STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

6411-49-001 กเราราดเ STATE DISTRICT TEXAS LFK SABINE JOB CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY NO. 6411 49 001 US 96, ETC

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

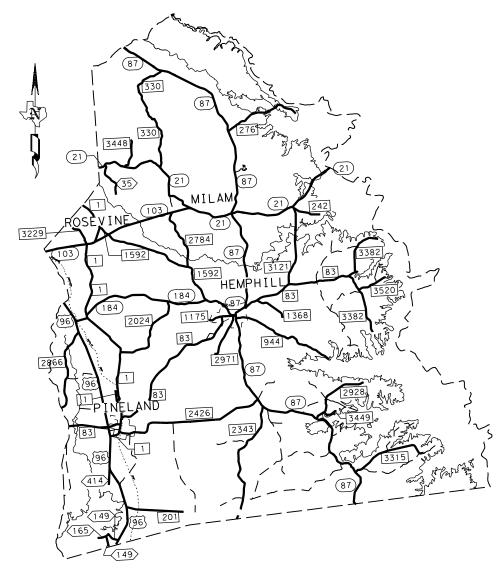
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

6411-49-001

US 96, ETC.

SABINE COUNTY

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS THROUGHOUT THE SABINE COUNTY MAINTENANCE SECTION



WORK LOCATION MAP

N. T. S.

© 2022 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

BECOMMENDED: FOR LETTING:

(C) 2022

BISTRIC MAINTENANCE ENGINEER -5135292FE4184A4..

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

PIRECIPACOE OPERATIONS

6/16/2022 DATE

6/16/2022

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

PROJECT LIMIT BARRICADES WILL NOT BE REQUIRED.
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND AS DIRECTED.

Texas Department of Transportation $^{f extbf{@}}$

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS

_		
SHE	ET NO.	DESCRIPTION
		GENERAL
	1	TITLE SHEET
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS
	3	GENERAL NOTES
	4	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET
	5	QUANTITY SUMMARY
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
#	6-17	BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21
#	18-23	TCP(2-1)-18 THRU TCP(2-6)-18
#	24	WZ(RS)-22
		ROADWAY DETAILS
#	25	MBGF - 19
#	26	MBGF (SR) -19 MBGF (T101) -19
#	27 28	MBGF (TTOT) = 19
•	26	MBOT CTICE 13
#	29	GF (31) -19
#	30	GF (31)DAT-19
#	31	GF(31)LS-19
#	32	GF (31) T101-19
#	33	GF (31) TRTL2-19
#	34-35	GF (31) TRTL3-20
#	36	CCCG-20
#	37	TRACC(W)-16
#	38	D & OM(1)-20
#	39	D & OM(3)-20
#	40	D & OM(VIA)-20
#	41	SGT (10S) 31-16
#	42	SGT (11S) 31-18
#	43	SGT (12S) 31-18
#	44	RAIL-ADJ(A)-19
		DD 1005 175146
		BRIDGE ITEMS
#	45	T631-CM T631
#	46-47 48-49	T631LS
#	48-49 50	BED (28) -19
#	51	BED-14
#	52	T202TR (MOD)
#	53	T2/T201TR (MOD)
		INFORMATIONAL CUEFTS
		INFORMATIONAL SHEETS
	54	"AS BUILT" TYPE T6 "AS BUILT" TYPE T101
	55 56-58	"AS BUILT" TYPE TIOT "AS BUILT" TYPE TIOTRC (MOD)
	J0 J0	BOLL THE FIGURE (MOD)
		ENVIRONMENTAL SHEETS
	59	EPIC



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED BY # HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION

— The control of the contr

Jeremy King, P.E. ENGINEER NAME, P.E. 5135292FE4184A4...

6/16/2022

DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS

|--|

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6411	49	001	US	96, ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
LFK		SABINE		2

Highway: US 96, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: This project consists of Repair/Upgrade Metal Beam Guard Fence, Crash Attenuator Systems and Bridge Rail, on a call-out basis in the Sabine County Maintenance Section.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISORS: All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the Maintenance Section Supervisor(s) listed below. Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. All payment requests should be directed to the following Maintenance Section Supervisor(s) listed below.

<u>COUNTY</u>	<u>SUPERVISOR</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	CONTACT#
SABINE	Kenneth L Courville	300 FM 83 Hemphill, TX 75948	(409) 787-1751

CONTRACT PROSECUTION: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

There is a potential for work to be done in environmentally sensitive areas within these maintenance sections. All work shall be performed as directed by the Maintenance Section Supervisor to avoid impacts to these areas.

Several roadways in Sabine County are located on property owned by the US Forest Service (USFS). The Maintenance Section Office will notify the appropriate USFS District Ranger before any work begins on any roadway that is located on USFS property.

Minimize vehicles and equipment in construction areas to lessen the impact on existing vegetation. The intent of the plans is to prepare only that portion of the right-of-way necessary for construction.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual(s):

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individual(s).

County: SABINE Control: 6411-49-001

Highway: US 96, ETC.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

http://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

In case of emergency, the contractor shall begin work within 48 hours after verbal notification.

All workers on TxDOT right-of-way shall wear reflective clothing meeting ANSI Class II requirements during the day and ANSI Class III requirements during the night. Non-compliance with any of these requirements shall be grounds for suspension of work.

The following standard detail sheets have been modified:

T202TR & T2/T201TR

Item 2: Instructions to Bidders

View plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/plans online.htm

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Item 4: Scope of Work

The contract may be extended if in the judgment of the Engineer, the Contractor has satisfactorily fulfilled the terms and conditions of the contract. The extension must be agreed upon in writing by both parties to the contract and may be extended for an additional period of time not to exceed the original contract time period. The extended contract may be for additional quantities up to the original bid quantities plus any quantities added by an approved change order. The extensions will meet the terms and conditions of the original contract or any mutually agreed modifications to the said terms and conditions by one or more cumulative change orders. The Engineer will set a deadline for completing the agreements. This deadline will be based on the time needed to re-let and award a new contract if no extension is agreed upon.

Item 5: Control of the Work

The Contractor shall become knowledgeable of the location of utilities within the right-of-way and shall use care when working near them.

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

The proposed work of this project is to repair damaged guard fence, attenuator, and metal rail within the State right-of-way that may affect the safety of the traveling public. This activity maintains the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity and original purpose of the site. Therefore, this project meets the definition of a routine maintenance activity as defined in the TPDES General Permit No. TXR150000 issued March 5, 2013 and TCEQ's TPDES CGP does not apply. However, the contractor shall place BMP's as directed.

In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), ROW clearing activities shall be conducted outside of the nesting season (March 15 to September 15). In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountered, contact the area engineer prior to conducting work.

Red-cockaded Woodpecker (federally listed endangered species) habitat is present adjacent to the ROW along (SH 87, FM 2426, and FM 2343). Conservation measures have been agreed upon by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and TxDOT to ensure that the proposed action will not adversely affect the red-cockaded woodpecker. The conservation measures below must be followed in order to be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.

- 1. NO WORK shall be performed at the below limits from April 1 to July 31.
- 2. Work shall begin one hour after sunrise and cease one hour before sunset
- 3. No STOCKPILES or EQUIPMENT STORAGE shall be allowed along or within the ROW along SH 87, FM 2426 and FM 2343
 - On SH 87 from .75 mile south of FM 3315 to the Newton County line
 - On FM 2426 from 2.8 miles east of FM 1 to 8.1 miles east of FM 1
 - On FM 2343 from 1.5 mile south of SH 87 to 2.15 miles south of SH 87

Texas golden gladecress (federally listed endangered species) critical habitat is present within the ROW along SH 21. The conservation measure below must be followed in order to be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act:

- 1. NO STOCKPILES or EQUIPMENT STORAGE shall be allowed within the ROW along SH 21 from 0.57 mile east of FM 330 to 1.63 miles east of FM 330.
- 2. NO EQUIPMENT or VEHICLES shall leave the pavement on SH 21 from 0.57 mile east of FM 330 to 1.63 miles east of FM 330.

County: SABINE Control: 6411-49-001

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

For this project, calendar days will be computed and charged in accordance with Item 8, Section 3.1.5 "Calendar Day."

Contract Time: The contract time for this contract shall be 365 calendar days or 1 year after the execution of this contract.

Contractor shall be on site within 48 hours for emergency work, and within <u>five business days</u> for regular callout work orders, unless otherwise agreed upon with the Engineer.

Notify the Engineer or his Representative at least 24 hours prior to beginning work.

Item 9: Measurement and Payment

This Contract includes callout work. In accordance with Article 9.2., "Plans Quantity Measurement", plans quantity measurement requirements are not applicable. The quantities shown are for estimates only and payment will be based on the actual quantities placed.

NONCOMPLIANCE PENALTY – A penalty will be assessed for each instance the contractor is in noncompliance. A noncompliance instance is defined by the following:

- 1. The contractor fails to begin work at the specified time and/or location(s).
- 2. The contractor does not have all the personnel and pieces of equipment necessary to fulfill the requirement of the item(s) called out at the specified time and/or location(s)
- 3. The contractor does not complete the work continuously, unless approved by the Engineer.

The Noncompliance penalty will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any completed item(s) or work. The Noncompliance Penalty will be assessed as follows: \$250 per instance, per location, and per day until the contractor returns to a state of compliance.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Traffic Control Plan (TCP):

Furnish and maintain all warning signs, flaggers, channelizing devices, etc. required for traffic control on this contract in accordance with Item 502.1 & 502.2. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

For protection of the traveling public, direct traffic through the work area using signs, flaggers and other devices. Required signs are shown in the plans on the Barricade And Construction Standards and Traffic Control Plan Sheets. The latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" shall also be used as a guide for handling traffic on this project.

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Texas Transportation Code 547.105 authorizes the use of warning lights to promote safety and provides an effective means of gaining the travelling public's attention as they drive in areas where construction crews are present. In order to influence the public to move over when high risk construction activities are taking place, minimize the utilization of blue warning lights. These lights must be used only while performing work on or near the travel lanes or shoulder where the travelling public encounters construction crews that are not protected by a standard work zone set up such as a lane closure, shoulder closure, or one-way traffic control. Refrain from leaving the warning lights engaged while travelling from one work location to another or while parked on State right-of-way away from the pavement or a work zone.

Restrict construction work to single lane widths with only minor disruptions in traffic flow. Lane closures shall conform to the traffic control plan for lane closures as shown in the plans. No overnight closures will be permitted.

Provide temporary Rumble Strips as shown on WZ(RS)-22 when lane closures are necessary.

Provide a flashing arrow panel and a truck-mounted attenuator to supplement required signs and devices for each lane closure.

Provide adequate flaggers to protect the traveling public. All flaggers shall wear approved hardhats and reflective safety vests while flagging. Safety vests shall be clean and worn fully fastened.

Install "Be Prepared to Stop" (CW20-7B) and "Flagger Ahead" (CW22-7D) signs when flaggers are present. Position the signs where good visibility and traffic control can be maintained.

Provide one high-intensity yellow, rotating dome-light on all equipment such as distributors, spreader boxes, lay-down machines, rollers, backhoes, road graders, loaders, etc. Mount lights high enough to be visible from all directions and operating when the equipment is within 30 ft. of the travel way. On all other equipment such as trucks, trailers, automobiles, etc., use emergency flashers while within the work zone.

No lane closures will be allowed after 12:00 Noon on Fridays or on days preceding Major Holidays on US 96, SH 21, and SH 103, unless otherwise directed.

Plan the sequence of work so as to minimize the time lane closures are in place.

All traffic control for this project, with the exception of Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA's), shall be subsidiary to the various bid items.

County: SABINE Control: 6411-49-001

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Item 540: Metal Beam Guard Fence & Item 770: Guard Fence Repair

GF(31)-19, GF(31)TRTL2-19, GF(31)TRTL3-20, SGT(10S)31-16, SGT(11S)31-18, SGT(12S)31-18, MBGF-19 & BED-14 standards shall be used on upgrades unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

All materials removed and deemed salvageable by the maintenance section supervisor shall be hauled to and neatly stockpiled at the Sabine County Maintenance Section yard at 300 FM 83 in Hemphill. All non-salvable materials shall become the property of the Contractor.

All materials furnished by the Contractor shall be new.

Existing concrete that will conflict with installing the new system shall be completely removed and disposed of by the Contractor. This work will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to removal of the existing guardrail terminal.

Timber posts shall be domed. When posts are placed, new posts shall match the existing post such that each is uniform in height.

At the close of work each day, if repairs are not complete, the Contractor shall protect the ends of metal beam guard fence in an approved manner, so that no blunt ends are exposed to approaching traffic. Plastic drums will be required at these locations. This work will be subsidiary to the work performed under Item 540, Metal Beam Guard Fence (MBGF) or Item 770, Guard Fence Repair.

Completely clean the area of all debris including debris left from reconstruction of the Guardrail or Bridge Rail assembly as well as any litter created by the crew. Remove or spread surplus soil and material that has collected under the rail to the natural grade of the surrounding area.

Item 658: Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

Install delineators on the departure side of block outs when mounting to metal beam guard fence and guardrail end treatments.

Install CTB barrier reflectors on top of concrete bridge rail and concrete barriers.

Install D-SW delineators on the departure side of steel bridge rail posts.

Item 774: Attenuator Repair

The contractor shall furnish details on the method proposed to "Retrofit" the new systems at the existing crash cushion locations, prior to beginning this work. FASTRACC Systems will be furnished by TxDOT.

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) shall meet the requirements of this item and the Department's Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List.

Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) as shown on the TCP's shall be used. Whether shown on the TCP's or added by the Department, TMA's shall be paid for under Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator" for the type of operation being performed.

General Notes 3C



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6411-49-001

DISTRICT Lufkin **HIGHWAY** US0096

COUNTY Sabine

		CONTROL SECTION	о јов	6411-49	-001		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00189	462	1	
		CO	OUNTY	Sabir	ne	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US00	96		FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	104-6021	REMOVING CONC (CURB)	LF	60,000		60.000	
	429-6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	100,000		100.000	
	429-6009	CONC STR REPAIR (STANDARD)	SF	15.000		15.000	
	450-6018	RAIL (TY T631)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	20.000		20.000	
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	10,000		10.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	400.000		400.000	
	540-6005	TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	4.000		4.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	2.000		2,000	
	540-6008	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (T101)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	540-6014	SHORT RADIUS	LF	50.000		50.000	
	540-6015	DRIVEWAY TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	4.000		4.000	
	540-6017	MTL BM GD FEN (LONG SPAN SYSTEM)	LF	65.000		65.000	
	540-6018	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (NON - SYM)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	540-6020	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	LF	35.000		35.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	1,200.000		1,200.000	
	542-6002	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	3.000		3.000	
	542-6003	REMOVE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL	EA	20.000		20.000	
	542-6004	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	544-6002	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (MOVE & RESET)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	544-6006	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY III)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	658-6016	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)GF1 (BI)	EA	10.000		10.000	
	658-6099	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX)GND	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6001	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (W - BEAM)	LF	600.000		600.000	
	770-6003	REP RAIL ELMNT(THRIE-BM TRANS TO W -BM)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	770-6010	REM / REPL TIMBER/STL POST W/O CONC FND	EA	40.000		40.000	
	770-6011	REM / REPL TIMBER / STL POST W/CONC FND	EA	15.000		15.000	
	770-6016	REPAIR STEEL POST WITH BASE PLATE	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6017	REALIGN POSTS	EA	20.000		20.000	
	770-6018	INSTALL BLOCKOUT (TYPE SPECIFIED)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	770-6019	REMOVE & REPLACE BLOCKOUT	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6021	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL RAIL	LF	75.000		75.000	
	770-6022	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL POST	EA	15.000		15.000	
	770-6023	REPAIR OF TERMINAL ANCHORS POSTS	EA	20.000		20.000	
	770-6024	REPLACE TERMINAL ANCHOR POSTS	EA	20.000		20.000	

	*.
the second second	
TxDOT(CONNECT
IND OIL	CIVILOI

DISTRICT COUNTY		CCSJ	SHEET	
Lufkin	Sabine	6411-49-001	4	



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6411-49-001

DISTRICT Lufkin **HIGHWAY** US0096

COUNTY Sabine

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	6411-4	9-001		
		PROJE	CT ID	A0018	9462		
		co	UNTY	ITY Sabine		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US0096			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	770-6027	REMOVE GDRAIL END TRT / REPL WITH SGT	EA	3.000		3.000	
	770-6028	REPL SINGLE GDRAIL TERM IMPACT HEAD	EA	4.000		4.000	
	770-6029	REM & RESET SGT IMPACT HEAD	EA	4.000		4.000	
	770-6030	REPLACE SGT CABLE ASSEMBLY	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6031	REPLACE SGT CABLE ANCHOR	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6032	REPLACE SGT STRUT	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6033	REPLACE SGT OBJECT MARKER	EA	5.000		5.000	
	770-6034	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT(W - BEAM FURNISHED)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	774-6017	REPAIR (WIDE QUAD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	776-6004	REPAIR (STL POST W/ DOUBLED W-BEAMS-T6)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	776-6020	REPAIR (TY T101RC)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	10.000		10.000	

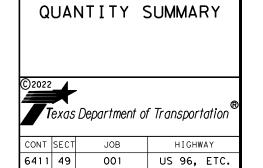


DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Lufkin	Sabine	6411-49-001	4A

	SUMMARY OF GUARD FENCE, ATTENUATOR & RAIL	REPAIR	
BID ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
0104-6021	REMOVING CONC (CURB)	LF	60
0429-6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	100
0429-6009	CONC STR REPAIR (STANDARD)	SF	15
0450-6018	RAIL (TY T631)	LF	30
0450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	20
0540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	400
0540-6005	TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	4
0540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	2
0540-6008	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (T101)	EA	4
0540-6014	SHORT RADIUS	LF	50
0540-6015	DRIVEWAY TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	2
0540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	4
0540-6017	MTL BM GD FEN (LONG SPAN SYSTEM)	LF	65
0540-6018	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (NON - SYM)	EA	8
0540-6020	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	LF	35
0542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	1200
0542-6002	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	3
0542-6003	REMOVE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL	LF	20
0542-6004	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	6
0544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTL)	EA	6
0544-6002	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (MOVE & RESET)	EA	6
0544-6006	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY III)	EA	6
0658-6016	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)GF1 (BI)	EA	10
0658-6099	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z) (WFLX) GND	EA	10
0770-6001	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (W - BEAM)	LF	600
0770-6003	REP RAIL ELMNT (THRIE-BM TRANS TO W - BM)	LF	25
0770-6010	REM / REPL TIMBER / STL POST W/O CONC FND	EA	40
0770-6011	REM / REPL TIMBER / STL POST W/CONC FND	EA	15
0770-6016	REPAIR STEEL POST WITH BASE PLATE	EA	5
0770-6017	REALIGN POSTS	EA	20
0770-6018	INSTALL BLOCKOUT (TYPE SPECIFIED)	EA	20
0770-6019	REMOVE & REPLACE BLOCKOUT	EA	5
0770-6021	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL RAIL	LF	75
0770-6022	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL POST	EA	15
0770-6023	REPAIR OF TERMINAL ANCHORS POSTS	EA	20
0770-6024	REPLACE TERMINAL ANCHOR POSTS	EA	20
0770-6027	REMOVE GDRAIL END TRT / REPL WITH SGT	EA	3
0770-6028	REPL SINGLE GDRAIL TERM IMPACT HEAD	EA	4
0770-6029	REM & RESET SGT IMPACT HEAD	EA	4
0770-6030	REPLACE SGT CABLE ASSEMBLY	EA	5
0770-6031	REPLACE SGT CABLE ANCHOR	EA	5
0770-6032	REPLACE SGT STRUT	EA	5
0770-6033	REPLACE SGT OBJECT MARKER	EA	5
0770-6034	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (W - BEAM FURNISHED)	LF	50
0774-6017	REPAIR (WIDE QUAD)	EA	2
0776-6004	REPAIR (STL POST W / DOUBLE W - BEAMS - T6)	LF	50
0776-6020	REPAIR (TY T101RC)	LF	25

1 WHEN ATTACHING THRIE BEAM TO T202, T2 OR T201 RAILS, ANCHOR PLATES AS SHOWN ON DETAILS T202 TR & T2/T201 TR WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE THRIE-BEAM SYSTEM.

TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR SUMMARY					
BID ITEM	DESCRIPTION		UNIT	QUANTITY	
6185-6001	TMA (STATIONARY)		DAY	10	



COUNTY

SABINE

SHEET NO.

5

DIST

LFK

3/2022 | 11:50:5/ AM LFKDOM/Maint Contracts/0_RM

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>TC</th><th>CK</th><th>: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	TC	CK	: TxDOT
C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWA	·Υ
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	6411	49	001		US	96	٠,	ETC.
	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			9	HEE	T NO.
5-10	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E				6
0.5									

ROAD WORK

NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES ⇒

(Optional

see Note

G20-1aT

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS

ROAD WORK
G20-2#

CROSSROAD

X

X

X

X

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

CROSSROAD

X

X

X

END ROAD WORK

G20-2#

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (C20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE X X G20-9TP X X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
1	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600²
1	65	700 ²
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
,	*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW201 CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" x 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

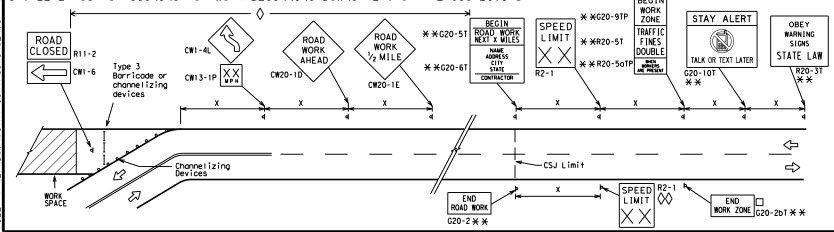
 Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC ★ ★ R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5 ROAD WORK AHEAD DOUBL E SIGNS ¥ X R20-5aTP MORERS MAE PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T R2-1 X > WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING ➾ \Rightarrow SPEED END G20-2bT * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- K*X CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan
- igwedge Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND						
Н	⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
_	♣ Sign						
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

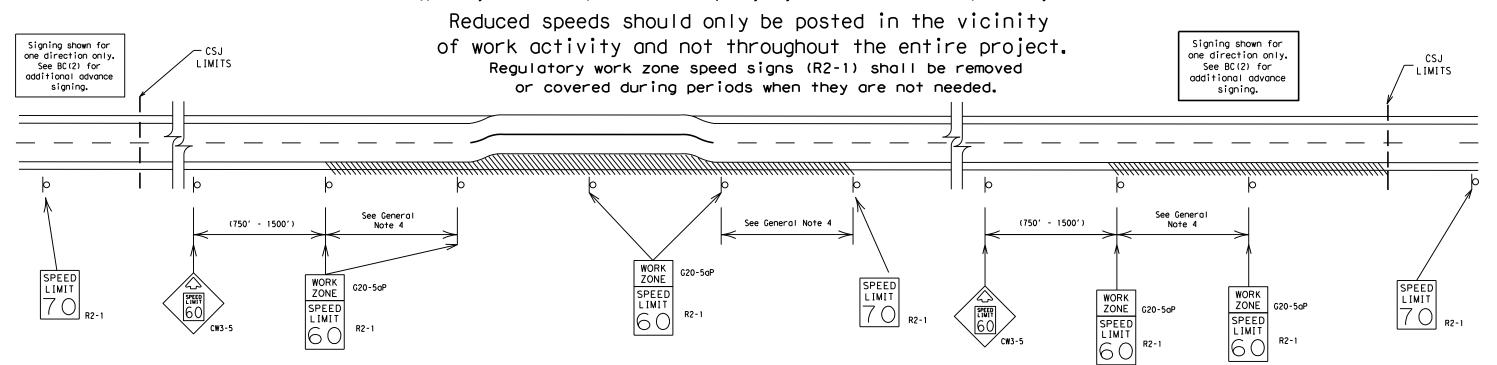
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>TC</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	TC	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E			7

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



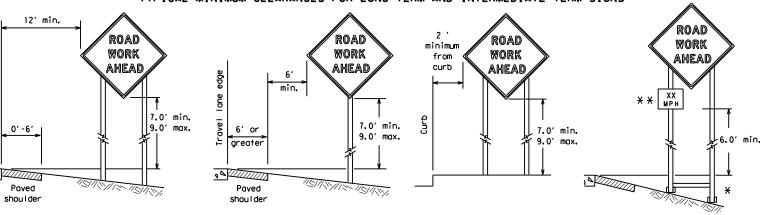
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

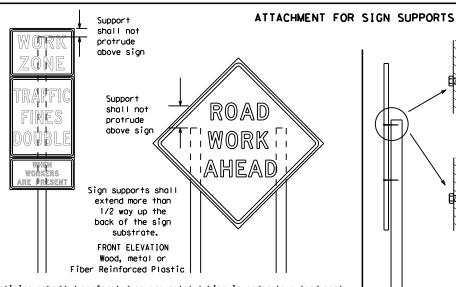
:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[T0(ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	СК	: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			ніс	HWA	lΥ
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	,	ETC.
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY				HEI	T NO.
1-13	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E				8

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



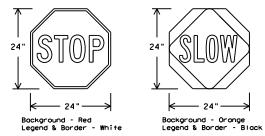
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZICD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CW7TCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC	TC	ск: 1	TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, E	ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.
7-13	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E			9)

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of **X** Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face post sign face 2x6 4x4 block block 72" Length of skids may be increased for wood additional stability. for sign Top See BC(4) height 2x4 brace requirement for sign height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requirement or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

Sign Post Pos Post max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils, than sian 55" min, in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL Lap-splice/base bolted anchor

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign substrate listed in section J. 2.d of -9 sq. ft. or lessthe CWZTCD, except 5/8" plywood. 10mm extruded 1/2" plywood is allowed. thinwall plastic sign only Ø 3/8" x 3" gr. 5 bolt (2 per support) joining sign panel and supports 1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 11 foot 12 ga post (DO NOT SPLICE) -Ø3/8 " X 3" gr. 1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 129" 5 bolt (hole to hole) 12 ga. support telescopes into sleeve 1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 129" 1 3/4" galv. round with 5/16" holes (hole to hole) or 1 3/4" x 1 3/4" 12 ga. square square tubing -1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 52" (hole perforated to hole) 12 ga. square perforated tubing upright Upright must tubing diagonal brace telescope to provide 7' height -Completely welded 2" x 2" x 59" above pavement around tubing 1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 32" (hole (hole to hole) to hole) 12 ga. square perforated 12 ga. perforated 2" x 2" x 8" tubing skid-(hole to hole) 12 ga. square -3/8" X 4-1/2 gr. perforated 5 BOLT (TYP.) tubing sleeve 1/2 welded to skid pin at angle needed to match sideslope 2.5

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>)T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, ETC.
• •	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E			10

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	\$
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	FXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	To Downtown Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	lition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Actio		e/Et Lis	ffect on Trave t	· I	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
E	USE IXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE JS XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
	STAY IN LANE	×			*	X See A	pplication Guide	elines M	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

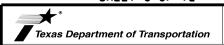
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



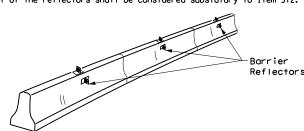
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

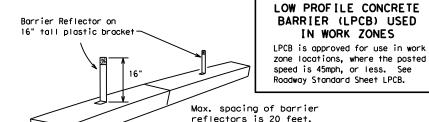
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>)T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	LFK		SABIN	E			11

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



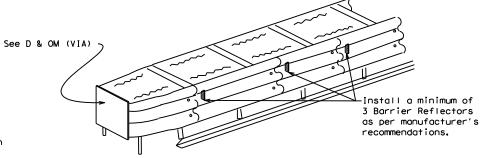
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



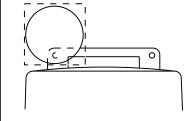
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

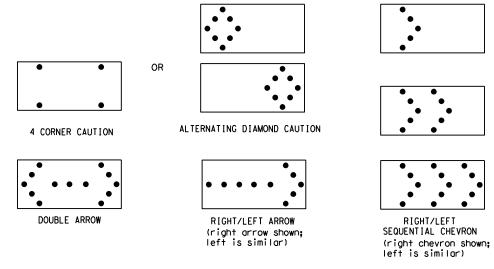
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1, Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn		kDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC		k: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	YAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		LFK	SARINE			12		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

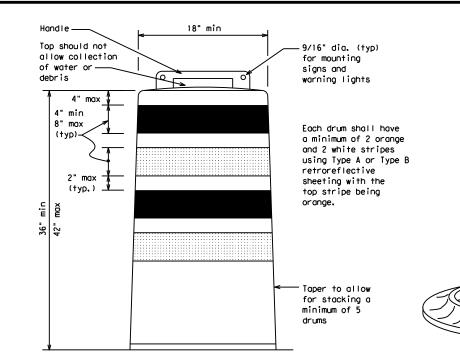
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

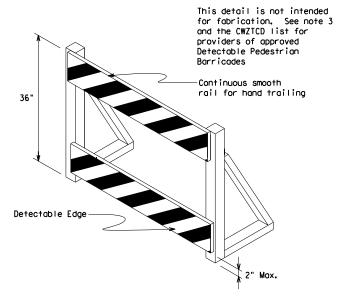
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

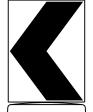
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





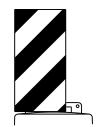
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

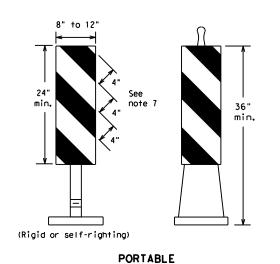


Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

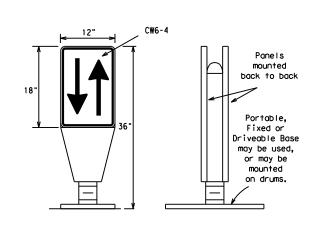
BC(8)-21

	. •	•	_				
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxD0</td><td>T</td><td>k: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	k: TxDOT
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS -03 8-14	6411	49 001			US	96,	ETC.
-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
-13	LFK		SABIN	Ε			13



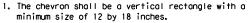
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
 Where the height of reflective material on the vertical
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertice panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

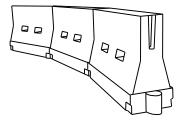


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_E or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Formula	_		-	Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′		
80	265′	295′	3201	40 <i>°</i>	80′		
	450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
	5001	550′	600'	50′	100′		
1 = WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
- 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
	650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
	700′	770′	840′	70′	140'		
	750′	825′	900,	75′	150′		
	8001	880′	960′	80,	160′		
	Formula $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ $L = WS$	Formula Tap $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ $L = WS = \frac{450'}{500'}$ $L = WS = \frac{550'}{600'}$ $\frac{650'}{700'}$ $\frac{750'}{750'}$	Formula Taper Length $\frac{\times \times}{10}$ L = $\frac{\text{WS}^2}{60}$ $\frac{205'}{205'}$ $\frac{225'}{295'}$ $\frac{450'}{500'}$ $\frac{495'}{500'}$ $\frac{550'}{600'}$ $\frac{660'}{650'}$ $\frac{715'}{700'}$ $\frac{750'}{825'}$	L=WS	Formula Taper Lengths $\frac{8 \times 8}{10^{\circ}}$ Channe $\frac{8 \times 8}{10^{\circ}}$ Channe $\frac{8 \times 8}{10^{\circ}}$ 11' 12' On a Taper $\frac{8 \times 8}{10^{\circ}}$ 150' 165' 180' 30' $\frac{150^{\circ}}{205'}$ 225' 245' 35' $\frac{205'}{205'}$ 225' 320' 40' $\frac{450'}{500'}$ 495' 540' 45' $\frac{450'}{500'}$ 550' 600' 50' $\frac{550'}{600'}$ 660' 55' $\frac{600'}{650'}$ 660' 720' 60' $\frac{650'}{700'}$ 770' 840' 70' $\frac{750'}{825'}$ 825' 900' 75'		

XXToper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

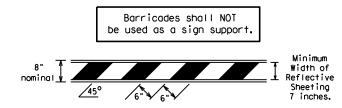
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

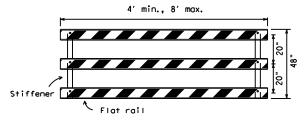
				_				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC	ТС	ĸ: T×DOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	VAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		LFK		SABIN	Ε			14

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags, Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

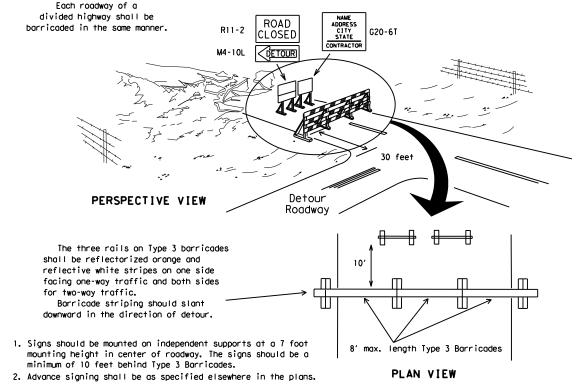


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light of two drums s cross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector \bigcirc Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

CONES 4" min. orange ▼ 2" min. ↑ 4" min. white 2" min. 1 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. $\sqrt{24}$ min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28' min.

Z" min 4" min.

PLAN VIEW

2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. 50' at 50' maximum spacing 50' Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \Diamond \Rightarrow

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

			_					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDC</td><td>ТС</td><td>k: T×DOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC	ТС	k: T×DOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAY
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		LFK		SABIN	E			15

6/9/2022 11:51:07 AM

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

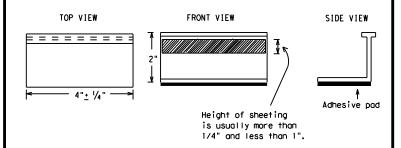
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Fnaineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) DMS-4200 TRAFFIC BUTTONS DMS - 4300 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240 TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED DMS-824 PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE DMS-8242 ROADWAY MARKER TABS

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



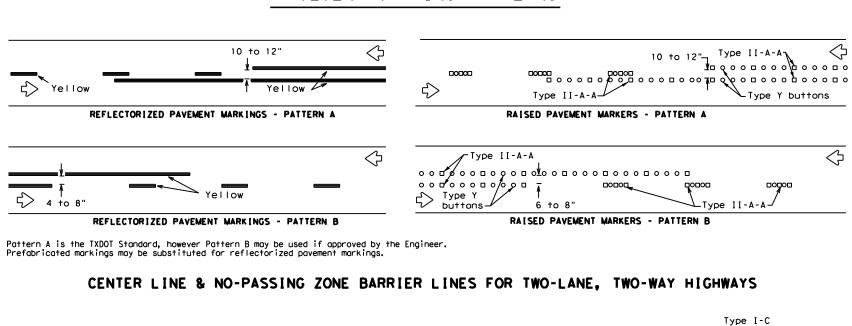
Traffic Safety Division Standard

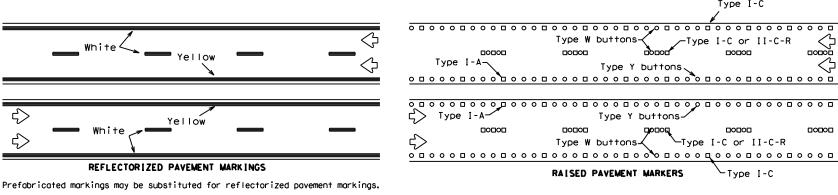
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

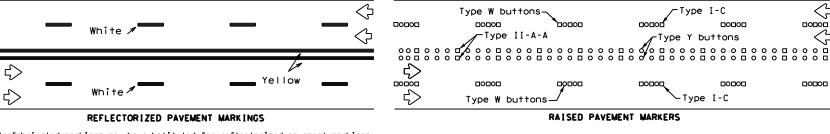
.E: bc-21.dgn)TxDOT February 1998	CONT	KDOT SECT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	HIGH	K: TXDOT		
REVISIONS	6411	49	001			96,			
-98 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
-02 8-14	LFK	LFK SABINE					16		

