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STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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6375	22	001	VARI	DU5		

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

ON CALL TREE TRIMMING AND TREE REMOVAL

PROJECT: RMC 6375-22-001

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS HIGHWAYS

LIMITS: VARIOUS HIGHWAYS

GRAYSON AND FANNIN COUNTIES

DESIGN SPEED - VARIES ADT - VARIES AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0 ACRES



The seal appearing on this document was authorized by AARON R. BLOOM, P.E. 99332

SEE SHEET 5 GRAYSON COUNTY MAP FOR BEGINNING AND ENDING PROJECT LOCATIONS

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

10-15 20 32

DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: N/A

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

Project Number: RMC 6375-22-001 Sheet

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 6375-22-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION – This project consists of performing tree trimming and brush removal on various roads and channels in Grayson and Fannin Counties. This project also consists of removing trees as directed.

Questions prior to letting may be submitted by email to the names listed below:

Sherman Area Office:

Aaron Bloom, P.E. - aaron.bloom@txdot.gov

Colby Shelton, P.E. - Colby.shelton@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDot's Public FTP at the following address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR - All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the following person. Payments will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. All payment requests shall be directed to the same:

Grayson County Fannin County

Matt Poirot, Grayson County Mnt. Supv. Jerry Hale, Fannin County Mnt. Supv.

3904 Hwy 75 South P.O. Box 367 Sherman, TX 75090 Bonham, TX 75418 Phone: (903) 893-8831 Phone: (903)583-7566

Fax: (903) 813-0134 Fax: (903)583-9615

CONTRACT PROSECUTION - Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

ITEM 2: INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

Views plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Project Number: RMC 6375-22-001 Sheet

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 6375-22-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html

ITEM 3: AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

This contract includes site specific tree trimming/brush removal and non-site specific work locations. The initial work order will include the tree trimming/brush removal locations identified in the plans. Additional work orders will be used to procure work of the type identified in the contract at locations not yet determined.

ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK

At least one day's work will be guaranteed when the Contractor is called to work. When called to work the Contractor must respond within three working days.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

The number of working days for this project shall be 365 calendar days or until contract funds are expended.

ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION (CALL OUT)

Call out work orders may have multiple locations spanning multiple days.

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Truck mounted crash attenuator(s) shall be furnished as required by the Engineer. This work will be paid for under Item 6185 for stationary set-ups.

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devises shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provision of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devises (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications. Traffic Control will be considered subsidiary to the various bid item.

At no time will equipment be parked on or within two feet of the edge of travel lane without proper lane closure set up and in place.

Project Number: RMC 6375-22-001 Sheet

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 6375-22-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

Flaggers will be required to wear an approved hard hat.

The Contractor's personnel shall be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. For daytime and nighttime activity, flaggers shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107–2004 publication entitled "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel and Headwear".

ITEM 752: TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

The quantities shown on the bid item sheet are for estimating only. The Engineer will determine the actual number of trees to be removed.

Complete at least ½ mile of tree trimming and brush removal per day. This work may be at multiple locations.

Trimming shall be performed so as to leave a neat and uniform appearance.

For trimming/brush removal (channels) clear 50 feet either side of bridges and culverts and within the right-of-way or drainage easement as directed. If Waters of the US location, no work shall be performed within the channel and debris or discharge/fill material shall not enter the channel. Equipment used at Waters of the US locations shall not enter the channel under any circumstance.

The equipment used to trim limbs and remove brush shall be approved by the maintenance supervisor. A boom axe will not be allowed when trimming limbs. The Contractor shall remove all existing limbs and small trees on the ground within the limits of brush removal.

Tree diameters will be pre-measured and marked. All payments will be made in accordance with these pre-measurements.

Remove trees as designated. After removal of designated trees, the Contractor may move out, and the remaining tree removal for this contract will be used on an as needed basis. The Engineer will send the Contractor written notification requiring him to move in and begin tree removal each time there are a minimum of 10 trees to be removed. After completion of the required tree removal the Contractor may again move out, and this procedure will continue for the duration of the contract.

All limbs, brush, and tree trunks may be chipped and scattered (not piled) along the back slopes of the right-of-ways. Chippings should be scattered in such a manner that proper drainage is maintained at cross drains, roadside ditches, channels, etc. All chips are to be removed of and disposed of or scattered in the same day in which they are chipped. The bid items for Tree Removal will not be paid until all chips are disposed of or scattered as required.

Project Number: RMC 6375-22-001 Sheet

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 6375-22-001

Highway: US 82, Etc.

Do not deposit wood chips in developed areas or in front of houses.

Burning of brush will not be permitted within the limits of the highway right-of-way.

