SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

STATE PROJECT: C 15-6-87, ETC. BELL

IH 35

							PROJECT NET								
							04,720.00								
BRIDGE:	FT=	0.00	ΜI	=	0.000	FT=	560.00	ΜI	=	0.106	FT=	560.00	MI	=	0.106
TOTAL:	FT=	3,014.88	ΜI	=	0.571	FT=	5,280.00	ΜI	=	1.000	FT=	8,294.88	ΜI	=	1.571

FROM 0.5 MI S of FM 436 TO FM 436, ETC.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF OVERLAY CONSISTING OF PFC OVERLAY



**EXCEPTIONS: NONE** EQUATIONS: NONE RR CROSSINGS: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, WILL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000-008

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. C 15-6-87, ETC. IH 35 SHEET NO. STATE DISTRICT COUNTY CHECK TEXAS WAC BELL CONTROL SECTION JOB 0015 06 087, ETC

DESIGN SPEED = MEEC

YEAR	ADT
2021	73,100
2041	100,700

END PROJECT CSJ: 0015-14-129 STA 1848+36.00 RM 293 + 0.904

BEGIN PROJECT CSJ: 0015-14-129 STA 1795+56.00 RM 292 + 0.892 END PROJECT CSJ: 0015-06-087 STA 1795+56.00 RM 292 + 0.890

BEGIN PROJECT CSJ: 0015-06-087 STA 1765+41.12 RM 292 + 0.318



Texas Department of Transportation

12/28/2020

Stephen Michael Kasberg P.E.

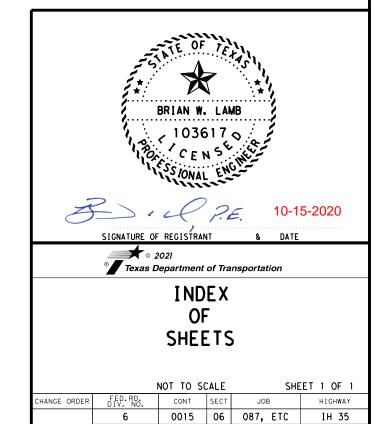
Approved \_\_\_\_\_DocuSigned by:

\* WZ (UL)-13 \* WZ (RS)-16

SHEET NO	<u>GENERAL</u>	SHEET NO	ROADWAY	SHEET NO	<u>TRAFFIC</u>
1	TITLE SHEET	41 - 45	PLAN LAYOUT	51 - 55	PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT
2	INDEX OF SHEETS	46	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	56	* FPM (1)-12
3	PROJECT LAYOUT			57	* FPM (2)-12
4 - 9	TYPICAL SECTIONS			58	* FPM (3)-12
10, 10A-10D	GENERAL NOTES			59	* FPM (4)-12
11	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY			60	* FPM (5)-19
12 - 13	CONSOLIDATED SUMMARIES			61	* RS(1)-13

SHEET NO	TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP SEQUENCE OF OPERATION	<u>SHEET NO</u> 47 - 48	ROADWAY	SHEET NO	ENVIRONMENTAL WACO DISTIRCT STORM WATER POLLUTION
	* BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14	47 - 40	LAYOUT & DETAILS FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXPANSION JOINTS FM 436	02	PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)
15 - 26					
27	* TCP(3-2)-13		OVERPASS ([H-35 NBML & SBML)	63	EPIC
28	# TCP(3-3)-14	49 - 50	LAYOUT & DETAILS FOR CLEANING AND	64	# EC(1)-16
29	* TCP(5-1)-18		SEALING EXPANSION JOINTS 1H-35	65 - 74	* TA-BAP (WACO DISTRICT STANDARD)
30	# TCP(6-1)-12		(NB & SB) OVER NOLAN CREEK		
31	* TCP(6-2)-12				
32	# TCP(6-3)-12				
33	# TCP(6-4)-12				
34	* TCP(6-5)-12				
35	* TCP(6-8)-14				
36	* TCP(7-1)-13				
37	* WZ (TD)-17				
38	* WZ (STPM)-13				

\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



DIST

WAC

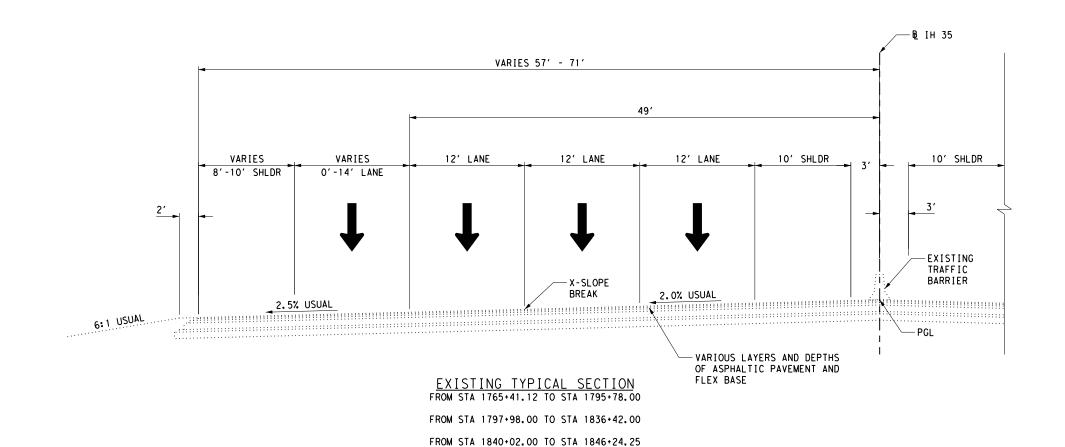
COUNTY

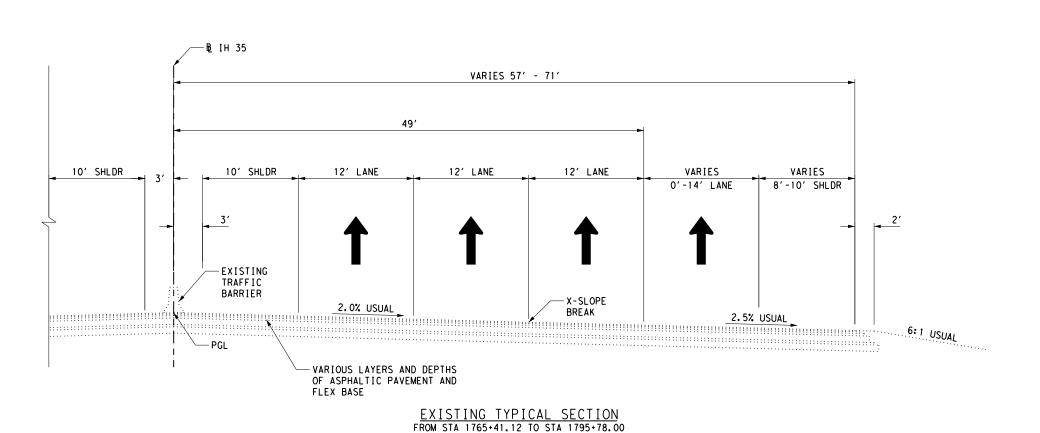
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SHEET NO.

STATE

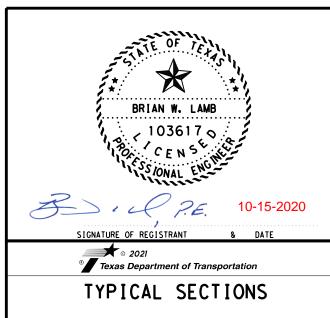
TEXAS





FROM STA 1797+98.00 TO STA 1836+42.00

FROM STA 1840+02.00 TO STA 1846+24.25



1" = 10' HORIZ.

CONT

0015

WAC

6

STATE

TEXAS

CHANGE ORDER

SHEET 1 OF 6

HIGHWAY

IH 35

SHEET NO

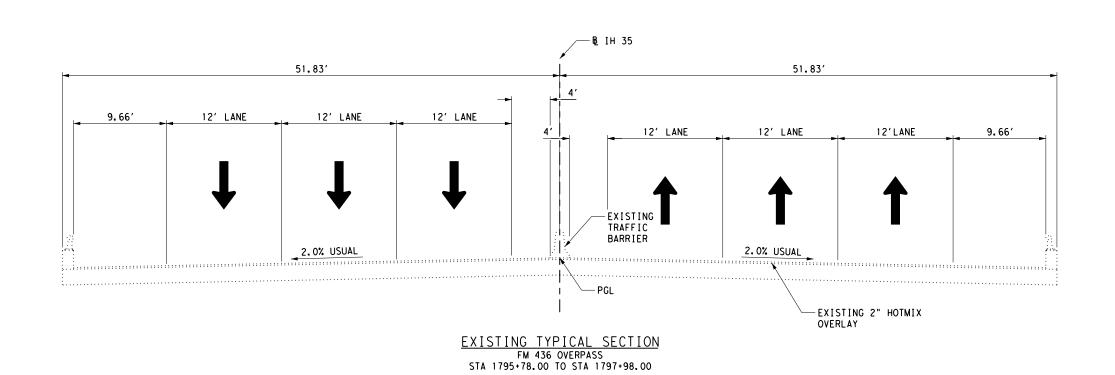
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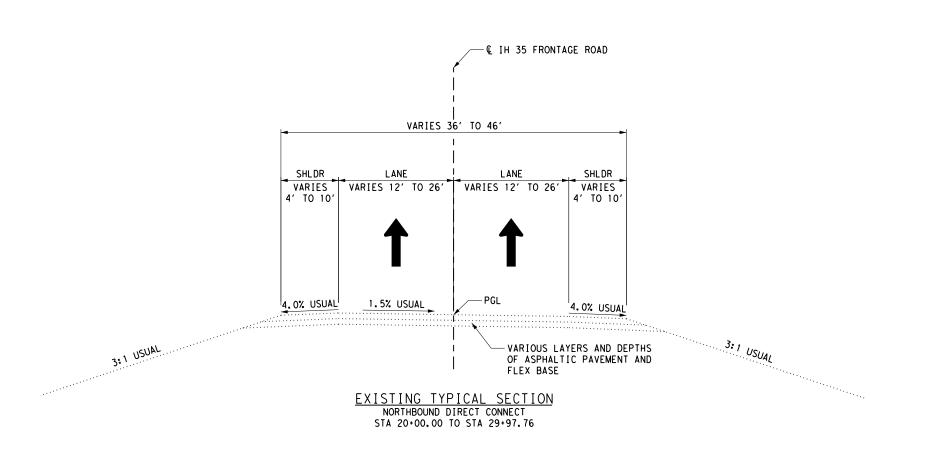
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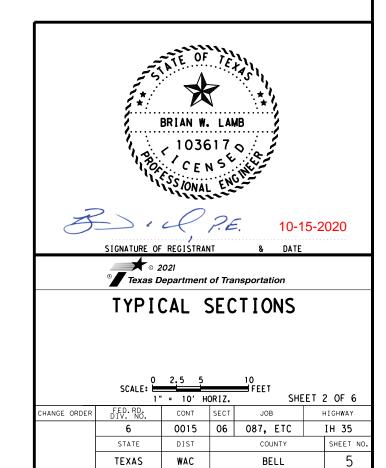
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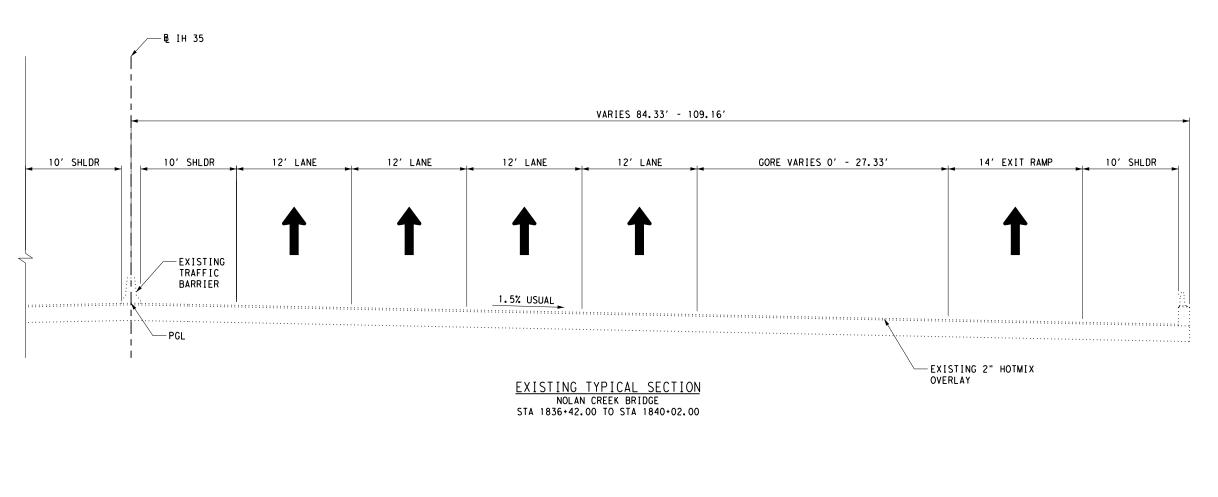
BELL

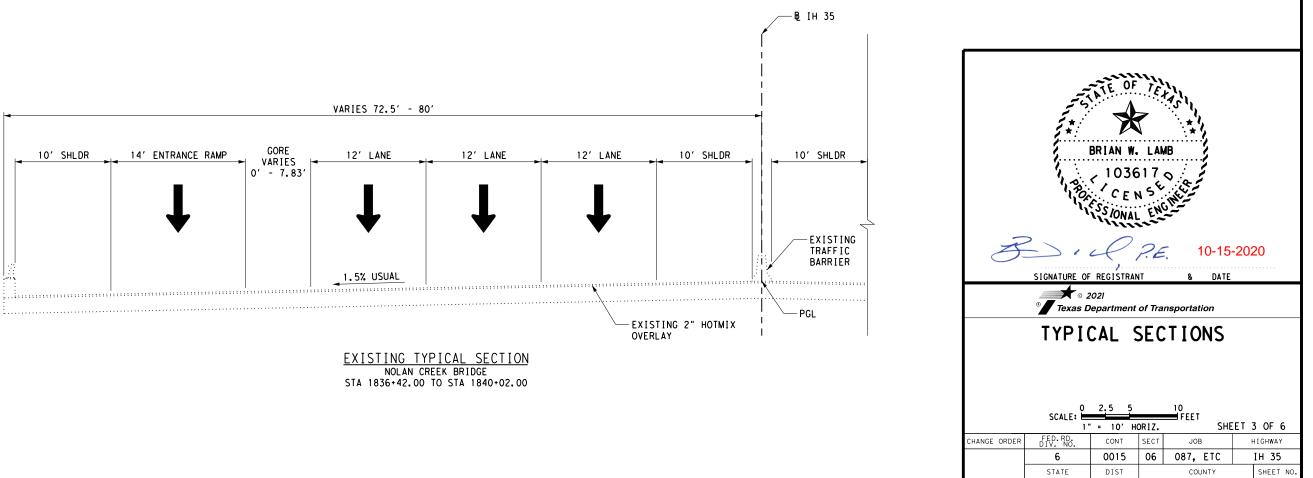
06 087, ETC











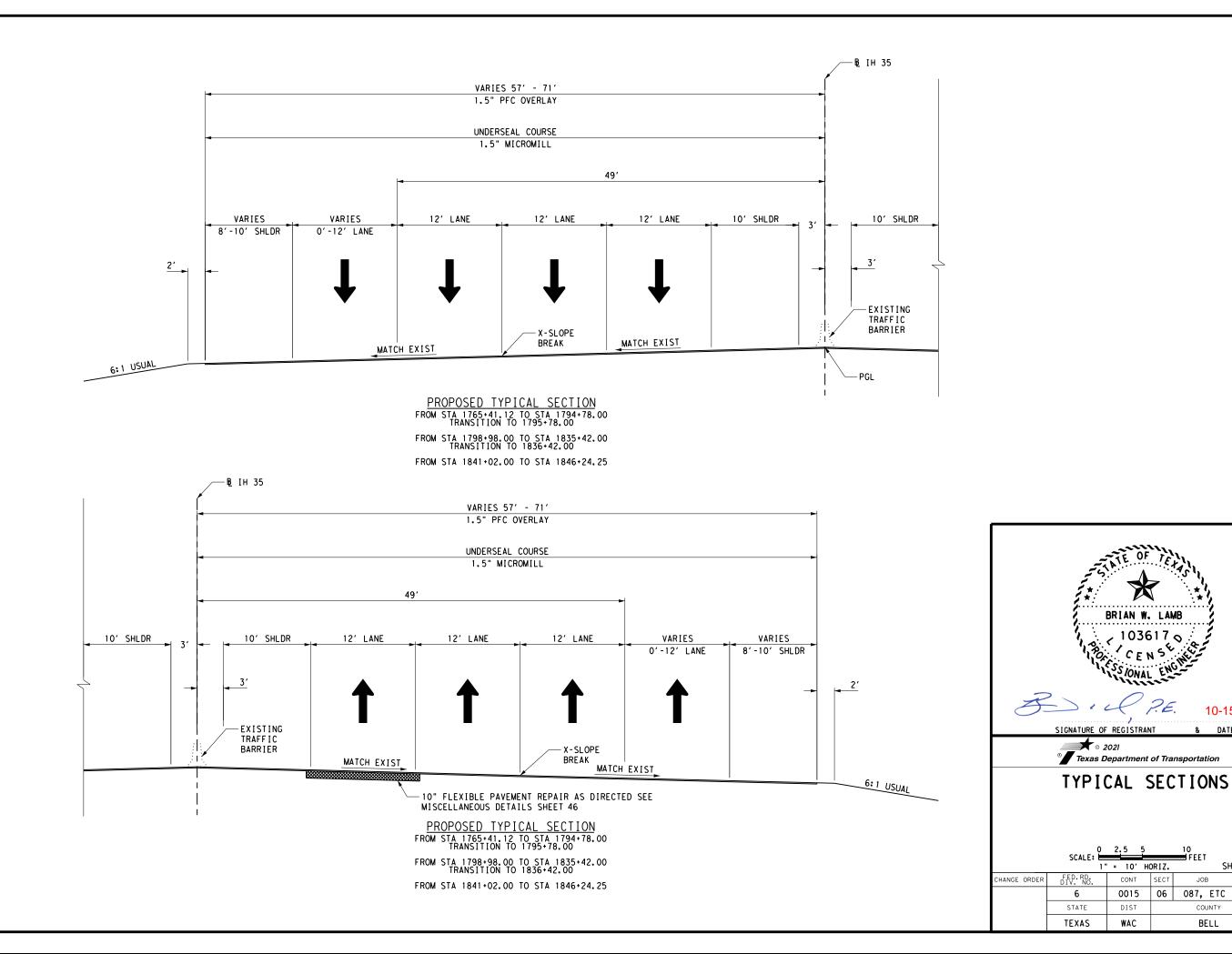
6

BELL

TEXAS

WAC





10-15-2020

SHEET 4 OF 6

HIGHWAY

IH 35

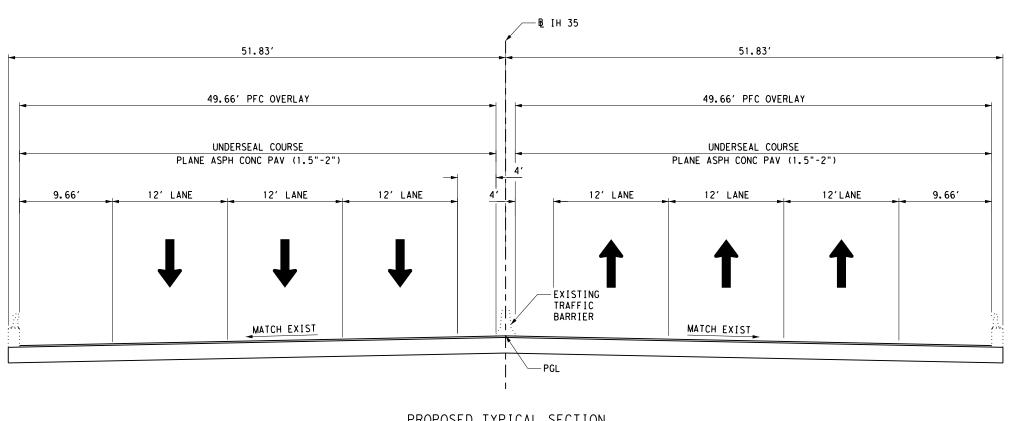
SHEET NO

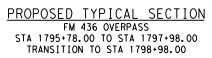
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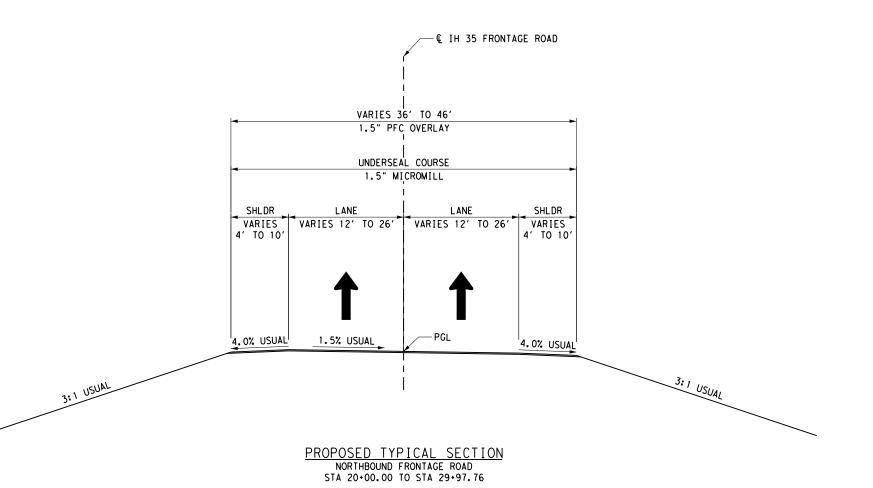
COUNTY

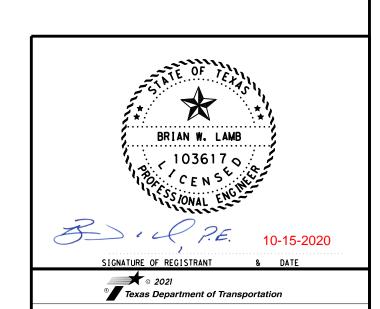
BELL

06 087, ETC





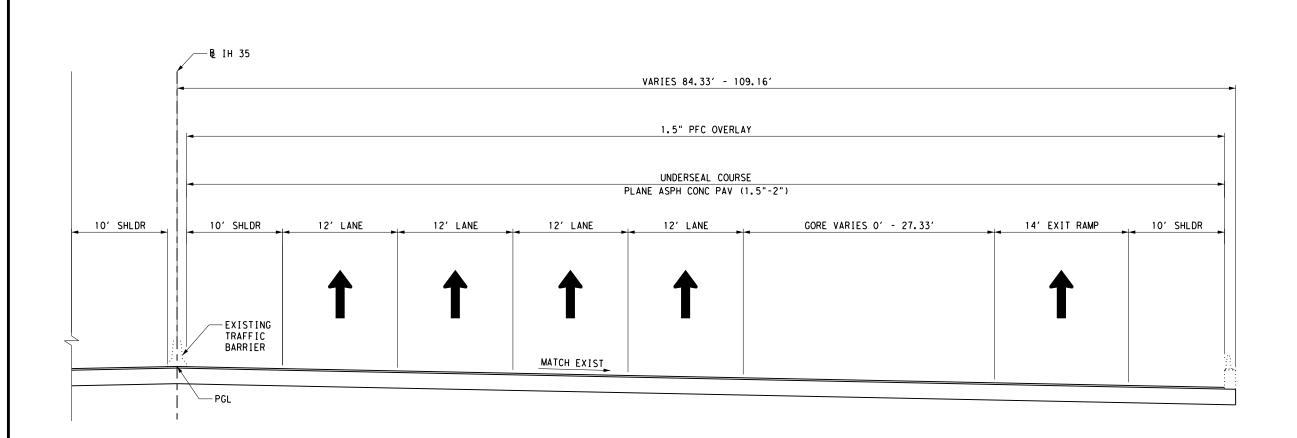


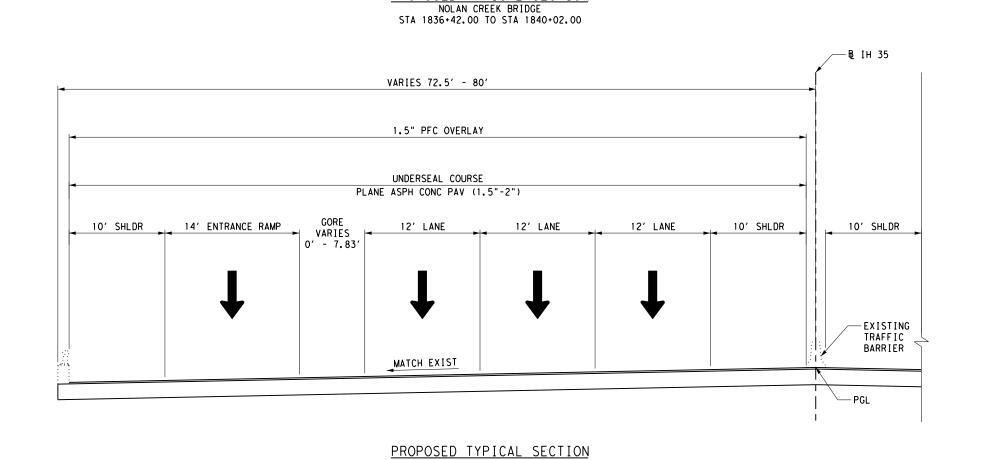


TYPICAL SECTIONS

1" = 10' HORIZ.

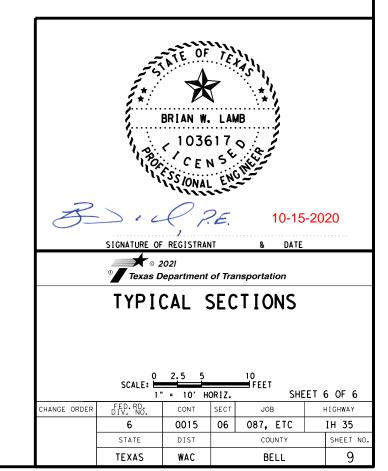
SHEET 5 OF 6 CHANGE ORDER FED. RD. DIV. NO. CONT JOB HIGHWAY 0015 06 087, ETC 6 IH 35 STATE DIST COUNTY SHEET NO TEXAS WAC BELL 8





NOLAN CREEK BRIDGE STA 1836+42.00 TO STA 1840+02.00

PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION



HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

#### **BASIS OF ESTIMATE TABLES**

Table 1: Basis of Estimate for Asphalt Pavements									
Item	m Description Rate Basis Quantities								
	PERMEABLE FRICTION COUP	RSE (PFC)							
0.40	ASPHALT (PG76-22) (1)	6.0 LB / SY / IN	123,401 SY	555 TON					
342	AGGREGATE (PG76 MIX) SAC-A (1)	87.0 LB / SY / IN	123,401 SY	8,051 TON					

(1) PFC Estimated @ 93 Lb / Sy / In, Consisting Of 6.5% Asphalt & 93.5% Aggregate By Weight.