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



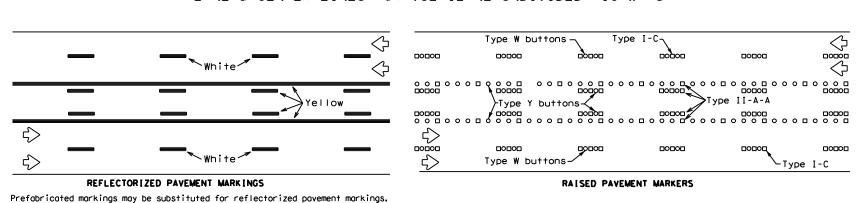


EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY

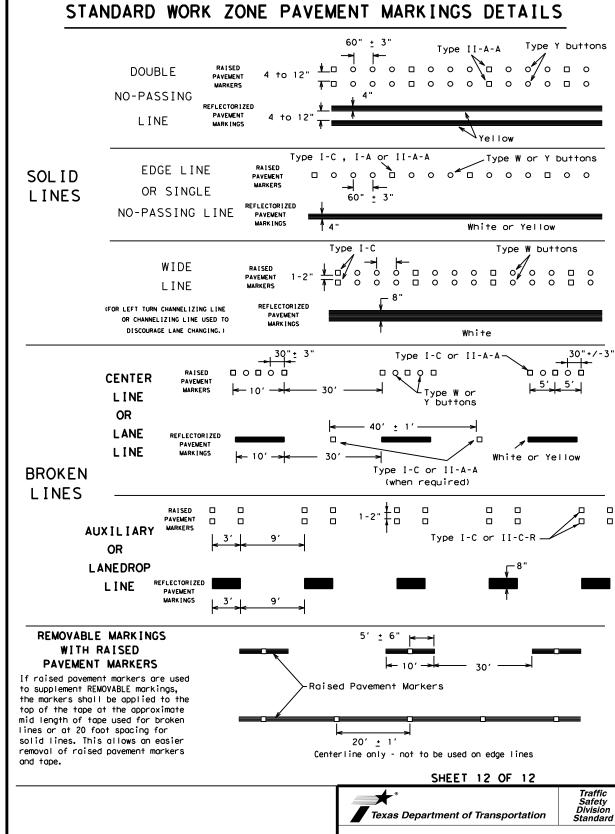


Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



0000

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

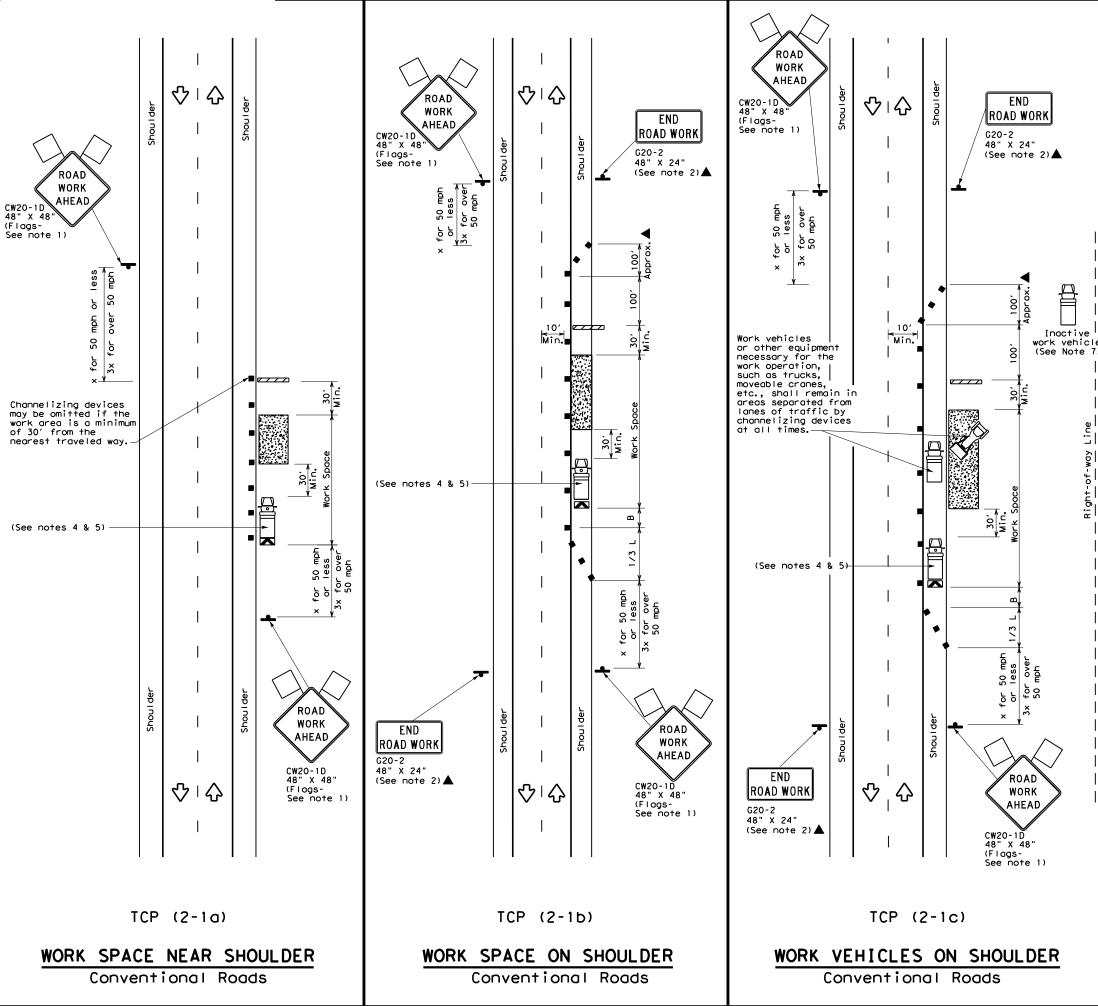
BC(12)-21

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO © TxDOT February 1998 JOB 6411 49 001 US 96, ETC 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 SABINE

Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of



LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,	
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-113	600'	660′	720′	60′	1201	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		7501	825′	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

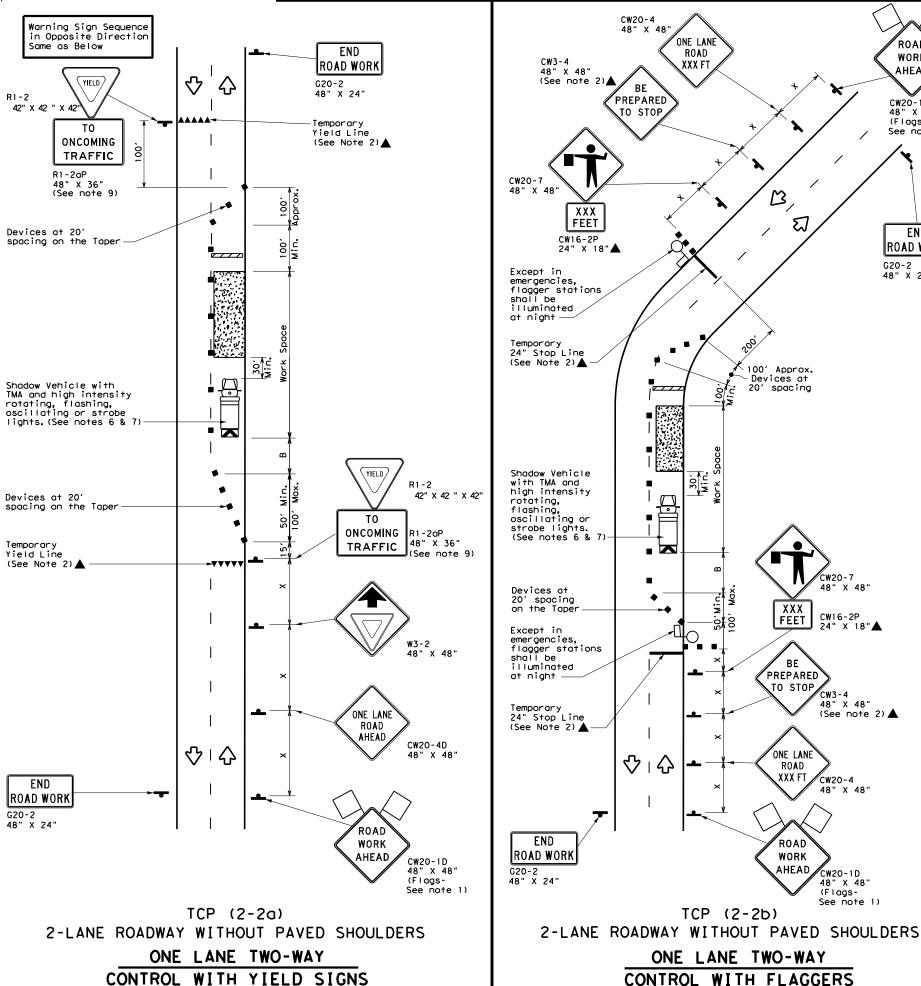
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CH	(:
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHW	ΙΑΥ
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
2-94 4-96 8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
1-97 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			18



(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted M Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Flag Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	_ "3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1		1						

### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

**AHEAD** 

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

See note 1

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

(Flags-

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sighdistance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

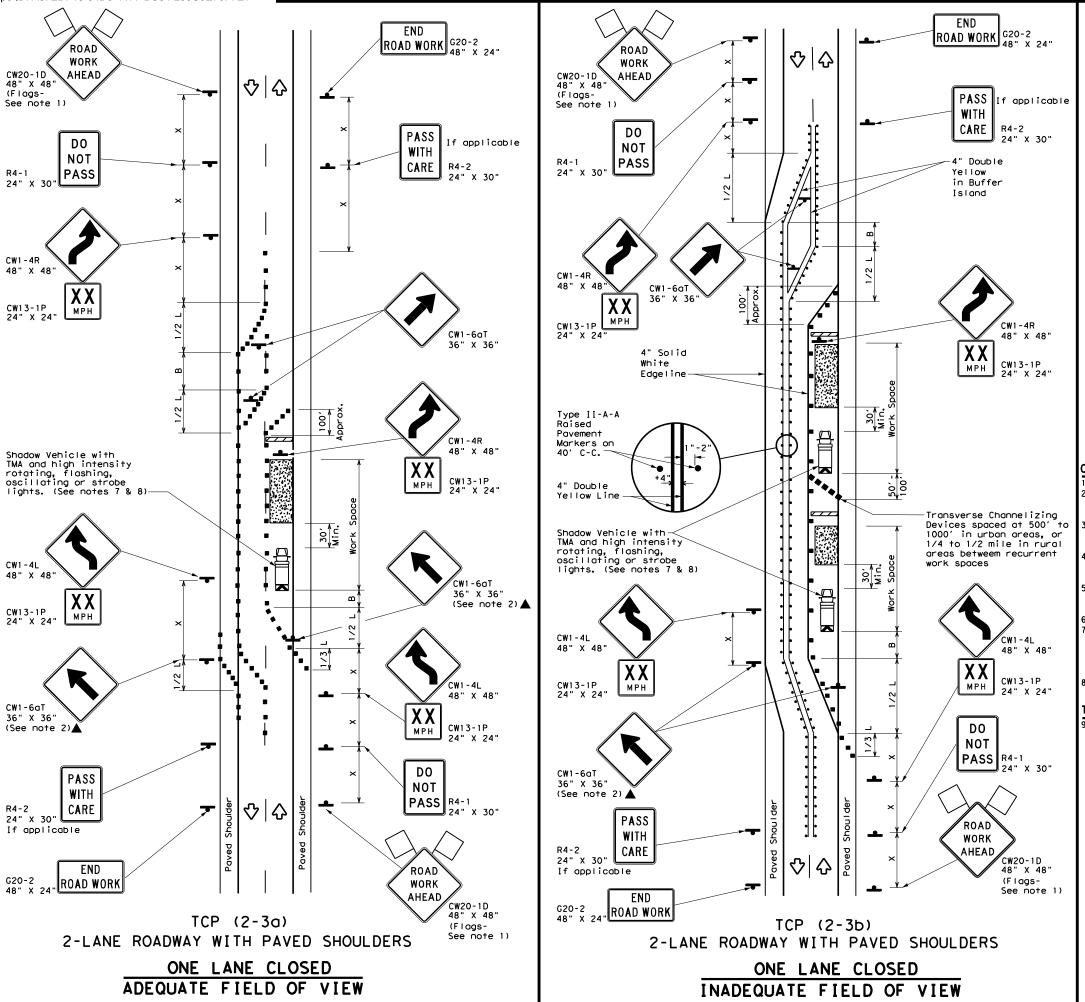


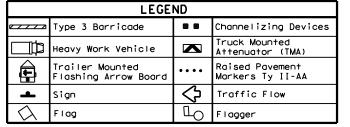
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		0	CK:
◯TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.
4-98 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			19





Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265'	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′	
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540′	

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY					
			✓	1					

### GENERAL NOTES

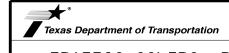
1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
  The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-ID "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- 6. Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.

For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

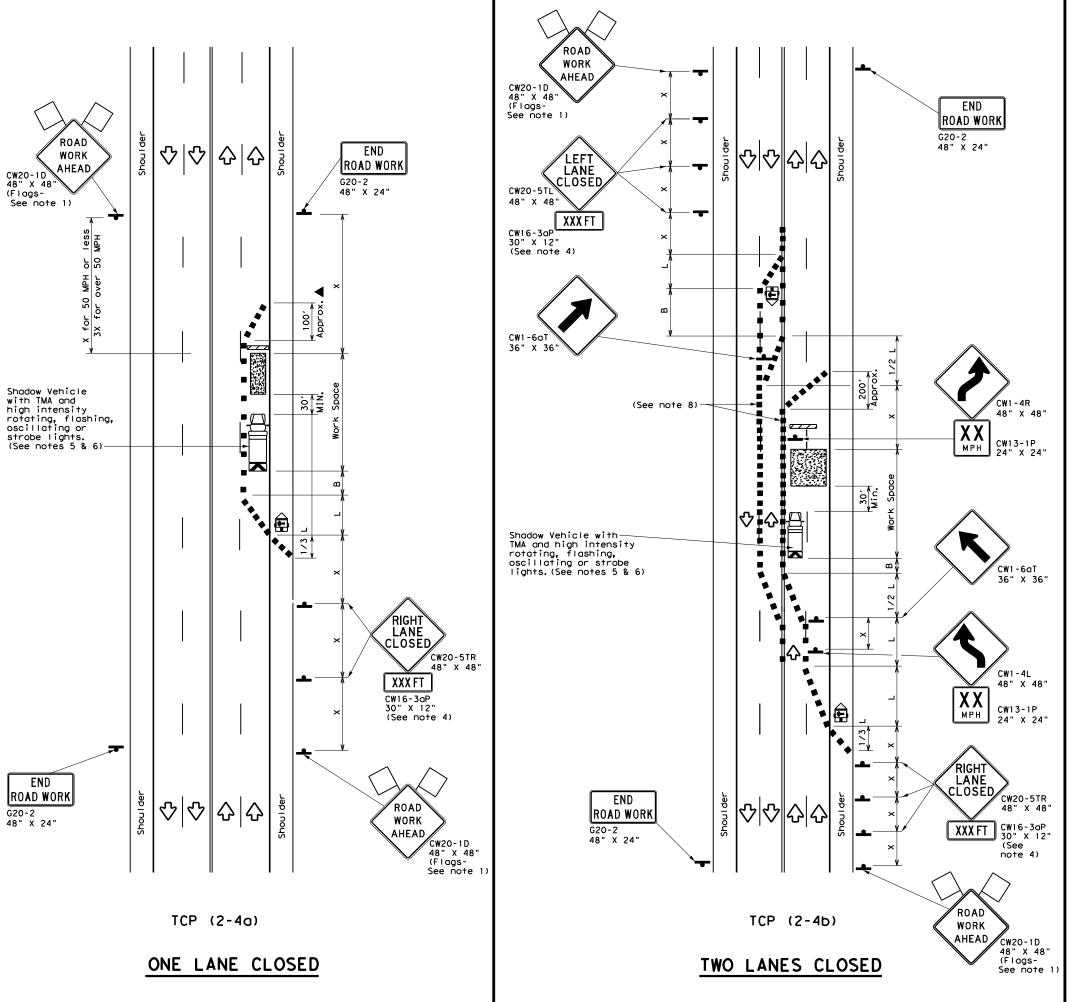


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP(2-3)-18

FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		(	CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAWI
8-95 3-03	6411	49	001 U		US	96,	, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.
4-98 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			20



L		LEGEND									
		Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨₹	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	<b>♣</b> Sign		∿	Traffic Flow							
	$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Speed	* *		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	. <u>w</u> s²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	1201	90'	
35	L= WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	701	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40`	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-#3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		1	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



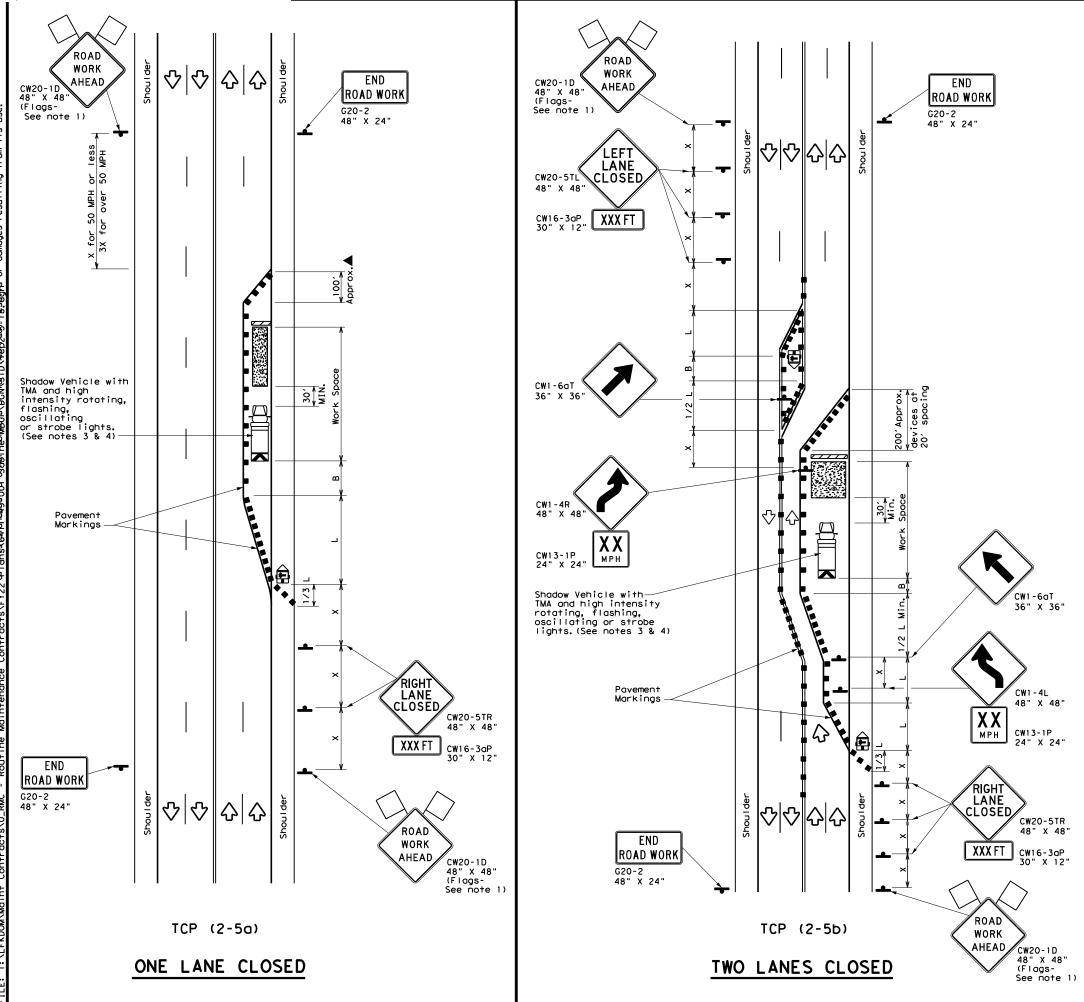
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
©TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US 9	6, ETC.	
1-97 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
4-98 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE		21	

exas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion - resultina from its use



