

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT PROJECT NUMBER			
RMC - 643777001			
CONT	SECT	JOB	MISCELL
6437	77	001	US 377
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
SJT	KIMBLE		1

INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET NO. 2

**STATE OF TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT**

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

RMC - 643777001

US 377

KIMBLE

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 0.001 MI

VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE SAN ANGELO DISTRICT

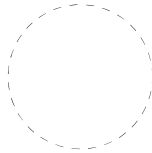
FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF
TREE TRIMMING, TREE & BRUSH REMOVAL

FINAL PLANS	
Letting Date:	_____
Name of Contractor:	_____
Date Work Began:	_____
Date Work Completed:	_____
Date Work Accepted:	_____
Final Contract Cost:	_____

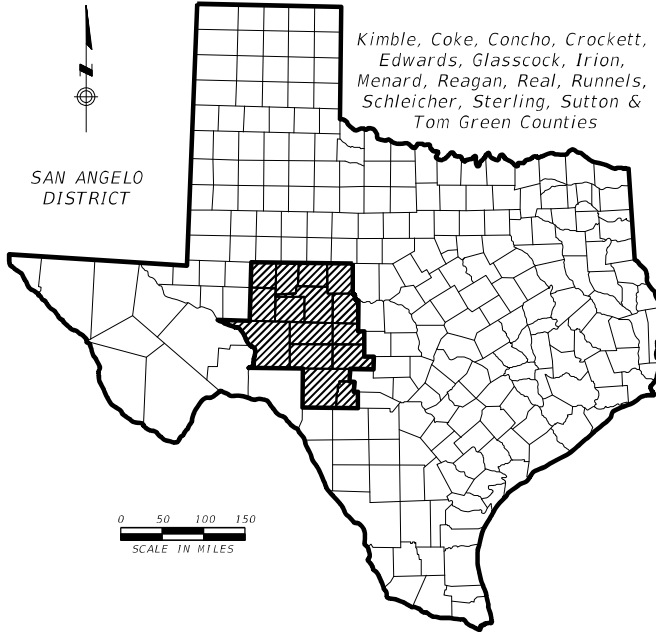
Project was built according to the Plans & Specifications. These final plans reflect the work done and the quantities shown thereon and on the Final Estimate are Final Quantities.

Area Engineer

Date



Summary of Change Orders:



Kimble, Coke, Concho, Crockett, Edwards, Glasscock, Irion, Menard, Reagan, Real, Runnels, Schleicher, Sterling, Sutton & Tom Green Counties

SAN ANGELO DISTRICT

0 50 100 150
SCALE IN MILES

EXCEPTIONS
NONE

EQUATIONS
NONE

RAILROAD CROSSINGS
NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014. SPECIAL SPECIFICATIONS AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

© 2023 by Texas Department of Transportation all rights reserved.



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:
Ray D. Wright
F08DTF53E78F492...
Maintenance Engineer

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:
[Signature], P.E.
4198B3F968D54CF...

District Director of Operations

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:46:46 AM
 FILE: pw719661.projectwiseonline.com:TAD012/Drawings/07 - S/T/Maintenance Projects/ST_RMC_6437-77-001_Non-Site Tree Trim/2 - DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/002 INDEX OF SHEETS.dgn

- No. Sheet Title
- GENERAL**
- 1 TITLE SHEET
 - 2 INDEX OF SHEETS
 - 3 GENERAL NOTES
 - 4 ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET
 - 5 QUANTITY SUMMARY
 - 6 LOCATION MAP SAN ANGELO DISTRICT

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS

- # 7-18 BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21
- # 19-23 TCP(1-1)-18 THRU TCP(1-5)-18
- # 24-27 TCP(2-1)-18 THRU TCP(2-4) 18
- # 28 TCP(5-1)-18
- # 29 TCP(6-1)-12
- # 30 RS-TCP-05
- # 31 WZ(RS)-16

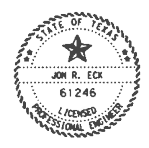
MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE STANDARDS

- # 32-33 TRB-15(1) THRU TRB-15(2)

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

- 34 ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY AN # HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Jon R Eck

 P.E.

11 Sep 23

 DATE

		San Angelo District	
<h3>INDEX OF SHEETS</h3>			
SHEET 1 OF 1			
© 1-001 2023 REVISIONS	CONT 6437	SECT 77	JOB 001 COUNTY KIMBLE
			HIGHWAY US 377 SHEET NO 2

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

GENERAL NOTES

General:

This is a multiple work order, non-site-specific callout Tree and Brush Trimming and Removal contract for locations which have not yet been determined on the various roadways maintained by the San Angelo District.

The following Standard Sheets have been modified: None

Locate the project bulletin board at a location approved by the Engineer and always make it accessible to the public. Do not remove the bulletin board until approved. If a construction site notice is required for the project, post a copy at each geographically separated work location.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed by the following individual:

Jesus Garcia, P.E.; email Jesus.Garcia@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individual.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address: <https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

The Junction Area Engineer, Jesus Garcia, P.E., the Engineer, and the various Maintenance Supervisors are in charge of the work. Direct any questions concerning the work to the appropriate individual. Direct any questions concerning the letting process to the District Maintenance Office in San Angelo at telephone 325-947-9236.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Ballinger Maintenance 630 FM 2887 Ballinger, TX 76821 (325) 365-2218(b) (325) 716-5205(c) Fred Schmidt	Big Lake Maintenance 312 West US 67 Big Lake, TX 76932 (325) 884-2339(b) (325) 716-7714(c) Ricardo De La Rosa	Eden Maintenance 1418 West Broadway St Eden, TX 76837 (325) 869-2521(b) (325) 456-7891(c) Israel Ortegon
Junction Maintenance 2126 Main St Junction, TX 76849 (325) 446-2251(b) (830) 683-7367(c) Michael Van Winkle	Ozona Maintenance 230 SH 163 N Ozona, TX 76943 (325) 392-2505(b) (325) 226-4790(c) Alan Kellogg	San Angelo Maintenance 2802 Armstrong St San Angelo, TX 76903 (325) 653-1780(b) (325) 450-5256(c) Evan Jones
Sonora Maintenance 708 Highway 277 N Sonora, TX 76950 (325) 387-2848(b) (432) 788-0187(c) Billy Jordan	Sterling City Maintenance 5580 US Highway 87 N Sterling City, TX 76951 (325) 378-2021(b) (325) 650-7311(c) Paul Morales	Robert Lee Maintenance 7785 E SH 158 Robert Lee, TX 76945 (325) 453-2890(b) (325) 977-8140(c) Jake Smith
Rocksprings Maintenance 1107 South US 377 Rocksprings, TX 78880 (830) 683-2188(b) (830) 683-7183(c) Jeff Yeaman	Leakey Maintenance 913 N US 83 Leakey, TX 78873 (830) 232-5356(b) (830) 683-7184(c) Joshua Schexnider	
San Angelo Area Office 2802 Armstrong St San Angelo, TX 76903 (325) 653-5811(b) (325) 213-4203(c) Jordan Sefcik	Junction Area Office 2126 Main St Junction, TX 76849 (325) 446-2413(b) (325) 215-3049(c) Jesus Garcia	

Provide the Engineer and Maintenance Supervisors with a telephone number and an email address to receive work related messages. Maintain a person to answer the telephone between the hours of 8:00 am and 5:00 pm weekdays. Maintain an answering machine or an answering service for those hours the person is not available. Reply to each message within twenty-four hours of its sending time.

A meeting shall be conducted before work begins. The Contractor and the Superintendent(s) responsible for the supervision of the work shall attend. The Contractor shall discuss proposed work methods, work schedules, and any other information which may affect the work.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Item 2, "Instructions to Bidders"

By signing this proposal, the Contract Bidder acknowledges they have copies of the proposal, the plans, and the "Standard Specifications for the Construction of Highways, Streets and Bridges", adopted by the Texas Department of Transportation, November 1, 2014.

Item 3, "Award and Execution of Contract"

This is a multiple work order, non-site-specific callout contract which includes various types of work, on an as-needed basis. Work will begin upon issuance of a written work order. The Contractor shall begin work within Seven days from issuance of a work order. A work order may have multiple types of work and locations.

Each contract / work order awarded / issued stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts / work orders. A Contractor awarded / issued multiple contracts / work orders must be capable of, and sufficiently staffed and equipped to process all contracts and work orders simultaneously.

Work orders shall have no minimum value other than one mobilization callout.

Item 4, "Scope of Work"

This contract allows for an extension with mutual agreement between The Contractor and Engineer.

Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

No significant traffic generator events have been identified.

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the term of this contract. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer seven days in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the area. Clean the right of way to a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

When removing or trimming trees, protect from, allowing debris from falling directly onto and damaging the roadway, bridge rail, MBGF, traffic devices or other such Department Appurtenances or Private Property. Any damages incurred to Department appurtenances / private property as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired and / or replaced at the Contractor's expense. Report any damages done to any publicly / privately owned appurtenances or properties to the Engineer immediately upon discovery.

The Contractor may store equipment or materials in the right of way at designated locations or at Department facilities, when approved by the Engineer.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Item 8, "Prosecution and Progress"

Charges for working days shall conform to Section 8.3.1.5., "Calendar Day."

No work shall be performed on Saturdays, Sundays, or on holidays observed by the State, unless authorized by the Engineer.

This Contract is independent of other active Contracts held by the Contractor. Multiple crews may be required to meet production requirements. The use of multiple crews to complete the work will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to pertinent Items.

OPERATIONS:

Provide the Engineer with a written outline of the work needed to complete each work order prior to beginning work on that work order. Include locations, work to be done, timelines for the work, proposed TCP setups, and other information requested by the Engineer.

Nighttime operations will not be allowed, complete all work by sunset.

Report each day, or as directed, prior to the beginning of work, to the maintenance supervisor of the respective county as to the time(s), location(s), and work expected for inspection as it develops.

Notify the Engineer by 7: 30 A.M. if work will not be performed that day.

Work will be completed at a location before moving to the next unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer.

Access the work via the right of way, do not trespass on private property while performing items of work on this contract. Do not cut or damage trees or brush outside the right-of-way lines.

ENVIRONMENTAL:

Observe the work area and determine if bird nests are present. Evaluate bird nests to determine if they are occupied prior to performing tree and brush trimming and removal activities. Do not disturb any bird nests which are found to be occupied at the time of the work. If active nests are found within the work area, including under / around bridge class structures, report this to the Maintenance Supervisor. Continue working around the active nesting area without disturbing the nesting tree or brush.

Do not harry, wound or kill snakes or other animals while performing tree and brush trimming and removal activities.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Vehicles will not be allowed to travel in any channel bottom proper which has standing or flowing water, work may be accomplished from the banks or by hand in this circumstance.

Trimming or removal of oak trees will not be allowed between February 15th and June 15th. Oak tree debris shall not be chipped or distributed on the right of way. Tools shall be disinfected as provided for in the specification when trimming oak trees or moving between different work areas.

Debris is to be disposed of off the right of way in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and at locations approved by the Engineer.

Burning of debris is not allowed on State right of way.

A minimum of 2 days prior to the issuance of a work order, the Engineer shall inform the San Angelo District Environmental Section the location(s) of the work to be called out in the work order.

Should hazardous material be encountered, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer.

Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

Quantities shown in the plans are for bidding purposes only. TxDOT does not guarantee that all quantities in the plans will be requested for delivery.

The acceptance of this callout contract does not guarantee that any services may be purchased by TxDOT during the period for which the contract is active.

Quantities more or less than those listed in the contract estimate may be requested based on TxDOT needs and requirements and shall be provided at the same cost per unit of measure, per item, as the original price.

The progress payment period shall end two working days before the last working day of the month. Deliver invoices to be paid as material on hand on or before the end of the progress payment period.

Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Traffic control will not be paid for directly, except for TMAs, but considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with during all operations under this contract.

Perform trimming and removal operations under existing traffic conditions. Perform the work to cause the least disruption to traffic.

Project Barricades will not be required for this project.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Provide traffic control as shown in the accompanying TCP.

Provide at a minimum a TCP meeting the requirements of RS-TCP-05.

When shown in the traffic control plans, channelizing devices on the centerline are required, including when a pilot vehicle is used to lead traffic. Mount a G20-2 sign in a conspicuous location on the rear of the vehicle. Traffic delays caused by one-lane two-way traffic control will not be allowed to exceed 5 minutes unless approved by the Engineer.

Traffic control devices denoted with the triangle are required, they may be omitted only when specifically approved by the Engineer.

Long-term stationary traffic control will not be used under this contract. Pavement markings will not be required for intermediate term stationary traffic control.

Any additional signs deemed necessary by the Engineer for traffic control are subsidiary to the various bid items.

Provide a minimum of three certified flaggers per work area when flagging operations are necessary.

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

AFADs and SMART AFADs will not be used in this contract.

When lane closure operations are required, furnish, and install temporary rumble strips as shown on Standard Sheet WZ(RS). This work will not be paid for directly but considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Trailer mounted arrow boards and portable changeable message boards required in the traffic control plans shall not be paid for directly but considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

TMAs & TAs will be paid for under Item 6185.

Signs and arrow boards required for truck and trailer mounted attenuators shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Work areas shall not exceed 2 miles in length. Work on both sides of the highway will be permitted with a one-half mile separation.

Undertake no work until the required traffic controls are in place.

The Contractor shall clear traffic control devices from the roadway before darkness and safely store them.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Sweep and leave in a clean, safe condition all roadway surfaces at the end of the workday.

TxDOT will not provide or sell traffic control devices.

The Contractor may work at multiple locations simultaneously, providing additional labor, equipment, and material to complete the work and safely conduct traffic through the work locations.

Provide sufficient equipment and personnel to maintain the work schedule. This may require multiple crews.

Do not park unattended equipment within thirty feet (30') of the pavement edge.

Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls"

The project is exempt from the Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) General Permit (TXR150000). Exempt projects are those that disturb less than one acre or routine maintenance activities that maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purposes of the site. No temporary erosion control measures or Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P) have been included in the plans.

Item 752, "Tree and Brush Removal"

Trees shall be trimmed and removed by methods approved by the Engineer.

The trimming and removal of trees and brush using equipment mounted powered boom axes shall not be allowed.

Regardless of the methods used for trimming and removal, the Contractor shall be aware of their legal responsibilities for workers, the travelling public, TXDOT properties, private property and public / private utilities as outlined in this and other items.

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all utilities which may potentially be affected by work operations. Contractor shall take all safety precautions including but not limited to following those listed in The National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), Texas Railroad Commission, and all local and State requirements when working around utility lines.