Table 2: Basis of Estimate for Interlayer Material								
Item	Description	Rate	Basis	Quantities				
3085	Underseal Course	0.20 GAL / SY	123,401 SY	24,681 GAL				
3005	FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION							

#### **GENERAL**

The construction, operation and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans is 0.5 acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set forth in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

COUNTY: BELL SHEET 10

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the Waco District at the following address:

Bill Compton - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2707, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Or Via phone or in person to the following individual(s): Area Engineer's: Stephen Kasberg, PE 254-939-3778 Assistant Area Engineer's: Michael Yates, PE 254-939-3778

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Submit all fabrication and shop drawings per TxDOT's online shop drawing submittal system and copy the Area Engineer on the email submittal, unless otherwise directed.

Underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation may be present within the Right-Of-Way on this project. For signal, illumination, surveillance, and communications & control maintained by TxDOT, call the TxDOT Traffic Signal Office (254)867-2808 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. For irrigation systems, call TxDOT Landscape Office (254)867-2726 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. If city or town owned irrigation facilities are present, call the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. The Contractor is liable for all damages when utilities are damaged due to Contractor's negligence including, but not limited to, repair or replacement at the Contractor's expense.

#### **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

#### ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Roadway closures during the following key dates and / or special events are prohibited:

- -On Good Friday,
- -Until midnight Easter Sunday,
- -Until midnight Sunday before and after Spring Break, which is typically
- the second, third and fourth weeks of March,
- -Until midnight Sunday of Texas/Oklahoma football game weekend,
- -After 7 AM Tuesday before Thanksgiving Day thru midnight Sunday after Thanksgiving,
- -After 7 AM December 23 through 7 PM January 2,
- -Or on any other high traffic days or holidays as determined.

If utilizing private property for waste disposal sites, field office sites, equipment storage sites or for any other purpose involved with this project, provide to the Engineer written proof of the property owner's approval of the use of this property. This proof may be in the form of a letter or agreement signed by the property owner or other documents acceptable to the Engineer.

Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. However, the contractor's employees may park on the right of way at the sites where the contractor has his office, equipment and materials storage yard.

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

COUNTY: BELL SHEET 10A

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks. Orange fencing will not be paid for but will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

#### **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

The road-user cost liquidated damages are \$5,000.00 per day.

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

Nighttime work is required in accordance with Article 8.3.3.2.1.

Meet bi-weekly or at intervals as agreed upon with the engineer to notify him or her of planned work for the upcoming 3-week period.

For this project, provide a Bar Chart progress schedule.

#### LANE CLOSURES

IH-35 main lane closures must be coordinated with other projects on US 190 and IH 35 including maintenance operations requiring main lane and frontage road closures in the Waco District with the Project Engineer and TxDOT's Mobility Coordinator. Provide one week notice to the Project Engineer of any planned lane closures to allow coordination. The Project Engineer must approve all closures prior to implementing. No additional compensation will be provided due to rescheduling of requested lane closures caused by the need for coordination with adjoining projects.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

Placement of traffic control devices for night operations will not commence until after the start time and all devices must be removed from the roadway prior to the finish time.

The Contractor will be assessed a lane rental charge for each main lane or ramp closure on IH 35. The charge will be calculated at the rate below and applied to the Lane Closure Balance shown below. Peak hours are any time other than the hours and nights indicated below. Peak Hour Lane Rental charges will be assessed on work extending past the fifteen (15) minute mark of a given hour. Any work beyond these 15 minutes will result in an additional one (1) hour lane rental charge. The rental charge will be assessed for each lane obstructed for each direction of traffic on IH 35 main lanes as follows:

LANE RENTAL HOURS						
	LANE CLOSURE BALANCE					
Peak Hours	\$5,000 / Hr / Lane	¢0				
Non-Peak Hours	\$0 / Hr / Lane	<del>-</del> \$0				

Lane closures that are necessary to perform emergency operations are excluded from lane rental charges. Emergency operations are those circumstances to restore pavement or other items as approved by the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to prosecute emergency operations within a reasonable timeframe may result in lane rental charges being applied, based on a case-by-case review by the Engineer.

IH 35 main lane closures will only be allowed during Non-Peak Hours, and the purpose of the Peak Hour Lane Rental rate is to apply a disincentive when operations during Non-Peak Hours are not completed promptly, requiring extending lane closures into Peak Hours.

Non-Peak Hours are as follows Sunday 10PM – Monday 6AM Monday 7PM – Tuesday 6AM Tuesday 7PM – Wednesday 6AM Wednesday 7PM – Thursday 6AM Thursday 7PM – Friday 6AM

Lane closure restrictions will consist of:

- Lane closure length restricted to 2 miles or less
- Full freeway closures will only be allowed at nighttime

### ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

COUNTY: BELL SHEET 10B

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

The use of windrow pick-up equipment is allowed except on the first course of roadway material placed over the subgrade.

#### **ITEM 342: PERMEABLE FRICTION COURSE (PFC)**

Maximum stripping of 0% is required.

No Recycled Asphalt Shingles (RAS) or Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) will be allowed.

#### **ITEM 354: PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT**

Saw existing asphalt along neat lines where portions are to be left in place temporarily or permanently. Sawing is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this item.

Take possession of recycled asphalt pavement from the project and recycle the material.

Properly dispose of unsalvageable material at Contractor's expense.

Remove the loose material from the roadway before opening to traffic.

Patch pavement cut to excessive depth by equipment failure with an approved epoxy material. Re-plane patched area to an acceptable approved ride quality. Payment for these corrections is subsidiary to this item

Mill the pavement producing a final pavement surface with transverse pattern of 0.2-inch center to center of each strike area with a difference of no greater than one-sixteenth (1/16) inch between the ridge and valley (RVD) measurement of the final milled surface. The speed of the milling machine and RPMs of the drum will be set to ensure a smooth surface per manufacturer's instructions.

#### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

A meeting between the contractor and Engineer to discuss upcoming changes in construction phasing and traffic switches is required at least fourteen (14) days prior to the phase change. Items to be discussed at this meeting include temporary signing, traffic control, pavement markings, the processes necessary for the phase change and subcontractor scheduling.

Provide written proposed lane closure information by 1:00 pm on the business day prior to the proposed closures. Do not close lanes when this requirement is not met.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET E GENERAL NOTES SHEET F

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

As approved by the Engineer, provide uniformed off duty police officers and squad cars during lane or ramp closures, night time work or other situations that indicate a need for additional traffic control to protect the traveling public or the construction workforce. Provide documentation such as payroll, log sheets with signatures and badge number, or invoices from the government entity providing the officers for reimbursement. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided. Reimbursement will not be made for coordination fees charged by any party.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) will be certified by TEEX, ATSSA, the National Safety Council or other approved organization. Certifications will be submitted to the Engineer at the pre-construction meeting.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

Additional lanes may be closed during Off Peak Times or Lowest Times with written permission of the Engineer. Lane Closures during Off Peak Times may be started earlier or be extended later with written permission of the Engineer.

Traffic Control Plans with Lane Closures causing backups of 20 minutes or greater in duration will be modified by the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE**

Furnish one Asphalt Mix Control Laboratory (Type D) for this project.

#### ITEM 506: TEMPROARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Provide SW3P Signs. Obtain from the Engineer a copy of the project's completed TPDES Storm Water Program Construction Site Notice and Contractor Site Notice. Laminate the sheets and bond with adhesive to 36" X 36" plywood sign blanks. Ensure the sheets remain dry. Apply Type C Blue reflective sheeting as the background and add the text "SW3P" in 5" white lettering, centered at the top. Attach the signs to approved temporary mounts and locate at each of the project limits just inside the right of way line at a readable height or as directed by the Engineer. If the sign cannot be placed outside the clear zone, it must adhere to the TMUTCD. SW3P signs, maintenance, and reposting (for replacement or as needed to ensure readability) will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Leave all right of way areas undisturbed until actual construction is to be performed in said areas.

COUNTY: BELL SHEET 10C

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

No soil disturbing activities will begin on any section of TxDOT ROW without adequate sedimentation controls first being installed and functioning at adjacent drainage outfalls. Begin and continuously prosecute the repairs, additions and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation control devices within seven days after the Contractor receives each Form 2118, Field Inspection and Maintenance Report, from the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to fulfill either of the above requirements places TxDOT in potential non-compliance with permit requirements and may result in withholding estimates or stopping work or both until all environmental permit requirements are fulfilled.

Cleaning and sweeping of open roadways due to material spillage or loss from Contractor equipment or tires will be the responsibility of the Contractor at no cost to TxDOT. This work will not be charged as Item 738, "Cleaning and Sweeping Highways". Cleaning and sweeping of roadways will be completed as directed, including multiple times per day if necessary, to maintain acceptable roadways for the traveling public and to meet environmental regulations. Construction activities will cease when material deposited on the roadway is not properly removed or when equipment is not available as needed. Adequate construction exits will be planned, constructed and maintained by the Contractor per Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls".

#### **ITEM 585: RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES**

The ride quality for the Pavement surface will be surface test TYPE B Schedule 2.

Milling will not be allowed as a corrective action for excessive deviations in the surface layer.

#### ITEM 666: RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

The Contractor will layout the proposed striping in accordance with TxDOT Traffic Control Plan Standards and latest version Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD) and project striping layout sheets. The Engineer will verify proposed striping layout prior to the beginning of striping operations.

#### **ITEM 668: PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

Use Type C prefabricated pavement markings.

#### ITEM 672: RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Existing raised pavement markers to be replaced will be removed at the same time that the new markers are placed (i.e. remove and replace in one operation). Existing raised pavement markers replaced by new markers will be removed in accordance with Item 677, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers". Immediately fill the damaged area in the pavement due to the removal of existing markers with an approved bituminous material. This removal and backfill work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers".

#### ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

This project will require "full matrix" type portable changeable message signs.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET G GENERAL NOTES SHEET H

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

Ensure that the Contractor's Responsible Person for traffic control can revise messages within thirty (30) minutes of notification.

Furnish 2 portable changeable message signs. The portable changeable message sign(s) will be used for all lane closures and freeway closures as shown on the traffic control plan standard sheets.

Supply portable changeable message sign(s) in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan standard sheets and Article 6f.55 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways Part VI.

#### ITEM 6038: MULTIPOLYMER PAVEMENT MARKINGS (MPM)

Apply beads using a single drop application process. Use an application rate of 12 pounds per 100 square feet of thermoplastic pavement marking material.

Before the application of pavement markings, sufficiently clean pavement surfaces to remove all forms of contamination and loose materials, in accordance with Item 678, "Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings". This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 6038 "Multipolymer Pavement Markings (MPM)".

#### **ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS**

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 3 Series	Scenario			Required TMA				
(3-2)-13	All			3				
(2.2) 14	Α	В	D	2				
(3-3)-14		С		3				

TCP 6 Series	Scer	nario	Required TMA		
(6-1)-12	АВ		1	2	
(6-2)-12 / (6-3)-12	Δ	All .	1		
(6-4)-12	А В		1	2	
(6-5)-12	Α	В	1	2	
(6-8)-14	All		1		

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

Mobile operations will be paid for by the hour, per specifications. For mobile operations, payment will be made only while the TMA is in use.

COUNTY: BELL SHEET 10D

HIGHWAY: IH 35 CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC.

For mobile operations requiring multiple TMA's, judgement may be applied in lower speed, urban / in town traffic environments to reduce the numbers of TMA in use where the added TMA may pose a hazard for traffic entering and exiting driveways, side streets, etc.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET J GENERAL NOTES



# **QUANTITY SHEET**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0015-06-087

**DISTRICT** Waco HIGHWAY IH 35 **COUNTY** Bell

Report Created On: Dec 18, 2020 2:49:26 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0015-06	-087	0015-14	<b>1-129</b>		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00135	086	A00135	5090		
		C	YTNUC	Bell		Bell		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	IH 35		IH 35			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	1	
	342-6002	PFC (ASPHALT) PG76-22	TON	180.000		375.000		555.000	
	342-6006	PFC-C (AGGREGATE)(PG76 MIX) SAC-A	TON	2,614.000		5,437.000		8,051.000	
	351-6006	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(10")	SY	200.000		300.000		500.000	
	354-6197	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(1.5" MICRO-MILLING)	SY	39,061.000		68,906.000		107,967.000	
	354-6218	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5" TO 2" MICRO)	SQ	1,007.000		14,427.000		15,434.000	
	438-6002	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL3)	LF			2,089.000		2,089.000	
	438-6006	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS (CL 3)	LF			547.000		547.000	
	438-6009	CLEANING EXISTING JOINTS	LF			208.000		208.000	
	454-6008	HEADER TYPE EXPANSION JOINT	CF			22.000		22.000	
	454-6009	JOINT SEALANT	LF			208.000		208.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	50.00%		50.00%		100.00%	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	1.000		2.000		3.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	50.000		50.000		100.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	50.000		50.000		100.000	
	533-6003	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	LF	9,740.000		13,803.000		23,543.000	
	662-6005	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	3,040.000		6,550.000		9,590.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	1,080.000		2,936.000		4,016.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA			4.000		4.000	
	668-6083	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (LNDP ARROW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	668-6084	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (NUMBER)	EA	1.000		3.000		4.000	
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA			6.000		6.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	215.000		621.000		836.000	
	3085-6001	UNDERSEAL COURSE	GAL	8,014.000		16,667.000		24,681.000	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	35.000		35.000		70.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000				2.000	
	6038-6007	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(8")(SLD)	LF	1,775.000		7,048.000		8,823.000	
	6038-6011	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(12")(SLD)	LF	151.000		758.000		909.000	
	6038-6012	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(12")(LNDP)	LF			385.000		385.000	
	6149-6004	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	6,030.000		11,143.000		17,173.000	
	6149-6005	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	LF	3,040.000		6,550.000		9,590.000	
	6149-6010	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	6,030.000		11,142.000		17,172.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	6.000		17.000		23.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	40.000		80.000		120.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Bell	0015-06-087	11

### SUMMARY OF SURFACING

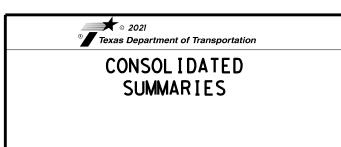
	0342 6002	0342 6006	0351 6006	0354 6197	0354 6218	3085 6001
LOCATION	PFC (ASPHALT) PG76-22	PFC-C AGGRE- GATE) (PG76 MIX) SAC-A	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (10")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5" MICRO- MILLING)	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5" TO 2" MICRO)	UNDERSEAL COURSE
	TON	TON	SY	SY	SY	GAL
CSJ: 0015-06-087						
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 1	84	1,223		18,750		3,750
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 2	96	1,391		20,311	1,007	4, 264
AS DIRECTED			200			
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087	180	2,614	200	39,061	1,007	8,014
CSJ: 0015-14-129						
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 2	22	318		1,218	3,658	975
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 3	159	2,304		35,313		7 <b>,</b> 063
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 4	151	2,189		24,515	9,034	6,710
PLAN LAYOUT SHEET 5	43	626		7,860	1,735	1,919
AS DIRECTED			300			
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-14-129	375	5,437	300	68,906	14,427	16,667
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC	555	8,051	500	107,967	15, 434	24,681

### SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKERS

JOININATED OF TAVEINETT MARKE												
	0533 6003	0668 6077	0668 6083	0668 6084	0668 6085	0672 6010	6038 6007	6038 6011	6038 6012	6149 6004	6149 6005	6149 6010
LOCATION	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (LNDP ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C W) (NUMBER)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	MULTI- POLYMER PAV MRK (W) (8") (SLD)	MULT- IPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (12") (SLD)	MULTI- POLYMER PAV MRK (W) (12") (LNDP)	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)
	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
CSJ: 0015-06-087												
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 1	5,836					72				2,918	1,480	2,918
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 2	3,904			1		143	1,775	151		3,112	1,560	3,112
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087	9,740			1		215	1,775	151		6,030	3,040	6,030
										•		·
CSJ: 0015-14-129												
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 2	1,779					21				890	480	889
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 3	5,851	2		2	2	281	4,663	366	145	5,015	2,500	5,005
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 4	4,001	2	2	1	4	255	1,752	372	240	4,002	2,930	4,001
PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 5	2,172					64	633	20		1,236	640	1,247
	i i									·		·
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-14-129	13,803	4	2	3	6	621	7,048	758	385	11,143	6,550	11,142
	·									•	·	•
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC	23,543	4	2	4	6	836	8,823	909	385	17, 173	9,590	17,172
										•		•

#### SUMMARY OF BRIDGE JOINT CLEANING AND REPAIR

		0438 6002	0438 6006	0438 6009	0454 6008	0454 6009
STRUCTURE	NBI	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL3)	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS (CL 3)	CLEANING EXISTING JOINTS	HEADER TYPE EXPANSION JOINT	JOINT SEALANT
		LF	LF	LF	CF	LF
IH 35 SB OVER FM 436	09-014-0-0015-14-347		100	104	11	104
IH 35 NB OVER FM 436	09-014-0-0015-14-371		100	104	11	104
IH 35 NB OVER NOLAN CREEK	09-014-0-0015-14-340	753	196			
IH 35 SB OVER NOLAN CREEK	09-014-0-0015-14-369	1,336	151			
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC		2,089	547	208	22	208



	1	NOT TO SC	CALE	SHE	ET	1 OF 2
CHANGE ORDER	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	CONT	SECT	JOB	H	HIGHWAY
	6	0015	06	087, ETC		IH 35
	STATE	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	TEXAS	WAC		BELL		12

#### SUMMARY OF PCMS AND TMA

SOMMAN OF LOWIS AND THAT				
	6001 6001	6001 6002	6185 6002	6185 6003
LOCATION	PORTABLE CHANGE- ABLE MESSAGE SIGN	PORTABLE CHANGE- ABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATION- ARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERA- TION)
	DAY	EA	DAY	HR
CSJ: 0015-06-087	35	2	6	40
CSJ: 0015-14-129	35		17	80
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC	70	2	23	120

#### SUMMARY OF SEDIMENT CONTROL ITEMS

SOMMAN OF SEPTIMENT CONTIN	OF TIPIN	,
	0506 6038	0506 6039
LOCATION	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	LF	LF
0015-06-087	50	50
0015-14-129	50	50
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC	100	100

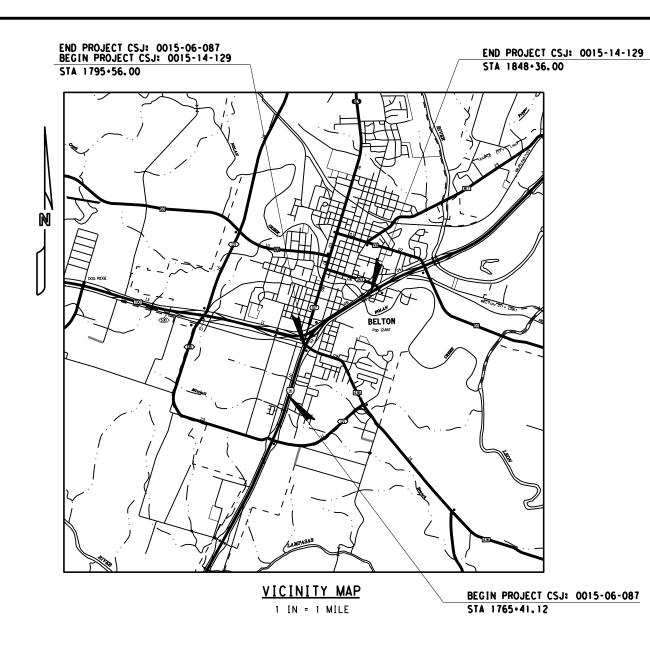
### SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TABS

SOMMAN OF MONEY		
	0662 6005	0662 6109
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (W)6" (BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY W
	LF	EA
CSJ: 0015-06-087		
MILLED SURFACE	3,040	
FINAL SURFACE		1,080
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087	3,040	1,080
CSJ: 0015-14-129		
MILLED SURFACE	6,550	
FINAL SURFACE		2,936
SUBTOTAL CSJ: 0015-14-129	6,550	2,936
PROJECT TOTAL CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC	9,590	4,016



# CONSOLIDATED SUMMARIES

	1	SHEET 2 OF 2				
HANGE ORDER	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	CONT	SECT	JOB	H	HIGHWAY
	6	0015	06	06 087, ETC		IH 35
	STATE	DIST				SHEET NO.
	TEXAS	WAC	BELL		13	



- I. SIGNS G20-IT WITH PLAQUE OR G20-5T, G20-6, G20-2a, G20-2b, CW20-ID, R20-3, R20-5, G20-9T AND R20-5 PLAQUE WILL BE REQUIRED AT PROJECT LIMITS.
- 2. CW20-ID AND G20-20 WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL CROSSROADS.
- 3. G20-Ia WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL MAJOR CROSSROADS.

	SIGNAGE LEGEND					
G20-IT W/ PLAQUE	48XI8	BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES				
OR G20-5T	48X24	BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES				
G20-6	48X30	NAME, ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, CONTRACTOR				
G20-9T	36X30	BEGIN WORK ZONE				
G20-2b	36XI8	END WORK ZONE				
R20-3	48X42	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW				
G20-la	72X36	ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES				
CW20-ID	48X48	ROAD WORK AHEAD				
R20-5	36X36	TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE				
R20-5 PLAQUE	36XI8	WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT				
G20-2a	48X24	END ROAD WORK				

#### **GENERAL**

- A. INSTALL ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD BC SHEETS AND AS DIRECTED.
- B. ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE ITEM "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".
- C. WORK SITES SHOULD BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO ENSURE THAT TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPERATING EFFECTIVELY AND THAT ALL DEVICES USED ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE, CLEAN AND IN GOOD REPAIR.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE SAFE ACCESS TO AND FROM ALL PRIVATE PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES AND IN ALL WEATHER CONDITIONS.
- E. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE TCP SEQUENCE OF OPERATION BELOW.
- F. COMPLETE ALL WORK ON PROJECT AS SHOWN ON THE VARIOUS PLAN SHEETS AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL NOTES OF THIS CONTRACT
- G. ANY REQUEST TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR HIS WRITTEN APPROVAL.

#### SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

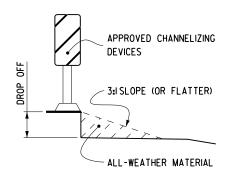
- 1. SET PROJECT BARRICADES.
- MICROMILL EXISTING ASPHALT 1.5" AND PLACE TEMPORARY WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

NOTE: MILLING OPERATIONS WILL BE LIMITED TO TWO (2) WORK DAY AHEAD OF UNDERSEAL AND PFC OPERATION.

- 3. CONSTRUCT 10" FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT REPAIR AS DIRECTED.
- 4. CLEAN AND SEAL BRIDGE JOINTS.
- 5. CONSTRUCT UNDERSEAL COURSE AND PFC OVERLAY.
- 6. CONSTRUCT JOINT SEALS.
- 7. PLACE TEMPORARY WORK ZONE TABS BEFORE OPENING LANES TO TRAFFIC.
- 8. PLACE PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 9. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

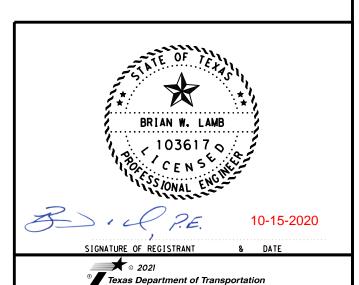
#### <u>NOTES</u>

- ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES WILL CONFORM WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD), AND WILL BE MAINTAINED AS DIRECTED. ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE FOUND IN THE MUTCD.
- FOR CHANNELIZING DEVICE PLACEMENT AND SPACING FOR ALL PHASES, REFER TO THE TCP STANDARDS.
- 3. ALL LANE CLOSURES SHALL BE PERFORMED AT NIGHT.
- TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS WILL BE USED. ALL LANE CLOSURES WILL REQUIRE RUMBLE STRIPS.
- 5. TEMPORARY STRIPING WILL BE DONE THE NIGHT OF WORK. PERMANENT STRIPING WILL DONE WITHIN THE NEXT TWO DAYS.
- 6. PRIOR TO STARTING OPERATIONS IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION, THE CONTRACTOR WILL COMPLETE OPERATIONS THROUGH TEMPORARY PAVEMENT IN THE DIRECTION CONSTRUCTED FIRST.



#### PAV EDGE DROP-OFF DETAIL

- I. LESS THAN 2 INCHES: CW 8-11 SIGNS ARE REQUIRED.
- GREATER THAN 2 INCHES BUT LESS THAN 24 INCHES: VERTICAL PANELS AND EITHER CW 8-90 OR CW 8-11 SIGNS ARE REQUIRED.
- 3. GREATER THAN 24 INCHES: POSITIVE BARRIER REQUIRED.
- 4. THE SAFETY SLOPE WILL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH AN ALL- WEATHER MATERIAL SUCH AS RAP, WHICH IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS AND LARGE ROCKS.



TCP SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

NOT TO SCALE SHEET 1 OF 1 HANGE ORDER FED. RD. DIV. NO CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6 0015 06 087, ETC IH 35 STATE DIST COUNTY SHEET NO TEXAS WAC 14 BELL

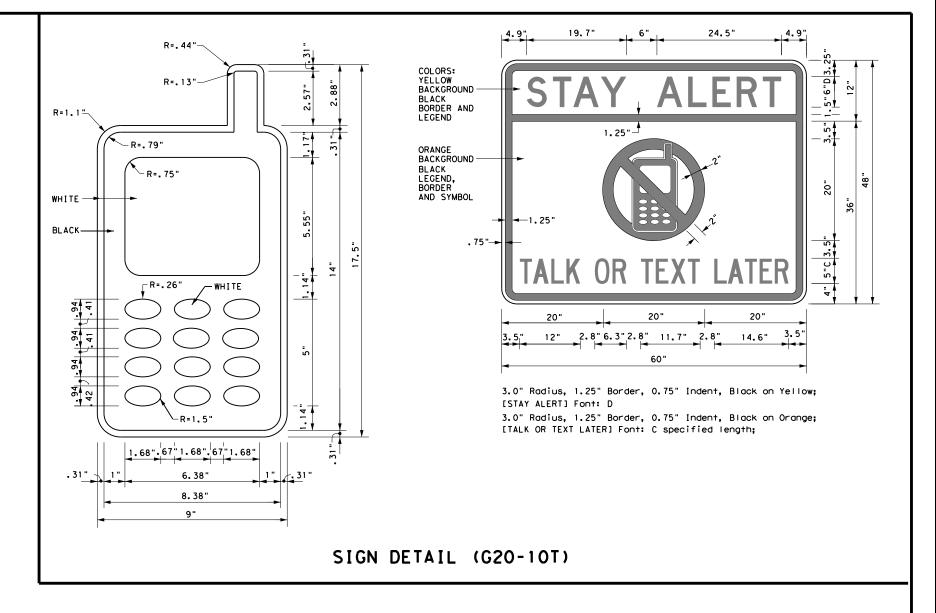
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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

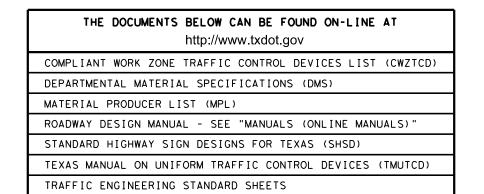
#### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.

