INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

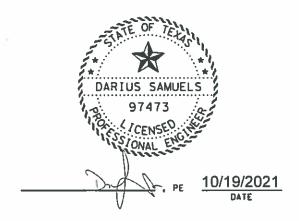
DELTA COUNTIES

| SHEET N | 0. | DESCRIPTION | o_ |
|---------|----|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | > | TITLE SHEET | PLANS OF PROPOSED |
| 2 | > | LOCATION MAP | HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT |
| 3A-3B | > | GENERAL NOTES | TYPE OF WORK: |
| 4 | > | E&Q SHEET | INSTALLATION OF TY II PAVEMENTS MARKINGS |
| 5 | > | TCP (3-1)-13 | |
| 6 | > | TCP (3-2)-13 | (ON CALL) |
| 7-18 | > | BC (1 THRU 12)-21 | GRAYSON, FANNIN, LAMAR, RED RIVER, AND DELTA COUNTIE |
| 19 | > | PM(1)-20 | PROJECT NO. : RMC 6388-76-001 |
| 20 | > | PM(3)-20 | HIGHWAY: US 82, ETC. |
| 21 | > | FPM(1)-12 | LIMITS OF WORK : |
| 22 | > | FPM(2)-12 | VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE |
| 23 | > | FPM(3)-12 | PARIS DISTRICT |
| 24 | > | FPM(4)-12 | |
| 25 | > | EPIC | |
| | | | l l |

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

PROJECT LIMIT BARRICADES WILL NOT BE REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND AS DIRECTED.



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE, AS MARKED WITH (>) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. SEE LOCATION MAPS

Texas Department of Transportation SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 10/19/2021 TRAFFIC ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ADMINISTRATOR

APPROVED FOR LETTING

APPROVED FOR LETTING

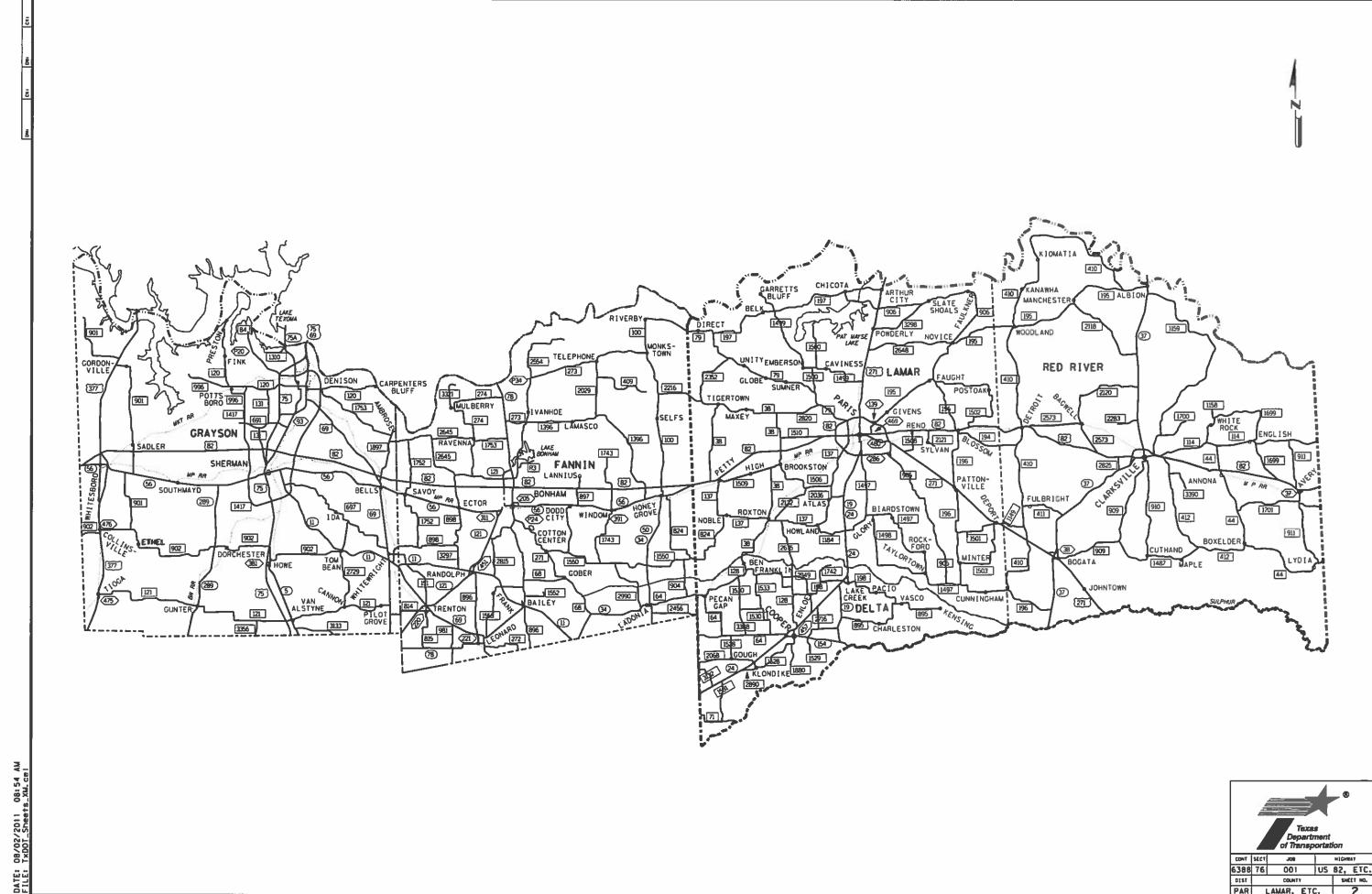
DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

© 2022 by Texos Department of Transportation (512) 416-2055 : all rights reserved

SHEET NO. MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. RMC 6388-76-001 COUNTY STATE LAMAR, ETC. TEXAS PAR SECT. HIGHWAY NO. 6388 76 001 US 82, ETC.

AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0 ACRES



| CONT | SECT | J08 | | нісна | PAT |
|------|------|-----------|----|-------|--------|
| 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | 82, | ETC. |
| 1210 | | COUNTY | | SAG | ET NO. |
| PAR | | AMAR. ETC | | | 2 |

Project Number: RMC 6388-76-001

County: Lamar, Etc.

Control: 6388-76-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

GENERAL:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION – The purpose of this contract is to Install Type II Pavement Markings along various highways in Grayson, Fannin, Lamar, Red River, and Delta counties.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

District Traffic Office

Darius Samuels, P.E. - Darius.Samuels@txdot.gov

Doug Miller - Doug.Miller@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the District Traffic Engineer and District Striping Coordinator. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR - All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the District Striping Coordinator in the Paris District Traffic Office. Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. Direct payment request and questions will be referred to:

Darius Samuels, P.E.

Doug Miller

Traffic Engineer

District Striping Coordinator

1365 N. Main St.

1365 N. Main St

Paris, Texas 75460

Paris, Texas 75460 Office: (903) 737-9333

Phone: (903) 737-9498

Mobile: (903) 517-5854

ITEM 2 – INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

View plans online or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html

Project Number: RMC 6388-76-001

County: Lamar, Etc.

Control: 6388-76-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

ITEM 4 – SCOPE OF WORK

Accomplish work in accordance with the latest reflectorized Pavement Markings standards.

Repair or replace signs, delineators, or mailboxes damaged by operations at no expense to the Department.

ITEM 5 - CONTROL OF THE WORK

The work performed, equipment used and materials furnished for a complete project shall be paid for directly as indicated elsewhere in the plans and specifications. Payment for completed work shall be made upon acceptance of the work by the Texas Department of Transportation.

ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Time will be computed in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5, "Calendar Day". Work on Saturdays, Sundays, and National or State Holidays will not be permitted without written permission of the Engineer.

Work Orders for TY II pavement markings will be issued with a minimum of 40,000 LF.

The Contractor shall move in and begin placing the requested striping within seven (3) calendar days of the written work order and continue until all work within the respective work order is complete. Written notification will be by e-mail.

Liquidated Damages will be assessed for each work order. The amount of assessed for each work order will be \$200/day.

Notify the District Traffic Office by e-mail, at least one (1) work day before beginning striping operations on each work order. Provide location of work and schedule for the week. Leaving a recorded message does not meet the requirements.

ITEM 502 – BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor's personnel shall be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. For daytime and nighttime activity, flaggers shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 publication entitled "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel and Headwear".

Project Number: RMC 6388-76-001

County: Lamar, Etc.

Control: 6388-76-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

The method of handling traffic will conform to that set forth in the plans and as directed. Restrict the movement across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

No more than one lane shall be blocked at any time on any highway.

All flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations. No equipment will be left overnight within 30 feet of the travel way.

Provide for traffic safety and for the ingress and egress to public and private property in work areas at all times during the construction of this project.

ITEM 666 - REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Equipment used for the contract shall be equipped with footage counters capable of measuring the linear footage placed. Counters must be calibrated prior to the beginning of striping operations.

Use a double-drop bead system with Type II and Type III beads. Truck speed shall be slow enough to ensure that the beads drop onto the stripe and do not roll in the paint film.

No-passing zones will be re-established by District Striping Technicians.

Due to problems in traffic handling do not place a dash center stripe and edge line at the same time on highways unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

Apply all stripes in one coat.

Placement of markings in proper alignment will be strictly enforced. Irregular lines placed on both sides of the existing markings will not be accepted.

