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TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET

GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY PROJECT SUMMARY

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STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GRAPHICS FILE MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. RMC - 644600001 CHECKED STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS 23 MILLS CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. CHECKED US 84 6446 00 001

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PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

TYPE OF WORK:

TREE TRIMMING & BRUSH REMOVAL

PROJECT NO. : RMC - 644600001

HIGHWAY : US 84 LIMITS OF WORK : VARIOUS

BLAKE G. STEMBRIDGE 143636 VICENSED.

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

-DocuSigned by: 8/23/2023 Blake Stembridge -AZE1607EC542461...

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by: Blake Stembridge 8/23/2023 A2E1607EC542461... MAINTENANCE ENGINEER DATE

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Texas Department of Transportation

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Project Number: RMC - 644600001

County: MILLS Control: 6446-00-001

Highway: US 84

GENERAL NOTES:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION – This project consists of Tree Trimming and Brush Removal on various roadways in Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Eastland, Lampasas, McCulloch, Mills, San Saba & Stephens Counties.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR - All work on this Contract will be scheduled and directed by the following person(s):

Brown County
Calvin Milburn, Maint. Sec. Supr.
2160 CR 381
Brownwood, TX. 76802
Office: (325) 643-0331
Cell: (325) 430-9330

Jesse Cardoza, Maint. Sec. Supr. 2603 S. Commercial Ave. Coleman, TX. 73834 Office: (325) 625-2197 Cell: (325) 214-0148

Comanche County
William McNew, Maint, Sec. Supr.

1502 N. Austin Comanche, TX. 76442 Office: (325) 356-7507 Cell: (325) 330-2299 Stephens County

Coleman County

Brandon Powers, Maint. Sec. Supr. 1517 US 180 E. Breckenridge, TX. 76424 Office: (254) 559-8203 Cell: (254) 522-5630

Lampasas County
Steven Hamrick, Maint, Sec. Supr.

1133 N US 281 Lampasas, TX. 76550 Office: (512) 556-5435 Cell: (512) 734-1018 Mills County

Carlos Reyes, Maint. Sec. Supr. 130 US 84 (PO BOX 823) Goldthwaite, TX. 76844 Office: (325) 648-3028 Cell: (325) 451-4226

Eastland County

Houston Satterwhite, Maint. Sec. Supr. 906 E. Main Street Eastland, TX. 76448 Office: (254) 629-6320 Cell: (254) 433-6513

McCullochCounty

Michael Johnson, Maint. Sec. Supr. 1627 N. Bridge Street Brady, TX. 76825 Office: (325) 792-5006 Cell: (325) 240-9899

San Saba County

2502 W. Wallace San Saba, TX. 76877 Office: (325) 372-3527 Cell: (325) 372-7529

Keith Shaffer, Maint, Sec. Supr.

General Notes Sheet A

Project Number: RMC - 644600001

County: MILLS Control: 6446-00-001

Highway: US 84

All construction equipment shall have highly visible, omnidirectional, flashing warning lights.

Use a self-contained kick-off broom to sweep the roadway and keep it free of sediment as directed. The Contractor will be responsible for any sweeping above and beyond the normal maintenance required to keep fugitive sediment off the roadway as directed by the Engineer.

All locations used for storing construction equipment, materials and/or stockpiles of any type within the right of way will be as directed. Use of right of way for these purposes will be restricted to those locations where driver sight distance to businesses and side street intersections is not obstructed and at other locations where an unsightly appearance will not exist.

ITEM 2 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Name Email Address

Casey L. McGee, P.E. <u>casey.mcgee@txdot.gov</u>
Blake G. Stembridge, P.E. <u>blake.stembridge@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hoover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

ITEM 7 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Migratory Birds and Bats

Migratory birds and bats may be nesting within the project limits and concentrated on roadway structures such as bridges and culverts. Remove all old and unoccupied migratory bird nests from any structures, trees, etc. between September 1st and January 31st. Perform all Tree Trimming and Brush Removal activities between September 1st and February 28, 2024.

All methods used for removal of old bird or bat nesting areas and for the prevention of re-nesting must be approved by the Engineer well in advance of the planned use.

General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC - 644600001

County: MILLS Control: 6446-00-001

Highway: US 84

If any active nests are encountered on-site during construction, all construction activity within the immediate vicinity of the nest must cease immediately. Contact the Engineer to determine how to proceed.

Tree Trimming and Brush Removal

Work will be conducted September 1st through February 28th. All work shall be completed by February 28, 2024.

No extension of time or compensation of payment will be granted for a delay or suspension due to these requirements.

ITEM 8 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

This work will be at multiple locations.

ITEM 502 BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Truck Mounted Crash Attenuator shall be furnished per applicable Traffic Control Plan.

The Traffic Control Plan for this Contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devises shown in the plans, which may be included in the General Notes, the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devises (TMUTCD), Traffic Control Plan Sheets included in the plans, Standard BC Sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Do not park equipment on or within two feet of the edge of travel lane without proper lane closure set up.

Flaggers will be required to wear an approved hard hat.

ITEM 752 TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

Flailing equipment is not allowed. Burning brush is not allowed in urban areas or on ROW.

Use hand methods or other means of removal if doing work by mechanical methods is impractical. The equipment used to trim limbs and remove brush shall be approved by the Maintenance Supervisor. The Contractor shall remove all existing limbs and small trees on the ground within the limits of Brush Removal.

Tree Trimming shall be performed to leave a neat and uniform appearance.

The Contractor shall repair any damages caused by any process of the work, or any damages resulting from any act or omission on behalf of the Contractor. Immediately repair any damages to a condition as good as or better than before the beginning of the work. This work is subsidiary to the Contract Items.

Prior to beginning Tree Trimming and Brush Removal, provide on-the-job training for employees performing the trimming to demonstrate proper work methods. TxDOT shall observe the training. This work is subsidiary.

General Notes Sheet C

Project Number: RMC - 644600001

County: MILLS Control: 6446-00-001

Highway: US 84

All limbs, brush, clippings, and debris may be chipped and scattered (not piled) along the back slopes of the right-of-way. Chippings should be scattered in such a manner that proper drainage is maintained at cross drains, roadside ditches, channels, etc. All chips are to be removed and disposed of or scattered in the same day in which they are chipped. The bid items for Tree Trimming and Brush Removal will not be paid until all chips are disposed of or scattered as required.

Do not deposit wood chips in developed areas or in front of houses. Any brush that is cut, that cannot be chipped, shall be disposed of by the Contractor the day the brush is cut. Do not store limbs, clippings, brush, etc. on TxDOT property.

Brush cut by the Contractor shall be removed from the safety clear zone of the roadway at the end of each workday.

Complete all work on each roadway including removal of all limbs, brush, clippings, and debris or spreading of chips before starting operations on another roadway unless approved.

Do not obstruct drainage facilities, such as drainage structures and ditches when spreading chips in the right of way.

Tree Trimming and Brush Removal limits shall be within TxDOT right of way, maintaining a 2 feet buffer from the fence line/right of way line or as directed by the Engineer.

Remove trees and limbs that are already down in the right-of-way.

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all utilities prior to beginning Tree Trimming and Brush Removal. Any damages to utilities will be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor will be required to furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway and right-of-way, including rutting, at any location damaged by the Contractor's operations. This work shall be done in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and will be considered subsidiary to various bid items. If excessive soil and vegetation disturbance is caused, the areas will be reseeded at the Contractor's expense.

General Notes Sheet D

Estimate Sheet

| | ESTIMATE SUMMARY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|--|--------|-------------|--------------|------|--|--|-----------------|--------|-------|
| | | | | | | CONTROL 6446-0 US0084 TREE & BRUSH | 00-001 | A L T | | ITEM | | DESCRIPTION | | тот | TAL . |
| EST | FINAL | EST | FINAL | EST | FINAL | EST | FINAL | | ITEM CODE | DESC | SP NO | | | EST | FINAL |
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| | | | | | | 6.000 | | | 502 | | 800 | BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING | MO | 6.000 | |
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| DIST | COUNTY | CCSJ | SHEET |
|------|--------|-------------|-------|
| 22 | MILLO | 6446 00 001 | 4 |

DocuSign Envelope ID: F08A9E2A-CF46-4642-8A3A-A2B177F10AEE

| DISTRICT-WIDE TREE TRIMMING & BRUSH REMOVAL | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| | | | | | | 752 6003 | |
| COUNTY | ROADWAY | BEG. RM | END RM | TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL | | | |
| | | | | MI | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| BROWN | FM 2126 | 340-00.004 | 344+01.840 | 6.00 | | | |
| BROWN | FM 218 | 474-00.020 | 476+00.000 | 2.00 | | | |
| ▲ COLEMAN | FM 568 | 440+01.076 | 446+00.376 | 4.56 | | | |
| COMANCHE | FM 590 | 332-00.015 | 346+00.000 | 12.40 | | | |
| EASTLAND | FM 569 | 308+01.560 | 316+00.916 | 7.40 | | | |
| LAMPASAS | FM 581 WEST | 508-00.041 | 516+00.800 | 8.70 | | | |
| McCULLOCH | US 87 NORTH | 530+00.000 | 544+00.000 | 14.00 | | | |
| MILLS | US 84 | 596+00.400 | 612+00.000 | 16.00 | | | |
| SAN SABA | FM 580 | 480-00.035 | 494+00.435 | 14.00 | | | |
| STEPHENS | US 180 | 490+01.000 | 496+01.897 | 7.00 | | | |
| PROJECT TOTALS 92.06 | | | | | | | |

NOTE

ALL TREE/BRUSH REMOVAL LOCATIONS WILL BE MARKED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO REMOVAL.

