### STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

6		STP 2021 (348)					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXA	S	YKM	FAYETTE				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGH	AY NO.		
026	7	03	030	FM	609		

SEE SHEET 2 FOR "INDEX OF SHEETS"

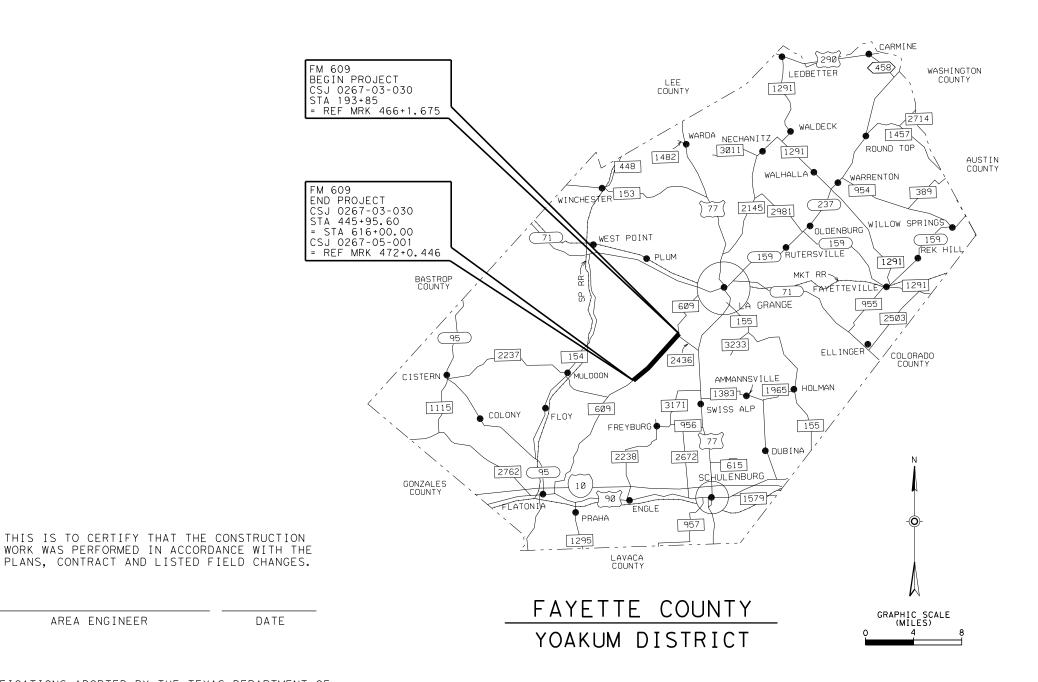
CONTRACTOR:	
DATE OF LETTING:	
DATE WORK BEGAN:	
DATE WORK COMPLETED:	
DATE WORK ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST:	\$

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

### PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF RESTORATION OF EXISTING ROADWAY CONSISTING OF PAVEMENT REPAIR AND RESURFACING

> PROJECT NO.: STP 2021 (348) FM 609 - FAYETTE COUNTY



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, REV. MAY 2012).

AREA ENGINEER

EQUATIONS: STA 199+98.45 = STA 200+00.00 = -1.55 EXCEPTIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

### CSJ: 0267-03-030 (FM 609)

LIMITS: FROM 0.18 MI N OF FM 2436 TO 2.2 MI N OF FM 2237

HWY FUNCTION CLASS: RURAL MAJOR COLLECTOR DESIGN SPEED: N/A ADT: 3,724 VPD (2018) 5,214 VPD (2038)

ROADWAY LENGTH = 25,209.05 FT = 4.774 MI BRIDGE LENGTH = 0.00 FT = 0.000 MI TOTAL LENGTH = 25,209.05 FT = 4.774 MI



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

11/11/2020

amanda anderle Fling, P.E.

DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING

12-3-2020

Paul E. Retiz, P.E.

Digitally signed by Paul E. Retiz, P.E. DN: cn=Paul E. Retiz, P.E., o, ou, c=US Date: 2020.12.03 14:39:33 -06'00'

DISTRICT ENGINEER



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EC(1)-16 EC(2)-16

RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



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SHEET 1 OF 1

SHEET 1 OF 1

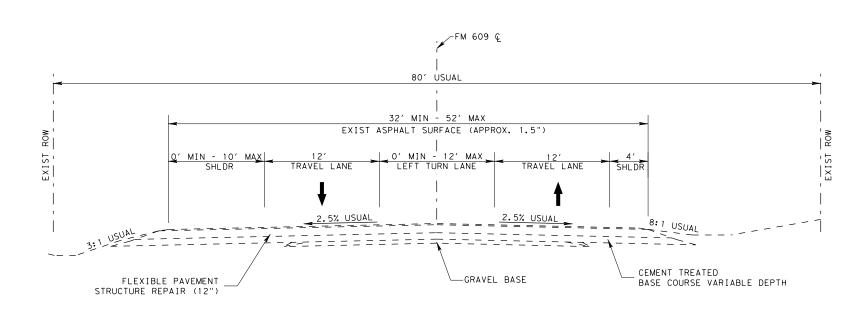
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6					
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0267	03	030	FM 609		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	2		

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY

### EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA 193+85.00 TO 199+98.45 ①

(1) EQUATION: STA 199+98.45 = STA 200+00.00



### EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA 200+00.00 TO 208+00.00 ①

(1) EQUATION: STA 199+98.45 = STA 200+00.00



### TYPICAL SECTIONS

NOT TO SCALE



SHEET 1 OF 3

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DIV.NO.

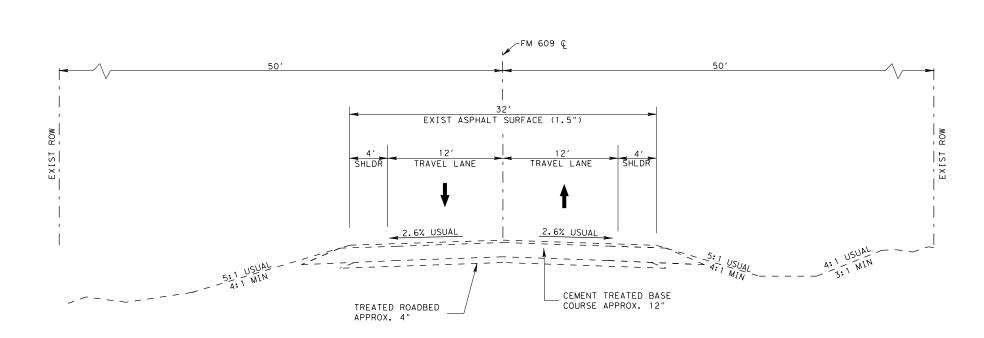
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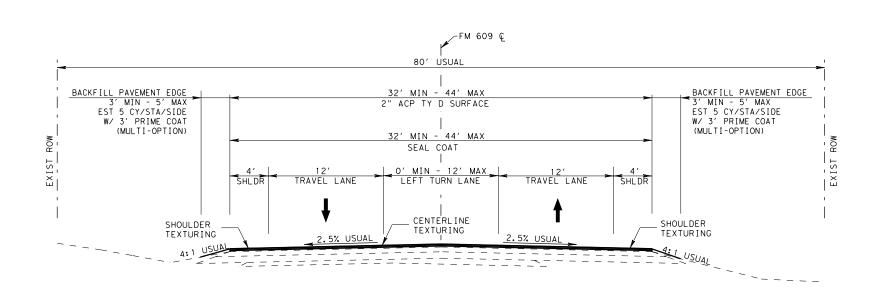
0267 03 030 FM 609

STATE DIST. COUNTY SHEET
NO.

TEXAS YKM FAYETTE 3



### EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION STA 208+00.00 TO 445+95.60





### PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION STA 193+85.00 TO 199+98.45 ①

(1) EQUATION: STA 199+98.45 = STA 200+00.00

### TYPICAL SECTIONS

NOT TO SCALE



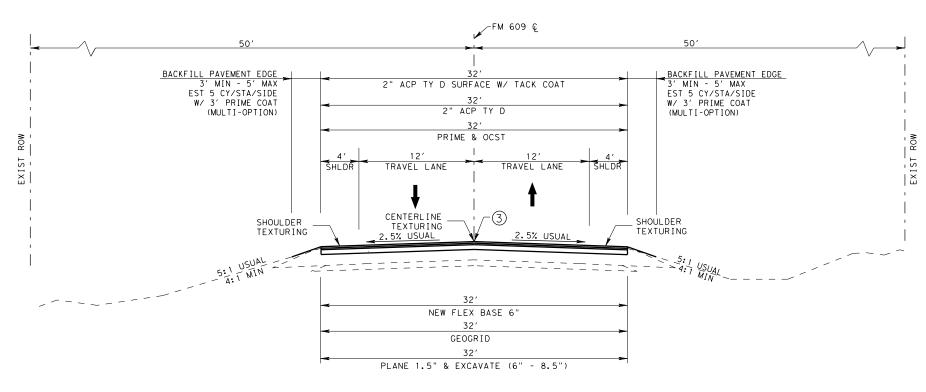
SHEET 2 OF 3

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TFXAS	YKM	FAYFTTF	4			

### PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA 200+00.00 TO 208+00.00 ①

- (1) EQUATION: STA 199+98.45 = STA 200+00.00
- ② NO SHOULDER TEXTURING IN 10' SHOULDER AREA. SEE "BASIS OF ESTIMATE" FOR MORE INFORMATION.



### PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA 208+00.00 TO 445+95.60

③ NOTE: SEE "BASIS OF ESTIMATE" FOR LOCATIONS WHERE PROPOSED PROFILE TO MATCH EXISTING PROFILE.



### TYPICAL SECTIONS

NOT TO SCALE



SHEET 3 OF 3

FED DIV	. RD. . NO.	PROJECT NO.			
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CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0267	03	030	FM 609		
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TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	5		

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### **GENERAL:**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Rodney Svec Rodney.Svec@txdot.gov
Covey Morrow IV Covey.Morrow@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that several companies have existing underground gas/oil facilities located within or near the project limits. These companies include DCP Midstream and Energy Transfer. Excavation and/or construction is prohibited without prior notification to these companies.

Superelevate all curves to match the existing superelevation.

Remove and dispose of existing raised pavement markers as directed. All work involved in the removal and disposal of these markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.

Install guard fence and/or railing on one side of the roadway at each location at one time through completion before work is begun on the other side of the roadway, unless directed otherwise.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Leave all traffic lanes open to traffic at night, weekends and holidays unless otherwise approved.

In the event of adverse conditions whereby the roadway will not allow for the safe and efficient passage of two-way traffic, provide for one way traffic as shown on the traffic control plan for one lane roadway. This traffic control plan will remain in effect 24 hours a day until the roadway is considered safe and suitable for two-way traffic. Provide lights to illuminate flaggers and work area during night time operations. Class 3 garments shall be required for all workers and flaggers during nighttime work.

Project Number: Sheet: 6

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

Furnish a certified copy of the legal gross weight of each vehicle hauling materials by weight and certified measurements for all trucks hauling material by volume.

Leave all intersecting roadways, side streets and entrances open at night unless otherwise directed. Should the contractor desire to close a side street or entrance overnight, approval will be required 48 hours in advance and the contractor will be required to coordinate the closure satisfactorily with any affected business or resident.

Place the sodding/seeding after completion of flex base and prior to beginning next phase unless otherwise directed.

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet  
Over  $1500 = 30$  feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

### ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Department has determined that a USACE Nationwide or Individual Permit is not necessary for the project since all work shall be conducted outside the USACE jurisdictional areas. Any impacts to these jurisdictional areas by the Contractor without a USACE permit will be the responsibility of the Contractor. If the Contractor deems it necessary to impact the USACE jurisdictional areas, then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for a Nationwide or Individual Permit. TXDOT will then hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

### **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

### ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT-OF-WAY

Dispose of trees from the right-of-way within 24 hours of removal.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### **ITEM 110: EXCAVATION**

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Item "Excavation" for cut sections. All topsoil excavation and the work involved in replacing the topsoil will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items for fill sections.

### ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Grading quantities required to construct side road intersections and entrances will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

### ITEM 134: BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES

Use Type B backfill material consisting of reclaimed asphalt pavement salvaged from planing operations within the project limits.

Use a roadwidener or other equipment as approved to place backfill material in accordance with the proposed typical sections.

Place proposed pavement backfill on the same day that the ACP is placed. Areas to be backfilled that cannot be completed on the same day that ACP is placed for reasons beyond the contractor's control, shall require the TCP (2-1) standard. ACP operations cannot continue until the backfilling is completed.

### ITEMS 134 & 310: BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES & PRIME COAT

Place the prime coat within fourteen (14) calendar days after placement of pavement backfill material or as approved.

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County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

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### **ITEM 150: BLADING**

Sprinkling and rolling which may be required during the operation of Item 150 will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Item "Blading" for cut sections.

### **ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE**

Unless otherwise approved, the delivered material's moisture content at most will be two percent above optimum moisture content, determined by TEX-113-E.

Limit the depth of any course to 6 inches unless otherwise approved. Compact each course to the required density before subsequent courses are placed.

For Type E material, furnish crushed limestone produced and graded from oversize quarried aggregate that originates from a single, naturally occurring source. Do not use caliche, iron ore, gravel, or multiple sources.

Uniformly spread and blanket roll all flex base hauled with a pneumatic roller before the end of the day.

All manipulation of roadway delivered material prior to cement or lime treatment, including spreading, rolling and maintaining an acceptable riding surface, will be subsidiary to this item.

Compact the Type E flex base to at least 98.0% of the maximum density determined by TEX-113-E.

# ITEMS 247 & 530: FLEXIBLE BASE & INTERSECTIONS, DRIVEWAYS AND TURNOUTS

Density requirements for base in side road entrances and intersections may be waived provided the material is satisfactorily sprinkled and compacted.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type E aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

### **ITEM 310: PRIME COAT**

Asphalt binders allowed for PRIME COAT (MULTI OPTION) are tack coat binders (CSS-1H, SS-1H, or a PG binder with a minimum high-temperature grade of PG 58) and may be equivalent to the tack coat applied for hot-mix placement operations.

### **ITEM 316: SEAL COAT**

Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

Cure the RC-250 a minimum of seven (7) days prior to placement of the one course surface treatment. Place one course surface treatment no later than fourteen (14) days after placement of the RC-250, unless otherwise directed.

Use two paper widths covering a minimum of five feet at the beginning of each shot to construct a straight transverse joint and to prevent overlapping of the asphalt.

### ITEM 320: EOUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Provide a material transfer device capable of transferring mix from the haul trucks to the paver. Monitor its loading such that no damage is done to the existing pavement structures if a material transfer vehicle is used.

Securely attach a waterproof tarpaulin to the top of all trucks hauling ACP, to prevent air flow across the mix, for the duration of all ACP operations.

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County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

# ITEMS 134, 354, & 3076: BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES, PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT & DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

RAP material generated on this project, in excess of the material needed in Item 134, Backfilling Pavement Edges, shall be stockpiled at the locations shown below. This excess material is available for the Contractor's use in the Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt to be produced for this project. RAP delivered to the plant and not used, shall be returned to the stockpile locations shown below:

FM 154 @ SH 71 and SH 71, 1 Mi East of La Grange at UPRR Overpass

### ITEM 340: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT (SMALL QUANTITY)

Tie HMACP tapers to a vertical transition joint created by the milling operation at the beginning and ending transitions and at all exceptions, or as directed. Provide a temporary HMACP taper at vertical joints until overlay operations begin. Milling and HMACP work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Mixture designs, without additives, failing to meet the requirements of Table 6 will require the addition of a minimum 1.0% of Type A hydrated lime based on dry weight of the total aggregate.

Do not add additional quantity of RAP to stockpiles tested and approved. If additional RAP is added to a stockpile, a new design and trial batch will be required prior to placement on the roadway.

The extracted aggregate from contractor-owned RAP shall have a minimum of 85% two crushed faces when tested in accordance with TEX-460-A, Part I.

RAP material generated on this project is available for the Contractor's use in the Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt to be produced for this project. RAP delivered to the plant and not used, shall be returned to the stockpile locations shown in the plans.

### ITEM 351: FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR

The Engineer will select the locations. The repairs will consist of the removal of existing subgrade, base and surfacing and replacement with asphaltic concrete pavement conforming to Item 340, Dense Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt (Small Quantity), Type B, PG 64-22. All work and materials required to bring the repaired pavement section to its desired depth will be considered subsidiary to the item "Flexible Pavement Structure Repair".

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

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### ITEM 354: PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT

Use caution when planing adjacent to existing manhole, water valves, water meters, etc. Remove pavement that is not removed by the planing machine by other methods as approved. Damage due to the removal method will be repaired by the contractor at his entire expense using an approved method.

### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Use the following sequence for each work section unless otherwise approved:

- 1. Mill 1.5" of existing pavement.
- 2. Excavate 6" or 8.5" of existing pavement as shown on the typical sections and place Geogrid and proposed flex base full width by the end of the day.
- 3. Place prime coat, one course surface treatment, and seeding.
- 4. Place work zone pavement markings.

Complete steps 1-4 within one work section prior to advancing to the next section, unless otherwise approved. Work section station limits are defined as follows:

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Section 1: STA 208+00.00 TO STA 267+50.00 (1.13 Mi.) Section 2: STA 267+50.00 TO STA 327+00.00 (1.13 Mi.) Section 3: STA 327+00.00 TO STA 386+50.00 (1.13 Mi.) Section 4: STA 386+50.00 TO STA 445+95.60 (1.13 Mi.)
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After completing either Section 1-2 or 3-4, place 2" of TY D ACP and work zone pavement markings prior to advancing to the next work section unless otherwise approved.

Place 2" final surface of ACP TY D & final pavement markings after the first 2" lift of Section 4 is completed through the one course surface treatment.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Use WZ(RS)-16 in conjunction with TCP(2-2).

Use TCP(2-2b) for one-lane, two-way traffic control.

Project Number: Sheet: 9

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

When using TCP(2-2b), a pilot car is required to lead traffic through the work space with or without channelizing devices on the center line unless otherwise approved.

When using TCP(2-2b), channelizing devices may be omitted during base, subgrade and seal coat operations unless otherwise directed. Flaggers will be required at public intersections when channelizing devices are omitted.

When using TCP(2-2b), arrow boards, displaying the caution mode, may be used to enhance the flagger stations. If used, place the arrow board in advance of the flagger station a distance of  $\frac{1}{2}X$ , the sign spacing distance shown on BC(2). Use arrow boards as shown on BC(7).

When using TCP(2-2b), the temporary 24" stop line and the CW16-2P plaques may be omitted.

When using TCP(2-2b), an additional "Road Work Ahead" and "Be Prepared To Stop" signs will be required on each end of the lane closure unless otherwise approved.

Provide trail and lead vehicles when using TCP(3-1) or TCP(3-3).

Utilize TCP(3-3) for sweeping operations or for installing and removing tabs or raised pavement markers.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

Leave 42" cones in place until the pavement edge has been backfilled and a white edge line has been striped after the one course surface treatment.

No additional payment will be made for relocating existing sign assemblies to temporary mounts.

Provide a 3:1 slope or flatter from the pavement edge with 42" cones in all work areas during non-working hours. If adequate width is not available to set the 42" cones, the 3:1 edge build up shall be widened to accommodate 42" cone placement. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Provide lights to illuminate the flaggers and work area during night time operations. Class 3 garments will be required for all workers and flaggers during night time work.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

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Signs warning of temporary conditions, such as "NO CENTER LINE," "LOOSE GRAVEL," etc., shall only be displayed when conditions are present. Remove or completely cover signs that do not apply to the roadway conditions. These signs may be installed prior to beginning work but shall remain completely covered until the signs are applicable.

