

				PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.		
		RMC 6387-99-001					1		
	STATE	E DISTRICT COUNTY							
	TEXA	EXAS ABL TAYLOR, ETC.							
	CONTR	OL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY	NO.		
	638	7	99	001	FΜ	89,	ETC.		
FINAL PLANS									
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK									
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:									

DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

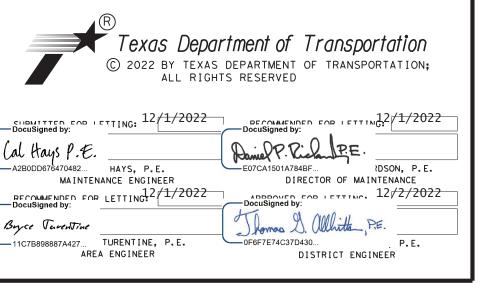
CONTRACTOR:

## CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS

THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THESE FINAL QUANTITIES SHOWN THEREON AND ON THE FINAL ESTIMATE ARE FINAL QUANTITIES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE



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# INDEX OF SHEETS

## **GENERAL**

- TITLE SHEET 1
- 2 INDEX OF SHEETS
- GENERAL NOTES 3-4
- 5 **ESTIMATE & SUMMARY**
- 6 QUANTITY SUMMARY

## STANDARD SHEETS

- # 7-18 BC (1) - BC (12)-21
- # 19 TCP (1-1)-18 # 20 TCP (1-2)-18
- # 21 TCP (1-4)-18
- # 22
- TRB-15(1)
- # 23 WZ (RS)-22



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A # HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

—DocuSigned by: 

12/1/2022 \_\_\_\_\_, P.E. \_\_\_\_\_ DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS



Texas Department of Transportation

FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	FM	89, ETC.
STATE		COUNTY			
TEXAS					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3	2
ABL	6387	99	00	1	

**Project Number:** See Title Sheet **Control:** 6387-99-001 **County:** Taylor Highway: FM 89, ETC.

## ABILENE DISTRICT GENERAL NOTES **2014 SPECIFICATIONS**

## General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Bryce Turentine, P.E.: <u>Bryce.Turentine@txdot.gov</u> Chad Carter, P.E.: Chad.W.Carter@txdot.gov (Abilene Area Office)

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by: District Project Type (Construction or Maintenance) Letting Date CCSJ/Project Name.

Failure to make necessary corrections to traffic control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections have been made.

Provide ingress/egress to the adjacent properties in areas under construction.

## Environmental

**Endangered and Protected Species** 

- 1. Migratory Birds
  - a. Bird nesting season is typically 15April through 15Sep annually.
  - b. The Contractor will avoid disturbing, destroying, removing, or relocating migratory birds and active nests found in trees, culverts, bridges, on the ground, or anywhere they are encountered.
  - c. Perform all tree trimming and other vegetation clearing activities during the nonbreeding season (typically 15Sep-15April annually).
  - d. When active nests are unexpectedly encountered on-site during construction, the Contractor will stop work and immediately notify the Engineer. Take measures to avoid disturbance of these birds, their occupied nest, eggs, and/or young, in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, and TxDOT policy.

\$TIME\$

General Notes

**Project Number:** See Title Sheet **Control:** 6387-99-001 **County:** Taylor Highway: FM 89, ETC.

e. The Engineer will notify the Contractor when work may resume.

## Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

The total area disturbed for this project is  $\underline{0}$  acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

**TxDOT Right-of-Way**.

## Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress"

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

Coordinate and update the work schedule with the project inspector daily. Give a minimum of 24 hours of notice to project inspector if work requiring inspection or testing is to be performed. Failure to do so may cause that work to be delayed or postponed if TxDOT personnel are not available. Work performed without suitable inspection, as determined by the Engineer, may be ordered removed and replaced at Contractor's expense.

## Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Project limits barricades are not required on this project.

Additional signs, barricades and traffic handling may be necessary to complete the work shown herein and will be provided by the contractor as required and will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Provide separate attenuators for each work area within a common lane closure as approved or directed by the Engineer.

In sections where traffic is restricted to one lane, two-way traffic, flaggers stationed at each end of that section will control operations with two-way communication devices.

epartment of Transportation

## Hard hats are required at all times during construction when construction personnel are in

General Notes

Sheet B

		CONT	SECT				HIGHWAY		
		6387	99	001	FM	89,	ETC.		
	NOTES	DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.		
GENERAL	NULES	ABL	T	AYLOR, I	ETC.		3		

**Project Number:** See Title Sheet **Control:** 6387-99-001 **County:** Taylor **Highway:** FM 89, ETC.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance must be available by local telephone and have a response time within 45 minutes.

Work will not be allowed on both sides of the roadbed at the same time.

Equip all work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way with a functioning amber strobe light or rotating beacon visible from all directions.

Repair barricades within the timeline shown on the barricade inspection report. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department.

Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Pilot car is subsidiary to item 502.

Lane closures will be required when trimmed limbs or felled trees have a potential to fall on the pavement. A lane closure will be required when equipment is parked on the shoulder due to limited right-of-way access.

## Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls"

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7.

## Item 752, "Tree and Brush Removal"

All work is to be completed between September 15 and April 15 to ensure compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Complete at least 1.5 mile of tree trimming per day.

Complete at least one (1) acre of channel per day.

Trim branches, limbs, and brush to the fence line or TxDOT right-of-way line and to a height of 18 feet above the pavement, unless otherwise directed.

General Notes

Sheet C

**Project Number:** See Title Sheet **Control:** 6387-99-001 **County:** Taylor **Highway:** FM 89, ETC.

Trees to be removed shall be marked by the Engineer with a red, white, or orange "X" painted on the trunk.

Pick up and remove all trees and limbs felled from right-of-way the same day, unless otherwise approved.

Remove trees and limbs that are already down in the right-of-way. These trees will be paid for in the same manner as trees that are to be felled and removed. Trees that have fallen onto the right-of-way from private property will be cut and measured at the right-of-way line.

Grind all limbs and protruding roots. Grind all stumps to a depth of twelve (12) inches below the ground level. Backfill any resulting holes to the level of the surrounding ground.

Dispose of all vegetative matter the same day work is performed by chipping debris and spreading along the right-of-way in layers not to exceed four (4) inches deep. Dispose of any other materials removed from state rights-of-way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations, and requirements in the contract. Remove a tree in increments when cutting the trees at ground level and anytime there is danger to the traveling public, utility lines, or private property.

Payment for this item is measured by the roadway centerline mile and will be continuous for each roadway. The entire right-of-way area for each centerline mile (both sides of the roadway) shall be completed before payment is made for that mile.

Not all right-of-way areas require tree trimming and brush removal.

## Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR STATIONARY TMAS								
		TMA (Stationary)						
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL				
-	TCP(1-1)-18	1	0	1				
-	TCP(1-2)-18	1	0	1				
-	TCP(1-4)-18	1	0	1				

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. The Contractor must get approval from the Engineer for any changes in the number of TMA as shown in the plans.

Fexas Department of Transportation

General Notes

Sheet D

		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
		6387	99	001	FM	89,	ETC.	
	NOTES	DIST		COUNTY			ET NO.	
GENERAL	NULES	ABL	T	AYLOR, ET	С.		4	

			-99-001	Project: RMC 6387-					
		A ITEM- CODE		CSJ: 6387-99-001					
DESCRIF		-  <b>L</b>		Highway: FM 89, ET County: TAYLOR, ET					
	SP	T ITEM DESC NO CODE	FINAL	FINAL EST.	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.
MOBILIZATION		0500 6001	I INAL	1.000	EST.	FINAL	E31.	FINAL	LJ1.
BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TR		0502 6001		3.000					
TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMO		0752 6003		51.350					
TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMO		0752 6004		5.000					
TREE REMOVAL (4"-12" DIA)		0752 6005		418.000					
TREE REMOVAL (12"-18" DIA		0752 6006		65.000					
TREE REMOVAL (18"-24" DIA		0752 6007		25.000					
TREE REMOVAL (24"-30" DIA		0752 6008		6.000					
TMA (STATIONARY)	002	6185 6002		38.000					

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PTION	U N	τοτα	L
	T	EST.	FINAL
	LS	1.000	
AFFIC HANDLING	мо	3.000	
/AL	мі	51.350	
VAL (CHANNELS)	AC	5.000	
	EA	418.000	
)	EA	65.000	
)	EA	25.000	
)	EA	6.000	
	DAY	38.000	
			T JOB HIGHWAY