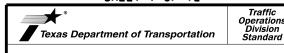


Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118







# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

.E:	bc-14.	dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDO</th><th>T Dw:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>l</th></dot<>	ck: TxDO	T Dw:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	l
TxDOT	Novemb	per 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY	l
	REVIS		0015	06	087,	ETC	IΗ	35	
-03 -07	5-10 7-13	8-14	DIST		COUNT	Υ		SHEET NO.	
-01	1-13		WACO		BEL	L		15	

channelizina devices.

\( \) May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (C20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAYEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES ROAD WORK G20-1bT NEXT X MILES ⇒ G20-15TR 1000'-1500' - Hwy INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ WORK ZONE G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP ZONE TRAFFI TRAFFI G20-5T R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ldoubi f R20-5aTP HERN BORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

## TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

# 

#### SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign <sup>Δ</sup> Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	ı
30	120	ı
35	160	ı
40	240	ı
45	320	ı
50	400	ı
55	500 <sup>2</sup>	ı
60	600 ²	ı
65	700 <sup>2</sup>	ı
70	800 <sup>2</sup>	ı
75	900 <sup>2</sup>	ı
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>	Į
*	* 3	ı

- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20'

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6,

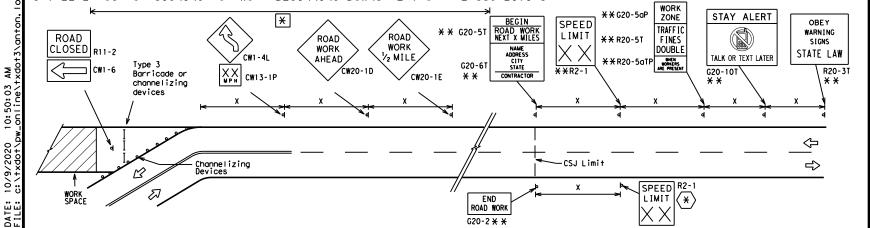
CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMI	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD XX CW20-1D CW13-1P	** # G20-5T   BEGIN   ROAD WORK   ROAD WOR
<b>(=</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE    CSJ Limit   Beginning of NO-PASSING   R2-1 LIMIT   R2-1
nen extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engine ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work o ithin the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact lo	eas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location NOTES

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.

LEGEND				
Ι	Type 3 Barricade			
000	Channelizing Devices			
4	Sign			
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.			

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

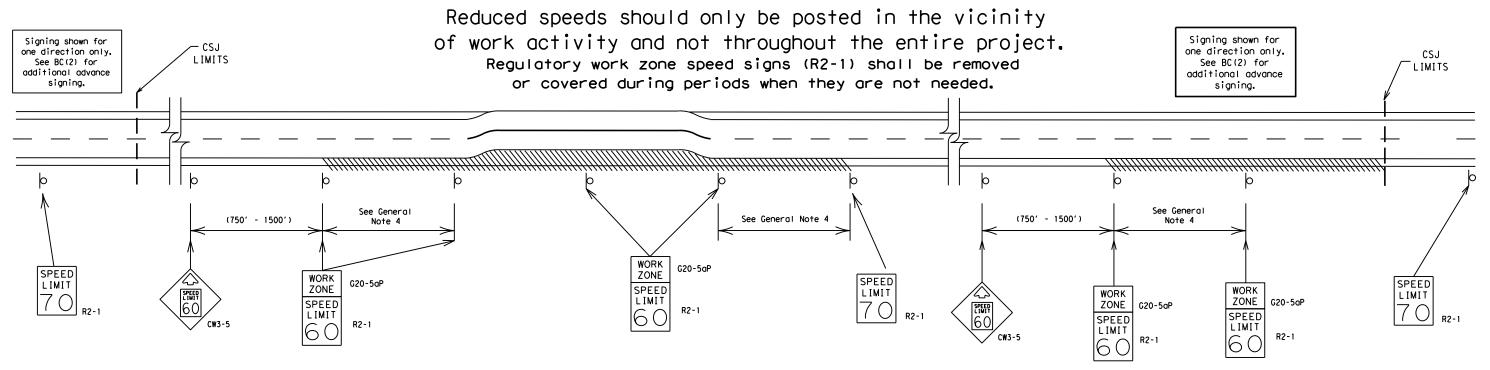
BC(2)-14

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

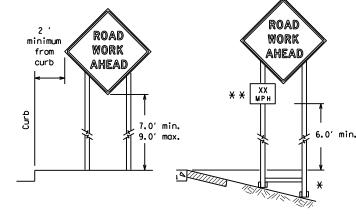


Traffic Operations Division Standard

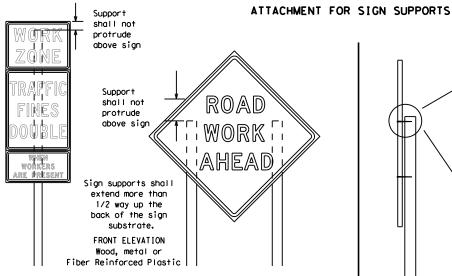
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

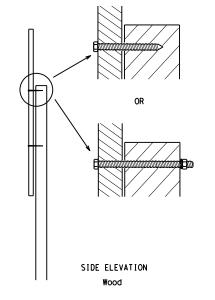
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- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

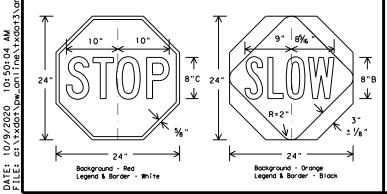


Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and auide the travelina public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes,)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

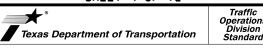
- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlon shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work,

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

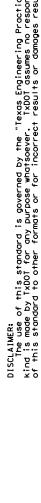
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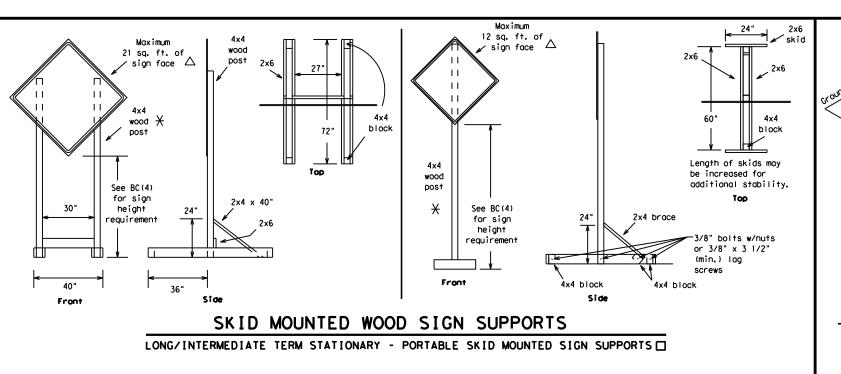


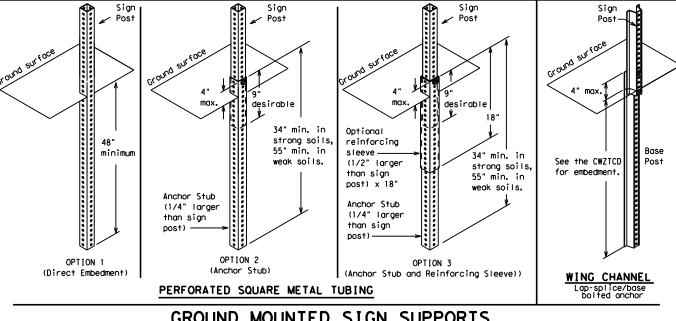
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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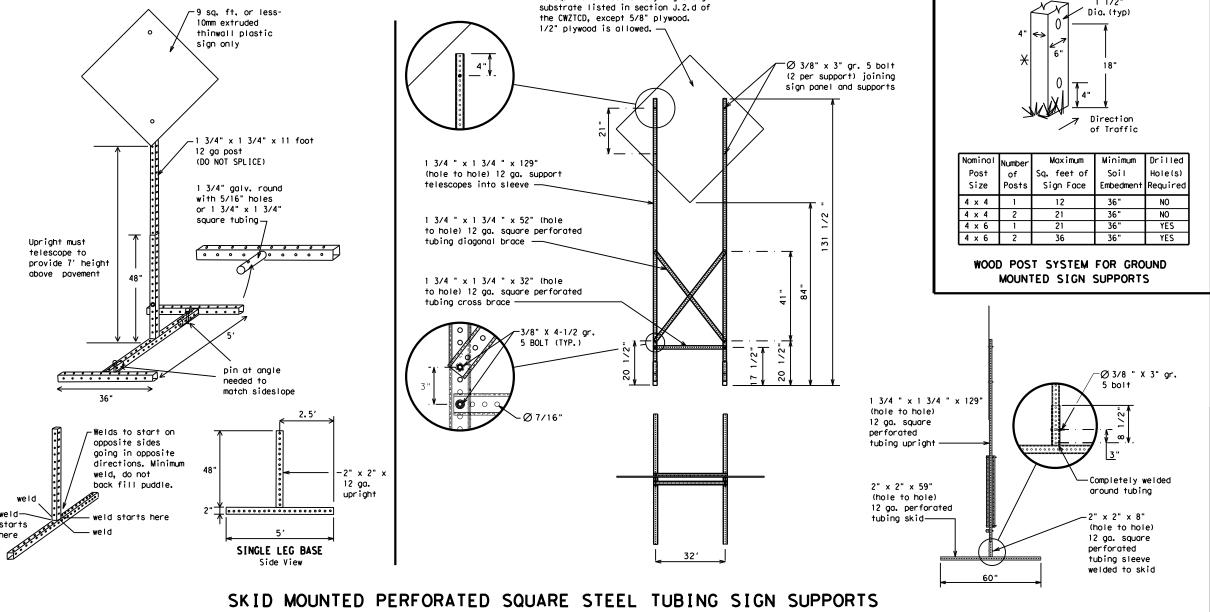






### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

#### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - $\times$  Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

### BC(5)-14

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WARD OR BURNES		WORD OF BURYES	
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Road	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane		Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	LWR LEVEL MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxx			

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/E Lis		Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		<b>* *</b> See	Application Guidelines N	ote 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

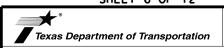
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

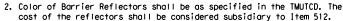


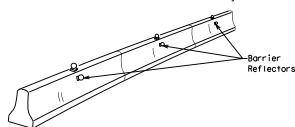
Operation Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

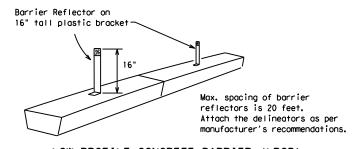
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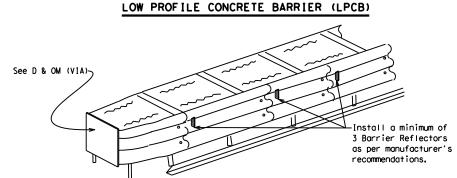




#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





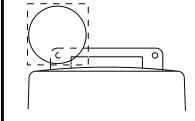
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



10: 50: 06

Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

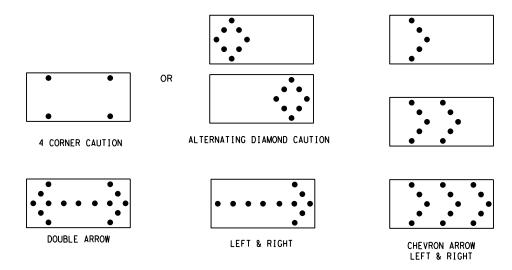
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards
shall be equipped with
automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Operations Division Standard

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

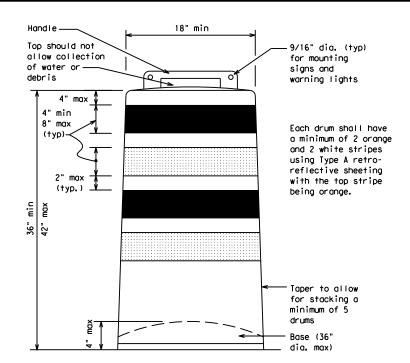
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be nell down while separating the arum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

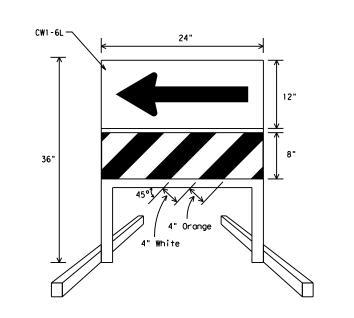
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

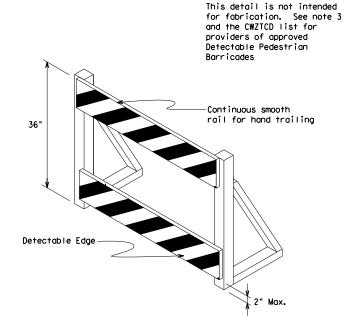




#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

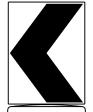
- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

  2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type  $\mathsf{B_{FL}}$  or Type  $\mathsf{C_{FL}}$  Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  ${\sf B_{FL}}$  or Type  ${\sf C_{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Operations
Division
Standard

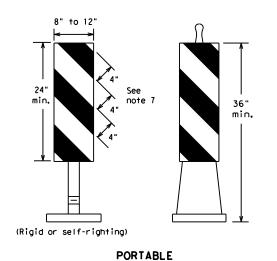
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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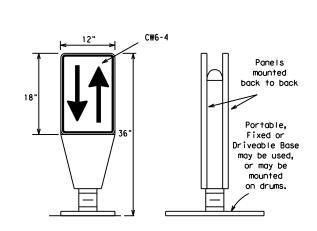
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- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A
- conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of

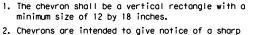
#### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

6 inches shall be used.



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

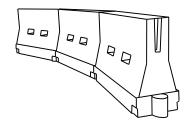


- change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH. urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacin Channe	ed Maximum ing of elizing vices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′		
60		600'	660′	7201	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Operations Division Standard

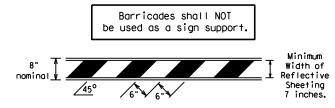
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 14

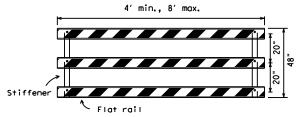
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

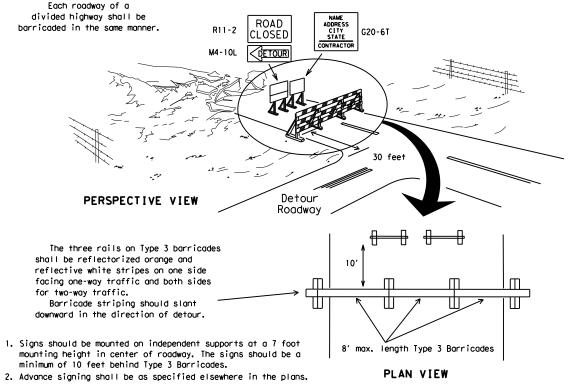


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

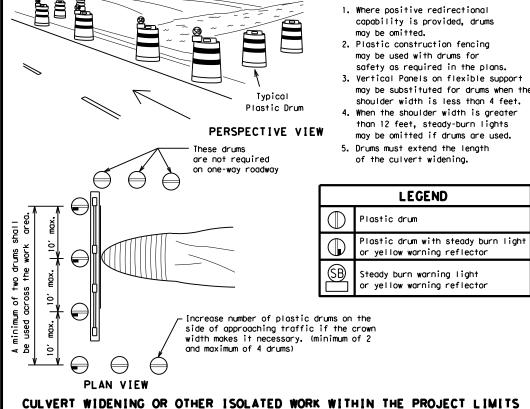


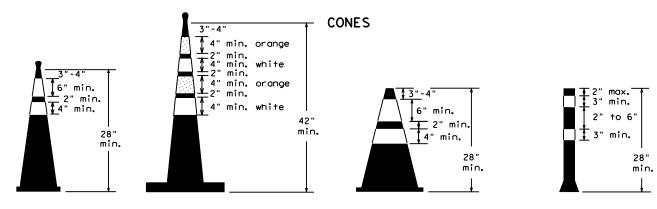
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



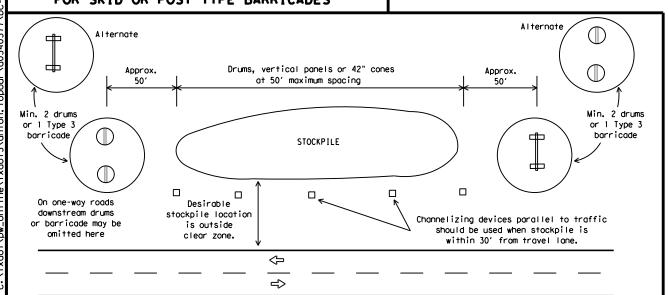
TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and

meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

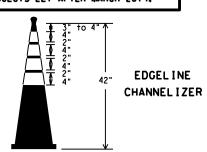
28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

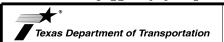
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

#### SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

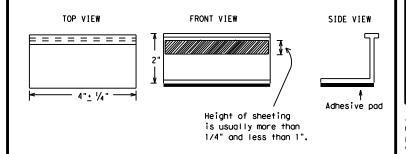
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

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Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

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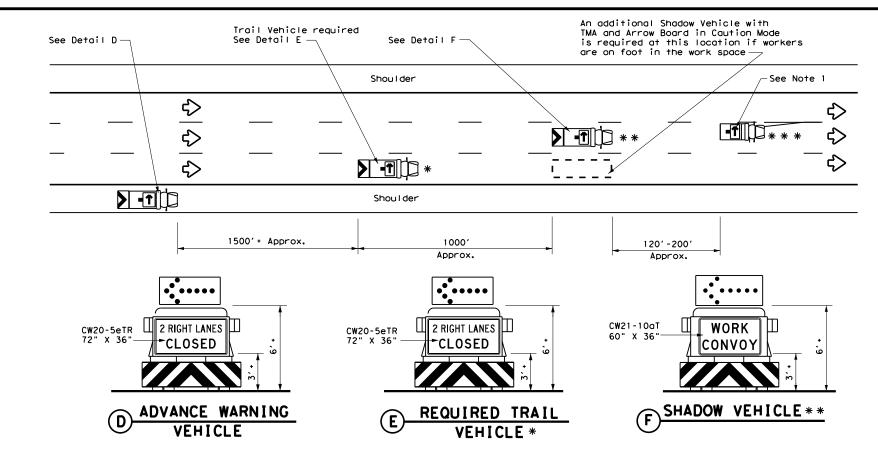
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#### STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 0 0 0/ 0 0 DOUBLE PAVEMENT NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" NO-PASSING LINE Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, ) White Type I-C or II-A-A \_ \_ RAISED \_ \_ CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES П п П П п RAISED AUXILIARY Type I-C or II-C-R OR LANEDROP LINE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised payement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' <u>+</u> 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-14 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB IH 35 0015 06 087, ETC 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

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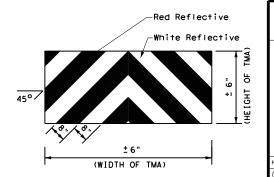
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

**LEGEND** Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle ⊋ Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

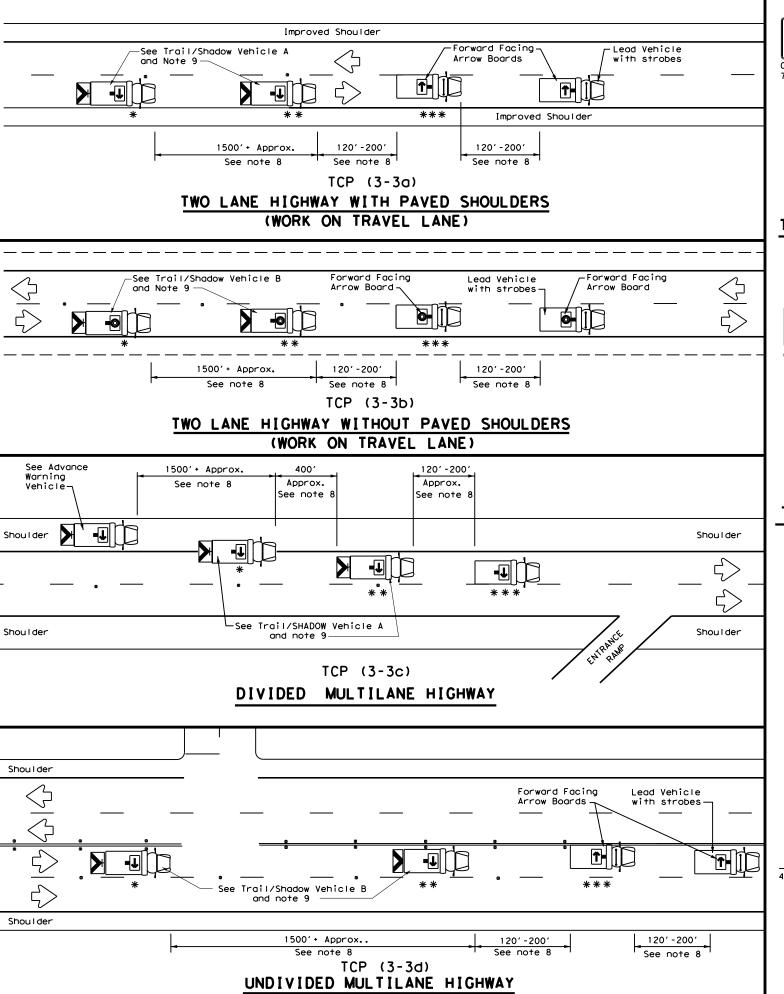


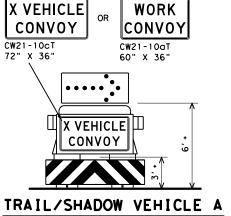
Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

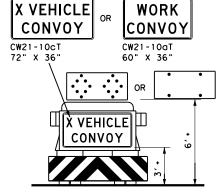
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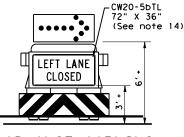


with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

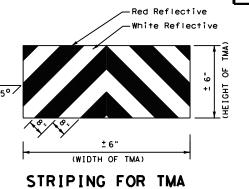


### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP (3-3) -14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	SHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0015	06	087, ETC		I⊢	IH 35	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	WACO		BELL			28	

LEGEND ZZZZ∣Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) eavy Work Vehicle M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted lashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow ПО Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Pesirabler Per Lenç X X	le	Spa Chan	sted Maximum acing of anelizing Devices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	90′
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	120'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	5501	600′	50′	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	[-"5	600′	660′	7201	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800'	880′	960′	80'	160′	615′

\* Conventional Roads Only

Sign

Flag

- \*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

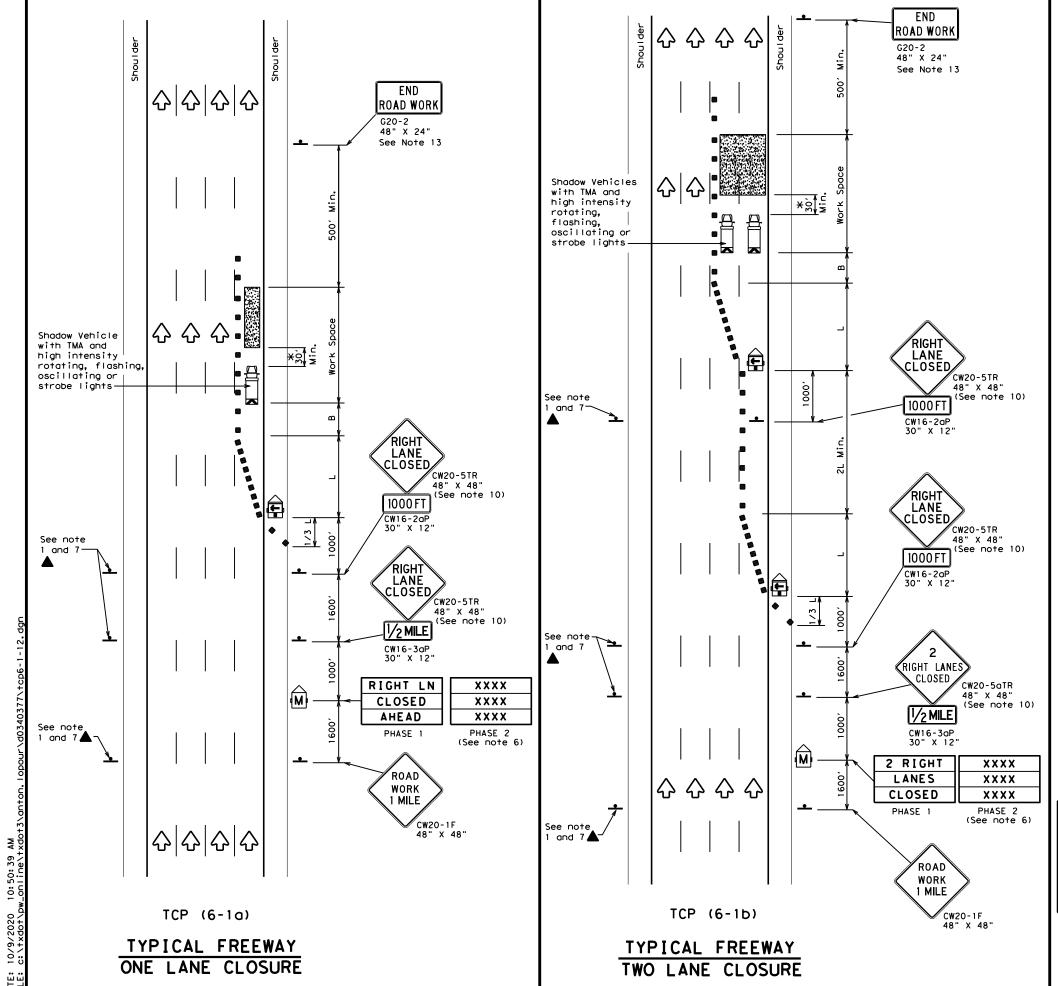


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

_	-		-		
FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	IH 35
2-18	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	WACO		BELL		29



	LEGEND								
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

_ ` `							
Posted Speed Formula		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spaci Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	- ""	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	960′	80′	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.