In accordance with Article 502.4.2, no payment will be made for the month if the contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs in compliance with the contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

### ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY

Provide a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the engineer's exclusive use. Equip the structure with a 240 volt electrical entrance service. The service will consist of a minimum of four 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and at most two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220 volt ovens. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures will be support blocked for stability and will be tied down.

# ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 1. See SW3P plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.
- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.
- 6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

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County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

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### ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

No additional payment will be allowed for the low fill culvert post mounting option if required over a structure.

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

# ITEMS 540 & 544: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE AND GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed after normal working hours. Complete all work at each location during the normal working day.

Install guard fence and/or railing on one side of the roadway at each location at one time through completion before work is begun on the other side of the roadway, unless otherwise directed. No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed without the utilization of TCP (2-2b). Continuous work during nighttime operations including traffic control may be required to complete installation on one side. This work will not be paid for directly, but considered subsidiary to pertinent bid items.

### ITEM 585: RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Pay adjustments for ride quality on travel lanes shall be determined by Schedule 1.

### **ITEM 662: WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

Place non-removable work zone pavement markings on all milled areas by the end of each day unless otherwise approved. Traffic paint and beads or tape as approved will be allowed on milled areas for non-removable work zone pavement markings.

Remove the exposed portions of the temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs after raised pavement markers are installed. If the tabs are not in line with the markings, remove the tabs immediately after the centerline markings are installed.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### ITEM 666: REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Use a mobile retroreflectometer to measure retroreflectivity unless otherwise directed. A DVD video of the retroreflectometer data will not be required.

### ITEM 668: PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Pavement marking material may be placed on roadways at any time during the year, subject to temperature and moisture limitations specified.

### ITEM 3076: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Tie HMACP tapers to a vertical transition joint created by the milling operation at the beginning and ending transitions and at all exceptions, or as directed. Provide a temporary HMACP taper at vertical joints until overlay operations begin. Milling and HMACP work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Mixture designs, using the PG binder originally specified and without additives, failing to meet the requirements of Table 10 will require the addition of a minimum 1.0% of Type A hydrated lime based on dry weight of the total aggregate.

Use of RAS in the HMACP surface course is not permitted.

Do not add additional quantity of RAP to stockpiles tested and approved. If additional RAP is added to a stockpile, a new design and trial batch will be required prior to placement on the roadway.

The extracted aggregate from contractor-owned RAP shall have a minimum of 85% two crushed faces when tested in accordance with TEX-460-A, Part I.

Limit uneven pavement to two days production with the requirement that all longitudinal joints adjacent to a travelway are constructed with a joint maker providing a maximum one inch vertical edge (1/2" desirable) with an adjacent 6:1 taper.

### ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for the duration of the project. Locations and messages or other miscellaneous uses of PCMS, shall be as approved or directed by the Engineer.

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County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

# ITEM 6024: HIGH PERFORMANCE PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RETROREFLECTIVE REQUIREMENTS

Provide Type I pavement markings in accordance with SS 6024. The requirements of SS 6024 are supplemented with the following provision: Place Type I pavement markings with a ribbongun application. All other provisions of SS 6024 remain in effect.

# ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Shadow vehicle(s) with TMA are set up for stationary and/or mobile operations. The contractor will be responsible for determining if operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

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ITEN	I   DESCRIPTION	RATE	BASIS	TMAUQ	ITY	UNIT
100	PREPARE ROW (TREE) (GR. STA 232+75, STA 244+ STA 399+25, STA 399+	60, STA 255+50,		30(2 EA)	2	EA EA
			PROJECT '	TOTAL		
110	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)					
	STA 208+00.00 TO STA					
	STA 209+00.00 TO STA		32′			
	STA 319+00.00 TO STA		32′			
	STA 323+00.00 TO STA		32′			
	STA 329+50.00 TO STA		32′			
	STA 333+50.00 TO STA	445+95.60 X	32′	X 6"	6664	
			PROJECT :	TOTAL	14364	CY
134	BACKFILL (TY B)					
	STA 193+85.00 TO STA	199+98.45(EQ)			6.13	STA
(	EQ)STA 200+00.00 TO STA	445+95.60			245.96	
			PROJECT :	TOTAL	252.09	
150	BLADING	Ē	ST		25	HR
164	DRILL SEEDING (PERM)(R	IIRAT.) (SANDY)				
101	STA 193+85.00 TO STA		10'/SIDE	x 2 SIDES	0 28	AC
(	EQ)STA 200+00.00 TO STA			X 2 SIDES		
			PROJECT :	TOTAL	11.57	
164	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP)(W.	ARM)				
	11.57 AC X 25%	,			2.89	AC
164	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP)(C	OOL)				
	11.57 AC X 25%				2.89	AC
166	FERTILIZER (FOR CONTRA		· ·			
	SEEDING LIMITS	11.57 A	AC X 500 LI	BS/AC	2.89	TON

Project Number: Sheet: 12

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTI	ON	•		BASIS	•	NTITY   	UNIT
168	VEGETATIVE WAT SEEDING LIMI		13.58 M	IG/AC X	: 11.57 <i>A</i>	AC X 6 MO	942.72	MG
247	FL BS (CMP IN STA 208+00.0 STA 209+00.0	0 TO STA	209+00.0	0 X	(36′+32			CY
					PROJECT	TOTAL	14105	CY
310	PRIME COAT (MU (FOR CONTRAC 25209.05' X	TOR'S IN	FROMATION	ONLY)		EDGES)	4202	GAL
316	ASPH(RC-250) ( STA 208+00.0 100.00' X STA 209+00.0 23,695.60	0 TO STA (36'+32' 0 TO STA	209+00.0 )/2/9 X 0 445+95.6	.20 GA			76 16850	GAL GAL
					PROJECI	TOTAL	16926	GAL
316	AGGR(TY E GR 5 STA 208+00.0 100.00' X ( STA 209+00.0 23,695.60'	0 TO STA 36'+32'), 0 TO STA	209+00.0 /2/9 X 1 445+95.6	0 CY/140				CY
					PROJECI	TOTAL	605	CY
316	AGGR(TY-PE, GR STA 208+00.0 100.00' X (	0 TO STA	209+00.0		SY		4	CY
	STA 209+00.0 23,695.60'	0 TO STA	445+95.6	0				CY
								<del>-</del>

PROJECT TOTAL

995 CY

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### BASIS OF ESTIMATE

	DESCRIPTION	•			•		JNIT 
316	AGGR(TY-PE, GR-4 SAC-B)	) (SEAL COAT	·)				
	STA 193+85.00 TO STA						
	210.00' X (32'+44')			SY		7	CY
	STA 195+95.00 TO STA 403.45' X 44'/9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CV		15	CV
( F:	Q)STA 200+00.00 TO STA		./130	51		13	CI
( 1	300.00' X 44'/9		7/130	SY		11	CY
	STA 203+00.00 TO STA		,				_
	100.00' X (44'+52')	)/2/9 X 1 CY	7/130	SY		4	CY
	STA 204+00.00 TO STA						
	300.00' X (52'+36')		7/130	SY		11	CY
	STA 207+00.00 TO STA		. /1 2 0	G		_	<b>~</b> 11
	100.00' X 36'/9 FM 2436 INTERSECTION	X I C)	7 130	SY		3	
	COUNTY ROADS				30 SY		
	COONTI ROADS	700 51	. 1101	A 1 C1/13	00 51		
			P	ROJECT TO	TAL	68	CY
	STA 208+00.00 TO STA 100.00' X (36'+32') STA 209+00.00 TO STA 23,695.60 X 32'/9	)/2/9 X 0.40 445+95.60					GAL GAL
			PR	OJECT TO	 PAL 338	351	GAL
316	ASPH(AC-15P OR AC-10-2	FR OR CRS-2E	) (SE	AL COAT)			
	STA 193+85.00 TO STA			•			
	210.00' X (32'+44')			SY	3	301	GAL
	STA 195+95.00 TO STA				_		
	403.45′ X 44′/9		GAL/	SY	6	71	GAL
( E	Q)STA 200+00.00 TO STA 300.00' X 44'/9		- CAT /	CV	/	١٥٥	GAL
	STA 203+00.00 TO STA		GAL/	21	4	199	GAL
	100.00' X (44'+52')		GAL/	SY	1	.81	GAL
	STA 204+00.00 TO STA		,				
	300.00' X (52'+36')	)/2/9 X 0.34	GAL/	SY	4	199	GAL
	STA 207+00.00 TO STA						
	100.00' X 36'/9	x 0.34	GAL/	SY	1		GAL
	FM 2436 INTERSECTION	1430 SY	EST	X 0.34 GA	AL/SY 4		GAL
	COUNTY ROADS	780 S	EST'	X 0.34 GA		265 	GAL
			PR	OJECT TO			GAI

Project Number: Sheet: 13

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RATE	BASIS   QU	ANTITY   1	UNI'
351 E	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCT	JRE REPAIR (8	3")		
			EST	100	SY
354 I	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5	-			
	STA 208+00.00 TO STA 20 STA 209+00.00 TO STA 44			378 84251	
			PROJECT TOTAL	84629	
	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)				
.55 F	STA 193+85.00 TO STA 19	99+98.45(EQ)	X 2 SIDES	1228	LF
(EÇ	2)STA 200+00.00 TO STA 20			450	LF
	STA 202+25.00 TO STA 20			355	
	STA 205+80.00 TO STA 4	15+95.60	X 2 SIDES	48032	
			PROJECT TOTAL		
533 F	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLIN	至)			
( EÇ	STA 193+85.00 TO STA 3	· -		614 24596	LF
			PROJECT TOTAL	25210	
562 V	VK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV(V	N)(4")(SLD)			
	AFTER PLANING		X 2 SIDES	47592	
	AFTER PRIME		X 2 SIDES	47592	
	AFTER OCST		X 2 SIDES	47592	
	AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP AFTER SEAL COAT		X 2 SIDES X 2 SIDES	47592 2826	
	AFTER ACP FINAL		X 2 SIDES	50418	
			PROJECT TOTAL	243612	LF
562 ₹	VK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV TURNLANES	(W)8"(SLD)			
	AFTER SEAL COAT		EST	770	LF
	AFTER ACP FINAL		EST	770	
			PROJECT TOTAL	1540	

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### BASIS OF ESTIMATE

	DESCRIPTION		RATI	<b>Ξ</b> 	ва	ASIS	( 	QUA	rna 	TITY	TINU
662	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-RE	YOV(	Y)(4")	(BRK	)						
	AFTER PLANING										
	SINGLE NO PASS	10	LF/40	LF	12480	LF				3120	LF
	PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	3657	LF				914	$_{ m LF}$
	AFTER PRIME COAT										
	SINGLE NO PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	12480	LF				3120	$_{ m LF}$
	PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	3657	LF				914	$_{ m LF}$
	AFTER OCST										
	SINGLE NO PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	12480	LF				3120	$_{ m LF}$
	PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	3657	LF				914	$_{ m LF}$
	AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP										
	SINGLE NO PASS									3120	$_{ m LF}$
	PASS	10	LF/40	$_{ m LF}$	3657	LF				914	$_{ m LF}$
	AFTER ACP FINAL										
	SINGLE NO PASS									3120	
	PASS	10	LF/40	LF	3657	LF				914	
					PRO	JECT TO	TAL				
662	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-RE	YOM:	Y)(4")	(SLD)	)						
	DOUBLE NO PASS					7600	T 17	v	2	15200	т то
	SINGLE NO PASS					7000	111			T2700	
										12480	
	AFTER PRIME					12480	LF			12480	LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS					12480 7600	LF LF	Х	2	12480 15200	LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS					12480	LF LF	Х	2	12480 15200	LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST					12480 7600 12480	LF LF LF	X	2	12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST DOUBLE NO PASS					12480 7600 12480 7600	LF LF LF	X	2	12480 15200 12480 15200	LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS					12480 7600 12480 7600	LF LF LF	X	2	12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP					7600 12480 7600 12480	LF LF LF LF	X	2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP DOUBLE NO PASS					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600	LF LF LF LF	x x	2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600	LF LF LF LF	x x	2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER OCST  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER SEAL COAT					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600 12480	LF LF LF LF LF	x x	2 2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER OCST  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER SEAL COAT  DOUBLE NO PASS					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600 12480	LF LF LF LF LF	x x	2 2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME  DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER OCST  DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS AFTER SEAL COAT DOUBLE NO PASS AFTER ACP FINAL					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600 12480 2000	LF LF LF LF LF	х х х	2 2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480 15200 12480 4000	LF LF LF LF LF
	AFTER PRIME  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER OCST  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP  DOUBLE NO PASS  SINGLE NO PASS  AFTER SEAL COAT  DOUBLE NO PASS					7600 12480 7600 12480 7600 12480 2000	LF LF LF LF LF LF	х х х х	2 2 2	12480 15200 12480 15200 12480 15200 12480	LF LF LF LF LF LF

Project Number: Sheet: 14

County: FAYETTE Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION		RATI	C 	Bi	ASIS	TITMAUQ	7   Y 	TINU
662	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TER	M (1	TAB) TY	Y-2					
	AFTER PLANING								
	DOUBLE NO PASS							760	
	SINGLE NO PASS							624	
	PASS	3	EA/40	$_{ m LF}$	3657	$_{ m LF}$		274	EΑ
	AFTER PRIME								
					7600			760	
	SINGLE NO PASS							624	
	PASS	3	EA/20	$_{ m LF}$	3657	$_{ m LF}$		274	EΑ
	AFTER OCST								
	DOUBLE NO PASS	2	EA/20	$_{ m LF}$	7600	$_{ m LF}$		760	
	SINGLE NO PASS							624	
	PASS	3	EA/40	LF	3657	LF		274	EΑ
	AFTER ACP LEVEL-UP	_	/ 0.0		<b>5</b> 600			<b>5</b> .00	
	DOUBLE NO PASS SINGLE NO PASS	2	EA/20	LF.	7600	LF.		760	
			EA/20	LF.	12480	LF.		624	
	PASS	3	EA/40	LF.	3657	LF.		274	ΕA
	AFTER SEAL COAT	_	T7 /00		0000			000	
	DOUBLE NO PASS	2	EA/20	LF.	2000	LP.		200	ΕA
	AFTER ACP FINAL	2	T7 /00		0600			0.00	П Л
	DOUBLE NO PASS				9600			960	
					12480 3657			624	
	PASS	3	EA/40	LF.	365/	LF.		274 	
					PRO	JECT 1		8690	
666	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) TURNLANES	8 <b>"</b> ( £	SLD)(09	OMIL	) ES	Г		770	LF
666	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) TURNLANES	8 <b>"</b> (I	OOT)(09	OMIL	) ES	Г		770	LF
666	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) GORES	12"(	(SLD)(0	90 <b>M</b> I	L) EST	Г		420	LF
668	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (	W)(2	24")(SI	JD)					
	@ FM 2436	1	EA X 2	20 LF				20	LF

**County: FAYETTE** Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

### BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RA'	ΓΕ 	 	BASIS	 	QUANT	ITY   1	UNIT
672	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-	A							
	DOUBLE NO PASS							240	EΑ
	SINGLE NO PASS							312	EΑ
	PASS	1	EA/80	LF		3657	LF	46	
				P	ROJECT	TOTA	С	598	
752	TREE TRIMMING	0.0	0.5.5		050				
	STA 228+15, STA 231+0 STA 266+00, STA 340+0								EA EA
				P	ROJECT	TOTA	С		EA
3076	D-GR HMA TY D SAC-B PG' STA 193+85.00 TO STA	_	.00						
	210.00' X (32'+44') STA 195+95.00 TO STA		45/EO	١	:	X 220:	#/SY	98	TON
ज <b>)</b>	403.45' X 44'/9 CO)STA 200+00.00 TO STA		. ~	,	:	X 220:	#/SY	217	TON
(	300.00' X 44'/9 STA 203+00.00 TO STA				:	X 220:	#/SY	161	TON
	100.00' X (44'+52') STA 204+00.00 TO STA	/2/9			:	X 220:	#/SY	59	TON
	300.00' X (52'+36') STA 207+00.00 TO STA		.00		:	X 220:	#/SY	161	TON
	100.00' X 36'/9 STA 208+00.00 TO STA	209+00	.00		:	X 220:	#/SY	44	TON
	100.00' X (36'+32') STA 209+00.00 TO STA		.60		:	X 440:	#/SY	83	TON
	23,695.60′ X 32′/9							18535	
	FM 2436 INTERSECTION				Y EST				
	COUNTY ROADS				Y EST				
	DRIVEWAY TAPERS		236	50 S	Y EST	X 110:	#/SY	130	
				P	ROJECT	TOTA	<b>L</b>	19688	TON

**Project Number:** Sheet: 15

**County: FAYETTE** Control: 0267-03-030

Highway: FM 609

ITEM	DESCRIPTION		RATE	 	BASIS	QUANTI	TY   1	UNIT
3076	TACK COAT  STA 208+00.00 T  100.00' X (36  STA 209+00.00 T	5′+32′)/2	2/9 X 0.10	) GAL/S	Y		38	GAI
	23,695.60 X 3 DRIVEWAY TAPERS	32′/9	X 0.10				8425 236	_
				PRO	JECT TOTA	L	8699	GAI
5001	GEOGRID BASE REIN STA 208+00.00 T STA 209+00.00 T	TO STA 20	9+00.00				378 84251	
				PR	OJECT TOT	AL	 84629	SY
	(LOCATIONS TO BE		AGE SIGN ENED BY TH	HE ENGI	NEER IN T EST	HE FIELD	•	EA
6024	(LOCATIONS TO BE	E DETERMI	NED BY TE	)MIL)			2	
	(LOCATIONS TO BE HPPM W/RET REQ TY EDGELINE	E DETERMI  ( I (W)4"  252	NED BY TH	<b>)MIL)</b> 2			•	
	(LOCATIONS TO BE	I (W)4" 252 I (Y)4"	(SLD)(100 209 LF X 2	)MIL) ? )MIL) 1248	EST O LF		2	<b>LF</b>
	(LOCATIONS TO BE HPPM W/RET REQ TY EDGELINE  HPPM W/RET REQ TY SINGLE NO PASS	I (W)4" 252 I (Y)4"	(SLD)(100 209 LF X 2 (BRK)(100 LF/40 LF	OMIL) OMIL) 1248 365	EST O LF		3120 914	LF LF
6024	(LOCATIONS TO BE HPPM W/RET REQ TY EDGELINE  HPPM W/RET REQ TY SINGLE NO PASS	I (W)4" 252 I (Y)4" 10 10 10 I (Y)4" 96	(SLD)(100 209 LF X 2 (BRK)(100 LF/40 LF LF/40 LF	OMIL) 2 OMIL) 1248 365 PR	EST 0 LF 7 LF	AL	3120 914  4034 19200 12480	LF LF LF
6024	(LOCATIONS TO BE HPPM W/RET REQ TY EDGELINE  HPPM W/RET REQ TY SINGLE NO PASS PASS  HPPM W/RET REQ TY DOUBLE NO PASS	I (W)4" 252 I (Y)4" 10 10 10 I (Y)4" 96	(SLD)(100 209 LF X 2 (BRK)(100 LF/40 LF LF/40 LF	OMIL) 2 OMIL) 1248 365 PR	EST 0 LF 7 LF	AL	3120 914  4034	LF LF LF
6024 6024	(LOCATIONS TO BE HPPM W/RET REQ TY EDGELINE  HPPM W/RET REQ TY SINGLE NO PASS PASS  HPPM W/RET REQ TY DOUBLE NO PASS	I (W)4" 252 I (Y)4" 10 10 10 I (Y)4" 96	(SLD)(100 209 LF X 2 (BRK)(100 LF/40 LF LF/40 LF	OMIL) 2 OMIL) 1248 365 PR	EST  O LF  7 LF  OJECT TOT	AL	3120 914  4034 19200 12480  31680	LF LF LF



