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STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 2) THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES". | STATE PROJECT NO. | STATE PROJECT NO. | STATE PROJECT NO. | MICHARY | STATE PROJECT NO. | STATE PROJECT

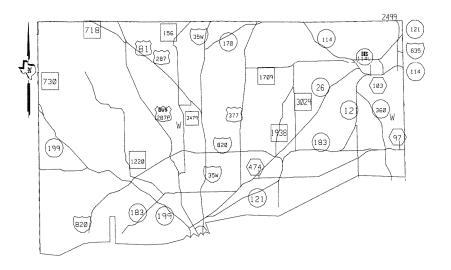
PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS

PROJECT NO. 6410-17-001

HIGHWAY: FM1938, ETC

LIMITS OF WORK: NORTH TARRANT



Taccase Department of Transportation

SUBAPPTE THE LETTING: 6/22/2022

TRANSPORT FARE ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 6/27/2022

DALLY HULLISON, P.E.

DISTRICT METHOD RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 6/28/2022

BT87 DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

merhoten

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

EXCEPTIONS: NONE
EQUATIONS: NONE
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

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GENERAL

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX SHEET
3A - 3H	GENERAL NOTES
4	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITIES
5	LIMIT SHEET
6	SECTION MAP

TCP STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
7	TCP(1-1)-18*
8	TCP(1-2)-18*
9	TCP (1-3) -18*
10	TCP (1-4) -18*
11	TCP(1-5)-18*
12	TCP(6-1)-12*
13	TCP (6-2) -12*
14	TCP(6-3)-12*
15	TCP (6-4) -12*

BC STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
16	BC (1) -21 *
17	BC (2) -21 *
18	BC (3) -21 *
19	BC (4) -21 *
20	BC (5) -21 *
21	BC (6) -21 *
22	BC (7) -21 *
23	BC (8) -21 *
24	BC (9) -21 *
25	BC (10) -21*
26	BC (11) -21*
27	BC (12) -21*

WORK ZONE STANDARDS

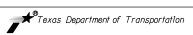
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION		
28	W7 (RS) -22*		



*THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEPEYSPEED BY WE AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Sam Yacoub, PE 6/22/2022

DATE



INDEX SHEET

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	ST	STATE PROJECT NO.	
	6	RMC 6	410-17-001	
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	\$AB\$
	TEXAS	\$DST\$	\$CTY\$	
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
	\$C\$	\$5\$	\$J\$	FM1938, ETC

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Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3A

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

FORT WORTH DISTRICT MAINTENANCE GENERAL NOTES 2014 SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL:

Special Notes:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Area Engineer: Minh Tran Minh.Tran@txdot.gov
Asst. Area Engineer: James Bell James.Bell@txdot.gov
Design Manager: Dustin Marten Dustin.Marten@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email, phone, and in person to the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CSJ/Project Name.

Paper bid proposals for this project will be delivered to the **District Maintenance Contracting Office** at the following address:

Administration Annex Building 2501 SW Loop 820 Fort Worth, Texas 76133

Plans are required for this project. Plans may be obtained from one of the plan companies listed in the "Special Notice to Contractors", or viewed at Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Internet site at http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/agreement.htm

Contract Prosecution: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts and work orders at the same time.

Furnish crew(s) and equipment capable of maintaining work in a continuous manner for the completion of the work listed on the work order.

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3B

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

Personnel will be experienced in items of work in the contract, which they will be performing. Safety vests and hard hats will be pre-approved and worn at all times outside vehicles within the work area. Safety vests shall be Class III.

Provide and maintain a dedicated email address for receipt of work orders and correspondence throughout the term of this contract.

Project Description - This project consists of Crack Seal of contract on sections of highway within Hood, Erath, and Somervell Counties as shown in the contract and defined in these general notes and specifications. Coordinate all work through the Maintenance Offices listed below:

North Tarrant	
Maintenance Supervisor	_
2501 W. Euless Blvd	
Euless, Texas	
76040 (817) 232-1304	

Prior to mobilizing equipment into the Fort Worth District, all equipment will be clean and free of any debris from prior use in other districts or counties.

Contractor will be responsible for notifying a "one call" center when necessary. It will also be the Contractor's responsibility to notify the City and State for any utility and line locations. Telephone numbers are listed below:

TxDOT Traffic Operations Center (817)-370-3661 City of Fort Worth (Illumination) – (817)-392-8100 DIG TESS 1-(800)-344-8377

This is not to be considered a complete list of contacts. Contractor may need to contact additional agencies for utilities and line locations. Provide TxDOT with confirmation tickets of utility and line locates.

Item 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor. Designate superintendent in accordance with second paragraph of Article 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Item 7.2.4. Public Safety and Convenience. Personal vehicles will not be parked within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to the traveling public.

Operations will be curtailed or halted during special events that may result in delays or congestion to the traveling public.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3C

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

No work that restricts or interferes with traffic shall be allowed from 3:00 pm on the day preceding the Holiday or Event to 9:00 am on the day after the Holiday or Event. The following Holiday/Event lane closure restriction requirements apply to this project:

Holiday Lane Closure Restrictions				
New Year's Eve and New Year's Day	3 PM December 30 through 9 AM January 2			
(December 31 through January 1)				
Easter Holiday Weekend (Friday through	3PM Thursday through 9 AM Monday			
Sunday)				
Memorial Day Weekend (Friday through	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday			
Monday)				
Independence Day (July 3 through July 5)	3 PM July 2 through 9 AM July 6			
Labor Day Weekend (Friday through	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday			
Monday)				
Thanksgiving Holiday (Wednesday through	3 PM Tuesday through 9 AM Monday			
Sunday)				
Clair Hall (B. 1 221 1	2010			
Christmas Holiday (December 23 through	3 PM December 22 through 9 AM December			
December 26)	27			
	I			

No lane closures within approximately 1 mile proximity (based on potential impact) of major retail traffic generators (i.e. malls) (Thanksgiving Day through January 2).

Event Lane Closure Restrictions 3 PM the day before Event to 9 AM the day after the Event						
NASCAR Nationwide and Sprint Cup Series NascAR Truck Series Fort Worth Stock Show and Rodeo Mayfest						
(Held in late March/early April & late October/early November)	(Held in June)	(Held in mid-January and early February	(Held in early May)			

The above list of events is not all inclusive and should be added to or adjusted as needed. When deemed necessary, the Engineer will modify the list of major events when new events develop, existing events are rescheduled, or when warranted.

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3D

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

Modifications to Lane Closure / Work Restrictions:

Submit a request in writing for approval by the Engineera minimum of 10 days in advance of implementing a change to lane closure restrictions.

When deemed necessary, the Engineer will lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify lane closure restrictions as traffic conditions warrant.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

This contract has <u>site specific work</u>. Notification of work will be executed by work order. Work will begin no later than 7 calendar days from issuance of the work order letter and continuously processed to completion unless otherwise approved. Notify section supervisor twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the date and time the Contractor plans to commence work.

Item 8.3. Computation of Contract Time for Completion.