31



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6388-76-001

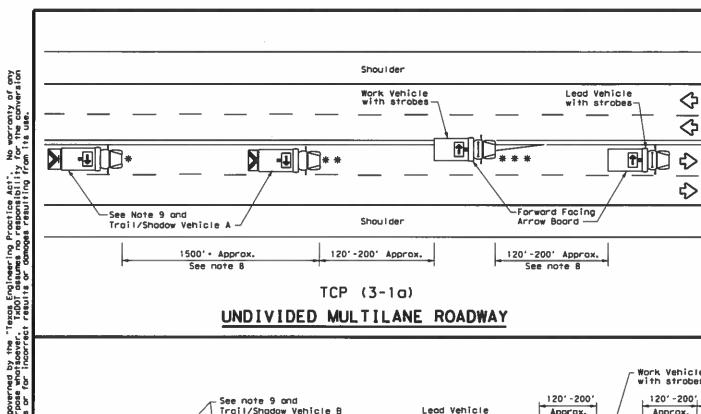
DISTRICT Parls
HIGHWAY US0082

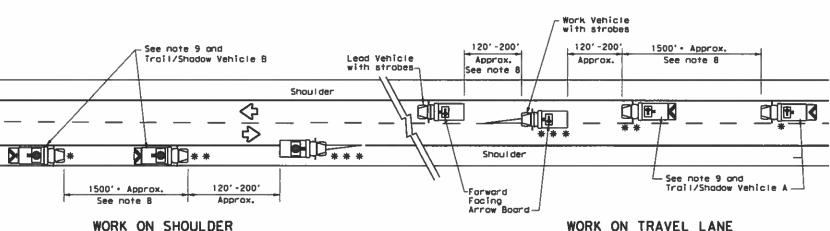
COUNTY Lamar

| | | CONTROL | L SECTION JOB | 6388-70 | 5-001 | | |
|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| | PROJECT ID COUNTY | | | A0018 | 1339 | | |
| | | | | Lam | ar | TOTAL EST. | TOTAL FINAL |
| | | HIGHWAY | r U50082 | | | | |
| ALT | BID CODE | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | EST. | FINAL | | |
| | 500-6033 | MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT) | EA | 12.000 | | 12.000 | |
| | 666-6167 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (BRK) | LF | 25,000.000 | | 25,000.000 | |
| | 666-6170 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (SLD) | LF | 1,350,000.000 | | 1,350,000.000 | |
| | 666-6171 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (BRK) | LF | 1,500.000 | | 1,500.000 | |
| | 666-6178 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (SLD) | LF | 8,000.000 | | 8,000.000 | |
| | 666-6205 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (BRK) | LF | 200,000.000 | | 200,000.000 | |
| | 666-6207 | REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (SLD) | LF | 840,000.000 | | 840,000.000 | |
| | | | | | | | |



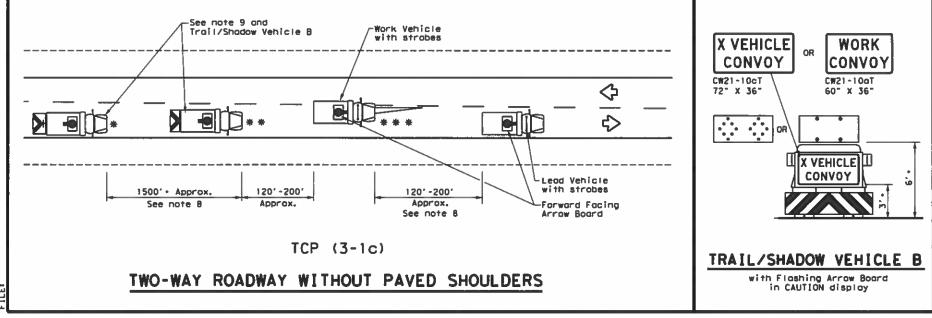
| DISTRICT | COUNTY | CCSJ | SHEET |
|----------|--------|-------------|-------|
| Paris | Lamar | 6388-76-001 | 4 |





TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS



| | LEGEND | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| * | Troil Vehicle | ARROW BOARD DISPLAY | | | | |
| ** | Shadow Vehicle | ARROW BOARD DISPLAT | | | | |
| * * * | Work Vehicle | RIGHT Directional | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | F | LEFT Directional | | | |
| | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | # | Double Arrow | | | |
| ♦ | Traffic Flow | | CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flosh) | | | |

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | |
| 1 | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

VEHICLE

CW21-10cT

72" X 36"

•••••

X VEHICLE CONVOY

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional

display Floshing Arrow Board

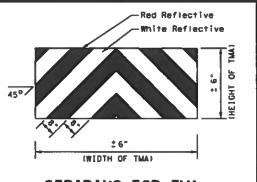
CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- The use of omber high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shodow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

MOBILE OPERATIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

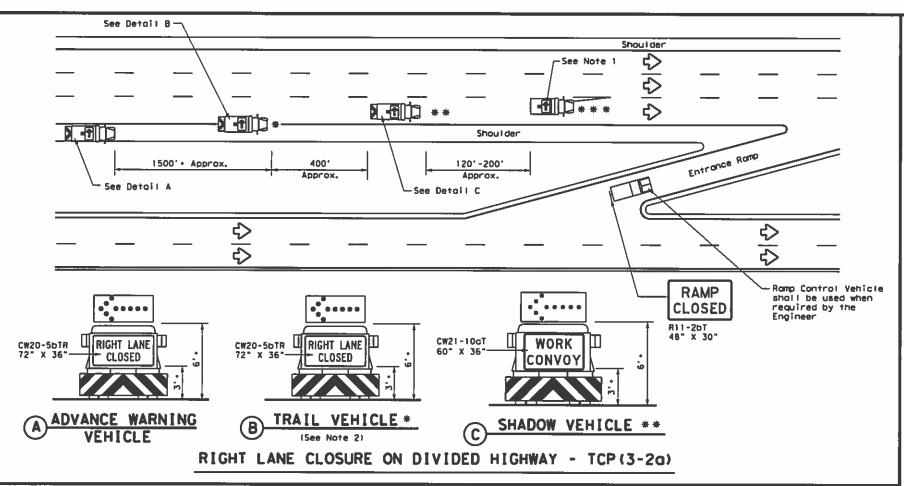
| Tribot | T

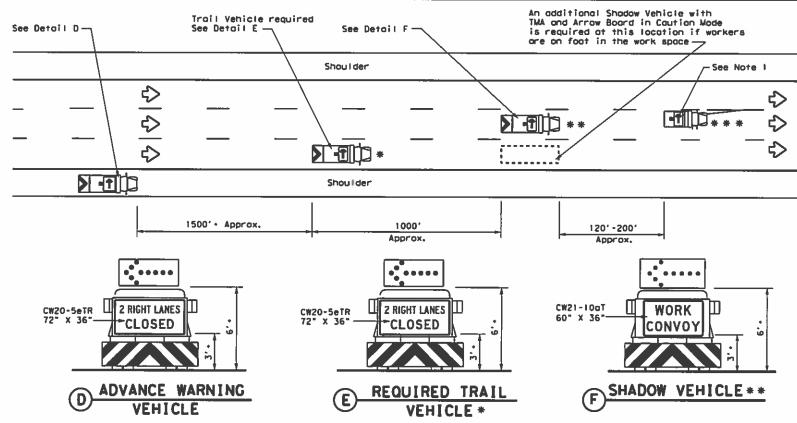
STRIPING FOR TMA

TON THE

DATE

1-97





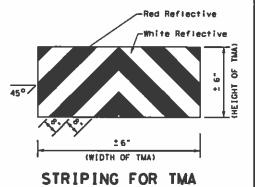
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)

| | LEGEND | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| * | Trail Vehicle | ADDOM DOADO DICOLAY | | | | |
| ** | Shadow Vehicle | ARROW BOARD DISPLAY | | | | |
| * * * | Work Vehicle | RIGHT Directional | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | F | LEFT Directional | | | |
| | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | 64 | Double Arrow | | | |
| ₽ | Traffic Flow | | CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash) | | | |

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| MOBILE | | | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | |
| 1 | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type 8 or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated. simultaneously with the omber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Worning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately aftered when implementing left lone closures or interior closures which close the left lones.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2)-13

Traffic

| | Deli Ta | 10Gx | TXDOT | per TxD0 | TOURT IND |
|------------------------|---------|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| © 1xD01 December 1985 | CONT | SECT | J08 | | HICHRAT |
| 75 AEVISIONS 2-94 4-98 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | U | S 82, ETC |
| 8-95 7-13 | DIST | | COLINTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 | PAR | | LAMAR, E | TC | 6 |
| 1 17/5 | | | | | |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic valumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Departm

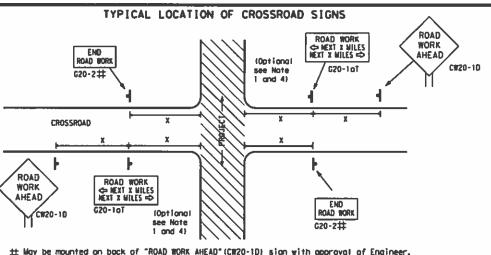
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

| | \ I | , - | 41 | | |
|----------------------|------------|------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| ILE: bc-21.dgn | 004 F1 | (DOT | Cs: Tx001 C | m: TxD0 | T CE: TxDOT |
| DixD01 November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HECHEAT |
| 4-03 7-13 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | 82, ETC |
| 9-07 8-14 | 1210 | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 5-10 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR ET | C. | 7 |



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-10) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (GZO-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on law volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is tow valume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans,
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other oppropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X M(LES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroods to odvise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high valume.

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

T-INTERSECTION WORK * # G20-9TP TRAFFIC X X R20-51 FINES * * R20-5aTP ROAD WORK END FORK ZONE G20-1bTt 1000'-1500' - Hwy INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000' -1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City \Rightarrow G20-16TR ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES ⇒ ENO D WORK ZONE G20-25T * * Limit G20-5T WORK ZONE * * G20-91P TRAFF I G20-6T ¥ ¥ R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK * * R20-5aT G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15.6

SIZE

Rood

48" x 48"

36" × 36"

48" x 48"

conventional Expresswoy. Freeway 48" × 48" 48" x 48"

48" x 48"

SPACING

| Posted Speed | Sign∆ Spacing "X" |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| MPH | Feet (Apprx.) |
| 30 | 120 |
| 35 | 160 |
| 40 | 240 |
| 45 | 320 |
| 50 | 400 |
| 55 | 500 ² |
| 60 | 600 ² |
| 65 | 700 ² |
| 70 | 800 ² |
| 75 | 900 s |
| 80 | 1000 ² |
| * | * 3 |

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- △ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW204 CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1. CW2.