# **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0267-03-030

**DISTRICT** Yoakum FM 609

**COUNTY** Fayette

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	0267-03	-030		
		PRO	JECT ID	A00124	.098		
			COUNTY	Fayet	te	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		н	GHWAY	FM 60			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6007	PREP ROW (TREE)(GREATER THAN 24" DIA)	EA	7.000		7.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	14,364.000		14,364.000	
	132-6021	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	26.000		26.000	
	134-6002	BACKFILL (TY B)	STA	252.090		252.090	
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	25.000		25.000	
	164-6034	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	AC	11.570		11.570	
	164-6042	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM)	AC	2.890		2.890	
	164-6044	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (COOL)	AC	2.890		2.890	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	942.720		942.720	
	247-6057	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYE GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	14,346.000		14,346.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	16,926.000		16,926.000	
	316-6202	AGGR(TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	CY	605.000		605.000	
	316-6246	AGGR(TY-PE GR-3 SAC-B)	CY	995.000		995.000	
	316-6249	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	CY	68.000		68.000	
	316-6400	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	GAL	36,889.000		36,889.000	
	351-6004	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(8")	SY	100.000		100.000	
	354-6041	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5")	SY	84,629.000		84,629.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	9.000		9.000	
	506-6001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	820.000		820.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	820.000		820.000	
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	50,065.000		50,065.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	25,210.000		25,210.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	1,858.000		1,858.000	
	540-6020	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	LF	67.000		67.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	1,825.000		1,825.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	53.000		53.000	
	662-6004	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	LF	243,612.000		243,612.000	
	662-6012	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	LF	1,540.000		1,540.000	
	662-6032	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(BRK)	LF	20,170.000		20,170.000	
	662-6034	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	146,400.000		146,400.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	8,690.000		8,690.000	
	666-6029	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(090MIL)	LF	770.000		770.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
Yoakum	Fayette	0267-03-030	16



# **QUANTITY SHEET**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0267-03-030

**DISTRICT** Yoakum FM 609

**COUNTY** Fayette

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0267-03	3-030		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00124	4098	_	
		CC	DUNTY	Faye	tte	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 6	09	1	IIIVAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	770.000		770.000	
	666-6140	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	420.000		420.000	
	668-6076	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	LF	20.000		20.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	598.000		598.000	
	752-6023	TREE TRIMMING	EA	8.000		8.000	
	3076-6042	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-B PG70-22	TON	19,688.000		19,688.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	8,699.000		8,699.000	
	5001-6001	GEOGRID BASE REINFORCEMENT (TY I)	SY	84,629.000		84,629.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6024-6006	HPPM W/RET REQ TY I(W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	50,418.000		50,418.000	
	6024-6015	HPPM W/RET REQ TY I(Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	4,034.000		4,034.000	
	6024-6018	HPPM W/RET REQ TY I(Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	31,680.000		31,680.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	10.000		10.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	50.000		50.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
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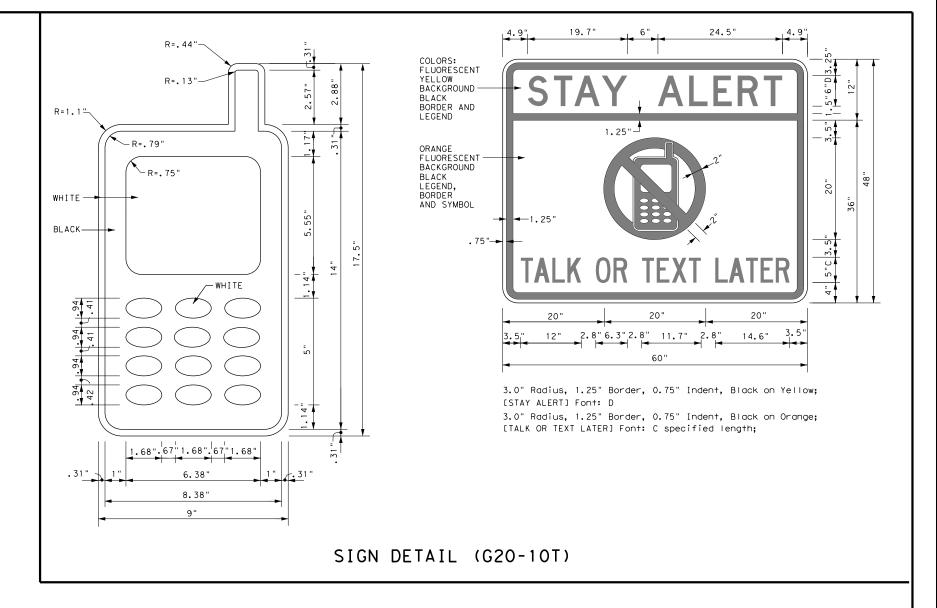
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### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)'

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



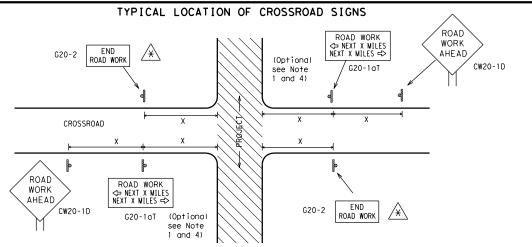
Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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TxDOT November 2002		CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
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May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

### T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES ROAD WORK G20-1bT NEXT X MILES ⇒ 1000'-1500' INTERSECTED 1 Block - City - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ WORK 80' G20-5aP WORK l imit G20-5aP ZONE TRAFFI TRAFFI G20-5 R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBL F R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{1,5,6}$

### SIZE

### Sign onventional Expressway. Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" × 48' 48" x 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" x 48' 36" x 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

### SPACING

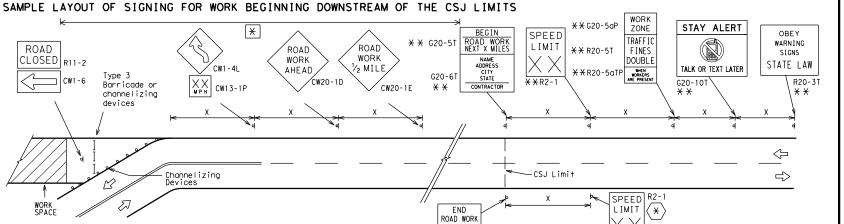
Posted Speed	Sign <sup>A</sup> Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 <sup>2</sup>	
60	600 <sup>2</sup>	
65	700 2	
70	800 <sup>2</sup>	
75	900 <sup>2</sup>	
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>	
*	* 3	

- st For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\Delta$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4.  $36" \times 36"$  "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP \* \* SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5TX X WORK FINES WARNING X X G20-5 R4-1 PASS appropriate AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS CW20-1D R20-5aTPX X MENTERS ARE PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P X X R2-ROAD \* \* G20-6WORK CW20-1D R20-3T \* \* WORK G20-10T \* \* AHEAD lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\triangleleft$ $\Diamond$ $\langle \neg$ $\triangleleft$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ <u>۰۰،%</u> $\leq$ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED END (\*) WORK ZONE G20-25T \* \* R2-1 LIMIT line should FND $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location NOTES G20-2 X X within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and



G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- ackslash Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
<b>—</b>	Type 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices							
-	Sign							
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12



Operation Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

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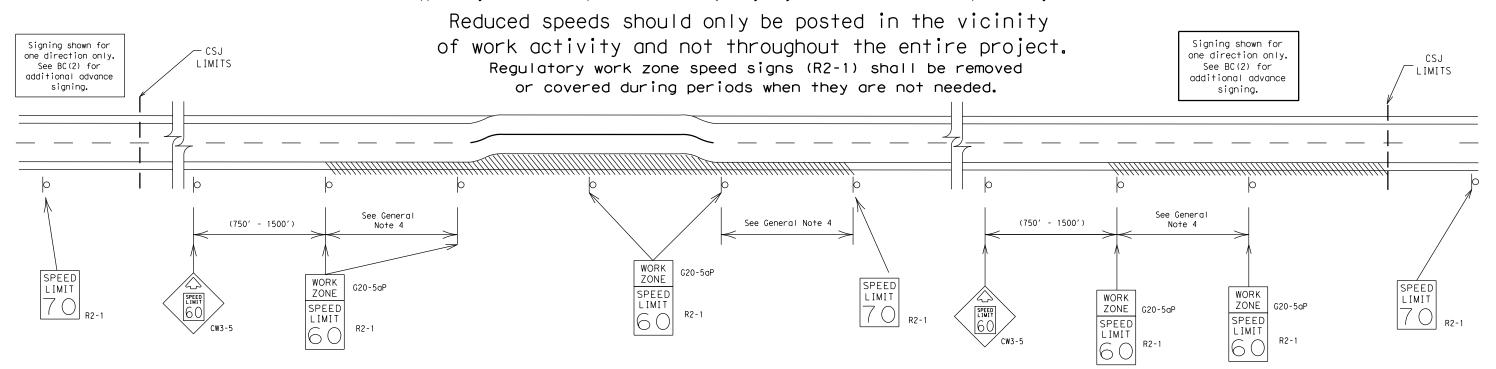
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### TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

### SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

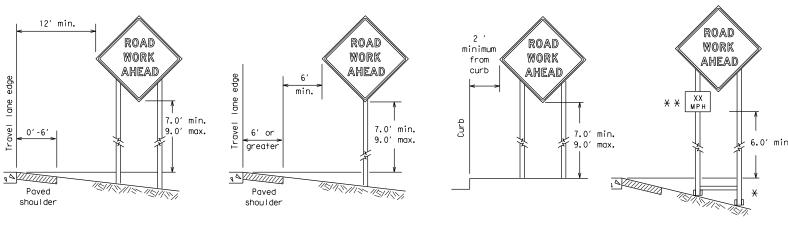
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

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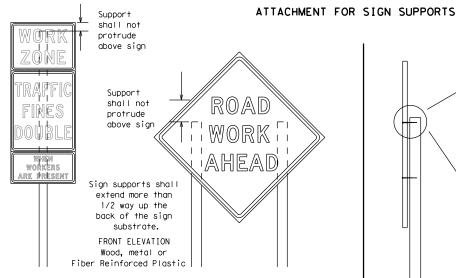
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### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

  Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



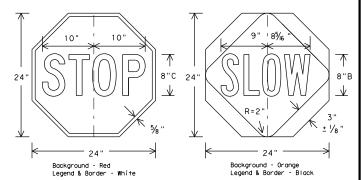
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of  $6^\prime$  to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



## CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
  attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
  show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
  of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
  Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
  quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- . If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor
  or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the
  Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary
  to Item 502.

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - . Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - I. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs as DMS 9310 for really us signs. The web address for DMS esseilibrations is above as DMS 9710 for really us signs.
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

  2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

### SIGN LETTERS

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of
first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
   Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
  3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. 1. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

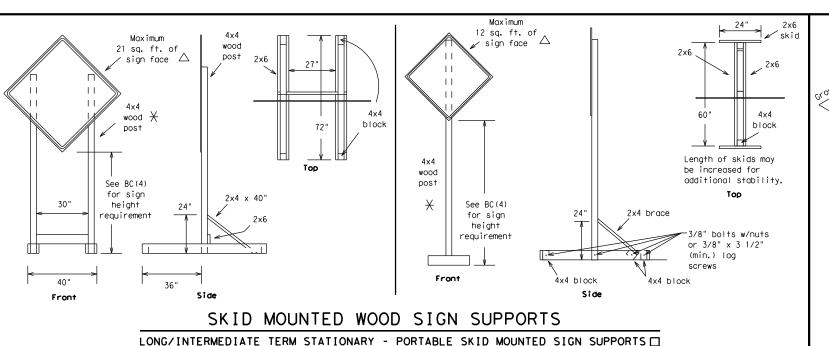
Operation: Division Standard

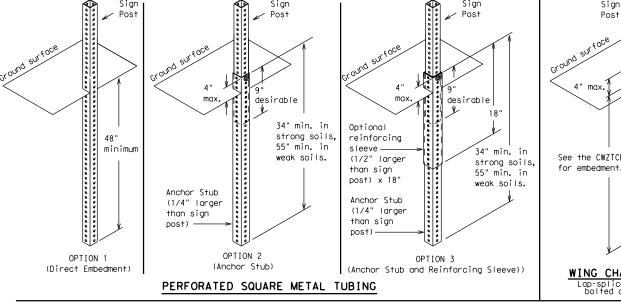
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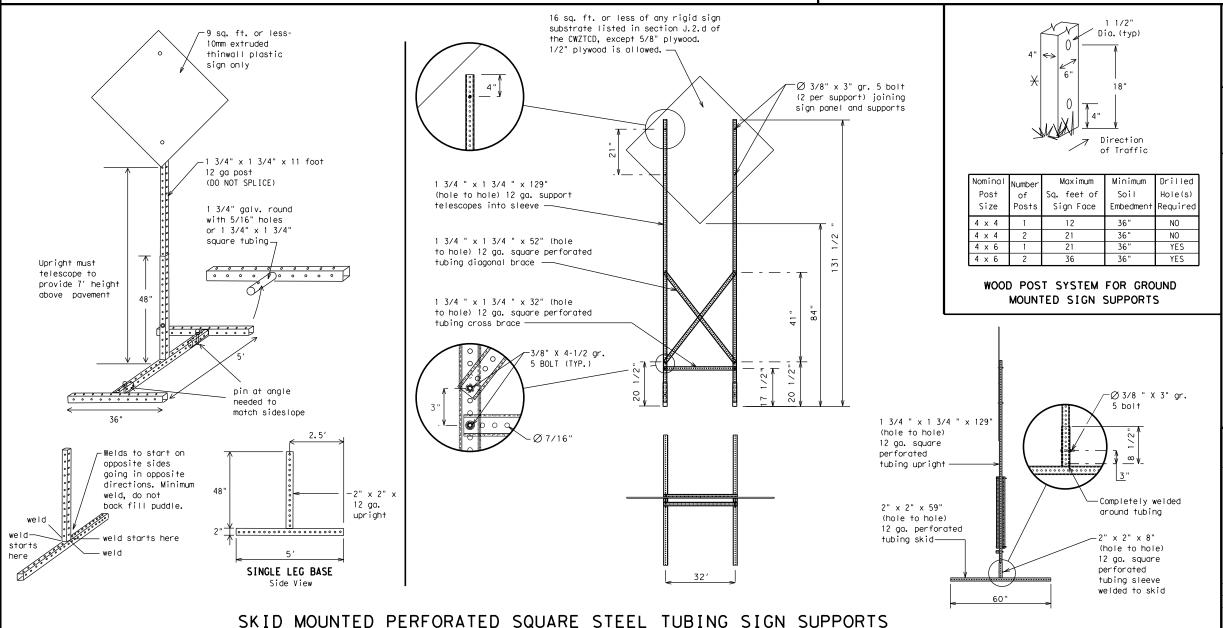




# See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL

### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - X Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

### BC(5) - 14

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
Intermetron It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
		Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction Left	JCT LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
		Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USF

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPFFD

XXX FT

USE

ROUTES

STAY

ĪΝ

OTHER

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

TΟ

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List									
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT						
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT						
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE						
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT						
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT						
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT						
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN						
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES						
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT						

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

'Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# IANE

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TΩ

XXXXXXX

IIS XXX

ΤO

FM XXXX

- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed. 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

same size arrow

XXXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

### 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the



\*\* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

ΜΔΥ XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TΩ

XX PM

NEXT

TUF

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX AM

XX PM-

Warnina

List

SPEED

ITMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

ADV I SOR'

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

LANF

EXIT

LISE

CAUTION

DRIVE

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

\* X See Application Guidelines Note 6.



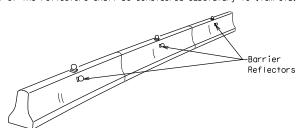
Traffic Operation Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

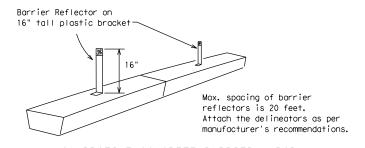
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FILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	CK: T	×DOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0267	03	030		F	FM 609	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
7-13		YKM FAYETTE			23			

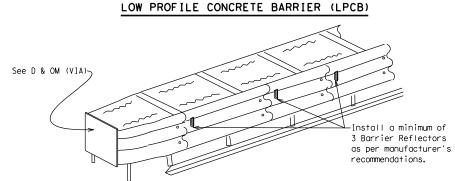
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





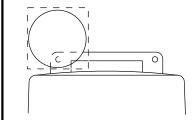
### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

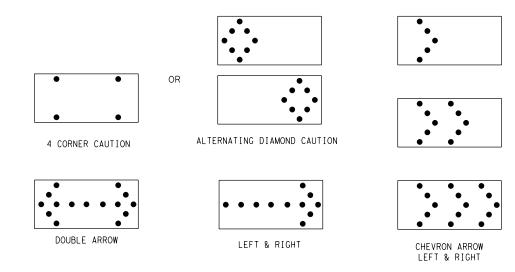
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

FILE:	bc-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	T	ck: T×DOT
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2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only

if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the

- cones in proper position and location. 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

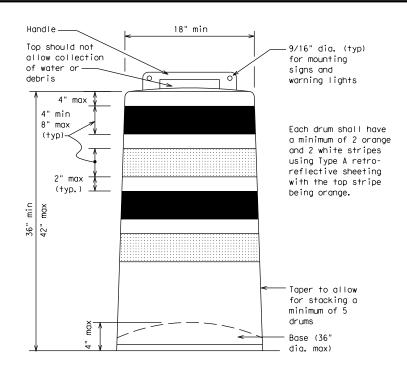
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs. 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

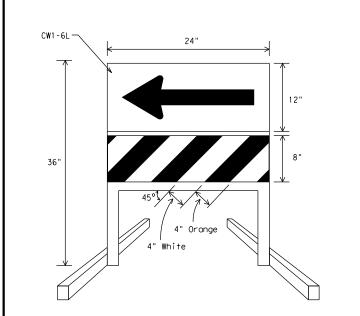
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

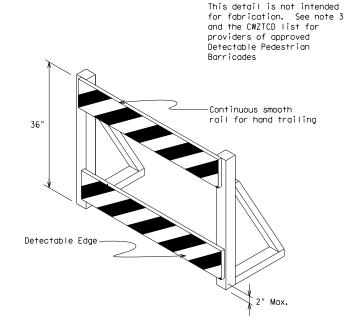
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- 1. The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type  $B_{FL}\,\text{or}$  Type  $C_{FL}\,\text{Orange}$  retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall b detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sian Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