Working days for work orders will be calculated by dividing quantities by production rate. A fraction of the day will be rounded up to the next whole number. If the total number of working days is not used during the completion of the work order the working days will not be carried forward to a subsequent work order. Each work order will define the total number of working days for that particular work order as defined in Section 8.3.1.4. Standard Work Week in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Item 8.3.2. Restricted Work Hours. Perform work as shown below, unless otherwise approved:

Daytime Work	Nighttime Work
9:00 am – 4:00 pm Monday – Friday Saturday-Optional	8:00 pm – 5:00 am Sunday – Thursday
	Sunday – Thursday

Contractor has the option of working on Saturdays or State holidays with forty-eight (48) hour advance notice. Work on Sundays or National holidays will not be permitted without written permission of the Engineer.

Working day charges for nighttime work will be charged against the night in which work begins.

Item 8.5. Project Schedules. Prepare the schedules as a Bar Chart. Schedules must be submitted by the twentieth (20^{th}) day of every month.

Item 8.6. Failure to Complete Work on Time. The response time specified in the contract is an essential element. Liquidated damages will be accessed when the Contractor fails to begin work within the specified response times for any Item(s). The dollar amount specified in this contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any Items(s) and will continue to be

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3E

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

deducted for each day until work begins. This amount will be assessed not as penalty, but as liquidated damages. Failure to <u>complete</u> a project in the working days specified in the work order, time charges will continue for each working day until work is completed for that work order. The amount assessed for liquidated damages will be based on the total value of the original contract, in accordance with Special Provision 000-658, not the estimated amount on individual work orders.

Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling.

Provide equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with highly visible omni-directional warning flashing lights. These lights will be used within the work zone at all times. Provide forward facing arrow panel on lead vehicles when working in a continuous turn lanes. The Engineer will approve all equipment and vehicles prior to use.

All traffic control, with the exception of Special Specification 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA), is subsidiary to the various bid items in accordance with Section 502.4.1.6 Contracts with Callout Work and Work Orders in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Mount signs on their own stands. Attach two (2) brightly colored safety flags to each sign. Do not hang or lean signs on or against any other sign post or delineator post. Erect signs in such a manner that they will not obstruct the traveling public's view of normal roadway signing or obstruct sight distance at intersections or curves.

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) are required as shown on all Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Standards. Striping will be required on the back panel of truck mounted attenuators, and will be 8 inches of red and white stripes placed on an inverted "V" design. Sheeting will conform to departmental material Specification D-9-8300, Type "C".

Provide signing and traffic control in compliance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), latest edition, and the appropriate traffic control method as outlined in the TMUTCD, and elsewhere in the plans.

Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) shown on the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Standards as "optional" will be required on this contract. Additional PCMS may be required and will be paid for under the appropriate bid item. PCMS shall be placed a minimum of 48 hours in advance of work on all roadways, and 7 days in advance of work on Tier 1 roadways.

Lane closures will be required on roadways as indicated in the plans and will be a maximum of two (2) miles from beginning of taper to end of closure. Lane closures will also be required on roadways allowing mobile operations in areas with inadequate field of view as determined by the Engineer.

Provide a Department Approved Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) behind all equipment overhanging roadway travel lanes. Trailer all slow moving vehicles (designed to operate 25mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3F

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

Dedicated personnel must be on duty to maintain barricades.

Equipment and materials will not be left within thirty feet (30') of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Submit a lighting plan for nighttime work for TxDOT review and approval. Provide Multi-Directional Lighting Device (MDLD) for nighttime work with the following quality requirements:

- Provide a 2000 watt (minimum) SIROCCO lighting balloon, Airstar lighting or equivalent
- It is the intent of the MDLD lighting to supplement the Portable Road Light and Power Unit used to illuminate work areas during night work hours.
- Provide MDLD units which can self-inflate and are capable of illuminating approximately 15,000 sq. ft.
- Provide MDLD units of 1.1 meter horizontal diameter and capable of withstanding 60 mph winds when fully inflated and operating.
- Provide MDLD units with two (2) 1,000 watt halogen bulbs recommended by the manufacturer.

Item 502.4.2. Law Enforcement Personnel. If off-duty uniformed police officers are to be used during daytime hours, obtain prior approval from the Engineer. Nighttime closures will require off-duty uniformed police officer(s). All off-duty uniformed police officers will have marked police vehicle(s) with jurisdiction and full police power in the city or county where the work is being performed. Determine and agree upon the number of off-duty uniformed police officers in advance of the work. Off-duty police officers will be paid for through force account. Fill out Form 318 "Daily Report on Law Enforcement" to check against invoice for officers.

Item 712. Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks (Asphalt Concrete).

The District Maintenance Office will notify the maintenance section at the beginning of the crack sealing season as to when sealing operations may commence. Work Orders will not be issued prior to notice to commence date and will not be issued before October 1 st of the sealing season.

Clean pavement surfaces prior to application to remove excessive debris including, but not limited to dead animals, lumber, tire tread, etc. Surface preparation is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Protect raised pavement markers and any striping that may have a warranty from damage. Damage to raised pavement markers or striping resulting from Contractor's operations will be replaced at the contractor's own expense.

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3G

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

Perform crack sealing during the following season: October 1 to March 31, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Begin crack sealing early enough to complete the entire project before the season expires.

Class B Rubber Asphalt shall be required.

Complete all work at each location before advancing to the next location unless directed by the Engineer.

Dispose of solvents or other materials in a timely manner in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Provide written documentation showing proof of compliance when requested.

Provide air blasting equipment capable of delivering a sufficient volume of filtered air, free of oil, water or other contaminants to remove all loose debris and material from cracks and joints to be sealed.

For this contract, the required lane miles per normal working day will be ten (10).

Item 6001. Portable Changeable Message Sign.

Provide electronic portable changeable message sign unit(s) as directed.

If more than one (1) crew works on the same day, but in different locations, each crew will use portable changeable message signs and arrow panels.

Each sign will have the following eighteen (18) messages programmed in its permanent memory:

- 1. Ramp Closed Ahead
- 2. Use Other Routes
- 3. Right Lane Closed
- 4. Left Lane Closed
- 5. Closed Ahead
- 6. Two Lane
- 7. Detour Ahead
- 8. Thru Traffic
- 9. Be Prepared To Stop
- 10. Merging Traffic
- 11. Expect 15 Minute Delay
- 12. Max Speed ** MPH
- 13. Merge Right
- 14. Merge Left
- 15. No Exit Next ** Miles
- 16. Various Lanes Closed
- 17. Two Left Lanes Closed
- 18. Two right Lanes Closed

Project Number: RMC 6410-17-001 Sheet 3H

County: TARRANT Control: 6410-17-001

Highway: FM1938, ETC

Item 6185. Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA).