Bucket trucks or aerial lifts may be required to safely trim or remove trees and brush. Equipment may be required to work from areas away from paved surfaces.

Trees designated to be removed by each and already down in the right-of-way, also known as "deadfall," will be measured using the method outlined in Item 752.5.7 (3 foot from the base of trunk and the approximate ground line).

Trees designated to be removed by each and that have fallen from private property onto the right-of-way from over the right of way line, will be measured at the right of way line.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Chipping and disposal on the right of way of tree and brush debris will be permitted only when allowed by the Engineer. Chips may be disposed of on the right of way provided they are spread and left in a neat appearance and as approved. Do not dispose of chips in developed areas, in front of residences or businesses, or within 100 feet of a bridge or culvert.

Dispose of tree and brush debris within 48 hours of cutting off the right of way and chip remnants the same day chipped unless allowed by the Engineer.

Debris is to be disposed of off the right of way in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and at locations approved by the Engineer.

Treat cuts 2" or larger on all trimmed trees with wound dressing within 20 minutes of cut.

Trimming or removal of oak trees will not be allowed between February 15th and June 15th. The Contractor shall return at a time outside this window to complete work on these trees. Oak tree debris shall not be chipped or distributed on the right of way. Tools shall be disinfected as provided for in the specification when trimming or removing oak trees and when moving between different work areas.

In accordance with Article 752.5.2, 752.5.3, & 752.5.7 "Tree Removal", "Tree and Brush Removal", & "Tree Removal", stumps associated with the tree removal will not be paid for separately but are subsidiary to the tree removal items.

The Stump Removal item is for stumps where others previously removed the tree.

Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

TMA's will be paid under this Item.

The truck and trailer mounted attenuators (TMA & TA) as shown in the Traffic Control Plan Sheets are not optional and are required.

Submit to the Engineer before work starts a letter certifying all TMA devices to be used on the project meet the requirements of this item. Include support documentation with letter.

Signs and arrow boards required for truck and trailer mounted attenuators shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Project Number: RMC - 643777001

Sheet 3

County: KIMBLE

Control: 6437-77-001

Highway: US 377

Item 7000, "Removal and Proper Disposal of Driftwood and Debris"

Vehicles will not be allowed to travel in any channel bottom proper which has standing or flowing water, work may be accomplished from the banks or by hand in this circumstance.

Driftwood and debris are to be disposed of off the right of way in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and at locations approved by the Engineer.



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6437-77-001

DISTRICT San Angelo
HIGHWAY US0377

COUNTY Kimble

CONTROL SECTION JOB				6437-77-001		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
PROJECT ID				A00194965			
COUNTY				Kimble			
HIGHWAY				US0377			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	752-6003	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	MI	12.000		12.000	
	752-6004	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL(CHANNELS)	AC	6.000		6.000	
	752-6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA)	EA	128.000		128.000	
	752-6006	TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA)	EA	64.000		64.000	
	752-6007	TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)	EA	32.000		32.000	
	752-6008	TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA)	EA	16.000		16.000	
	752-6009	TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	752-6010	TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	752-6011	TREE REMOVAL (42" - 48" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	752-6012	TREE REMOVAL (48" - 60" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	752-6013	TREE REMOVAL (60" - 72" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	752-6014	STUMP REMOVAL	EA	8.000		8.000	
	752-6015	TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL	AC	4.000		4.000	
	752-6019	TREE REMOVAL (72" - 84" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	752-6024	TREE TRIMMING (0"-12")	EA	64.000		64.000	
	752-6025	TREE TRIMMING (12"-24")	EA	32.000		32.000	
	752-6026	TREE TRIMMING (24"-42")	EA	16.000		16.000	
	752-6027	TREE REMOVAL (GREATER THAN 84")	EA	2.000		2.000	
	752-6028	TREE TRIMMING (42"-84")	EA	4.000		4.000	
	752-6029	TREE TRIMMING (GREATER THAN 84")	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	24.000		24.000	
	7000-6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	60.000		60.000	

DATE: 9/11/2023 11:56:33 AM
 FILE: p:\j\dot\projectwiseonline.com\X30072\documents\07 - SJT\Maintenance\Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim\2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\05 QUANTITY SUMMARY.dgn

ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY
0500 6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	8
0752 6003	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	MI	12
0752 6004	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL(CHANNELS)	AC	6
0752 6015	TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL	AC	4
0752 6024	TREE TRIMMING (0"-12")	EA	64
0752 6025	TREE TRIMMING (12"-24")	EA	32
0752 6026	TREE TRIMMING (24"-42")	EA	16
0752 6028	TREE TRIMMING (42"-84")	EA	4
0752 6029	TREE TRIMMING (GREATER THAN 84")	EA	2
0752 6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA)	EA	128
0752 6006	TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA)	EA	64
0752 6007	TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)	EA	32
0752 6008	TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA)	EA	16
0752 6009	TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA)	EA	8
0752 6010	TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA)	EA	4
0752 6011	TREE REMOVAL (42" - 48" DIA)	EA	2
0752 6012	TREE REMOVAL (48" - 60" DIA)	EA	2
0752 6013	TREE REMOVAL (60" - 72" DIA)	EA	2
0752 6019	TREE REMOVAL (72" - 84" DIA)	EA	2
0752 6027	TREE REMOVAL (GREATER THAN 84")	EA	2
0752 6014	STUMP REMOVAL	EA	8
6185 6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	24
7000-6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	60

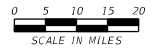
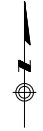
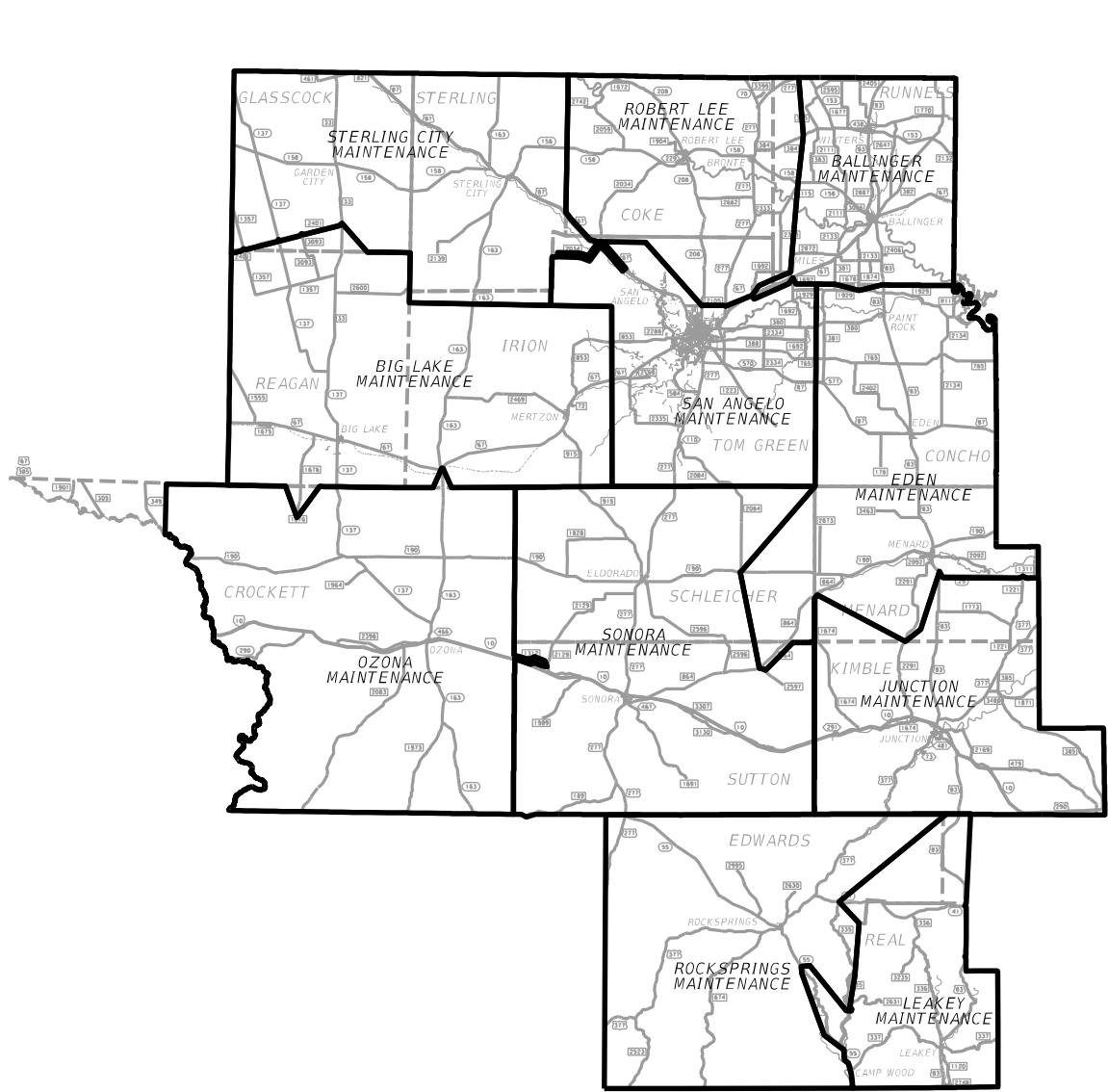
TMA basis of estimate: 3 TMA DAYS per CALLOUT x 8 CALLOUTS = 24 DAYS

QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 1 OF 1

© A DOT 2023	COST	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6437	77	001	US 377
	EXIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	SJT		KIMBLE	5

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:50:02 AM
 FILE: \\fsdot-proj\wiseonline\com\TX\DOT2\Documents\07 - SJT\Maintenance\Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim\2 - DESIGN FILES\plan Sheets\006 LOCATION MAP.dwg



**SAN ANGELO DISTRICT
 MAINTENANCE SECTIONS**



**LOCATION MAP
 SAN ANGELO DISTRICT**

SHEET 1 OF 1 SCALE 1"=20 MILES

© ADOT 2023	REVISONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
		6437	77	001	US 377
		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
		SJT	KIMBLE	6	

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the publisher of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. Comments on this standard should be directed to the Texas Department of Transportation, 1100 West 17th Street, Austin, Texas 78761. DATE: 9/11/2023 3:50:27 AM FILE: pwr//1xdot_projects/51/Maintenance/Projects/51/RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim/2 - DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/007 BC(1)-21.dgn

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:


- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

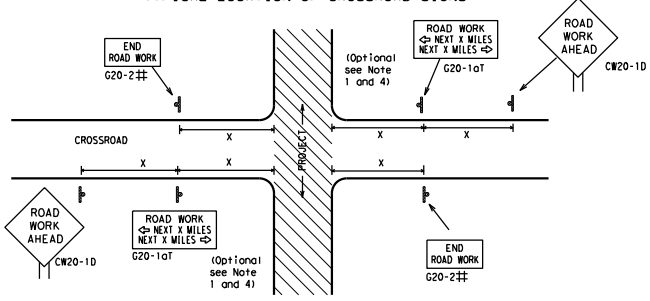
THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

 Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS			
BC(1)-21			
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT
CONT:	77	CR:	TxDOT
SECT:	001	DR:	TxDOT
JOB:	US 377	CR:	TxDOT
REVISIONS			
4-03	7-13	6437	77
9-07	8-14		
5-10	5-21		
		DIST:	SJT
		COUNTY:	KIMBLE
		SHEET NO.:	7

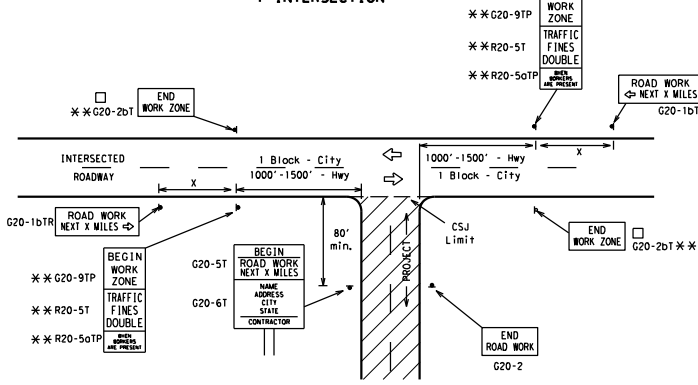
DATE: 9/11/2023 3:50:52 AM
 FILE: pwt\hcdor_project\w\isom\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\Maintenance Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Ste Tree Trim2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\08 BC(2)-21.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the State of Texas for any inaccuracies or omissions in this standard or for any incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
 - The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
 - Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
 - The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
 - Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
 - When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING^{15.6}

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign Δ Spacing "X"
CW20 ⁴	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30	120
CW21			35	160
CW22			40	240
CW23			45	320
CW25			50	400
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	55	500 ²
CW3, CW4, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12			60	600 ²
			65	700 ²
			75	900 ²
			80	1000 ²
	*	*	*	3

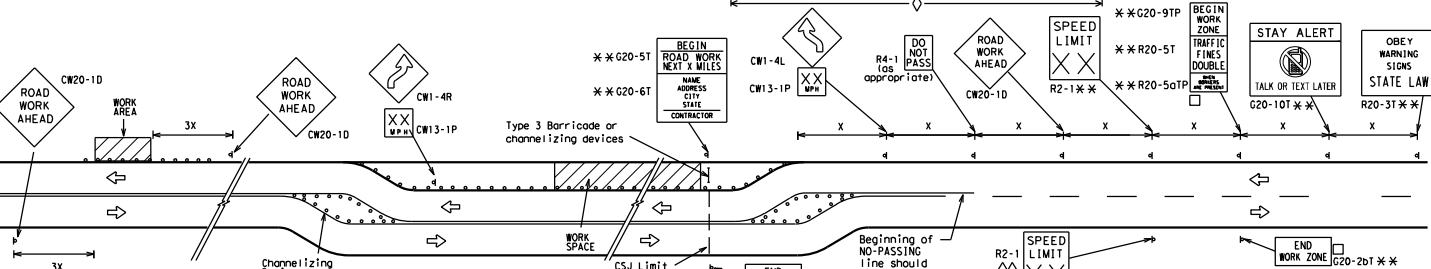
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

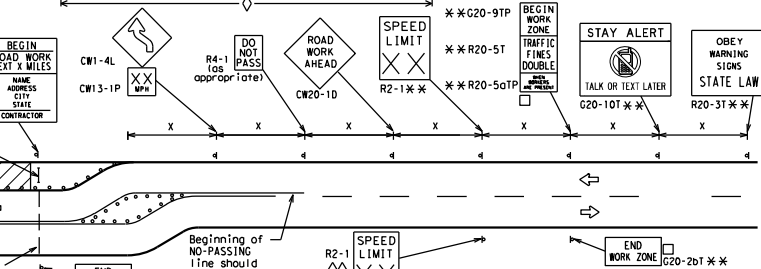
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

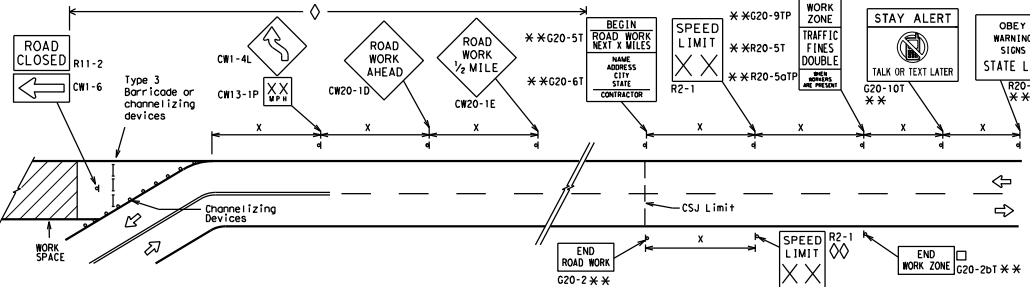


When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



NOTES

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

□ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

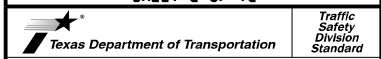
◇ Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.

