DocuSign Envelope ID: E927F6DD-3061-4ED7-8892-D07E930205E3

INDEX OF SHEETS

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET No.

Т 2

STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

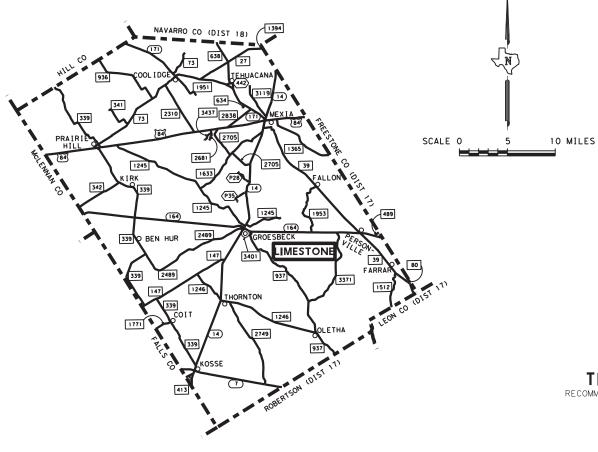
PLANS OF PROPOSED

HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

TYPE OF WORK:

BRIDGE BEAM REPAIR

PROJECT No.:	RMC 639448001
HIGHWAY No.:	SH 7
LIMITS OF WORK:	LIMESTONE COUNTY



AREA ENGINEER RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: April, 13, 2022 DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: DocuSigned by: Stanley S 4/14/2022 wiatek DISERGETZGENGENEER

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD: NONE

Texas Departmei C 2022 Transportation All Rights Reserved

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND PROVISIONAL ITEMS INCLUDED HEREIN, SHALL GOVERN THIS PROJECT.

OQ×

MAINTENANCE PROBLET NO. SHEEP NO.					
RMC 639448001 1					
DRAFT	STATE	DISTRICT COUNTY			
DL	TEXAS	WACO	LIMEST	ONE	
CHECK	CONT SE	CT JOE	B HIGHW	AY No.	
MD	6394 4	8 00	1 SH	7	
AREA OF [DISTURBED S	50IL = 0.C	000 ACRES		

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

HEETS\TITLE_LIMESTONE.

T×DOT f+ / in.

	SHEET	DESCRIPTION	SHEET	DESCRIPTION	SHEET
		I. GENERAL		IV. RETAINING WALL DETAILS	
	1 2	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS	-	NONE	-
	- 3 4 - 4C	PROJECT LAYOUT GENERAL NOTES		V. DRAINAGE DETAILS	
	5 6	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET SUMMARY SHEET	-	NONE	-
		II. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN		<u>VI. UTILITIES</u>	
		STANDARDS	-	NONE	34
	7 - 18	# BC (1) THRU (12) - 21		VII. BRIDGES	54
1	9 - 21	# TCP (2-1) THRU (2-3) - 18		VII. DRIDGES	
	22	# WZ (RS) - 22	23 - 33	BEAM REPAIR DETAIL SHEETS	35 - 44

III. ROADWAY DETAILS

NONE



STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH (*) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Mort 1. Doris P.E. 04/12/2022 DATE

DESCRIPTION

VIII. TRAFFIC ITEMS

NONE

IX. RAILROAD ITEMS

NONE

X. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

STANDARDS

EC (1) - 16

WACO DISTRICT STANDARDS

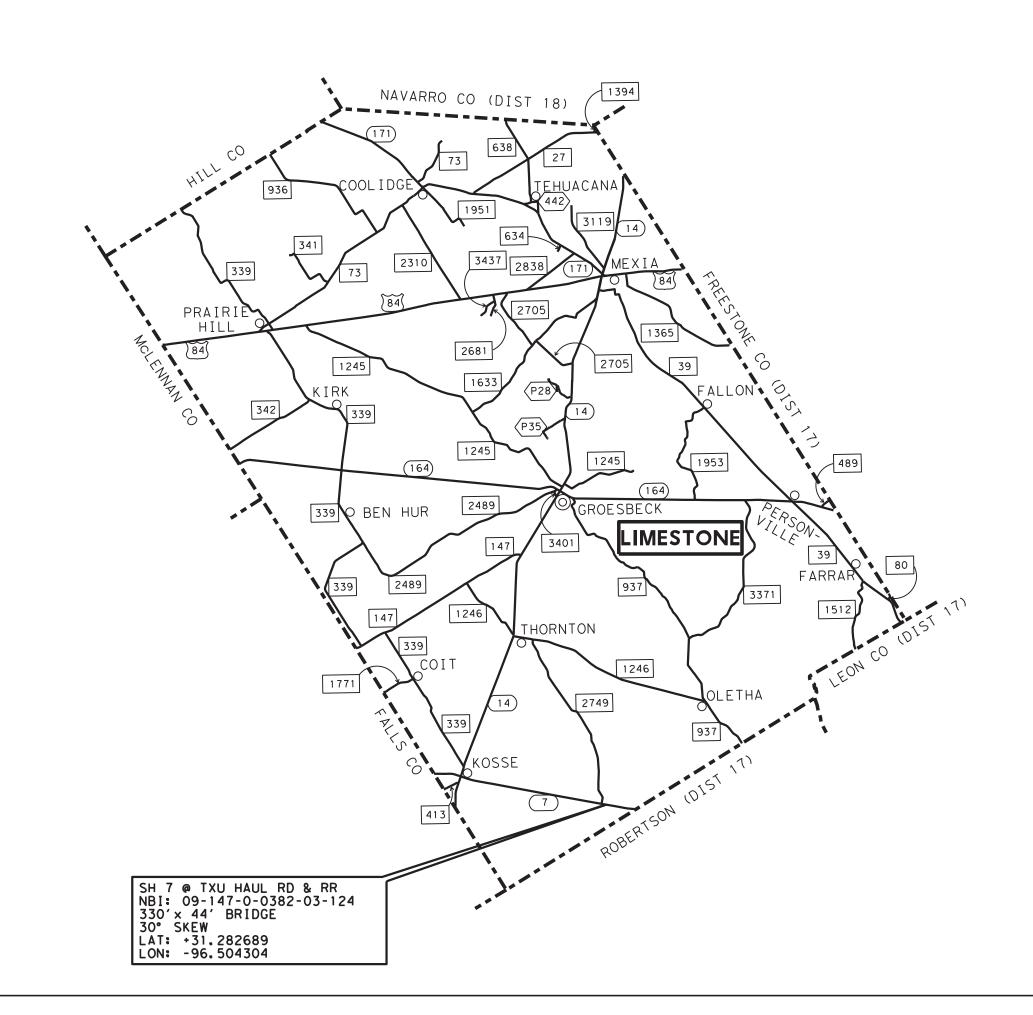
TA - BMP

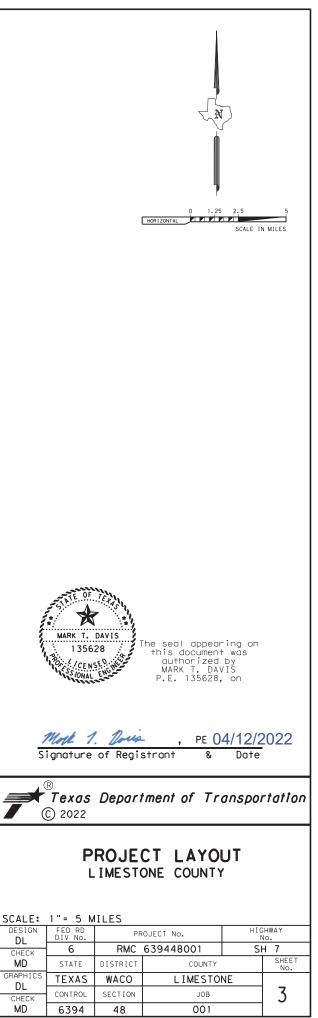
XI. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

NONE

	® Texas © 2022	Depart	tment of Tr	anspol	rtation
	IN	DEX	OF SHEE	TS	
DESIGN DL	FED RD DIV No.	PF	OJECT No.		HWAY No.
CHECK	6	RMC	639448001	SI	+ 7
MD	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
GRAPHICS DL	TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTO	NE	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		2
MD	6394	48	001		

...\sh7-txu\cadd\SHEETS\INDEX.dgn





...\cadd\SHEETS\PL_Limestone.dgr

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

GENERAL NOTES

A site-specific contract for bridge beam repair on SH 7 over TXU haul road and railroad within the highway right of way in Limestone County according to the standard specifications or as modified in the general specifications listed below.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans is 0.000 acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set forth in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Bill Compton - WacoPreBid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2770, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - WacoPreBid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20 Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, BPM/Project Name.

For this contract, the office of record is the Maintenance Office listed below. All work will be coordinated through this office and with the Maintenance Supervisor or his designated representative.

Maintenance Supervisor	Telephone Number	Maintenance Office Location
Deger Breeke	(254)562,2000	3229 N HWY 14
Roger Brooks	(254)562-2900	MEXIA, TX 76667

PROJECT NUMBER: RMC 639448001

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

The Contractor will perform the work required for this contract according to the Texas Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges (2014).

Prior to beginning work, a pre-construction meeting between representatives of the State, Luminant Mining, and the Contractor will be arranged by the State. This meeting will outline the proper methods of construction, sequence of work, work locations, emphasize traffic control, plans, specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work.

The contractor and all personnel will be required to sign the Luminant Mining Company's Blue Card, and a "Visitor's Release and Indemnity Agreement" form before accessing the site.

Luminant Mining will provide the contractor with site specific information regarding communication, haul road safety, emergency procedures, and first aid to be followed for the duration of the project. Additionally, a specified route to the work site location on TxDOT Right of Way and facility staging area for the contractor's equipment will be provided.

The contractor is required to provide porta potties: 1 for every 10 contractor workers

ITEM 2: INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

This proposed Contract will not include federal funds. Bid tabulations will include stipulations in accordance with 2.11.5.3 "Rubber Additives" and 2.11.5.5 "Home State Bidding Preference".

ITEM 4: SCOPE OF WORK

All new and existing concrete adjacent to the roadway must be free of stains, dirt, tire marks, etc., at the time of final acceptance. These items include but are not limited to bridge rails curb and gutter, inlets and riprap. Blast cleaning of these items will be required to achieve acceptance of the project and will be considered subsidiary to the applicable bid items.

During final clean-up the contractor will be required to remove any foreign material that has accumulated at all bridge abutments and bent caps. The removal of foreign material will be performed in a manner approved. All work and equipment involved in the removal of this material will be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

SHEET NO..... 4

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

1 for TxDOT Inspectors

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK

Underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation may be present within the Right-Of-Way on this project. For signal, illumination, surveillance, and communications & control maintained by TxDOT, call the TxDOT Traffic Signal Office (254)867-2808 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. For irrigation systems, call TxDOT Landscape Office (254)867-2726 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. If city or town owned irrigation facilities are present, call the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. The Contractor is liable for all damages when utilities are damaged due to Contractor's negligence including, but not limited to, repair or replacement at the Contractor's expense.

ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS

This proposed Contract will not include federal funds. Buy Texas stipulations apply in accordance with 6.1.2 "Buy Texas".

Mixing of materials, storing of materials, storing of equipment, or repairing of equipment on top of concrete pavement or bridge decks will not be permitted unless specifically authorized. Permission will be granted to store materials on surfaces if, in the opinion of the Engineer, no damage or discoloration will result.

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No lane closures will be allowed from 6:00 AM - 8:00 AM and 6:00 PM - 8:00 PM during mine shift changes.

Luminant Mining will provide a facility staging area for contractor's equipment and materials. An agreement signed by Luminant Mining will be provided to TxDOT and the contractor.

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent PROJECT NUMBER: RMC 639448001

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- **Ordinary High-Water Marks**
- Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks.

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

Meet bi-weekly or at intervals as agreed upon with the engineer to notify him or her of planned work for the upcoming 4-week period.

For this project, provide a Bar Chart progress schedule.

Submit the schedule in both PDF and in a base software electronic file format acceptable to TxDOT to allow for import and analysis into TxDOT's current scheduling software.

The contractor shall coordinate the haul road closure schedule with Luminant Mine Operations Management in order to minimize interruption of coal hauling.

ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

SHEET NO..... 4A

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the

Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-

Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Provide written proposed lane closure information by 1:00 pm on the business day prior to the proposed closure. Do not close lanes when this requirement is not met.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers entering the haul road from driveways or side streets.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Take all practicable precautions to prevent debris from being discharged into the Waters of Texas or a designated wetland. Install Best Management Practices before demolition begins and maintain them during the demolition. Remove any debris or construction material that escapes containment devices and are discharged into the restricted areas, before the next rain event or within 24 hours of the discharge.

If temporary construction stream crossings are allowed under a Nationwide Permit, submit in writing for approval the type and location of each temporary stream crossing. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for temporary stream crossings. A temporary culvert crossing will consist of storm sewer pipes and 4- to 8-inch nominal size rock. Temporary stream crossings must not cause more than minimal changes to the hydraulic flow characteristics of the stream, increase flooding, or cause more than minimal degradation of water quality. Remove the temporary stream crossings in their entirety and return the affected areas to their pre-existing elevation.

No soil disturbing activities will begin on any section of TxDOT ROW without adequate sedimentation controls first being installed and functioning at adjacent drainage outfalls. Begin and continuously prosecute the repairs, additions and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation PROJECT NUMBER: RMC 639448001

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

control devices within seven days after the Contractor receives each Form 2118, Field Inspection and Maintenance Report, from the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to fulfill either of the above requirements places TxDOT in potential non-compliance with permit requirements and may result in withholding estimates or stopping work or both until all environmental permit requirements are fulfilled.

The SW3P for this contract will consist of using, as directed, any erosion or water pollution control measure deemed necessary. Any erosion or water pollution control measure deemed necessary will be implemented by the Contractor as prescribed by this item and in accordance with the applicable specification. Payment for erosion control measures for which applicable pay items are not included in the contract will be made in accordance with Article 9.7, "Force Account."

ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

This project will require "full matrix" type portable changeable message signs.

Ensure that the Contractor's Responsible Person for traffic control can revise messages within thirty (30) minutes of notification.

Furnish portable changeable message signs as needed. The portable changeable message sign(s) will be used for all lane closures and freeway closures as shown on the traffic control plan standard sheets.

Supply portable changeable message sign(s) in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan standard sheets and Article 6f.55 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways Part VI.

ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	R
(1-1)-18 / (1-2)-18		1
(1-4)-18 / (1-5)-18 / (1-6)-18		1

TCP 2 Series	Scer	nario	Require	ed TMA
(2-1)-18 / (2-2)-18 / (2-4)-18 / (2-5)-18 / (2-6)-18	A	11	1	
(2-3)-18	A B 1		1	2

SHEET NO..... 4B

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

Required TMA

SHEET NO. 4C

COUNTY: LIMESTONE

HIGHWAY: SH 7

CONTROL: 6394-48-001

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

For mobile operations requiring multiple TMA's, judgement may be applied in lower speed, urban / in town traffic environments to reduce the numbers of TMA in use where the added TMA may pose a hazard for traffic entering and exiting driveways, side streets, etc.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6394-48-001

DISTRICT Waco HIGHWAY SH0007 **COUNTY** Limestone

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

	-				
ALT	BID COD	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	1.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	100.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	100.000	
	788-6001	CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR	EA	4.000	
	78 -6002	CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR (CFRP)	EA	1.000	
	788-6003	CONCRETE BEAM REP(STRAND SPLICE & CFRP)	EA	2.000	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	Limestone	6394-48-001	5

BEAM REPAIR SUMMARY

				500	502	506	506	788	788	788	6001	6185			
				6001	6001	6038	6039	6001	6002	6003	6001	6002			
		OR NEAR REF	AT OR		BARRICADES,	TEMP	TEMP	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	PORTABLE				
COUNTY	RDWY		RDWY OR	RDWY OR	OR	NEAR	MOBILI-	SIGNS AND	SEDMT CONT	SEDMT CONT	BEAM	BEAM	BEAM REP	CHANGEABLE	ТМА
					MARK (S)	ZATION	TRAFFIC	FENCE	FENCE	REPAIR	REPAIR	(STRAND	MESSAGE	(STATIONARY)	
					HANDL I NG	(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)		(CFRP)	SPICE & CFRP)	SIGN				
				(LS)	(MO)	(LF)	(LF)	EA	EA	EA	DAY	DAY			
LIMESTONE	SH 7	0.15 MILES EAST OF FM 2749	606-608	1	1	100	100	4	1	2	20	20			
		P	ROJECT TOTALS:	1	1	100	100	4	1	2	20	20			

	® Texos © 2022	Depart	tment of Tr	anspol	rtation
	S		RY SHEE	т	
DESIGN DL	FED RD DIV No.	PR	OJECT No.		GHWAY
CHECK	6	RMC	639448001	SI	17
MD	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	WACO	LIMESTO	NE	
DL CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		6
MD	6394	48	001		-

...\sh7-txu\cadd\SHEETS\SUM01.dgn

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed 3. by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sian Designs for Texas." Latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