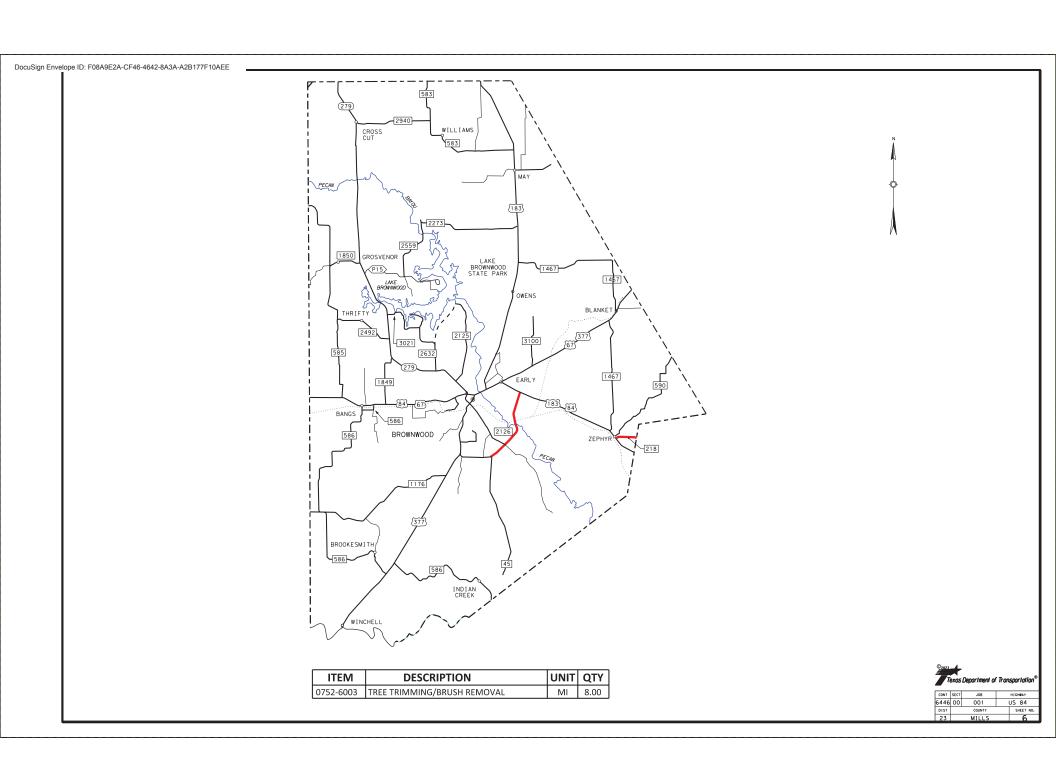
▲ MULTIPLE, INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS

