١N	NDEX OF SHEETS
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	QUANTITY SHEET
3A-3 <b>F</b>	GENERAL NOTES
4	LOCATION MAP
5	SUMMARY SHEET
6-17	BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21
18	WZ(RS)-22
19-21	TCP(1-1)-18 THRU TCP(1-3)-18
22	TCP (1-5) - 18

### 23 JS - 14

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED

HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

 $\square$   $\circ$   $\square$   $\square$ 

## TYPE OF WORK:

JOINT AND/OR CRACK SEALING

PROJECT NO.: RMC-640679001 HIGHWAYS: US0080 LIMITS: VARIOUS ROADWAYS IN THE KAUFMAN/ROCKWALL MAINTENANCE SECTION

HUNT CO. KAUFMAN & ROCKWALL CO. SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 MILES DALLAS DISTRICT





LANE D. SELMAN 120197 IONAL

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION JUNE 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

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HENDERSON CO.

graphics file JR		MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.				
		RMC-640679001				
CHECKED	STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
JR	TEXAS		DALLAS	KAUFMAN		
CHECKED	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
LK/LS	6406	õ	79	001	USOC	080

Texas Department of Transportation

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

 DocuSigned by JEFFREU BUSH -345B765EB03F406 DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

05/03/2022 DATE

6/30/2022

## DATE



## CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6406-79-001

DISTRICT Dallas HIGHWAY US0080 **COUNTY** Kaufman

**Estimate & Quantity Sheet** 

		CONTROL SECTIO	9-001				
		PROJ	A0018	8255			
		C	Kaufi	man	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HIGHWAY US0080		080			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	2.000		2.000	
	712-6008	JT / CRCK SEAL (RUBBER - ASPHALT)	LMI	293.600		293.600	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	28.000		28.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	45.000		45.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Dallas	Kaufman	6406-79-001	

Project Number: RMC-640679001

County: Kaufman

Control: 6406-79-001

Highway: US0080

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

## General:

This project consists of performing "Joint and/or Crack Sealing" on various roadways in the Kaufman/Rockwall County Maintenance Section.

Sequence of work will be approved.

The Department reserves the right to revise schedule as it deems necessary.

Working days were determined by using a production rate of 8 lane miles per working day.

Provide and maintain a dedicated email address for receipt of work orders and correspondence throughout the term of this contract. Acknowledgement of emailed work order/callouts is required no more than 12 hr. from notification.

Contractor's attention is called to the fact that all adjoining pavement sections will be protected during all phases of construction and any damages incurred due to Contractor's operation will be repaired and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

Coordinate work through:

Bobby Neely, Maintenance Supervisor 3260 FM 2728 Kaufman, Texas 75142 (972) 962-3848

Bids will be received at 4777 E. Hwy 80, Mesquite, Texas 75150-6643.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual(s):

Bobby Neely Bobby.Neely@txdot.gov Lane Selman Lane.Selman@txdot.gov LeAnn Kemp LeAnn.Kemp@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email by the above individuals.

General Notes

Sheet 3A

## Project Number: RMC-640679001

County: Kaufman

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Attention is directed to the possible presence of underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation (irrigation, signal, illumination and surveillance, communication, and control) on the right of way. Call the Department for locates at 214-320-6682 and 214-320-6205 48 hr. in advance of excavation.

If overhead or underground power lines need to be de-energized, contact the electrical service provider to perform this work. Cost associated with de-energizing the power lines or other protective measures required are at no expense to the Department.

If working near power lines, comply with the appropriate sections of Texas State Law and Federal Regulations relating to the type of work involved.

# **Item 2 – Instructions to Bidders:**

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal.

Order plans from any Reproduction Company listed at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

View or download plans at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/plansonline.htm

## Item 3 – Award and Execution of Contract:

This contract is site specific.

After written notification, work will be continuously prosecuted to completion.

The work order letter will include all roadways contained on the Summary Sheet.

## Control: 6406-79-001

## Highway: US0080

General Notes

Sheet 3B

## Project Number: RMC-640679001

Control: 6406-79-001

County: Kaufman

Highway: US0080

Notification to perform "Non-Site Specific" work at locations not presented on the Summary Sheet will be in writing.

When "Non-Site Specific" locations are shown on the plans, no additional compensation will be made for re-mobilization or Item 502-Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling.

Re-mobilize within 30 calendar days of written notification when "Non-Site Specific" locations are requested.

## Item 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

Pre-construction safety meeting will be conducted with Contractor's personnel prior to work beginning on a continuously prosecuted contract or before each callout work request.

Attendance of this meeting will not be paid directly but considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Holiday restrictions - the Engineer may decide that no lane closures or construction operations will be allowed during the restricted periods listed in the following holiday schedule. TxDOT has the right to lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify these restricted periods as actual, or expected, traffic conditions may warrant. Working days will not be charged for these restricted periods. No additional compensation will be allowed for these restricted closures (i.e., overhead, delays, stand-by, barricades or any other associated cost impacts).

- New Year's Eve and Day (noon on December 31 thru 10 P.M. January 1)
- Easter Holiday weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Memorial Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Independence Day (noon on July 3 thru 10 P.M. on July 5)
- Labor Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Thanksgiving Holiday (noon on Wednesday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Christmas Holiday (noon on December 23 thru 10 P.M. December 26)

Holiday restrictions for Independence Day, Thanksgiving Holiday, and the Christmas Holiday may be extended for the "week of" due to the nature of work being performed and the work location at the discretion of the Engineer for safety of the traveling public.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited.

• The University of Texas vs. University of Oklahoma football game (no lane closures beginning 4 hr. prior to the event and ending 3 hr. following event completion).

## Project Number: RMC-640679001

County: Kaufman

## **Item 8 – Prosecution and Progress:**

Working days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4., "Standard Workweek". Liquidated damages will be charged for each working day exceeding the time allowed in the work order letter.

Contractor will submit a bar chart or CPM chart for progress of schedule. Present work to begin no later than 7 calendar days from the work order letter unless otherwise approved.

Perform work during the shaded months presented in the "Schedule of Work" Table.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Site												
Specific Work												
Work												
Non-Site												
Specific Work												
Work												

## **Item 9 – Measurement and Payment:**

Do not obtain law enforcement personnel without requesting in writing 48 hr. prior to need and the Engineer's written approval. The Department may compensate the Contractor for providing full time, off-duty, uniformed, law enforcement personnel, and patrol car. The law enforcement personnel may be required for assistance with traffic control for lane or ramp closures or other situations that dictate the need for law enforcement officers as directed. Off-duty law enforcement personnel will have transportation jurisdiction and full police powers. Law enforcement personnel will show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). This will be paid under "Force Account - Law Enforcement Personnel". TxDOT Form 318 will be utilized.

Payment for police officer hours under force account method will not exceed the duration of the lane closure. Time will begin when set up operations commence and end when the closure is removed.

## Item 500 – Mobilization:

Mobilization is lump sum.

General Notes

Sheet 3C

## Control: 6406-79-001

## Highway: US0080

## TABLE 1 **SCHEDULE OF WORK**

General Notes

Project Number: RMC-640679001

Control: 6406-79-001

**County:** Kaufman

Highway: US0080

## Item 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling:

Provide traffic control in compliance with the latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), the "Traffic Control Standard Sheets" (TCSS), and as directed.

Perform work Monday through Friday during daylight hours. Do not begin work until 30 minutes after sunrise and cease operations 30 minutes before sunset.

If closing a lane is necessary, closure times will be Monday through Friday, 9 A.M. to 3:30 P.M. Close no more than one lane at a time, unless otherwise approved. Provide proposed lane closure information to the Engineer by 1 P.M. on the day prior to the proposed closures. Furnish information for Monday closures or closures following a national or state holiday on the last office workday prior to the closures. Do not close lanes if the above reporting requirements have not been met.

Nighttime and weekend work will be allowed with prior approval, except for emergency work.

Maximum length of lane closure will be 2 miles.

Traffic Control Plans with a lane closure causing backups of 10 minutes or greater in duration will be modified by the Engineer.

Erect barricades and signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance.

Provide sufficient and qualified staff and equipment to revise the traffic control as directed.

Trailer all slow-moving vehicles (designed to operate 25 mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

When moving unlicensed equipment on or across any pavement or public highways, protect the pavement from all damage using an acceptable method.

Equipment and materials will not be left within 30 ft. of the travel lane during non-working hours.

The "Force Account - Safety Contingency" has been established for this project and is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

General Notes

Sheet 3E

Project Number: RMC-640679001

County: Kaufman

# Item 712 – Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks (Asphalt Concrete):

Equipment used in cleaning cracks will be capable of delivering a minimum of 125 psi of air pressure with an orifice no more than 0.5 in. in size.

Dispose of solvents or other materials in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Protect raised pavement markers from damage.

Class A Rubber Asphalt Crack Sealer will be utilized.

## Item 6001 – Portable Changeable Message Sign:

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) units as approved.

PCMS will be placed as directed.

# Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA):

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scei	nario	Requ TMA		
(1-1)-18 / (1-2)-18			1		
(1-3)-18	А	В	1	2	
(1-5)-18			1	1	

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

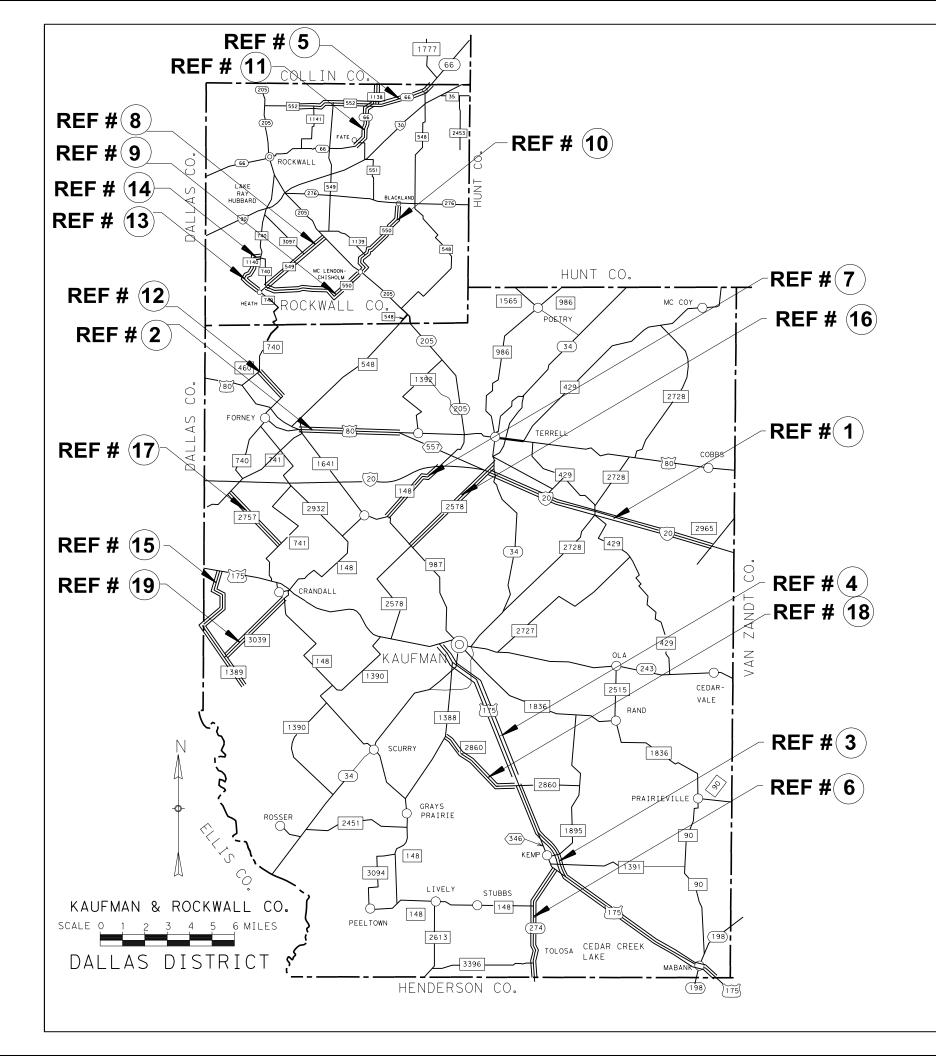
The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

When TMA's are paid by the hour or day, "ready for operation" is defined as all equipment, material, personnel, etc. are present on the project ready to begin work.

## Control: 6406-79-001

## Highway: US0080

General Notes



REF. NO.	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	MILE MARKER	LIMITS
1	KAUFMAN	IH 20	499/512	ROSE HILL RD TO FM 2965
2	KAUFMAN	US 80 FRNTS	677/681	FM 548 TO SP 557
3	KAUFMAN	US 175	628/642	FM 2860 TO HENDERSON CO. LINE
4	KAUFMAN	US 175	618/628	BIG BRUSHY CRK TO LITTLE COTTONWOOD CRK FRNT RD
5	ROCKWALL	SH 66	610/616	BEN PAYNE RD TO ROCKWALL CO. LINE
6	KAUFMAN	SH 274	288/296	US 175 TO HENDERSON CO. LINE
7	KAUFMAN	FM 148	270/274	IH 20 TO FM 987
8	ROCKWALL	FM 549	258/262	FM 740/FM550 TO SH 205
9	ROCKWALL	FM 550	604/608	FM 549 TO SH 205
10	ROCKWALL	FM 550	610/614	SH 205 TO SH 276
11	ROCKWALL	FM 552	606/610	JOHN KING RD TO SH 66
12	KAUFMAN	FM 740	266/268	FM 460 TO PINSON RD
13	ROCKWALL	FM 1140	258/260	OLD RIDGE RD TO FM 740 S
14	ROCKWALL	FM 1140	258/258	FM 740 N TO OLD RIDGE RD
15	KAUFMAN	FM 1389	274/280	US 175 TO END OF STATE MAINT
16	KAUFMAN	FM 2578	270/275	SH 34 TO FM 987
17	KAUFMAN	FM 2757	604/606	FM 740 TO FM 741
18	KAUFMAN	FM 2860	614/618	FM 1388 TO US 175
19	KAUFMAN	FM 3039	246/250	FM 148 TO FM 1389

Texas Department of Transportation © 2022								
LOCATION MAP								
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINT	ENANCE PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.				
GRAPHICS	18	RM	C-640679001	US0080				
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
CHECK	TEXAS	DALLAS	KAUFMAN	Λ				
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	4				
	6406	79	001	I				

REF. NO.	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	MILE MARKER	ADT (2020)	QUANTITY SUMMAF	APPLICATION RATE	PAVEMENT TYPE ASPHALT CONCRETE	NO OF LANES	712-6008 CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT) LM	NO. OF DAYS ALLOWED TC COMPLETE EACH REFERENCE
1	KAUFMAN	IH 20	499/512	61770	ROSE HILL RD TO FM 2965	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	4	50.7	7
2	KAUFMAN	US 80 FRNTS	677/681	40973	FM 548 TO SP 557	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	4	16.0	2
3	KAUFMAN	US 175	628/642	19237	FM 2860 TO HENDERSON CO. LINE	HEAVY	ASPHALT	4	59.6	8
4	KAUFMAN	US 175	618/628	26651	BIG BRUSHY CRK TO LITTLE COTTONWOOD CRK FRNT RD	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	4	39.9	5
5	ROCKWALL	SH 66	610/616	8279	BEN PAYNE RD TO ROCKWALL CO. LINE	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	2	12.6	2
6	KAUFMAN	SH 274	288/296	8398	US 175 TO HENDERSON CO. LINE	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	12.4	2
7	KAUFMAN	FM 148	270/274	5350	IH 20 TO FM 987	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	7.1	1
8	ROCKWALL	FM 549	258/262	6439	FM 740/FM550 TO SH 205	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	2	7.3	1
9	ROCKWALL	FM 550	604/608	4365	FM 549 TO SH 205	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	11.2	2
10	ROCKWALL	FM 550	610/614	1965	SH 205 TO SH 276	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	9.1	2
11	ROCKWALL	FM 552	606/610	6411	JOHN KING RD TO SH 66	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	9.1	2
12	KAUFMAN	FM 740	266/268	20284	FM 460 TO PINSON RD	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	2	4.0	1
13	ROCKWALL	FM 1140	258/260	4255	OLD RIDGE RD TO FM 740 S	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	2	4.9	1
14	ROCKWALL	FM 1140	258/258	2257	FM 740 N TO OLD RIDGE RD	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	0.3	1
15	KAUFMAN	FM 1389	274/280	3031	US 175 TO END OF STATE MAINT	HEAVY	ASPHALT	2	13.4	2
16	KAUFMAN	FM 2578	270/275	1833	SH 34 TO FM 987	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	10.7	2
17	KAUFMAN	FM 2757	604/606	1100	FM 740 TO FM 741	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	7.4	1
18	KAUFMAN	FM 2860	614/618	871	FM 1388 TO US 175	LIGHT	ASPHALT	2	9.8	2
19	KAUFMAN	FM 3039	246/250	4478	FM 148 TO FM 1389	MEDIUM	ASPHALT	2	8.1	1
		·				PRO	JECT TOTALS	5	293.6	45

# SUMMARY SHEET

DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINT	HIGHWAY NO.			
GRAPHICS	6	RM	RMC-640678001			
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
снеск JR	TEXAS	DALLAS	KAUFMAN			
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	5		
JR	6406	79	001	J		