◇◇ Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
■	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

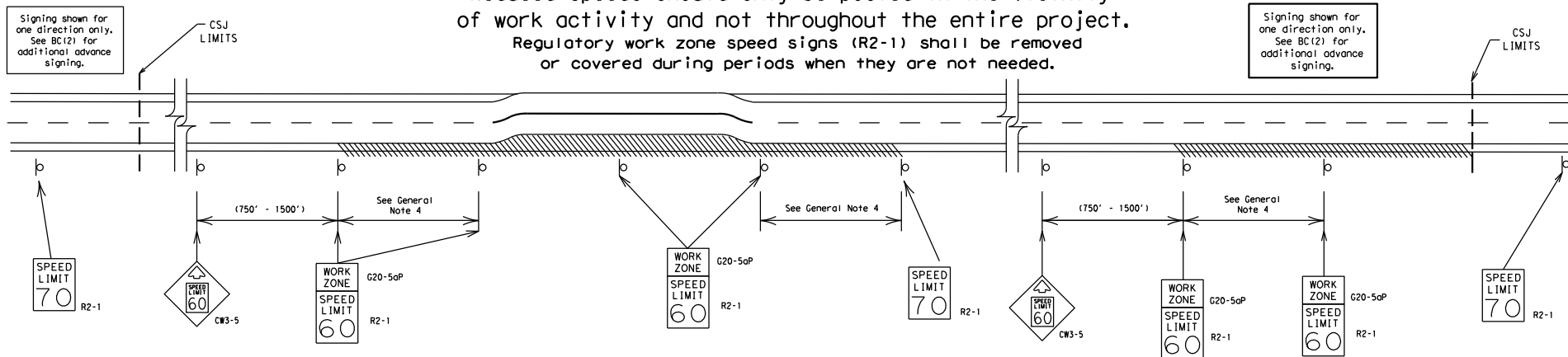
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CR: TXDOT	DR: TXDOT	CS: TXDOT
© TXDOT November 2002	CONF	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6437	77	001	US 377
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	SJT	KIMBLE	8

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the publisher of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/009 BC(3)-21.dgn
 DATE: 9/11/2023 3:51:15 AM
 FILE: pwr//1xdot_projects/isscm1/line.com/TxDOT/documents/07 - SUT/Maintenance Projects/51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim/2 - DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/009 BC(3)-21.dgn

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

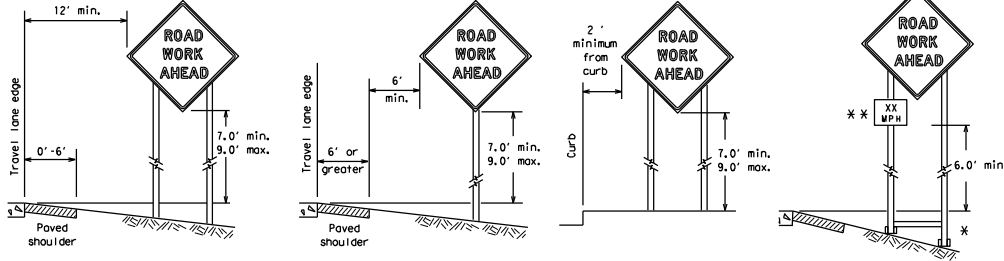
40 mph and greater	0.2 to 2 miles
35 mph and less	0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Low enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT			
BC (3) - 21			
FILE:	dc-21.dgn	DW: TxDOT	CR: TxDOT
REVISED:	November 2002	CONT SECT:	JOB
9-07	8-14	6437 77	001
7-13	5-21	DIST	COUNTY
		SJT	KIMBLE
		SHEET NO.	9

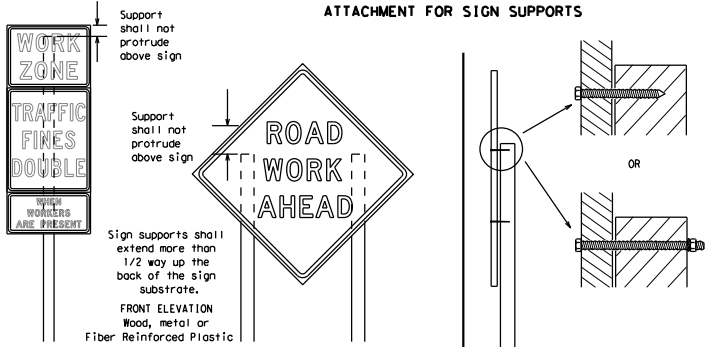
DATE: 9/11/2023 3:51:40 AM
 FILE: P:\714607\proj\work\isom\line.com:TXDOT\2\documents\07...SJT\Maintenance Projects\51 RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim\2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\010 BC(4)-21.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the State of Texas for the use of this standard in other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
- ** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the nearest sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



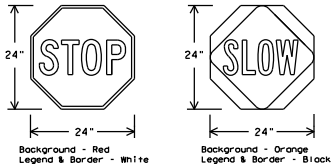
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TXDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed.
 Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflective when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _L OR C _L SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (L000), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any changes in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIGN SIZES

- The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_L or Type C_L, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor studs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, coarseness sand should be used and the sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign supports.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as fire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber balls used for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber balls may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

- Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

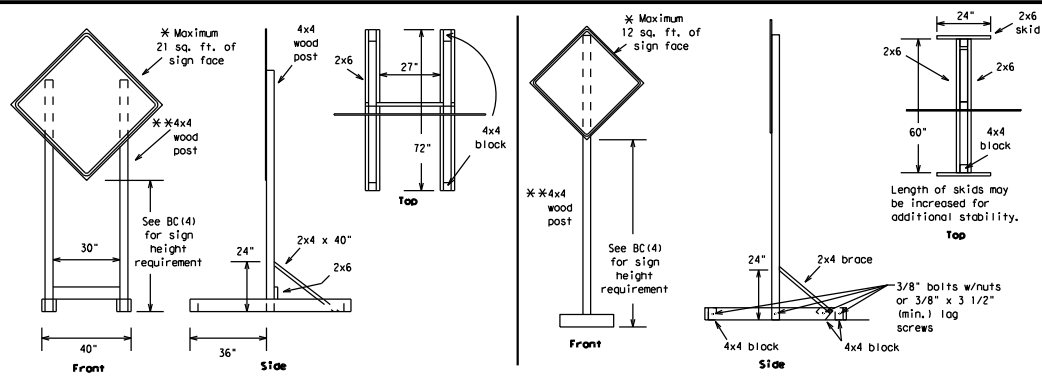
BC(4)-21

FILE: Dc-21.dgn	DATE: TXDOT	BY: TXDOT	JOB: TXDOT	US: TXDOT
REVISED: 06/2002	CONF: 6437	SECT: 77	COUNTY: 001	SHEET NO: US 377
9-07	8-14			
7-13	5-21			
	SJT		KIMBLE	TO

88

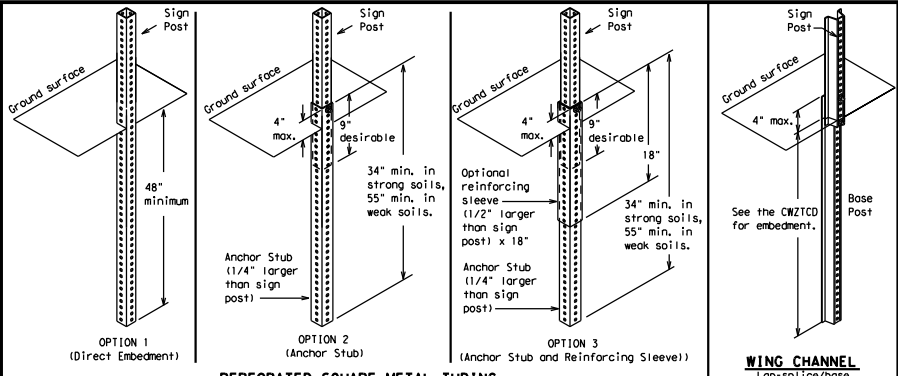
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the Texas Department of Transportation for the use of this standard or for any incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:52:05 AM
 FILE: pwr\1\hcdor_projects\isom\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\Maintenance Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trimm.2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\01 BC(5)-21.dgn



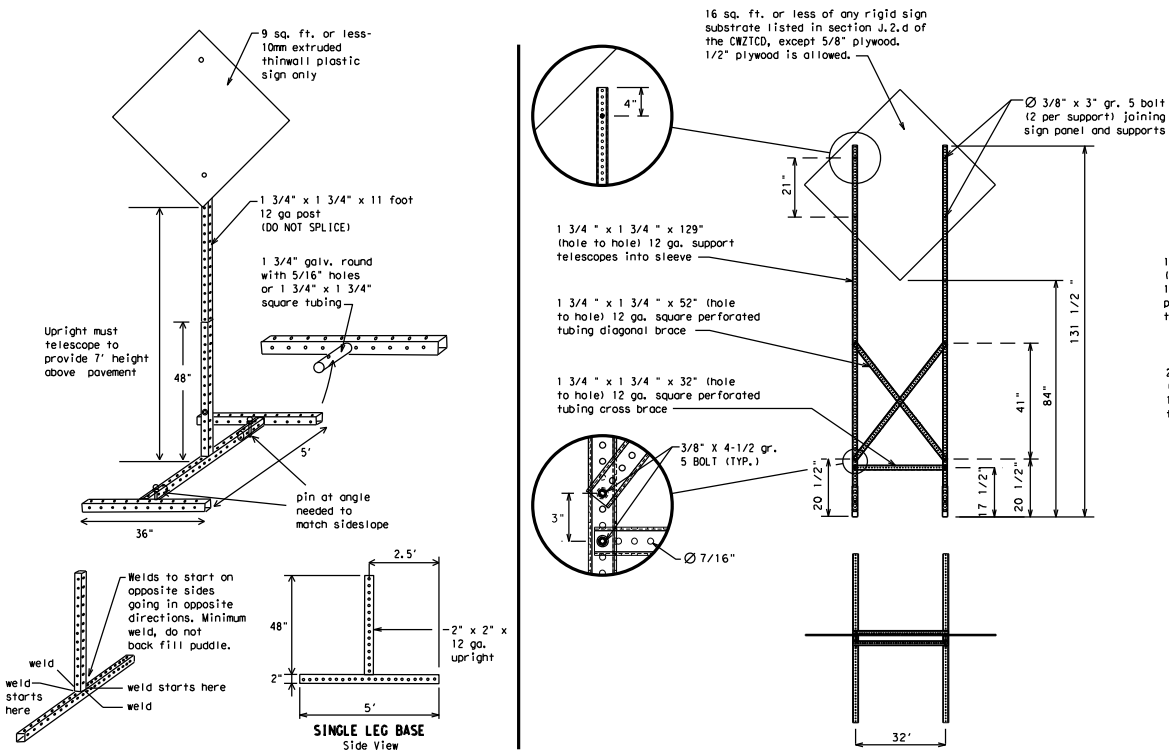
SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS
 Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS
 MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

- GENERAL NOTES**
1. Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
 3. When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12
 Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

FILE:	DC-21.dgn	DN:	TXDOT	CR:	TXDOT	DR:	TXDOT	CR:	TXDOT
REV:	NOVEMBER 2002	CONT:	6437	SECT:	77	JOB:	001	COUNTY:	US 377
REV:	8-14	DIS:	7-13	REV:	5-21	COUNTY:	SJT	SHEET NO.:	11

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:52:29 AM
 FILE: D:\71\hcor_proj\ctw\isom1\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SUT\Maintenance Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\012 BC(6)-21.dgn
 The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the State of Texas for the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of the information provided herein. This standard is subject to change without notice.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the table.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	

Other Condition List

ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT *

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS
STAY IN LANE *	

Location List

AT FM XXXX	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	XXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	US XXX TO FM XXXX
------------	--------------------------	-------------------	-------------------

Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	RIGHT LANE EXIT	USE CAUTION	DRIVE SAFELY	DRIVE WITH CARE
--------------------	----------------------	----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------	-------------	--------------	-----------------

**** Advance Notice List**

TUE-FRI XX AM - X PM	APR XX - X PM - X AM	BEGINS MONDAY	BEGINS MONDAY	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM	NEXT FRI-SUN	XX AM TO XX PM	NEXT TUE AUG XX	TONIGHT XX PM - XX AM
----------------------	----------------------	---------------	---------------	-----------------------	--------------	----------------	-----------------	-----------------------

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XINC	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fee Ahead	FEE AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DOWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZ MAT	Travelers	TRVLRS
High Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle	VEH	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPPER LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHs
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
ITS	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	L	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)			
BC (6) - 21			
FILE: dc-21.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CR: TXDOT	DR: TXDOT
TXDOT November 2002	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6437 77	001	US 377
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY
7-13	5-21	SJT	KIMBLE
			SHEET NO.
			12

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:53:24 AM
 FILE: P:\Work\Projects\11001\11001.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the author for the accuracy or for the appropriateness of the information resulting from its use. Version 1.0 of this standard is based on the "Texas Engineering Practice Act" and the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
 DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/014 BC(8)-21.dgn