CW7, CW8,

CW9, CW11.

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

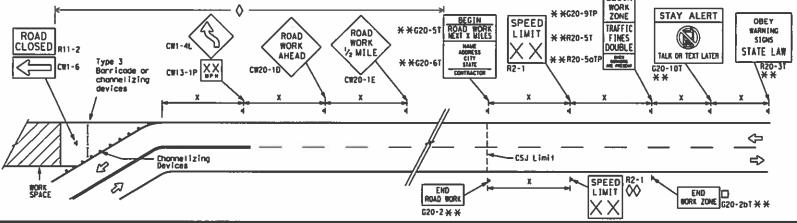
CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- . Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAB" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCO Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossrood Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped worning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK ZONE SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC * * R20-5T **WARNING** * * G20-51 AHEAD SIGNS CW20-1D € ¥ R20-5aTP ROAD STATE LAW TAUL OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 * * ROAD WORK WORK ¥ ¥ G20 · 61 CW20-1D CW1 - 48 R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T #-4 AHEAD XX DP II CR13-1P AHEAD Type 3 Borricode or CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond **(** \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow WORK ➾ Beginning of — NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT END Channel izing Devices CSJ Limit line should $\otimes \times \times$ When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-19) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still ROAD WORK with sign G20-2 * * NOTES

within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

| - 1 | LEGEND | | | | | |
|-----|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | I | Type 3 Barricade | | | | |
| | 000 | Channelizing Devices | | | | |
| | - | Sign | | | | |
| | х | See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. | | | | |

SHEET 2 OF 12

| * | Traffic Safety Division |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Texas Department of Transportation | Standard |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

| FILE: | bc-21.dgn | Deu Ta | DOT | CRI TXDOT | Dass | TxDOT | cai TxDO1 |
|-----------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|------|-------|-----------|
| C IxDOI | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | J08 | П | HIS | SHEAY |
| | REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US 82 | ETC. |
| 9-07 8-14 | | DIST | | COUPITY | | | SMEET NO. |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR, E | tc. | | 8 |

96 1

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

See General Note 4

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance signing.

WORK

G20-5aP

R2-1

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

60

See General

Note 4

G20-5cP

R2-1

(750" - 1500")

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

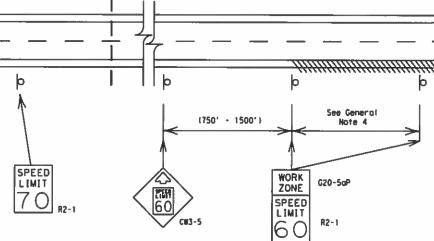
60

CSJ LIMITS

SPEED

LIMIT

R2-1



LIMITS

GUIDANCE FOR USE:

Signing shown for

one direction only.

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 O

G20-5aP

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portoble changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

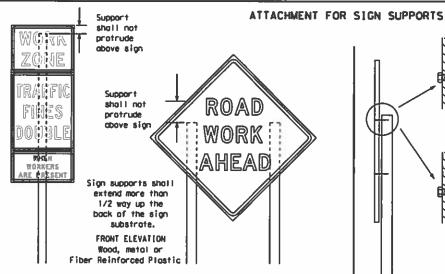
BC(3)-21

| | TLE | bc-21.dgn | Des Tx[| 100 | CK: TXDOT DW: | TxDO | T CK: TxD0 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------|------|---------------|----------|------------|--|
| REVISIONS CARRETTE DATA LICENTETE | (C) Tx001 | November 2002 | TM02 | SECT | JOB | | HEGHNAY | |
| | REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | 82, ETC. | | |
| 9-07 B-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO | | | 0151 | | COLMTY | | SMEET MIL | |
| 7-13 5-21 PAR LAMAR, ETC. 9_ | 1-13 | 3.51 | PAR | | LAMAR, ETC. | 9 | | |

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimm WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. Ove 7.0' min. 9. D' mgx. 0'-6' 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greate 9.0' max. A MINIMUM A MINIMUM ISASII TISASI Poved Poved 115/18 shoul den shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling,

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

procedures for attaching sign SIDE ELEVATION

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

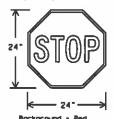
manufacturer's recommended

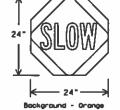
substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floogers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".
- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signating Devices in the TMUTCD.





Bockground - Red Legend & Border - White

| SHEETING RE | QUIREMENTS | (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| USAGE | COLOR | SIGN FACE MATERIAL |
| BACKGROUND | RED | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| BACKGROUND | ORANGE | TYPE BPL OR CPL SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | WHITE | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | BLACK | ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM |

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roodway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on croshworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SWD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SWD standard sheets during construction. This work should be poid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worm, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The
- Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that accupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- he battom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGHS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SICH SUBSTRATES

- . The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 5 centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DNS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web oddress for DNS specifications is shown on BC(1),
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange bockgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be alear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications,

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and hates backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesioniess sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
 Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZICD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

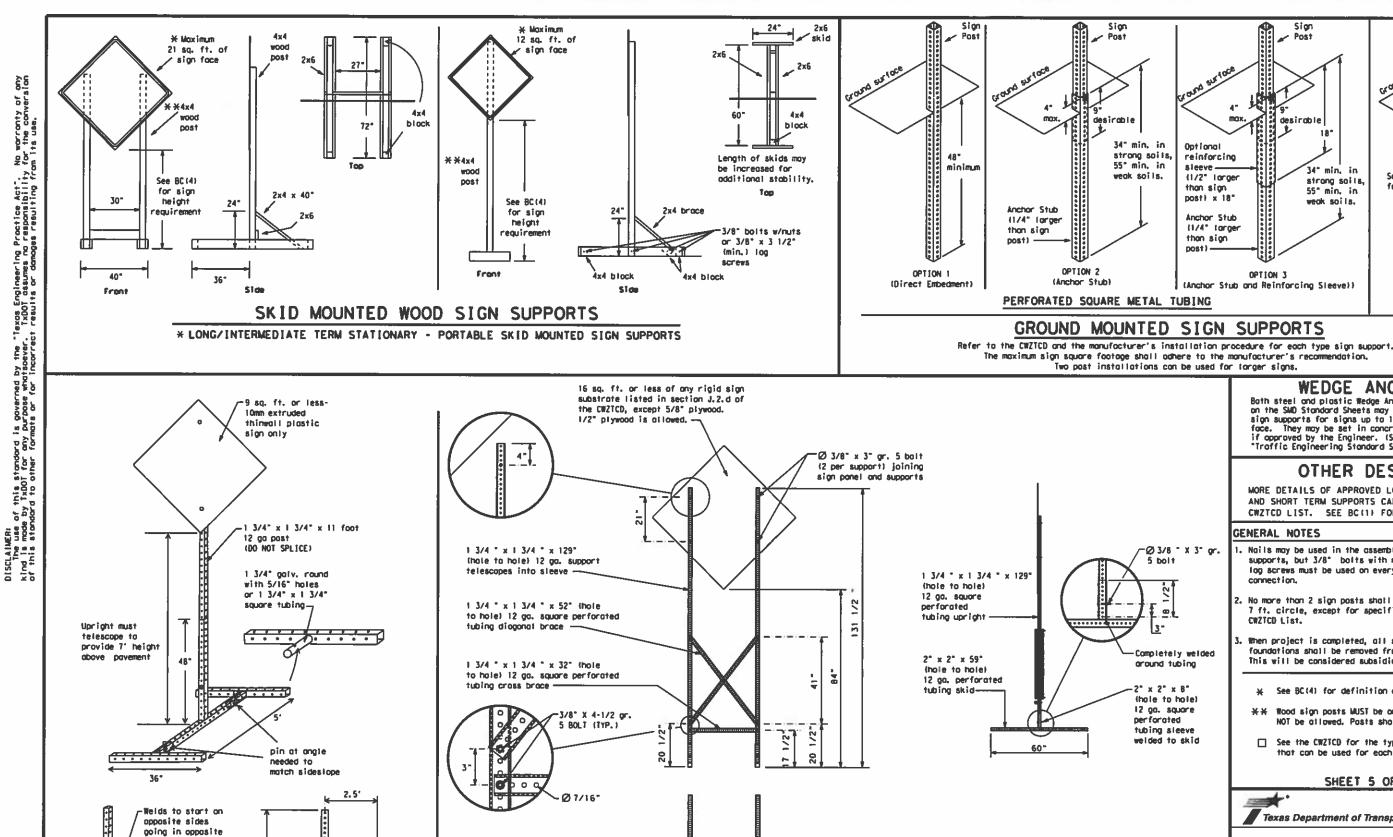
SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

| FILE: | bc-21.dgn | Dies To | r00T | cu: Tx00T to | н Тx00 | T CR: TXDOT | |
|-----------|---------------|---------|------|--------------|--------|-------------|--|
| (C) 1x001 | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | H1GH 1733 | | HIGHBAY | |
| | REVESIONS | | 76 | 001 | US | 82, ETC. | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET HOL | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR, ETC | | 10 | |



WEDGE ANCHORS

strong soils

55° min. in

weak soils.

Bose

Post

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

Lop-splice/base bolifed anchor

for embedment

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SAD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if opproved by the Engineer. (See web oddress for "Troffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" $\,$ log screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

| FILE: bc-21, dgn | Dies To | ×DOT | TXDOT 123 | COL | TxDQ1 | CKI | 100x1 |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----|-------|---------|-------|
| © IxDOI November 2002 | CONT | SEET | J08 | | | HEGHBAT | |
| REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US - | 82, E | TC. |
| 9-07 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET | HQ. |
| 7-13 5-21 | PAR | LAMAR, ETC. | | | | 11 | |
| 110 | | | | | | | |

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

SINGLE LEG BASE

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

weld

weld-

storts here

directions. Minimum

book fill puddle.