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(1-1)-18		1
(1-2)-18		1
(1.2) 10	A	1
(1-3)-18	В	2
(1-4)-18		1
(1-5)-18		1

TCP 6 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(6.1) 12	A	1
(6-1)-12	В	2
(6-2)-12	All	1
(6-3)-12	All	1
(6-4)-12	A	1
	В	2

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

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Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6410-17-001

DISTRICT Fort Worth **HIGHWAY** FM1938,ETC

COUNTY Tarrant

		CONTROL SECTIO	и јов	6410-1	7-001		
PROJECT ID A0018		8975					
COUNTY Tarrai		ant	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL			
HIGHWAY FM1938		938					
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	712-6008	JT / CRCK SEAL (RUBBER - ASPHALT)	LMI	166.000		166.000	
	721-6002	FIBER REINFORCED POLYMER PATCHING MATLS	LB	36.000		36.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	4.000		4.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	19.000		19.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	6410-17-001	4

CLEANING AND/OR SEALING JOINT AND CRACKS

LOCATION	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	REF MRK	712-6008 JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT) (LMI)	721-6002 FIBER REINFORCED PLOYMER PATCHING MATLS (LB)	6001-6002 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (EA)	6185-6002 TMA (STATIONARY) (DAY)
1	TARRANT	FM 1938	IH 0820 FM 1709	262.155 253.847	53.00	6.00		5.00
2	TARRANT		Broadway Ave Brown Trail	559.957 566.746	39.00	6.00		4.00
3	TARRANT	SH 0199	Azle Ave Trinity River Bridge	563.217 569.512	38.00	6.00	4.00	4.00
4	TARRANT	US 0081 FR	Wise County Line FM 0718	264.021 265.874	7.00	6.00	4.00	2.00
5	TARRANT	FM 0156	Denton County Line US 0081	256.141 261.550	16.00	6.00		2.00
6	TARRANT	US 0377	IH 0820 US 0377	278.475 281.028	13.00	6.00		2.00
		7	TOTALS	166.00	36.00	4.00	19.00	

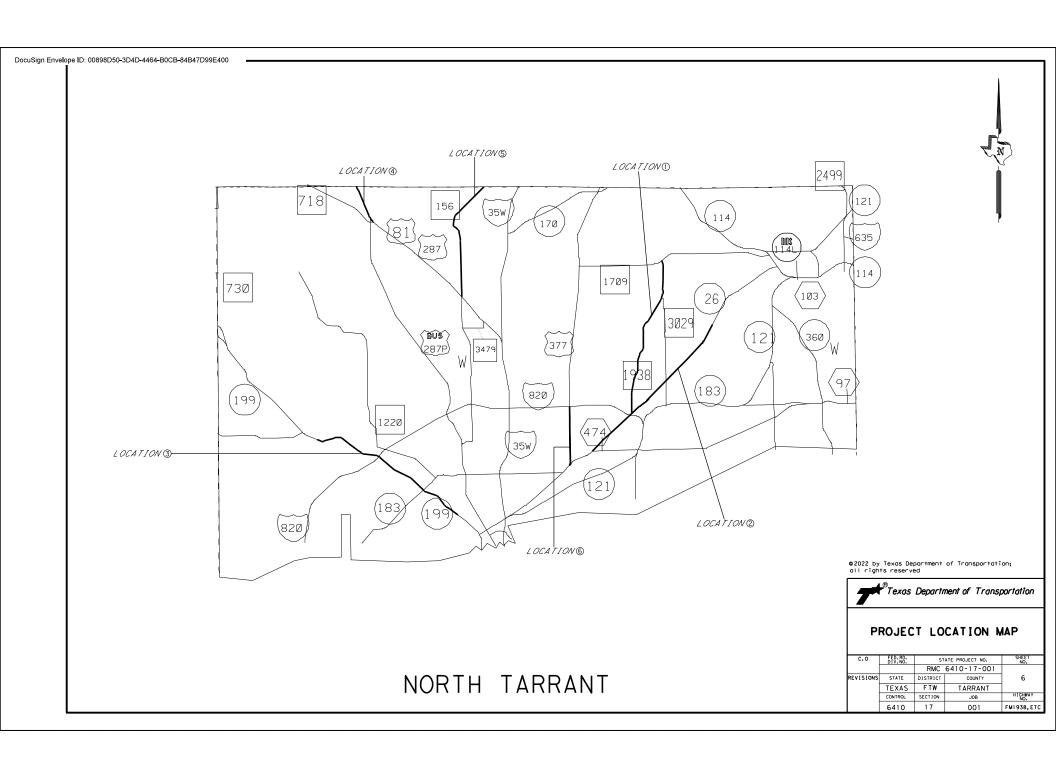
Note: Shoulders wider than 6ft are considered additional lanes.