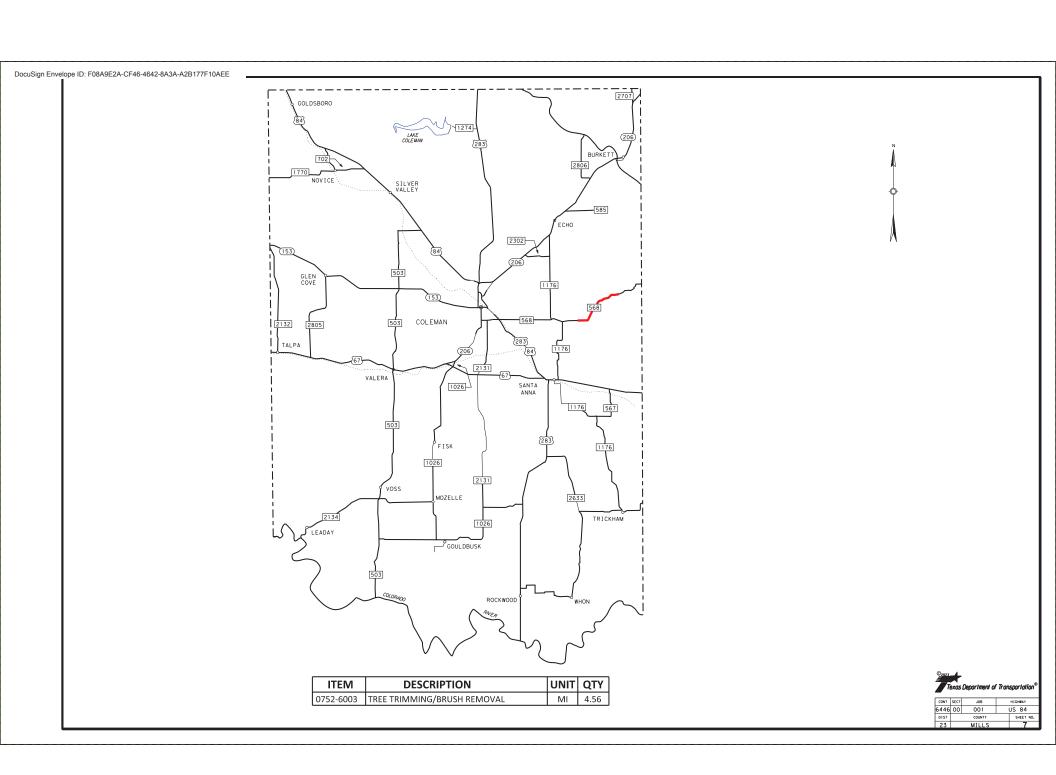


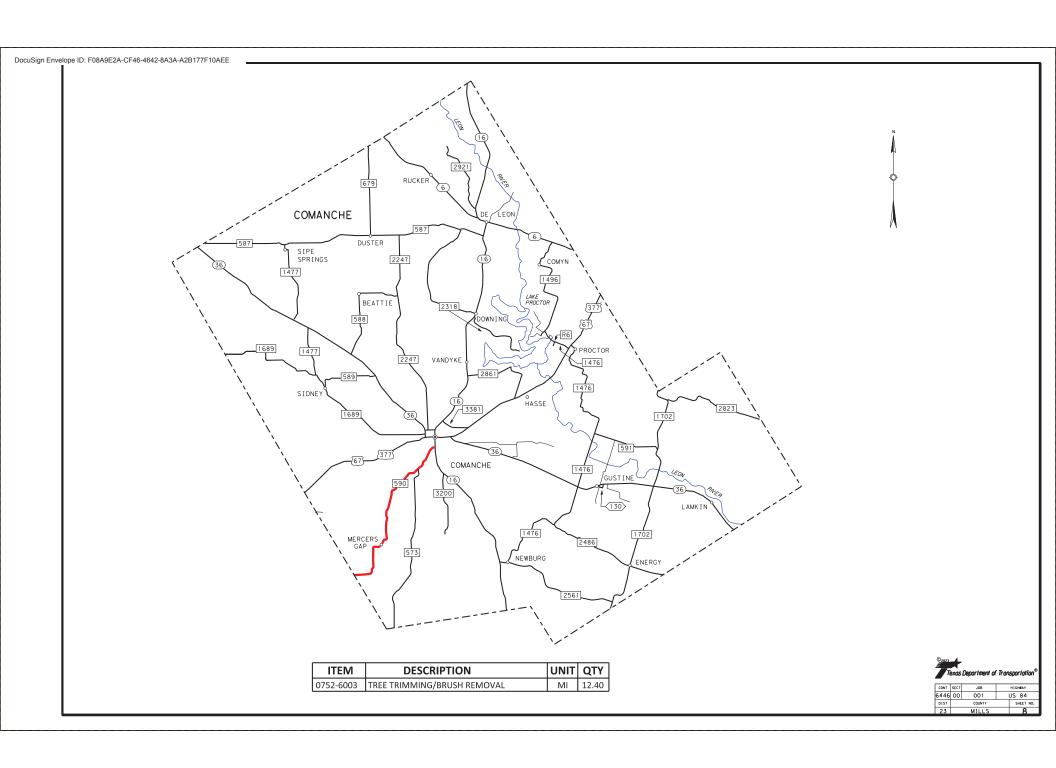
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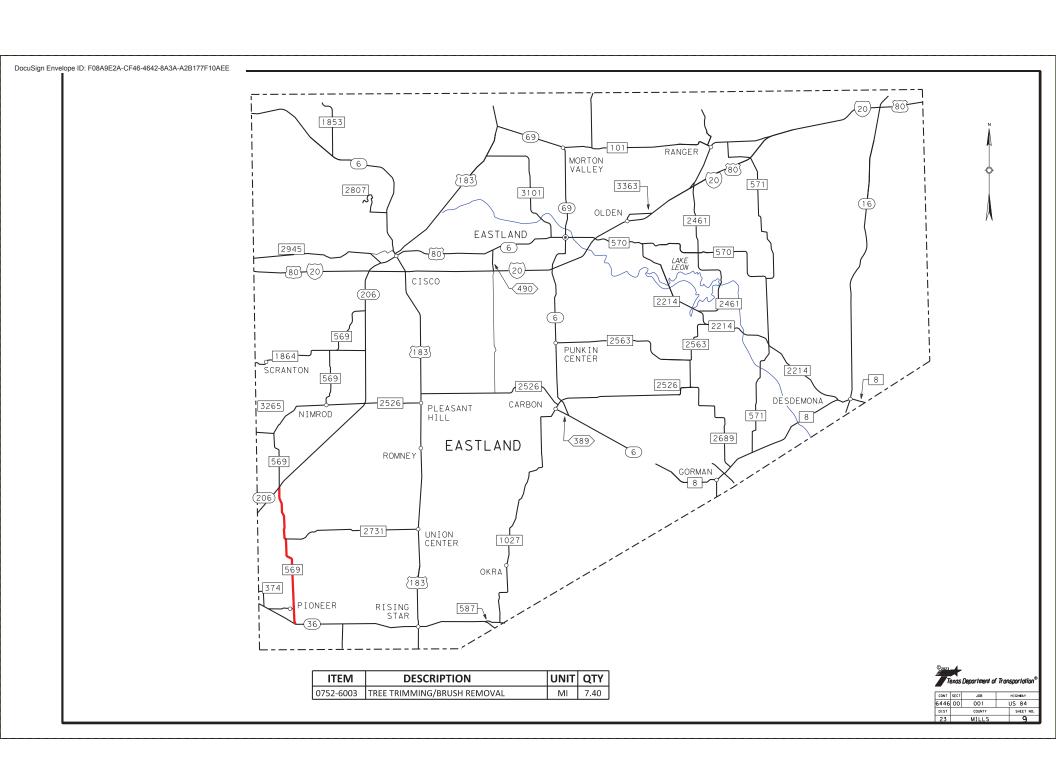
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| DIST | | COUNTY | SHEET NO. |
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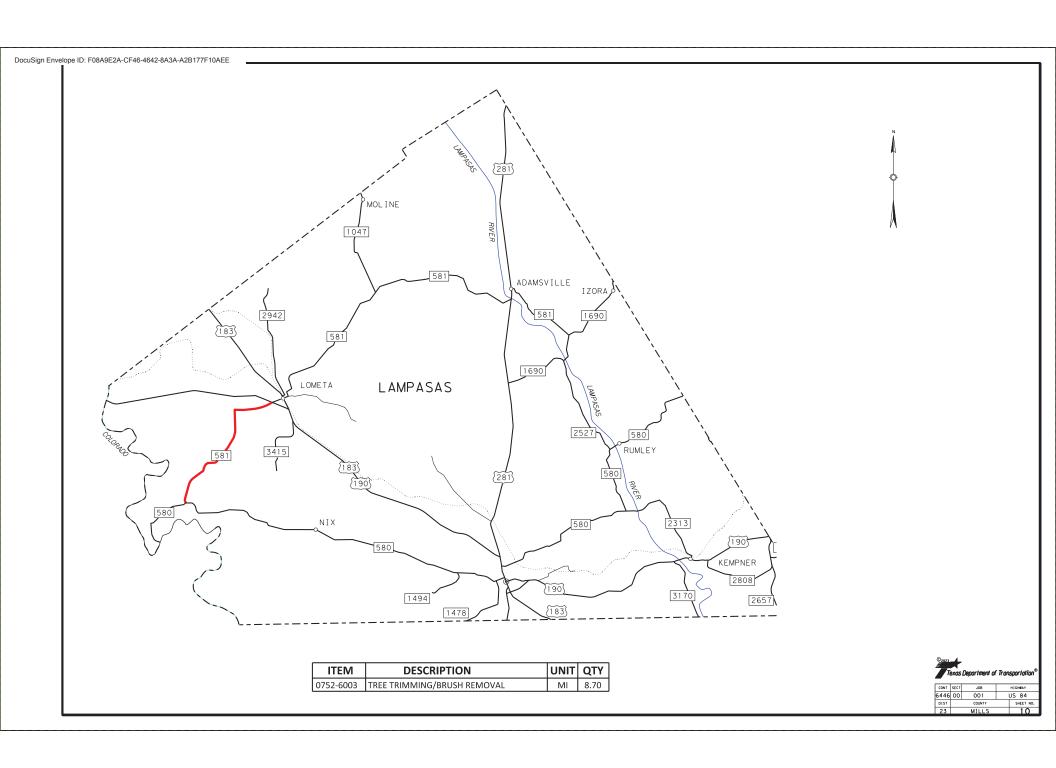
PROJECT SUMMARY