					752	752	752	752	752	752	6185
					6003	6004	6005	6006	6007	6008	6002
LOCATION NO.	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	LIMIT	S	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL(CHANNELS)			TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)		TMA (STATIONARY)
			FROM	ТО	MI	AC	EA	EA	EA	EA	DAY
1	TAYLOR	FM 89	BNSF RR	US 277	11.30	1	110	22	7	3	8
2	TAYLOR	FM 89	CR 338 (IBERIS RD)	CR 653 (COUNTRY PLACE SOUTH)	1.00	1	15				2
3	TAYLOR	FM 613	BNSF RR	2.1 MI S. OF BNSF RR	2.10		50	10	3		2
4	TAYLOR	FM 613	CR 181	0.5 MI E. OF CR 181 (SOUTH SIDE OF ROADWAY ONLY)	0.25		30	2			0.25
5	TAYLOR	FM 613	0.1 MI W. OF CR 130	TUSCOLA CITY LIMITS	0.30		3	2	2		0.25
6	TAYLOR	FM 126	TAYLOR CO. LINE	CR 700 (MYSTIC DR.)	2.30		20	5	5		2
7	TAYLOR	FM 126	CR 390	CR 353	4.40		35	5			2
8	CALLAHAN	IH 20 FRONTAGE ROADS	REF. MARKER 310	FM 880 OVERPASS	11.00	2				2	9
9	CALLAHAN		CROSS PLAINS CITY LIMITS	EASTLAND CO. LINE	2.20		80	15	5		1.5
10	HASKELL	FM 618	US 277	US 380	16.50	1	75	4	3	1	11
			TOTAL	S	51.35	5	418	65	30	20	38

QUANTITY SUMMARY



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			SI	неет	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	НI	GHWA	Y NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE S⊦	IEET	FM	89,	ETC	•
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHE	ET N	0.
TEXAS		TAYLOR,	ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3		6	
ABL	6387	99	00	1			

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the 5. applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

## WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

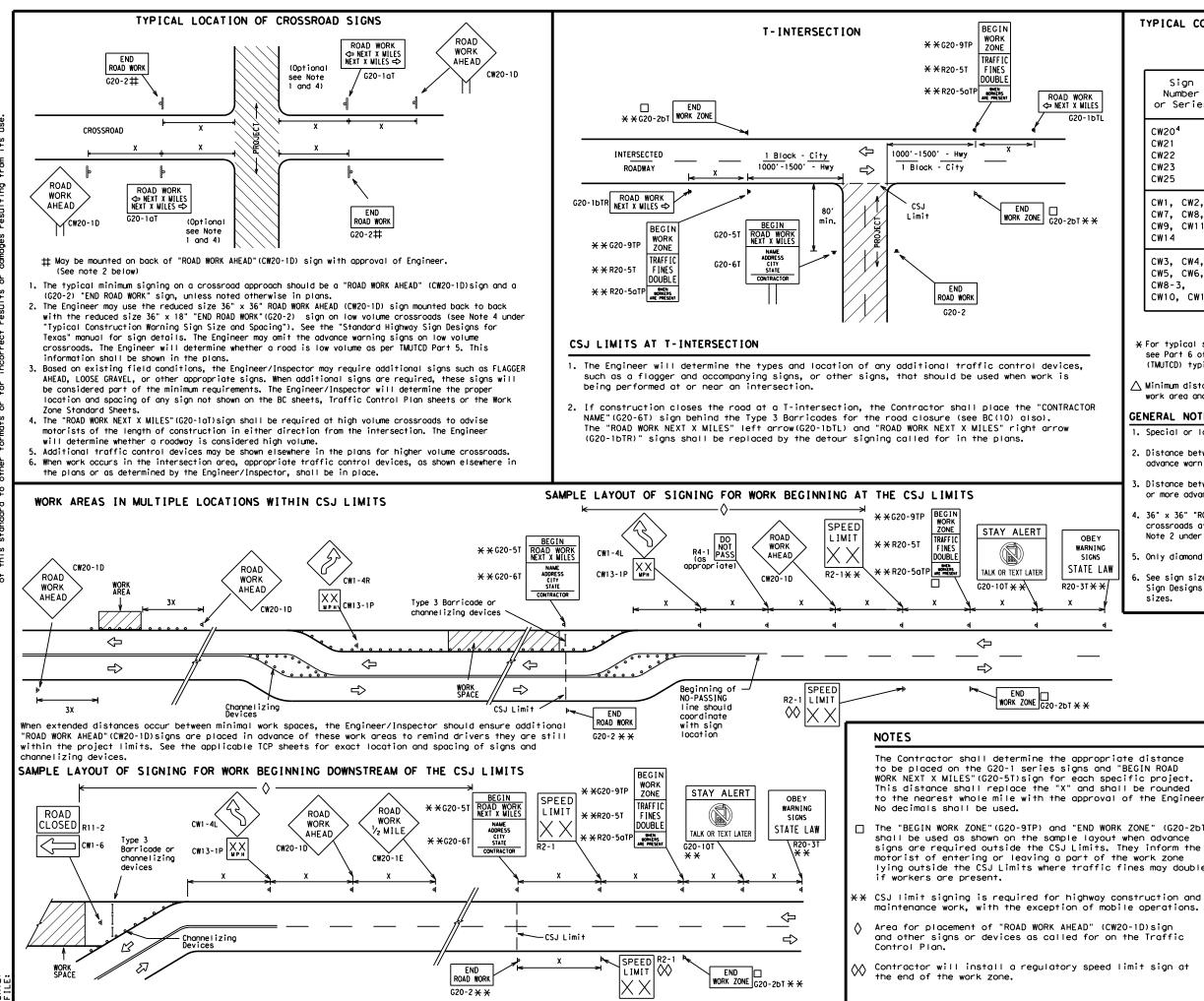
## COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

Texas Department of Transportation    Traffic Safety Division Standard      BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS      BC (1) - 21      FILE:    bc-21. dgn      DN: TXDOT    CK: TXDOT      CONVENCE 2002    CONT      SEC (1) - 21      FILE:    bc-21. dgn      DN: TXDOT    CK: TXDOT      COT NOVEMBER 2002    CONT      SEC (1) - 21      FILE:    bc-21. dgn      DN: TXDOT    CK: TXDOT      GENERAL    OB      HIGHWAY      4-03    7-13      6387    99      OO1    FM: 89, ETC.	SHEE	T 1	OF	12				
GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21 FILE: bc-21.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT CTXDOT NOVEMBER 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 6387 90 001 EN 89 ETC	Texas Department of	of Tra	nsp	ortation		Ď	Safe Vivisi	ty ion
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	CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	AY
		6387	99	001		FM	89,	ETC.
9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
5-10 5-21 ABL TAYLOR, ETC. 7		ABL		TAYLOR,	E	rc.	7	

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TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING <sup>1,5,6</sup>

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING					
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"				
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)				
30	120				
35	160				
40	240				
45	320				
50	400				
55	500 <sup>2</sup>				
60	600 <sup>2</sup>				
65	700 <sup>2</sup>				
70	800 <sup>2</sup>				
75	900 <sup>2</sup>				
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>				
*	* 3				

★ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.