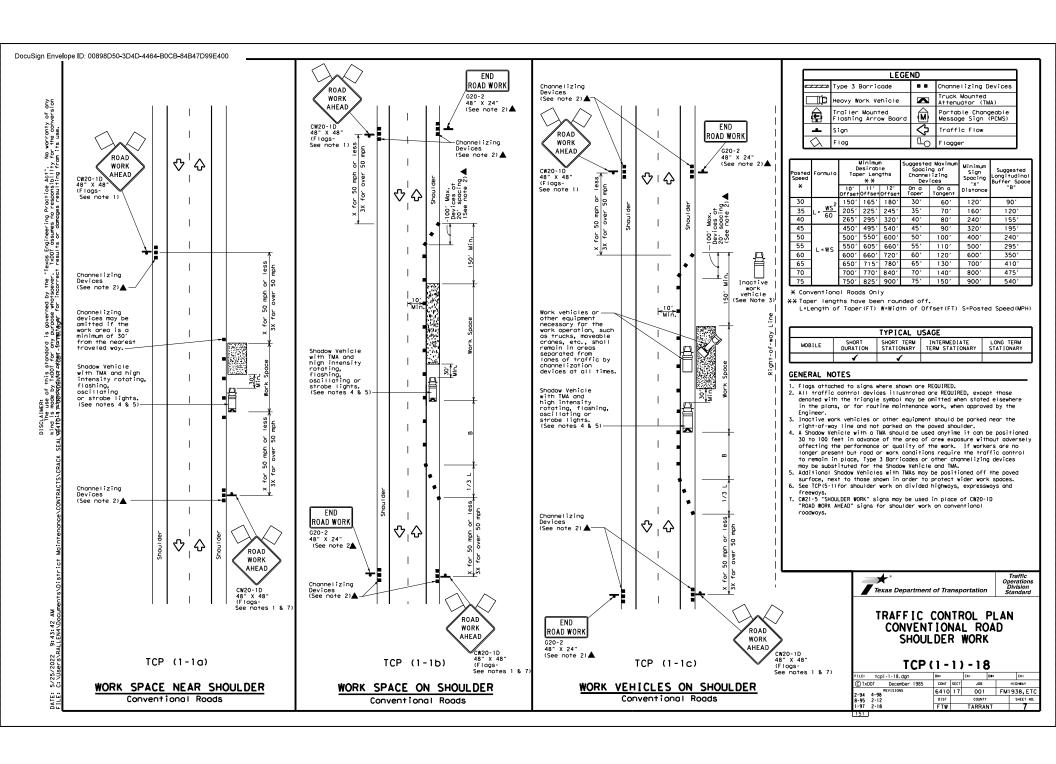


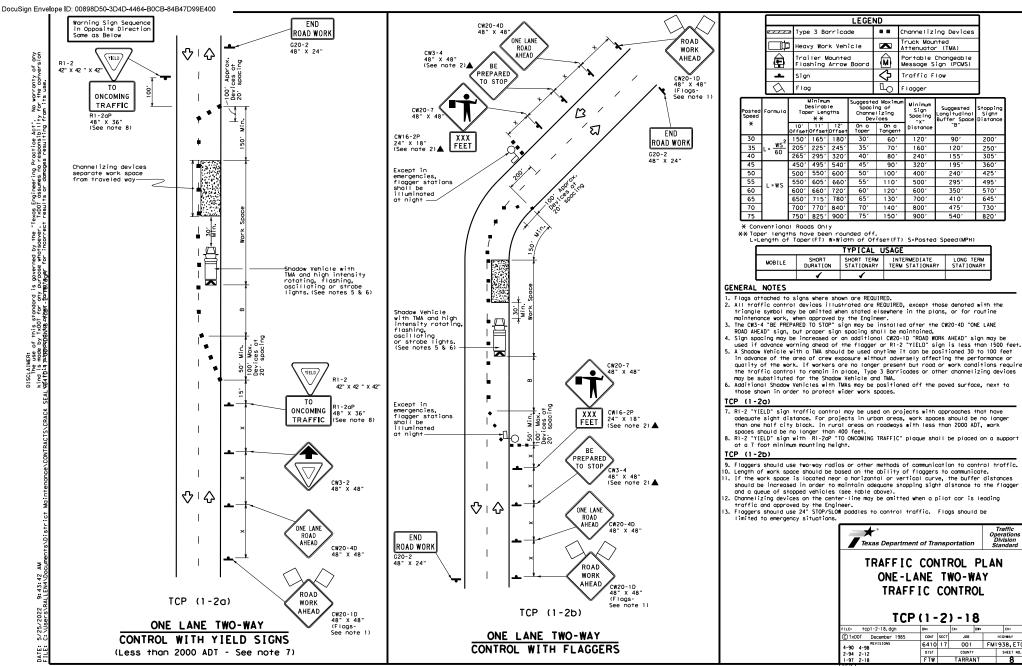
LIMIT SHEET

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	ST	SHEET NO.			
	6	RMC	RMC 6410-17-001			
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	5		
	TEXAS	FTW	TARRANT	7		
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
	6410	17	001	FM1938, ETC		

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	LEGE	ND		
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices	
	Heavy Work Vehicle	N	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)	
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow	
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger	

Speed	Formula	**			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	60	2651	2951	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305′
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195'	360′
50		500'	5501	6001	50′	100'	4001	240'	4251
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	295'	4951
60	L - #13	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	1301	7001	410'	645′
70		700′	7701	840'	70'	140'	800′	475′	730′
75		7501	8251	9001	751	150'	900'	540'	820'

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1						

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine

- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or in dovance or the dred of crew exposure without doversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

  6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to
- adequate sight distance. For projects in urban greas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work

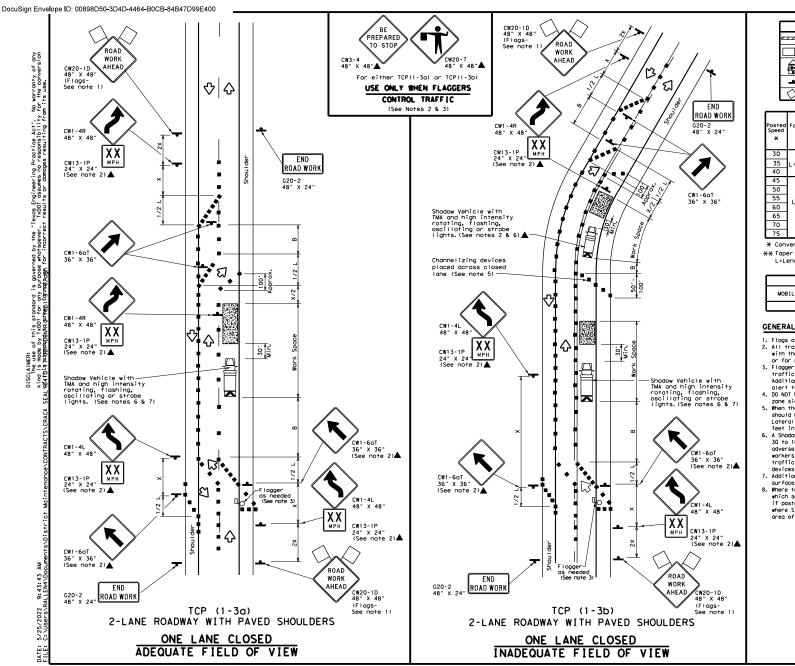
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be

Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

	DN:		CK:	D#:	CK:	
© TxD0T December 1985 4-90 4-98 2-94 2-12 1-97 2-18	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
4-90 4-99 REVISIONS	6410	17	001	F	M1938, ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	FTW		TARRAI	NΤ	8	



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	88	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(X	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger								

Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space "B"
*		10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset			On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165'	180'	301	60'	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	801	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	1001	400'	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#3	6001	660′	7201	60′	1201	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY						
1 1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted 2. All trattic control devices illustrated are koulkey, except mose denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

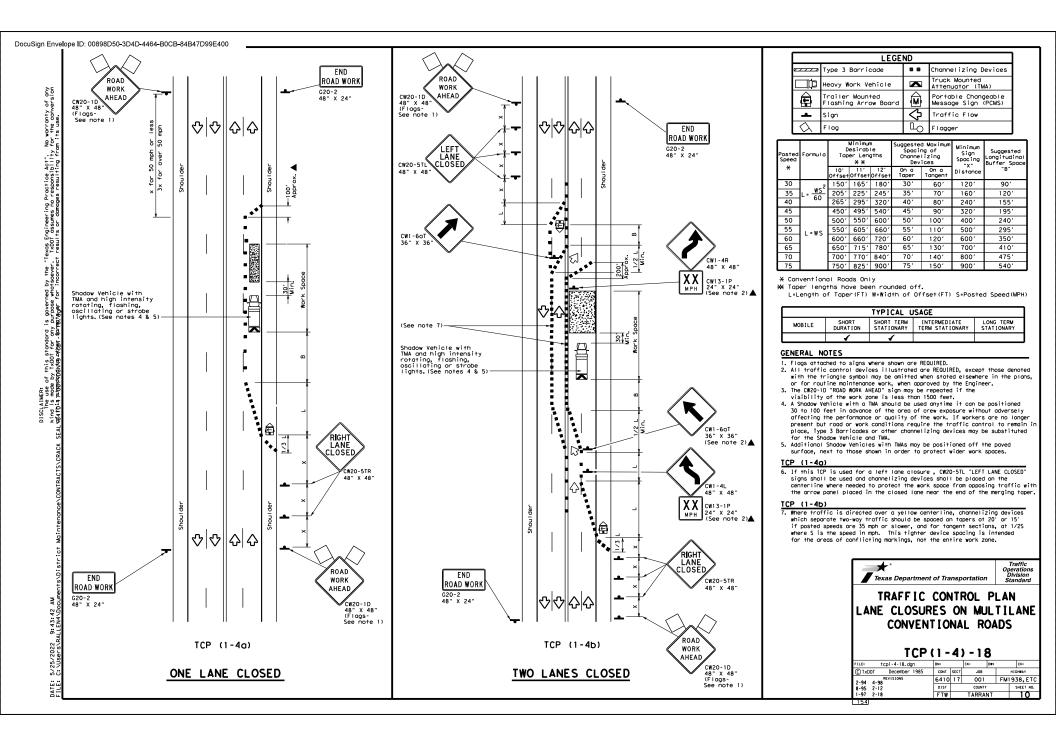
 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic valume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
- Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure.
- should be placed interally across the closed later to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