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

## WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

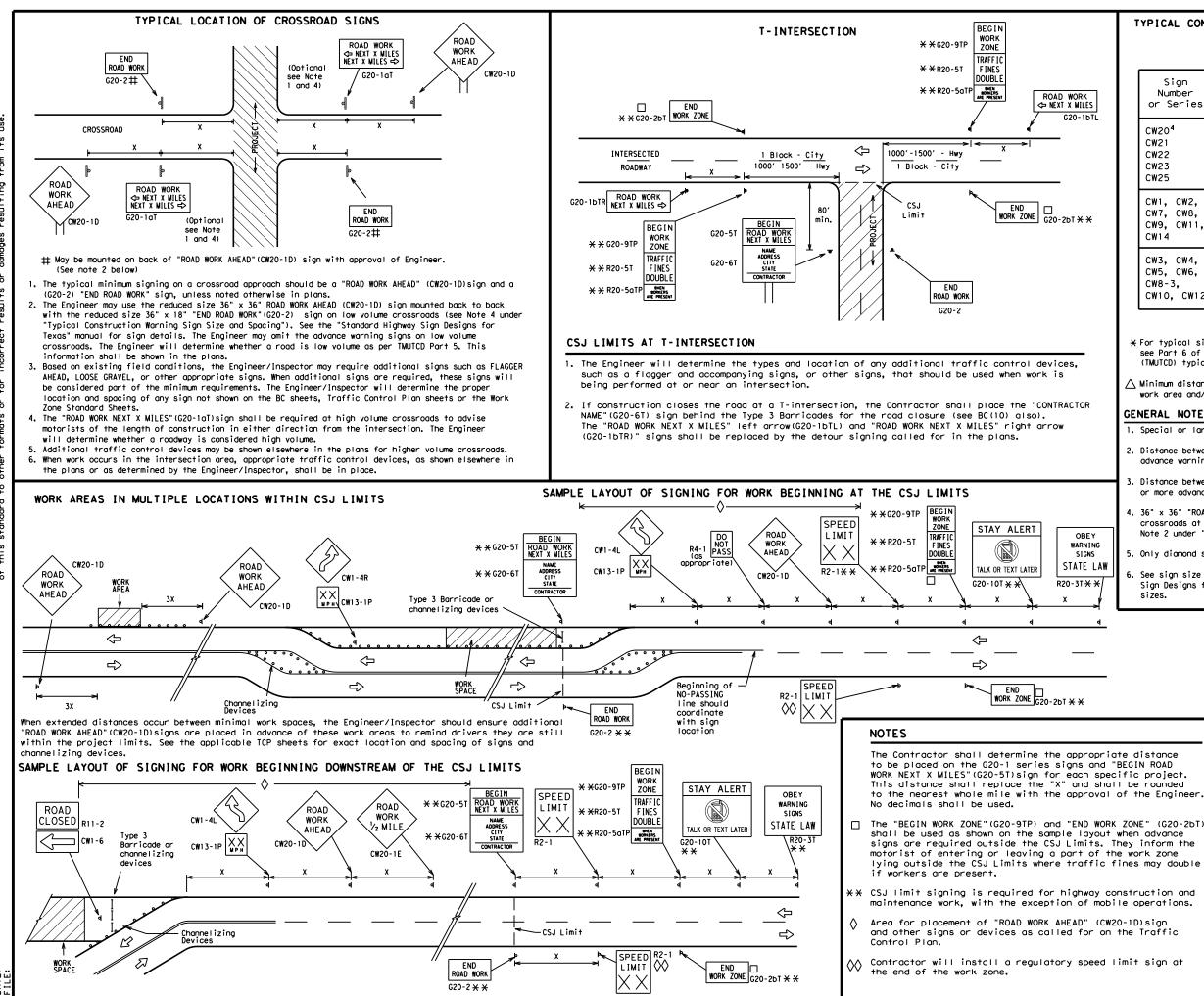
## COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

		12	
 Texas Departmen	t of Transp	ortation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
AND RI	RAL	IOTES Ement	
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT CK: TXDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
4-03 7-13	6406 79	001	US0080
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	DALLAS	KAUFMAN	6
95			

SHEET 1 OF 12



TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING <sup>1,5,6</sup>

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING							
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"						
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)						
30	120						
35	160						
40	240						
45	320						
50	400						
55	500 <sup>2</sup>						
60	600 <sup>2</sup>						
65	700 <sup>2</sup>						
70	800 <sup>2</sup>						
75	900 <sup>2</sup>						
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>						
*	3 *						

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\Delta$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

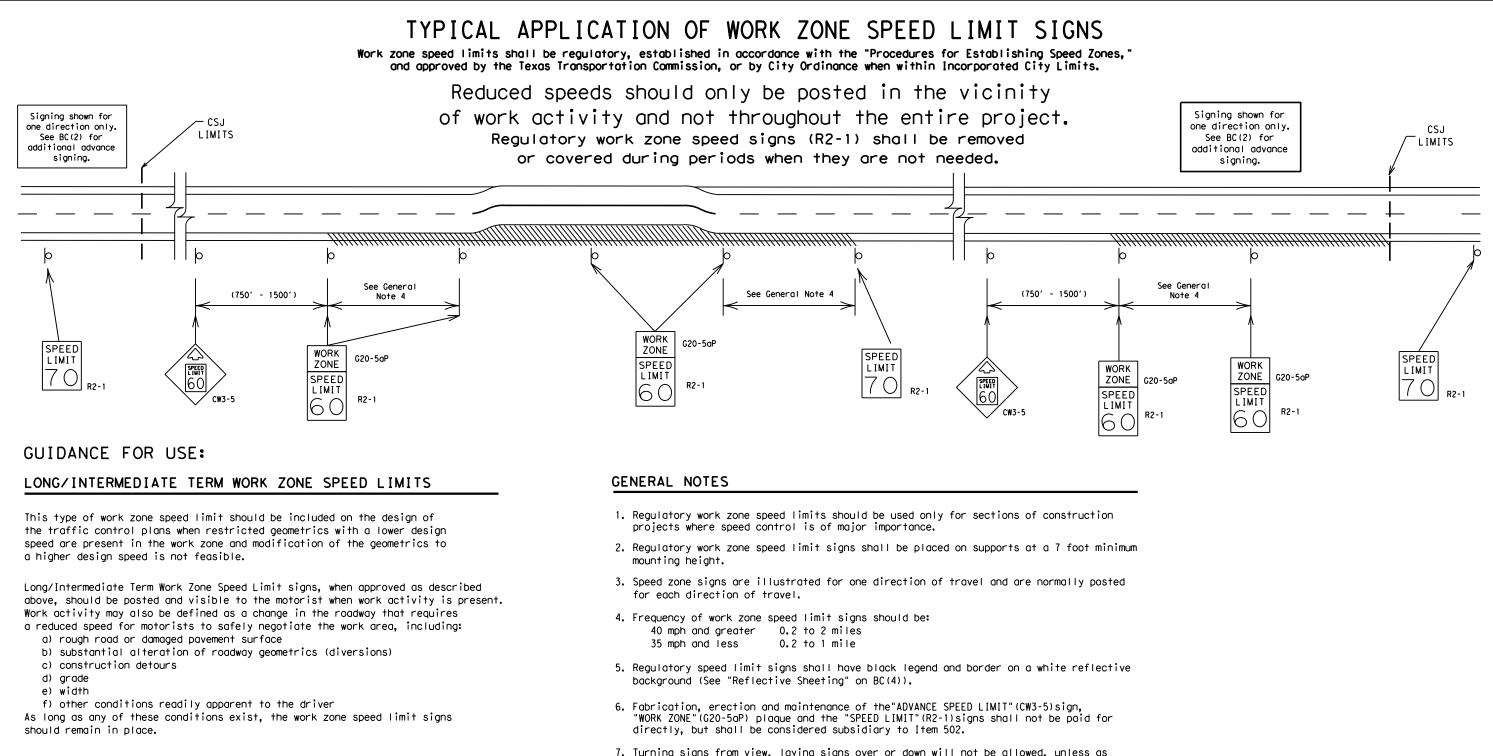
### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

		LEGEND						
	Ι	Type 3 Barricade						
	000	Channelizing Devices						
	4	Sign						
	x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						
		SHEET 2 OF 12						
	∧∟∙ √ xas Depa	riment of Transportation	Sa Divi	affic fety ision ndard				
BARF		E AND CONSTR	UCT	ION				

# PROJECT LIMIT

BC (2) - 21								
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	<dot< th=""><th>ск: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ск: ТхDOT</th></dot<>	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDOT	
(C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6406	79	001		US	50080	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	DALLAS		KAUFMA	N		7	
96								



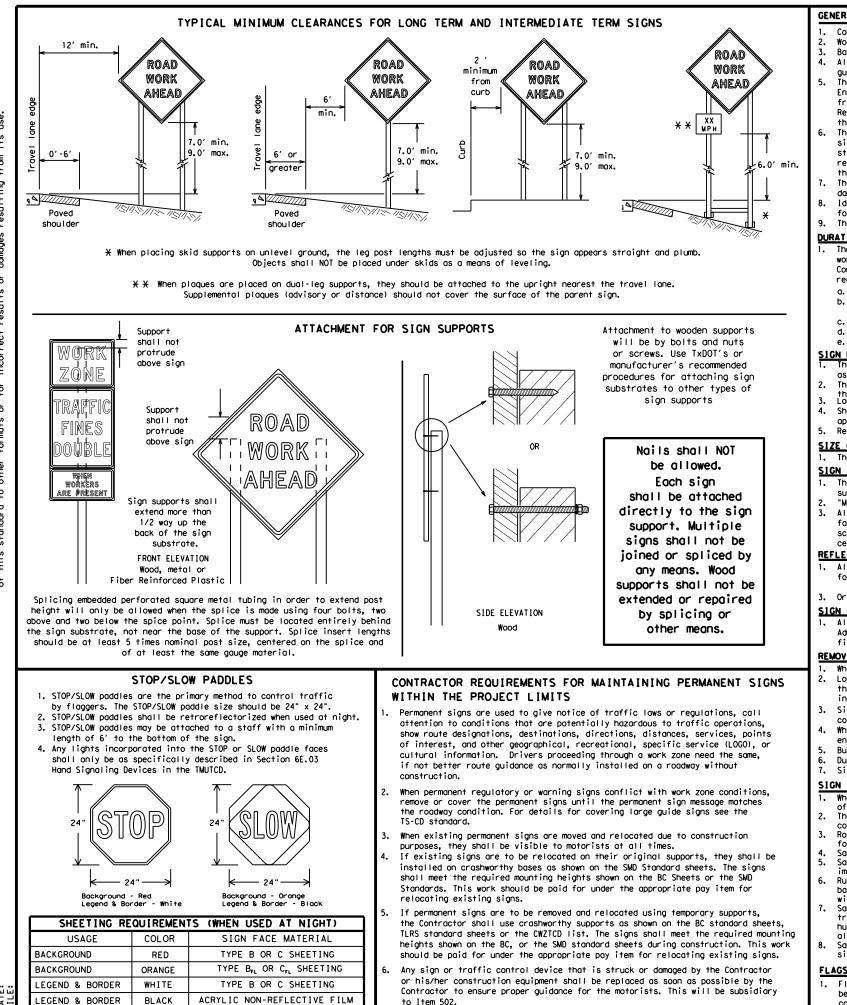
### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

## SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

- SIGN LETTERS
- first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

## SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

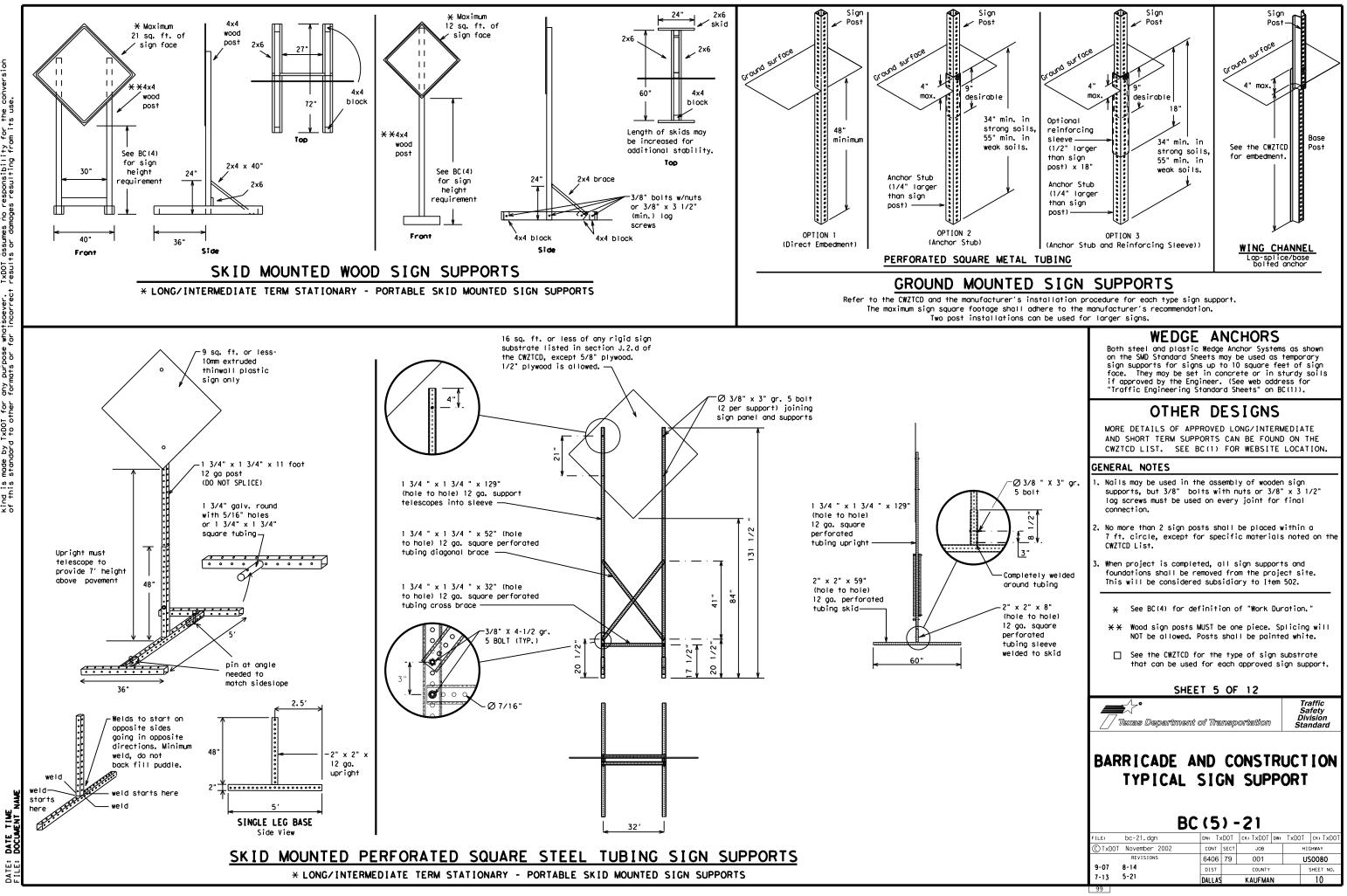
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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
  Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
		Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FRWY, FWY FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday		To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)		Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
lt Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	•	
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

## Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT ¥
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	¥ LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	h STAY IN LANE in Phos

Other Co	ndition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SH I F T

### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ТΟ STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

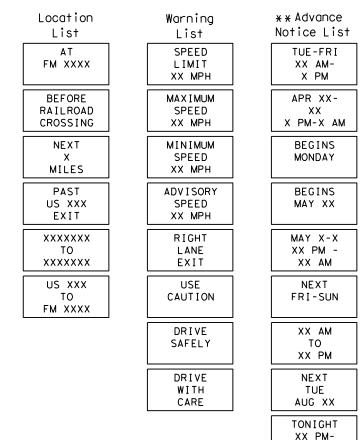
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 und CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC some size arrow.

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# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

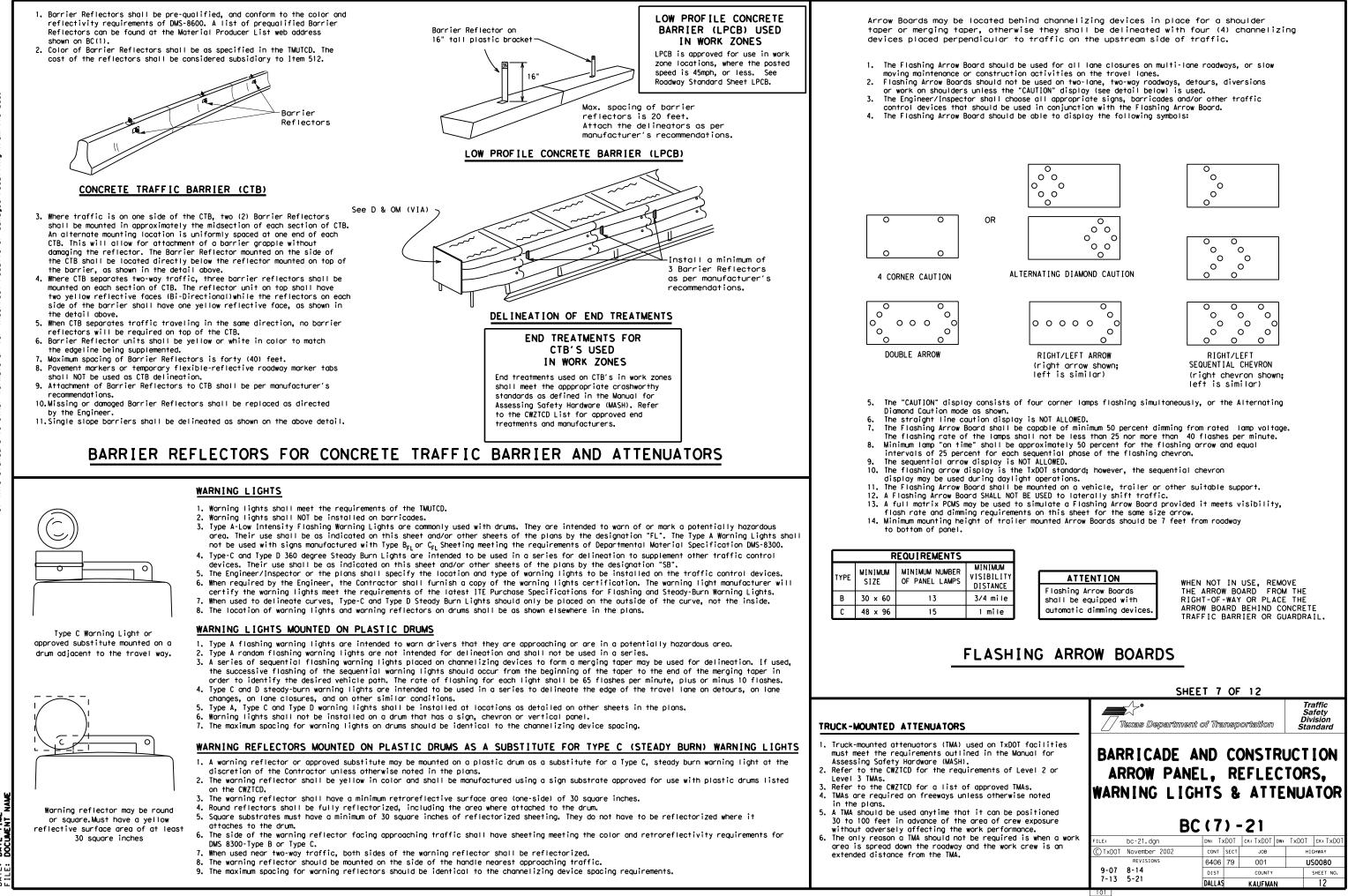


\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

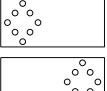
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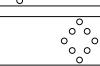
EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

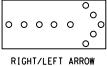
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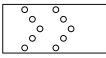
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## GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

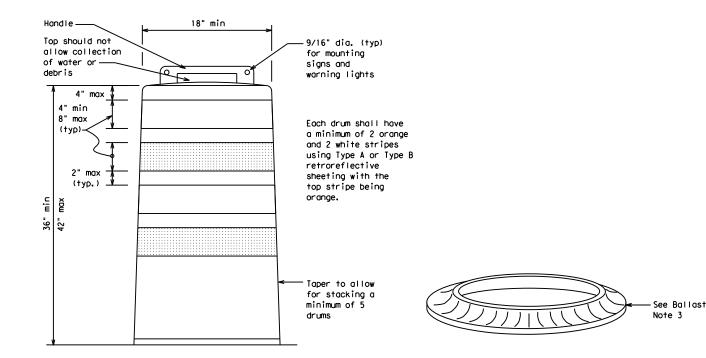
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