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	ЦO	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	* * *			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240'	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′	500′	295′	
60	L #3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
•			√	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:			СК	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
1-97 3-03	DIST	OIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
4-98 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE		7	22

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

TCP (2-6a)

ONE LANE CLOSURE

ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

CLOSED

1000 FT

CW16-3aP 30" X 12'

RIGHT

LANE

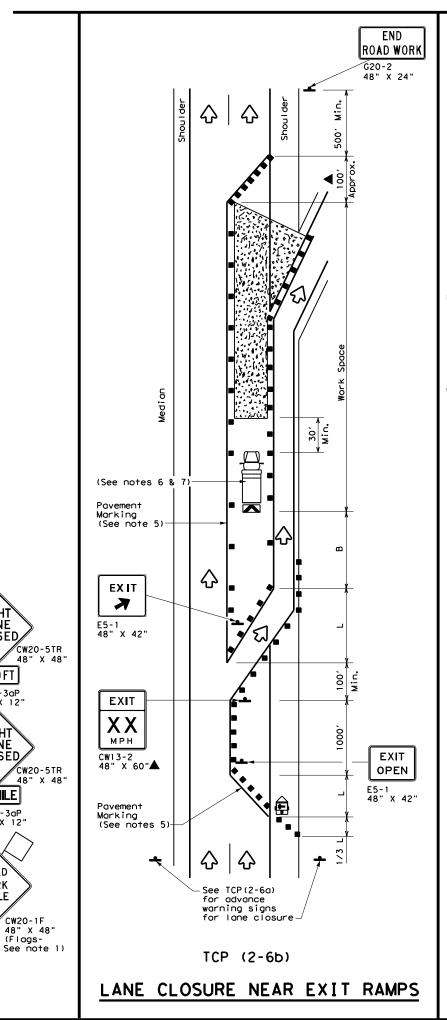
CLOSED

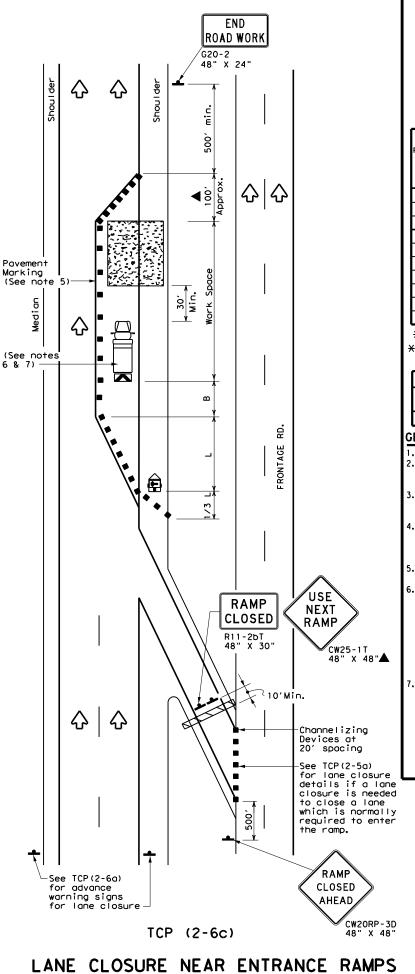
CW16-3aP 30" X 12'

ROAD

WORK

1 MILE





	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade •• Channelizing								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90'	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540′

- **X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
			✓	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

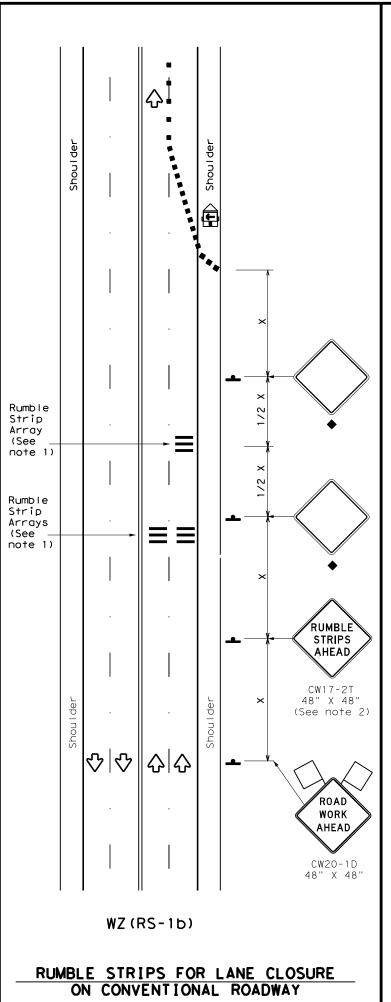
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001	US	96	s, ETC.
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	LFK		SABIN	ΙE		23

TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip # of Rumble sequence in Flagger Strip opposite direction (Length of Work Area) Arrays is some as below. < 4,500 1/8 Mile 4,500 2 3,500 1/4 Mile 3,500 2 < 2,600 1 1/2 Mile <u>></u> 2,600 2 < 1,600 1 1 Mile 2 <u>></u> 1,600 > 1 Mile N/A -See note 8 Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) The second Rumble Strip Array is required when the ADT thresholds in Table 1 indicate the need for 2 Arrays. RUMBLE ↔ AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2) ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ (RS-1a) RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
(c	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
_	Sign	₩.	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	**			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	= WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	3201	195′	
50		5001	550′	600′	50`	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	6601	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	L - # 3	600′	660′	720'	60`	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	✓	√								

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

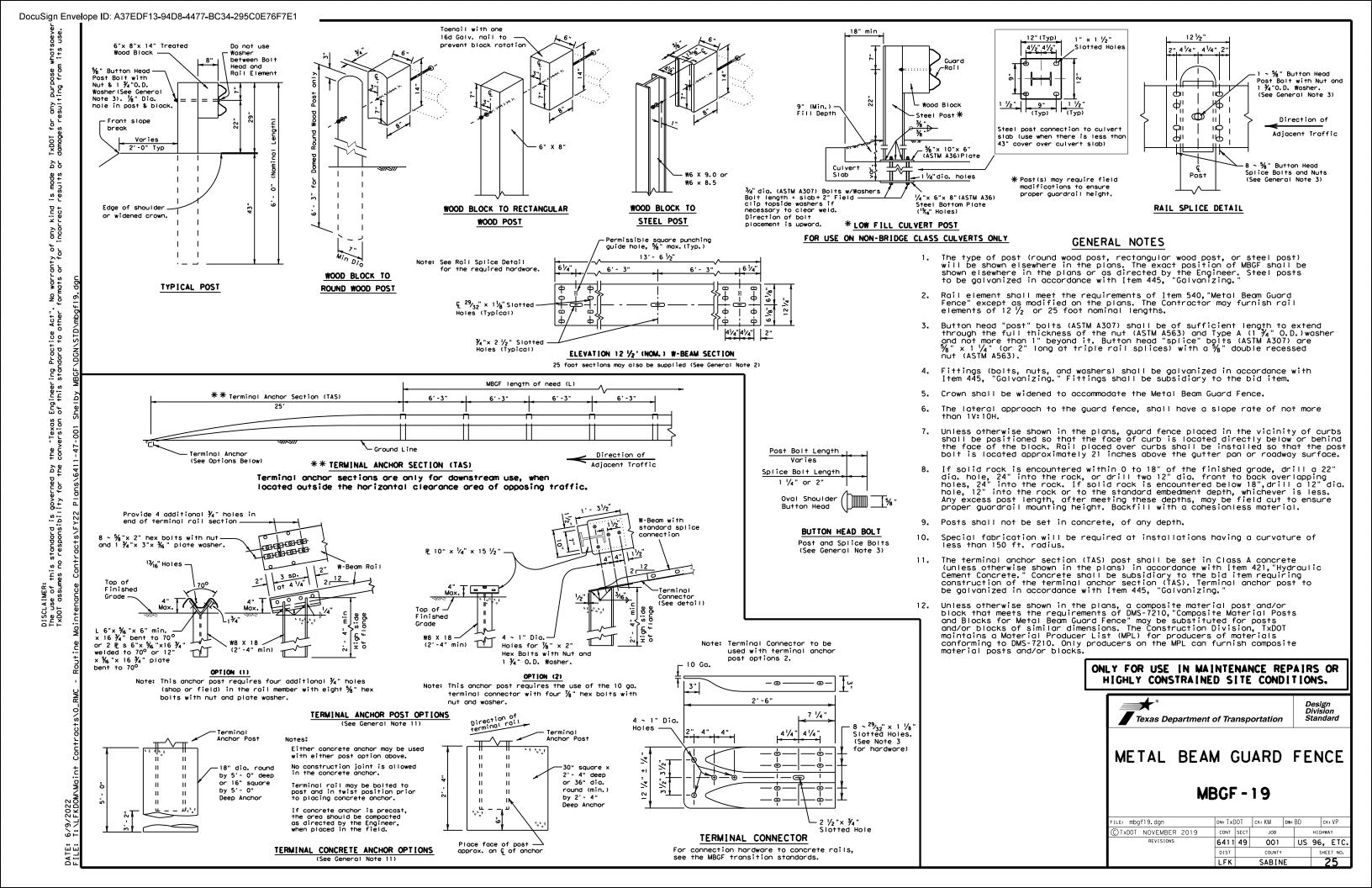
T	TABLE 2									
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array									
≤ 40 MPH	10′									
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′									
= 60 MPH	20′									
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+									



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T c	k: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
4-16	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			24



TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM

ል ፎ

IS MADE RESULTS

ANY KIND INCORRECT

NO WARRANTY OF FORMATS OR FOR

ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

THE "TEXAS CONVERSION

ᄶ

DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR T

(CRT) POST DETAIL CONTROLLED RELEASE TERMINAL POST

Two or more wood CRT post(s) are required at any radius installation located at intersecting roadways or driveways.

> 3. All steel shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.

12 1/2" 2", 41/4", 41/4",2 1 ~ 3/8" Button Head Post Bolt with Nut and 1 ¾"O.D. Washer. фп (See General Note 3) ф Direction of фі Adjacent Traffic .8 ~ 5%" Button Head Splice Bolts and Nuts Post (See General Note 3)

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

MBGF or MBGF Transition ᆷ End MBGF or MBGF Transition begin MBGF (SR) See Roil Splice Detail (See General Note 10) CRT Posts spaced at 6' - 3" (See CRT Post Detail) Standard MBGF Posts See Rail Splice Detail Begin Payment End MBGF (SR) Roadway Driveway

PLAN VIEW

SHOWING TYPICAL RADIUS

The required radius is shown elsewhere on the plans.

GENERAL NOTES

- The type of (CRT) post (round wood post, or rectangular wood post) will be shown elsewhere in the plans. The exact position of MBGF shall be shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Steel posts are not permitted at CRT post positions.
- Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified on the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ or 25 foot nominal lengths.
- Button head "post" bolts (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut (ASTM A563) and Type A (1 3/4 " O.D.) washer and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "splice" bolts (ASTM A307) are $\frac{1}{8}$ " x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " (or 2" long at triple rail splices) with a $\frac{1}{8}$ " double recessed (ASTM A563).
- 5. Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item.
- 6. Crown shall be widened to accommodate the Metal Beam Guard Fence.
- 7. The lateral approach to the guard fence, shall have a slope rate of not more
- Unless otherwise shown in the plans, guard fence placed in the vicinity of curbs shall be positioned so that the face of curb is located directly below or behind the face of the block. Rail placed over curbs shall be installed so that the post bolt is located approximately 21 inches above the gutter pan or roadway surface.
- 9. If solid rock is encountered within 0 to 18" of the finished grade, drill a 22" dia. hole, 24" into the rock, or drill two 12" dia. front to back overlapping holes, 24" into the rock. If solid rock is encountered below 18", drill a 12" dia. hole, 12" into the rock or to the standard embedment depth, whichever is less. Any excess post length, after meeting these depths, may be field cut to ensure proper guardrail mounting height. Backfill with a cohesionless material.
- 10. Guardrail posts shall not be set in concrete, of any depth.
- Special rail fabrication will be required at installations having a curvature of less than 150 ft. radius. The required radius shall be shown on the plans.
- The terminal anchor section (TAS) post shall be set in Class A concrete (unless otherwise shown in the plans) in accordance with Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete." Concrete shall be subsidiary to the bid item requiring construction of the terminal anchor section (TAS). Terminal anchor post to be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beam Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, TxDOT maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210. Only producers on the MPL can furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.



Dia x 6' - 3"Lg. CRT

Post w/2 1/2" Dia.

-Finished

WOOD BLOCK TO

ROUND WOOD (CRT) POST

Showing the required

╚

2 ½" Dia. holes.

Holes.

1'-3 1/8" Only for use within driveway locations, where a standard Driveway(TAS)(EA.) (TAS) Terminal Anchor Section can not be installed. Standard MBGF (FT.) 8 1/2 6'- 0" ± 6' - 3" Finished Ф Grade "x 2 ½" 🖈 Finished-₹1<u>02°</u> φ Grade (3' - 0") (W8 x 18) Anchor Post, set 18" into concrete footing. 6 1/4" **ELEVATION LAYOUT** PLATE WASHER FOR METAL BEAM Plate Washer 18"dia._ $2" \times 6 \frac{3}{4}" \times \frac{3}{6}$ (Galvanized after fabrication) 12 1/2" 1. The "Driveway" Terminal Anchor Section is ONLY to be used within driveway locations, where the ROW is limited and a standard 25 ft. (TAS) Terminal Anchor Section, is too long. $\frac{1}{8}$ " x 2" Anchor Bolts with 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D. washer RAIL ADAPTER and hex nut 2. Terminal anchor post shall be set in Class A concrete. ANCHOR POST Rail - 10 gauge (Galvanized after fabrication)

ONLY FOR USE IN MAINTENANCE REPAIRS OR HIGHLY CONSTRAINED SITE CONDITIONS.



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (SHORT RADIUS)

MBGF (SR) - 19

Design Division

Standard

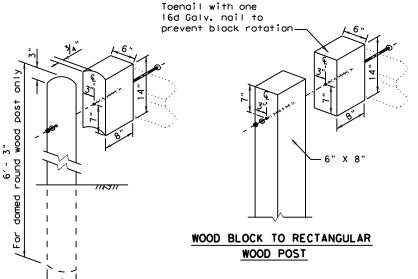
© TxDOT NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SI	HEET NO.	
	LFK		SABIN	Ε			26	

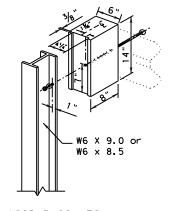
TYPICAL PLAN VIEW

Direction of Traffic

End payment for Metal Beam 25'- 0" Metal Beam Guard Fence Transition (MBGF(T101)), to T101 Bridge Rail. Guard Fence Transition. Begin payment for Metal Beam -This section of MBGF shall Guard Fence, (See MBGF match the gauge of the adjacent run of MBGF. 12'- 6" Metal Beam Guard Fence (12 Ga.)(Nested) Standard Sheet) T101 Bridge Rail (See bridge rail sheets for 4 Spaces at 1'-6 3/4" 4 Spaces 3'-1 1/2" 15%" to C of Splice * connection details and details for this post) * Post connection may be on either side of $8 \sim \frac{5}{8}$ "Dia. x 2" button head splice bolts with $\frac{5}{8}$ " double recessed nuts (T101) post web. Bridge Rail (See General Note 3). Post

TYPICAL ELEVATION VIEW





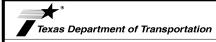
WOOD BLOCK TO
STEEL POST

WOOD BLOCK TO ROUND WOOD POST

GENERAL NOTES

- The type of post (round wood post, rectangular wood post, or steel post) will be shown elsewhere in the plans. The exact position of transitions shall be shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified on the plans.
- 3. Button head "post" bolts (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut (ASTM A563) and the Type A 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " 0.D. washer and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "splice" bolts (ASTM A307) are $\frac{5}{8}$ " x 2" (at triple rail splices) with a $\frac{5}{8}$ " double recessed nuts (ASTM A563).
- 4. Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item requiring construction of the transition.
- 5. Crown will be widened to accommodate transitions.
- If solid rock is encountered. See the MBGF standard sheet for proper installation guidance.
- 7. Posts shall not be set in concrete.
- Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beam Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, TxDOT, maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210. Only producers on the MPL can furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.
- 8. Refer to MBGF Standard Sheet for additional details.

ONLY FOR USE IN MAINTENANCE REPAIRS.