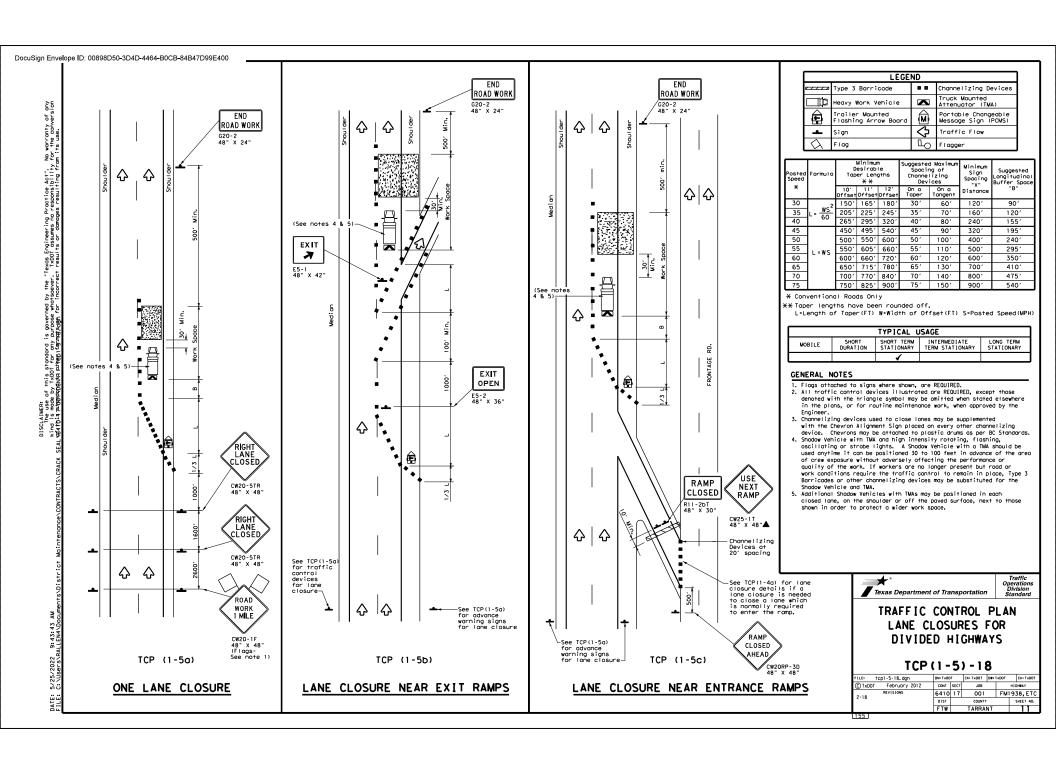


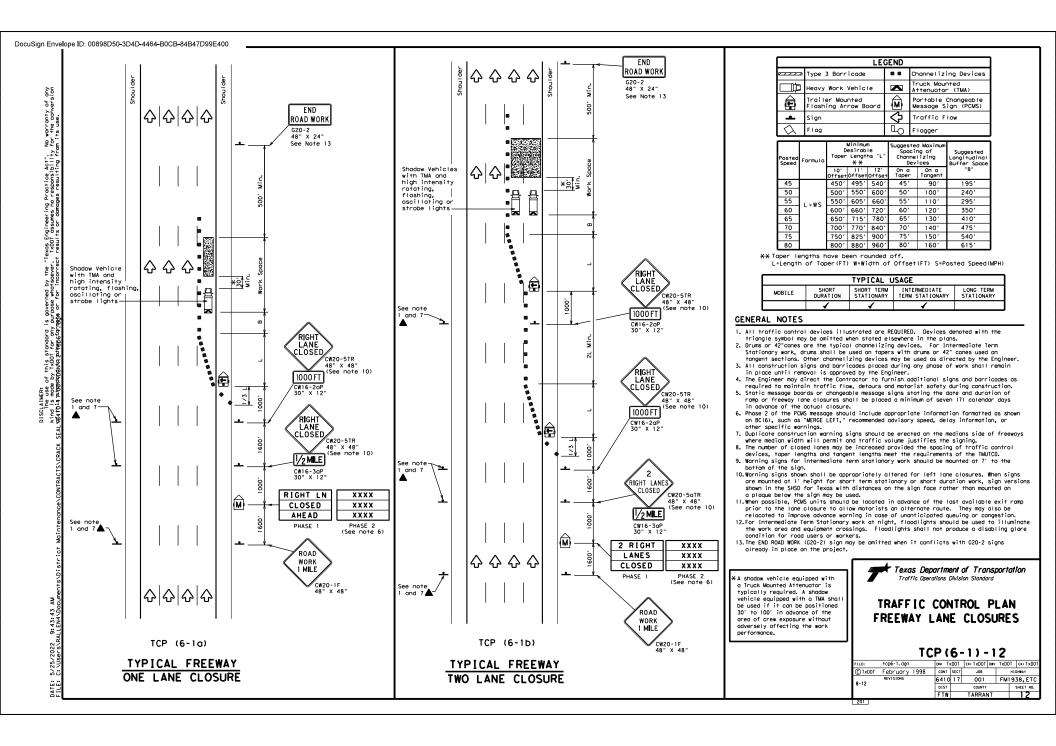
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