9-07 8-14

7-13 5-21

6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

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	ны Туре 3 Barricade							
		000	Channelizi	ng Devices				
		<u> </u>	Sign					
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	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT							
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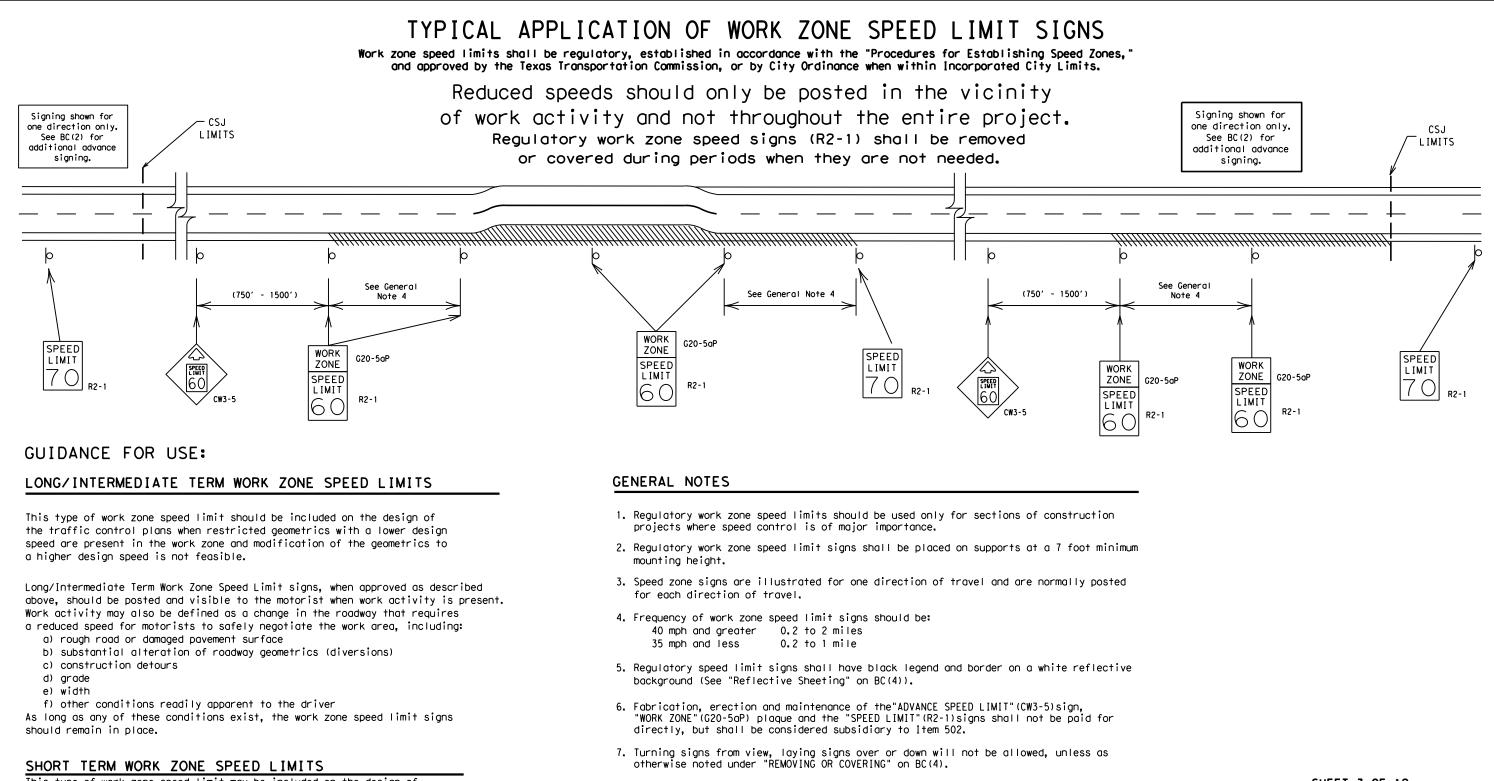
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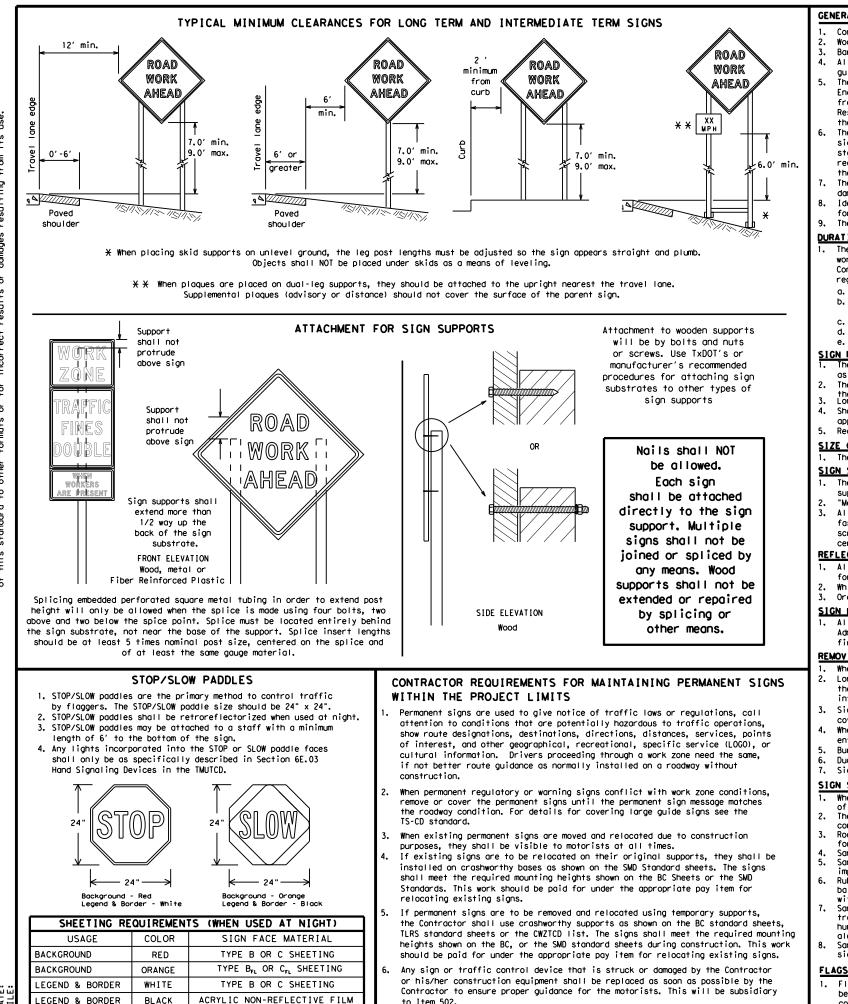


This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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Texas Departme	nt of Trans	sportation	S Di	raffic afety vision andard
BARRICADE				
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FILE: bc-21.dgn ©TxDOT November 2002	C ( 3 ) DN: TXDOT CONT SEC	-21 (K: TxDOT DW: JOB	ТхДОТ	ck: TxDOT Ighway



## GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

## The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

## <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

## SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

## SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

## SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

## REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

## SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

## REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

## SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

## FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

No warranty of any for the conversion m its use. Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDDT assumes no responsibility t results or damages resulting fro DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Te kind is made by TxDDT for any purpose whatsoever. of this standard to other formats or for incorrect

to Item 502.

LEGEND & BORDER

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

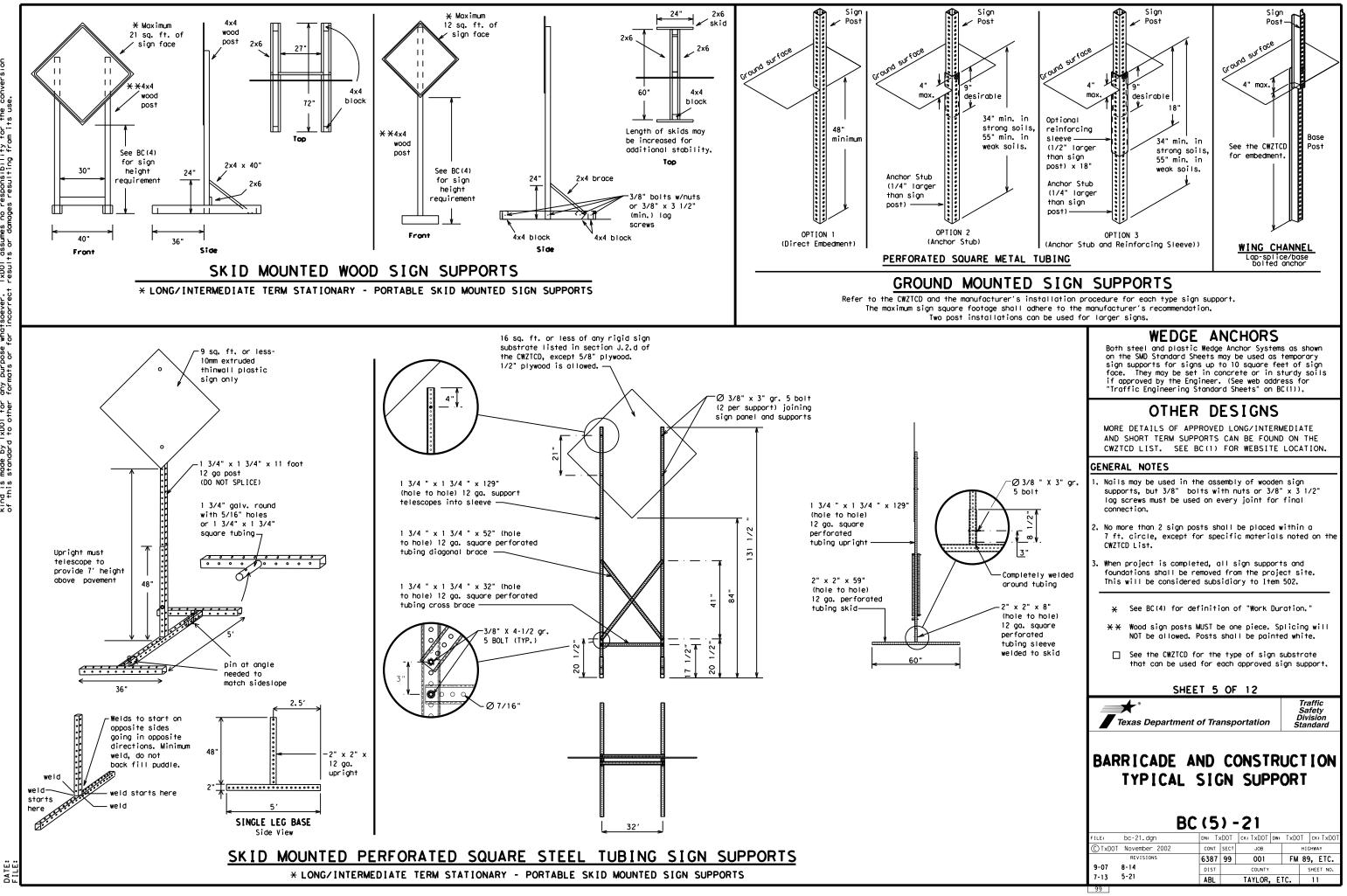
When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