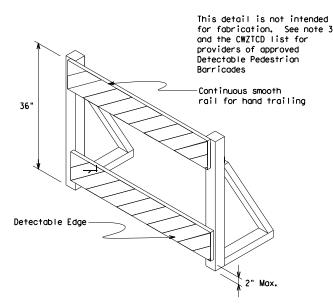
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



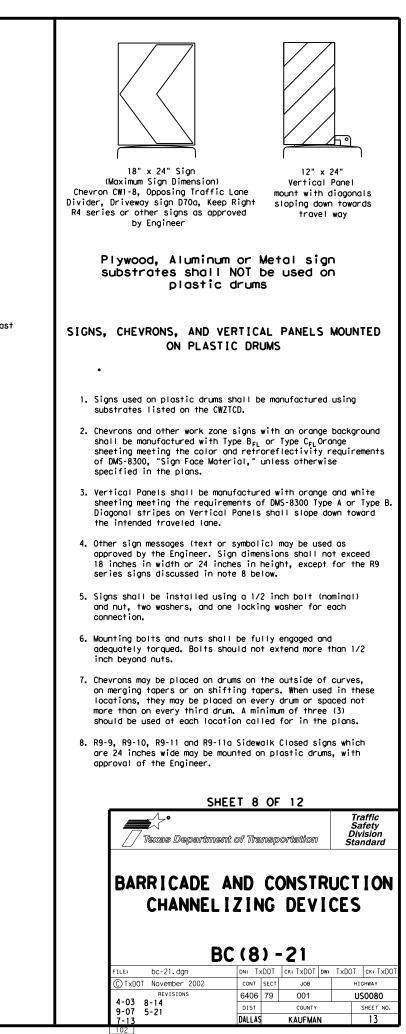


### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ (BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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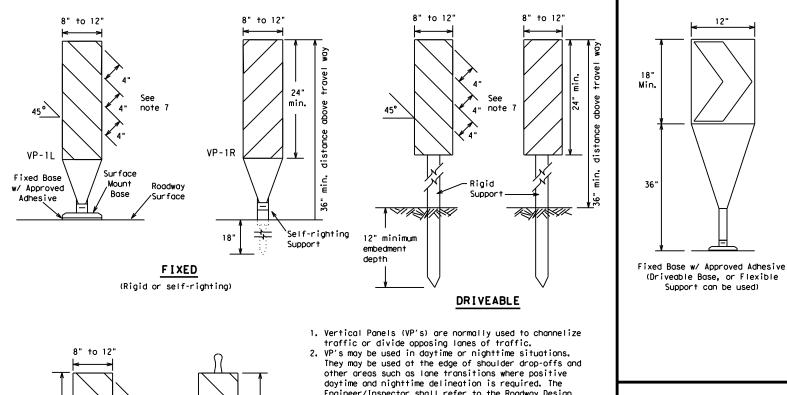
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(Rigid or self-righting)

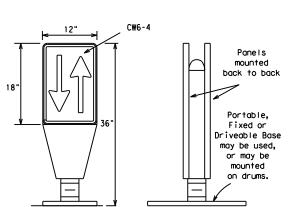


- Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs. 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge
- of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

36"

min



See

note 7

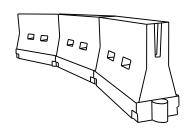
PORTABLE

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

## OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## CHEVRONS



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

12"

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums. 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

## HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

DATE

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximur Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	1651	180′	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60		600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150'	
80		800′	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160′	

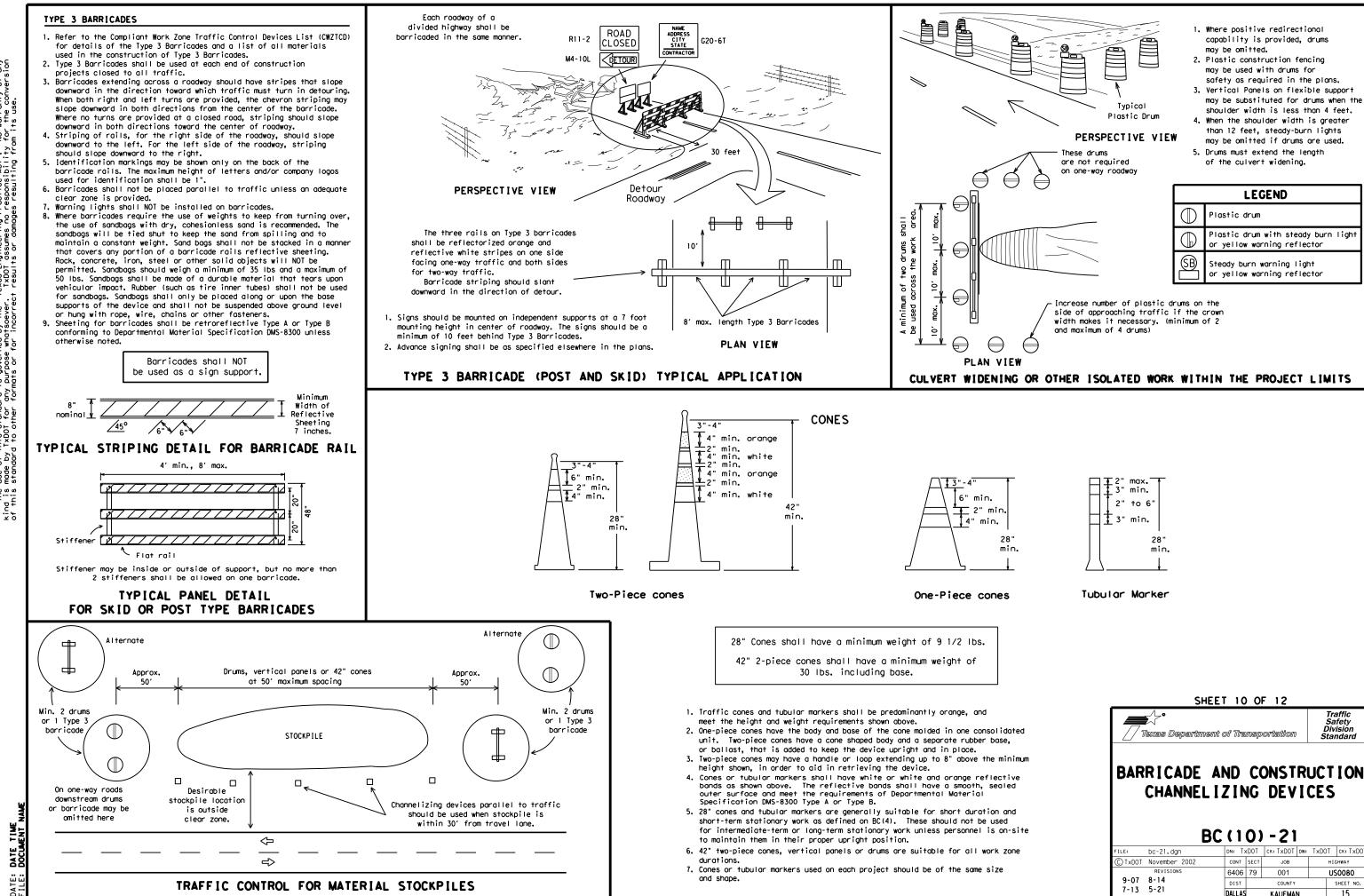
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

## SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12	
Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONSTR	
CHANNEL IZING DEVI	

BC (9) - 21										
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Traffic Safety Division Standard

## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

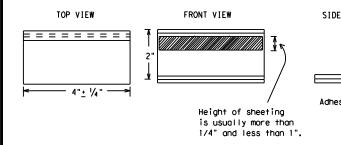
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



### STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or st and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pay Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approduct list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concret surfaces.

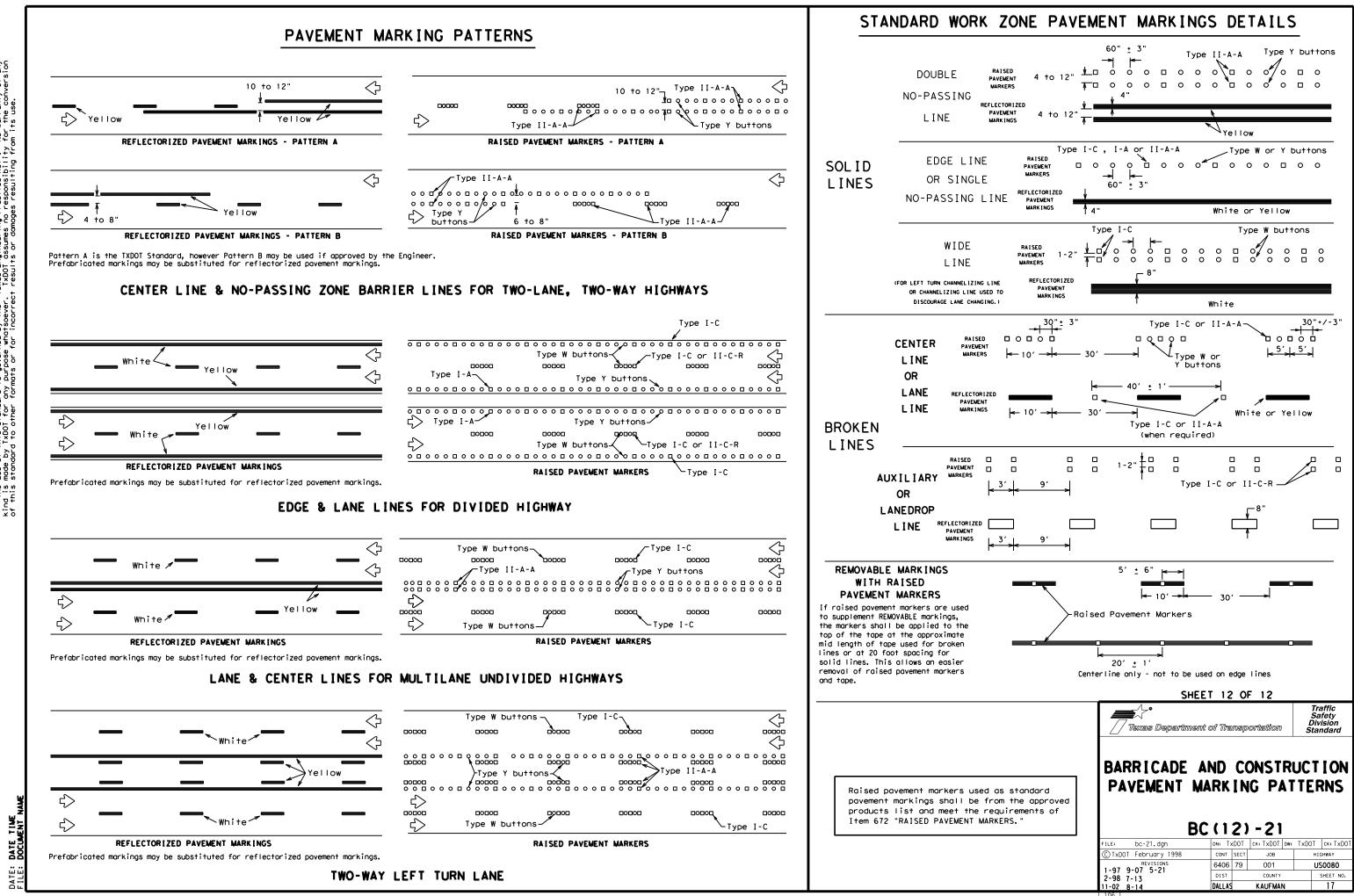
### Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