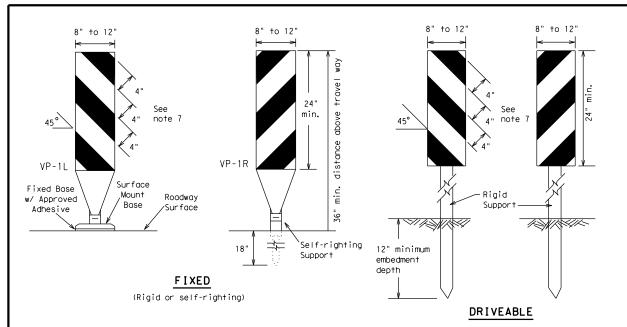


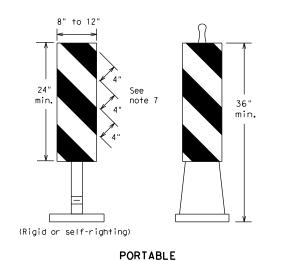
Traffic Operation: Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8) - 14

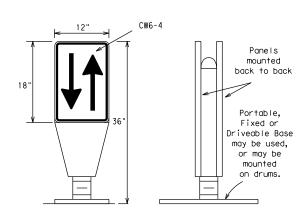
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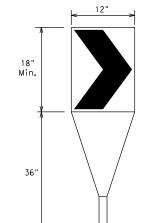
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\text{FL}}\,\text{or}$  Type  $C_{\text{FL}}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

### OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



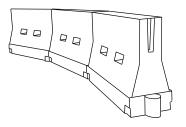
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirab er Lend **		Spacing of Channelizing Devices								
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent							
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′							
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{GO}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′							
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′							
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′							
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′							
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′							
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′							
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′							
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′							
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′							
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′							
	V T		00 000 000										

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Operations Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

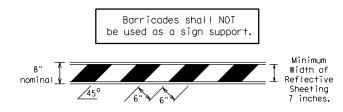
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9) - 14

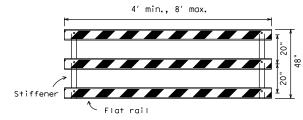
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### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOI be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

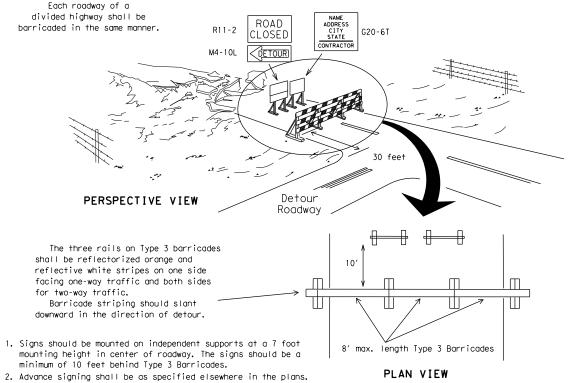


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



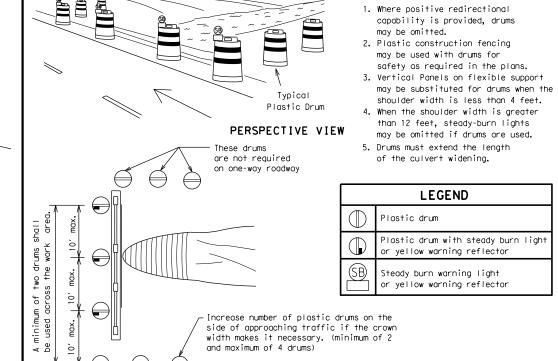
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



### TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

PLAN VIEW

Tubular Marker

CONES 4" min. orange 2" min. 4" min. white 2" min. =2" min. 4" min. orange [6" mi∩. \_2" min. 2" min. 3" min. 4" min. white \**1**4" min. 42' min. 28 3" min. min. 28'

Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. 501 at 50' maximum spacing 50' Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade barricade П STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane.  $\triangleleft$ 

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

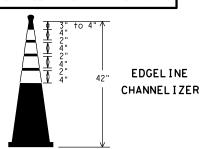
42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

 Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

One-Piece cones

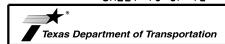
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

## THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

### SHEET 10 OF 12



Operations
Division
Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

### BC(10)-14

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### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

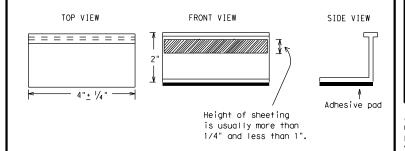
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Operation: Division Standard



Texas Department of Transportation

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC (11) -14

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E: bc-14.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	T ck: TxDO
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -98 9-07 -02 7-13	0267	03	030		F	M 609
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
02 8-14	YKM		FAYET	ГΕ		28

### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A -Type II-A-A 10 to 12" `Yellow Type II-A-Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A ○○□┩○○□,○○○□ο<u>♥</u>○○□○○○□○○○□ 0000000000 4 to 8" Type Y buttons Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons Type I-C or II-C-R 000 000 000 000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons Yellow White Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY $\Diamond$ \_\_\_\_ 000 White / Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 0000000 ₹> RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C-Туре Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

### Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 0 0 DOUBLE PAVEMENT □ NO-PASSING REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" NO-PASSING LINE Type I-C Type W buttons 60" WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING.) Type I-C or II-A-A \_ \_ RAISED CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES П П П П П RAISED PAVEMENT AUXILIARY Type I-C or II-C-R OR LANEDROP LINE RAISED PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised payement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

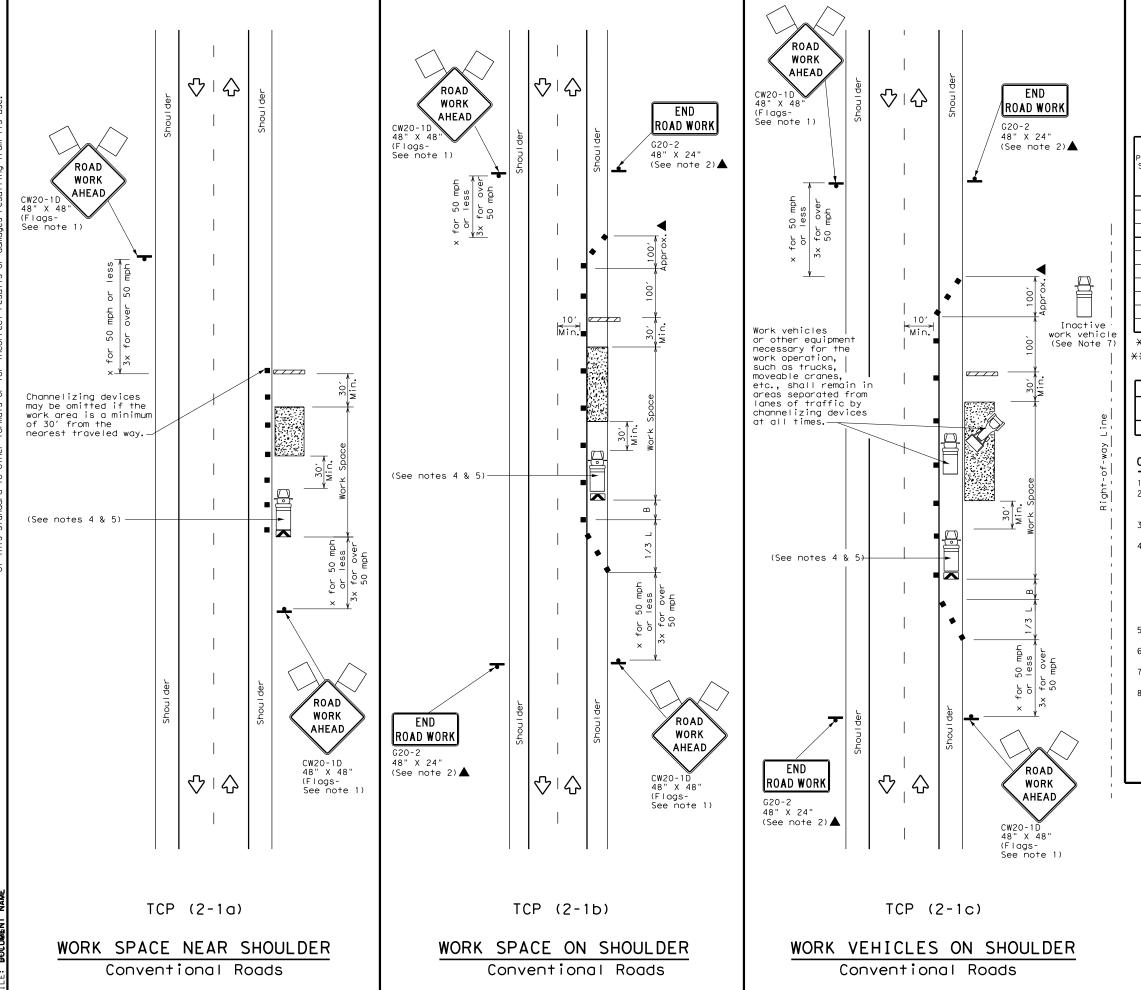
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC (12) -14

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98 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
02 8-14	YKM		FAYET	ΓΕ		29	

\$TIME\$



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	L	Flagger							
`										

`									
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	✓	1	1				

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0267	03	030	F	М 609
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	YKM		FAYET.	ΤE	30

Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

YIELD )

ΤO

ONCOMING TRAFFIC

R1-2aP

Devices at 20'

spacing on the Taper

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 6 & 7)

Devices at 20°

Temporary Yield Line

(See Note 2)▲

END

ROAD WORK

spacing on the Taper

48" X 36" (See note 9)

R1-2

42" X 42 '

END

ROAD WORK

-Temporary Yield Line (See Note 2)▲

ΤO

TRAFFIC

ONE LANE

AHEAD

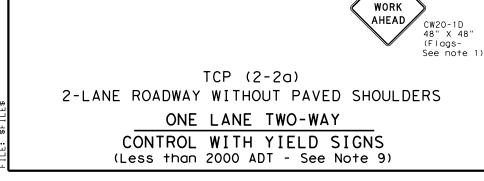
ROAD

CW20-4D

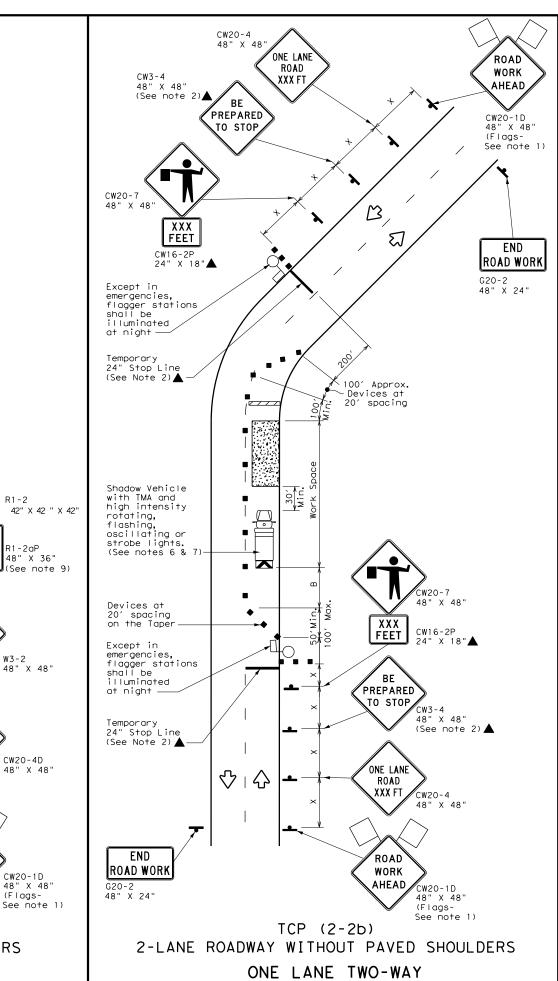
ONCOMING R1-2aP

G20-2 48" X 24"

₩



♡ | ☆



CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
<b>*</b>		10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset		On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	_/		_/				

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

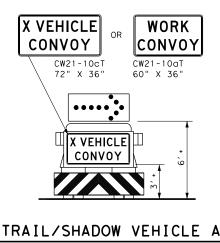
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

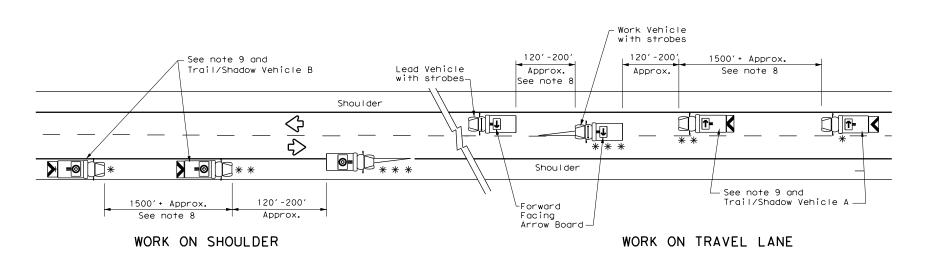
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REVISIONS -95 3-03	0267	03	030		FM	1 609
-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-98 2-18	YKM		FAYET:	ΤE		31

Shou I der Work Vehicle Lead Vehicle  $\Diamond$ with strobes with strobes-**1** \* \* ₹ ₹> -Forward Facing / -See Note 9 and Shou I der Arrow Board Trail/Shadow Vehicle 1500' + Approx. 120'-200' Approx. 120'-200' Approx. See note 8 See note 8

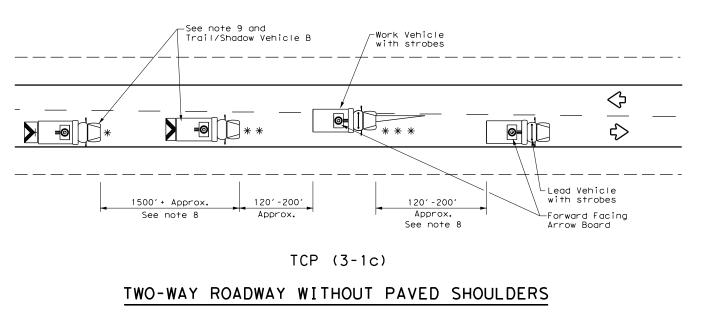
### TCP (3-1a)UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

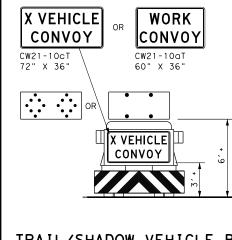


with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b) TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

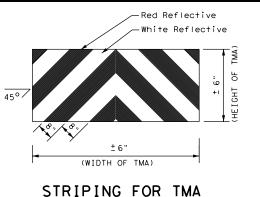
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>→</b>	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>_</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>=</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	<b>©</b> =	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48"  $\bar{X}$  48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



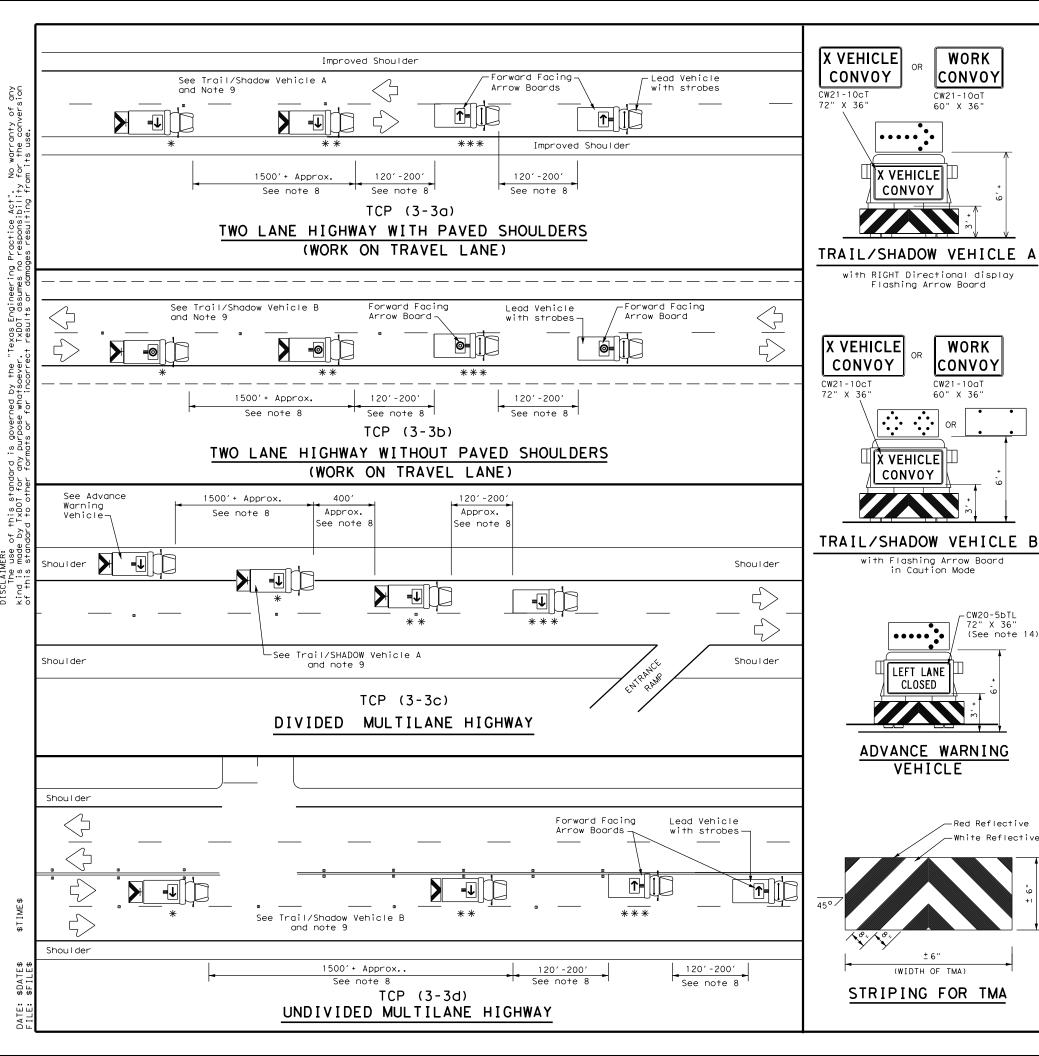


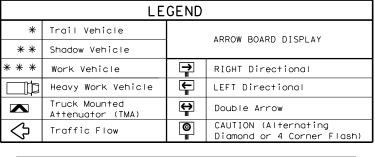
### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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1-97	YKM	FAYETT	E	32





TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

X VEHICLE

in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36 (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

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©TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	I GHWAY	
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8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	YKM		FAYET	ΓE		33	

PASSING

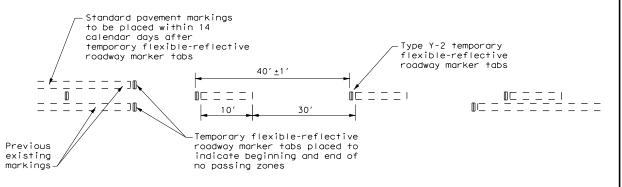
ZONE

SHORT TERM

PAVEMENT

MARKING

SURFACING BEGINS



### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

G20-2 36" X 18'

R4-2

24" x 30

R20-1TP

R4-1

CW8-12 36" X 36"

-REPEAT EVERY

2 MILES

Min.

CW8-7 36" X 36"

R4-2

R4-1

R4-1

24" x 30'

24" X 30"

R20-1TP

24" X 18"

24" X 30'

R20-1TP

24" X 18'

24" X 30"

R20-1TP

CW8-12

CW8-7

36" X 36"

-REPEAT EVERY

2 MILES

24" X 18"

24" X 30"

24" X 18"

ROAD WORK

PASS

WITH

CARE NEXT

2 MILES

DO

NOT

PASS

NO.