SHEET 4 OF 12

**st** Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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## PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
  Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			1
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	E	Service Rood	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	s (route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT		PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Trovelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY		
Highway	riw i	Upper Level Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WARN
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit West	
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		WUNI
Maintenance	MAINT		

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

## Phase 1: Condition Lists

## Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

	ΠP			,
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE		FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED		RO/ X>
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX		SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT		FL XX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX		RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT		RIC NA XX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED		RIGHT X LANES OPEN		ME TR XX
CENTER LANE CLOSED		DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES		L GF XX
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES		I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED		DE X
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED		EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE		RO4 F SH
EXIT CLOSED		RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED		E XX
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED		X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI		TR SI XX
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	×	LANES SHIFT in	Phase	1 must

Other Condi	tion List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SH I F T

### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS то STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

## FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

Roadway

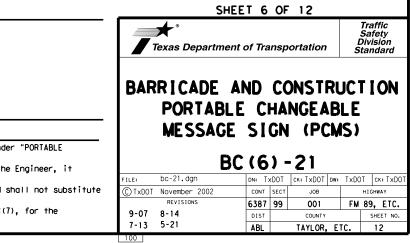
## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

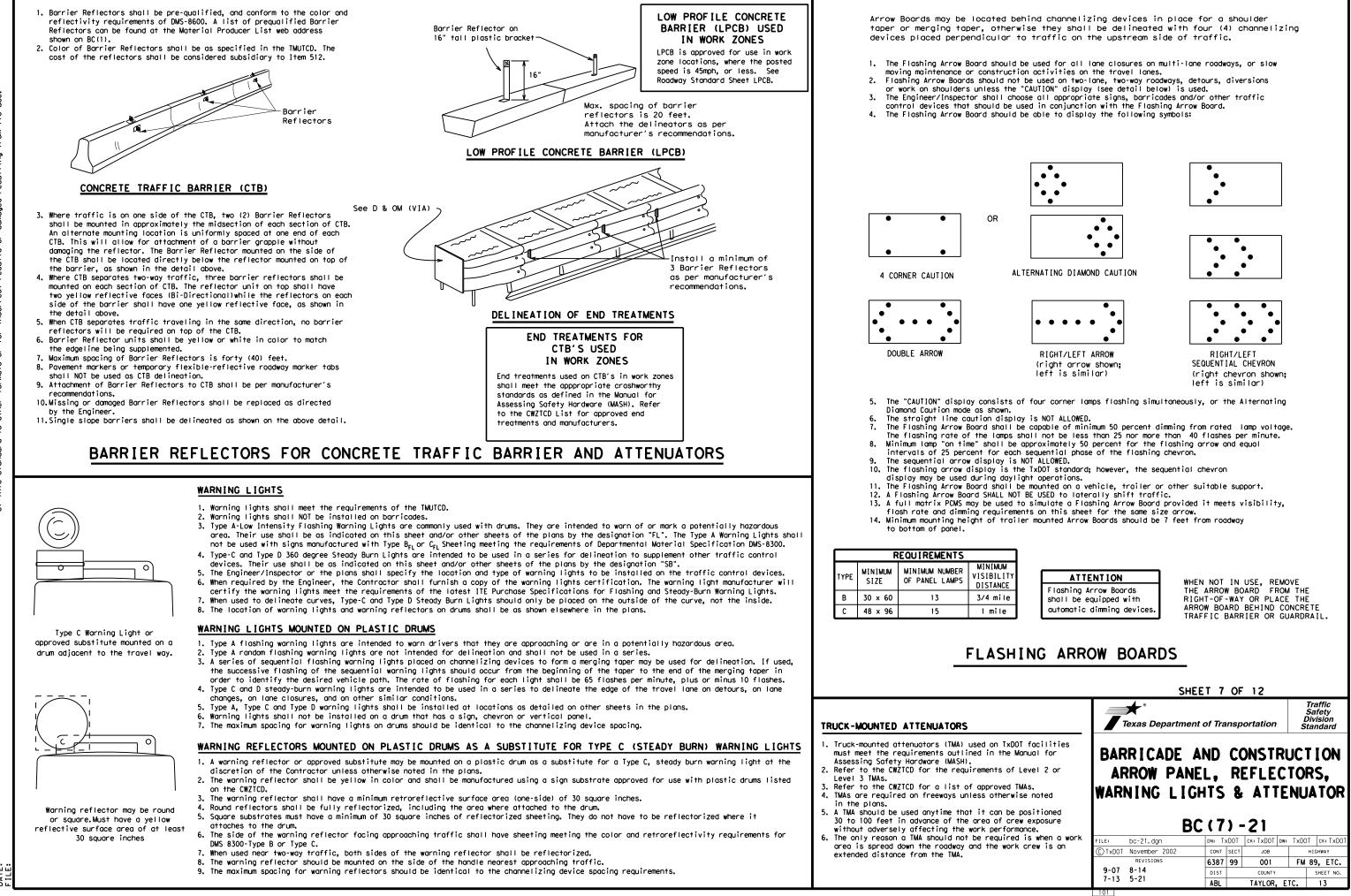


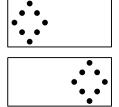
\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

XX AM

EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can















## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

## GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

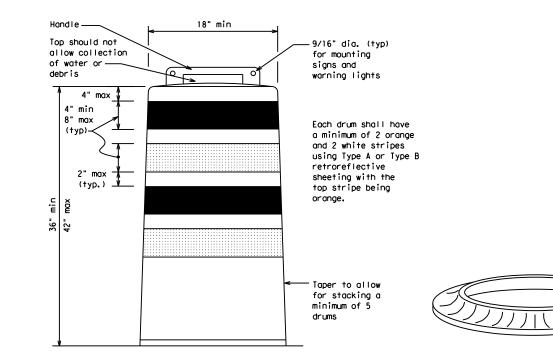
- Pre-gualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

## RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

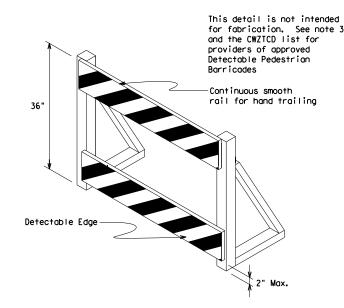
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.







### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5, Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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(Maximum Sign Dimension)

Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane

Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right

R4 series or other signs as approved

by Engineer



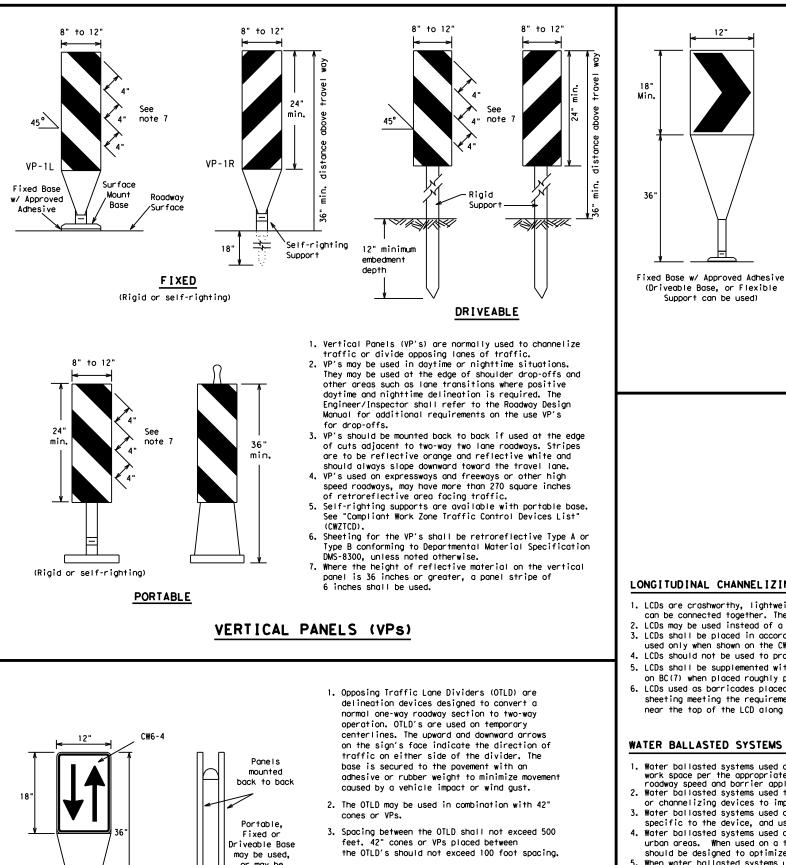
12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

## SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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Texas Departme	ent of Trans	sportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



## LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

## WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

## HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

or may be mounted on drums

4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

## OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Suggested Maximu Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X X Devices			ng of Lizing	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - 11 S	600'	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900'	75 <i>'</i>	150′	
80		800′	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160′	

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

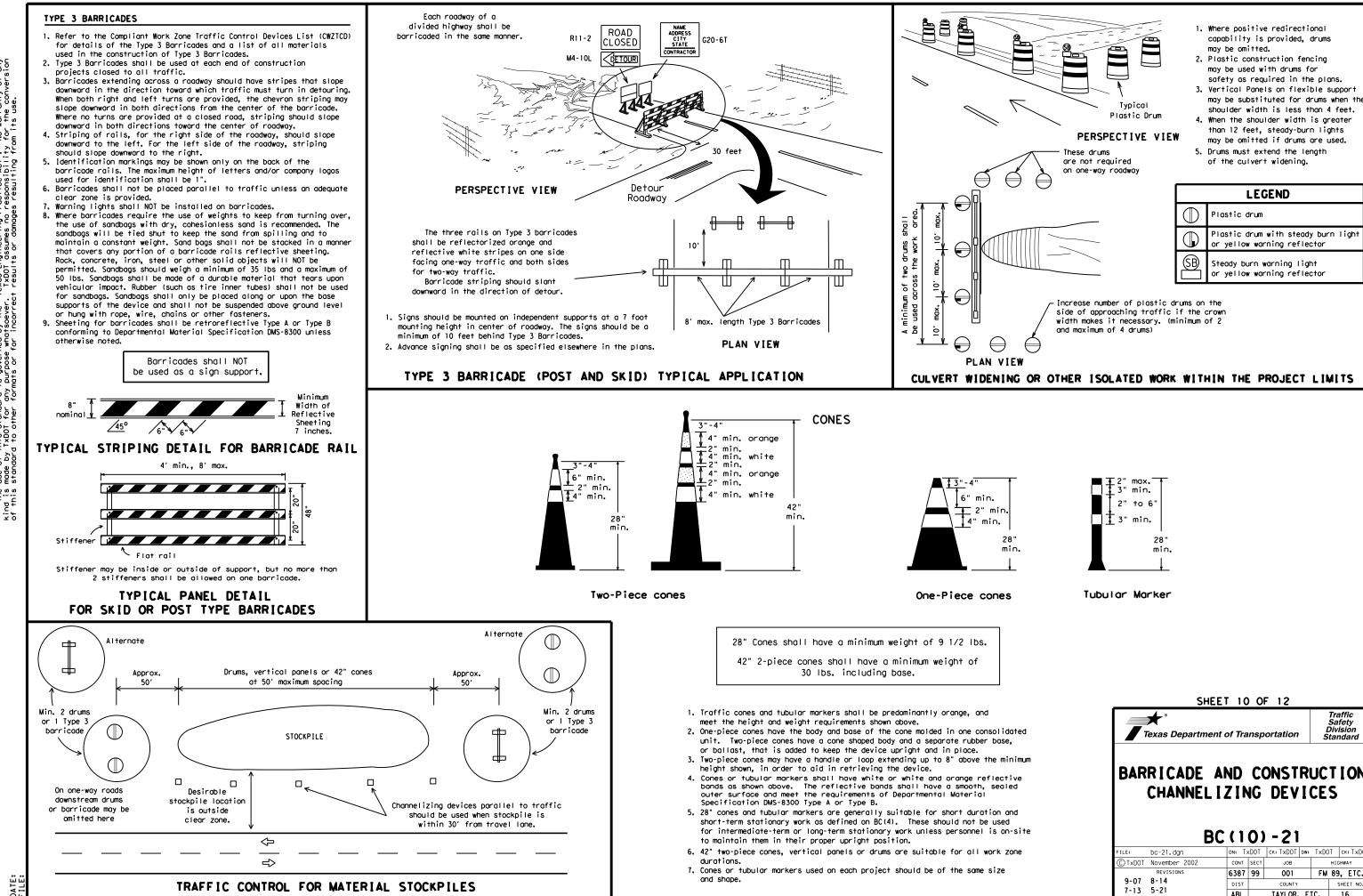
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard **st** Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

# CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 21									
ILE:	bc-21.dgn		DN: T:	<b>K</b> DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDO	T	κ:TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS		6387	99	001		FM	89,	ETC.
9-07	8-14		DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
7-13	5-21		ABL	TAYLOR, ET		IC. 15		5	
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Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	i i	Traffic Safety Division tandard	
CHANNEL I	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES					
FILE: bc-21.dgn		O) KDOT	) -21	ow: TxDO	T CK: TXDOT	
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6387	99	001	FM	89, ETC.	
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	ABL		TAYLOR,	ETC.	16	

## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

## GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

## PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

## REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



## STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is m normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pav Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pir run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