3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- 6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control

devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the

- bottom of the sign. 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

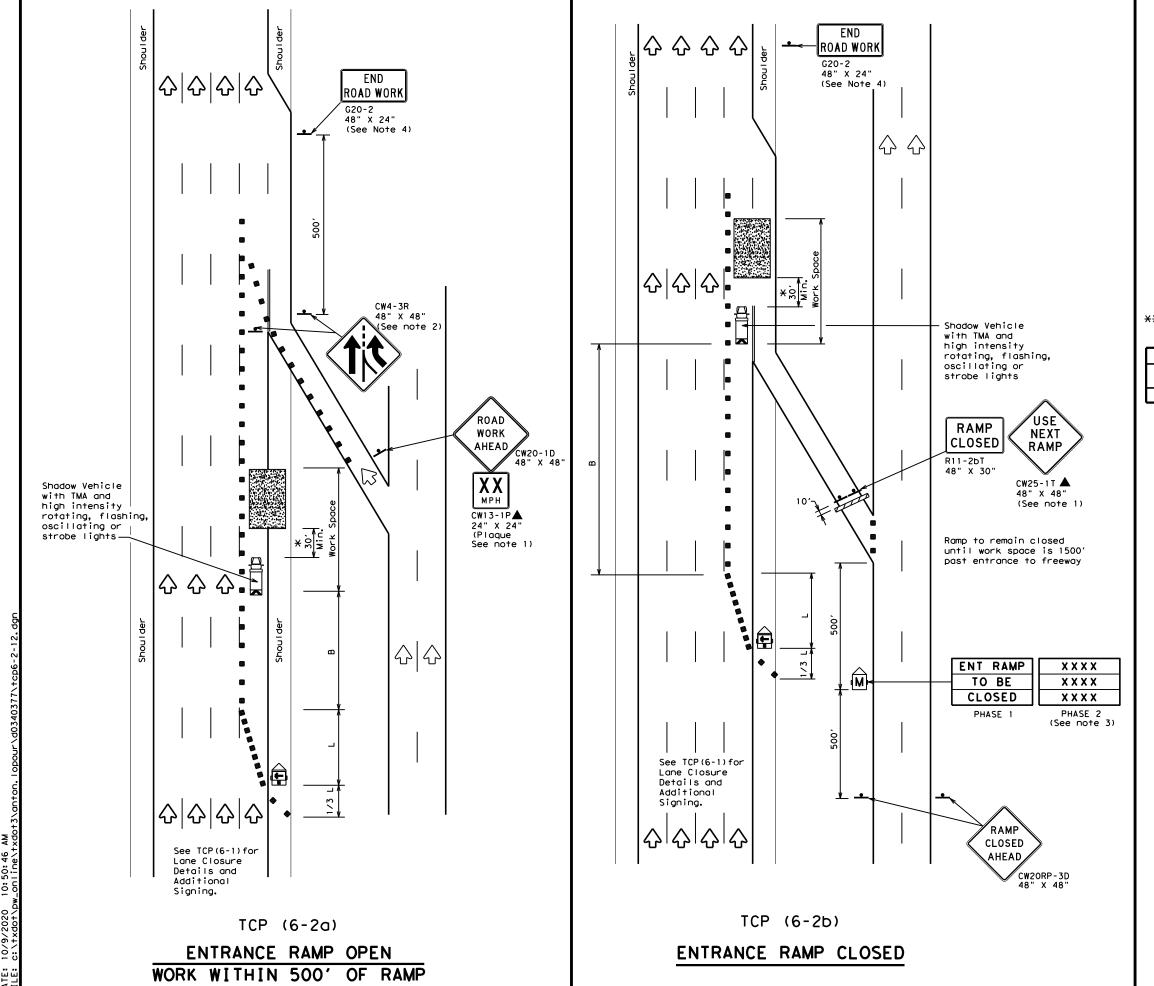
A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP (6-1)-12

	_		_			_	
FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: Tx	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-12	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35
0-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO BE			BELL			30



Type 3 Barricade  Channelizing Device  Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	es
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Message Sign (PCMS	
♣ Sign 🖒 Traffic Flow	
Flag LO Flagger	

Posted Formu		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	240'	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′	
80		8001	880′	960′	80'	160′	615'	

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	LE SHORT SHORT TERM DURATION STATIONARY		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

  3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

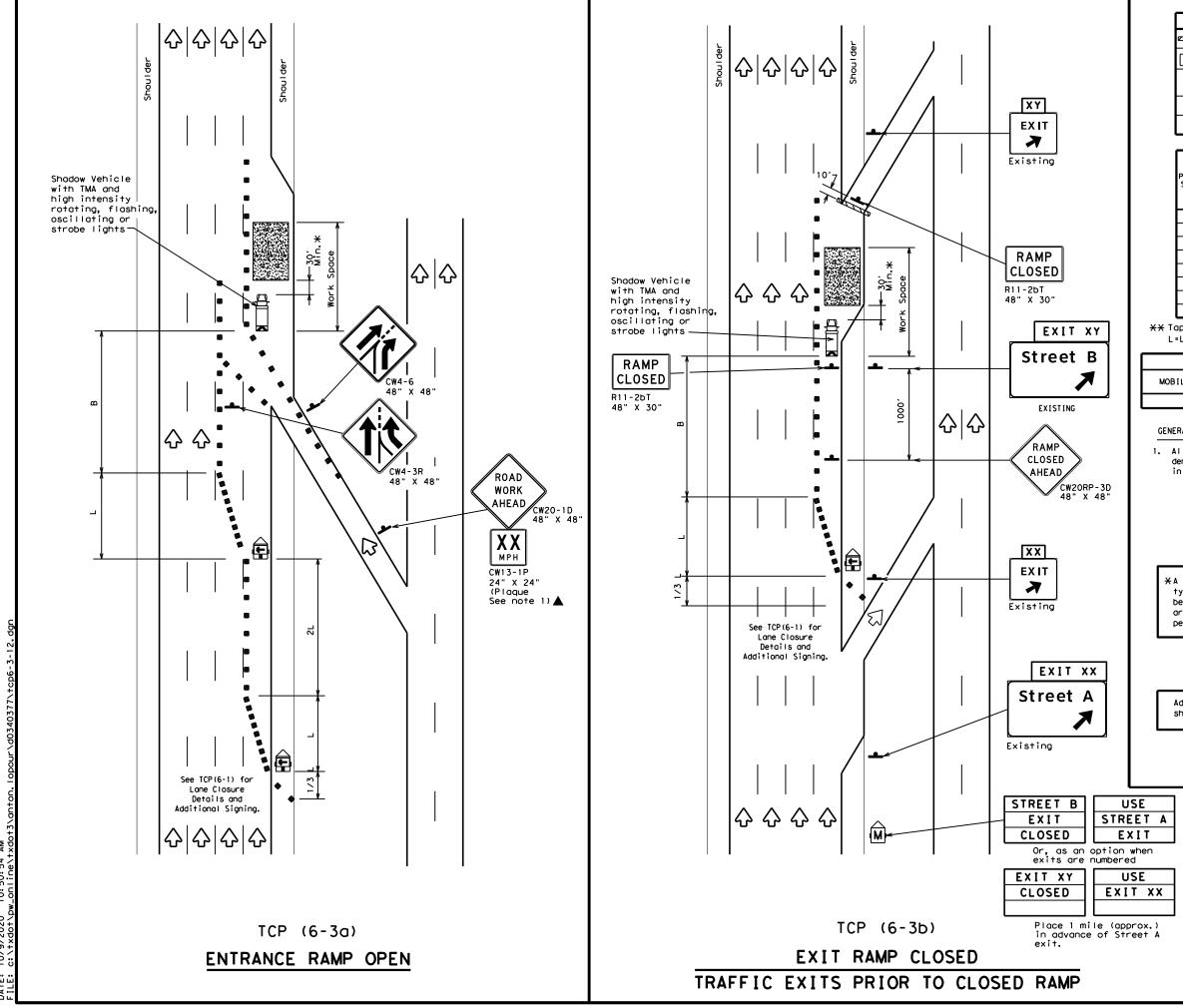
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

	_		_			_		
FILE: tcp6-2.dgn		DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
©TxDOT February 1994		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35	
1-97 8-98		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
4-98 8-1	2	WACO	BELL			31		



Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

LEGEND

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed Formul		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacin Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	80′	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES:

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

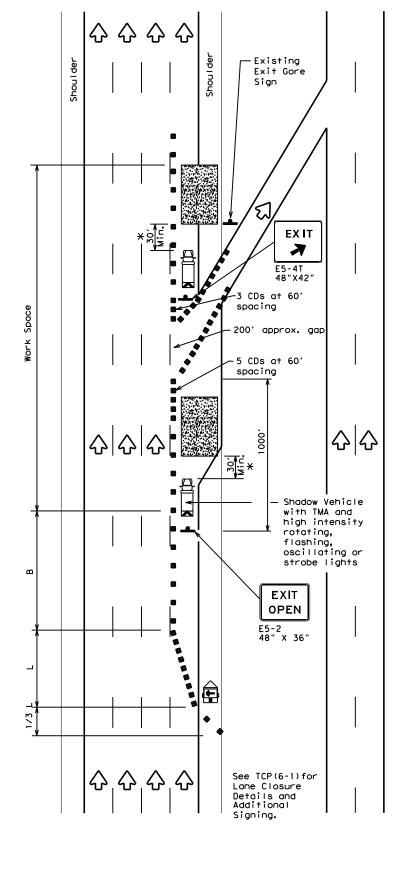
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP(6-3)-12

			_	•		_	
ILE:	tcp6-3.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	February 1994	CONT	CONT SECT JOB HIGH		YAWH		
	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35
1-97 8-98 1-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-30 0-12		WACO		BELL			32



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	3	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **		Spacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	1951
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	- " -	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960′	80′	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

			•	J	- 7	•	4	
FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn	C	n: Tx	DOT	ck: TxD(	)T Dw:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	Feburary 1	994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0	0015	06	087,	ETC	IΗ	35
	1-97 8-98		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
4-98 8-	-12	٧	VACO		BEL	.L		33

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
<b>▶</b>	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	J)	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	<b>√</b>	✓		

#### GENERAL NOTES

Shadow Vehicles with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

Existing Exit Gore Sign

**EXIT** K

EXIT OPEN

See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing.

수 수

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) -12

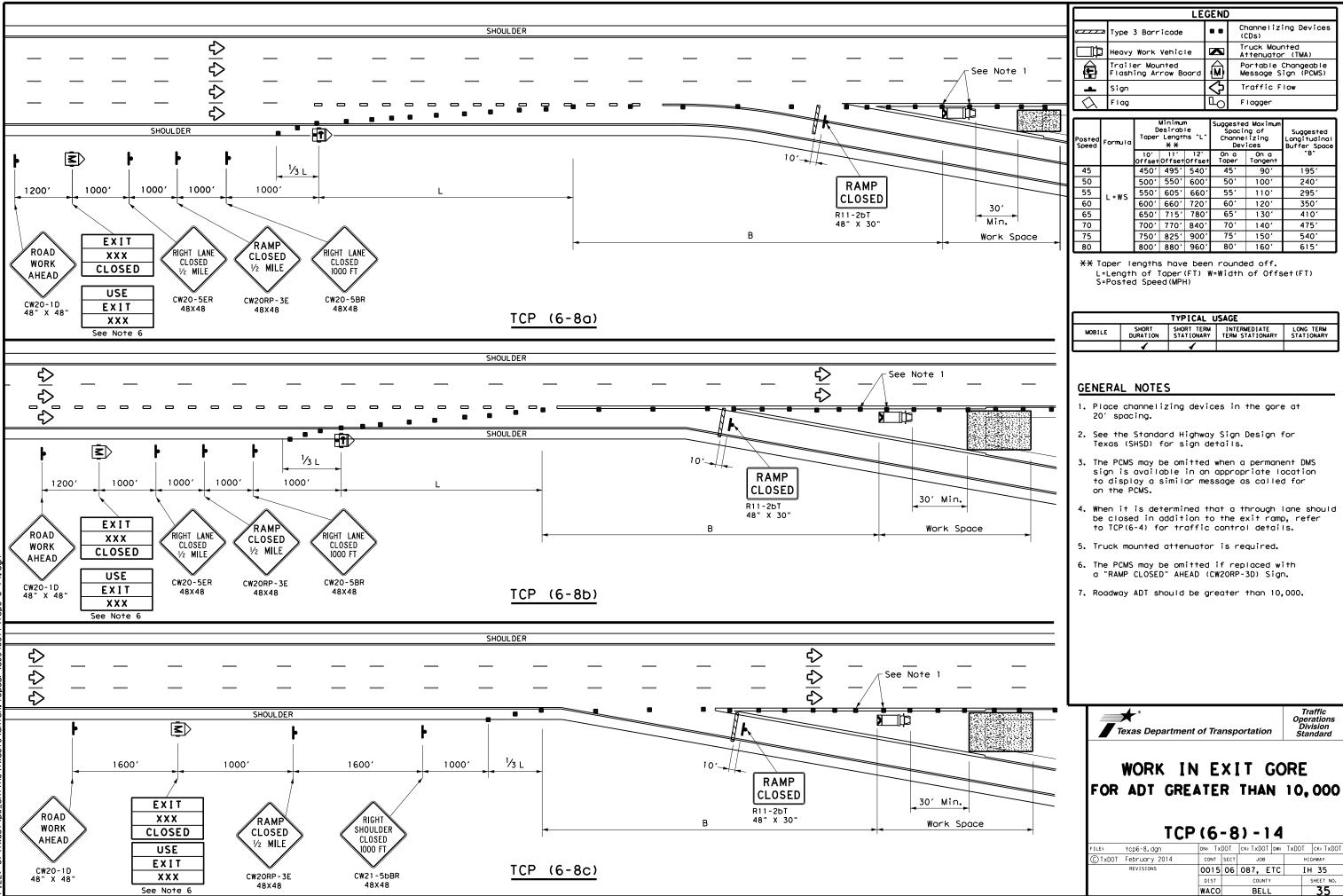
		- •	•	•	_	_		
FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35	
				COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12		WACO	BELL				34	

EXIT RAMP OPEN TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN 1500' PAST EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5b)

 $| \psi | \psi | \psi | \psi$ 

 $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$ 



Channelizing Devices

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Longitudina Buffer Space "B"

1951

240'

2951

3501

410′

4751

540'

615'

Traffic Operations Division Standard

IH 35

JOB

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Traffic Flow

90′

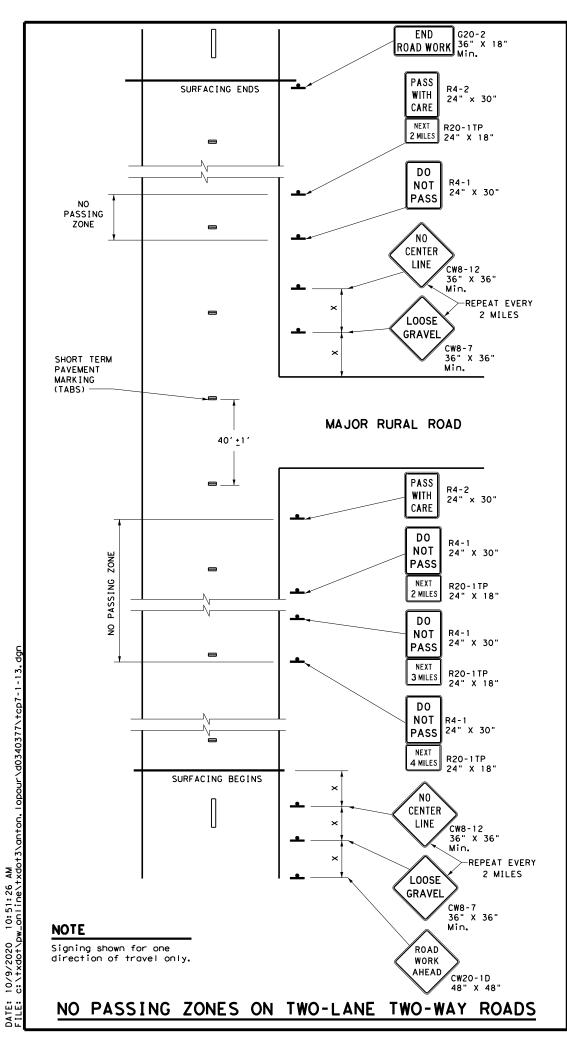
1001

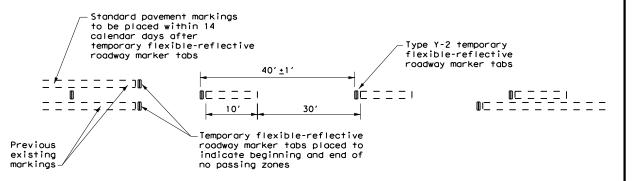
110′

130'

140′

Flagger





#### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- B. Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

	TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	1

#### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS
FOR
SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35
4-92 4-98 1-97 7-13		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
1-9/ /-13	)	WACC	BFII			36	

	LEGEND				
	Type 3 Barricade				
• • •	Channelizing Devices				
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board				
-	Sign				
1111	Safety glare screen				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFIC.	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD)describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html

- BARRIER DELINEATION WITH MODULAR GLARE SCREENS
- sections will not be spanned by any one safety glare screen unit. Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades

traffic barrier on which they are installed so the joint between barrier

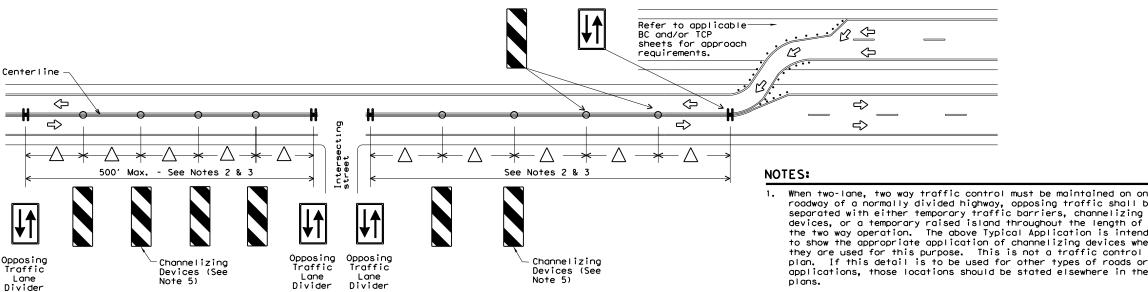
4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification 'Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier.'

are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

1. Length of Safety Glare screen will be specified elsewhere in the plans.

2. The cumulative nominal length of the modular safety glare screen units shall equal the length of the individual sections of temporary concrete

This detail is only intended to show types of locations where Glare Screens would be appropriate. Required signing and other devices shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD) SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

#### When two-lane, two way traffic control must be maintained on one roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or

Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100'.

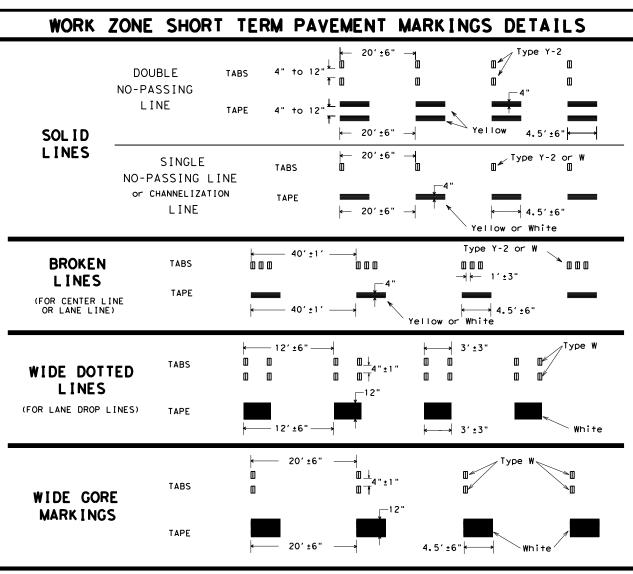
- Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
- 4. Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
- Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL DETAILS

**W7(TD)-17** 

	VV 2	. , .	U,				
E:	wztd-17.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
REVISIONS -98 2-17		0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	1 35
-03	2-11	DIST		COUNTY	1		SHEET NO.
-13		WACO		BELI	-		37
		MACO		DLL	_		JI



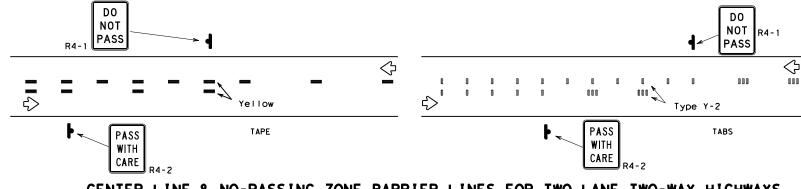
#### NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

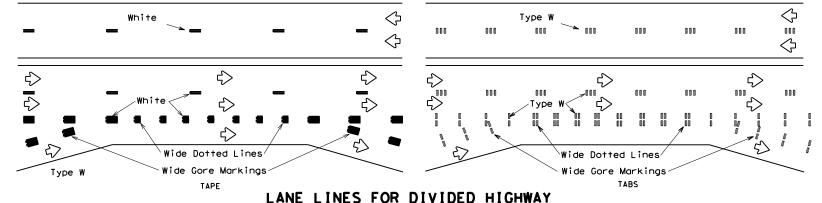
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

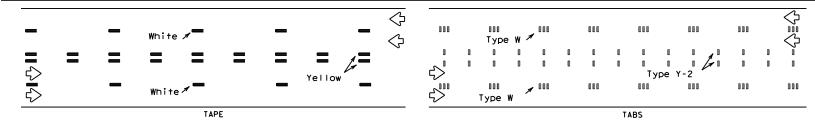
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

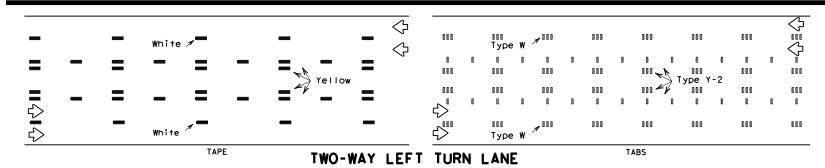


## CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





#### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

# Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
  "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
  Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

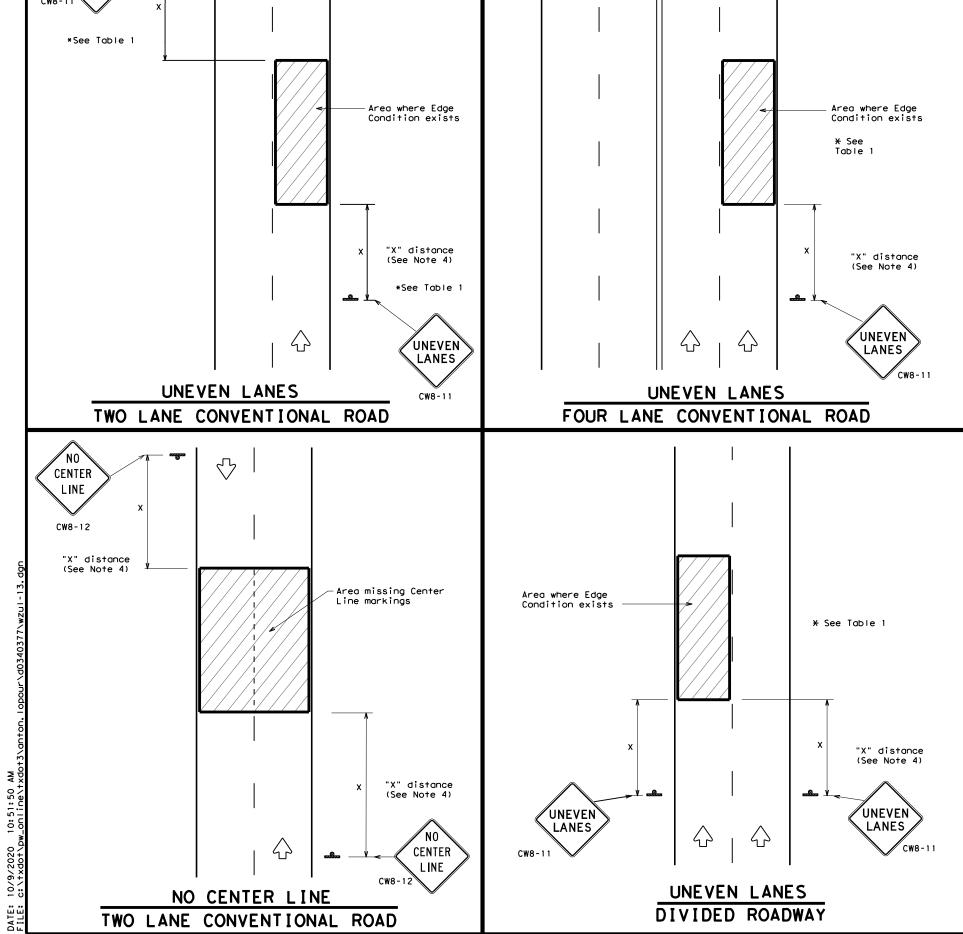
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

# **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	I⊢	I 35
3-03	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		WACO		BELL			38

UNEVEN LANES



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 D D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
0 to 3/4 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	al roads	36" :	× 36"
Freeways/ex divided n	pressways, roadways	48" >	× 48"

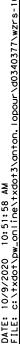
Texas Department of Transportation

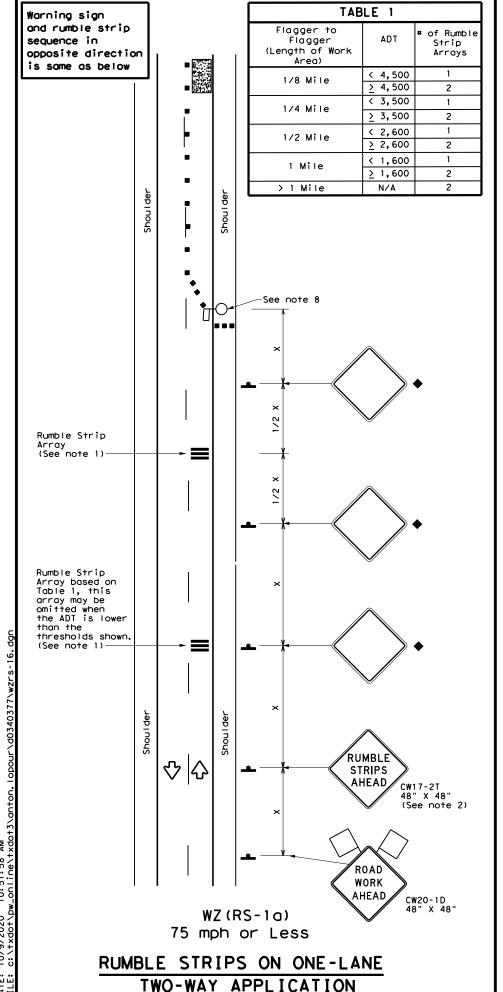
# SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