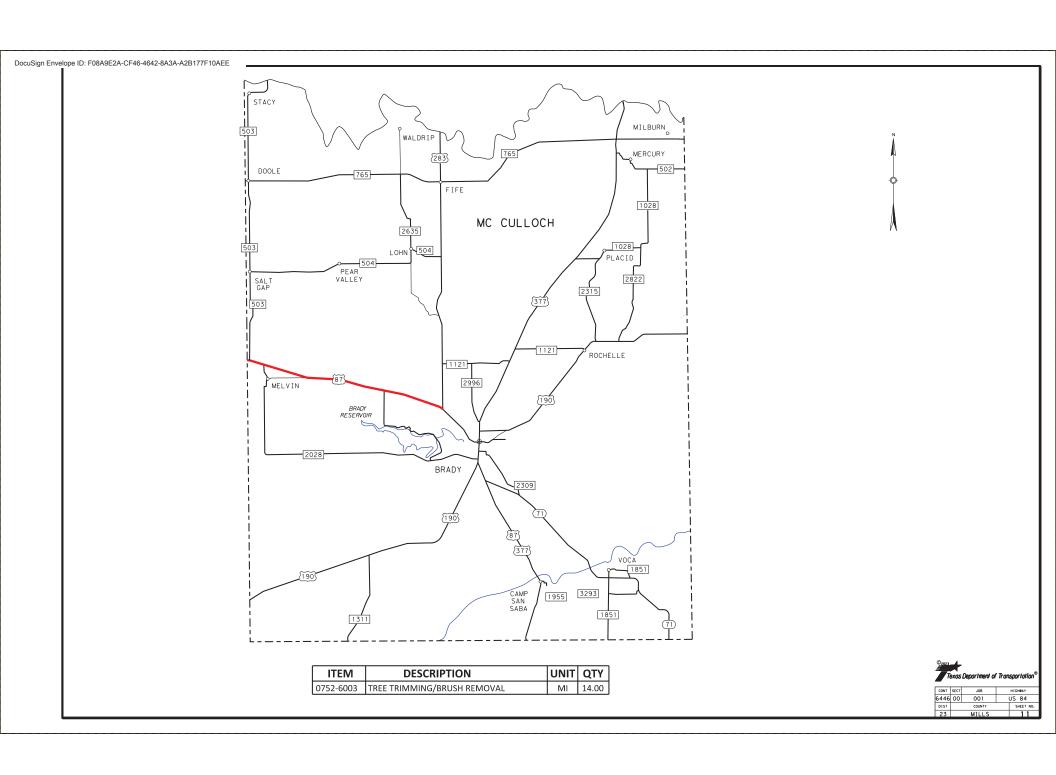


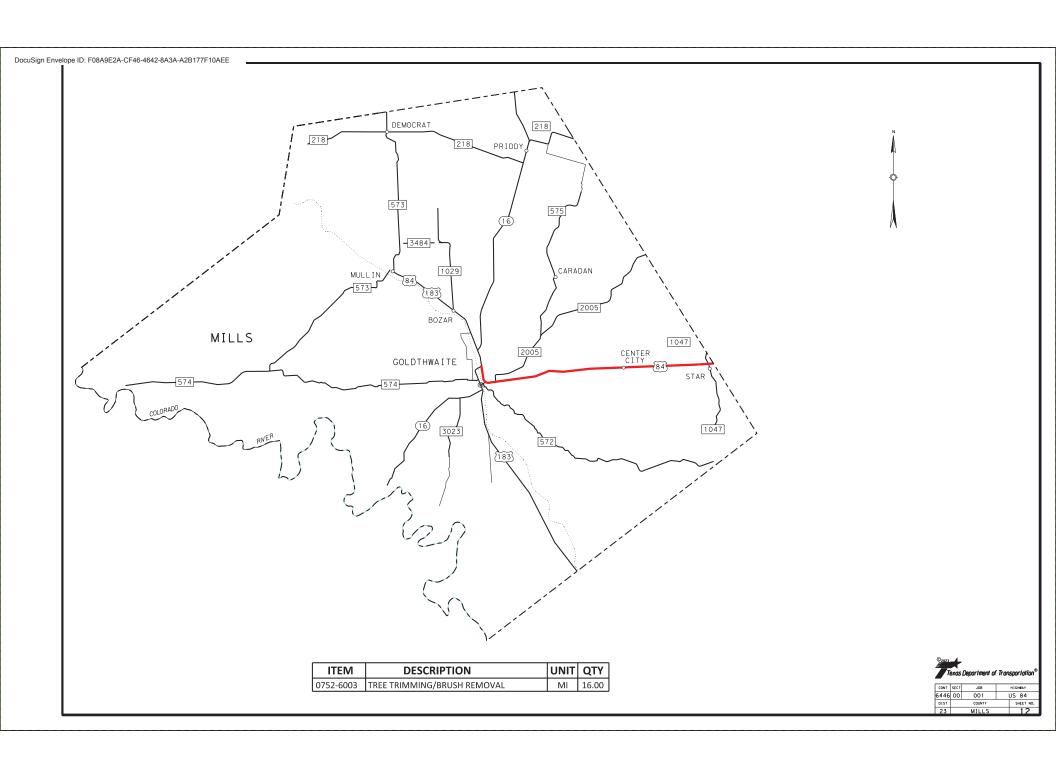


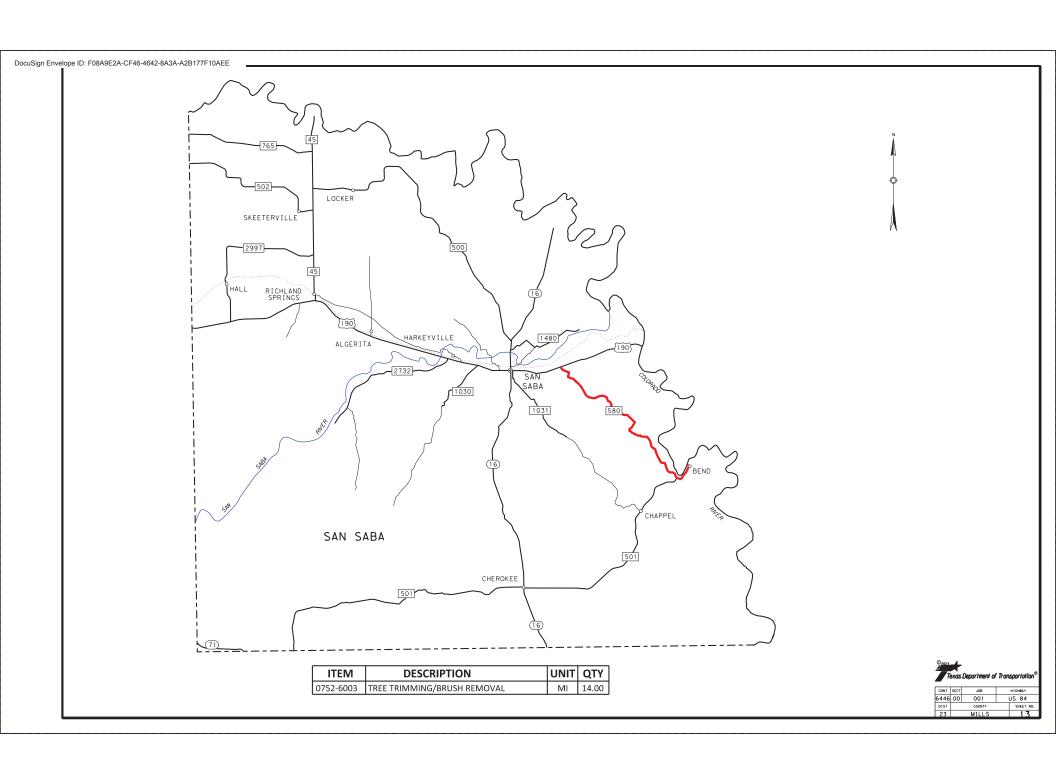


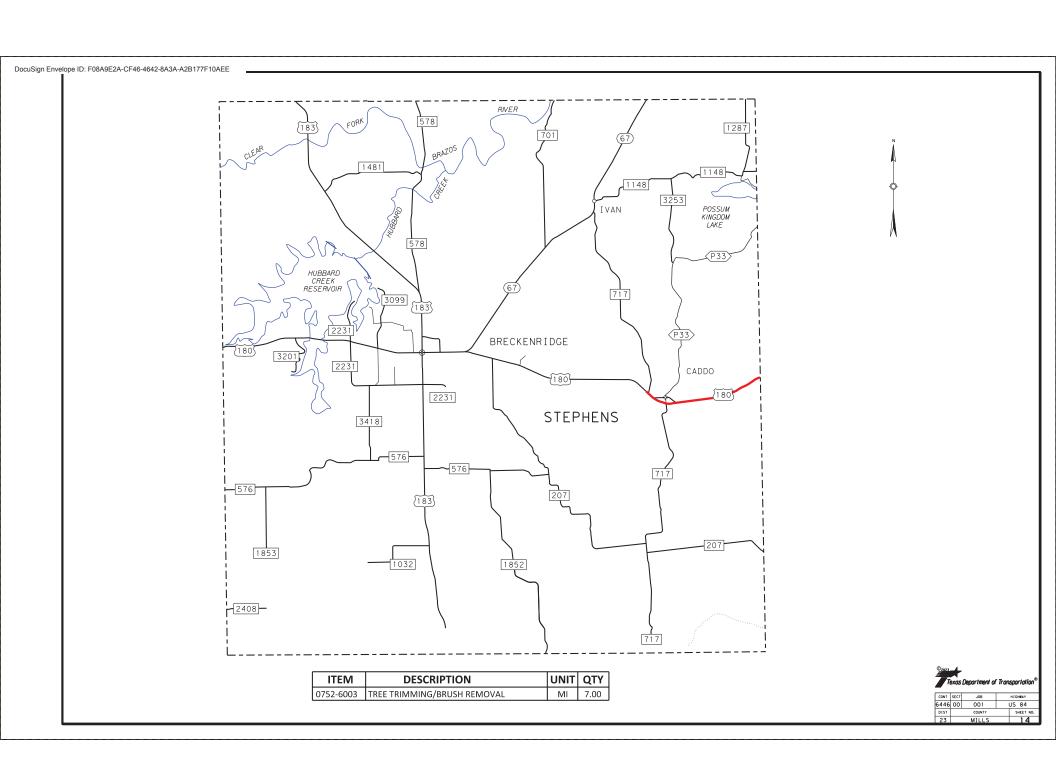












BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Transportation

Transportation

Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

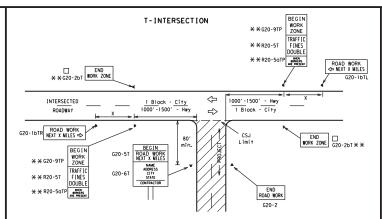
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by 130f or any purpose whotsever who warranty of this standard is governed by the for any purpose whotsever i 130d datawas no responsibility for the conversation to other formusts or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a
- (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.

 The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-ID) sign mounted back to back
- with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This nformation shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is
- construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING "5"

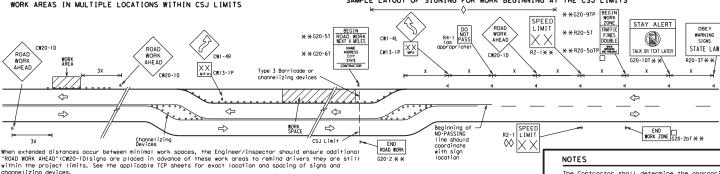
| SIZE | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sign Number or Series | Conventional Road | Expressway/ Freeway | | | | | | |
| CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25 | 48" × 48" | 48" × 48" | | | | | | |
| CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14 | 36" × 36" | 48" × 48" | | | | | | |
| CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12 | 48" × 48" | 48" × 48" | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| SF | PACING |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Posted Speed | Sign∆ Spacing "X" |
| MPH | Feet (Apprx.) |
| 30 | 120 |
| 35 | 160 |
| 40 | 240 |
| 45 | 320 |
| 50 | 400 |
| 55 | 500 ² |
| 60 | 600 ² |
| 65 | 700 ² |
| 70 | 800 ² |
| 75 | 900 ² |
| 80 | 1000 ² |
| * | * 3 |
| | |

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- riangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS WORK ZONE ¥ ¥620-9TP STAY ALERT SPEED OBEY TRAFF I * * G20-5T ROAD WORK ROAD ROAD ROAD LIMIT ¥ ¥R20-5T WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW 1/2 MILE AHEAD TALK OR TEXT LATER ¥ R20-5oT BHEN BORNERS ARE PRESENT * *G20-61 CW13-1P XX R20-3T Barricade or channelizing CW20-1D CW20-1E devices \Diamond Channelizing Devices CSJ Limi \Rightarrow SPEED R2-END ROAD WORK END G20-2bT * *

G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the negrest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.