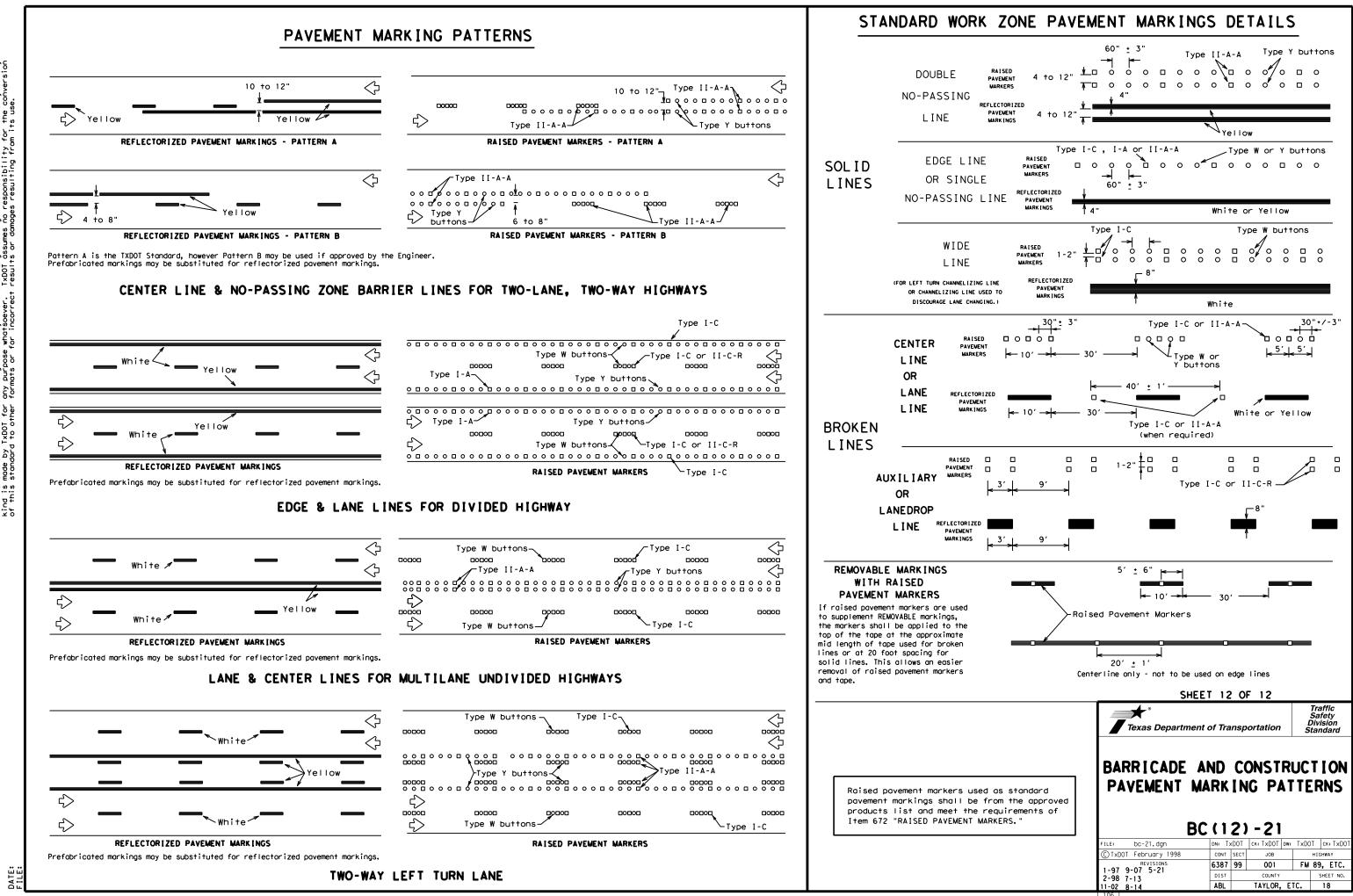
- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the ap product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concretsurfaces.

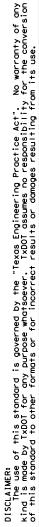
### Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

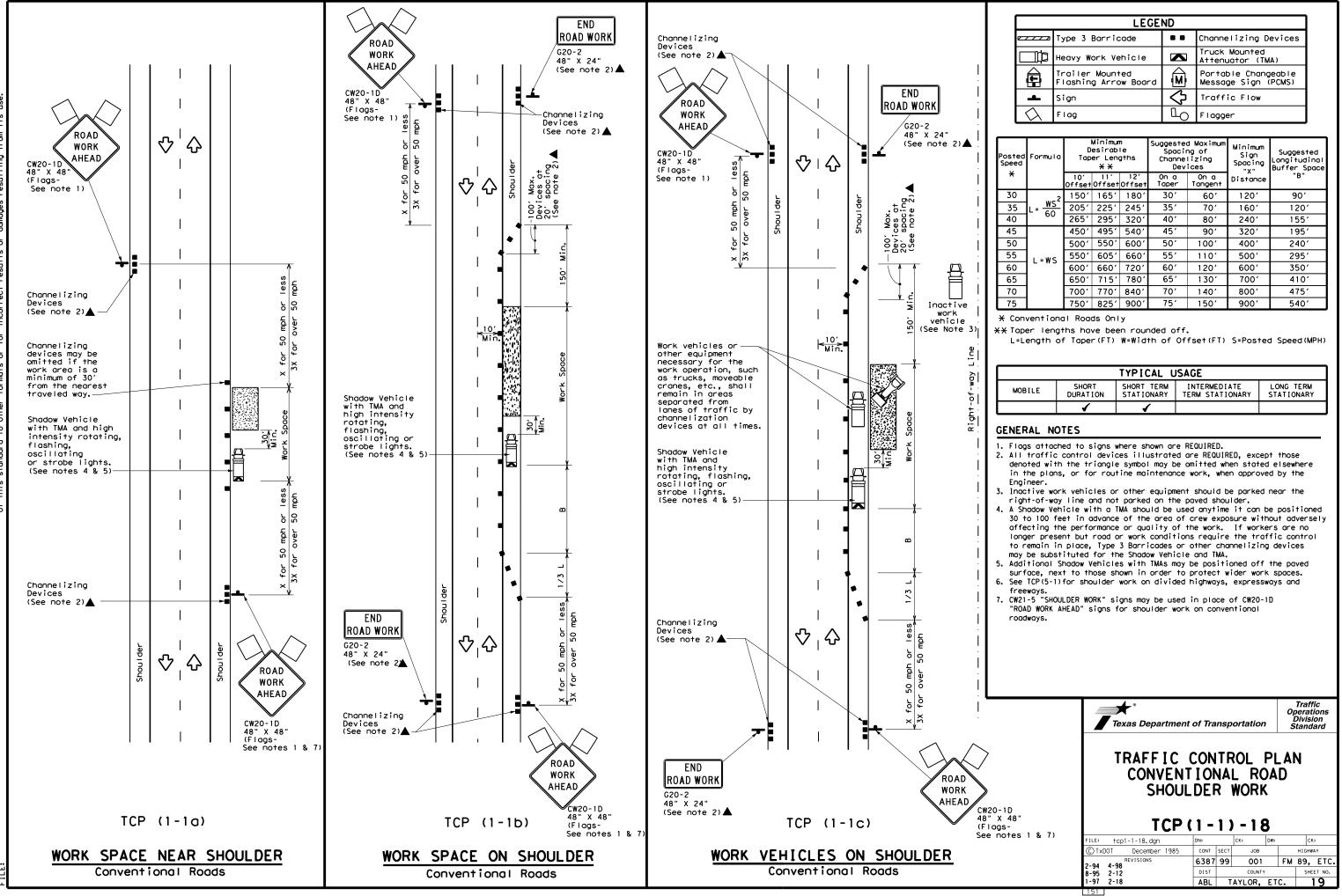
	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	TIONS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
IEW	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
52	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
∱ re pad	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
	A list of prequalified reflective raised pavemen non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker t pavement markings can be found at the Material F web address shown on BC(1).	tabs and othe
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	SHEET 11 OF 12	Traffia
	*	Traffic Safety Division
	SHEET 11 OF 12	Safety
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	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN	Safety Division Standard
	BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN BC(11)-21	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation      BARR I CADE AND CONST      PAVEMENT MARK IN      BC (111) - 21      FILE:    bc-21. dgn      [C] TXDOT February 1998    CNNT SECT	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation BARR I CADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARK IN BC (111) - 21 FILE: bc-21. dgn DN: TXDDT CK: TXDDT	RUCTION NGS