CENTER

LINE

LOOSE

GRAVEL

PASS

WITH

CARE

NOT

PASS

NEXT

2 MILES

DO

NOT

PASS

NEXT

3 MILES

DO

PASS

NEXT

4 MILES

NO

CENTER

LINE

LOOSE

GRAVEL

**NOT** R4-1

MAJOR RURAL ROAD

SURFACING ENDS

40'+1

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept,
  - the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- . Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	<b>√</b>

### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

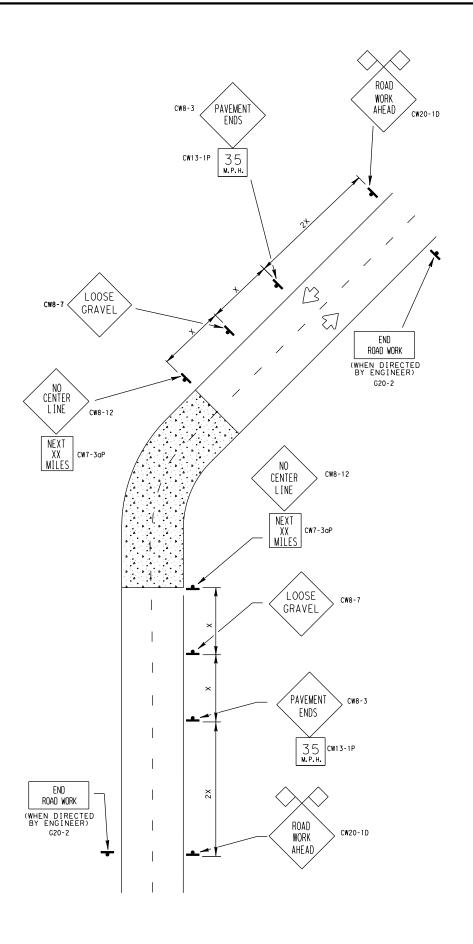


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
		0267	03	030		FN	√ 609
4-92 4-98	-	DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-13	•	YKM		FAYET	ΓF		34



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	88	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
_	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	П	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'	
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	1551	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		5001	5501	600'	501	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	500′	295'	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	7001	410′	
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′	
75		7501	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

SIGN SPACING AND SIZES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT BC STANDARDS.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (YKM. DISTRICT) TCP - UNSURFACED ROADWAY

orig draw date: December 1985	DN: TXD	OT	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
3-22-99 4-24-12	0267	03	030	30		FM 609	
5-14-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
10-13-15	YKM		FAYET	ΤE		35	

reflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans. tween markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted. these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned. be placed as soon as weather permits. pavement markings should then be placed. by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6). TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS) Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).

### NOTES:

1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible-

20′±6"

20′±6"

2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

DOUBLE

NO-PASSING

LINE

SINGLE

NO-PASSING LINE

or CHANNELIZATION

LINE

TABS

TAPE

TABS

TAPE

TABS

TAPE

SOL ID

LINES

**BROKEN** 

LINES

(FOR CENTER LINE

OR LANE LINE)

WIDE DOTTED

LINES (FOR LANE DROP LINES)

WIDE GORE

**MARKINGS** 

TABS

3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur be-

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

TABS

TAPF

— 12′ ±6"

← 20′±6"

Ш⊥

ПТ

20′±6"

Yellow

 $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$ 

3'±3'

→ | 1′±3′

Type Y-2 or W

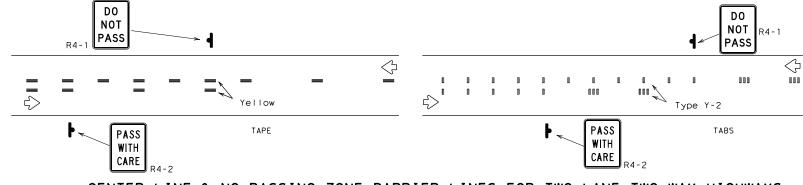
Yellow or White

→ 4.5′±6"

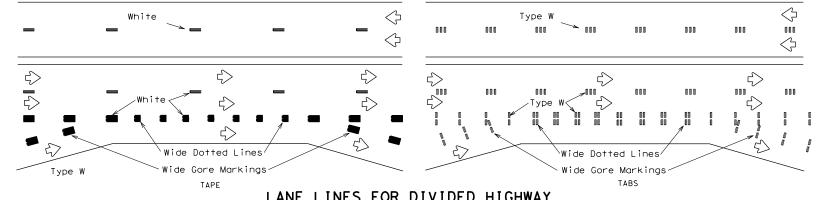
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

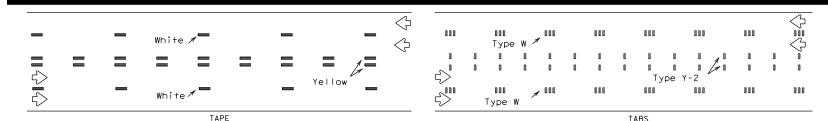
### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



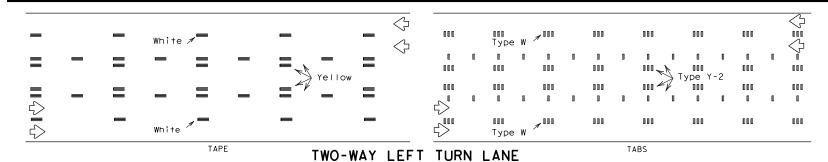
### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



### LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

# Texas Department of Transportation

Operation: Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

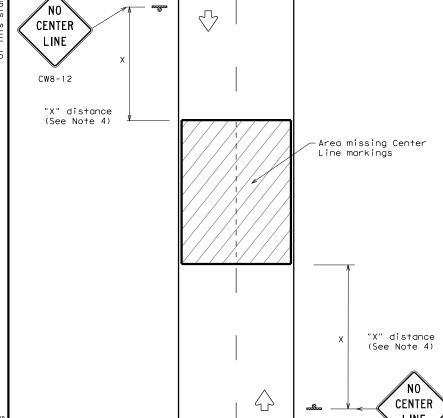
### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

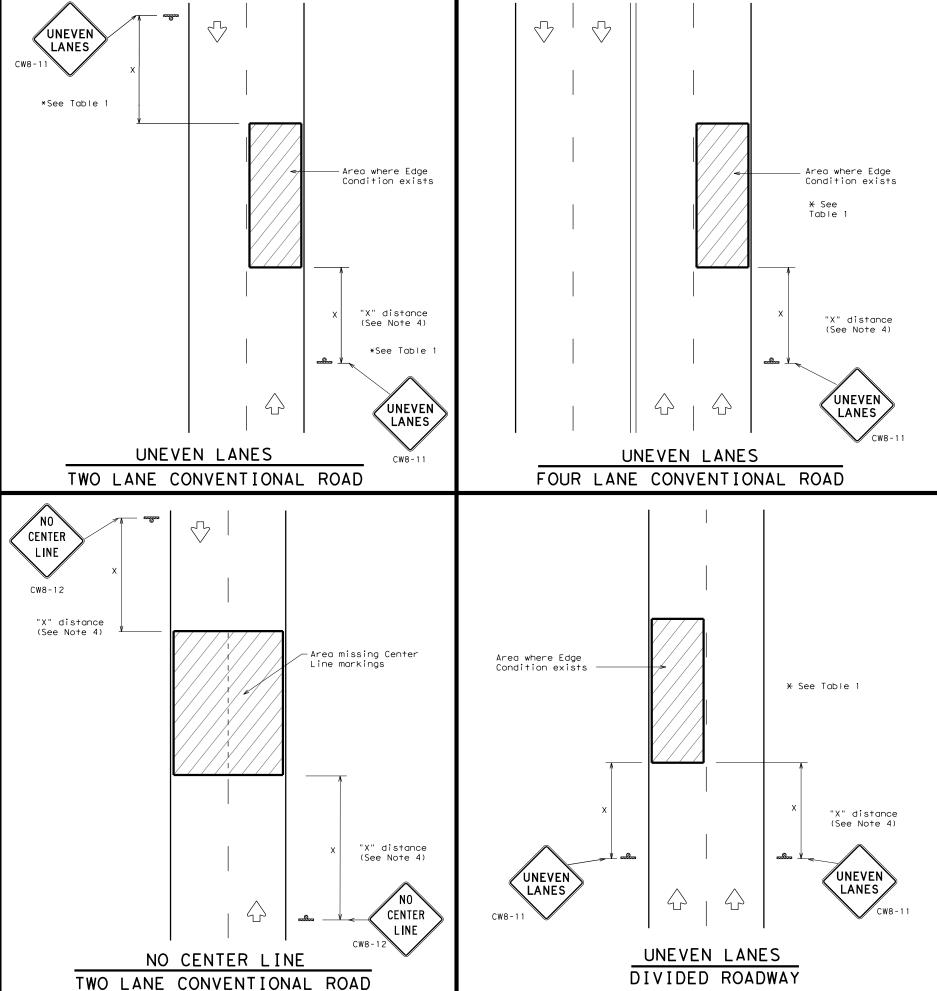
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

### **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY	
1-97	REVISIONS	0267	03	030		FM 609		
3-03		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
7-13			FAYETTE				36	





DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240						
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241						
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300						

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1									
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices							
①	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11							
Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for operations and 2" for overlay operations if u lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traff after work operations cease.									
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11							
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D D 12" Notched Wedge Joint	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".								

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" :	× 36"
Freeways/e divided		48" >	< 48"

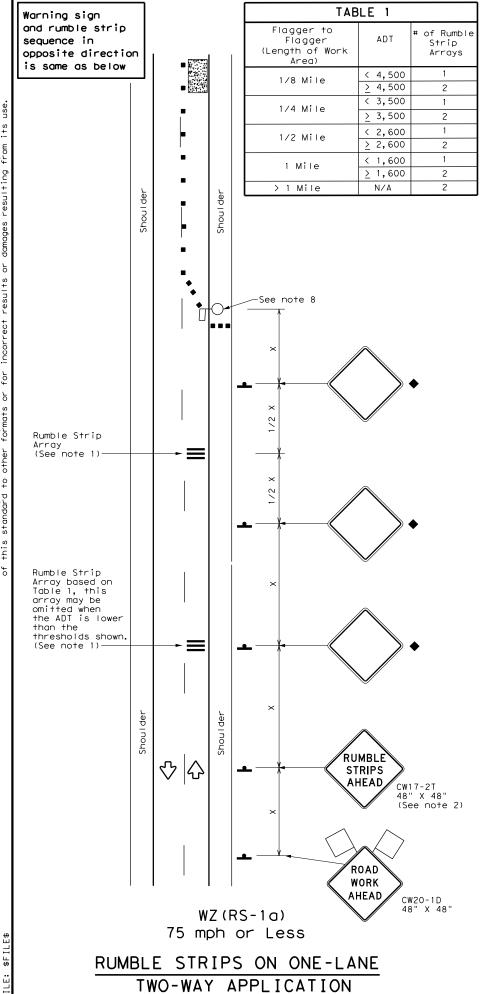


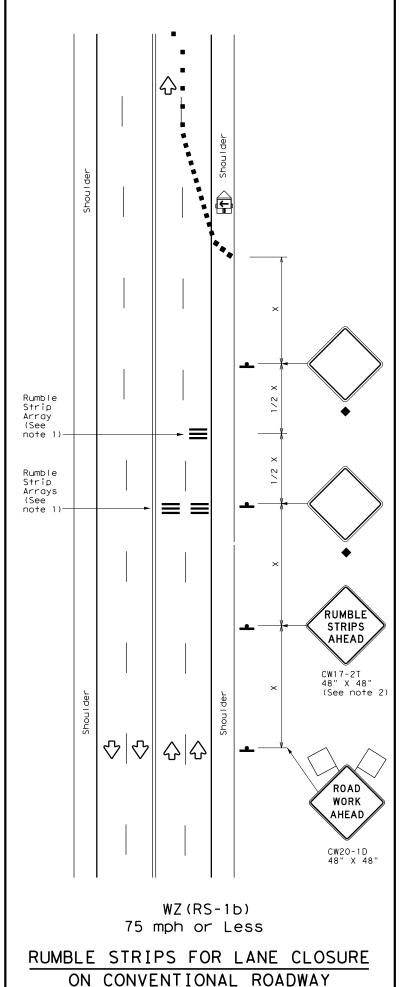
SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ(UL) - 13

LE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
)TxDOT	April 1992	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0267	03	030		F۱	1 609		
95 2-98		DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
-97 3-03		YKM FAYETTE				37			





### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	₩.	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger						

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X X		ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG T TERM STATIONARY STATION							
	✓	✓								

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

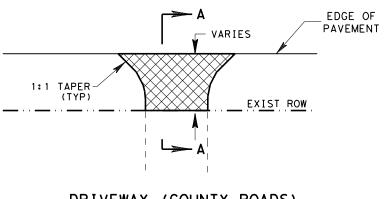
TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array						
≤ 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′						
> 55 MPH	20′						



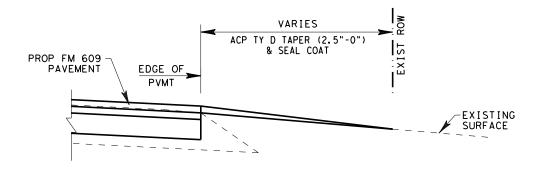
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ(RS) - 16

.E: wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT November 2012	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0267	03	030		FM	FM 609	
?-14 I-16	DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
1-10	YKM			38			



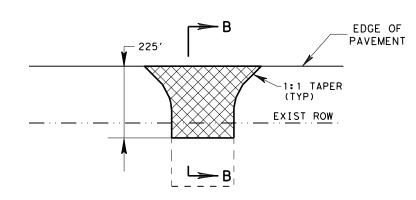
# DRIVEWAY (COUNTY ROADS) PLAN



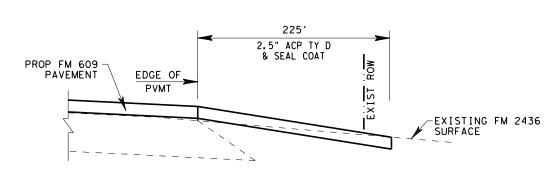
### DRIVEWAY (COUNTY ROADS)

### SECTION A-A

STA 218+69 RT (FRANK RD)
STA 260+19 LT (ZIMMERMANN LN)
STA 270+51 LT (PEELER RD)
STA 302+79 RT (VALENTA RD)
STA 315+57 RT (O'QUINN BRANCH RD)
STA 387+69 LT (KNAPE RD)
STA 408+06 RT (BLACK JACK LN)



INTERSECTION (FM 2436)
PLAN



INTERSECTION (FM 2436)

SECTION B-B

STA 203+24 LT



11/11/2020

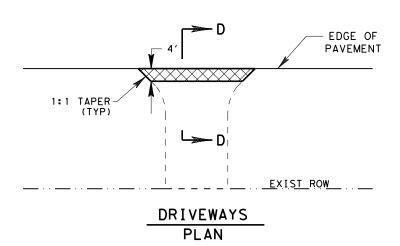
# DRIVEWAY AND INTERSECTION DETAILS

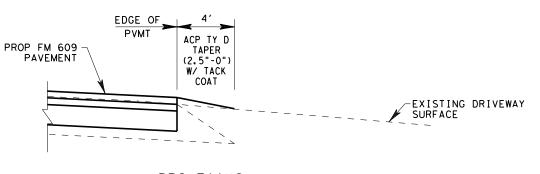
NOT TO SCALE

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ERVED SHEET 1 OF 1

DIA	. NO.	PROJECT NO.					
(	5						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
0267	03	030	FM 609				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	39				



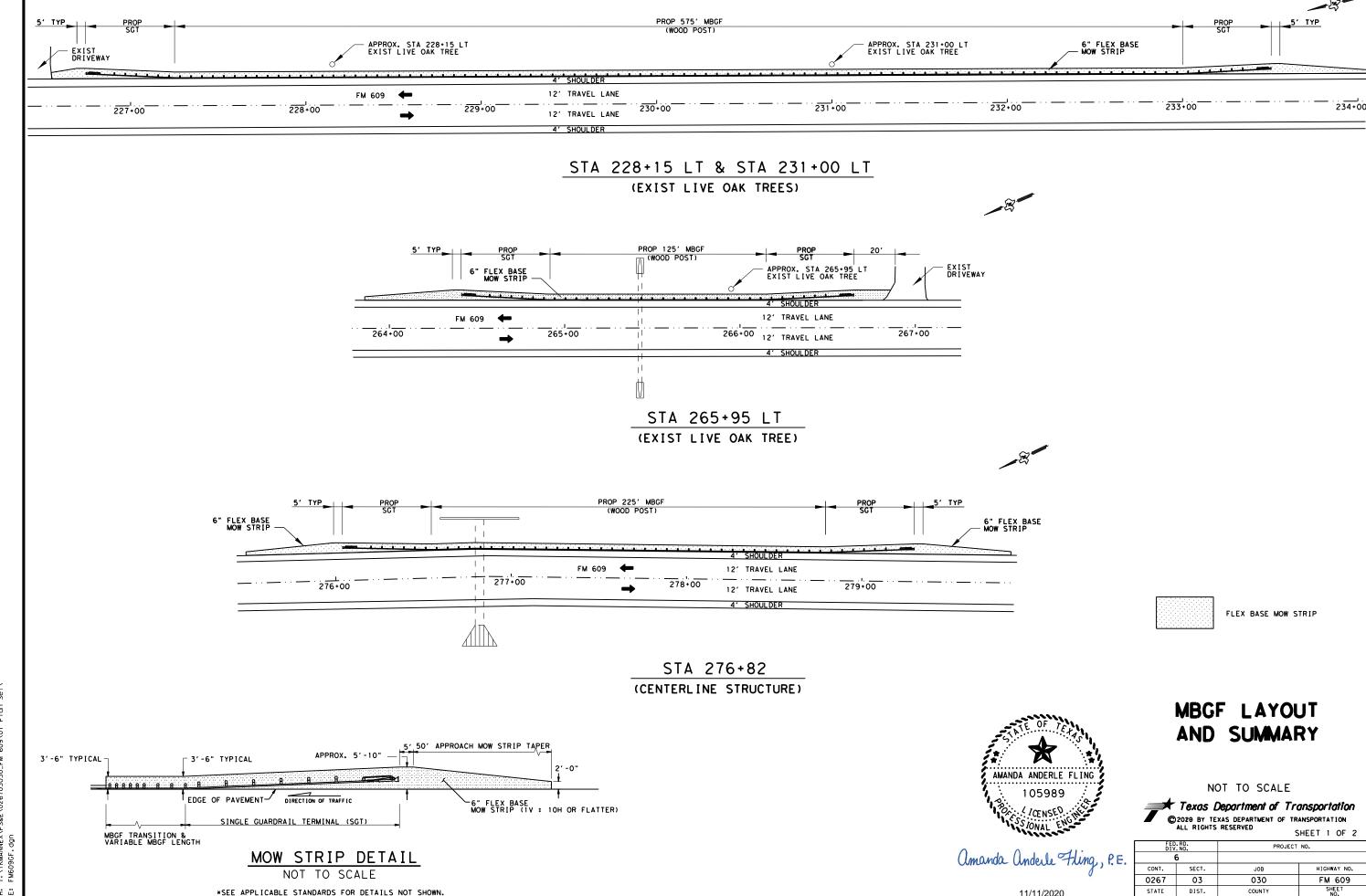


DRIVEWAYS
SECTION D-D

NOTE: REMOVAL OF EXISTING VEGETATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 3076, "DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT".