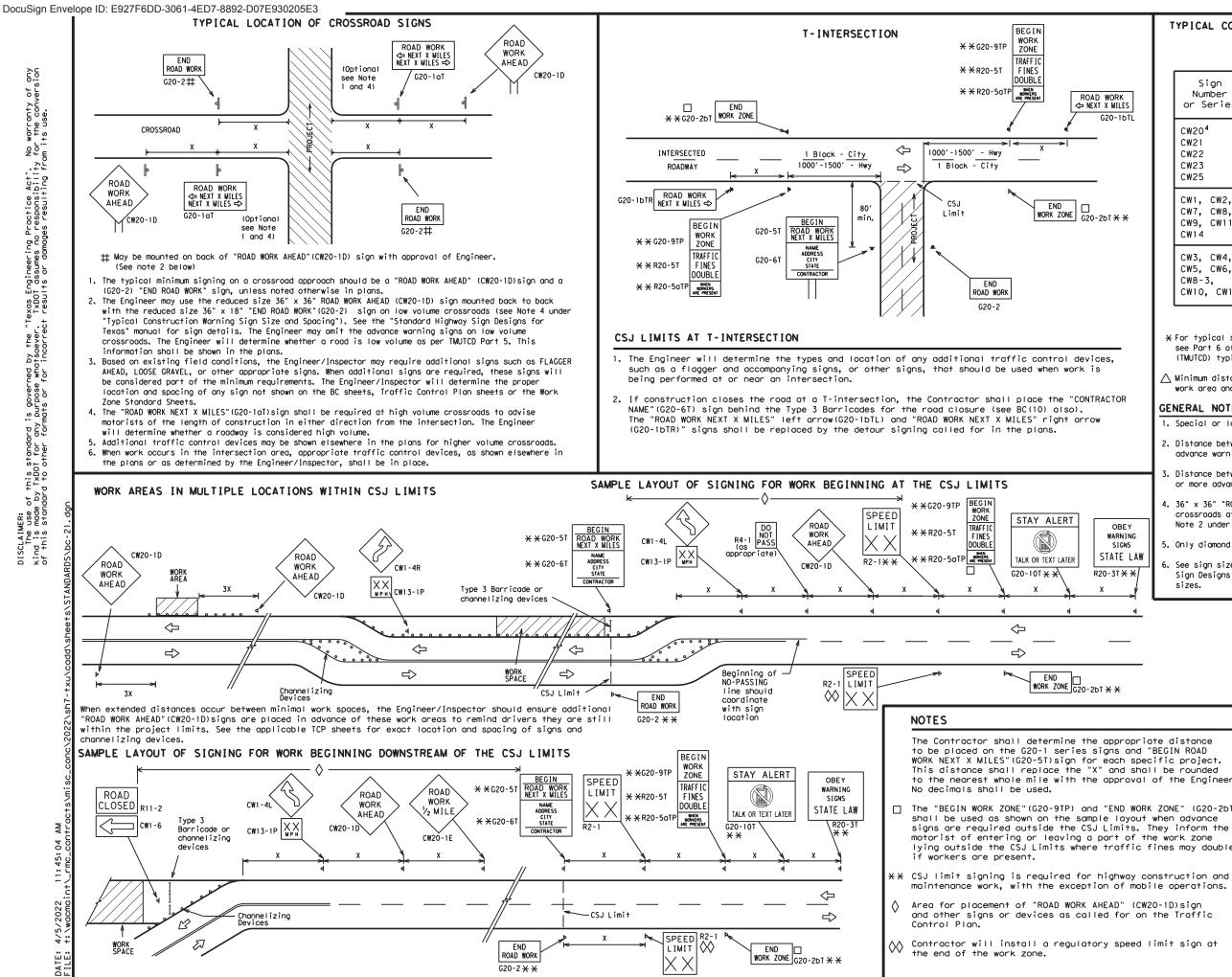
- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12										
Traffic Safety Division Standard										
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21										
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TXD		T DW: TxD	OT CK: TxDOT						
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT S	ECT JOB		HIGHWAY						
4-03 7-13	6394	48 001		SH 7						
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.						
5-10 5-21	WACO	LIMES	ONE	7						



TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING ^{1,5,6}

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING							
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"						
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)						
30	120						
35	160						
40	240						
45	320						
50	400						
55	500 ²						
60	600 ²						
65	700 ²						
70	800 ²						
75	900 ²						
80	1000 ²						
*	* 3						

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

9-07

7-13 5-21

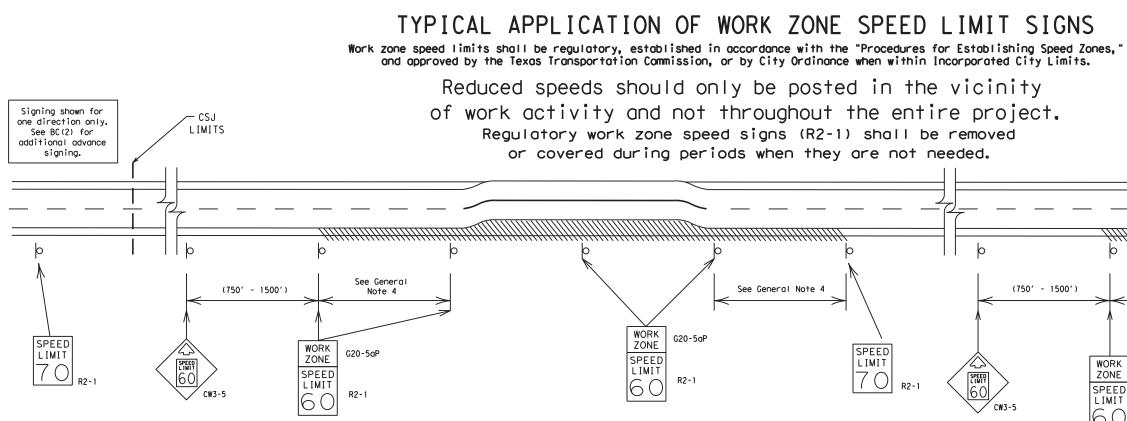
8-14

								_			
			LEGE	ND							
	ны Туре 3 Barricade										
		000	Channeliz	zing	Device	es					
		4	Sign								
_		x	See Typic Warning S Spacing o TMUTCD fo spacing r	Sign char or s	Size (t or th ign	anc he	t				
	SHEET 2 OF 12										
er.	Te	🗣 ® xas Depa	rtment of Tra	anspo	ortation		Sa Divi	affic fety ision ndard			
e le											
			BC (2) -	21						
			00.12		-						
		oc-21.dgn			ск: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ск: ТхDOT			
		oc-21.dgn lovember 200 REVISIONS	DN: T	xDOT sect		DW:	нIG	ck:TxDOT Ghway H 7			

WACO

LIMESTONE

SHEET NO



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

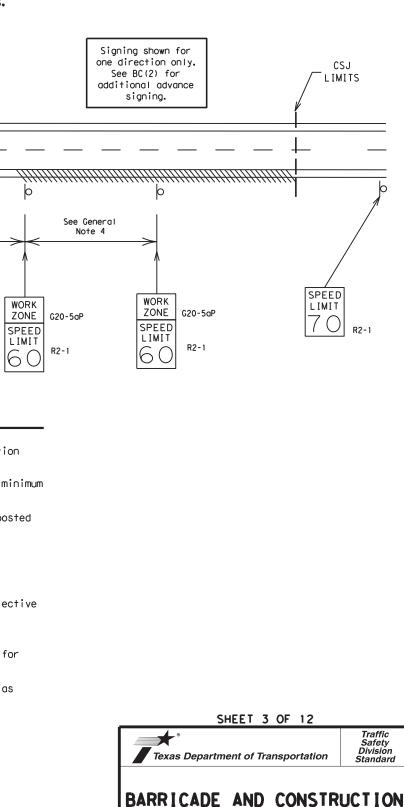
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.

4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





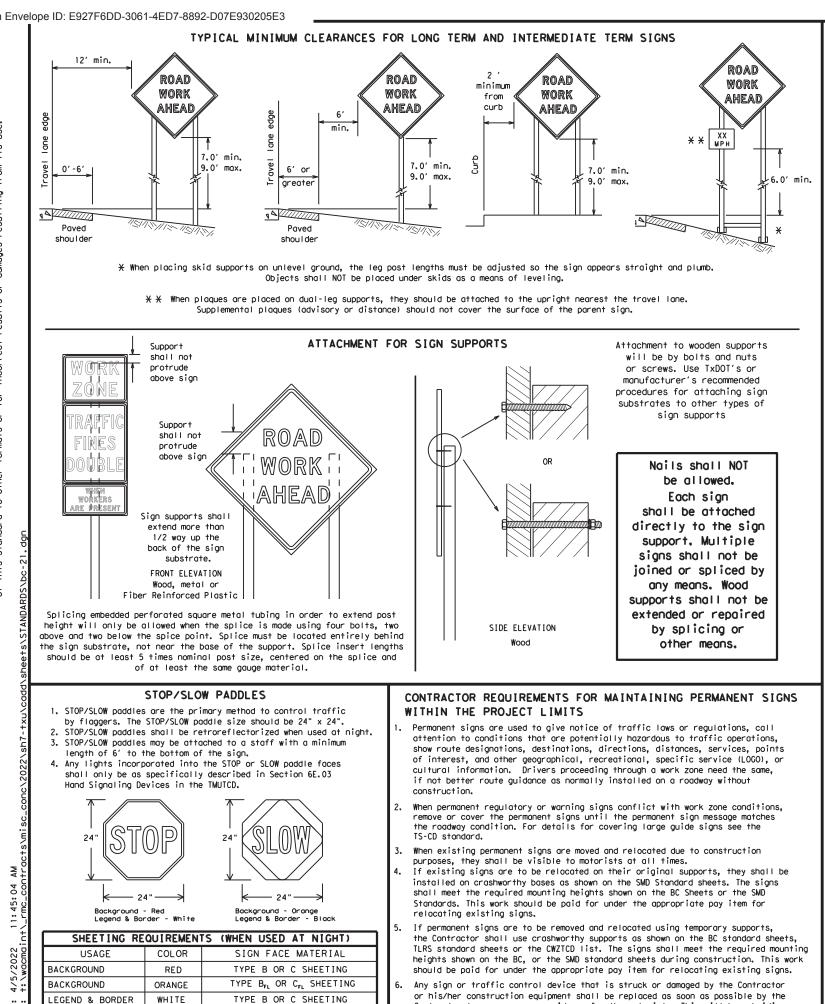
WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21									
FILE:	bc-21,dgn		DN: TXDOT		ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDOT	
C TxDOT	November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0.07	REVISIONS 8-14		6394	48	001		S	Н 7	
9-07			DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21		WACO	LIMESTONE				9	
97									

BLACK

LEGEND & BORDER

ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM



to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. c.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. d.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.) e.

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required. 4.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

er ŝ No warranty o for the conve om its use. ied by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility or incorrect results or damages resulting fro is govern / purpose mats or f DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard kind is made by TXDOI for any of this standard to other for

sion

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

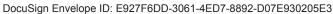
SHEET 4 OF 12

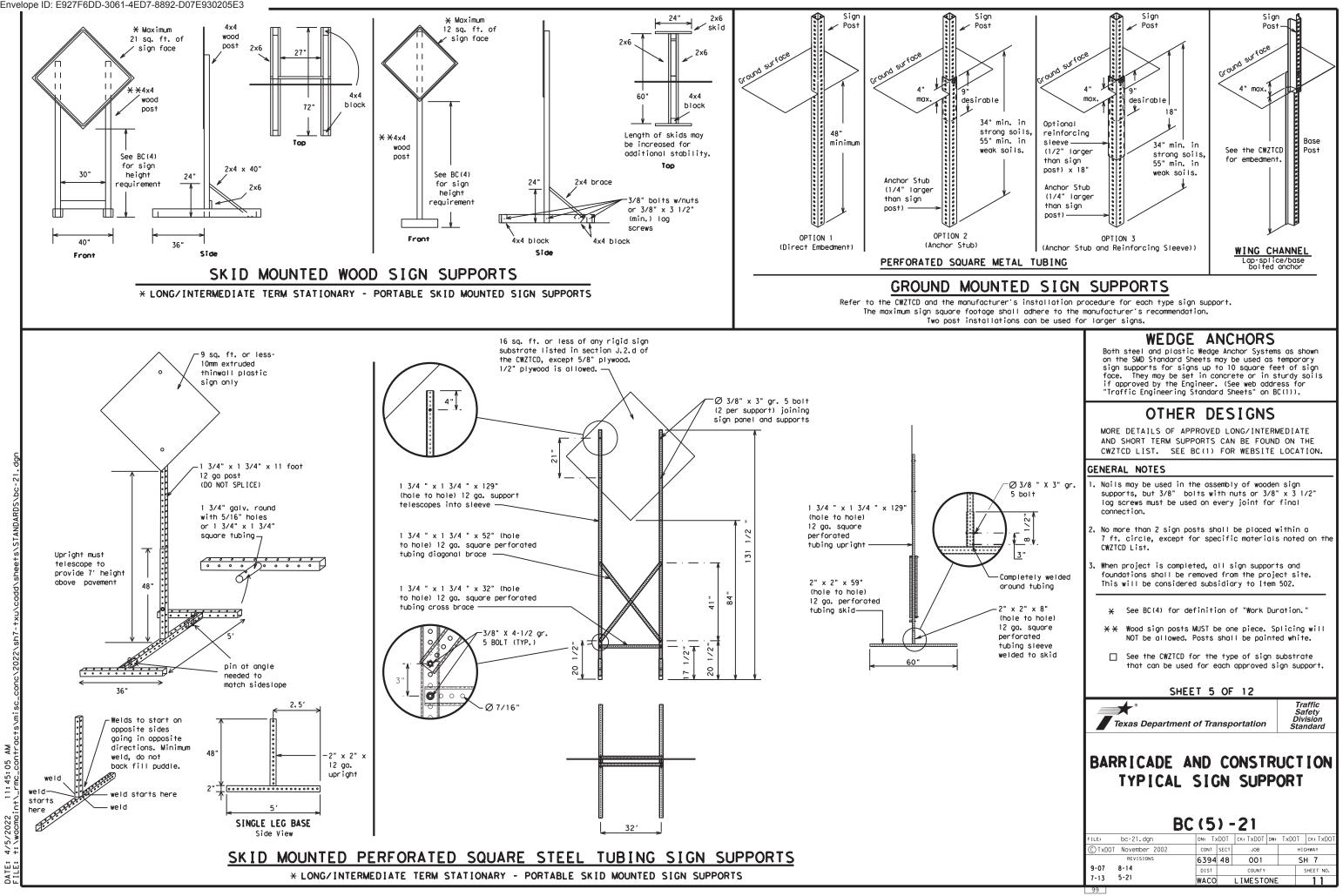
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Divisiór Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

		BC (4	4) -	21				
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	Т×	DOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	ΤC	κ∶TxDOT
) TxDOT	November 2002	CON	т	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	9-07 8-14		94	48	001			SH	7
			т		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
7-13			20		LIMESTO	DNE			10





DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDDI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F		SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	SL IP S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT		SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LFT LN LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
	MAINT		
Maintenance	MAINI		

RECOMMENDED	PHASES	AND	FORMATS	FOR	PCMS	MESSAGES	DUR

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

		UTHER CON	IULTION LIST
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT ¥
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	* LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wi	th STAY IN LANE in Phas

Other Cond	ition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SHIFT

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ΤO STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ΤN LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

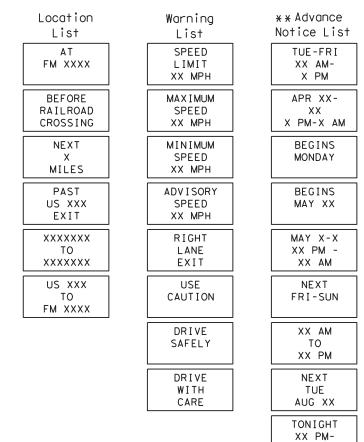
of any version

02 11:45: DATE:

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

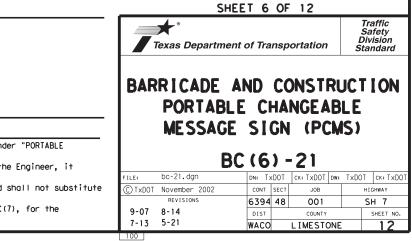
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists



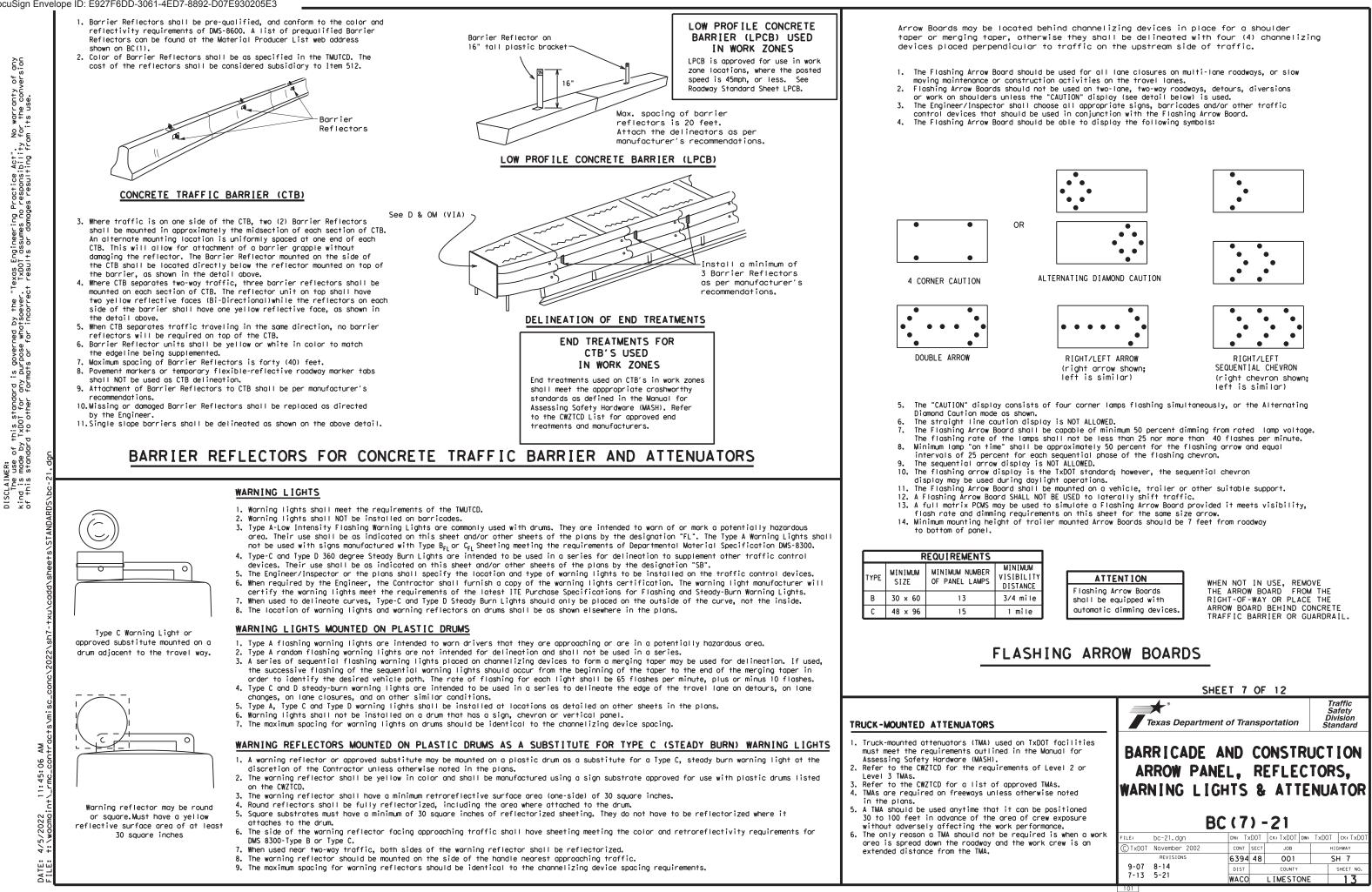
X X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