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

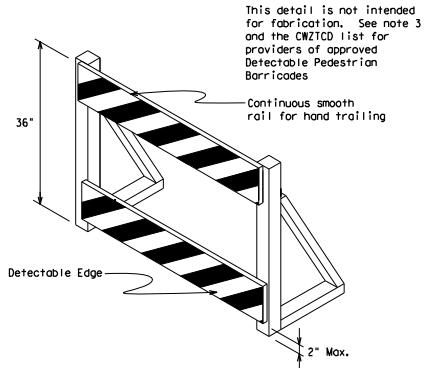
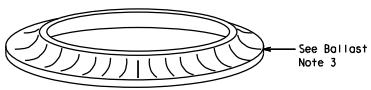
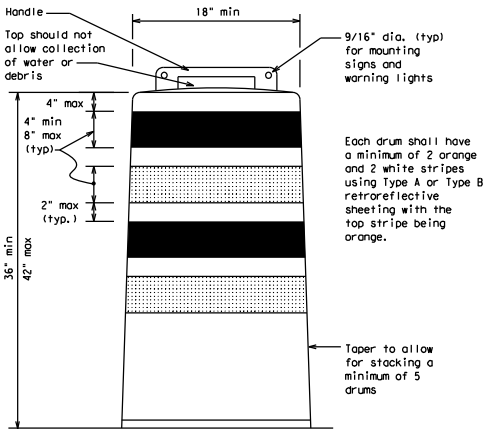
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
 - The body and base shall "lock" together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
 - Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
 - The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
 - The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
 - Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 - Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 - Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

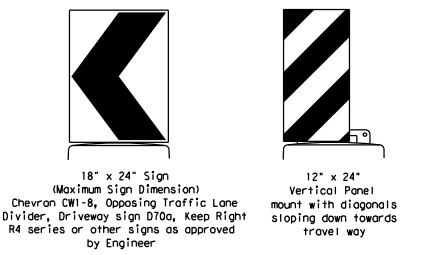
BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to M2(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rolls as shown on BC(10) provided that the top roll provides a smooth continuous roll suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

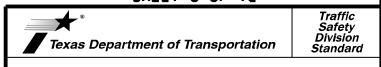


Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (8) - 21

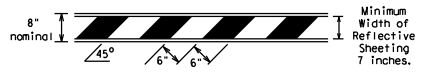
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CR:	TxDOT	DR:	TxDOT	EX:	TxDOT
REV:	1	DATE:	NOVEMBER 2002	CONTRACT:	6437	SECTION:	77	JOB:	US 377
REVISIONS:		DIST:	4-03 8-14	COUNTY:		SHEET NO.:			
		DIST:	9-07 5-21	COUNTY:		SHEET NO.:			
		DIST:	7-13	COUNTY:	KIMBLE	SHEET NO.:			14

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:54:23 AM
 FILE: p:\proj\11\hcdor_proj\ctw\11\seam1\line.dwg TXDOT\Documents\07 - SUT\Maintenance Projects\07 - SUT\Maintenance Projects\51 - RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim\2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\016 BC(10)-21.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the State of Texas for the use of this standard or for the accuracy of the information resulting from its use.

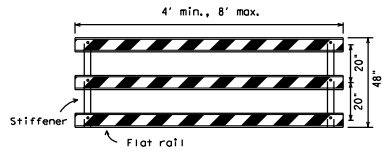
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as fire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

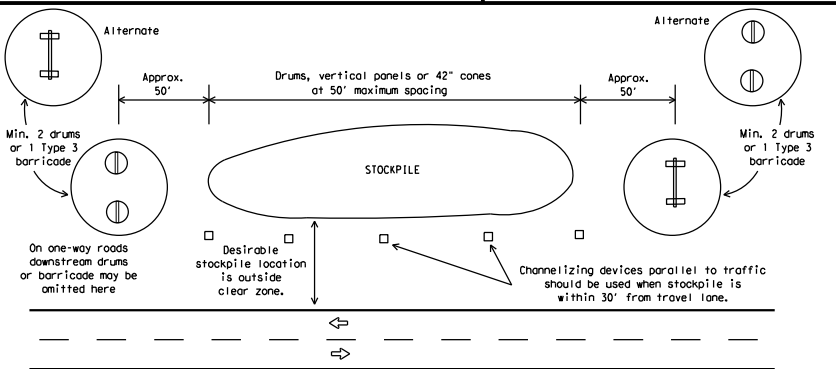


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



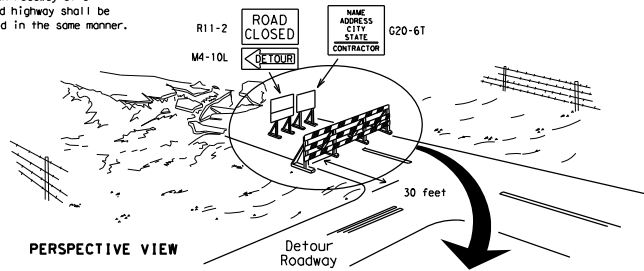
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



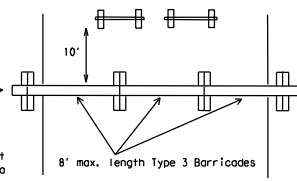
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

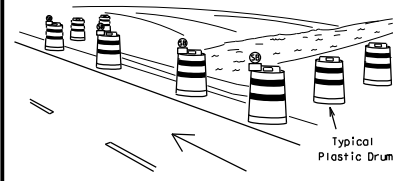
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.



PLAN VIEW

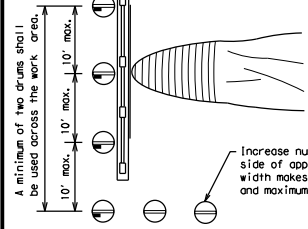
1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums are not required on one-way roadway



PLAN VIEW

Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

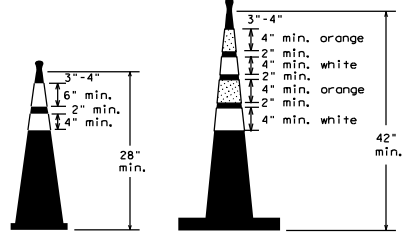
1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND

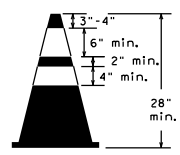
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

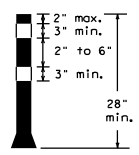
CONES



Two-Piece cones



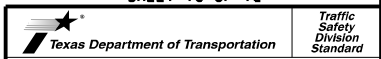
One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

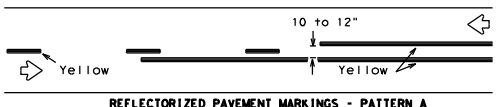
BC(10)-21

FILE: dc-21.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CR: TXDOT	DR: TXDOT	EX: TXDOT
TXDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6437	77	001	US 377
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	SJT	KIMBLE		16

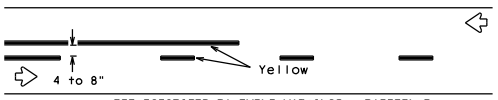
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the State of Texas for the use of this standard or for any incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:55:14 AM
 FILE: DWG://tcdot.projectw/isscm1/line.com:TXDOT/2/documents/07...SJT/Maintenance Projects/51 RMC 6437-77-001 Non-Site Tree Trim/2 - DESIGN FILES/Plan Sheets/018 BC(12)-21.dgn

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

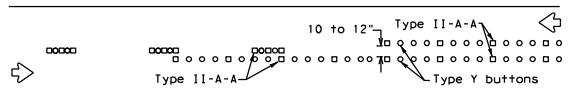


REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A

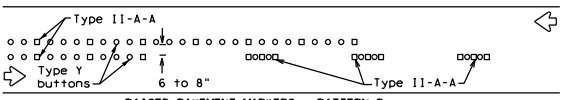


REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B

Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.

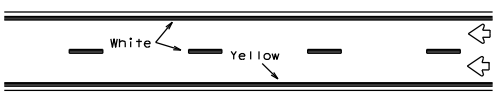


RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A



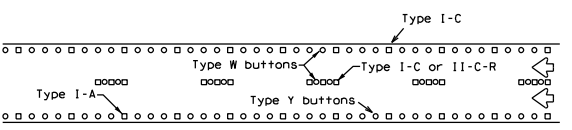
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



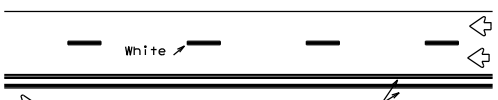
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



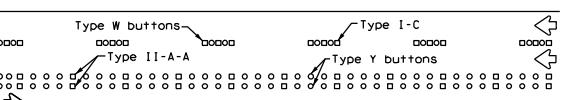
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



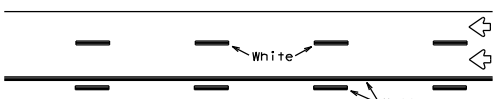
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



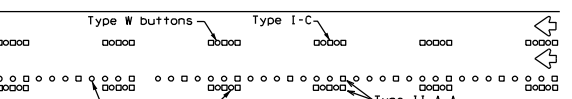
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

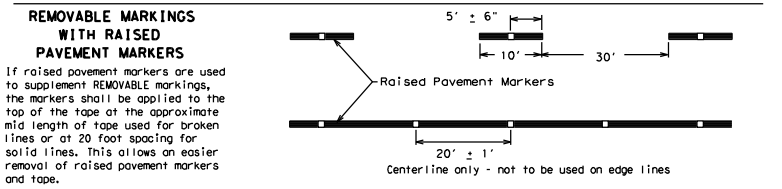
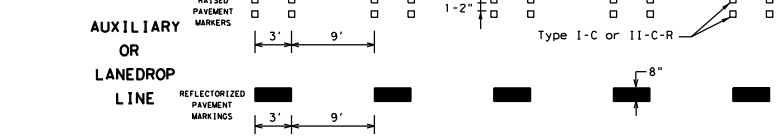
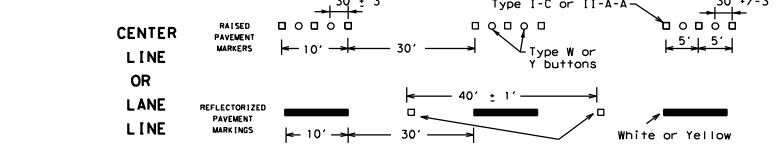
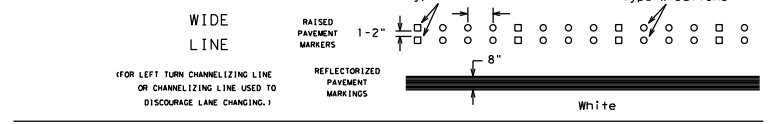
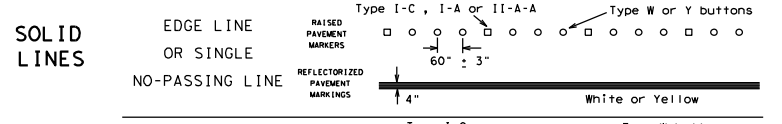
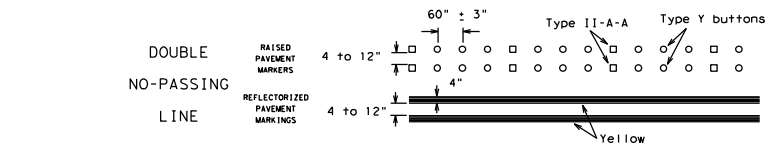
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



SHEET 12 OF 12

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

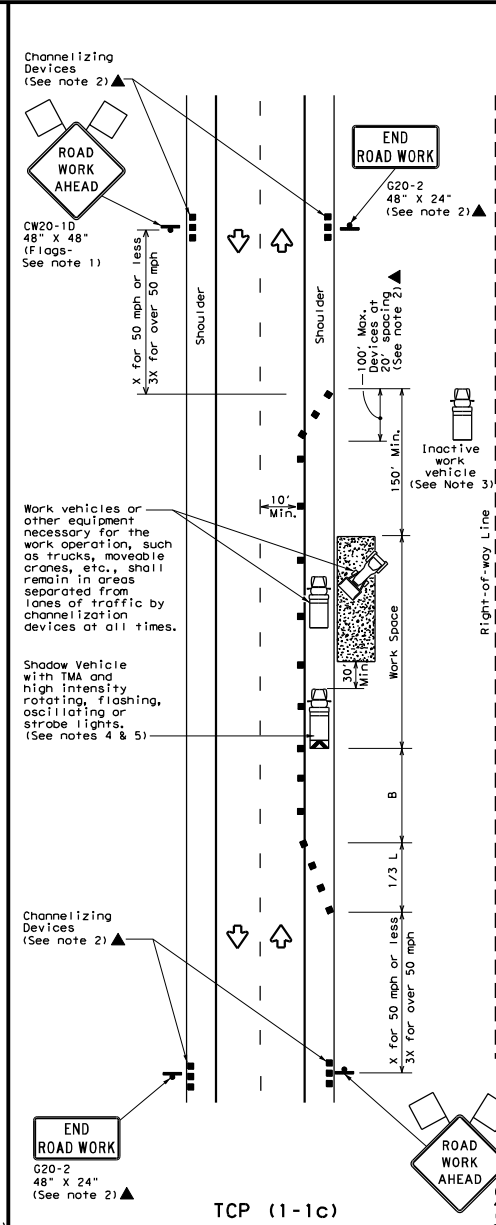
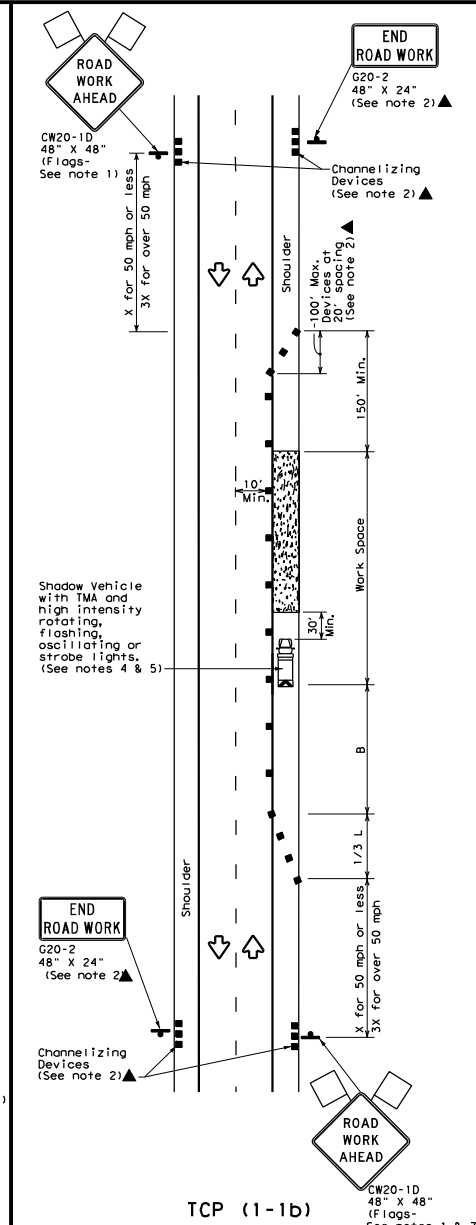
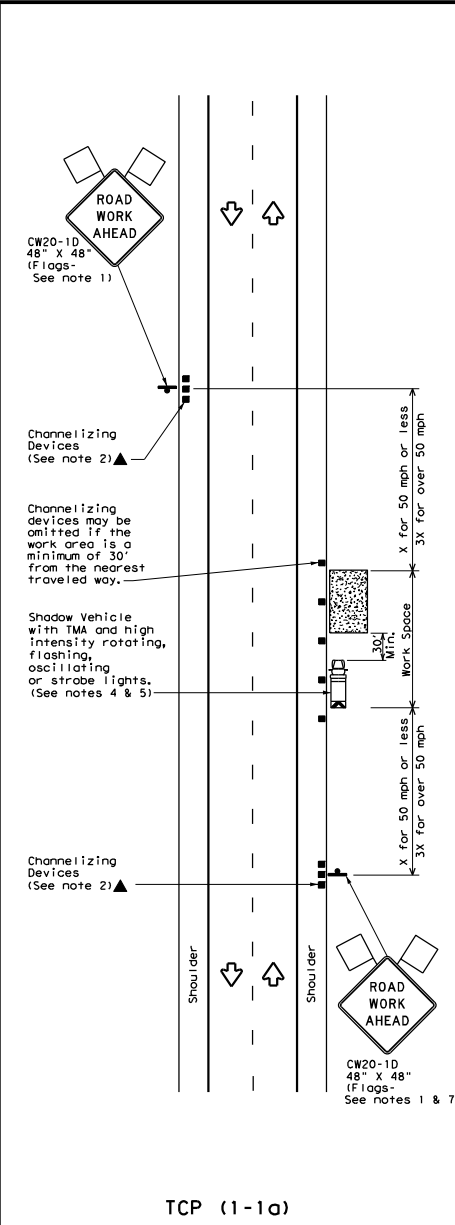
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DW: TXDOT	CR: TXDOT	DR: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
© TXDOT February 1998	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
1-97 9-07 5-21	6437 77	001	US 377	
2-98 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
11-02 8-14	SJT	KIMBLE	18	

