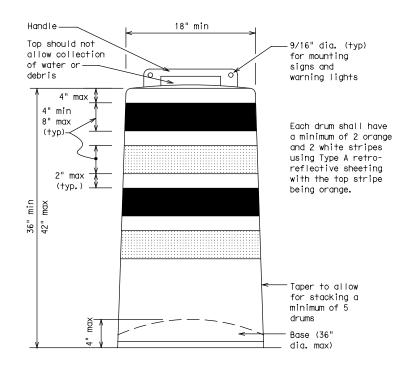
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
  10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

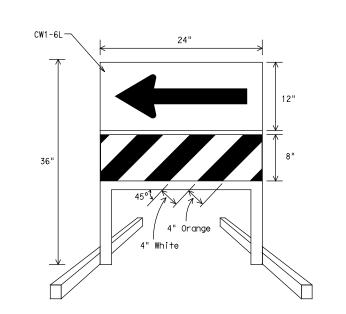
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

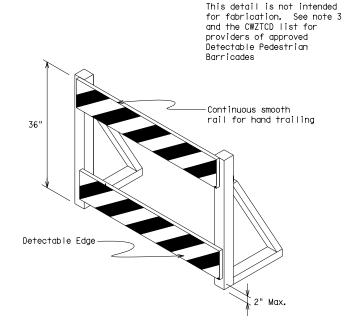




#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

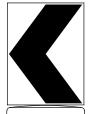
- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

  2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
  Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

#### SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

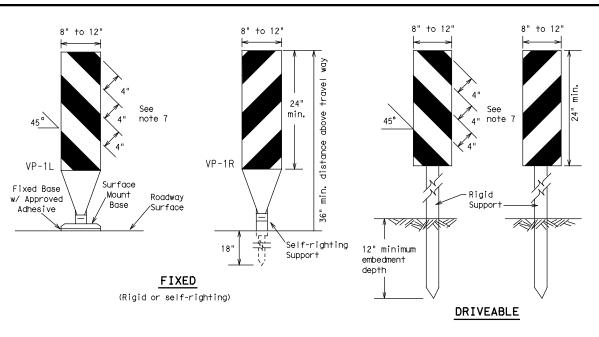
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(Rigid or self-righting)

**PORTABLE** 



- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\mathsf{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

Panels

mounted

back to back

Portable,

Fixed or

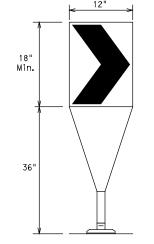
Driveable Base

may be used.

or may be

mounted

on drums



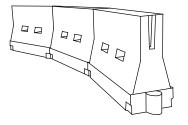
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Spee	ed	Formula	D	esirab er Leng <del>XX</del>	le	Suggeste Spacii Channe Dev	ng of		
*			10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	)	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35	OI.	L= WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′		
40		ð	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45	0.		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50	)		500′	550′	600′	50´	100′		
55	5	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60	)		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65	O.		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		
70			700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75	5		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80	)		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

## SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operation Division Standard

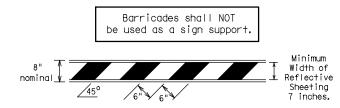
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-14

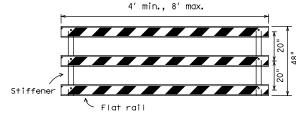
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C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		WACO		CORYEL	L		25

#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

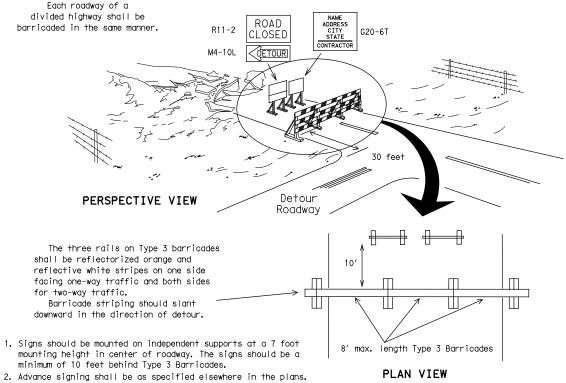


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

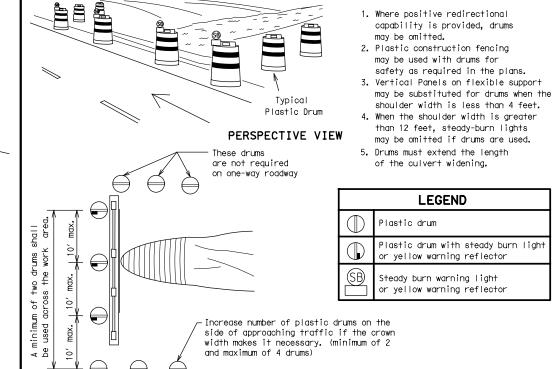
## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL

Alternate

omitted here

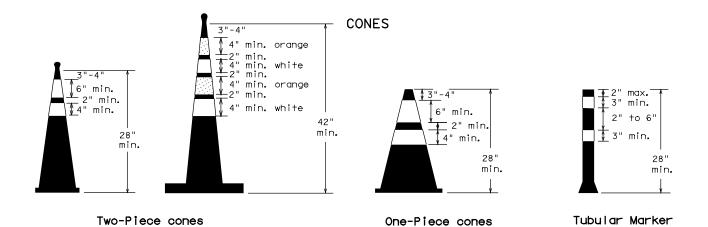


#### TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

PLAN VIEW



FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. at 50' maximum spacing 50' 50′ Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade

Alternate

П STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

 $\triangleleft$ 

is outside should be used when stockpile is clear zone. within 30' from travel lane.

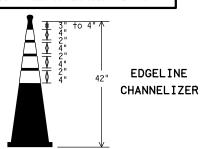
- to maintain them in their proper upright position. 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- and shape

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

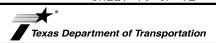
- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

#### THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch. two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

#### SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Operation Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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7-13		WACO		CORYFLI			26

#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

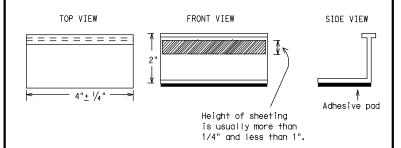
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markinas and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for auidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Operation Division Standard

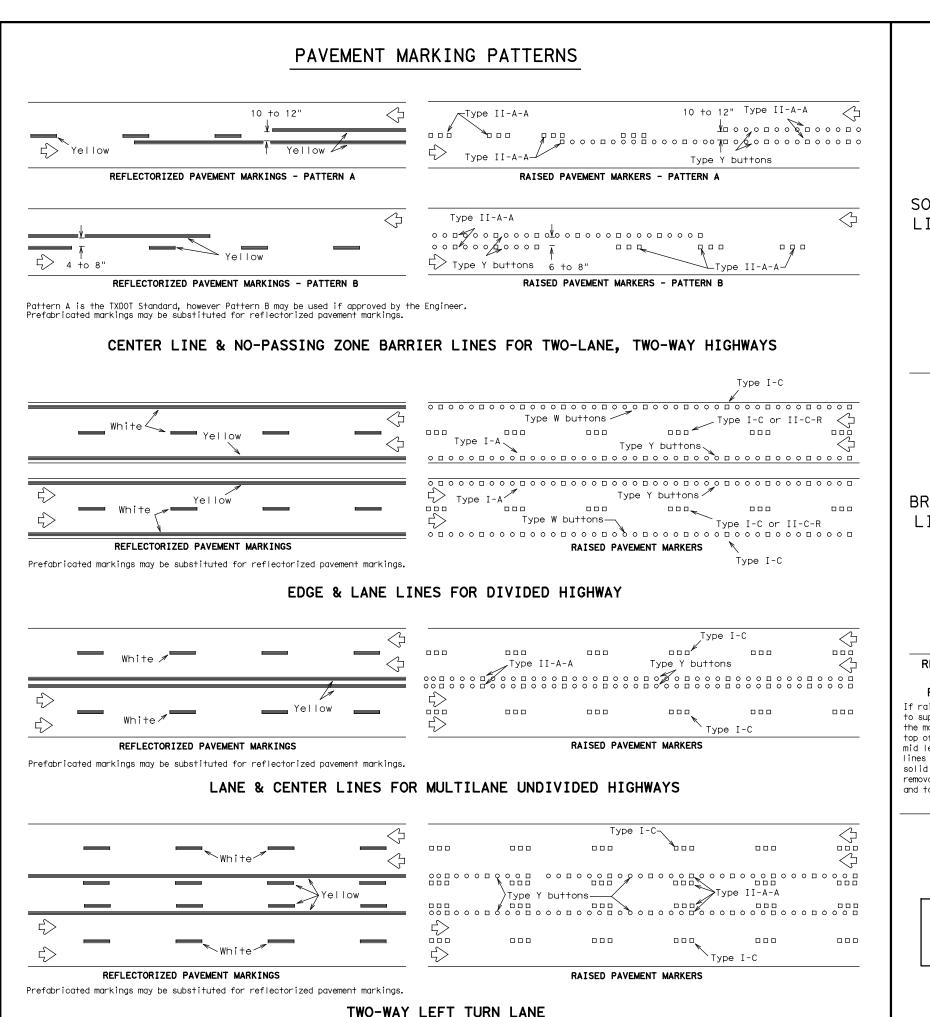


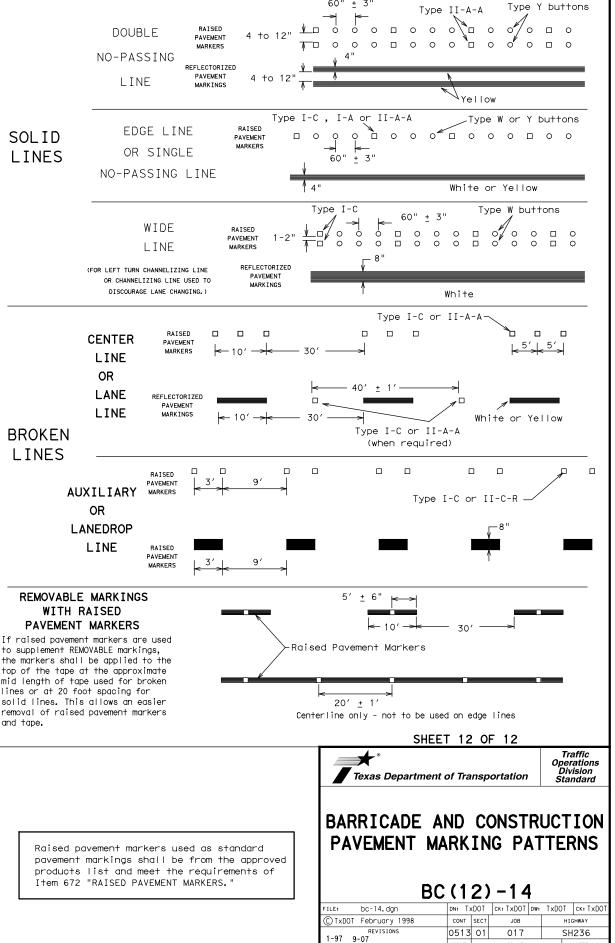
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

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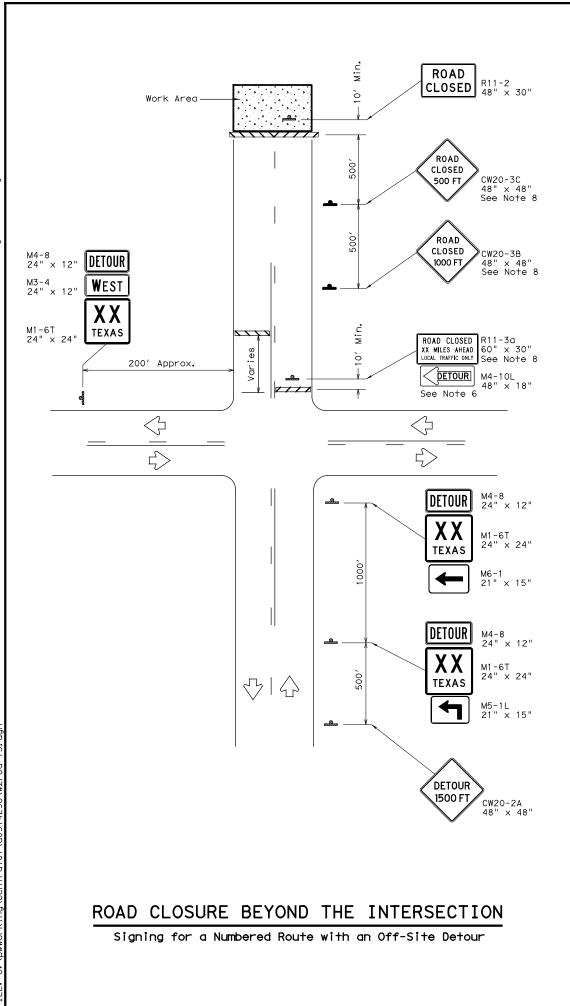


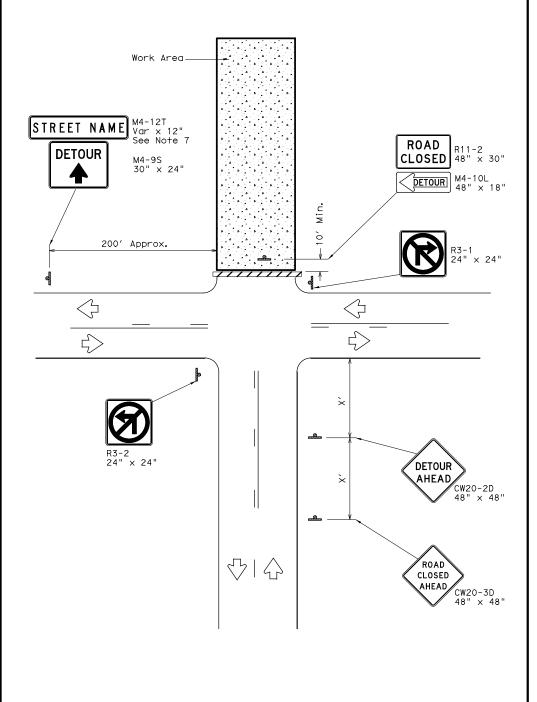
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STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS







ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND						
V / / / /	Type 3	3 Barricade				
4	Sign					

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance				
30	120′				
35	160′				
40	240′				
45	320′				
50	400′				
55	500′				
60	600′				
65	700′				
70	800′				
75	900′				

\* Conventional Roads Only

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the D&OM standards
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

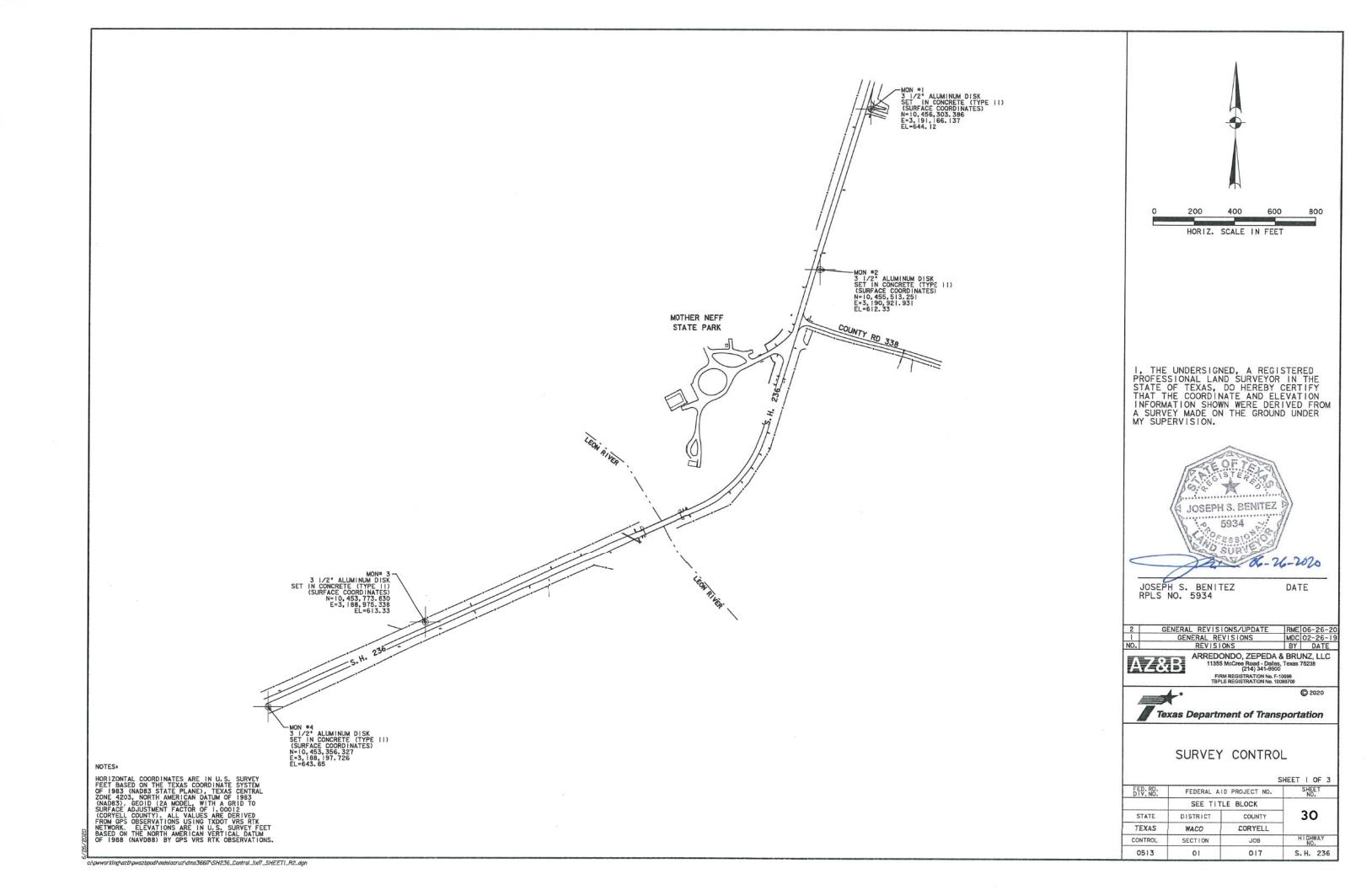


Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) -13

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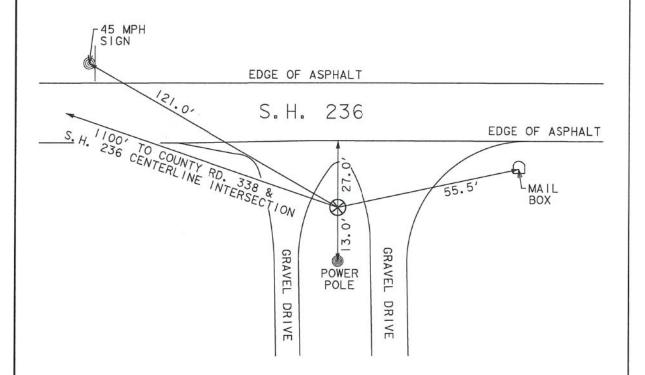


CONTROL MONUMENT DESCRIPTION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE "MON I".

> SKETCH (NOT TO SCALE)



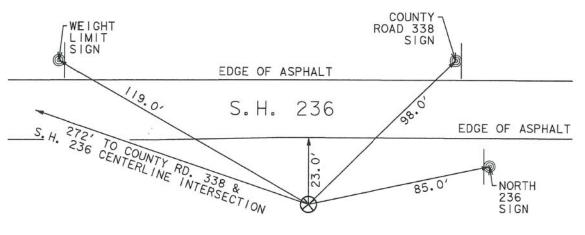


CONTROL MONUMENT DESCRIPTION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE "MON 2".



SKETCH (NOT TO SCALE)



NOTES:

HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, TEXAS
CENTRAL ZONE 4203, NORTH AMERICAN
DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83), GEOID 12A
MODEL, WITH A GRID TO SURFACE
ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012
(CORYELL COUNTY). ALL VALUES ARE
DERIVED FROM GPS OBSERVATIONS
USING TXDOT VRS RTK NETWORK.
ELEVATIONS ARE IN U.S. SURVEY
FEET BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN
VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88)
BY GPS VRS OBSERVATIONS. BY GPS VRS OBSERVATIONS.

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE COORDINATE AND ELEVATION INFORMATION SHOWN WERE DERIVED FROM A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



JOSEPH S. BENITEZ RPLS NO. 5934

DATE

REVISIONS

AZ&B

ARREDONDO, ZEPEDA & BRUNZ, LLC 11355 McCree Road - Dallas, Texas 75238 (214) 341-9900

FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10098 TBPLS REGISTRATION No. 10088700

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SURVEY CONTROL

SHEET 2 OF 3

		5	HEET Z OF 3
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
	SEE TIT	'LE SHEET	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	31
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0513	01	017	S. H. 236

CONTROL POINT MON I

APPROXIMATE LOCATION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE (TYPE II) LOCATED NEAR THE EAST RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF STATE HIGHWAY 236, 27.0' EAST OF THE EDGE OF ASPHALT, 13.0' WEST OF A POWER POLE, 55.5' SOUTH OF A MAIL BOX, 121.0' NORTHEAST OF A "45 MPH" SIGN AND APPROXIMATELY 1100' NORTH OF COUNTY RD. 338 AND S.H. 236 CENTERLINE INTERSECTION.

US SURVEY FEET TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) GEOID 12A MODEL DATE SET: AUGUST 3, 2016 CORYELL COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012 GRID NORTHING: 10,455,048.780 GRID EASTING: 3, 190, 783, 243 SURFACE NORTHING: 10,456,303.386 SURFACE EASTING: 3,191,166.137 NAVD88 ELEVATION: 644.12

CONTROL POINT MON 2

APPROXIMATE LOCATION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE (TYPE II) LOCATED NEAR THE EAST RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF STATE HIGHWAY 236, 23.0' EAST OF THE EDGE OF ASPHALT, II9.0' NORTHEAST OF A WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN, 98.0' SOUTHEAST OF A COUNTY RD 338 SIGN, 85.0' SOUTH OF A "NORTH 236" SIGN AND APPROXIMATELY 272' NORTH OF COUNTY ROAD 338 AND S.H. 236 CENTERLINE INTERSECTION.

US SURVEY FEET TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) GEOID 12A MODEL DATE SET: AUGUST 3, 2016 CORYELL COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012 GRID NORTHING: 10,454,258.740 GRID EASTING: 3, 190, 539.066 SURFACE NORTHING: 10,455,513.251 SURFACE EASTING: 3,190,921.931 NAVD88 ELEVATION: 612.33

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CONTROL MONUMENT DESCRIPTION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE

"MON 3".

SKETCH
(NOT TO SCALE)

S. H. 236 CENTERLINE INTERSECTION

S. H. 236

CONTROL MONUMENT DESCRIPTION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE "MON 4".

SKETCH (NOT TO SCALE)



EDGE OF ASPHALT

S. H. 236

SCHOOL
BUS STOP
AHEAD
SIGN

SIGN

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

S. H. 236

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4' BARBED WIRE FENCE

NOTES:

HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, TEXAS CENTRAL ZONE 4203, NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83), GEOID 12A MODEL, WITH A GRID TO SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012 (CORYELL COUNTY). ALL VALUES ARE DERIVED FROM GPS OBSERVATIONS USING TXDOT VRS RTK NETWORK. ELEVATIONS ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) BY GPS VRS OBSERVATIONS.

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE COORDINATE AND ELEVATION INFORMATION SHOWN WERE DERIVED FROM A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



JOSEPH S. BENITEZ RPLS NO. 5934

DATE

REVISIONS BY DATE
ARREDONDO, ZEPEDA & BRUNZ, LLC
11355 McCree Road - Dallas, Texas 75238

REDONDO, ZEPEDA & BRUNZ, 11355 McCree Road - Dallas, Texas 75236 (214) 341-9900 FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-10098

FIRM REGISTRATION No. F-1098 TBPLS REGISTRATION No. 10088700

Texas Department of Transportation

SURVEY CONTROL

SHEET 3 OF 3

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL A	SHEET NO.	
		SEE TIT	LE SHEET	
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	32
	TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
1	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
	0513	01	017	S. H. 236

EDGE OF ASPHALT

S. H. 2365' TO LEON RIVER & INTERSECTION

EDGE OF ASPHALT

ON SIGN

S. H. 236

UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE SIGN

CONTROL POINT MON 3

APPROXIMATE LOCATION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE (TYPE II) LOCATED NEAR THE NORTHWEST RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF STATE HIGHWAY 236, 21.0' WEST OF THE EDGE OF ASPHALT, 239.5' SOUTHWEST OF A "55 MPH" SIGN, IIO.0' NORTH OF AN UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE SIGN, I76.0' NORTH OF A "BRIDGE MAY ICE" SIGN AND APPROXIMATELY 1,265' SOUTHWEST OF THE LEON RIVER AND S.H. 236 CENTERLINE INTERSECTION.

US SURVEY FEET
TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202
NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83)
GEOID 12A MODEL
DATE SET: AUGUST 3, 2016
CORYELL COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012
GRID NORTHING: 10, 452, 519. 528
GRID EASTING: 3, 188, 592. 707
SURFACE NORTHING: 10, 453, 773. 830
SURFACE EASTING: 3, 188, 975. 338
NAVD88 ELEVATION: 613. 33

CONTROL POINT MON 4

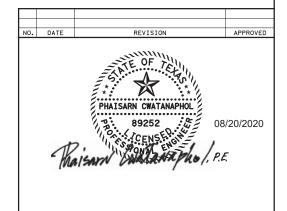
APPROXIMATE LOCATION:

A 3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISK SET IN CONCRETE (TYPE II) LOCATED NEAR THE SOUTHEAST RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF STATE HIGHWAY 236, 20.0' SOUTHEAST OF THE EDGE OF ASPHALT, 58.0' NORTH OF A FENCE CORNER, 98.0' SOUTH OF A "SCHOOL BUS STOP AHEAD" SIGN, 33.5' WEST OF A TELEPHONE PEDESTAL AND APPROXIMATELY 2,150' SOUTHWEST OF THE LEON RIVER AND S.H. 236 CENTERLINE INTERSECTION.

US SURVEY FEET
TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202
NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83)
GEOID 12A MODEL
DATE SET: AUGUST 3, 2016
CORYELL COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012
GRID NORTHING: 10,452,102.074
GRID EASTING: 3,187,815.188
SURFACE NORTHING: 10,453,356.327
SURFACE EASTING: 3,188,197.726
NAVD88 ELEVATION: 643.65

c:\pwworking\azb\pwazbpodl\mdelacruz\dms366l7\SH236\_Control\_lixf7\_SHEETS\_R2.dgn

PROPOSED SH 236 ALIGNMENT DATA	( <u>C</u> SH236)	PROPOSED PARK ROAD 14 ALIGNMENT DATA (@ PR14)
STATION NORTHING	EASTING	STATION NORTHING EASTING
Element: Linear POB ( ) 244+50.00 10453490.349 PC ( ) 265+51.32 10454350.986 Tangent Direction: N 65°49′19.75" E Tangent Length: 2101.3183	3188424.672 3190341.660	Element: Linear POB ( ) 10+00.00 10455100.099 3190780.537 PC ( ) 10+57.25 10455116.577 3190725.713 Tangent Direction: N 73°16′15.89" W Tangent Length: 57.2473
SH236-01   Element: Circular	3190341.660 3190593.717 3190095.918 3190671.592	Tangent Length: 57.2473  PR14-01 Element: Circular PC ( ) 10+57.25 10455116.577 3190725.713 PI ( ) 10+71.40 10455120.650 3190712.161 CC ( ) 10455083.059 3190715.638 PT ( ) 10+84.14 10455114.161 3190699.587 Radius: 35.0000 Delta: 44°01′36.06" Left Degree of Curvature(Arc): 163°42′08.02" Length: Tangent: 26.8944 Tangent: 26.8944 Tangent: 26.8944 Tangent: 26.2376 Middle Ordinate: 2.5516 External: 2.7523 Tangent Direction: N 73°16′15.89" W Radial Direction: S 84°42′56.08" W Radial Direction: S 84°42′56.08" W Tangent Direction: N 27°17′51.95" W Tangent Direction: S 62°42′08.05" W
Element: Linear PT ( ) 270+69.17 10454729.240 PC ( ) 280+45.95 10455666.416 Tangent Direction: N 16°22′15.52″ E Tangent Length: 976.7775	3190671.592 3190946.902	Element: Linear PT ( ) 10+84.14 10455114.161 3190699.587 POE ( ) 13+08.98 10455011.045 3190499.784 Tangent Direction: S 62°42′08.05" W Tangent Length: 224.8423
SH236-02 Element: Circular PC ( ) 280+45.95 10455666.416 PI ( ) 281+74.64 10455789.890 CC ( ) 10457492.840 PRC ( ) 283+03.30 10455914.706 Radius: 6480.0000	3190946.902 3190983.174 3184729.621 3191014.515	PROPOSED COUNTY ROAD 338 ALIGNMENT DATA (© CR338)  STATION NORTHING EASTING
Delta: 2°16′31.66" Left Degree of Curvature(Arc): 0°53′03.10" Length: 257.3487 Tangent: 128.6913 Chord: 257.3318 Middle Ordinate: 1.2775		Element: Linear POB ( ) 10+00.00 10455254.718 3190825.959 PC ( ) 11+38.32 10455213.200 3190957.906 Tangent Direction: S 72°32′00.47" E Tangent Length: 138.3250
Tangent Direction: N 16°22′15.52″ E Radial Direction: S 73°37′44.48″ E Chord Direction: N 15°13′59.69″ E Radial Direction: S 75°54′16.14″ E Tangent Direction: N 14°05′43.86″ E		CR338-01 Element: Circular PC ( ) 11+38.32 10455213.200 3190957.906 PI ( ) 12+12.60 10455190.907 3191028.758 CC ( ) 10458074.878 3191858.352 PT ( ) 12+86.85 10455172.146 3191100.626 Radius: 3000.0000 Delta: 2°50/11.61" Left
SH236-03) Element: Circular PRC ( ) 283+03.30 10455914.706 PI ( ) 284+52.24 10456059.163 CC ( ) 10454336.573 PT ( ) 286+01.13 10456201.802 Radius: 6480.0000 Delta: 2°38'00.25" Right Degree of Curvature(Arc): 0°53'03.10" Length: 297.8310 Tangent: 148.9417 Chord: 297.8047 Middle Ordinate: 1.7110	3191014.515 3191050.789 3197299.410 3191093.661	Degree of Curvature (Arc):  Length: 1
Tangent: 148.9417 Chord: 297.8047 Middle Ordinate: 1.7110 External: 1.7115  Tangent Direction: N 14°05′43.86" E Radial Direction: N 15°54′16.14" E Chord Direction: N 15°24′43.98" E Radial Direction: S 73°16′15.89" E Tangent Direction: N 16°43′44.11" E		Element: Linear PT ( ) 12+86.85 10455172.146 3191100.626 POE ( ) 14+11.32 10455140.708 3191221.061 Tangent Direction: S 75°22′12.08" E Tangent Length: 124.4709
Element: Linear PT ( ) 286+01.13 10456201.802 POE ( ) 286+08.26 10456208.634 Tangent Direction: N 16°43′44.11" E Tangent Length: 7.1348	3191093.661 3191095.714	





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# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	33
0513	01	017	

PROP	OSED	ACCESS	ROA	D AL	GNMENT	DATA (Ç	ACCESS)
				STATION	NORTHING	EASTING	
Element:	POB PC Tangent	( ) ( ) Direction: nt Length:	S 24°10	10+00.00 10+28.00 40.25" E 28.0000	10453772.543 10453746.999	3189053.232 3189064.700	
ACCESS-01) Element:	Circular PC PI CC PT	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) Radius:		10+28.00 10+43.00 10+51.56 15.0000	10453746.999 10453733.315 10453753.142 10453739.458	3189064.700 3189070.844 3189078.384 3189084.528	
Degree		Delta: ture(Arc): Length: Tangent: Chord: Ordinate:		00'00.00" 58'18.71" 23.5619 15.0000 21.2132 4.3934	Left		
	Radial Chord Radial	External: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction:	S 65° 49 S 69° 10	6.2132 '40.25" E '19.75" W '40.25" E '40.25" E			
Element:	PT PC Tangent	( ) ( ) Direction: nt Length:	N 65°49	10+51.56 18+88.80 19.75" E 837.2384	10453739.458 10454082.366	3189084.528 3189848.322	
(ACCESS-02) Element:	Circular PC PI CC PT	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) Radius:		18+88.80 18+99.22 19+07.02 15.0000	10454082.366 10454086.635 10454068.682 10454079.213	3189848.322 3189857.831 3189854.466 3189865.148	
Degree	Middle Tangent Radial Chord Radial	Delta: ture(Arc): Length: Tangent: Chord: Ordinate: External: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction:	381° !  N 65° 49 S 24° 10 S 79° 23 S 45° 24	58'18.71" 18.2176 10.4226 17.1184 2.6817 3.2656	Right		
Element:	PT PC Tangent	( ) ( ) Direction: nt Length:	S 44°35	19+07.02 19+22.22 '29.81" E 15.2010	10454079.213 10454068.388	3189865.148 3189875.820	
(ACCESS-03) Element:	Circular PC PI CC PT	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) Radius: Del+a:	32°	19+22.22 19+39.72 19+56.28 60.0000 31'49.54"	10454068.388 10454055.921 10454110.511 10454052.020 Left	3189875.820 3189888.110 3189918.547 3189905.175	
	Middle Tangent Radial Chord Radial Tangent	ture (Aro): Length: Langent: Chord: Ordinate: External: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction: Direction:	S 44° 35 S 45° 24 S 60° 51 S 12° 52	29'34.68" 34.0658 17.5057 33.6101 2.4015 2.5016 '29.81" E '30.19" W '24.58" E '40.65" W '19.35" E			
Element:	PT POE Tangent	( ) ( ) Direction: nt Length:	S 77°07	19+56.28 20+02.00 '19.35" E 45.7153	10454052.020 10454041.831	3189905.175 3189949.740	

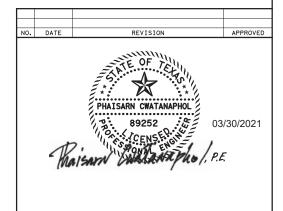
#### PROPOSED DRIVEWAY NO. 2 ALIGNMENT DATA (@ DRWY02)

STATION NORTHING

Element: Linear POB POE POB ( ) 10+00.00 10453993.161 3189544.639
POE ( ) 11+00.00 10454084.389 3189503.682
Tangent Direction: N 24°10′40.25" W
Tangent Length: 100.0000

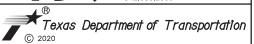
#### PROPOSED DRIVEWAY NO. 3 ALIGNMENT DATA (@ DRWY03)

STATION NORTHING 





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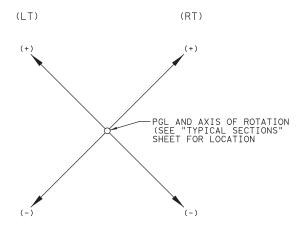


#### HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

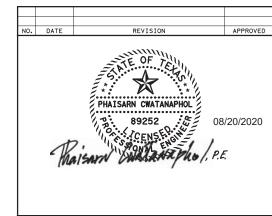
		SHEET	2 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	34
0513	01	017	

#### TABLE OF CROSS SLOPES

171022 01 011000			
	ALIGNMENT:	SH236	•
SH 236	STATION	SLOPE	SLOPE
	STATION	(LT)	(RT)
BEGIN PROJECT BEGIN TRANSITION	246+17.00	-3.2% (MATCH EXISTING)	-1.4% (MATCH EXISTING)
END TRANSITION	246+67.00	-2.0%	-2.0%
BEGIN TRANSITION	257+80.00	-2.0%	-2.0%
END TRANSITION	258+80.00	-2.0%	+2.0%
BEGIN TRANSITION	264+00.00	-2.0%	+2.0%
END TRANSITION	265+00.00	-6.0%	+6.0%
BEGIN TRANSITION	270+50.00	-6.0%	+6.0%
END TRANSITION	271+20.00	-2.0%	+2.0%
BEGIN TRANSITION	271+20.00	-2.0%	+2.0%
END TRANSITION	271+90.00	-2.0%	-2.0%
BEGIN TRANSITION	284+50.00	-2.0%	-2.0%
END PROJECT END TRANSITION	285+00.00	-0.2% (MATCH EXISTING)	-4.1% (MATCH EXISTING)

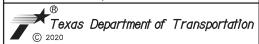


CROSS SLOPE SIGN CONVENTION





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# ROADWAY TABLE OF CROSS SLOPES SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	35
0513	01	017	

REMOVE STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV REMOVE CONCRETE RIPRAP

EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY

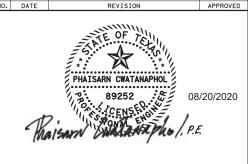
PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY

PROPOSED EASEMENT EXISTING SIGN POST

EXISTING SIGN POST TO BE REMOVED EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED

- 1. ANY ITEMS REQUIRING REMOVAL THAT ARE NOT DIRECTLY CALLED OUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM "PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY".
- 2. SEE "HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA" SHEETS FOR HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT INFORMATION.
- 3. SAW CUTTING WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT BID ITEMS.
- 4. THE UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN IS APPROXIMATE. FIELD VERIFY LIMITS AND LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. COORDINATE FENCE REMOVALS WITH LOCAL LANDOWNER.
- 6. TRIM TREES IF REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION OPERATION.







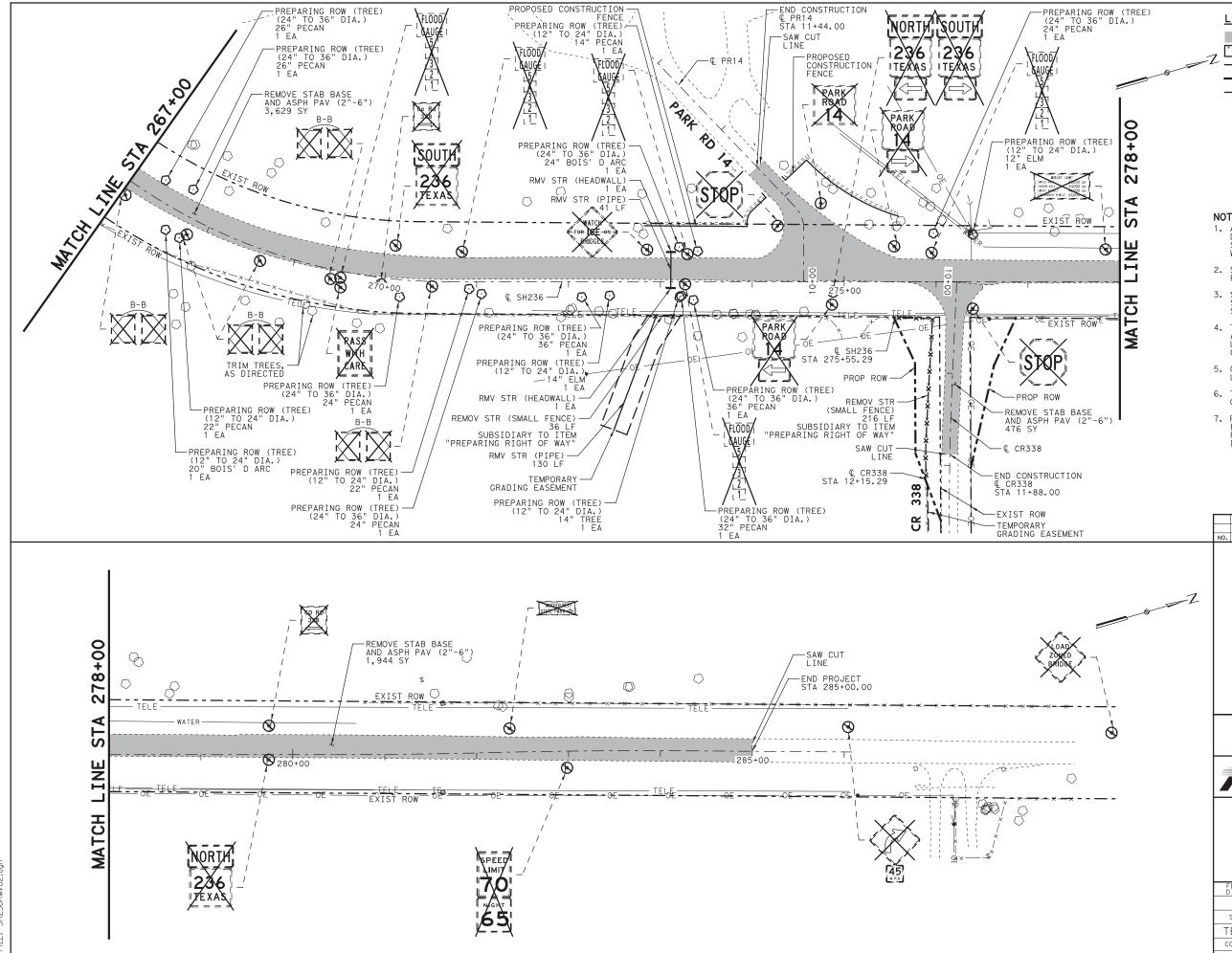
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#### REMOVAL PLAN SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

FEDERAL PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH236 SHEET NO. DISTRICT COUNTY WACO CORYELL SECTION JOB 36 0513 017 01

TIME:



**LEGEND** 

REMOVE STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV REMOVE CONCRETE RIPRAP

EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY

---- PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY

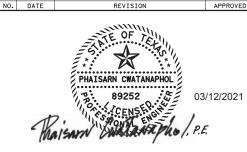
PROPOSED EASEMENT EXISTING SIGN POST

EXISTING SIGN POST TO BE REMOVED EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED

#### NOTES:

- 1. ANY ITEMS REQUIRING REMOVAL THAT ARE NOT DIRECTLY CALLED OUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM "PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY".
- 2. SEE "HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA" SHEETS FOR HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT INFORMATION.
- 3. SAW CUTTING WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT BID ITEMS.
- 4. THE UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN IS APPROXIMATE. FIELD VERIFY LIMITS AND LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. COORDINATE FENCE REMOVALS WITH LOCAL LANDOWNER.
- 6. TRIM TREES IF REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION OPERATION.
- 7. PLACE CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCING BETWEEN WORK AREA AND MASONRY WALL AT PR 14. LIMITS AND LENGTH TO BE AS DIRECTED OR APPROVED.







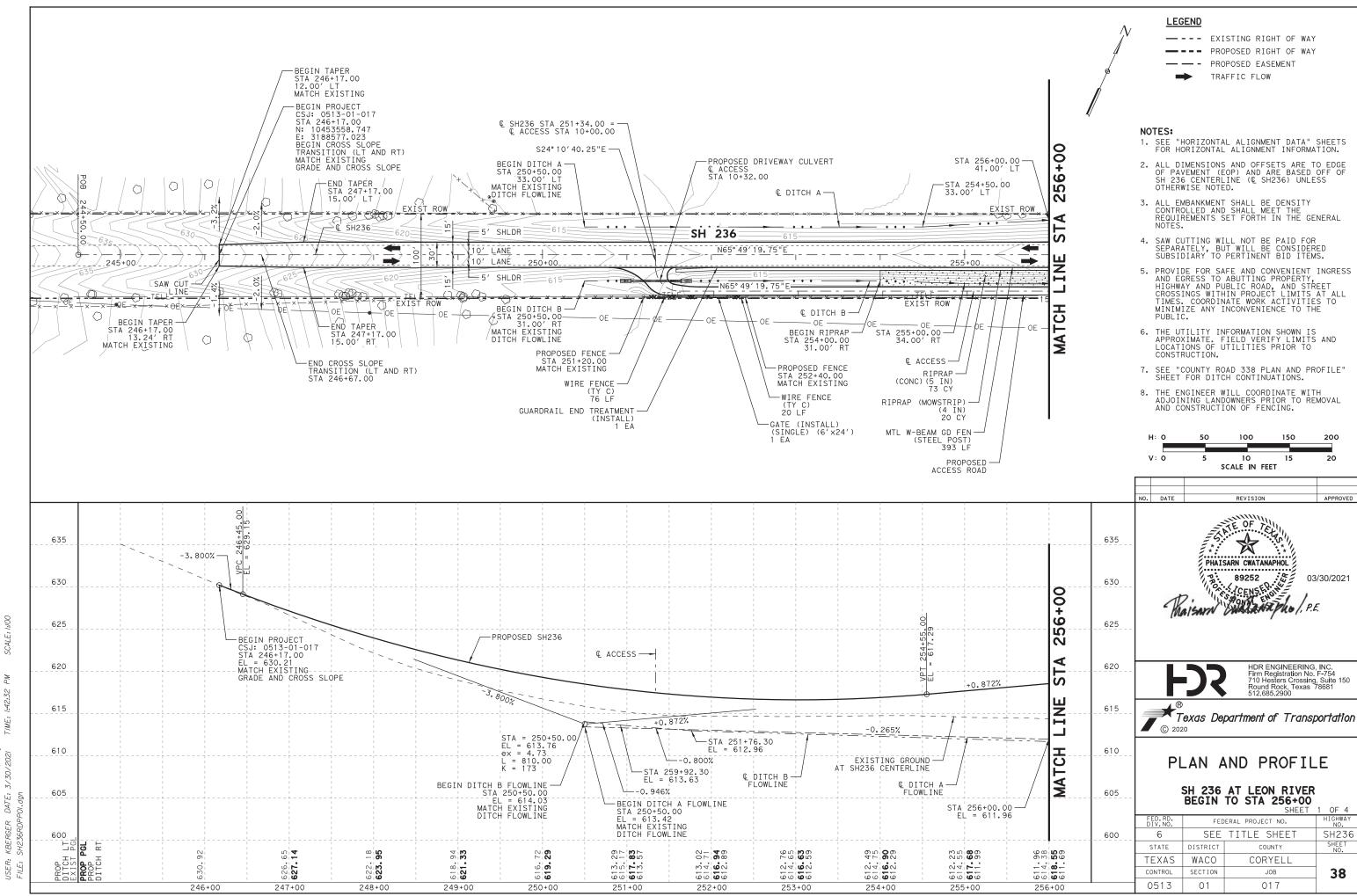
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



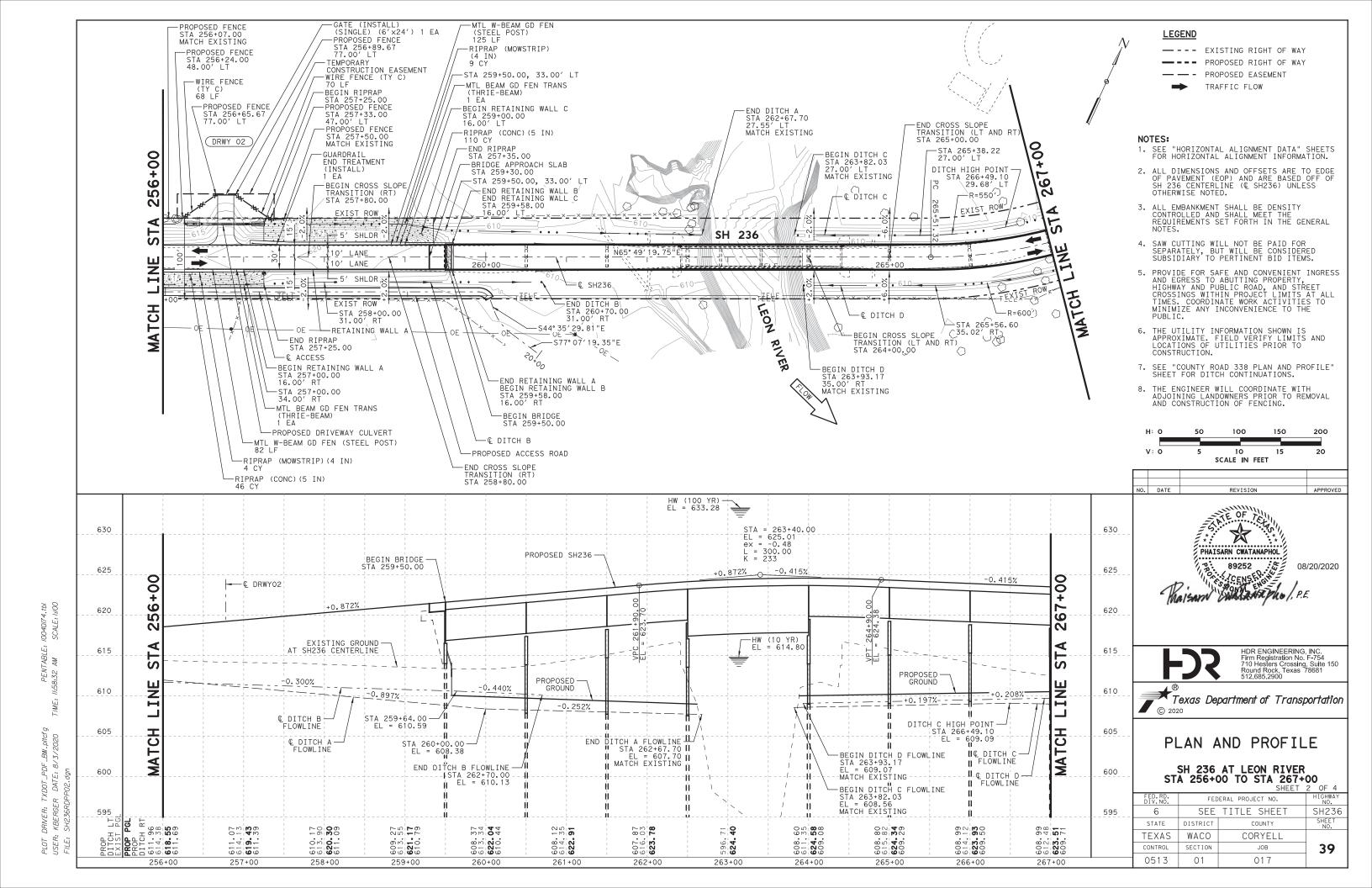
## REMOVAL PLAN

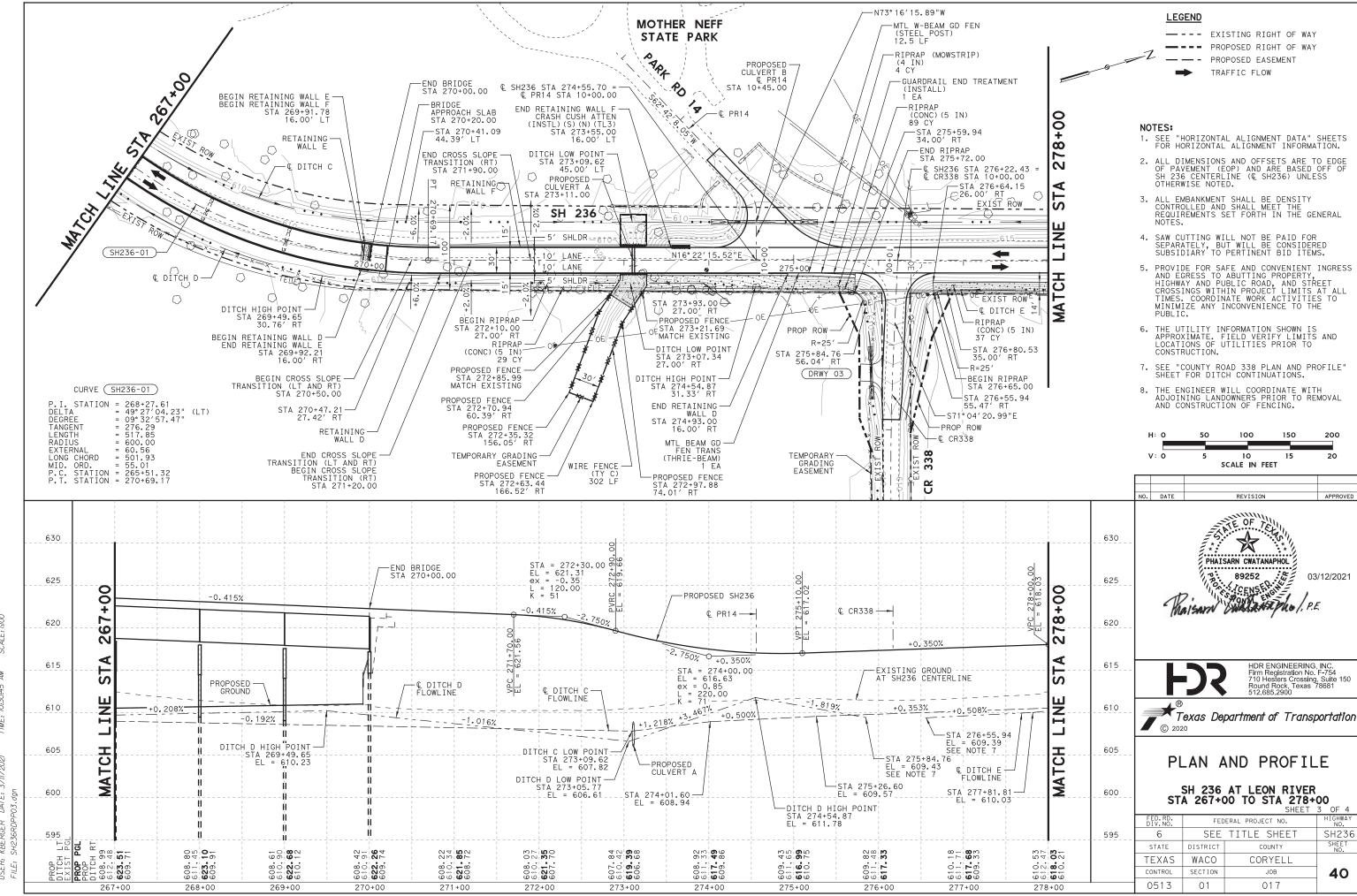
SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

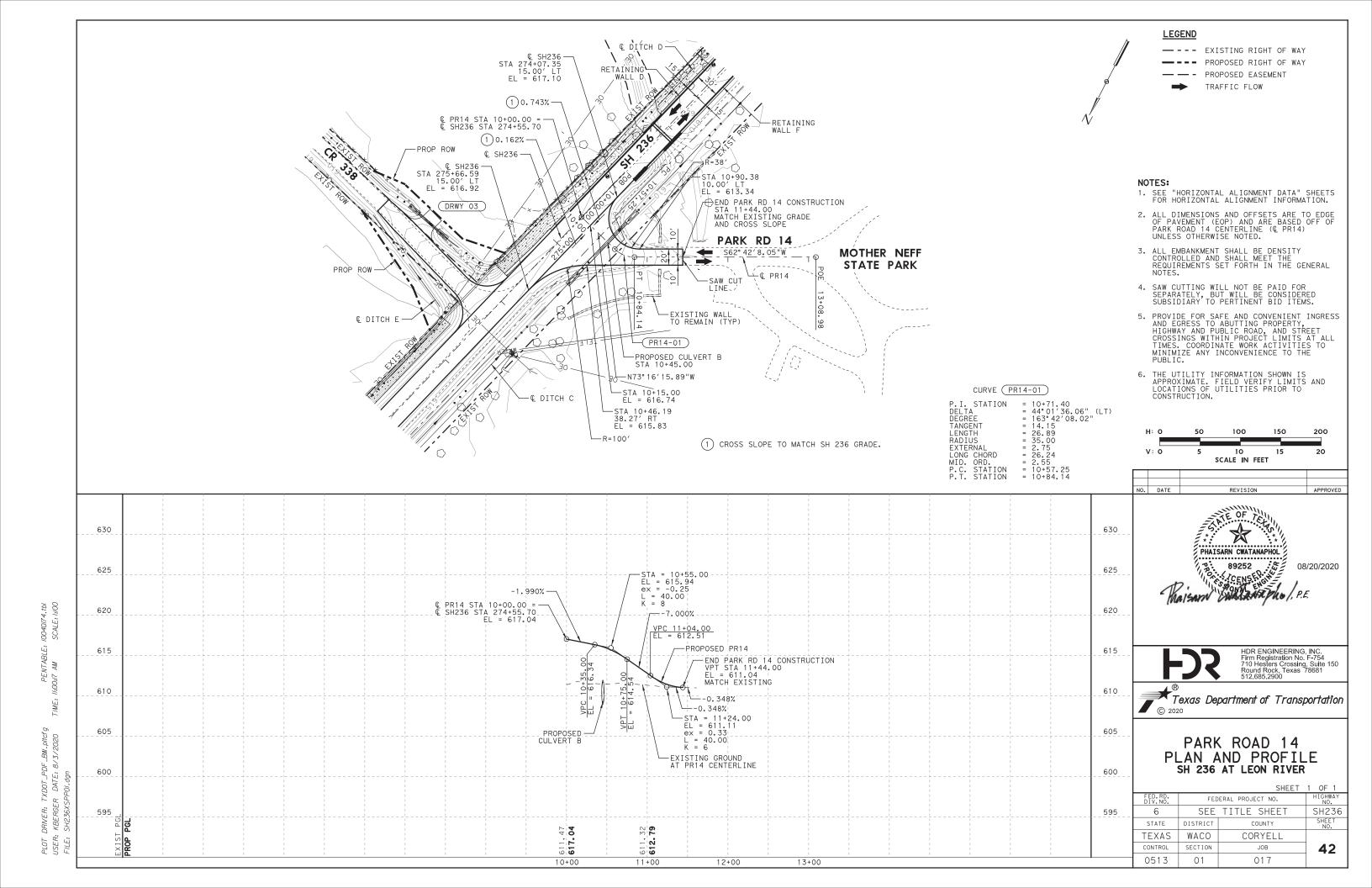
2 OF 2	SHEET		
HIGHWAY NO.	DERAL PROJECT NO.	FED	FED.RD. DIV.NO.
SH236	TITLE SHEET	SEE	6
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE
	CORYELL	WACO	TEXAS
37	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL
	017	01	0513

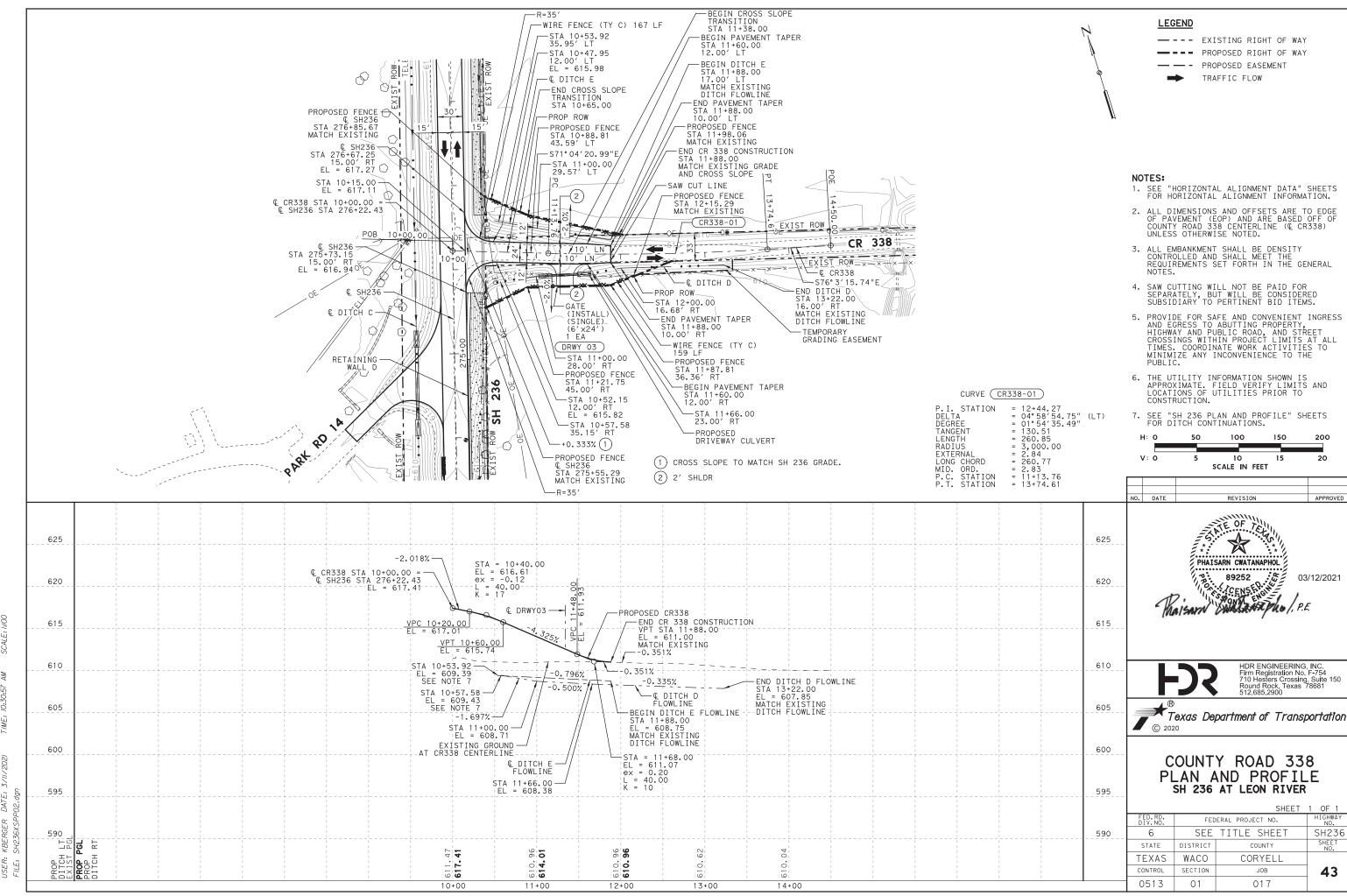


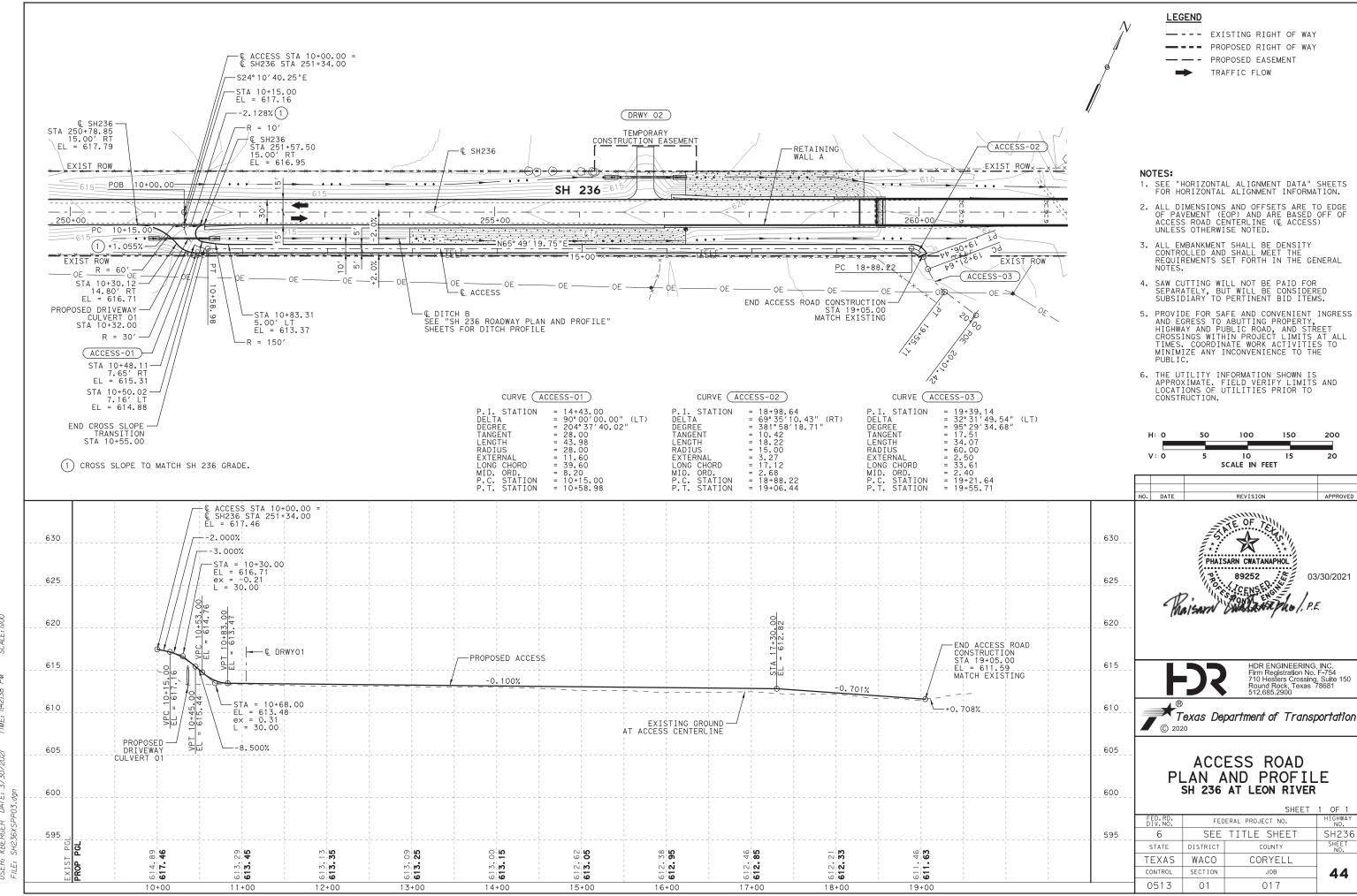
TIME:









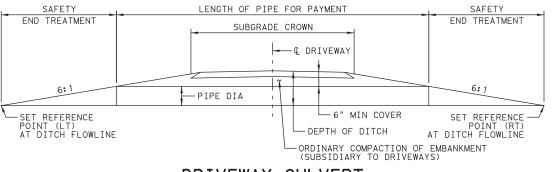


PROPOSED DRIVEWAY NO. 2 630 630 DRWY02 STA 10+00.00 = SH236 STA 256+77.67 625 625 STA = 10+19.00 EL = 618.85 ex = -0.08 L = 8.00 VPC 10+69,00 EL = 613,85 PROPOSED DRWY02 620 620 VPC 10+15,00 EL = 618,93 VPT 10+23,00 EL = 618,45 615 615 --0.209% STA = 10+73.00-PROPOSED DRIVEWAY 610 610 EL = 613.45 ex = 0.10 CULVERT 02 -EXISTING GROUND AT DRWY02 CENTERLINE 605 605 613.24 67 **75** 4 **4** 612.6 613. 614. 613. 10+00 10+50 PROPOSED DRIVEWAY NO. 3 625 625 € DRWY03 STA 10+00.00 = € CR338 STA 11+34.00 EL = 612.54 620 620 - END DRIVEWAY NO. 3 CONSTRUCTION STA 10+38.00 EL = 611.54 MATCH EXISTING VPT 10+34,00 EL = 611,53 STA = 10+16.00 99. EL = 612.22 ex = -0.03 L = 8.00 615 615 610 610 VPC 10+12.00 EL = 612.30/ PROPOSED ---VPT 10+20.00 EL = 612.02 STA = 10+30.00 EL = 611.52 ex = 0.05 L = 8.00 EXISTING GROUND — AT DRWY03 CENTERLINE 605 605 DRIVEWAY CULVERT 03 600 600 9 2 90 **5** 611. 610. 10+00 10+50 "WIDTH" "LENGTH" 2" D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B TOP OF -PROPOSED ASPHALT PG64-22 -PRIME COAT (AE-P OR MC-30) PROPOSED -PAVEMENT 6" FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYD GR1-2) (FNAL POS) EXISTING DRIVEWAY OR EXISTING GROUND -PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT **→** (A) SECTION A-A <u>PLAN</u> PROPOSED DRIVEWAY DETAIL

TIME:

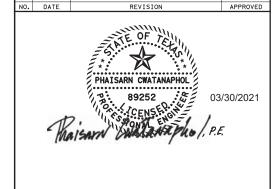
					np t	VEWAY SUM	MADY					
				F	OR CONTRACT				247	310	3076	530
						=	=	z	6053	6027	6069	6005
DRIVEWAY NUMBER	LOCATION	STATION	LT OR RT	"WIDTH"	"LENGTH"	RADIUS "R1	RADIUS "R2	EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY PENETRATION	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY D GR 1-2) (FNAL POS)	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR AE-P)	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)
				(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(CY)	(GAL)	(TON)	(SY)
ACCESS ROAD	SH 236	251+34.00	RT	SEE "ACCE	SS ROAD PLA	N AND PROFI	LE" SHEET	-	201	225	123	1,081
DRWY02	SH 236	256+77.67	LT	20	62	15	15	29	25	30	17	149
DRWY03	CR 338	11+34.00	RT	20	26	15	15	26	12	14	9	68

			DRIVE	WAY CUI	_VERT S	UMMARY			
	C	ET REFERENCE	DOINT			464	464	467	467
	اد	EI KEFEKENCE	POINT		ш	6003	6005	6363	6395
DRIVEWAY NUMBER	DRIVEWAY STATION	OFFSET	UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION PIPE SLOPE		RC PIPE (CL III) (18 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)
	(STA)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(%)	(LF)	(LF)	(EA)	(EA)
ACCESS ROAD	10+21.32	43.51′ RT	613.63	612.96	0.80	66	_	2	_
ACCESS ROAD	10+73.29	12.00′ LT	613.63	012.90	0.00	00	_		_
DRWY02	10+41.00	48.00′ LT	611.69	610.84	0.90		72	_	2
DRWTUZ	10+41.00	48.00' RT	011.09	010.04	0.90	_	12	_	
DRWY03	10+27.58	30.91' RT	608.70	608.39	0.50		38	_	2
DKW103	10+22.92	30.91' LT	000.70	600.39	0.50	_	38	_	4



DRIVEWAY CULVERT TYPICAL SECTION

NOT TO SCALE





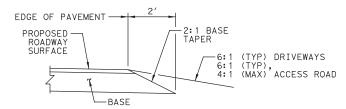
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# DRIVEWAY DETAILS

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	45
0513	01	017	



DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT EDGE DETAIL

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

														CR	ASH CUSHI	ON				
	T.O.D.	PLAN			TEGT	DIRECTION	FOUNDA	TION PAD	BACKUP SUPPORT	Г		AVAILABLE SITE		MOVE /	RESET	L	L R	R	S	S
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	LENGTH	INSTALL REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	W N	w	N	W
1	N/A	40	SH 236	273+55	TL3	ВІ	CONCRETE	6"	CONCRETE RAIL	14"	34"	50′-0"	1						X	
																		+		
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LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W = W I D E

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION.