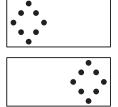
XX AM

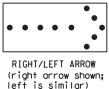
EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

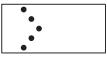


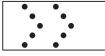


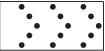














GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

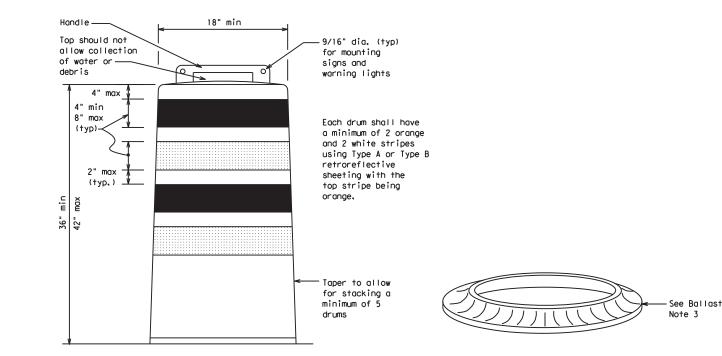
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

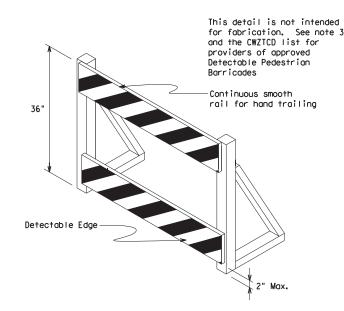
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





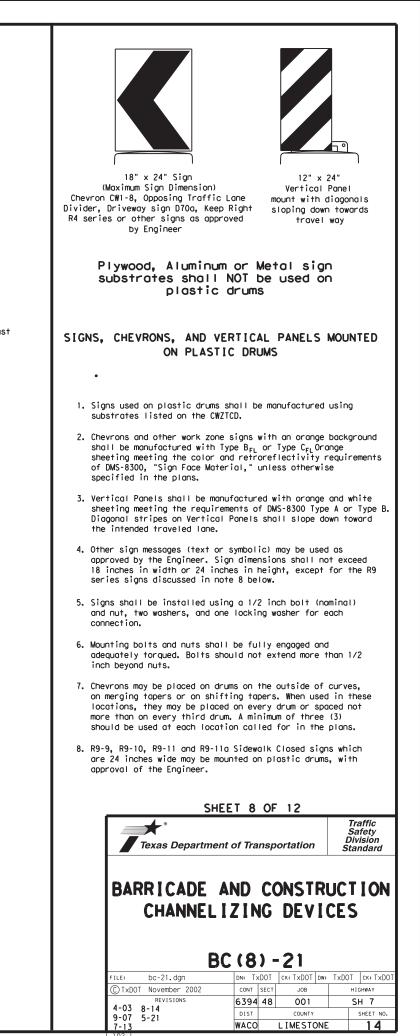
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

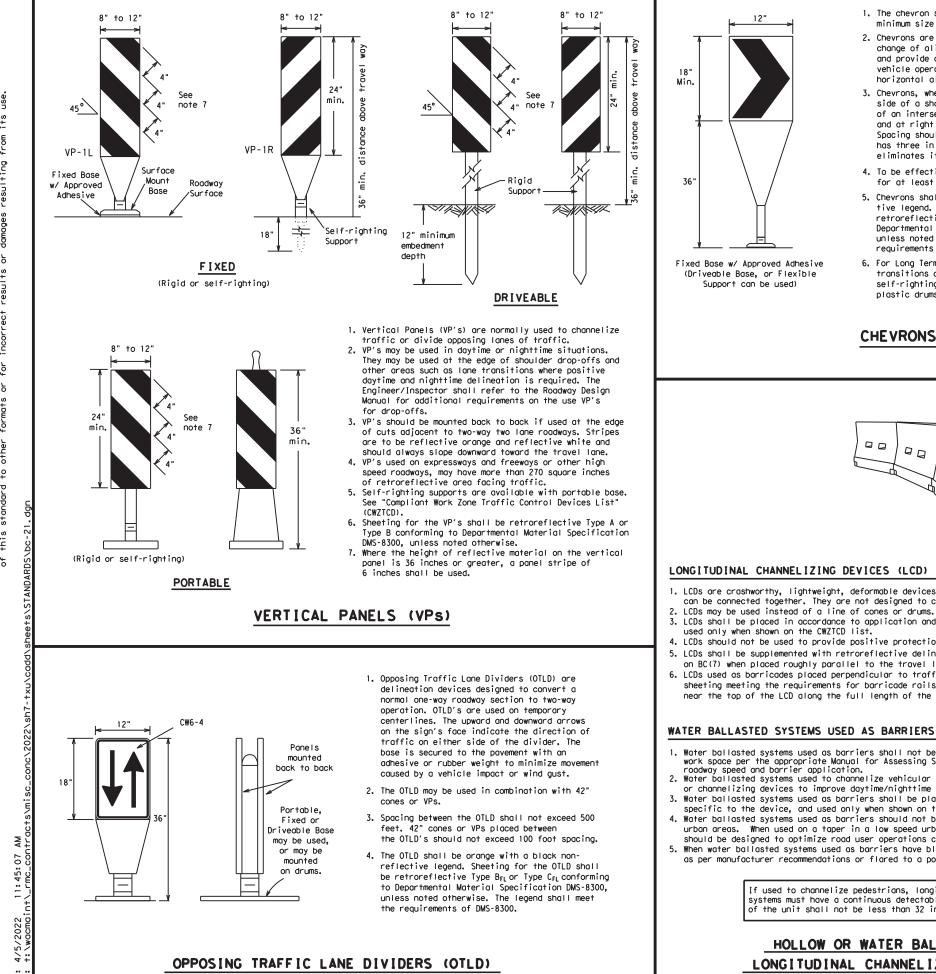
- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade roils as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

č u

è ç

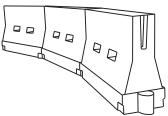
DATE: 4/5/2022 11:45:06 AM





- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30		150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	00	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - # 5	600′	660'	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	
80		800'	880′	960′	80′	160'	

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off.

S=Posted Speed (MPH)

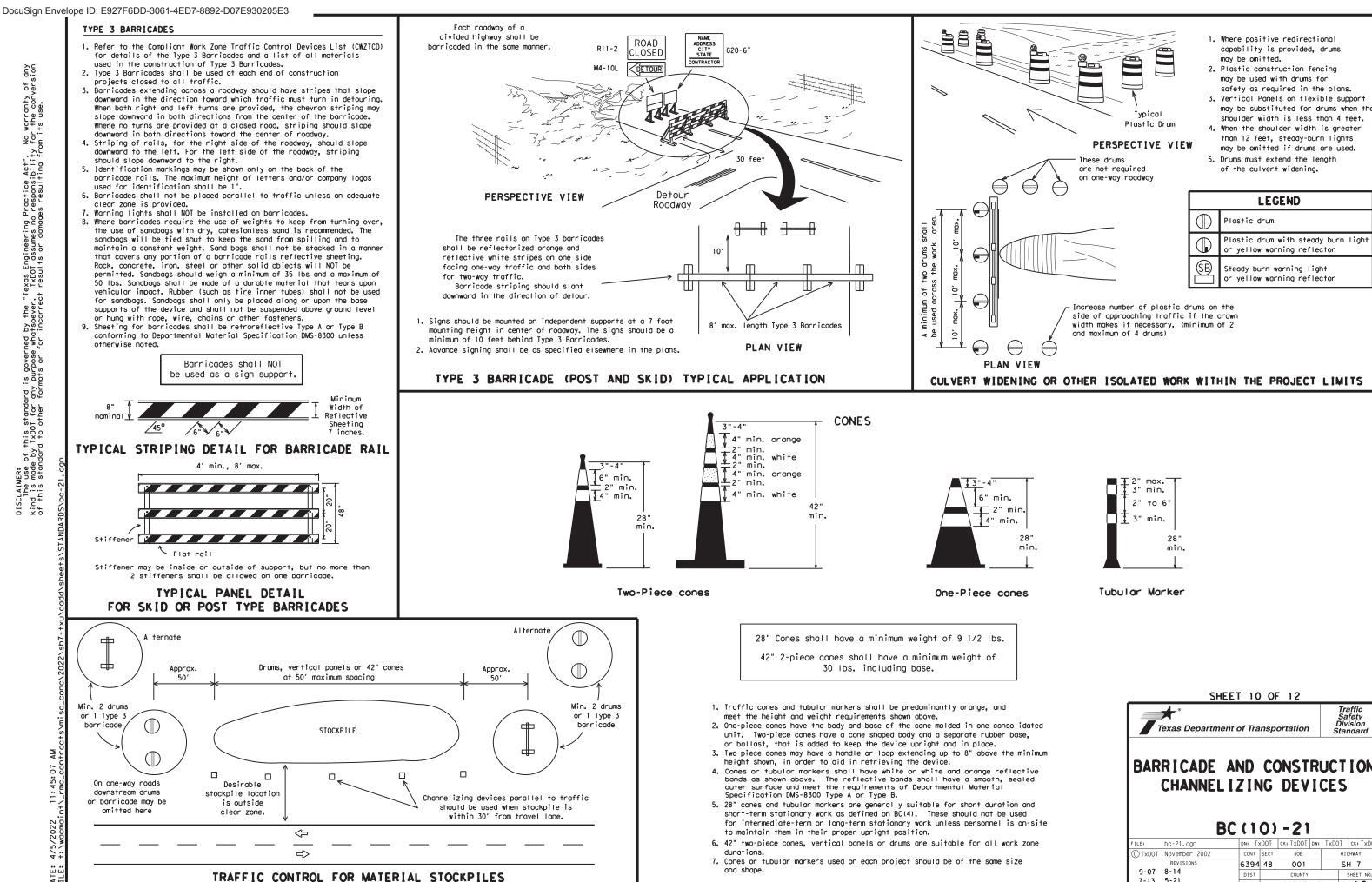
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12	
Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONSTR CHANNELIZING DEVI	UCTION CES

	BC (9) - 21											
FILE:	bc-21.dgn		DN: T)	<dot< td=""><td>ск: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ск: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT				
C TxDOT	November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB		нI	GHWAY				
	REVISIONS		6394	48	001		S	Н7				
9-07	8-14		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
7-13	5-21		WACO		LIMESTO	ONE		15				
103												





₩¥ 07 11:45: 2022 DATE:

	SHEE	т 10) ()	F 12			
	╋ Texas Department	of Tra	insp	ortation		S Di	Traffic Safety ivision andard
	RICADE AL CHANNELI	ZIN	NG	DEV	IC		
FILE:	bc-21.dan	-	XDOT	-21		TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
(C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6394	48	001			SH 7
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	WACO)	LIMESTO	DNE		16

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on $\mathsf{BC}\left(\mathsf{12}\right)$.
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

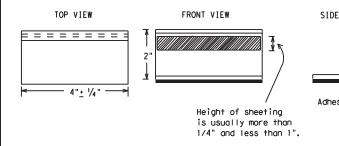
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pav Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approduct list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concret surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:

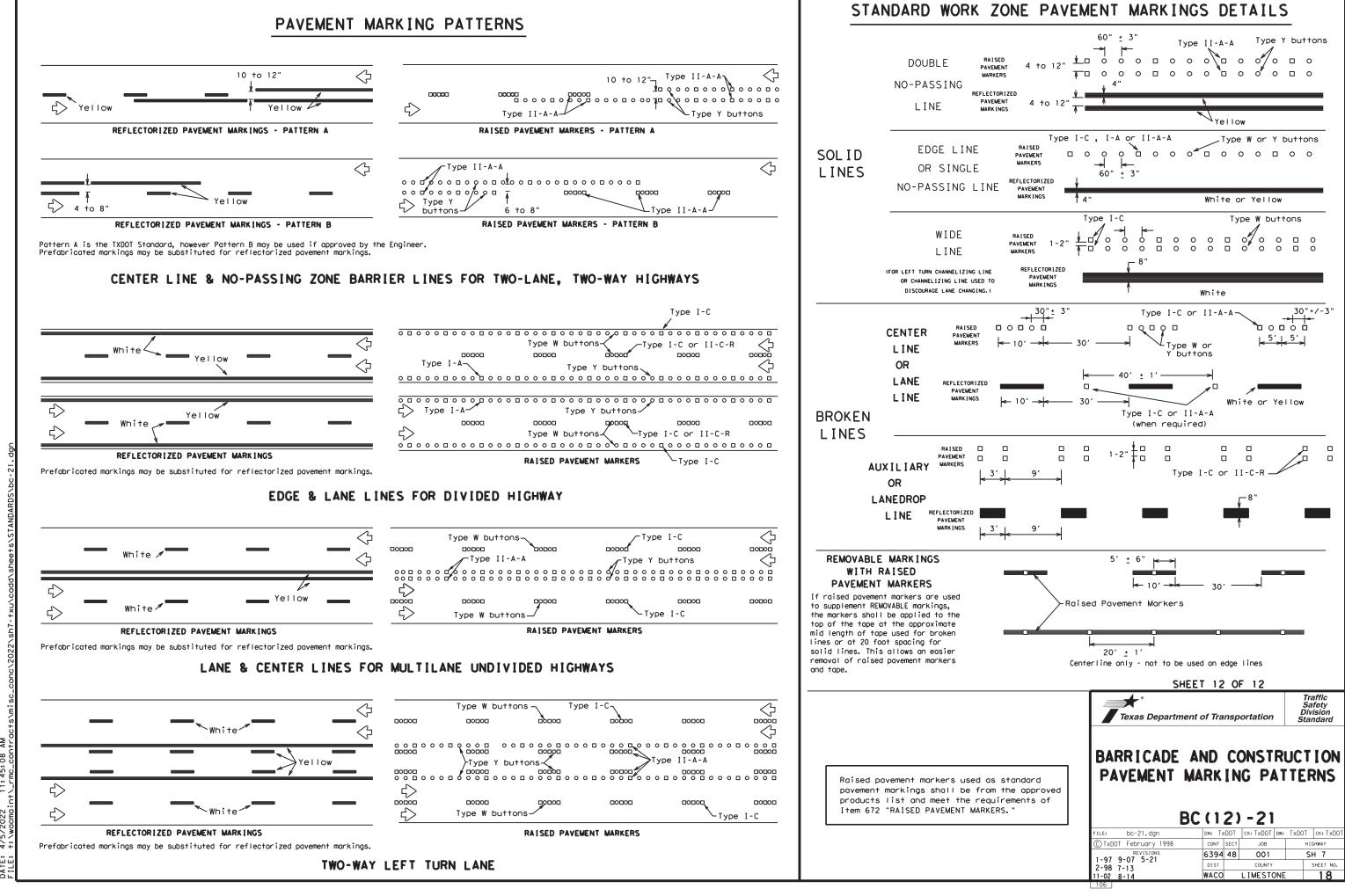
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