No decimals shall be used.

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

| LEGEND | | | | | | |
|--------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ī | Type 3 Barricade | | | | | |
| 000 | Channelizing Devices | | | | | |
| 4 | Sign | | | | | |
| х | See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. | | | | | |

SHEET 2 OF 12

| 4 | * |
|---|------------------------------------|
| | Texas Department of Transportation |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

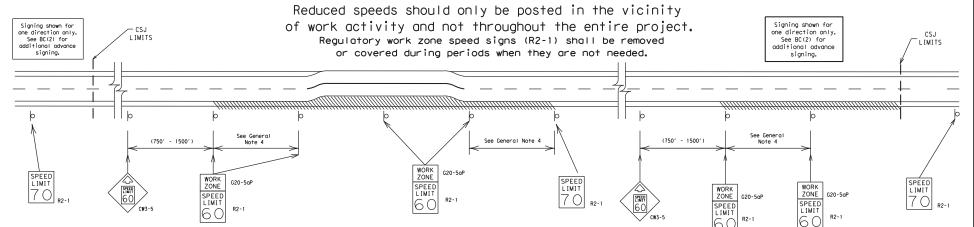
Traffic Safety Division

BC(2)-21

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| | | | | | | | | |

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

35 mph and less

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

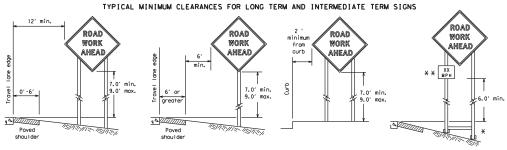
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

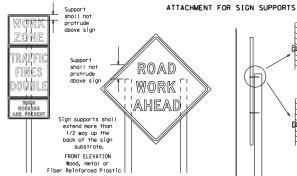
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6 C



- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - * * When plagues are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane, Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

SIDE FLEVATION

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



| SHEETING RE | QUIREMENT | S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) |
|-----------------|-----------|--|
| USAGE | COLOR | SIGN FACE MATERIAL |
| BACKGROUND | RED | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| BACKGROUND | ORANGE | TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | WHITE | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | BLACK | ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM |

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets. TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer,
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The
- Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are should nightly stuff may have been offitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDDT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.

 The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the 'Compilant Work Zone Traffic Contral Device List' (CMZTCD) for small roadside
- signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

 The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
 The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CMZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

"Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.

All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6 centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white bockground.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual, Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered. long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
- the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely when not required.

 When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- miner estyl supports require in use of weights to keep that in thing over, he as of sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as Sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags should be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as fire inner rubes) shall NOT be used.

 Rubber ball lasts designed for channel Izing devices should not be used for
- Number obtilists designed for channelizing evites shall have a build not be used for builds on portfole sign supports. Sign supports of signed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the (MZICD list, Sandbags shall only be ploced along or lidid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level princed lang with rope, wire, the shall not be suspended above pround level piaced along the length of the skids of weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

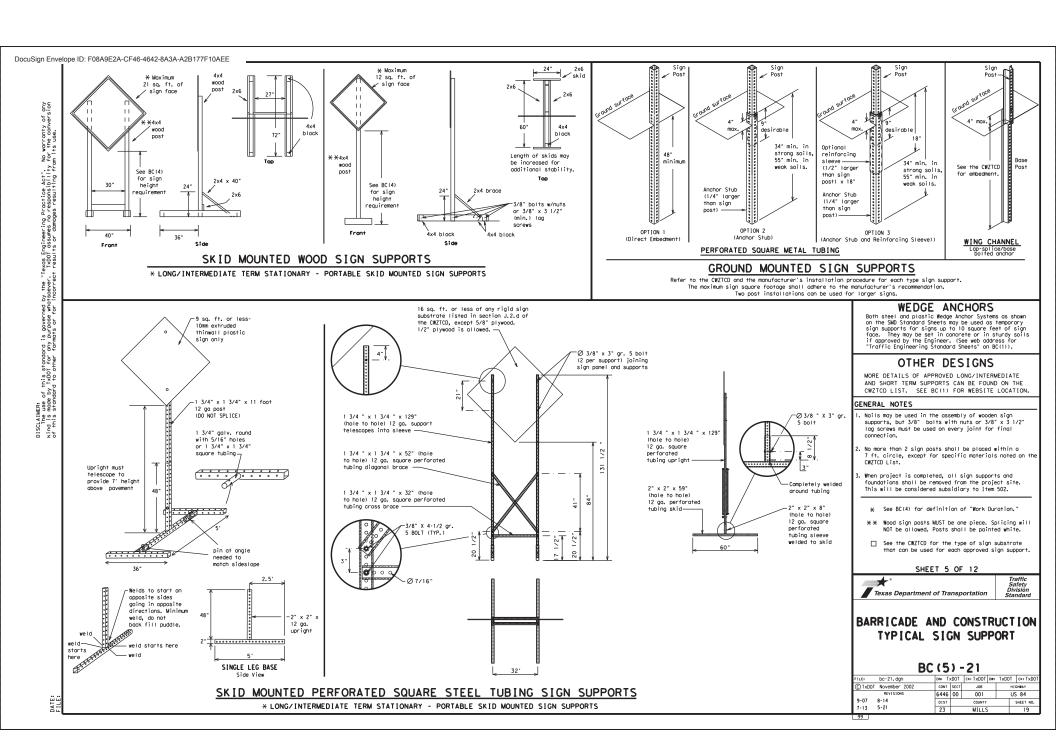
■ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."

 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM)
- along with the number when referring to a roadway.

 When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.

 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to
- start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight.
 Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.

 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are avail-
- able for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across
- the face of the sign.

 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in doylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.

 17. If disobled, the POMS should default to an illegible display that will
- not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

| WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Access Road | ACCS RD | Major | MAJ |
| Alternate | ALT | Miles | MI |
| Avenue | AVE | Miles Per Hour | MPH |
| Best Route | BEST RTE | Minor | MNR |
| Boulevard | BLVD | Monday | MON |
| Bridge | BRDG | Normal | NORM |
| Cannot | CANT | North | N |
| Center | CTR | Northbound | (route) N |
| Construction Ahead | CONST AHD | Parking Road | PK I NG |
| CROSSING | XING | Right Lane | RT LN |
| Detour Route | DETOUR RTE | | SAT |
| Do Not | DONT | Saturday Service Road | SERV RD |
| East | E | Shoulder | SHLDR |
| Eastbound | (route) E | | SLIP |
| Emergency | EMER | Slippery South | S |
| Emergency Vehicle | | Southbound | |
| Entrance, Enter | ENT | Speed | (route) S SPD |
| Express Lane | EXP LN | Street | ST |
| Expressway | EXPWY | Sunday | SUN |
| XXXX Feet | XXXX FT | Telephone | PHONE |
| Fog Ahead | FOG AHD | Temporary | TEMP |
| Freeway | FRWY, FWY | Thursday | THURS |
| Freeway Blocked | FWY BLKD | To Downtown | TO DWNTN |
| Friday | FRI | Traffic | TRAF |
| Hazardous Drivina | | | |
| Hazardous Material | | Travelers | TRVLRS |
| High-Occupancy | HOV | Tuesday | TUES |
| Vehicle | | Time Minutes | TIME MIN |
| Highway | HWY | Upper Level | UPR LEVEL |
| Hour (s) | HR. HRS | Vehicles (s) | VEH, VEHS |
| Information | INFO | Warning | WARN |
| It Is | ITS | Wednesday | WED |
| Junction | JCT | Weight Limit | WT LIMIT |
| Left | LFT | West | W |
| Left Lane | LFT LN | Westbound | (route) W |
| Lane Closed | LN CLOSED | Wet Pavement | WET PVMT |
| Lower Level | LWR LEVEL | Will Not | WONT |
| Maintenance | MAINT | | |

Roadway designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

| oad/Lane/Ram | p Closure List | Other Cond | dition List |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE | FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED | ROADWORK XXX FT | ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT |
| ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX | SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT | FLAGGER XXXX FT | LANE NARROWS XXXX FT |
| ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX | RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT | RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT | TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE |
| RIGHT X LANES CLOSED | RIGHT X LANES OPEN | MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT | CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT |
| CENTER LANE CLOSED | DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES | LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT | UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT |
| NIGHT LANE CLOSURES | I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED | DETOUR X MILE | ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT |
| VARIOUS LANES CLOSED | EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE | ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX | ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN |
| EXIT CLOSED | RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED | BUMP XXXX FT | US XXX EXIT X MILES |
| MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED | X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI | TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT | LANES SHIFT * |
| XXXXXXXX BLVD | * LANES SHIFT in Phose | 1 must be used with | h STAY IN LANE in Pho |