Trees cut by the contractor will be removed from the safety clear zone of the roadway at the end of each workday. No trees and/or logs will be left within the safety clear zone overnight.

Remove trees that are already down in the right-of-way. When right of entry can be obtained, remove trees that have fallen onto the right-of-way from private property. If right of entry cannot be obtained, cut and measure trees that have fallen from private property at the right-of – way line. These trees will be paid for in the same manner as trees that are to be felled and removed.

Stump grinding to twelve inches below natural ground line and/or removal will be required for all stumps measuring four inches and larger. The bid item for tree removal will not be paid for until stump grinding has been fully completed. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, stumps on back slope cannot be ground, tress shall be cut flush with surrounding ground line.

Complete all work on a roadway including stump grinding and removal of debris or chipping, before starting on another roadway, unless approved.

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all utilities prior to beginning any tree cutting. Any damages to utilities will be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor will be required to furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway and right-of-way, including rutting, at any location damaged by the Contractor's operations. This work shall be done in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and will be considered subsidiary to various bid items. If excessive soil and vegetation disturbance is caused, the areas will be reseeded at the Contractor's expense.

Texas Department of Transportation

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

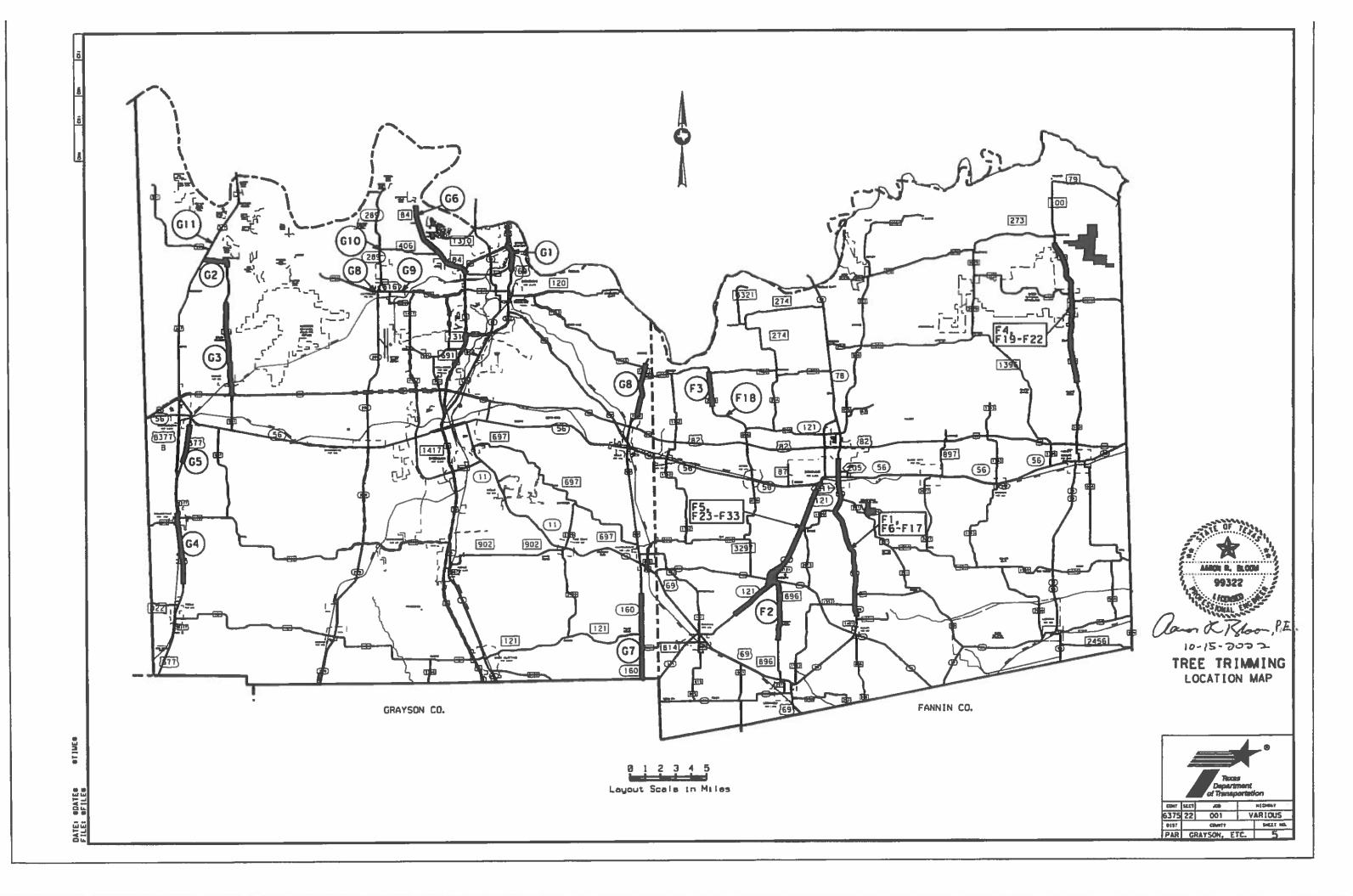
CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6375-22-001