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or the use of this standard in any project. The user of this standard is responsible for the conversion of units and the use of this standard in any project. The user of this standard is responsible for the conversion of units and the use of this standard in any project.

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:55:39 AM
 FILE: pwt\1\tdot_projects\isom\line.com\1\00012\documents\07 - SJT\MO\intermodal\PHOTODIAGRAM.dgn



LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "A"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper Lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
 - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
 - See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
 - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

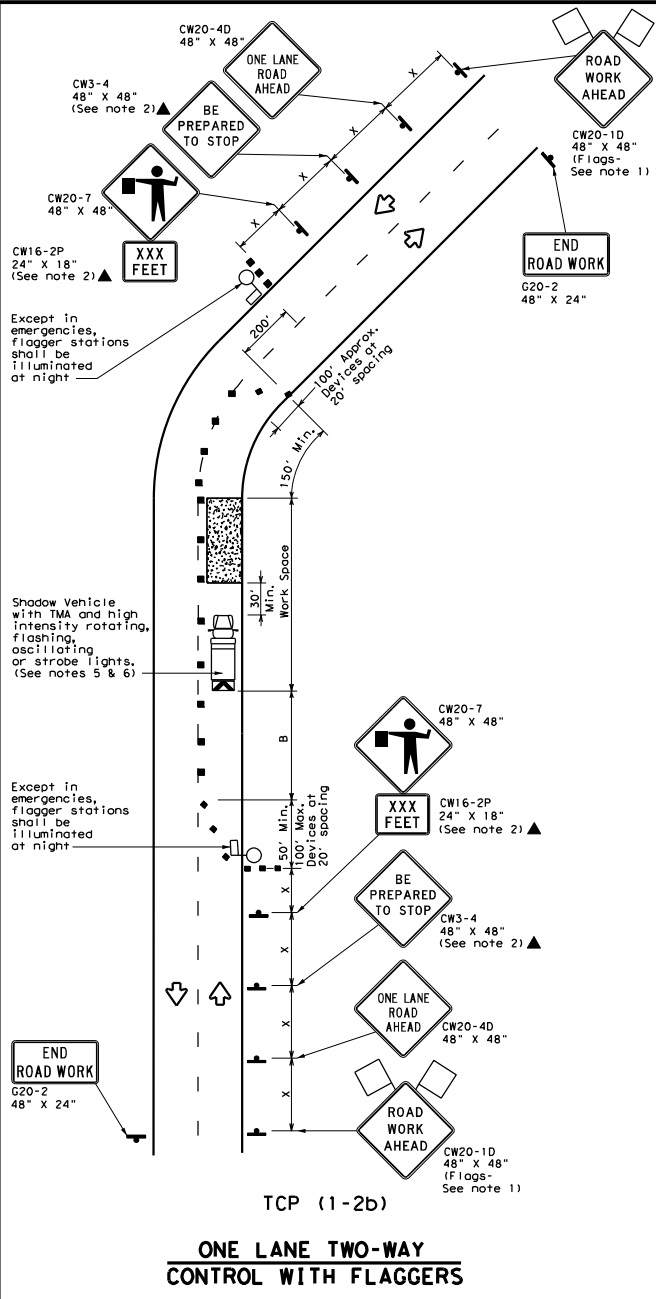
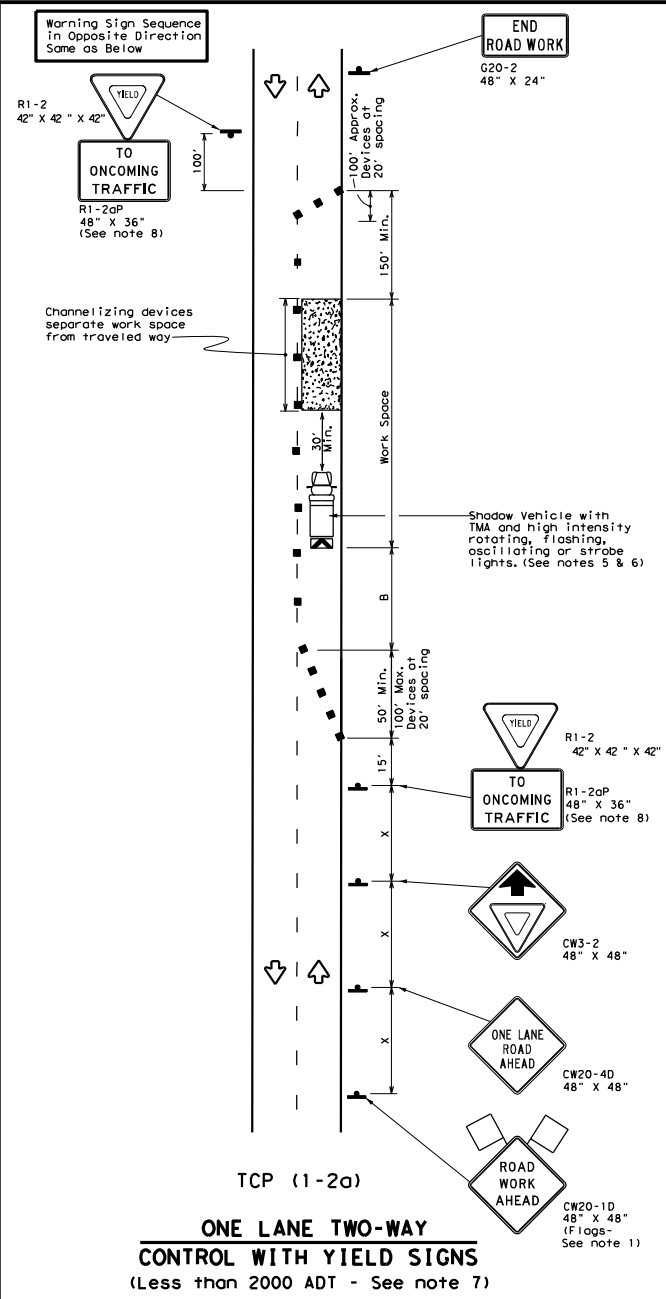
Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP (1-1) - 18

FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DATE: December 1985	CONT: 6437	SECT: 77	JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: US 377
REV: 2-94 4-98	REV: 2-12	REV: 1-97 2-18	REV: 1-97 2-18	REV: 1-97 2-18	REV: 1-97 2-18
COUNTY: KIMBLE			SHEET NO: 19		

DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units. The user of this standard is responsible for determining the appropriate units to use.



LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	L = WS ² 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
✓	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

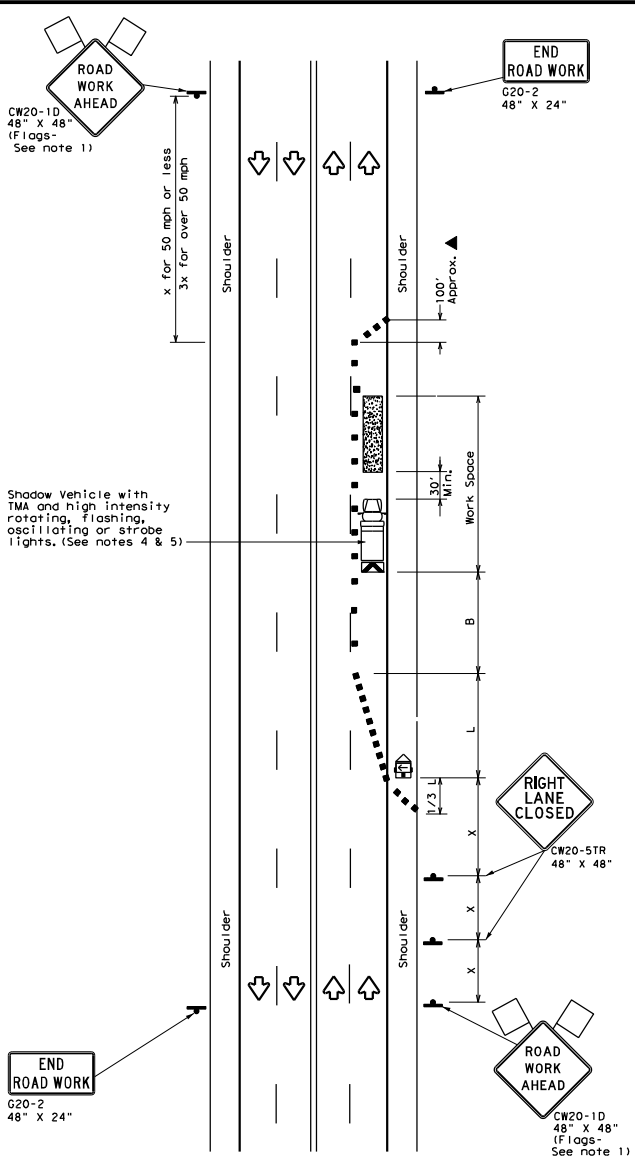
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

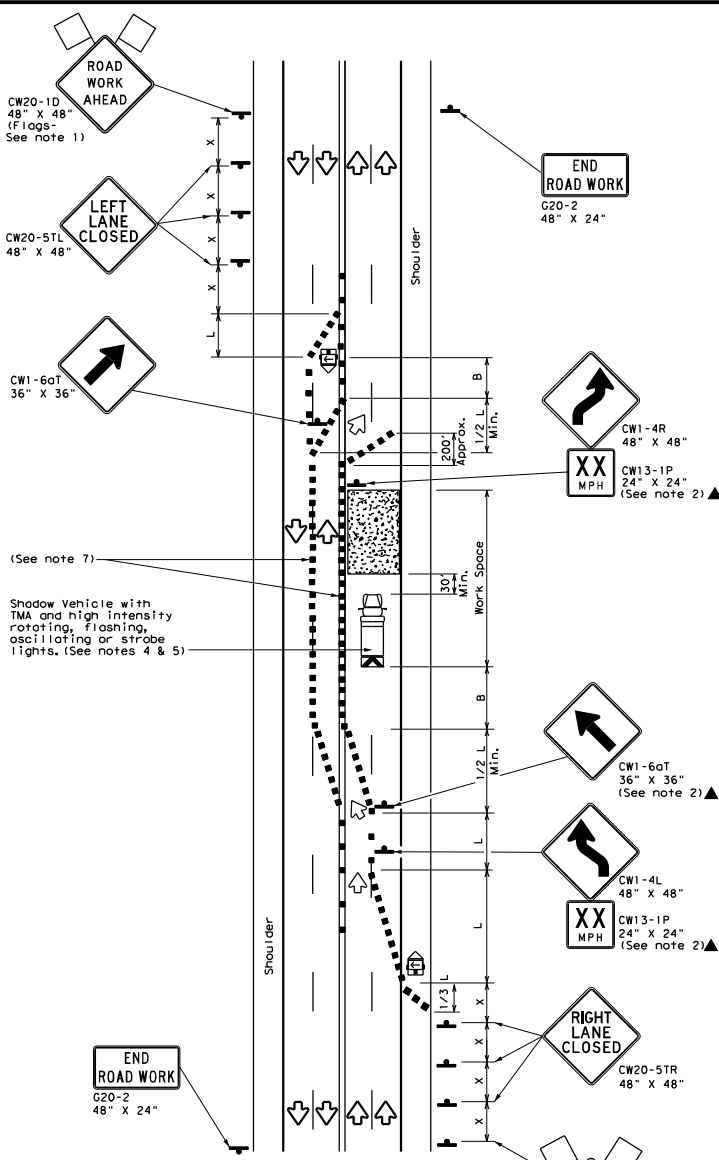
TCP (1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DATE: December 1985	CONTRACT: 6437	SECTION: 77	JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: US 377
4-90	4-90	REVISIONS:		COUNTY: KIMBLE	SHEET NO. 20
2-94	2-12				
1-97	2-18				

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:56:57 AM
 FILE: p:\project\isom\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\MO\interchange PHOTODUPLICATION.dwg
 DISCALIMERS: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this drawing to any other format.