р. С

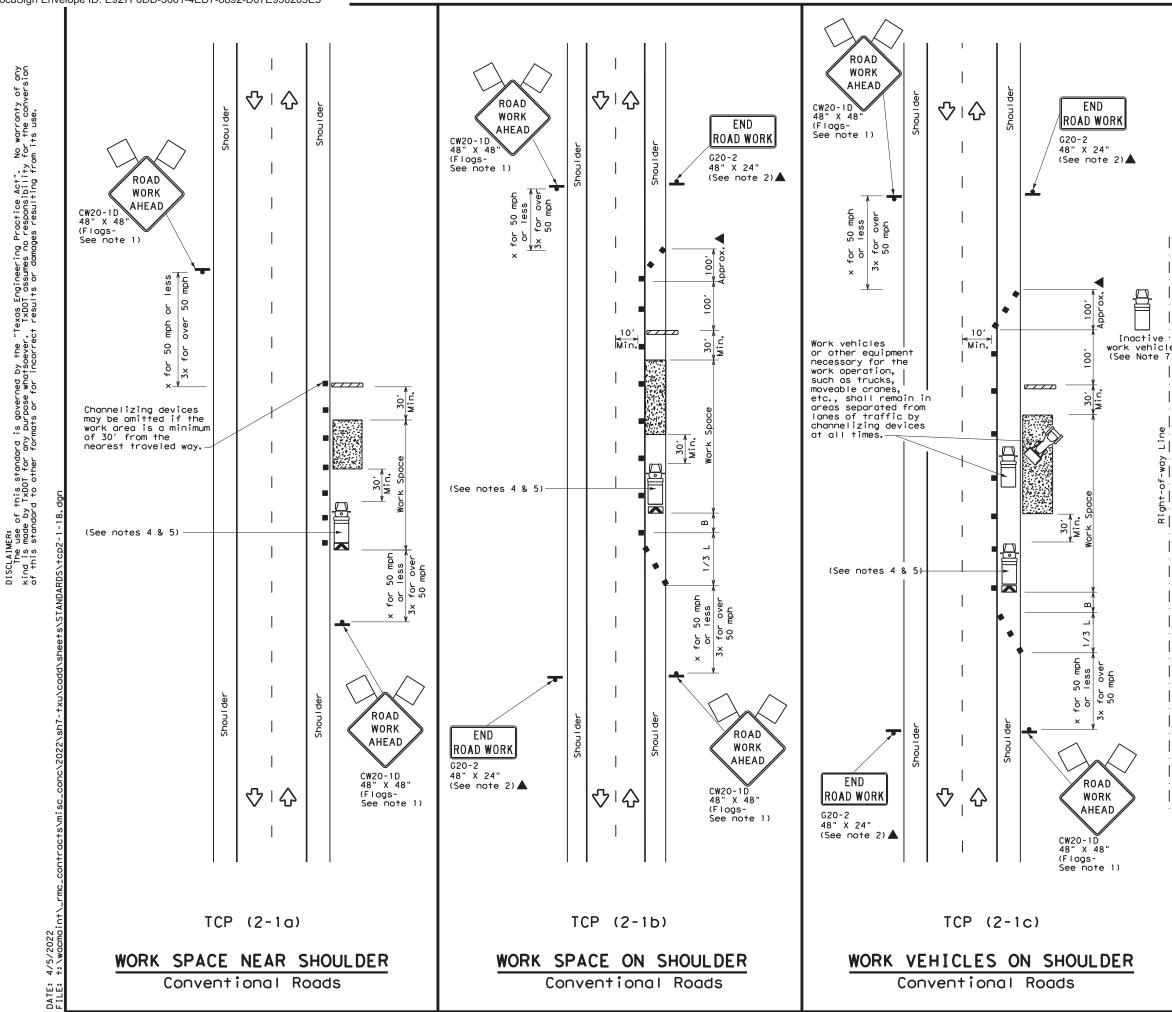
è ç

DATE: 4/5/2022 11:45:08 AM FILE: +:\wocmaint_rmc_contrac+s\misc_conc\2022\sh7-txu\codd\sh

	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	TIONS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
VIEW	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
T	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
] ↑	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
ive pod	A list of prequalified reflective raised paveme non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker pavement markings can be found at the Material web address shown on BC(1).	tabs and othe
RE ER		
irks		
the ot "A" the		
pment ment		
five kup, ed m. No shall		
ee		
roved	SHEET 11 OF 12	Traffic
roved	*	Traffic Safety Division
roved	SHEET 11 OF 12	Safety
roved	*	Safety Division
roved	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
roved	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
roved	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
roved	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
roved	BARR CADE AND CONS PAVEMENT MARK	RUCTION
roved	Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKI BC(111)-2	RUCTION
roved	FILE: bc-21. dgn Draw 1 SECT JOB	Safety Division Standard IRUCTION NGS Image: standard Image: standard <td< td=""></td<>
roved	Texas Department of Transportation BARR CADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARK BC (111) - 2 FILE: DC-21. dgn	Safety Division Standard IRUCTION NGS Image: standard Image: standard <td< td=""></td<>



A V V 11:45:08 rmc_con 4/5/2022 +:\wncmni DATE:



DocuSign Envelope ID: E927F6DD-3061-4ED7-8892-D07E930205E3

LEGEND									
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow						
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X X Devices				Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	1651	180'	30'	60′	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

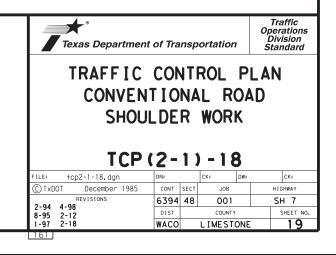
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

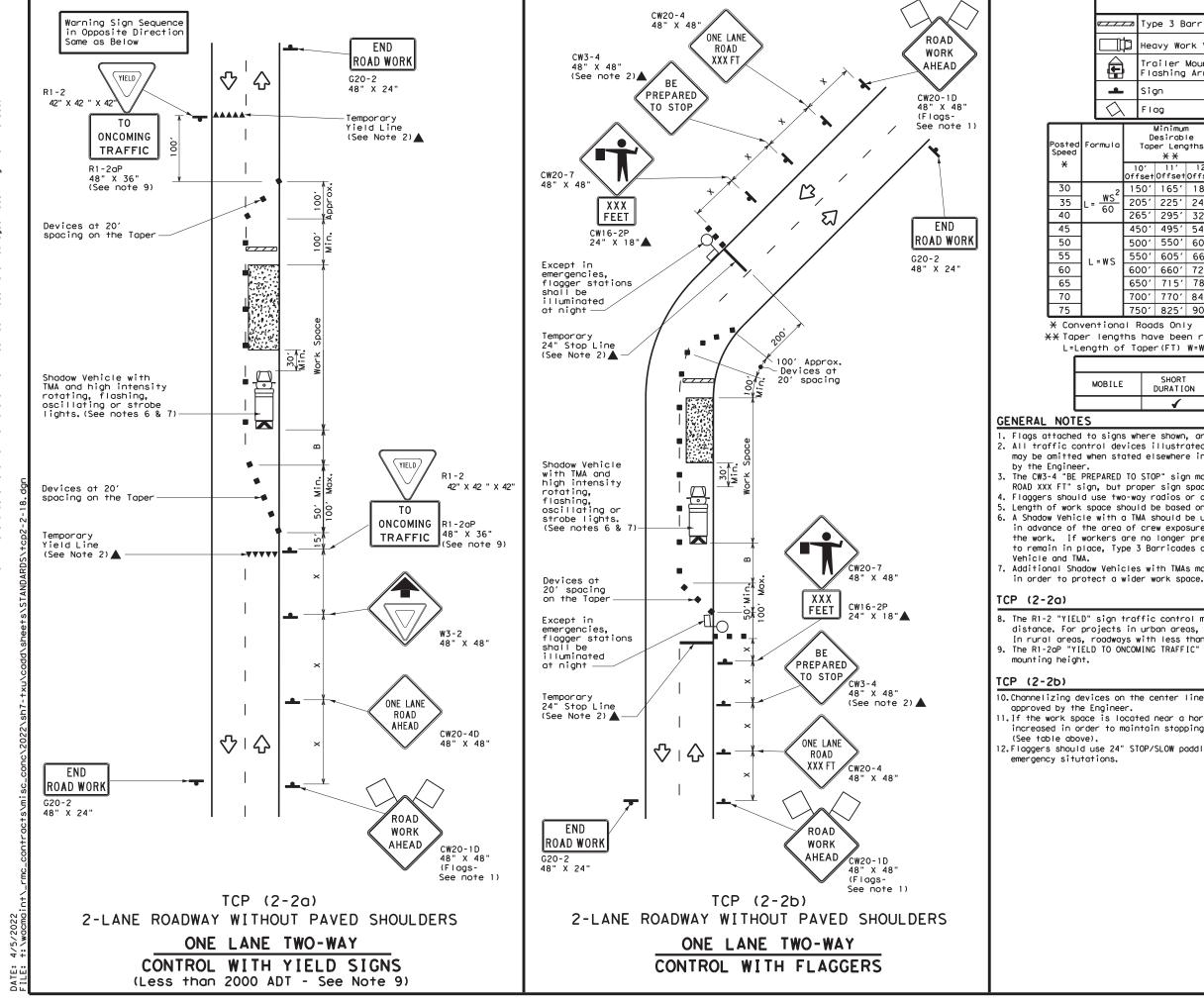
TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>					

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- a. Shockprise indict of anothe be proced a minimum of the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market is a market in the market in the market in the market is a market in the mar the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freewoys. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



DocuSign Envelope ID: E927F6DD-3061-4ED7-8892-D07E930205E3



DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDDT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDDT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

LEGEND										
	T	уp	e3B	arrico	ode	8 8	С	hannelizi	ing Devices	1
	Heavy Work Vehicle						]			
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board									
-	s	ig	in			$\Diamond$	1	Traffic F	low	
$\langle \rangle$	F	١c	ıg			LO	F	lagger		]
mula	т	De	linimun esirabl er Lenç X X	le	Spaci Channe	Spacing of Channelizing Devices Spacing		MINIMUM	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
	10' Offse		11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"	
ws ²	150	)'	165'	180'	30′	60′		120'	90'	200′
<u>WS</u> 60	205	1	225'	245'	35′	70'		160'	120'	250 <i>'</i>
60	265	· 1	295′	320'	40′	80'		240'	155'	305′
	450	)'	495'	540'	45′	90'		320'	195'	360'
	500	)'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'		400′	240'	425′
ws	550	)'	605′	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295′	495′
	600	)1	660′	720′	60′	120'		600 <i>'</i>	350'	570'
	650	)'	715′	780'	65′	130'		700'	410′	645′
	700	)'	770'	840′	70′	140'		800′	475′	730'
	750	1	825'	900′	75′	150'		900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
E	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	4	<b>√</b>	4									

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained. 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown

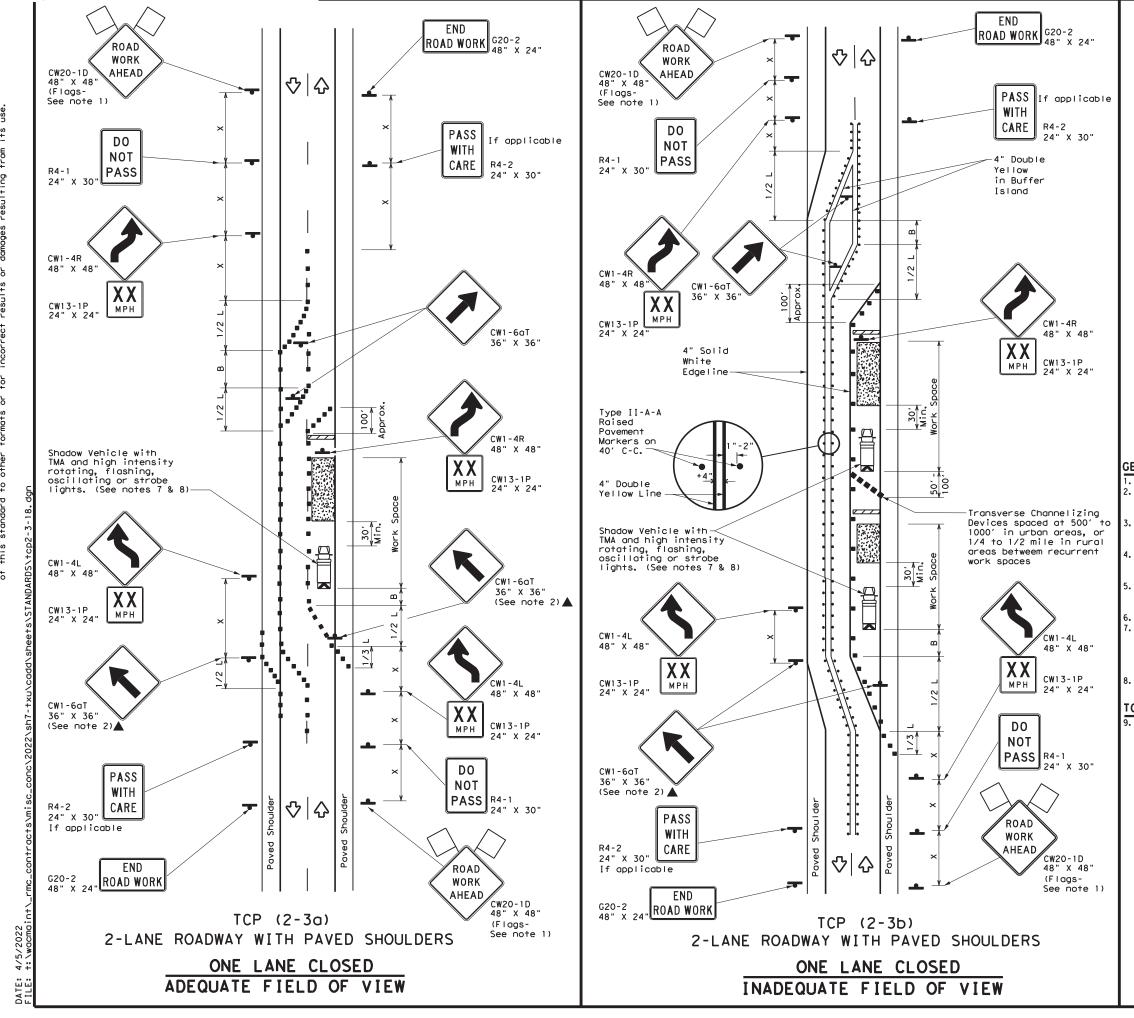
8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

Traffic Operations Division Standard										
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL										
			•	_						
			) - 18	_						
		·2	•	}	Ск:					
TCF	P (2-	·2	) - 18		CK: IGHWAY					
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn CTXDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN: CONT	·2	) - 1 8	с н	-					
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	• 2 2	) – 1 8 CK: DW JOB	с н	IGHWAY					



DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDDT for any purpose whotsoever. TxDDT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

	LEGEND									
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
□‡	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
ł	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
\bigtriangleup	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Speed	osted Formula peed *		10' 11' 12'			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset			On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150'	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450 <i>'</i>	495'	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # J	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y			
			4	 ✓ 			

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction

regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

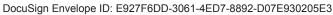
Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

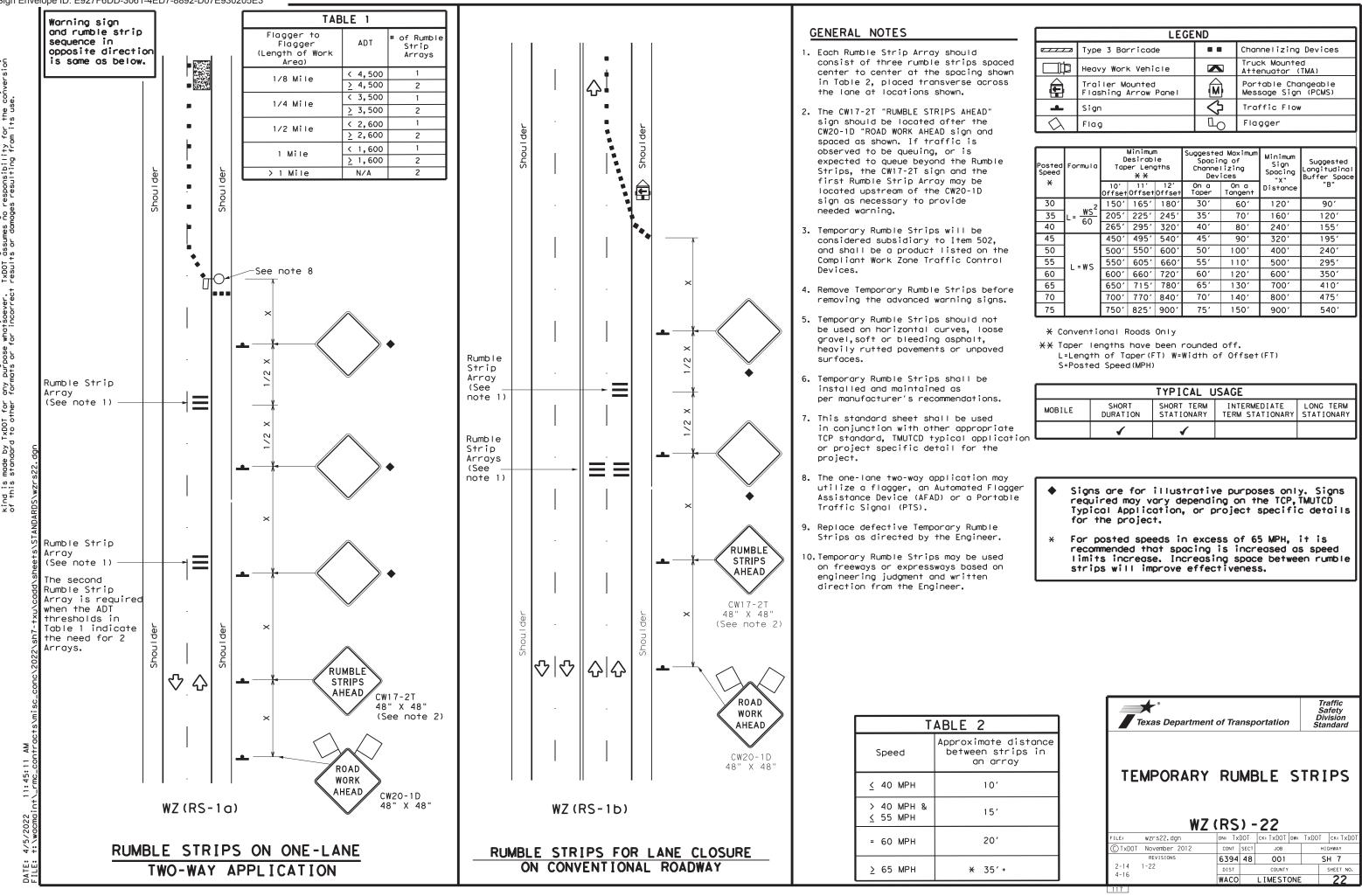
A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

[CP (2-3o)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation					Traffic Operations Division Standard
TRAFFIC TRAFFI TWO-L TCP	C S	HI	FTS	ON S	•
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-05 3-03 REVISIONS 6394 48 001					
	6394	40	001		SH 7
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12	DIST	40	COUNTY		SH 7 SHEET NO.