- weld storts here

weld, do not

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Enspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than B words labout four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roodway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEXEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sion.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCNS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCO.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alorm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid

| WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Access Rood | ACCS RD | Mojor | MAJ |
| Alternate | ALT | Miles | MI. |
| Avenue | AVE | Miles Per Hour | MPH |
| Best Route | BEST RIE | Minor | LINE |
| Boulevard | BLVD | Monday | MON |
| Bridge | BRDG | Normal | NORM |
| Cannot | CANT | _North | N |
| Center | CTR | Northbound | (route) N |
| Construction Ahead | CONST AHD | Porking | PKING |
| CROSSING | XING | Rood | RD |
| Detour Route | DETOUR RTE | Right Lane | IRT LN |
| Do Not | DONT | Service Road | SERV RD |
| East | F | Shoulder | SHLOR |
| Eastbound | (route) E | | SLIP |
| Emergency | EMER | Stippery South | S |
| Emergency Vehicle | | Southbound | (route) S |
| Entrance, Enter | ENT | Speed | ISPD S |
| Express Lane | EXP LN | Street | IST |
| Expresswoy | EXPWY | Sunday | SUN |
| XXXX Feet | XXXX FT | Telephone | PHONE |
| Fog Aheod | FOG AHD | Temporary | TEMP |
| Freeway | FRWY, FWY | Thursday | THURS |
| Freeway Blocked | FWY BLKD | To Downtown | TO DWNTH |
| Friday | FRI | Troffic | TRAF |
| Hazardous Driving | HAZ DRIVING | Trovelers | TRVLRS |
| Hazardous Material | HAZMAT | Tuesday | TUES |
| High-Occupancy | HOY | Time Minutes | TIME WIN |
| Vehicle : | Hilly | Upper Level | UPR LEVEL |
| Highway | 1216.1 | Vehicles (s) | VEH. VEHS |
| Hour (s) | HR, HRS | Warning | WARN |
| Information | INFO | Wednesday | WED |
| It is | 115 | Weight Limit | WT LIMIT |
| Junction | JCT | West | A CIMIL |
| Left | LFT | Westbound | (route) W |
| Left Lane | LFT LN | West Povement | I WET PVMT |
| Lone Closed | LN CLOSED | Witt Not | THONT |
| Lower Level | LWR LEVEL | THE TOTAL | Liferi |

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

| Road/Lane/Ramp | Closure | Lis |
|----------------|---------|-----|
|----------------|---------|-----|

Other Condition List

| ROGG/ LONe/ Runip | Closure List | Other Cond | ition List |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE | FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED | ROADWORK XXX FT | ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT |
| ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX | SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT | FLAGGER XXXX FT | LANE NARROWS XXXX FT |
| ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX | RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT | RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT | TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE |
| RIGHT X LANES CLOSED | RIGHT X LANES OPEN | MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT | CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT |
| CENTER LANE CLOSED | DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES | LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT | UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT |
| NIGHT LANE CLOSURES | I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED | DETOUR X MILE | ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT |
| VARIOUS LANES CLOSED | EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE | ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX | ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN |
| EXIT | RIGHT LN | BUMP | US XXX |

CLOSED TUE - FRI XXXX FT XXXXXXXX BL.VD * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase CLOSED

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

| A | | e/E Lis | ffect on Travi | el | Location List | | Warning List | | * * Advance Notice List |
|----|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|----|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | MERGE RIGHT | | FORM X LINES RIGHT | | AT FM XXXX | | SPEED LIMIT XX MPH | | TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM |
| | DETOUR NEXT X EXITS | | USE XXXXX RD EXIT | | BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING | | MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH | | APR XX- XX X PM-X AM |
| | USE EXIT XXX | | USE EXIT I-XX NORTH | | NEXT X MILES | | MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH | | BEGINS MONDAY |
| | STAY ON US XXX SOUTH | | USE I-XX E TO I-XX N | | PAST US XXX EXIT | | ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH | | BEGINS MAY XX |
| | TRUCKS USE US XXX N | | WATCH FOR TRUCKS | | XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX | | RIGHT LANE EXIT | | MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM |
| | WATCH FOR TRUCKS | | EXPECT DELAYS | | US XXX TO FM XXXX | | USE CAUTION | | NEXT FRI-SUN |
| | EXPECT DELAYS | | PREPARE TO STOP | | | | DRIVE SAFELY | | XX AM TO XX PM |
| | REDUCE SPEED XXX FT | | END SHOULDER USE | | | | DRIVE WITH CARE | | NEXT TUE AUG XX |
| | USE OTHER ROUTES | | WATCH FOR WORKERS | | | | | | TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM |
| 2. | STAY IN LANE | × | | | * | * See A | pplication Guide | elines h | lote 6. |

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

TO BE

CLOSED

X LANES

CLOSED

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a POMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Clasure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Worning, or Advance Natice
- Phase Lists".

 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves. 6. For advance natice, when the current date is within seven days
- of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. Roadway designations 1H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

EXIT

LANES

SHIFT

X MILES

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Fut! Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign. 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

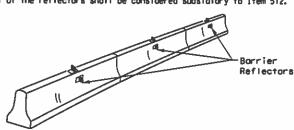


BC(6)-21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

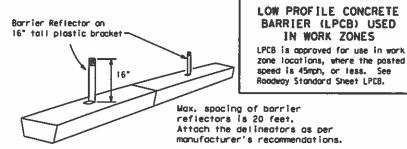
| FILE | bc-21.dgn | 100x1 IM | | CRI TXOOT DWI | | n TxDOT cm T | | : TxDOT | |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----|--------------|-----------|---------|--|
| (C) 1xD01 | November 2002 | COHT SECT | | JOB | | - 1 | HIGHEAT | | |
| | REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US | 82, | ETC. | |
| 9-07 | B-14 | 1210 | DIST COUNTY | | | | SHEET NO. | | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR, E | TC. | 12 | | | |

- Borrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Borrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

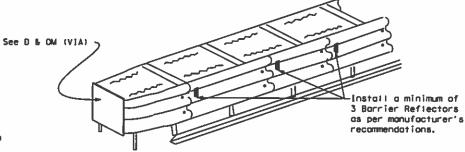


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An atternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attochment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective foces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Borrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tobs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer. 13. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

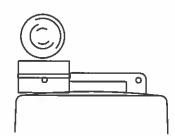


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

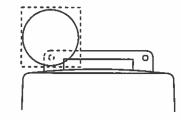
End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate croshworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades,
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Worning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to worn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or $C_{\rm FL}$ Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "58".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The worning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside,
- 8. The location of worning lights and worning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing worning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
 Type A random flashing worning lights are not intended for defineation and shall not be used in a series.
 A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for defineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn worning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detaurs, on lane
- changes, on lone clasures, and on other similar conditions.

 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning tights shall be installed at locations as detailed an other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
 The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless atherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The worning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
 - The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way troffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the hondle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

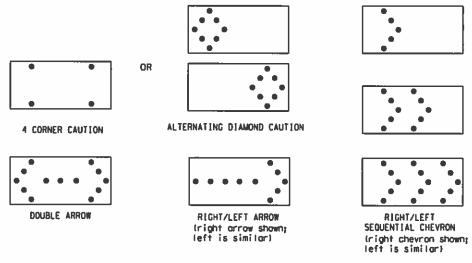
Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roodways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- and the maintenance or construction activities on the travel lenes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-tane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display isee detail below! is used.

 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose oil appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.

 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner tamps flashing simultaneously, or the Atternating Diamond Coution mode as shown.
- The straight line courtan display is NOT ALLOWED.

 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
- The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.

 B. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLONED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility.
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roodway to bottom of panel.

| | REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | M[N]MJM SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 30 x 60 | 13 | 3/4 mile | | | | | | | |
| C | 48 × 96 | 15 | 1 mile | | | | | | | |

| ATTENTION |
|-------------------------------------------------|
| Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with |
| automatic dimning devices. |

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facitities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Horowore (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.
 The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, **WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR**

BC(7)-21

| FILEE | bc-21.dgn | Dec To | TOO | CKI TXDOT | Den | TxDO | ıt. | CKI TXD | ЮŢ |
|-----------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|------|-----|---------|----------------------------------------------|
| (C) 1x001 | November 2002 | CONT | 1332 | J08 | | | MEG | MEAY | |
| | REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US | 82 | , ETC | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | 1 | HEET NO | <u>. </u> |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | 1 | LAMAR, E | TÇ. | | Г | 13 | |

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Orums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace only plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

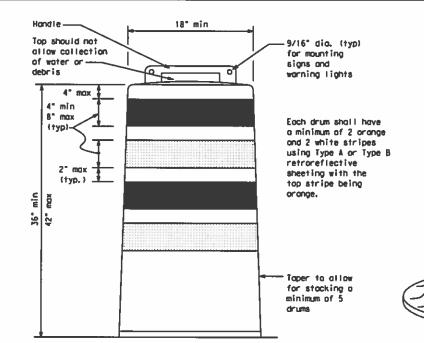
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the battom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a monner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating prange and white retrareflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4
 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base
 to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

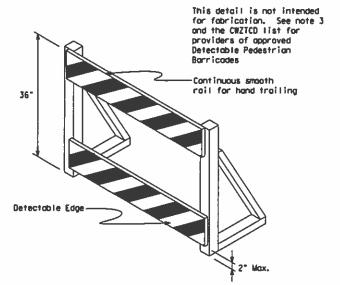
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or tass of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sond in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
 Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast an drums approved
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for bollast on drums opproved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- Then used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage hales in the battoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
 Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidework, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- at a type 3 sorticode.
 3. Detectable pedestrian barricodes similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices ore not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricodes.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8° naminal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burns, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lone Divider, Driveway sign 070a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CMZICO.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $\mathrm{B_{FL}}$ or Type $\mathrm{C_{FL}}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans,
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (naminal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET B OF 12