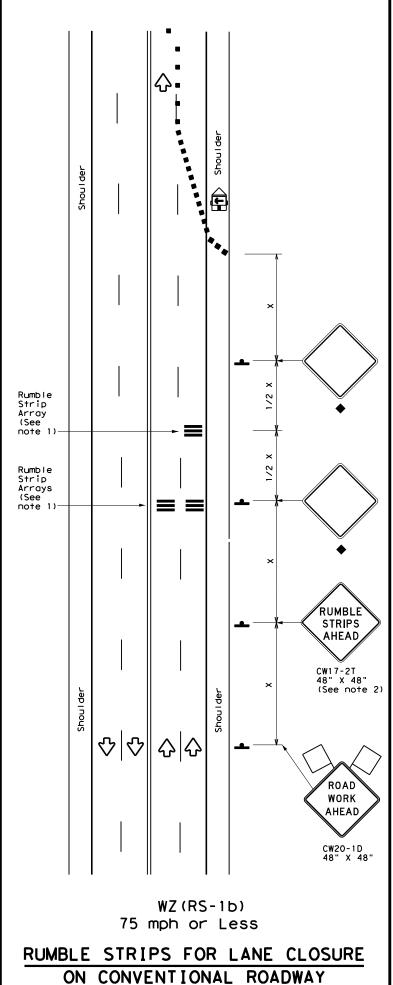
**WZ (UL) - 13** 

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
R	EVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	C	ΙH	35
8-95 2-98 7	'-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		WACO		BELL			39







#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	<b>M</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
ŀ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ŋ	Flagger				

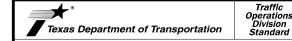
Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	205′	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	_ "3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900,	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	✓				

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

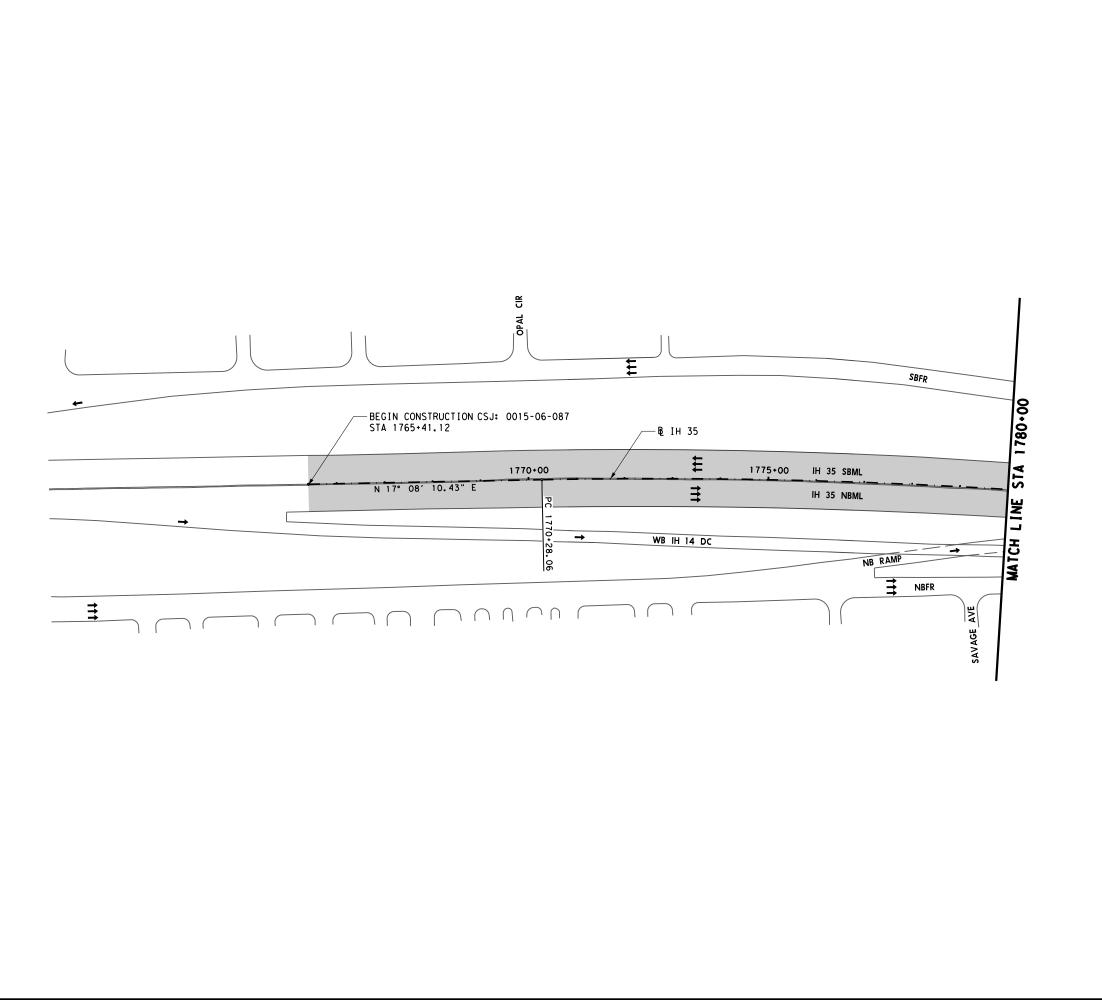
TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′				
> 55 MPH	20′				

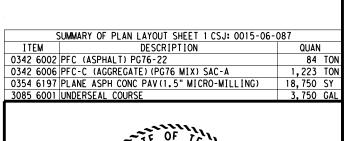


TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) - 16

FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C TxDOT	November 2012	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0015	06	087, E	TC	ΙH	35	
2-14 4-16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-16		WACO	BELL				40	







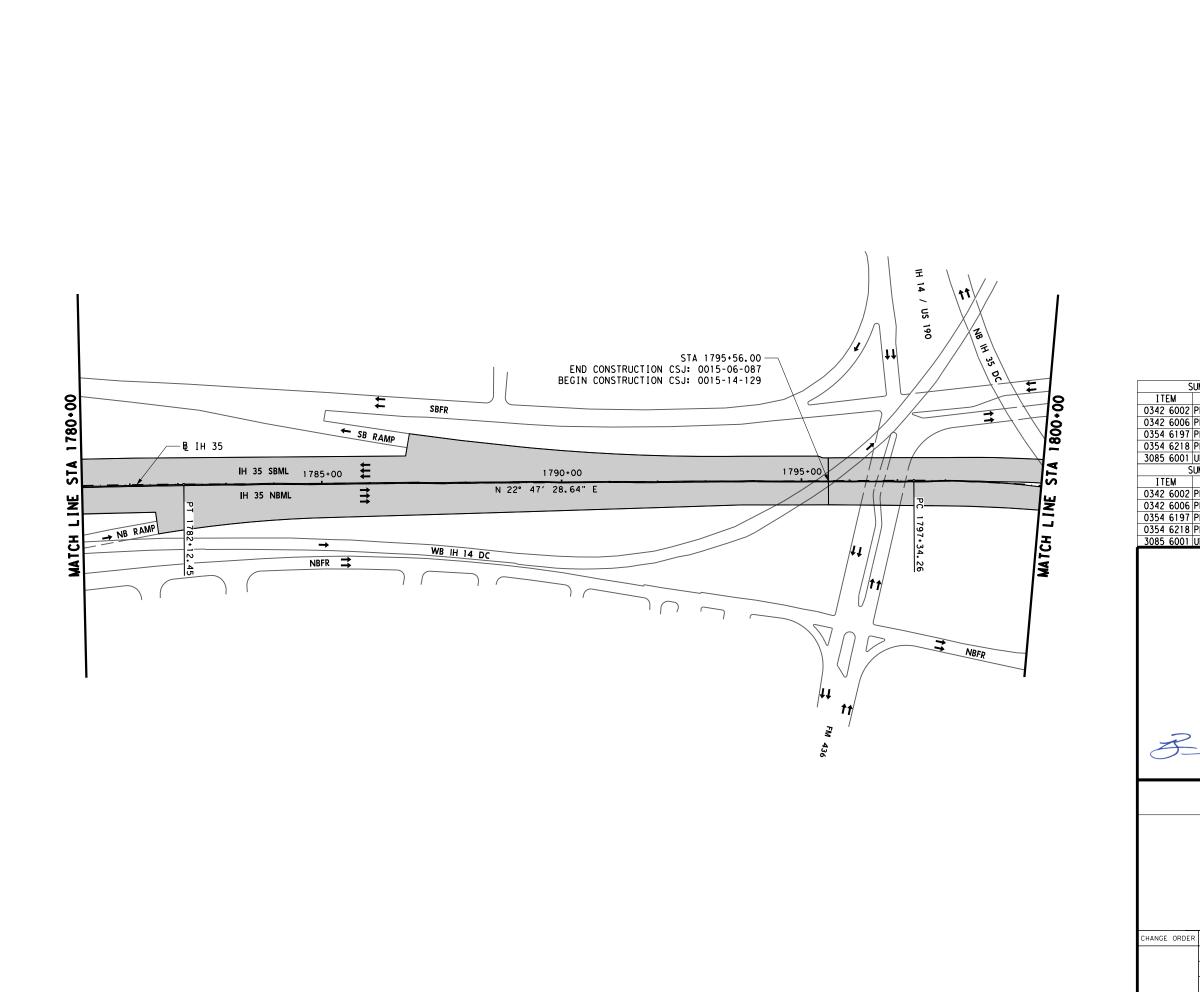
SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

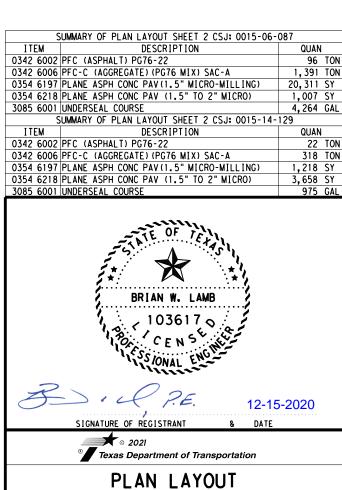
10-15-2020

© 2021
© Texas Department of Transportation PLAN LAYOUT

1" = 200' HORIZ.

SHEET 1 OF 5 CHANGE ORDER JOB HIGHWAY 0015 06 087, ETC IH 35 6 STATE COUNTY SHEET NO. TEXAS WAC BELL 41





1" = 200' HORIZ.

SECT

0015 06 087, ETC

JOB

COUNTY

BELL

CONT

DIST

WAC

FED. RD. DIV. NO.

6

STATE

TEXAS

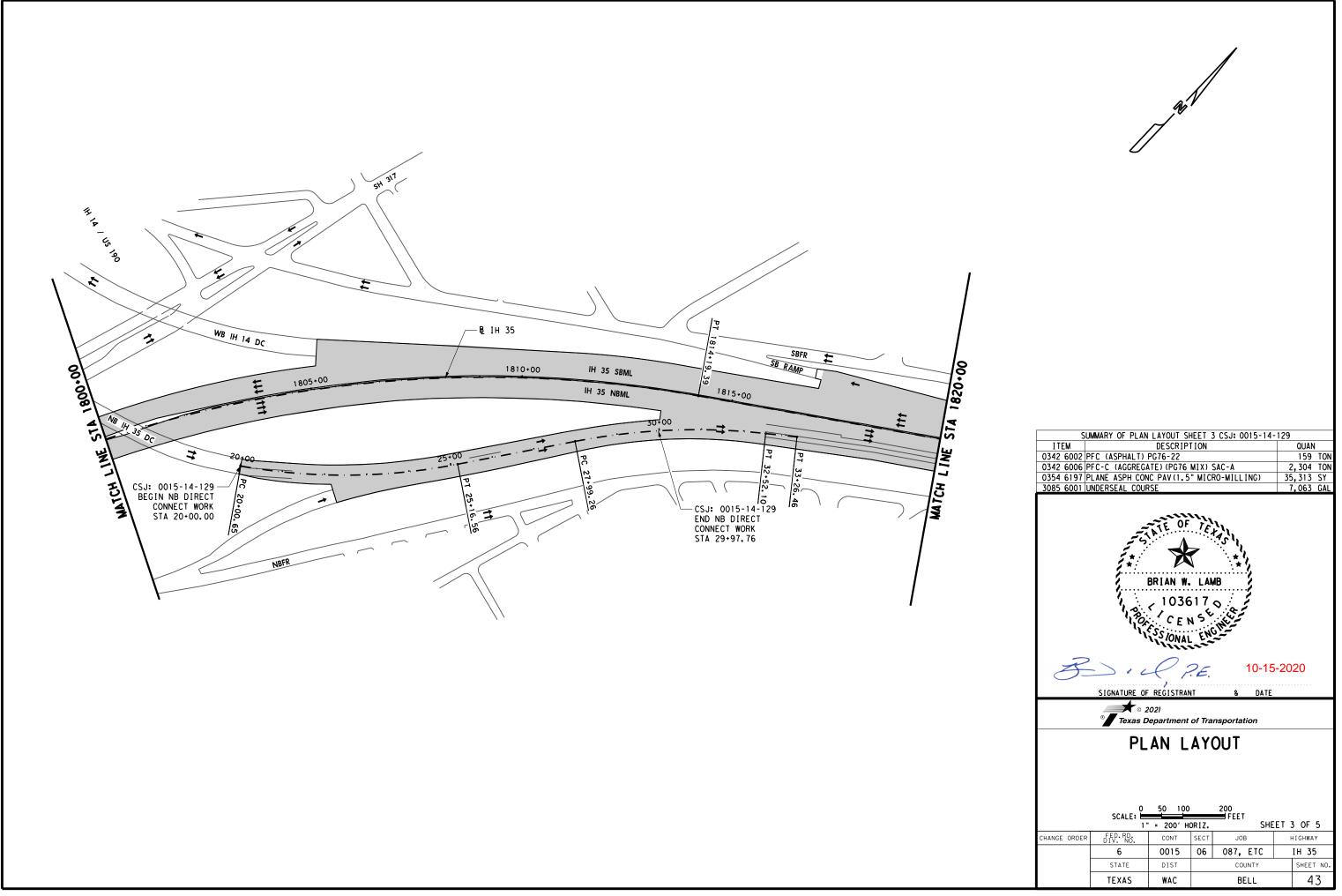
SHEET 2 OF 5

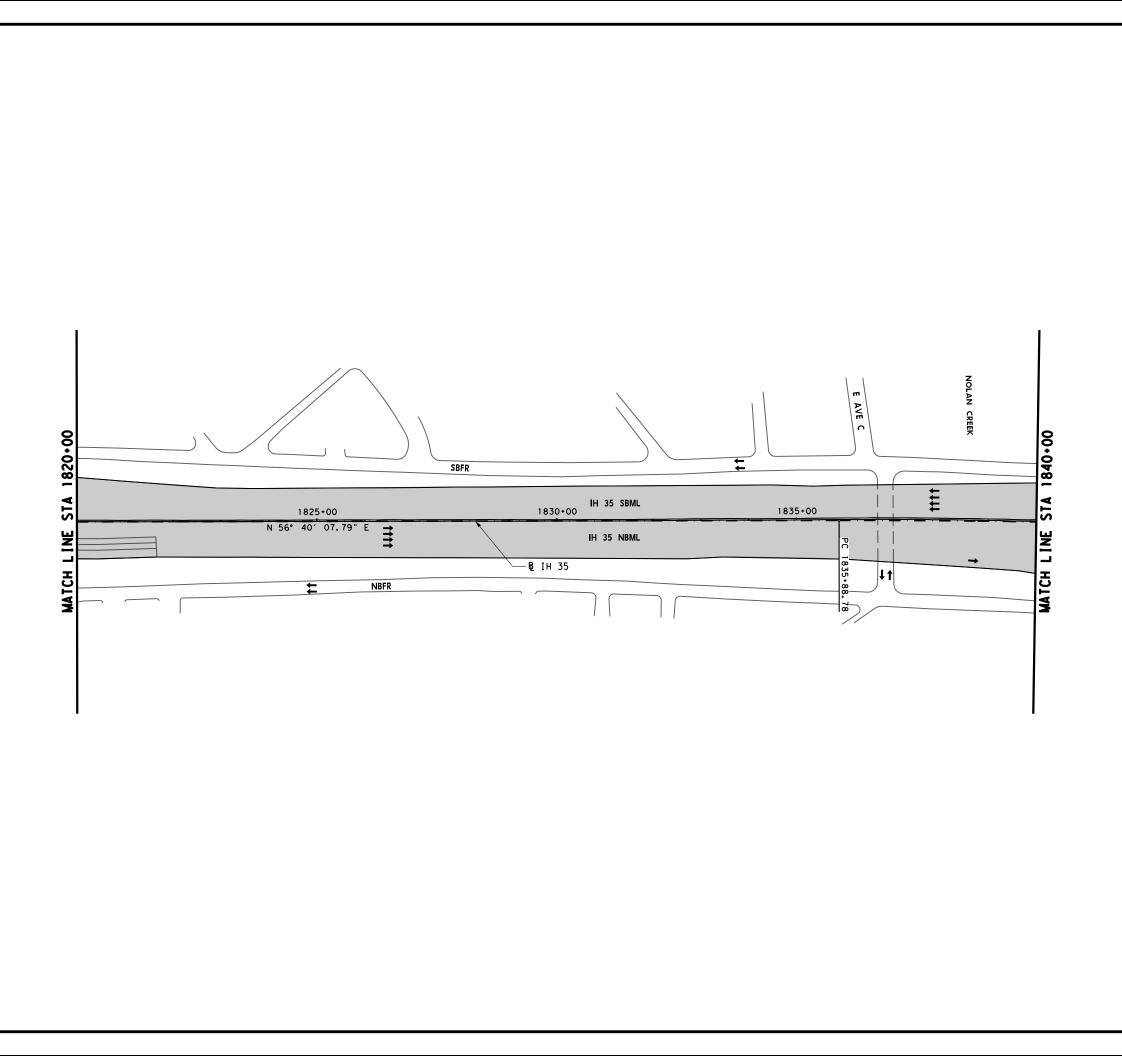
HIGHWAY

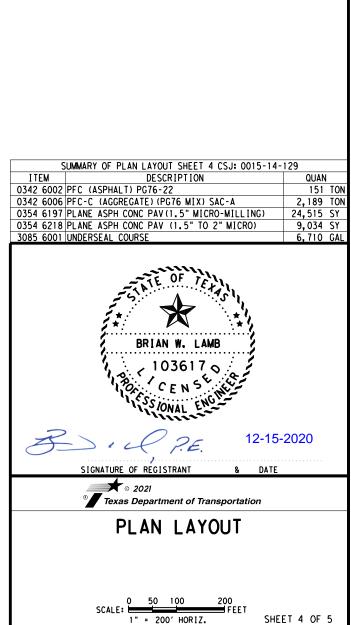
IH 35

SHEET NO

42







0015 06 087, ETC

COUNTY

BELL

DIST

WAC

CHANGE ORDER

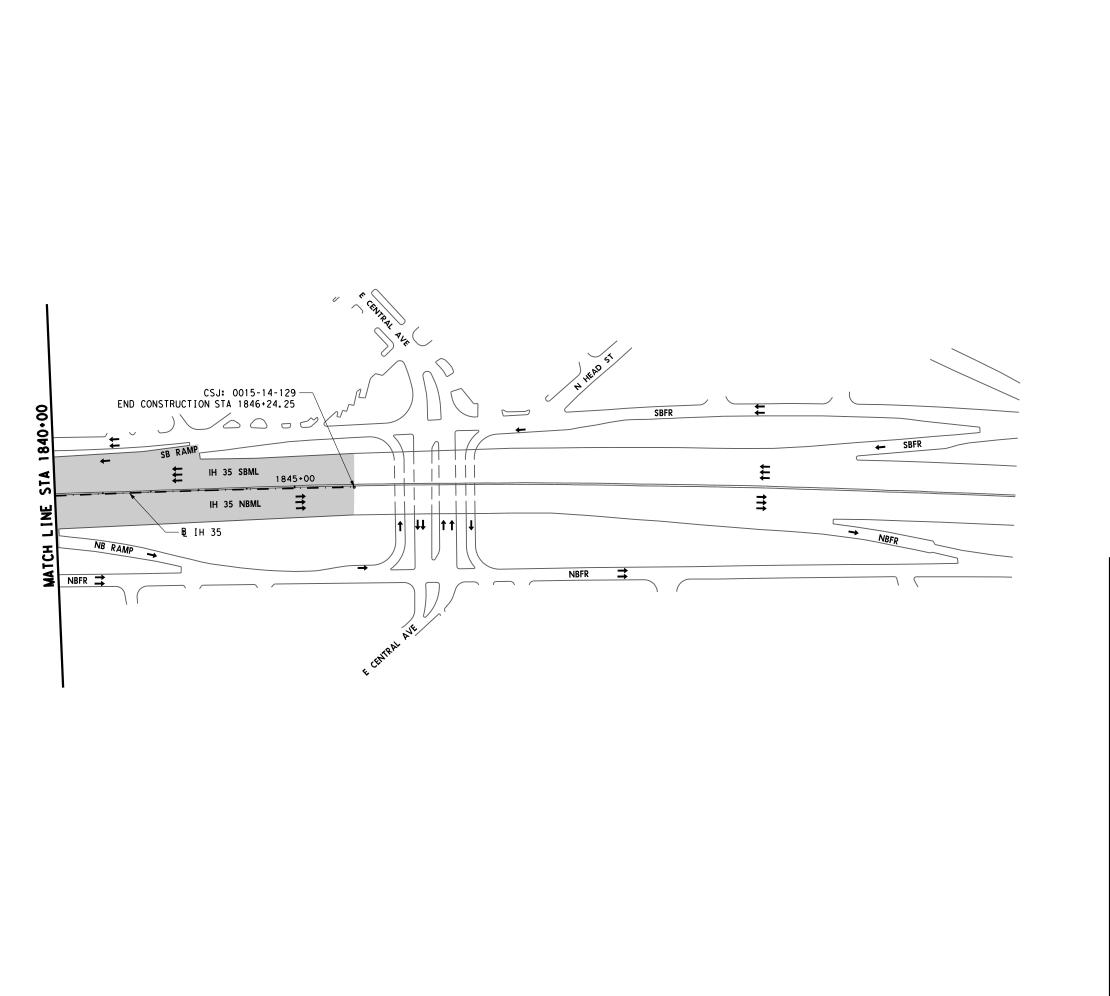
6 STATE

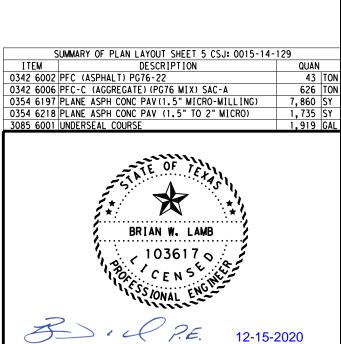
TEXAS

HIGHWAY

IH 35

SHEET NO





SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

SCALE: 1" = 200' HORIZ.

WAC

6 STATE

TEXAS

CHANGE ORDER

© 2021

Texas Department of Transportation

PLAN LAYOUT

SHEET 5 OF 5

HIGHWAY

IH 35

SHEET NO.

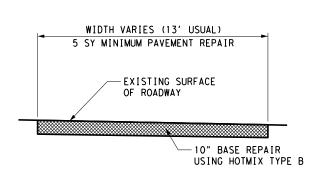
JOB

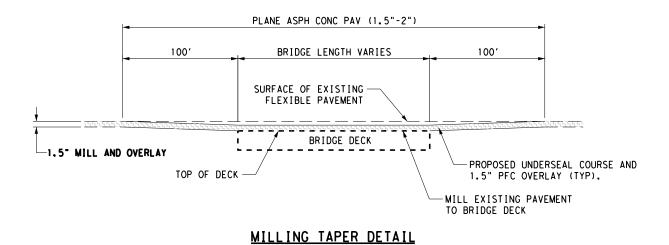
COUNTY

BELL

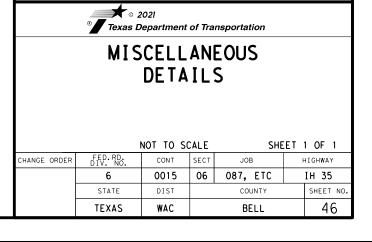
0015 06 087, ETC

## FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT REPAIR DETAIL





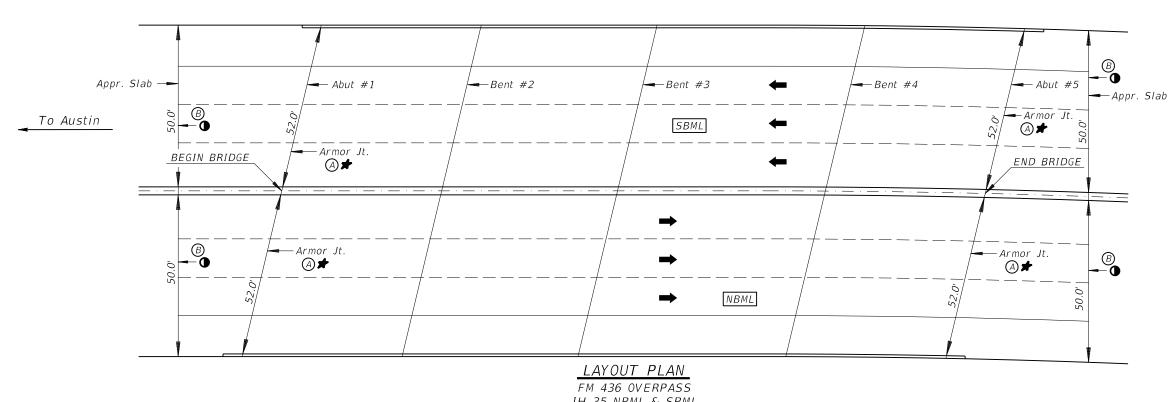
AT BRIDGE DECKS



BRIAN W. LAMB

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

10-15-2020



IH-35 NBML & SBML ©Class 7 (5) Set Joint Opening as Silicone Sealant Directed by the Engineer Chamfer Corner 1/4" (Typ) Bonding Course with **3** тур Bonding Course with 4 5" 1 1/3" Final Surfacing 1 1/2" Final Surfacing Note: Remove approx. 2" of Existing Overlay down to Bridge Deck. Post Tensioned Conc Slab @Existing Armor Joint. determine if functioning adequately Backer Rod 25% Larger

Abutment

1213141516 2829303132 4445464748

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SECTION THRU HEADER AT OPEN EXPANSION JOINT

▲ Than Joint Opening ▲

ITEM	454-6008	454-6009	438-6009
LOCATION	HEADER TYPE EXPANSION JOINT	JOINT SEALANT	CLEANING EXISTING JOINTS
	C.F.	L.F.	L.F.
STR. #347 IH-35 SB OVER FM 436	11.00	104.00	104.00
STR. #371 IH-35 NB OVER FM 436	11.00	104.00	104.00
TOTAL	22.00	208.00	208.00

Refer to item "454". Refer to Item "438"

- 2 Condition of existing steel angle, plate, or rail must be determined prior to placing nosing/header material. The entire length of existing joint must be checked and any portion that is determined unsound by the Engineer must be removed as directed by the Engineer. The existing seal must be removed and disposed of.
- 3) Surfaces where nosing/header material is to be placed must be clean and dry in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- 4 Match the thickness of the header with the thickness of the overlay. The thickness of the overlay is approximately  $1lac{1}{2}$ " but may vary. If the thickness of the overlay exceeds 3.25", set the width of the header at one and a half times the thickness of the overlay but should not be greater than 8" unless approved by the Engineer.
- (5) Match existing joint opening or set at the minimum shown below or as directed by the Engineer. Do not cantilever header over joint opening.