### NOTEC.

- 1. DIMENSIONS FOR EACH DRIVEWAY ARE TYPICAL AND MAY VARY DURING ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION TO MEET FIELD CONDITIONS.
- 2. THE TYPES OF MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE ROADWAY ITEMS.



STATE

TEXAS YKM

11/11/2020

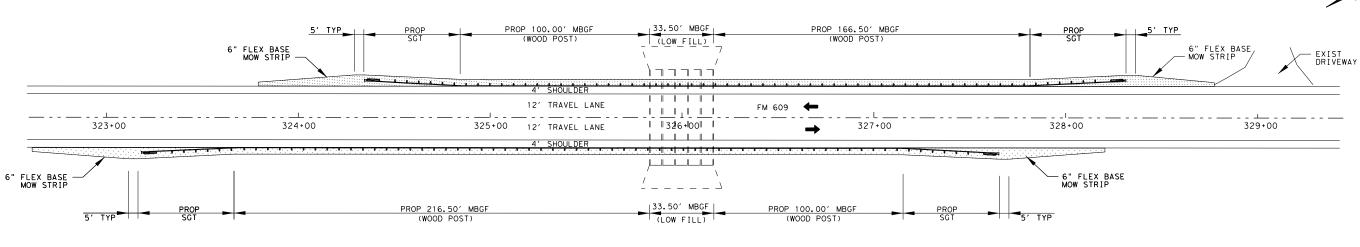
DIST.

COUNTY

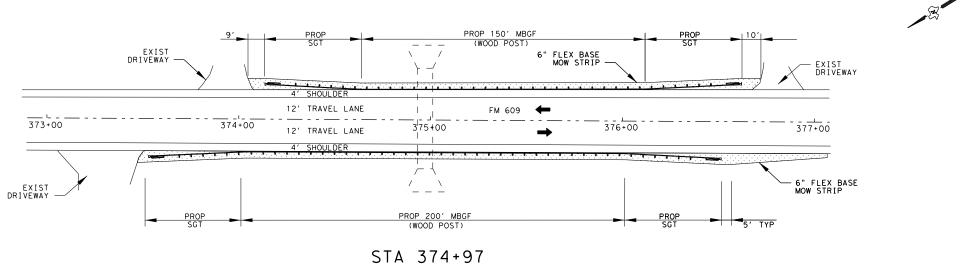
FAYETTE

40

\*SEE APPLICABLE STANDARDS FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN.



### O'QUINN BRANCH STA 325+83.25 TO STA 326+16.75 NBI# 13-076-0-0267-03-021



(CENTERLINE STRUCTURE)

# F

FLEX BASE MOW STRIP

### METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE, END TREATMENT & DELINEATOR SUMMARY

	ITEM 132	* ITEM 247	ITEM	540	ITEM 542	ITE	V 544	ITEM 658	
	EMBANKMENT	FLEX BASE	METAL BEAM	METAL W-BEAM	REMOVE	GUARDRAIL	GUARDRAIL	INSTL DEL	
LOCATION	(VEHICLE)	(COMP IN PLC)	GUARD FENCE	GUARD FENCE	METAL	END	END	ASSM(D-SW)SZ1	REMARKS
	(ORD COMP)	TY E (GR 1-2)	(TIM POST)	(LOW FILL	BEAM GUARD	TREATMENT	TREATMENT	(BRF)	
	(TY C)	(FNL POS)		CULVERT)	FENCE	(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)	GF2(BI)	
	(EST)	(6")							
	(CY)	(CY)	(LF)	(LF)	(LF)	(EA)	(EA)	(EA)	
STA 226+75 TO STA 233+50 (LT)	5	55	575		575	2	2	14	
STA 264+41 TO STA 266+86 (LT)	2	24	125		125	2	2	5	
STA 276+07 TO STA 279+32 (LT)	5	34	225		225	2	2	6	
STA 324+33 TO STA 328+33 (LT)	5	32	266.5	33.5	275	2	2	8	O'QUINN BRANCH STA 325+83.25 TO STA 326+16.75
STA 323+16 TO STA 328+77 (RT)	5	46	316.5	33.5	275	2	2	9	NBI# 13-076-0-0267-03-021
STA 374+16 TO STA 376+66 (LT)	2	20	150		150	2	2	5	
STA 373+51 TO STA 376+51 (RT)	2	30	200		200	2	2	6	
PROJECT TOTALS	26	241	1858	67	1825	14	14	53	

\* EXCAVATION FOR PLACEMENT OF 6" FLEX BASE MOW STRIP IS CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247, FLEX BASE.



# NOT TO SCALE

MBGF LAYOUT AND SUMMARY

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SHEET 2 OF 2

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FED. RD. PROJECT NO.

6

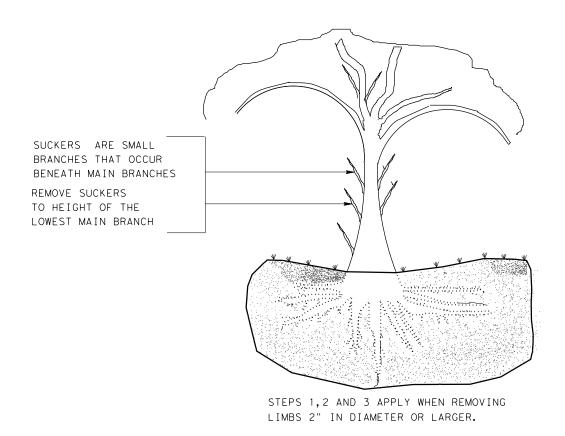
CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.

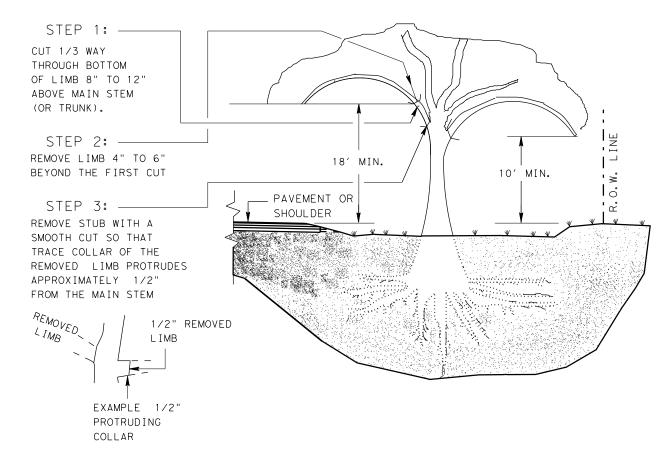
0267 03 030 FM 609

STATE DIST. COUNTY SHEET NO.

TEXAS YKM FAYETTE 41

amanda anderle Fling, P.E.





### TREE TRIMMING NOTES:

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

# TREE TRIMMING DETAILS

NOT TO SCALE



# **MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS**

# Texas Department of Transportation

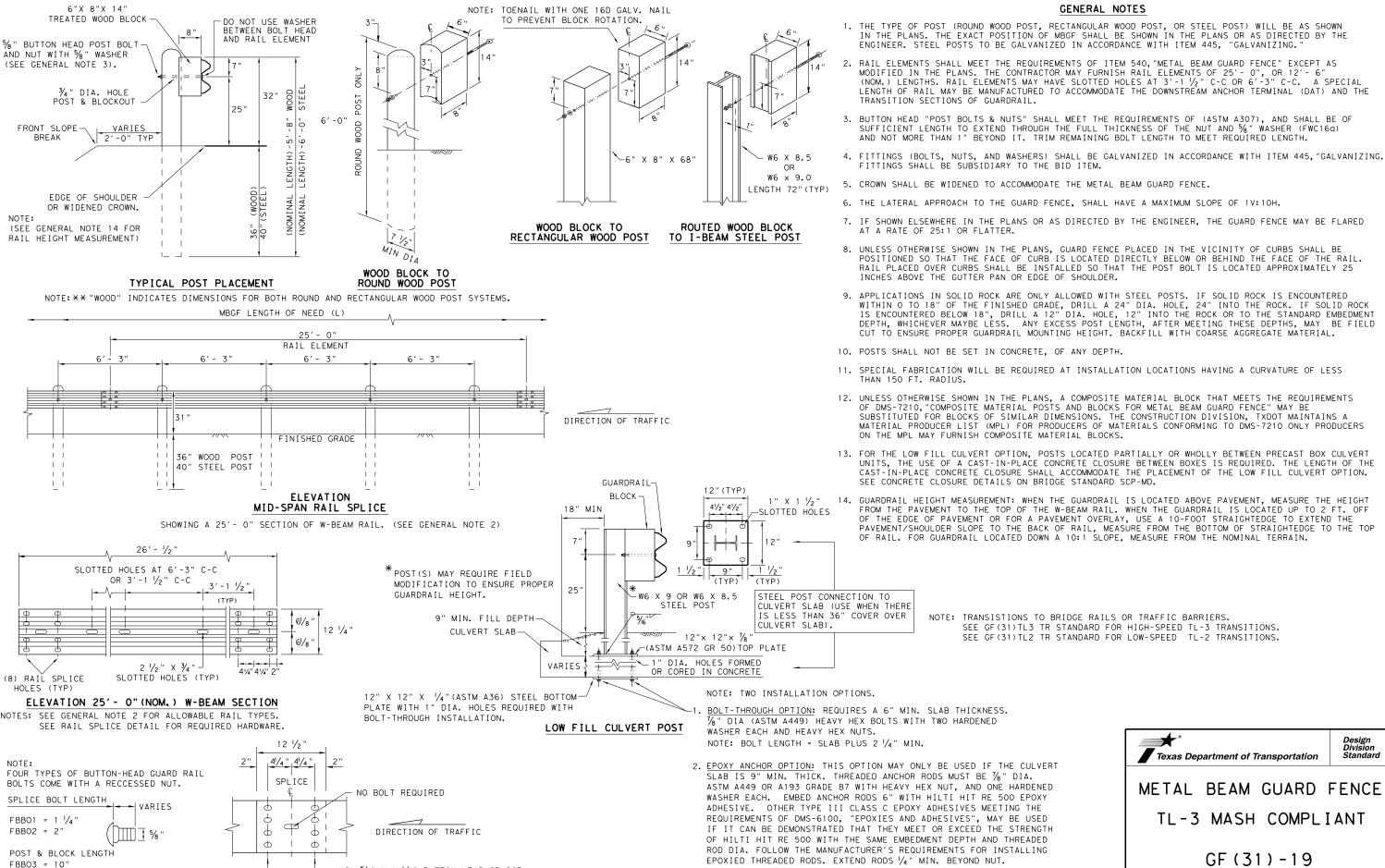
©2020 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED SHEET 1 OF 1

FED DIV	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT	NO.
(	ô		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0267	03	030	FM 609
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TFXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	42



BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.



NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

%" X 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

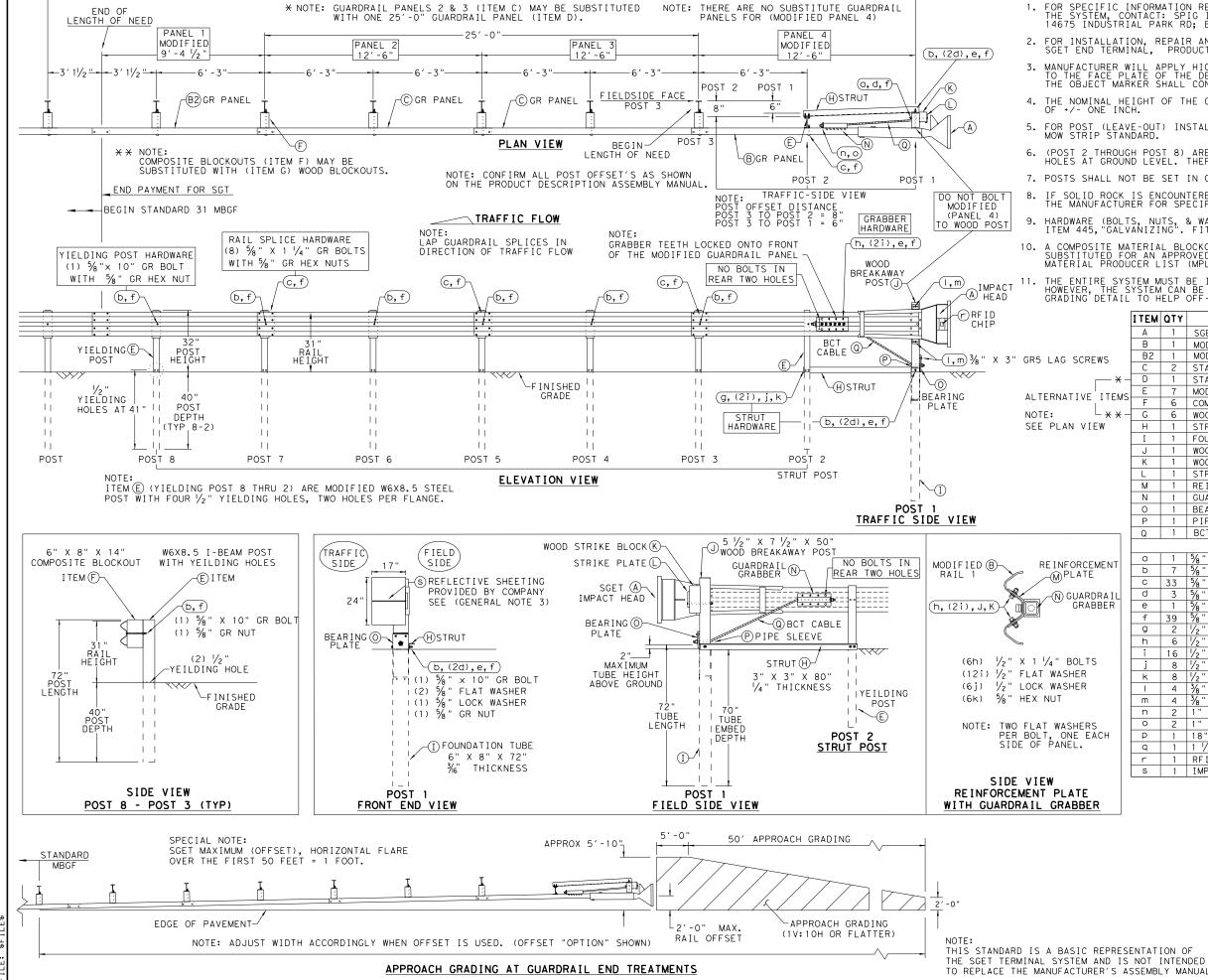
MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

ILE: gf3119.dgn DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0267 03 030 FM 609 SHEET NO FAYETTE YKM 43



**GENERAL NOTES** 

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

Ī	Α	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SIH1A
-	В	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	126SPZGP
	B2	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA	GP94
	С	2	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	GP126
$\dashv$	D	1	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" 12GA	GP25
s	Е	7	MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6x8.5	YP6MOD
]۲	F	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	CBO8
$\dashv$	G	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	WBO8
	Н	1	STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" x 1/4" A36 ANGLE	STR80
	I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" × 36"	FNDT6
	J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 50"	WBRK50
	K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSBLK14
	L	1	STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLATE	SPLT8
	М	1	REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55	REPLT17
	N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 1/2" X 2 1/2" X 16 1/2"	GGR17
	0	1	BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 5%" X 5%" A36	BPLT8
	Р	1	PIPE SLEEVE 4 1/4" X 2 3/8" O.D. (2 1/8" I.D.)	
Į	Q	1	BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH	CBL81
			SMALL HARDWARE	
Ī	а	1	5%" X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	12GRBLT
Ī	b	7	5%" X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	10GRBLT
	С	33	5% " X 1 1/4 " GR SPLICE BOLTS 307A HDG	1 GRBL T
	d	3	5%" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	58FW436
	е	1	5% " LOCK WASHER HDG	58LW
	f	39	% " GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG	58HN563
	g	2	$\frac{7}{2}$ " X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG	2BLT
	h	6	1/2" X 1 1/4" PLATE BOLT A325 HDG	125BLT
	i	16	$\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	12FWF436
	j	8	1/2" LOCK WASHER HDG	12LW
	k	8	√2" HEX NUT A563 HDG	12HN563
	- [	4	3/8" X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG	38LS
	m	4	3/8" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	38FW844
	٦	2	1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	1FWF436
	0	2	1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG	1 HN563
	Р	1	18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB	ZPT18
	q	1	1 1/2" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE	PSPCR4
	r	1	RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F	RFID810F
	S	1	IMPACT HEAD REFLECTIVE SHEETING	RS30M

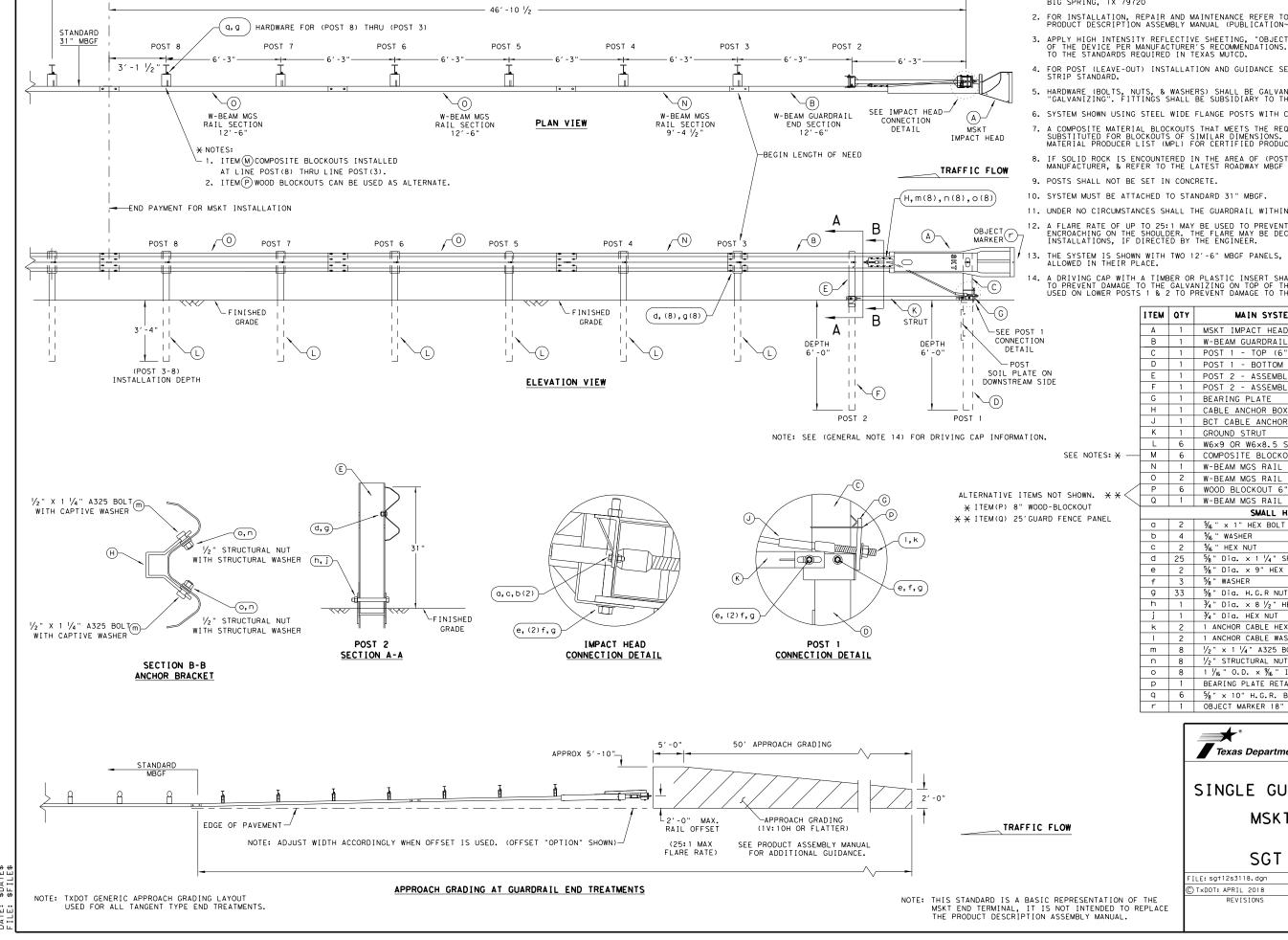
MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS