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

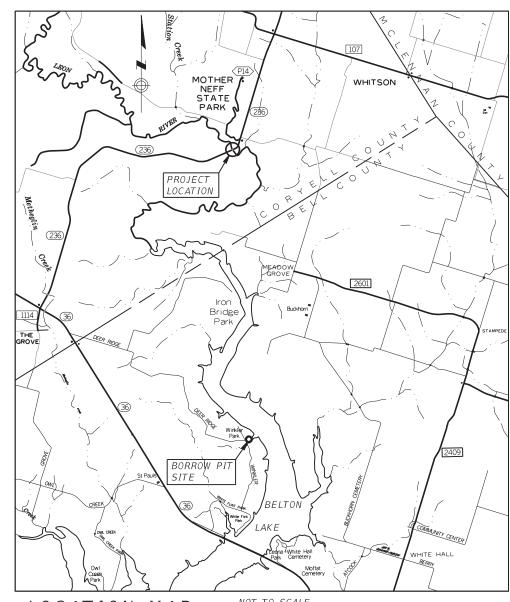




HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900

#### CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

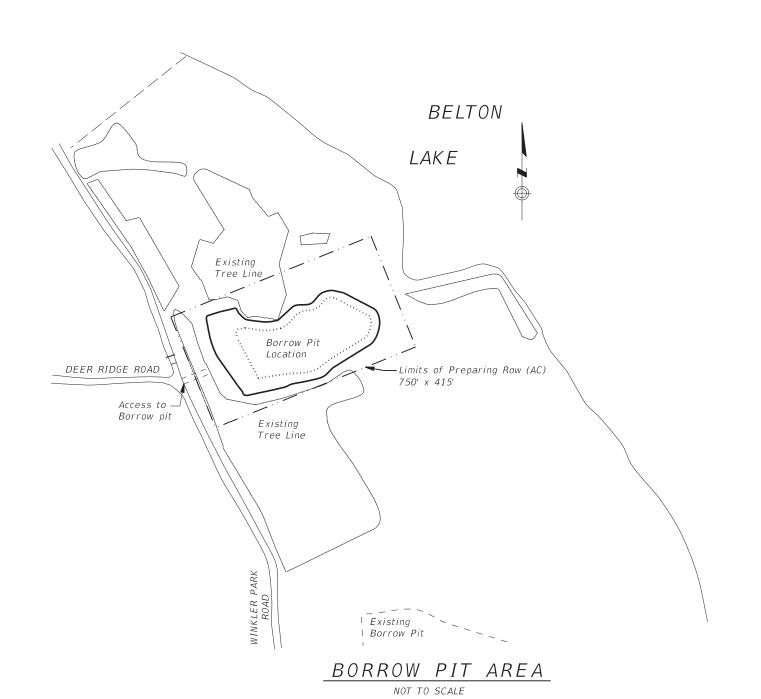
ILE: ccss.dgn	DN: T×D	TC	CK:	3	CK:
) T×DOT	CONT	SE	СТ	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0513	0	1	017	SH236
	DIST		C	COUNTY	
	WAC	0	CC	DRYELL	
	FEDERA	AL A	ID	PROJECT	SHEET NO.
	SEE 7	ΓΙΤι	_Ē	SHEET	46



LOCATION MAP

NOT TO SCALE

- 1. Borrow pit location is approximately 9.5 miles from the project site.
- 2. The limits of the borrow pit shown are approximate. The area to be excavated shall be verified in the field by the engineer, prior to beginning construction. Excavation of the borrow site shall be paid for under Item 158 SPEC EXCAV WORK (VEHICLE).
- 3. In the areas of proposed excavation, the top 3" of topsoil shall be removed and stockpiled in windrows adjacent to the borrow pit. Upon completion of excavation, this material shall be put back in place upon all areas of excavation. This shall be paid for under Item 160 "FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL" (3").
- 4. All areas of excavation shall be compacted prior to placement of topsoil. Bentonite, or an equivalent, shall be placed upon the surface of the bottom of the borrow site after compaction (Estimated @ 135,000 SF). The rate of application of bentonite shall be one-half pound per square foot. Bentonite, and its placement, shall be subsidiary to Item 160 "FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL" (3").
- 5. Install 50 LF corrugated metal pipe (12" diameter) to match bottom flow elevation of the borrow site. Location of pipe culvert will be as approved and should be placed at location to outfall to drain to Belton Lake. The control structure required shall be an Agri Drain Inline Water Level Control Structure, or equivalent, of 12" diameter pipe size. Grade outfall downstream of pipe culvert to drain. The pipe, control structure and grading of outfall is subsidiary to item 460, "Corrugated Metal Pipe".
- 6. Clearing, vegetation and brush removal and small tree removal for designated area for borrow site shall be paid under Item 100, "Preparing Right of Way" (AC). Removal of trees and brush for access road is included in limits for measurement. Limit tree removal to trees with diameters less than 12 inches unless approved. Avoid tree removals in areas shown as existing tree lines unless approved.
- 7. Access road location to be approved. Limit brush clearing and tree removal to allow vehicular access for construction traffic.
- 8. For SW3P plan, follow all TxD0T and federal requirements as described in the plans.

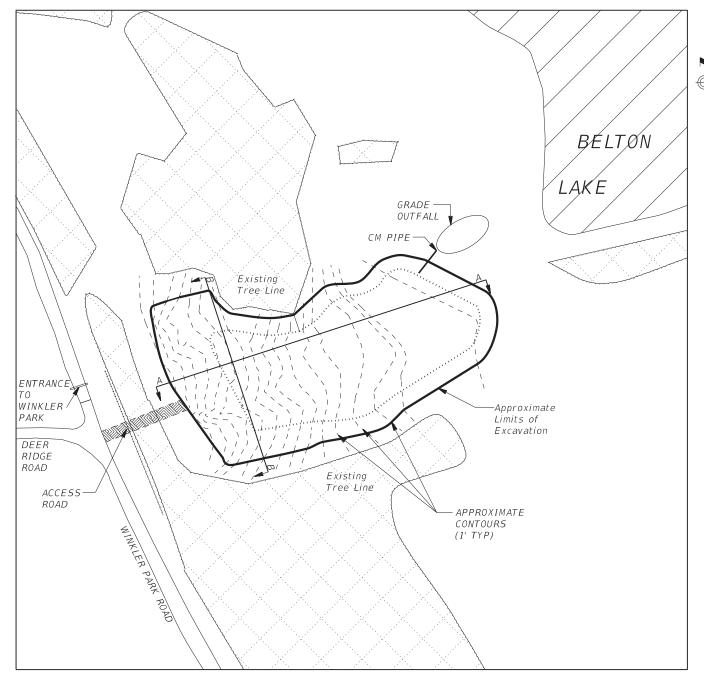




BORROW PIT DETAIL SH 236 OVER LEON RIVER

ILE: BORROWPIT.DGN DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: GNH C) TxDOT 2021 47 WACO 0513 01 017 SH 236

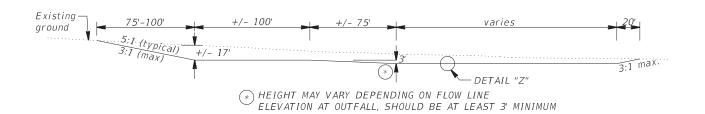




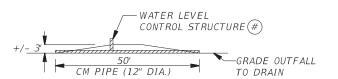
PLAN LAYOUT

UNIT QUANTITY ITEMDESCRIPTION PREPARING ROW 100-6001 158-6006 SPEC EXCAV WORK (VEHICLE) CY19,712 FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (3") 160-6006 SY 14,970 50 460-6001 CMP (GAL STL 12 IN) 1) 460 WATER LEVEL CONTROL STRUCTURE

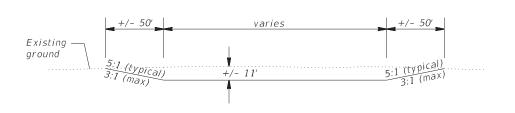
1) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFO ONLY, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 460



#### SECTION A-A

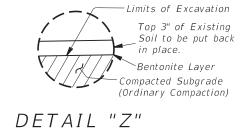


# HEIGHT CAN BE VARIED DEPENDING ON HEIGHT OF FILL ABOVE FLOW LINE (MINIMUM 3', TYPICAL 5')



SECTION B-B

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY FOR EXCAVATION VOLUME NEEDED TO MATCH EXCAVATION QUANTITY IN THE PLANS.



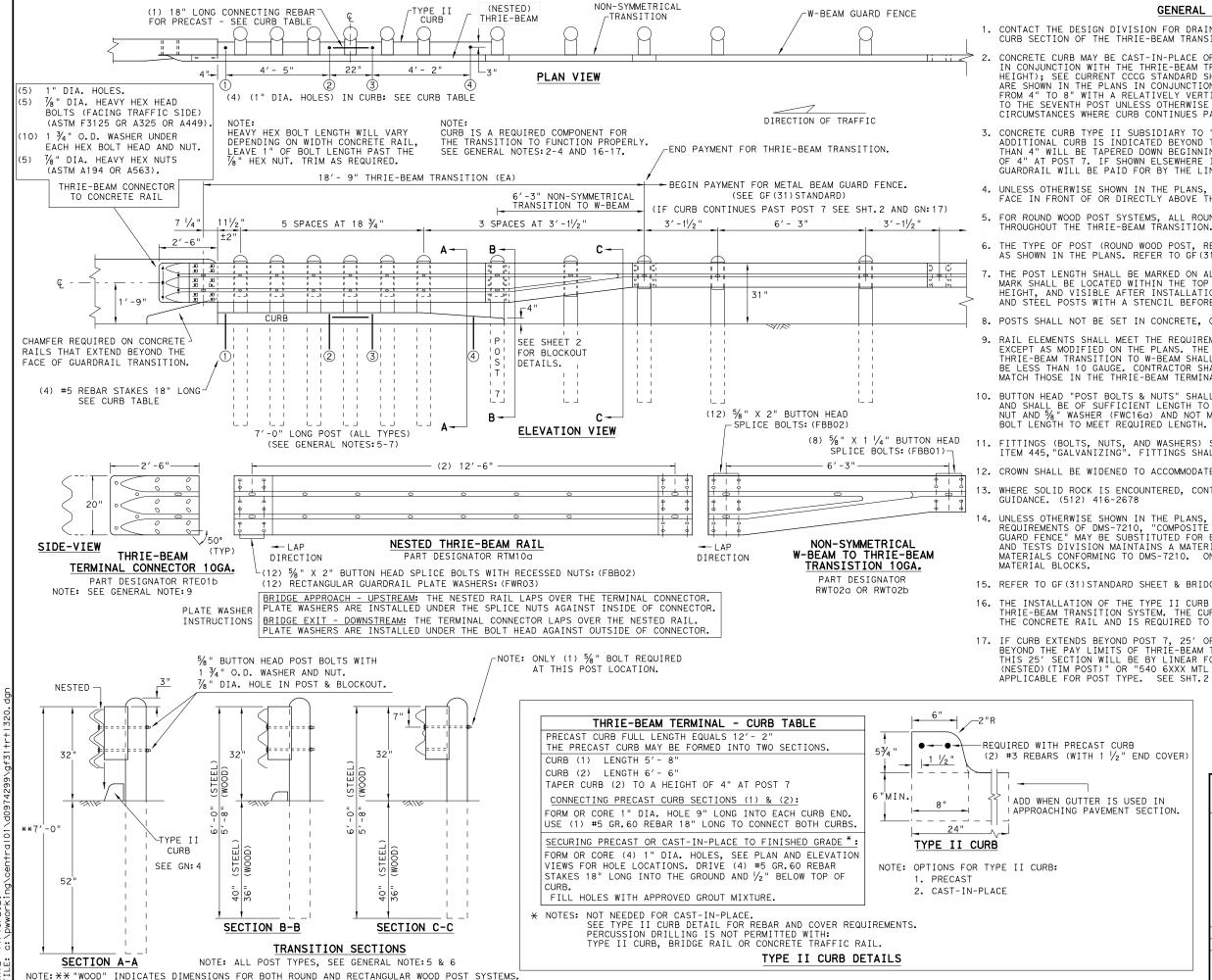


SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

Texas Department of Transportation

BORROW PIT DETAIL
SH 236 OVER LEON RIVER

	CO	RYELL	0513	01	017	SH 236
	C	COUNTY			JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	WACO	WACO				
TxD0T 2021	DISTRICT	FEDERA	L AID PRO	JECT		SHEET
LE: BORROWPIT.DGN	DN: TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW: GNH		CK:	TxDOT



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#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5-  $\frac{7}{4}$ " HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $1\!\!/_2$  " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STÉEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/8" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

#### **HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION** SHEET 1 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION

TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

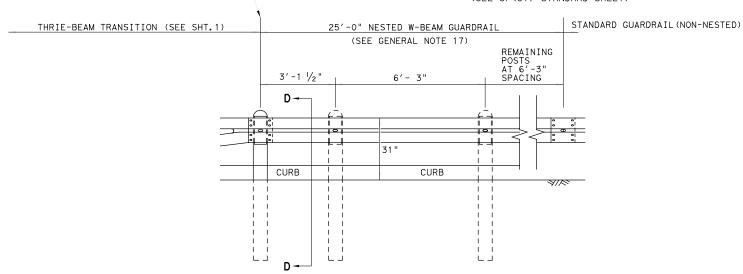
GF (31) TR TL3-20

DN:TXDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A ILE: gf31trt1320.dgn C)TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0513 01 017 SH236 49 CORYFLI

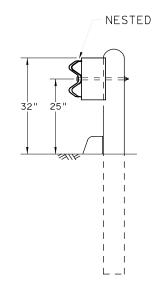
#### REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)

END PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION. BEGIN PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.

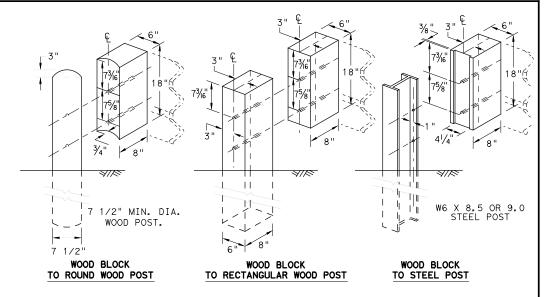
(SEE GF (31) STANDARD SHEET)



#### **ELEVATION VIEW**



SECTION D-D



#### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

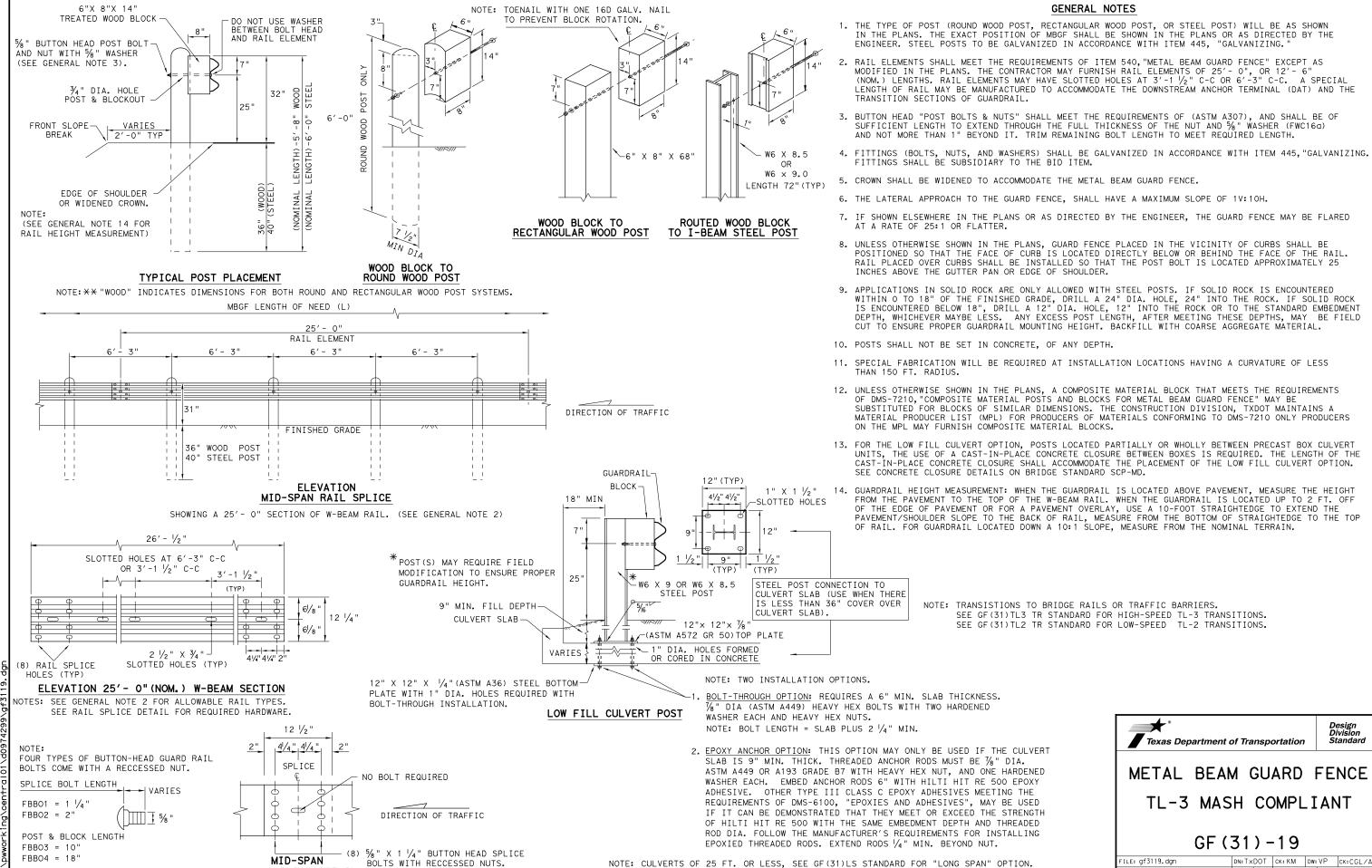
SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

0		•				
FILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN: T×	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	KM	CK:CGL/AG
© T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017			SH236
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYEL	L		50



TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019

CONT SECT

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ATE: 8/3/2020

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST(MPL)FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

ITEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	5/8" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	5/8" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	5/8" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	5/8" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWR03	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

LE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: TxE	ОТ	ck: KM	DW:	T×DOT	CK: CL	
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY	
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYEL	L		52	

ITEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

CT-100S1

B581002

Design Division Standard

CK:CL

HIGHWAY

SH236

SHEET NO

53

JOB

017

COUNTY

CORYFLI

DIST

E3151

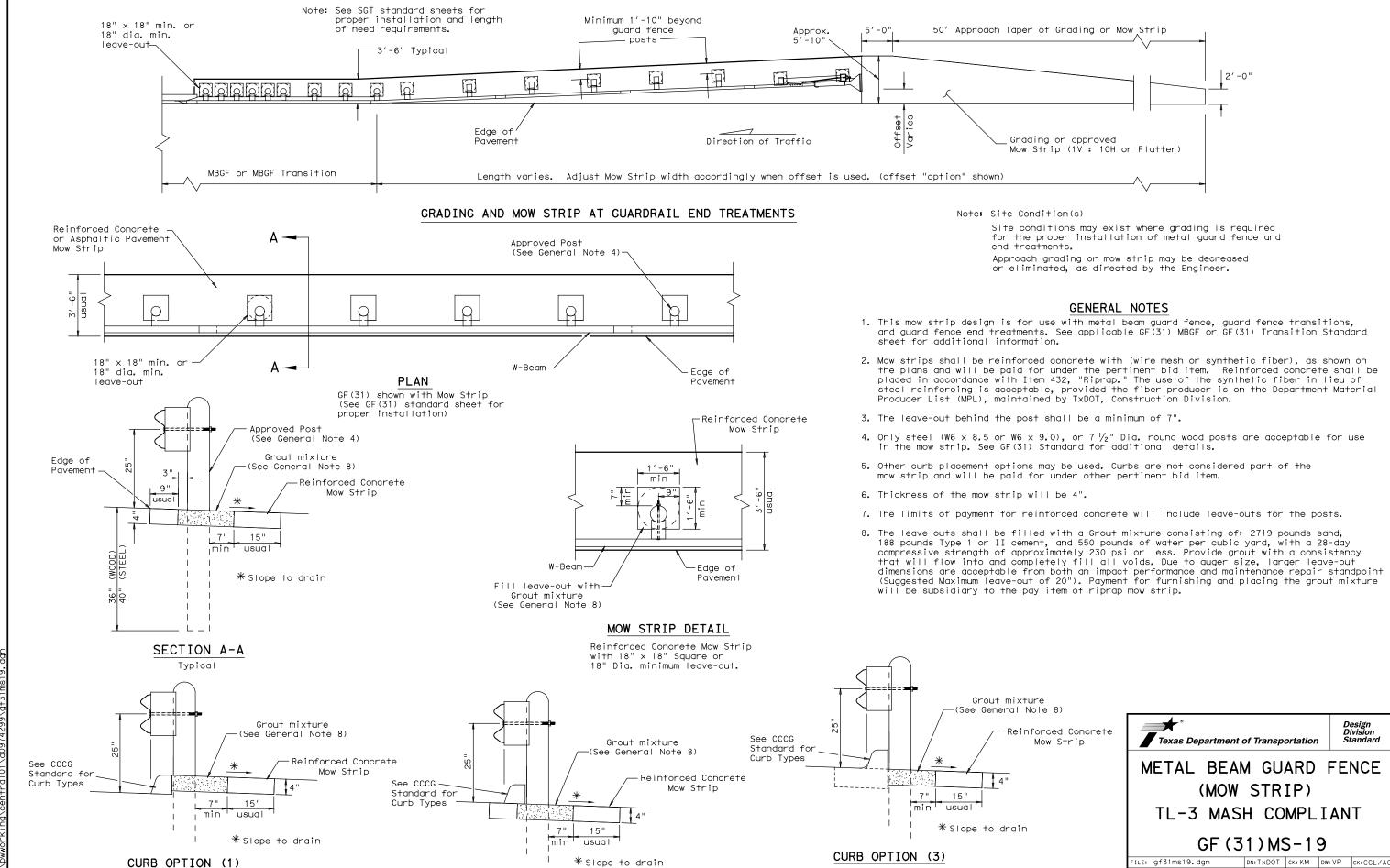
B580122

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B5160104A

P621



CURB OPTION (2)

Curb shown on top of mow strip

C)TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019

CONT SECT JOB

0513 01

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HIGHWAY

SH236

DATE: 8/3/2020

This option will increase the post

embedment throughout the system.

#### GENERAL NOTES

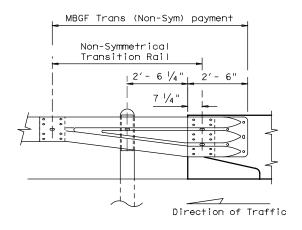
- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume category.
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal, See Detail A)
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'-0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

or widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

Note:
All rail elements shall
be lapped in the direction
of adjacent traffic.

#### DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



BRIDGE END DETAILS

### (METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

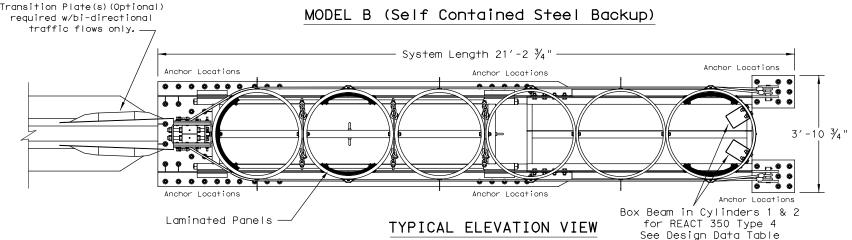
BED-14

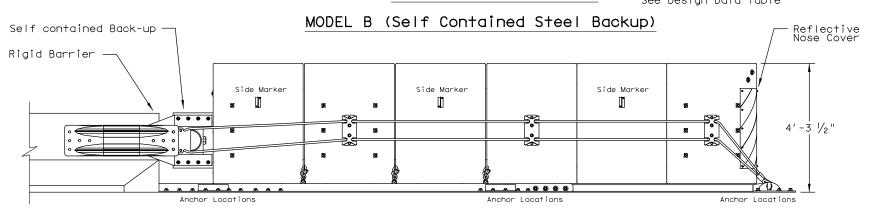
LE: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[	OT.	ск: АМ	DW:	BD/VP	ck: CGL	
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS ISED APRIL 2014	0513	01	017		SH236		
(MEMO 0414)	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYEL	L		55	

δy made sults kind rect Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other "Texas ersion this standard is governed by es no responsibility for the



#### MODEL B (Self Contained Steel Backup)



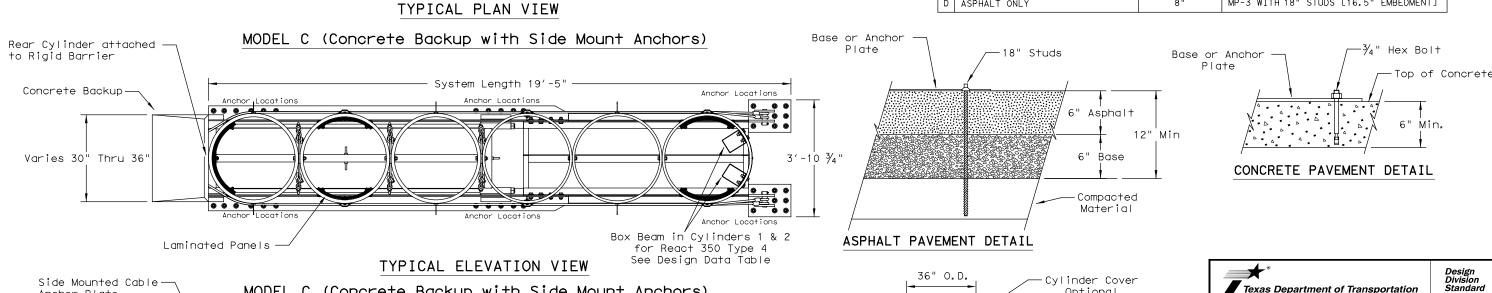


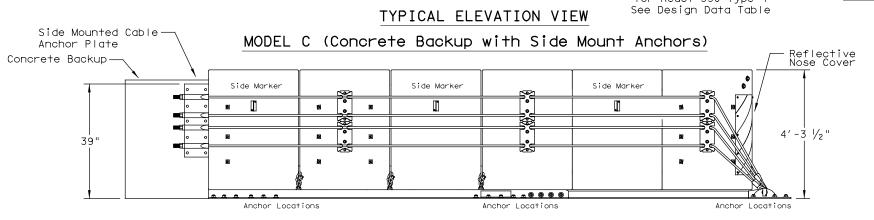
#### GENERAL NOTES

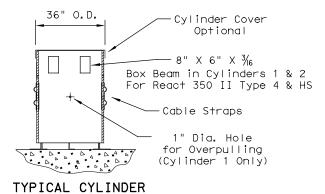
- 1. For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Trinity Highway - Energy Absorption at 1 (888) 323-6374. 70 W. Madison St. Suite 2350. Chicago, IL 60602
- 2. The nose of the REACT 350 shall be clad with a plastic wrap with standard delineation adhered to the wrap and shall have a series of side marker reflectors on both sides of the unit. See site plan views for marker and plastic wrap color orientation.
- 3. All steel components to be hot dipped galvanized except stakes, drive spikes, threaded bolts in backup unit, and wedge fittings on cables.
- 4. The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions. If the REACT system is to span expansion joints contact the manufacturer.
- 5. The REACT system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or © of merging barriers. The maximum permissible cross-slope is 8%.
- 6. REACT 350 II has laminated panels in cyliners 1, 5, & 6.

DESIGN DATA TABLE FOR REACT 350 AND REACT 350 II						
TYPE	REACT 350 4-B	REACT 350 4-C	REACT 350 II 6-B	REACT 350 II 6-C		
Test Level	TL-2	TL-2	TL-3	TL-3		
OVERALL LENGTH	15′-3"	13′-9"	21′-3"	19′-5"		

	FOUNDATION AND ANCHORAGE TABLE FOR REACT 350 AND REACT 350 II						
	FOUNDATION TYPE	MINIMUM THICKNESS	ANCHORAGE				
Α	CONCRETE PAD OR ROADWAY	6"	MP-3 WITH 7" STUDS [5.5" EMBEDMENT]				
В	ASPHALT OVER CONCRETE PAVEMENT	6" CONCRETE PAVEMENT	ANCHOR LENGTH REQUIRED IS 7" STUD PLUS ASPHALT THICKNESS				
С	ASPHALT OVER BASE	6" ACP + 6" BASE	MP-3 WITH 18" STUDS [16.5" EMBEDMENT]				
D	ASPHALT ONLY	8"	MP-3 WITH 18" STUDS [16.5" EMBEDMENT]				







**ENERGY ABSORPTION** (REACT 350 NARROW) (REACT 350 II NARROW)

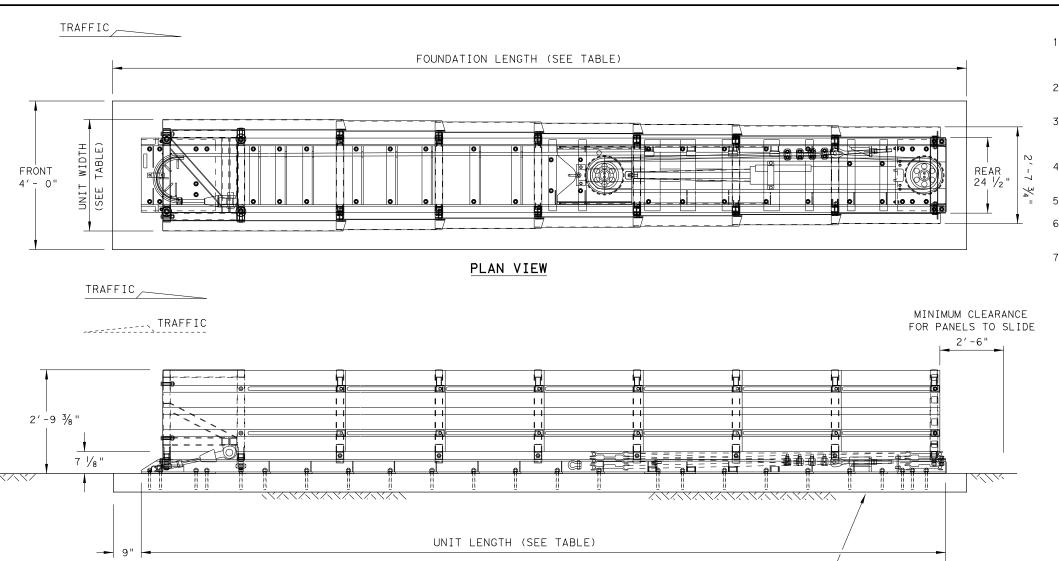
Texas Department of Transportation

REACT(N)-16DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP ILE: reactn16.dgn C)TxDOT February 1998 JOB HIGHWAY 017

TRINITY HIGHWAY

LOW MAINTENANCE

0513 01 SH236 REVISED 03, 2016 (VP) CORYELL



**ELEVATION VIEW** 

MODEL	TEST LEVEL	UNIT LENGTH (approx.)	UNIT WIDTH	FOUNDATION LENGTH	OBSTACLE WIDTH
SCI70GM	TL-2	13′-6"	2'-10	15' - 6 1/4"	24"to 36"
SCI100GM	TL-3	21′-6"	3'-1 1/2"	23' - 0"	24"to 36"

SYSTEM AND PAD LENGTHS VARY DEPENDING ON BACKUP TYPE.

FOUNDATION OPTIONS
6" REINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)
8" UNREINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)
3" MIN. ASPHALT OVER 3" MIN. CONCRETE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)
6" ASPHALT OVER 6" COMPACT SUBBASE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)
8" MINIMUM ASPHALT (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)

6" REINFORCED PAD SHOWN-(SEE FOUNDATION OPTIONS)

FOR STEEL PLACEMENT IN CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.

TRANSITION OPTIONS
CONCRETE VERTICAL WALL
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIERS
GUARDRAIL (W-BEAM)
GUARDRAIL (THRIE-BEAM)

TRANSITION TYPES ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS (I.E. ATTENUATOR LOCATION DETAILS OR IN THE GENERAL NOTES).

FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSITION PANEL AND END SHOE DETAILS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: WORK AREA PROTECTION, CORP. AT (800) 327-4417, OR (630) 377-9100.
- 2. FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC, APPROPRIATE TRANSITION PANELS WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 3. ADDITIONAL DETAILS FOR THE TRANSITION OPTION AND FOUNDATION OPTION WILL BE SHOWN ON THE MANUFACTURER'S SHOP DRAWINGS FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER.
- 4. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "S" WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 PSI.
- 5. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 6. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS. OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 7. THE SCI100GM & SCI70GM SYSTEMS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER OR CENTERLINE OF MERGING BARRIERS.

#### NOTF:

FOR ATTACHMENT AND TRANSITIONS TO OTHER SHAPES, BARRIERS, RAILINGS AND BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOWS ARE AVAILABLE. (SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL)

#### NOTE:

SIDE PANELS CAN TRAVEL 30" BEYOND THE LAST TERMINAL BRACE AT THE REAR OF THE CUSHION. ALL OBJECTS THAT MAY INTERFERE WITH THIS MOTION CAN AFFECT PERFORMANCE OF AND MAY CAUSE UNDUE DAMAGE TO THE CRASH CUSHION.



Design Division Standard

WORK AREA PROTECTION

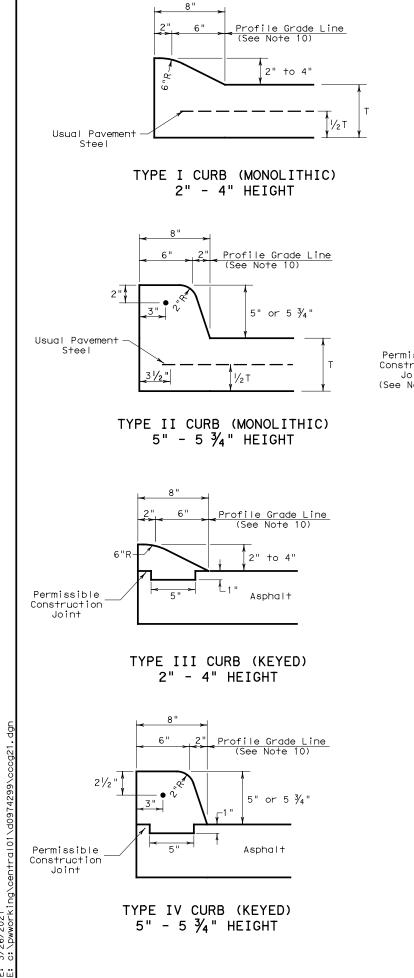
CORP

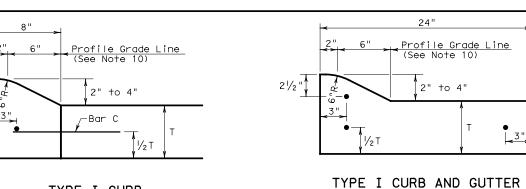
(SMART-NARROW)

SMTC(N)-16

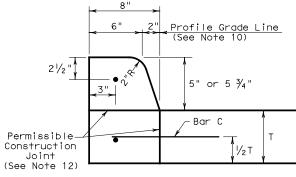
FILE: smtcn16.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO(	ck: KM	Dw: VP	ck:VP
◯TxDOT: February 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 06. 2013 (VP)	0513	01	017		SH236
REVISED 03, 2016 (VP)	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYEL	_L	57

LOW MAINTENANCE





TYPE I CURB 2" - 4" HEIGHT



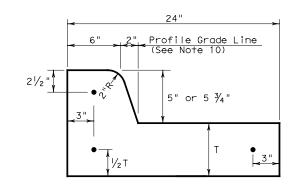
TYPE II CURB 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT

 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Wide Expansion Joint Material

Top of Pavement

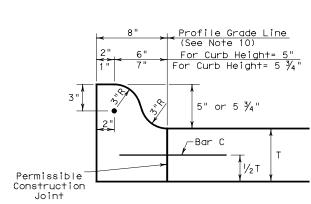
2 ea ~ 7/8"x 24" Smooth Dowels-

1/2 T



2" - 4" HEIGHT

TYPE II CURB AND GUTTER 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



TYPE IIa CURB 5" - 5 ¾" HEIGHT

Top of Curb

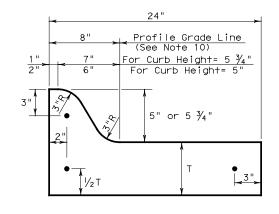
14"

EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

Use 2 layers of roofing felt

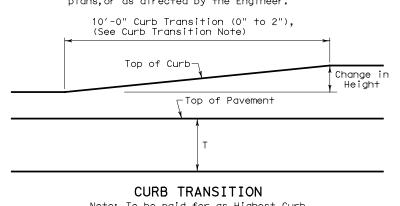
to wrap bars and plug end

11/2 1



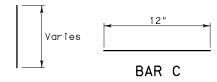
TYPE IIa CURB AND GUTTER 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT

CURB TRANSITION NOTE: Field conditions may require a longer or shorter transition, and shall be shown elsewhere in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.



**GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined
- 2. Concrete shall be Class A.
- When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550, "Fibers for Concrete," and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications."
- Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch.
- 5. All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- 6. Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and the grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- 9. Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension  ${}^{\prime}\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$  is  $8\text{\,"}$  maximum.
- 10. Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk
- 12. When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- 13. Bar B used as needed to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



BAR B

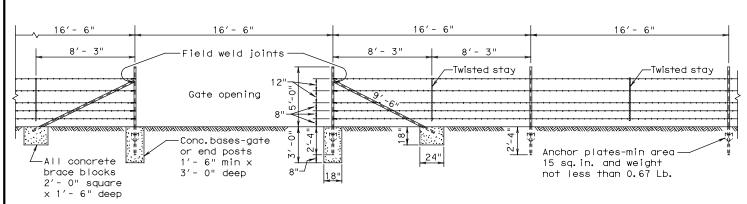


CONCRETE CURB AND CURB AND GUTTER

CCCG-21

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REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SI	H236
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYEL	LL		58

Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb



#### 16' - 6" 16' - 6" 16' - 6" ield weld joints No.10 ga. galv. top & bottom line wires Gate opening -No.12 ½ ga. galv. line wires & vertical stays Conc.bases-aate or end posts -All concrete 1'- 6" min x Anchor plates-min area brace blocks 3'- 0" deep 2'- 0" square 15 sq.in. and weight not less than 0.67 Lb. x 1'- 6" deep

#### SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS

BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

TYPE "C" FENCE

(See General Note 8)

#### Note: For Steel pipe and T-Post requirements. (See General Notes 6 & 7)

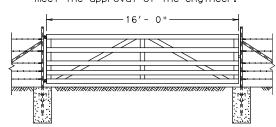
#### SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS

BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

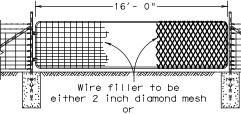
TYPE "D" FENCE

(See General Note 8)

#### Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels not less than 4'- 4" high and shall be aluminum or galvanized metal and of good quality. Gate and hardware shall meet the approval of the engineer.



#### Min. no. 11 gauge mesh or wire fabric



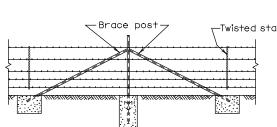
Galvinized wire fabric with stays placed not more than 6 inches apart

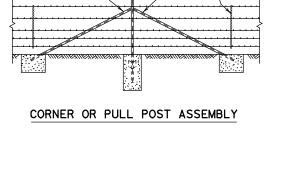
DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE

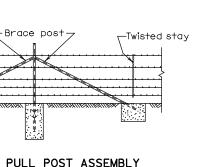
# No. 9 ½ ga.galv.wire Twisted Stays 42" long, equally spaced

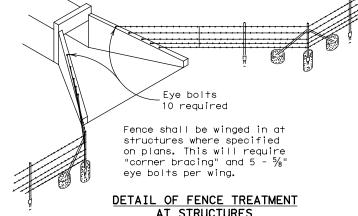
#### DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE

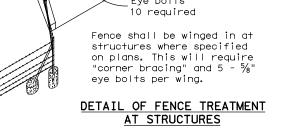
#### DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE

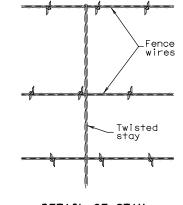




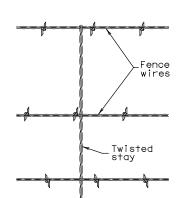








#### DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence)



9. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire

mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.

2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good

commercial quality and design latch of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.

3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.

approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less

5. Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness

6. Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a

minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" 0.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " Std. pipe brace (1.660" 0.D.,

than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings

sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.

0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other

7. If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These Items shall be in

8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as

Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with

ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the

as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be

4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency

are to be crowned at the top to shed water.

fitted with water malleable iron caps.

accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence.

plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

approved by the Engineer.



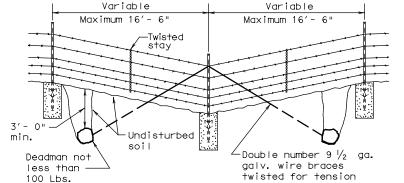
BARBED WIRE AND **WOVEN WIRE FENCE** 

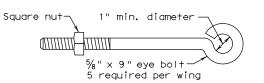
Design Division Standard

(STEEL POSTS)

WF(2)-10

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	REVISIONS	0513	01	017		Ş	SH236
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		WACO		CORYEL	L		59

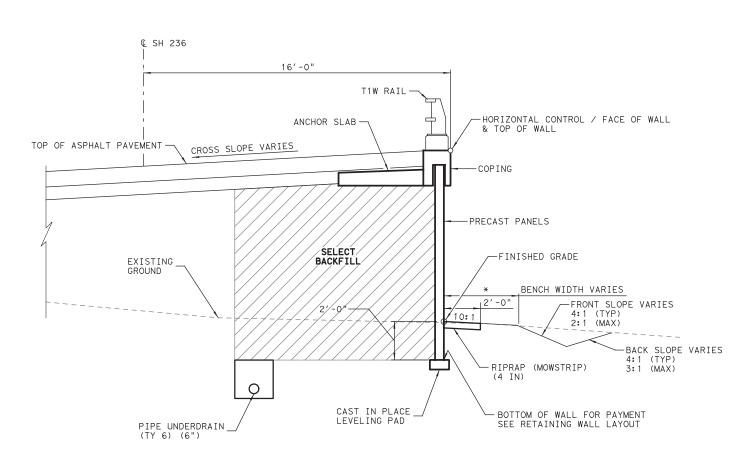




DETAIL OF EYE BOLT

DETAIL OF FENCE SAG

CONNECT TO PIPE UNDERDRAIN -



# BOTTOM OF WALL FOR PAYMENT SEE RETAINING WALL LAYOUT FACE OF BACKWALL HORIZONTAL CONTROL/ FACE OF WALL & TOP OF WALL FINISHED GRADE 2'-0" RIPRAP (MOWSTRIP) CAST IN PLACE LEVELING PAD

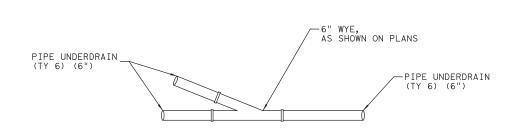
# MSE RETAINING WALL WALLS A, C, D & F

(WALLS A & D SHOWN, WALL C & F MIRRORED)
\* SEE ROADWAY PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR RETAINING WALL BENCH WIDTH

# FRONT SLOPE VARIES 4: 1 (TYP) 2: 1 (MAX) -2.5' SQUARE 6" THICK CONCRETE RIPRAP, CL B THROUGH BOTTOM OF DITCH O. 30% MIN DITCH BOTTOM VARIES

TYPICAL UNDERDRAIN OUTLET DETAILS
TO SIDE DITCH

# MSE RETAINING WALL WALL B & E



#### TYPICAL UNDERDRAIN WYE CONNECTION

#### NOTE:

SEE TXDOT STANDARDS RW(MSE), RW(TRF), RW(MSE)DD(MOD) & RW(EM) FOR RETAINING WALL DFTAILS.



RTG

TRANSPORTATION GROUP

FDS

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# RETAINING WALL TYPICAL SECTION SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	60
0513	01	017	

RF1	ΓΔΤ	NIN	WAI	Ι Δ	"RWA"

Beginning	chain RWA	description		

Point RWA01 N 10,453,946.7580 E 3,189,480.3456 Sta 10+00.00

Course from RWA01 to RWA02 N 65° 49′ 19.75" E Dist 400.0000

N 10,454,110.5861 E 3,189,845.2570 Sta 14+00.00

\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain RWA description

#### RETAINING WALL B "RWB"

Beginning chain RWB description

N 10,454,093.3842 E 3,189,806.9413 Sta 10+00.00

Course from RWB01 to RWB02 N 24° 10′ 40.25" W Dist 32.0000

Point RWB02 N 10,454,122.5771 E 3,189,793.8350 Sta 10+32.00

\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain RWB description

#### RETAINING WALL C "RWC"

Beginning chain RWC description

N 10,453,975.9509 E 3,189,467.2393 Sta 10+00.00

Course from RWC01 to RWC02 N 65° 49′ 19.75" E Dist 400.0000

N 10,454,139.7790 E 3,189,832.1507 Sta

Ending chain RWC description

#### RETAINING WALL D "RWD"

Beginning chain RWD description 

		Curve			
Curve RWD1 P.I. Station	10+87.42	N N	10,454,640.8543	_	3,190,662.3031
Delta =	16° 09′ 16.30"	(LT)	10, 454, 640. 6545	_	3, 190, 662, 3031
Degree = Tangent =	9° 18′ 04.55" 87.4204				
Length = Radius =	173.6810 616.0000				
External =	6.1723				
Long Chord = Mid. Ord. =	173.1063 6.1110				
P.C. Station P.T. Station	10+00.00 11+73.68	N N	10, 454, 567. 1455 10, 454, 724. 7304		3,190,615.2993 3,190,686.9430
C.C. Back = N	32° 31′ 31.82" E	N	10, 454, 898. 3534		3, 190, 095. 9175
Ahead = N	16° 22′ 15.52" E				
Chord Bear = N	24° 26′ 53.67" E				

Course from PT RWD1 to RWD02 N 16° 22′ 15.52" E Dist 530.8302

N 10,455,234.0390 E 3,190,836.5604 Sta 17+04.51 Point RWD02

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ending chain RWD description

#### RETAINING WALL E "RWE"

Beginning chain RWE description

N 10,454,663.0457 E 3,190,630.4138 Sta Point RWE01 10+00.00

Course from RWE01 to RWE02 S 67° 01′ 25.64" E Dist 32.0028

N 10,454,650,5534 E 3,190,659,8778 Sta 10+32.00

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ending chain RWE description

#### RETAINING WALL F "RWF"

Beginning chain RWF description

			e Data *		
Curve RWF1 P.I. Station Delta = Degree = Tangent = Length = Radius =	10+82.88 16° 09' 16.30" 9° 48' 39.32" 82.8791 164.6586 584.0000	N (LT)	10,454,654.2308	Ε	3,190,632.8804
External = Long Chord = Mid. Ord. = P.C. Station P.T. Station C.C. Back = NAhead = NChord Bear = N	16° 22′ 15.52" E	N N N	10, 454, 584. 3511 10, 454, 733. 7497 10, 454, 898. 3534	Ε	3,190,588.3184 3,190,656.2404 3,190,095.9175
Course from PT	RWF1 to RWF02 N 16°	22′ 1	5.52" F Dist 330.	8302	

Course from PT RWF1 to RWF02 N 16° 22′ 15.52" E Dist 330.8302

Point RWF02 N 10,455,051.1670 E 3,190,749.4867 Sta 14+95.49

\_\_\_\_\_

Ending chain RWF description



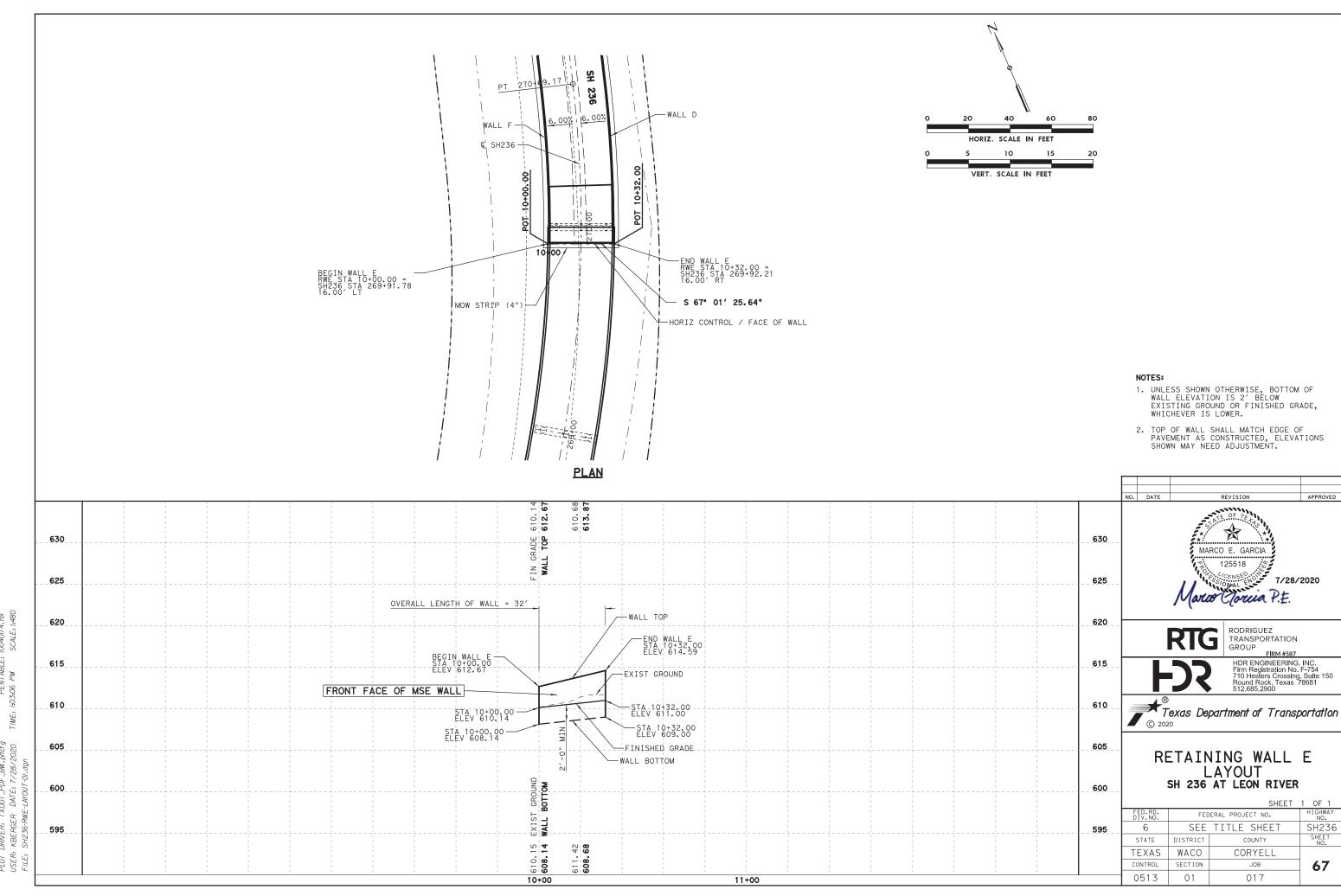
RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



#### RETAINING WALL HORIZ. CONTROL DATA SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	61
0513	01	017	



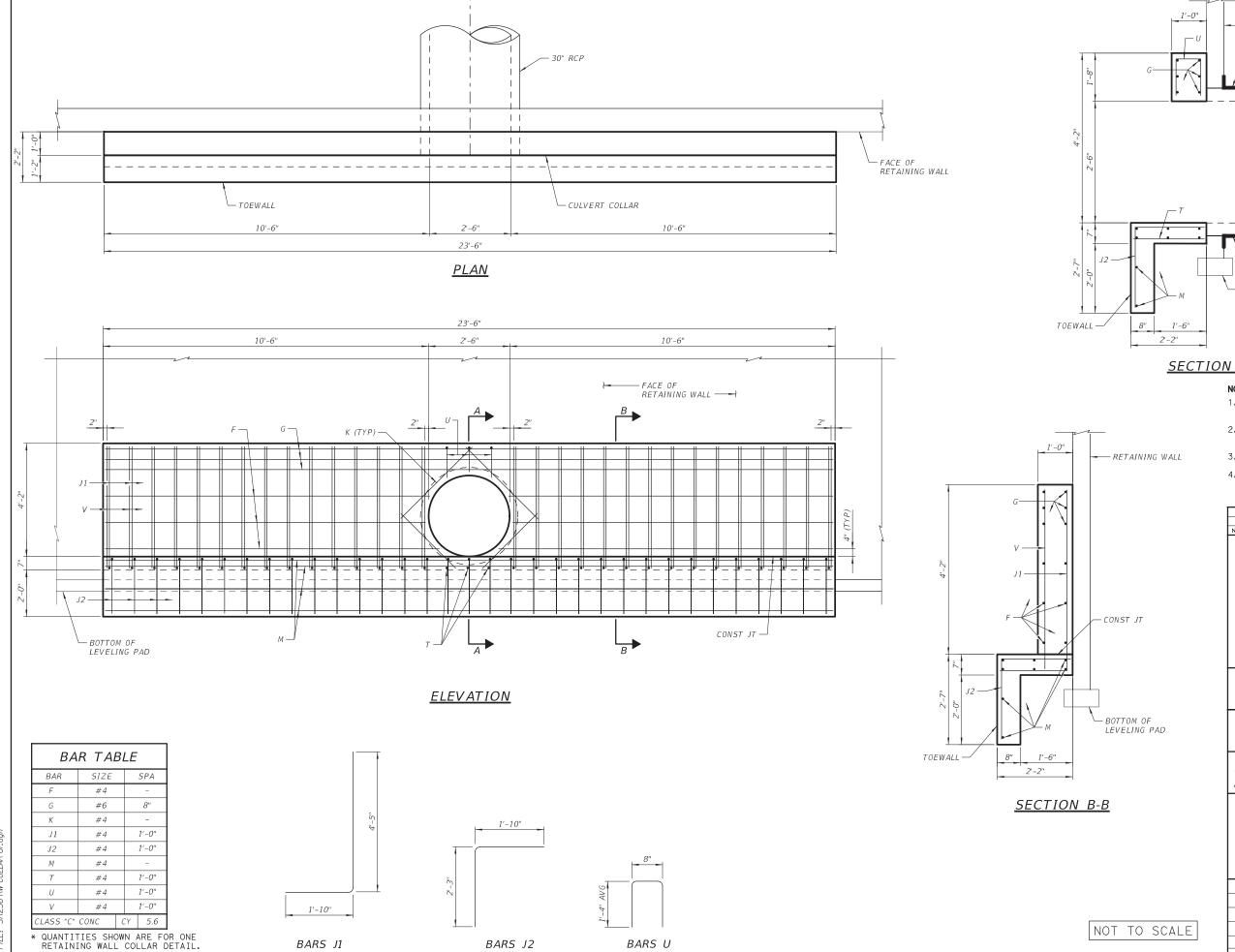


APPROVED

SH236

69

TIME:



- FILTER FABRIC -BOTTOM OF LEVELING PAD SECTION A-A 1. PROVIDE 2" CLEAR COVER TO ALL REINFORCING UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 2. PROVIDE CLASS "C" CONCRETE,
 f'c = 3600 PSI. 3. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING. 4. RETAINING WALL COLLAR DETAIL IS PAID BY ITEM 420 6074. PAYMENT QUANTITIES ARE SHOWN ON SUMMARY OF RETAINING WALL QUANTITIES. NO. DATE REVISION MARCO E. GARCIA 125518 77/28 Marco Clorus P.E. 7/28/2020 RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION GROUP HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900

6

STATE

TEXAS

CONTROL

0513

DISTRICT

WACO

SECTION

01

APPROVED

SH236

70

Texas Department of Transportation

RETAINING WALL

COLLAR DETAIL

30" RCP SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

FEDERAL PROJECT NO.

SEE TITLE SHEET

COUNTY

CORYELL

JOB

017

- RETAINING WALL

FILTER FABRIC

- 30" RCP

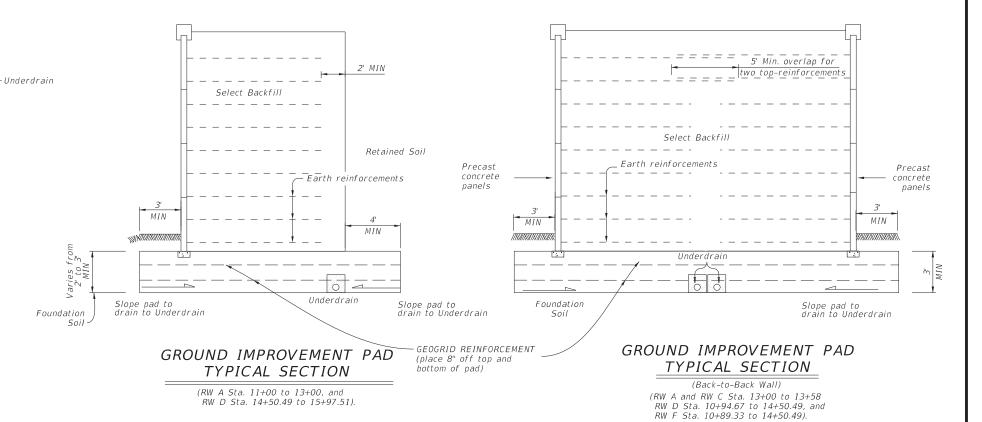
#### GENERAL NOTES

- (1) Ground Improvement Pad to be constructed under Retaining Wall designated in RW(MSE)DD sheet. Ground improvement Pad to be composed of select fill (Item 423, Type DS) with TWO levels of geogrid reinforcement. Ground Improvement Pad is subsidary to Item 423.
- Item 423.

  (2) Geogrid to be Mirafi Miragrid 3XT or equivalent and have a minimum LTDS of 1300 lbs/ft.

  (3) Geogrid to be placed 8" off the top and bottom of ground improvement pad.

  (4) Underdrain pipe to be placed to drain section of MSE wall treated with ground improvement pad.