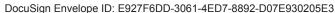
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDD1 for any purpose whatsoever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

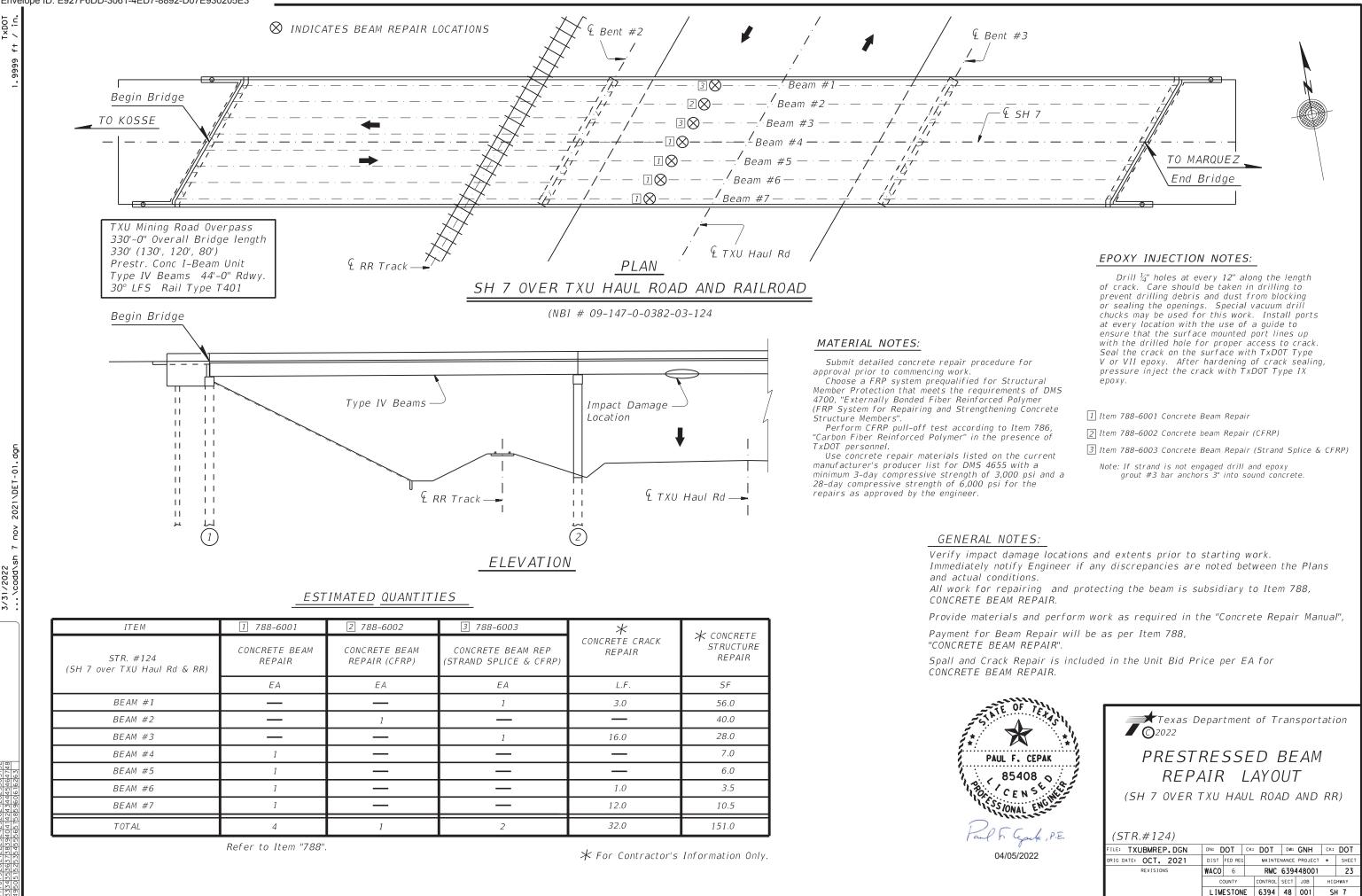
ed	
wn	
s	

LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
Þ	Sign	\Diamond	Traffic Flow					
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	Lo	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	ws ²	150'	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′	
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′	
60	L - # 3	600'	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′	

	TYPICAL USAGE								
	MOBILE SHORT DURATION		SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
ion		4	1						





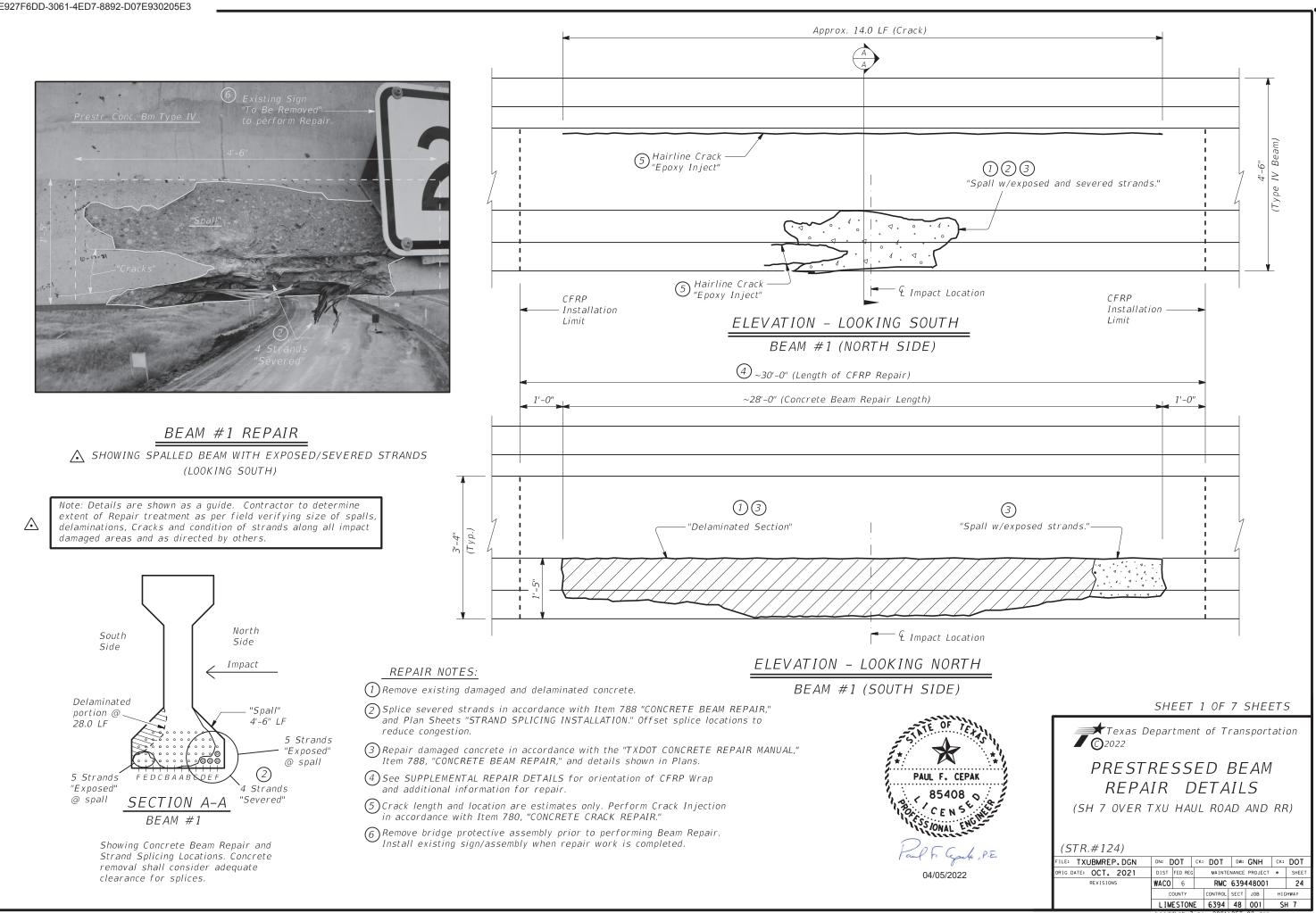
213141516 2829303132 1445464748 AYED DISPL EVELS 1

· · · ·		N
£ SH 7		-
· · · ·	_ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·	
· _ · _ · _ · _ · _		-
_ · _ · _ · _		

7 nov 2021\DET-01.dg

213141516 829303132 445464749

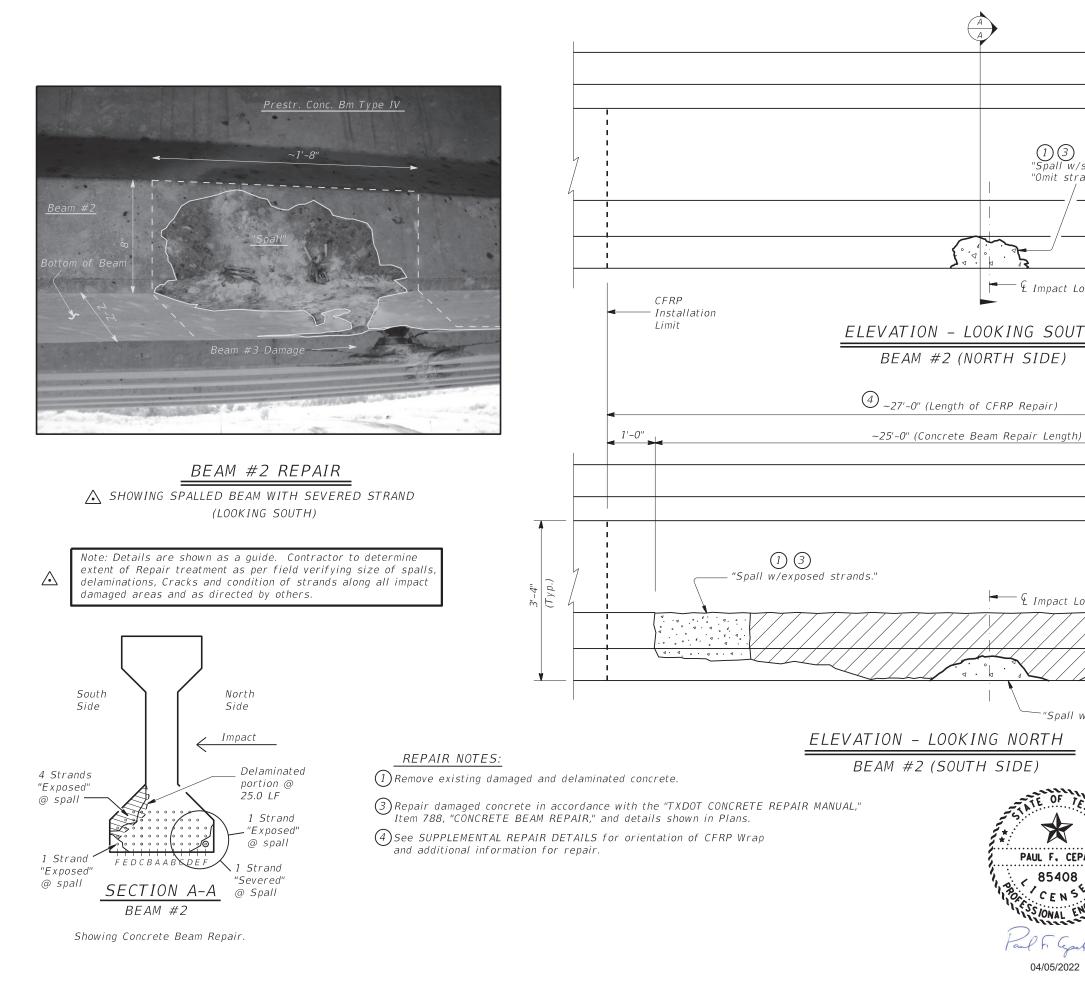
AYEI



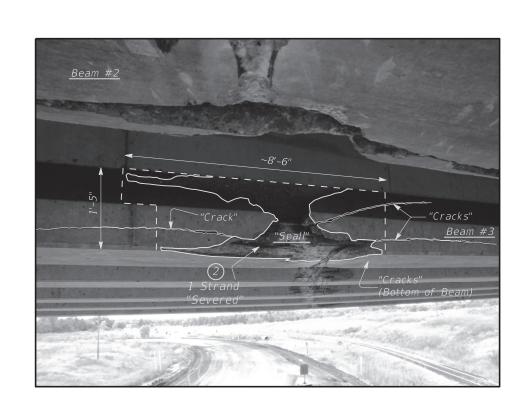
3/31/2022

ACC:

EVELS DISPLAYED

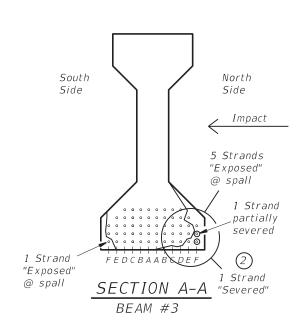


	3
	s location."
)(3) all w/severed strand."	11V B
it strand repair at thi	s location."
_/	
/	
act Location	
	CFRP Installation ————
OUTH	Limit
E)	
)	>
ength)	1'-0"
$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
"Delaminated	Section"
act Location	
(3) Spall w/exposed strand	15."
H	
	SHEET 2 OF 7 SHEETS
OF TEN	Texas Department of Transportation
	PRESTRESSED BEAM
СЕРАК	
408 0 408	REPAIR DETAILS
ENS WEIGHT	(SH 7 OVER TXU HAUL ROAD AND RR)
AL Enter	
Capete, P.E.	(STR.#124)
5/2022	FILE: TXUBMREP.DGN DN: DOT CK: DOT DW: GNH CK: DOT ORIG DATE: OCT. 2021 DIST FED REG MAINTENANCE PROJECT SHEET
	REVISIONS WACO 6 RMC 639448001 25 COUNTY CONTROL SECT JOB HIGHWAY
	LIMESTONE 6394 48 001 SH 7
	\Gudu\shi / Hov ZVZI\VEI-V3.agn

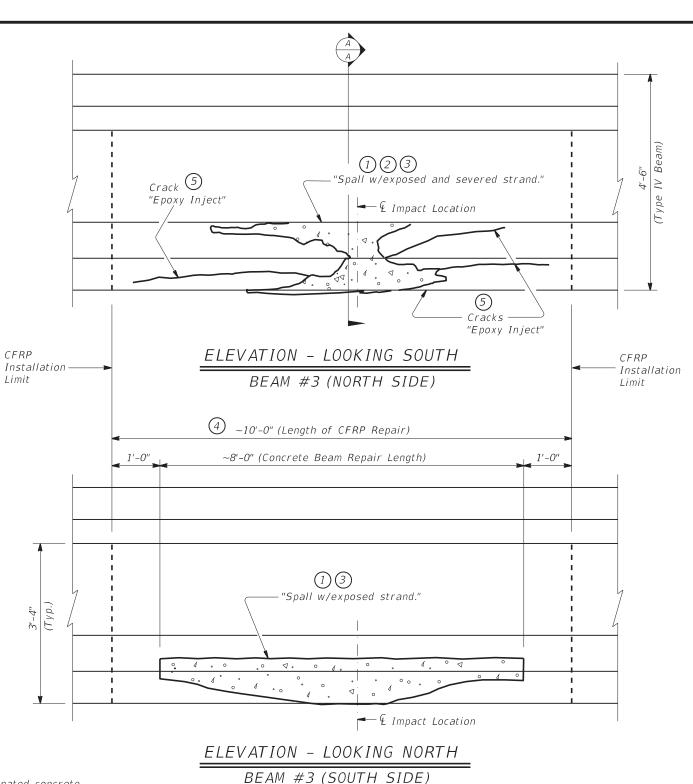


▲ SHOWING SPALLED BEAM WITH EXPOSED/SEVERED STRANDS (LOOKING SOUTH)

A Note: Details are shown as a guide. Contractor to determine extent of Repair treatment as per field verifying size of spalls, delaminations, Cracks and condition of strands along all impact damaged areas and as directed by others.



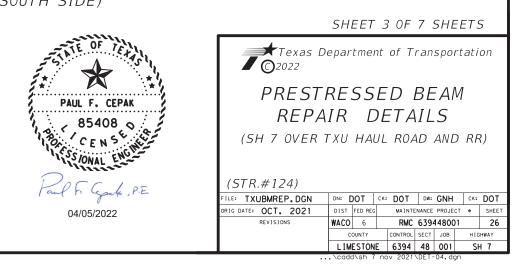
Showing Concrete Beam Repair and Strand Splicing Locations. Concrete removal shall consider adequate clearance for splices.



REPAIR NOTES:

(1) Remove existing damaged and delaminated concrete.

- (2) Splice severed strands in accordance with Item 788 "CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR," and Plan Sheets "STRAND SPLICING INSTALLATION." Offset splice locations to reduce congestion.
- (3) Repair damaged concrete in accordance with the "TXDOT CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL," Item 788, "CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR," and details shown in Plans.
- (4) See SUPPLEMENTAL REPAIR DETAILS for orientation of CFRP Wrap and additional information for repair.
- 5 Crack length and location are estimates only. Perform Crack Injection in accordance with Item 780, "CONCRETE CRACK REPAIR."