ITEM #

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

FILE: sg+153120.dgn	DN: <u>⊺</u> ×[	OI	CK: KM	u Dw:∀P		CK: VP
CTxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB HI		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0267	03	030 F		FM 609	
	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
	YKM		FAYET	ГΕ		44



- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

L	А		MSKI IMPACI HEAD	M22000
	В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF1303
	С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A
	D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B
	E	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A
	F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B
[	G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750
	Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760
	J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770
	K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785
	L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621
-	М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14
	N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025
	0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A
1	Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675
	Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209
			SMALL HARDWARE	
	а	2	%6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A
	b	4	% " WASHER	W0516
[	С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516
	d	25	5%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122
[	е	2	%" Dia. × 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A
	f	3	5⁄8" WASHER	W050
	g	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050
	h	1	$\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia. x 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A
	j	1	¾," Dia. HEX NUT	N030
[	k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100
	1	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100
	m	8	1/2" × 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A
	n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A
	0	8	1 1/16 " O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A
	р	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST
	q	6	5/8" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002
Ī	r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Texas Department of Transportation

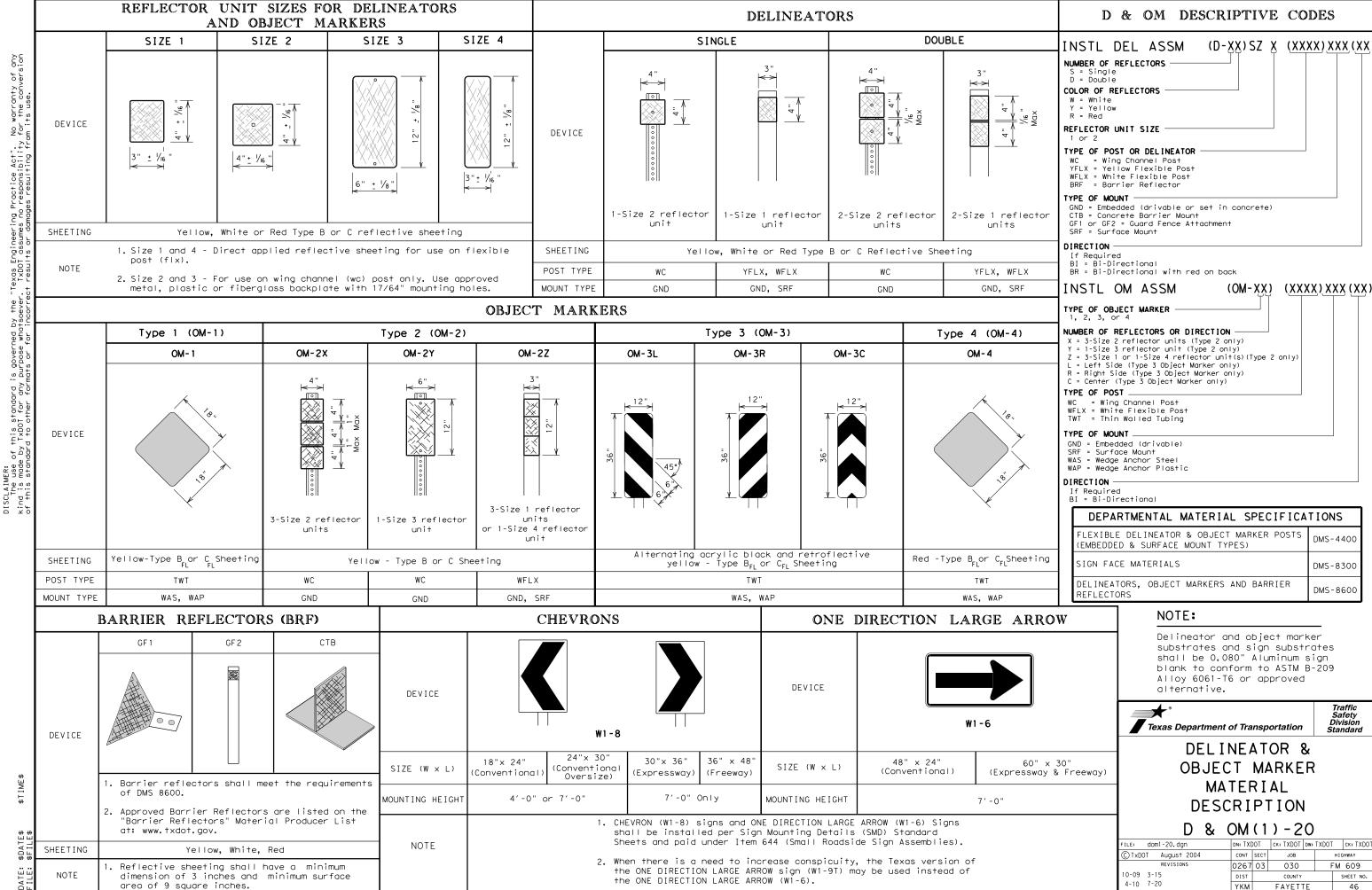
I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

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REVISIONS	0267	03	030		FM 609		609
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the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6).

20A

POST TYPE AND SUPPORT FOUNDATION DETAILS

TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

20B

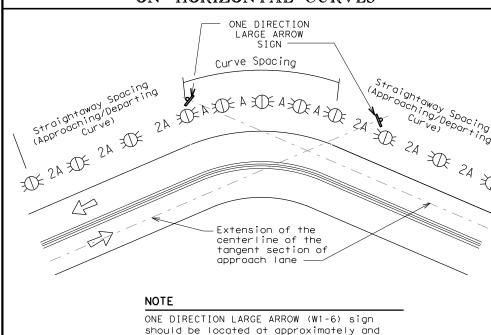
### MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>				
25 MPH & more	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction         Large Arrow sign where         geometric conditions or         roadside obstacles prevent</li> </ul>	• RPMs and Chevrons				

### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

the installation of

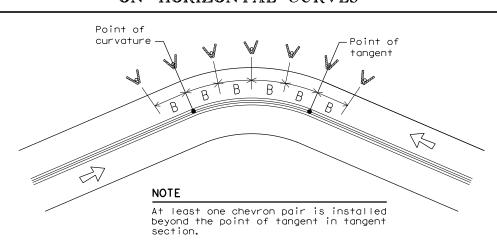
chevrons



### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

perpendicular to the extension of the centerline of the tangent section of



### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
1 1	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN Chevron Advisory Spacina Spacing Spacing in Speed in Straightaway (MPH) Curve Curve 130 260 200 65 110 220 160 55 100 200 160 50 85 170 160 75 150 120 45 140 40 70 120 35 60 120 120 80 30 55 110 25 50 100 80 20 40 80 80 35 70 40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DEDITION IN THE CHARGE THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND	SPACING
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RPMs Single delineators on right side	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Single delineators on right side	<u> </u>
Strigte detilied for 3 off i tigiti stae	See delineator spacing table
Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100′max) but not less than 3 delineators
Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
	See D & OM (5)
Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet
	of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))  Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))  Single red delineators on both sides  Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction  Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line  Reflectors matching the color of the edge line  Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end  Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail  Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge  Type 2 Object Markers  Double yellow delineators and RPMs  Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
$\not \boxtimes$	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
4	Sign

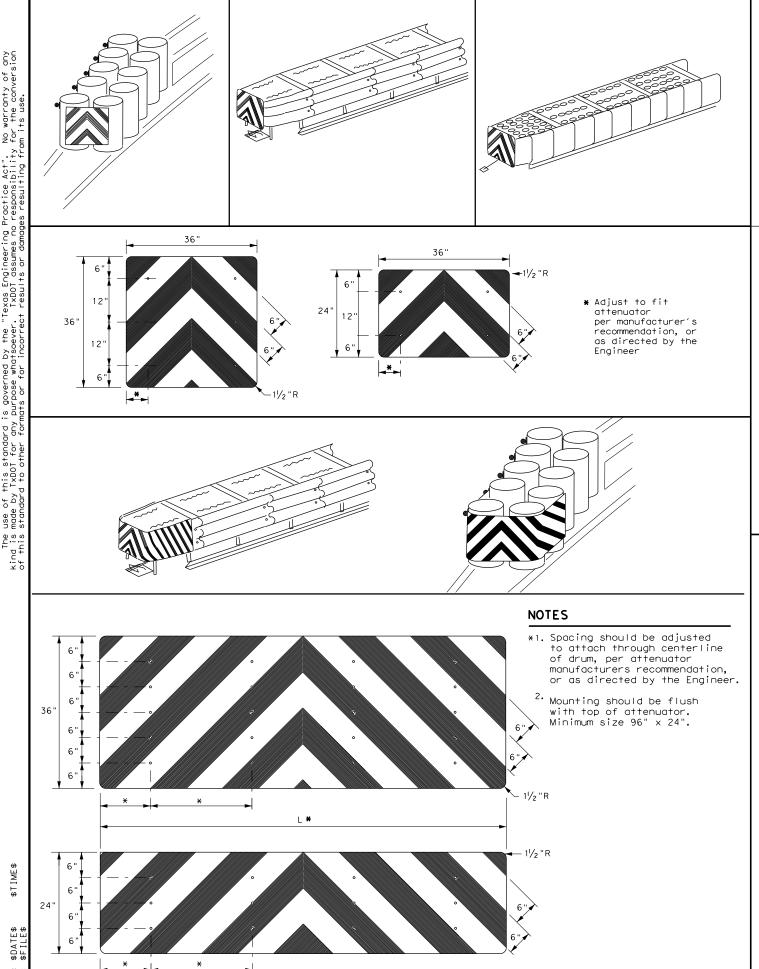


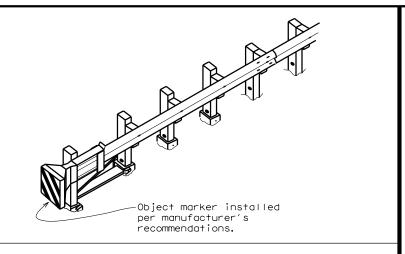
Traffic Safety Division Standard

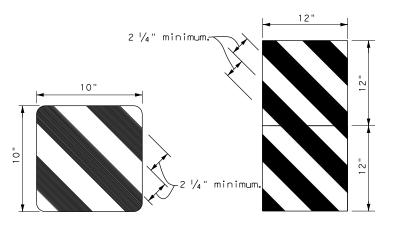
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

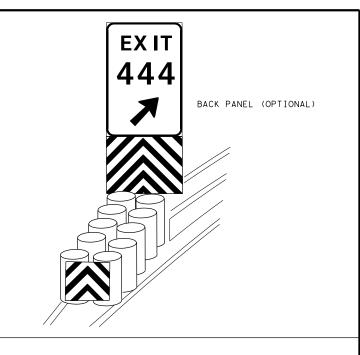
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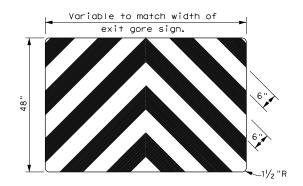






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





### NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

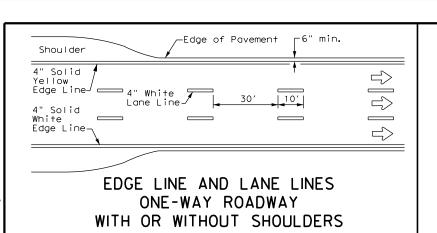


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

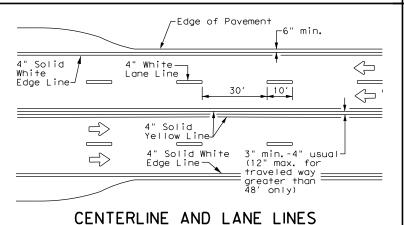
D & OM(VIA) - 20

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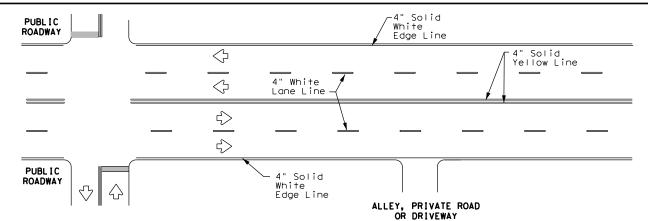


# PUBLIC ROADWAY PUBLIC ROADWAY PUBLIC ROADWAY A" Solid White Edge Line A" Solid White Edge Line A" Solid White Edge Line ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY

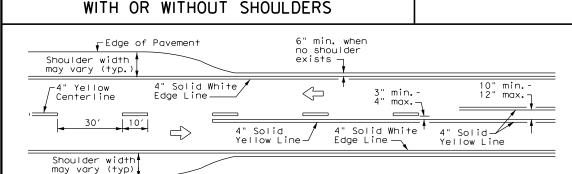
# TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY



# TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



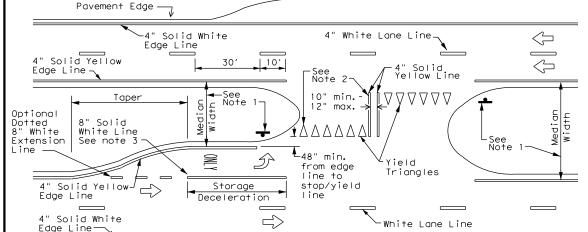


### YIELD LINES

# TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

# NOTES

- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.



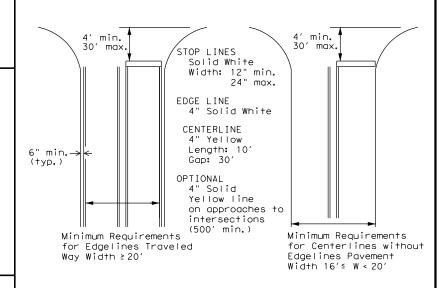
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



PM(1)-20

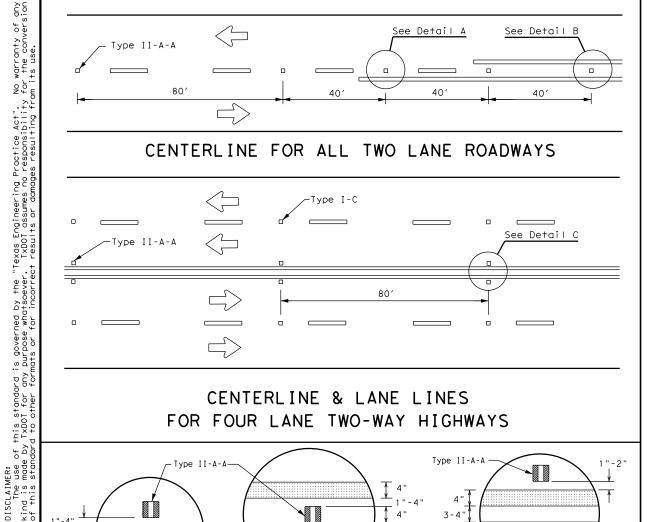
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
95 3-03 REVISIONS	0267	03	030	F	-M 609
00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	YKM		FAYET:	TE	51

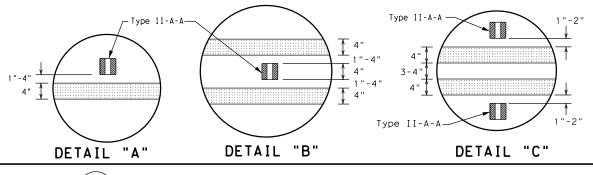
22B

E: \$DATE\$

# \$TIME



### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



OPTIONAL 6" EDGE

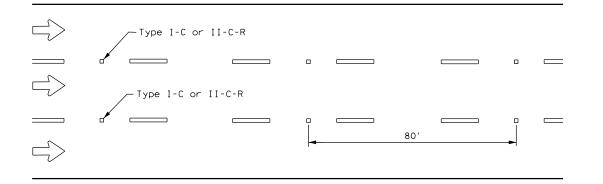
OR LÂNE LINE

LINE, CENTER LINE

NOTE

# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type I-C

### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

### CENTER OR EDGE LINE |<del>--</del>12"± 1" 10′ 30′ BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"± 1" -300 to 500 mil , in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> "<u>+</u> <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> " A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--

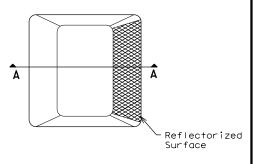
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

### GENERAL NOTES

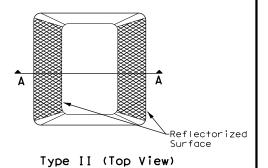
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min— \_\_\_\_\_ Roadway -Adhesive Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(2) - 20

ILE: pm2-20, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0267	03	030	F	-M 609
-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	YKM		FAYET:	ΤE	52

4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE

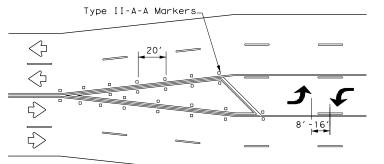
OR LANE LINE

Pavement

RIGHT LANE ENDS

Edge

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

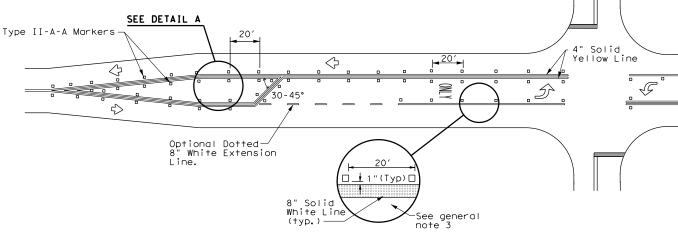
### TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

### GENERAL NOTES

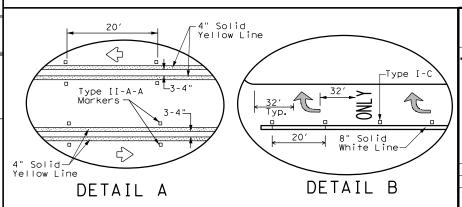
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



### TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

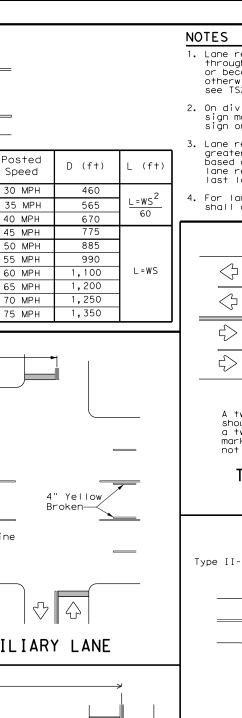




Traffic Safety Division Standard

### 「WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 20

FILE: pm3-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
ℂTxDOT April 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 5-00 2-10	0267	03	030	1	-M 609
8-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03 6-20	YKM	FAYETTE			53



Speed

4" Yellow SEE DETAIL A Solid Yellow Line White Lane Line

≤ 1 Mile (Auxiliary Lane)

Dotted 8" White Lane Line

White Lane Line

-Lane-Reduction

A<u>rr</u>ow\_

D/4

4" Dotted White Extension Line-

D/2

LANE REDUCTION

1

\$ \$

D/4

LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT

Varies (See general note 2)

SEE DETAIL B

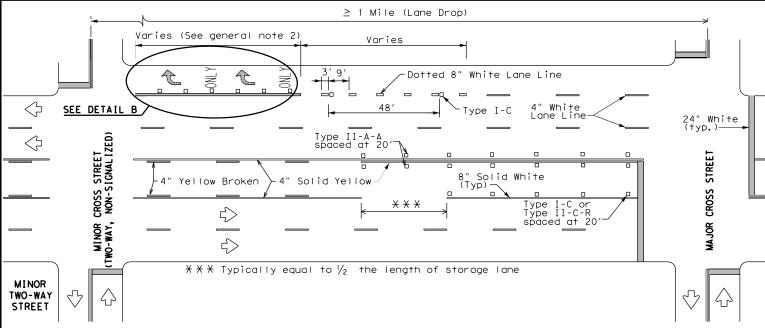
์พ9-2⊺L

Paved Shoulder

(Optional)

300'-500'

### TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

92

\$TIME\$

±1/2"

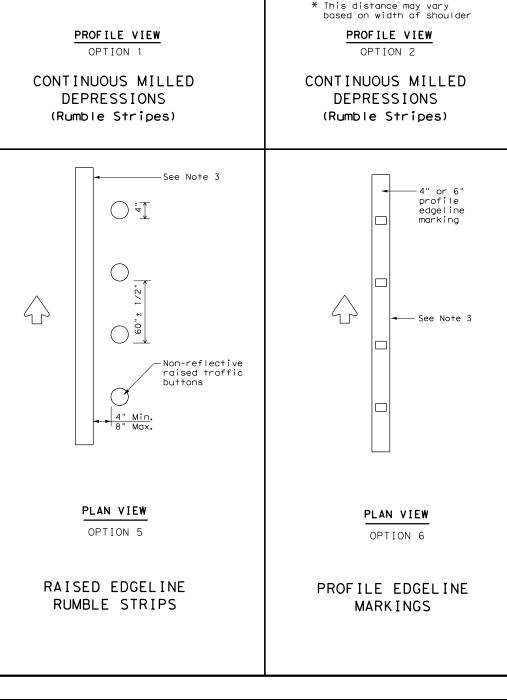
R=12" (Max.)