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES										
Retaining Wall	Pad Begin Station	Pad End Station	Ground Improvement Pad fill (Item 423, Type AS or DS) (CY)	Geogrid (SY)						
RW A	11+00	12+00	176	527						
RW A	12+00	13+00	278	556						
**RW A, B, & C	13+00	13+58	270	541						
**RW D, E, & F	10+89	14+50.5	1,551	3,101						
RW D	14+50.5	15+20	119	355						
RW D	15+20	15+97.5	125	375						

\* For Contractor's Information Only

\*\* For Back-to-Back Walls

	ESTIMATED QUANTITIES									
ng	Pad Begin Station	Pad End Station	Ground Improvement Pad fill (Item 423, Type AS or DS) (CY)	Geogrid (SY)						
	11+00	12+00	176	527						
	12+00	13+00	278	556						
& C	13+00	13+58	270	541						
& F	10+89	14+50.5	1,551	3,101						
	14+50.5	15+20	119	355						
	15+20	15+97.5	125	375						



10/14/2020



GROUND IMPROVEMENT **DETAILS** 

ILE: SH 236 Ground Improvement DN: CHL CK: SMY DW: LC OT x DOT October 14, 2020 SH236 0513 01 017

Bridge Division

TYPICAL ELEVATIOIN

Limits of Geogrid Reinforced Pad -

Wall -

-RW Begin or End Sta Reinforced Pad Begin or End Sta

- Limits of Geogrid Reinforced Pad

Limits of Geogrid Reinforced Pad

3' TYP

imits of MSE

Reinforcement

TYPICAL PLAN

Begin or End of

Back-to-Back Wall

TYP At Abut RW Begin or End Sta Ground Improvement Pad

Geogrid Reinforcement (2 Layers)

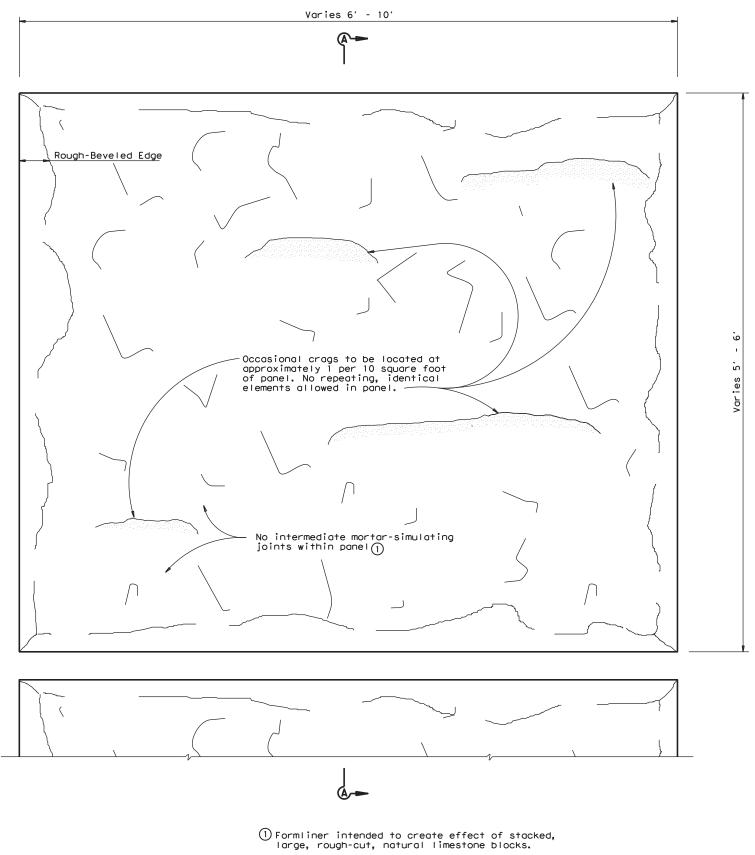
Limits of Geogrid

Reinforced Pad -

Begin or End Sta-

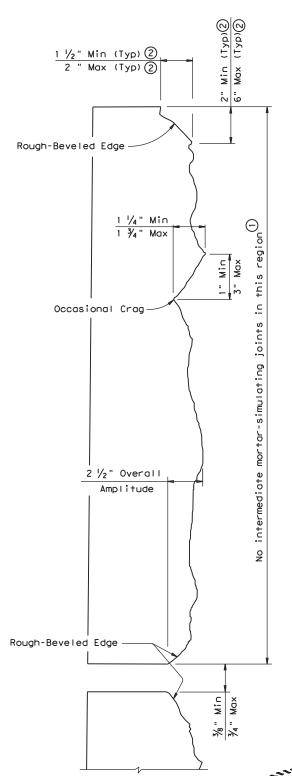
3' TYP

At Abut Ground Improvement Pad Begin or End Station -



 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$  Dimension shall vary to the extremes of these limits.

ELEVATION





# SAMPLE PERSPECTIVE

A minimum of 3 unique formliners shall be used and distributed randomly to create the effect of individually cut blocks. Approximately one-half of each type of block shall be placed upside down. Orientation and location of individual panels shall be such so that there appears to be a random mix of 6 types of blocks.

Approximately 1/3 of the panels will be made with each formliner panel type.

Blocks shall be rectangular.

Panel dimensions indicated are nominal and subject to final approval of Engineer sealing this

The Contractor shall pour and finish a full-scale concrete sample of each standard formliner panel. The panels shall meet with the requirements of the Ine panels shall meet with the requirements of the plans and specifications and be approved by the signer of this sheet before beginning any work. The approved sample panels shall be considered typical for the finish. Any deviation of color, grade, or depth of the approved sample panels will be grounds for rejection of the formliner treatment and shall be removed and replaced as specified in the approved to the panel of the same tent to the sam contract. The sample panel shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.





08/25/2020

Texas Department of Transportation

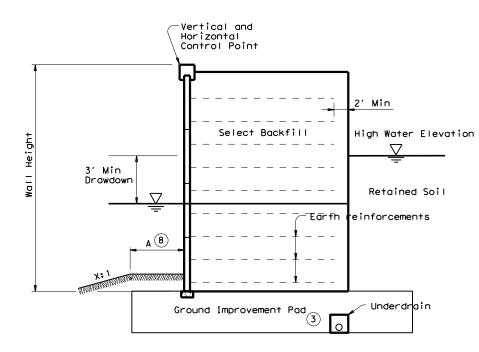
# MSE RETAINING WALL SURFACE DETAIL

SH 236 OVER LEON RIVER

ILE: 7140ob01.dgn	DN:DVL/NRN	V CK: DOT DW: DOT		CK:	DOT	
C) TxDOT JUNE 2020	DISTRICT	FEDERAL AID PROJECT				SHEET
REVISIONS	WACO					72
	COUNTY		CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	COF	0513	01	017	SH 236	

# WALL SUMMARY

MSE Retaining Wall	Begin Station	End Station	Retained Soil Friction Angle	Foundation Soil Friction Angle	Ground Improvement, Min Depth	Min Earth Reinforcement Length	Min Wall Embedment	Underdrain Required (5)	Drawdown Analysis 6	Bench Width 8
RETAINING WALL A	11+00	12+00	30 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 2'	14'-0" or 1.6H	2'-0"	YES	YES	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL A	12+00	13+00	30 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	16'-0" or 1.45H	2'-0"	YES	YES	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL A	13+00	13+58	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3	<b>9</b> 16'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL B	10+00	10+32	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	9 16'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	NO	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL C	13+00	13+58	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	9 16'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL D	10+94.67	13+20	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	9 17'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL D	13+20	14+40	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	<b>9</b> 16'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL D	14+40	14+50.49	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	<b>9</b> 14'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL D	14+50.49	15+20	30 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 2'	14'-0" or 1.6H	2'-0"	YES	YES	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL D	15+20	15+97.51	30 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 2'	12'-0" or 1.7H	2'-0"	YES	YES	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL E	10+00	10+32	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	(9) 17'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	NO	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL F	10+89.33	12+40	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	916'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
RETAINING WALL F	12+40	14+50.49	34 deg.	30 deg.	YES, 3'	<b>9</b> 15'-0" or 1.15H	2'-0"	YES	NO	SEE NOTE 8
	1		1	[						



# Precast concrete panels Output Discrete panels Precast concrete panels Output Discrete pane

# TYPICAL SECTION

(RW A Sta. 11+00 to 13+00, and RW D Sta. 14+50.49 to 15+97.51).

# TYPICAL SECTION 9

(Back-to-Back Wall)

(RW A and RW C Sta. 13+00 to 13+58

RW D Sta. 10+94.67 to 14+50.49, and

RW F Sta. 10+89.33 to 14+50.49).

- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$  Indicate limits for which the stated soil design requirements/assumptions are applicable.
- Retained friction angle of non back-to-back wall or Foundation friction angle without ground improvement listed should be based on local experience or measured/correlated long term strength values.
- $\ensuremath{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \bf 3\\ \bf Improvement \ is \ subsidery \ to \ Item \ 423\\ \ensuremath{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \bf 423\\ \bf 1 \ensuremath{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \bf 8\\ \bf 1 \ensuremath{ \begin{ta$
- 4 Indicate on table minimum length and length ratio required. The minimum default length of earth reinforcements shall be either 8'-0" or 70% of the wall height, whichever is greater. Wall height and design wall height may differ depending on project geometry and loading conditions. Note: Wall height at bridge abutments is equal to the distance between the top of leveling pad and finished grade at the bridge abutment backwall. The min. length do not include the 5' overlap of top two layers for back-to-back wall portion (see note 9 and Typ Section Back to Back Wall).
- (5) Indicate if underdrain is required.
- (6) Indicate if rapid drawdown analysis is required.
- Guidance to wall designer of record for determination of minimum wall embedment: Unless noted elsewhere in the plans, the minimum embedment provided from the top of leveling pad to finish grade shall be 1' for level ground where there is no potential for erosion or future excavation or 2' for sloping ground (4.0H:1.0V or steeper) or where there is potential for removal of soil in front of the wall.
- 8 Horizontal Bench width at base of wall varies. Use the following criteria to establish base width. A = 3.0' Min for X > 4. or A = 5.0' Min for X  $\leq$  4. Applicable to both drawdown and dry condition.
- (9) Use Select backfill (Item 423, Type DS) in entire back-to-back wall section and place two top-reinforcements with a minimum overlap of 5ft for RW station indicated in "Wall Summary" table (RW A and RW C Sta. 13\*00 to 13\*58, RW D Sta. 10\*94.67 to 14\*50.49, and RW F Sta. 10\*89.33 to 14\*50.49). Min. Strap Length in Summary Table do not include the 5-ft overlap.

(C)T x D0T





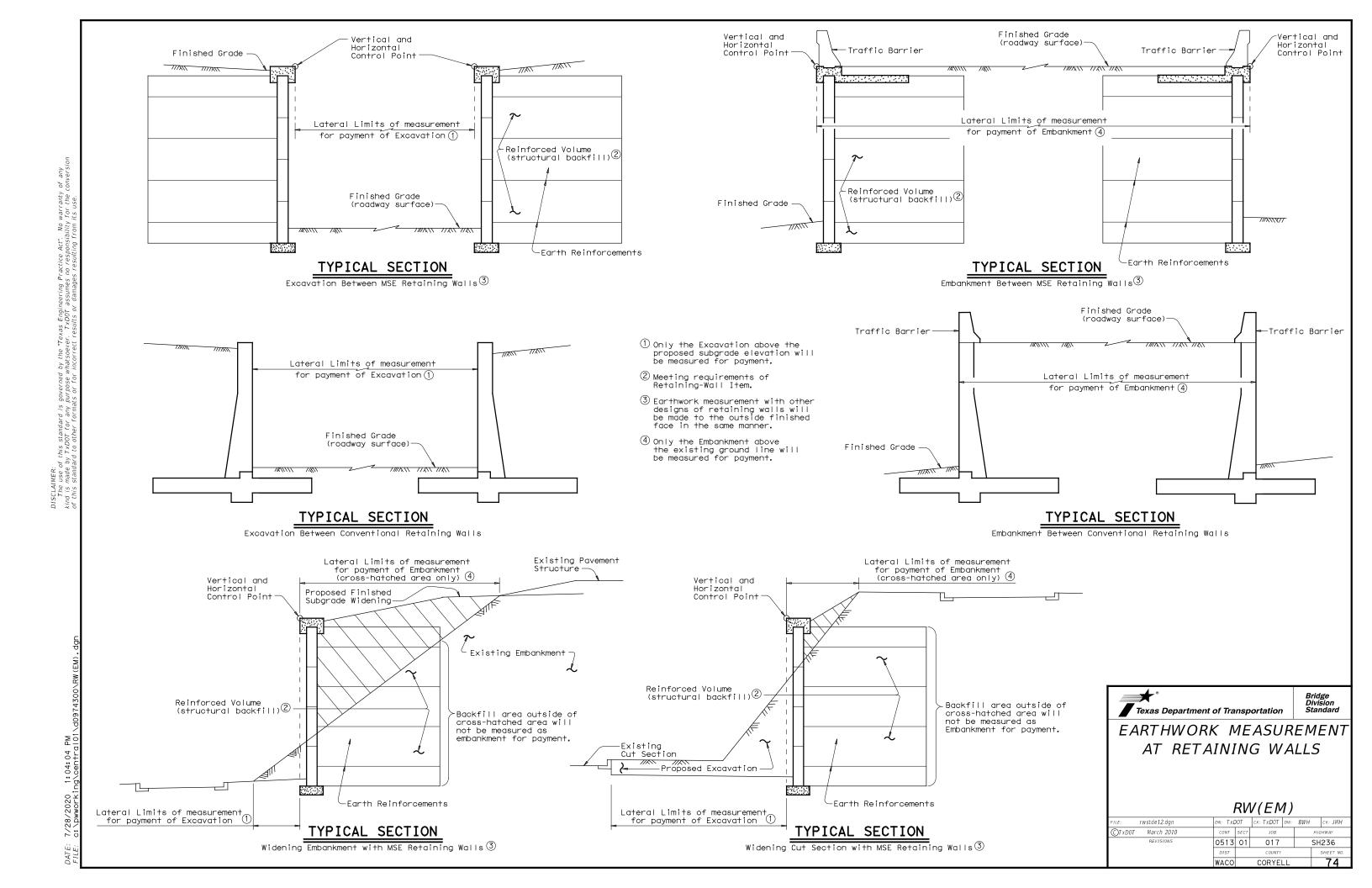
MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALL DESIGN DATA

RW(MSE)DD(MOD)

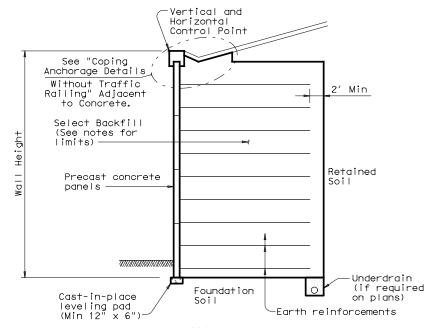
Bridge Division Standard

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rwstde16.dgn	DN: CHL		CK: NM DW: CHL		CHL	CK: SMY	
Oct 14, 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0513	01	017 COUNTY		SH236		
	DIST				SHEET NO.		
WACO CORYELL			<i>73</i>				

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of skind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the convoid this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.





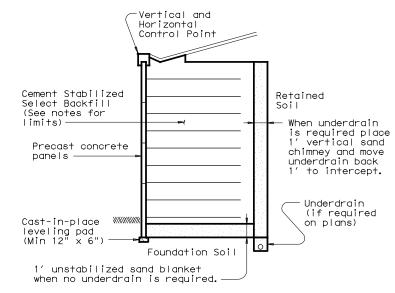


Leveling pad

TYPICAL SECTION

(Wall at bottom of slope)

# ELEVATION

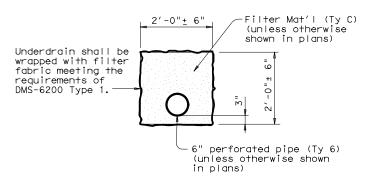


# 1) Minimum embedment conforming to values given on the RW(MSE)DD standard.

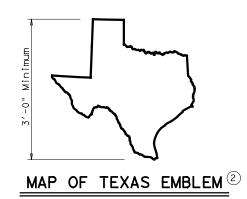
2 Map of Texas emblem shall be formed into a wall panel next to each bridge abutment. The exact location of each emblem shall be approved by the Engineer. The cost of forming the emblems will not be paid for directly, but shall be incidental to the Item "Retaining Wall". The map of Texas shall be inset a minimum of 3/4" into the face of the panel, and shall receive a smooth finish. The inset area shall be finished in a contrasting color as approved by the Engineer.

# SPECIAL DRAINAGE PROVISIONS

(When cement stabilized backfill is used)



UNDERDRAIN DETAIL



SHEET 1 OF 2

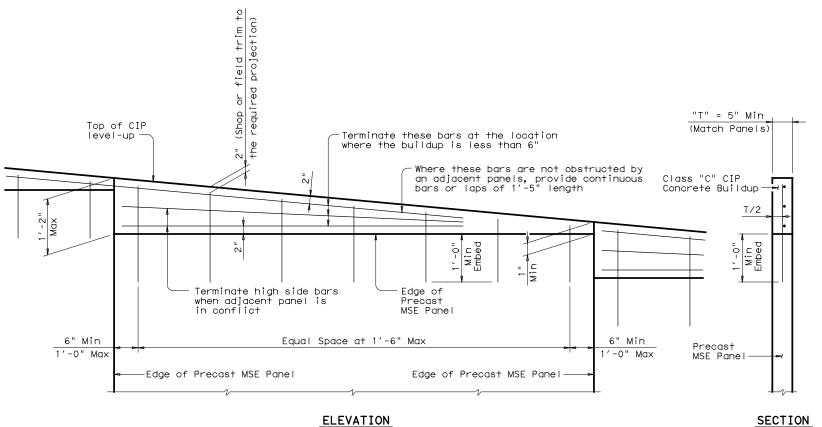


Bridge Division Standard

MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALL

RW(MSE)

		'	,	- /		
LE: rwstde01.dgn	DN: TXE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JGD	ck: MJG
TxDOT March 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS 04-11: Added Table & Corrosion	0513	01	017		SI	H236
Criteria.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
01-13: Wall embed, (WS) table, retained fill, soil strength.	WACO		CORYE	LL		75



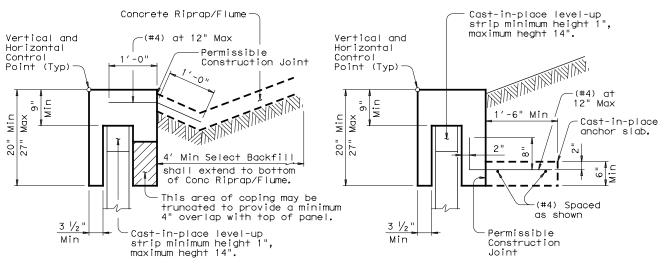
LEVEL UP DETAIL<sup>5</sup>

- Precast coping shall be anchored to prevent rotation or displacement. Use these details to develop custom anchorage for precast copings. Details shall include coping reinforcement. Concrete flume (if required) shall be paid for separately from Item 423.
- 4) Soil design parameter must be based on long term soil strength. Design parameters must be listed on the RW(MSE)DD standard.

**ELEVATION** 

(5) Cast vertical bars into the top of panels. At contractor's option vertical bars may be embedded 4" with a Type III Clac C epoxy anchorage system. Follow manufacturer's directions for installing the epoxied vertical bars.

١.										
'	SELECT BACKFILL UNIT WEIGHT									
	1300	Unit	Weight	Inernal	Stability	-	External Stab	ility		
	AS, BS &	105	PCF	Pu	llout	Sliding,	Overturning,	Eccentricity		
	DS	125	PCF	Rup	oture		Bearing			



ADJACENT TO CONCRETE

ADJACENT TO SOIL

COPING ANCHORAGE DETAILS WITHOUT TRAFFIC RAILING

DESIGN PARAMETERS:
Design of retaining walls shall be based on the following design parameters unless stated elsewhere in the

Retained Soil	Unit Weight = 125 pcf Ø = 4 C = 0 psf
Foundation Soil	Ø = (4) C = 0 psf
Select Backfill	Unit Weight = See Table 6 Ø = 34 C = 0 psf
Cement Stabilized Select Backfill	Unit Weight = 125 pcf Ø = 45 C = 0 psf

Stress in steel and concrete shall be in accordance with current AASHTO Standard and Interim Specifications. The minimum length of earth reinforcements are as shown on the RW(MSE)DD standard.

#### STABILITY CRITERIA:

Stability criteria applies to both dry and drawdown analysis.
Factor of safety in sliding along the base of the structure shall be greater than or equal to 1.5.
Factor of safety in overturning shall be greater than or equal to 2.0.

The base pressure resultant shall fall within the middle third of the retaining wall.

The factor of safety against pullout of the earth reinforcements shall be greater than or equal to 1.5 at each level. Pullout resistance shall be determined from test data evaluated at  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch strain.

#### CORROSION CRITERIA:

The earth reinforcement elements shall be designed to have a minimum design life of 75 years, using current AASHTO corrosion rates.

Stress calculations (rupture) shall be done on the calculated earth reinforcement section remaining after 75 years. Pullout calculations may be based on non-corroded section.

#### PRECAST COPINGS:

Wall supplier is to maximize lengths of precast coping. Precast coping is to be provided in 10' minimum lengths (typical). To optimize coping lengths at radiuses, end of runs or other wall geometric conditions favorable to shorter coping sections, shorter lengths may be used pending approval by the Engineer. This applies only to coping without railing.

#### JOINT SEALER:

The joints between coping segments must be sealed in accordance with the DMS-6310 "Joint Sealant's and Fillers", joint sealing material, Class 4. The joint must be sealed 3" below and 6" above the adjoining pavement surface, or as directed by the Engineer. The purpose of the joint sealing is to contain surface drainage and prevent infiltration into the retaining wall backfill.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Section and elevation shown is for informational purposes only. Specific geometry is to be determined based on wall layouts and other plan information.

The select backfill specified for use within the mechanically stabilized earth volume shall extend

horizontally from the back of the panels to a minimum 2' beyond the end of the earth reinforcements. The select backfill shall extend vertically from the top of the leveling pad or 4" below the lowest earth reinforcement, whichever is lower, to the top of panels.

The uppermost earth reinforcements shall be no more than 3.0' below the top of wall.

The lowest level of earth reinforcements shall be no more than 2.0' above the top of the leveling pad.

Minimum wire size for earth reinforcements shall be W7.0. If different longitudinal and cross wires are used in an earth reinforcement mesh, the smaller wire shall have at least 50% of the cross sectional area of the

A maximum of four wire mesh configurations (wire sizes) will be allowed on a project. Each mesh configuration shall have a unique transverse bar spacing, differing from other configurations by a minimum of 3". Earth reinforcement lengths shall be stepped in increments no finer than 12".

Standard precast concrete panels shall have a maximum height of 6', and a maximum surface area of 50 sq ft. Top and bottom panels may exceed these limitations as necessary to achieve required wall grades. Maximum height of any panel shall be 7'-6". Minimum panel thickness shall be 5". Panels shall be arranged to provide offset horizontal joints.

An open joint shall be provided around the perimeter of the concrete panels. The joint configuration shall be such that 1) the filter fabric and/or pad materials are not exposed at the wall face and 2) the design opening is between  $\frac{3}{4}$ " and  $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

A one-piece corner panel shall be provided for wall angle changes of greater than 30 degrees. Butting of chamfered panels will be allowed for angle changes of 30 degrees or less.

Concrete coping shall be provided along the top of wall, at the vertical steps at bridge backwalls, and at

other vertical steps along the top of wall. The joints between all coping segments shall be sealed to prevent infiltration of water into the retaining wall backfill. Sealing shall be in accordance with the DMS-6310

"Joint Sealants and Fillers", using Class 4 joint sealant.

When obstructions (inlets, drilled shafts, piling, etc.) prevent placement of soil reinforcements in their normal locations, provide details and calculations that establish support for the affected panels. Furnish the same earth reinforcement coverage as that required in the absence of the obstruction. For skewed (rotated) earth reinforcements no adjustment in length is needed for skew angles between 1 and 10 degrees. For skew angles greater than 10 degrees adjust the length of earth reinforcement to provide a cosine length of the reinforcement equivalent to the stated design length for the section of wall. Provide calculations that justify any alterations made to the soil reinforcements or modifications to their normal placement. Do not use panels without any soil reinforcements connected to them unless they are connected with galvanized hardware to adjacent panels which do have supporting Soil reinforcements attached

to them and as approved by the Engineer.
Reinforced concrete must be Class "C", Precast
concrete Class "H", Unreinforced concrete Class "A".

All reinforcing steel must be Grade 60. Coping and anchor slabs are considered subsidiary to the Item "Retaining Wall".

These details are to be used in conjunction with the retaining wall layout, standard RW(MSE)DD and other

applicable standards.

SHEET 2 OF 2



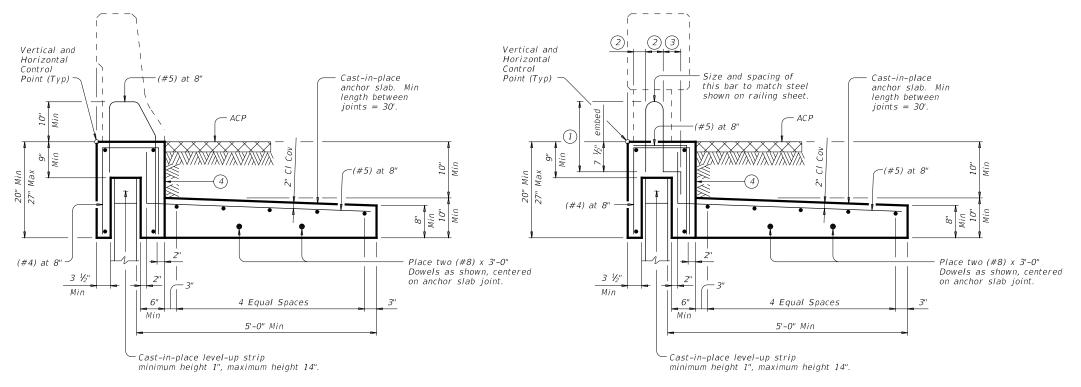
MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH

RETAINING WALL

RW(MSE)

FILE: rwstde01.dgn	DN: TXE	70T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JGD	ck: MJG
©TxD0T March 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 04-11: Added Table & Corrosion	0513	01	017			SH236
Criteria. 01-13: Wall embed, (WS) table.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
retained fill, soil strength.	WACO		CORYE	LL		76





# "WIDE BASED" ADJACENT TO ACP

(Showing T551 Rail, other rails listed similar)

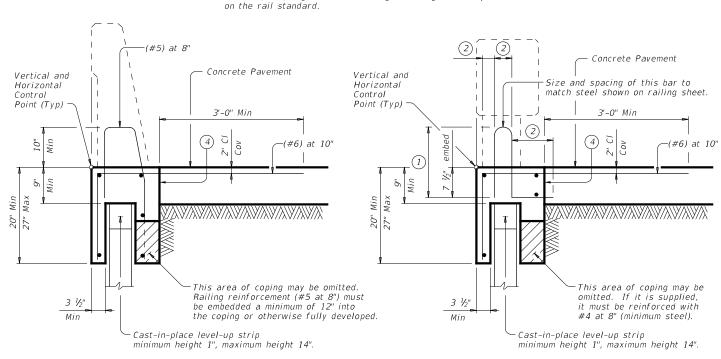
"WIDE BASED"

ADJACENT TO CONCRETE PAVEMENT

"NARROW BASED" ADJACENT TO ACP

(Showing T223 Rail, other rails listed similar)

- (1) Reinforcement length equal to length shown on the appropriate Rail standard plus 1"
- 2 Match dimension on the appropriate Rail standard.
- Match dimension on the appropriate Rail standard. Bend end of rail anchorage reinforcing as shown as required to maintain clear cover.
- (4) See "Coping Joint Sealer Details".
- (5) Use of these rails will result in a railing acceptable for MASH Test Level 3 (TL-3) regardless of the higher ratings that may be indicated



"NARROW BASED" ADJACENT TO CONCRETE PAVEMENT

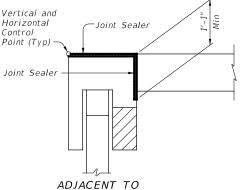
-Joint Sealer ADJACENT TO ACP Vertical and Horizontal -Joint Sealer Control Point (Typ)

-Joint Sealer

Vertical and

Horizontal

Control Point (Typ)



CONCRETE PAVEMENT

COPING JOINT SEALER DETAILS CAST-IN-PLACE COPINGS:

Provide compressible material to isolate precast panel from cast-in-place coping to prevent cracking. Attach compressible material to both sides of precast panel prior to casting concrete for coping.

When cast-in-place coping is anchored to reinforced concrete pavement, a

Type (5)

T1F/T1W/C1W/T2P/C2P

T221/C221/T222

T401/T402/C402

T223/C223

T411/C411

T551/T552

T66

SSTR

smooth level-up strip must be provided on the top of the precast panels. The purpose of the level-up is to allow the pavement and coping to move longitudinally relative to the wall without causing damage.

Detail

NARROW

NARROW

NARROW

NARROW

NARROW

NARROW

WIDE

WIDE

Precasting

.oping Allowed

YES

NO

NO

MO

YES

NO

YES

Align coping and railing joints with precast panel joints. Optional rail joints are allowed as approved by Engineer. Provide railing construction joints or expansion joints at no greater than 100' spacing.

#### PRECAST COPINGS:

Provide a smooth level-up strip on top of the precast panels prior to installation of the coping. Shims may be used on top of the level-up strip to facilitate alignment. Total shim thickness not to exceed 1". Provide precast coping in 10' minimum lengths.

# JOINTED CONCRETE PAVEMENT:

When coping is adjacent to and anchored into jointed concrete pavement, the coping joints must coincide with the pavement joints.

#### JOINT SEALER:

Seal joints between coping segments in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints". Provide Class 4 joint seal. Place sealant flush with coping surface. The purpose of the joint sealing is to reduce surface drainage infiltration into the retaining wall backfill. Sealing coping joint is considered subsidiary to other items.

GENERAL NOTES:
Details on this sheet are to be used in development of specific details for mounting traffic railing on mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls.

The specific details proposed must have strengths equivalent to those shown on this sheet. Areas of particular importance are the connection of the coping to the railing, the strength of the vertical coping leg connecting the railing to the anchor slab, and the connection of the coping to the anchor slab or concrete pavement.

Submit shop drawings for the traffic railing foundations to the Engineer in accordance with Item 423 "Retaining Wall". The shop drawings must include bar bending details

Precasting of railing with the coping will be allowed as noted in the table on this sheet.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that various configurations of precast coping/railing combinations are covered by patent. The contractor must provide for use of these systems in accordance with Article 7.3.

Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide (#4) longitudinal bars, unless otherwise shown.

Coping and anchor slabs are considered subsidiary to Item 423 "Retaining Wall". Payment for traffic railing is per the linear foot for the appropriate

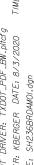


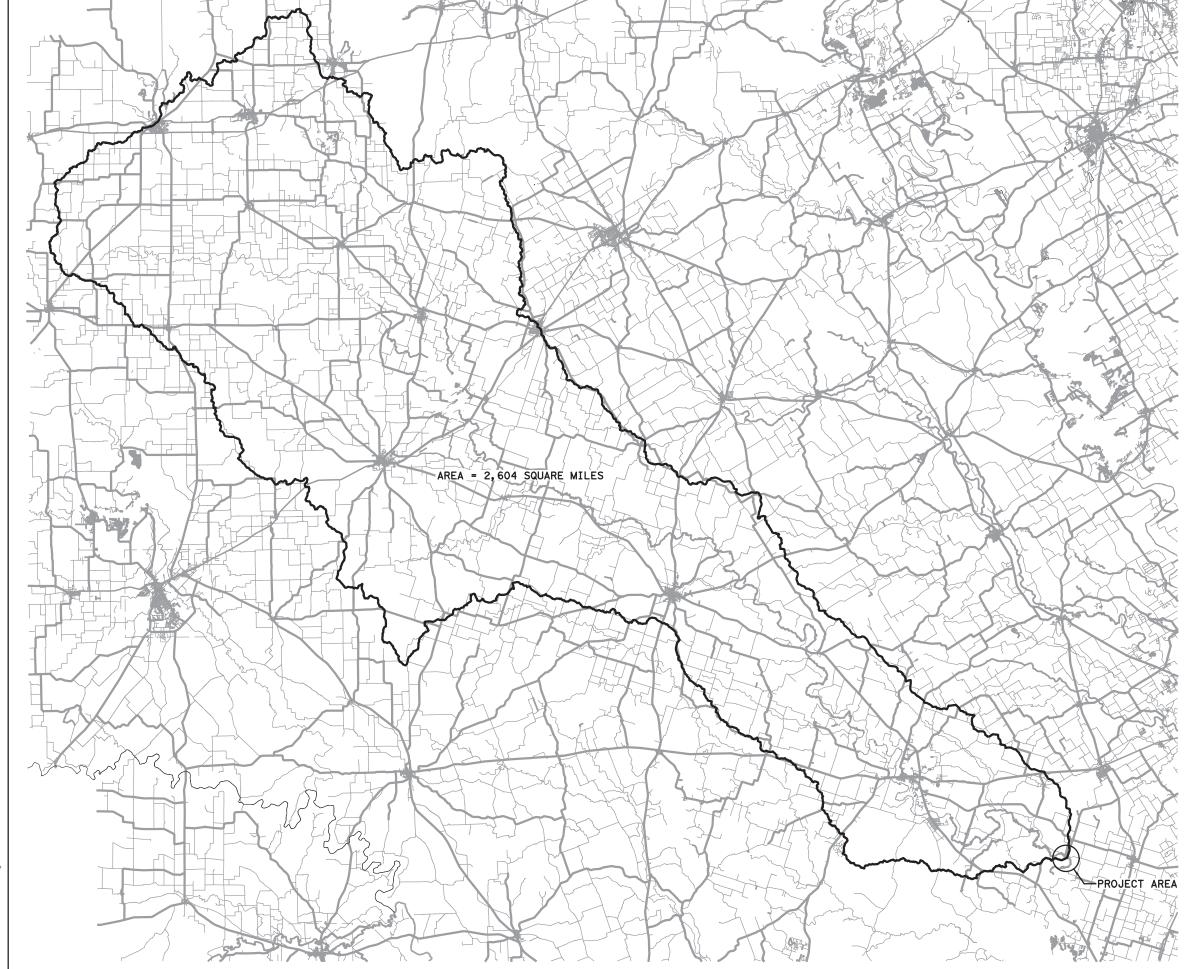
Bridge Division Standard

RETAINING WALL TRAFFIC RAILING **FOUNDATIONS** 

RW(TRF)

rwstde03-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	JTR	ск: МРМ
◯TxD0T March 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 01-13: Precast option with Rails.	0513	01	017			SH236
03-18: Cast-In-Place Copings, railing construction and expansion joints.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
02-20: Note 5 added for precast rail option.	WACO		CORYE	LL		77





PEAK FLOW SUMMARY

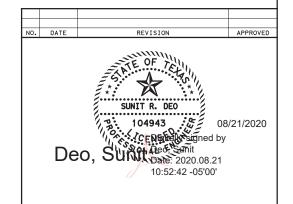
T ETTI T E OTT OOM	*10 31 3 1
DESIGN STORM FLOOD FREQUENCY EVENT	PEAK FLOW (CFS)
10-YR	25,800
25-YR	44,700
50-YR	65,400
100-YR	93,500

#### NOTES:

NOTES:
USGS STREAM GAGE STATION 08100500 (LEON RIVER AT GATESVILLE, TX) IS LOCATED ABOUT 20 MILES UPSTREAM OF THE BRIDGE WITH A LISTED TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF 2,342 SQUARE MILES. THE DRAINAGE AREA BETWEEN THE GATESVILLE GAGE AND THE BRIDGE WAS ESTIMATED TO BE 262 SQUARE MILES USING USGS CATCHMENTS BASED ON HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODES (HUCS) AND 5-FT CONTOURS FROM USGS TOPOGRAPHY. THIS INTERVENING DRAINAGE AREA WAS ADDED TO THE GATESVILLE GAGE AREA TO ESTIMATE THE TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA AT THE BRIDGE, WHICH IS 2,604 SQUARE MILES.

THE GATESVILLE GAGE HAS 107 YEARS OF ANNUAL MAXIMUM FLOW DATA AVAILABLE AND WAS USED TO CALCULATE DESIGN FLOWS AT THE SH 236 BRIDGE. U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEER'S "HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER-STATISTICAL SOFTWARE PACKAGE" (HEC-SSP V2.1) WAS USED FOR THE ANALYSIS WHICH INCLUDES LOG-PEARSON TYPE III PROCEDURES REFERENCED IN BULLETIN 17B.

DESIGN STORM PEAK DISCHARGES WERE ESTIMATED AT THE GATESVILLE GAGE AND TRANSPOSED TO THE PROJECT SITE.



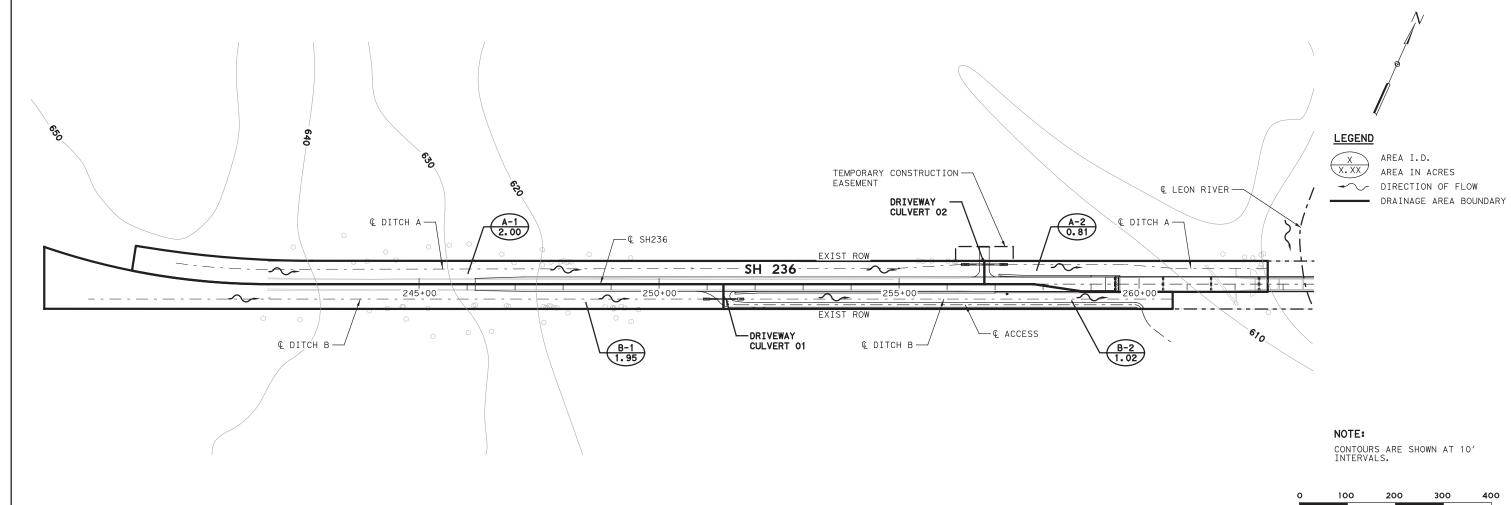


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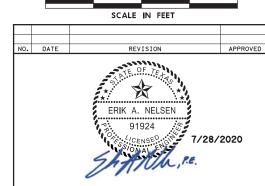
# **OVERALL** DRAINAGE AREA MAP SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

SCALE: 1"=	50000′	SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	78
0513	01	017	



						RUNOF	F SUMMARY FOR D	RAINAGE AREA	S SMALLE	R THAN	200 ACRES US	SING THE RA	TIONAL METH	HOD			
DRAINA	SE AREA			SUBARE	AS (AC)			COMPOSITE	TOTAL	TOTAL	INTENSITY	DISCHARGE	INTENSITY	DISCHARGE	INTENSITY	DISCHARGE	COMMENTS
NO.	ACRES		SUBAF	REA 1		SUBARI	EA 2	C VALUE	CA	Tc	I(5)	Q(5)	I(10)	Q(10)	I(100)	Q(100)	(COMBINED DRAINAGE AREAS.
		AREA	С	LAND USE	AREA	С	LAND USE										ETC.)
		(AC)			(AC)					(MIN)	(IN/HR)	(CFS)	(IN/HR)	(CFS)	(IN/HR)	(CFS)	LIC. /
A – 1	2.00	0.61	0.90	IMP	1.40	0.20	PARK	0.41	0.83	10.00	6.90	5.7	7.87	6.51	11.66	9.65	DITCH A TO LEON RIVER
A-2	0.81	0.35	0.90	IMP	0.46	0.20	PARK	0.51	0.41	10.00	6.90	2.83	7.87	3.23	11.66	4.79	DITCH A TO LEON RIVER
B-1	1.95	0.53	0.90	IMP	1.41	0.20	PARK	0.39	0.76	10.00	6.90	5.25	7.87	6	11.66	8.88	DITCH B TO LEON RIVER
B-2	1.02	0.49	0.90	IMP	0.53	0.20	PARK	0.54	0.55	10.00	6.90	3.8	7.87	4.33	11.66	6.42	DITCH B TO LEON RIVER

Conveyance																														
Link	Node	1.D.	Inver	t Elev	Soffi	t Elev	Link	No. of	Span	Rise/	Link	Shape	Hyd	Slope	Manning's	н. (	G. L.	E. 0	G. L.	Unif	Unif	Cri+	Cri+	Cri+	Frict	Actual	Actual	Total	Link	Junctn
I.D.	US	DS	US	DS	US	DS	Туре	Barrels		Dia	Mtrl		Length		"n"	US Elev	DS Elev	US Elev	DS Elev	Depth	Vel	Depth	Vel	Slope	Slope	Depth	Vel	Q	Capacity	Loss
			(f+)	(f+)	(f+)	(f+)			(f+)	(f+)			(f+)	(%)		(f+)	(f+)	(f+)	(f+)	(f+)	(ft/s)	(f+)	(ft/s)	(%)	(%)	(f+)	(ft/s)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(f+)
DITCH A-1	A-1	A-1A	612.86	611.69	614.86	613.69	Ditch	n/a	16	2	n/a	n/a	130.25	0.90	0.012	613.19	611.86	613.30	612.05	0.17	3.51	0.22	2.62	0.35	0.90	0.17	3.49	9.95	730.62	0.11
DITCH A-2	A-2	A-2A	610.00	607.88	612.00	609.88	Ditch	n/a	16	2	n/a	n/a	245.00	0.87	0.013	610.36	608.09	610.49	608.31	0.21	3.73	0.27	2.92	0.39	0.87	0.21	3.73	13.2	582.70	0.09
DITCH B-1	B-1	B-1A	615.47	613.52	617.47	615.52	Ditch	n/a	16	2	n/a	n/a	487.00	0.40	0.013	615.79	614.87	615.89	615.27	0.22	2.56	0.22	2.58	0.42	0.41	1.35	0.33	9.46	450.11	0.10
DITCH B-2	B-2	B-2-OUT	613.36	610.00	615.36	612.00	Ditch	n/a	16	2	n/a	n/a	896.00	0.38	0.013	613.69	610.30	613.82	610.43	0.30	2.97	0.30	2.98	0.38	0.38	0.30	2,98	15.2	435, 82	0.03



RIG TRA

RODRIGUEZ
TRANSPORTATION
GROUP
FIRM #587

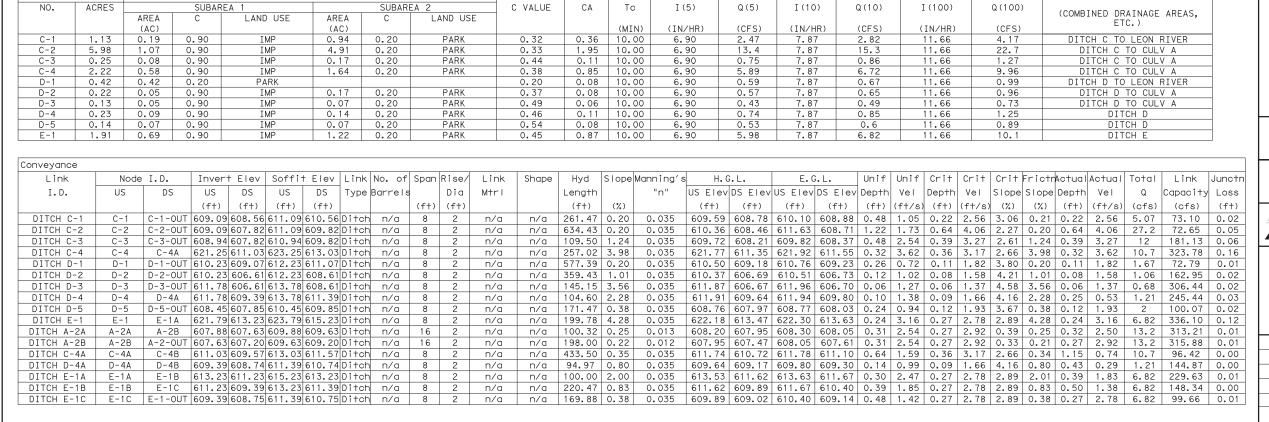
HDR ENGINEERING, INC.
Firm Registration No. F-754
710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150
ROUND ROSE TO ROSE

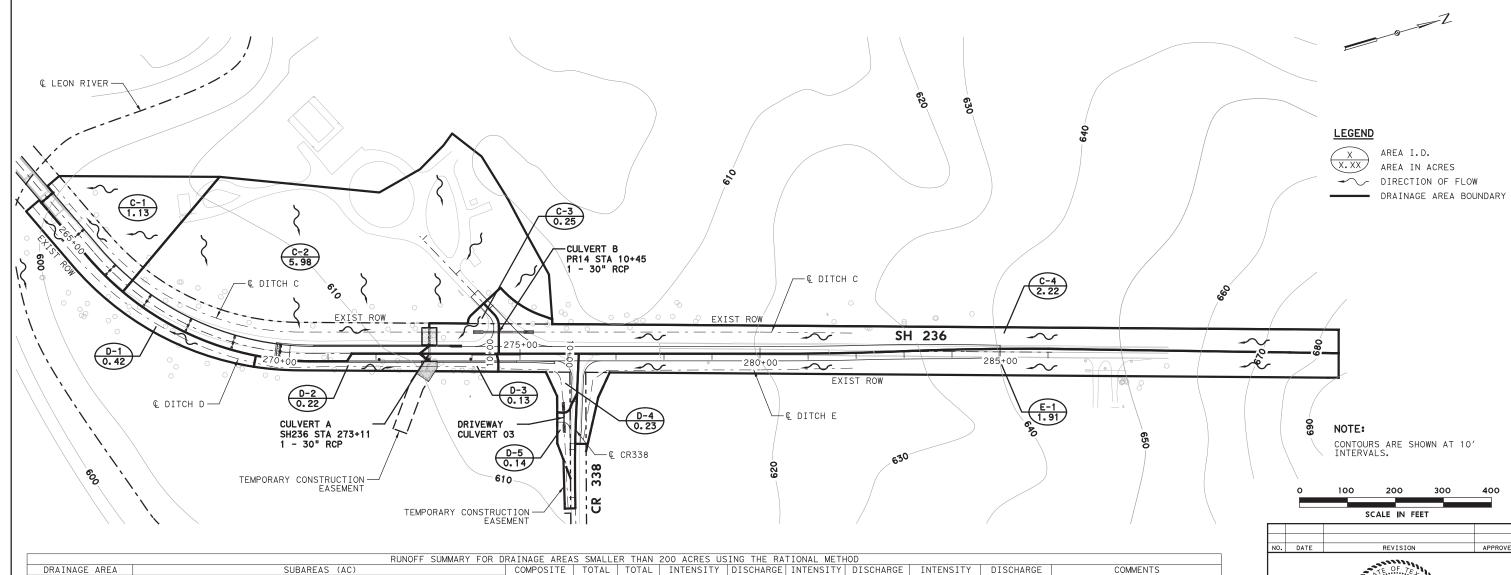
Texas Department of Transportation

# DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	79
0513	01	017	







RIG

RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION GROUP

FJS

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# DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	2 VF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	80
0513	01	017	

# 610.5 € .⊵ 610.0-609.5 609.5

35

Total Discharge (cfs)

40

45

50

**Total Rating Curve** Crossing: EXIST CULVERT A

# Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: CULVERT A

	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
	20.04	20.04	608.41	2.215	2.311	2-M2c	2.500	1.519	1.519	1.027	6.418	2.415
ΙΓ	21.43	21.43	608.51	2.306	2.409	2-M2c	2.500	1.573	1.573	1.063	6.587	2.462
	<b>*</b> 22.88	22.88	608.61	2.400	2.511	7-M2c	2.500	1.628	1.628	1.100	6.762	2.507
	24.21	24.21	608.70	2.487	2.604	7-M2c	2.500	1.676	1.676	1.132	6.922	2.547
	25.60	25.60	608.80	2.580	2.701	7-M2c	2.500	1.724	1.724	1.165	7.089	2.587
	26.98	26.98	608.90	2.674	2.798	7-M2c	2.500	1.771	1.771	1.197	7.258	2.625
	28.37	28.37	609.00	2.770	2.896	7-M2c	2.500	1.816	1.816	1.228	7.428	2.662
	29.76	29.76	609.10	2.869	2.996	7-M2c	2.500	1.860	1.860	1.258	7.601	2.698
	31.15	31.15	609.20	2.970	3.097	7-M2c	2.500	1.902	1.902	1.287	7.776	2.732
	32.54	32.54	609.30	3.075	3.200	7-M2c	2.500	1.942	1.942	1.316	7.954	2.765
' [·	**33.93	33.93	609.41	3.182	3.306	7-M2c	2.500	1.980	1.980	1.344	8.136	2.796

#### Site Data - CULVERT A

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 606.10 ft Outlet Station: 41.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 606.03 ft Number of Barrels: 1

# Culvert Data Summary - CULVERT A

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.50 ft Barrel Material Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Beveled Edge (1.5:1) Inlet Depression: None

#### Tailwater Channel Data - EXIST CULVERT A

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 5.00 ft Side Slope (H:V): 3.00 (:1) Channel Slope: 0.0050 Channel Manning's n: 0.0350 Channel Invert Elevation: 606.03 ft

# Roadway Data for Crossing: EXIST CULVERT A

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft Crest Elevation: 610.76 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 24.00 ft

# Straight Culvert

Inlet Elevation (invert): 606.10 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 606.03 ft

Culvert Length: 41.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0017 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# EXIST CULVERT

PROP CULVERT

# \* Straight Culvert

Inlet Elevation (invert): 607.50 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 607.16 ft

Culvert Length: 34.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0100 \*

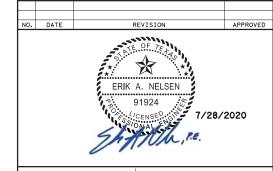
Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: PROP CULVERTA

		•	•		
Head	lwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	CULVERT A Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
	609.70	20.04	20.04	0.00	1
	609.80	21.43	21.43	0.00	1
**	609.89	22.88	22.88	0.00	1
	609.98	24.21	24.21	0.00	1
	610.07	25.60	25.60	0.00	1
	610.16	26.98	26.98	0.00	1
	610.26	28.37	28.37	0.00	1
	610.36	29.76	29.76	0.00	1
	610.46	31.15	31.15	0.00	1
	610.56	32.54	32.54	0.00	1
***	610.67	33.93	33.93	0.00	1
	618.64	90.19	90.19	0.00	Overtopping

# Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: CULVERT A

D	Total ischarge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
	20.04	20.04	609.70	2.204	1.559	1-S2n	1.176	1.519	1.264	1.027	8.050	2.415
	21.43	21.43	609.80	2.295	1.667	1-S2n	1.222	1.573	1.315	1.063	8.190	2.462
**	22.88	22.88	609.89	2.390	1.782	1-S2n	1.270	1.628	1.367	1.100	8.332	2.507
	24.21	24.21	609.98	2.477	1.889	1-S2n	1.314	1.676	1.414	1.132	8.458	2.547
	25.60	25.60	610.07	2.569	2.003	5-S2n	1.359	1.724	1.462	1.165	8.586	2.587
	26.98	26.98	610.16	2.663	2.119	5-S2n	1.404	1.771	1.509	1.197	8.712	2.625
	28.37	28.37	610.26	2.760	2.237	5-S2n	1.450	1.816	1.556	1.228	8.835	2.662
	29.76	29.76	610.36	2.858	2.356	5-S2n	1.495	1.860	1.602	1.258	8.955	2.698
	31.15	31.15	610.46	2.960	2.777	5-S2n	1.541	1.902	1.648	1.287	9.075	2.732
	32.54	32.54	610.56	3.064	2.881	5-S2n	1.587	1.942	1.694	1.316	9.193	2.765
**	<b>*33.93</b>	33.93	610.67	3.172	2.988	5-S2n	1.634	1.980	1.739	1.344	9.309	2.796

# \*\* 10% AEP DESIGN STORM FREQ \*\*\*1% AEP STORM FREQ



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# Texas Department of Transportation

# HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET CULVERT A SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1						
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.							
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.						
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL							
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	81						
0513	01	017							

#### Site Data - CULVERT A

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 607.50 ft Outlet Station: 34.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 607.16 ft Number of Barrels: 1

## Culvert Data Summary - CULVERT A

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.50 ft Barrel Material: Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Configuration: Beveled Edge (1.5:1)

Inlet Depression: None

Tailwater Channel Data - PROP CULVERT A Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

> Bottom Width: 5.00 ft Side Slope (H:V): 3.00 (\_:1) Channel Slope: 0.0050 Channel Manning's n: 0.0350 Channel Invert Elevation: 606.00 ft

#### Roadway Data for Crossing: PROP CULVERT A

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft Crest Elevation: 618.64 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 32.00 ft

₽ 609.0-608.5

Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: PROP CULVERTB

Head	dwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	STA 10+45 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
	610.62	5.89	5.89	0.00	1
	610.66	6.30	6.30	0.00	1
	610.70	6.70	6.70	0.00	1
**	610.71	6.72	6.72	0.00	1
	610.79	7.52	7.52	0.00	1
	610.83	7.93	7.93	0.00	1
	610.87	8.33	8.33	0.00	1
	610.90	8.74	8.74	0.00	1
	610.94	9.15	9.15	0.00	1
	610.98	9.55	9.55	0.00	1
***	611.01	9.96	9.96	0.00	1
	618.64	60.70	60.70	0.00	Overtopping



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: STA 10+45

Control

Depth (ft)

1.151

1.193

1.235

1.236

1.318

1.358

1.397

1.435

1.472

1.509

1.544

Outlet

Control

Depth (ft)

0.001

0.449

0.482

0.483

0.554

0.590

0.625

0.657

0.693

0.729

0.765

Nomal

Depth (ft)

0.716

0.740

0.765

0.766

0.812

0.836

0.858

0.880

0.902

0.923

0.944

Type

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

1-S2n

Critical

Depth (ft)

0.800

0.828

0.852

0.853

0.907

0.933

0.958

0.979

1.004

1.028

1.052

Outlet

Depth (ft)

0.736

0.762

0.788

0.789

0.837

0.860

0.883

0.880

0.927

0.950

0.944

Tailwater

Depth (ft)

0.531

0.551

0.571

0.571

0.608

0.626

0.643

0.660

0.677

0.693

0.709

Headwater

Elevation

(ft)

610.62

610.66

610.70

610.71

610.79

610.83

610.87

610.90

610.94

610.98

611.01

Culvert

Discharge

(cfs)

5.89

6.30

6.70

6.72

7.52

7.93

8.33

8.74

9.15

9.55

9.96

Discharge

(cfs)

5.89

6.30

6.70

7.52

7.93

8.33

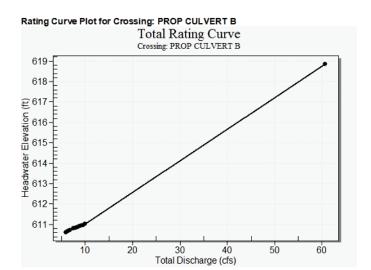
8.74

9.15

9.55

\*\*\*9.96

**\*\*** 6.72



#### Site Data - STA 10+45

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Flevation: 609 47 ft Outlet Station: 89.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 609.03 ft Number of Barrels: 1

## Culvert Data Summary - STA 10+45

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.50 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Mitered to Conform to Slope Inlet Depression: None

# Tailwater Channel Data - PROP CULVERT B

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 5.00 ft Side Slope (H:V): 3.00 (\_:1) Channel Slope: 0.0050 Channel Manning's n: 0.0350 Channel Invert Elevation: 608.94 ft

#### Roadway Data for Crossing: PROP CULVERT B

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft Crest Elevation: 618.64 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 32.00 ft

Outlet

Velocity

4.715

4.797

4.877

4.881

5.038

5.121

5.193

5.475

5.335

5.392

5.672

Tailwater

Velocity

(ft/s)

1.681

1.717

1.750

1.751

1.812

1.842

1.870

1.897

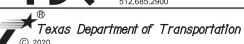
1.923

1.948

1.973

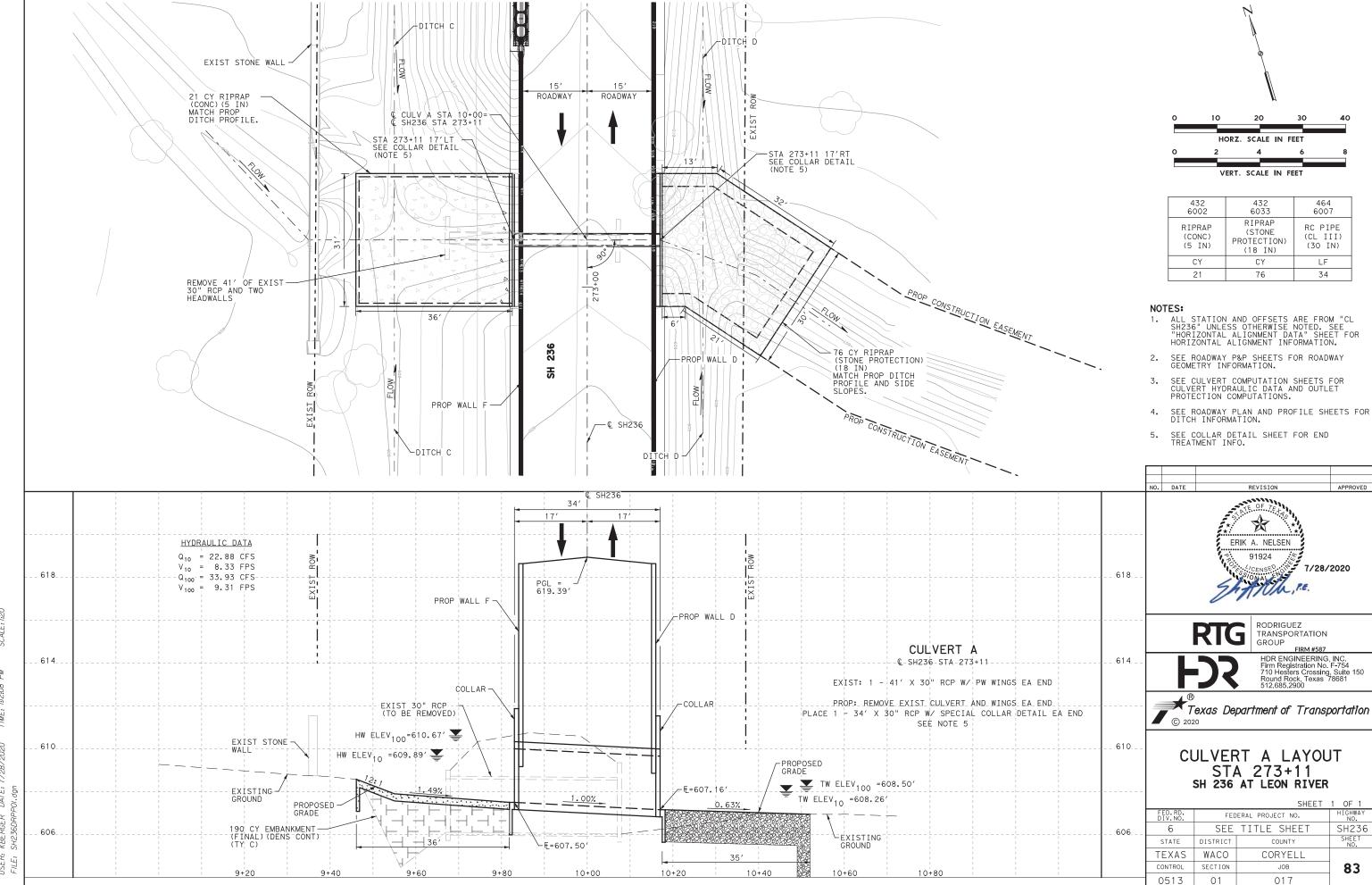


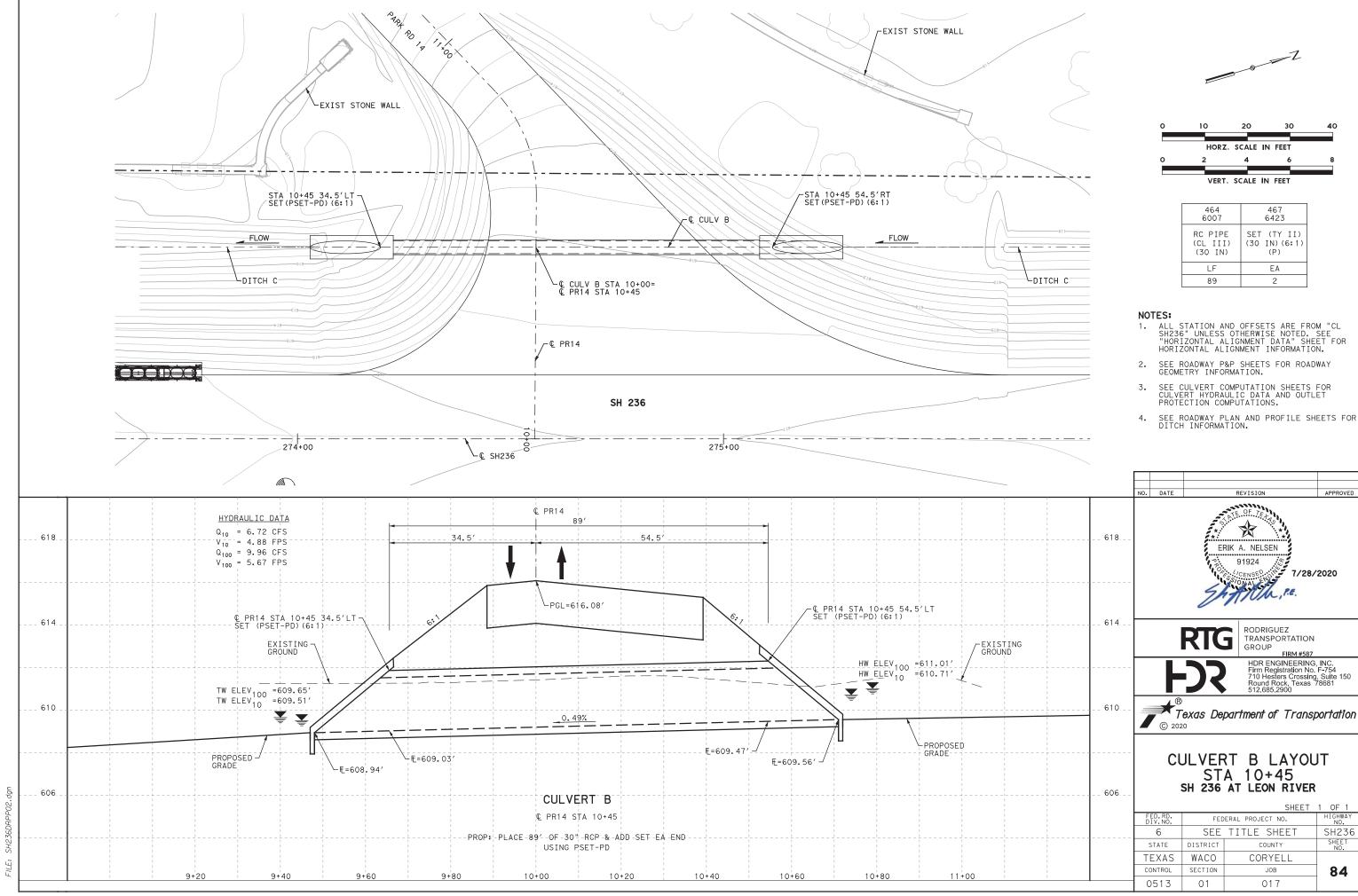
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET CULVERT B SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1						
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.							
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.						
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL							
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	82						
0513	01	017							

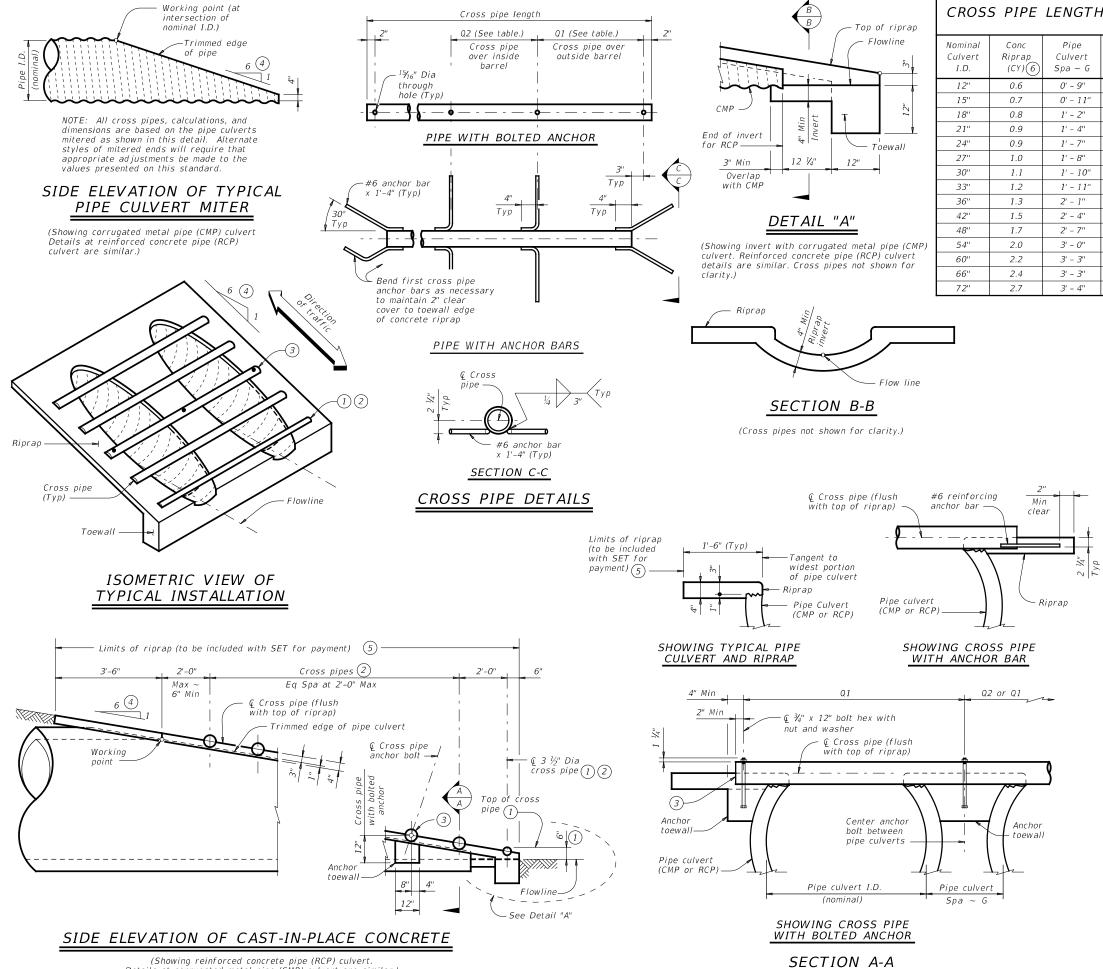




pirorg FENI ABLE: 1004-011 4.: IVI 2020 TIME: 1:12:10 PM SCALE: 1:20

SER: KBERGER DATE: 7/28/2020 ILE: SH236DRPP02.dgn





Details at corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar.)