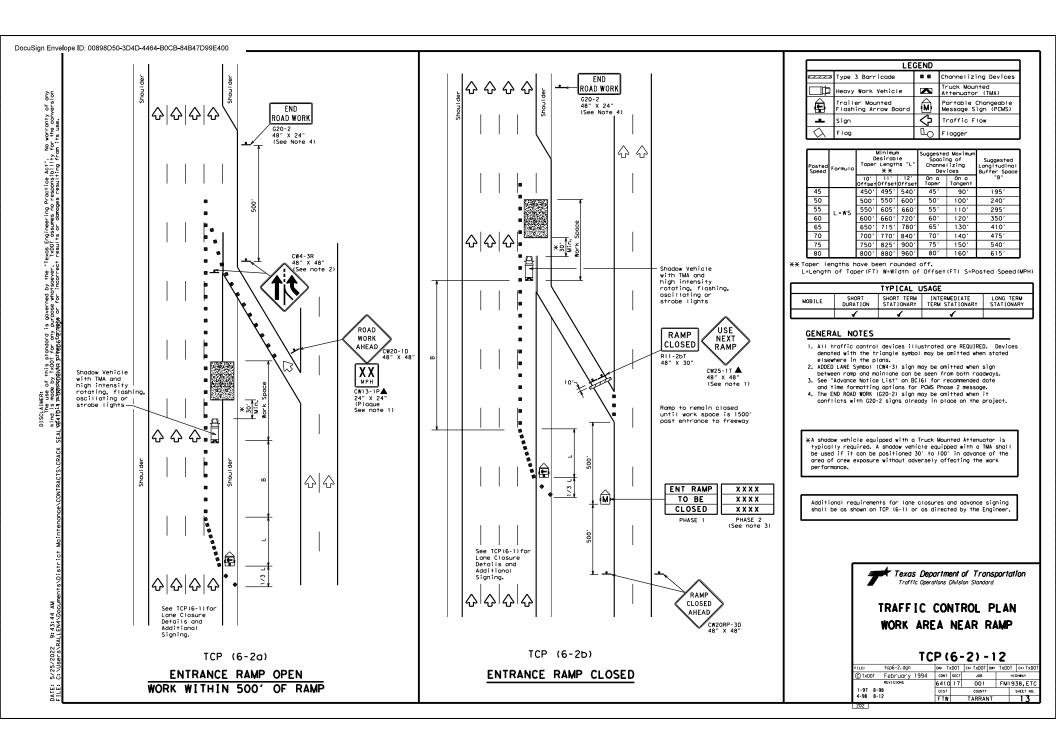
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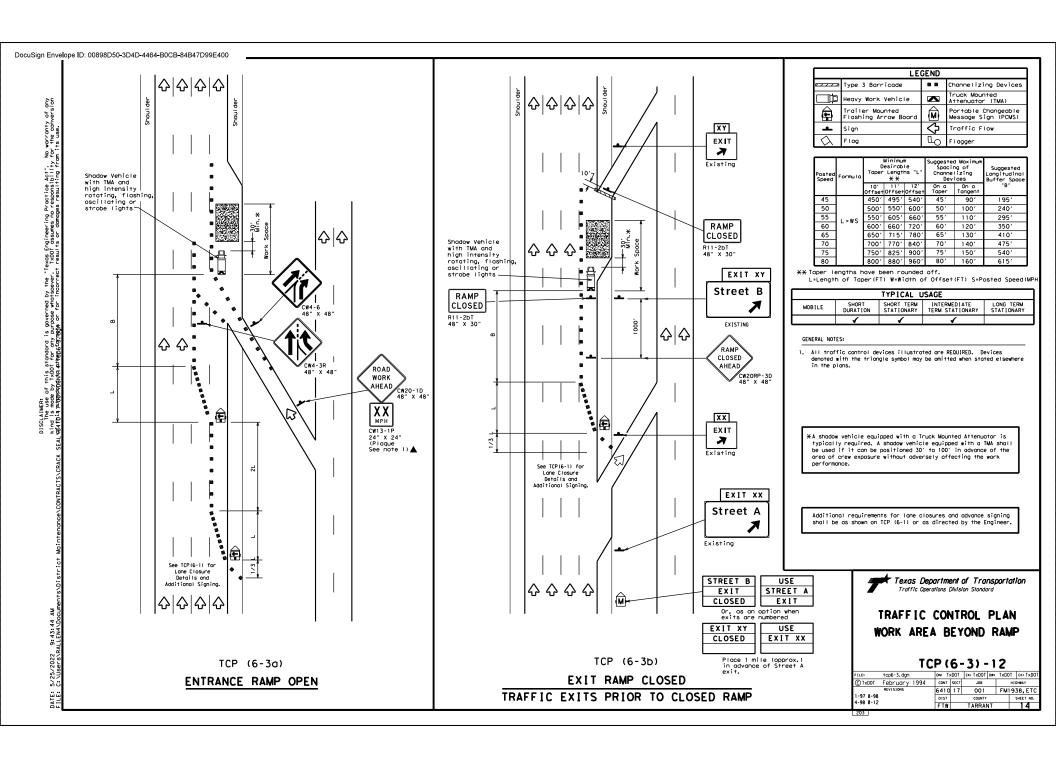
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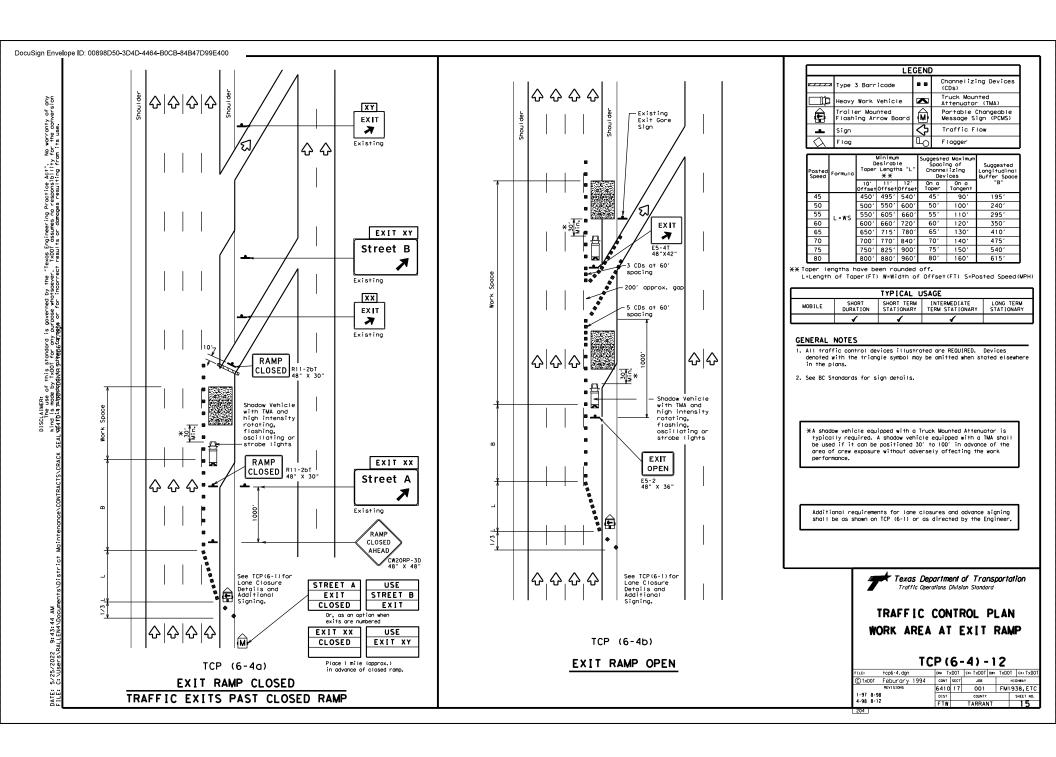












BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessory warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

■ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

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Zone Standard Sheets.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION **★** ★ G20-9TP TRAFF! FINES **× ×** R20-5T DOUBL F X X R20-50TP BETS SAFE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES * # G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bT \Diamond 1000'-1500' - Hwy INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-1bTR ROAD WORK END G20-2bT * * 80 Limit BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES G20-5T WORK ZONE * * G20-9TP TRAFFI G20-61 ¥ ¥ R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * * R20-50TP BUEN BORKERS AND PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is
- construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SPACING

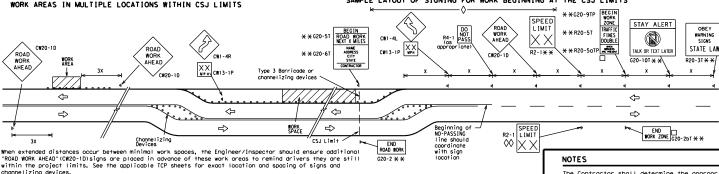
	SIZE		
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"	
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"	
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"	

5. 461.46								
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"							
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)							
30	120							
35	160							
40	240							
45	320							
50	400							
55	500 ²							
60	600 ²							
65	700 ²							
70	800 ²							
75	900 ²							
80	1000 ²							
*	* 3							

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUICD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



¥ ¥620-9TP SPEED * *G20-5T ROAD WORK ROAD ROAD ROAD LIMIT WORK ½ MILE CLOSED R11-2 WORK AHEAD * *G20-61 CW13-1P XX R2-1 Barricade or channelizing CW20-1D CW20-1E

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise

motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK ZONE STAY ALERT ORFY TRAFF: ¥ ¥R20-5T FINE DOUBLE STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER ¥ R20-5a BOTHERS MOTHERS ARE PRESENT R20-3T devices \Leftrightarrow Channelizing Devices CSJ Limi ➾ B SPEED R2-WORK SPACE END ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT ** ХΧ G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK AHEAD

CW20-1D

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (C20-51) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- imes imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
⊢ Type 3 Barricade						
000 Channelizing Devices						
4	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division

BC(2)-21

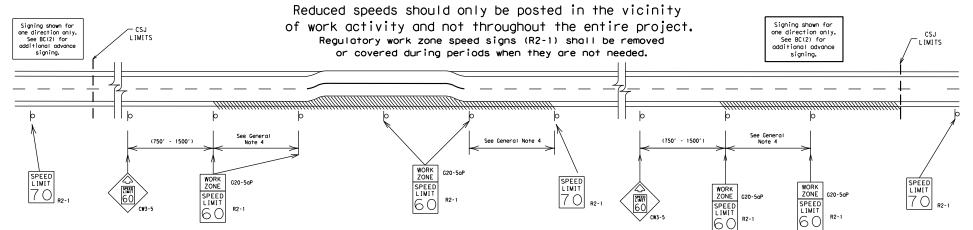
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.