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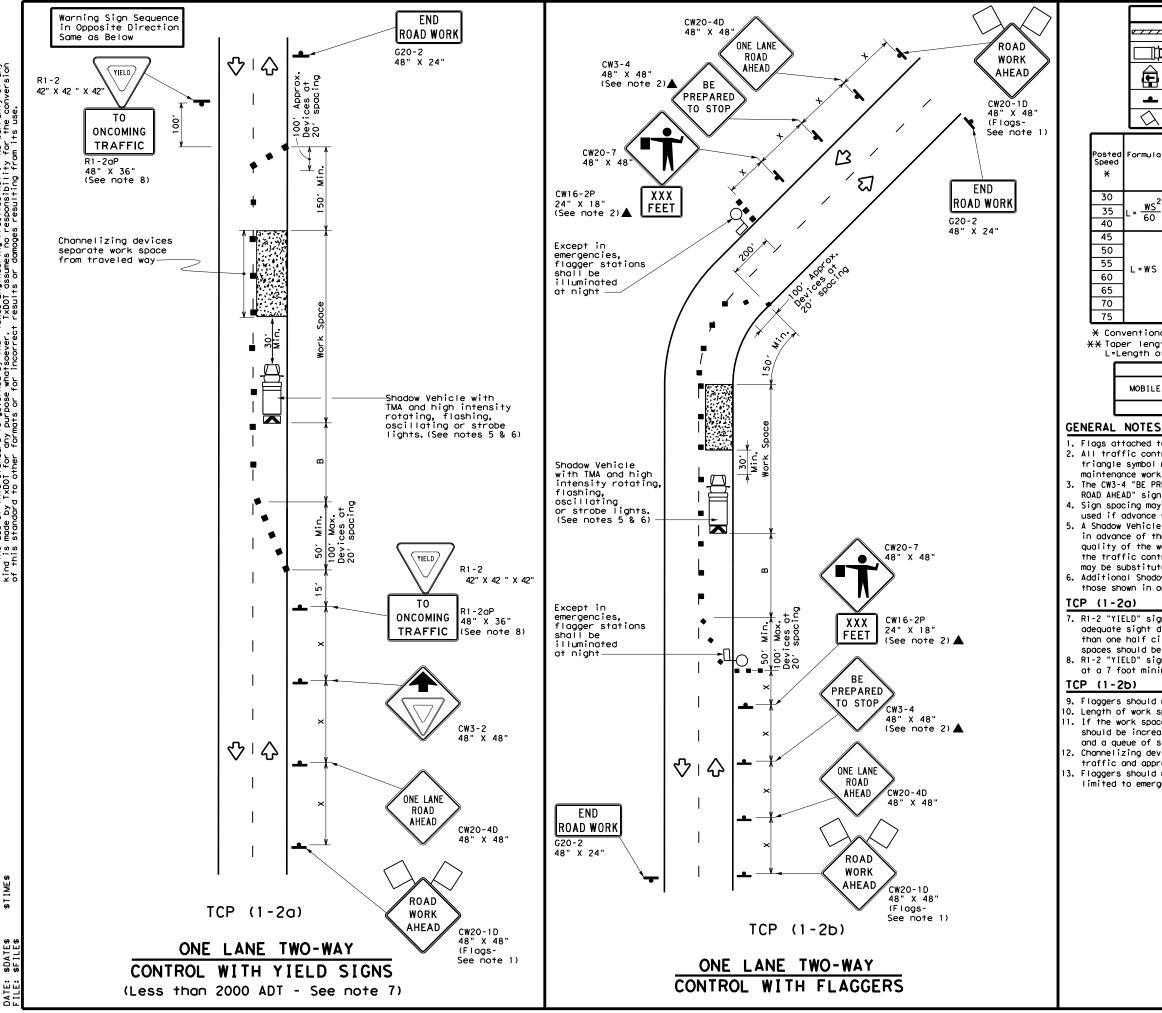
DATE:



	LEGEND						
<u>e 7 7 7 8</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
₽	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow				
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	۵ <sub>0</sub>	Flagger				

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150'	165′	180'	30′	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′
40	60	265′	295'	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700'	770'	840 <i>'</i>	70'	140'	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		



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LEGEND									]
	z Type	e 3 Bo	rrica	de		CI	hanneliz	ing Devices	1
	Heav	y Wor	'k Veh	icle	K		ruck Mour ttenuator		
Ē			lounte Arrow	d Board				Changeable ign (PCMS)	
-	Sign	۱		$\Diamond$			raffic F		
$\bigtriangleup$	Fla	9			LFI				]
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spac S Channe	gested Maximum Spacing of hannelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Longitudinal "x" Buffer Space		Stopping Sight Distance
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	+	Distance	"В"	
2	150'	165′	180'	30′	60'		120'	90′	200'
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'		160′	120'	250'
60	265 <i>'</i>	295'	320'	40′	80'		240′	155'	305′
	450'	495′	540'	45′	90′		320'	195'	360′
	500'	550ʻ	600 <i>'</i>	50ʻ	100'		400′	240'	425′
L=₩S	550′	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295'	495 <i>'</i>
- "3	600 <i>'</i>	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'		600 <i>'</i>	350'	570′
	650'	715′	780′	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800′	475′	730′
	750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'		900 <i>'</i>	540'	820'

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

 R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

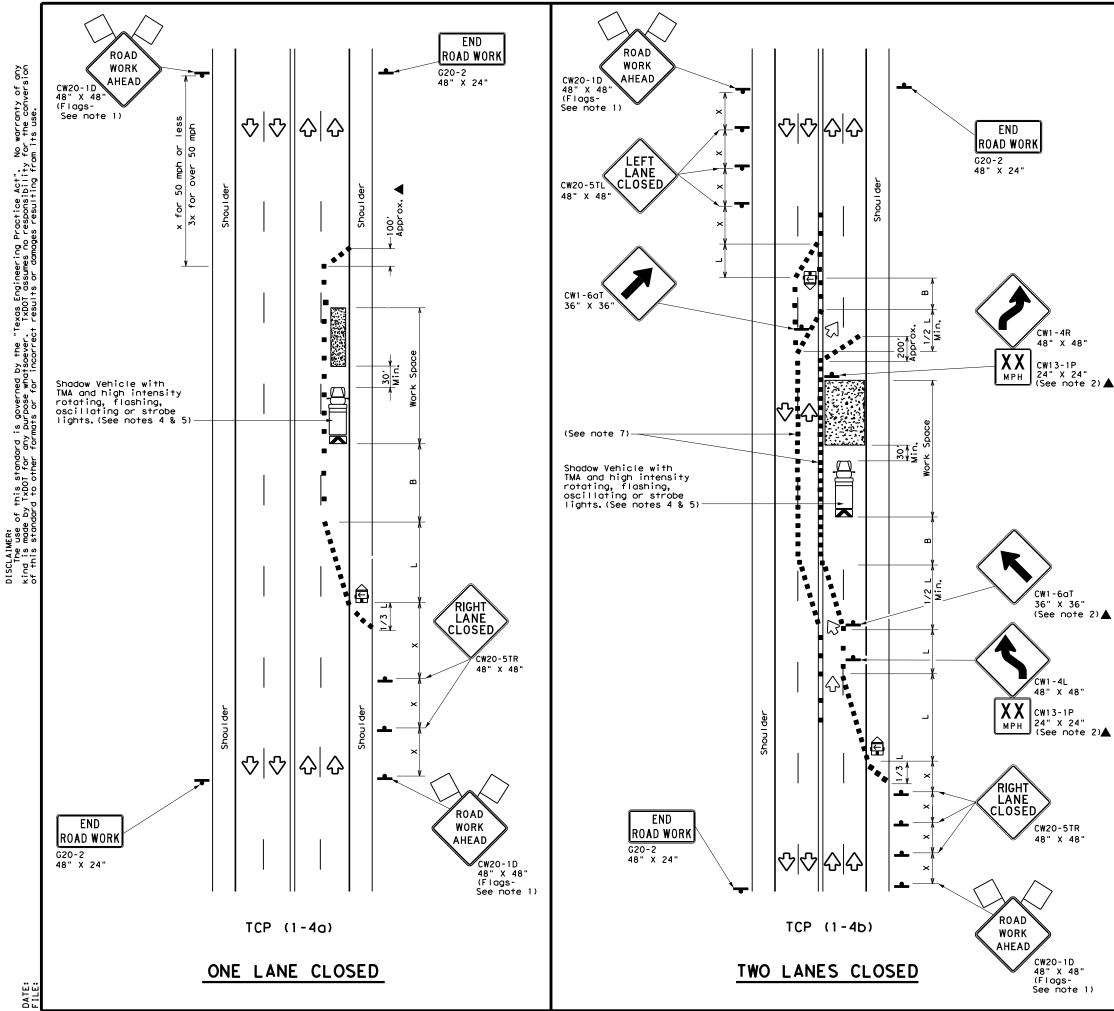
should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL        TRAFFIC CONTROL        TCP (1-2) - 18        FILE:      tcp1-2-18. dgn      DNI:      CKI:      DWI:      CKI:        © TXDOT      December 1985      CONT SECT      JOB      HIGHWAY        4-90      4-98      6387      99      001      FM 89, ETC	Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	1	о <sub>р</sub>	Traff Derat Divisi tand	ions on
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2-94 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	-	FM	HIGHW	AY
1-97 2-18 ABL TAYLOR, ETC. 20	FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn C TxDOT December 1985 4-90 4-98	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	DW:	FM	нтсни <b>89,</b>	ΔΥ ETC.