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9''	N/A	2' - 1''	1' - 9''		
15"	0.7	0' - 11''	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10''	2' - 8''	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std (3.500" 0.D.)
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.300 0.2.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6''	3' - 7''		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10''	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" 0.D.)
33"	1.2	1' - 11''	4' - 2"	4' - 5''	4' - 8''	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.D.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9''	5' - 1"	All pipe sulverts	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11''	5' - 5"	5' - 10''	All pipe culverts	(4.500" 0.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0''	6' - 7"		
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11''	6' - 9''	7' - 6"		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5''	7' - 4''	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std (5.563" 0.D.)
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11''	7' - 10''	8' - 9''		(3.303 0.5.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5''	8' - 5''	9' - 4''		

- (1) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- (4) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- (6) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



# SAFETY END TREATMENT

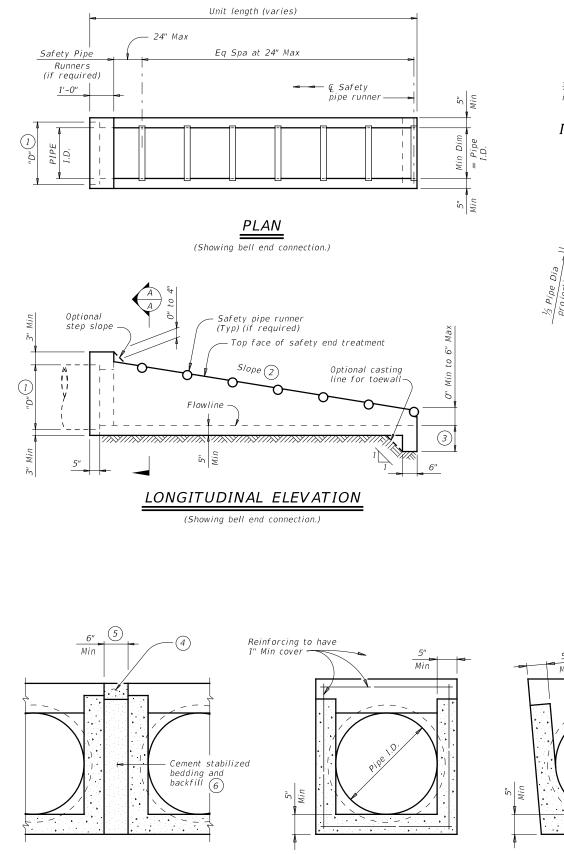
FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

# SETP-PD

E:	setppdse-20.dgn	DN: GAF		CK: CAT DW:		JRP	CK: GAF	ı
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		l
	REVISIONS		01	017		S	H236	l
				COUNTY			SHEET NO.	l
		WACO		CORYE	LL		85	1

MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

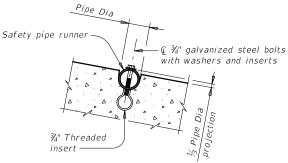




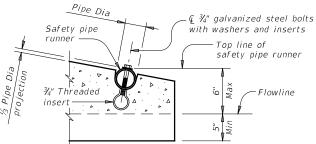
OPTION WITH

SQUARE BOTTOM

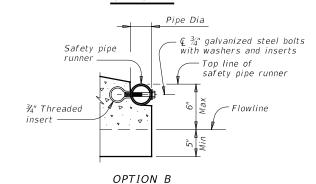
SECTION A-A



# INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS



#### OPTION A

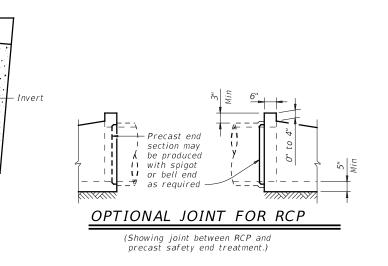


# END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

OPTION WITH

INVERT BOTTOM



## REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Pipe	RCP Wall	TP Wall		Min Pipe Runners Required Pipe Runn Required				ner Size		
I.D.	Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	0.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8''	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11''	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	N/A	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- $^{igg(2igg)}$  Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{igotimes_5}$  Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 6 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12 or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3.600 psi).

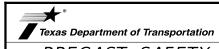
At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension

cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See PBGC standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.

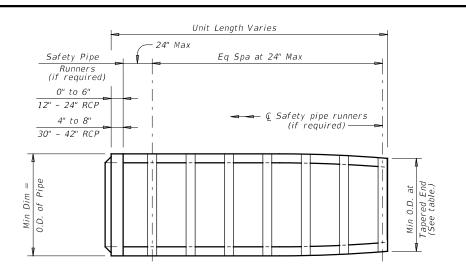


Bridge Division Standard

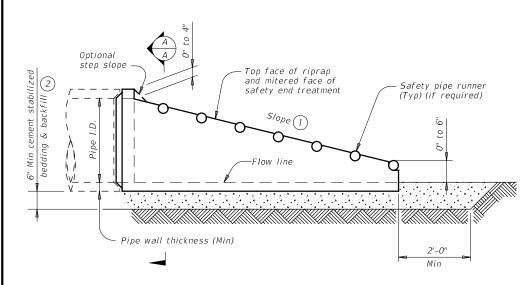
PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-SP

LE:	psetspss-20.dgn	DN: RLV	V	CK:	KLR	DW:	JTR	CK:	GAF
T x DOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGHW,	4Y
	REVISIONS	0513	01		017		Ç	SH23	6
		DIST			COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
		WACO		C	ORYFI			۶	36

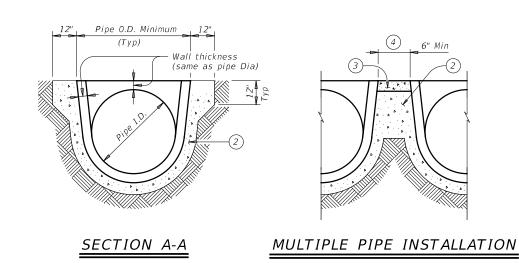


# PLAN VIEW - 12" THRU 24"



# LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

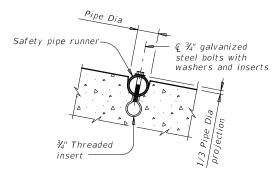
(Showing spigot end connection.,



(1) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.

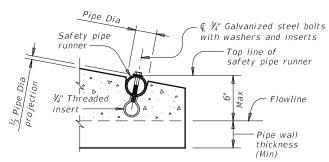
Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer

- 3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- (4) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (5) Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

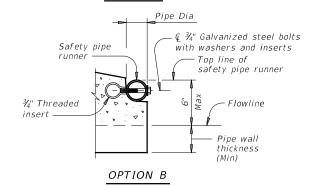


# INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



#### OPTION A



# END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

# REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

			Min O.D.	Min Reinf Requirements		Min		Runner ements	Required	Pipe Runi	ner Sizes
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	0.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0''	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8''	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6''	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 1/2"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1''	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7''	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

MATERIAL NOTES:
Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End

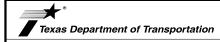
When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe. Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material. Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of

loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,

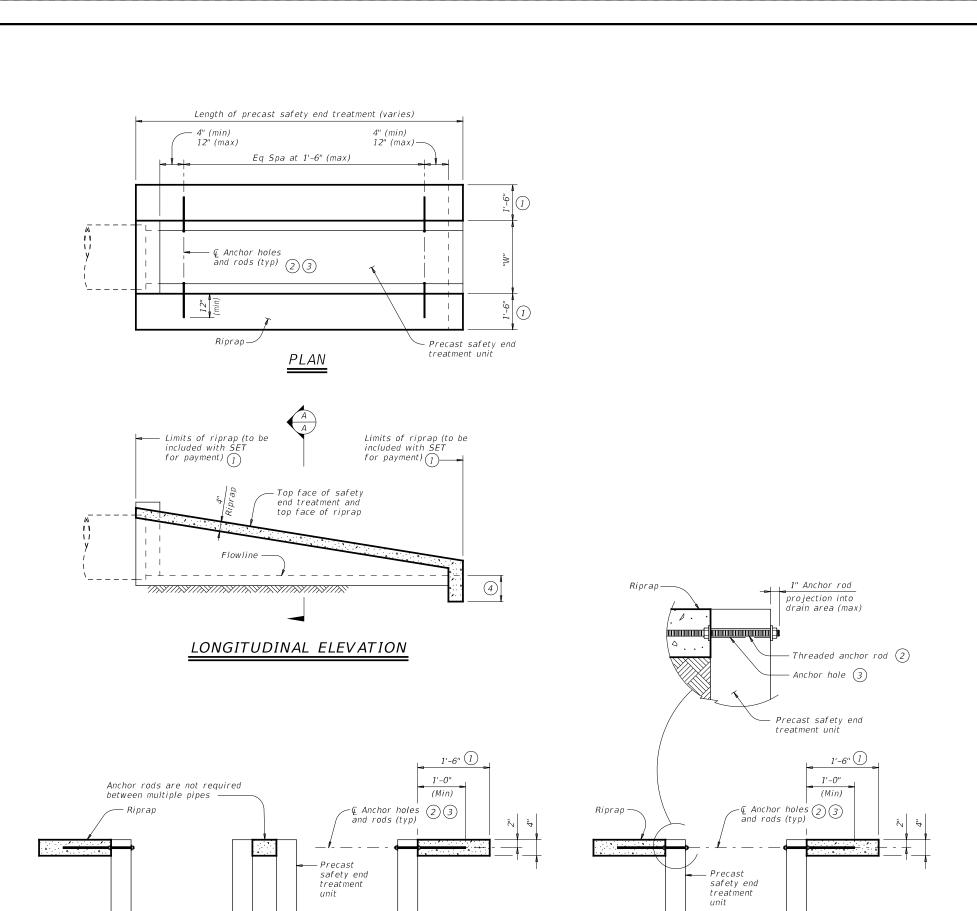


# PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-RP

E:	psetrpss-20.dgn	DN: RLV	V	CK:	KLR	DW:	JTR	CK:	GAF
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB		,	HIGHWA)	,
	REVISIONS	0513	01		017		S	H230	ŝ
		DIST			COUNTY			SHEE	T NO.
		WACO		C	ORYF			8	7

MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION



SECTION A-A

SINGLE PIPE INSTALLATION

# ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY)

Nominal	PSET-SC	and PSI	ET-SP St	andards	PSET-RC	and PSI	ET-RP St	andards
Culvert			Side Slope	9			Side Slope	9
(Pipe) I.D.	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1'-0" minimum.
- 2) 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{4}$  Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

## GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II

end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583–6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end

These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.



PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II RIPRAP DETAILS

PSET-RR

FILE:	psetrrse-20.dgn	DN: GAF		ck: TxD0T	DW:	JRP	CK: GAF	
©T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	J0B		HI	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		WACO		CORYFI			88	

HYDRAULIC CROSS SECTION SCHEMATIC

HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS RESULTS SUMMARY

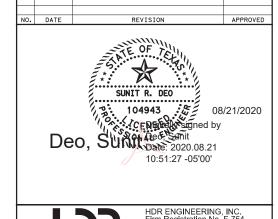
	0			PROPOSED	STRUCTURE					EXISTING	STRUCTURE		l
RIVER	CHANNEL REACH		10-YEAR			100-YEAR			10-YEAR			100-YEAR	
STATION (FT)	LENGTH (FT)	Q (CFS)	V-CHNL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	Q (CFS)	V-CHNL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	Q (CFS)	V-CHNL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	Q (CFS)	V-CHNL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)
2683	455	25,800	4.2	616.40	93,500	2.4	633.32	25,800	4.3	616.30	93,500	2.4	633.30
2228	341	25,800	4.8	616.07	93,500	2.4	633.30	25,800	3.7	615.93	93,500	2.1	633.28
1887	78	25,800	8.6	614.80	93,500	2.8	633.28	25,800	5.1	615.39	93,500	2.4	633.26
1838							BRIDGE						
1809	860	25,800	9.3	614.23	93,500	2.2	633.26	25,800	7.1	614.23	93,500	2.2	633.26
949	949	25,800	7.5	613.27	93,500	1.9	633.23	25,800	7.5	613.27	93,500	1.9	633.23
0	0	25 800	6.6	612 20	93 500	2 3	633 20	25 800	6.6	612 20	93 500	2 3	633 20

# NOTES:

HEC-RAS VERSION 5.03 WAS USED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF THE BRIDGE. KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE USED AS DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS BASED ON LAKE BELTON LEVELS FOR CORRESPONDING STORM EVENTS FOR EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS.

PROJECT AREA IS MAPPED WITH FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) ZONE A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA) FOR LEON RIVER AS SHOWN ON FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) 48099CO 500F, EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 17, 2010.

THE PROPOSED BRIDGE LOW CHORD WILL BE ABOVE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION FOR 10-YEAR STORM EVENT. THE 100-YEAR WSEL INCREASE UPSTREAM OF SH 236 CAUSES NO ADVERSE IMPACT TO EXISTING HABITABLE STRUCTURES AND MEET CRITERIA FOR FEMA ZONE A SFHA.





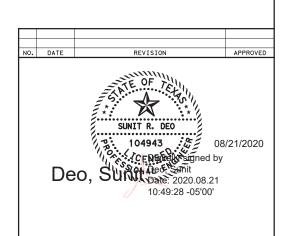
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

SCALE: 1"=	1000′	SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	89
0513	01	017	

1 EU DINVENS 1 ABOUT DI EBMEDINENY USER: KBERGER DATE: 8/3/2020 FILE: SH236BRHYDOL.dan





HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	2 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	90
0513	01	017	

# **DRILLING LOG**

Structure

Station

Offset

County Coryell

CSJ

WinCore

Version 3.1

Highway SH 236 at Leon River

0513-01-017

Bridge

262+22.61

4.64' Lt

District Date

Waco 9/17/2016 Grnd. Elev. 616.27 GW Elev. -20.00 ft

1 of 2

		L	Tawas Cana			ial Test		Prop	ertie		
Ę	lev. ft)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
4				ASPHALT, 3 inches CONCRETE, 8 inches							
-1.		-		SAND, moist, brown and tan, clayey,	1						
		-		w/ gravel (FILL) (SC)			11				
-3.		120			-						
				SAND, loose to slightly compact, moist, brown, reddish brown and			13	26	13	135	PP=3.25 tsf -Sulfate 120 ppm; PP=3.5 tsf
	_		8 (6) 25 (6)	tan, clayey, w/ calcareous deposits,							
	5			trace gravel, and clay seams (FILL) (SC)							
		-		(33)			21				SPT at 6.5' 2/3/4
-7.				CLAV auft maint dark brown							2.5.7
				CLAY, soft, moist, dark brown, silty (CL)			19	38	23	127	PP=2.25 tsf
											PP=2.25 tsf
			5 (6) 6 (6)								
	10		3 (0) 0 (0)	-							PP=3.0 tsf
		-	-								
l			1								
-14.			7 (6) 0 (6)	CLAY, soft, moist, tan, sandy,			17	45	30		-200=56.3%; Sulfate 120 ppm
	15	-	7 (6) 9 (6)	<ul> <li>w/ calcareous nodules and gravel seams (CL)</li> </ul>							PP=3.1 tsf
				Seams (CL)							
							18				PP=3.25 tsf
							18				
	20		6 (6) 9 (6)	-							PP=2.0 tsf
-21.		100		SAND, wet, tan, gravelly (SP)	-						
				SAND, wet, tall, gravelly (SP)							
											SPT at 24' 50/2 inches
-24.		H	50 (0.25) 50 (0)	LIMESTONE, very hard, gray, w/	1						SPT at 24 SU/2 miches
	25	<b>E</b>	50 (0.25) 50 (0)	embedded fossils							
		基									
		井									
		累									
		串									
	30		50 (0.5) 50 (0.25)								
R	emai	ks: L	atitude: 31.31357 I	Longitude: -97.47313							

Remarks: Latitude: 31.31357 Longitude: -97.47313

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Driller: D. Garcia Logger: F. Mbogning, E.I.T. Organization: AGG

# DRILLING LOG

Offset

WinCore Version 3.1

Highway SH 236 at Leon River Structure 0513-01-017 Station

County Coryell

CSJ

Bridge 262+22.61 4.64' Lt

District

Date

Organization: AGG

Waco

Grnd. Elev. 616.27

GW Elev. -20.00 ft

9/17/2016

2 of 2

Triaxial Test Properties Texas Cone Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi) Strata Description Additional Remarks MC LL PI Penetrometer 35 50 (0.25) 50 (0) 50 (0.25) 50 (0) LIMESTONE, very hard, gray, w/ embedded fossils 145 Qu=351.8 ksf at 1.9% 143 Qu=249.4 ksf at 1.6% 148 Qu=469.5 ksf at 1.8% 55

Remarks: Latitude: 31.31357 Longitude: -97.47313

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Driller: D. Garcia Logger: F. Mbogning, E.I.T.

# NOTE:

NOTE:

BORING LOGS CONDUCTED BY ALLIANCE
GEOTECHNICAL GROUP ARE SHOWN HERE FOR
INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. SEE
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION SH 236 AT LEON
RIVER PROPOSED BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, CORYELL
COUNTY, TEXAS, AGG REPORT NO. E16-0706,
DATED NOVEMBER 28, 2016.

NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROVED

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# BRIDGE BORING LOGS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

от то ѕс	ALE	SHEET	1 OF 3
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	94
0513	01	017	

15 - 5 (6) 5 (6)			_21	-Sulfate 120 ppm; PP=1.8 tsf Qu=2.2 ksf at 6%; PP=1.75 tsf
-18. 20 3 (6) 5 (6)	CLAY, very soft to soft, wet, brown, sandy, slightly silty (CL)		24 124	PP=1.8 tsf -200=66.9%; Sulfate <100 ppm Qu=0.6 ksf at 15%; PP=0.5 tsf
-24. 25 – 32 (6) 36 (6)	SAND, compact, wet, tan and brown, gravelly (SP)		9	_PP=1.5 tsf -#200=17%
30 _ 13 (6) 50 (5)				SPT at 28.5' 50/5.5 inches
	ongitude: -97.47236  lation provided on this boring log is represent ed. The actual groundwater elevation may fit			
Driller: D. Garcia	Logger: F. Mbogning, E	E.I.T.	Organization:	AGG

**DRILLING LOG** 

Bridge

264+67.46

Properties

MC LL PI

26 58 37

23 51 33

6.89' Rt

Triaxial Test

Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi)

Structure

Station

Offset

County Coryell

CSJ

Texas Cone

6 (6) 8 (6)

6 (6) 9 (6)

WinCore

Version 3.1

Elev. (ft)

-7.5

Highway SH 236 at Leon River

0513-01-017

ASPHALT 2 inches CONCRETE, 9 inches

(FILL) (CL)

CLAY, moist, dark brown, brown and tan, w/ sand, calcareous nodules and gravel (FILL) (CH)

CLAY, soft, moist, tan, calcareous,

CLAY, soft, moist, brown, sandy,

w/ crushed limestone and cobbles

Strata Description

# **DRILLING LOG**

County Coryell District Waco Highway SH 236 at Leon River Structure WinCore Bridge Date 09/15/2016 Version 3.1 CSJ 0513-01-017 Station 264+67.46 Grnd. Elev. 616.24 Offset GW Elev. -17.00 ft 6.89' Rt

		L	T C		Triax	ial Test	Properties			s	
Ele (ft	ev. t)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-31.	-			SAND, compact, wet, tan and brown, gravelly (SP) LIMESTONE, wet, tan, weathered, fractured, w/ clay seams							
-33.	-			LIMESTONE, very hard, gray, w/ embedded fossils							SPT at 34' 50/2 inches
	35 -	嘉	50 (0.5) 50 (0)								
	-						3			145	Qu=325.8 ksf at 1.6%
	-		50 (0.5) 50 (0)								-fracture at 39.8*
-40.	40 -		30 (0.3) 30 (0)	LIMESTONE, very hard, gray, w/ embedded fossils and shaley limestor seams	ie						
	-						_1			146	Qu=332.6 ksf at 2.0%
	45 -		50 (1) 50 (0)								
	-						1			144	Qu=278.7 ksf at 1.8%
	-	薑									
-50.	50 -	茅	50 (0.5) 50 (0)								
	-										
	-	$\left\{ \ \right $									
	55 - -										
	-										
	60 -										

Remarks: Latitude: 31.31383 Longitude: -97.47236

1 of 2

District

GW Elev.

PP=2.0 tsf PP=1.5 tsf

PP=2.5 tsf

Date

Waco

-17.00 ft

Additional Remarks

-Sulfate 100 ppm; PP=1.9 tsf

Sulfate 160 ppm; PP=2.5 tsf

-200=80.1%; PP=2.5 tsf

Grnd. Elev. 616.24

09/15/2016

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Driller: D. Garcia Logger: F. Mbogning, E.I.T. Organization: AGG

2 of 2

NOTE:
BORING LOGS CONDUCTED BY ALLIANCE
GEOTECHNICAL GROUP ARE SHOWN HERE FOR
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GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION SH 236 AT LEON
RIVER PROPOSED BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, CORYELL
COUNTY, TEXAS, AGG REPORT NO. E16-0706,
DATED NOVEMBER 28, 2016.

NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROVED



HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



# BRIDGE BORING LOGS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

от то ѕс	2 OF 3		
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	95
0513	01	017	

SH236

96

017

0513

01

# SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

	BID CODES	0400 6005	0416 6004	0416 6005	0420 6014	0420 6030	0420 6038	0422 6001	0422 6015	0425 6038	0425 6041	0432 6001	0450 6003	0454 6018	0496 6010
BRIDGE	BID ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	DRILL SHAFT (42 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT) (HPC) 1	CL C CONC (CAP) (HPC)	CL C CONC (COLUMN) (HPC)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (T×46)	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (Tx70)	RIPRAP (CONC) (4 IN)	RAIL (TY T1W)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN)(SEJ-M)	REMOVE STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)
ELEMENT		CY	LF	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA
2 ~ ABUTMENTS		110	308		29.0				48.0			4			
9 ~ INTERIOR BENTS			708	294		143.0	39.0								
1~300.00'PRESTR CONC GIRDER UN	NIT(SPAN 1-3)							9600		1194.04			600.0	31	
1~150.00'PRESTR CONC GIRDER UN	NIT(SPAN 4)							4800			598.00		300.0	31	
1~300.00'PRESTR CONC GIRDER UN	NIT(SPAN 5-7)							9600		1194.25			600.0	31	
1~300.00'PRESTR CONC GIRDER UN	NIT(SPAN 8-10)							9600		1194.34			600.0	63	
TOTAL		110	1016	294	29.0	143.0	39.0	33600	48.0	3582.63	598.00	4	2100.0	156	1

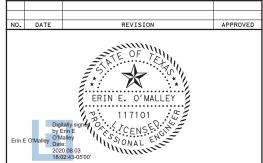
1) Quanitity includes shear key

# BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

BENT	1	(FWD)	BEAM 1 616.388	BEAM 2 616.555	BEAM 3 616.721	BEAM 4 616.888
BENT	2	(BK) (FWD)	617.243 617.260	617.409 617.427	617.576 617.594	617.743 617.760
BENT	3	(BK) (FWD)	618.115 618.174	618.282 618.340	618.448 618.507	618.615 618.674
BENT	4	(BK) (FWD)	618.954 616.966	619.120 617.133	619.287 617.299	619.454 617.466
BENT	5	(BK) (FWD)	617.399 619.311	617.566 619.481	617.732 619.651	617.899 619.821
BENT	6	(BK) (FWD)	618.583 618.402	619.080 618.902	619.577 619.403	620.073 619.903
BENT	7	(BK) (FWD)	618.024 617.952	618.539 618.468	619.054 618.983	619.569 619.498
BENT	8	(BK) (FWD)	617.545 617.537	618.060 618.052	618.575 618.567	619.090 619.082
BENT	9	(BK) (FWD)	617.129 617.121	617.644 617.636	618.160 618.151	618.675 618.667
BENT	10	(BK) (FWD)	616.714 616.705	617.229 617.220	617.744 617.735	618.259 618.251
BENT	11	(BK)	616.298	616.802	617.306	617.811



# HL93 LOADING

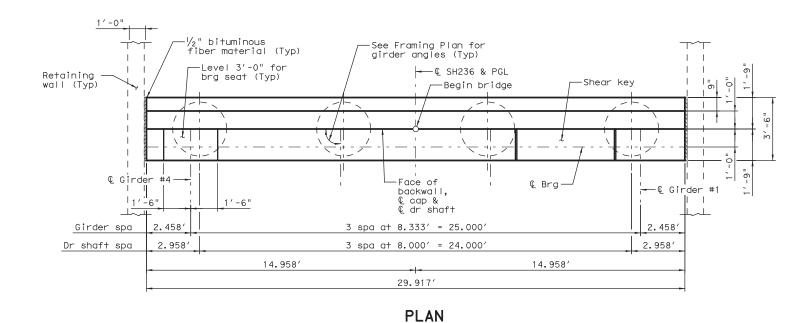


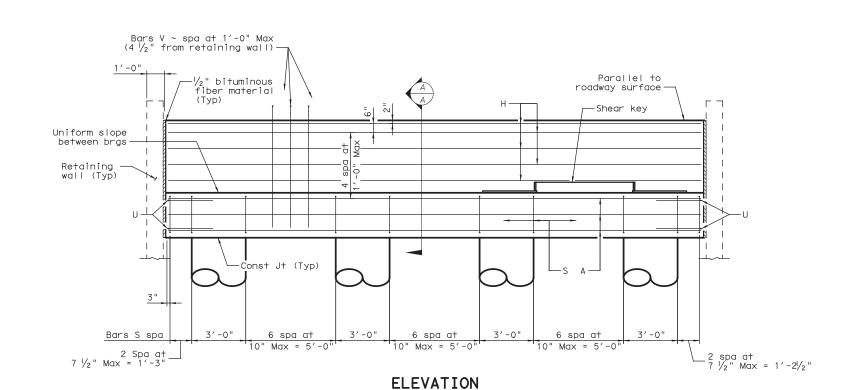


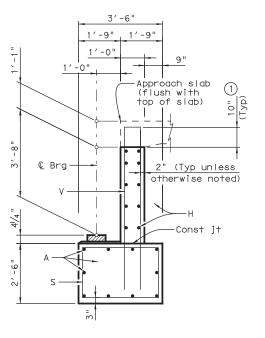


# ESTIMATED QUANTITIES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	97
0513	01	017	

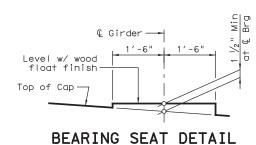






# SECTION A-A

① Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.



(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

# HL93 LOADING

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Bridge Layout for foundation length.

See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out

for all shear key details and notes.

of bar unless noted otherwise. Calculated foundation loads: 90 tons/Abutment DS



HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900 Texas Department of Transportation



# ABUTMENT NO. 1

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	98
0513	01	017	-

### GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Bridge Layout for foundation length.

See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar unless noted otherwise.

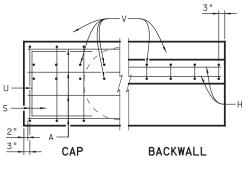
Calculated foundation loads:

90 tons/Abutment DS

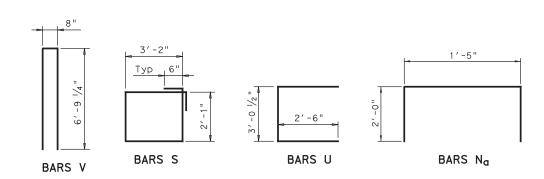
### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

Bar	No.	Size	Leng	th	Weight			
А	10	#11	29′-	7"	1572			
Н	10	#6	29′-	7"	444			
м 2	2	#5	5′-2	11				
N <sub>a</sub> 2	9	#5	5′-5"		51			
S	27	#5	11'-	6"	324			
U	4	#6	8′-1	0	49			
٧	31	#5	14'-	3"	461			
Reinforc	ing St		Lb	2912				
Class C	Class C Concrete (Abut) (HPC) CY 14.5							

2 See shear key details for bar locations.



CORNER DETAILS



#### HL93 LOADING



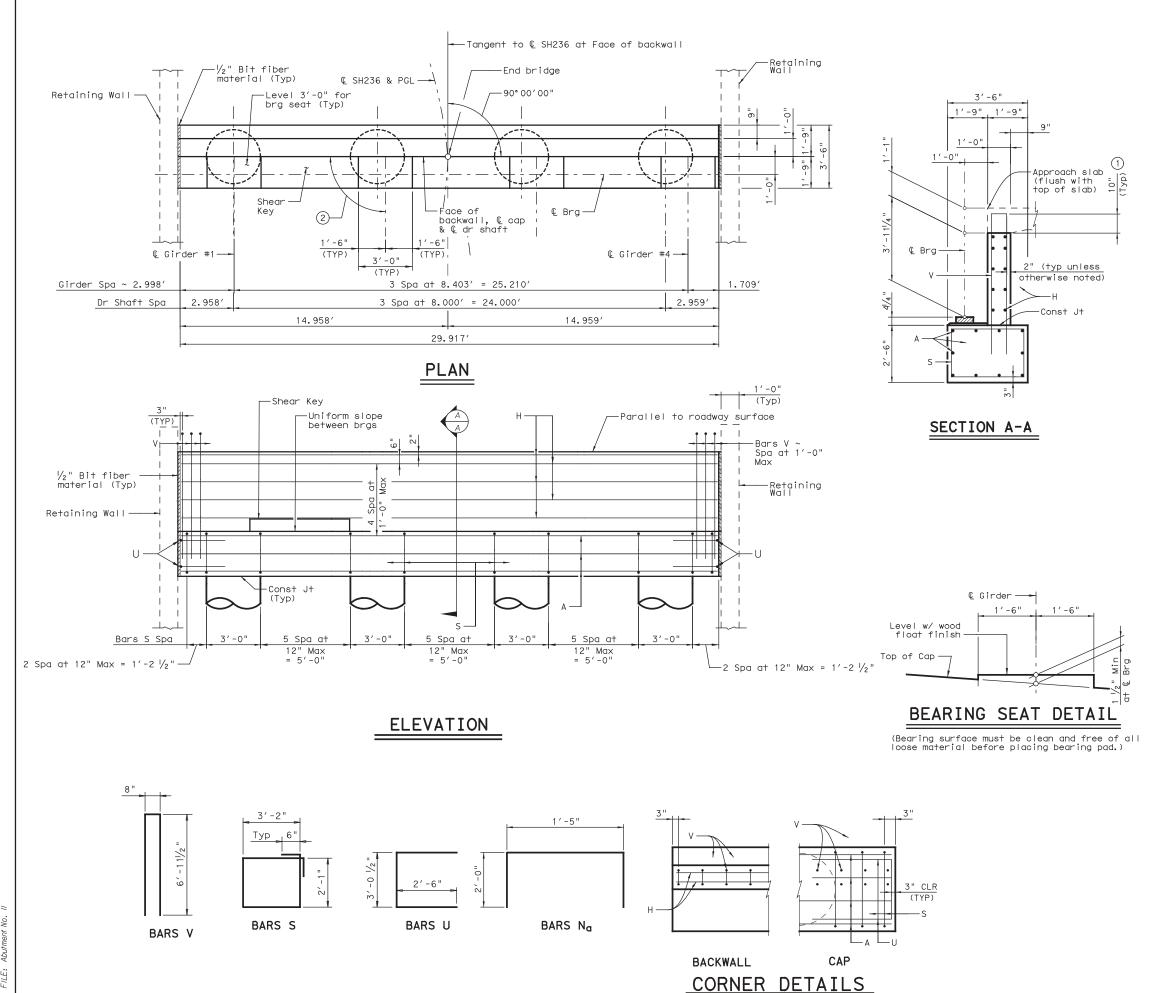
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741 HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900





### SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	2 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	99
0513	0.1	017	



## TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

BAR	NO.	SIZE	LEN	GTH	WEIGHT
А	10	#11	29′	-7"	1,572
Н	10	#6	29′-7"		444
м (3)	2	#5	5′-4"		11
Na(3)	9	#5	5′-5"		51
V	31	#5	14′	-7"	434
S	24	#5	11′-	6"	288
U	4	#6	8'-1"		49
Reinfor	cing	Steel		LB	2,849
Class '	'C" Co	nc (Abu	ı+)(HPC)	CY	14.5

- 2) See Framing Plan for girder angle (Typ).
- 3) See Shear Key detail for bar location.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2018). All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi. All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60. See Bridge Layout for foundation length. See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all foundation details and notes. See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for

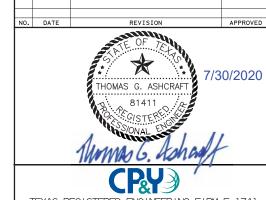
all shear key details and notes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar unless noted otherwise.

Calculated foundation loads = 84 tons/Dr Sh.

#### HL93 LOADING



TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Sulte 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900

Texas Department of Transportation

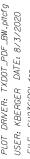
### ABUTMENT NO. 11

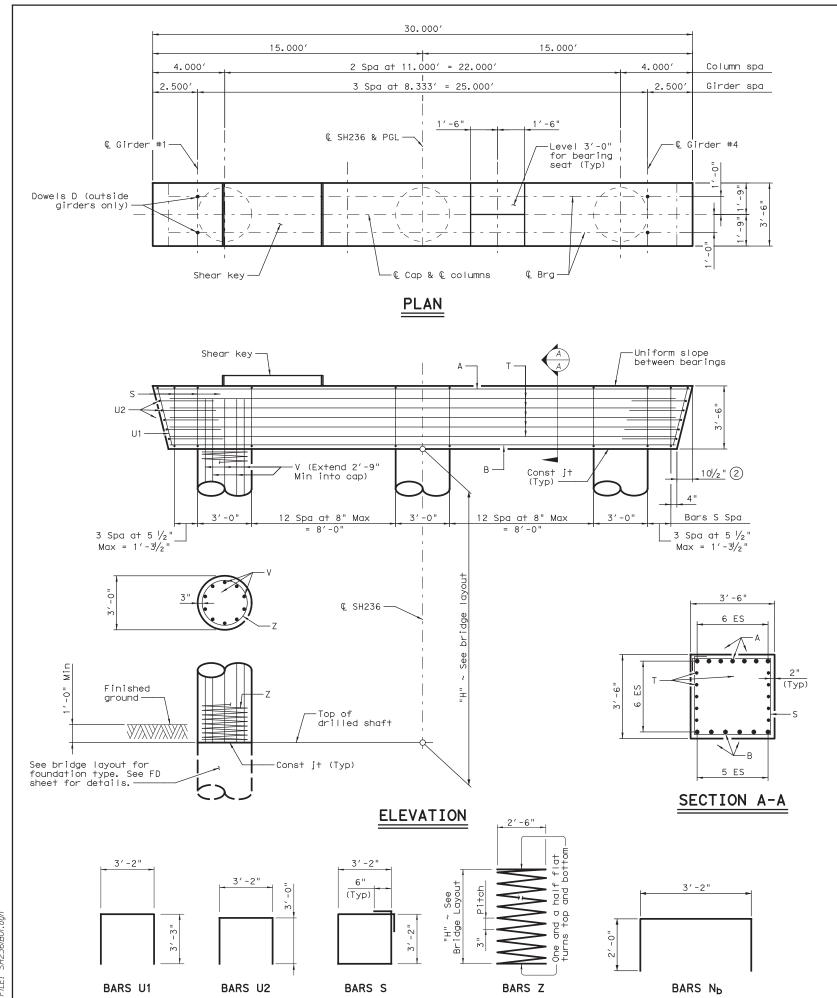
### SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	100
0513	01	017	

tofg PENTABLE: 10040174.tbl 120 TIME: 2:55:48 PM SCALE: I:I

LOT DRIVER: TXDOT\_PDF\_BW.pitcfg
SER: mflores DATE: 7/30/2020 TIM
II F: Abutment No. II





① Quantities shown are based on "H" value in table. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments:

Bars V length, 1'-0" Bars V length, Bars Z length, 31'-5" Reinforcing steel, 165 Lb Class C Concrete (Col), 0.78 CY

- 2 Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope
- (3) Quantities shown are for one bent only.
- (4) See shear key details for bar location.

### TABLE OF CAP QUANTITIES (3)

Bar	No.	Size	Leng-	th	Weight
А	7	#11	29′-0	6"	1097
В	6	#11	28′-0	)"	893
D	4	#9	1′-8	"	23
м (4)	4	#5	5'-2"		22
$N_b$	9	#5	7′-2"		67
S	34	#5	13′-8"		485
T	10	#5	27′-11"		291
U1	2	#5	9′-8	"	20
U2	10	#5	9'-2"		96
Reinforc	ing St	ee l		Lb	2993
Class C	Concre	te (Ca	p) (HPC)	CY	14.0

	TABL	E OF	COLU	MN QL	JANTI	ΓIES ①	3)
Ben†	"H"	Bars V 30 ~ #9		Bars Z 3 ~ #4 Spiral		Reinf Steel	Class C Conc (Col) (HPC)
No.	F†	Length	Weight	Leng†h	Weight	Lb	CY
2	5	7′-9"	791	180'-8"	362	1153	3.9
3	6	8'-9"	893	212'-0"	425	1318	4.7

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

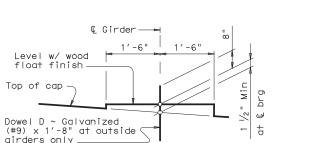
All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Framing Plan for girder angles.
See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.
See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all

foundation details and notes.
See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar unless noted otherwise.

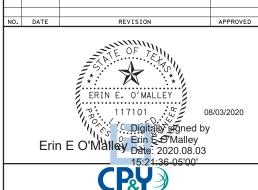
Calculated Foundation Loads = 176 tons/Dr Sh.



### BEARING SEAT ELEVATION

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

### HL93 LOADING

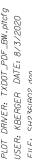


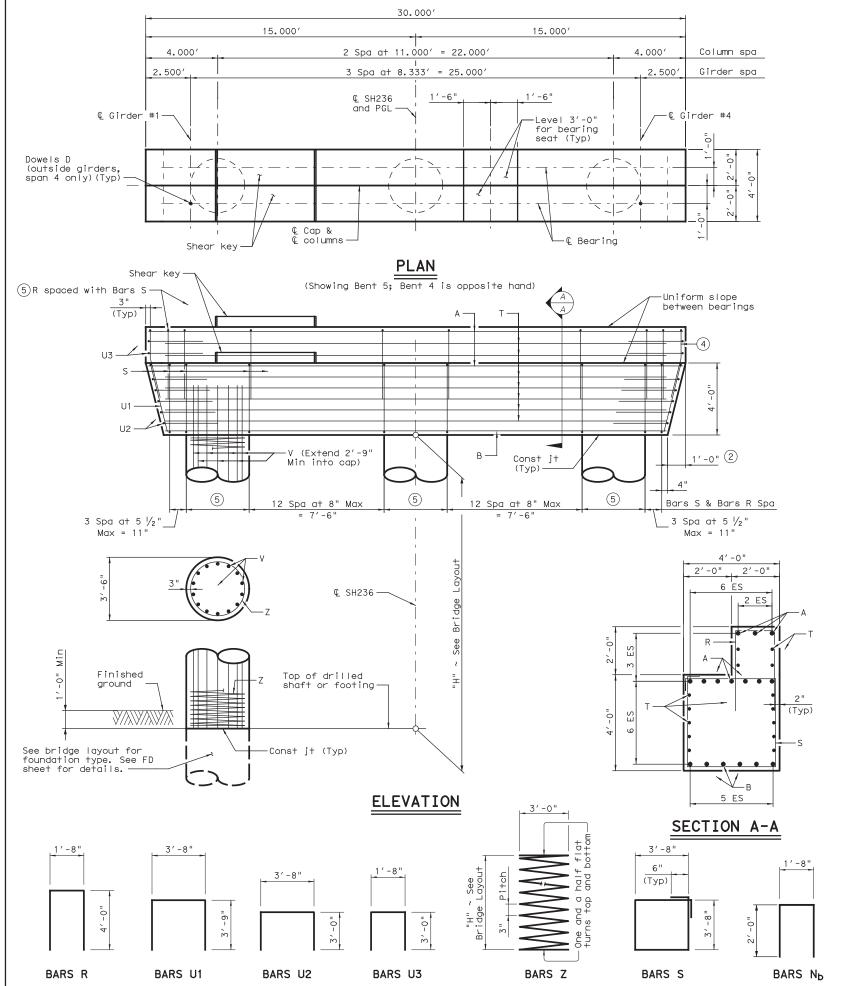
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



### INTERIOR BENT NOS. 2-3 SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1				
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.					
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL					
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	101				
0513	01	017					





1) Quantities shown are based on "H" value in table. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments:
Bars V lenath. 1'-0" Bars V length,

Bars Z length, 37'-9" Reinforcing steel, 219 Lb Class C Concrete (Col), 1.07 CY

- 2 Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope.
- (3) Quantities shown are for one bent only.
- 4 Field bend R Bar at end of cap to match slope of end face (Typ).
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \frown}{\mathop{\rm 5}}$  3'-6" column diameter, 5 Spa at 9" Max, additional R Bars over column (Typ).
- (6) See shear key details for bar locations.

### TABLE OF CAP QUANTITIES (3)

Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	th	Weight				
Α	10	#11	29′-6	"	1567				
В	6	#11	27′-9	"	885				
D	2	#9	1′-8	"	11				
M 6 4 #5 5'-2'				"	22				
N <sub>b</sub> (6)	18	#5	5′-8"		106				
R	51	#5	9'-8"		514				
S	34	#5	15′-8	"	556				
Т	14	#5	27′-8"		404				
U1	2	#5	11'-2"		23				
U2	10	#5	9′-8	"	101				
U3 4 #5		7′-8"		32					
Reinford	ing St	tee I		Lb	4221				
Class C	Conore	ete (Ca	p)(HPC)	CY	22.5				

	TABLE OF COLUMN QUANTITIES ①										
Ben†	"H"	Bars V 42 ~ #9		Bars Z 3 ~ #4 Spiral		Reinf Steel	Class C Conc (Col) (HPC)				
No.	F†	Leng†h	Weight	Length	Weight	Lb	CY				
4	6	8'-9"	1250	254′-9"	511	1761	6.4				
5	5	7′-9"	1107	217'-0"	435	1542	5.3				

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

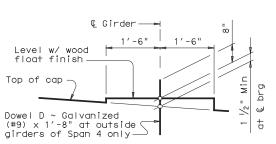
All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Framing Plan for girder angles.
See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.
See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all

foundation details and notes.
See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

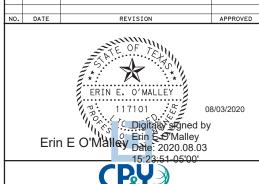
Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar unless noted otherwise. Calculated Foundation Loads = 230 tons/Dr Sh.



### BEARING SEAT ELEVATION

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

### HL93 LOADING

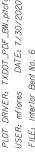


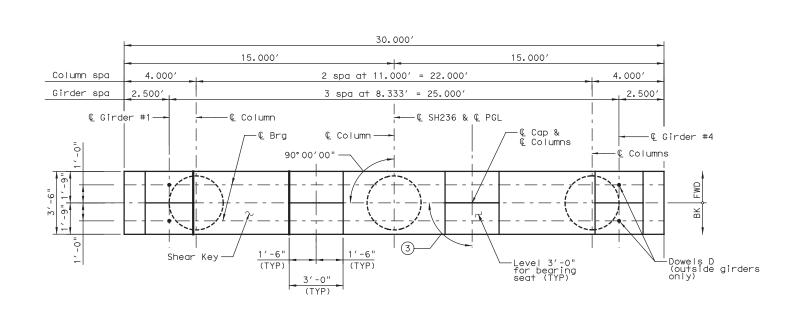
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



### INTERIOR BENT NOS. 4-5 SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

			SHEET	1 OF 1			
Ì	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.				
	6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236			
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
	TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL				
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	102			
	0513	01	017				





**PLAN** 

-V (Extend 2'-9" Min into cap)

8 Spa at 12"

Max = 8' - 0"

Top of drilled shaft-

-Const jt (Typ)

€ SH236

**ELEVATION** 

BARS U1

Shear key

(Typ)

BARS S

U2

 $(2)10\frac{1}{2}$ 

Finished

 $\times$ 

(TYP)

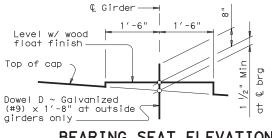
Bars S Spa ~ 4"

2 Spa at 12" Max =  $1'-3\frac{1}{2}$ "

See bridge layout for foundation type. See FD sheet for details.

3'-2"

BARS No



### BEARING SEAT ELEVATION

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

QUANTITIES									
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	th	Weight				
Α	7	#11	29′-6	ŝ"	1,097				
В	6	#11	27′-1	1"	890				
D	D 4 #9 1'-8"				23				
M (4)	4	#5	5'-3"		22				
№4	9	#5	7'-2"		67				
S	24	#5	13′-8"		342				
Т	10	#5	27′-1	1"	291				
U1	2	#5	9′-8	II .	20				
U2	10	#5	9'-2"		96				
Reinforc	ing St	eel		Lb	2,848				
Class C	Concre	te (Co	ip) (HPC)	CY	13.9				

TABLE OF CAP

	TABL	E OF	COLU	MN QL	JANTI	TIES①	3
Ben†	"H"	Bar 30	-s V ~ #9	Bars Z 3 ~ #4 Spiral		Reinf Steel	Class C Conc (Col) (HPC)
No.	F†	Length	Weight	Length	Weight	Lb	CY
6	6	8'-9"	893	212'-1"	425	1,318	4.7

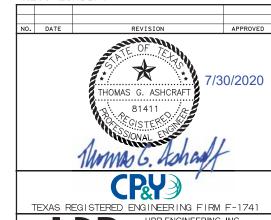
- 1) Quantities shown are based on "H"=6' value in table. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments:

  Bars V length, 1'-0"

  Bars Z length, 31'-5"

  Reinforcing steel, 165 Lb
  Class C Concrete (Col), 0.78 CY
- (2) Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope
- (3) See framing plan for girder angles (Typ).
- (4) See shear key details for bar location.

#### HL93 LOADING



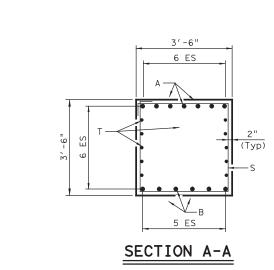
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### INTERIOR BENT NO. 6

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		JIILLI	1 01 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	DERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	103
0513	01	017	



### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Framing Plan for girder angles.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.

See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

unless noted otherwise.
Calculated Foundation Loads = 187 tons/Dr Sh.

3′-0"

BARS Z

2 Spa at 12"

Max = 1' - 31/2

-Uniform slope between bearings

Const jt (Typ)

8 Spa at 12"

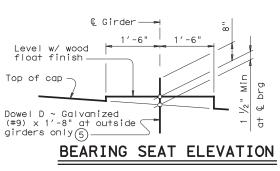
Max = 8' - 0'

BARS U2

BARS U1

BARS U2

BARS Z



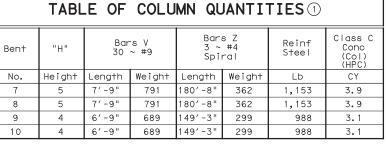
(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)

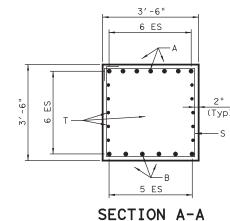
### TABLE OF CAP QUANTITIES

Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	th	Weight
Α	7	#11	29′-6	ŝ"	1,097
В	6	#11	27′-1	1"	890
D (5)	4	#9	1′-8	"	23
м 6	4	#5	5′-6	п	23
№6	9	#5	7′-2	67	
S	S 30 #5 13′-8"				428
Т	10	#5	27′-1	1"	291
U1	2	#5	9′-8	11	20
U2	U2 10 #5 9'-2"				96
Reinforcing Steel Lb					2,935
Class C	Concre	te (Ca	p)(HPC)	CY	14.0

① Quantities shown are based on "H" value in table. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0" Bars Z length, 31'-5" Reinforcing steel, 165 Lb

- (2) Measured parallel to top of cap cross-slope
- (3) See framing plan for girder angles (typ).
- 4 Quantities shown are for one bent only.
- ⑤ Omit Dowels D at Bent 8. Deduct 23 lbs of reinforcing steel
- 6 See shear key details for bar location.





### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class C, f'c = 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See Framing Plan for girder angles.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size and length.

See Common Foundation Details FD Standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

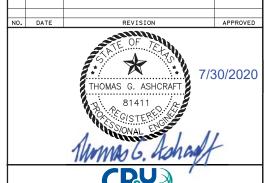
See Shear Key Details (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes. Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

unless noted otherwise.
Calculated Foundation Loads:
Bent Nos. 7-8 = 187 tons/Dr Sh.
Bent Nos. 9-10 = 186 tons/Dr Sh.

#### HL93 LOADING



TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



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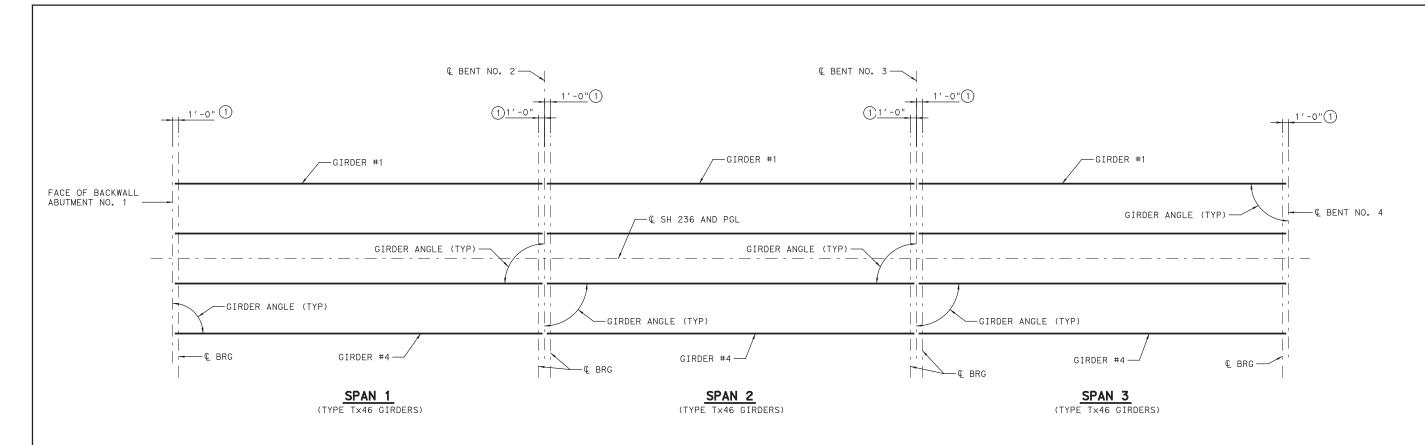
INTERIOR BENT NOS. 7 - 10

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	I OF I
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	104
0513	01	017	

BARS Nb

BARS S



- 1 SEE IGEB STANDARD FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.
- ② GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS FOR GIRDER SLOPE.

### BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 1 (N 24 10 40.24 W)  DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,  GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S  SPAN 1 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0  GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0  GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0  GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0	12.500 L DIS	GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0	GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3	100.000 98.000 2 100.000 98.000 3 100.000 98.000 1 100.000 98.000	TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER BOT. GDR FLG. 2 SLOPE  99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087
TOTAL 25.000  BENT NO. 2 (N 24 10 40.24 W)  DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,	12.500 L DIS	TOTAL 25.000  BENT NO. 3 (N 24 10 40.24 W)  ANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S  PAN 3 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0 GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0 GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0	GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3	GIRDER REPORT, SPAN HORIZONTAL DISTANCE C-C BENT C-C BRG.  100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000	TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER SLOPE  99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087 99.50 0.0087
GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0  BENT NO. 2 (N 24 10 40.24 W)  DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,  GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE  (C.L. BENT) D M S  SPAN 2 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0  GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0  GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0  GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0  TOTAL 25.000		GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0 TOTAL 25.000 BENT NO. 4 (N 24 10 40.24 W) ANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE	GIRDER 2	GIRDER REPORT, SPAN HORIZONTAL DISTANCE C-C BENT C-C BRG.  100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000 100.000 98.000	TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER

### HL93 LOADING

6

CONTROL

0513

SECTION

01

**GIRDER REPORT** 



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> (SPANS 1-3) SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

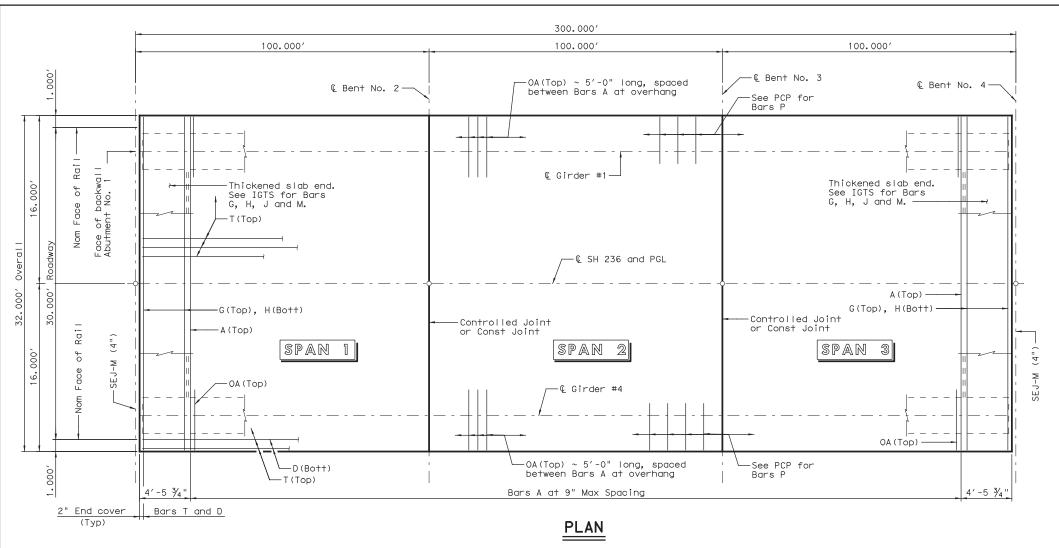
# FRAMING PLAN

FEDERAL PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH236 SHEET NO. STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS WACO CORYELL

JOB

017

105



## Sym about © Span 1/4 P+--@ Brg

### DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only. (Ec= 5000 ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual deflection may be less. Deflection shall be adjusted based on

	Span	Girder	"A"	"B"
	Span No.	No.	F†	F†
	1-3	1,4	0.100	0.142
		2,3	0.109	0.155

TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS					
Span No.	Girder No.	"X" at © Brg	"Y" at © Brg	at © Span	
1-2	1,4	11" 11"	4'-9"	9	
3	1,4	10 ½" 10 ½"	4'-8 1/2" 4'-8 1/2"	9 ½"	

### BAR TABLE

BAR	SIZE
Α	#4
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
OA	#5
Р	#4

### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

Span	Reinf Concrete Slab	Prestr Concrete Girder (Tx 46)	Reinf Steel (1)
No.	SF	LF	Lb
1	3200	398.02	7360
2	3200	398.02	7360
3	3200	398.01	7360
Total	9600	1194.04	22080

- 1 Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 Lbs/SF.
- (2) Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.
- (3) Theoretical dimension

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 8th Edition (2017).
All concrete shall be Class S, f'c = 4000 psi.
All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.
See rail standard for anchorage in slab.

Bar laps, where required shall be as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

See PCP and PCP-FAB standards for panel details not shown.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details.

See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments

if this option is used.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

### HL93 LOADING



## TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741

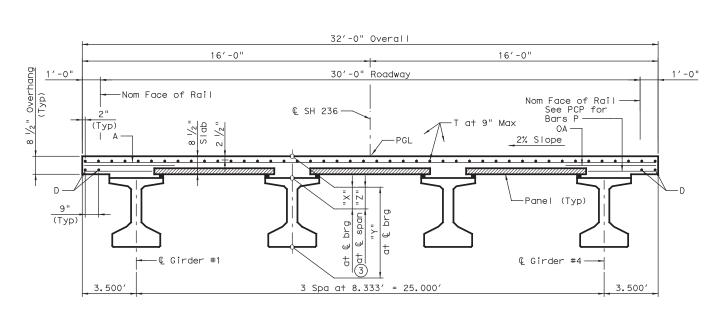




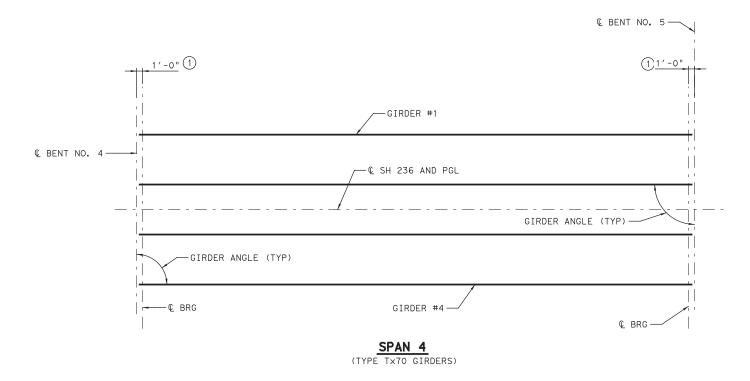
### 300.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1-3)

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	OF
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	106
0513	01	017	



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



### **BENT REPORT**

### GIRDER REPORT

BENT NO. 4 (N 24 10 40.24 W) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S	12.500 L		GIRDER REPOF HORIZONTAL [ C-C BENT		4 TRUE DISTANCE BOT. GDR FLG.	GIRDER SLOPE (2)
SPAN 4 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0 0 GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0 0 GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0 0 GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0 TOTAL 25.000		GIRDER 1 GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3 GIRDER 4	150.000 150.000	148.000 148.000 148.000 148.000	149.50 149.50 149.50 149.50	0.0029 0.0029 0.0029 0.0029
BENT NO. 5 (N 24 10 40.24 W) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S SPAN 4 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0 GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0 GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0 GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0 TOTAL 25.000	12.500 L					

- 1) SEE IGEB STANDARD FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.
- ② GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS FOR GIRDER SLOPE.



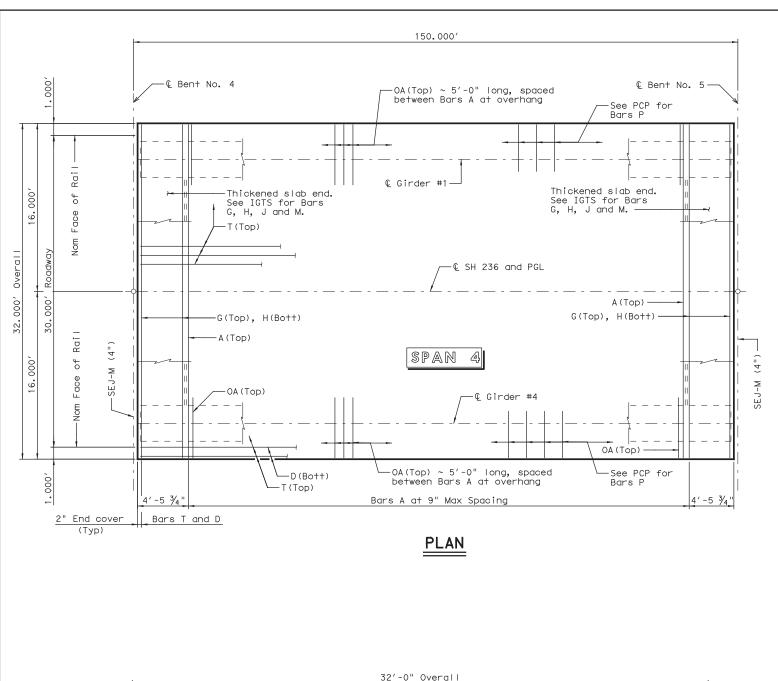


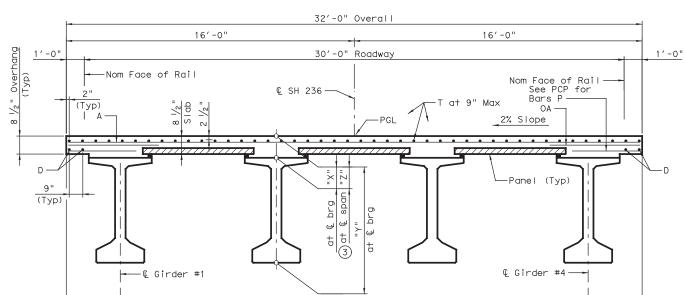
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900

Texas Department of Transportation

### FRAMING PLAN (SPAN 4) SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	DERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	107
0513	01	017	





3 Spa at 8.333′ = 25.000′

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

3.500'

3.500′

#### BAR SIZE #4 #4 G #4 #4 #4 #4 М OA #5 #4

BAR TABLE

### TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES**

Span	Reinf Concrete Slab	Prestr Concrete Girder (Tx 70)	Reinf Steel (1)
No.	SF	LF	Lb
4	4800	598.00	11040
Total	4800	598.00	11040

- (1) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 Lbs/SF.
- 2 Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.
- 3 Theoretical dimension

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

Specifications, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class S, f'c = 4000 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

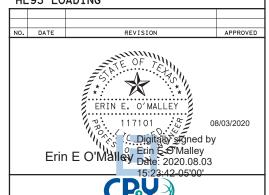
See rail standard for anchorage in slab.
Bar laps, where required shall be as follows:
Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

See PCP and PCP-FAB standards for panel details not shown. See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details.