DISTRICT Paris HIGHWAY US0082 COUNTY Grayson

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	6375-22	2-001	8	
		PROJE	CT ID	A00139	9351		
	COUN		YTNUC	Grays	ion	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	USDO	82		111111
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	752-6003	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	МІ	75.000		75.000	
	752-6004	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL(CHANNELS)	AC	15.000		15.000	
	752-6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA)	EA	400.000		400.000	
	752-6006	TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA)	EA	200.000		200.000	
	752-6007	TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)	EA	50.000		50.000	
	752-6008	TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA)	EA	25.000		25.000	
	752-6009	TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA)	EA	10.000		10.000	
	752-6010	TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	752-6011	TREE REMOVAL (42" - 48" DIA)	EA	4.000	,	4.000	
	752-6012 TREE REMOVAL (48" - 60" DIA) 752-6013 TREE REMOVAL (60" - 72" DIA)		EA	1.000		1.000	
			EA	1.000		1.000	
	752-6019	TREE REMOVAL (72" - 84" DIA)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	60.000		60.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Grayson	6375-22-001	4



			1	REE TRIMMING/BRUSH	REMOVAL				
	LOCATION								
NUMBER	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	FROM RM	TO RM	Description	C/L MILES			
G1	GRAYSON	US 69	210	216	Bells to Whitewright	6.00			
G2	GRAYSON	FM 901	200	202	Approx. US 377 to Howard rd	2.00			
G3	GRAYSON	FM 901	204	210	Approx. Sandusky rd to US 82	6.00			
G4	GRAYSON	US 377	214	216	Approx BU 377C Dollar General (Collinsville)	2.00			
G5	GRAYSON	US 377	209	211	Approx. Parker rd to Old Center Church rd	2.00			
G6	GRAYSON	FM 84	192	198	Approx. US 75 to Harbor rd	6,00			
G7	GRAYSON	SH 160	220	224	Approx. Bethal Capon rd to Callin County Line	4.00			
G8	GRAYSON	FM 1897	202	206	Approx End StateMaint to Gilliam rd	4.00			
FI	FANNIN	SH 78	210	218		8.00			
F2	FANNIN	FM 896	218	220		2.00			
F3	FANNIN	FM 2645	204	210		6.00			
F4	FANNIN	FM 100	196	208		12.00			
F5	FANNIN	SH 121	212	218		6.00			
					* Various	9,00			
				TO	DTAL	75.00			

	<u> </u>		TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVA LOCATION	The second secon	APPROX
NUMBER	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	RM	Description	ACRES
39	GRAYSON	FM 120	RM 596	S.W. of FM 120 and SH 289	0.50
G10	GRAYSON	FM 120	RM 598	RR bridge	0.50
G11	GRAYSON	FM 406	RM 590	Little mineral	0.50
G12	GRAYSON	US 377	RM 196	Appox 1800' N of FM 901	0.50
F6	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 210-4782'	150' x36'	0,24
7	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 210-1012'	133' x40'	0.24
-8	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 210+3948'	150'x65'	0.44
F9 _	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 210+5233'	Cooper Creek 15'x90'	0.62
F10	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 210+5491'	Bois D'Arc Creek 238'x90'	1.00
F 1 1	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 214-2950'	164' ×60'	0.44
F12	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 214-1278'	125' x30	0.16
F13	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 216+1382'	West side only 134'x30'	0.09
F14	FANNIN	SH 7B	RM 218-3121'	120' x30'	0.16
F 1 5	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 218-2469'	130′×30′	0.18
F16	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 218-1646'	120'x30'	0,16
F17	FANNIN	SH 78	RM 218-1290'	120' x30'	0.16
F18	FANNIN	FM 2645	RM 208-3414'	145' ×70'	0.46
F19	FANNIN	FM 100	RM 196+1988'	130' x25'	0.14
F20	FANNIN	FM 100	RM 198-448'	200' ×45'	0.40
F21	FANNIN	FM 100	RM 200-1540'	150'60'	0.40
F22	FANNIN	FM 100	RM 204+4511'	205′×65′	0.60
F23	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 212-5860'	200' x30'	0.26
F24	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 212+2987'	193' x60'	0.52
F25	FANNIN	SH121	RM 212+5808'	1 <u>55′</u> x45′	0.32
F26	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 214-482'	210' x75'	0.72
F27	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 214+4044'	200' x50'	0.44
F28	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 216+4200'	165' x40'	0.30
F29	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 218-150'	150′ x45′	0.30
F30	FANNIN	SH121	RM 218+1693'	125' x35'	0.10
F31	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 218+2645'	125' x35'	0.20
F32	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 220-4439'	220' ×45'	0.46
F33	FANNIN	SH 121	RM 220-4107'	260' ×45'	0.54
				* Various	2.95
				TOT	ALI 15.00