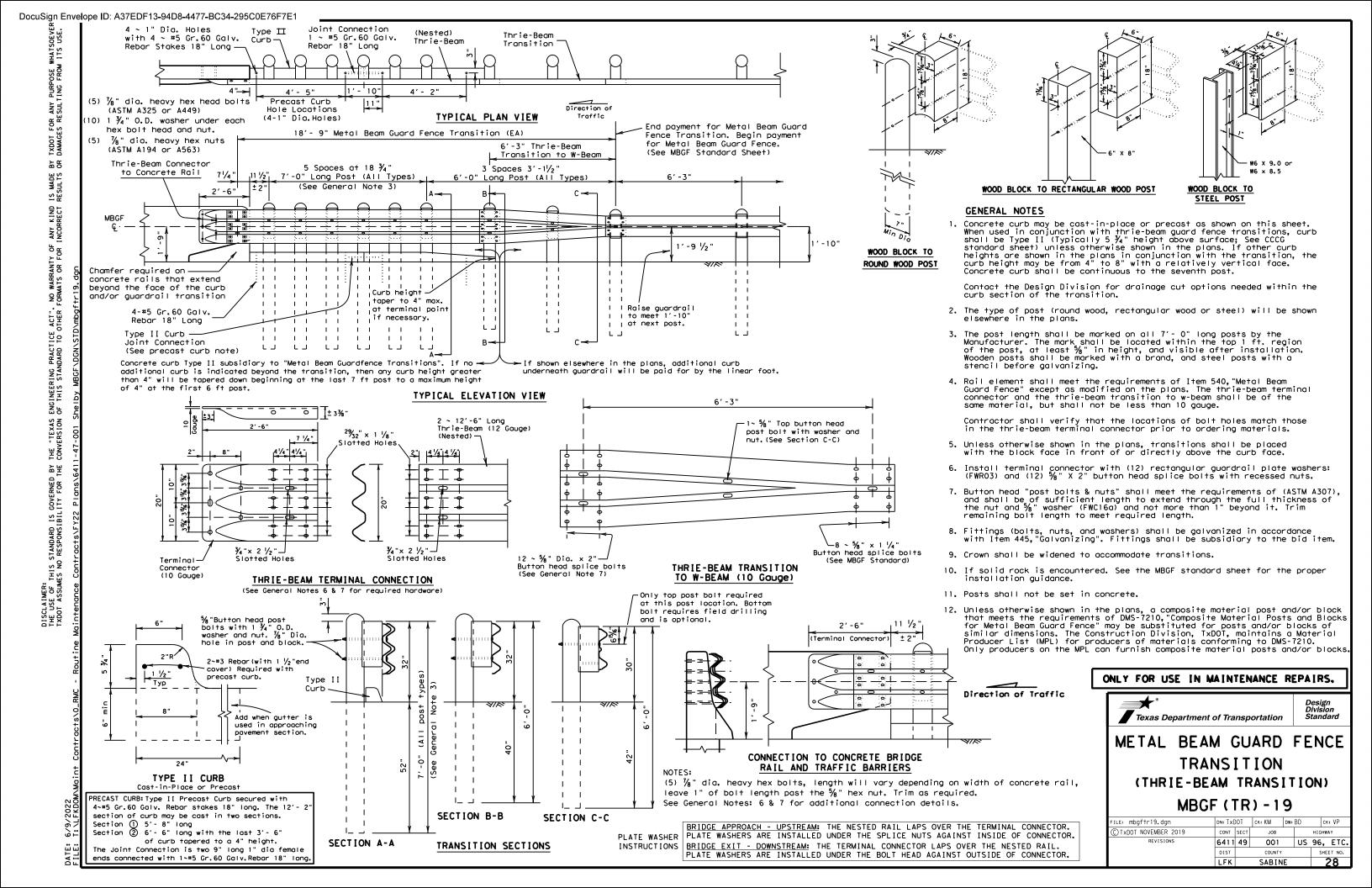


Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION (T101) (T101 BRIDGE RAIL)

MBGF (T101) - 19

FILE: mbgft10119.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: KM	DW:	BD ck: VP		κ : VP
© TxDOT NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6411	49	001	01 US 96,		ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	LFK		SARIN	F		T .	27



BOLTS COME WITH A RECCESSED NUT. SPLICE BOLT LENGTH FBB01 = 1 1/4 FBB02 = 2" POST & BLOCK LENGTH FBB03 = 10" FBBO4 = 18'BUTTON HEAD BOLT NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

── VARIES

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

SPLICE NO BOLT REQUIRED DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC %" X 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS. MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE DETAIL NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

SLAB IS 9" MIN. THICK. THREADED ANCHOR RODS MUST BE 1/8" DIA. ASTM A449 OR A193 GRADE B7 WITH HEAVY HEX NUT, AND ONE HARDENED WASHER EACH. EMBED ANCHOR RODS 6" WITH HILTI HIT RE 500 EPOXY ADHESIVE. OTHER TYPE III CLASS C EPOXY ADHESIVES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100. "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES". MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

LE: gf3119.dgn	DN: T×DOT		CK: KM DW:		DW: VP		GL/AG
TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	CT JOB HIGHWAY				YAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US 96, ETC		ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	Ε		29	9

NOTE: SEE GF (31) STANDARD FOR

NOTE: TOENAIL WITH ONE 16D GALV.
NAIL TO PREVENT BLOCK ROTATION.

8"

FINISHED
GRADE

(2) 3 ½" DIA.

HOLES

HOLES

CULVERT
HEADWALL

6'-0"

(6) CRT REQUIRED
SEE ELEVATION DETAIL FOR LOCATIONS

RECTANGULAR CRT POST

(6"X 8" X 6' LONG)

LATERAL OFFSET BETWEEN THE GUARDRAIL AND THE CULVERT HEADWALL

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF LINE POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF THE TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING."
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 12'- 6" OR 25'- 0" NOMINAL LENGTHS.
- 3. RAIL POST HOLES ARE OFFSET 3'- 1 ½" FROM STANDARD GUARDRAIL TO ACCOMMODATE THE MIDSPAN SPLICING.
- 4. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND \(\frac{5}{6}\)" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NO MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT.
- 5. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH,
- REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- FLAME CUTTING OF HOLES IN GUARDRAIL SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. IF YOU ENCOUNTER MIS-ALIGNED BOLT HOLES IN GUARDRAIL CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION & OPTIONS.

DN:T×DOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/AC

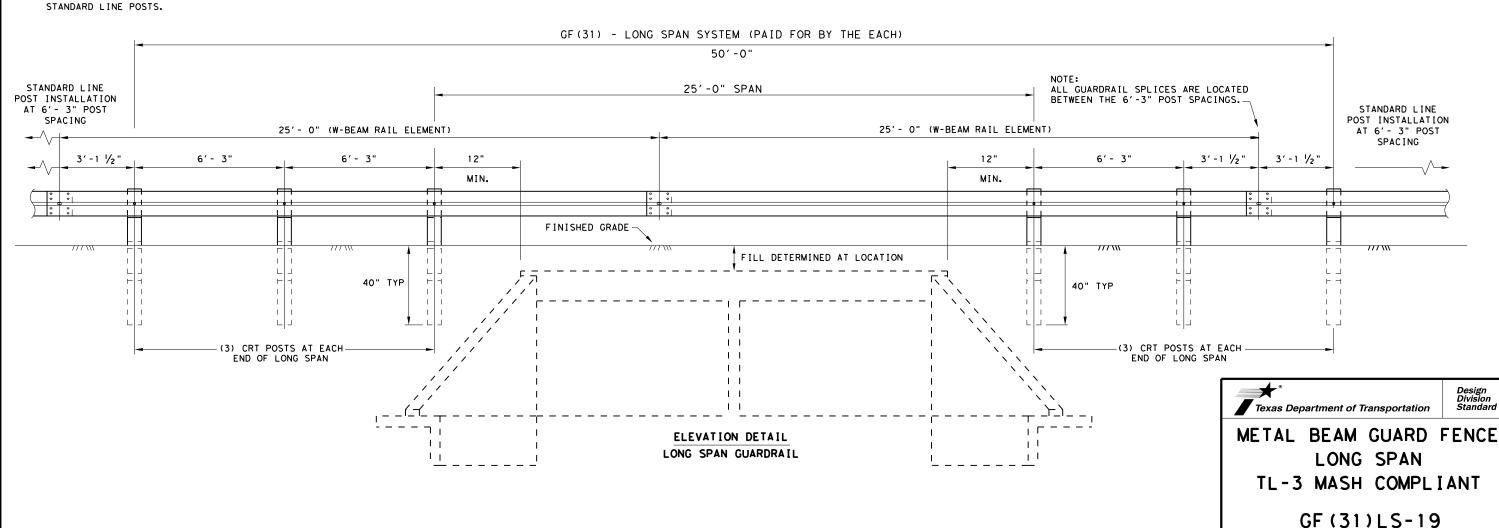
001 US 96, ETC

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

SABINE

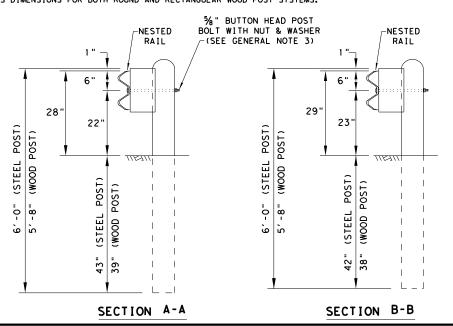
6411 49

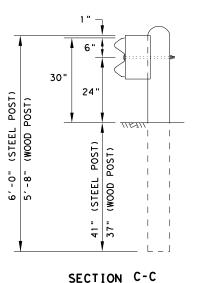
ILE: gf311s19.dgn

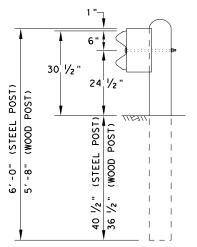


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING."
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'- 1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307 GR.A) SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT (ASTM A563) AND %" ROUND WASHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE 5%" X 1- 1/4" WITH 5/8" NUTS (ASTM A563).
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF THE TRANSITION.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION. TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 9. REFER TO STANDARD GF(31) AND APPLICABLE BRIDGE RAILING STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.





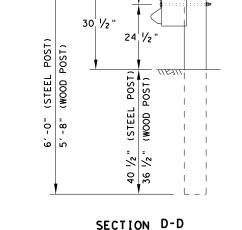


Texas Department of Transportation

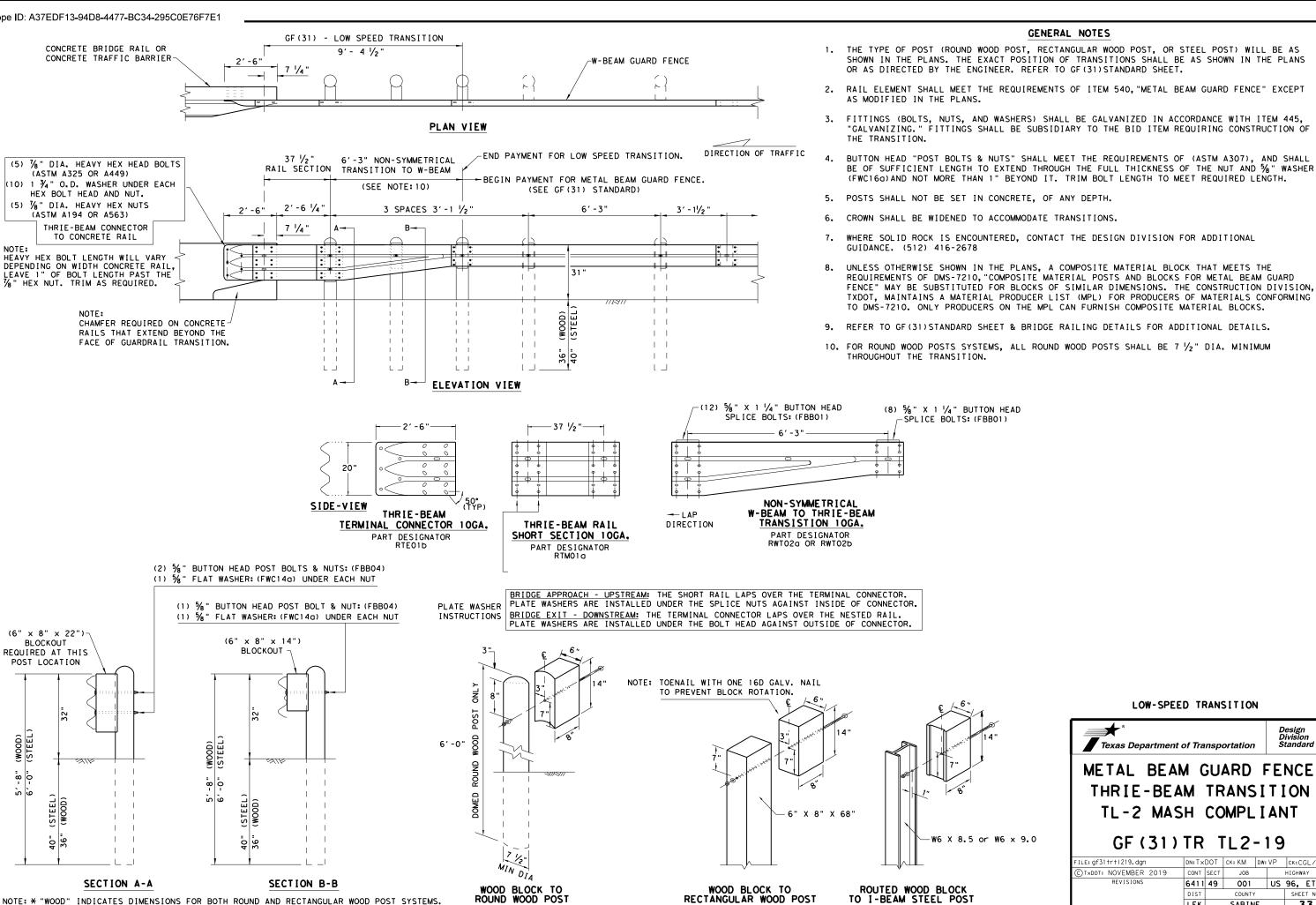
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE **TRANSITION** (T101)

GF (31) T101-19

LE: gf31+10119	DN: T×DOT		ck: KM	DW: VP		CK:CGL/AG	
TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	LFK SABINE				32		



NOTE: * "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.



LOW-SPEED TRANSITION



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-2 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL2-19

LE: gf31trt1219.dgn	DN: T×DOT		ck: KM	DW:	۷P	CK:CGL/A	
T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.	
	LFK		SABIN	Ε			33

GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST $\frac{1}{6}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/8" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2



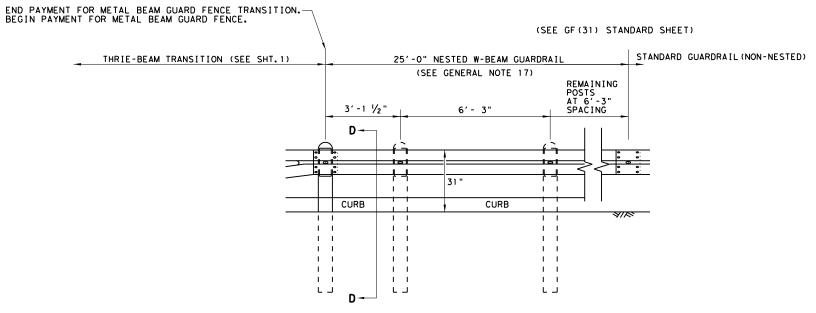
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

Standard

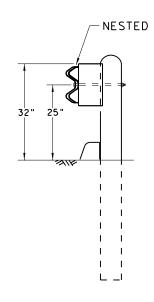
GF (31) TR TL3-20

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A ILE: gf31trt1320.dgn C)TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020 CONT SECT JOB 6411 49 001 US 96, ETC. SABINE

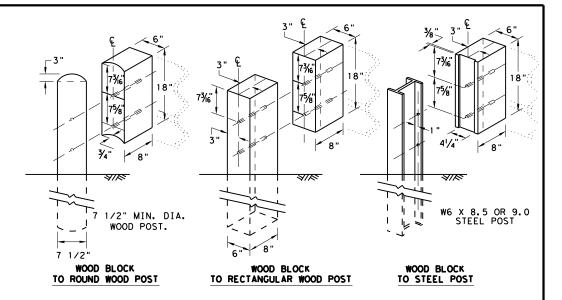
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

FILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	w: KM CK:CGL/		GL/AG
CTXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	ΥAΥ
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	E		3	5

ያ ፩

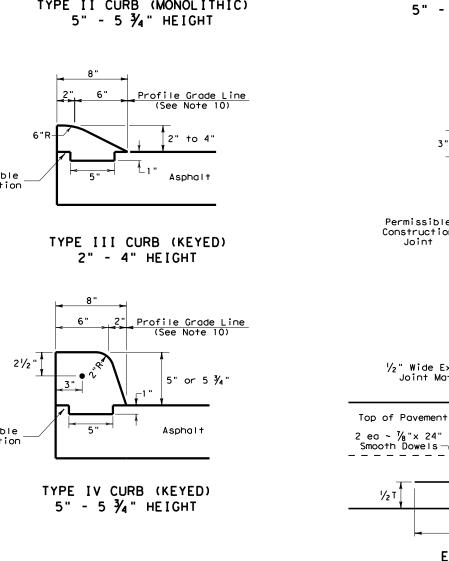
is mode results

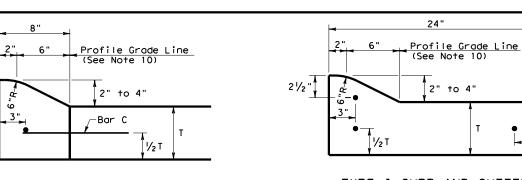
No warranty of any kind formats or for incorrect

"Texas Engineering Practice Act". rersion of this standard to other

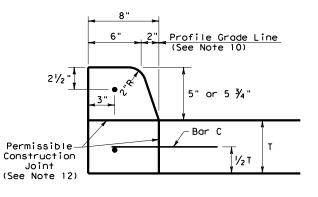
the con

this standard is governed by mes no responsibility for the





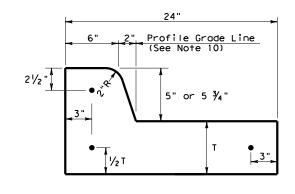
TYPE I CURB AND GUTTER TYPE I CURB 2" - 4" HEIGHT 2" - 4" HEIGHT



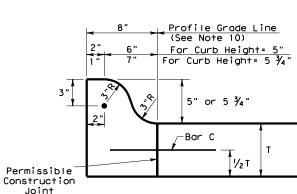
TYPE II CURB 5" - 5 ¾" HEIGHT

 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Wide Expansion

Joint Material



TYPE II CURB AND GUTTER 5" - 5 ¾" HEIGHT



TYPE IIO CURB 5" - 5 ¾" HEIGHT

┌Top of Curb

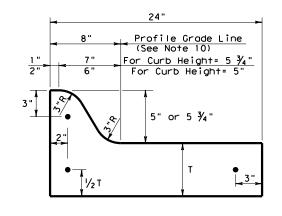
14"

EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

Use 2 layers of roofing felt

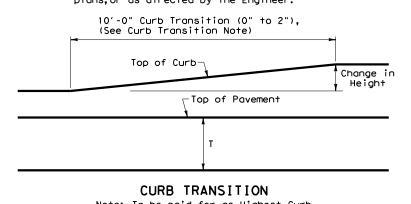
to wrap bars and plug end

11/2



TYPE IIO CURB AND GUTTER 5" - 5 ¾" HEIGHT

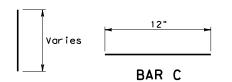
CURB TRANSITION NOTE: Field conditions may require a longer or shorter transition, and shall be shown elsewhere in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.



Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter.
- 2. Concrete shall be Class A.
- When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550. "Fibers for Concrete." and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications.
- Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
- 5. All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- 6. Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and the grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- 9. Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension 'T' is 8" maximum.
- 10. Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk
- 12. When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- 13. Bar B used as needed to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



BAR B



CONCRETE CURB AND CURB AND GUTTER

CCCG-21	
---------	--

FILE: cccq21.dqn	DN: TXE	nnτ	ck: AN	DW:	ςς.		ck: KM	
C)TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB	J	HIGHWAY			
DELLICIONO	6411	49	001		US	96	, E	rc.
	DIST COUNTY S			SHEET NO.		ю.		
	LEK SABINE				36			

TRAFFIC FLOW /

2'-7"

2'-7" ±

2'-0"

9¾"|9¾

4'-0"

PAD FLARE WIDTH VARIES WITH SYSTEM LENGTH

SECTION A-A

TEST

LEVEL

70

TL-3

TL-2

NOTE: The Stage System refers to number of replaceable

"sled sections" that could be replaced independently.

(WIDE)

FASTRACC

(4 Stage

System)

3 Stage

System)

SHORTRACC

(2 Stage

System)

2'-0"

TRAFFIC FLOW

1'-6"

2'-8"

-Epoxy Anchored

(5% " Dia. Hardware)

Cable not shown on this

side for clarity purposes -

0

0

Plastic

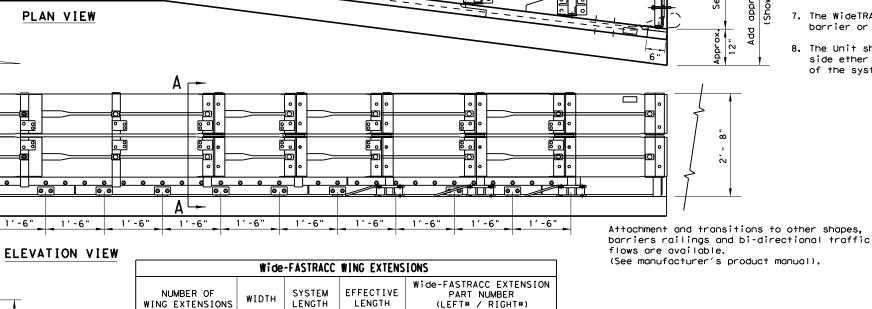
Nosepiece -

Reinforced

Concrete Pad



- 1. For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Trinity Highway at 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway - Dallas, TX 75207
- 2. Contact the company for: Custom widths from 31" up to 57" wide, and transition panels for bi-directional traffic applications.
- 3. Details of components for the WideTRACC, Backups and re-inforcing details will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawings furnished to the Engineer.
- Concrete shall be class "S" with a min. compressive strength 4.000 p.s.i.
- 5. If the cross-slope varies more than 2% over the length of the system, the concrete pad will require leveling. Maximum permissible
- 6. The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions.
- 7. The WideTRACC system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or & of merging barriers.
- 8. The Unit shown is flared on both sides, but can be flared on a single side ether left or right. The flares will effect the length and width of the system. (See Wing Extension Tables)



Effective Length (Varies) SYSTEM LENGTH: The number of (Stages / "Sled Sections") Varies with System Type and Backup Width

PAD LENGTH: Varies with System Type and Backup Width (See Wing Extension Tables)

0

0

O (BASE UNIT)

NUMBER OF

WING EXTENSIONS

O (BASE UNIT)

106"

WIDTH

46' -4"

EFFECTIVE

LENGTH

Wide-SHORTRACC WING EXTENSIONS

SYSTEM

LENGTH

30' - 4"

33941 / 33942 33943 / 33944 BACKUP SUPPORT OPTIONS 37' -6" 39' -10" 33947 / 33948 33949 / 33950 33951 / 33952 33953 / 33954 SQUARE CONCRETE BACKUP CONCRETE BARRIER (CTB) BACKUP 42' -2" 44' -5" 46' -9" SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER (SSCB) 33955 / 33956 GUARDRAIL BACKUP (BASE-PLATED POST) 49'-1" 51'-1' 33957 / 33958 CONSULT TRINITY SALES PERSON GUARDRAIL BACKUP (DRIVEN POST) Wide-TRACC WING EXTENSIONS TRANSITION OPTIONS Wide-TRACC EXTENSION NUMBER OF FEFFCTIVE SYSTEM PART NUMBER VERTICAL WALL WING EXTENSIONS LENGTH LENGTH (LEFT# / RIGHT#) MODIFIED (CTB) TO VERTICAL WALL O (BASE UNIT) CONCRETE BARRIER (CTB) 25′<u>-8"</u> 33941 / 33942 33943 / 33944 GUARDRAIL (W-BEAM) 33945 / 33946 33947 / 33948 GUARDRAIL (THRIE-BEAM) 34'-8'

33949 / 33950 33951 / 33952

CONSULT TRINITY SALES PERSON

Wide-SHORTRACC EXTENSION

PART NUMBER

33941 / 33942 33943 / 33944 33945 / 33946 33947 / 33948

33949 / 33950 33951 / 33952 33953 / 33954

33955 / 33956

CONSULT TRINITY SALES PERSON

FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSITION PANEL DETAILS (SEE MANUFACTORER'S PRODUCT MANUAL).

BACKUP AND TRANSITION TYPES ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS, (I.E. ATTENUATOR LOCATION DETAILS OR IN THE GENERAL NOTES).

ies) system ion Tabl

(Vari

Pad Width (x. 24 inches

FOUNDATION OPTIONS							
6"	REINFORCED CONCRETE						
8"	UNREINFORCED CONCRETE						
3"	MIN. ASPHALT OVER 3" MIN. CONCRETE						
6"	ASPHALT OVER 6" COMPACT SUBBASE						
8"	MINIMUM ASPHALT						

FOR STEEL PLACEMENT IN CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS,

FAST TRACC SHORT								
	TRACC		TRACC					
PART #	QTY	QTY	QTY					
25937A	1			WIDEFASTRACC UNIT ASSEMBLY				
25939A		1		WIDETRACC UNIT ASSEMBLY				
25997A			1	WIDESHORTRACC UNIT ASSEMBLY				
3310G	4	4	4	% " LOCKWASHER				
4372G	4	4	4	%" FLATWASHER				
4451G	4	4	4	5/8" DIA X 6" EXP. WEDGE ANCHOR				
6531B	1	1	1	PLASTIC NOSEPIECE				
6668B	4	4	4	REFLECTIVE SHEETING				
ANCHOR HARDWARE (CONCRETE BASE)								
5204B	72	50	18	5/8" DIA X 7-1/16" THD ANCHOR STUD				
4372G	72	50	18	5%8" FLATWASHER				
3310G	72	50	18	% " LOCKWASHER				
3361G	72	50	18	% " HEX NUT				
5206B	6	4	2	Adhesive, Hilti Hit HY-150				
	A	NCHOR	HARD	NARE (ASPHALT BASE)				
6380G	72	50	18	5% "Dia x 18" Thd Anchor Stud				
4372G	72	50	18	%" Flatwasher				
3310G	72	50	18	5%" Lockwasher				
3361G	72	50	18	% " HEX NUT				
5206B	15	11	4	ADHESIVE, HILTI HIT HY-150				
ANC	HOR H	ARDWA	RE (OPTIONAL ITEMS, AS NEEDED)				
5207B	A/R	A/R	A/R	NOZZLE,MIXER,HILTI HIT HY-150				
5208B	A/R	A/R	A/R	EXT. TUBE, MIXER, HILTI HIT HY-150				
5205B	A/R	A/R	A/R	DISPENSER GUN, HILTI HIT HY-150				
5209B	A/R	A/R	A/R	DRILL BIT, 1/16 ", HILTI SDS				



CRASH CUSHION (WIDE UNIT) TRACC(W) - 16

ı	FILE: traccw16.dgn DN: Tx)OT	ck: KM	DW:	۷P		CK:	: VP
	© TxDOT February 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		Y.	
	REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	,	ETC.
	REVISED 06, 2013 (VP) REVISED 03, 2016 (VP)	DIST		COUNTY		•	s	HEE	T NO.
ı	·	LFK		SABIN	E		3	37	,

REUSABLE

(SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL).

20A

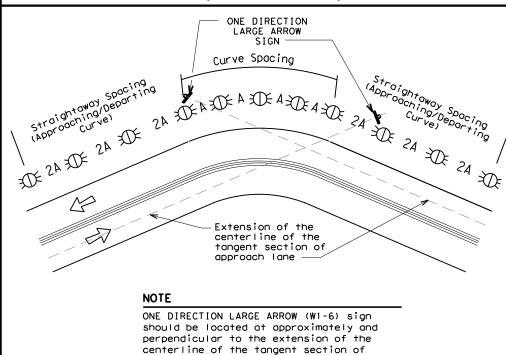
I FK

MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons				

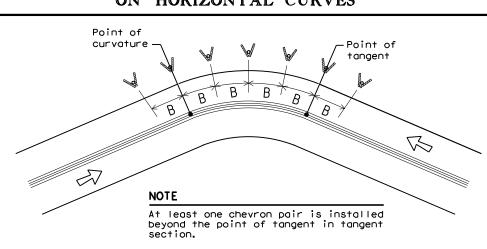
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

	OD OBJECT MARKER APPLI					
CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING				
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets				
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table				
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)				
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)				
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet				
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators				
Beam Guard Fence	Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	101 1000 1101 0 00111100101				
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max				
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)				
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)				
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)				
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end				
Culverts without MBGF	The Contract Markage	See D & OM (5)				
Culveris willion MbGr	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)				
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)				

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

NOTES

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

> **LEGEND** Bi-directional Delineator \Re Delineator Sign

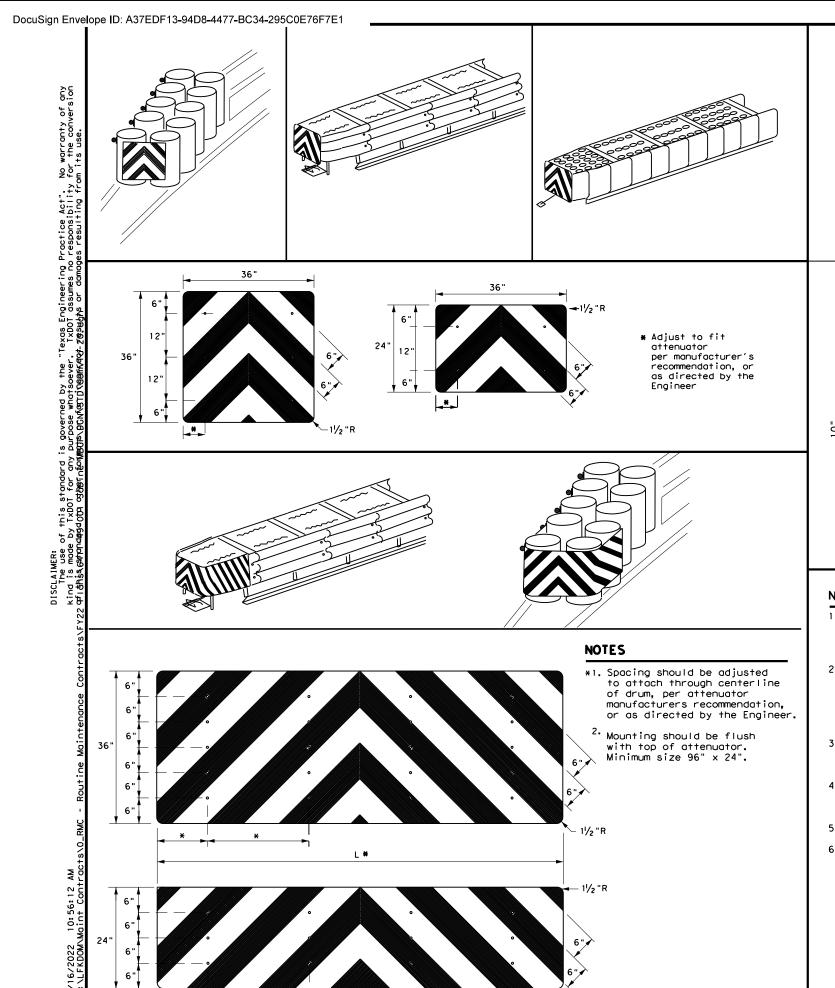


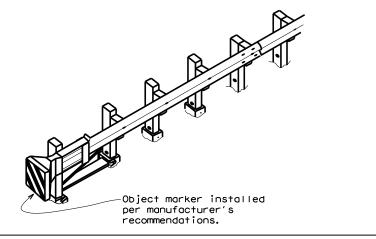
100 feet

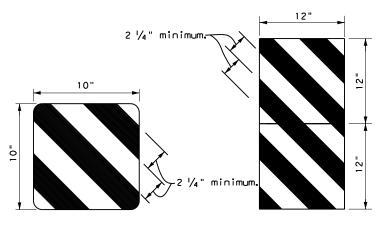
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

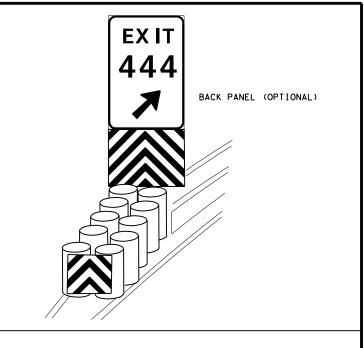
ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	-	ck: TXDOT
DTxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	, ETC.
1-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
1-15 7-20	LFK		SABIN	E			39

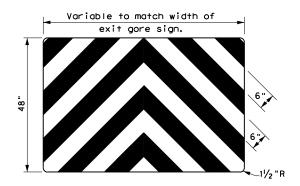






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of $2\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

	- TV	10 T	TVDOT		TVDAT	-		TVDAT
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TXI	JUT	ck: TXDOT	DW:	IXDO	l l	CK:	: TXDOT
© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWA	Y.
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96	,	ETC.
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			9	HEE	T NO.
4-98 7-20	LFK		SABIN	E			4	0

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	58" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	% " RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2) MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI -4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

ILE: sgt11s3118.dgn	DN: TxE	тос	CK: KM	DW: T×DO		: T×DOT CK	
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHV	NAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	Ε			42

WHA

FOR ANY PUF RESULTING F

MADE BY TXDOT F LTS OR DAMAGES F

OF ANY KIND IS INCORRECT RESUL

NO WARRANTY

"TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT" ERSIONOF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

దΞ

GOVERNED .ITY FOR T

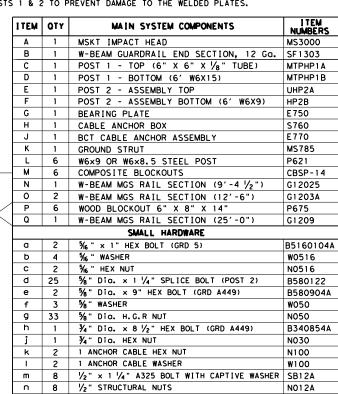
IS STANDARD IS NO RESPONSIBIL

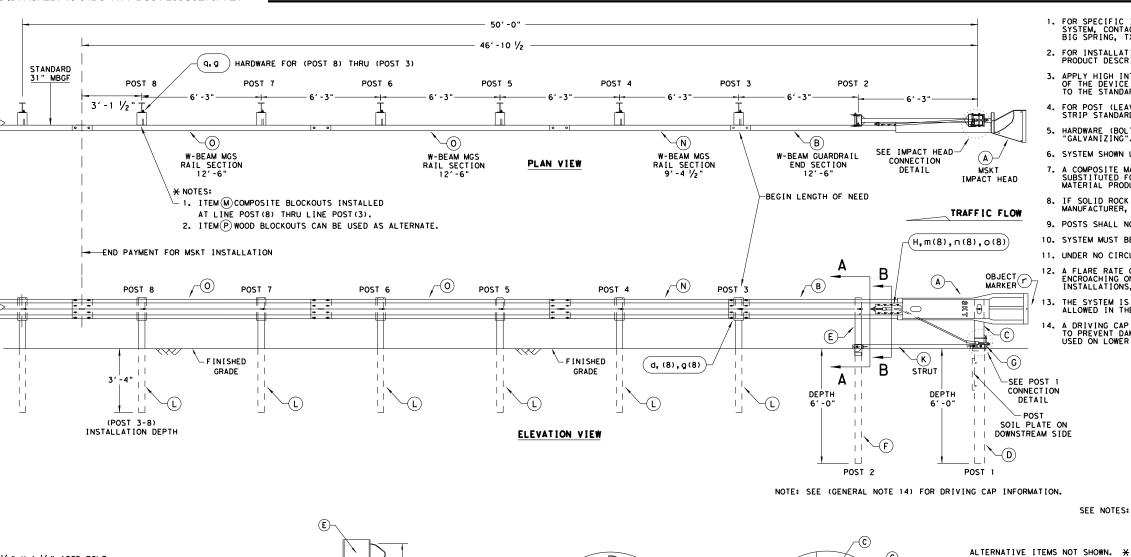
DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS TXDOT ASSUMES N

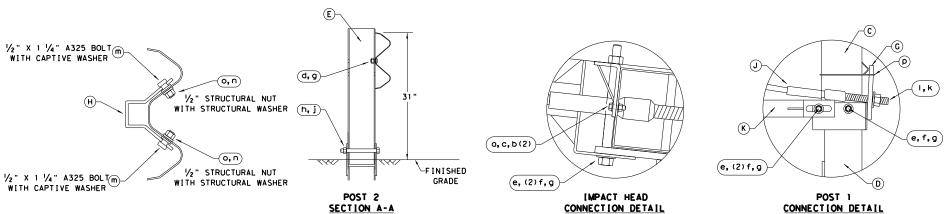
- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION \sim 062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.

SEE NOTES: *

- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.