See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments if this option is used.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ 

### HL93 LOADING



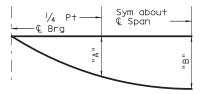
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741 HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### 150.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT (SPAN 4)

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	DERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	108
0513	01	017	

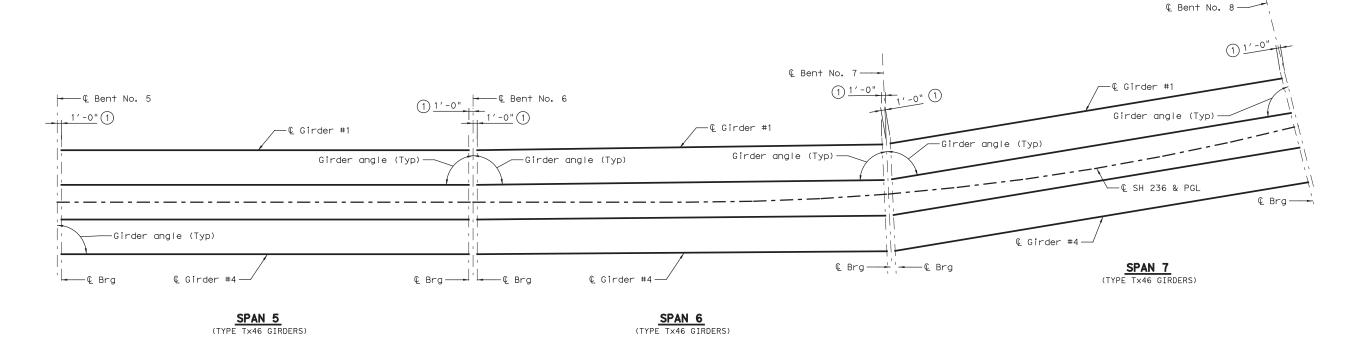


### DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only. (Ec= 5000 ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual deflection may be less. Deflection shall be adjusted based on field observation.

	Span	Girder	"A"	"B"	
	No.	No.	F†	F†	
	4	1,4	0.164	0.233	
		2,3	0.178	0.253	

TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS						
Span No.	Girder No.	"X" at & Brg	"Y" at © Brg	at © Span		
4	1,4	10 1/2 "	6'-8 1/2"	9 5/8 "		
4	2,3	10 1/2 "	6'-8 1/2"	9 7/8"		



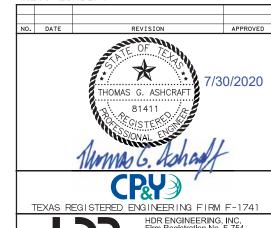
### BENT REPORT GIRDER REPORT

BENT NO. 5 (S 24 10 40.25 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,	12.500 L DISTANCE BETWEEN S	O. 7 (S 28 49 35.78 E) FATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,	11.960 L	GIRDER REPOR HORIZONTAL DISTAN C-C BENT C-C BR	CÉ TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER
GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S		GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S	GIRDER	1 100.000 98.000	
SPAN 5 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0	SPAN 6 GIRDER	1 0.000 86 09 30	GIRDER	2 100.000 98.000	
GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0	GIRDER			3 100.000 98.000	
GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0 GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0	GIRDER : GIRDER :		GIRDER	4 100.000 98.000	99.50 0.0026
TOTAL 25.000	TOTAL	25.760		GIRDER REPOR	T. SPAN 6
				HORIZONTAL DISTAN	CÉ TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER
BENT NO. 6 (S 24 10 40.25 E)	SPAN 7 GIRDER	1 0.000 85 13 31		C-C BENT C-C BR	G. BOT. GIR. FLG. SLOPE
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE	12.500 L GIRDER		GIRDER	1 98.987 96.98	
(C.L. BENT) D M S	GIRDER		GIRDER	2 99.680 97.680	
SPAN 5 GIRDER 1 0.000 90 0 0	TOTAL	25.760	911.521	3 100.374 98.374 4 101.068 99.068	
GIRDER 2 8.333 90 0 0	DENT. N	0 (6 70 00 77 04 5)	GIRDER	4 101.000 99.000	700.57 -0.0034
GIRDER 3 8.333 90 0 0 GIRDER 4 8.333 90 0 0		O. 8 (S 38 22 33.24 E) TATION LINE AND GIRDER 1,	11.960 L	GIRDER REPOR	r, span 7
TOTAL 25.000	DISTANCE DETWEEN S	GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE	11. 900 E	HORIZONTAL DISTAN	
		(C.L. BENT) D M S		C-C BENT C-C BR	G. BOT. GIR. FLG. SLOPE
SPAN 6 GIRDER 1 0.000 89 11 34		1 0.000 85 13 31	GIRDER GIRDER	1 97.893 95.893 2 99.323 97.323	
GIRDER 2 8.333 89 19 40 GIRDER 3 8.333 89 27 39	GIRDER : GIRDER :		GIRDER	2 99.323 97.323 3 100.752 98.753	
GIRDER 4 8.333 89 35 32	GIRDER		GIRDER	4 102.182 100.183	
TOTAL 25 000	TOTAL	25 760			

1 See IGEB standard for orientation of dimension.

② Girder lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments for girder slope.

### HL93 LOADING

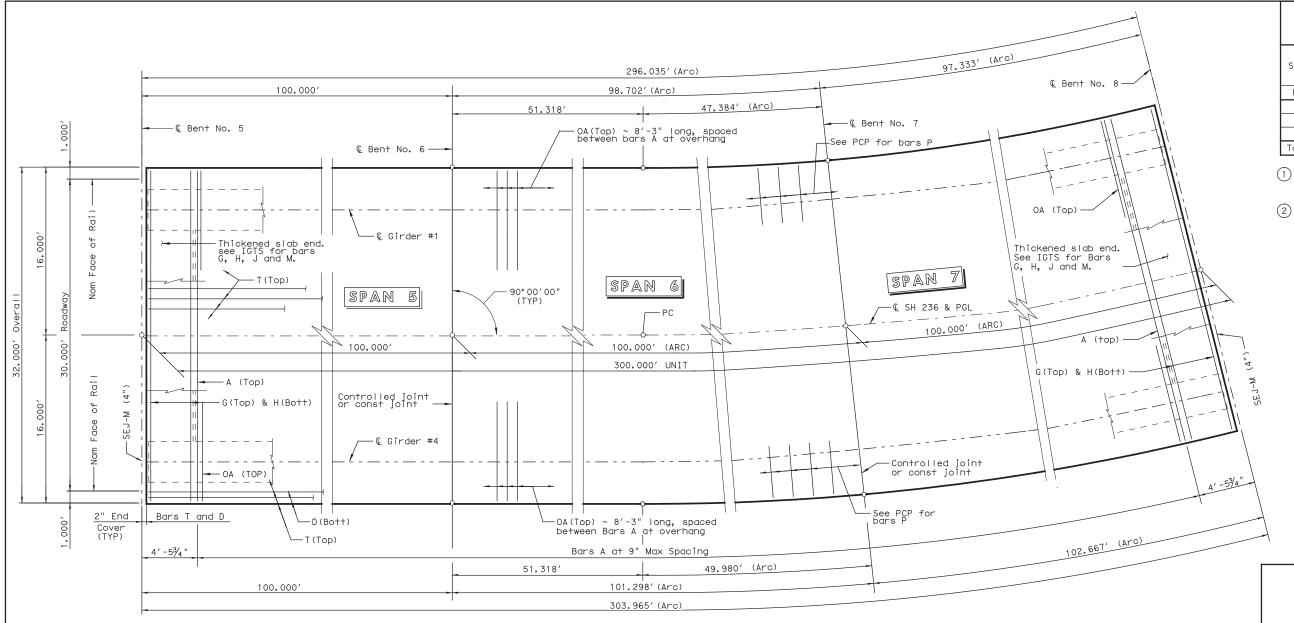


HDR ENGINEERING, INC.
Firm Registration No. F-754
710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150
Round Rock, Texas 78681
512.685.2900



# FRAMING PLAN (SPANS 5-7) SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	109
0513	01	017	



### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

Span	Reinf Concrete Slab	Prestr Concrete Girder (Tx 46)	Reinf Steel (1)
No.	SF	LF	Lb
5	3,200	398.00	7,360
6	3,200	398.11	7,360
7	3,200	398.14	7,360
Total	9,600	1,194.25	22,080

- 1 Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 Lbs/SF.
- 2 Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.

BAR	TABLE
BAR	SIZE
А	#4
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
OA	#6
Р	#4
Т	#4

### **PLAN**

#### GENERAL NOTES:

this option is used.

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class S, f'c = 4000 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See rail standard for anchorage in slab.

Bar laps, where required shall be as follows:

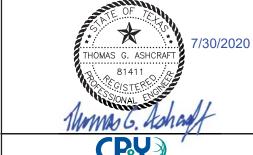
Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

See PCP and PCP-FAB standards for panel details not shown.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments if

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



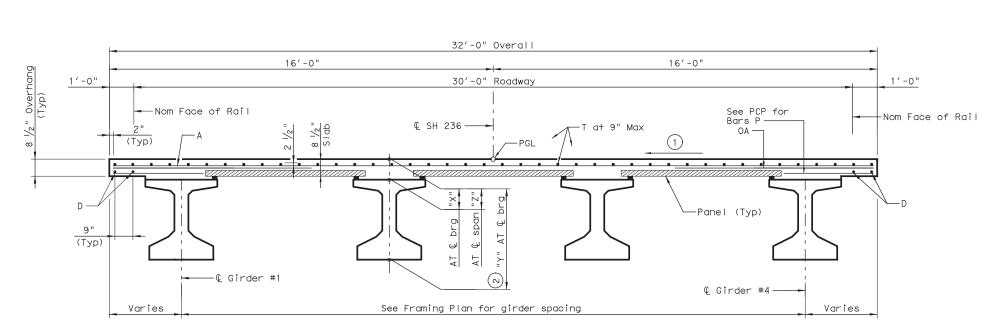
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### 300.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 5-7)

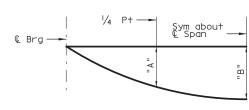
SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	110
0513	01	017	



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

- (1) See bridge layout for cross-slope.
- (2) Theoretical dimension.



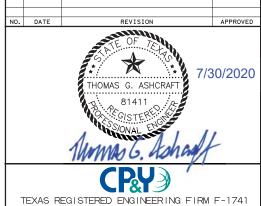
## DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only. (Ec= 5000 ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual deflection may be less. Deflection shall be adjusted based on field observation.

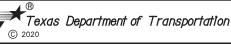
TABLE OF DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS							
Span Girder		"A"	"B"				
No.	No.	F†	F†				
5	1,4	0.1011	0.142				
5	2-3	0.1104	0.115				
6	1	0.0912	0.128				
	2	0.1104	0.155				
· ·	3	0.1133	0.159				
	4	0.109	0.153				
	1	0.0805	0.113				
7	2	0.1097	"B" F† 0.142 0.115 0.128 0.155 0.159 0.153				
'	3	0.1168	0.164				
	4	0.1182	0.166				

TA	TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS							
Span No.	Girder No.	"X" at © Brg	"Y" at © Brg	at © Span				
5	1,4 2-3	11 ½" 11 ½"	4'-9 1/2 "	9 3/4"				
6	1 2 3-4	1'-1 ½" 1'-1 ½" 1'-1 ½"	4' - 11 ½" 4' - 11 ½" 4' - 11 ½"	10 3/8" 10 5/8" 10 1/2"				
7	1 2 3-4	1'-2  /4" 1'-2  /4" 1'-2  /4"	5'-0 1/4" 5'-0 1/4" 5'-0 1/4"	10 ½ " 10 ½ " 10 ¾ "				





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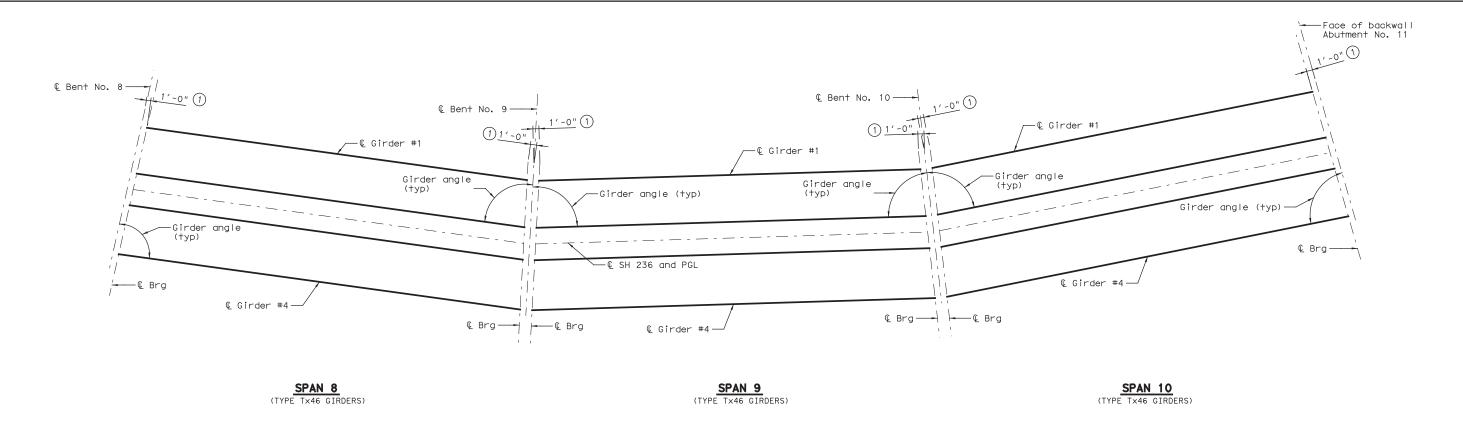


# 300.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	2 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	111
0513	01	017	





### BENT REPORT

#### BENT NO. 10 (S 57 28 28.18 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S SPAN 9 GIRDER 1 0.000 85 13 31 GIRDER 2 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 3 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 4 8.587 85 13 31 TOTAL 25.760 BENT NO. 8 (S 38 22 33.24 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC (C.L. BENT) D M S SPAN 8 GIRDER 1 0.000 85 13 31 GIRDER 2 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 3 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 4 8.587 85 13 31 TOTAL 25.760 11.960 L 11.960 L 8.587 25.760 TOTAL TOTAL BENT NO. 9 (S 47 55 30.71 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S SPAN 8 GIRDER 1 0.000 85 13 31 GIRDER 2 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 3 8.587 85 13 31 GIRDER 4 8.587 85 13 31 TOTAL 25.760 0.000 8.587 8.587 85 13 31 85 07 11 85 01 02 85 55 04 SPAN 10 GIRDER GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3 11.960 L GIRDER 4 TOTAL 25.760 ABUT NO. 11 (S 67 01 25.65 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND GIRDER 1, GIRDER SPAC GIRDER ANGLE (C.L. BENT) D M S SPAN 10 GIRDER 1 0.000 85 13 31 GIRDER 2 8.403 85 19 50 GIRDER 3 8.403 85 35 00 GIRDER 4 8.403 85 31 58 TOTAL 25 210 GIRDER 4 TOTAL 8.587 25.760 11.960 L 85 13 31 85 13 31 85 13 31 85 13 31 SPAN 9 GIRDER 0.000 8.587 8.587 8.587 GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3 TOTAL 25.760 TOTAL 25.210

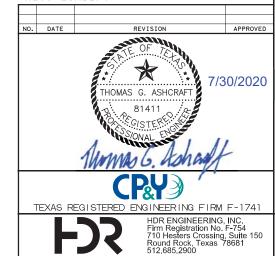
### GIRDER REPORT

GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER	1 2 3 4	HORIZONTAL C-C BENT 97.893 99.323	IRDER REPORT, DISTANCE C-C BRG. 95.893 97.323 98.752 100.182	TRUE DISTANCE BOT. GIR. FLG. 97.39 ② 98.82	GIRDER SLOPE -0.0042 -0.0042 -0.0041 -0.0041
GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER	1 2 3 4	HORIZONTAL C-C BENT 97.893 99.323	IRDER REPORT, DISTANCE C-C BRG. 95.893 97.323 98.752 100.182	97.39 (2)	GIRDER SLOPE -0.0042 -0.0042 -0.0041
GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER GIRDER	1 2 3 4	HORIZONTAL C-C BENT 97.893 99.308	IRDER REPORT, DISTANCE C-C BRG. 95.890 97.304 98.719 100.134	TRUE DISTANCE BOT. GIR. FLG. 97.39 (2)	GIRDER SLOPE -0.0042 -0.0043 -0.0043 -0.0044

### 1) See IGEB standard for orientation of dimension.

② Girder lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments for girder slope.

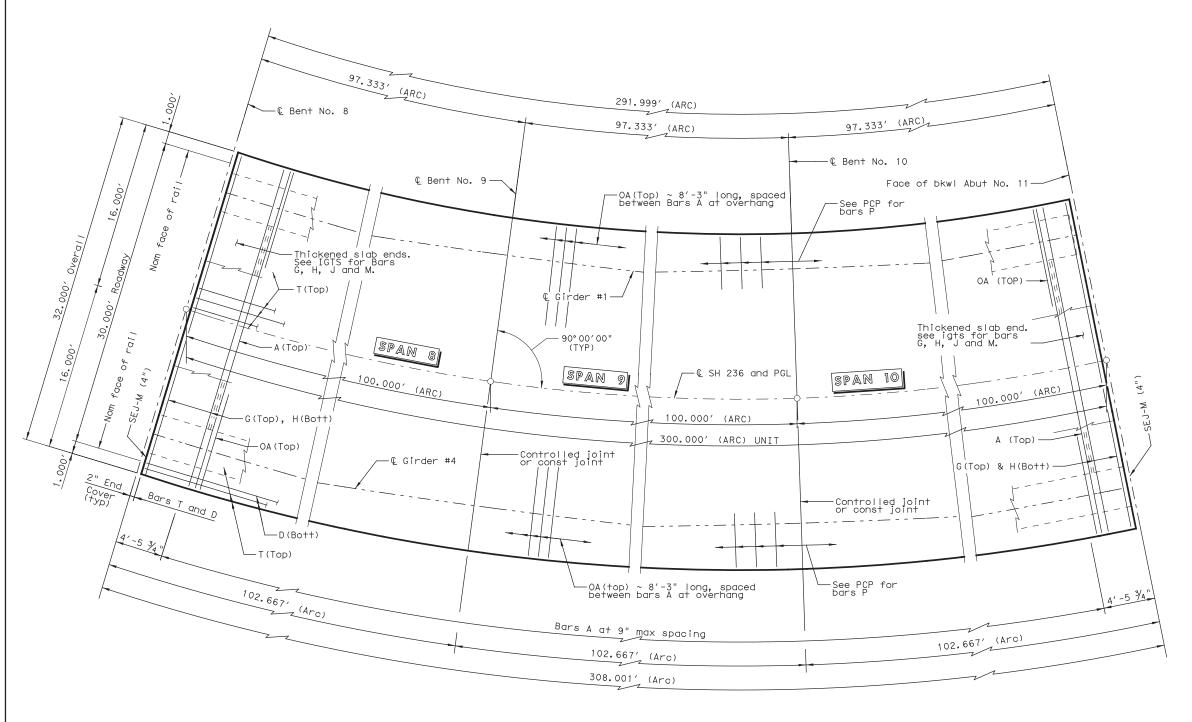
#### HL93 LOADING



®
Texas Department of Transportation

# FRAMING PLAN (SPANS 8-10) SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEC	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	112
0513	01	017	



### **PLAN**

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 8th Edition (2017).

All concrete shall be Class S, f'c = 4000 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60.

See rail standard for anchorage in slab.

Bar laps, where required shall be as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

See PCP and PCP-FAB standards for panel details not shown. See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments if

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

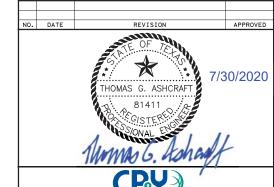
### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

Span	Reinf Concrete Slab	Prestr Concrete Girder (Tx 46)	Reinf Steel (1)
No.	SF	LF	Lb
8	3,200	398.14	7,360
9	3,200	398.14	7,360
10	3,200	398.06	7,360
Total	9,600	1,194.34	22,080

- 1 Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 Lbs/SF.
- 2 Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.

BAR	TABLE
BAR	SIZE
Α	#4
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
OA	#6
Р	#4
Т	#4

#### HL93 LOADING



TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



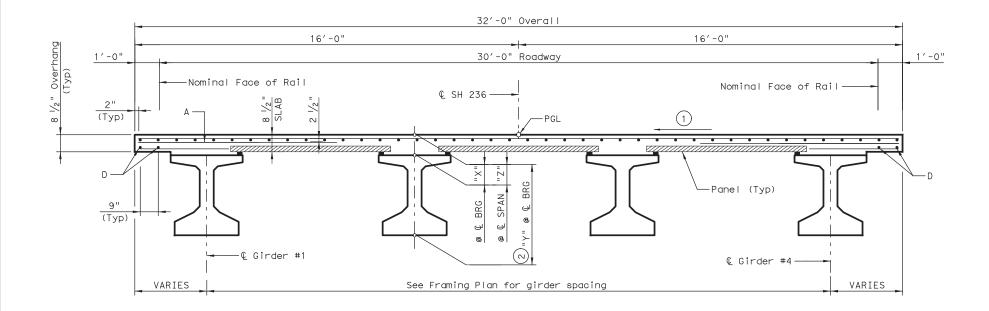
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### 300.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 8-10)

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

		SHEET	1 OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	DERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	113
0513	01	017	



### TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

TABLE OF DEAD LOAD

F+

0.1130

0.1540

0.1640

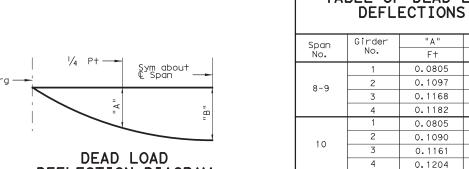
0.1660

0.1130

0.1530

0.1630

0.1690



### TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS Girder at @<sup>\*</sup>Span (2) 1'-2 1/4" 5'-0 1/4" 10 1/4"

5'-0 1/4"

5'-0 1/4"

10 % "

10 3/4"

Span No.

8-10

2

3-4

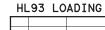
1'-2 1/4"

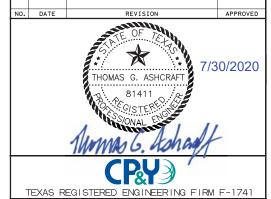
1'-2 1/4"



1) See bridge layout for cross-slope.

(2) Theoretical dimension.





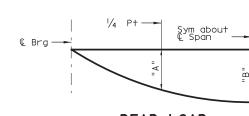
HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### 300.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 8-10)

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

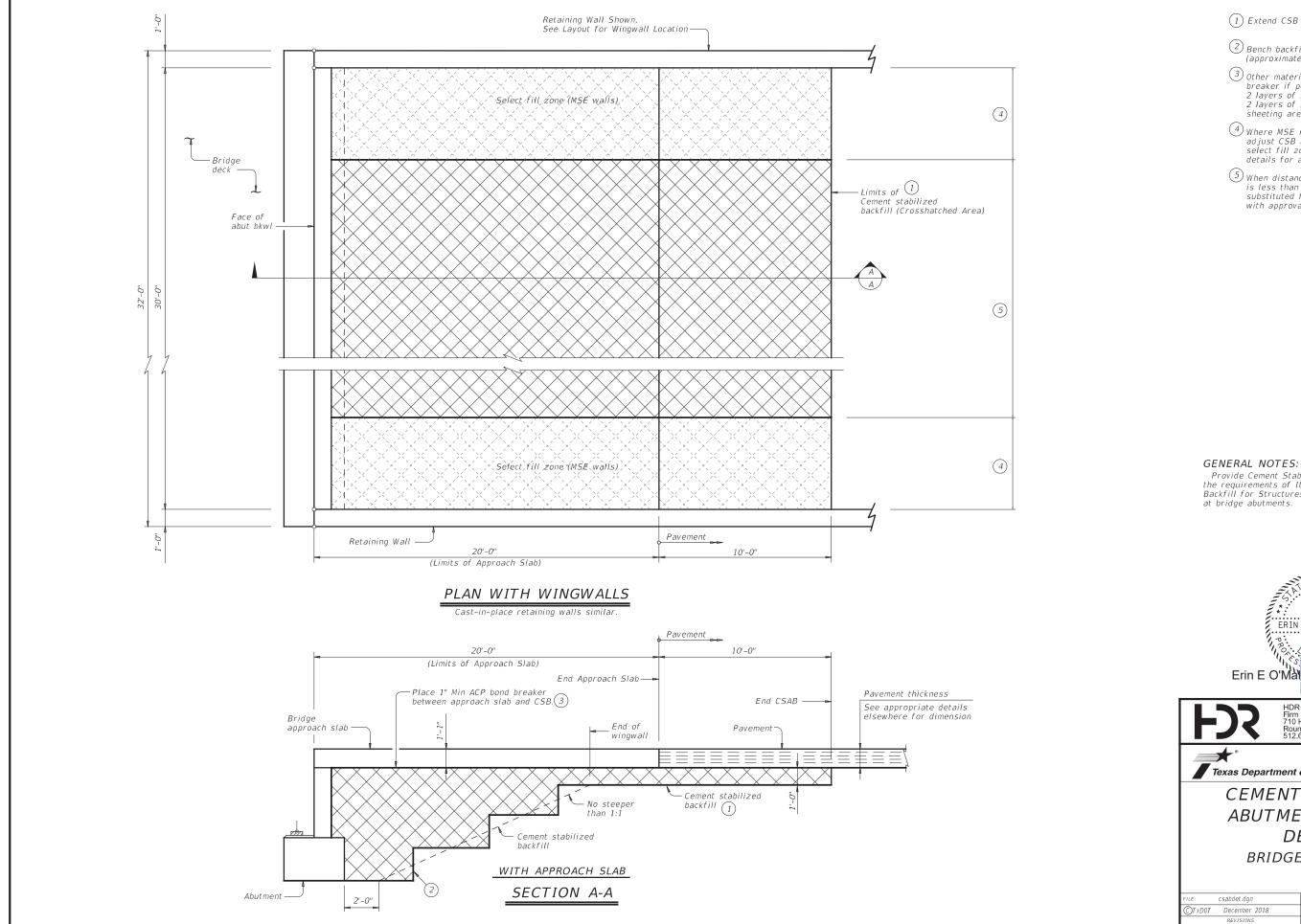
		SHEET	2 OF 2
ED.RD. IV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
EXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
ONTROL	SECTION	JOB	114
0513	01	017	<b>-</b>



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only. (Ec= 5000 ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual deflection may be less. Deflection shall be adjusted based on field observation.

PINVER: TXDOT\_PDF\_BW.pttcfg
mflores DATE: 7/30/2020 TIME: 2:56:6
300.00' Prestr Conc Girder Unit \*4 (Sheet 2 of



- 1) Extend CSB limits as shown.
- Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.
- 3 Other materials can be used as a bond breaker if permitted by the Engineer. 2 layers of 30 Lb roofing felt or 2 layers of heavy mil polyethylene sheeting are examples.
- 4 Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.
- (5) When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.



HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



CEMENT STABILIZED ABUTMENT BACKFILL **DETAILS** BRIDGE ABUTMENT

33	csabdet.dgn	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxD0T	December 2018	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY				
	REVISIONS	0513	01	017	017		SH236	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		WACO		CORYE	LL		115	

STRUCTURE  SPAN NO.  GIRDER NO.  STRAND  STRAN					D	ESIGNI	ED GIR	DERS					ESSED	CONC	CRETE		OPTION	NAL DESIG	ŝΝ	
SH 236 AT LEON RIVER 4 1,4 TX70 52 0.6 270 26.65 17.72 8 66.5 6.000 7.100 4.432 -4.501 12597 0.637		STRUCTURE				STD STRAND	TOTAL			"e"		PAT	TERN TO	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ©)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT ©)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRI FAC	LOAD IBUTION ITOR
SH 236 AT LEON RIVER						PALLERN		(in)		(in)	(in)	100	l 1	f'ci	f'c (ksi)				Moment	Shear
	rollings of for incorrect results of banages resulting from its use.	SH 236 AT LEON RIVER	1 - 3 4 4	2,3 1,4 2,3	T×46 T×70 T×70		34 52 52	0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270	13.96 13.96 26.65 26.65	13.96 13.96 17.72 17.72	2 8 8	42.5 42.5 66.5 66.5	5.800 5.800 6.000 6.000	7.100 7.100 7.100 7.100 7.100	3.630 3.697 4.432 4.475	-3.709 -3.720 -4.501 -4.501	6000 5874 12901 12597	Moment 0.700 0.652 0.700 0.637 0.821	Shear  0.838 0.838 0.838 0.838 0.853
	200																			

NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER PATTERN

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24 \sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

#### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of  $\underline{60}$  percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

#### FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

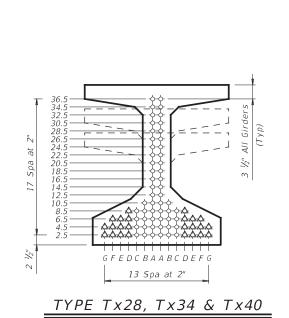
Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

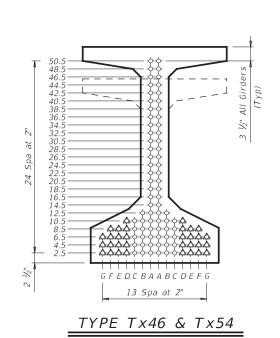
Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked  $\Delta$ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

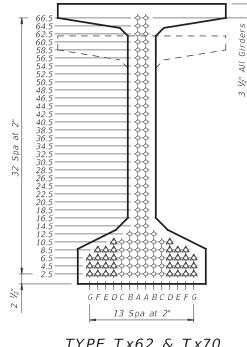
When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

### DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.







*TYPE Tx62 & Tx70* 



HL93 LOADING

Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DESIGNS (NON-STANDARD SPANS)

IGND

			1011					
: igndsts1-19.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	EFC		κ: TAR	
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 0-19: Modified for depressed	0513	01 017					SH236	
strands only.	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	WACO	O CORYELL				•	116	

10:11:59



Edge of

bridge -

abutment

See Isolation

Joint Detail

Wingwal or CIP

retainin wall:

10: 12: 03

-Wingwall or CIP retaining

wall

(top), Spa

Bars B (top) and D (bott)

Spaced at 12" Max

- A (bott), Spa

PLAN

(Showing non-skewed approach slab.)

See RW(TRF)

standard for

reinforcement

at 6" Max

Const joint (2)

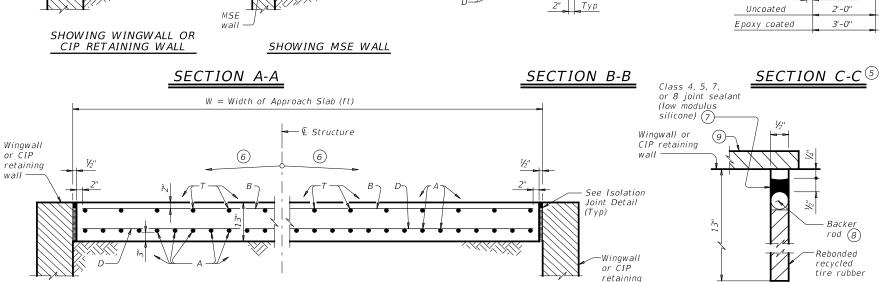
D (bott) -

└Wingwall or

wall

CIP retaining

-B (top)



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

See Sealed

Construction

Joint Detail

6'-0"

Wingwall or

Face of

See structure

details for

LONGITUDINAL SAW CUT JOINT DETAIL

Approach Slab

abutment

wall

CIP retaining

drain

−T (top), Spa at 12" Max

Bars B (top) and D (bott)

Spaced at 12" Max

Const joint(2)

-Wingwall or

wall

Asphaltic Concrete

Pavement

101010101010101

wall

CIP retaining

- A (bott), Spa

**PLAN** 

(Showing skewed approach slab.)

at 6" Max

B (top) and

Bend as shown

D (bott)

-B (top) and

D (bott)

Edge of

S = Skew

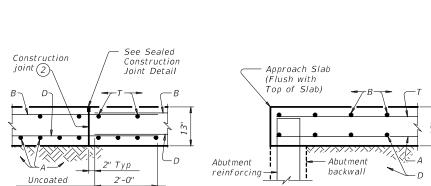
Class 4, 5, 7 or 8

joint sealant (low

modulus silicone) (7)

angle (deg)

bridae



3'-0"

Backer rod (8)

Rebonded recycled

ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

BAR*TABLE* BAR SIZE Α #8 В #5 D #5 #5

### APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4

Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) =  $0.802W + 0.02W^2$  Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- ① Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- (3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints provided minimum laps shown are achieved.
- 6 See details elsewhere in plans for required cross-slope.
- 7 Place in accordance with Item 438.
- $\fbox{8}$  Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant.
- (9) If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place ½" rebonded recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)

Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers:

Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

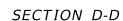
Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the

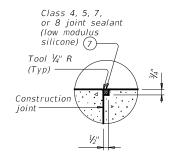
approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422.

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach slab.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.





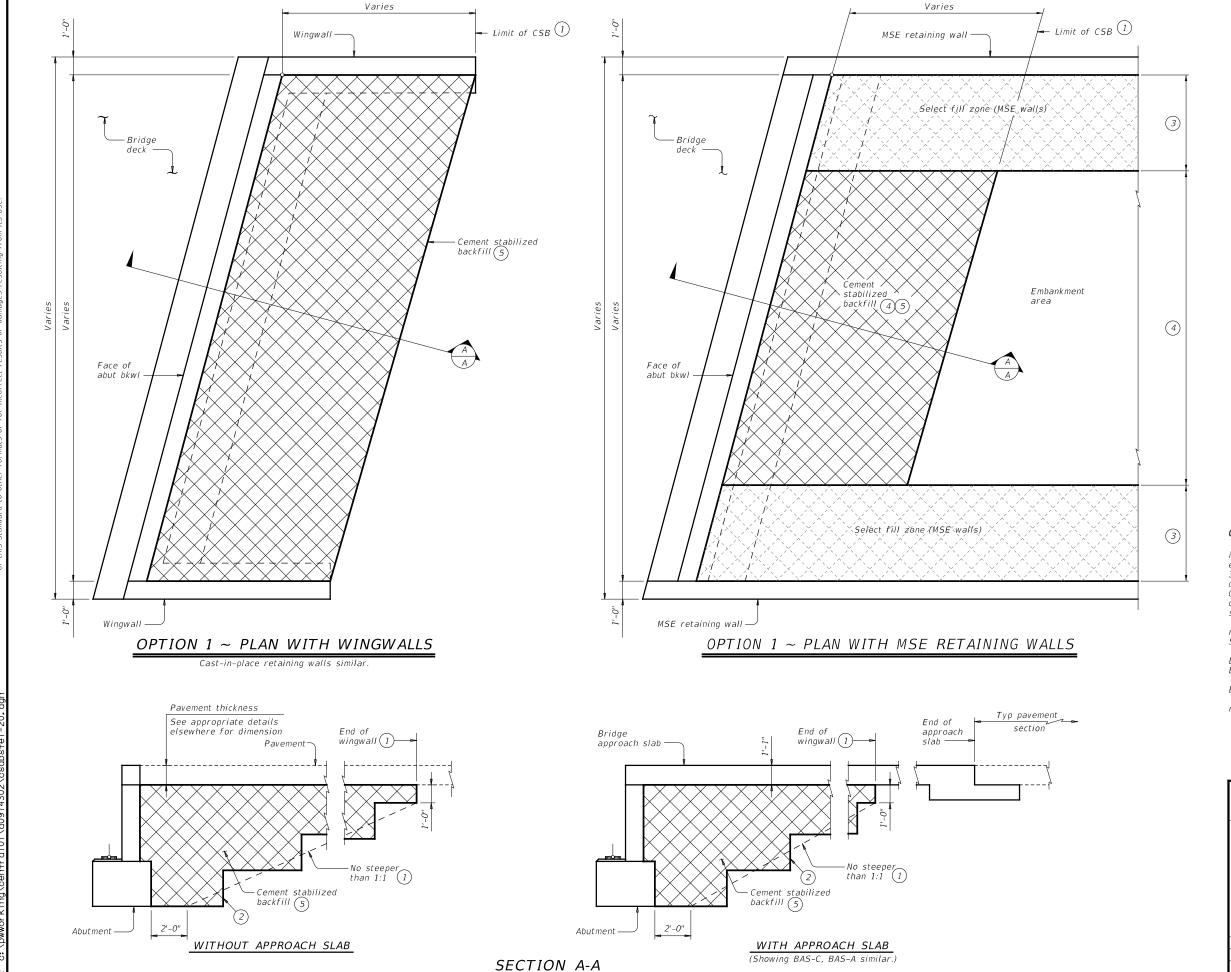
**SEALED** CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAIL



BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

BAS-A

DN: TXL	DOT	CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
CONT SECT		J0B		HIGHWAY		
0513 01 017			SH	SH236		
DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
WACO			117			
	0513 DIST	0513 01	CONT         SECT         JOB           0513         01         017           DIST         COUNTY	CONT         SECT         JOB           0513         01         017           DIST         COUNTY	CONT         SECT         JOB         HIC           0513         01         017         SH           DIST         COUNTY         Incomparison of the country of	



1) Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height, place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

### GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a plasticity index (PI) greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring PI controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments. Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See

Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
These details do not apply when Concrete Block retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2

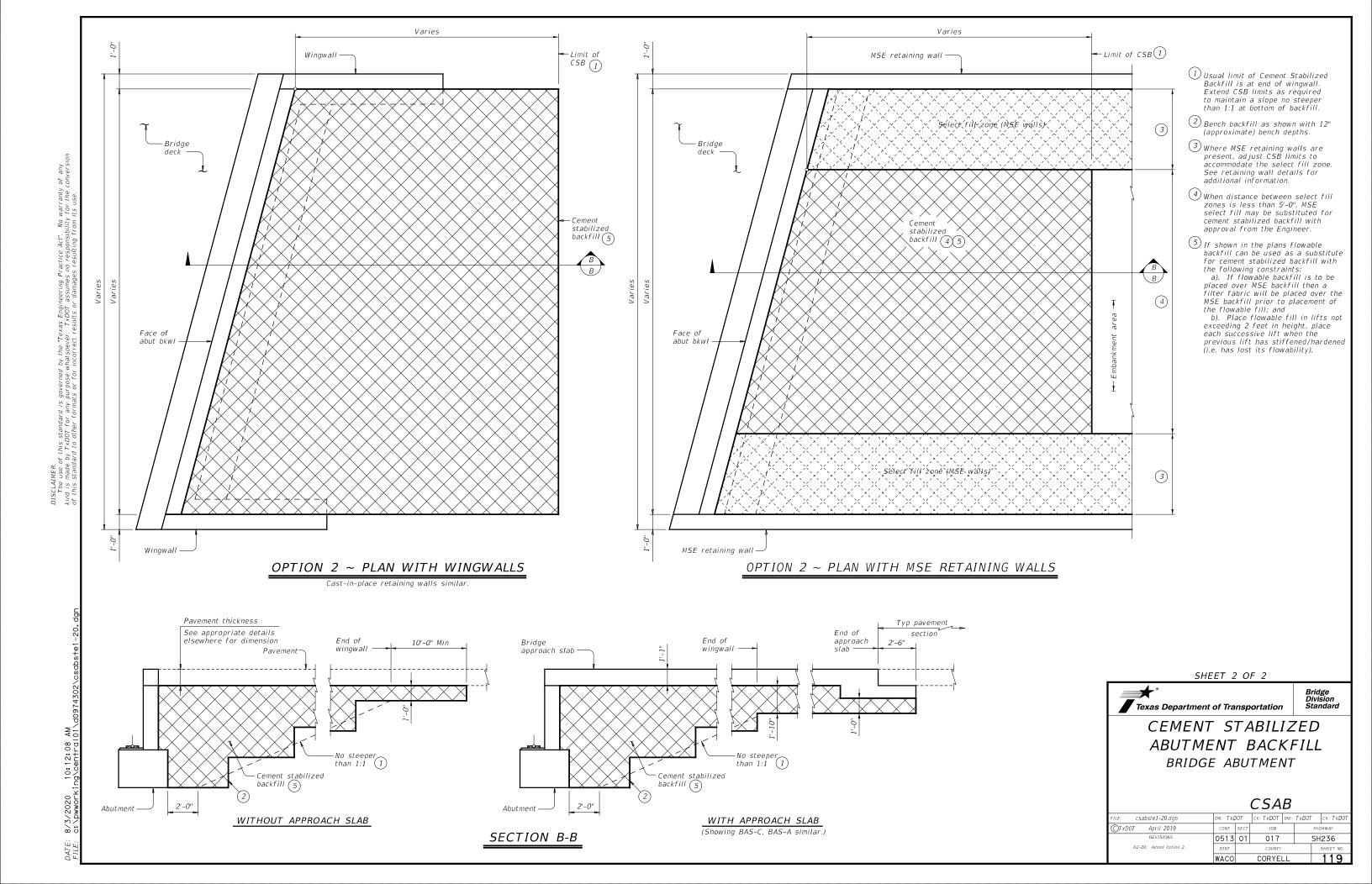


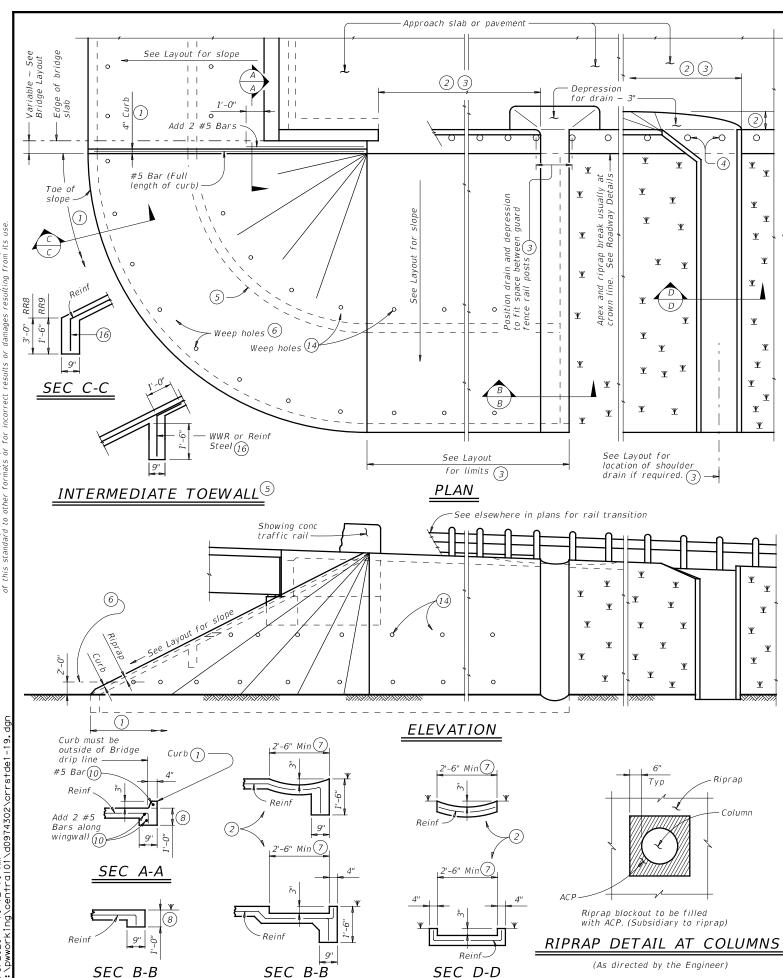
Bridge Division Standard

CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

	00/10							
FILE: csabste1-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T		
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236			
02-20: Added Option 2.	DIST	DIST COUN			UNTY SHEET NO.			
	WACO		CORYE	LL		118		

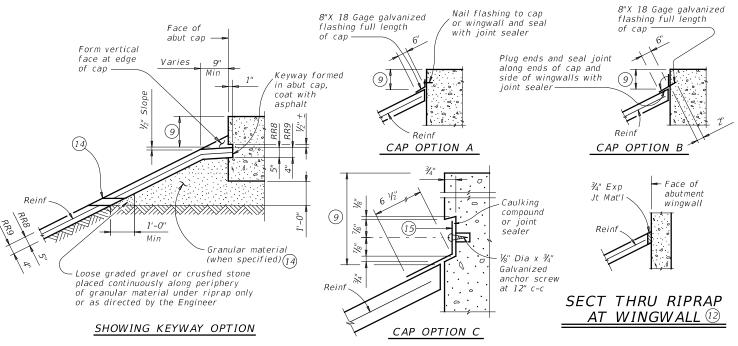




(Shoulder drain

integral with riprap)

(Shoulder drain)

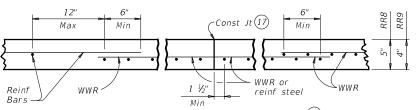


(1) When riprap is shown extended around header on layout, extend slab and toewall as shown and eliminate 4" curb.

### <u>SECTIONS THR</u>U RIPRAP AT CAP (1)

- (2) Limits and configuration of drains and depressions are as shown elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- Location of shoulder drain must consider limitations imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.
- 4 See details elsewhere in plans for installation of guard fence posts through concrete riprap.
- (5) Provide intermediate toewall only when designated elsewhere in the plans or included in the specifications.
- 6 Provide lower level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by 1 CF packet of gravel and galvanized hardware cloth at all locations unless directed by the Engineer to eliminate.
- (7) Use wider or other drain configurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer
- (8) Wall extension may be reduced or modified if approved by the Engineer. Increase wall extension to 1'-6" whenever the optional intermediate toewall is called for in the plans.
- Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Should be 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.
- (10) #5 bars shown are required even when synthetic fiber reinforcing option is selected.
- $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize{(1)}}}{ ext{\scriptsize{(1)}}}$  Provide sealing option for joint between the face of cap and riprap as designated by the Engineer or as shown elsewhere
- 12) Flashing (shown in Cap Option A) may be used at wingwall in addition to Exp Jt Mat'l if shown on plans or directed by the
- Provide #3 reinforcing bars at 18" Spa c-c. Provide Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars.
- (14) If granular material is specified, provide upper level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by galvanized hardware cloth.
- (15) 8" x 18 Gage Galv Sheet Metal
- (16) Provide WWR or #3 bars, with 1'-0" extension into slope.
- (17) WWR or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints. Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic reinforcing fiber is utilized.

FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 5" of RR8 = 0.015 CY/SF4" of RR9 = 0.012 CY/SF#3 Reinf at 18" c-c = 0.501 Lbs/SF 6x6-D3xD3 = 0.408 Lbs/SF



### <u>REINFORCEMENT</u> <u>DETA</u>ILS <sup>[]3</sup> See General Notes for optional synthetic fiber reinforcement

GENERAL NOTES: Provide Class "B" concrete (f'c = 2,000 psi) unless noted elsewhere

n plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer

Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. Install construction joints or grooved joints extending the full slant slope height at intervals of approximately 20 feet unless otherwise

directed by the Engineer.

Hardware cloth, loose grade stone behind weep holes, flashing, or other sealing material are subsidiary to the bid item "Riprap". See Layout for limits of riprap.

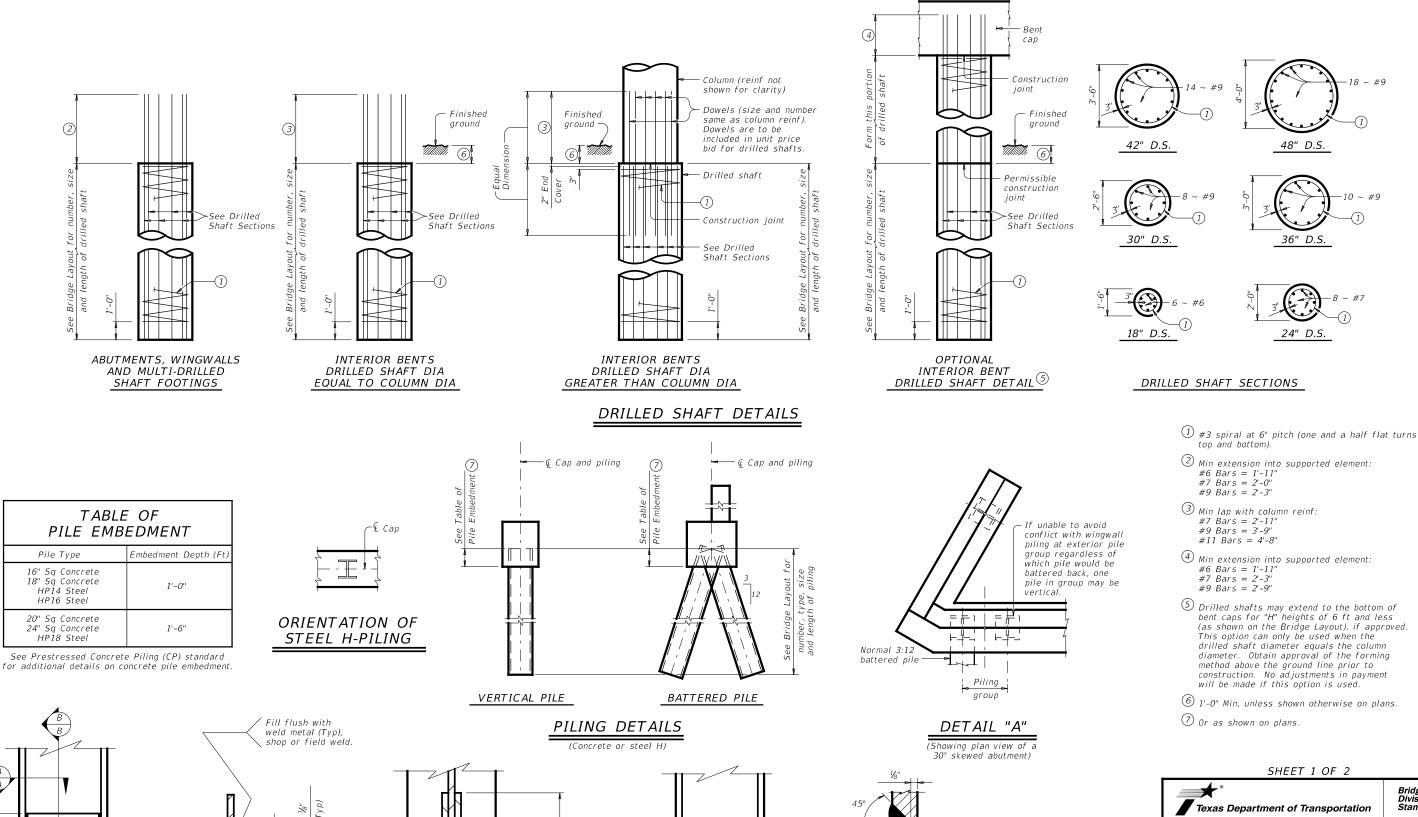
RR8 is to be used on stream crossings. RR9 is to be used on other embankments.



CONCRETE RIPRAP AND SHOULDER DRAINS **EMBANKMENTS** AT BRIDGE ENDS (TYPES RR8 & RR9)

CRR

FILE: crrstde1-19.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT JOB		HIC	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0513	01	017	017 SH236		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYF	П		120



### COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FDN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO 017

Bridge Division Standard

18 ~ #9

fdstde01-20.dgr OTxDOT April 2019 0513 01 SH236 01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars CORYELL

### ELEVATION SECTION A-A

Bevel ¾" PL

45 degrees (Typ) -

is required and for options to the details shown.

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement

SECTION B-B

Cut flange 45°

field weld

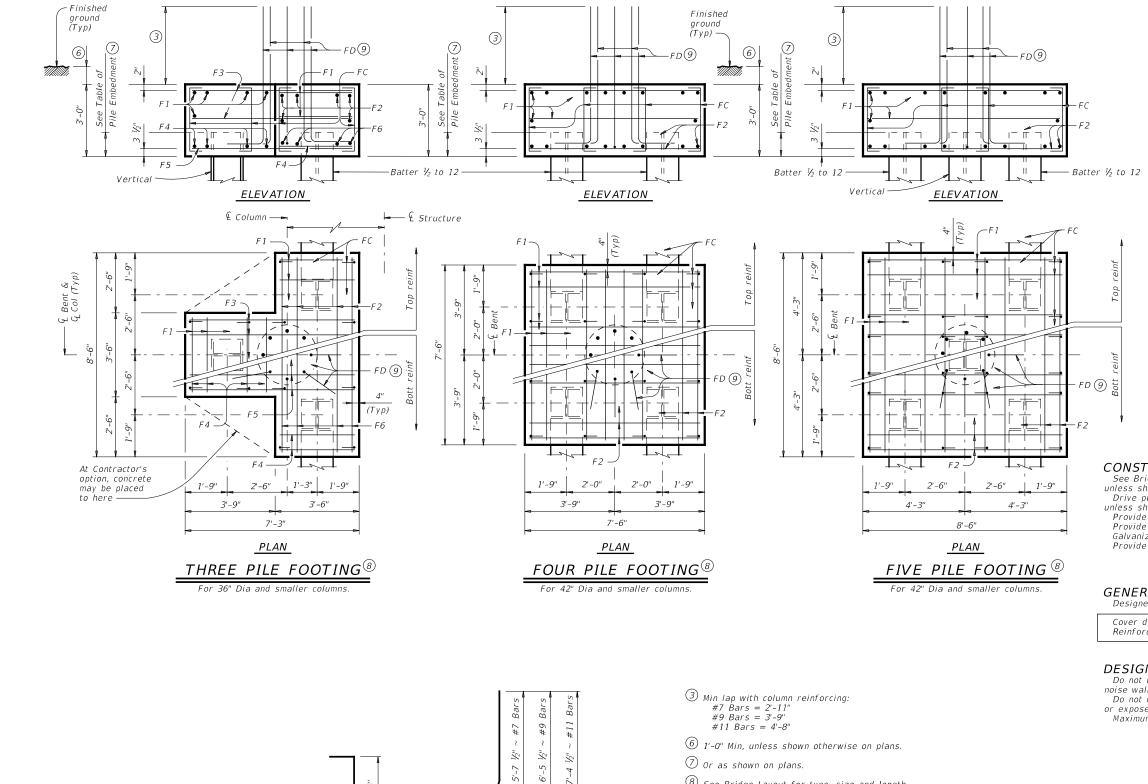
Backgouge

backweld

SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required



1'-2" #7 Bars

1'-7" #9 Bars

2'-0" #11 Bars

BARS FD 9

6"

BARS FC

 $\fbox{8}$  See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.

Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.

10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

### TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

30 002011113							
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	rING			
Bar	Bar No. Size Length Weight						
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	II .	23		
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	"	33		
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	!"	28		
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86		
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	!"	94		
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	111			
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28		
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220		
Reinforcing Steel					623		
Class "C" Concrete					4.8		
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING							
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight		
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2		96		
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	=	306		
FC	16	#4	3'- 6		37		
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220		
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659		
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3		
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	「ING			
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight		
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109		
F2	16	#9	8'- 2"		444		
FC	24	#4	3'- 6"		56		
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	ıı .	220		
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829		
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0		

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6"

Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"

Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

### COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

				_	-	
: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT.	ск: ТхD0Т	DW: 7	FxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH	236
11-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYE	LL		122

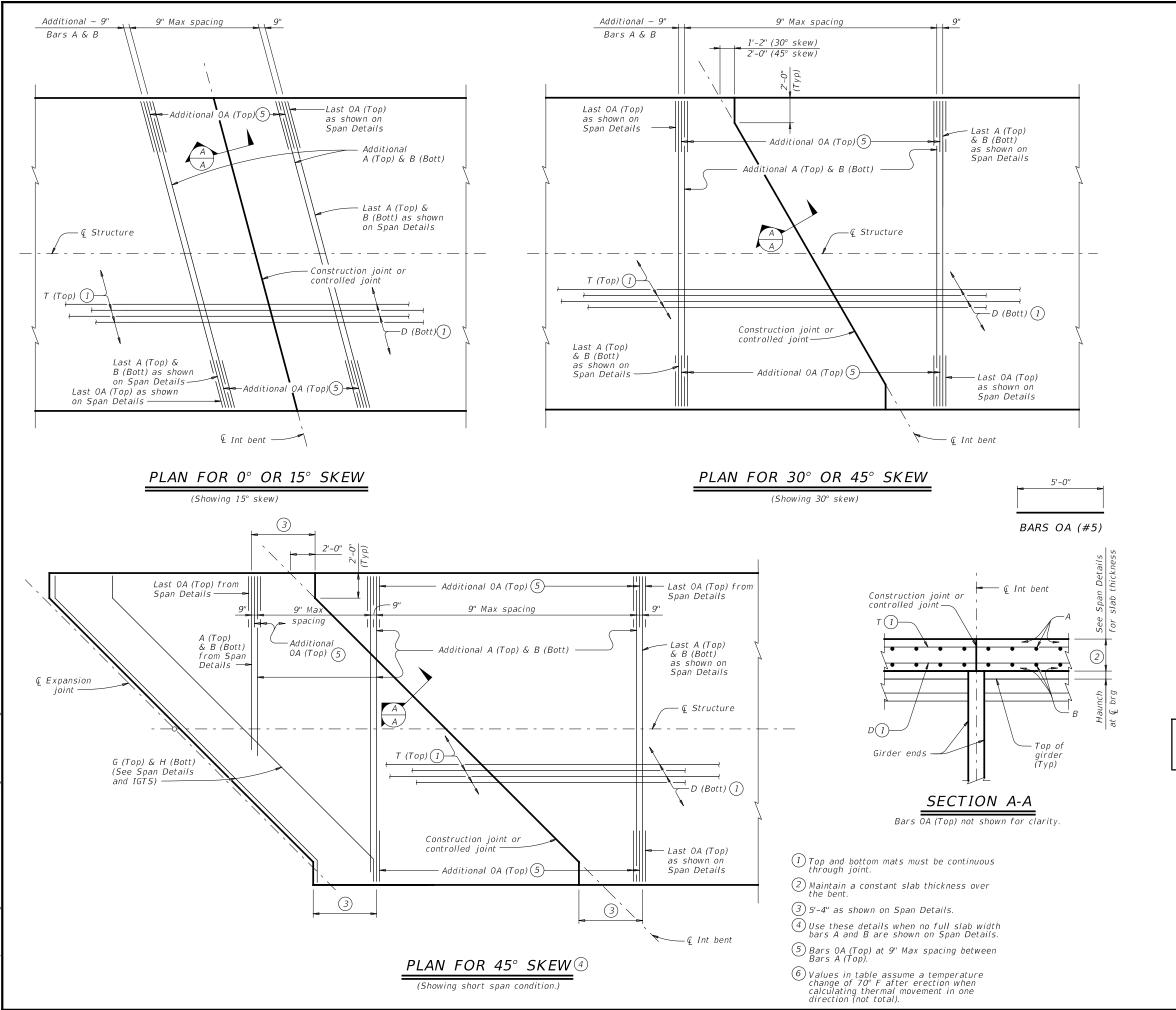


TABLE OF 6 ALLOW ABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Facto
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
5.00	3.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR TABLE

BARSIZE #4 #4 D #4 #4 0A #5

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

### HL93 LOADING

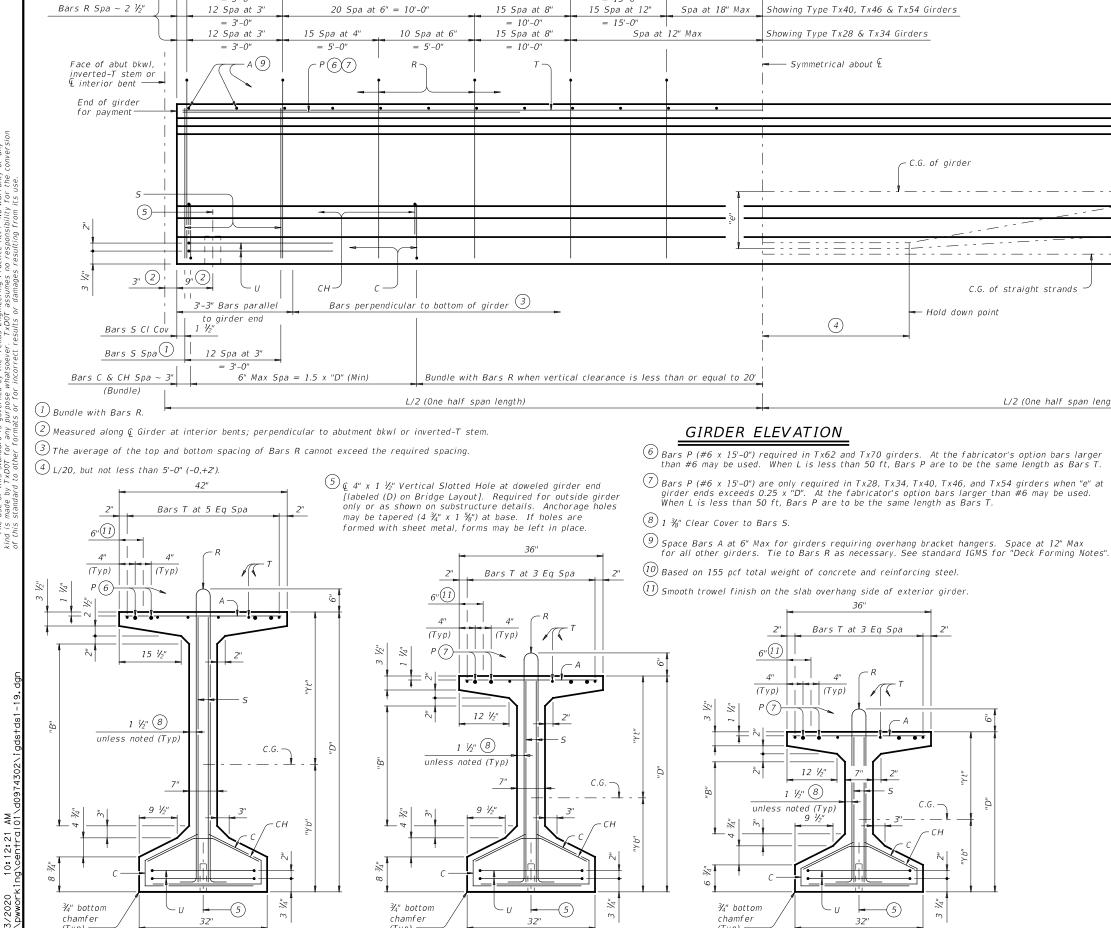


Texas Department of Transportation

CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

**IGCS** 

				_		
FILE: igcs1sts-19.dgn	DN: JM	Ή	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SI	1236
10-19: Added bubble note 6.	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	WACO		CORYE	LL		123



*TYPE Tx46 & Tx54* 

30 Spa at 8'' = 20'-0''

15 Spa at 12"

= 15'-0"

Spa at 18" Max

Showing Type Tx62 & Tx70 Girders

*TYPE Tx28, Tx34 & Tx40* 

12 Spa at 3"

= 3'-0''

GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Weight Girder Type (in.) (in.) (in.)  $(in.^2)$ (in.4) (in.4) (plf) (in.) 630 Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52,772 40.559 34 12 18.49 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 Tx34 18.10 720 Tx40 40 18 21.90 669 134,990 40.902 T x 46 46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46,478 819 880 Tx54 54 30 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 1/2" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980 Tx70 70 45 1/2" 38.09 31.91 966 628,747 57,579 1,040

Face of abut bkwl,

interior bent

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Provide Class H concrete.

Do not blockout

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

L/2 (One half span length)

top of girders for

thickened slab ends.