 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

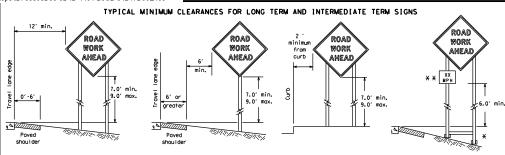
SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

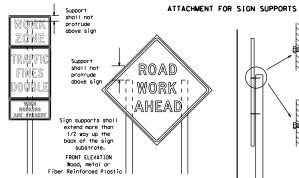
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plagues are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

procedures for attaching sign SIDE FLEVATION

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

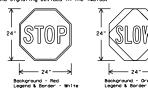
manufacturer's recommended

substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be $24" \times 24"$.
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



	SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
Ŷ.	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
	BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
	BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
	LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
	LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOCO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets. TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer,
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The
- Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs floating status of the Says is the March 25 floating the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs floating status or and the March 25 floating the Says is the March 25 floating the Says is the March 25 floating the March 25 fl
- signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

 The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
 The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWITCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

 "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall hove one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6' . The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white bockground.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texos" manual, Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- when not required.

 When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- menerary supports require interest on weights to keep that the thing over, the us of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.

 Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 May be should not be used for
- hubber boll data designed for channelizing devices shall and to bused for boll data on portfole sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the (MZICD list, Sandbags shall only be ploced along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, denies or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

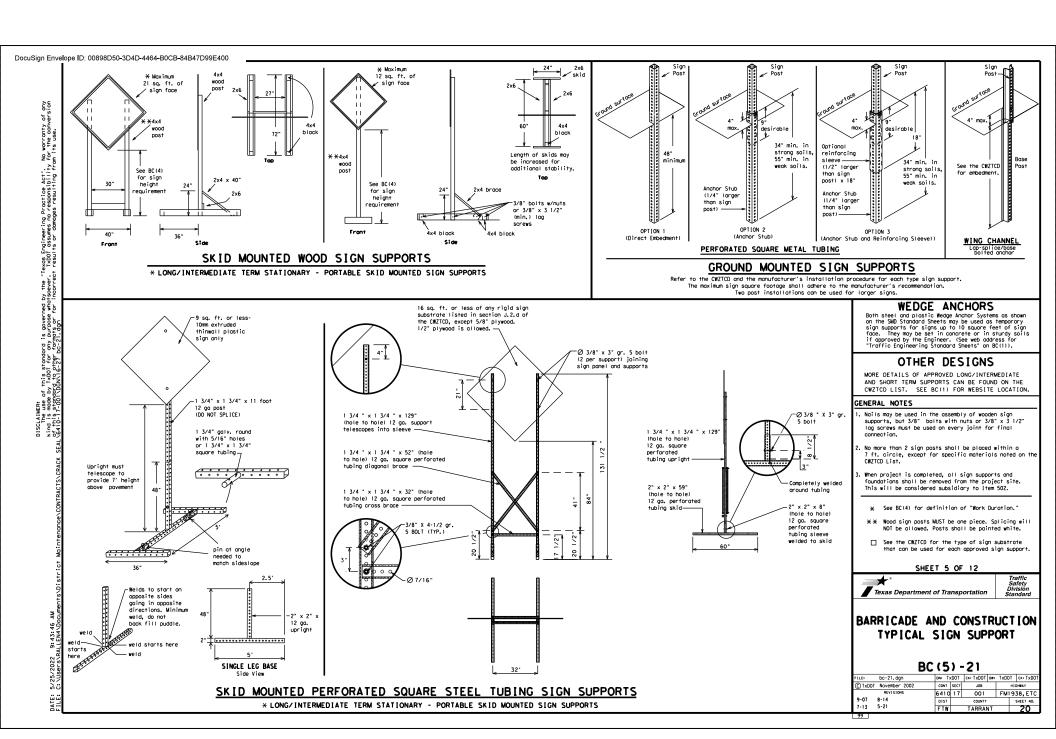
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■ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."

 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM)
- along with the number when referring to a roadway.

 When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.

 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to
- start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight.
 Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.

 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are avail-
- able for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.

 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will
- not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Access Rood ACCS RD Mojor MAJ	VIATION
Avenue	
Best Route BEST RTE Minor MMR	
Boulevard BLVD Monday Monday Bridge BR0G Normal NORM Normal	
Bridge BRDC Normal NORM	
Connor CANT North N	
Center CTR	
Construction	
Ahead	e) N
CROSSING	
Detail	
Do. Not DONT Service Road SFRV Reservice Road SFRV Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shuth S Reserves Road SFRV Shuth S	
East E	
Eastbound	(U
Emergency	
Second S	
Entronce, Enter ENT Speed SPD	
Express Lone	5) 2
Expresswoy EXPRY Sunday SIN	
XXXX Feet XXXX FT	
Fog Ahead	
Freeway Broked FRY, FRY Thursday Truths	
Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD To Downtoan To DwW	
Friday	.74.
Hazardous Driving MAZ DRIVING Trovelers TRILES High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers TRILES High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers TRILES High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers Trovelers High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers Trovelers High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers Trovelers High-Occupancy MOV Trovelers Trovelers High-Occupancy MIV Trovelers MIV Trovelers High-Occupancy High-Occupancy High-Occupanc	IIN
Hazardous Material HADMAT Troverers Title	
High-occupancy HOY	5
Vehicle	
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1t Is	
Junction JCT Weight Limit William Left LFT Westbound (route	
Left LFT Westbound (route	/IT
westbound (route	
LETT LUIE LET LIN West Devemont WET DAY	
	/MT
Lower Level LWR LEVEL WILL Not WONT	
Maintenance MAINT	

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I - XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trave st	el.	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
2.	STAY IN LANE] *			*	* See A	pplication Guide	elines 1	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Natice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,
- and should be understandable by themselves. 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- oppropriate. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
 ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BI VD

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.

 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CMZO-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it
- shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.

 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12



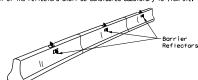
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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17	001		FM19	38, ETC				
	COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
	TARRANT			21				
	×DOT SECT	SECT JOB 0 1 7 OO 1 COUNTY	SECT JOB 17 OO1 COUNTY	SECT JOB H 17 OO1 FM19 COUNTY				

9: 43: 46

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB. two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the borrier, as shown in the detail above.

 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be
- mounted on each section of CTR. The reflector unit on too shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in
- The vertiff above.

 The vertified above.

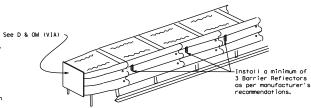
 The ve
- the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement morkers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per monufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



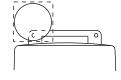
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOI be installed on barricades.
 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous orea. Their use and I be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will
- certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.