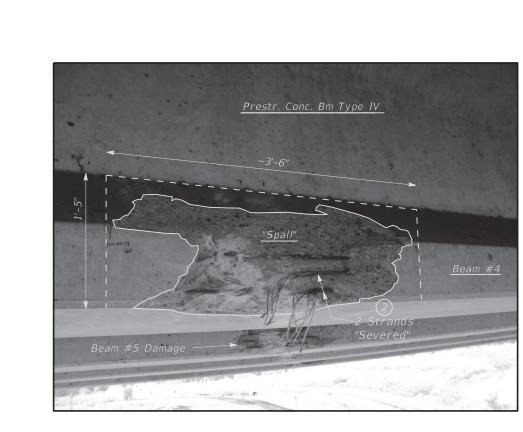


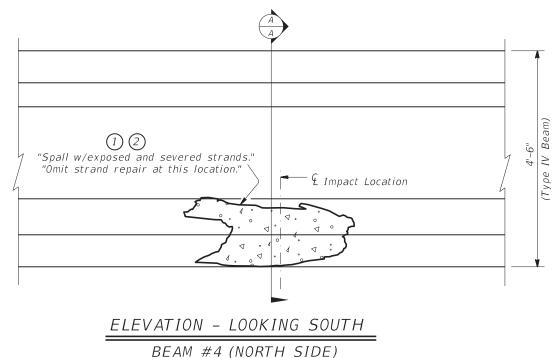
ö

DISPLAYED

EVELS 1

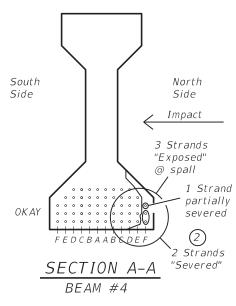
×DO





BEAM #4 REPAIR ▲ SHOWING SPALLED BEAM WITH EXPOSED/SEVERED STRANDS (LOOKING SOUTH)

Note: Details are shown as a guide. Contractor to determine extent of Repair treatment as per field verifying size of spalls, \triangle delaminations, Cracks and condition of strands along all impact damaged areas and as directed by others.



Showing Concrete Beam Repair.

REPAIR NOTES:

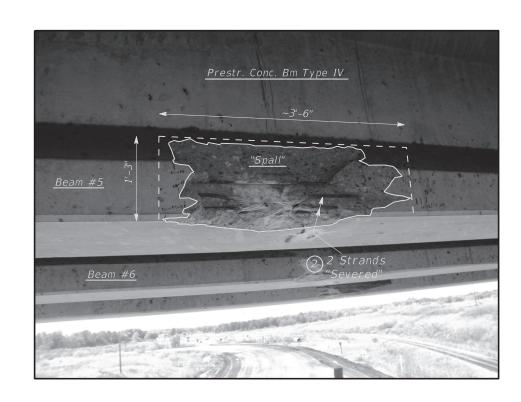
(1) Remove existing damaged, loose and delaminated concrete.

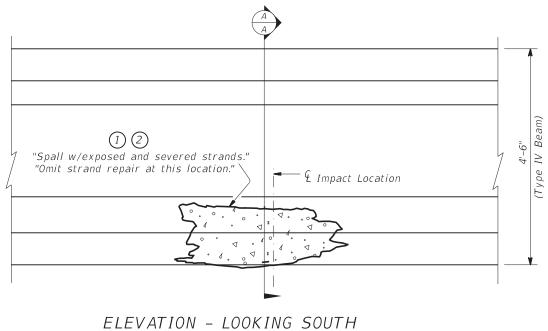
2 Repair Beam with "Neat Epoxy" only in accordance with the "TXDOT CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL," (Per Section 3.1) and details shown in Plans.



ö

EVELS DISPLAYED

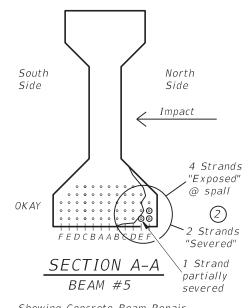




BEAM #5 (LOOKING NORTH)

BEAM #5 REPAIR ▲ SHOWING SPALLED BEAM WITH EXPOSED/SEVERED STRANDS (LOOKING SOUTH)

Note: Details are shown as a guide. Contractor to determine extent of Repair treatment as per field verifying size of spalls, delaminations, Cracks and condition of strands along all impact damaged areas and as directed by others.

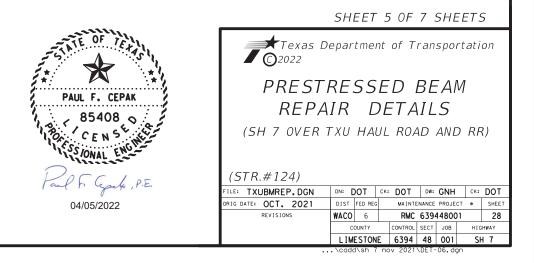


Showing Concrete Beam Repair.

REPAIR NOTES:

(1) Remove existing damaged, loose and delaminated concrete.

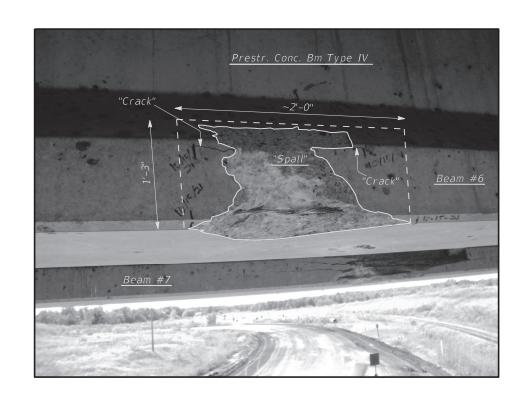
(2) Repair Beam with "Neat Epoxy" only in accordance with the "TXDOT CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL," (Per Section 3.1) and details shown in Plans.

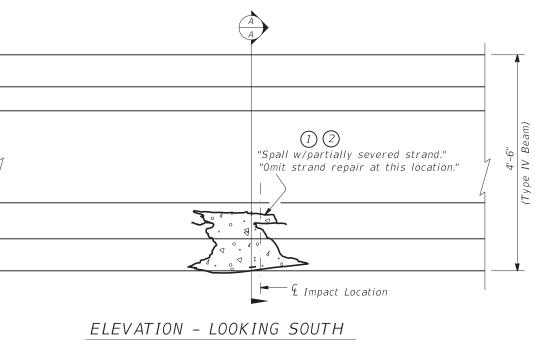


ö

LEVELS DISPLAYED

 \triangle



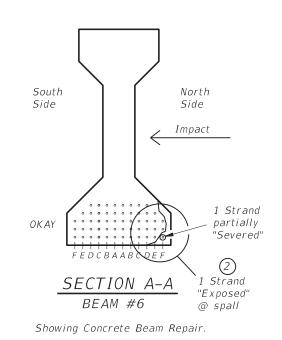


BEAM #6 (NORTH SIDE)

BEAM #6 REPAIR

▲ SHOWING SPALLED BEAM WITH EXPOSED/SEVERED STRAND (LOOKING SOUTH)

Note: Details are shown as a guide. Contractor to determine extent of Repair treatment as per field verifying size of spalls, delaminations, Cracks and condition of strands along all impact damaged areas and as directed by others.



REPAIR NOTES:

(1) Remove existing damaged and delaminated concrete.

(2) Repair Beam with "Neat Epoxy" only in accordance with the "TXDOT CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL," (Per Section 3.1) and details shown in Plans.



ö

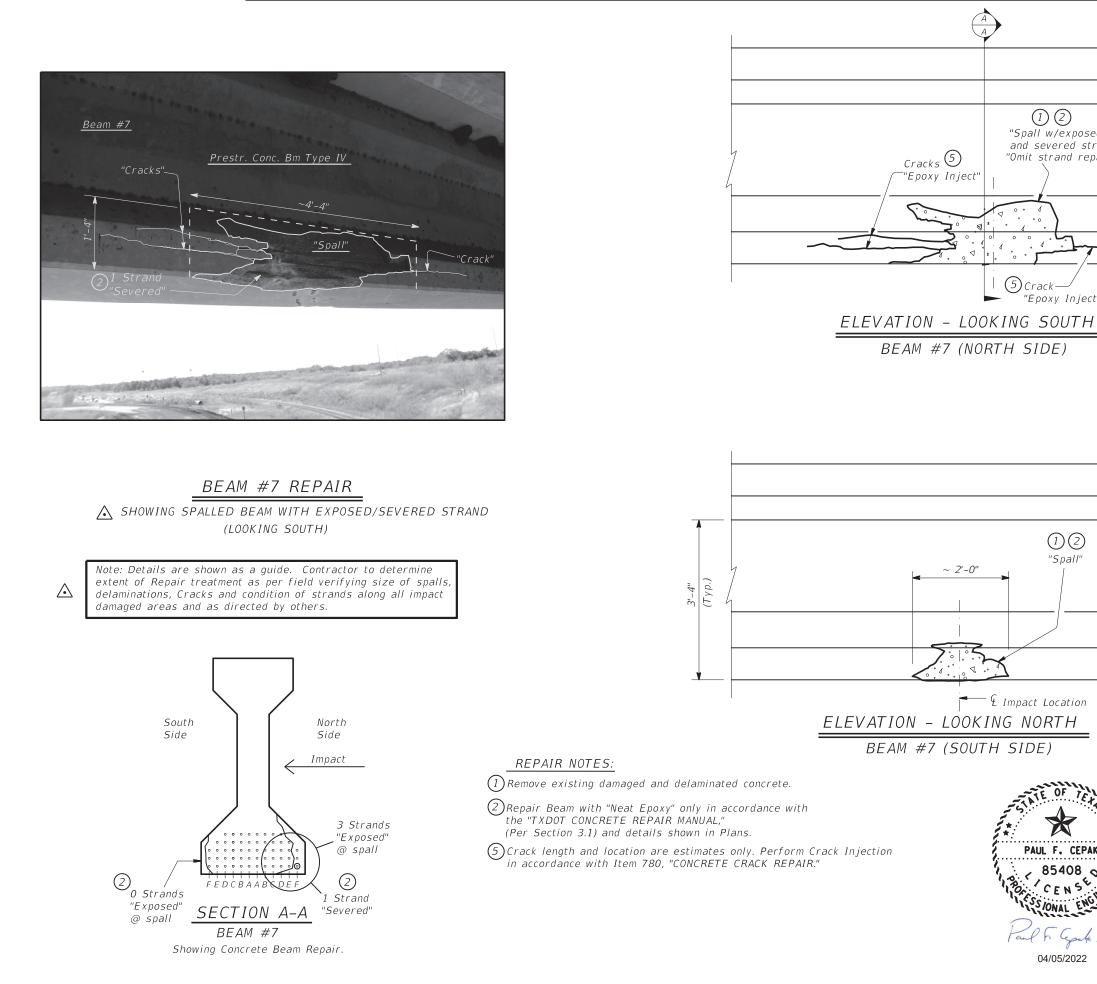
LEVELS DISPLAYED

213141516 2829303132 1445464748

 \triangle

SHEET 6 OF 7 SHEETS

Texas Department of Transportation **2**022 PRESTRESSED BEAM REPAIR DETAILS (SH 7 OVER TXU HAUL ROAD AND RR) (STR.#124) ILE: TXUBMREP.DGN DN: DOT CK: DOT DW: GNH CK: DOT DRIG DATE: OCT. 2021 DIST FED REG MAINTENANCE PROJECT . SHEE RMC 639448001 29 REVISIONS WACO 6 COUNTY CONTROL SECT JOB HIGHWAY LIMESTONE 6394 48 001 SH 7 nov 2021\DET

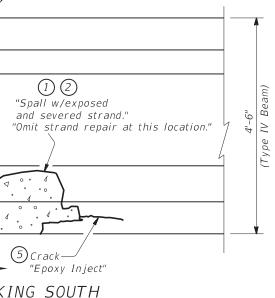


ö

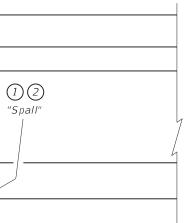
DISPLAYED

EVELS 1

213141516 2829303132 1445464748











SHEET 7 OF 7 SHEETS

Texas Department of Transportation **C**2022 PRESTRESSED BEAM REPAIR DETAILS (SH 7 OVER TXU HAUL ROAD AND RR) (STR.#124) ILE: TXUBMREP.DGN DN: DOT CK: DOT DW: GNH CK: DOT DRIG DATE: OCT. 2021 DIST FED REG MAINTENANCE PROJECT ● SHEE RMC 639448001 30 REVISIONS WACO 6 COUNTY CONTROL SECT JOB HIGHWAY LIMESTONE 6394 48 001 SH 7

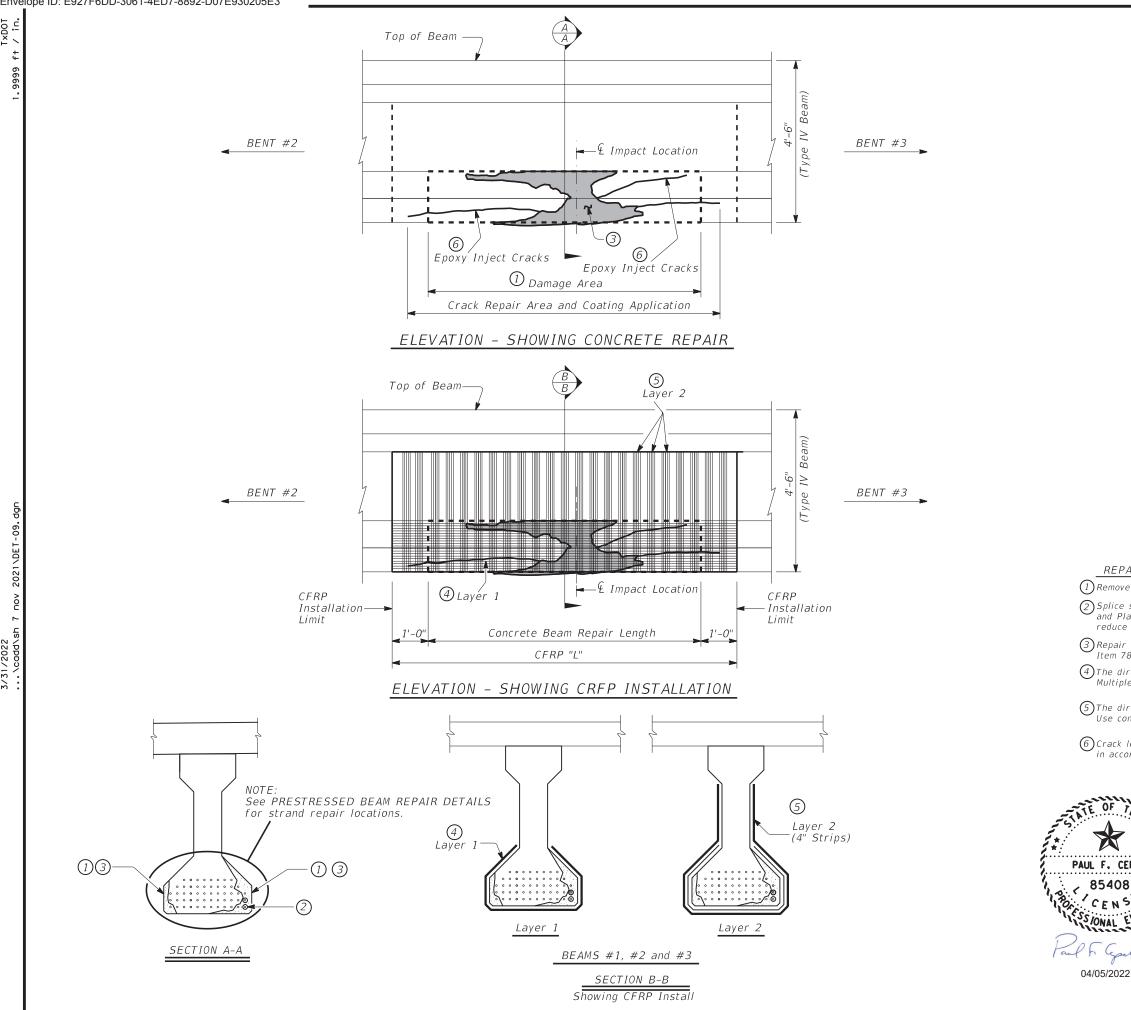


TABLE OF DAMAGED BEAM LENGTHS

	BEAM #	BEAM DAMAGE LENGTH	CFRP
SH 7 OVER TXU HAUL ROAD		"L"	"L"
AND RAILROAD	#1	28.0'	30.0'
	#2	25.0'	27.0'
(NBI # 09-147-0-0382-03-124)	#3	8.0'	10.0'
	#4	3.5'	-
	#5	3.5'	—
	#6	2.0'	—
	#7	4.3'	-

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Move traffic from beam to be repaired. Overpass can be opened to traffic after repair material reaches 3,600 psi.
- 2. Sound and remove loose and delaminated concrete. Use only hand tools or power driven chipping hammers (15 lbs. max) to remove loose and damaged concrete to excavate behind prestressing strands.
- 3. Splice severed strands.
- 4. Perform concrete repair work.
- 5. Perform concrete crack repair.
- 6. Install CFRP on Beams #1, #2 and #3 only.
- 7. Coat area extending out to crack limits in accordance with Item 427

INSTALLATION NOTES:

Extent of damaged and spalled concrete varies. See "TABLE OF DAMAGED BEAM LENGTHS" for approximate lengths CFRP.

Repair in accordance with Item 788, "Concrete Beam Repair" and Sections 3.2 and 3.3 of the TxDOT "Concrete Repair Manual."

Place the Carbon Fiber Reinforced Polymer in accordance to the plans, and Item 786, "Carbon Fiber Reinforced Polymer".

REPAIR NOTES:

OF

(1) Remove existing damaged and delaminated concrete.

(2) Splice severed strands in accordance with Item 788 "CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR," and Plan Sheets "STRAND SPLICING INSTALLATION." Offset splice locations to reduce congestion.