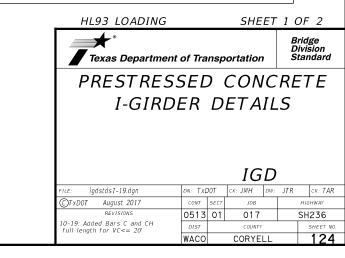
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel

An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

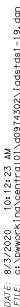
It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact

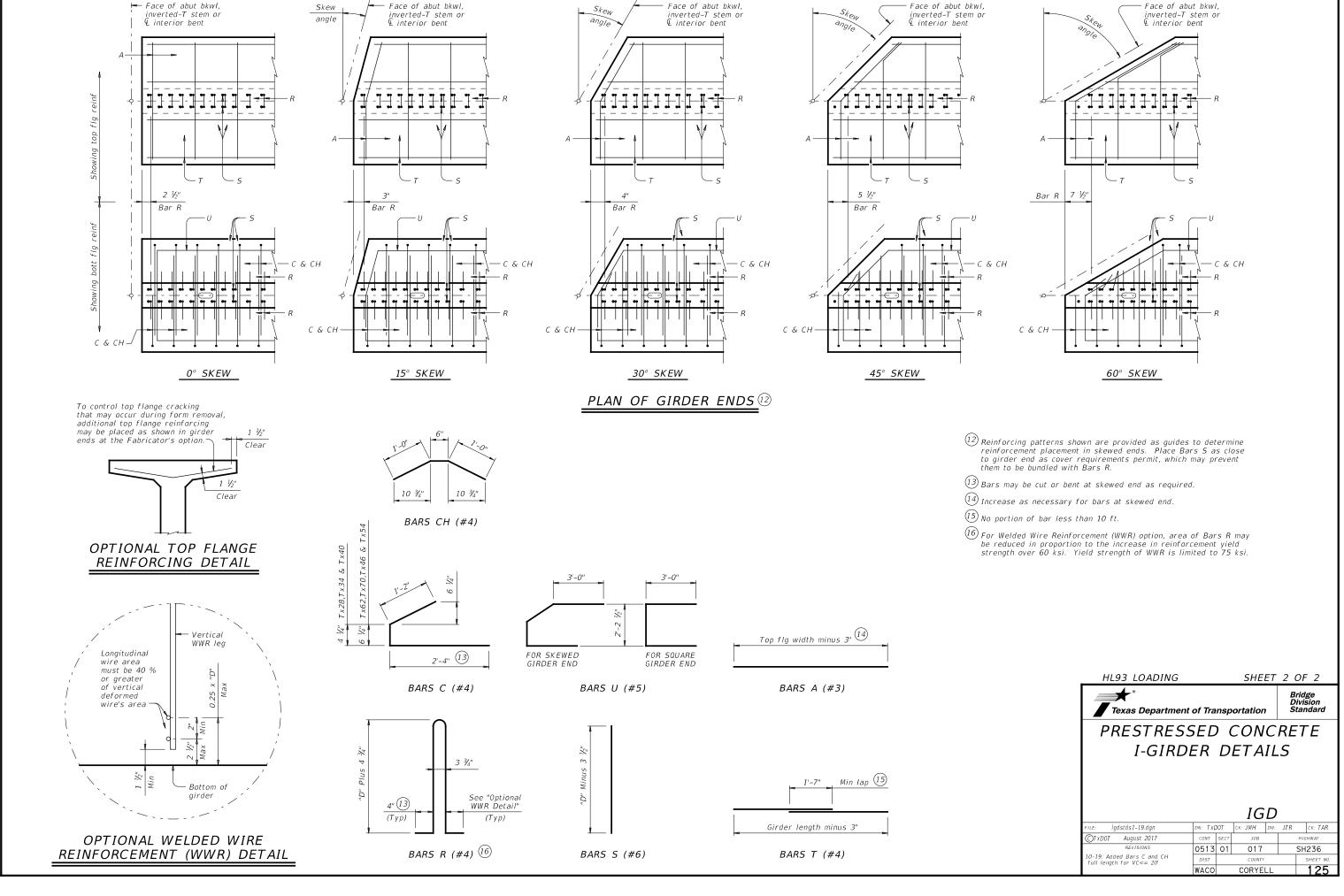
with materials used in forming anchor holes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



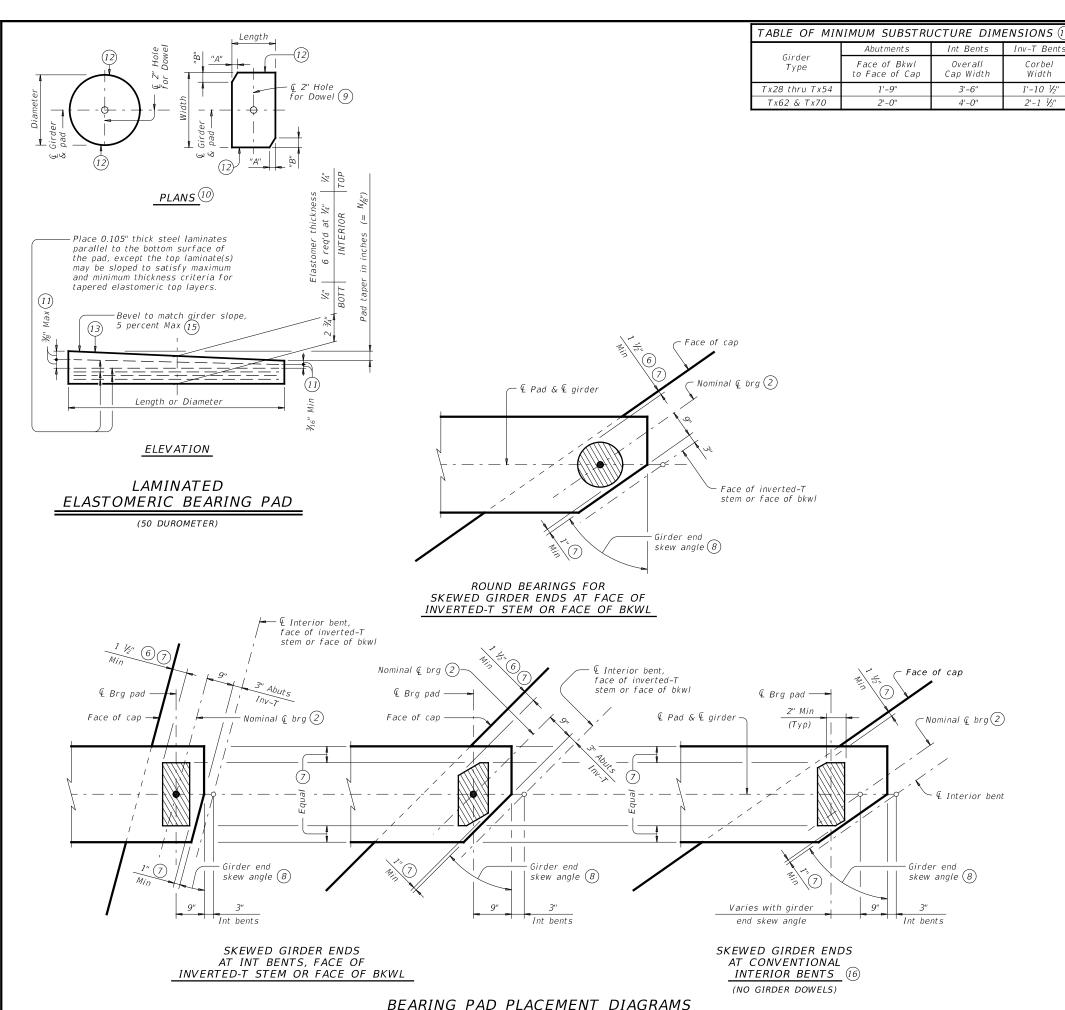
*TYPE Tx62 & Tx70* 





CORYELL

10: 12: 26



- TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS Girder End Pad Clip Girder Pad Size Bent Type Skew Angle Dimensions Lgth x Wdth Туре Range G-1-"N" 0° thru 21° 8" x 21' Tx28,Tx34, 21°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" ABUTMENTS. INVERTED-T G-3-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 4 1/2" AND TRANSITION G-4-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 15" Dia G-5-"N" 0° thru 21° 9" x 21" BENTS Tx62 G-6-"N" 21°+ thru 30° 9" x 21" 1 1/5" BACKWALLS G-7-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 10" x 21" 4 1/3" Tx70 G-8-"N" 7 1/4" 45°+ thru 60° 10" x 21" Tx28,Tx34, CONVENTIONAL Tx40, Tx46INTERIOR & Tx54 G-1-"N" 8" x 21" 0° thru 60° BENTS Tx62 & Tx70 G-5-"N" 0° thru 60° 9" x 21" G-1-"N" 0° thru 18° 8" x 21" CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR Tx28,Tx34, G-2-"N"18°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" G-9-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 8" x 21" WITH& Tx54 SKEWED G-10-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21" GIRDER G-5-"N" 0° thru 18° 9" x 21" Tx62 G-5-"N" 9" x 21" 18°+ thru 30° (GIRDER CONFLICTS) 30°+ thru 45° G-11-"N"9" x 21" 1 1/2" Tx70 (16) 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21"
  - 2) For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may
  - 6 3" for inverted-T.
  - 7) Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between
  - (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders
  - (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details
  - (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
  - (11) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered lavers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- (13) Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in  $\frac{1}{8}$ " increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for  $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper) N=2, (for ⅓" taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than  $\binom{-0.0625"}{}$  \ IN/IN.

- (14) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- (15) See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

**IGEB** 

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TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	IIGHWAY	l
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	l
	WACO		CORYE	LL		127	l

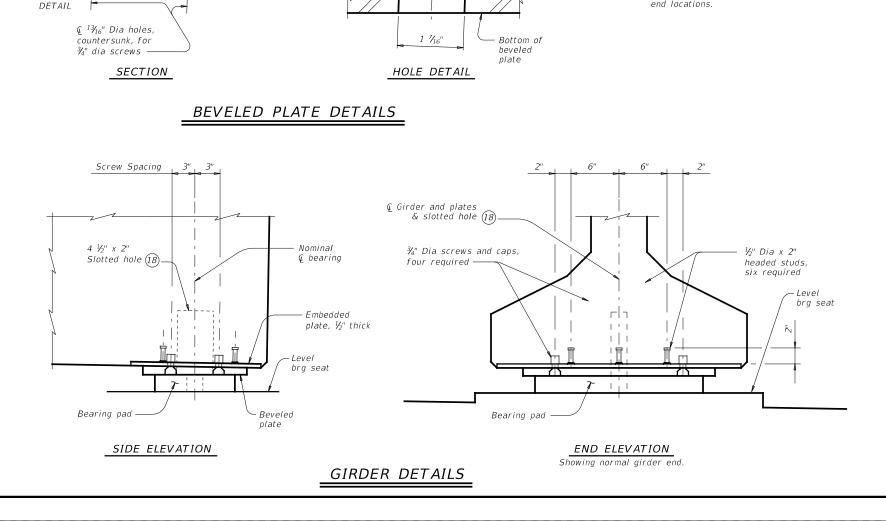
Length

Тур

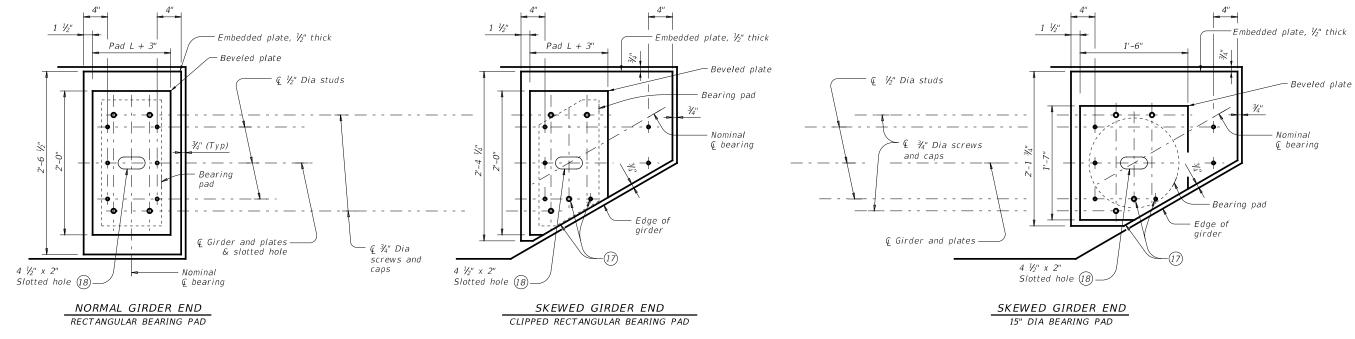
Bevel to match

girder slope

-See HOLE



Bevel to match girder slope



### PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS



(18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.

### (17) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw

### SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest  $\mathcal{V}_{16}$ " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is  $V_{16}$ "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed  ${1\!\!/}_{16}$ " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates. Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline

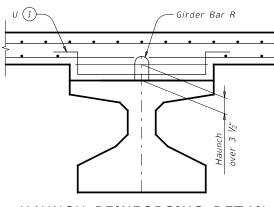
Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

34" Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type I. Provide screws long enough to maintain a 34" minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than ½" deep or

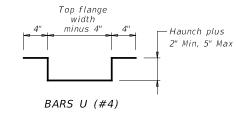
Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

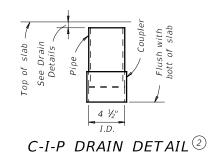
> HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 3 Texas Department of Transportation ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS *IGEB*

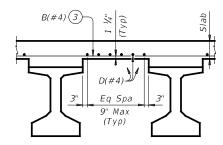
CK: JMH DW: JTR CK: TXD01 igebsts1-17.dgn DN: AEE OTxDOT August 2017 0513 01 017 SH236 CORYELL



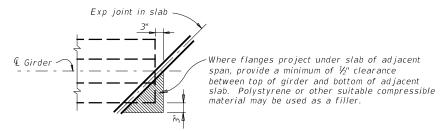
### HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



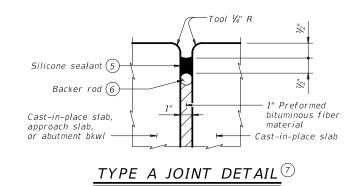




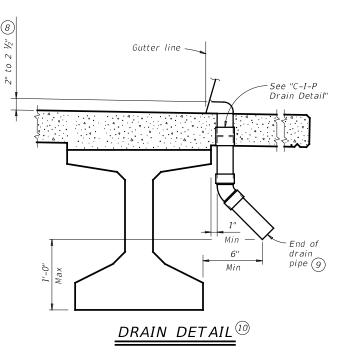
# TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP



### TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- 1) Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$  Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$
- 5 Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{(6)}$  1  $^{\prime\prime\prime}$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- ${rac{\circ}{\circ}}$  The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

SHEET 1 OF 2

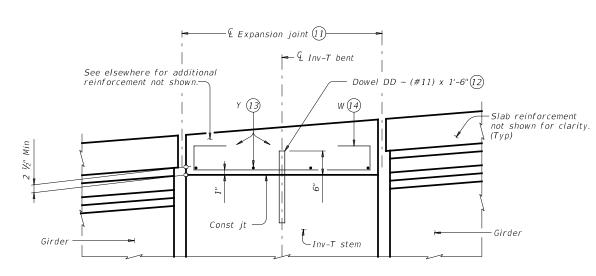


*MISCELLANEOUS* SLAB DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

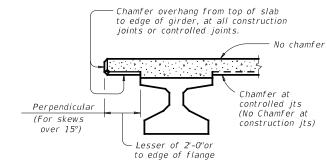
**IGMS** 

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TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	ı
REVISIONS	0513	01	017			SH236	
-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	ı
	WACO		CORYE	LL		129	ı

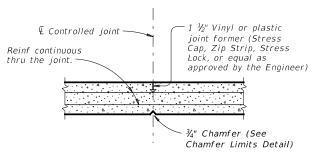


# 3" 4" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct)

### DRIP BEAD DETAIL



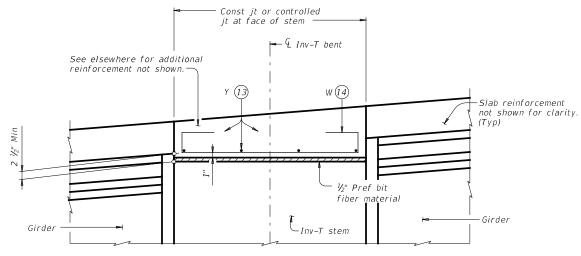
### CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL 15



### CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

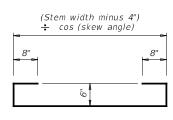
(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

### SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



SHOWING CONST JTS OR CONTROLLED JTS

### REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



BARS W (#4)

- 11) See Layout for joint type.
- Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- 3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- (14) Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15) See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.





Bridge Division Standard

MISCELLANEOUS

SLAB DETAILS

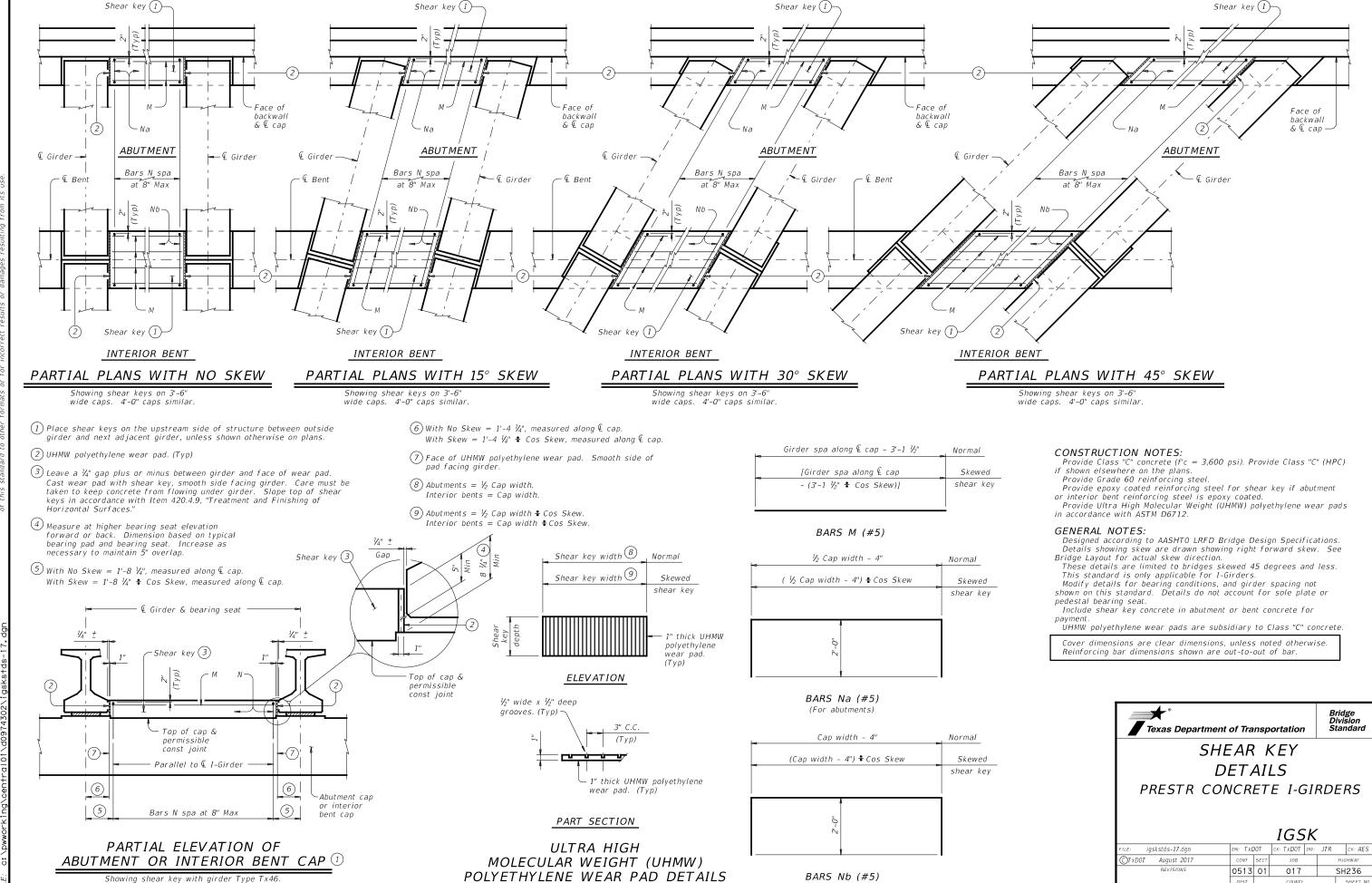
PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

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FILE: igmssts1-19.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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10-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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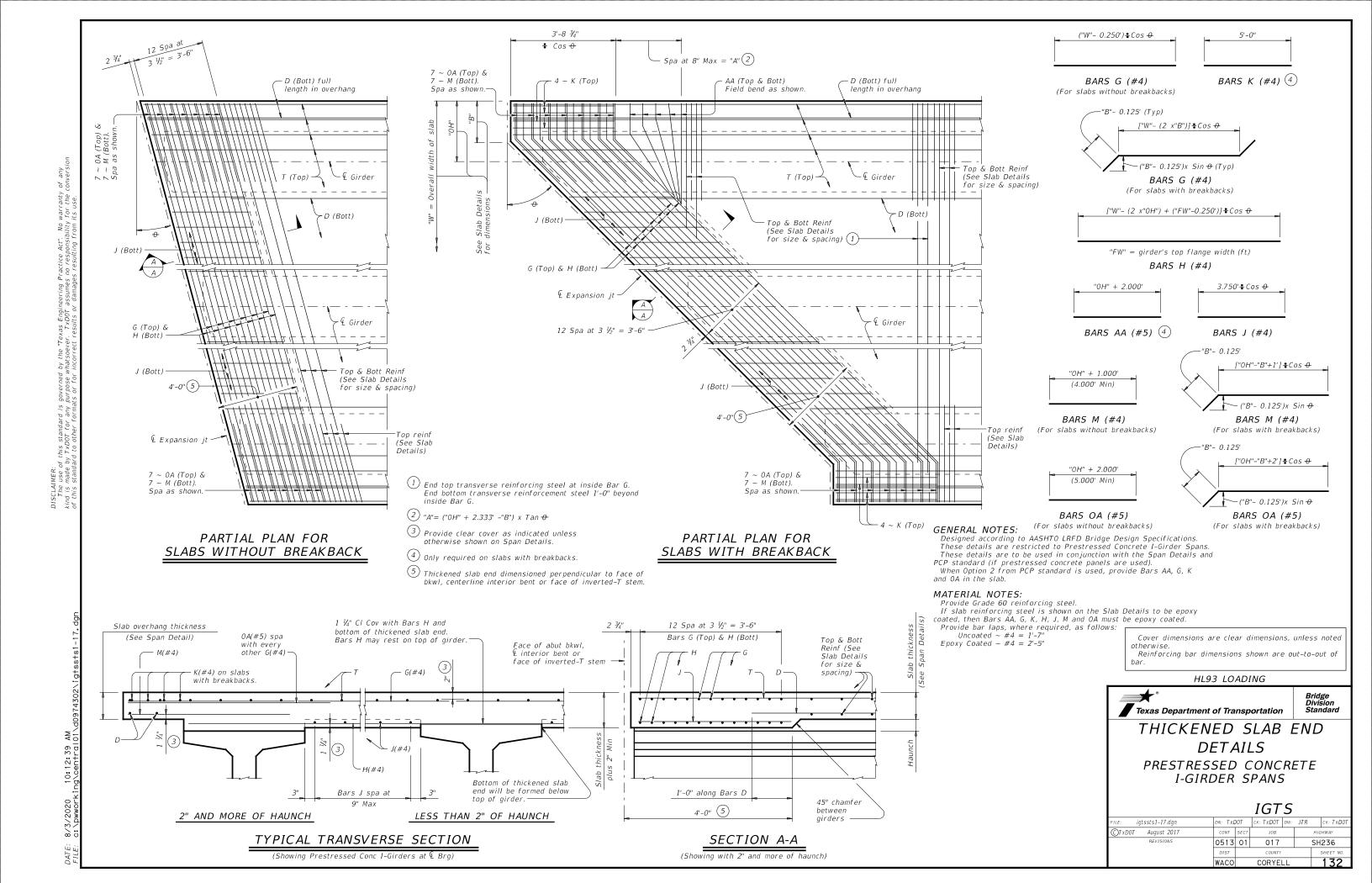
Other I-Girder types similar

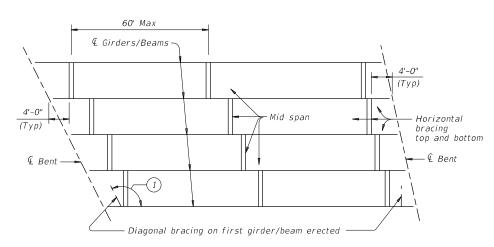


(For interior bents)

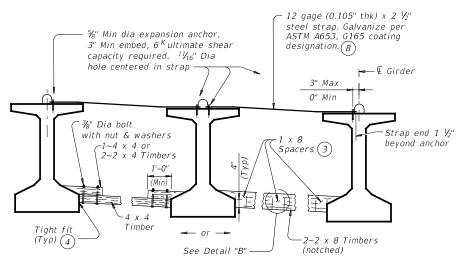
CORYELL

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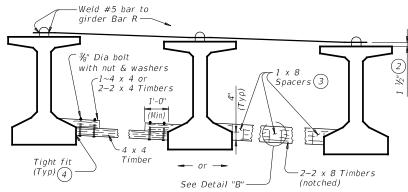


### **ERECTION BRACING**



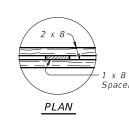
#### FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

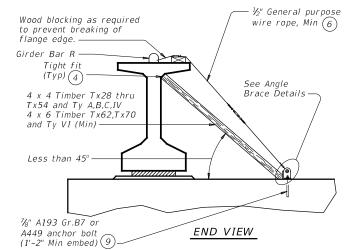
HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



DETAIL "B"

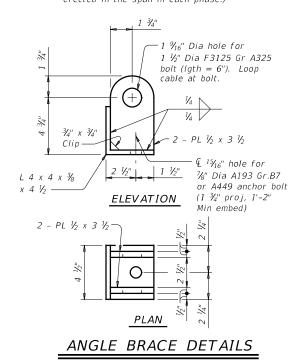
<del>|</del>| - <del>- |</del> | | | | | | | See Angle **€** Anchor Brace Details bolt (Typ)(7)(Typ)(7Edge of Edge of cap Cable (with turnbuckle or come-along) Timber (Notch and brace against corner of girder) See Detail "A" — Attach to girder Bar R at nearest end of beam

PLAN



### DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam erected in the span in each phase.)



#### HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

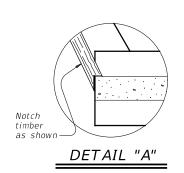
#### **ERECTION BRACING:**

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

#### PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be omitted.



- If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- (3) Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3". Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- (8) Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole.

SHEET 1 OF 2

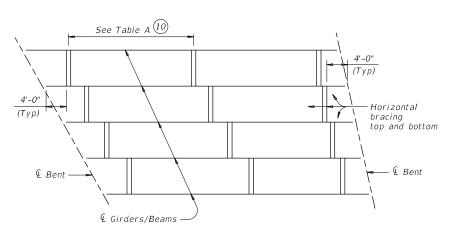


Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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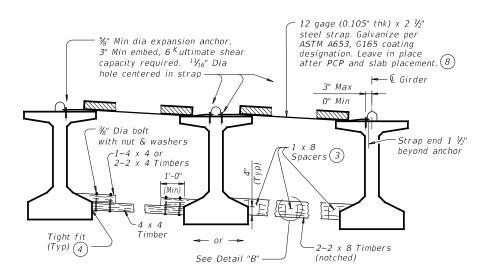


CLAD	DIACEMENT	DDACING
SLAB	PLACEMENT	BRACING

OPTION 1-RI	OPTION 1-RIGID BRACING (STEEL STRAP)							
	Maximum Bra	acing Spacing						
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"(11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater						
Tx28	¼ points	¼ points						
T x 34	¼ points	₹ points						
T x 40	¼ points	⅓ points						
Tx46	¼ points	⅓ points						
T x 54	¼ points	⅓ points						
Tx62	¼ points	$\frac{1}{8}$ points						
Tx70	⅓ points	⅓ points						
А	√ <sub>8</sub> points	∜ <sub>8</sub> points						
В	$rac{1}{8}$ points	⅓ points						
С	$lat{V}_8$ points	⅓ points						
IV	¼ points	√ <sub>8</sub> points						
VI	¼ points	⅓ points						

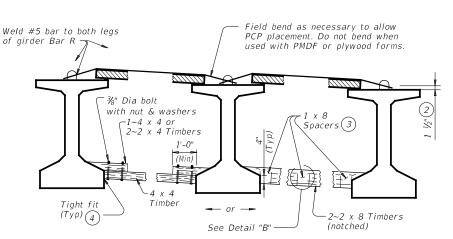
BRACING (ST	EEL STRAP)	OPTION 2-FLEXIBLE BRACING (NO. 5 OVER PCP)					
Maximum Bra	acing Spacing		Maximum Bra	Maximum Bracing Spacing			
lab Overhang ss than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)	Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"(11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)			
⅓ points	⅓ points	Tx28	1/4 points	$rac{1}{8}$ points			
⅓ points	⅓ points	T x 34	¼ points	⅓ points			
¼ points	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle{B}}$ points	T x 40	¼ points	⅓ points			
⅓ points	${}^{1\!\!/}_{\!\!8}$ points	Tx46	¼ points	⅓ points			
⅓ points	$\frac{1}{8}$ points	T x 54	⅓ points	⅓ points			
⅓ points	${}^{1\!\!/}_{\!\!8}$ points	Tx62	¼ points	⅓ points			
¼ points	⅓ points	Tx70	V₄ points	$V_8$ points			
¼ points	V <sub>8</sub> points	A	2.0 ft	1.5 ft			
⅓ points	⅓ points	В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft			
⅓ points	$rac{V_8}{8}$ points	С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft			
⅓ points	$V_8$ points	IV	¼ points	4.0 ft			
⅓ points	√ <sub>8</sub> points	VI	$V_4$ points	4.0 ft			

TABLE A



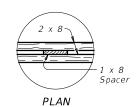
### FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE (Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



DETAIL "B"

- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- 10 Bracing spacing ( 14 and 18 points ) measured between first and last typical brace location.
- (1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

#### SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425. Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

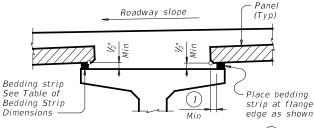


Bridge Division Standard MINIMUM ERECTION AND

BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

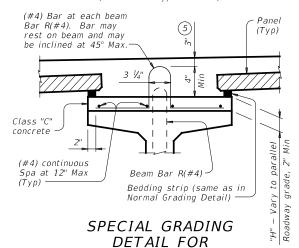
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©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
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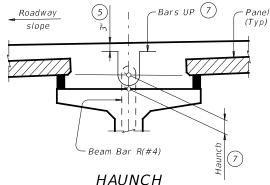
# NORMAL GRADING DETAIL 3

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)



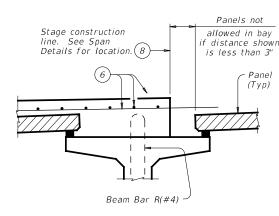
CONCRETE BEAMS

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
(Other beam types similar)



REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



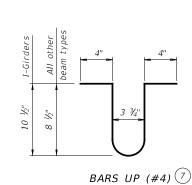


TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

**DIMENSIONS** 

Min

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/3"

WIDTH

1" (Min.

1 1/4"

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2"

2 3/4"

3" (Max

HEIGHT(4)

Max

2"

2 1/2"

3 1/2"

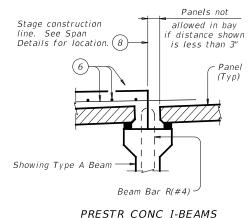
4"

4 1/2" (.

5" (2

5 1/2" (2

6"



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

(1) 2" Min for I-giders, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Min for all other beam types.

ig(2ig) Allowed for I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

3 To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in ¼" increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is ¼". Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

 $\binom{4}{}$  Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

7 Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

(9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8° o.c..

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds ¼" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer.

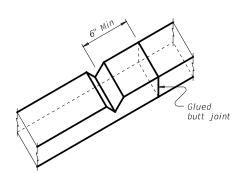
Make seal flush with top of panel.

Allowable Gap

# PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity.

The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " under the panels as the slab concrete is placed. To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least ½". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 4

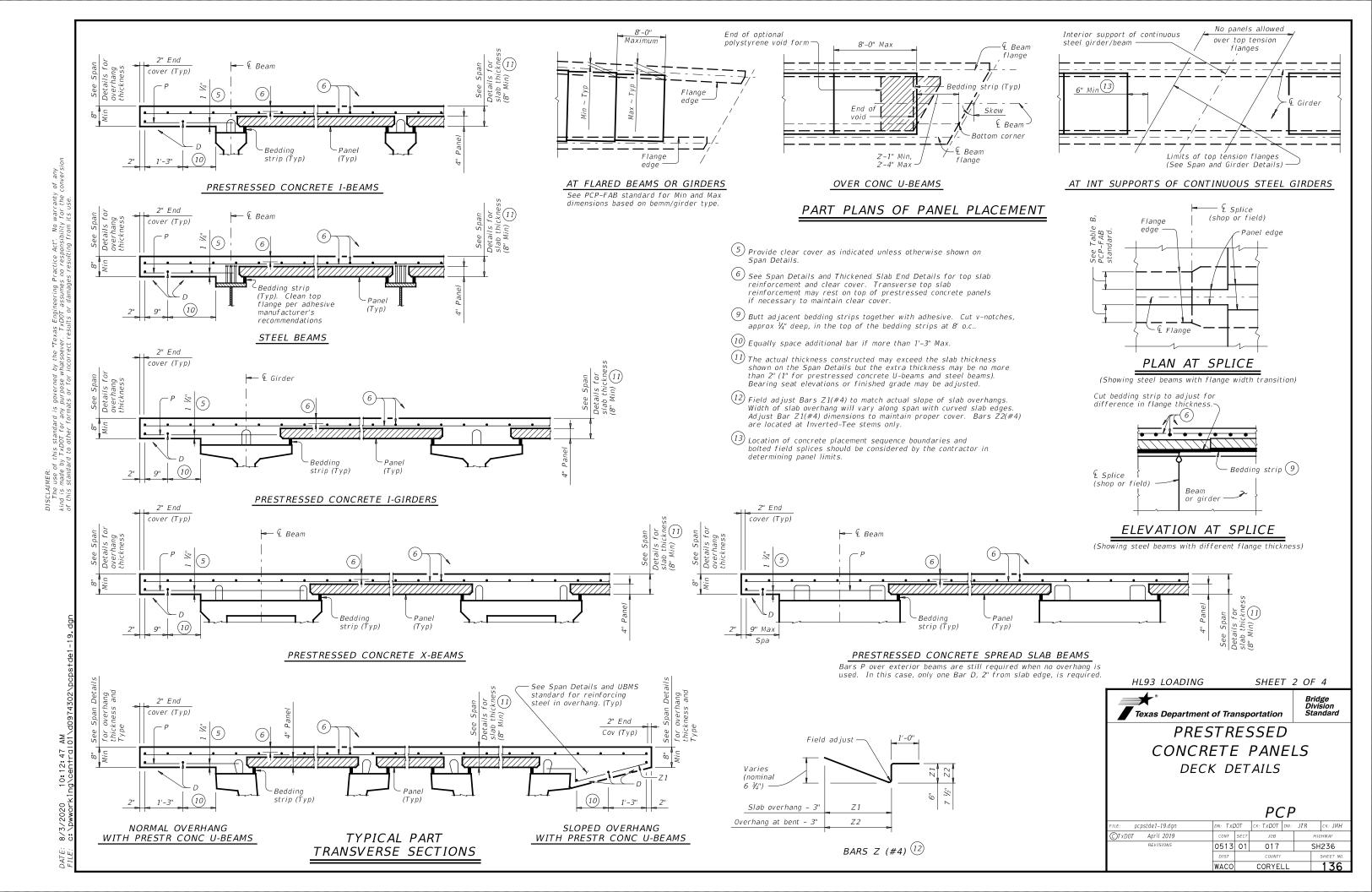


Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

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& Bent-

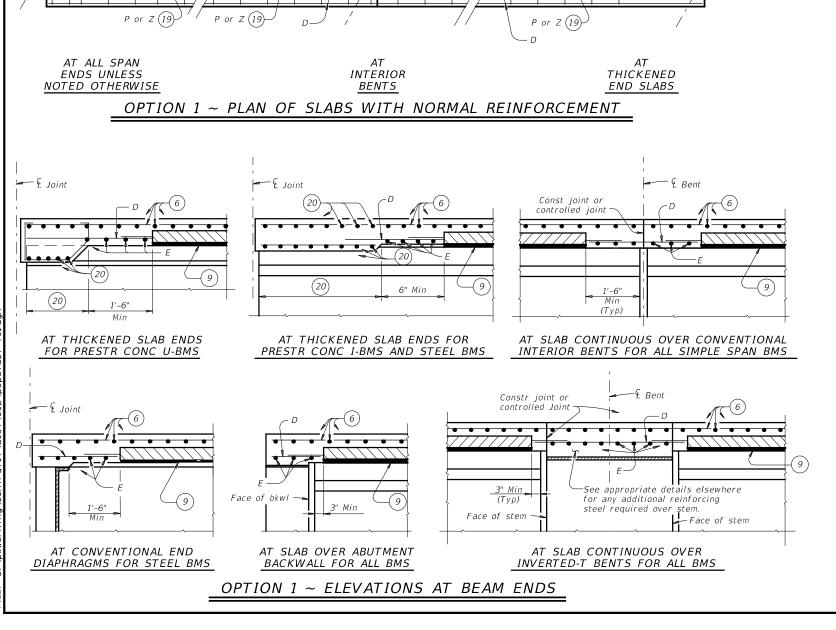
Prestressed

 $Panel \sim (Typ)$ 

Concrete

E(17)

Place one bar E parallel to edge of slab



P or Z (19)

controlled ioint (See Span Details) P or Z (19)

£ Beam

Flange

Showing thickened slab

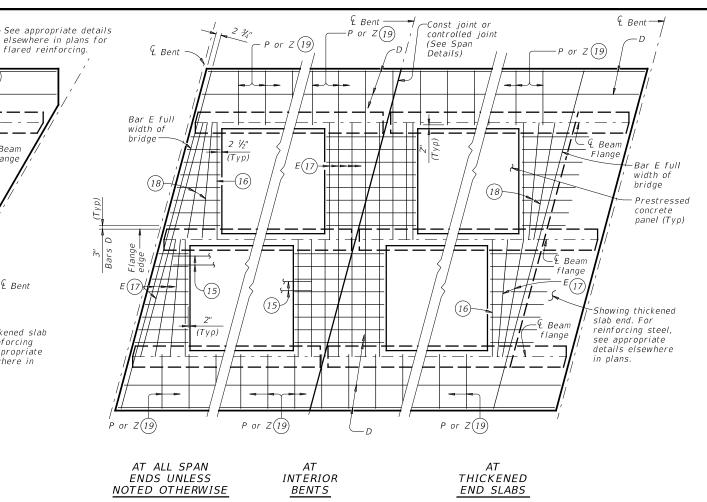
end. For reinforcina

details elsewhere in

steel, see appropriate

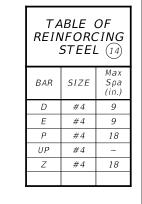
. Beam flanae

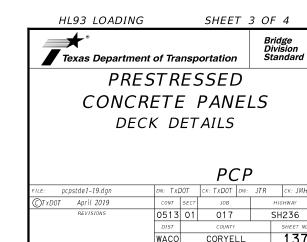
flange



# OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH SKEWED REINFORCEMENT

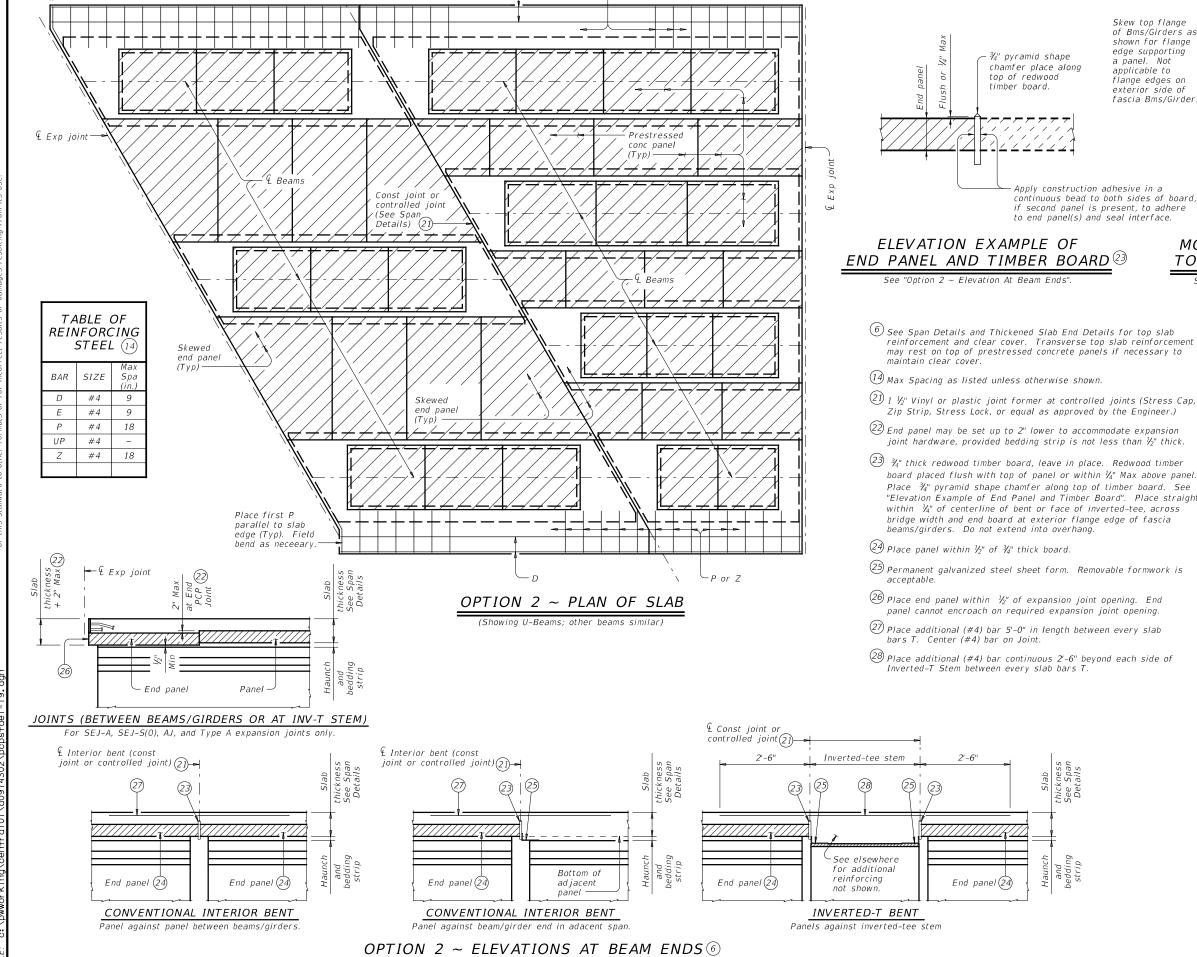
- See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- (9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c.
- (14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- 15) At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement. See PCP-FAB for details.
- (16) Maintain one Bar E(#4) parallel to panel ends (Typ).
- (17) Bars E(#4) not continuous over beam flanges must overlap beam flange 6" Min.
- (18) Add flared Bars E(#4) (Min Spa = 6", Max Spa = 12") as required at panel ends.
- (19) Where possible, Bars E(#4) may be extended into overhangs to replace Bars P(#4). Bars Z(#4) are required for sloped overhangs with U-Beams.
- (20) See appropriate thickened slab end details for reinforcing and limits of thickened slab end.







(Typ)



P or Z

- 🖁 Bent

← Interior Bent, Face of Abut Bkwl or Face of Inverted-T Stem OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Bm/I-Girder, U-Bms and Steel Bms simila

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to

Skew top flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange

edge supporting

flange edges on

exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders.

a panel. Not

applicable to

- 2) 1 ½" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
- (2) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick.
- 3%" thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within 1/4" Max above panel. Place 3/4" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight, within  $V_4$ " of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia
- (25) Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is
- (26) Place end panel within  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.
- 27) Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab

#### SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Bottom Flange

Face of Web

ace of Web

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement

into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi. Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS

HL93 LOADING

in the slab.

SHEET 4 OF 4

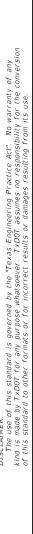


**PRESTRESSED** CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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Bridge Division Standard

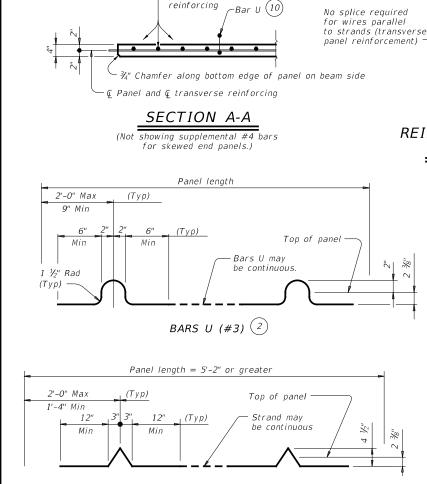
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3" Max

1 ½" Min



OPTIONAL STRAND FOR BARS U (3)

€ Beam flange

Transverse

reinforcing

Longitudina reinforcing

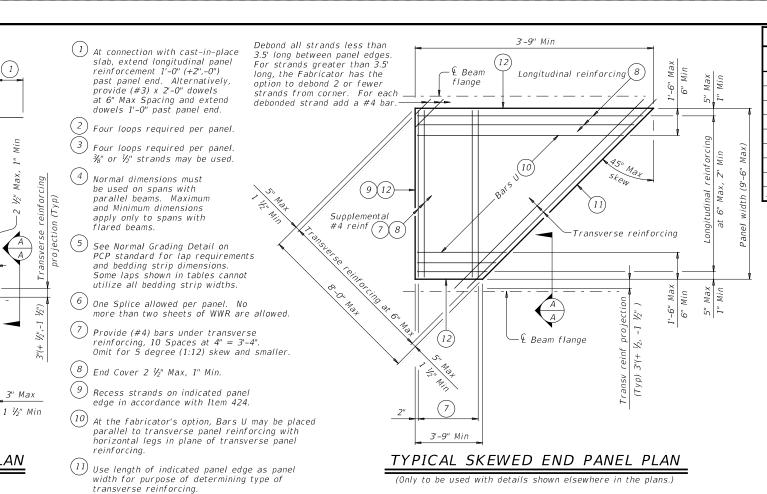
Transverse reinforcing at 6" Spacing

Panel length (8'-0" Max, 2'-10" Min)

TYPICAL NON-SKEWED PANEL PLAN

– Longitudinal

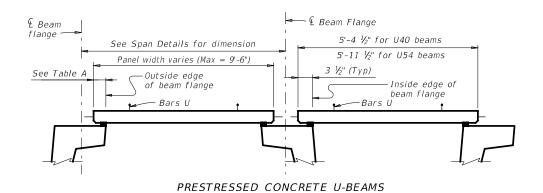
🗓 Beam flange



reinforcement 10 1/2" Min Min Contractor must coordinate necessary adjustment to stud connector placement with panel and steel beam fabricators. € Beam → ├── £ Beam WELDED WIRE See Span Details for beam spacing REINFORCEMENT (WWR) Panel width varies (Max =9'-6") SPLICE DETAIL 6 Bars U PRESTRESSED CONCRETE STEEL BEAMS BEAMS OR GIRDERS

 $\binom{12}{}$  Timber form work permissible this edge.

Longitudinal



Typ unless noted otherwise

TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR DETERMINING PANEL WIDTH

	TABLE	: A (	5	TA	BLE B	4)(5	5)
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
Α	3	2 ½	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 3/4	2 ½	2 ¾
В	3	2 ½	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
С	4	3	4 1/2	Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 3/4
IV	6	4	7 ½	Over 18"	5	3 1/2	6 1/4
VI	6 ½	4 1/2"	8 ½				
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7				
Tx28-70	6	5	7 ½				
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 1/2				
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 1/2				

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide 3/4" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.

Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete

surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

#### TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use %" or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use  $\frac{3}{6}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed)

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

## LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed. 2. %" Dia prestressing strands at 4 ½" Max Spacing
- (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3.  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

  No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed.

Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

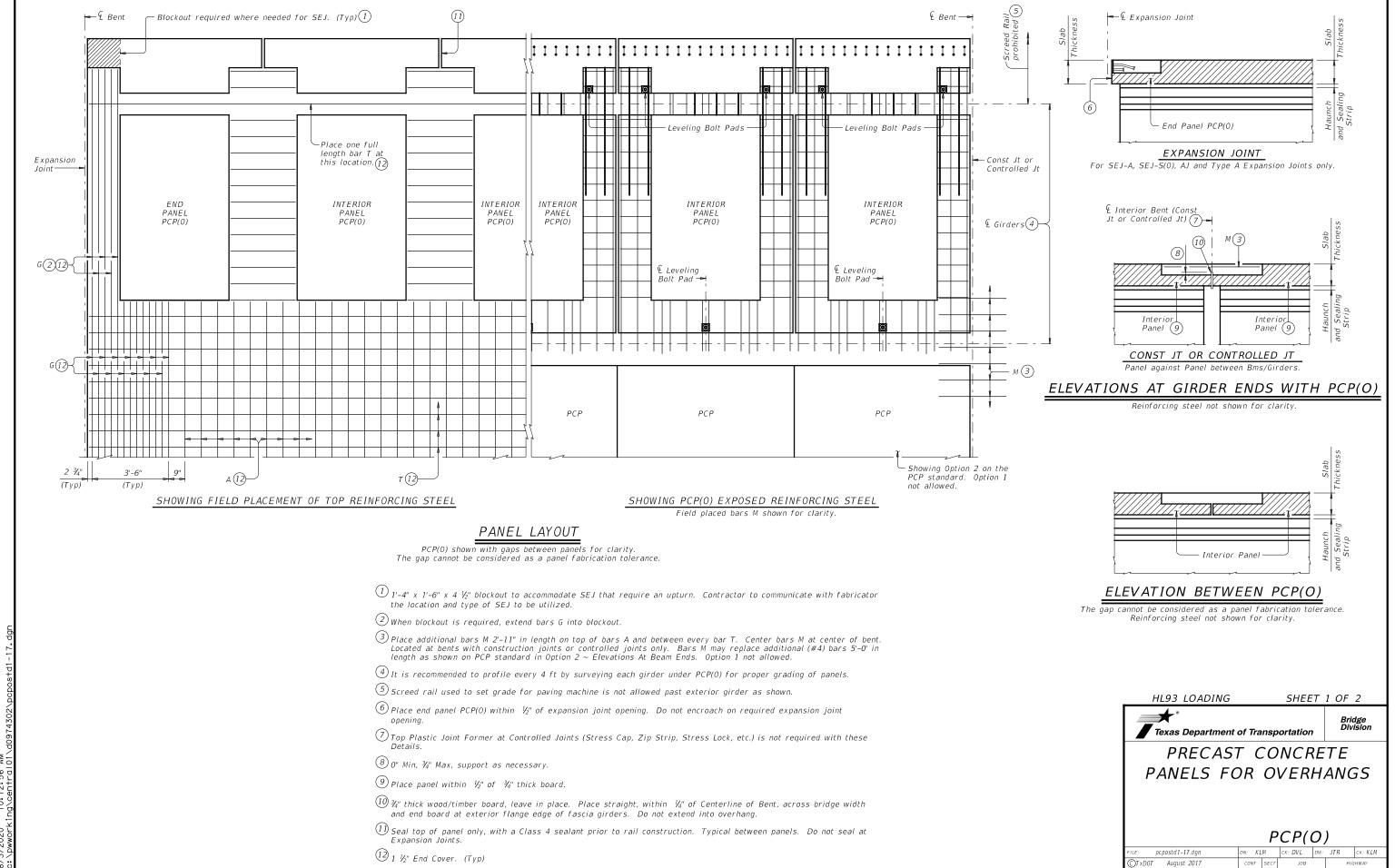
HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANEL FABRICATION **DETAILS** 

PCP-FAB

	•	<u> </u>	, , ,	_		
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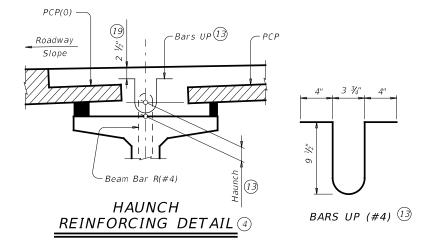
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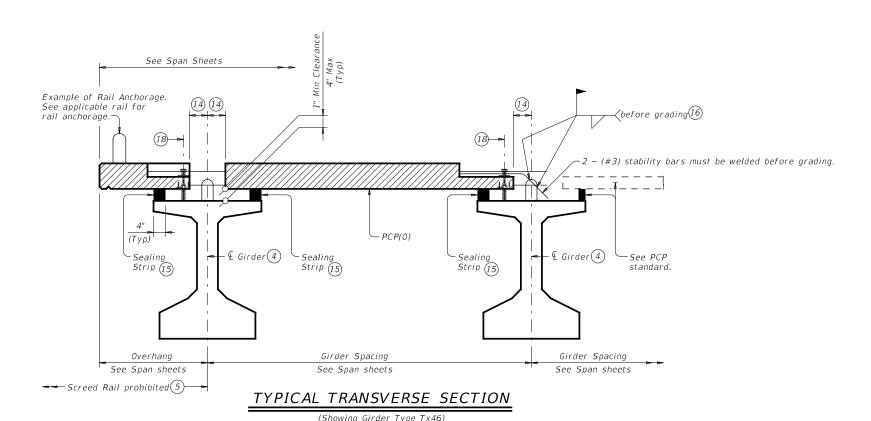
017

CORYELL

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- 4 It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.
- (5) Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown.
- (12) 1 ½" End Cover on bars. (Typ)
- $\fill$  Space bars UP(#4) with girder bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3  $rac{V_2}{2}$  with Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.
- 14 6" plus or minus.
- (15) Place sealing strip at flange edge as shown. Butt adjacent sealing strips longitudinally together with adhesive. Use pencil vibrators with concrete placement over girder and between sealing strips to avoid rupturing sealing strips. Cut sealing strips 2" higher than anticipated haunch thickness and compress to grade.
- (16) (#3) Panel bars F must be field bent and welded to the R bars in girder. Two bars F per panel.
- (17) Field placed bars that are allowed to be lapped. Reinforcing steel that protrudes from panels are not considered bars to be lapped. See "Material Notes" for applicable bar laps.
- (18) £ Leveling Bolt Pad. 1" Dia Coil Rod or 1" Dia Coil Bolt shown, are furnished by the contractor. After grading each PCP(0) panel with the 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts, secure each panel in its final resting position (plastic shims, welding, etc) and remove all 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts for the cast-in-place concrete. Coil rods/bolts may be left in place at contractor's option. If coil rods/bolts are left in place, coil rods/bolts must have at least 2 ½" of cover to top of finish grade. Grading bolts are inadequate to carry all conceivable screed/construction loads. Panel support method must be calculated, location identified, and placed on shop drawings. Method chosen to support panels must be adequate for all construction loads. Panel support method must be placed/constructed after final grading and before screed rail placement.
- 19 Unless shown otherwise on Span Details.





#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended.

Ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Place sealing strips at girder flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 8" transversely under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

Panel placement with Option I on the PCP standard is not allowed. It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(0) for proper grading of panels.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder and

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder an panel, maintain a minimum vertical opening of 1". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Sealing strips vary in thickness along girder are therefore required.

Seal the top panel with a Class 4 sealant as shown in the Panel Layout.

## MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement. If the reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then epoxy coat bars A, G, M, & T.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

Provide sealing strips comprised of one layer low density polyurethane (1.0 Lbs density) foam sealing strips or equivalent. Oversize the height of sealing strips by 2". Bond sealing strips to the girder with 3M Scotch ® 4693 or equivalent adhesive compatible with sealing strips.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details can be used as an option to construct the deck overhang when noted on the Span details and in conjunction with the PCP(0)-FAB, PCP and applicable Standard sheets.

These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders.
Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on these
details is subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

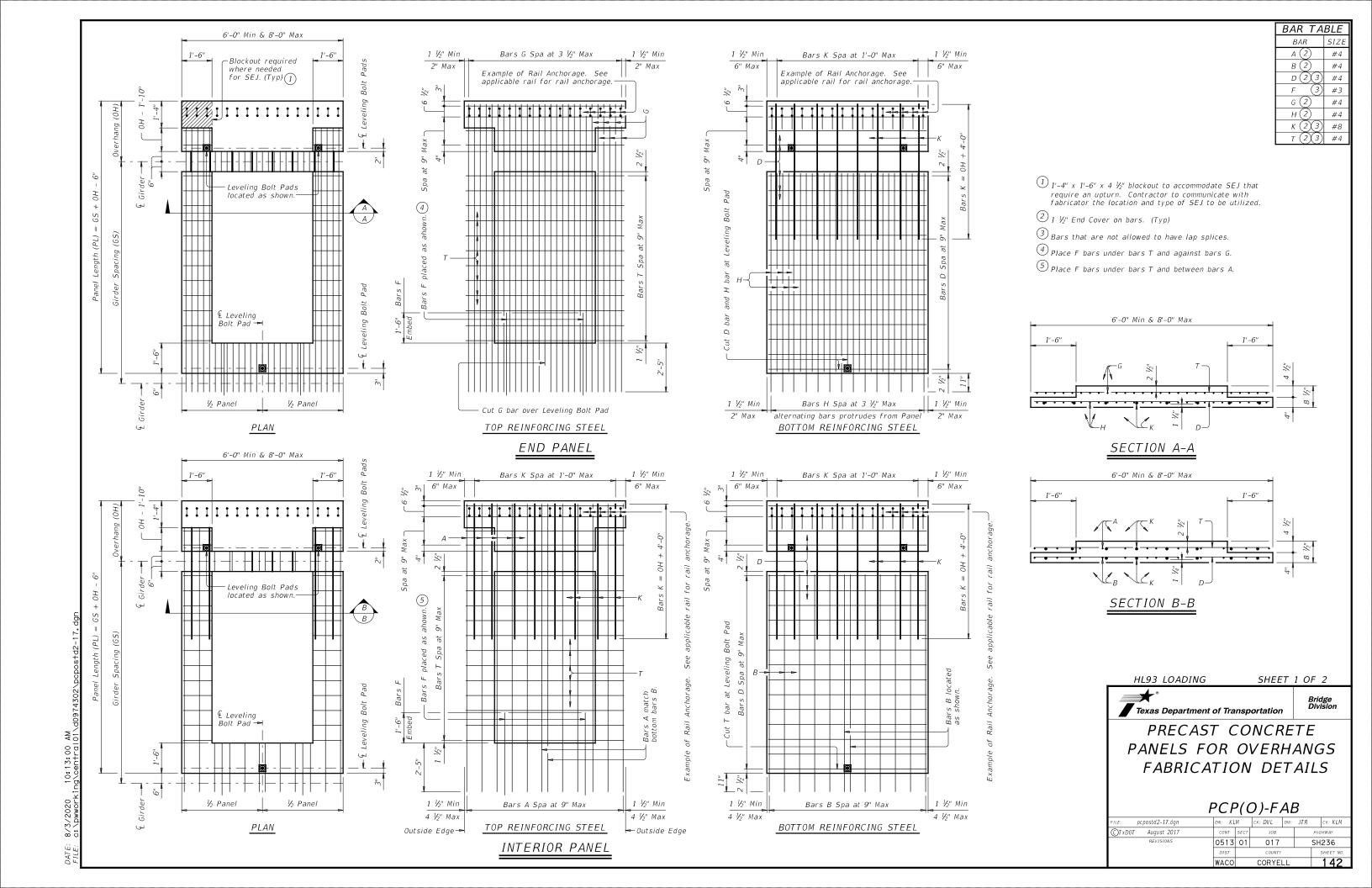


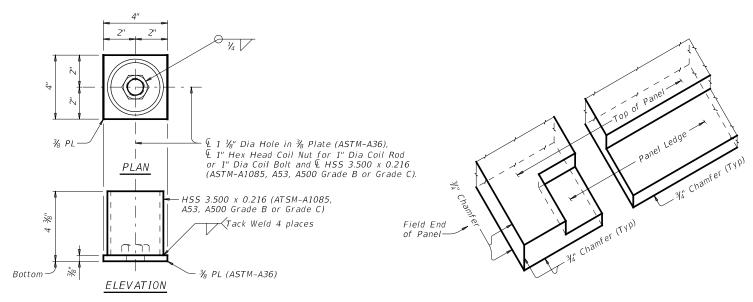
Bridge Division

PRECAST CONCRETE
PANELS FOR OVERHANGS

PCP(O)

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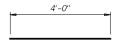


# LEVELING BOLT PAD DETAILS

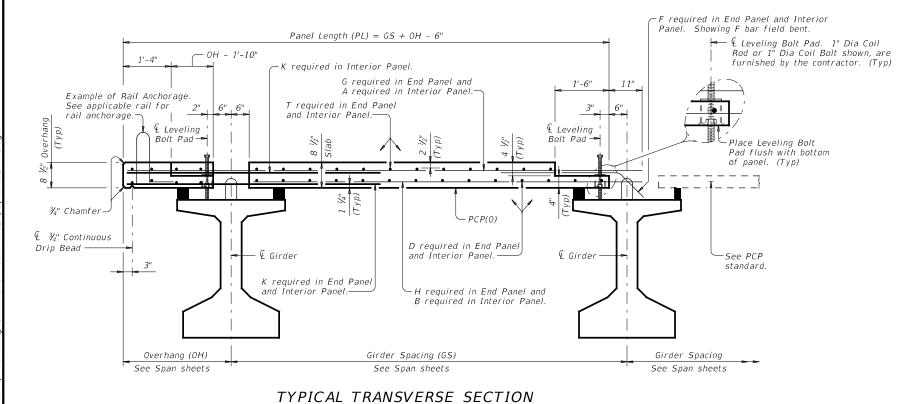
Galvanize if epoxy coated reinforcing steel is used in slab. Do not oil this assembly.

# ISOMETRIC VIEW AT CORNER OF PANEL

Showing Typical Chamfers on Panel. Drip Bead and reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



BARS F



#### CONSTRUCTION/FABRICATION NOTES:

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top surface area of panel with a broom finish. Finish top ledge of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Provide ¾" concrete chamfers as shown on these details. Do not lap splice bars D, F, K & T. Bars A, B, G & H, may be spliced with only one lap splice allowed on each bar. Panels must be fabricated by a fabricator meeting the

requirements of DMS 7300 for Multi-Project Nonstressed Member Fabrication Plant.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete (f'c=4000 psi) in panels. Provide Class H (HPC) concrete for panels if required elsewhere in plans. Maximum large aggregate size is 1".

Provide material as shown on this standard for the Leveling Bolt Pad.

Provide Grade 60 conventional reinforcing steel. Provide epoxy coated reinforcement for bars A, B, D, G, H, K & T if slab reinforcement is epoxy coated.

An equal area and spacing of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) ASTM-A1064 may be substituted for bars A, B, D, G, H & T, unless otherwise noted. Bars F and K can not be replaced with WWR.
Galvanize leveling bolt pad assembly if epoxy-coated

reinforcing steel is used in slab.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement, lifting devices or epoxy coated reinforcement required on these details are subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

See railing details for rail anchorage in panel overhang. A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer

Submit stable lifting methods and devices to the Engineer for approval.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will require the Engineer's approval.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



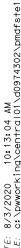
PRECAST CONCRETE PANELS FOR OVERHANGS FABRICATION DETAILS

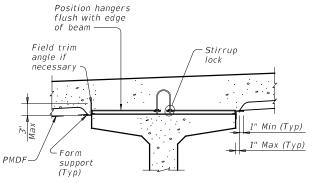
PCP(O)-FAB

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©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	GHWAY
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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO	WACO CORYELL			143	

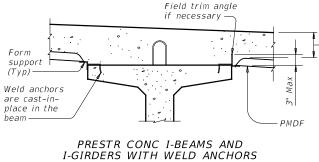
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(Showing Girder Type Tx46)



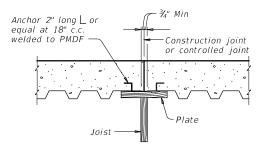


# PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS



Slab thickness.