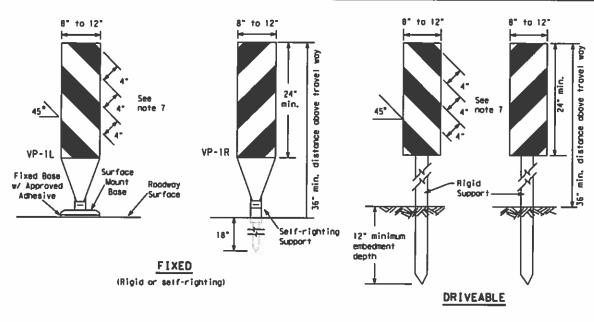


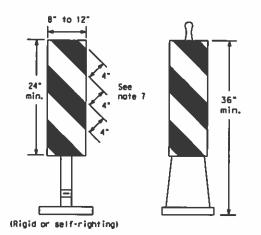
Traffic Safety Division Standan

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

| filt: bc-21.dgn | DNz T3 | (DOT | CAI TXDOT D | ri Tx00 | T cx: TxDOT |
|------------------------|--------|------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| © 1xD01 November 2002 | 1100 | SECT | J00 | | HE CHEAT |
| #EVISIONS 4-03 8-14 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | us | 62. ETC. |
| 4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | PAR | | LAMAR, ETO | | 14 |





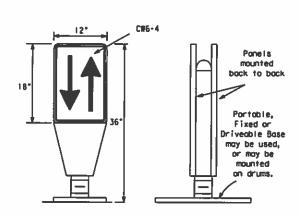
PORTABLE

 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide apposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lone transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/inspector shall refer to the Roodway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arrange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- YP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCO).
 Sheeting for the YP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification
- DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

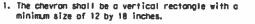
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roodway section to two-way operation, OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the powement with an ochesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42° cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

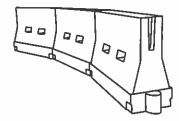


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with ond at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the materist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retrareflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close praximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errort vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Fortable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LEDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of ireflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/gighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with accompany markings.
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.

 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ball asted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable battom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS
LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted Speed | Formulo | Destroble Toper Lengths XX | | | Spociii Channe | |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Toper | On a Tangest |
| 30 | L= WS2 | 1501 | 1651 | 180' | 301 | 60' |
| 35 | L = WS | 2051 | 225' | 2451 | 35' | 701 |
| 40 | 80 | 265' | 295′ | 3201 | 40' | 80' |
| 45 | | 450' | 495' | 540" | 45' | 90, |
| 50 | | 500' | 5501 | 6001 | 501 | 100' |
| 55 | L=WS | 550' | 6051 | 660' | 551 | 110' |
| 60 | - " 5 | 6001 | 6601 | 7201 | 60′ | 120' |
| 65 | | 650" | 715' | 7801 | 651 | 1301 |
| 70 | | 7001 | 770' | 8401 | 701 | 1401 |
| 75 | | 7501 | 8251 | 9001 | 75′ | 150 |
| 80 | | 8001 | 8801 | 9601 | 80' | 160' |

Suggested Maximum

**X*Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Toper (FT.) W*Width of Offset (FT.)
S*Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

| Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| | |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

| FILEs | bc-21, dgn | Den T | rDOT | CK: Tx00T DW: | TxDOT | CK: TXOOT |
|----------|---------------|-------|--------------------|---------------|-------|-----------|
| (C)1xD01 | November 2002 | CONT | NT SECT JOB HIGHER | | | CHEAT |
| | | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US 82 | , ETC. |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | L | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR, ETC. | | 15 |

103

DATES

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Borricodes shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. there no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downword in both directions toward the center of roodway.
- 4. Striping of raits, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the borricode roils. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided,
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade raits reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

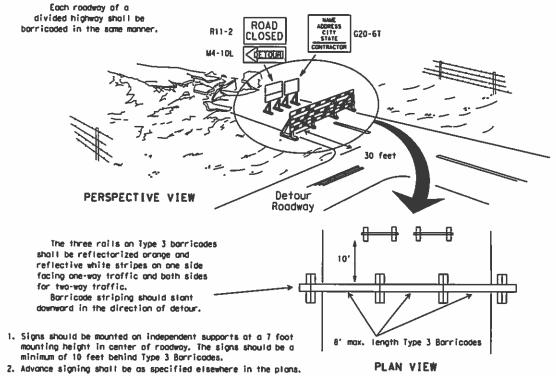


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

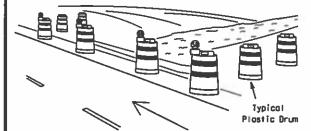
4' min., 8' max. Stiffener Flat rail

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

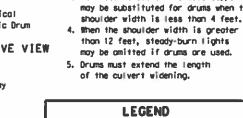


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums are not required on one-way roadway



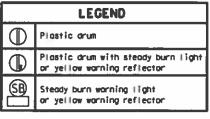
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for

safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the

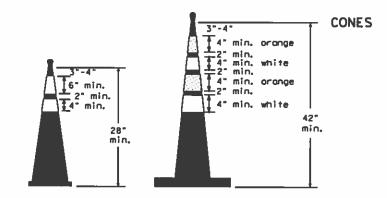
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

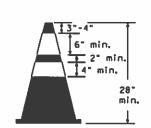


-Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) Θ

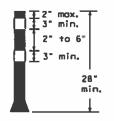
CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



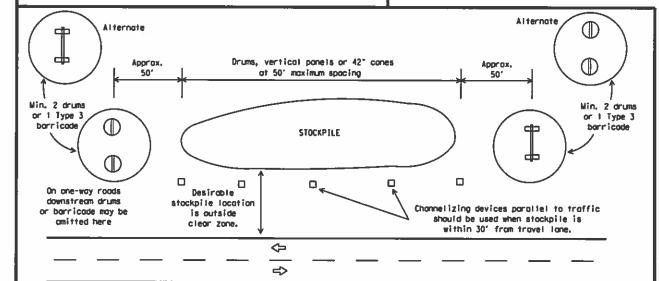
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Minimum

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic comes and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece comes have a come shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8° above the minimum height shown, in order to old in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and arange reflective bonds as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28° cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is an-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42° two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Comes or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

| | 001107 21 | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|---------------|------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|--|
| FELEI | bc-21. dgn | peri. Ta | 100x | cu 1xDQ1 | Des | TxDOT | CKI TXDOT | |
| (C)1x001 | November 2002 | CONT SECT JOB | | | HICHBAT | | | |
| | REVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US 82 | . ETC. | |
| 9-07 | | | | COUNTY | 9 | SHEET MD. | | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | PAR | | LAMAR, E | TC. | | 16 | |

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing powement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans,
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised payement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAYEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300,

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

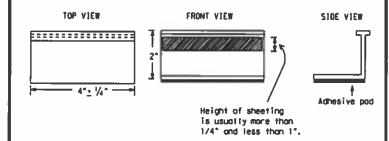
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification 1tem 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
 or direct a materist toward or into the closed portion of the readway
 shall be removed or obliterated before the readway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement morkings may require resurfacing or seat coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing powerent markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAYEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans,
- 10. Block-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAYEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance,
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tob placement on new payements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tob placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemorks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA | TIONS |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS | DMS-8242 |

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Division Standard

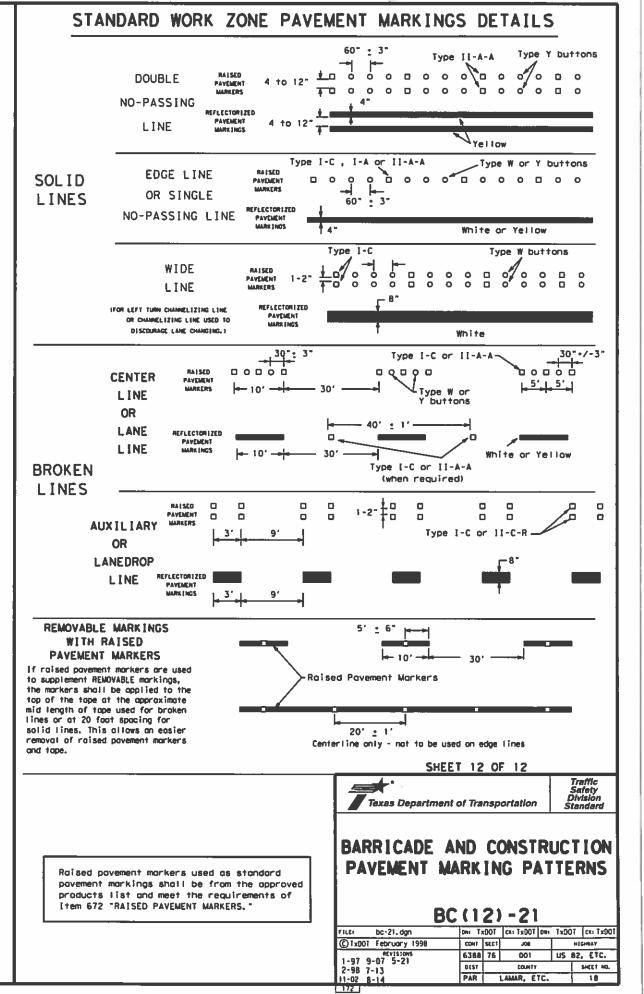
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

| tite bc-21. dgn | DHI T | TOCs | cxi TxDOT DW | TxDOT | CAR TXDOT |
|-----------------------------|-------|------|--------------|-------|-----------|
| DixDOT February 1998 | 0041 | SECT | JOB | - | HECHNAY |
| REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | 82, ETC. |
| 1-02 7-13 | 0157 | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-02 8-14 | PAR | | LAMAR, ETC. | | 17 |
| Anti- | | | | | |