1" at 70° F when distance between joints is 150 feet or less. 2" at 70° F when distance between joints is greater than

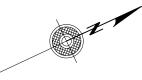
(6) Seal when required as Directed by the Engineer. Extend sealant up into rail or curb 6 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 Sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 Sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Measurement and Payment will be in accordance with Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints" and as shown on the plans. If joint is determined to be loose, removal must be paid for under "EXTRA WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER". Approved Header Type Bridge Joints with or without sealant:

#### MPL (Material Producer List)

For "Header Material" see Materials Specification DMS-6140 For "CL 7 Sealant" see Materials Specification DMS-6310



To Temple

- ★ Denotes Location for Cleaning and Sealing Armor Joints.
- Denotes Location for Cleaning and Sealing Expansion Joints @ Approach Slab.

S.B.M.L. 220' ~ OVERALL LENGTH = (1 ~ 220') CONTINUOUS POST TENSIONED SLAB 50' ROADWAY WIDTH, RAIL TYPE T4 & SSTR

N.B.I.#09-014-0-0015-14-347, 13°26' LFS

220' ~ OVERALL LENGTH = (1 ~ 220') CONTINUOUS POST TENSIONED SLAB 50' ROADWAY WIDTH, RAIL TYPE T4 & SSTR N.B.I.#09-014-0-0015-14-371, 13°26 'LFS



10/09/2020 SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS



🚁 Texas Department of Transportation

LAYOUT & DETAILS FOR CLEANING AND SEALING **EXPANSION JOINTS** 

FM 436 OVERPASS

(IH-35 NBML & SBML)

(SIRS# 347, 371)								
FILE: FM436JTS.DGN	DN: DOT		ck: DOT	DW: JJ		CK:	ck: DOT	
ORIG DATE: MAY 2020	DIST FED REG FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.0						SHE	ET
REVISIONS	WACO	6					4	7
		COUN	TY	CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIG	HWAY
		BEL	L	0015	06	087,	ΙH	35

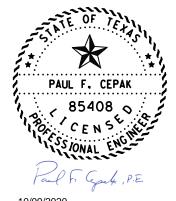
PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING CONCRETE JOINT WITH HOT POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- ① Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- ② Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3 Seal the joint opening with a Class 3, "Hot Poured Rubber." Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete pavement.

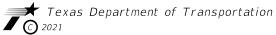
  Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."

# B <u>ESTIMATED QUANTITIES</u>

ITEM	438-6006
LOCATION	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS (CL3)
	L.F.
STR. #347 IH-35 SB OVER FM 436	100.00
STR. #371 IH-35 NB OVER FM 436	100.00
TOTAL	200.00



SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS



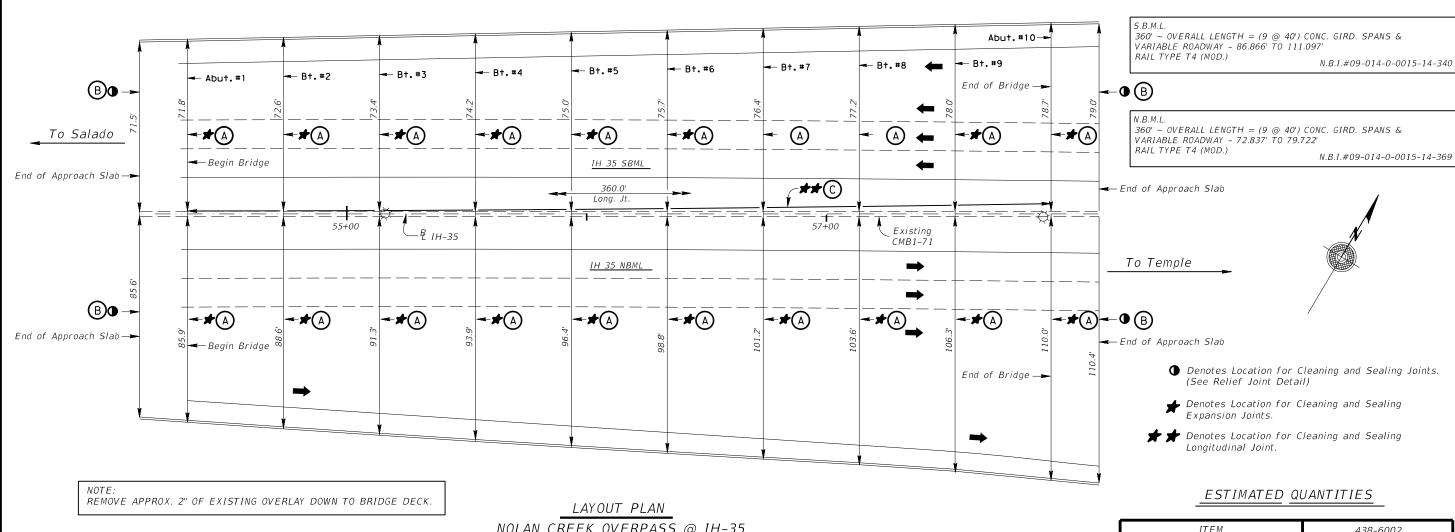
C 2021 LAYOUT & DETAILS

FOR CLEANING AND SEALING
EXPANSION JOINTS
FM 436 OVERPASS

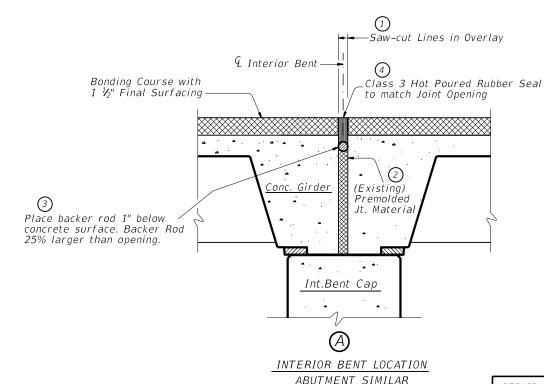
(IH-35 NBML & SBML)

(STR'S# 347, 371)

(311(3), 317, 371)								
FILE: FM436JTS.DGN	DN: [	ОТ	ck: DOT	DW:	JJ	CK:	: DC	)T
ORIG DATE: MAY 2020	DIST	FED REG	G FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEE					EET
REVISIONS	WACO	6	48					8
		COUN	TY	CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIG	HWAY
	BELL			0015	06	087,	ΙH	35



NOLAN CREEK OVERPASS @ IH-35 (N.B.M.L. & S.B.M.L.)



EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

2829303132 4445464748

PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING CONCRETE JOINT WITH HOT POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- ② Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3 Place backer rod into joint opening below top of concrete as shown. Backer rod must be of the type that can handle the heat and be compatible with the Hot Poured Rubber seal. The backer rod must be 25% larger than the joint opening.
- ④ Seal the joint opening with a Class 3, "Hot Poured Rubber." Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete pavement. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."

REPAIR ANY SIGNIFICANT SPALLED OR CRACKED AREAS, AS DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER, AROUND THE JOINT OPENING WITH TYPE II POLYMER CONCRETE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DMS-6140, "POLYMER CONCRETE FOR JOINT SYSTEMS". THIS WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 438.



ITEM	438-6002				
LOCATION	CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS (CL 3)				
	L.F.				
STR. #340 IH-35 (NBML) OVER NOLAN CREEK	A 753.0				
STR. #369 IH-35 (SBML) OVER NOLAN CREEK	A 976.0				
STR. #369 IH-35 (SBML) OVER NOLAN CREEK (BASELINE)	360.0				
TOTAL	2089.0				



Sheet 1 of 2 Sheets

Texas Department of Transportation © 2021

LAYOUT & DETAILS FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXPANSION JOINTS

IH-35 (NB & SB) OVER NOLAN CREEK

(STR'S# 340, 369)								
: NOLANJT.DGN	DN: DOT		ck: DOT	DW: (	DW: GNH		ck: DOT	
DATE: MAY 2020	MAY 2020 DIST FED REG FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.					SHI	EΤ	
REVISIONS	WACO	6						9
		COUNTY CONTROL SECT JOB			HIG	HWAY		
		BEL	L	0015	06	087.	ΙH	35

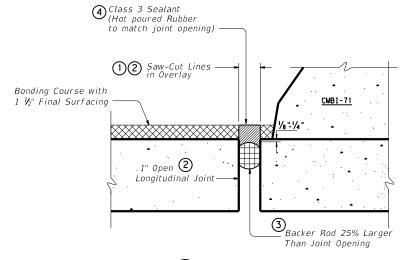
# SECTION THRU RELIEF JOINT

PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING CONCRETE JOINT WITH HOT POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- (2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- ③ Place backer rod into joint opening below top of concrete as shown. Backer rod must be of the type that can handle the heat and be compatible with the Hot Poured Rubber seal. The backer rod must be 25% larger than the joint opening.
- 4 Seal the joint opening with a Class 3, "Hot Poured Rubber." Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete pavement. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."

# ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

ITEM	438-6006				
LOCATION	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS (CL3)				
	L.F.				
STR. #340 IH-35 (NBML) OVER NOLAN CREEK	196.0				
STR. #369 IH-35 (SBML) OVER NOLAN CREEK	151.0				
TOTAL	347.0				



# (C) IH-35 BASELINE SECTION THRU LONGITUDINAL SEALED EXP. JOINT

NOT TO SCALE

#### GENERAL NOTES:

CLEANING EXISTING JOINT OPENING OF ALL DEBRIS, PROVIDING AND PLACING BACKER ROD, SAW-CUTTING JOINT OPENING, AND SEALING JOINT IS PAID FOR BY ITEM 438, "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" AND MEASURED BY THE L.F. OF "CLEANING AND SEALING OF EXISTING JOINTS (CL 3)."

OBTAIN APPROVAL FOR ALL TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND TECHNIQUES PROPOSED FOR USE TO PREPARE THE JOINT.

PROVIDE THE CLASS 3 JOINT SEALANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH DMS-6310, "JOINT SEALANTS AND FILLERS.



Sheet 2 of 2 Sheets

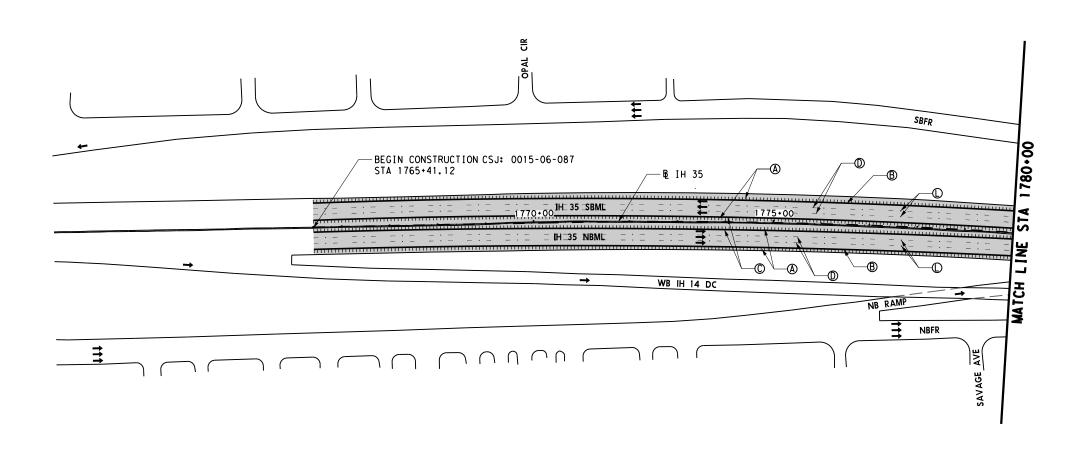
Texas Department of Transportation CO 2021

LAYOUT & DETAILS FOR CLEANING AND SEALING **EXPANSION JOINTS** 

IH-35 (NB & SB) OVER NOLAN CREEK

(STR'S# 340, 369)							
FILE: NOLANJT. DGN	DN:	TO	CK: DOT	DW: (	GNH	СК	: DOT
ORIG DATE: MAY 2020	DIST	DIST FED REG FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.0					SHEET
REVISIONS	WACO	6					50
		COUN	TY	CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
		BFI		0015	06	087.	TH 35





# <u>LEGEND</u>

- (A) MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS
- 4" WHITE SOLID
- C 4" YELLOW SOLID
- ① 6" WHITE BROKEN
- 8 WHITE SOLID
- ♠ 12" WHITE SOLID © 12" WHITE DROP LANE
- ⊕ WHITE ARROW
- ① WHITE DROP LANE ARROW
- WHITE NUMBER
- ₩HITE WORD

SUMMAR	OF PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 1 CSJ: 00	15-06-087
ITEM	QUAN	
0533 6003	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	5,836 LF
0672 6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	72 EA
6149 6004	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	2,918 LF
6149 6005	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	1,480 LF
6149 6010	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	2,918 LF
		•



10-15-2020

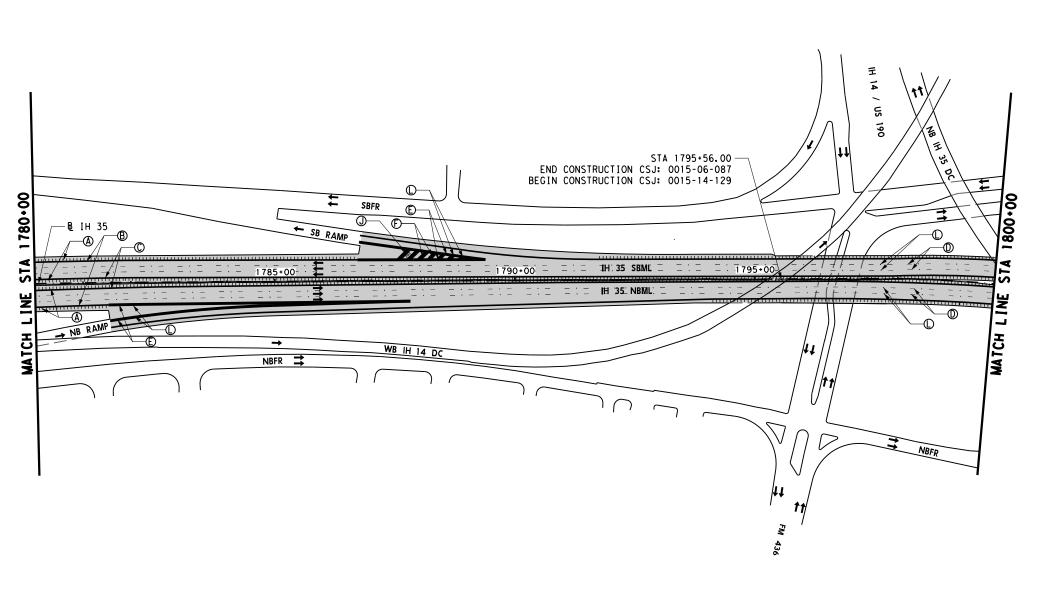
SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT © Zexas Department of Transportation

# **PAVEMENT** MARK ING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 200' HORIZ.

SHEET 1 OF 5 CHANGE ORDER CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0015 06 087, ETC IH 35 6 STATE DIST COUNTY SHEET NO 51 TEXAS WAC BELL

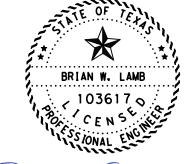




# <u>LEGEND</u>

- (A) MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS
- B 4" WHITE SOLID
- C 4" YELLOW SOLID
- ① 6" WHITE BROKEN
- 8 WHITE SOLID
- ♠ 12" WHITE SOLID
- © 12" WHITE DROP LANE
- ⊕ WHITE ARROW
- ① WHITE DROP LANE ARROW
- WHITE NUMBER
- WHITE WORD
  PRM TYPE II CR

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 2 CSJ: 0015-06-087						
ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUAN					
0533 6003 RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	3,904 LF					
0668 6084 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (NUMBER)	1 EA					
0672 6010 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	143 EA					
6038 6007 MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (8") (SLD)	1,775 LF					
6038 6011 MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (12") (SLD)	151 LF					
6149 6004 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	3,112 LF					
6149 6005 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	1,560 LF					
6149 6010 REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	3,112 LF					
SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 2 CSJ: 00	15-14-129					
ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUAN					
0533 6003 RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	1,779 LF					
0672 6010 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	21 EA					
6149 6004 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	890 LF					
6149 6005 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	480 LF					
6149 6010 REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	889 LF					



10-28-2020

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT & DA

© 2021

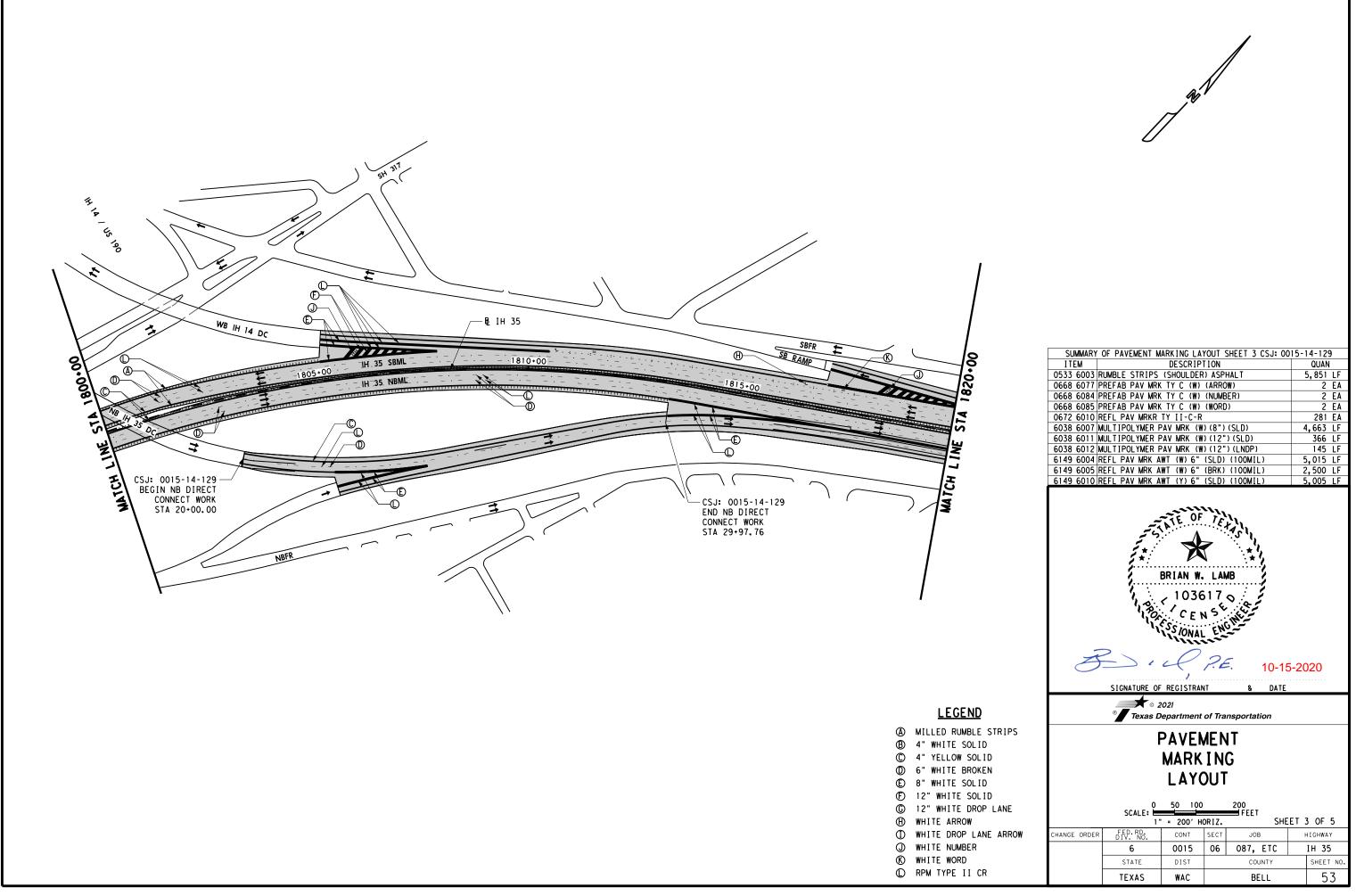
Texas Department of Transportation

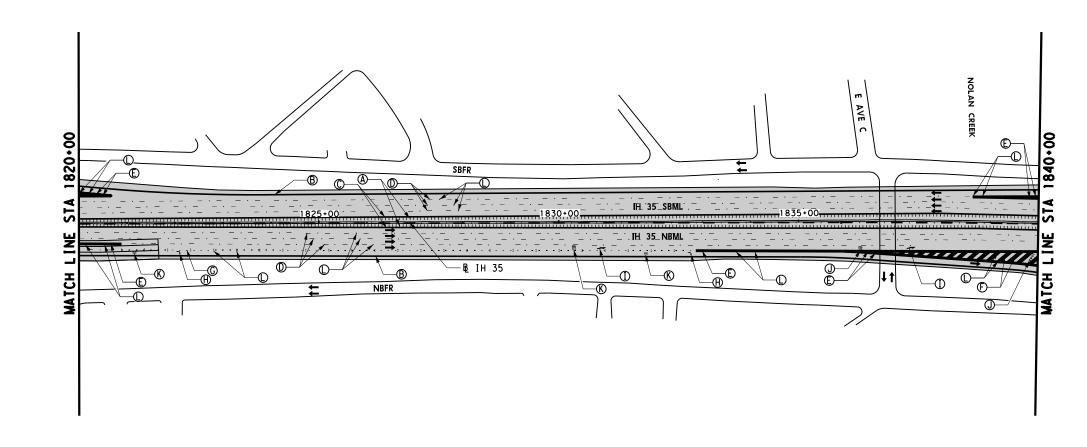


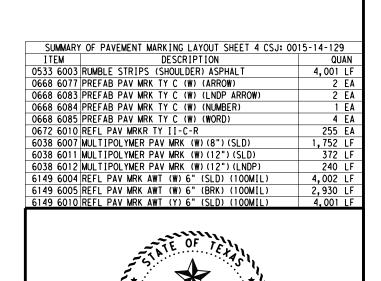
SCALE: 50 100 200 FEET

	1"	' = 200' H	IZ. SHEET 2 OF 5				
E ORDER	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	CONT SECT JOB		H	HIGHWAY		
	6	0015	06	087, ETC		IH 35	
	STATE	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	TEXAS	WAC		BELL		52	











SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT & DA

© 2021
© Texas Department of Transportation

**LEGEND**(A) MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS

4" WHITE SOLID

♠ 8" WHITE SOLID
♠ 12" WHITE SOLID

⊕ WHITE ARROW

WHITE NUMBERWHITE WORDRPM TYPE II CR

© 12" WHITE DROP LANE

① WHITE DROP LANE ARROW

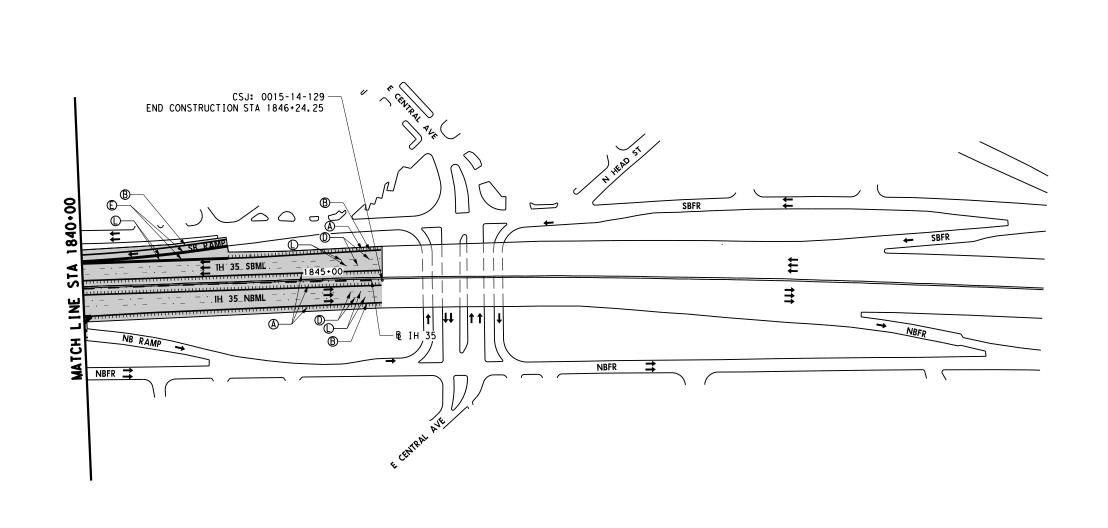
© 4" YELLOW SOLID

© 6" WHITE BROKEN

PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT

SCALE: 0 50 100 200 1" = 200' HORIZ.