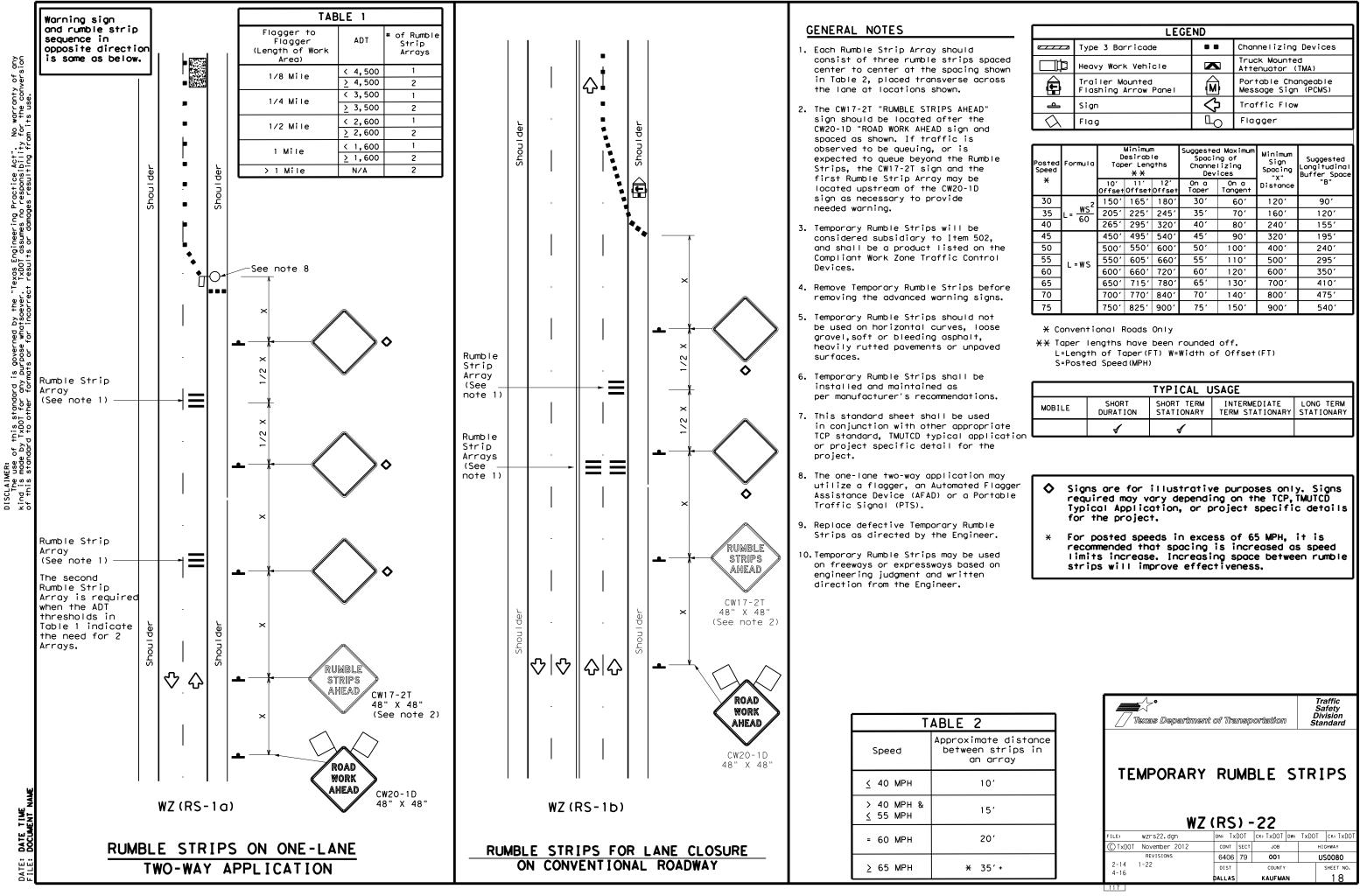
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	TIONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
	DMS-6100
	DMS-6130
	DMS-8240
PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
pavement markings can be found at the Material P web address shown on BC(1).	roducer List
SHEET 11 OF 12	
SHEET 11 OF 12	Traffic Safety
	Traffic Safety Division Standard
	Safety Division
Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONST	Safety Division Standard
Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONST	Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN	Safety Division Standard
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Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN BC(111)-21	Safety Division Standard
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS A list of prequalified reflective raised pavemer non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker t pavement markings can be found at the Material F



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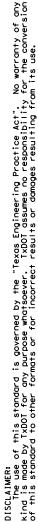


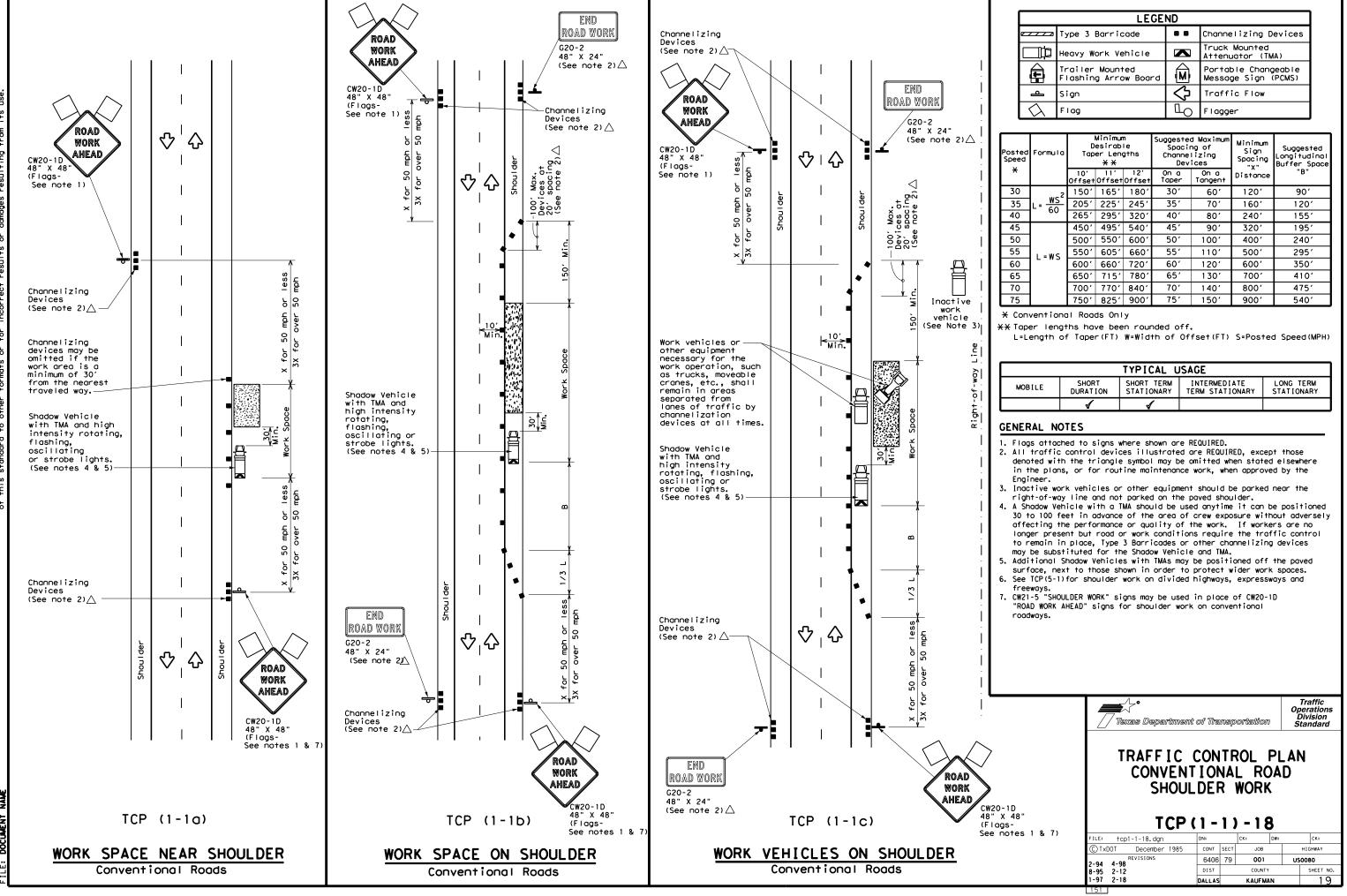
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	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
Шþ	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	⊴≥	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
þ	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow								
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	P	Flagger								

Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a On a Taper Tangent		Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	1601	120′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80 <i>'</i>	240'	155′
45		450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>ʻ</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600'	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140′	800 <i>'</i>	475'
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900'	540'

	TYPICAL USAGE									
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
e tion		4	4							



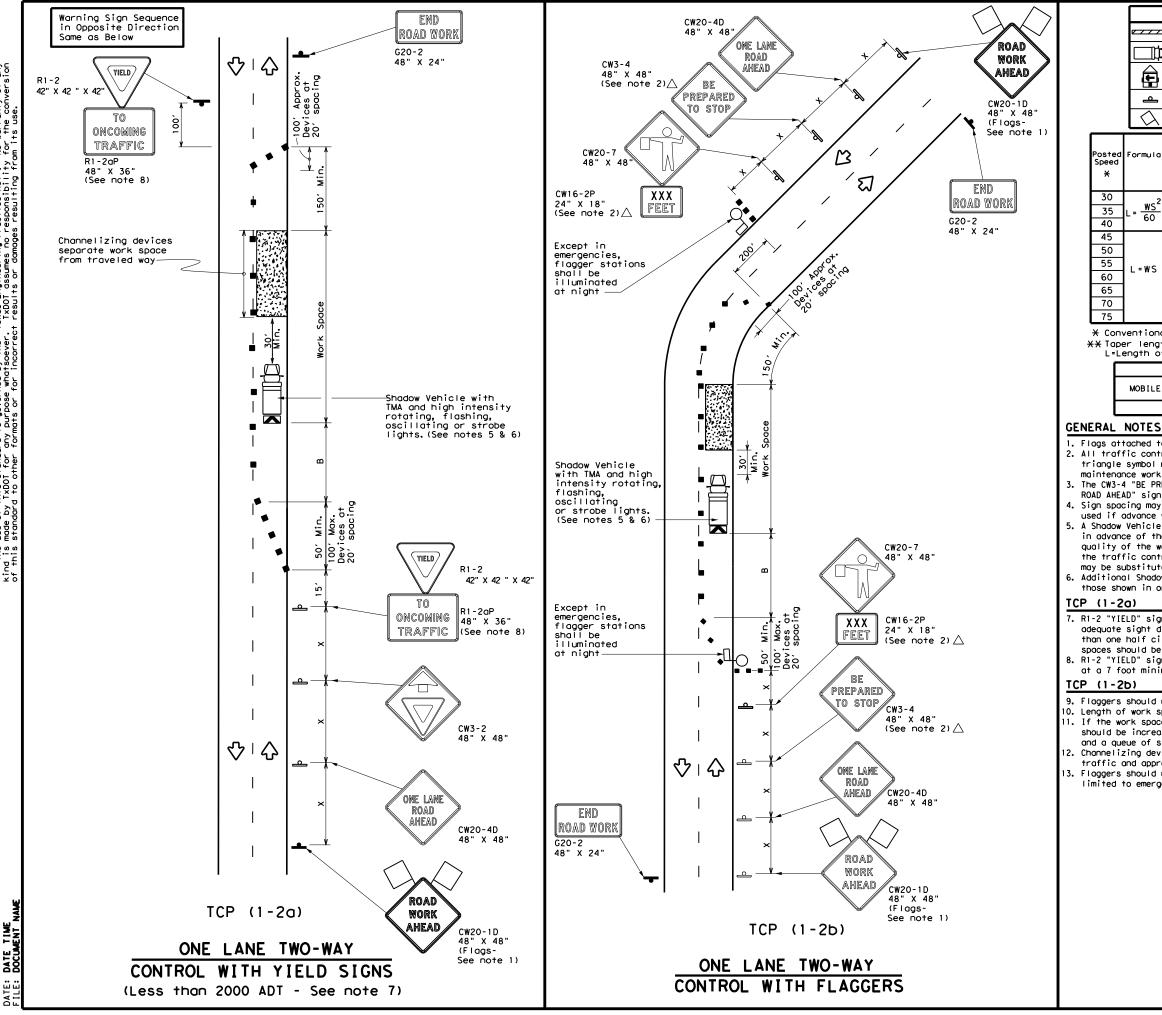


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	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
B	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
Р	Sign	2	Traffic Flow							
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	٩	Flagger							

Posted Formulo Speed		**			Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165′	180'	30′	60'	120′	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265 <i>'</i>	295'	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320′	195′
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840 <i>'</i>	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	4							



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	🛛 Тур	■ Type 3 Barricade ■ ■ Channelizing Devi						ing Devices	1
	] Hea	vy Wor	'k Veh	icle			ruck Mou ttenuato		
Ē		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board				ortable essage S			
ھ	Sig	Sign			Ŷ	т	raffic F	low	
$\bigtriangleup$	FIa	Flag				F	lagger		]
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Spacing Longitudinal		Stopping Sight Distance	
		11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"В"	
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165′	180'	30′	60'		120′	90′	200'
$L = \frac{WS^{-1}}{60}$	205'	225'	245′	35'	70'		160'	120'	250′
60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80'		240′	155'	305′
	450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90'		320′	195'	360′
	500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50'	100'		400 <i>'</i>	240'	425′
L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55'	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295'	495 <i>'</i>
2 113	600'	660′	720'	60'	120'		600 <i>'</i>	350'	570′
	650 <i>'</i>	715′	780'	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800′	475′	730'
	750'	825′	900′	75'	150'		900′	540'	820'

X Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	4	1		

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

 R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

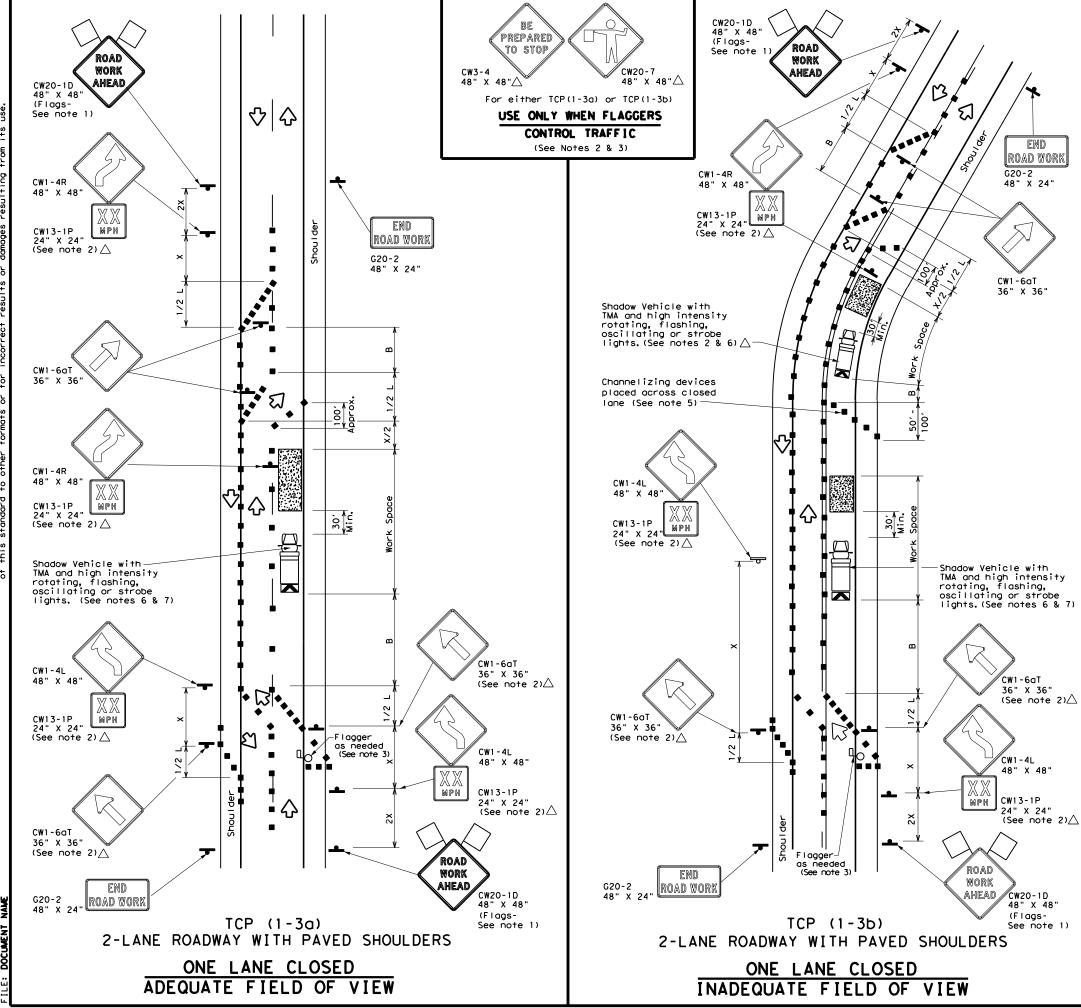
12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

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	LEGE	ND	
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
ھ	Sign	2	Traffic Flow
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	٩	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^{-}}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>
60	L 113	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540 <i>'</i>