TCP (1-4a)
ONE LANE CLOSED



TCP (1-4b)
TWO LANES CLOSED

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L = WS	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75	L = WS	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
 - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- TCP (1-4a)**
- If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.
- TCP (1-4b)**
- Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

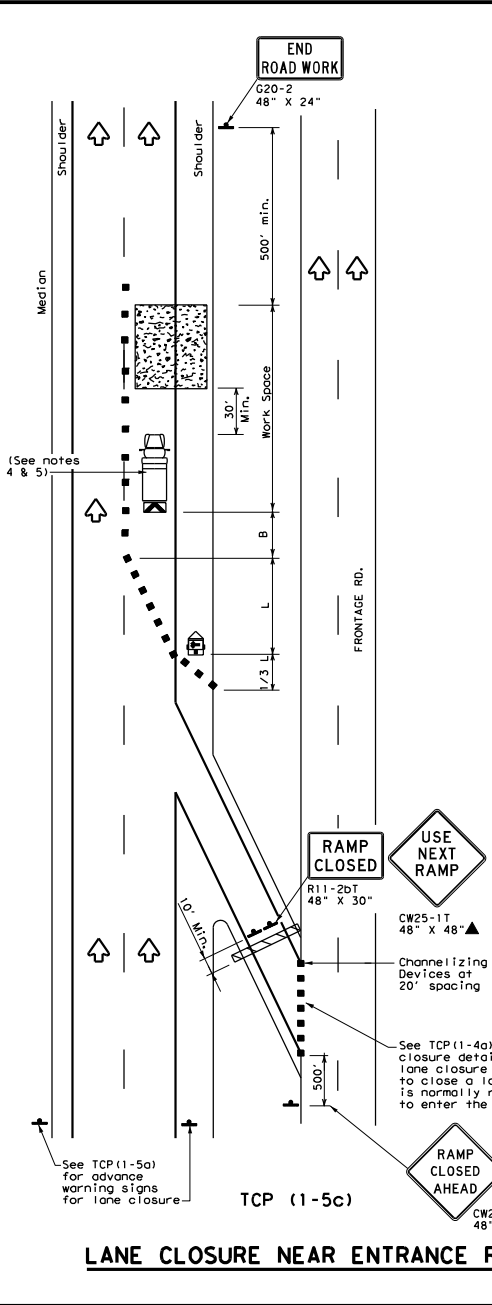
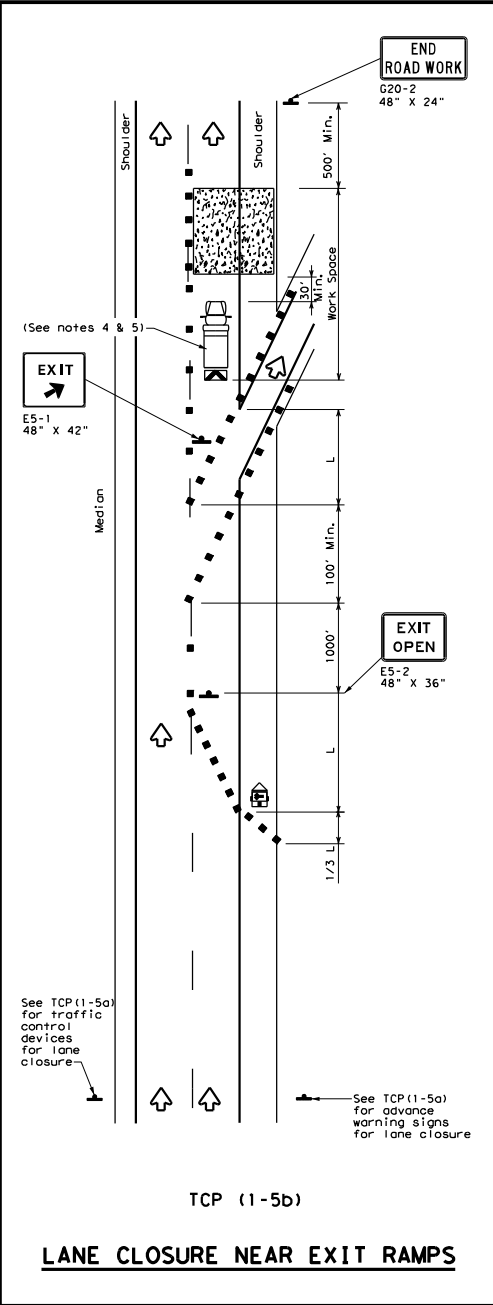
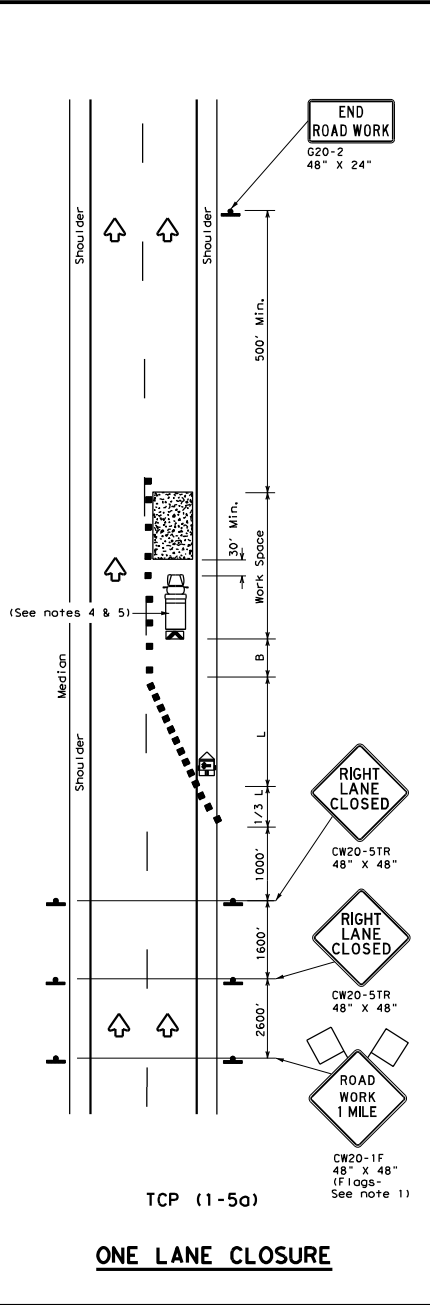
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP (1-4) - 18

FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DATE: December 1985	CONTRACT: 6437	SECTION: 77	JOB: 001	COUNTY: KIMBLE	SHEET NO.: 22
© TxDOT		REVISIONS		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
2-94	4-99					
8-95	2-12					
1-97	2-18					

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:51:24 AM
 FILE: p:\projects\seom1\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\MO\interchange PHOTODUPLICATION.dwg
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this drawing to a format other than the original. For more information, please refer to the drawing sheet title block.



LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * %	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * %			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
 - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

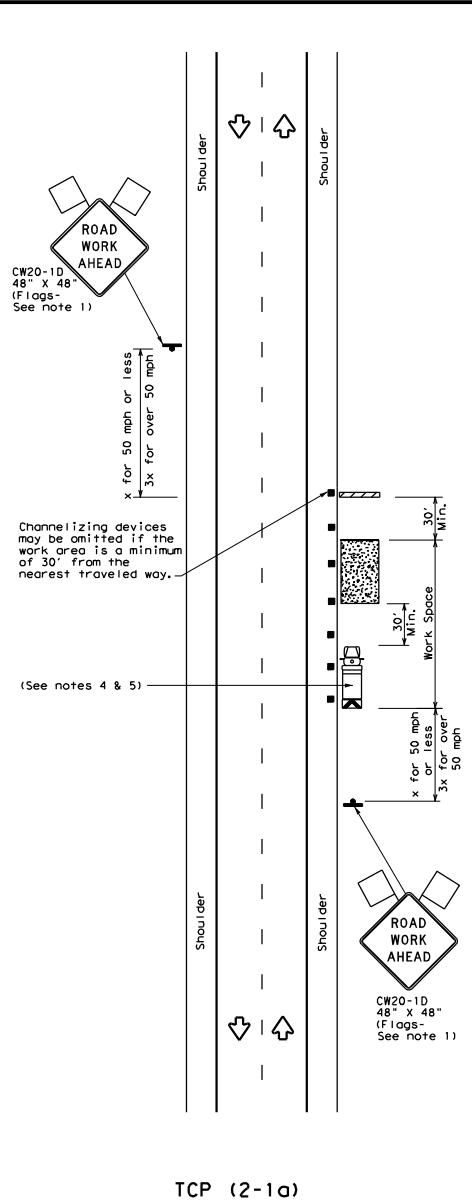
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES FOR
DIVIDED HIGHWAYS**

TCP (1-5) - 18

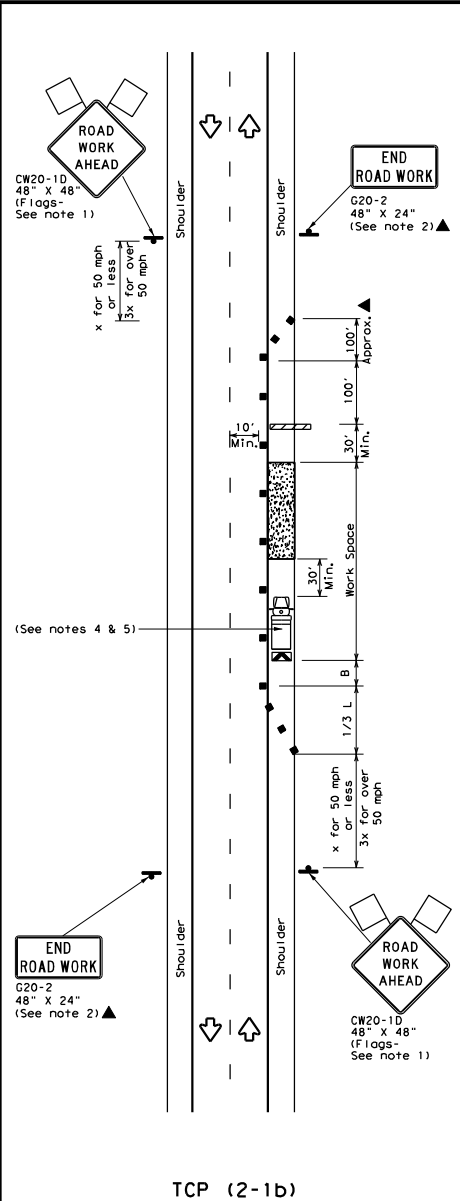
FILE: tcp1-5-18.dgn	DN:	CR:	DR:	CR:
© TXDOT February 2012	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
2-18 REVISIONS	6437 77	001	US 377	
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	SJT	KIMBLE	23	

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units of measurements, designations, trade names or registered rights, or for any error in or omission from this standard.

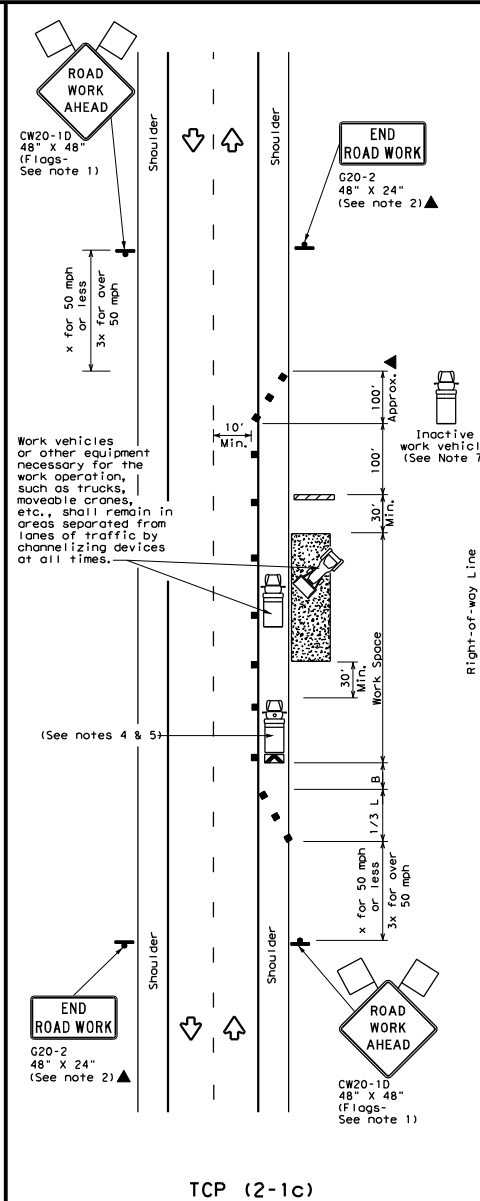
DATE: 9/11/2023 3:51:49 AM
FILE: pwt//1xdot_projects/150001/line.com/1XDOT2/DOCUMENTS/07...SJT/M0/interchange_photos/signage/traffic_control/shoulder_work/TCP(2-1)-18.dgn



WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER
Conventional Roads



WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER
Conventional Roads



WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER
Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing * Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space * B'
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	$L = WS$	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	$L = WS$	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	$L = WS$	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	$L = WS$	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
 - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
 - See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
 - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
 - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

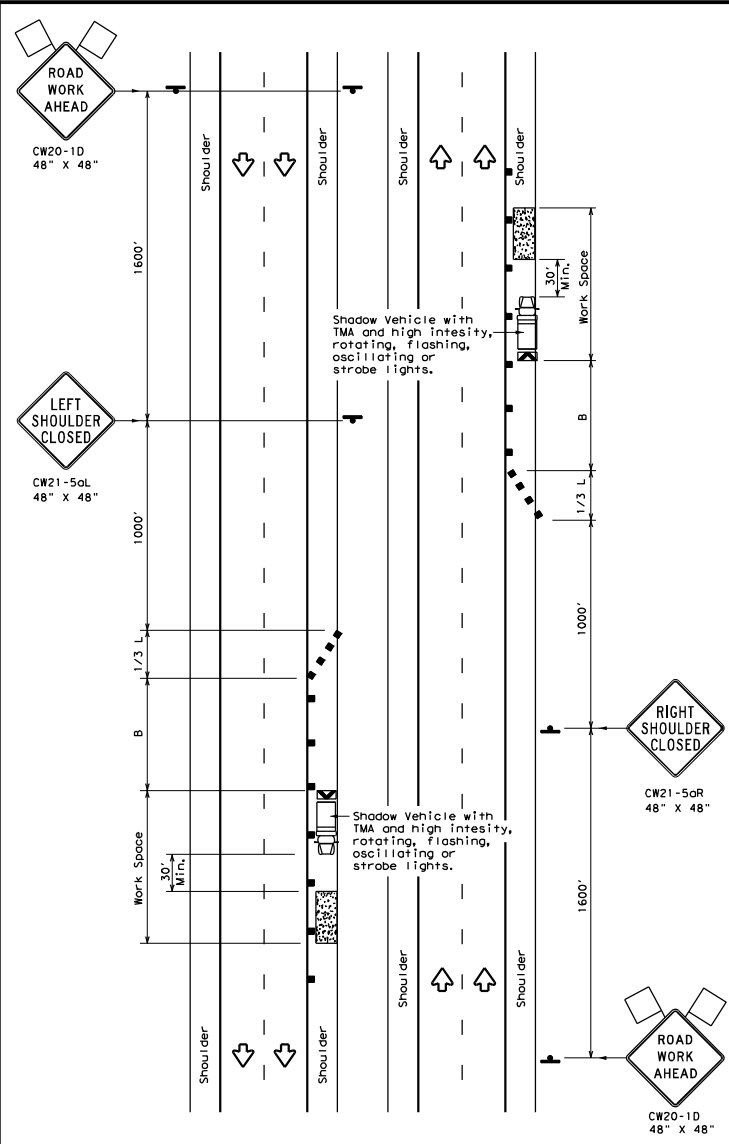
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP (2-1) - 18