See Span Details (1)



Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

Slab thickness, See Span Details (1)



# SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

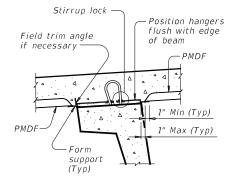


Slab thickness

See Span Details (1)

FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES: Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing



U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

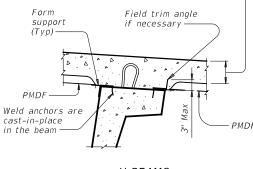
- Form supports -

STEEL BEAMS

AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

Intermittent

weld



(4'-0" Max Spa) -

STEEL BEAMS

AT TENSION FLANGES (2)

Support

(Typ)

U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS

Slab thickness

See Span Details (1)-

-Intermittent

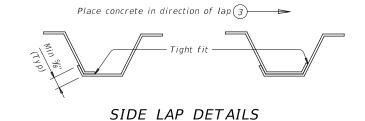
angle (Typ)

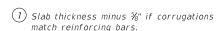
-PMDF

Cut 2" wide tabs at

8'-0" Max centers and field bend for

wind hold down





(2) Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld ioint.

(3) The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.

(4) See Span details for cover requirements.

GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form

a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".



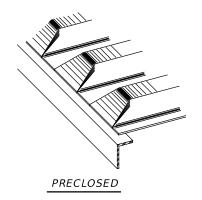
1" Min (Typ)

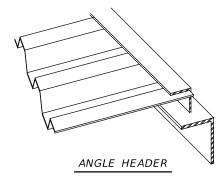
1" Max (Typ)

Terminate weld ½"

from edge of

protective angle





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

# TYPES OF END CLOSURES

SHEET 1 OF 2



# PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

## **PMDF**

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<ul> <li>Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.</li> </ul>	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYF	П		144

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms

reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater than 10'.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2"

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder in accordance with Item 448.

All permanently exposed form metal, where

the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

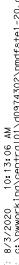
Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be

removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

Permanent

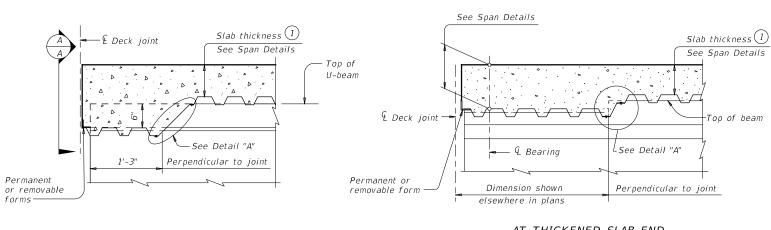
or removable forms



Permanent or removable

& Deck ioint

& Bearing



#### AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

Top of beam

-Top of beam

-Top of slab to top of beam at & brg ~ See Span Details

AT SLAB OVER ABUT BKWL OR INV TEE STEM FOR CONC BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

∽End diaphragm

AT CONC END DIAPHRAGM

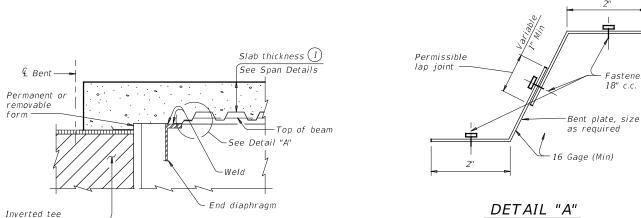
FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS

AND STEEL BEAMS

-Top of slab to top of beam at ⊈ bearing ~ See Span Details

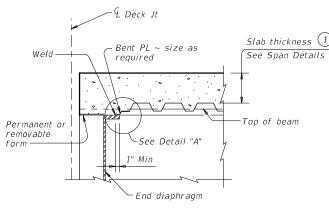
# AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.



bent cap

# AT SLAB OVER INV TEE STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END





Bent PL or L ~ size as required

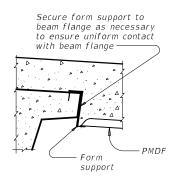
Fasteners at

PMD Form, end closure required where form is cut on skew

18" c.c. Max

- 1) Slab thickness minus 3/8" if corrugations match reinforcing bars
- (5) Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi

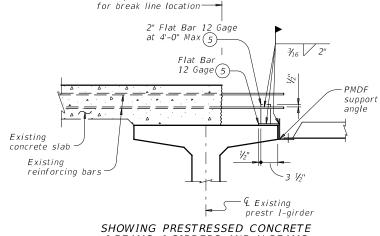
Anchors cast in diaphragm



# SECTION A-A

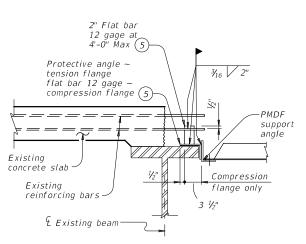
asteners at

18" c.c. Max



See Span Details

I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS



SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

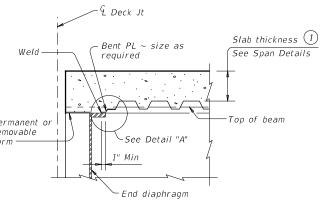
# WIDENING DETAILS





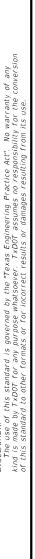
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©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
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AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

# DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS



Curb Panel Section

€ Post -

Rail Curb

2'-0" Min

(Typ)

Member (6)

AT BENTS WITH SLAB EXP JOINTS

Rail

9'-0" Usual & Max Post Spa

- E End Post

. Parapet Shoe

AT ABUTMENTS

- End of Tubular Sections

Wingwall Length

(Variable) 5'-0" Min

Limits

of Abut

Wingwall

Face of Abut Bkwl -

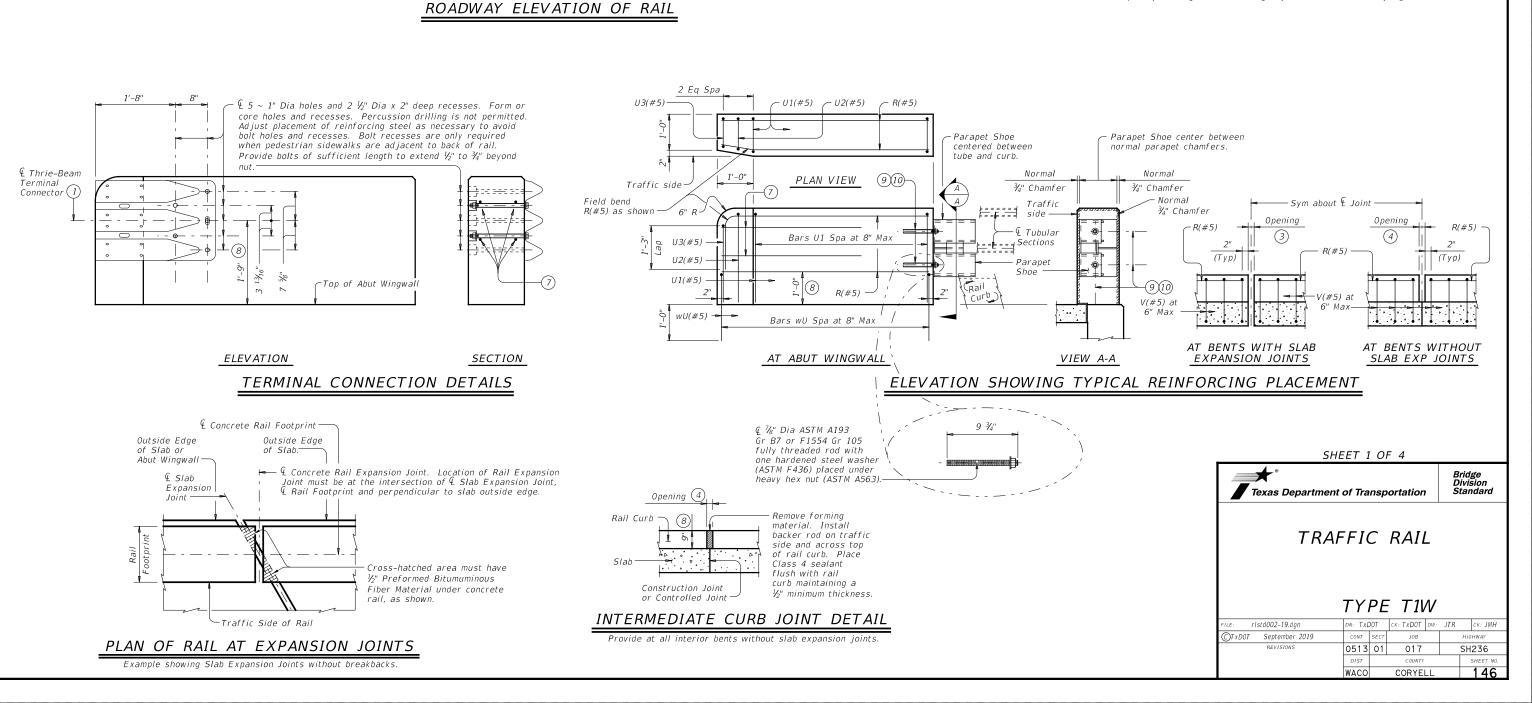
End of Bridge Rail

for payment

€ Thrie-Beam

Connector (1)

Terminal



Curb Panel Section

1'-10"

(Typ)

1'-11'

Typ)

Intermediate Curb Joint (See Detail) - 2'-0" Min

(Typ)

(Typ)

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXP JOINTS

£ Post

1'-10"

(Typ)

Construction Joint

or Controlled Joint

8

Rail Member Section 5

1'-11"

(Typ)

1'-10"

(Typ)

1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the

(5) Rail member sections must have at least two posts but not more than four.

Anchor bolts must be 76" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with heavy hex nuts and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into parapet wall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Adhesive anchor embedment depth is 8". Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean

(10) Install Parapet Shoe after rail has been placed. To ease installation, temporarily brace parapet shoe until the anchorage system achieves manufacturer's

recommended curing time. Anchorage system must be assembled with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one heavy hex nut (ASTM A563) each. Remove temporary bracing after anchorage systems has been firmly tightened.

7 Place 4 additional Bars R(#5) 3'-8" in length inside Bars U(#5) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required. Field bend as needed.

(2) £ Expansion Joint or Splice Joint as required.

6 HSS 6 x 2 x 1/4 (ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B).

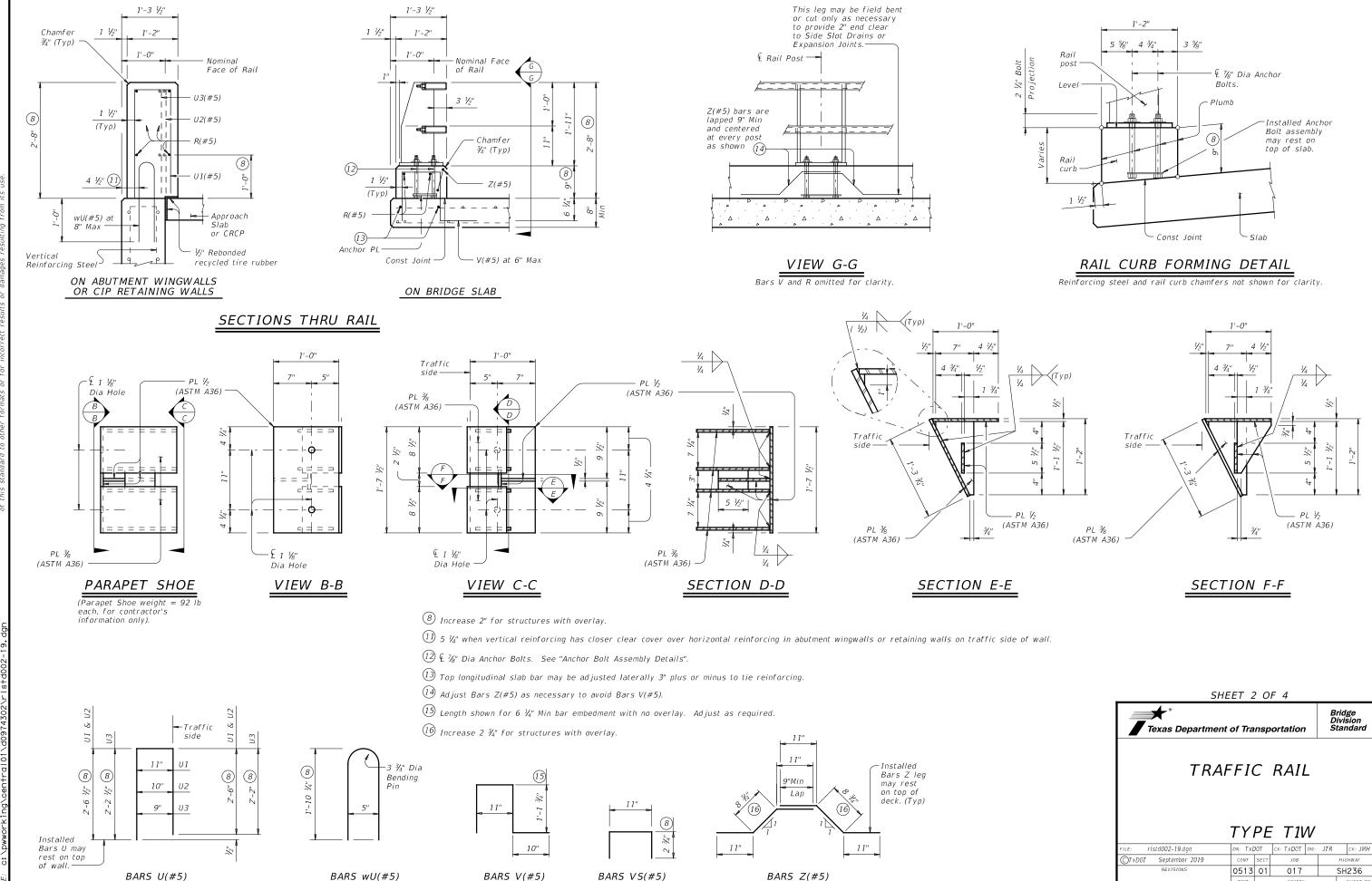
8 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

4 1/4" Min, 3/4" Max

3 Same as slab joint opening. (5" Max Expansion Joint).

out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".

bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.



CORYELL

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EXPANSION JOINT OR SPLICE

1'-1 1/4"

1'-2"

VIEW I-I

SHEET 3 OF 4

TRAFFIC RAIL

0513 01

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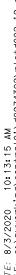
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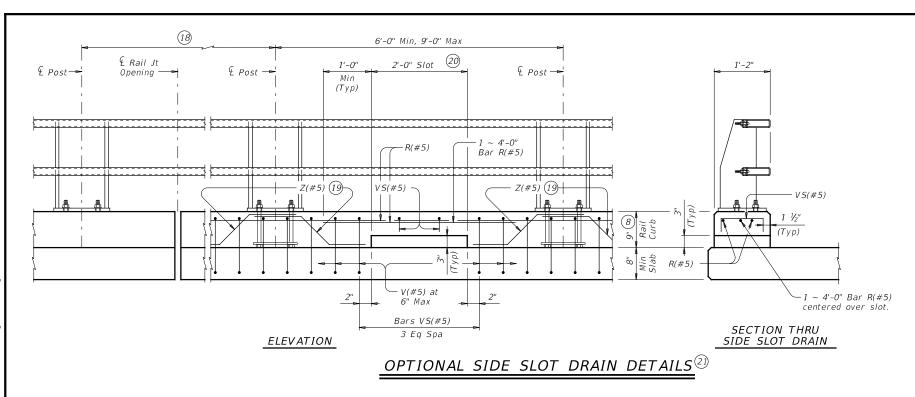
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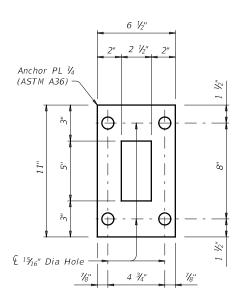
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(Typ)

END CAPS ON HSS AT END POST

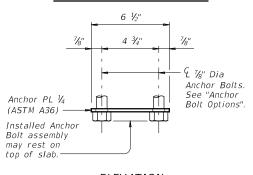






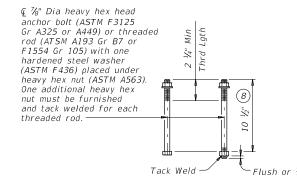
- (8) Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- (18) Side slot drains are not allowed in areas where there is a joint in the concrete curb between rail posts.
- $^{ig(9)}$  Bars Z(#5). See "Section Thru Rail" and "View G-G" for Bar Z placement and spacing.
- 20 Center side slot drain between posts within the limits shown.
- ② Side slot drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Do not place drains over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway and a sidewalk, side slot drains are not permitted.

#### PLAN OF ANCHOR PLATE



ELEVATION

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY DETAILS



ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

(Showing Anchor Bolts for Base Plate)

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

The face of tubular sections and rail curb must be plumb unless otherwise approved. Steel posts must be square to the top of curb. Use Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than  $V_{16}$ " exist.

Bend tubes to required radius for curved rails. Shop drawings for approval are required for curved rails.

One shop splice per rail member section is permitted with minimum 85

percent penetration. The weld may be square groove or single vee groove.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail members and rail posts to approximately  $V_{16}$ " by grinding.

Chamfer all exposed concrete corners.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B for all HSS.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over gavanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be 7/8" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436, placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Provide  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia x 3  $\frac{1}{2}$ " hex head bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr A325) for expansion or splice joints in HSS with one regular washer and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 Provide 1/2" Dia round bar U-bolts (ASTM A36) with plate washer (ASTM A36)

and regular lock washers placed under hex nuts that conform to ASTM A563 requirements. See "U-Bolt Detail". Provide Class "S" concrete. When Class "S" concrete for slab is HPC, include a minimum of 3 gallons of calcium nitrite inorganic corrosion

inhibitor per cubic yard of Class "S" concrete.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0"$ 

## GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

This railing cannot be used on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement or on cast-in-place retaining walls, unless otherwise noted.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans

for these modifications. Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, rail post spacing, and anchor bolt setting, to the Engineer for approval.

Average weight of railing with no overlay:

173 plf total 131 plf (Conc) 42 plf (Steel).

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise, Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

#### SHEET 4 OF 4



Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL

#### TYPE T1W

		_		•		
LE: rlstd002-19.dgn	DN: TXE	OT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		(	SH236
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO	WACO CORYELL				149



10:13:18

Median barrier

not anchored to slab

End SEJ

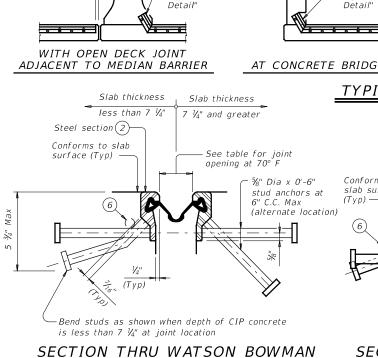
at toe of

End

SEJ

WITH OPEN DECK JOINT BELOW MEDIAN BARRIER

barrier -



ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS

==1

Break

shop weld 1

Steel section (2)

- SEJ continuous

Cast or install barrier

after joint system installation

AT MEDIAN BARRIER

"Upturr

Detail

under barrier

Skew angle

SHOWING SKEWS WITH

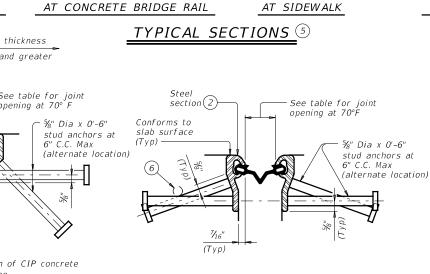
SLAB BREAKBACKS

"Upturn

"Upturn

Median barrier

anchored to slab



SECTION THRU D.S. BROWN

(A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

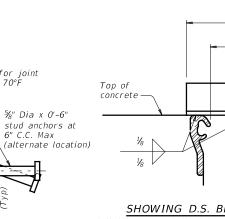
SHOWING SKEWS WITHOUT

SLAB BREAKBACKS

PLANS OF END CONDITIONS

-Sidewalk

- Raii



T===

n===

Toe of rail,

Steel section(2)

-Traffic side

See

AT SIDEWALK

BEHIND BRIDGE RAIL

"Upturn

Detail"

"Upturn

Detail'

curb or parapet

= = =D

====

Cast median after

joint system

installation -

. . . . . . . . . . . .

AT RAISED MEDIAN

SHOWING WITHOUT SKEWS

AND SLAB BREAKBACKS

-SEJ continuous

under barrier



# SHIPPING ANGLE

Erection bolts are not allowed.

#### TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION 4" JOINT 5" JOINT STEEL SECTION (2) MANUFACTURER Seal Joint Joint Opening (3 Type Opening (. Type D.S. Brown Type SSCM2 A2R-400 A2R-XTRA Watson Bowman Acme Type R SF-400 SE-500

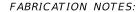
#### REDUCED LONGITUDINAL MOVEMENT RANGE SKEW JOINT SIZE (deg) 4.0" 5.0" 15 4.0" 5.0" 30 3.5" 4.3"

**DESIGN NOTES:** 

Joints installed on a skew have reduced ability to accommodate longitudinal movement. Use table values to determine the correct joint size for skewed installations

For other skews over 25 degrees, calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $^{ig(2)}$  Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle (3)}{}$  These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$  Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- See Span details for location of break point.
- 8 Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.



Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping

angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in

accordance with Item 446, "Feild Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

## CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

(C)T x D0T

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown

Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6 1/2".

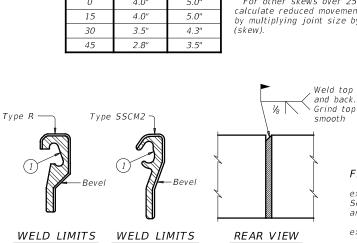


SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPE M WITHOUT OVERLAY

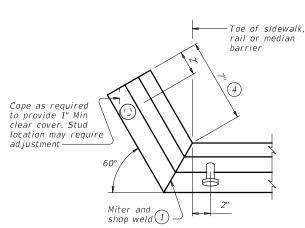
SEJ-M

Bridge Division Standard

sejmstel-19.dgn	DN: TXE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		,	SH236
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYE	LL		150



FIELD SPLICE DETAIL

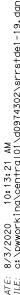


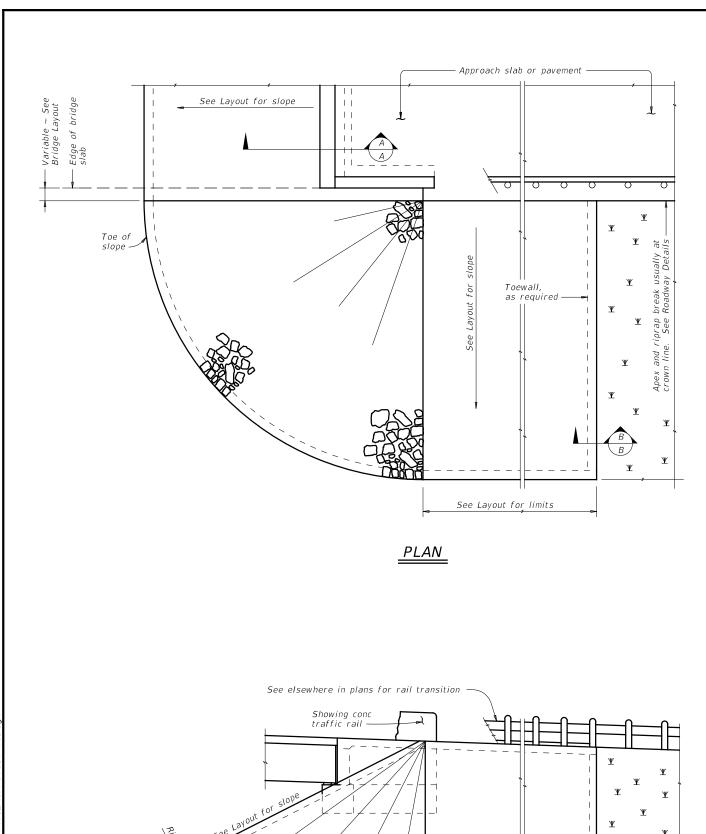
UPTURN DETAIL

End AT STEEL POST BRIDGE RAIL Determined by joint opening

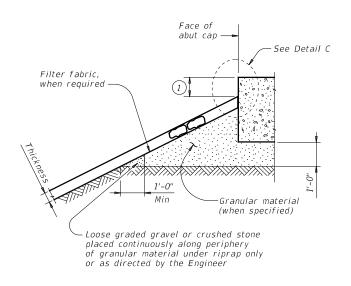
Shipping angle L 2 x 2 x ¾<sub>16</sub> spaced at 4'-0" C-C Max (8)

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division.





ELEVATION

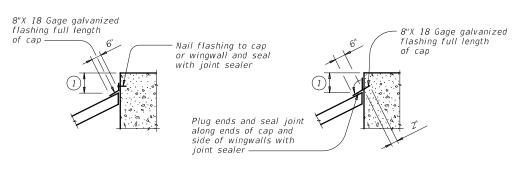


# Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Protection Thickness

# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP



#### CAP OPTION A

## CAP OPTION B

# DETAIL C

#### GENERAL NOTES:

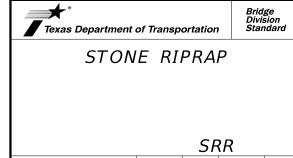
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

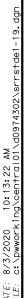
shoulder drains.

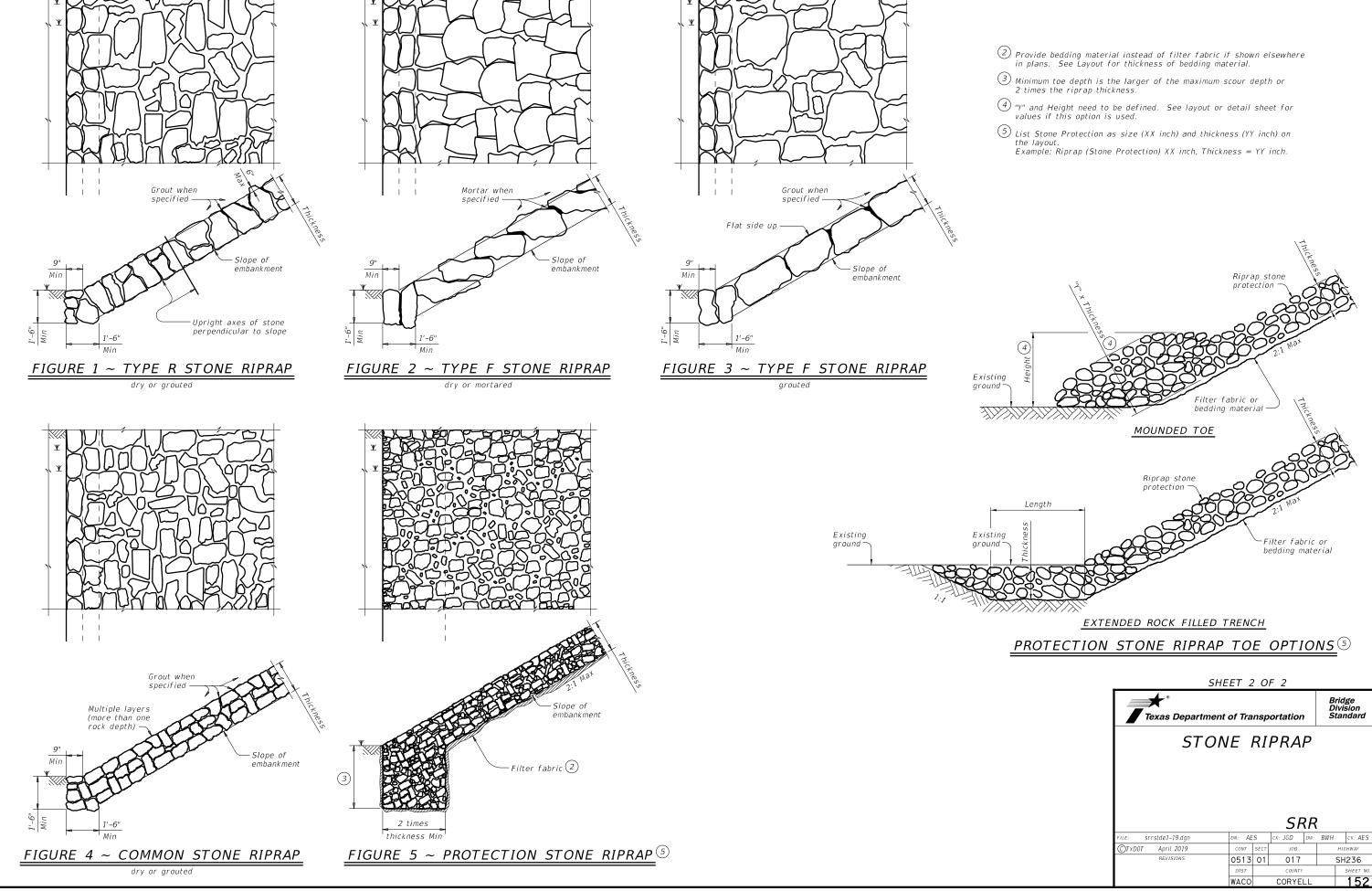
1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.





	JIM						
FILE: srrstde1-19.dgn	DN: AE	5	ck: JGD	DW:	BWH	CK: AES	
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0513	0513 01 017		S	H236		
	DIST	ST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	WACO	WACO CORYELL 1				151	





(RAIL MOUNT)

(RAIL MOUNT

I-3 24×18

(RAIL MOUNT)

(RAIL MOUNT)

**LEGEND** 

TEXAS

CONTROL

0513

WACO

SECTION

01

CORYELL

JOB

017

153

TIME:

200

APPROVED

08/20/2020

SH236

154

TEXAS

CONTROL

0513

WACO

SECTION

01

CORYELL

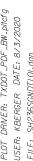
JOB

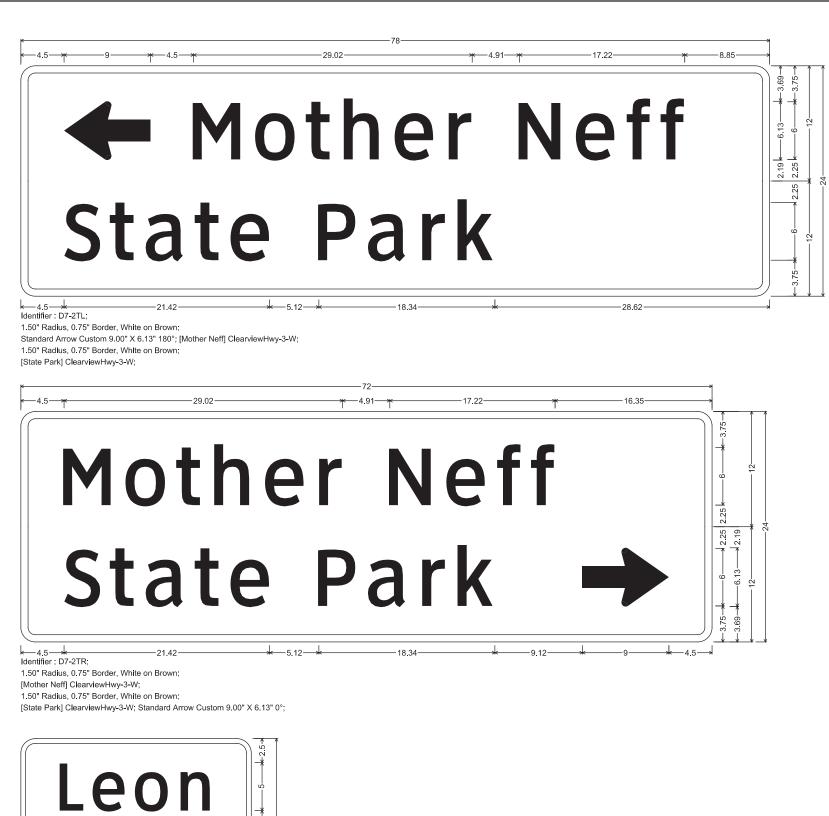
017

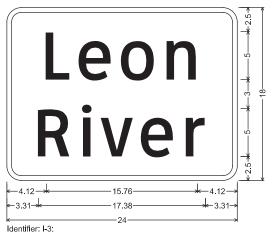
TIME:

24×24

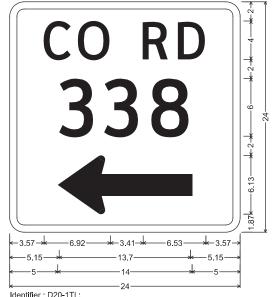




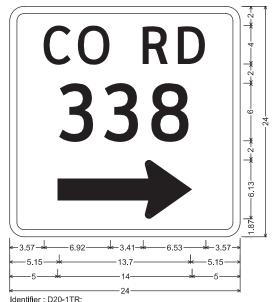




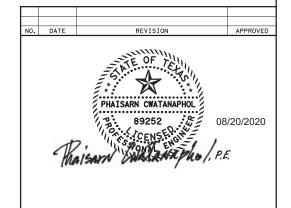
1.50" Radius, 0.50" Border, White on Green; [Leon] ClearviewHwy-3-W; [River] ClearviewHwy-3-W;



1.50" Radius, 0.75" Border, White on Green; [CO RD] ClearviewHwy-3-W; [338] ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 14.00" X 6.13" 180°;



Identitier: D20-11 R; 1.50" Radius, 0.75" Border, White on Green; [CO RD] ClearviewHwy-3-W; [338] ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 14.00" X 6.13" 0°;



**FDS** 

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512 885 2000



# SIGN DETAILS

SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

NOT TO SC	OT TO SCALE SHEET							
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	FEDERAL PROJECT NO.						
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL						
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	155					
0513	01	017						

# \central01\d0974303\tsr3-13.dgn

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING					



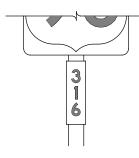




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

## GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080				
7.5 to 15	0.100				
Greater than 15	0.125				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

LE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	October 2003	CONT SECT JOB		JOB		HIGHWAY	
2-03 7-13 3-08		0513	01	017		SH	236
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		WACO		CORYEL	L		156

# REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









# REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

# REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

# REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

# REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





## TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

.E: tsr4-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT October 2003	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236	
-03 7-13 -08	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYEL	L		157

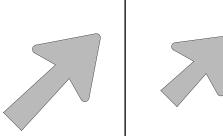


# ARROW DETAILS

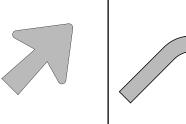
for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

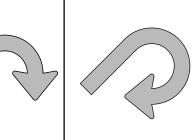
E-3

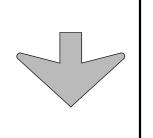
# SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



Type A

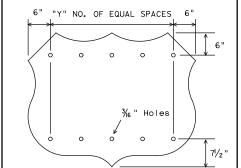


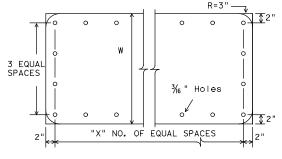




Down Arrow

¾6" Holes



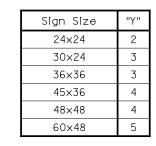


STATE ROUTE MARKERS

INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

dia.

А	С	D	Е
36	21	15	11/2
48	28	20	13/4



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
٦	48	5

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10 <b>.</b> 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits

Type B

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-laT
E-4	E5-lbT

## NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

# http://www.txdot.gov/

EXIT ONLY PANEL

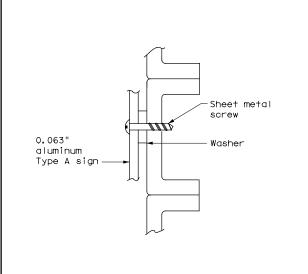
# MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

# background Attachment sheeting sian sheeting Attachment sheeting must be cut at panel ioints

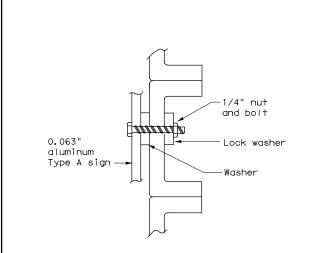


#### NOTE:

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".





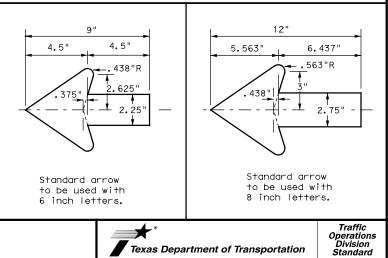




#### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

# ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)

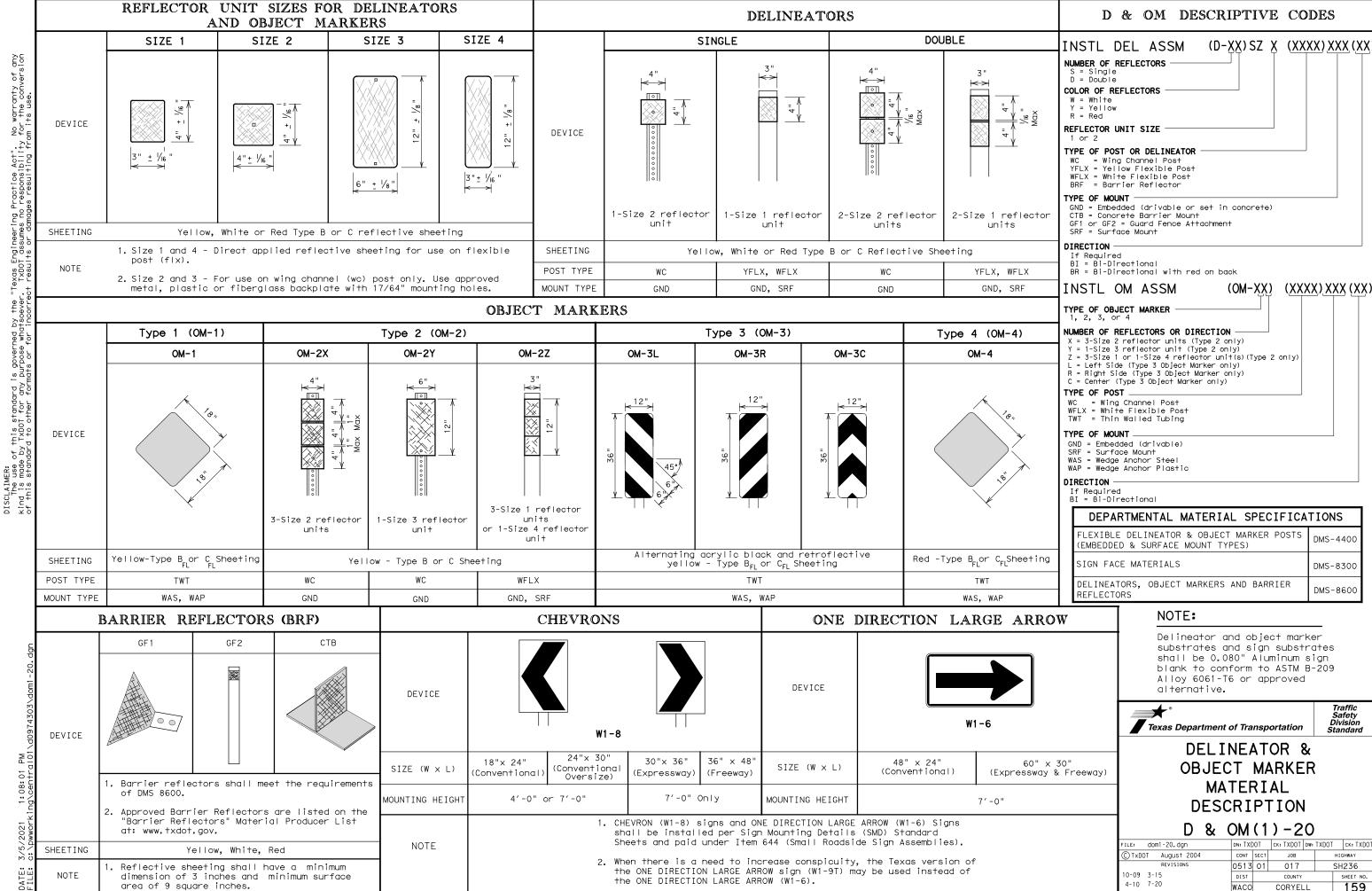




TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

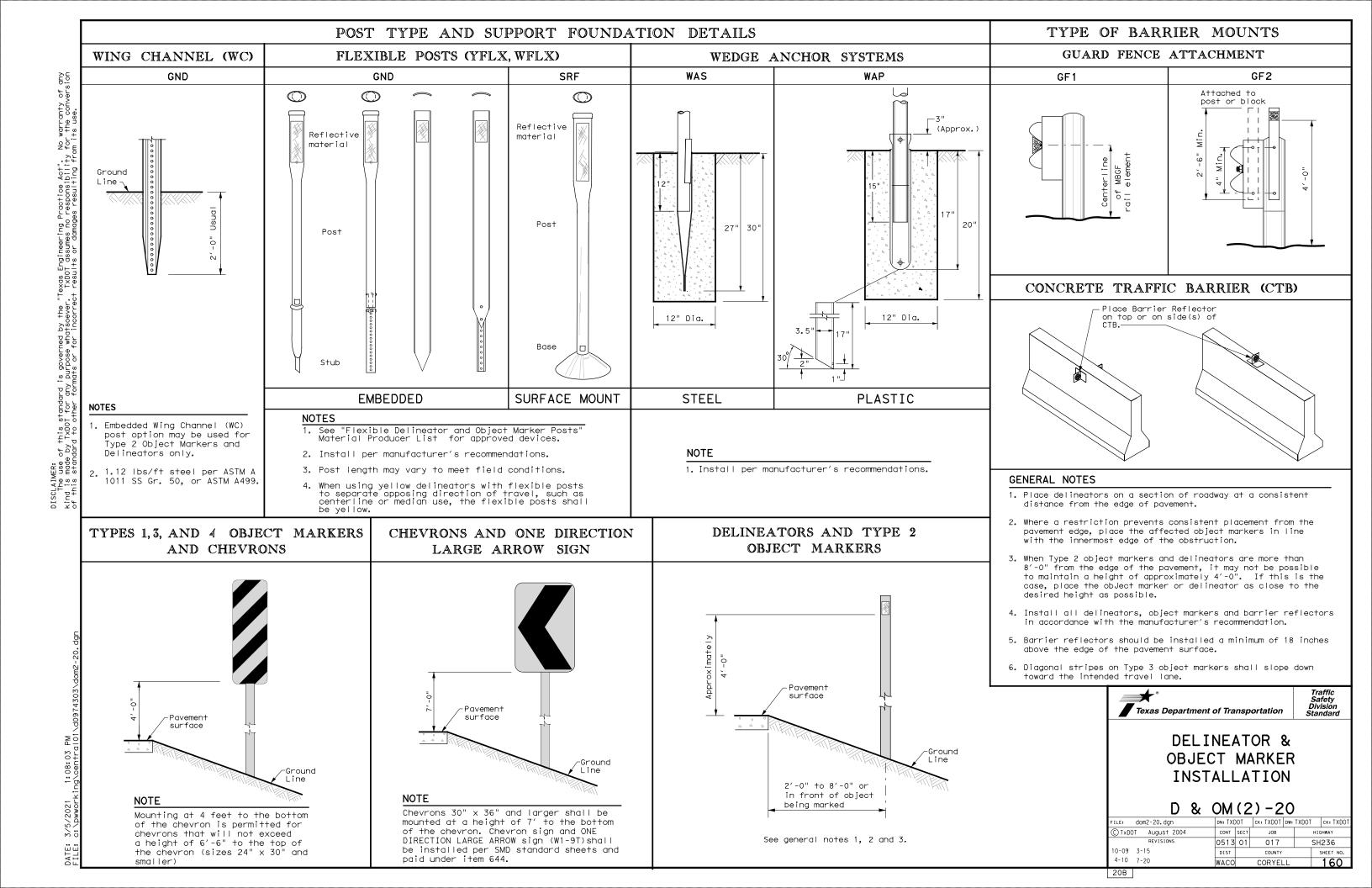
# TSR(5)-13

.E:	tsr5-13.d	gn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	0ctober	2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS		0513	01	017		SH	1236
:-03 7- -08	-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-08			WACO		CORYEL	L		158



WACO

20A

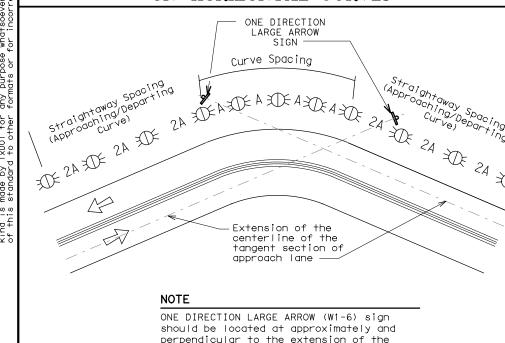


# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of	RPMs and Chevrons			

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

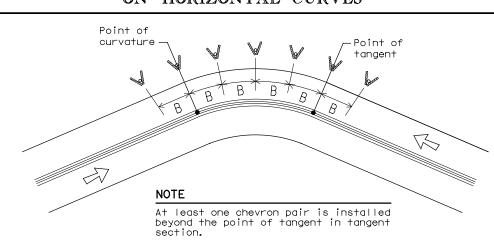
chevrons



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Spacing Spacing Chevron
Spacing in Spacing

Speed (MPH)	Curve	Straightaway	in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING		
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets		
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table		
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents  Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)		
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))		
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet		
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators		
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max		
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)		
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)		
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)		
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail  Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge		Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end		
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See D & OM (5)		
Carveria willion Middi	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)		

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

## NOTES

Crossovers

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND				
$\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbb{H}}$	Bi-directional Delineator			
$\nabla$	Delineator			
•	Sign			



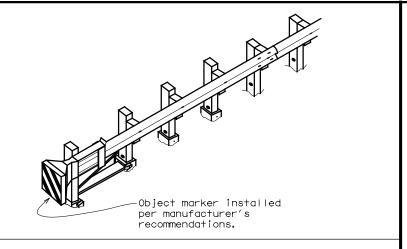
See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

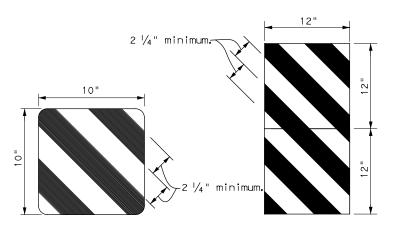
100 feet

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
PLACEMENT DETAILS

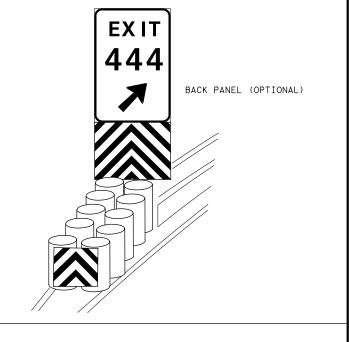
D & OM(3) - 20

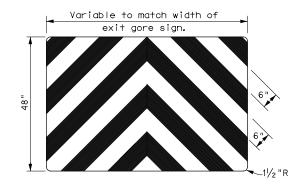
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15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
15 7-20	WACO		CORYEL	L		161





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT<sup>2</sup>





#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

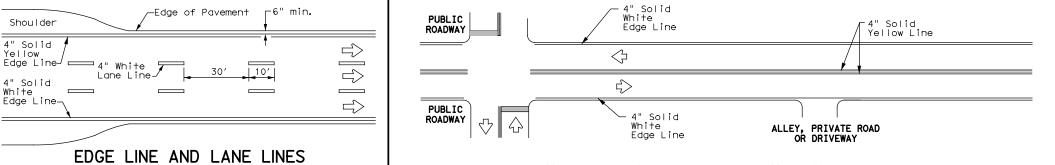
DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

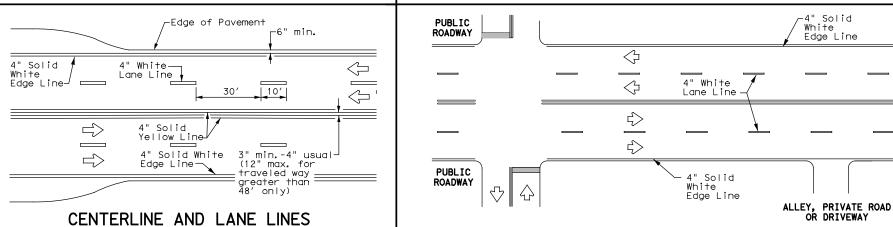
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TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236	
92 8-04 95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
	WACO		CORYEL	.L		163

20G

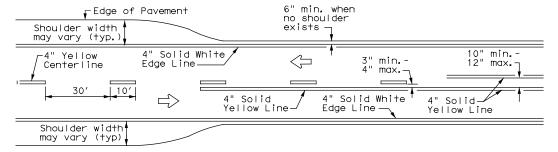




#### TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT ONE-WAY ROADWAY MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



# TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Pavement Edge

Taper

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

4" Solid Yellow-

4" Solid White

Edae Line

Edge Line-

4" Solid Yellow

Edge Line -

Optional

White

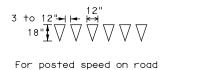
Extension

Dotted

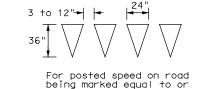
ine

-4" Solid White

Edge Line



being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.



greater than 45 MPH.

4" Solid Yellow Line

# YIELD LINES

# TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

10′

 $\Rightarrow$ 

See \_ Note 1-

Storage

Deceleration

4" White Lane Line\_

See Note 25

10" min. 12" max.

ΔΔΔΔΔΔ

♣48" min.

line to

from edge

stop/yield

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

max.

-4" Solid Yellow Line

Triangles

White Lane Line

## **NOTES**

 $\langle \neg$ 

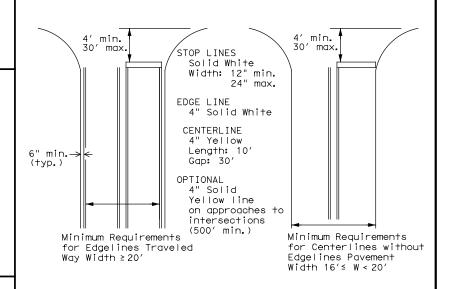
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

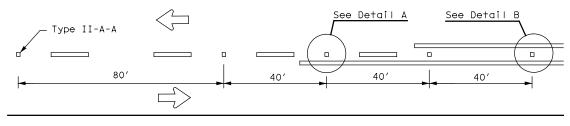
Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



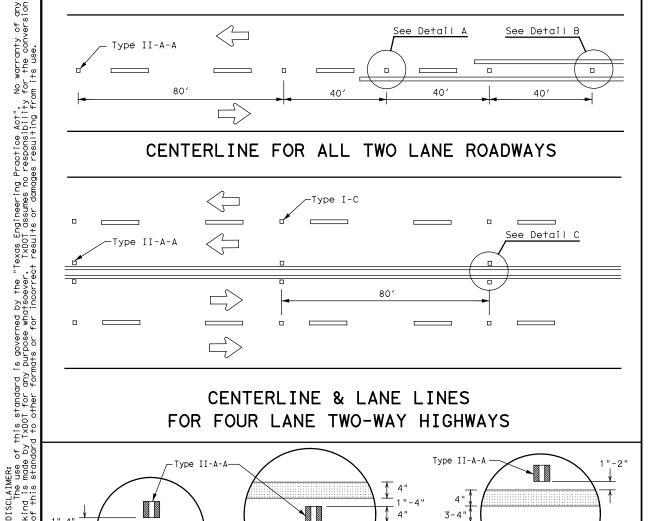
Texas Department of Transportation

PM(1) - 20

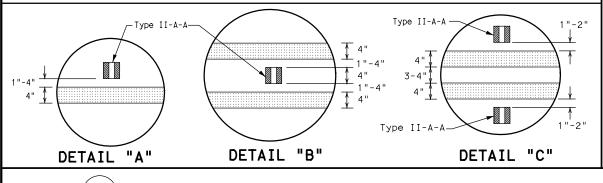
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CTxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH236
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	WACO		CORYE	_L	164



# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



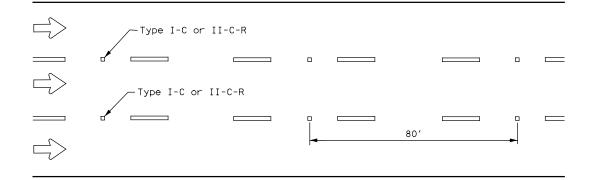
LINE, CENTER LINE

OR LANE LINE

NOTE

# Centerline < Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type I-C

# CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



# LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

## CENTER OR EDGE LINE <del>|</del> 12"± 1" 30′ BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"± 1" -300 to 500 mil , in height 12"± 1" $5\frac{1}{2}$ " ± $\frac{1}{2}$ " 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"--2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 4" EDGE LINE, OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

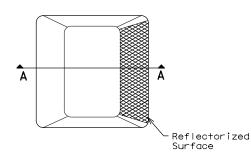
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

## GENERAL NOTES

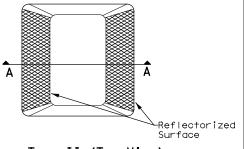
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

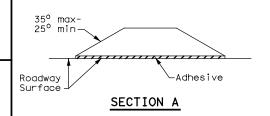
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

pm2-20.dgn ©⊺xDOT April 1977 JOB HIGHWAY SH236 4-92 2-10 REVISION 0513 01 017 5-00 2-12 8-00 6-20 CORYELL 165

CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

PM(2) - 20

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

#### SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

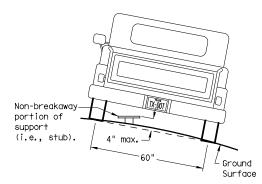
WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

diameter

Single Signs

Sian Pos-

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Acceptable

diameter

circle

Back-to-Back

Signs

Sign Pos-

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Nylon washer, flat

washer. lock washer

Clamp

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,

Pipe Diameter

2" nominal

2 1/2" nominal

3" nominal

Clamp Bolt

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

Nut. lock

washer

Nylon washer, flat

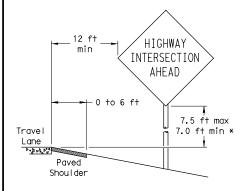
washer, lock washer,

Sign

nut

Clamp

# **PAVED SHOULDERS**



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

## HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Concrete

Barrier

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min >

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shoulder

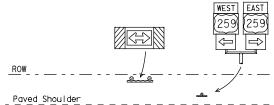
T-INTERSECTION

· 12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

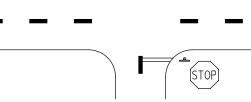
7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition
- edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:



# that results in the greatest sign elevation: (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		нI	GHWAY	
	0513	01	017		SH	1236	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CORYEL	L		166	

HIGHWAY

BEHIND BARRIER

2 ft min\*\*

Travel

D. 21 p. 4. 10.4

Maximum

Travel

Lane

D. 21 p. 2. 0° 4

factors.

Shoulder

possible

Paved

Shoul der

INTERSECTION AHEAD Guard 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min \* Travel P. 21 -4 P.4 Paved Shoul der

BEHIND GUARDRAIL

## BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER \*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

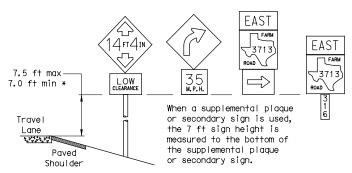
HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

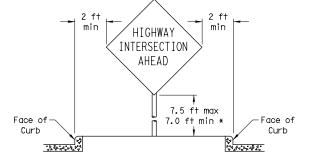
AHEAD

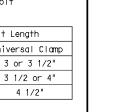
## SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

5 ft min\*\*



# CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



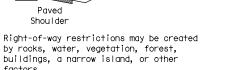


# – Sign Panel -Nut. Lock

Not Acceptable

∠Sign Panel Sian Bolt Approximate Bolt Length Specific Clamp Universal Clamp

4 1/2"



In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

by rocks, water, vegetation, forest,

buildings, a narrow island, or other

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

#### Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum. When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post

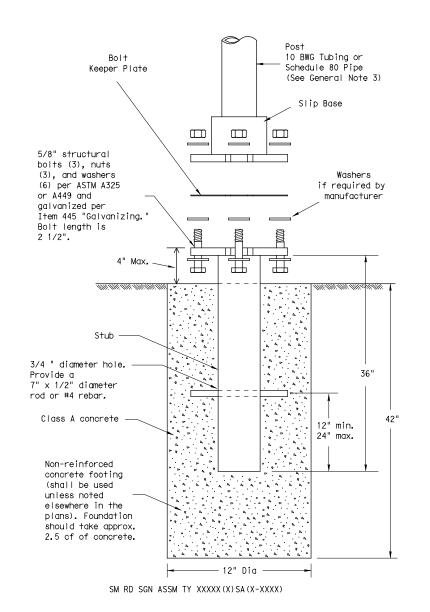
the universal clamp.

Sian Panel-

II-bolt

sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions. Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

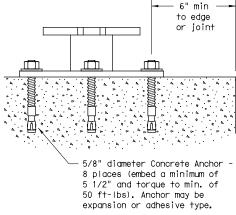
# TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

# CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

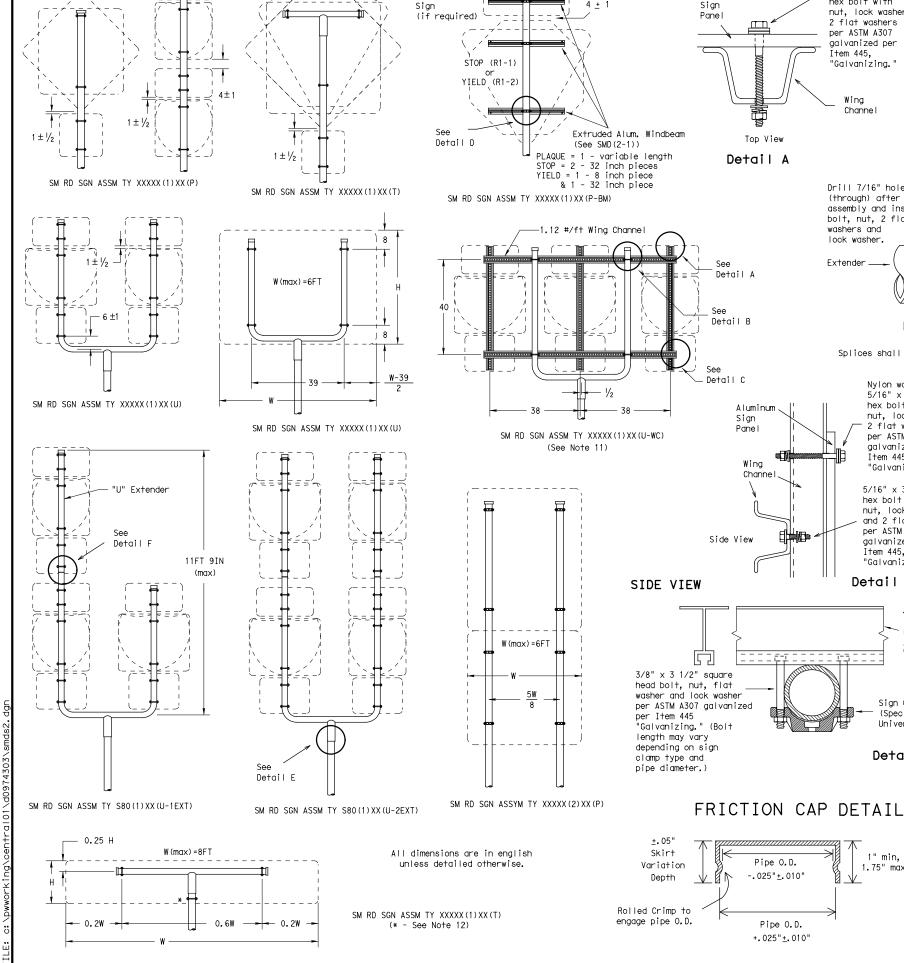


# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB I		HIGHWAY	
	0513	01	017		SH236		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	WACO		CORYEL	L		167	





ONF-WAY

(R6-1) or

Street Name

Gap between

Aluminum

Item 445,

Wing

Channe I

plaques

shall be

Nylon washer. 5/16" x 1 3/4" hex bolt with nut, lock washer, 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 Wing galvanized per Channe I Sign Clamp "Galvanizing. (Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing. lock washer. Extender \_\_\_ -1.11.1 1.1 Detail F 

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

and 2 flat washers

TOP VIEW

Extruded

Aluminum

Windbeam

Sian Clamp

Universal)

Detail D

1.75" max

(Specific or

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4"

hex bolt with nut, lock washer

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

Item 445.

Detail C

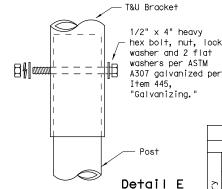
: I I F.T.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+.025"+.010"



U-Bracket

REQUIRED SUPPORT SIGN DESCRIPTION SUPPORT TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48-inch STOP sign (R1-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM) 10BWG(1)XX(T) 60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs 48x60-inch signs TY S80(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48x48-inch signs (diamond or square) TY S80(1)XX(T) 48x60-inch signs TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)

48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)

Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)

Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal) (see SMD(2-1)) 0

> Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

#### Sch 80 32 SE Sch 80 64 SF

GENERAL NOTES:

10 BWG

10 BWG

SIGN SUPPORT # OF POSTS

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

MAX. SIGN AREA

16 SF

32 SE

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.