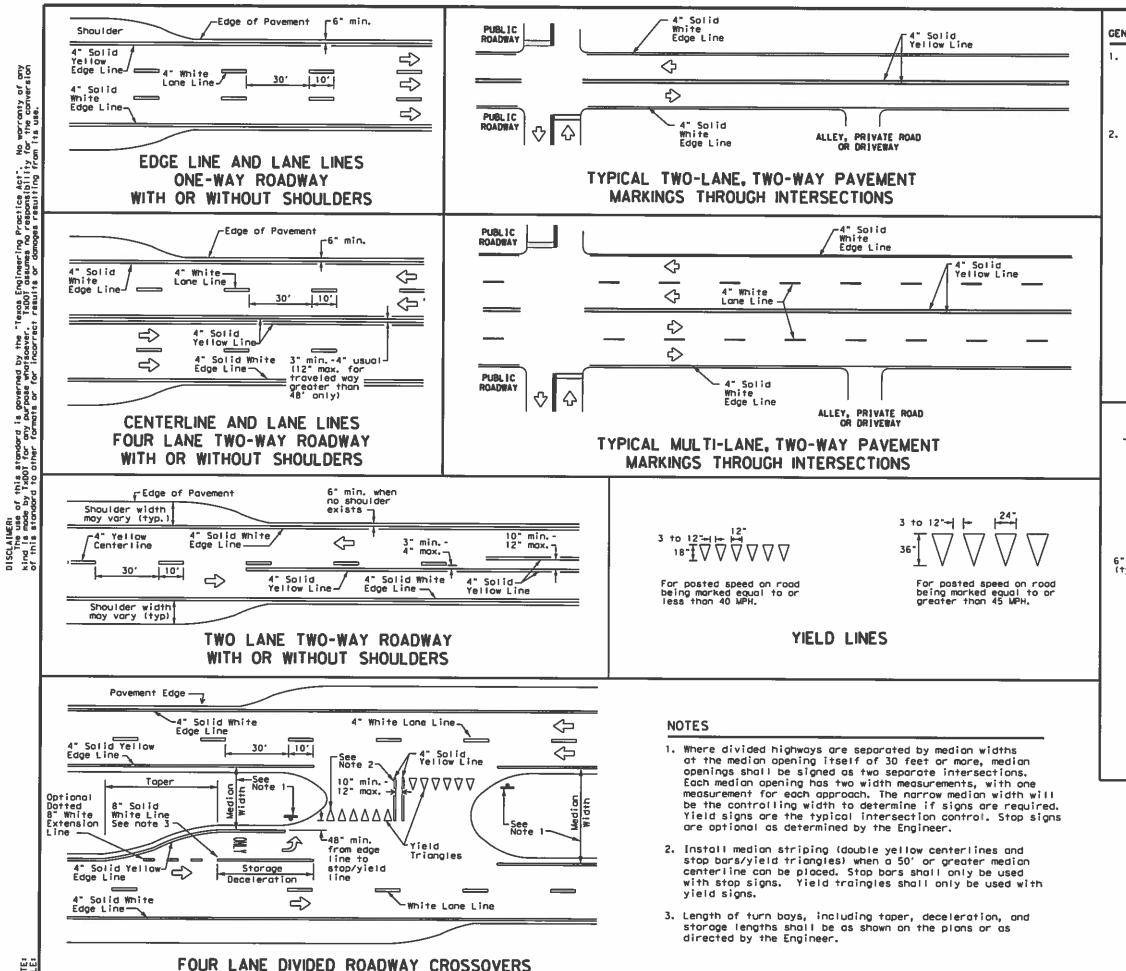
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" 10 to 12" Type 11-70 ₹> Yellow REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> 0000000000000 ellow 5> 4 10 8" Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVENENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons--Type I-C or II-C-R 00000 Type 1-A-Type Y buttons Type I-A-Type Y buttons-Yellow 00000 Type W buttons-└Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings, EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-00000 White 🖊 Type Y buttons ♦ Yellow 00000 00000 00000 00000 Type I-C Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVENENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-C- \diamondsuit 00000 00000 00000 ype II-A-A Type Y 00000 00000 00000 00000 ♦ Type W buttons-Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



DATES

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

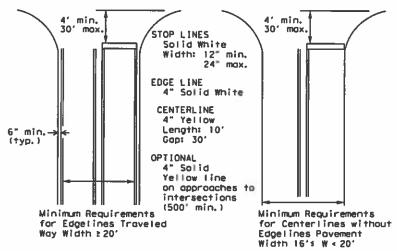


GENERAL NOTES

- Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DM5-4200 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

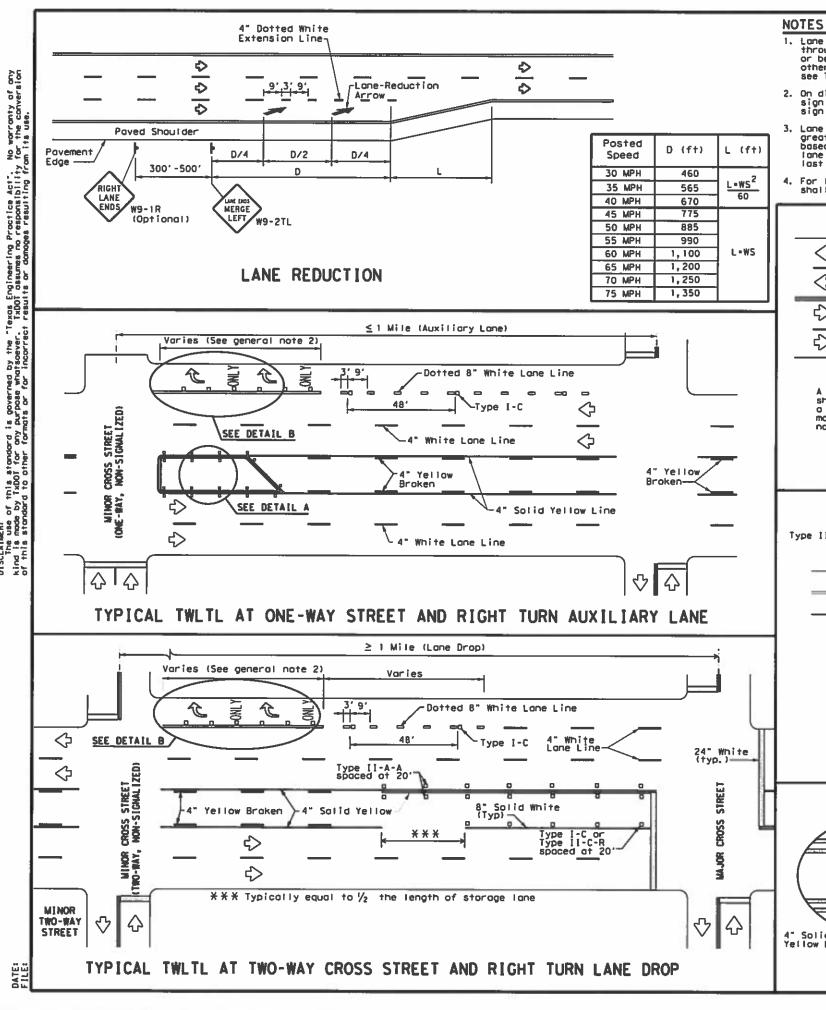
Based on Traveled Way and Povement Widths for Undivided Highways



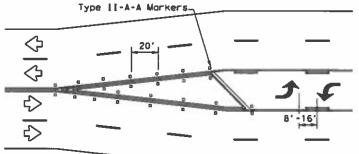
PM(1)-20

| Service and a se | Dies | Des Cili Des | | DWI | | ČK | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|-----|-----------|--------|-------|-----|
| ©1x001 November 1978 | CONT | SECT | JOB 11 | | 101 JOB H | | HEGHR | NT. |
| 0-33 3-03 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | U\$ | 82, | ETC | |
| 5-00 2-12 | DIST | COUNTY | | | SHE | LT MG. | | |
| 8-00 6-20 | PAR | | LAMAR, | ET | C | | 9 | |

55**T**



- tame reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because af narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, on additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement, If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lone reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the morking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

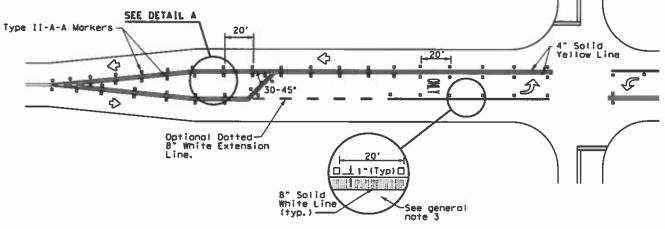
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

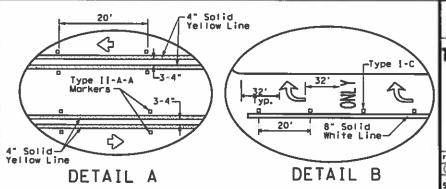
- Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lone use word and arrow markings should be used in duxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised povement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- Length of turn boys, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DWS-4200 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Moterial Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