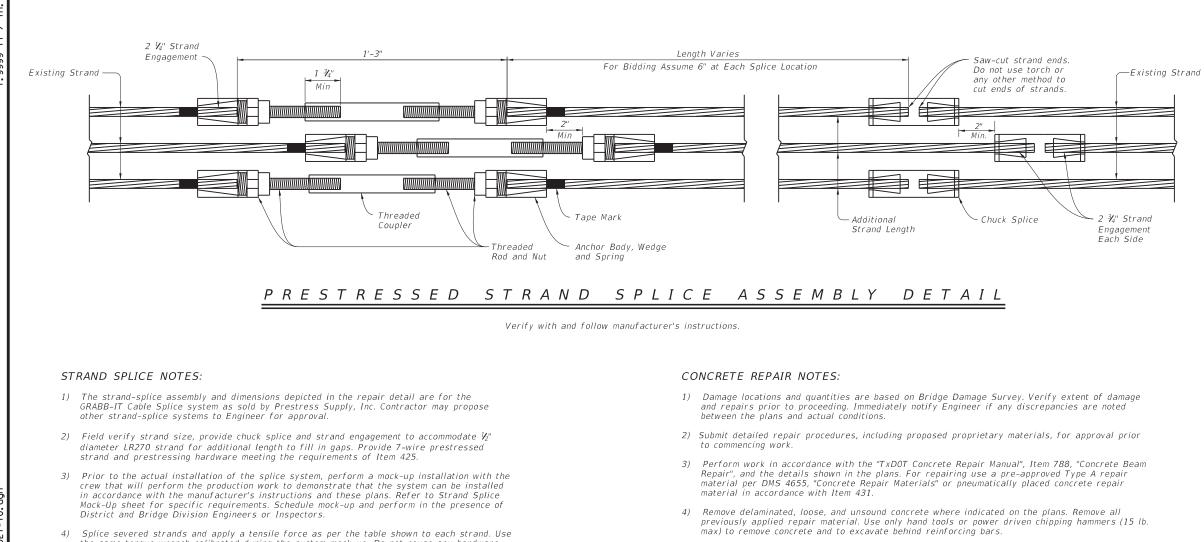
(3) Repair damaged concrete in accordance with the "TXDOT CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL," Item 788, "CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR," and details shown in Plans.

(4) The direction of carbon fiber shall be parallel to the beam. Multiple strips may be required, with minimum overlap of 2".

5 The direction of carbon fiber shall be perpendicular to the beam. Use continuous layer of each strip and don't overlap adjacent strips.

(6) Crack length and location are estimates only. Perform Crack Injection in accordance with Item 780, "CONCRETE CRACK REPAIR."

TEXAL INTERACT	Texas D	epar	tmer	nt of T	ran	sport	tati	on
EPAK B O Control of the second	SUP REPA (SH 7 OVER	IR	Ľ		IL	S	RF	R)
1. , P.E.	(STR.#124)							
	FILE: TXUBMREP.DGN	DN: [)OT	CK: DOT	DW:	GNH	CK:	DOT
2	ORIG DATE: OCT. 2021	DIST	FED REG	MAINTE	INANCE	PROJECT	e	SHEET
	REVISIONS	WACO	6	RMC	639	448001		31
		c	OUNTY	CONTROL	SECT	JOB	НIC	GHWAY
		LIM	ESTON	E 6394	48	001	SI	Н 7
		\cad	d∖sh 7	nov 2021	NDET-	09.dgn		



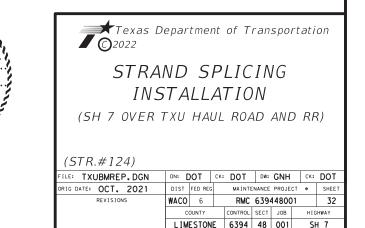
- 4) Splice severed strands and apply a tensile force as per the table shown to each strand. Use the same torque wrench calibrated during the system mock-up. Do not reuse any hardware utilized during the mock-up or calibration for production work.
- 5) Use a saw to remove loose sections of existing strand and to cut new strand for filling in gaps. Cut evenly to leave intact whole end for engagement with splicing system. Plan cutting locations to account for staggering splice assemblies to avoid congestion. Do not use a torch to cut new or existing strand.
- 6) If installing anchors or pins to bond concrete repair material to substrate, do so prior to proceeding to Step 7
- 7) Prior to installation of the splicing system, clean and lubricate the threads in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Keep strands, wedges, and splice chucks free of lubricant.
- 8) Handle and install splicing devices according to manufacturer's instructions. Hand-tighten the splicing system to meet the minimum thread and strand engagement requirements from the manufacturer and this plan sheet. Install splicing system on all strands to be spliced before tensioning any of the splices.
- 9) Tension all strand splices gradually to 50%, then all to 75%, and then all to 100% of the required tensile force.

LR270 Strand Dia (in)	Nominal Area (in ²)	Apply a Tensile Force,kips (70% of Ultimate)
ž	0.085	16.0
7/16	0.115	21.0
1/2	0.153	28.0

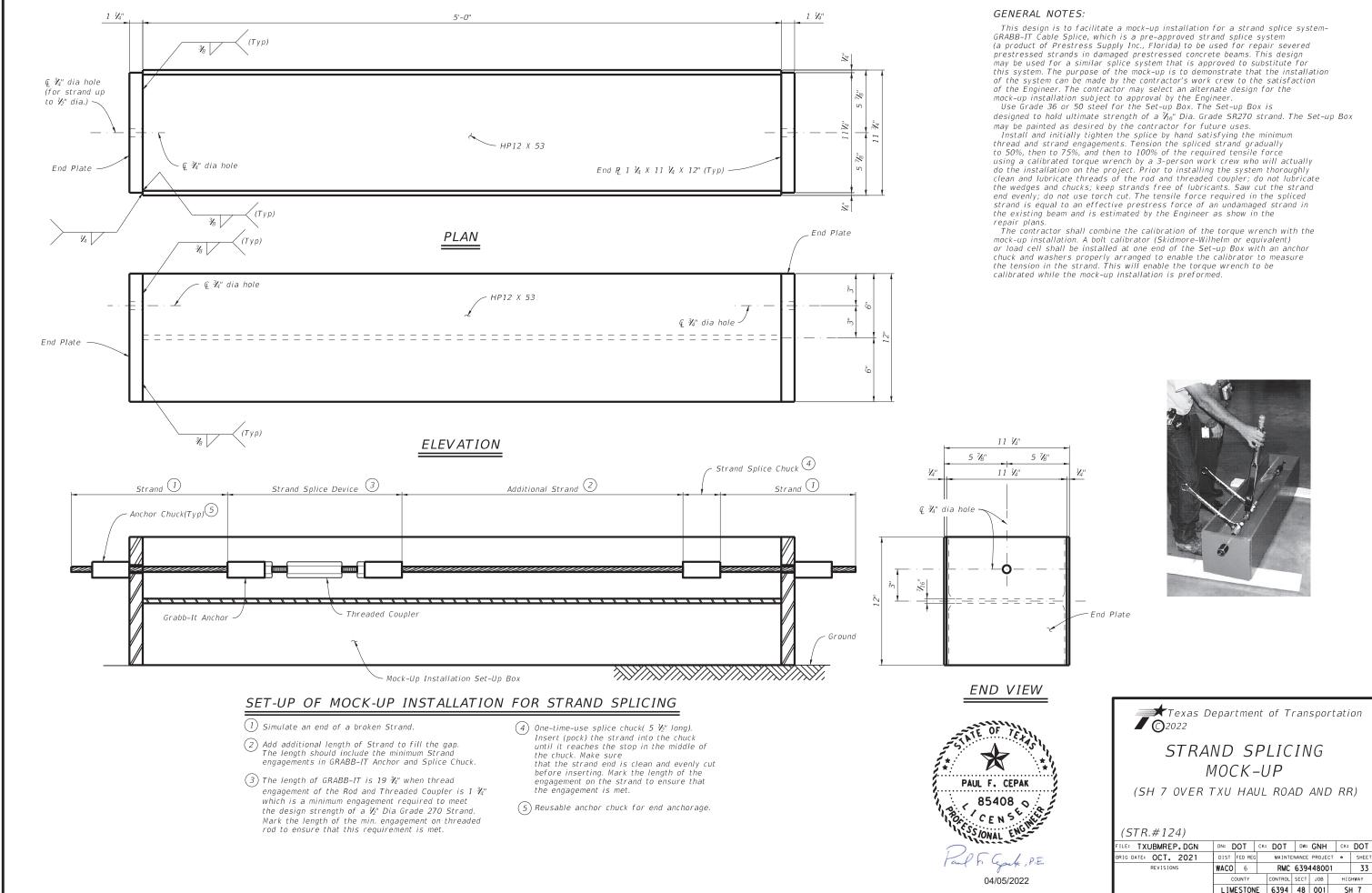
- Note: Notify Engineer after completing Step 4. Engineer will verify extent of damage and strand splice locations. Do not proceed to Step 5 until completing strand splice work.
- 5) Preload the beam by placing a 40 kip truck at midspan prior to repairing. Leave the truck in place until concrete repair material has obtained a min compressive strength of 3600 psi.
- 6) Bend, but do not remove, damaged steel reinforcement and strands to ensure there will be 1" minimum concrete cover in the repair area.
- 7) Remove rust, oil, and other contaminants from concrete and reinforcing steel surfaces. Just prior to repairing blast the repair area using a high-pressure air compressor equipped with filters to remove oil
- 8) Moist cure the repair material for a minimum of 48 hours using wet mats, water spray, ponding, or other method approved by Engineer



3/31/2022

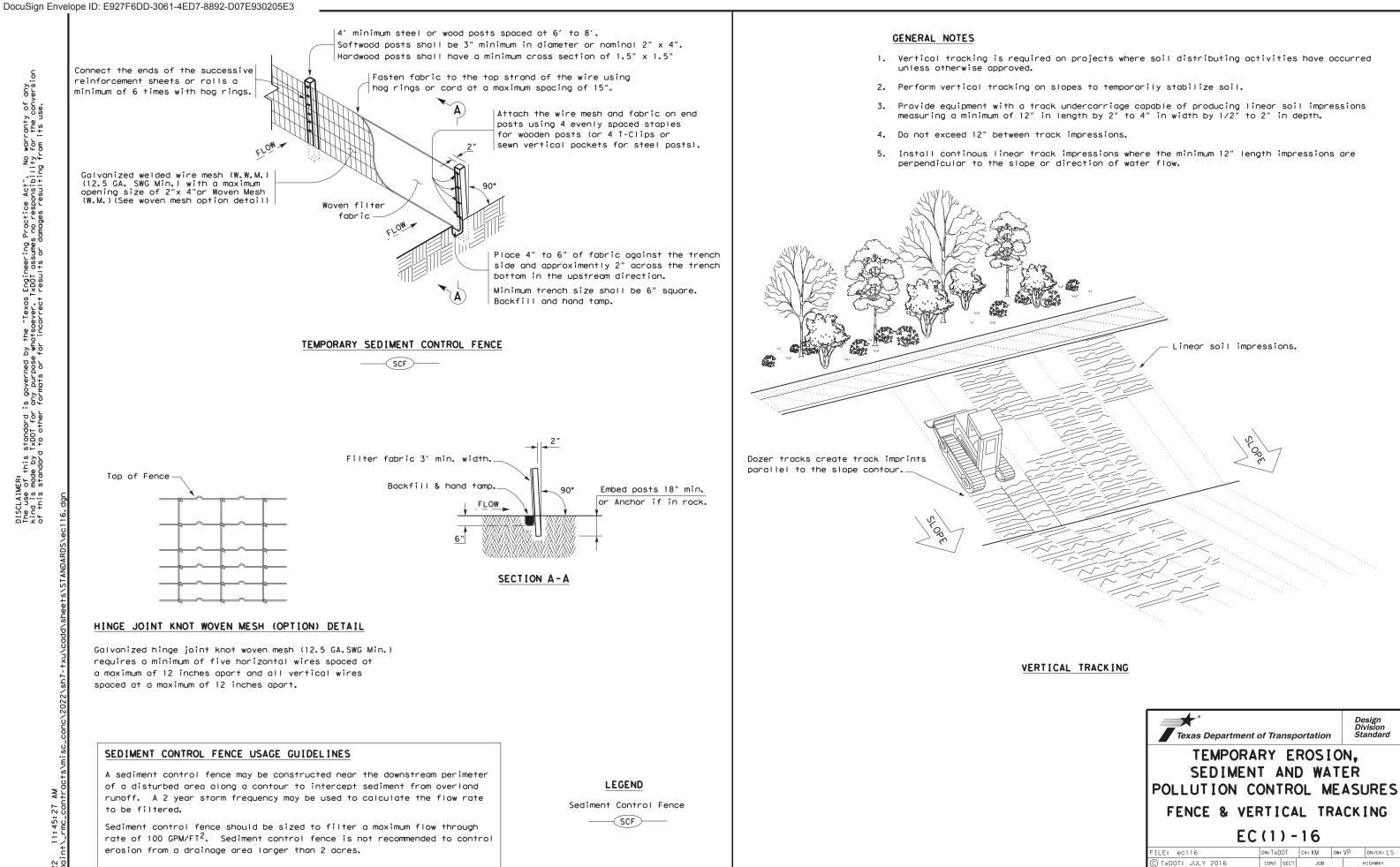


7 nov 2021\DET-10.dg





nov 2021\DET-11.dg



Texas Department of Transportation					ivision		
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES							
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING							
EC(1)-16							
				-		1	
FILE: ec116	DN: Tx[OT	ск:КМ	DW:	٧P	DN/CK: LS	
C TXDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6394	48 001				SH 7	
121101010		COUNTY			_		
NET 1510H5	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	

- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not limited to the following:
 - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary wastes, construction chemicals and petroleum products used or generated by the Contractor and sub-contractors. Along with the list, the Contractor will supply a spill prevention plan and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products or generated waste.
 - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
 - Post the TxDOT storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
 - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to TxDOT. The Contractor will not disturb soil without the proper permits.
 - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses.
 - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be located on TxDOT ROW.
 - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration.
 - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day. The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOT direction.
 - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US, Note #3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from TxDOT.
 - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
 - Provide an estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or torching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely hauled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all correspondence with MS4s, TCEO, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSL(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of TxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 10 Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Standard TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TA-BMP ILE: BMPLAYOUTS. dan DN: ск: CK: C TxDOT 2009 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6394 48 001 SH 7 DEC 2013 FEB 2015 WACO LIMESTONE 35

- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance,
- 10, Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as silt fences and rock filter dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch and 2/3 of an acre of disturbed soil for a minimum of 100 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOT. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12, Earth berms or mounds typically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the Contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings that show the locations of all temporary sediment and erosion controls,
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SWPPP maintenance, including silt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type 111 dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required silt fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high priority, or be subject to stop work on the entire project.
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of soil tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blocked by sediment controls. The contractor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stock ponds. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to trespass off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet all OSHA requirements and the current safety quidelines established for TxDOT Quarries and Pits,
- 22. Boundary silt fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary silt fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filter dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filter dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filter dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filter dam ends.
- 24, Silt fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side slope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences that do not adequately span the ditch and allows storm water around the end(s) will not be used. Where there is adequate space, large U pattern silt fences are preferred to facilitate sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves IxDOT ROW, takes persistent over ditch line sediment controls.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 10

Texas	Departm aco District			nspo	rtation
TYPICAL	APF FO	_	ICA	ΤI	ONS
BEST P	MAN Ract		CES		г - ВМР
FILE: BMPLAYOUTS.dgn	DN:		ск:	DW:	CK:
C TxDOT 2009	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS DEC 2013	6394	48	001 SH		SH 7
FEB 2015	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WACO		LIMEST	36	

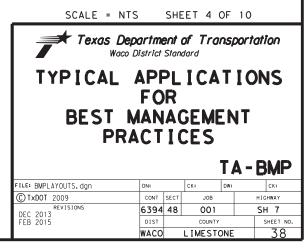
- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary silt fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For ditch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls; on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls damaged by the Contractor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in silt fences are not typically allowed. Specific silt fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For silt fence maintenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of silt fences and not over excavate around silt fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW. RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetative buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38, For outfalls near stock ponds closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize silt fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or silt fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event,
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event,
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and around the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as possible, Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal, Do not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

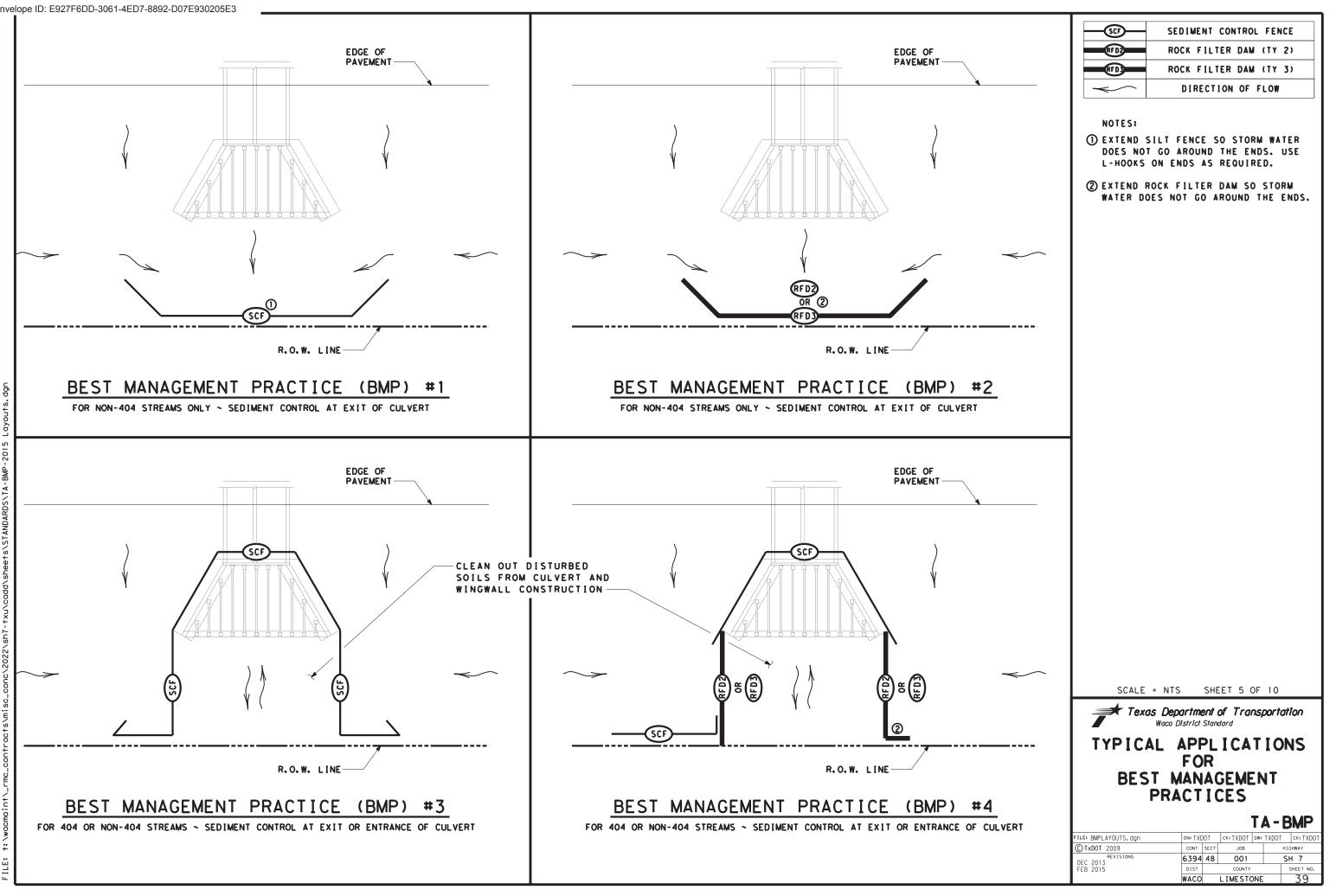
Texas Department of Transportation Waco District Standard								
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT								
	RACT		CES					
				IA-	BMP			
FILE: BMPLAYOUTS.dgn	DN:		СК:	I A -	CK:			
FILE: BMPLAYOUTS, dgn	DN: CONT	SECT	1	1				
CTxDOT 2009 REVISIONS			CK:	1	CK:			
© TxDOT 2009	CONT		CK: JOB	1	CK: HIGHWAY			

SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 10

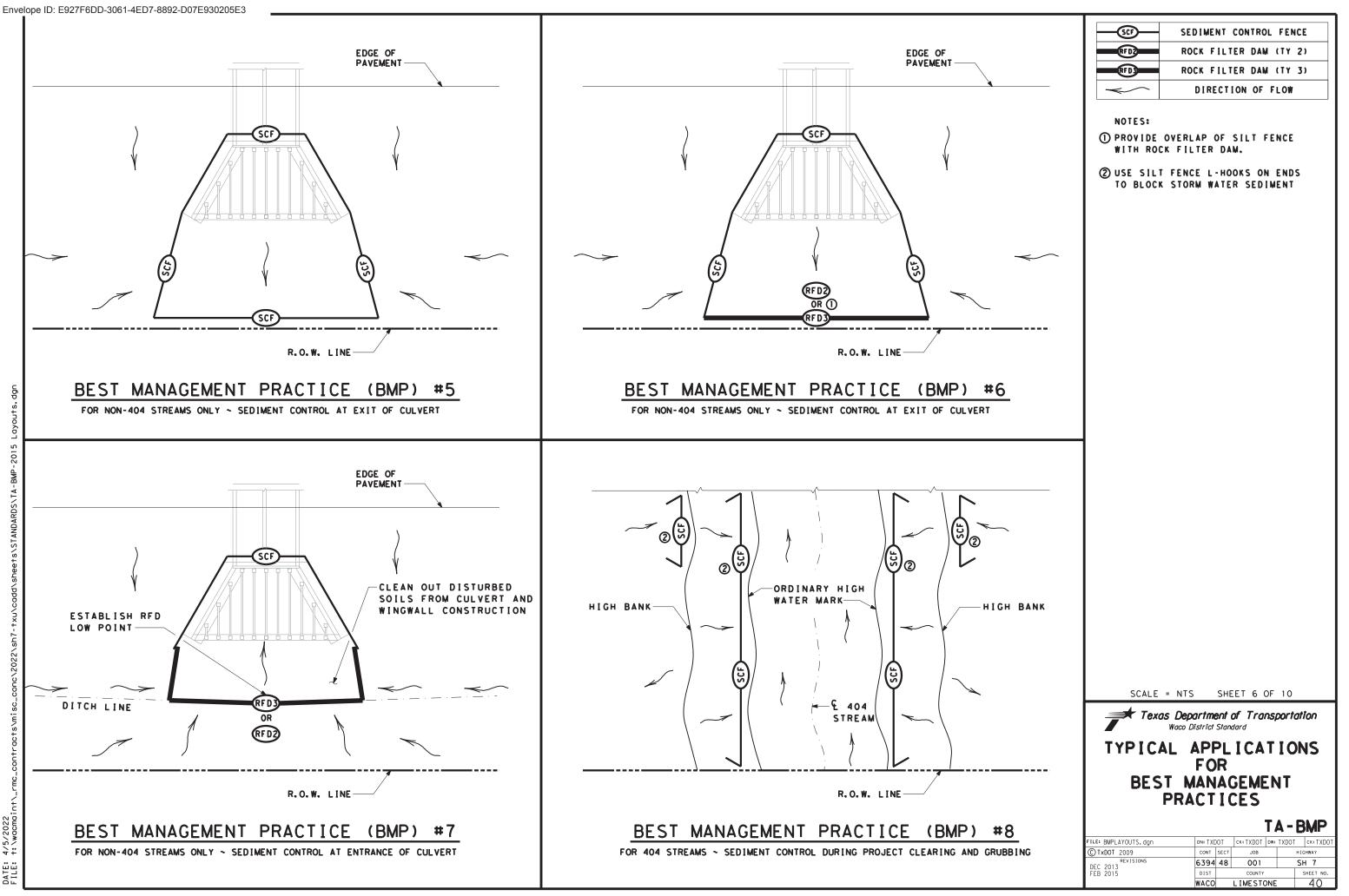
- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Marks of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprop for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after installing erosion rock.
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to Item 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2X4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet silt fence, subsidiary to Item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Silt fence steel T posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel T posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for T post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Silt fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately horizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of silt fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the slope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess grass, rocks, trash, debris or clods will be removed before seeding and installing soil retention blankets. All installations will be by the manufacturer recommendations. Contractor equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

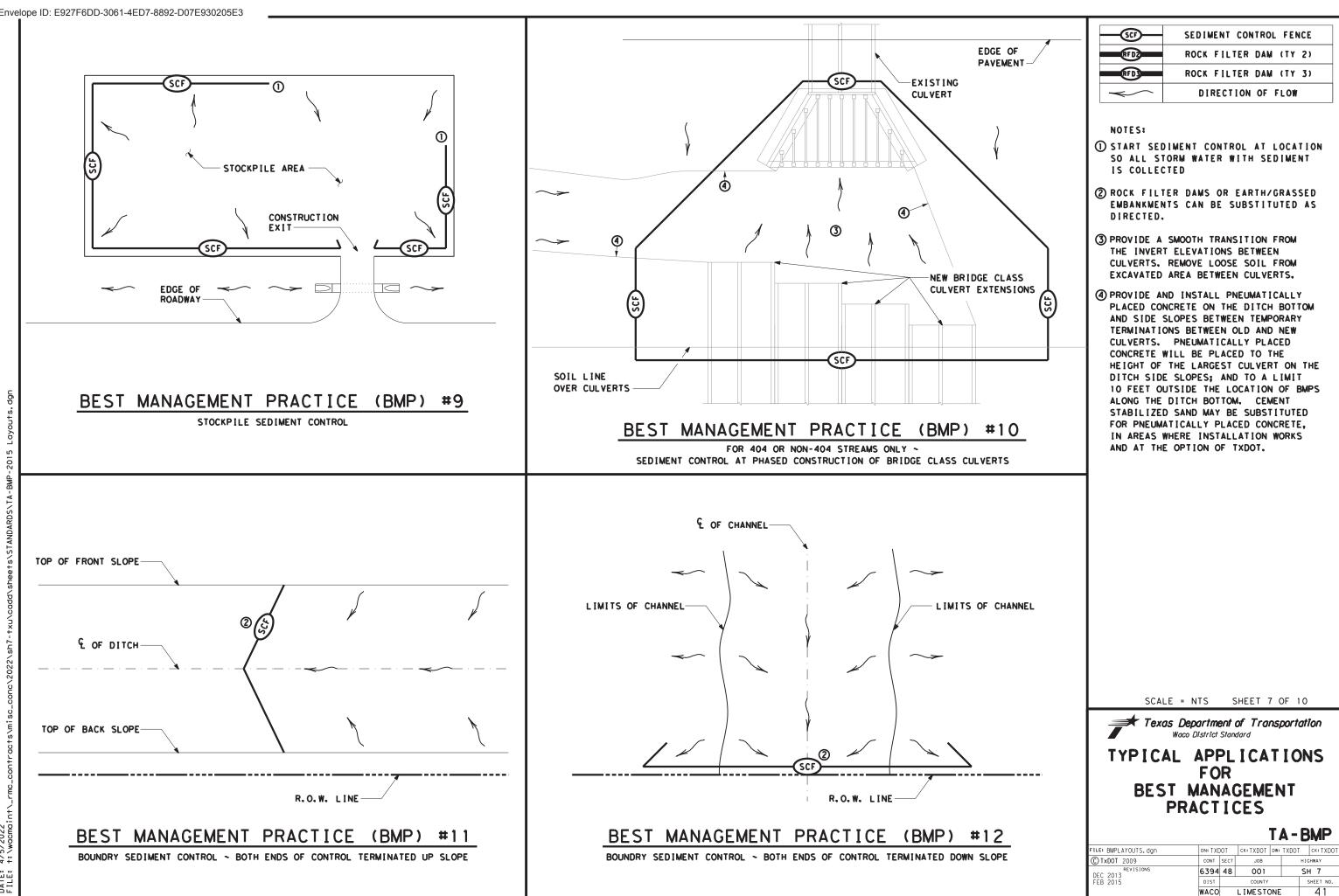
is necessary to complete the work. ce sediment controls immediately after wed is either pre-existing material before II compacted soils or the silt fence will en approximately 1.25 ks on the ends and limited to approximately s. ended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess



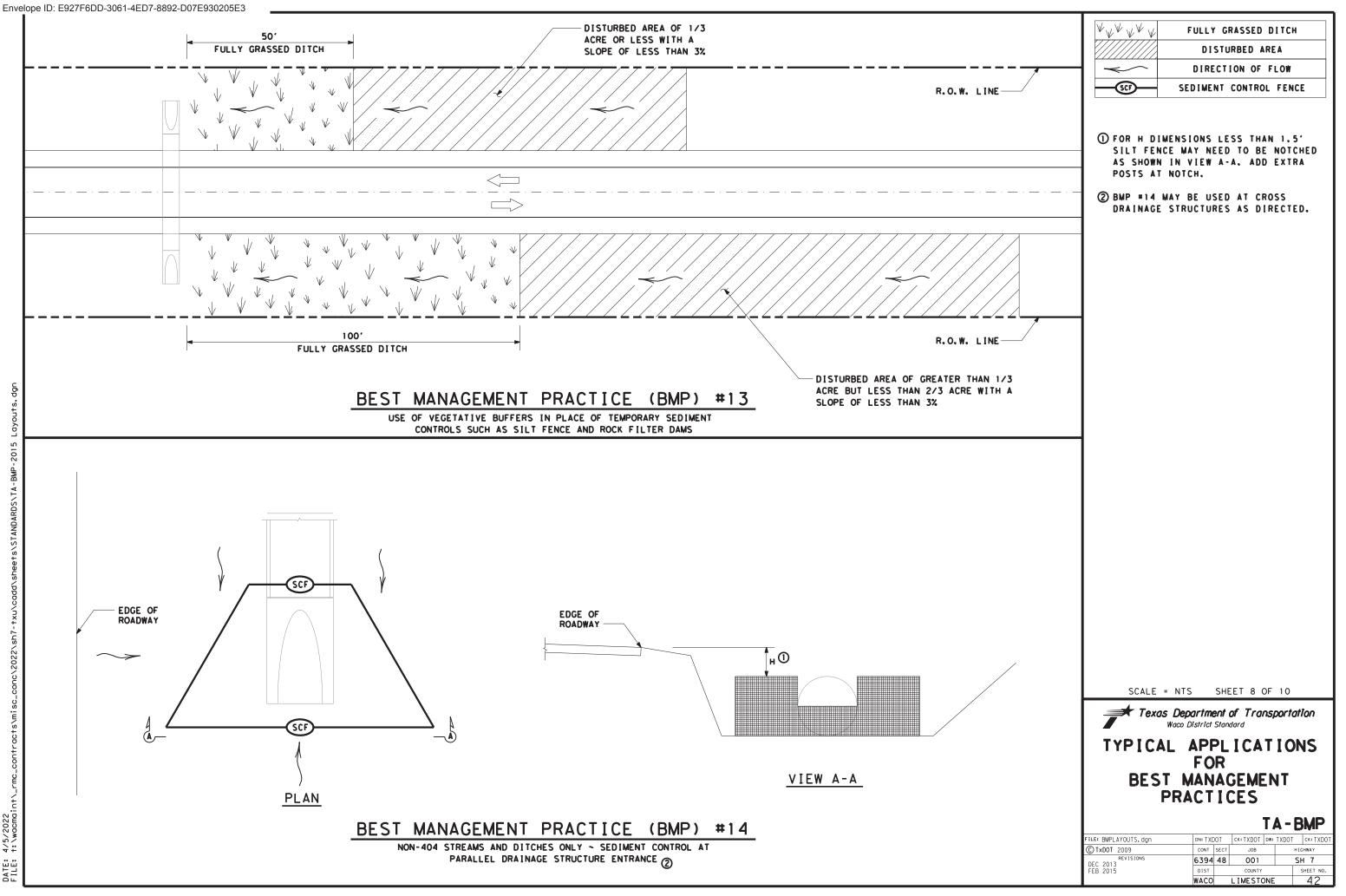


4/5/2022 †:\wacmai DATE: FILE:

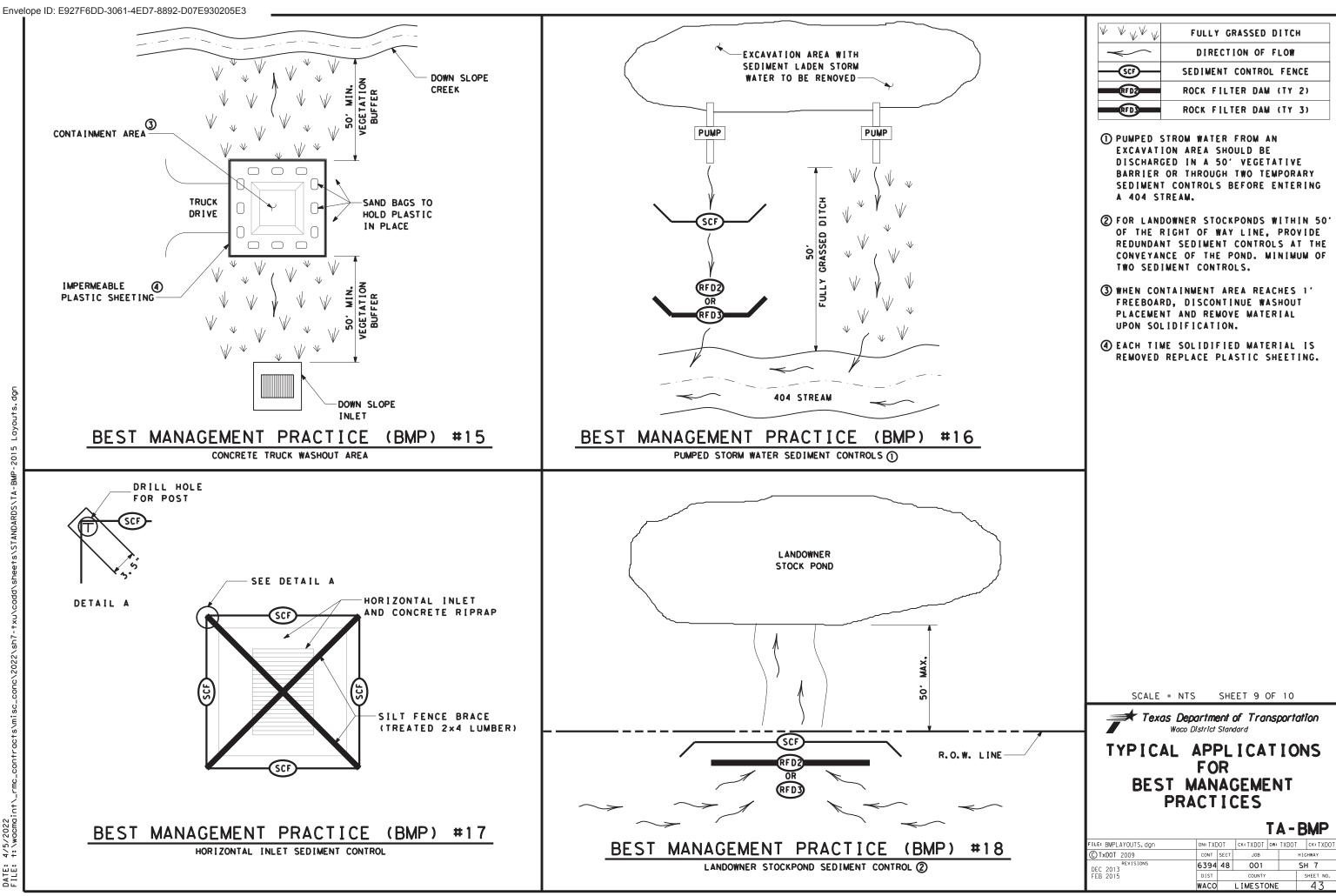




4/5/2022 †:\wacmai DATE: FILE:



DocuSign Envelope ID: E927F6DD-3061-4ED7-8892-D07E930205E3



DocuSign Envelope ID: E927F6DD-3061-4ED7-8892-D07E930205E3