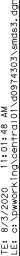
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

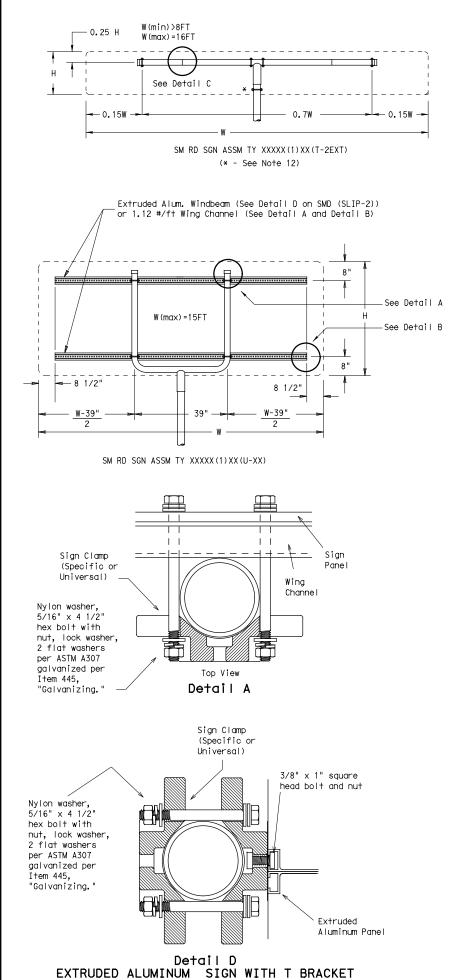
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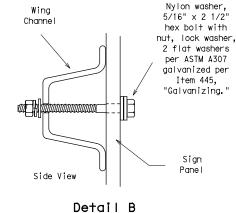
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

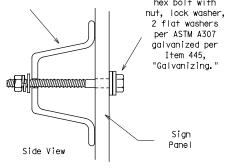
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

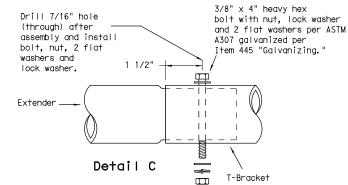
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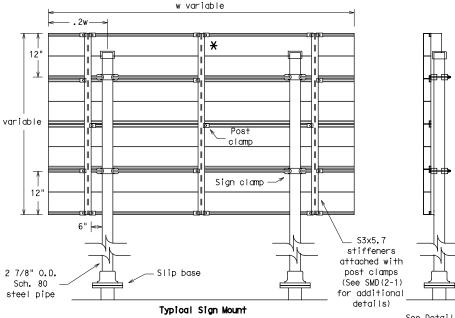


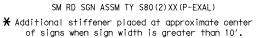


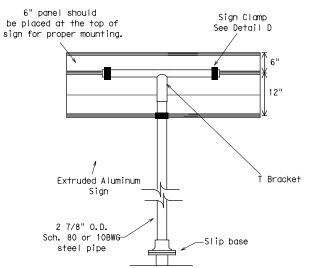


Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

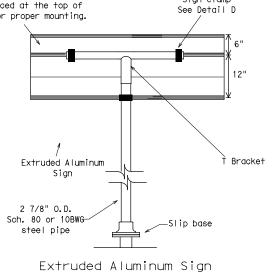


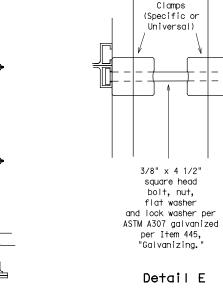






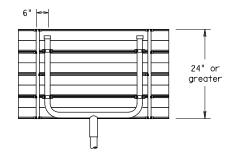
With T Bracket





Sign

See Detail E for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
  11.Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post
- for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

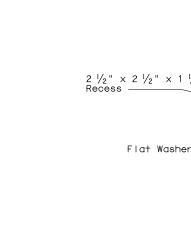
SIGN DESCRIPTION   SUPPORT   TY 10BWG(1) XX (P   TY 10BWG(1) XX	-BM) (T)
1 48 - IDOD SIDE SIDE (R1-1)	-BM) (T)
11 100#6(17,88(1	
5 60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P	
48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P	
48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)  36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs  TY 10BWG(1)XX(P	(T)
48x60-inch signs TY S80(1)XX(1	ī)
48x48-inch signs (diamond or square) TY 10BWG(1)XX	(T)
48x60-inch signs TY S80(1)XX(1	ī)
48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX	(T)
48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX	(T)
Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)  TY 10BWG(1)XX	(T)



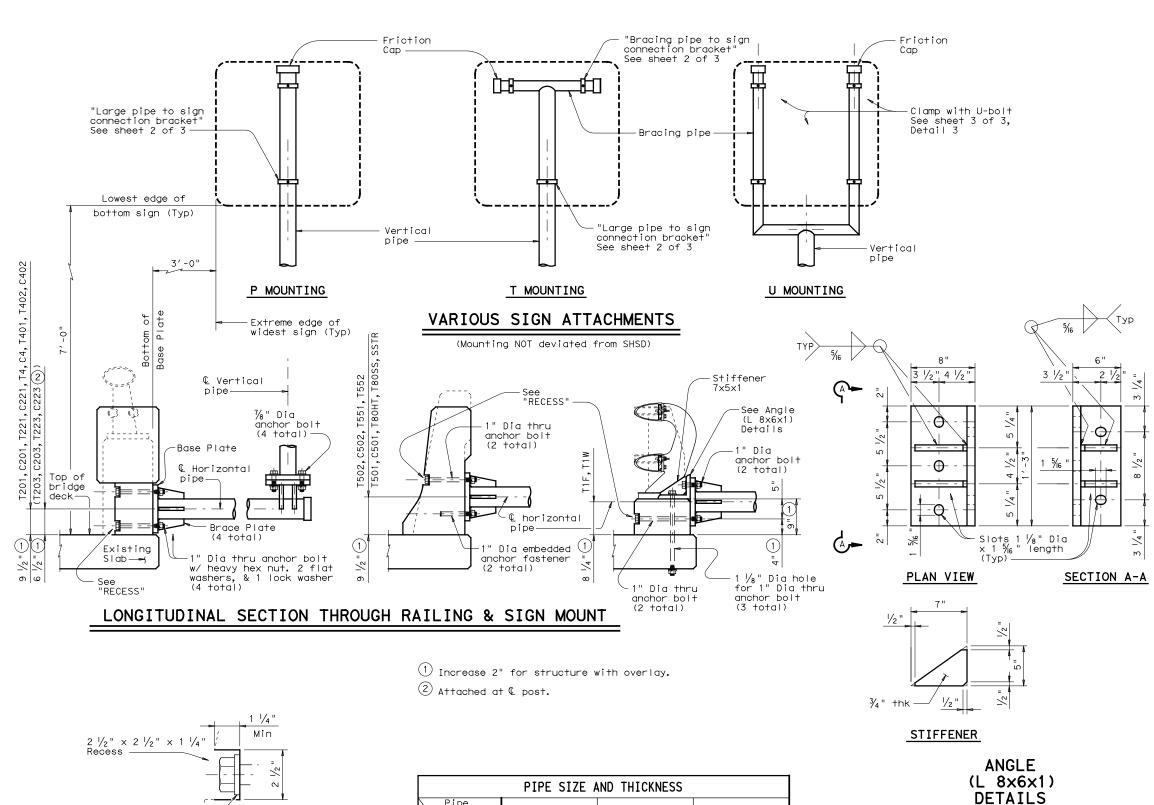
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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**RECESS** 



Pipe Placemen

Design Wind Speed

90 mph

130 mph

Horizontal

5" X-Strong

(.375")

6" X-Strong

(.432")

Vertical

4" X-Strong

(.337")

5" X-Strong

(.375")

Bracing

2 1/2" Standard

(.203") 3" X-Strong

(.300")

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Design conforms to 2013 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design 3-second gust wind speeds of 90 mph and 130 mph with a 1.14 gust factor, and a wind importance factor of 1.0 (50-year mean recurrence interval) for the supporting structures. For mounting connection between sign panel and pipe, wind importance factors of 0.71 and 0.54, for 90 mph and 130 mph winds, respectively, are applied to adjust the wind speeds to a 10-year mean recurrence interval.

See standard sheet WV & IZ(LTS2013) for the boundaries of each design wind zone. All mounting shall be based on 130 mph wind speed design except when located in 90 mph wind zone. Maximum panel area is 30 sq. ft. Maximum design height is 50 ft, with design height defined as the distance between natural ground (average elevation of surrounding terrain) and the center of sign(s) at the mounting location.

Material for pipe shall be ASTM A53 Grade B, or A501. Structural steel plates shall be ASTM A36, A572 Grade 50, or A588. Bolts used to connect pipe and mounting bracket, and wind beam to sign panel shall be ASTM A307. Anchor bolts shall be ASTM A325 or A193 B7. Each anchor bolt shall be provided with 2 flat washers, 1 lock washer, and 1 heavy hex nut. All parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Standard Specifications Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Attach horizontal pipe at least 2'-0" from the edge of any nearby drain slot.

dimensions before fabrication. Holes drilled through the railing parapet wall shall be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry drill) type equipment. Percussion (star) drilling shall not be allowed. Anchorage for pipe attached to rail shall be placed using an anchoring system approved by the engineer. Installation of anchor fasteners including hole depth, diameter and material shall be in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendation.

Each embedded anchor fastener shall resist an allowable design loading (after applying the reduction factors of bolt spacing and bolt edge distance) of:

		90 mpn
Tension	12.5 kips	7.5 kips
Shear	9.0 kips	5.0 kips

Each anchoring system shall provide a capacity to resist the required tension and shear acting simultaneously.

For sign connection to mounting, shop drill holes on sign blank in accordance with the current Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD). Additional hole(s) needed to meet a stipulated-type mounting may be field drilled. For multi-sign or back-to-back signs mounting, the engineer shall determine the proper type which ensures each individual mounting meets

Refer to Standard sheets SMD(GEN), SMD(SLIP-2 and SMD(2-1) for details not covered here.

# SHEET 1 OF 3

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

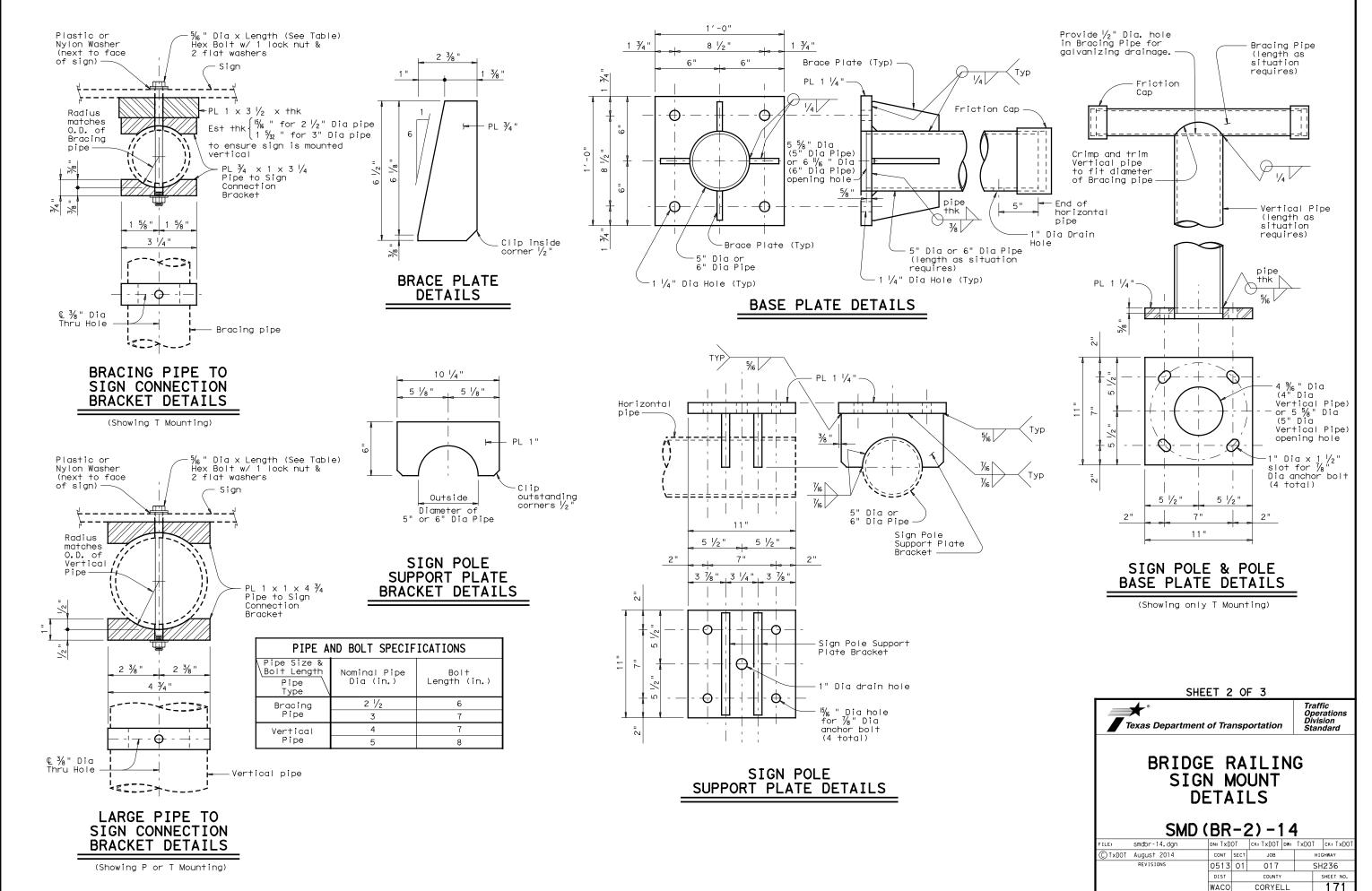
# BRIDGE RAILING SIGN MOUNT **DETAILS**

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		WACO		CORYE	LL		170

26G





26H

CORYELI

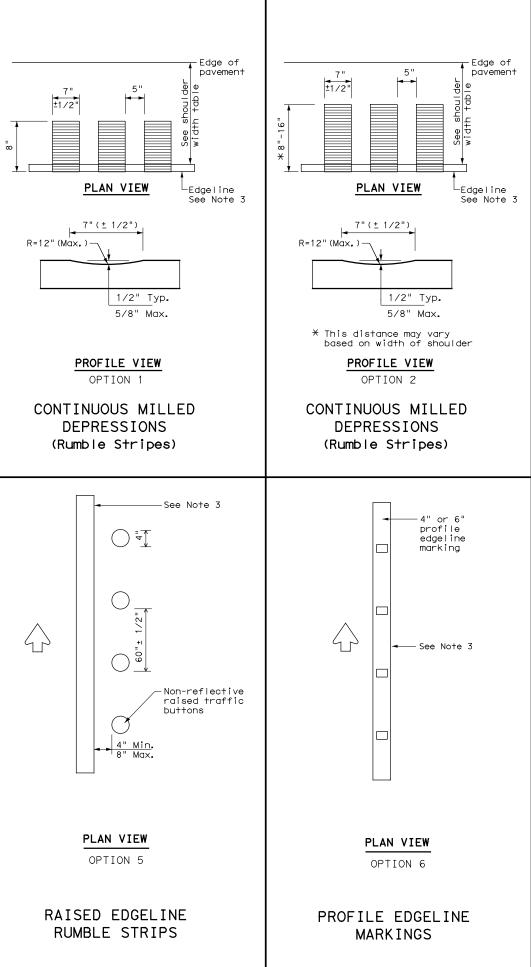
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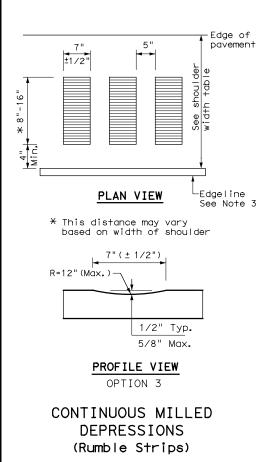
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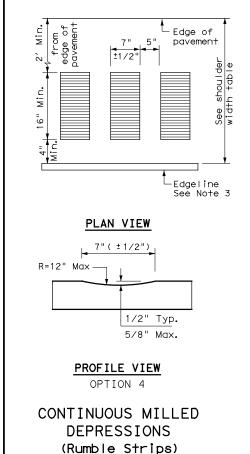
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#### SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE GREATER THAN EQUAL TO OR EQUAL TO OR 2 FEET LESS THAN GREATER THAN LESS THAN 2 FEET 4 FEET 4 FEET Option 1, 5 OR 6 Option 1, 2, 3 Option 2, 4, 5 5 OR 6 OR 6

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

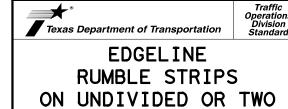
- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations Division.
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 8. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder. If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



LANE HIGHWAYS
RS (4) -13

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© TxD0T	October 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0513	01	017		SH	236
		DIST	DIST COUNTY SHEET			SHEET NO.	
		WACO		CORVEI	1		17/

#### EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

EXIT

#### SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

X TEMPORARY SEEDING X SOIL RETENTION BLANKET X PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING X NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES \_\_\_\_ MULCHING \_\_X\_ PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OTHER: TXR 150000, Part III, Section G, 2 Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be initiated immediately whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site, or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Temporary stabilization must be completed no more than 14 calendar days after initiation of soil stabilization measures, and final stabilization must be achieved prior to termination of permit coverage.

#### CTRUCTURAL PRACTICES

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:	
T SILT FENCES	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION
HAY BALES	CHANNEL LINERS
SANDBAG OR ROCK BERMS	SEDIMENT TRAPS
DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES	SEDIMENT BASINS
DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS	STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES
PIPE SLOPE DRAINS	CURBS AND GUTTERS
PAVED FLUMES	STORM SEWERS
ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
OTHER:	

#### NARRA<sup>-</sup>

TIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:
The order of activities will be as follows:
1. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
2. Install temporary sediment control fencing, and rock berms as
shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.
3. Remove existing bridge, construct proposed bridge and roadway
and perform any necessary excavation, embankment and grading.
4. Place temporary/permanent seeding as shown in the
plans and as directed by the engineer.

#### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

An integral part of the SWPPP for this project includes the EPIC Sheet, Item 506, Waco District Typical Applications for Best Management Practices, Form 2118 TxDOT inspection forms, Contractor daily inspection forms, miscellaneous general notes on environmental requirements, TxDOT EC Standards, 2014 Standard Specifications, TxDOT roadway design drawings, SWPPP design and working BMP drawings, Site Manager Data Base, EMS Stage Gate Inspections and the Waco District environmental folders. requirements of the TxDOT EMS will be fully implemented including training requirements for Contractors and TxDOT staff.



PERMIT POSTING Sign May be Mounted Even with Top of Post SWPPP (Plus or Minus 2") 2.5" Letter Height ClearviewHwy-3-W Font White Center of Sign About Eye Level (4'-5') Type A Aluminum Blue Engineer Grade Sheeting 1.875" Radius Mounton Postat of Sign Wing Channel or Other Approved Drivable Support (Holes for Bolting Sign to Post to be Drilled on Site

No Permanent Installation Allowed. Sign to be Removed After Project Completion

STORM WATER POLLUTION

PREVENTION PLAN

Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Office Advanced Project Development 100 South Loop Drive Waco Texas, 76704-2858

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

*WACO DISTRICT* 

#### OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENA	NNCF: All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs)
	will be maintained in good working order per the environmental
	notes, details and standards included as part of the project
	plans and contract documents. BMP repairs will be made at the
	earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days
	after the inspection report has been completed and immediately
	after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access.
-	BMPs damaged by the Contractor will be repaired or replaced
	immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and
	outfalls will be given priority.

#### TxDOT Form 2118 inspections to support TXR150000 and 404 permits will be conducted on a seven day interval on the same day of the week, until permits are terminated. The Contractor will provide daily BMP inspection reports on work days. Stage Gate Inspections and other BMP inspections will be conducted by the District and Area Office Staff based on requirements of the TxDOT Environmental Management System (EMS)



### HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):

At a minimum, any products in the following categories are
considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products,
Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives.
 In the event of a spill which may be hazardous,
 clean-up will be done in accordance with federal, state, and
 local regulations. The Contractor will maintain a list of all
 chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals
 used by sub-contractors, and will implement written spill
 prevention and clean-up plans.

#### SANITARY WASIE:

Sanitary waste from portable units will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

#### OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

- HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
- MAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DOST SCHOOLS

  X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
- X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
- X STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

#### REMARKS:

<u>Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads will be constructed in a manner</u> that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas will not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area will be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end will be subsidiary to Item 506.

Sedimentation Basins - Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, per outfall location, a sedimentation basin is not required.



FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET STATE DIST. TEXAS WACO CORYELL CONT. SECT. CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY N 0513 01 017 SH236

I.	STORMWATER POLLUTION PI	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	111.	CULTURAL RESOURCES
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater required for projects with 1 disturbed soil must protect Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that mo They may need to be notified	or more acres disturbed so for erosion and sedimentati by receive discharges from	il. Projects with any on in accordance with this project.		Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifical archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts (bones, to work in the immediate area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific area and control of the standard specific archeological artifacts are specific archeological artifacts are specific archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts are found are fo
	1.				☐ No Action Required
	2.				Action No.  1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE
	☐ No Action Required	X Required Action			<ol> <li>Orange construction fencing adjacent to station 275+00 as directed by the engineer</li> </ol>
	Prevent stormwater pollut accordance with TPDES Per		and sedimentation in		<ol> <li>Bridge and guard railing to by the engineer</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.</li> <li>Post Construction Site No</li> </ol>				VEGETATION RESOURCES
	the site, accessible to t	the public and TCEQ, EPA or	other inspectors.	'''	
	4. Project will disturb more	e than 5 acres, submit NOI t	to TCEQ and the Engineer.		Preserve native vegetation to the Contractor must adhere to Construited, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 invasive species, beneficial land
11.	. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		ETLANDS CLEAN WATER		☐ No Action Required
	USACE Permit required for	filling, dredging, excavati	ng or other work in any		Action No.
		ks, streams, wetlands or we	-		1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE
	The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	to all of the terms and co	nditions associated with		<ol><li>Vegetation clearing must be September 15 - March 1.</li></ol>
	No Permit Required				
	Nationwide Permit 14 - F wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or		3.
	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - F	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 o	ocre, 1/3 in tidal waters)		
	☐ Individual 404 Permit Re	equired			4.
	☐ Other Nationwide Permit	Required: NWP#			
	Required Actions: List water and check Best Management Pr and post-project TSS.				☐ No Action Required
	1. Leon River				Plains Spotted Skunk: Contraction the project area, and to a to avoid unnecessary impacts.
	3. 4.				2. Comply with Migratory Bird Tr
	5.				
	6. 7. 8.				<ol> <li>Texas Horned Lizard: Contractor in the project area, and to av This should include avoiding has a second and the second area.</li> </ol>
	The elevation of the ordina to be performed in the wate permit can be found on the	rs of the US requiring the			Pojrect Specific Locations (PS 4. SEE STATEMENT BELOW
	Best Management Practic				5.
	•		Post-Copotaviation TCC		any of the listed species are obs
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		not disturb species or habitat an rk may not remove active nests fro
	▼ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips	ne	sting season of the birds associat
	☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems		e discovered, cease work in the im gineer immediately.
	Mulch	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin	<u> </u>	g5050.010131
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands		LIST OF ABB
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin		Best Management Practice
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost		Construction General Permit Texas Department of State Health Services
	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA:	Federal Highway Administration
		Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOU:	Memorandum of Agreement Memorandum of Understanding
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	S X Vegetation Lined Ditches		Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Syste Migratory Bird Treaty Act
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems		Notice of Termination

Grassy Swales

NOI: Notice of Intent

Sediment Basins

ations in the event historical issues or d during construction. Upon discovery of ournt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease ontact the Engineer immediately.

X Required Action

- shall be placed around the masonry walls to create at a minimum one foot buffer or
- be painted FS 10055 (brown) or as directed

e extent practical. uction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 2 in order to comply with requirements for dscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

X Required Action

completed during the non-nesting season

X Required Action

- ctors will be advised of potential occurence void harming the species if encountered, and to dens
- eaty Act (MBTA)
- ors will be advised of potential occurance void harming the species of encountered. narvester ant mounds in the selection of SL's)

served, cease work in the immediate area, nd contact the Engineer immediately. The om bridges and other structures during ed with the nests. If caves or sinkholes mmediate area, and contact the

#### 0001111000

	LIST OF ABBRE	VIAII	<u>ons</u>
P:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
:P:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
SHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
WA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
A:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
)U:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
34:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
3TA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
)T:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
P:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing

products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No X Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

☐ No Action Required

X Required Action

1. Lead paint on metal elements of existing bridge.

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.



# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK:	RG	DW: VP		ck: AR
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JO	В	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0513	01 017		SH 236		
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	09	CORYELL 17		176		

LEGEND

# -SCD- SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

#)-RFD2-ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

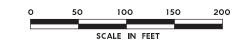
LIMITS OF TOPSOIL AND SEEDING

CONSTRUCTION EXIT

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET (CL 1) (TY A)

NOTES:

- LOCATIONS OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE APPROXIMATIONS. ACTUAL LOCATIONS ARE TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.
- INSTALL, MAINTAIN, AND REMOVE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT AND WACO DISTRICT STANDARDS FOR EROSION CONTROL.





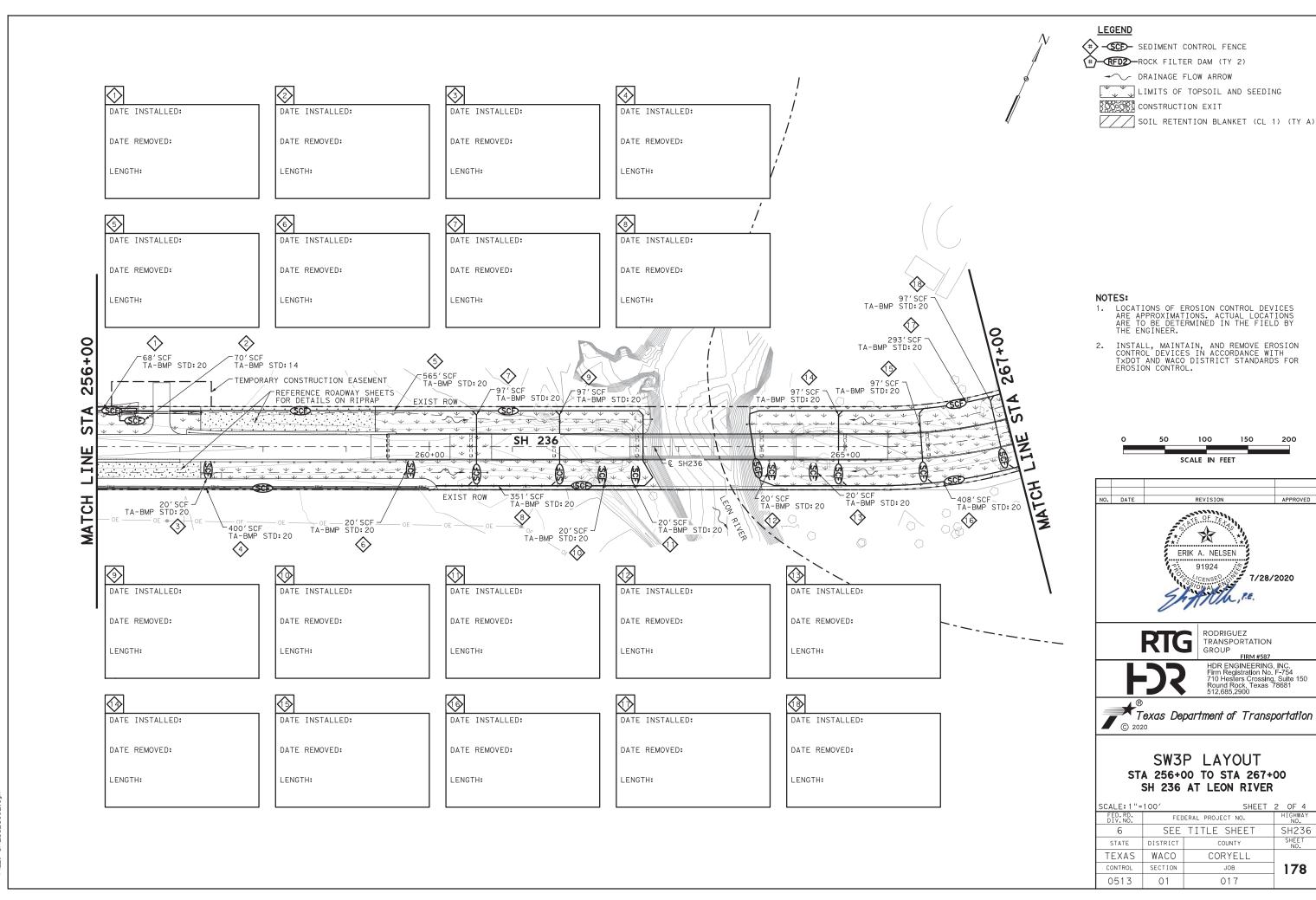
RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### SW3P LAYOUT BEGIN TO STA 256+00 SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

CALE: 1"=	100′	SHEET	1 OF 4
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FED	ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	177
0513	01	017	



SW3P LAYOUT STA 267+00 TO STA 278+00 SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

200

APPROVED

7/28/2020

SHEET 3 OF 4 FEDERAL PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH236 COUNTY CORYELL TEXAS WACO CONTROL SECTION 179 JOB 0513 017 01

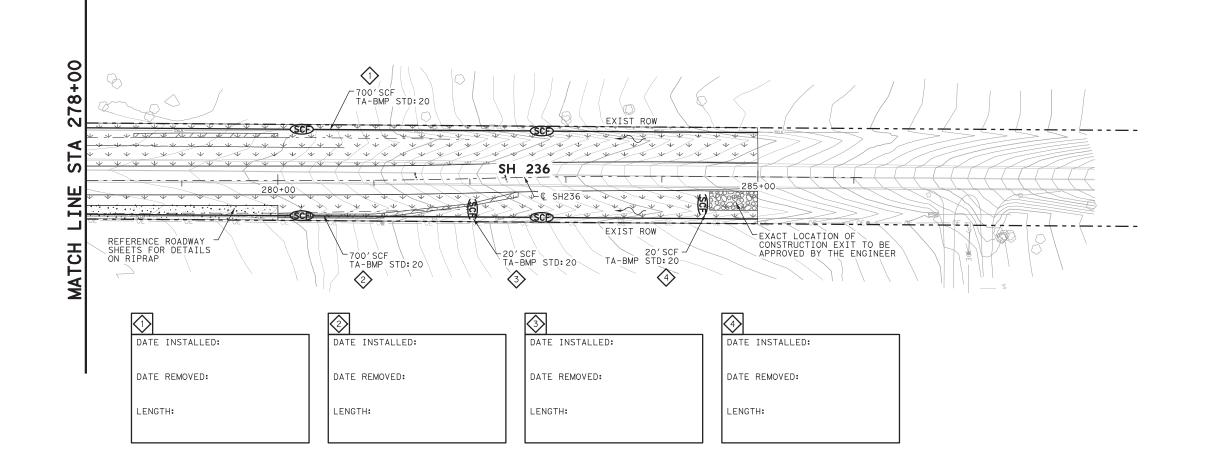
#> -SCD- SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

TOCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

→ DRAINAGE FLOW ARROW LIMITS OF TOPSOIL AND SEEDING

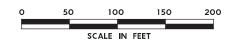
CONSTRUCTION EXIT

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET (CL 1) (TY A)



#### NOTES:

- LOCATIONS OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE APPROXIMATIONS. ACTUAL LOCATIONS ARE TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.
- INSTALL, MAINTAIN, AND REMOVE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT AND WACO DISTRICT STANDARDS FOR EROSION CONTROL.





RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION GROUP

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Firm Registration No. F-754 710 Hesters Crossing, Suite 150 Round Rock, Texas 78681 512.685.2900



### SW3P LAYOUT STA 278+00 TO END SH 236 AT LEON RIVER

SCALE: 1"=	100′	SHEET	4 OF 4
FED. RD. DIV. NO.		ERAL PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	SH236
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	WACO	CORYELL	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	180
0513	01	017	

- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not limited to the following:
  - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary wastes, construction chemicals and petroleum products used or generated by the Contractor and sub-contractors. Along with the list, the Contractor will supply a spill prevention plan and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products or generated waste.
  - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
  - Post the TxDOT storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
  - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to TxDOT. The Contractor will not disturb soil without the proper permits.
  - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses,
  - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be located on TxDOT ROW.
  - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration.
  - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day.

    The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOT direction.
  - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US, Note #3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from TXNOT.
  - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
  - Provide an estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or torching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely hauled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all correspondence with MS4s, TCEQ, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSL(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of TxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

E: BMPLAYOUTS, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:		
TxDOT 2009	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS EC 2013	0513	01	017			236	
B 2015	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	WACO		CODVE	1		1 0 1	

- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance.
- 10. Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as silt fences and rock filter dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch and 2/3 of an acre of disturbed soil for a minimum of 100 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOT. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12. Earth berms or mounds typically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the Contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings that show the locations of all temporary sediment and erosion controls.
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SWPPP maintenance, including silt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type III dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required silt fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high priority, or be subject to stop work on the entire project.
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of soil tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blocked by sediment controls. The contractor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stock ponds. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to trespass off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet all OSHA requirements and the current safety guidelines established for TxDOT Quarries and Pits.
- 22. Boundary silt fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary silt fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filter dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filter dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filter dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filter dam ends.
- 24. Silt fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side slope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences that do not adequately span the ditch and allows storm water around the end(s) will not be used. Where there is adequate space, large U pattern silt fences are preferred to facilitate sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves TxDOT ROW, takes persistent over ditch line sediment controls.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary silt fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For ditch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls; on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls damaged by the Contractor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in silt fences are not typically allowed. Specific silt fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For silt fence maintenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of silt fences and not over excavate around silt fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW, RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetative buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38. For outfalls near stock ponds closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize silt fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or silt fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and around the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as possible. Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal. Do not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 10



# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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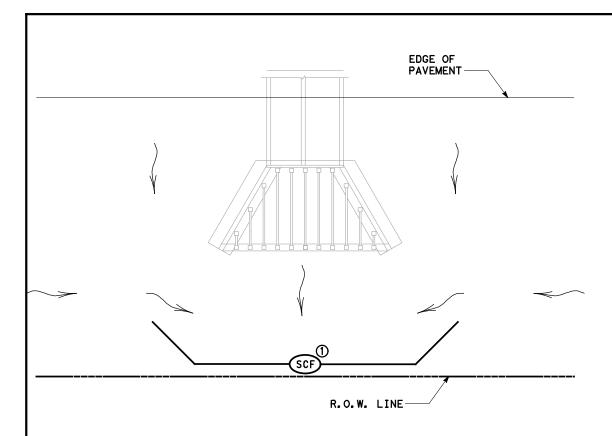
- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Marks of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprap for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after installing erosion rock.
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to Item 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2X4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet silt fence, subsidiary to Item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Silt fence steel T posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel T posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for T post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Silt fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately horizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of silt fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the slope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess grass, rocks, trash, debris or clods will be removed before seeding and installing soil retention blankets. All installations will be by the manufacturer recommendations. Contractor equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 4 OF 10

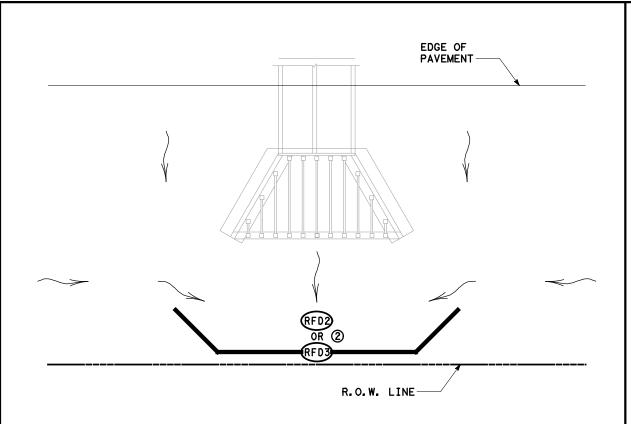


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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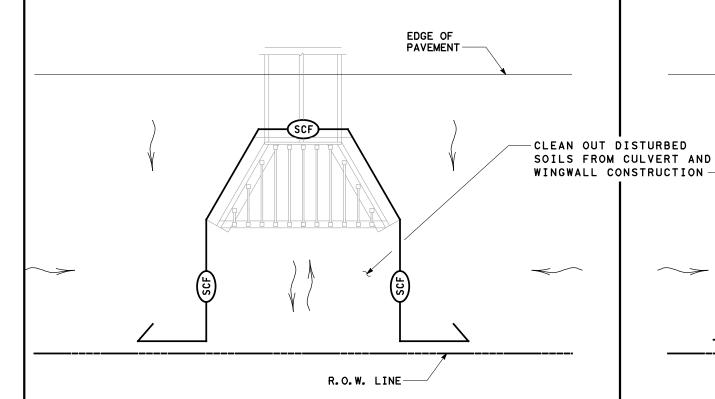


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



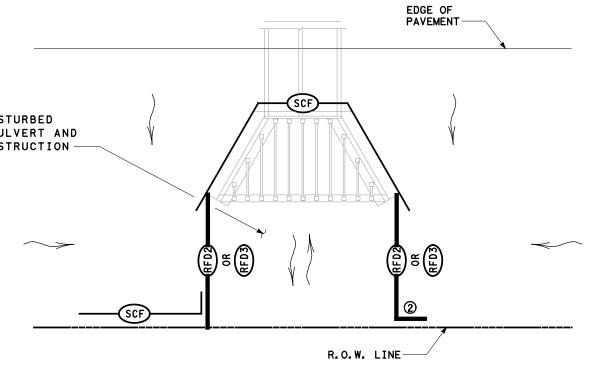
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #2

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



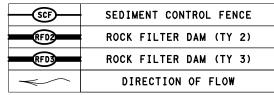
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #3

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #4

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



#### NOTES:

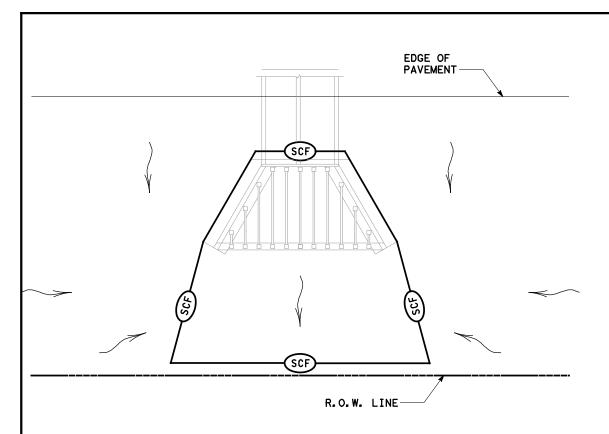
- ① EXTEND SILT FENCE SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS. USE L-HOOKS ON ENDS AS REQUIRED.
- ② EXTEND ROCK FILTER DAM SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 5 OF 10

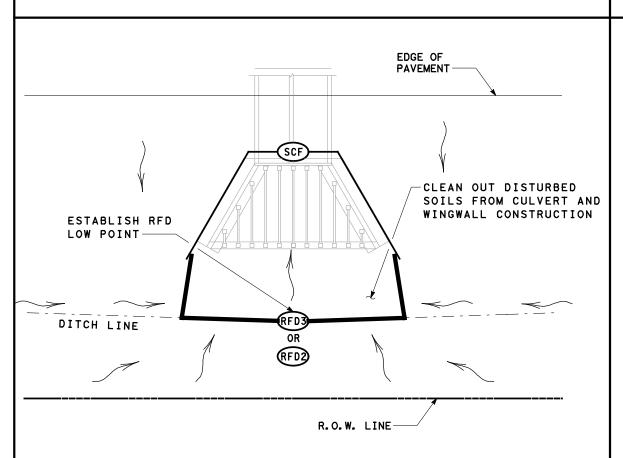


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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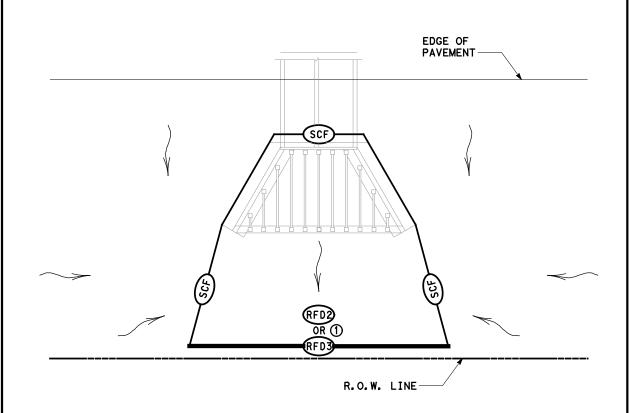


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



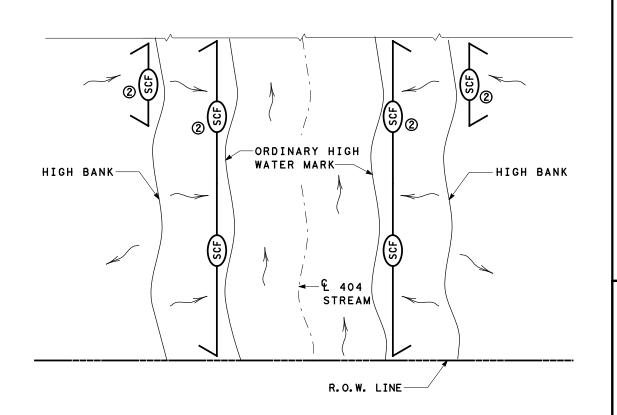
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #7

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



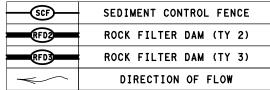
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #8

FOR 404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING PROJECT CLEARING AND GRUBBING



#### NOTES:

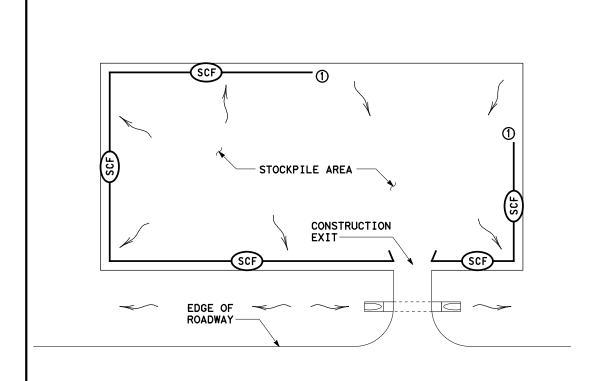
- 1 PROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.
- ② USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT

SCALE = NTS SHEET 6 OF 10

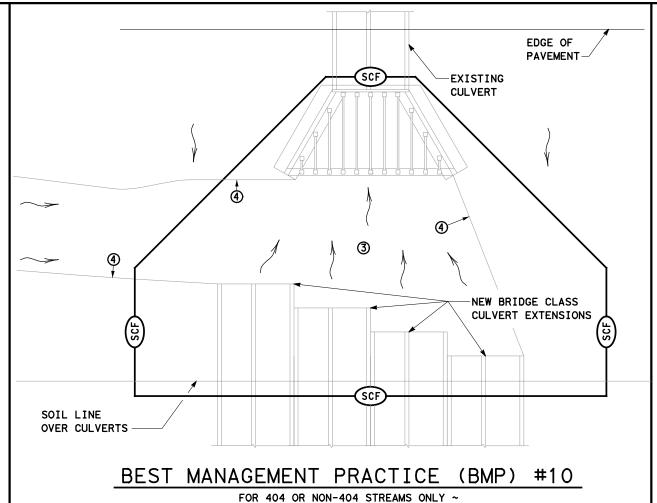


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

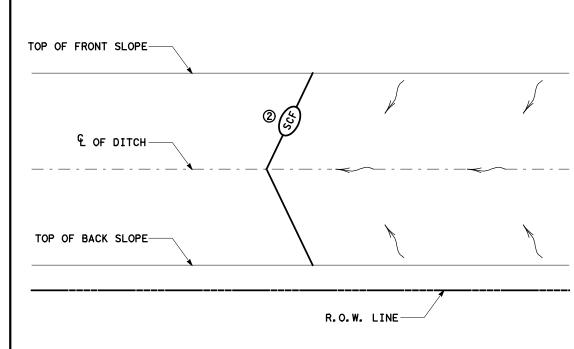
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STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL

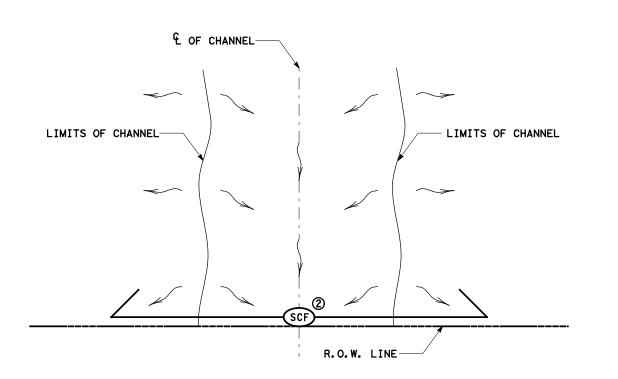


SEDIMENT CONTROL AT PHASED CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #11

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #12

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED DOWN SLOPE

SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RFD2	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RFD3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES:

- 1) START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- (2) ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKMENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- 3 PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM THE INVERT ELEVATIONS BETWEEN CULVERTS. REMOVE LOOSE SOIL FROM EXCAVATED AREA BETWEEN CULVERTS.
- (4) PROVIDE AND INSTALL PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE ON THE DITCH BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN TEMPORARY TERMINATIONS BETWEEN OLD AND NEW CULVERTS. PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO THE HEIGHT OF THE LARGEST CULVERT ON THE DITCH SIDE SLOPES: AND TO A LIMIT 10 FEET OUTSIDE THE LOCATION OF BMPS ALONG THE DITCH BOTTOM. CEMENT STABILIZED SAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE, IN AREAS WHERE INSTALLATION WORKS AND AT THE OPTION OF TXDOT.

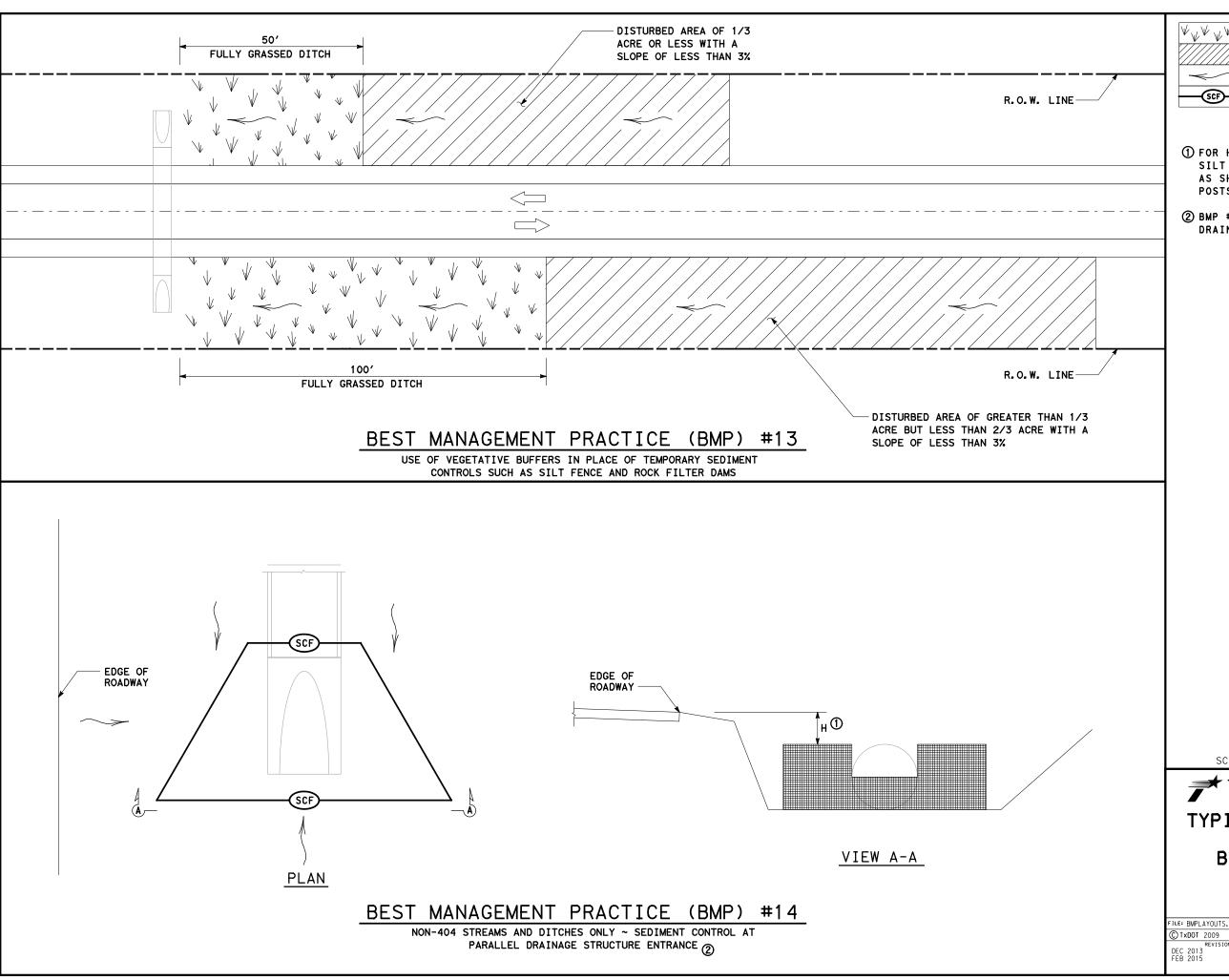
SCALE = NTS SHEET 7 OF 10



₹ Texas Department of Transportation

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES**

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DISTURBED AREA

DIRECTION OF FLOW

SECT. SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

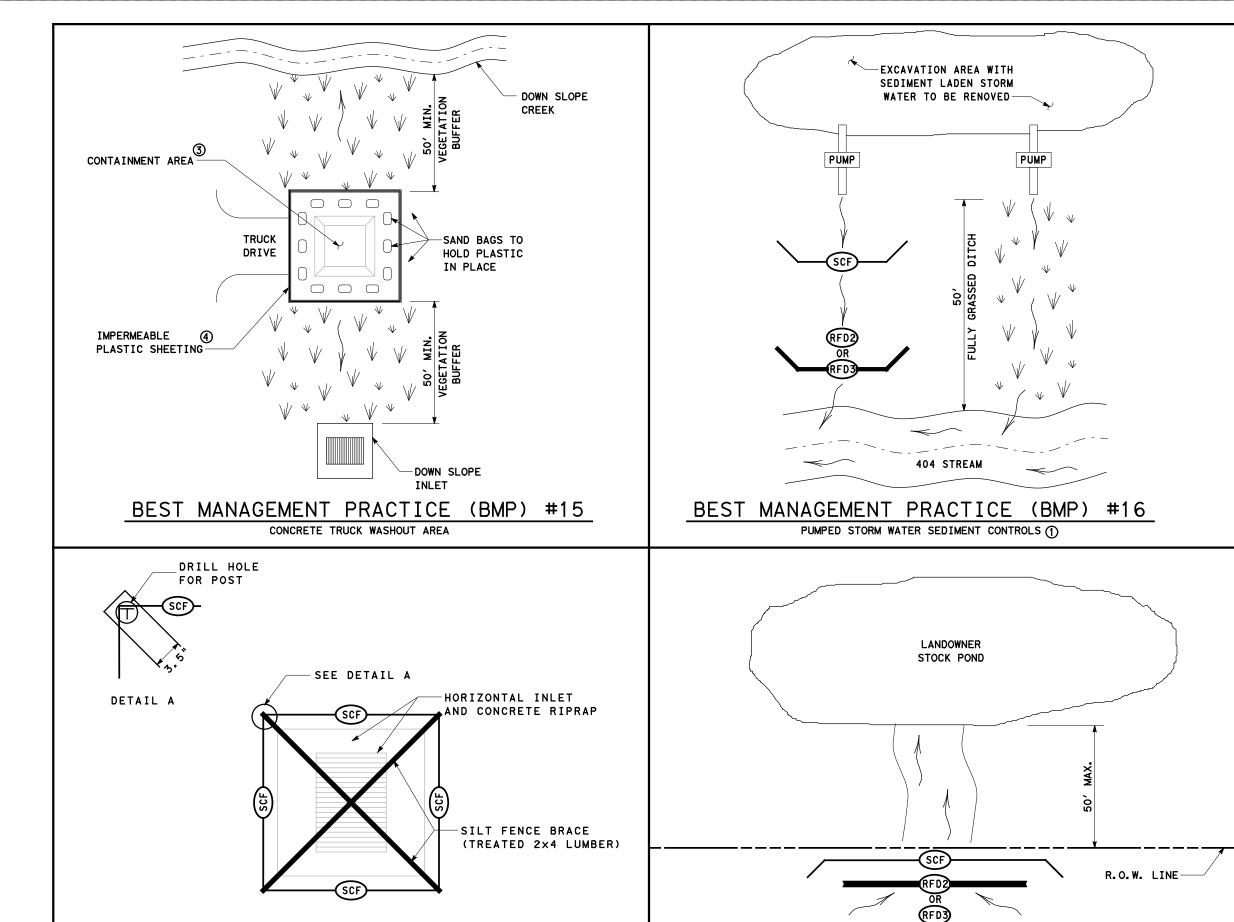
- (1) FOR H DIMENSIONS LESS THAN 1.5' SILT FENCE MAY NEED TO BE NOTCHED AS SHOWN IN VIEW A-A. ADD EXTRA POSTS AT NOTCH.
- ② BMP #14 MAY BE USED AT CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AS DIRECTED.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 8 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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LANDOWNER STOCKPOND SEDIMENT CONTROL (2)

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #17

HORIZONTAL INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL

FULLY GRASSED DITCH

DIRECTION OF FLOW

SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

RFD2 ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

RFD3 ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)

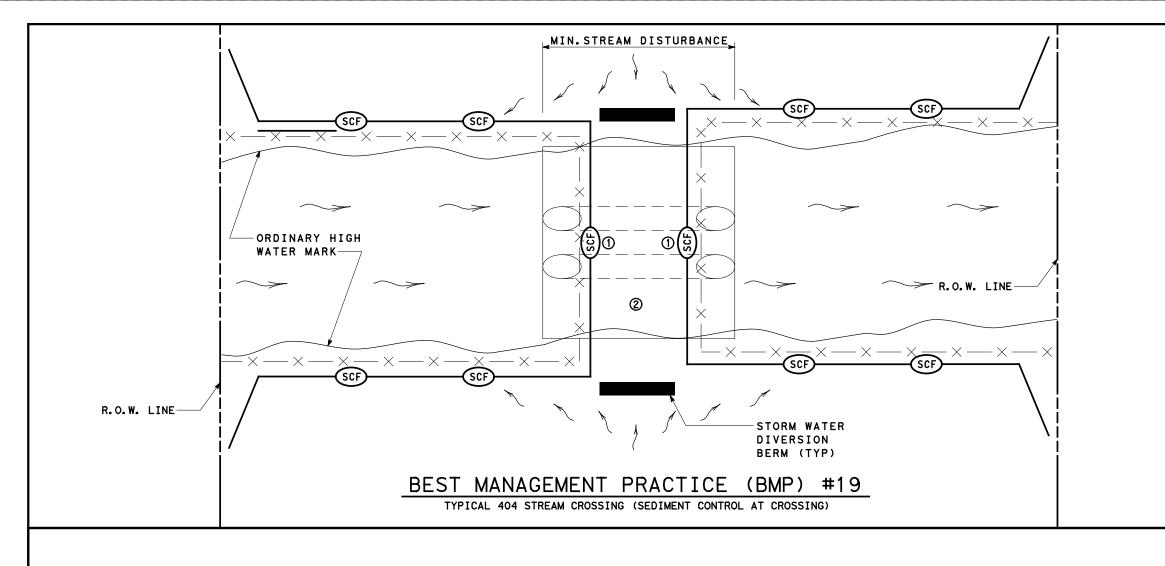
- ① PUMPED STROM WATER FROM AN EXCAVATION AREA SHOULD BE DISCHARGED IN A 50' VEGETATIVE BARRIER OR THROUGH TWO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS BEFORE ENTERING A 404 STREAM.
- ② FOR LANDOWNER STOCKPONDS WITHIN 50' OF THE RIGHT OF WAY LINE, PROVIDE REDUNDANT SEDIMENT CONTROLS AT THE CONVEYANCE OF THE POND. MINIMUM OF TWO SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- (3) WHEN CONTAINMENT AREA REACHES 1' FREEBOARD, DISCONTINUE WASHOUT PLACEMENT AND REMOVE MATERIAL UPON SOLIDIFICATION.
- EACH TIME SOLIDIFIED MATERIAL IS REMOVED REPLACE PLASTIC SHEETING.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 9 OF 10



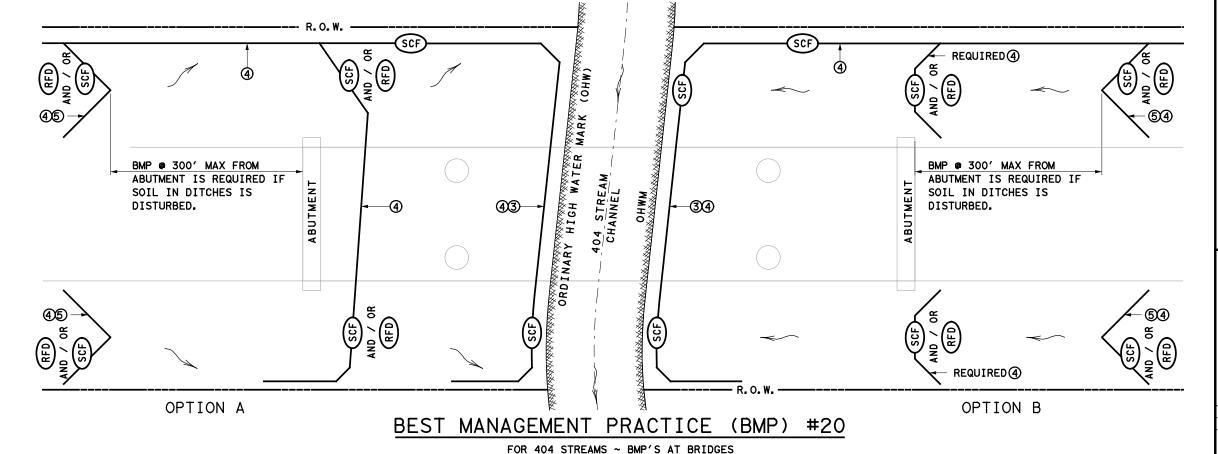
# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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	DIRECTION OF FLOW
SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RFD	ROCK FILTER DAM
- × ×	SECURITY FENCING

- HAY BALES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SILT FENCE OVER THE STREAM CROSSING.
- ② CROSSING WILL BE AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE WATERS OF THE US GENERAL NOTES.
- (3) INSTALL SILT FENCE SLIGHTLY UP FROM OHW MARK FROM R.O.W. TO R.O.W.
- USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON LEVEL OR DOWN SLOPING ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT
- (5) INSTALL LARGE V OR U SHAPED BMP'S FROM ABUTMENT AS SHOWN. IF THERE IS STEEP DITCH CONDITIONS DECREASE SPACING AND CONSIDER RFD'S. ADD ADDITIONAL BMP'S IF GRADE IS STEEP OR IF FLOW IS HIGH.



SCALE = NTS SHEET 10 OF 10

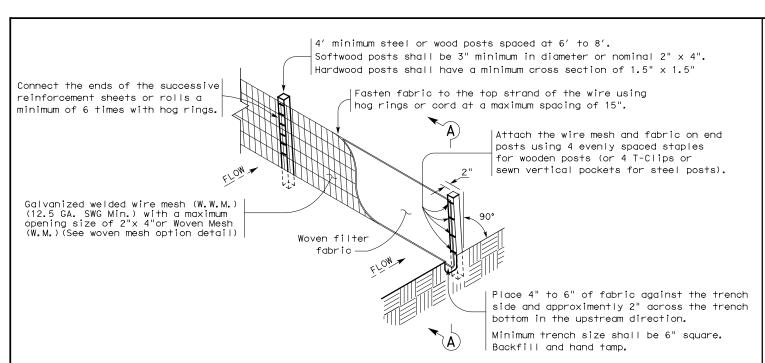


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

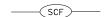
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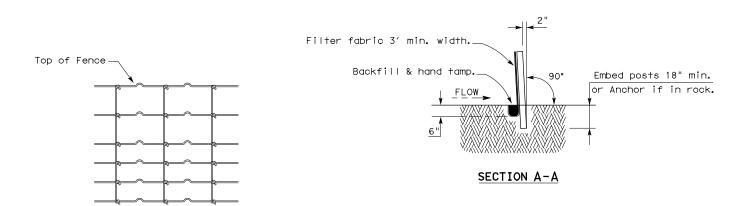






## TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

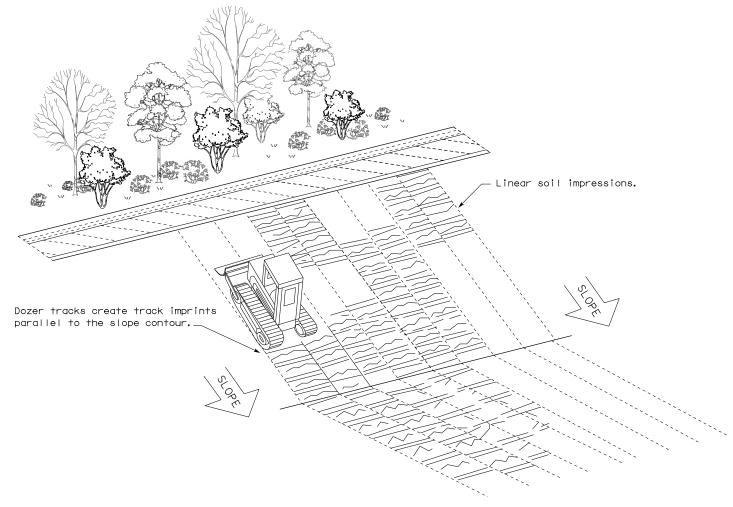
#### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



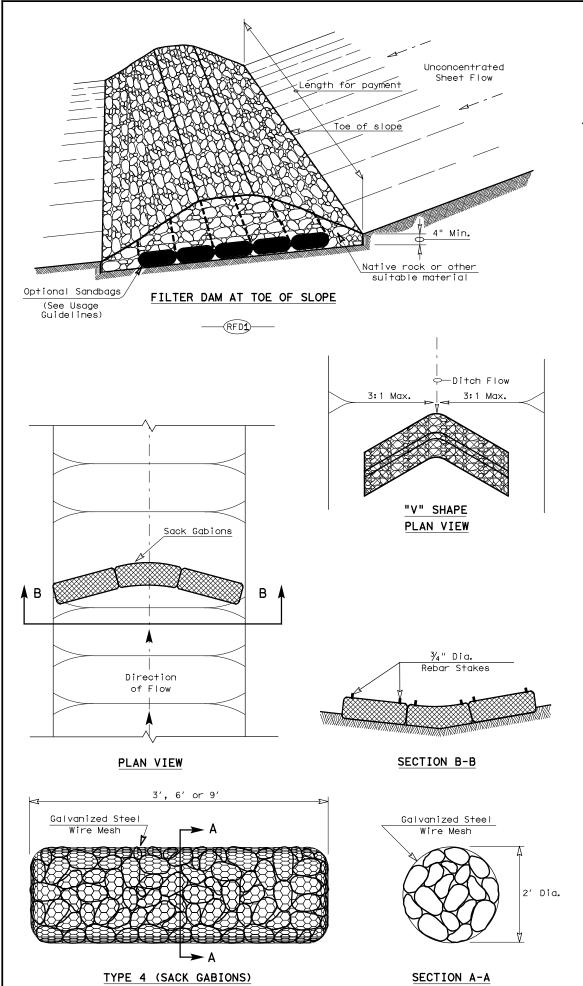
**VERTICAL TRACKING** 



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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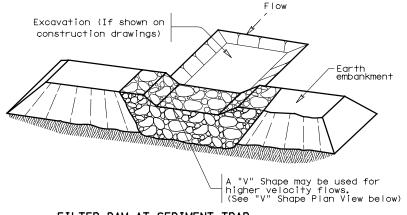
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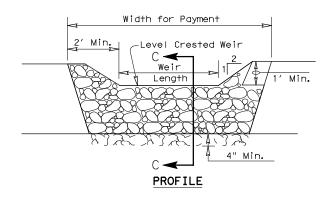
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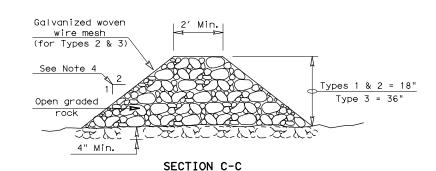
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#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

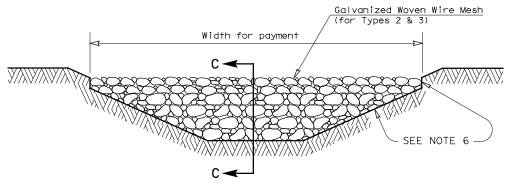
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



#### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

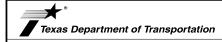
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#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam Type 2 Rock Filter Dam Type 3 Rock Filter Dam

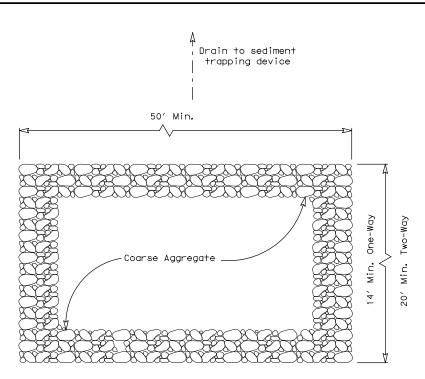


TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

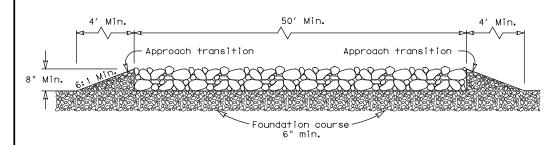
ROCK FILTER DAMS

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#### PLAN VIEW



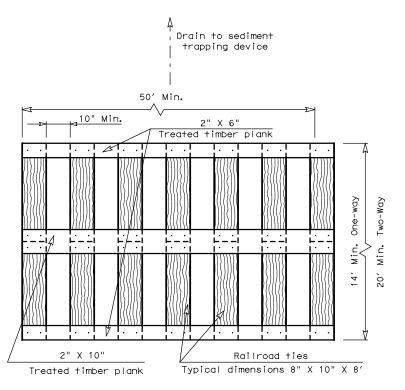
#### **ELEVATION VIEW**

#### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

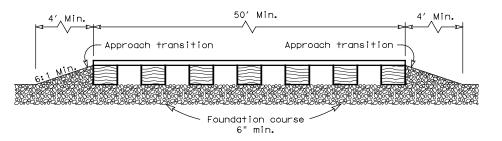
#### ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trappina device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



#### PLAN VIEW



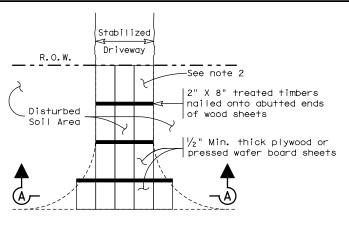
#### **ELEVATION VIEW**

#### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

#### TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

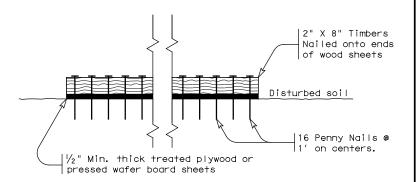
#### **GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)**

- 1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with  $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

#### PLAN VIEW



# SECTION A-A

#### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3) SHORT TERM

#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS

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	WACO	CORYFLL				193	