	1"	= 200' HO			ET 4	1 OF 5
IGE ORDER	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	CONT	SECT	JOB	F	HIGHWAY
	6	0015	06	087, ETC		IH 35
	STATE	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	TEXAS	WAC		BELL		54

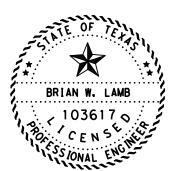


# <u>LEGEND</u>

- MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS
   4" WHITE SOLID
   4" YELLOW SOLID
   6" WHITE BROKEN

- © 8" WHITE SOLID
- ♠ 12" WHITE SOLID
- © 12" WHITE DROP LANE
- ⊕ WHITE ARROW
- ① WHITE DROP LANE ARROW
- WHITE NUMBER
- WHITE WORD
  PRM TYPE II CR

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 5 CSJ: 001	15-14-129	)	
ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUAN		
0533 6003 RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) ASPHALT	2,172	LF	
0672 6010 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	64	EΑ	
6038 6007 MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (8") (SLD)	633	LF	
6038 6011 MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (12") (SLD)	20	LF	
6149 6004 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	1,236	LF	
6149 6005 REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	640	LF	
6149 6010 REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	1,247	LF	



10-15-2020

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT & DA

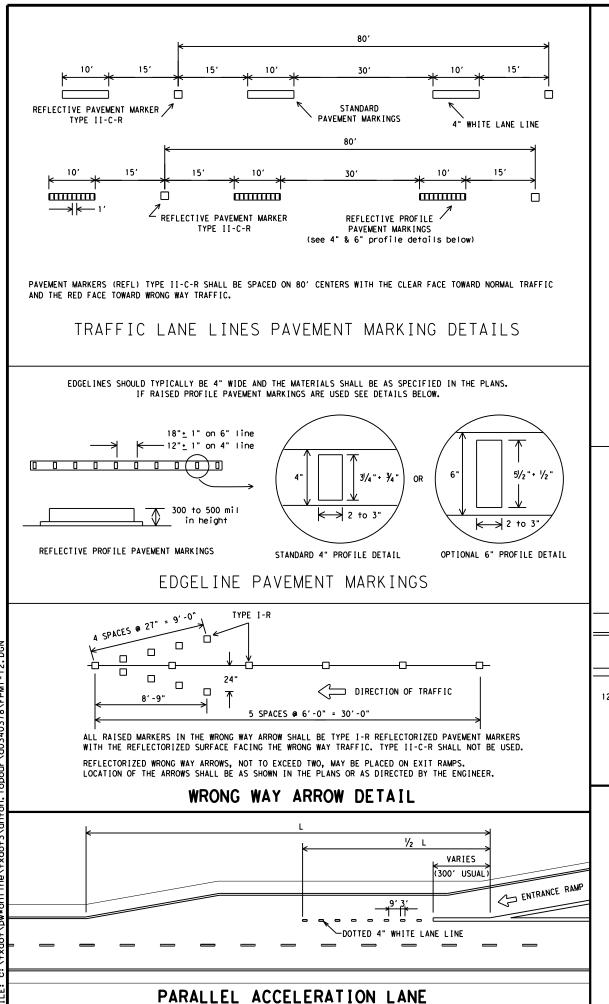
© 2021

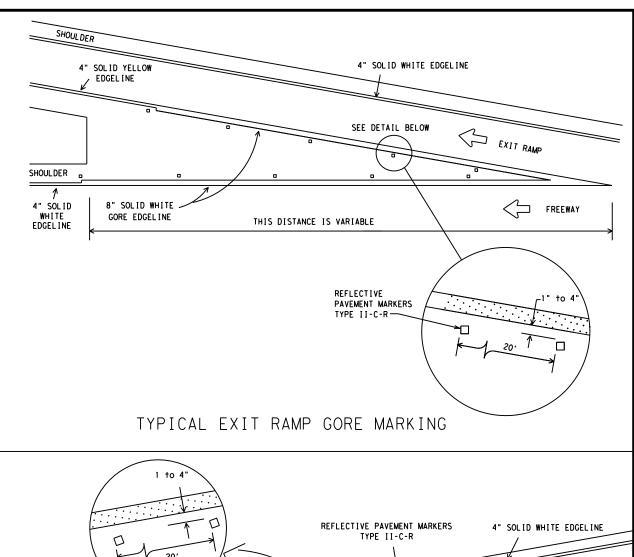
Texas Department of Transportation

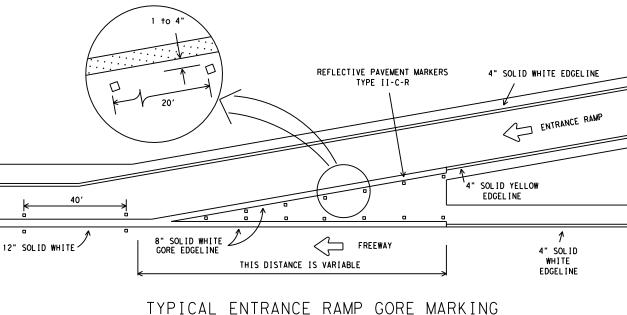
**PAVEMENT** MARK ING LAYOUT

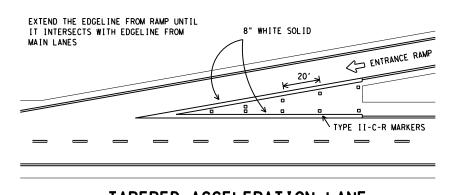
0 50 100 200

	SCALE:			FEET		
	1 "	= 200' HO	ORIZ.	SHE	ET 5	OF 5
ORDER	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	CONT	SECT	JOB	-	HIGHWAY
	6	0015	06	087, ETC		IH 35
	STATE	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	TEXAS	WAC		BELL		55





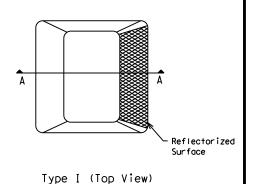


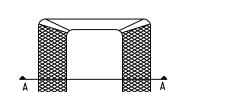


TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE
---------------------------

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

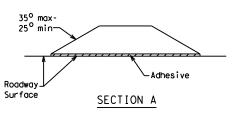




Type II (Top View)

-Reflectorized

Surface



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

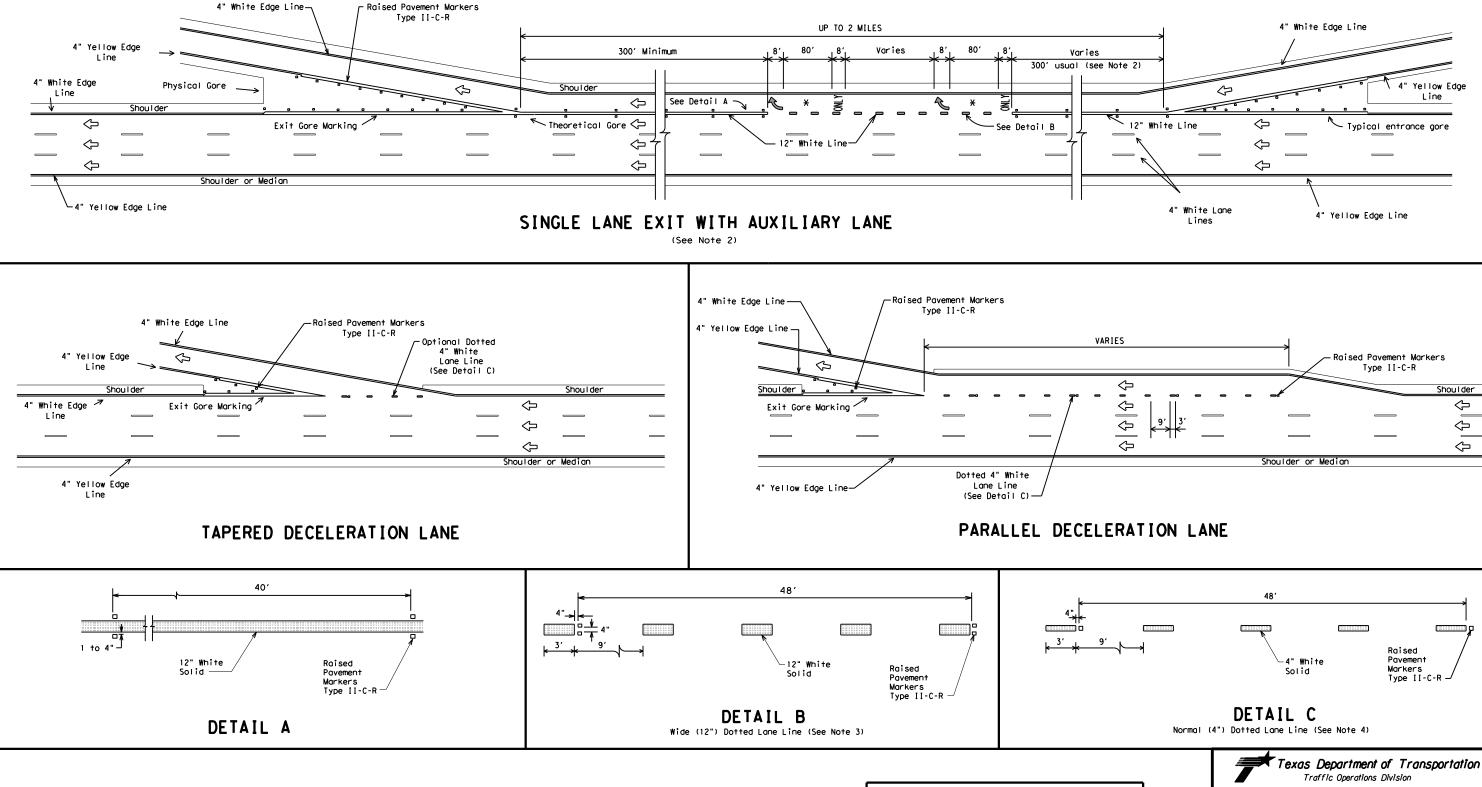


# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

FPM (1) - 12

© TXDOT May 1974 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.
- 4. Normal (4") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.

	LEGEND							
$\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$	Denotes direction of traffic.							
	Pavement marking arrows (white)							
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used							

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200						
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100						
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130						
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200						
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240						

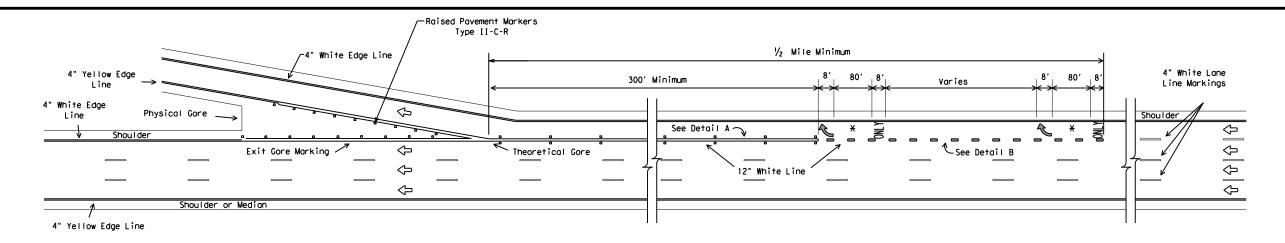
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



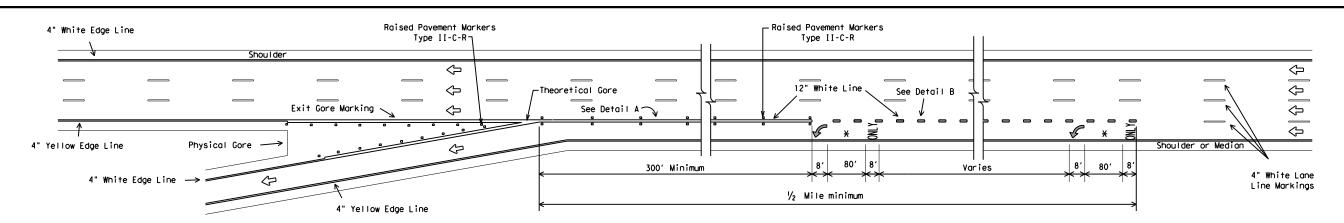
# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

FPM(2)-12

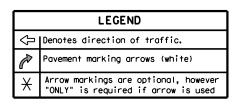
© TxDOT February 1977		DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
REVISIONS		CONT	SECT	JOB	н		HIGHWAY	
4-92 8-95 5-00	2-10 2-12	0015	06	087, E	ТС	IH	H 35	
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
8-00		WACO	BELL				57	



#### SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY

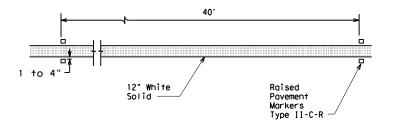


## SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFTHAND)

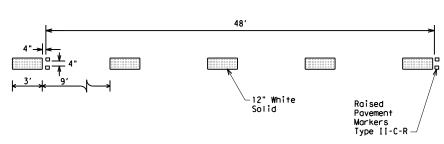


#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



## DETAIL A



# DETAIL B

Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Note 3)

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	•
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



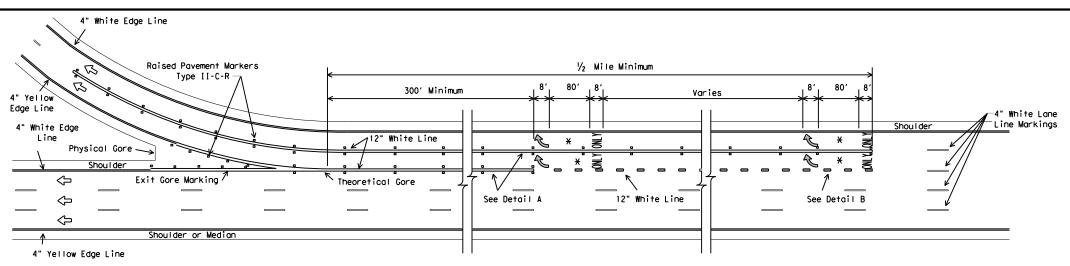
# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) EXIT RAMPS

FPM(3)-12

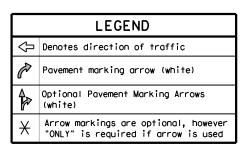
© ⊺xD0T	April 1992	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
5-00	EVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
8-00		0015	06	087, E	TC	I	н 35
2-10		DIST		COUNT	′		SHEET NO.
2-12		WACO	BELL				58

23C

# MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

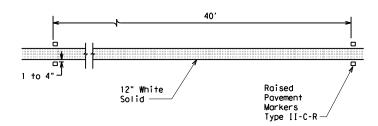


#### MULTIPLE LANE EXIT ONLY

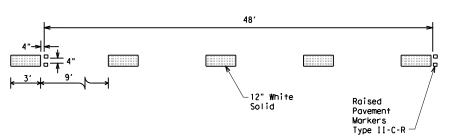


#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



### DETAIL A



**DETAIL B**Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Note 3)

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200						
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100						
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130						
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200						
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240						

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



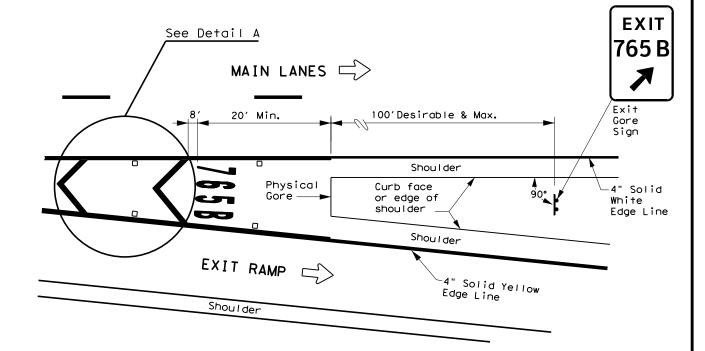
# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) DETAILS

FPM(4)-12

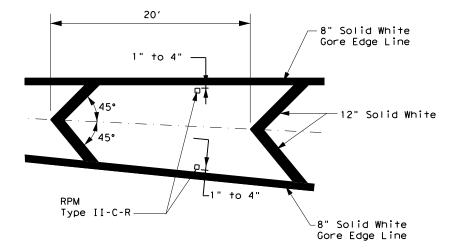
© TxDOT April 1992	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TODX	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
5-00 8-00	0015	06	087, E	ГС	ΙH	35
2-10	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
2-12	WACO		BELL			59

#### EXIT NUMBER PAVEMENT MARKING NOTES

- Minimum 8 foot white markings should be used, unless otherwise noted.
- Spacing between letters and numbers should be approximately 4 inches.
- Pavement markings are to be located as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications or as specified in these plans.
- 5. Numbers and Letters details can be found in the Standard Highway Design for Texas (SHSD) Chapter 12 at http://www.txdot.gov



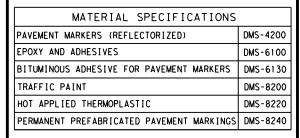
MARKINGS WITH EXIT NUMBER



#### NOTES

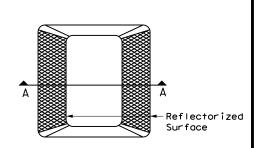
- Raised pavement markers shall be centered between chevron or gore lines.
- 2. For more information, see Reflectorized Raised Pavement Marker Detail.

# DETAIL A

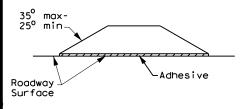


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

LEGEND					
$\hat{\mathbb{A}}$	Traffic flow				
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R				



Type II (Top View)



SECTION A

REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



Traffic Safety Division Standard

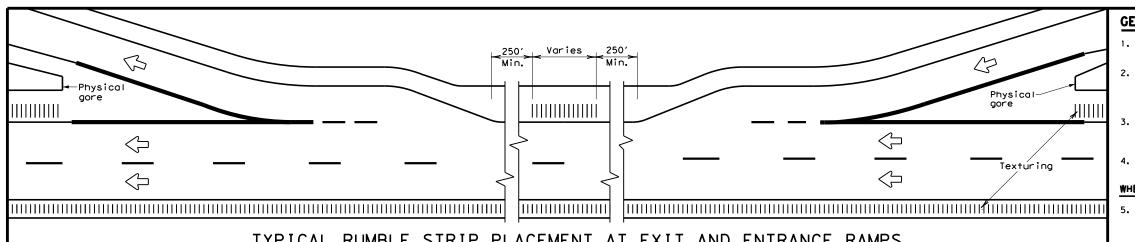
EXIT GORE
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(5)-19

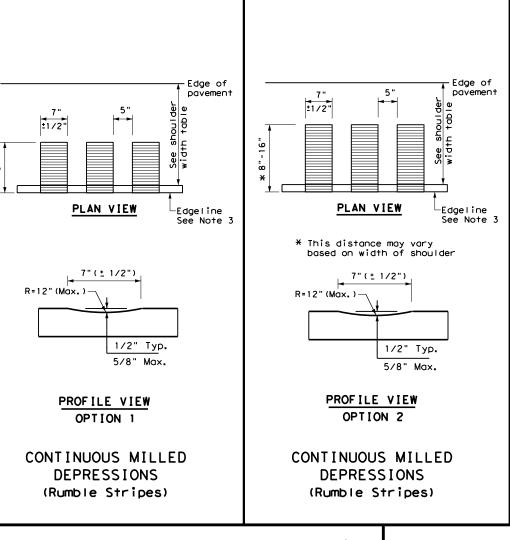
.E: fpm(5)-19.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		W: CK:	
TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	WACO	O BELL				60

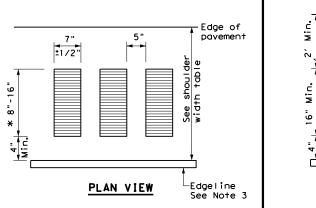
See Detail A	100' Desirable & Max.
MAIN LANES 🖵	Physical Gore  Edgeline  Exit Gore Sign
EXIT RAMP	Shoulder  Curb face or edge of shoulder  Shoulder
Shoulder	4" Solid Yellow Edge Line

MARKINGS WITHOUT EXIT NUMBER

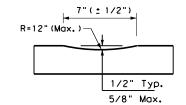


## TYPICAL RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT AT EXIT AND ENTRANCE RAMPS



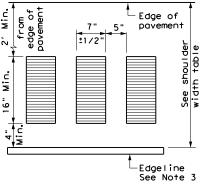


\* This distance may vary based on width of shoulder

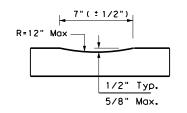


PROFILE VIEW OPTION 3

CONTINUOUS MILLED DEPRESSIONS (Rumble Strips)



#### PLAN VIEW



PROFILE VIEW OPTION 4

CONTINUOUS MILLED **DEPRESSIONS** (Rumble Strips)

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

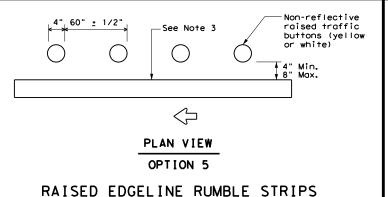
- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

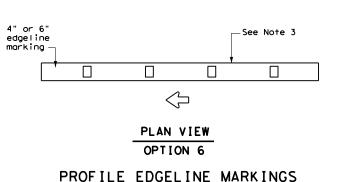
#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requiremen shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.





SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE							
EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2 FEET	GREATER THAN 2 FEET LESS THAN 4 FEET	EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 FEET					
Option 1, 5 OR 6	Option 1, 2, 3, 5 or 6	Option 2, 4, 5 OR 6					



EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON FREEWAYS AND DIVIDED HIGHWAYS RS(1)-13

FILE:	rs(1)-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	April 2006	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
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#### LOCATION MAPS:

Refer to the Title Sheet for project location map

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF OVERLAY CONSISTING OF PFC OVERLAY

#### MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

The major soil disturbing activities for this project Will consist of:

No major soil disturbing activities will take place during construction.

#### TOTAL PROJECT AREA:

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

104.8 AC

# EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC

Predominate soil type is Lewisville-Urban land complex Vegetative cover is in good condition with 90 to 95% coverage.

#### NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

CSJ: 0015-06-087, ETC

Notan Creek and Mitchell Branch receive project drainage and drain into the Leon River which drains into the Brazos River within Stream Segment 1219 of the Brazos River Basin.

#### SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

TEMPORARY SEEDING
PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING
MULCHING

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET
NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES
PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OTHER: TXR 150000, Part III, Section G, 2 Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be initiated immediately whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site, or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site and Willnot resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Temporary stabilization must be completed no more than 14 calendar days after initiation of soil stabilization measures, and final stabilization must be achieved prior to termination of permit coverage.

#### STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T

(Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, As Applicable)

T SILT FENCES	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXI
HAY BALES	CHANNEL LINERS
SANDBAG OR ROCK BERMS	SEDIMENT TRAPS
DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES	SEDIMENT BASINS
DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS	STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES
PIPE SLOPE DRAINS	CURBS AND GUTTERS
PAVED FLUMES	STORM SEWERS
ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
OTHER:	

# NARRATIVE-SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

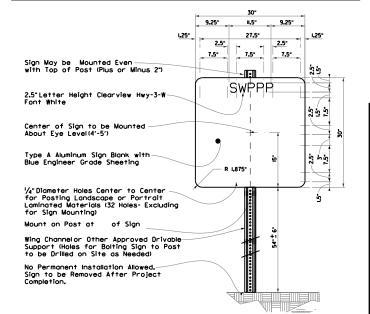
The order of activities Will be as follows:

- I. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
- 2. Install temporary sediment control fencing.

#### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

An integral part of the SWPPP for this project includes the EPIC Sheet, Item 506, Waco District Waters of the US Notes, Waco District Typical Applications for Best Management Practices, Form 2118 TxDOT inspection forms, Contractor daily inspection forms, miscellaneous general notes on environmental requirements, TxDOT EC Standards, 2014 Standard Specifications, TxDOT roadway design drawings, SWPPP design and working BMP drawings, Site Manager Data Base, EMS Stage Gate Inspections and the Waco District environmental folders. The requirements of the TxDOT EMS Will be fully implemented including training requirements for Contractors and TxDOT staff.

#### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING



#### OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

#### MAINTENANCE:

All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs) Will be maintained in good working order per the environmental notes, details and standards included as part of the project plans and contract documents. BMP repairs Will be made at the earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days after the inspection report has been completed and immediately after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access. BMPs damaged by the Contractor Will be repaired or replaced immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and outfalls Will be given priority.

#### INSPECTION:

TxDOT Form 2118 inspections to support TXR150000 and 404 permits Will be conducted on a seven day interval on the same day of the week, until permits are terminated. The Contractor Will provide daily BMP inspection reports on work days. Stage Gate Inspections and other BMP inspections Will be conducted by the District and Area Office Staff based on requirements of the TxDOT Environmental Management System (EMS).

#### WASTE MATERIALS:

Any waste materials generated during construction Will be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state, and local laws.

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):

At a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products, Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives. In the event of a spill which may be hazardous, clean-up Will be done in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. The Contractor Will maintain a list of all chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals used by sub-contractors, and Will implement written spill prevention and clean-up plans.

#### SANITARY WASTE:

Sanitary waste from portable units  $\mbox{Will}$  be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

#### OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

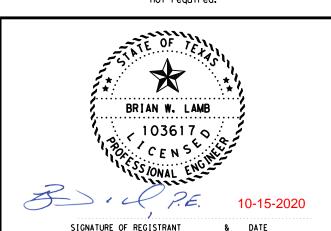
#### REMARKS:

Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads Will be constructed in a manner that Will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas Will not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area Will be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end Will be subsidiary to Item 506.

#### SEDIMENTATION BASINS:

Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, per outfall location, a sedimentation basin is not required.





# STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

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CUEET 1 OF 1

	I. STORMWATER POLLUTION	N PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OF	CONTAMINATION ISSUES
domoges resulting from its use.	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwrequired for projects widisturbed soil must protect from 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that They may need to be noticted.  No Action Required Action No.  Prevent stormwater postaccordance with TPDES.  Comply with the SW3P required by the Engine	ater Discharge Permit or Const th 1 or more acres disturbed s ect for erosion and sedimentat  at may receive discharges from fied prior to construction act  Required Action  Permit TXR 150000  and revise when necessary to construction act	ruction General Permit oil. Projects with any ion in accordance with  this project. rivities.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Special archeological artifacts are for archeological artifacts (bones	ications in the event historical issues or bund during construction. Upon discovery of a, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease d contact the Engineer immediately.     X   Required Action	General (applies to all pro Comply with the Hazard Communica hazardous materials by conductin making workers aware of potentia provided with personal protectiv Obtain and keep on-site Material used on the project, which may i Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt compounds or additives. Provide products which may be hazardous. Maintain an adequate supply of o In the event of a spill, take acin accordance with safe work praimmediately. The Contractor shall of all product spills.	jects): tion Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with g safety meetings prior to beginning construction and I hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are e equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products nclude, but are not limited to the following categories: products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. n-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS, ctices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator I be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup the following are detected: ion (not identified as normal) er, barrels, etc.
ect results or	·	to the public and TCEQ, EPA or more than 5 acres, submit NOI		Preserve native vegetation to Contractor must adhere to Cons	the extent practical. struction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 752 in order to comply with requirements for andscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.		epage of substances bridge class structure rehabilitation or ructures not including box culverts)?
of this standard to other formats or for inco	ACT SECTIONS 401 A  USACE Permit required to water bodies, rivers, of the Contractor must addithe following permit(s)  No Permit Required  Nationwide Permit 14 wetlands affected)  Nationwide Permit 14  Individual 404 Permit  Other Nationwide Permit 14  Required Actions: List wand check Best Management and post-project TSS.  1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. The elevation of the ord to be performed in the vertice of the contract of the performed in the vertice of the contract of the performed in the vertice of the contract of the performed in the vertice of the contract of the performed in the vertice of the performance of the per	for filling, dredging, excavationeeks, streams, wetlands or we here to all of the terms and con:  - PCN not Required (less than - PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 the Required mit Required: NWP*	ing or other work in any et areas.  conditions associated with a 1/10th acre waters or acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)  ato, location in project erosion, sedimentation	No Action Required  Action No.  1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE  No Action Required  Action No.  1. Comply with Migratory Bird  2. SEE STATEMENT BELOW		Tyes X No  If "Yes", then TxDOT must re the notification, develop abo activities as necessary. The 15 working days prior to sche  If "No", then TxDOT is still scheduled demolition.  In either case, the Contracto activities and/or demolition asbestos consultant in order  Any other evidence indicating on site. Hazardous Materials  X No Action Required  Action No.  1.  VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL	required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any or is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement with careful coordination between the Engineer and to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.  possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:  Required Action
FILE:	Best Management Prace Erosion  Temporary Vegetation  Blankets/Matting  Mulch Sodding Interceptor Swale Diversion Dike Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Soc Compost Filter Berm and S	tices:  Sedimentation  Silt Fence Rock Berm Triangular Filter Dike Sand Bag Berm Straw Bale Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost	<b>–</b>	do not disturb species or habitat work may not remove active nests nesting season of the birds assoc are discovered, cease work in the Engineer immediately.  LIST OF  BMP: Best Management Practice CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Serv FHMA: Federal Highway Administration MCA: Memorandum of Agreement MCU: Memorandum of Understanding	ABBREVIATIONS  SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	1. 2. 3.	Texas Department of Transportation  ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,  ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS  EPIC  FILE: epic.dgn

BELL

#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

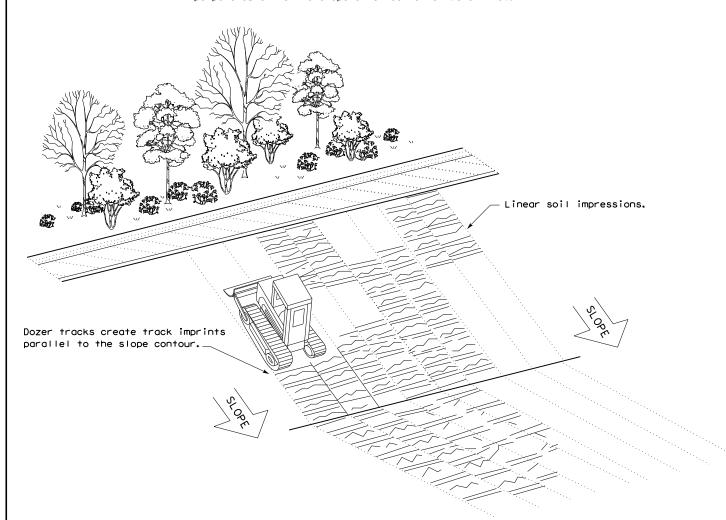
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—

Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1) - 16

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made sults

warranty of any kind lats or for incorrect

the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No conversion of this standard to other form

this standard is governed by es no responsibility for the

- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not limited to the following:
  - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary wastes, construction chemicals and petroleum products used or generated by the Contractor and sub-contractors. Along with the list, the Contractor will supply a spill prevention plan and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products or generated waste.
  - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
  - Post the IxDOI storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
  - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to TxDOT. The Contractor will not disturb soil without the proper permits.
  - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses,
  - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be located on TxDOT ROW.
  - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration,
  - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day.