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists Loogtion

| Α | | e/E Lis | ffect on Trave st | el | Location List | | Warning List | | * * Advance Notice List |
|----|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|----|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | MERGE RIGHT | | FORM X LINES RIGHT | | AT FM XXXX | | SPEED LIMIT XX MPH | | TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM |
| | DETOUR NEXT X EXITS | | USE XXXXX RD EXIT | | BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING | | MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH | | APR XX- XX X PM-X AM |
| | USE EXIT XXX | | USE EXIT I-XX NORTH | | NEXT X MILES | | MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH | | BEGINS MONDAY |
| | STAY ON US XXX SOUTH | | USE I-XX E TO I-XX N | | PAST US XXX EXIT | | ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH | | BEGINS MAY XX |
| | TRUCKS USE US XXX N | | WATCH FOR TRUCKS | | XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX | | RIGHT LANE EXIT | | MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM |
| | WATCH FOR TRUCKS | | EXPECT DELAYS | | US XXX TO FM XXXX | | USE CAUTION | | NEXT FRI-SUN |
| | EXPECT DELAYS | | PREPARE TO STOP | | | | DRIVE SAFELY | | XX AM TO XX PM |
| | REDUCE SPEED XXX FT | | END SHOULDER USE | | | | DRIVE WITH CARE | | NEXT TUE AUG XX |
| | USE OTHER ROUTES | | WATCH FOR WORKERS | | | | | | TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM |
| 2. | STAY IN LANE | * | | | * | X See A | pplication Guide | elines l | Note 6. |

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,
- and should be understandable by themselves. 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- oppropriate. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
 ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.

 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it
- shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.

 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign.

 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

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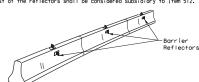


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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| ○ TxDOT November | 2002 CONT | SECT | JOB | | HI | SHWAY |
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| 9-07 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | |
| 7-13 5-21 | 23 | | MILLS | | 20 | |

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of preguglified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

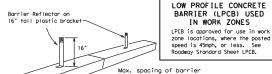


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB. two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the borrier, as shown in the detail above.

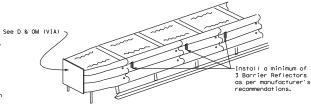
 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be
- mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on too shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- Mhen CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
 Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match
- the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.
 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

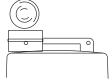


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

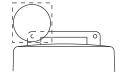
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous
- orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type $B_{\rm R}$ for $C_{\rm R}$. Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will
- certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest LTE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.

 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning light's and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
 Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 2. Type a valuation training walling figure and interface to define and the design to be used in the disease in the second of the sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging toper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in
- order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.

 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.

 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.

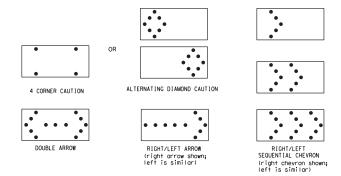
 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.

- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
 The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashina Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or stamoving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
 Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display issee detail below is used.
 The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.

- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating
- Diamond Caution mode as shown.

 The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.

1 mile

- The Frontier Time Courted (Spinyls Not Activate).

 The Frontier Trow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashses per minute. Minimum lamp on time shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential percent for each sequential prices of me flushing arevolu. The sequential errow display is NOT ALLOWED. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- display may be used during doylight operations.

 In he liashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix POWs may be used to simulate of Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway

| REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| YPE | MINIMUM SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE | | | | | |
| В | 30 × 60 | 13 | 3/4 mile | | | | | |

| ATTENTION | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with | | | | | | | |
| automatic dimming devices. | | | | | | | |

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

extended distance from the TMA

48 × 96

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hardware (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.

 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.

 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or
- single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.

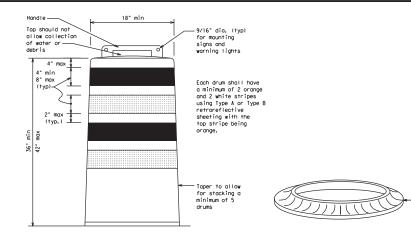
 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a mininum of 18 inches in widhat the 56 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width, Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separation the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

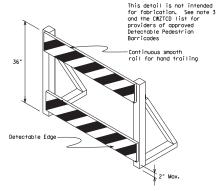
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials," Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unbol lasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sond. This base, when filled with the boll last material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The bol last may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above powement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
 2. Bases with built-in bollast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hozardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.

 2 Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
 Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one picture obove, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAD)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movement.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWH-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast

Note 3



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.

- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Corage sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than an every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

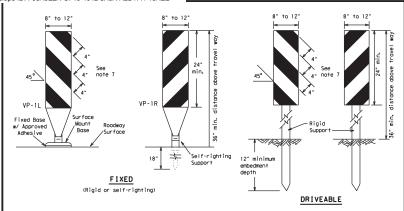
Traffic Safety Division Standard

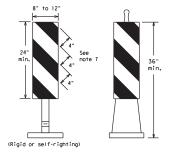
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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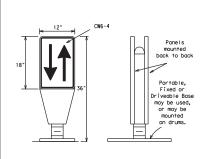


PORTABLE

- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

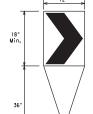
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD).
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind aust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42'
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet, 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



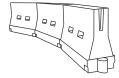
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways. self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone greas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain prope device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final payement surfaces, including payement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and
 con be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
 LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- $5.\ \text{LCDs}$ shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Mater ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- roadway speed and barrier application.

 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pave
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH
- urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted Speed | Formula | Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** | | | Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|---------------|---------------|--|-----------------|--|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | |
| 30 | 2 | 150′ | 1651 | 180′ | 30′ | 60′ | |
| 35 | L= WS ² | 2051 | 2251 | 245' | 35′ | 701 | |
| 40 | 80 | 2651 | 295' | 3201 | 40' | 80′ | |
| 45 | | 450' | 4951 | 540' | 45′ | 90' | |
| 50 | | 5001 | 5501 | 6001 | 50′ | 100' | |
| 55 | L=WS | 550′ | 6051 | 660′ | 55′ | 110' | |
| 60 | - "3 | 600' | 660′ | 720' | 60′ | 120' | |
| 65 | | 650' | 7151 | 7801 | 651 | 130′ | |
| 70 | | 700′ | 770′ | 840' | 70′ | 140' | |
| 75 | | 750′ | 825′ | 9001 | 75′ | 150' | |
| 80 | | 800' | 880′ | 9601 | 80′ | 160' | |

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

| ★ . | Traff Safe |
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| Texas Department of Transportation | Divisi Standa |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

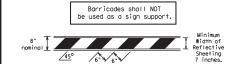
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| © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIG | SHWAY |
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| 7-13 | 5-21 | 23 | MILLS | | | | 23 |

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

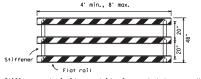
- . Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of constructio projects closed to all traffic.
- Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

 Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope
- downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.

 Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon nicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

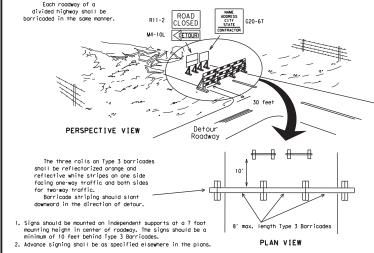


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

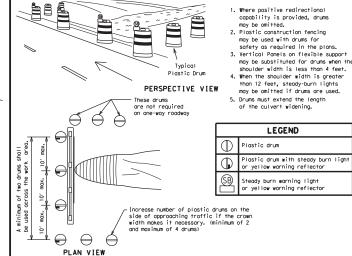


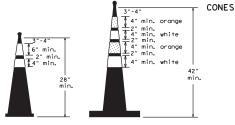
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

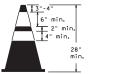


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





Two-Piece cones



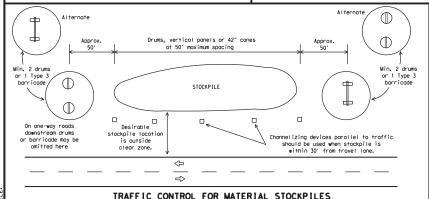
One-Piece cones

2" max. 3" min.