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	4	1		

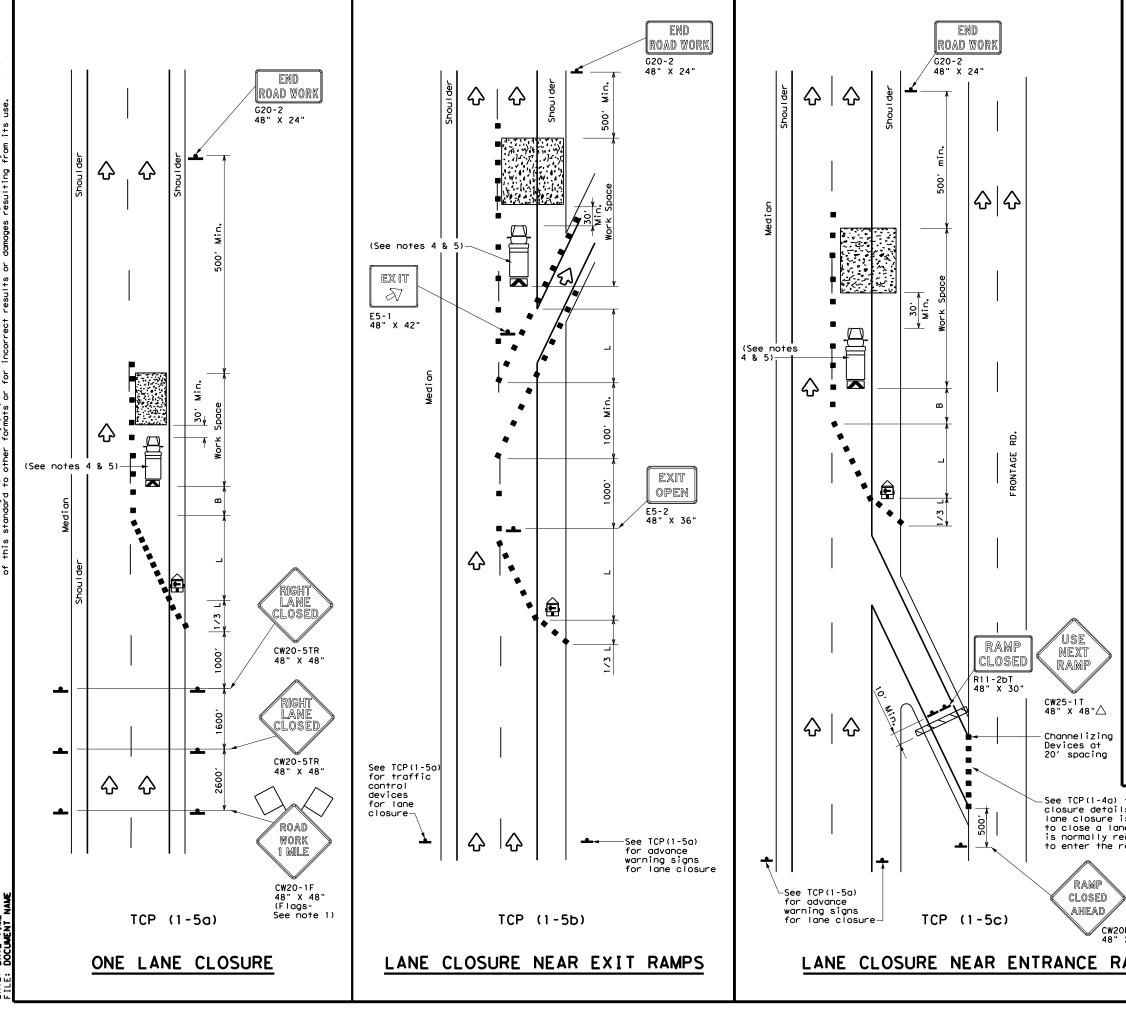
## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
   Elagor control should NOT be used uplaces routings or beaux
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

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TCP	(1-		- 1 8	3		CK: HIGHWAY
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LEGEND							
/////	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
□‡	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Ś	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow				
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger				

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165′	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540'	45 <i>'</i>	90′	320'	195'
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500'	295′
60	L #3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

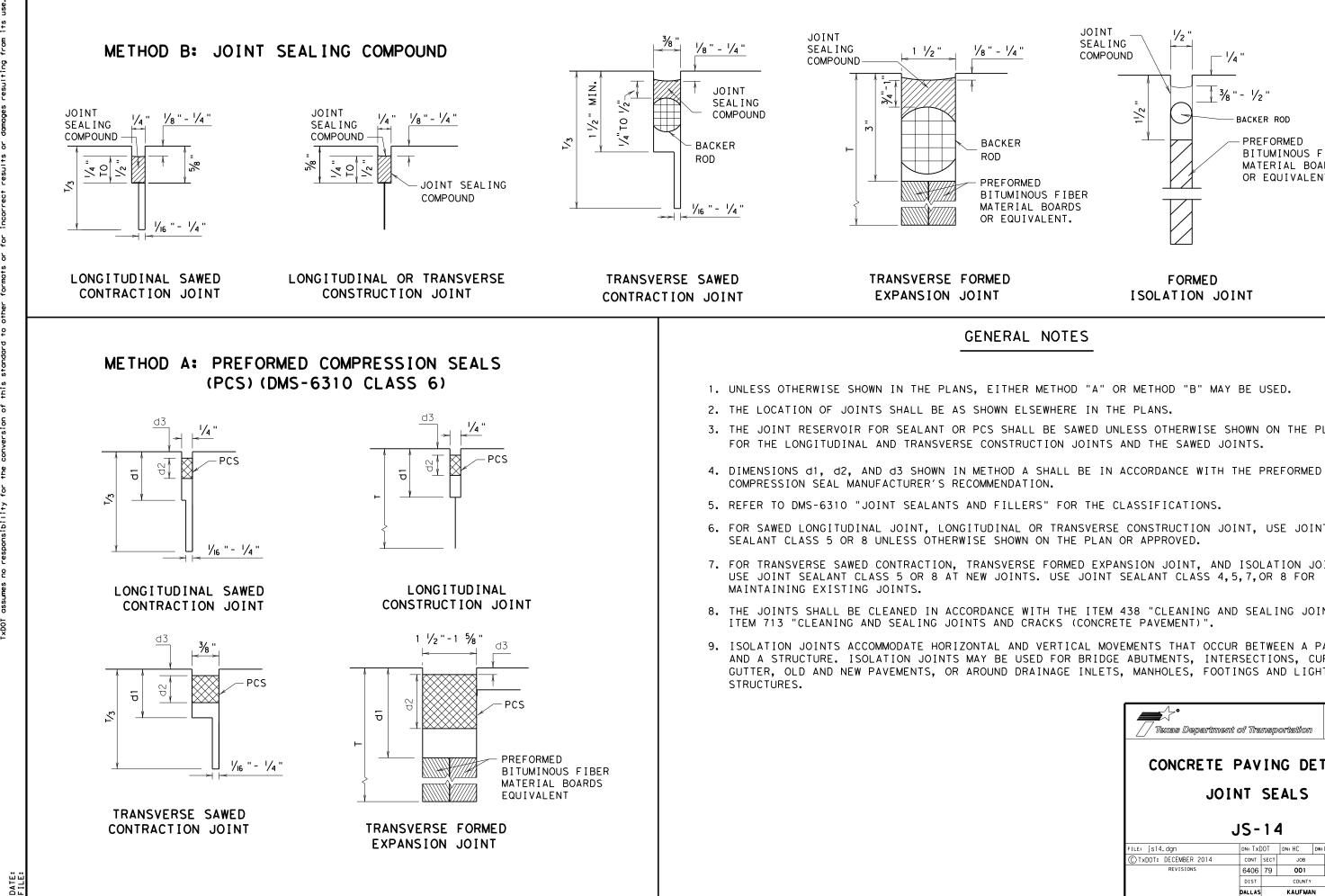
TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		1				

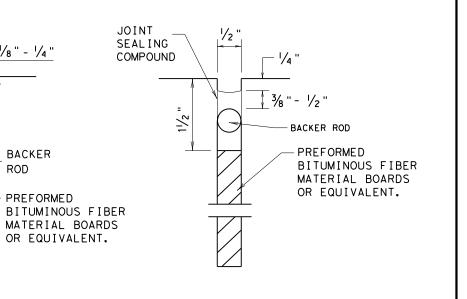
### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

for lane ils if a is needed	/ Texas Departmen	nt of Trai	nspon	tation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
one which required ramp.		LOSI	URE	S FO	R
	DIVID	ED H	10		2
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" X 48"	TCP	(1 -	5)	-18	
" X 48"	FILE: tcp1-5-18.dgn © TxDOT February 2012 REVISIONS	(1 - DN: CONT S	5) 	- 1 8	Ск:
20RP-3D ** x 48* RAMPS	FILE: tcp1-5-18.dgn © TxDOT February 2012	(1 - DN: CONT S	5) cki sect	- 1 8 DW:	CK: HIGHWAY





FORMED ISOLATION JOINT

## GENERAL NOTES

3. THE JOINT RESERVOIR FOR SEALANT OR PCS SHALL BE SAWED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS

6. FOR SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT, LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT, USE JOINT

7. FOR TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION, TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT, AND ISOLATION JOINT USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 AT NEW JOINTS. USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 4, 5, 7, OR 8 FOR

8. THE JOINTS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ITEM 438 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" OR

9. ISOLATION JOINTS ACCOMMODATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MOVEMENTS THAT OCCUR BETWEEN A PAVEMENT AND A STRUCTURE. ISOLATION JOINTS MAY BE USED FOR BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, INTERSECTIONS, CURB AND GUTTER, OLD AND NEW PAVEMENTS, OR AROUND DRAINAGE INLETS, MANHOLES, FOOTINGS AND LIGHTING

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