PLAN VIEW

7" ( ± 1/2")

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

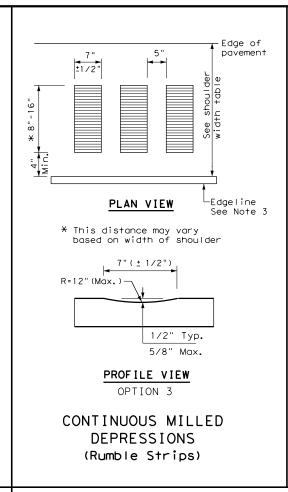


Edge of

pavement

-Edgeline

See Note 3



-Edge of

pavement

-Edgeline

See Note 3

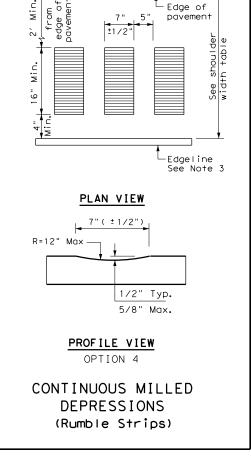
PLAN VIEW

7"(± 1/2")

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

R=12" (Max.)



### SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE GREATER THAN EQUAL TO OR EQUAL TO OR 2 FEET LESS THAN GREATER THAN LESS THAN 2 FEET 4 FEET 4 FEET Option 1, 5 OR 6 Option 1, 2, 3 Option 2, 4, 5 5 OR 6 OR 6

### GENERAL NOTES

- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 5. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations Division.
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- 7. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 8. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 10. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder. If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requirement shown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



EDGELINE
RUMBLE STRIPS
ON UNDIVIDED OR TWO
LANE HIGHWAYS
RS(4)-13

Operations Division Standard

FILE:	rs(4)-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	October 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0267	03	030		FM	609
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		YKM		FAYET.	TF		55

359+21 LT & RT

60

SHEET 1 OF

11/11/2020

STATE

DIST.

COUNTY

HIGHWAY NO.

FM 609

56

US

| SECOND | S

### EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

### OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE: All erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar days after the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from heavy equipment. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority followed by devices protecting storm sewer inlets. Sediment must be removed from control measures when the design capacity is reduced by 50 percent. If sediment escapes the construction site, off site accumulation of sediment must be remove at a frequency to minimize off-site impacts.

INSPECTION: An inspection will be performed by a TxDOT inspector at least every 7 calendar days.

An Inspection and Maintenance Report will be made per each inspection. Based on the inspection results, the controls shall be revised per the inspection report.

WASTE MATERIALS: The contractor shall adequately store all construction waste materials to prevent these materials from becoming pollutants and to minimize pollutant discharges from the storage locations. No construction waste material will be buried on site. Litter and construction chemicals shall be properly contained and prevented from becoming a pollutant in storm water discharge.

Potential pollutants will primarily be from the sediments leaving the project right-of-way and petroleum products. Principal sources of pollution will be disturbed soil from grading and excavating and other roadway construction activities, litter and debris from construction activities, gasoline, oil, and grease from asphalt distributor vehicles, scrappers, trucks, rollers, compactors, and fuel trucks during daily, routine operations.

The contractor will maintain a clean, orderly construction site. Construction waste includin trash, rubble, scrap and vegetation shall be disposed of in lidded dumpsters or in a manna approved by the Project Engineer. Disposal methods must meet Federal, State, and Local waste management quidelines. No construction waste will be buried or burned on site. Specific disposal, material storage, and material resulting from the destruction of existing roads at structures shall be stored in areas approved by the Project Engineer and protected from runoff. All waterways shall be cleared of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting false work piling, debris, or other obstructions placed during construction operations, that are not part of the finished work, as soon as practicable. All excess soil generated by the construction will be collected and disposed of by the contractor. Disposal areas, stockpiles and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland water body, or stream bed.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): At a minimum, any product in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, Asphalt Products, Chemical Additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete Curing Compounds and additives. In event of a spill which may be hazardous, the Spill Coordinator should be contacted immediately.

SANITARY WASTE: All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary or as required by local regulation by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

	HAUL	ROADS	DAMI	PENED	FOR I	DUST	CONT	ROL		
$\angle$	LOADE	ED HAU	L TRI	JCKS	TO BE	COV	ERED	WITH	TARPAUL	IN
$\overline{}$	EXCES	SS DIR	T ON	ROAD	REMO'	VED	DAILY	,		

\_\_\_\_ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

OTHER.

REMARKS: Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed.

On and off site project specific locations including borrow pits and equipment staging areas are under the control of the contractor. The contractor will be obligated to comply with the requirements of the construction general permit.

All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, falsework, piling, debris or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.

# TxDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

Texas Department of Transportation
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FED DIV	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT	NO.		
(	ŝ				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0267	03	030	FM 609		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	57		

# SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: \_\_\_\_\_ TEMPORARY SEEDING

PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING

MULCHING

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET

BUFFER ZONES

OTHER: Disturbed areas on which construction activity has ceased (temporarily or permanently)

shall be stabilized within 14 days unless activities are scheduled to resume, and do resume,
within 21 days.

### STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:

✓ SILT FENCES

HAY BALES

SANDBAGS

DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES

DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES

DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS

ROCK FILTER DAMS

PAVED FLUMES/RIPRAP

ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

CHANNEL LINERS

SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS

GABIONS

STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES

\_\_\_\_ CURBS AND GUTTERS
\_\_\_ STORM SEWERS

VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES

\_\_\_\_\_ BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS

OTHER:\_\_

NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES: \_

The order of activities will be as follows:

I. Existing topsoil will be bladed and windrowed.

2. Install structural practices as indicated above in ditches at structure locations as soon as excavation and embankment activities begin.

3. Windrowed topsoil will be bladed back onto completed front slope. Then seed and sod all disturbed areas.

4. Remove all temporary controls and reseed or resod any areas disturbed by their removal

Contractor-generated schedules are incorporated into the projects SW3P by reference.

The Yoakum District of the Texas Department of Transportation uses SiteManager, a computer based construction record-keeping system. Documentation describing major grading activities, temporary or permanent cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is a part of this system and is incorporated by reference into this SW3P.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: Storm Water Drainage will be provided by grass "flat bottom & V bottom"

ditches. This system will carry drainage within the right of way to lows in the highway where

cross drainage occurs. The cross drainage structures will be protected with structural practices as
indicated above.

Sediment control devices will remain in place until at least 70% regrowth of vegetation has occurred. At this time the new vegetation will act as a filter strip for post construction TSS control upon removal of the device.

A site (visual & odor) assessment of water quality leaving the project site: water quality leaving the construction site has been of good quality, with no visually apparent sediments, litter, fertilizers, or surfactants. The water has no petroleum or other odor. Even so, it might be expected that some sediment and litter will escape the project site and that petroleum products leaking from motor vehicles that travel through the site may lower the quality of runoff water.

No warranty of any y for the conversion rom its use.	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwate required for projects with disturbed soil must protect Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that make the storm of the storm	or Discharge Permit or Cons 1 or more acres disturbed for erosion and sediment may receive discharges fro ed prior to construction a	struction General Permit soil. Projects with any ation in accordance with	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical is archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon disco archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.  No Action Required Required Action  IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES  Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal of
±- ₽	X No Action Required	Required Action		No Action Required ☐ Required Action
sibi	Action No.			_
ractic respon ss resu	<ol> <li>Prevent stormwater pollu accordance with TPDES Pe</li> </ol>	-	on and sedimentation in	
ering F mes no damage	<ol><li>Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer</li></ol>	<u> </u>	control pollution or	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPEC
Engine OT assu ults or	<ol> <li>Post Construction Site N the site, accessible to</li> </ol>	Notice (CSN) with SW3P info the public and TCEQ, EPA		CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SE
"Texas " TxD	<ol> <li>When Contractor project area to 5 acres or more,</li> </ol>	specific locations (PSL's submit NOI to TCEQ and t		No Action Required ☐ Required Action
by the atsoeve incorr	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA		WETLANDS CLEAN WATER	
is governed y purpose who mats or for	USACE Permit required for water bodies, rivers, creating the Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	eks, streams, wetlands or	-	
this standard / TxDOT for ar rd to other fo	No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less th	an 1/10th acre waters or	
DISCLAIMER: The use of Kind is made by of this standar	☐ Individual 404 Permit R	Required	2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)	
SCLA Th	Other Nationwide Permit	r Required: NWP#		
O ŽQ	Required Actions: List water and check Best Management I and post-project TSS.		es to, location in project ol erosion, sedimentation	
	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
	The elevation of the ording to be performed in the wate permit can be found on the	ers of the US requiring th		VI. GENERAL NOTES
	Best Management Practic	ces:		THE DEPARTMENT HAS DETERMINED THAT A USACE NATIONWIDE OR INDIVIDUAL PERM NECESSARY FOR THE PROJECT SINCE ALL WORK SHALL BE CONDUCTED OUTSIDE THE UJURISDICTIONAL AREAS. ANY IMPACTS TO THESE JURISDICTIONAL AREAS BY THE
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	WITHOUT A USACE PERMIT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. IF
	☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips	CONTRACTOR DEEMS IT NECESSARY TO IMPACT THE USACE JURISDICTIONAL AREAS, 'BECOMES THE CONTRACTOR'S ENTIRE RESPONSIBILITY TO CONSULT WITH THE USACE
	Blankets/Matting	☐ Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin	CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING ALL CONDITIONS OF THE APPROVED PERM
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	LICT OF ADDDEVIATIONS
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS  SPC: Soill Provention Control and C
	☐ Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and C CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Preventi
	Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Sock	SS Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOU: Memorandum of Understanding IPDES; Texas Pollutant Discharge Elim
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	= '		MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Depar MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT: Texas Department of Transports
LE:		Stone Outlet Sediment Trap		NOT: Notice of Termination T&E: Threatened and Endangered Spec NMP: Nationwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
[A]		Sediment Basins	☐ Grassy Swales	NOI: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

I STOPMWATER POLITION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

### IIII. CUI TURAL RESOURCES historical issues or on. Upon discovery of oottery, etc.) cease

Requirements Specs 162. with requirements for rush removal commitments.

- NGERED SPECIES. ANDIDATE SPECIES

NDIVIDUAL PERMIT IS NOT OUTSIDE THE USACE AREAS BY THE CONTRACTOR ONTRACTOR. IF THE TIONAL AREAS, THEN IT WITH THE USACE PERTAINING VILL THEN HOLD THE APPROVED PERMIT.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>
•	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
•	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
IS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
/A:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
١:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
J:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
l:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
A:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species

### VII. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes X No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Action

No Action Required	☐ Required
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Action No.

### VIII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

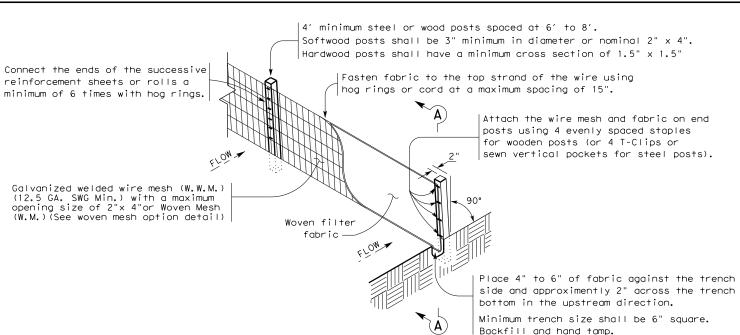
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Texas Department of Transportation	

## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

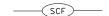
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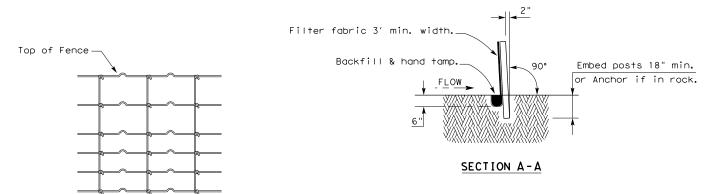
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REVISIONS -12-2011 (DS)	0267	03	030		FM 609		
-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	YKM			58			





### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

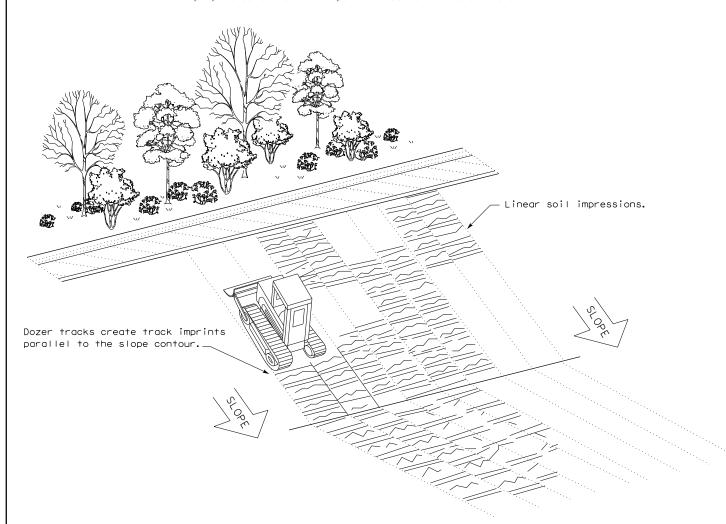
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100  ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$ . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

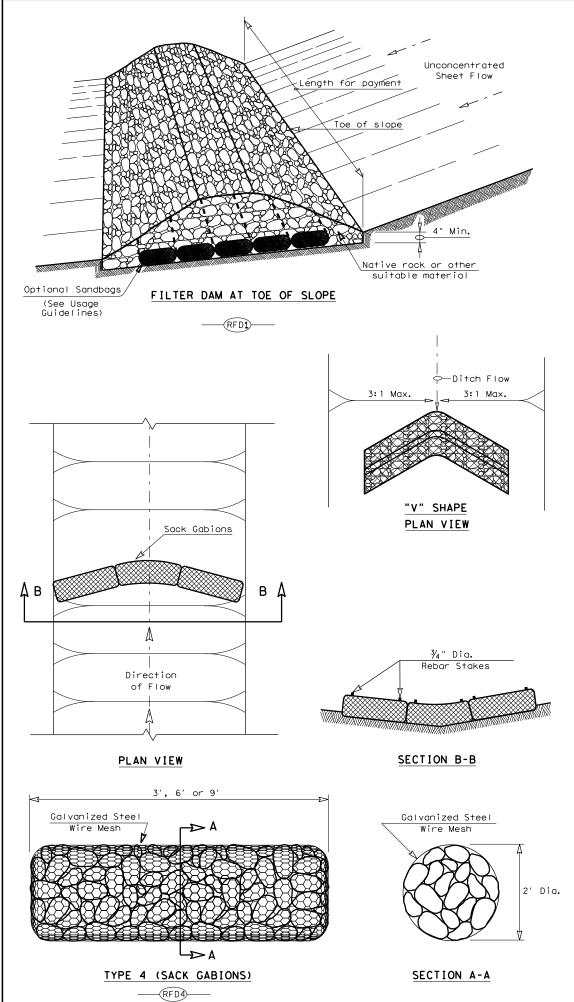


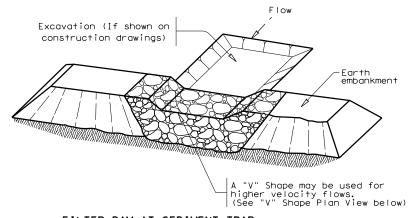
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

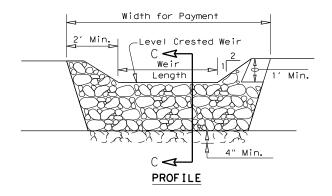
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYETTE			59	

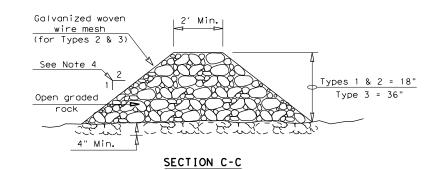




### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

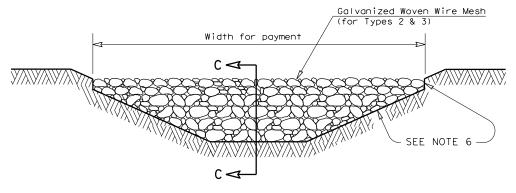
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{GPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



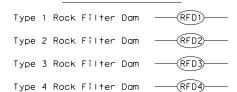
### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

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### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- 4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

### PLAN SHEET LEGEND





Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

FILE: ec216	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	Dw: VP		DN/CK: LS	
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	YKM FAYETTE			60			