50' APPROACH GRADING 5'-0' APPROX 5'-10" STANDARD 2'-0' -2'-0" APPROACH GRADING
(1V: 10H OR FLATTER) EDGE OF PAVEMENT RAIL OFFSET NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN)-(25:1 MAX SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL FLARE RATE) FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

TRAFFIC FLOW

* ITEM(P) 8" WOOD-BLOCKOUT

* * ITEM(Q) 25'GUARD FENCE PANEL

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

Texas Department of Transportation

O 8 1 1/6" O.D. × %6" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS

P 1 BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE

Q 6 %" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT

r 1 OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18'

Design Division Standard

W012A

CT-100S1

B581002

E3151

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

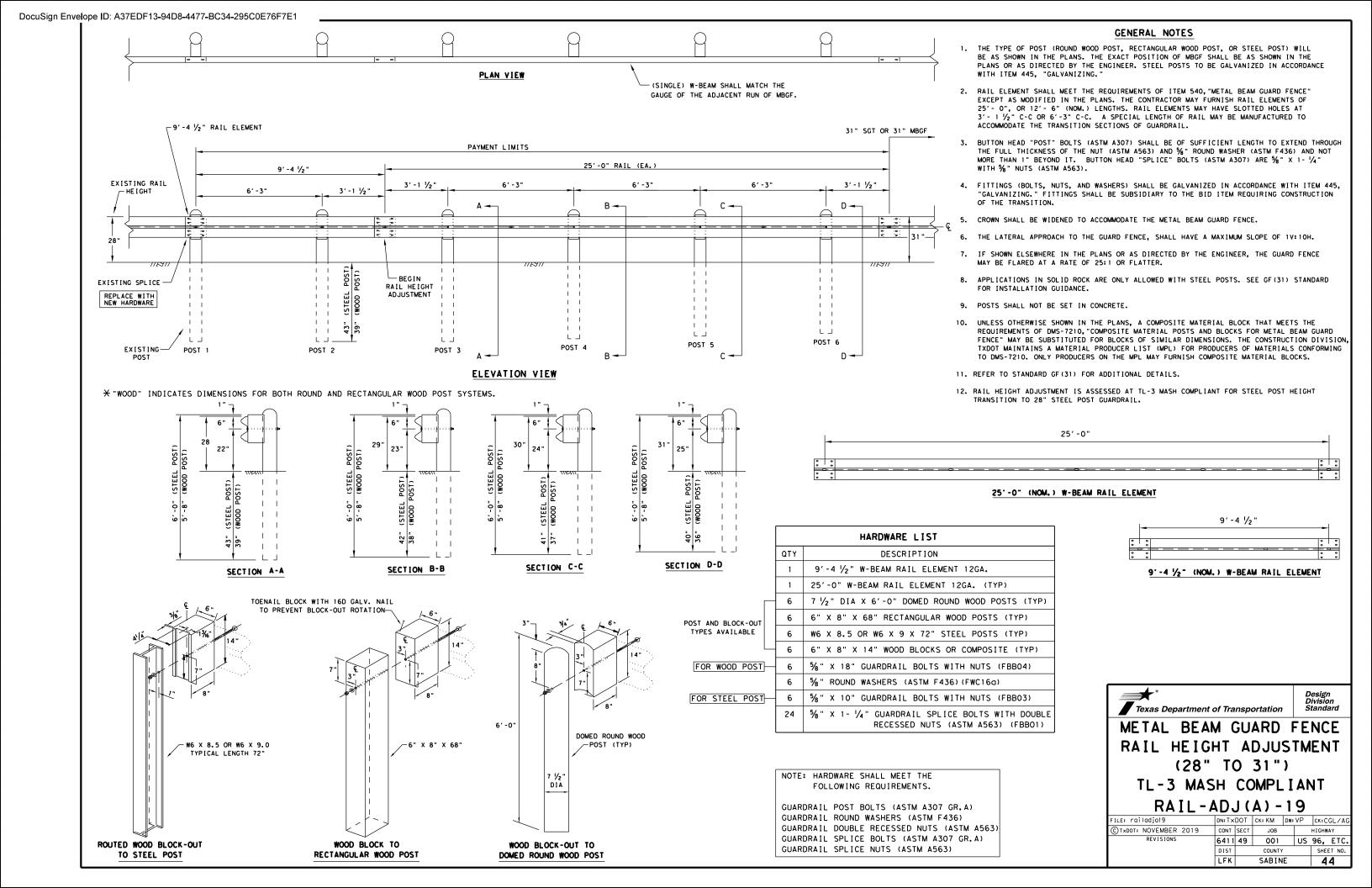
SGT (12S) 31-18

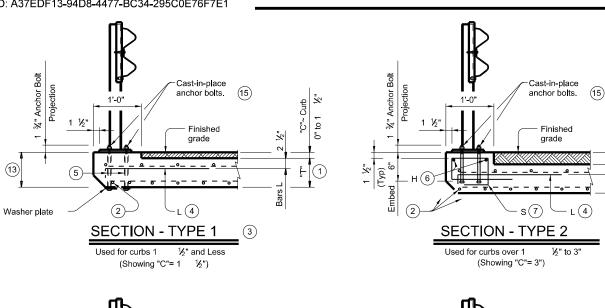
ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:Tx	DOT	ск:км	DW	v:VP CK		K:CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAWH
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	Ε			43

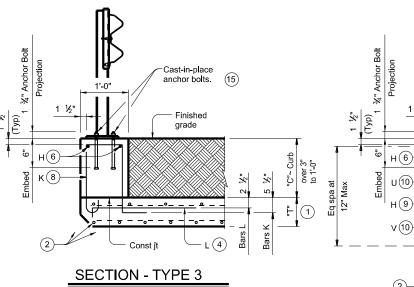
NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

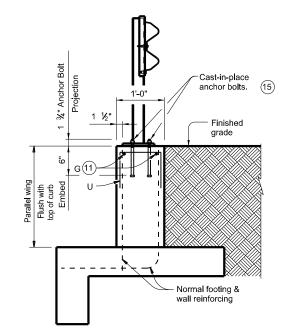
SECTION B-B

ANCHOR BRACKET









TYPICAL SECTION THRU PARALLEL WINGWALL

Use with all curb heights shown

Used for curbs over 3" to 1'-0

(Showing "C"= 1'-0")

Finished grade € %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for anchor installation

SECTION - TYPE 4

Used for curbs over 1'-0" to 5'-0

Cast-in-place

anchor bolts.

Finished

grade

(15)

OPTIONAL ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE

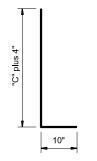
Optional adhesive anchor may replace cast-in-place anchor bolts for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls, Reinforcement for optional adhesive anchorage matches details shown for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls

- "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For precast boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD standard for additional details
- 2 Adjust normal culvert slab bars as necessary to clear obstructions.
- 3 Omit normal culvert curb Bars K and H.
- (4) Place Bars L as shown. Tilt hook as necessary to
- (5) 4 formed holes for anchor bolts at each rail post. See rail standard for information not shown
- 6 Place normal culvert curb Bars H (#4) as shown. Adjust as necessary to clear obstructions.
- 7 Omit normal culvert curb Bars K. Place Bars S as shown. Tilt Bars S as necessary to maintain cover.
- 8 Place normal culvert curb Bars K spaced at 12" Max as shown. Tilt Bars K as necessary to maintain cover. Refer to box culvert details sheets for Bars K details.
- 9 Additional Bars H (#4) as required to maintain 12" Max spa.
- At TYPE 4 mountings, replace normal culvert curb Bars K with one Bar U and two Bars V as shown spaced at 12" Max. Adjust length of Bars V as necessary to maintain clear cover.
- (11) Adjust parallel wing Bars G to positions shown.
- (12) Optional Bars L are to be used only for precast box culverts with 3'-0" closure pour.
- 13 If "T" plus "C" is greater than 8", provide reinforcement per TYPE 1 mounting and anchor bolts per TYPE 2 mounting.
- (14) Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per linear foot of curb length. The values for each section type in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of curb height, "C". Quantity includes Bars K (when applicable).
- (15) See "Cast-In-Place & Formed Hole Anchor Bolt Options".

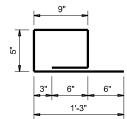
□ ¾" Dia heavy hex head

anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or

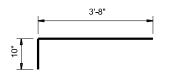
threaded rod (ATSM A193



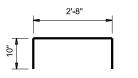
BARS V (#5) Spaced at 12" Max



BARS S (#4) Spaced at 12" Max



4 (12) BARS L (#5) Spaced at 12" Max



OPTIONAL (4)(12) BARS L (#5) Spaced at 12" Max



BARS U (#4) (10) Spaced at 12" Max

5'-0" CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

For vehicle safety, finished grade must be flush with top of curb. Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide 1 1/4" cover.

Height "C"

1 ½"

3"

6"

1'-0"

1'-6"

2'-0"

2'-6"

3'-0"

3'-6"

4'-0"

4'-6"

TABLE OF ESTIMATED **CURB QUANTITIES**

(CY/LF)

0.005

0.009

0.019

0.037

0.056

0.074

0.093

0,111

0.130

0.148

0.167

0.185

Section

Type

4

4

4

4

(14) Reint

(Lb/LF)

4.7

8.4

8.9

8.9

14.3

15.4

17.7

18.8

21,2

22.2

24.6

25.6

At the Contractor's option, anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide concrete for curb of the same Class and strength as the box culvert top slab.

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere

%" Dia ASTM F3125 Anchor bolts for base plate must be Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM

A563 requirements. %" Dia ASTM A193 Optional adhesive anchor system must be Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
See T631LS or T631 rail standard for approved speed

restrictions, notes and details not shown.

clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

The curb is considered as part of the box culvert for payment. These details are for use with curbs that are 5'-0" tall and less. only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

> The use of the T631LS rail is restricted to speeds of 45 mph or less.



Bridge Division Standard MOUNTING DETAILS FOR

TYPE T631LS & T631 RAILS

T631-CM

	•	UU	I-OIV	•				
: rlstd040-20.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	c	к: AES	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	VAY	
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETO	:
	DIST		COUNTY	,		SH	EET NO.	
	IEK		CADIN	ıE			15	Τ



(CURBS 5' TALL AND LESS ONLY)

CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

Applies to T631LS and T631 traffic rails

Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. Weld Flush or

Showing without overlay.

SABINE

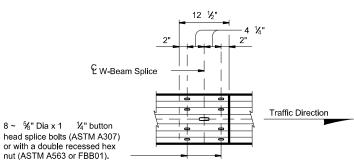
Showing without overlay

3'-1 1/3"

(Typ)

€ W-Beam Splice

W-Beam Splice 3'-1 1/3' 4 ¼" (Typ) (Typ) 8 Splice Holes (Typ)



(14)

25'-0" or 12'-6"

3'-1 1/5'

(Typ)

¾" x 2 ½" Slotted

W-BEAM ELEVATION

Holes (Typ)

W-BEAM SPLICE ELEVATION

Base PL %x8x8 (ASTM A529 Gr 55 **-** 2 s3 x 5.7 or A572 Gr 50). (ASTM A992) Θ %" Dia Holes front flange Θ 2 Traffic ₽ ¾"x1" %6" Dia Holes front flange Slotted Holes ΗŒΉ only. SECTION A-A -S3 x 5 7 (ASTM-A992) PL 1/4 x 6 3/4 x 8 (ASTM A36) \oplus Θ O ¹2 11/₁₆" Dia Holes Base PL %x8x8 (ASTM A529 Gr 55 or A572 Gr 50). POST ELEVATION WASHER PLATE DETAIL

□ %" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or threaded rod (ATSM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. Tack Weld

CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

- (9) See "Rail Details On Bridge Slab" and/or "Rail Section On Abutment Wingwall".
- (10) See "Material Notes" for anchor bolt information.
- 11) Backer PL 1/8 x 8 x 1'-3" (ASTM A1011 CS or SS Gr 33, or A1008 CS or SS Gr 33 (11 Gage acceptable)).
- (12) Used for structures with overlay.
- 13 Used for structures without overlay.
- 14 At the nominal end of the bridge rail for payment, one 9'-4 or 6'-3" W-beam section is permitted in order to achieve the required W-Beam splice location on the MBGF.

Backer PL (11)-**PLAN** O € %" Dia Holes

ELEVATION

BACKER PLATE

MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is 25' of MBGF plus the appropriate end treatment.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than $\frac{1}{16}$ " exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail. At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately 1/16" by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be %" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" (Nominal) length.

W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to

Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for guick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:

This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater.

This rail is designed to deflect approximately 4' to 4'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 20 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T631

FILE: rlstd038-20.dgn	DN: TxD	OT	ск: AES	DW:	JTR	C	к: AES
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
07-20: Allowing 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" W-Beam sections.	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			47

MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT; or DAT plus 12.5' of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail."

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than V_6 " exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail. At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately $\frac{1}{6}$ by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES:

ASTM A563 requirements.

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be %" Dia ASTM F3125
Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105
threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one
hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer
placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 ¾". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" (Nominal) length.

W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 ½".

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:

This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

This rail is designed to deflect approximately 2' to 2'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

and base plate unit. Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2



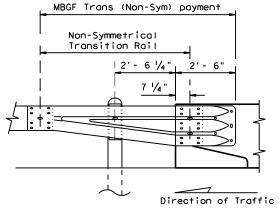
TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T631LS

111 2 100120							
FILE: rlstd037-20.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: AES	DW:	JTR	С	k: AES
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		VAY				
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
07-20: Allowing 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" W-Beam sections.	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	LFK		SABIN	ΙE			49

- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends
- specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate

- construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained
- flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge



All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.



BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

FILE: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: AM	DW:	DW: BD/VP		ow: BD/VP ck: CG		ck: CGL
CTxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY		
REVISIONS REVISED APRIL 2014	6411	49	001		US	96,	, ETC.		
EE (MEMO 0414)	DIST	COUNTY		SI	SHEET NO.				
	LFK		SABIN	E			51		

End of

¾" Clip

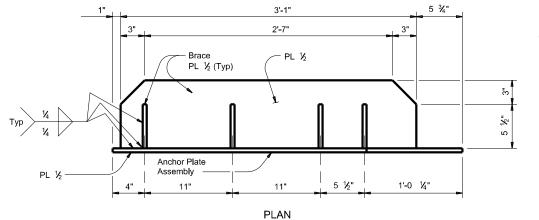
Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector

PL 1/2

¾" Clip

Shown after removal of existing MBGF Transition connector and prior to coring new bolt holes

Bridge Rail



3'-7 ¾"

2'-7 3/4"

Anchor Plate

Assembly

1'-8 ¾"

Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

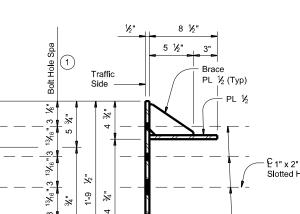
Approach (typ)

Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

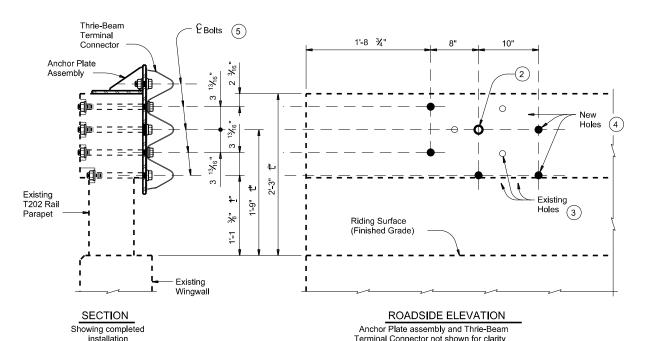
Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

LOCATION DETAILS



SECTION A-A



DETAILS OF BOLTS AND HOLES

S AND HOLES

BRACE PLATE DETAILS

ANCHOR PLATE DETAILS

1'-0"

Ф.

Anchor Plate shown is detailed for one end of one side of rail only. For other side. Anchor Plate must be built opposite hand.

EXISTING PARAPET

ANCHOR PLATE PLACEMENT

ROADSIDE ELEVATION

INSTALLATION DETAILS

This sheet is intended as a guide in preparing job-specific details to retrofit existing T202 rails with a Thrie-Beam terminal connector. This sheet may not be used without modification. The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing conditions are not covered. In all cases, details and notes not required are to be removed or crossed out, "(MOD)" added, and the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed from the title block, This sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered Professional Engineer. The effective height of the existing rail (at the Anchor Plate location) above the finished riding surface, as seen by an errant vehicle, must be between 2-2" and 2"-4". Alternate methods of retrofit must be used for effective heights beyond these limits. Dimensions of existing rail height (traffic side) should be shown. Particular care should be taken in identifying existing rail conditions and providing for proper Anchorage Plate and MBGF transition positioning.

£ 1" Dia

Holes 1

The Contractor must verify that locations of bolt holes match those in the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector to be installed in that location prior to fabrication of the Anchor Plate assembly and prior to coring bolt holes in the existing T202 parapet.

2 If the existing holes are aligned as expected, use the indicated existing 1" diameter hole in the installation of the Anchor Plate assembly and the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector.

(3) If the existing holes are not aligned as expected, holes that cannot be utilized in the installation and are within 3" of a new bolt hole must be filled with epoxy grout prior to coring new holes.

Drill new 1" diameter holes, each with a 2 ½" diameter x 1" deep recess, through existing railing parapet. Recesses are only required when pedestrian sidewalks are adjacent to back of rail unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Holes should be perpendicular to the roadside face of the parapet. Drill holes and recesses with coring type equipment. Percussion drilling is not allowed. Patch spalls, when directed by the Engineer, in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair", at the contractor's expense.

5 7 ~ 1/8" diameter ASTM F3125 Gr A325 Hex Head Anchor Bolts each with 2 ~ 1 3/4" O.D. washers. Place washer under each head and nut. Provide bolts of sufficient length to extend a minimum of 1/8" beyond nut. Cut excess bolt length and paint cut surface with zinc-rich paint if directed by the Engineer.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering materials. Plugging of newly exposed existing bolt holes is not necessary except as stated here in or otherwise indicated on the plans. This work is considered subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Attach the MBGF Transition to the existing parapet using the Anchor

Attach the MBGF Transition to the existing parapet using the Anchor Plate assembly and the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection. Splice the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection to the Thrie-Beam with the normal 12 connection bolts. Refer to Metal Beam Guard Fence Transition and Metal Beam Guard Fence detail sheets for additional details and information not shown berein.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Fabricate Anchor Plate assembly with steel conforming to either ASTM A36 or A572 Gr 50. Anchor Plate assembly must be free of burrs, sharp edges and weld splatter. Grind edges and corners to a \mathcal{H}_6 " flat or radius. Hot-dip galvanize Anchor Plate assembly in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers must conform to Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

GENERAL NOTES:

These details are for retrofitting existing rails only, not new construction, with a Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection. Shop drawings are not required for this installation. Payment for materials, fabrication, and installation of this assembly are to be included in unit price bid in accordance with Item 540 "Mtl Bm Gd Fen Trans (Anchor Plate)".