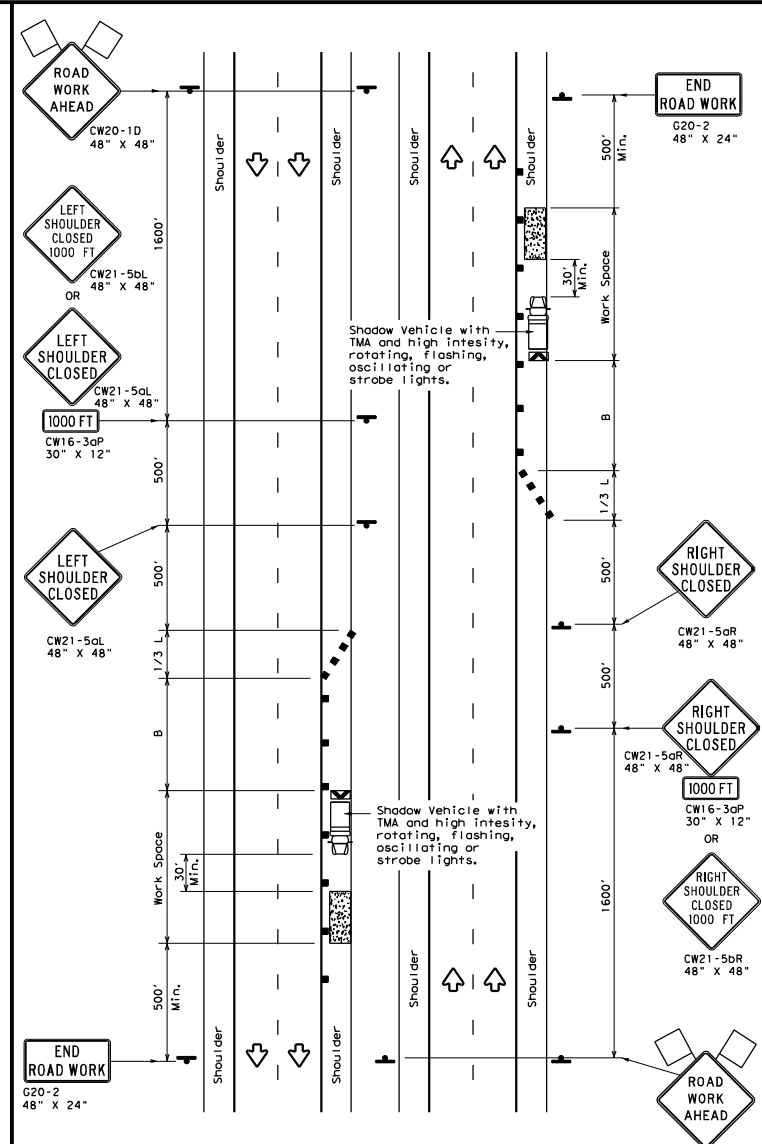
FILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DATE: December 1985	CONT: 6437	SECT: 77	JOB: 001	COUNTY: KIMBLE	SHEET NO.: 24
---------------------	---------------------	------------	----------	----------	----------------	---------------

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:59:31 AM
 FILE: p:\projects\isom1\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\MO\intermodal\PHOTODIAG\diag\cp5-1-18.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to any other format. For more information, contact the Texas Department of Transportation, 1100 West 11th Street, Austin, TX 78701-1101.



TCP (5-1a)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER



TCP (5-1b)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * L = WS ² 60	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30		150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
 - 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.



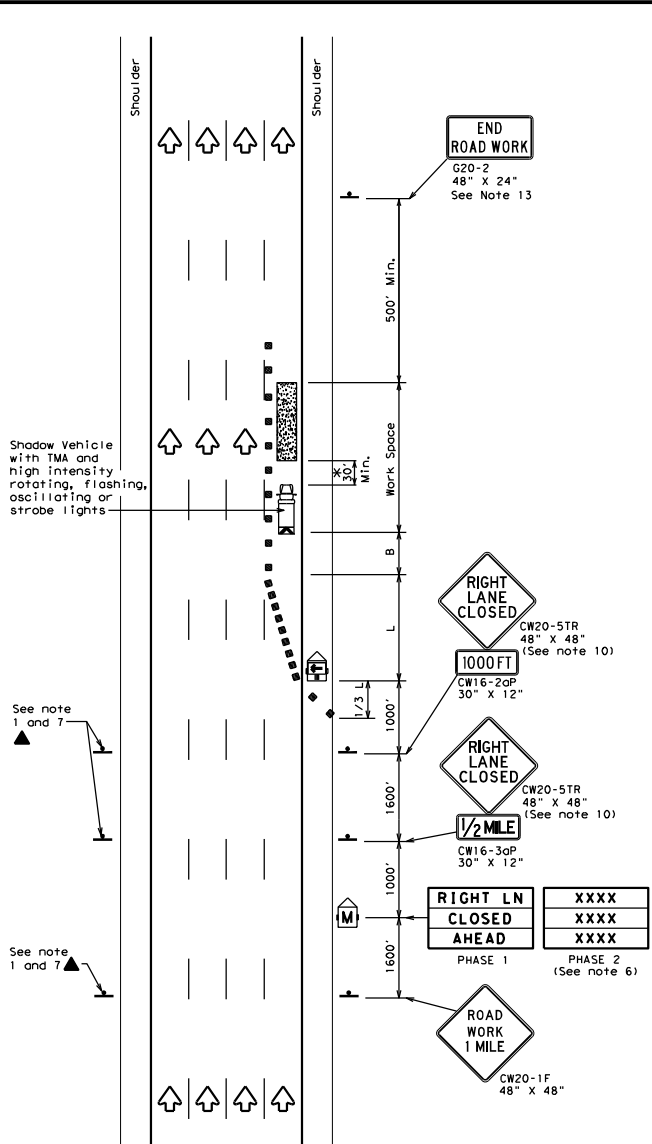
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 SHOULDER WORK FOR
 FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS**

TCP (5-1) - 18

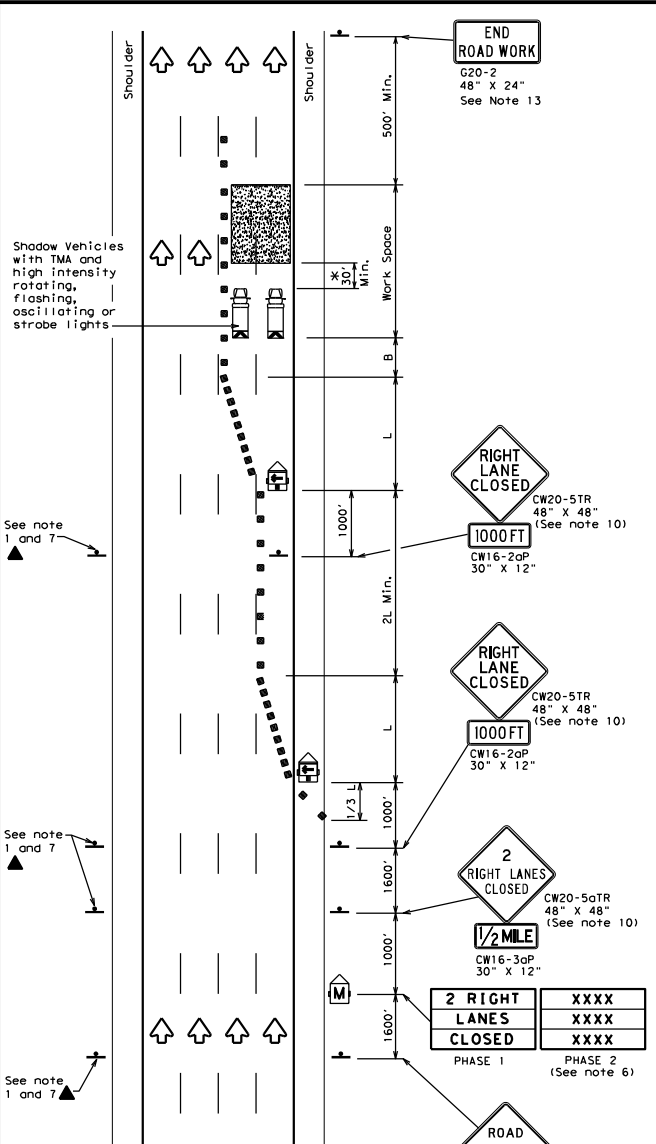
FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn	DATE: February 2012	COM: 6437	SECT: 77	JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: US 377
2-18	DIST: SJT	COUNTY: KIMBLE	SHEET NO. 28		

DISCALINES
 The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for the accuracy of any information derived therefrom.

DATE: 9/11/2023 3:59:58 AM
 FILE: pwr\71\tdot\projectw\isom\line.com\TxDOT\Documents\07 - SJT\M0\intermediate\PH05\design\signing\TYPICAL\FREWAY\TCP(6-1)-12.dgn



TCP (6-1a)
**TYPICAL FREEWAY
 ONE LANE CLOSURE**



TCP (6-1b)
**TYPICAL FREEWAY
 TWO LANE CLOSURE**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42" cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the MUTCD.
- Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA should be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES**

TCP (6-1) - 12

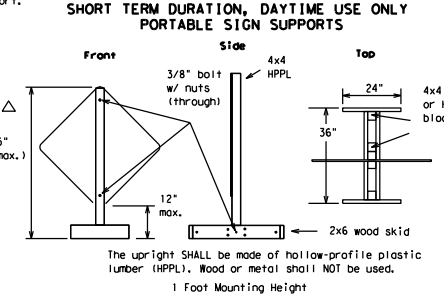
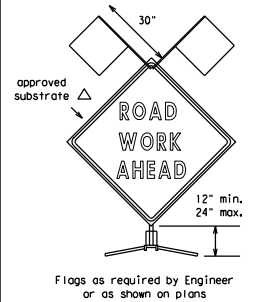
FILE: tcp6-1.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CR: TxDOT	DR: TxDOT	EX: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1998	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
8-12 REVISIONS	6437 77	001	US 377	
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	SJT	KIMBLE	29	

DISCLAIMER
 The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

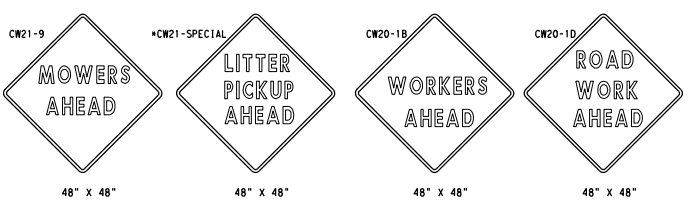
LEVELS DISPLAYED
 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63

EXAMPLES OF SIGN SUPPORTS

△ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.



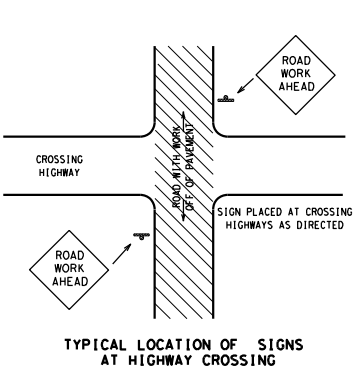
Nails will NOT be allowed.



SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS
MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.
LITTER PICKUP AHEAD, ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE.

ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

*Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-1D

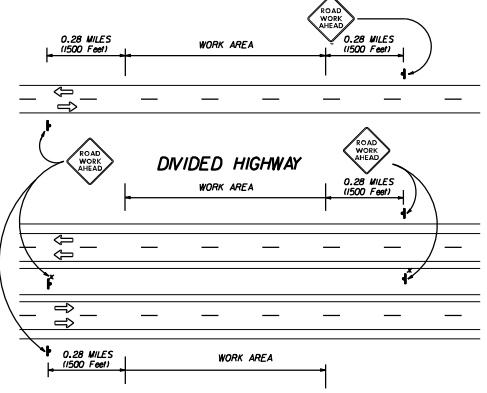


TYPICAL LOCATION OF SIGNS AT HIGHWAY CROSSING

WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 2.0 MILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6' TO 12' OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES. ONE OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

* SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY OR FRONTAGE ROAD



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TWZTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VII)

- The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing operation all signs and supports are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not protrude from the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- Refactorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310. The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us/80/dynweb/colmatres/6Generic_CollectionView.cs?default:ts=default
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizing devices.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.
- Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign supports.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or repaired as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting:

Standards Engineer
 Traffic Operations Division - TE
 Texas Department of Transportation
 125 East 11th Street
 Austin, Texas 78701-2483
 Phone (512) 416-3120
 Fax (512) 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us
 Click on "About TxDOT",
 Click on "Organizational Chart",
 Click on "Traffic Operations Box",
 Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices",
 Click on "View PDF".
 This site is printable.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Maintenance Division
 Standard Plans

ROADSIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

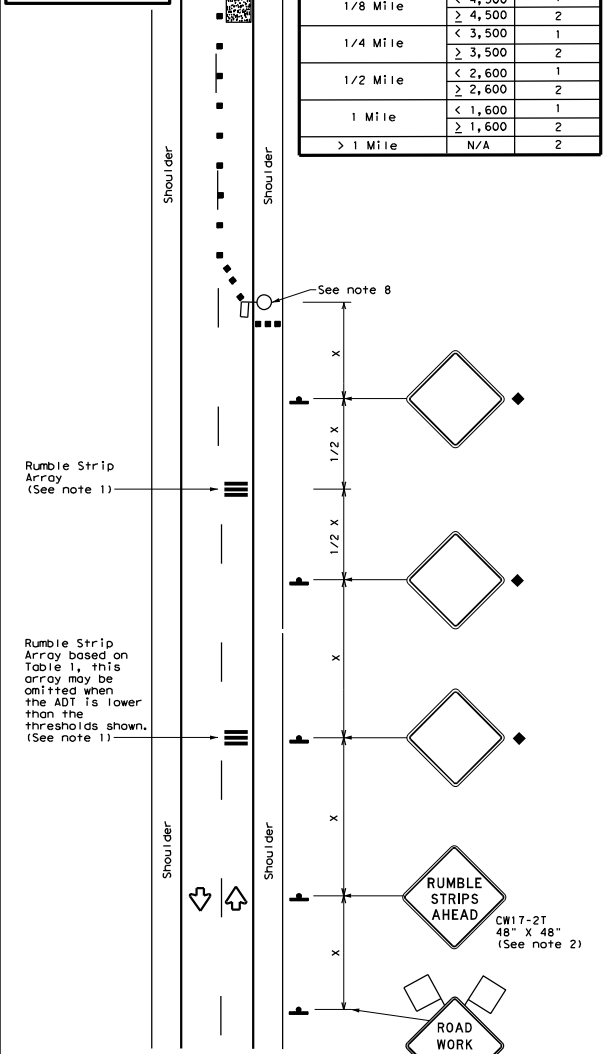
SHEET 1 OF 1 RS-TCP-05 NOT TO SCALE

FILE#	RSTCP05.DGN	DR#	LJB	CHK	JG	REV.	CK#	REG. NO. 1
© TxDOT FEBRUARY 2005		DATE	1/28/05	ISSUED	6	FEDERAL AID PROJECT		SHEET
REVISED	SEPTEMBER 17, 2004	BY	SJT	NO.	6			30
REVISED	FEBRUARY 9, 2005	SIGN DIVISION IN TSP		COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	JOB
REVISED				KIMBLE	6437	77	001	US 37

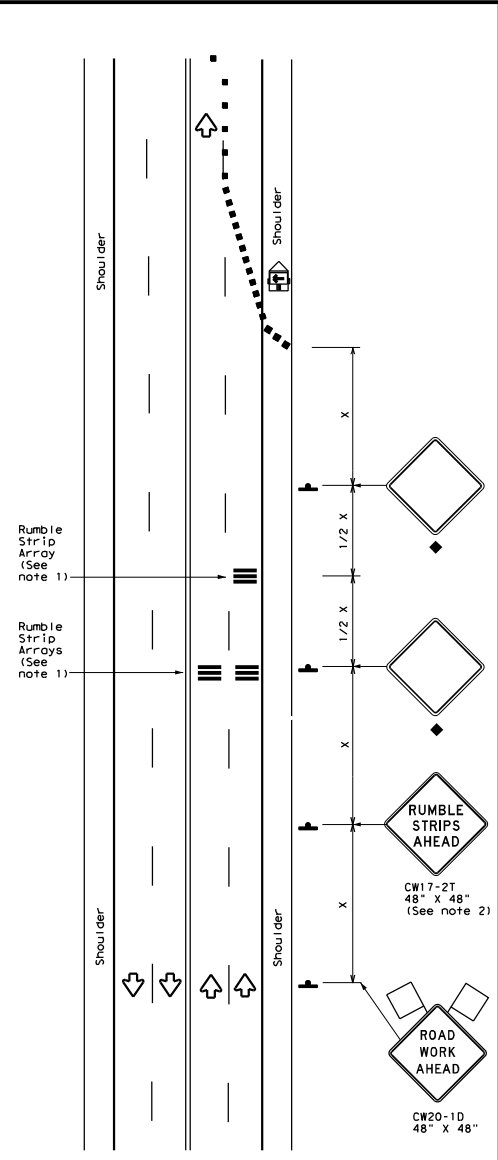
DATE: 9/11/2023 4:00:53 AM
 FILE: pwr\1\tdot_projects\isom\line.com\TXDOT\Documents\07...SJT\MoInterandof PHO\adreg\adreg.dwg
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to any other format.

Warning sign and rumble strip sequence in opposite direction is same as below

Flagger to Flagger (Length of Work Area)	ADT	# of Rumble Strip Arrays
1/8 Mile	< 4,500	1
	> 4,500	2
1/4 Mile	< 3,500	1
	> 3,500	2
1/2 Mile	< 2,600	1
	> 2,600	2
1 Mile	< 1,600	1
	> 1,600	2
> 1 Mile	N/A	2



WZ (RS-1a)
75 mph or Less
RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



WZ (RS-1b)
75 mph or Less
RUMBLE STRIPS FOR LANE CLOSURE ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center of the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array
≤ 40 MPH	10'
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15'
> 55 MPH	20'

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flag
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * X	Formula L = WS ² / 60	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths *X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing *X Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space * b
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	L = WS	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT)
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

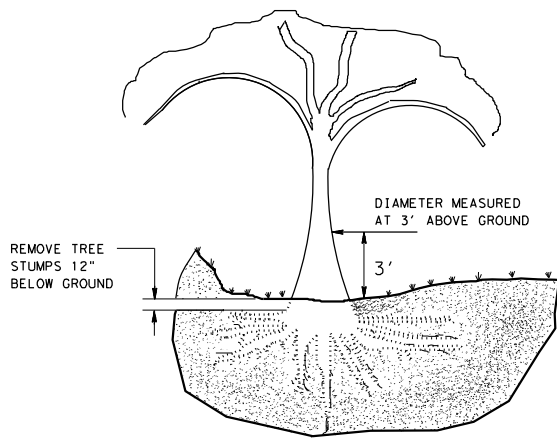
◆ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS
WZ (RS) - 16

FILE: wzrs16.dgn	DATE: TxDOT November 2012	CONT: 6437	SECT: 77	JOB: 001	COUNTY: KIMBLE	SHEET NO.: 31
© TxDOT		REVISIONS		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
2-14	4-16					31

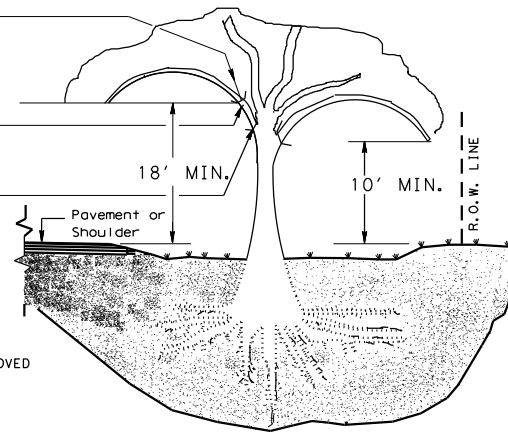
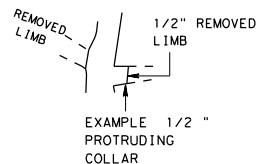
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of any information from a digital file to a printed format. The information on this sheet is for informational purposes only.

9/11/2023 4:01:20 AM
 DW: //ttdot_projects/geom_line.com:TXDOT/2023/documents/07...SJT/Maintenance/PHOTODIAGRAM.dwg

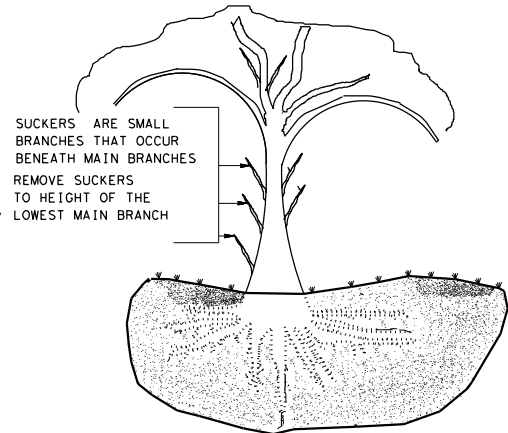


TREE REMOVAL

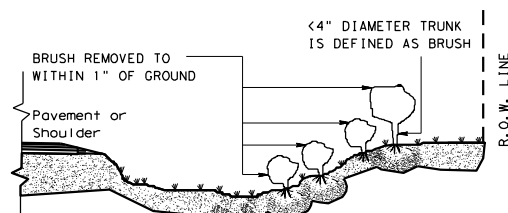
STEP 1:
 CUT 1/3 WAY THROUGH BOTTOM OF LIMB 8" TO 12" ABOVE MAIN STEM (OR TRUNK).
STEP 2:
 REMOVE LIMB 4" TO 6" BEYOND THE FIRST CUT
STEP 3:
 REMOVE STUB WITH A SMOOTH CUT SO THAT TRACE COLLAR OF THE REMOVED LIMB PROTRUDES APPROXIMATELY 1/2" FROM THE MAIN STEM



TREE TRIMMING



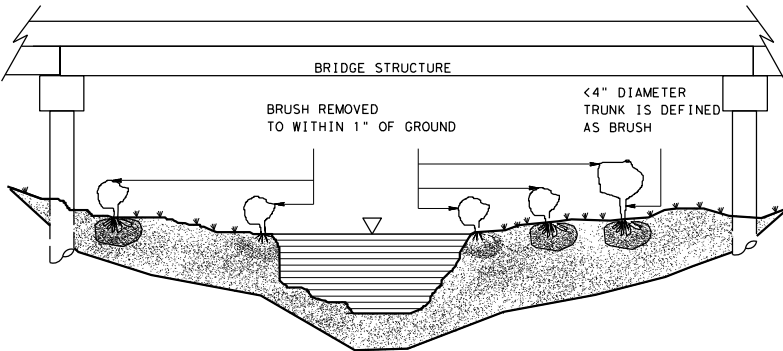
STEPS 1, 2 AND 3 APPLY WHEN REMOVING LIMBS 2" IN DIAMETER OR LARGER.



BRUSH REMOVAL

GENERAL NOTES:

- TREE TRIMMING**
- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 - TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- TREE REMOVAL**
- FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
 - MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.



BRUSH REMOVAL UNDER BRIDGE AND IN CHANNEL

PAY ITEM	TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT			
	RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS			
	TRUNK DIAMETER *		TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE	
	LOWER LIMIT IS GREATER THAN	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO	LOWER LIMIT IS GREATER THAN	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO
752 6005	4	12	12 1/2	37 1/2
752 6006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2
752 6007	18	24	56 1/2	75 1/2
752 6008	24	30	75 1/2	94
752 6009	30	36	94	113
752 6010	36	42	113	132
752 6011	42	48	132	151
752 6012	48	60	151	188 1/2
752 6013	60	72	188 1/2	226
752 6019	72	84	226	264
	84	GREATER THAN 84	264	NOT APPLICABLE

*SEE GENERAL NOTE #3.



TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL
TRB-15(1)

FILES:	DN: JED	CK: LIB	DR: JED	CK:
© TxDOT MARCH 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6437	77	001	US 377
Rev/Issued Table 1 to 2014 Specification	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	SJT	KIMBLE	32	

DATE: 9/11/2023 4:02:13 AM
 FILE: \\tceod\proj\env\online\com\TDDOT2\Document\07 - SIT\Maintenance Proj\res\51_BMC_6437-77-001_Non-Site Tree TripL2 - DESIGN FILES\Plan Sheets\034 ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS.dgn

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or CGP required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 50b.

List MS4 Operator that may receive discharges from this project. The MS4 Operator may need to be notified prior to construction activities.

1. N/A
- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED
- Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000.
 - Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer.
 - Post CGN with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.
 - When PSL's increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer.

II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404

USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.

Adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):

- No Permit Required
 Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)
 Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)
 Individual 404 Permit Required
 Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#

The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.

Required Actions: List waters of the U.S. that the permit applies to, the location in project, and check BMP's planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-construction TSS.

1. N/A

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- EROSION**
- SEEDING OR SODDING
 - MULCHING
 - SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS
 - BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS
 - DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES
 - DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES
 - TOPSOIL OR COMPOST
 - FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINERS
 - GROUND COVER
- SEDIMENTATION**
- ROCK FILTER DAMS
 - TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCES
 - TRIANGULAR FILTER DIKES
 - TOPSOIL OR COMPOST
 - BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS
 - SEDIMENT BASINS
 - SAND BAG BERMS
 - STRAW BALE DIKES
 - BRUSH BERMS
 - STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAPS
- POST-CONSTRUCTION TSS**
- VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIPS
 - RETENTION/IRRIGATION SYSTEMS
 - EXTENDED DETENTION BASINS
 - CONSTRUCTED WETLANDS
 - WET BASINS
 - TOPSOIL OR COMPOST
 - BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS
 - VEGETATION LINED DITCHES
 - SAND FILTER SYSTEMS
 - GRASSY SWALES

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to the Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED
1. N/A

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.

Adhere to specification requirements of Items 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED
1. N/A

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED

- The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance with the Act's policies and regulations. Migration patterns would not be affected by the proposed project. Observe the vegetation to be trimmed or removed and determine if bird nests are present. Evaluate the bird nests to determine if they are active (occupied). Do not disturb the active nests, or trim or remove the bush or tree. Continue working around the active nest with out disturbing it. Report all active nests to the Maintenance Supervisor. Remove non-active migratory bird nests from vegetation to be trimmed or removed.
- The Contractor shall not harry, wound, or kill animals while performing tree and brush trimming and removal.

ABBREVIATIONS USED

- | | |
|--|--|
| BMP - Best Management Practice | NOI - Notice of Intent |
| CGP - Construction General Permit | NWP - Nationwide Permit |
| CSW - Construction Site Notice | PCN - Pre-Construction Notification |
| DSHS - Texas Department of State Health Services | PSL - Project Specific Location |
| EPA - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency | SW3P - Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan |
| MS4 - Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System | TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality |
| MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet | TPDES - Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System |
| | TSS - Total Suspended Solids |
| | USACE - U.S. Army Corps of Engineers |

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site MSDS for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labeling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the TxDOT District spill coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

- YES NO

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

- YES NO

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site (hazardous materials or contamination issues specific to this project):

- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED

1. N/A

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(Includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

- NO ACTION REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED

1. N/A



JmR Ech 11 Sep 23

Texas Department of Transportation		San Angelo District	
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS			
SHEET 1 OF 1		NOT TO SCALE	
① TDDOT 2023	DATE	SHEET	JOB
	6437 77	001	US 377
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO
11-19	SJT	KIMBLE	34