2" to 6"

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs, including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum
- height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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| | 8-14 5-21 | DIST | COUNTY | | | | SHEET NO. |
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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing powement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the IMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard powement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beglinning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone morkings shall meet the requirements of Iren 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

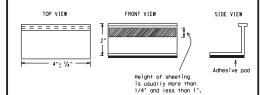
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway acemetrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Ltem 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markinos to autiline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a dissernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Facineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 617, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the
 Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not
 normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A"
 or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 rondway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Moterials and Povement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tobs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tobs at 24 inch intervals on an asphalitic powement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO | NS |
|--|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS | DMS-8242 |

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



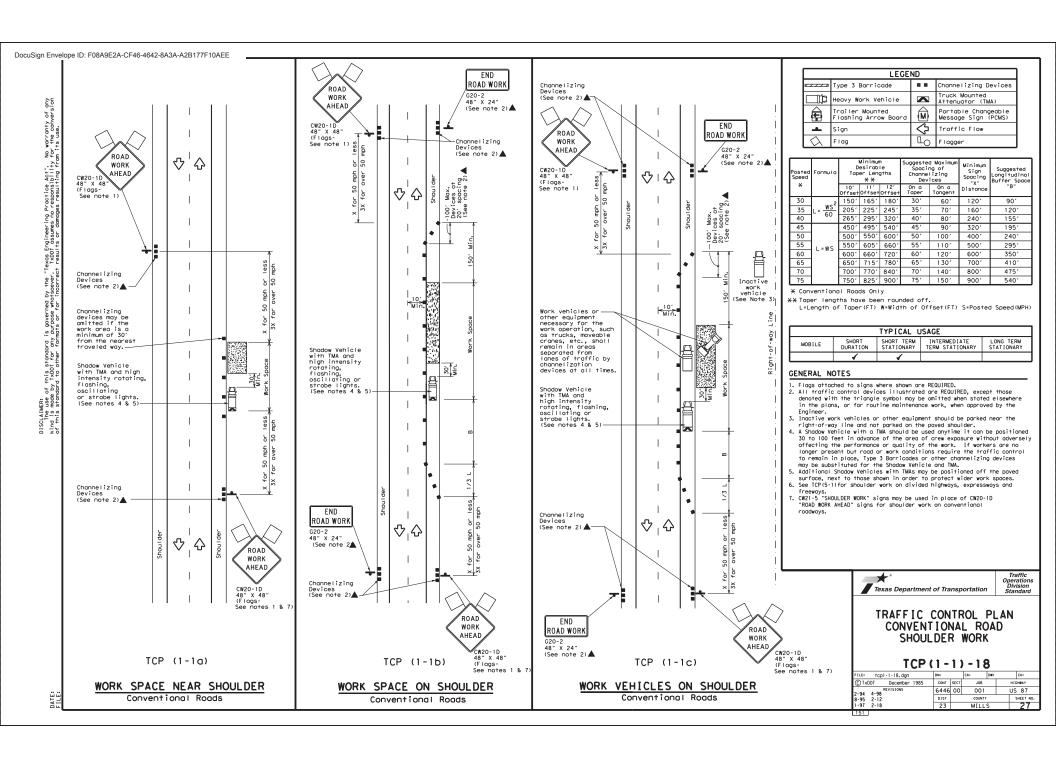
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

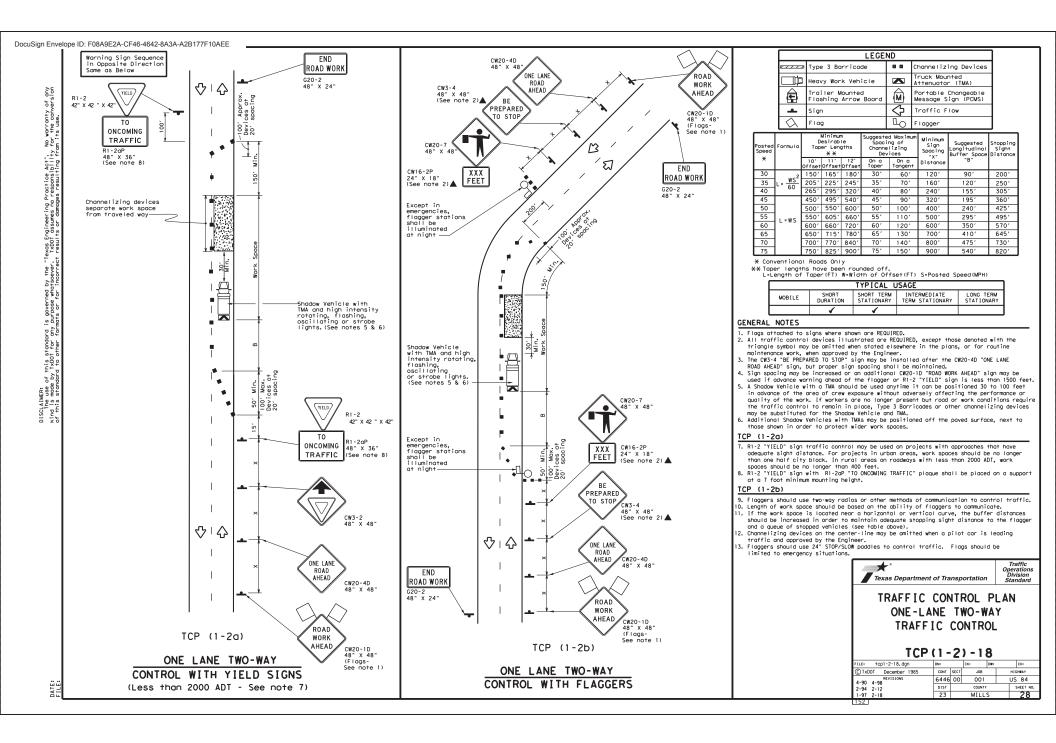
BC(11)-21

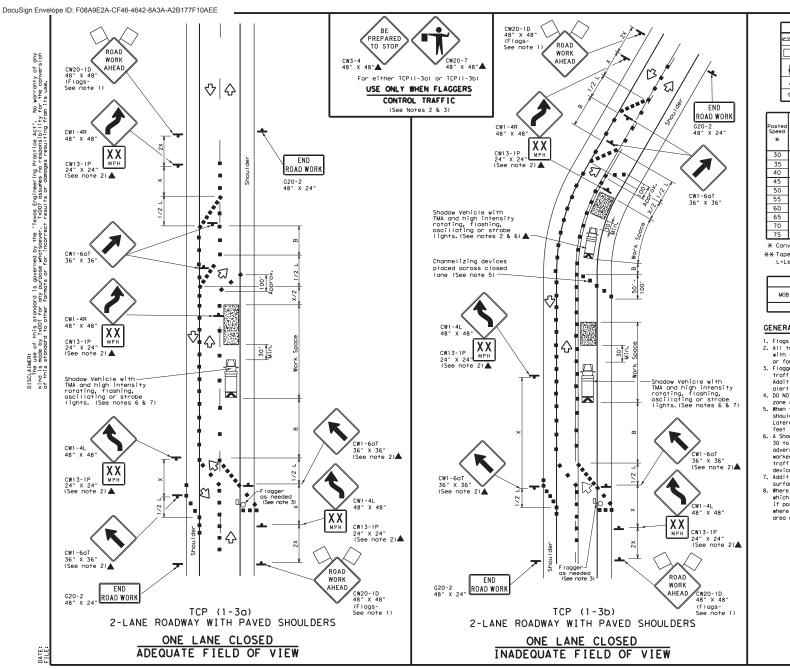
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| | LEGEND | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~ | Type 3 Barricade | 8 8 | Channelizing Devices | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | |
| Ê | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board | M | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | |
| - | Sign | ♦ | Traffic Flow | | | | |
| \Diamond | Flag | 4 | Flagger | | | | |

| Speed | Formula | D | Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Sign Flamer Lengths Channelizing Devices "x" | | Spacing of Channelizing | | Sign Spacing | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space |
|-------|-----------------|---------------|---|---------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| * | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | "B" |
| 30 | WS ² | 150′ | 165' | 180′ | 30' | 60' | 120′ | 90' |
| 35 | L= WS | 2051 | 225' | 245' | 35′ | 70′ | 160′ | 120′ |
| 40 | 80 | 2651 | 295′ | 3201 | 40' | 801 | 240' | 1551 |
| 45 | | 450' | 4951 | 540' | 45′ | 90′ | 320′ | 195′ |
| 50 | | 500' | 550' | 6001 | 50′ | 1001 | 4001 | 240' |
| 55 | L=WS | 5501 | 6051 | 6601 | 55′ | 110' | 500′ | 2951 |
| 60 | L-113 | 6001 | 660′ | 7201 | 60′ | 120' | 600' | 350′ |
| 65 | | 650′ | 715′ | 780′ | 651 | 130′ | 700′ | 410′ |
| 70 | | 7001 | 770′ | 8401 | 70′ | 140′ | 800' | 475′ |
| 75 | | 750′ | 8251 | 9001 | 75′ | 150′ | 900' | 540′ |

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted 2. All trantic control devices illustrated are neutricly, except mose denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic valume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
- Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