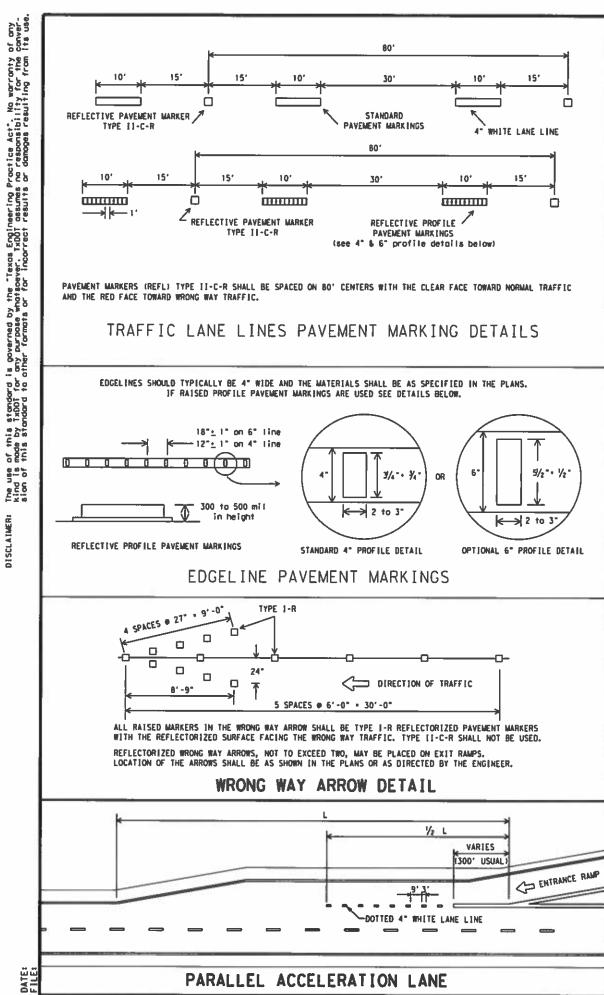


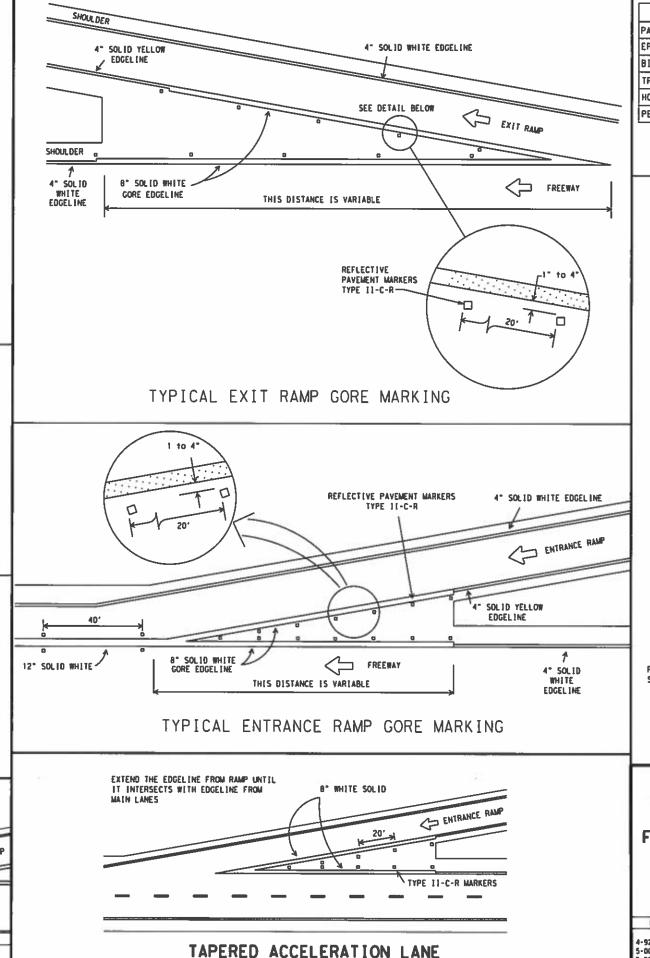
Texas Department of Transportation

'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 20

| File: pm3-20.dgn | Circo | | ČR1 | Dies | CKI | |
|---------------------|-------|----------|-----|------|-----------|--|
| © TxDOT April 1998 | CONT | SECT | 308 | | HICHBAT | |
| 5-00 2-10 MEVISIONS | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | 82, ETC | |
| 8-00 2-12 | 0151 | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| 3-03 6-20 | PAR | PAR LAMA | | ETC | 20 | |

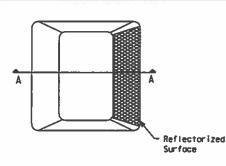
220



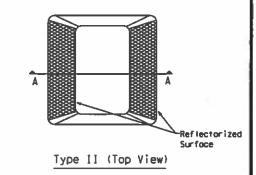


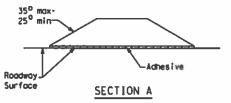
| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | · |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Texas Department of Transportation

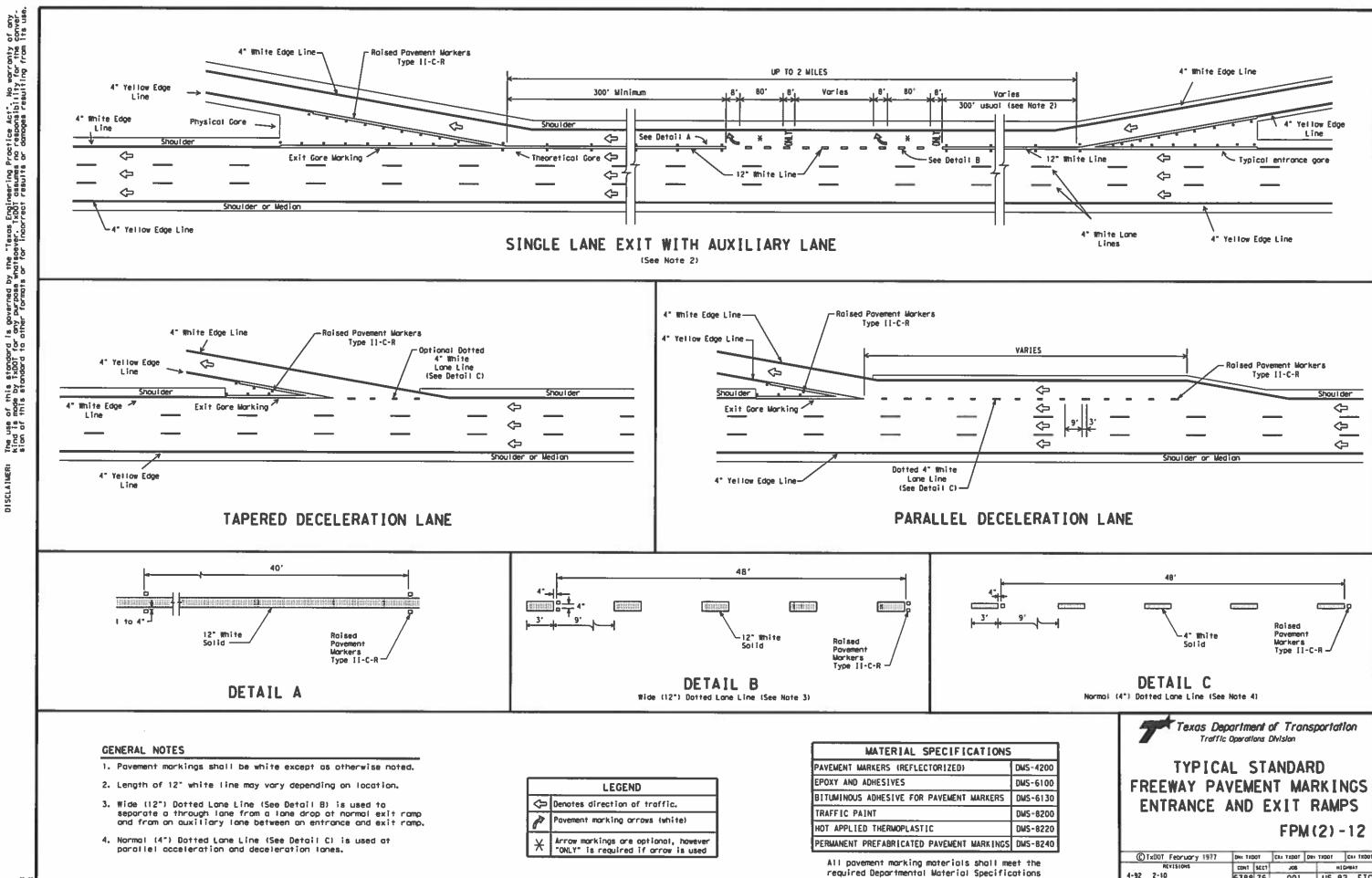
Traffic Operations Division

TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
WITH RAISED
PAVEMENT MARKERS

FPM(1)-12

| © TxDOT May 1974 | Die TXC | 101 | CRI TEDOT | DW1 T | X00T | CKI TEOOT | |
|--------------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-------|------------|-----------|--|
| REVISIONS | CONT | T SCCT JOB | | | HIGHEAT | | |
| 4-92 2-10 5-00 2-12 8-00 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | | US 82, ETC | | |
| | DIST | | COUNTY | n (5) | | SHEET NO. | |
| 2-08 | PAR | LAMAR, ETC | | | 21 | | |

23A



4-92 2-10 8-95 2-12 5-00 8-00

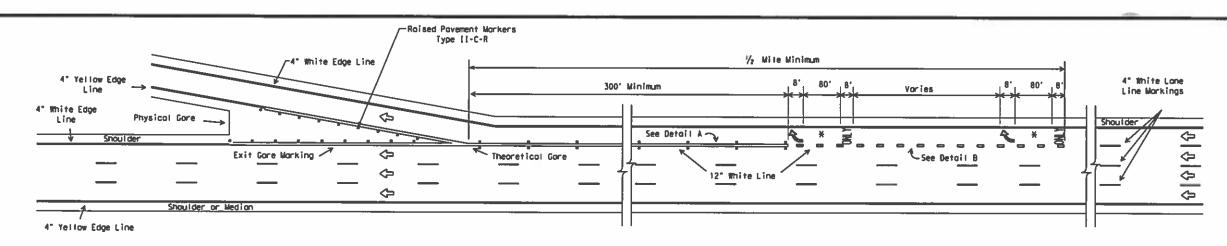
238

as specified by the plans.

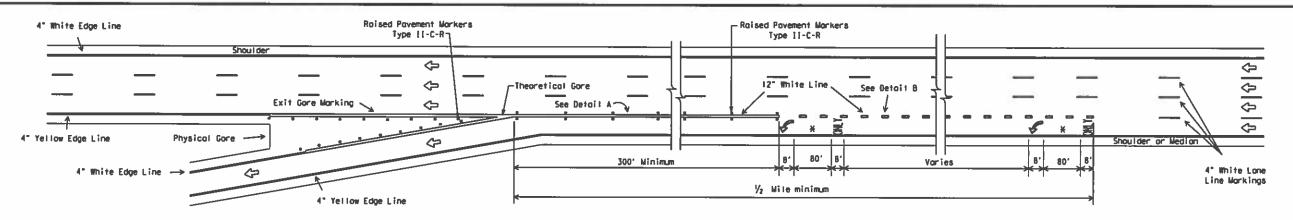
6388 76 001 US 82, ETC

PAR LAMAR, ETC 22

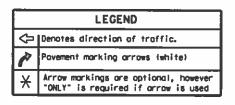
SHEET NO.



SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY

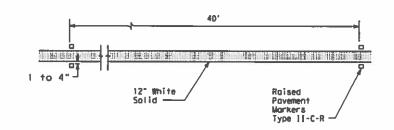


SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFTHAND)

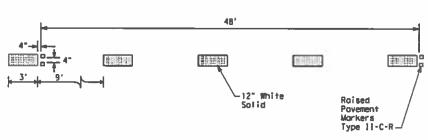


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



DETAIL A



DETAIL B
wide (12*) Dotted Lone Line (See Note 3)

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 | | | | | |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 | | | | | |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 | | | | | |
| TRAFFIC PAINT | DMS-8200 | | | | | |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC | DMS-8220 | | | | | |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 | | | | | |

All povement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



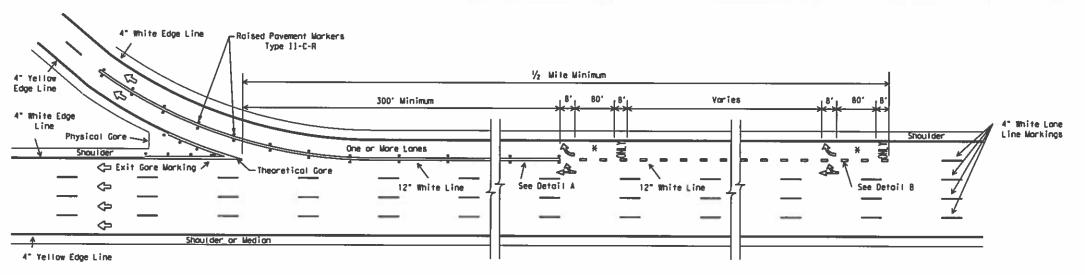
TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) EXIT RAMPS

FPM(3)-12

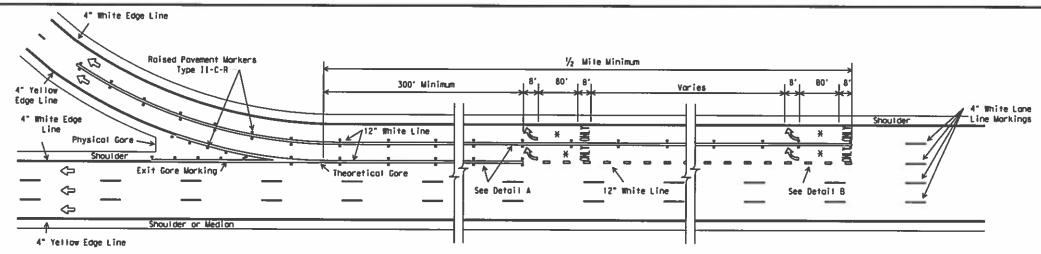
| CTxDOT April 1992 | DN: TED | 101 | CKI THOOT | Om Tx00 | 1 0 | CK) TROOT |
|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| -00 | CONT | SECT | ET JOB | | HICHEAT | |
| -00 | 6388 | 76 001 L | | U | 82, | ETC |
| -10 | DIST | | COUNTY | | \$11 | EET HO. |
| -12 | PAR | LAMAR, ETC | | | 23 | |

DATE

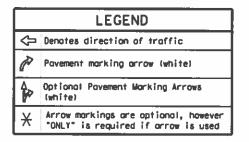
23C



MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

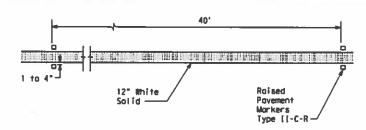


MULTIPLE LANE EXIT ONLY

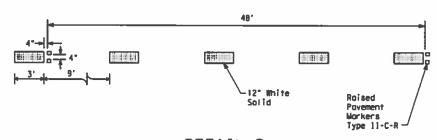


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Povement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lone Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lone drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



DETAIL A



DETAIL B Wide (12") Dotted Lone Line (See Note 3)

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 | | | | | |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 | | | | | |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 | | | | | |
| TRAFFIC PAINT | DMS-8200 | | | | | |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC | DMS-8220 | | | | | |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 | | | | | |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) DETAILS

FPM(4)-12

| © TxDOT April 1992 | DAN THE | 100 | CKI TROOT | DEL TROO | CR: TEDOT | |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| MEASSIONS | CONT | CONT SECT JOB | | | HISHBAY | |
| -00 -00 | 6388 | 76 | 001 | US | B2, ETC | |
| -10 | 0157 | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | |
| -12 | PAR | LAMAR. ETC | | | 24 | |

| į | I. STORMWATER POLLUTION F | PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER | ACT SECTION 402 | III. CULTURAL RESOURCES | | VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| ling from Its u | TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwote required for projects with disturbed soil must protect Item 506. | TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwoter Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more ocres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in occordance with 1tem 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. | | Refer to TxDOT Standard Specificarcheological artifocts are four archeological artifocts (bones, | cotions in the event historical issues or and during construction. Upon discovery of burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately. | General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used | | | |
| result | They may need to be notifie | ed prior to construction oc | tivities. | ☐ No Action Required | Required Action | used on the project, which may is | Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products nolude, but are not limited to the following categories: | | |
| aecom | 2. | | | Action No. | | compounds or additives. Provide (| products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. | | |
| 8 | ☐ No Action Required | Required Action | | 1, | | Maintain an adequate supply of o | n-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. tions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. | | |
| ======================================= | Action No. | | | 2. | | in accordance with safe work pro | ctices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator | | |
| t | Prevent stormwater pollu accordance with TPDES Pe | | n and sedimentation in | 3. | | of all product spills. | i be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup | | |
| a corre | Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer | | control pollution or | 4. | | Contact the Engineer if any of the Bead or distressed vegetate Trosh piles, drums, canisto | ion (not identified as normal) | | |
| ي ق | 3. Post Construction Site N | 3. Past Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near | | IV. <u>VEGETATION RESOURCES</u> Preserve native vegetation to 1 | | Undesirable smells or odors Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances | | | |
| rancts or | the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. | | | Contractor must adhere to Const 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 7 | ne extent proctical. ruction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 52 in order to comply with requirements for indscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. | replocements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? | | | |
| 유 | II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA | | - | ☐ No Action Required | ☐ Required Action | If "No", then no further oct If "Yes", then TxDOT is respo | ion is required. Insible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection. | | |
| \$ 6 | USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any | | | Action No. | - Independent verver | Are the results of the asbest | os inspection positive (is asbestos present)? | | |
| P dord | water bodies, rivers, cree | eks, streams, wetlands or w | et creas. | 1, | | | tain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with | | |
| 8 840 | The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s): | e to all of the terms and c | anditions associated with | 2. | | activities as necessary. The | ntement/mitigation procedures, and perform management notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least | | |
| <u> </u> | ☐ No Permit Required | | | 3. | | 15 working days prior to sche If "No". then TxDOT is still | required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any | | |
| 8 | Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) | | | 4, | | scheduled demolition. | r is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement | | |
| COUVE | _ | PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 | acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) | | | | with careful coordination between the Engineer and to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. | | |
| \$ | ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required ☐ Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP* | | | THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, | Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: | | | | |
| Š | | | CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. | | No Action Required Required Action | | | | |
| mail0 i i 4 | Required Actions: List wate and check Best Management F and post-project TSS. | | | No Action Required | Required Action | Action No. | | | |
| Sept. | 1. | | | Action No. | | 2. | | | |
| 2 | 2. | | | 1, | | 3. | | | |
| 5 | 3. | | | 2. | | VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL I | SSUES | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.) | | |
| ž | 4. | | | 3. | | ☐ No Action Required | Required Action | | |
| | The elevation of the ordino to be performed in the wate permit can be found on the | ers of the US requiring the | | 4. | | Action No. | | | |
| | Best Management Proctic | ces: | | | bserved, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. The | 1, | : | | |
| | Erosion | Sedimentation | Post-Construction TSS | work may not remove active nests f | rom bridges and other structures during | 2. | | | |
| | ☐ Temporary Vegetation | Silt Fence | Vegetative Filter Strips | are discovered, cease work in the | oted with the nests. If coves or sinkholes immediate area, and contact the | 3. | Design Division | | |
| | Blankets/Matting | Rock Berm | Retention/Irrigation Systems | Engineer immediately. | | | Texas Department of Transportation Standard | | |
| | ☐ Mulch | Triangular Filter Dike | Extended Detention Bosin | | | | ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. | | |
| | Sodding | Sand Bag Berm | Constructed Wetlands | LIST OF A | BBREVIATIONS | | · · · | | |
| | Interceptor Swale | Straw Bate Dike | ☐ Wet Basin | BMP: Best Management Practice | SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countenmosure | | ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS | | |
| | ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Erosion Control Compost | ☐ Brush Berms ☐ Erosion Control Compost | ☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks | COP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Service | | | EDIC | | |
| | Mulch Filter Berm and Socks | | _ | FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement | PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality | | EPIC | | |
| | Compost Filter Berm and Socks | _ | _ | MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stamwater Sewer Sys | | | FILE: epic.dgn Den TxDOT CENTXDOT Den TxDOT CENTXDOT | | |
| | _ | Stone Outlet Sediment Traps | _ | MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination | TXDDT: Texas Department of Transportation TNE: Threatened and Endangered Species | | © ТхD01: February 2015 сонт всст лов насмах 18-12-2011 горз: REVISIONS 638B 76 001 US 82, ЕТС | | |
| PATES | | Sediment Basins | Grossy Swales | NMP: Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent | USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | | 61-97-14 ADDES NOTE SECTION 17. 61-27-9915 SECTION 1 (PANACED ITEM 1172 10 ITEM 504, ADDES DARSEY SAMEES. PAR LAMAR, ETC 25 | | |