Estimated weight of a single Anchor Plate assembly, including bolts, nuts, and washers, but not including the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector = 190 Lbs.



Division Standard

T202 TRANSITION RETROFIT GUIDE

(NOT TO BE USED AS A STANDARD)

T202TR

ILE: rlstd026-19.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW: T	xDOT	СК	: TxDOT
CTxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	'AY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY SHEE		EET NO.			
	I FK		SABIN	F		- 6	52

Thrie-Beam

Terminal Connector

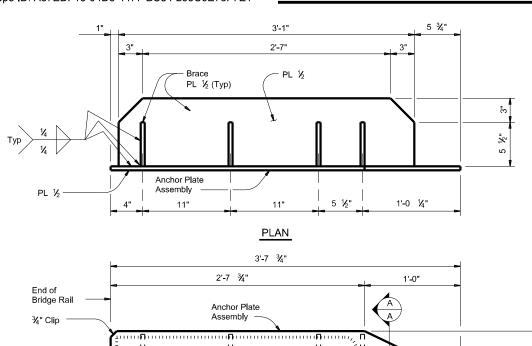
PL 1/2

¾" Clip

Shown after removal of existing

prior to coring new bolt holes

MBGF Transition connector and



Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

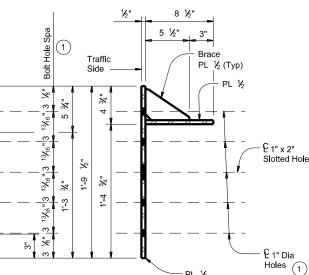
Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

Approach Typ

Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

Anchor Plate (opposite hand)

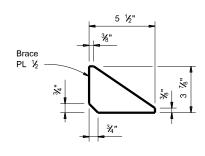
LOCATION DETAILS



SECTION A-A

Thrie-Beam P_{Bolts} (5) Terminal 1'-8 3/4" Anchor Plate Assembly 0 Holes (4) Existing T2/T201 Rail Riding Surface (3) (Finished Grade) Existing SECTION ROADSIDE ELEVATION

THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS



Showing completed

(1)

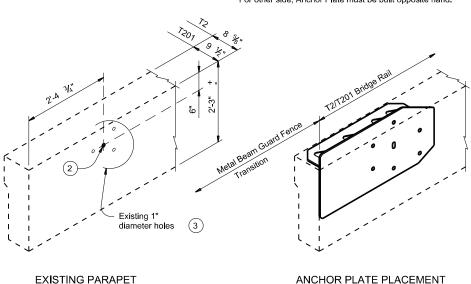
BRACE PLATE DETAIL

3/," O D

ANCHOR PLATE DETAILS

Anchor Plate shown is detailed for one end of one side of rail only. For other side. Anchor Plate must be built opposite hand.

Ф.



INSTALLATION DETAILS

ROADSIDE ELEVATION

1'-8 ¾"

This sheet is intended as a guide in preparing job-specific details to retrofit existing T2 or T201 rails with a Thrie-Beam terminal connector. This sheet may not be used without modification. The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing conditions are not covered. In all cases, details and notes not required are to be removed or crossed out, "(MOD)" added, and the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed from the title block, This sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered Professional Engineer. The effective height of the existing rail (at the Anchor Plate location) above the finished riding surface, as seen by an errant vehicle, must be between 2"-2" and 2"-4" Alternate methods of retrofit must be used for effective heights beyond these limits. Dimensions of existing rail height (traffic side) should be shown. Particular care should be taken in identifying existing rail conditions and providing for proper Anchorage Plate and MBGF transition positioning.

- The Contractor must verify that locations of bolt holes match those in the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector to be installed in that location, prior to fabrication of Anchor Plate assembly and prior to coring bolt holes in the existing T2/T201 parapet.
- (2) If the existing holes are aligned as expected, use the indicated existing 1" diameter hole in the installation of the Anchor Plate assembly and the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector.
- (3) If the existing holes are not aligned as expected, holes that cannot be utilized in the installation and are within 3" of a new bolt hole must be filled with epoxy grout prior to coring new holes.
- 4 Drill new 1" diameter holes, each with a 2 ½" diameter x 1" deep recess, through existing railing parapet. Note that recesses are only required when pedestrian sidewalks are adjacent to back of rail unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Holes should be perpendicular to the roadside face of the parapet. Drill holes and recesses with coring type equipment. Percussion drilling is not allowed. Patch spalls, when directed by the Engineer, in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair", at the Contractor's expense.
- 5 7 ~ ½" diameter ASTM F3125 Gr A325 Hex Head Anchor Bolts each with 2 ~ 1 washers. Place washer under each head and nut. Provide bolts of sufficient length to extend a minimum of ½" beyond nut. Cut excess bolt length and paint cut surface with zinc-rich paint if directed by the Engineer.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering materials

Anchor Plate assembly and Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector not shown for clarity

On T2 rail remove any MBGF (W-beam) and attachment hardware, from the face of rail if present, prior to installation of new MBGF Transition. Dispose of these materials as directed by the Engineer. Plugging of newly exposed existing bolt holes is not necessary except as stated here in or otherwise indicated on the plans. This work is considered subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Attach the MBGF Transition to the existing parapet using the Anchor Plate assembly and the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection. Splice the Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection and Thrie-Beam with the normal 12 connection bolts, Refer to Metal Beam Guard Fence Transition and Metal Beam Guard Fence detail sheets for additional details and information not shown herein.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Fabricate Anchor Plate assembly with steel conforming to either ASTM A36 or A572 Gr 50. Anchor Plate assembly must be free of burrs, sharp edges and weld splatter. Grind edges and corners to a $\ensuremath{V_6}^{\text{H}}$ flat or radius. Hot-dip galvanize Anchor Plate assembly in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers must conform to Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

GENERAL NOTES:

These details are for retrofitting existing rails only, not new construction, with a Thrie-Beam Terminal Connection.
Shop drawings are not required for this installation.
Payment for materials, fabrication, and installation of this assembly are to be included in unit price bid in accordance with Item 540 "Mtl Bm Gd Fen Trans (Anchor Plate)".
Estimated weight of a single Anchor Plate assembly, including

bolts, nuts, and washers, but not including the Thrie-Beam
Terminal Connector = 190 Lbs.



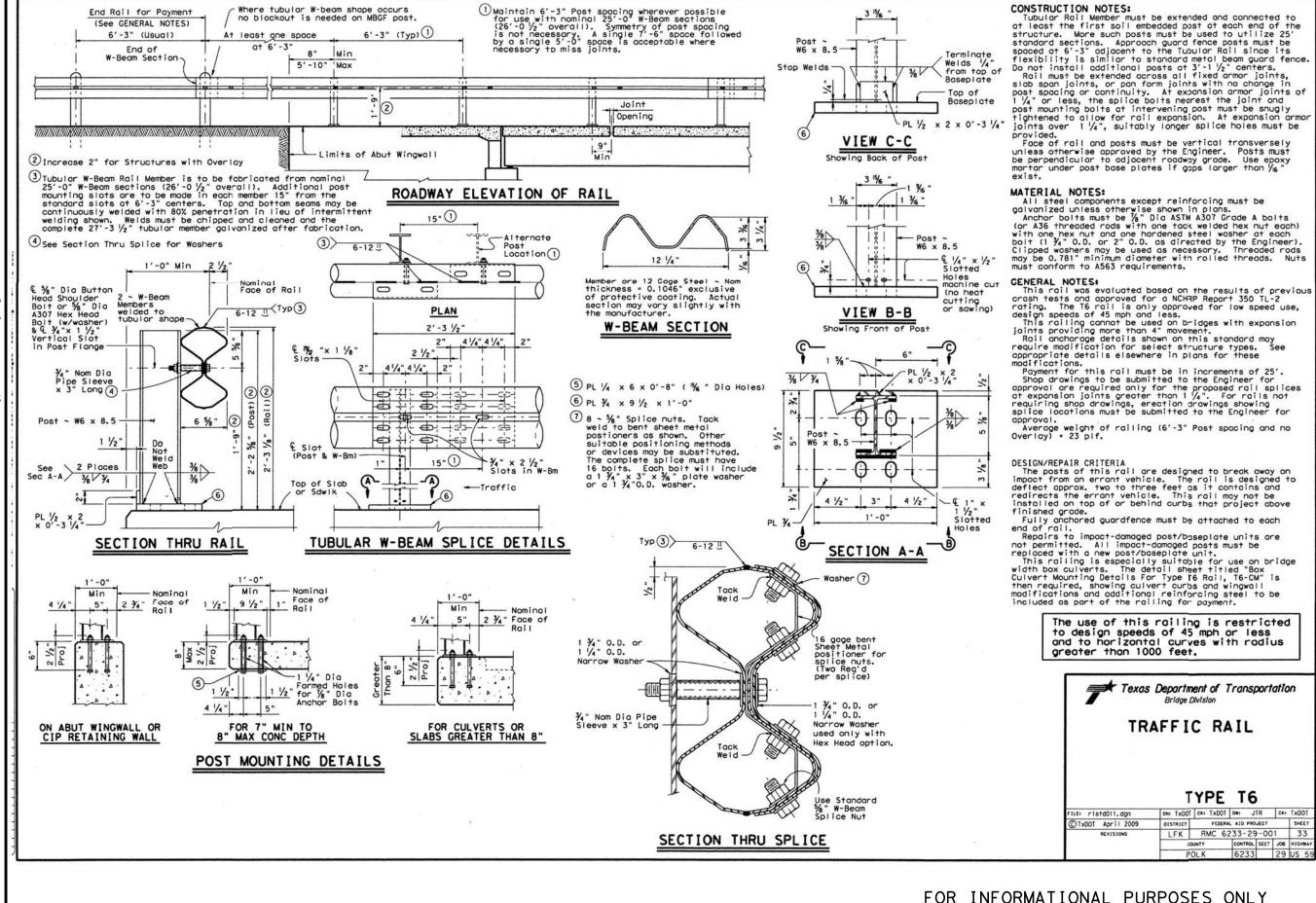
T2/T201 TRANSITION

RETROFIT GUIDE

(NOT TO BE USED AS A STANDARD)

T2/T201TR

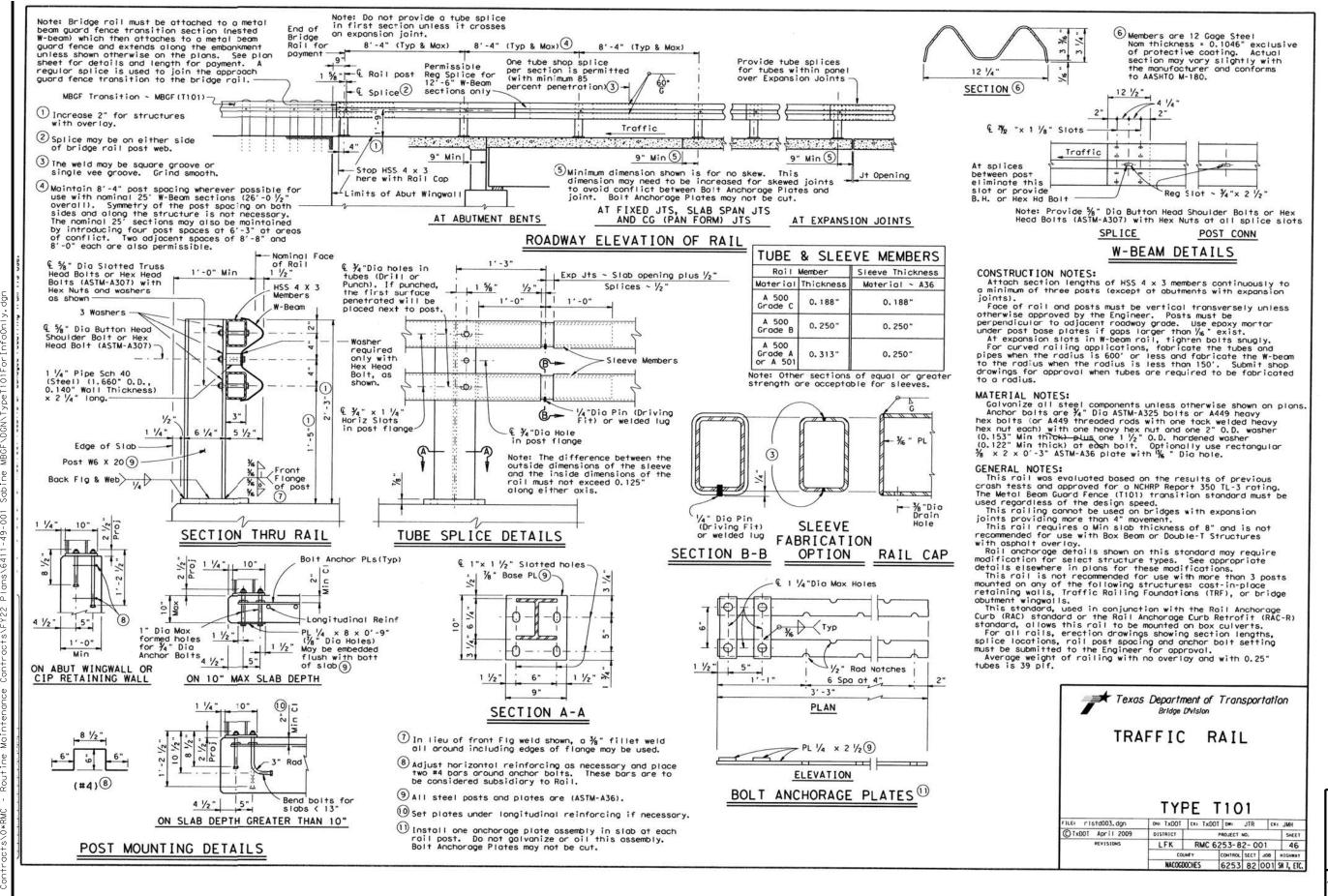
ILE: rlstd025-19.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW: 1	TxDOT	С	k: TxDOT
C)TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	/AY
REVISIONS	6411	49	001		US	96,	ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY SHEET			EET NO.		
	LFK		SABIN	ΙE		- 1	53



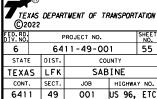
"AS BUILT" TYPE T6

33

©20			TMENT OF TH	RANSPORT	TATION				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.							
6		64	11-49-00	54					
STATE	:	DIST.	col						
TEXA	S	LFK	SAB						
CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.				
641	1	49	001	US 96.	ETC.				



"AS BUILT"
TYPE T101



SHEET 1 OF 3

"AS BUILT"
TYPE T101RC
(MOD)

FEO. 8D	TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ©2022											
STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS LFK SABINE CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.	FED. RD. DIV. NO.											
TEXAS LFK SABINE CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.	6		6411-49-001 56									
CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.	STATE	:	DIST.	COUNTY								
	TEXA	S	LFK	SAB	SABINE							
6411 49 001 US 96, FTC	CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.						
0 10 00 00 2.0	641	1	49	001	US 96,	ETC						

SHEET 2 OF 3

"AS BUILT"
TYPE T101RC
(MOD)

	TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ©2022								
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	ED. RD. IV. NO. PROJECT NO.							
	6		57						
	STATE	: -	DIST.	coı					
	TEXAS CONT.		LFK	SAB					
			SECT.	JOB	Y NO.				
	641	1	49	001	US 96.	ETC			

SHEET 3 OF 3

"AS BUILT"
TYPE T101RC
(MOD)

| COUNTY | TEXAS | DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION | COUNTY | TEXAS | LFK | SABINE | CONT. | SECT. | JOB | HIGHWAY NO. | G411 | 49 | O01 | US 96, ETC

DISCLAIMER:	The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any	kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion
		:06 AM

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or General (applies to all projects): TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Item 506. ☐ No Action Required List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. Required Action No Action Required Required Action 1. The proposed work of this project consists of metal beam guardf fence at various locations in Sabine County. This activity maintains the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, and original purpose of the site. Therefore, this project meets the definition of a routine maintenance activity as defined in the TPDES General Permit No. TXR150000 issued March 5, 2018 and TCEQ's TPDES CGP does not apply. of all product spills. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. * Undesirable smells or odors Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162 * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1. N/A II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. the following permit(s): Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. No Permit Required 1. In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), ROW clearing activities wetlands affected) shall be conducted outside of the nesting season (March 15 to September 1 In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountersbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. ☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) contact the area engineer prior to conducting work. ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# 2. Red-cockaded Woodpecker (federally listed endangered species) habitat adjacent to the ROW along (enter road here). Conservation measures have been No Action Required agreed upon by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and TxDOT to ensure Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to. location in project that the proposed action will not adversely affect the red-cockaded woodpecker. Action No. and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation The conservation measures below must be followed in order to be in compliance with and post-project TSS. 1. NO WORK shall be performed at the below limits from April 1 to July 31. 2. Work shall begin one hour after sunrise and cease one hour before sunset. 3. No STOCKPILES or EQUIPMENT STORAGE shall be allowed along or within the ROW along SH 87, FM 2426 and FM 2343 VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES - On SH 87 from .75 mile south of FM 3315 to the Newton County line - On FM 2426 from 2.8 miles east of FM 1 to 8.1 miles east of FM 1 The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work - On FM 2343 from 1.5 mile south of SH 87 to 2.15 miles south of SH 8 ☐ No Action Required to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. 3. Texas golden gladecress (federally listed endangered species) critical habitatAction No. present within the ROW along SH 21. The conservation measure below must be Best Management Practices: followed in order to be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act: prior to starting work. Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS 1. NO STOCKPILES or EQUIPMENT STORAGE shall be allowed within the ROW Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips along SH 21 from 0.57 mile east of FM 330 to 1.63 miles east of FM 330. ☐ Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems 2. NO EQUIPMENT or VEHICLES shall leave the pavement on SH 21 from 0.57 mile ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Mulch Extended Detention Basin east of FM 330 to 1.63 miles east of FM 330. Sand Bag Berm ☐ Sodding Constructed Wetlands Straw Bale Dike ■ Wet Basin Interceptor Swale LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Erosion Control Compost Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Sediment Basins Grassy Swales Notice of Termination Threatened and Endangered Species Nationwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

NOI: Notice of Intent

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered

Required Action

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

Required Action

1. If work is located within the Sabine National Forest, notify the National Forest

Texas Department of Transportation

EPIC

(ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS)

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: IXDOI		CK: RG DW:		VP		CK: AR	
ℂTxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		Y.
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	6411	49	001		US	96	,	ETC.
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	LFK		SABIN	E			5	9