 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning light's and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 2. Type a following worming lights a form interface to define on the disease in the disease of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging toper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in
- order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.

 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the
 discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.

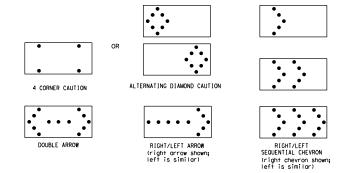
 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for
- DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.

 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
 The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lone closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lones.
 Floshing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
 The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, borricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
 The Electric Arrow Board should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.

- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Courtion mode as shown.

 The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The floshing arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 11. The floshing arrow display is the TXDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The Floshing Arrow Board shall NoT BUSED to laterally shift traffic.

 12. A Floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix POMS may be used to simulate a Floshing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flosh catch and distinct account of the provided that the standard shift is the second distinct and standard shift for the receiver section care can be considered to the second consideration to environments on this Pompor is no section careful.
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE				
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile				
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile				

ATTENTION						
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.						

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
 Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Leve Level 3 TMAs.
 Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.

 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or
- single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.

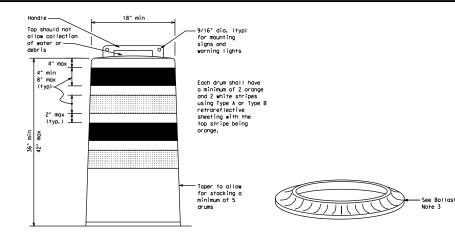
 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

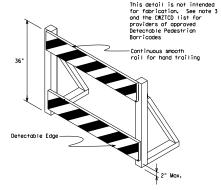
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the in peo useu ou o unis smai ne constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Deportmental Moternation Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type Δ or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no detailinating, crocking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand.
 This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.

 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs, and 50 lbs.
- Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with detectable an include cassisting pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewolk Diversions, Sidewolk Detours and Crosswolk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.

 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured
- above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" v 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.

- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background unerrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be mountactured with Type B_p. or Type C_p. Forange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connect ion.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves. on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9. R9-10. R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

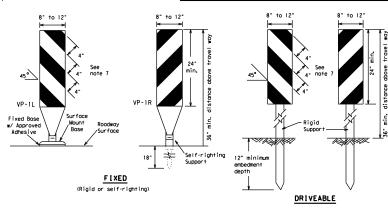
Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

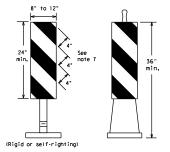
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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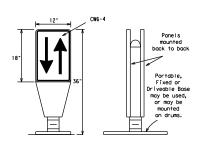


PORTABLE

- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

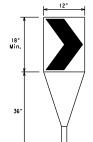
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind aust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42'
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



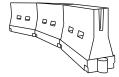
(Driveoble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways. self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone greas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain prope device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final payement surfaces, including payement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
 LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- $5.\ LCDs$ shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Noter ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Morual for Assessing Safety Hordware (MASH) croshworthiness requirements based on cookey speed and barrier application.
 Nater ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement marking

 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available generation confidering the available generation confidering the available generation confidering the validate generation to the speed of the property of the pro
- as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	_ <u>ws²</u>	150'	1651	180′	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701		
40	80	2651	295'	3201	40'	80'		
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'		
50		5001	5501	6001	50′	1001		
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'		
60	- "3	600'	660'	7201	60′	120'		
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'		
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'		
80		800′	880'	9601	80′	160'		

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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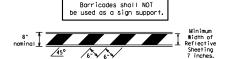
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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

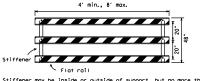
- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Borricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricades.
 Type 3 Borricades shall be used at each end of construction
- projects closed to all traffic.
- Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

 Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope
- downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate
- clear zone is provided.

 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. that covers any portion of a barricage rails reflective smetring. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

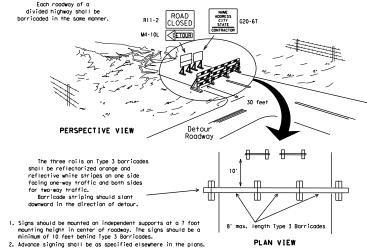


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

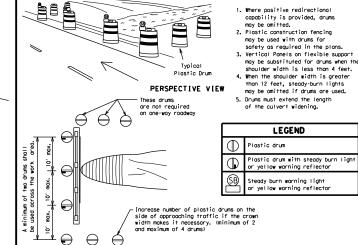


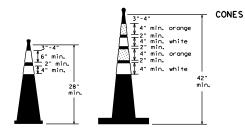
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





6" min. 2" mir min.

One-Piece cones

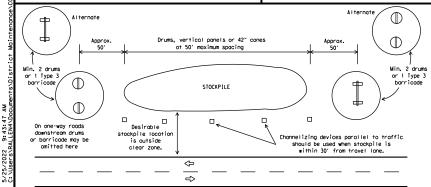
PLAN VIEW

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6"

Tubular Marker

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

- 28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
- 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.
- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum
- No-plece cores into those of notice or loop extending up to a clove the minimum, height shown, in order to ald in retrieving the device.
 Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and cone reflective bands so shown doove. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the INUICD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard powement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings,"

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

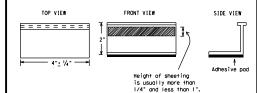
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification I tem 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to autiline the detour route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification I tem 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in 1tem 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 617, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "a" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the rondway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Moterials and Povement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic powement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).



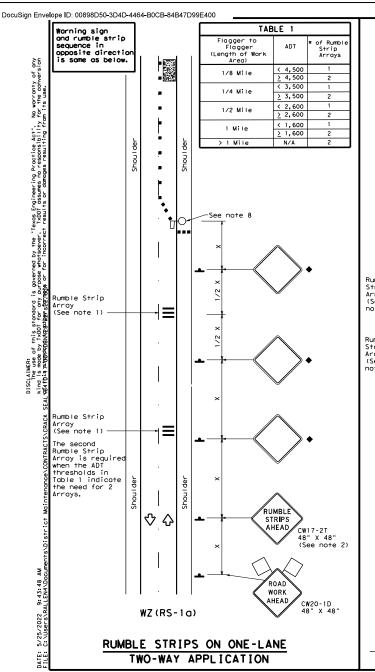
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

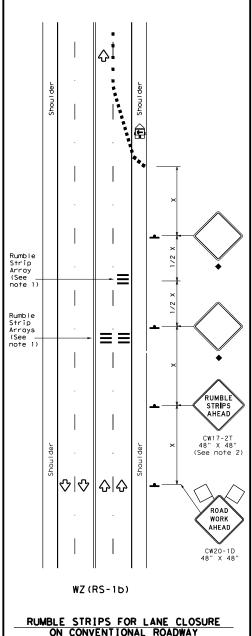
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GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CWIT-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located offer the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CWIT-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose grovel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted povements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
(1)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	**			Spacin Channe Dev	lizing ices	Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
,		10' Offset		12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	В
30	<u>ws²</u>	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160'	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40'	801	240'	155′
45		450'	4951	5401	45′	901	3201	1951
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	1001	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	55′	110'	5001	295′
60	L ,, J	600'	660'	7201	60'	1201	600'	350′
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′	7001	410'
70		700′	770′	8401	701	140'	8001	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off,
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array						
≤ 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′						
= 60 MPH	20′						
≥ 65 MPH	* 35'+						

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -22

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