    The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOT direction.
  - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US, Note =3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from TxDOT.
  - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
  - Provide an estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or torching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely hauled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all correspondence with MS4s, TCEQ, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSL(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of TxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

TA-BMF

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- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance,
- 10. Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as silt fences and rock filter dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch and 2/3 of an acre of disturbed soil for a minimum of 100 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOT. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12. Earth berms or mounds typically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the Contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings that show the locations of all temporary sediment and erosion controls.
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SWPPP maintenance, including silt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type III dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required silt fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high priority, or be subject to stop work on the entire project.
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of soil tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blocked by sediment controls. The contractor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stock ponds. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to trespass off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet all OSHA requirements and the current safety guidelines established for TxDOT Quarries and Pits.
- 22. Boundary silt fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary silt fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filter dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filter dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filter dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filter dam ends.
- 24. Silt fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side slope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences that do not adequately span the ditch and allows storm water around the end(s) will not be used. Where there is adequate space, large U pattern silt fences are preferred to facilitate sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves TxDOT ROW, takes persistent over ditch line sediment controls.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 10



# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary silt fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For ditch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls; on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls damaged by the Contractor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in silt fences are not typically allowed. Specific silt fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For silt fence maintenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of silt fences and not over excavate around silt fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW, RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetative buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38. For outfalls near stock ponds closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize silt fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or silt fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and around the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as possible. Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal. Do not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 10



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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FEB 2015	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	ı
	WACO	BELL				67	ı

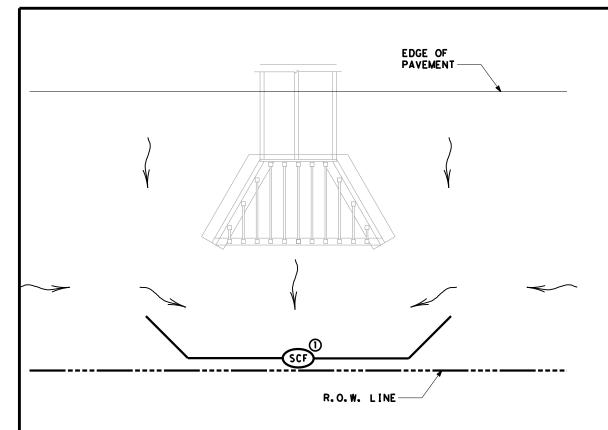
- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Marks of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprap for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after installing erosion rock.
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to Item 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2X4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet silt fence, subsidiary to Item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Silt fence steel I posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel I posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for I post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Silt fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately horizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of silt fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the slope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess grass, rocks, trash, debris or clods will be removed before seeding and installing soil retention blankets. All installations will be by the manufacturer recommendations. Contractor equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 4 OF 10



# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

FILE: BMPLAYOUTS.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
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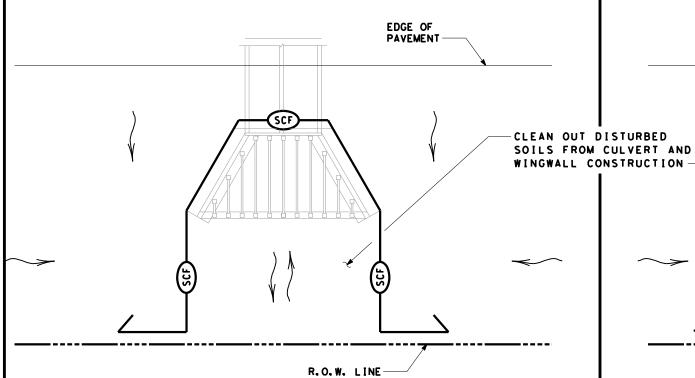


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT

# REDGE OF PAVEMENT REDGE OF PAVEMENT

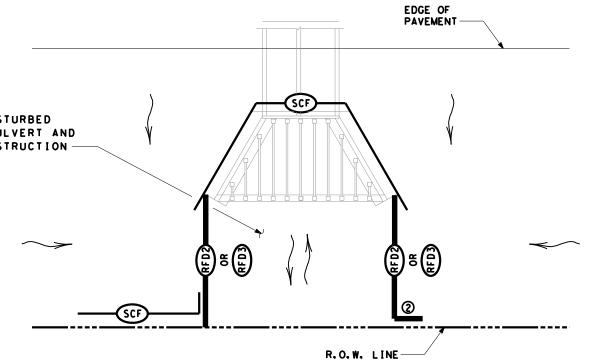
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #2

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



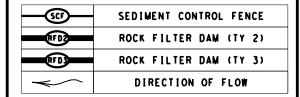
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #3

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #4

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



#### NOTES:

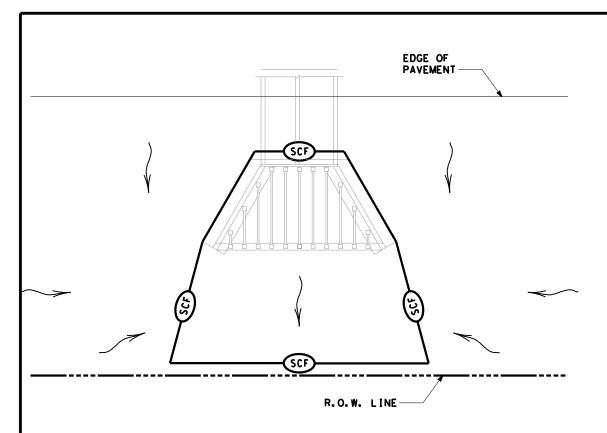
- ① EXTEND SILT FENCE SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS. USE L-HOOKS ON ENDS AS REQUIRED.
- ② EXTEND ROCK FILTER DAM SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 5 OF 10

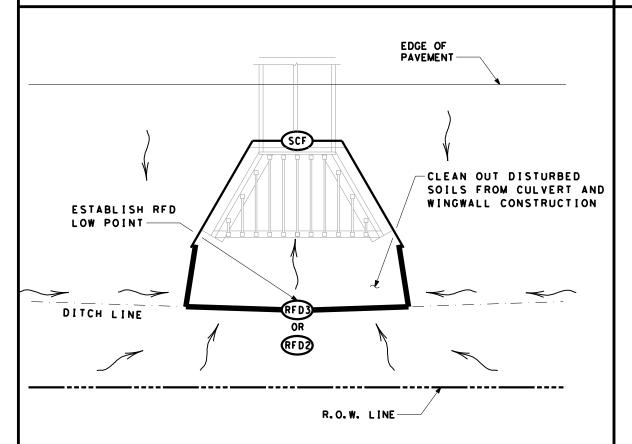


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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WACO		BELL			69	

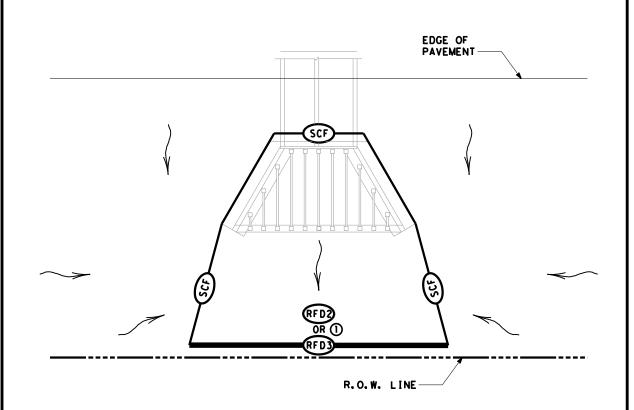


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



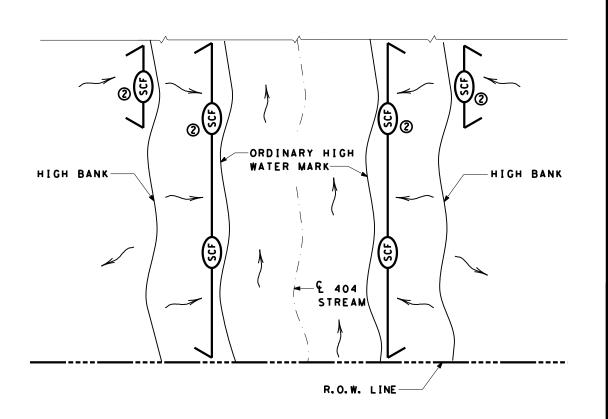
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #7

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #8

FOR 404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING PROJECT CLEARING AND GRUBBING

	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RF CO	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RFD.	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES:

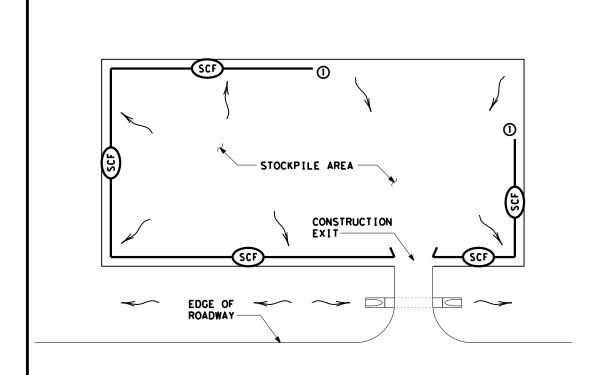
- ① PROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.
- ② USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT

SCALE = NTS SHEET 6 OF 10

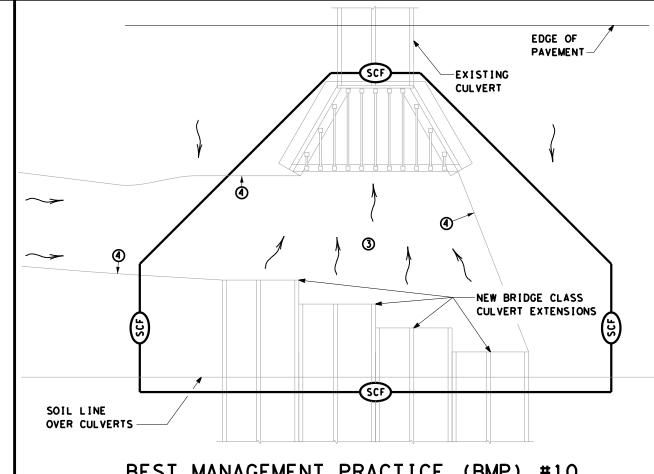


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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	WACO	BELL				70	

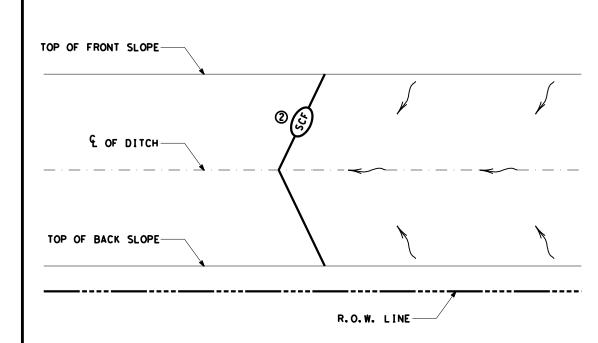


STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #10

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT PHASED CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #11 BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL - BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE

E OF CHANNEL LIMITS OF CHANNEL-LIMITS OF CHANNEL R.O.W. LINE-

# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #12

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED DOWN SLOPE

—(12)	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RFD?	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RFD)	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES:

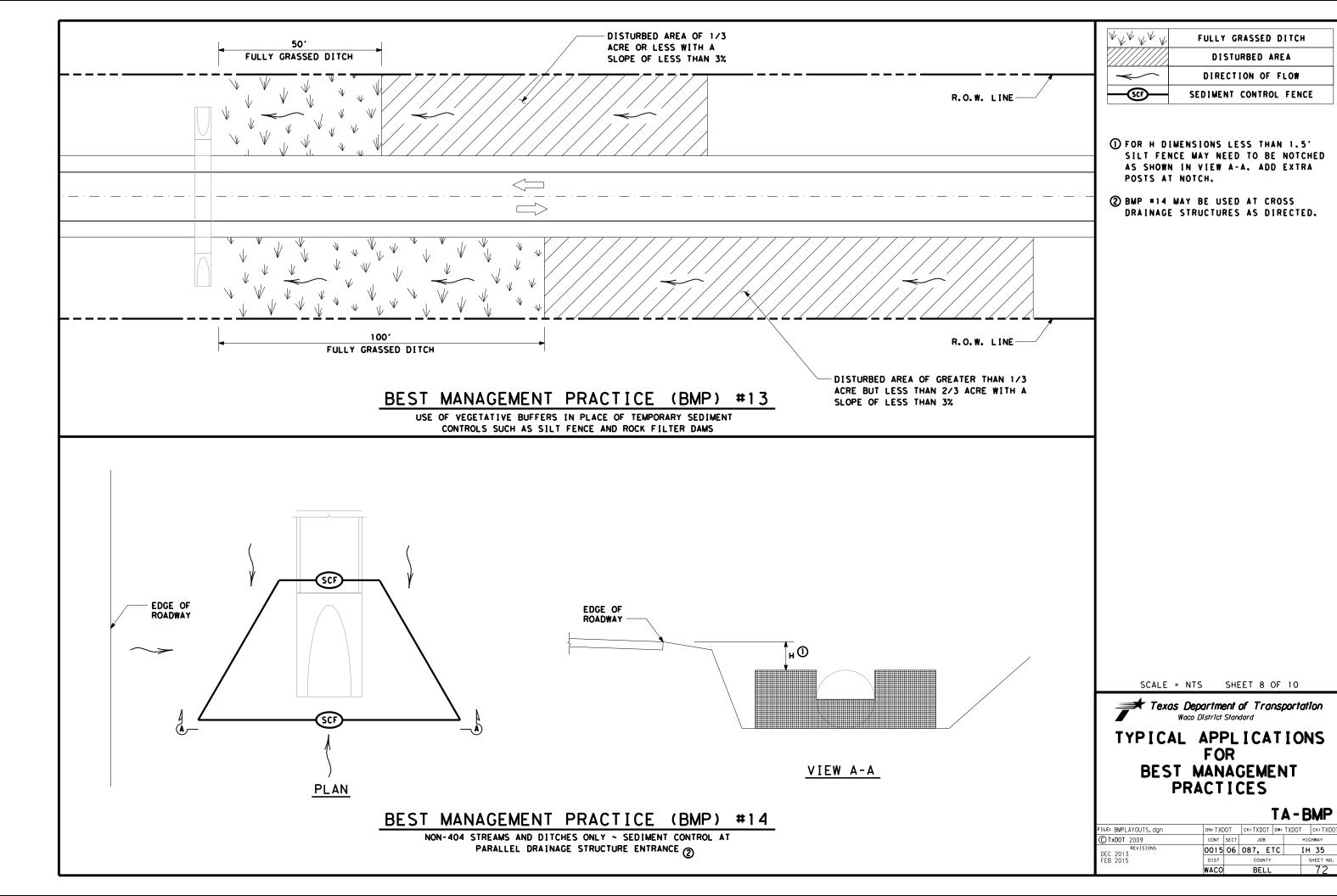
- (1) START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- 2 ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKMENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- 3 PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM THE INVERT ELEVATIONS BETWEEN CULVERTS. REMOVE LOOSE SOIL FROM EXCAVATED AREA BETWEEN CULVERTS.
- 4 PROVIDE AND INSTALL PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE ON THE DITCH BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN TEMPORARY TERMINATIONS BETWEEN OLD AND NEW CULVERTS. PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO THE HEIGHT OF THE LARGEST CULVERT ON THE DITCH SIDE SLOPES: AND TO A LIMIT 10 FEET OUTSIDE THE LOCATION OF BMPS ALONG THE DITCH BOTTOM. CEMENT STABILIZED SAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE. IN AREAS WHERE INSTALLATION WORKS AND AT THE OPTION OF TXDOT.

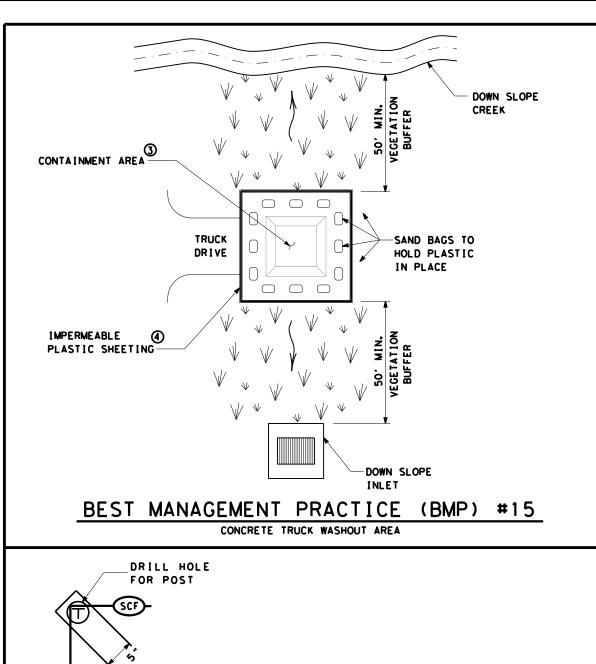
SCALE = NTS SHEET 7 OF 10

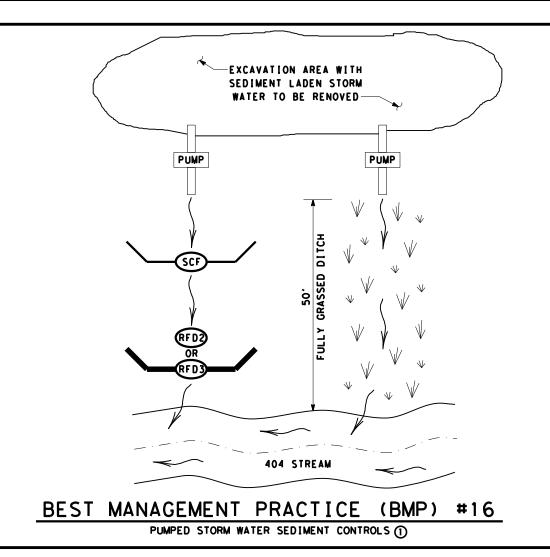


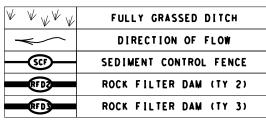
## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES**

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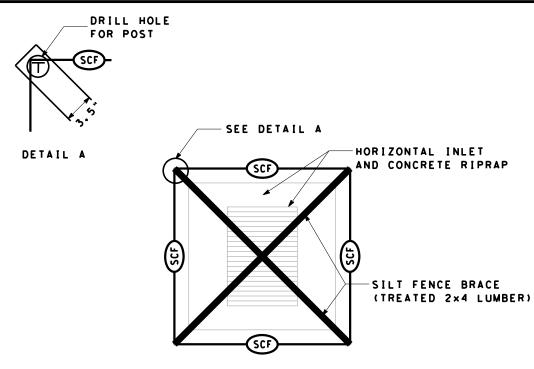




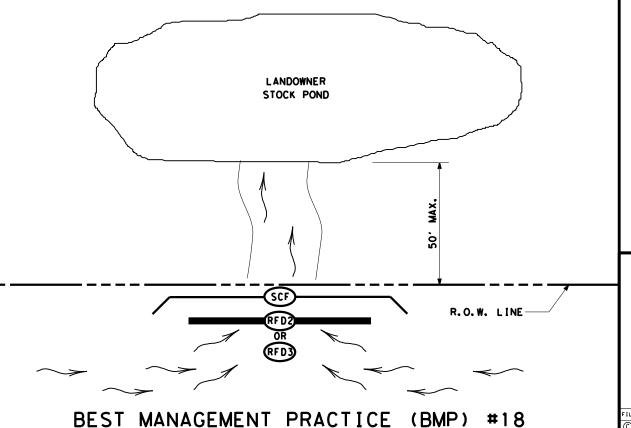




- ① PUMPED STROM WATER FROM AN EXCAVATION AREA SHOULD BE DISCHARGED IN A 50' VEGETATIVE BARRIER OR THROUGH TWO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS BEFORE ENTERING A 404 STREAM.
- ② FOR LANDOWNER STOCKPONDS WITHIN 50 OF THE RIGHT OF WAY LINE, PROVIDE REDUNDANT SEDIMENT CONTROLS AT THE CONVEYANCE OF THE POND. MINIMUM OF TWO SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- (3) WHEN CONTAINMENT AREA REACHES 1'
  FREEBOARD, DISCONTINUE WASHOUT
  PLACEMENT AND REMOVE MATERIAL
  UPON SOLIDIFICATION.
- EACH TIME SOLIDIFIED MATERIAL IS REMOVED REPLACE PLASTIC SHEETING.



HORIZONTAL INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL



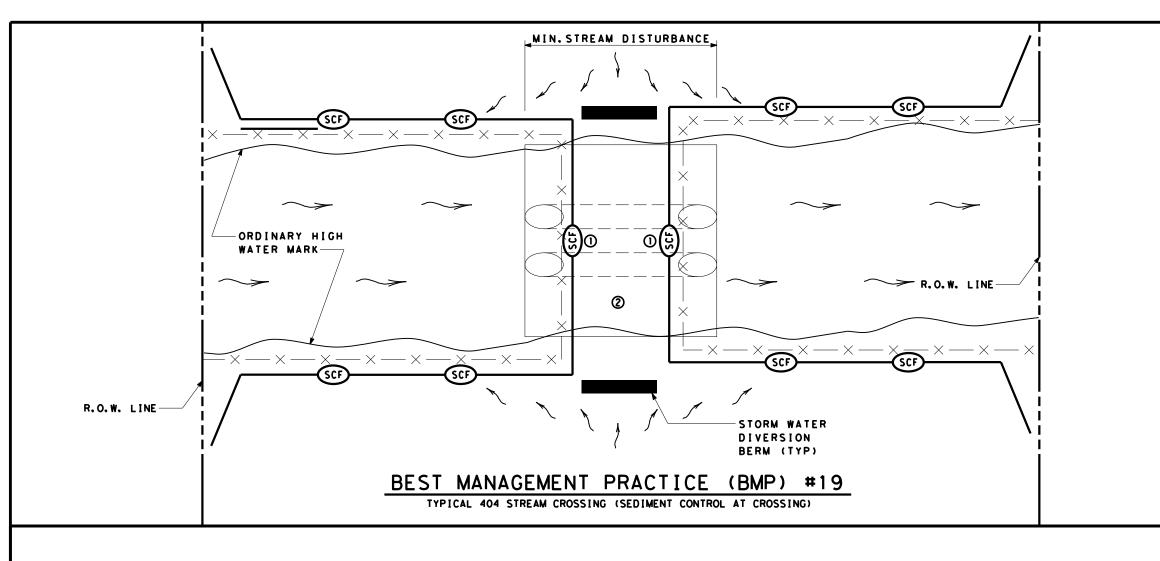
LANDOWNER STOCKPOND SEDIMENT CONTROL (2)

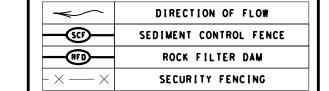
SCALE = NTS SHEET 9 OF 10

# Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Standard

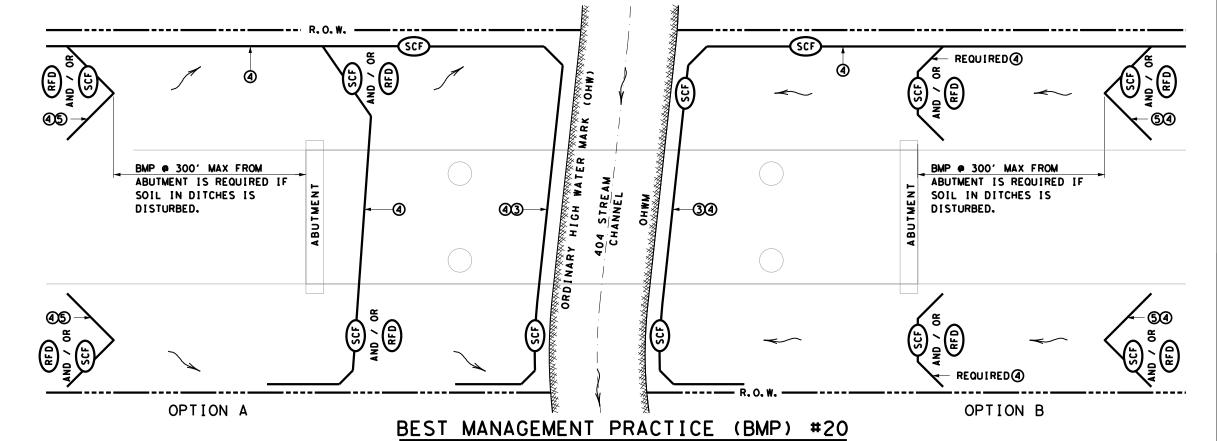
# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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- THAY BALES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SILT FENCE OVER THE STREAM CROSSING.
- ② CROSSING WILL BE AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE WATERS OF THE US GENERAL NOTES.
- (3) INSTALL SILT FENCE SLIGHTLY UP FROM OHW MARK FROM R.O.W. TO R.O.W.
- USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON LEVEL OR DOWN SLOPING ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT
- (S) INSTALL LARGE V OR U SHAPED BMP'S FROM ABUTMENT AS SHOWN. IF THERE IS STEEP DITCH CONDITIONS DECREASE SPACING AND CONSIDER RFD'S. ADD ADDITIONAL BMP'S IF GRADE IS STEEP OR IF FLOW IS HIGH.



FOR 404 STREAMS ~ BMP'S AT BRIDGES

SCALE = NTS SHEET 10 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

FILE: BMPLAYOUTS.dgn	DN: TX[	T00	ck:TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
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	WACO		BELL			74