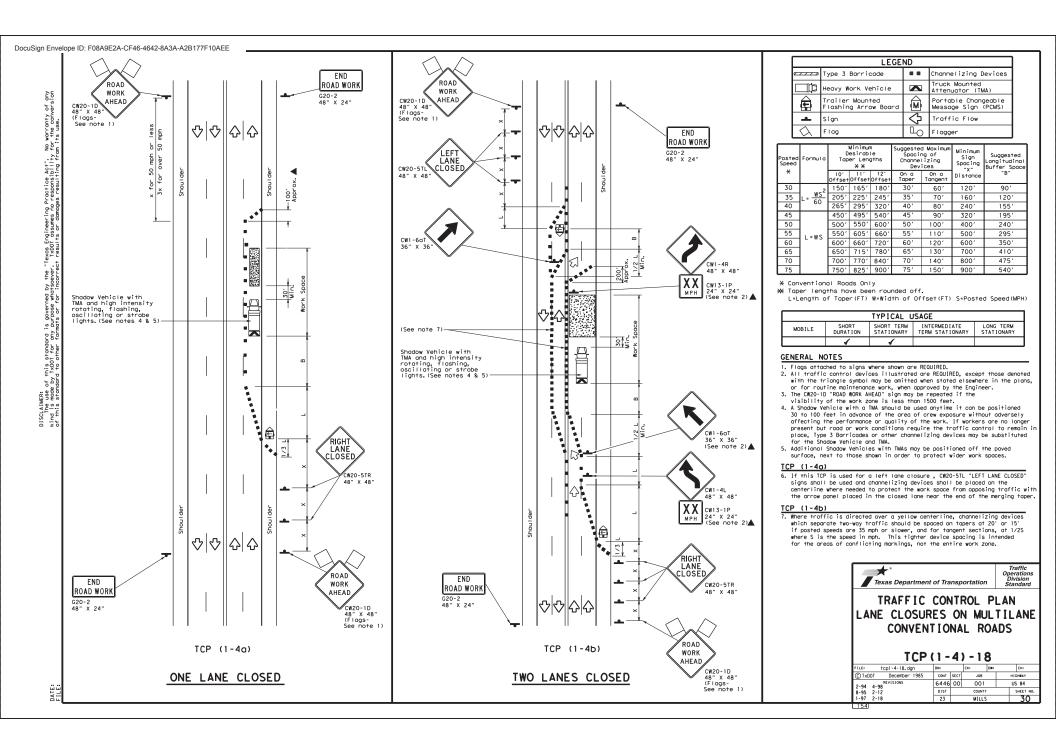


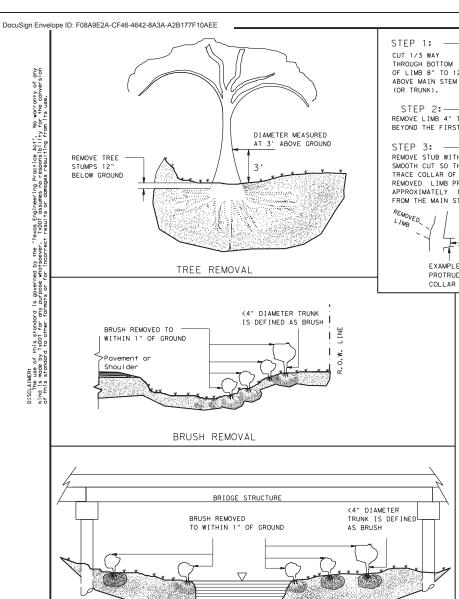
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP (1-3)-18

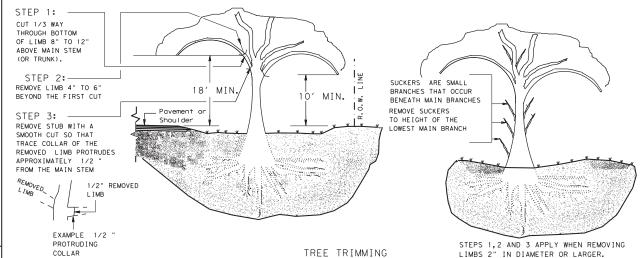
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153





BRUSH REMOVAL UNDER BRIDGE AND IN CHANNEL



GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE
 - 3' ABOVE THE GROUND, TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

| | TABLE 1 | | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| TF | TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT | | | | | | |
| | | RANGE FO | R PAY ITEMS | | | | |
| | TRUNK [| IAMETER * | TRUNK CIRC | UMFERENCE | | | |
| PAY ITEM | IS GREATER | UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO | IS GREATER | UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO | | | |
| 752 6005 | 4 | 12 | 12 1/2 | 37 1/2 | | | |
| 752 6006 | 12 | 18 | 37 1/2 | 56 1/2 | | | |
| 752 6007 | 18 | 24 | 56 1/2 | 75 1/2 | | | |
| 752 6008 | 24 | 30 | 75 1/2 | 94 | | | |
| 752 6009 | 30 | 36 | 94 | 113 | | | |
| 752 6010 | 36 | 42 | 113 | 132 | | | |
| 752 6011 | 42 | 48 | 132 | 151 | | | |
| 752 6012 | 48 | 60 | 151 | 188 1/2 | | | |
| 752 6013 | 60 | 72 | 188 1/2 | 226 | | | |
| 752 6019 | 72 | 84 | 226 | 264 | | | |
| | 84 | GREATER THAN 84 | 264 | NOT APPLICABLE | | | |

*SEE GENERAL NOTE #3.

| Texas Department of Transportation | Maintenance Division Standard |
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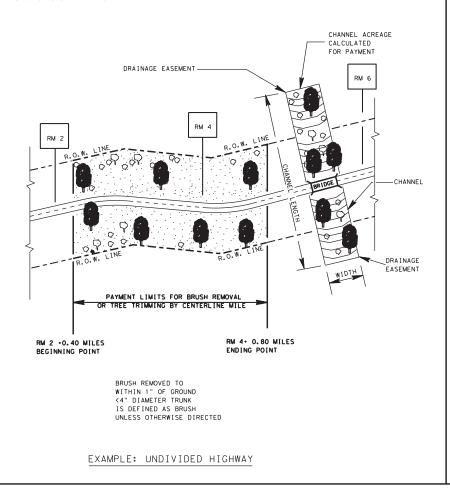
TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

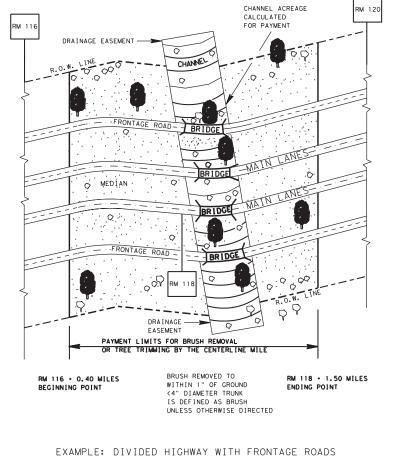
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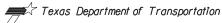




GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

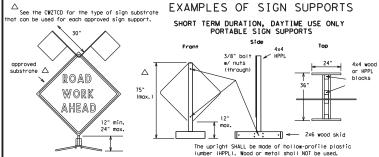
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| ı | REVISED: | 9/24/2004 | LJB | COUNTY | | | | CONTROL | SECTION | J08 | HIGHWAY | |
| | REVISED: | APRIL 2015 | JE0 | MILLS | | | | 6446 | 00 | 001 | US | 84 |
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Flags as required by Engineer

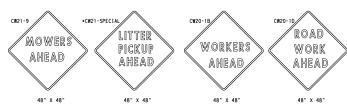
"Texas Engineering Practice for any purpose whatsoever. on of this standard to s resulting from its use. ion s governed by the is made by TxDOT for y for the conversion results or damages f this standard ranty of any ki no responsibil or for incorre No warra assumes n formats o DISCLAIMER
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Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sian supports.

Nails will NOT be allowed.



SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND

MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.

LITTER PICKUP AHEAD, ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE.

_

_

ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

*Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-1D>

SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS

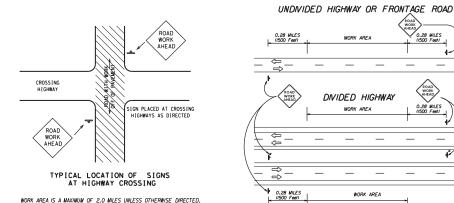
ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE

OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

* SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN

OTHERWISE DIRECTED.

SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6'TO 12' OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS



1 Foot Mounting Height

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.

 All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to requiate, warn, and
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUICD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's Tx00T diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs
- requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
 The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- 1. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing
- operation all signs and supportS are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 'Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sian panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310. The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address: http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/@Generic_CollectionView;cs=default;ts=default
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white bockground and channelizing devices.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with orange backgrounds.
- 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

- Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbaas with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.
- Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above around level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or repaired as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fax (512) 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Click on "About TxDOT". Click on "Organizational Chart", Click on Traffic Operations Box

Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices",

Click on "View PDF".

This site is printable

≠ Texas Department of Transportation Maintenance Division

> Standard Plans ROADSIDE

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

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| REVISED: September 17, 2004 | | 23 | | | RMC 6 | 44600001 | | | 33 | |
| REVISED: FEBRUARY 2, 2005 Sign placement in TCP | | COUNTY | | | | CONTROL | SECTION | 108 | HIGHMAY | |
| REVISED: | | MILLS | | | | 6446 | 00 | 001 | US 84 | |