	LEGEND						
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	٩	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow				
$\bigtriangleup$	Flog	LO	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab			ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>
60	L - W S	600′	660′	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825'	900′	75′	150′	900′	540 <i>′</i>

\* Conventional Roads Only

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

## GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

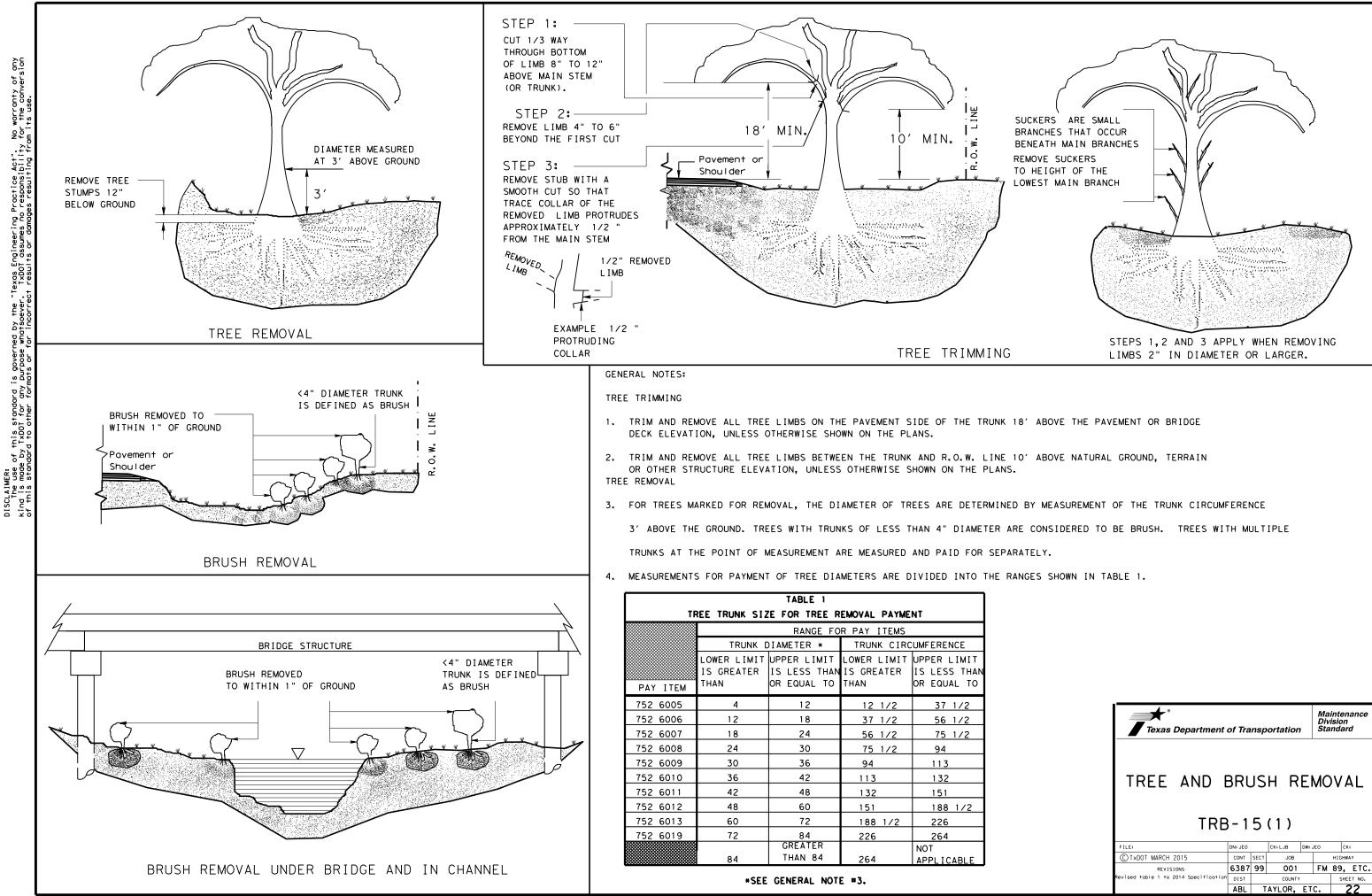
## TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

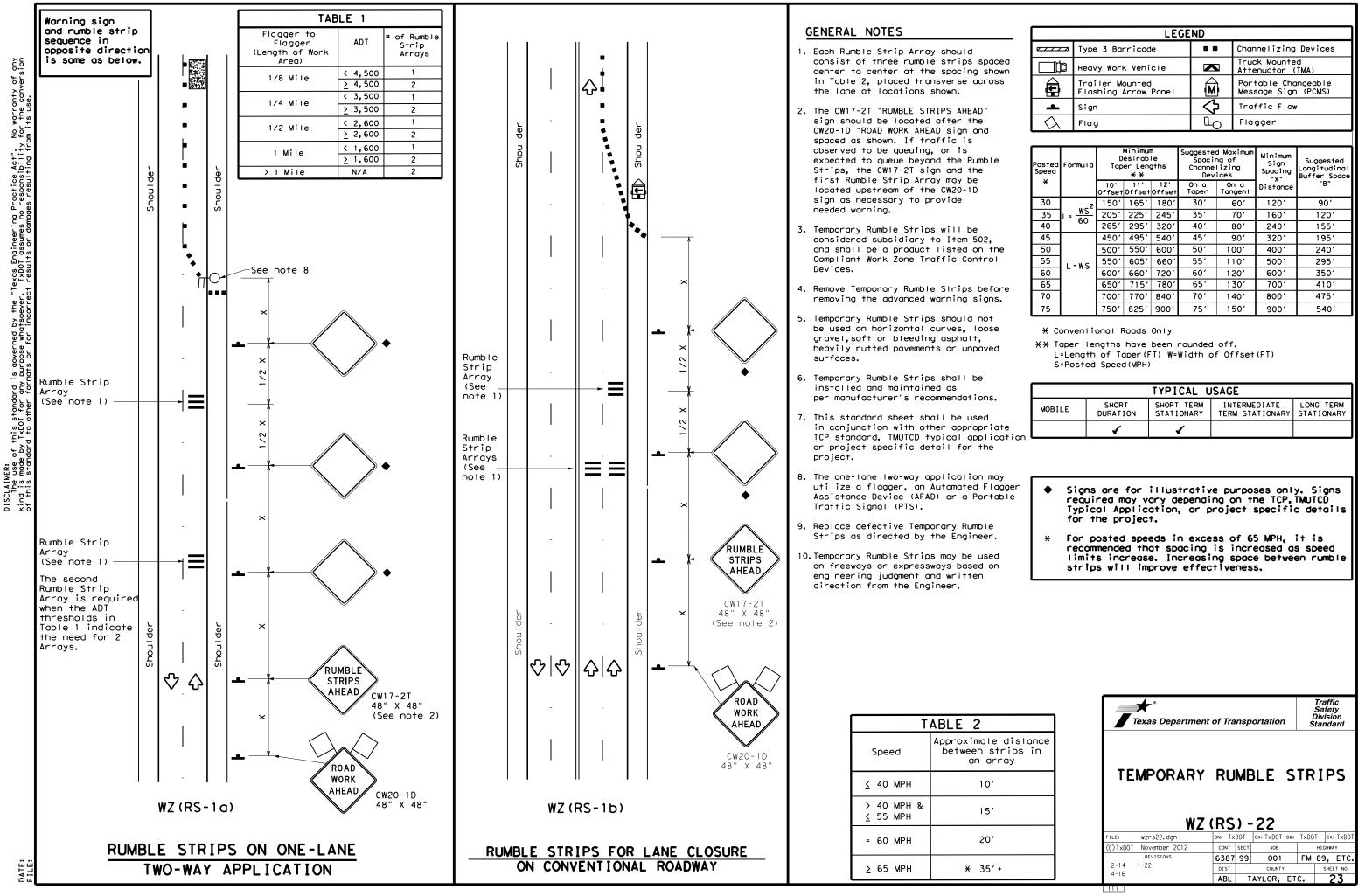
## TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	,	Op L	Traff Derati Divisi tand	ions on
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS							
TCP (	(1-	4)	) - 18	5			
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		4				CK HIGHW/	
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	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow				
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'
35		2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	1601	120′
40		265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45	L=WS	450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>ʻ</i>	295′
60		600'	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65'	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900'	540′

	TYPICAL USAGE						
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
e tion		1	1				