* Additional quantity that may be included in a future call out



QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 1 OF 2



CONT SECT JOB MICHAEL

G375 22 COL VARIOUS

G1ST COUNTY SECT IOS.

PAR GRAYSON, ETC. 6

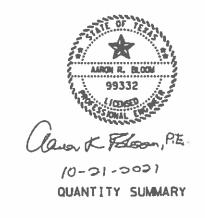
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DATE: OBATEO

			97					
SUMMARY OF MOBILIZATION (CALL OUT)								
1TEM 500-6033								
COUNTIES	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	EA					
GRAYSON & FANNIN	VARIOUS	VARIOU5	4					

	SUMMARY OF TREE REMOVAL									
	752-6005	752-6006	752-6007	752-6008	752-6009					
	TREE REMOVAL	TREE REMOVAL	TREE REMOVAL	TREE REMOVAL	TREE REMOVAL					
<u> </u>	(4" - 12" DIA)	(12" - 18" DIA)	(18" - 24" D[A)	(24" - 30" DIA)	(30" - 36" D[A)					
COUNTIES	EA	EA	EA	ËA	EA					
GRAYSON & FANNIN	400	200	50	25	10					

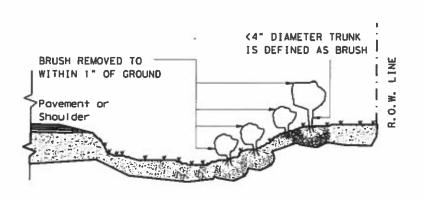
	SUMMARY OF TREE REMOVAL									
	752-6010	752-6011	752-6012	752-6013	752-6019					
TREE REMOVAL		TREE REMOVAL TREE REMOVAL		TREE REMOVAL	TREE REMOVAL					
	(36" - 42" DIA)	(42 - 48 DIA)	(48 - 60 DLA)	(60" ~ 72" DIA)	(72" - 84" DIA)					
COUNTIES	EA	EA	EA	EΑ	EA					
GRAYSON & FANNIN	4	4	1	1	9					



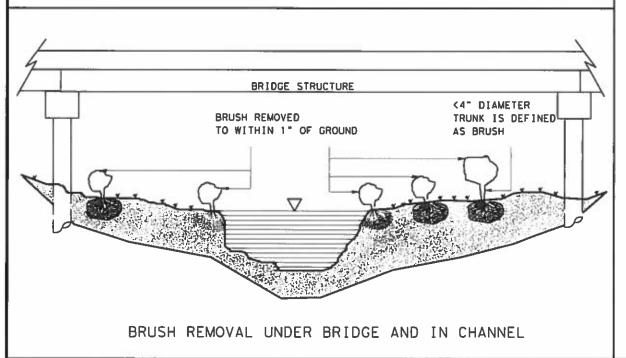
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9161		Objects		14621 46.
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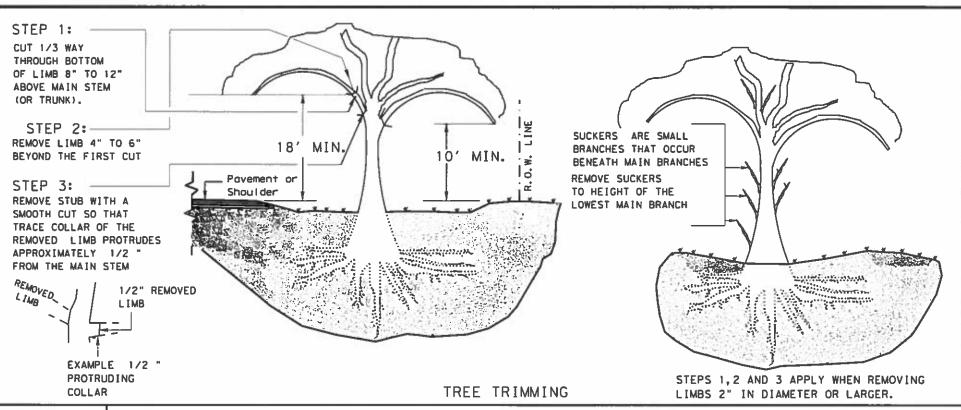
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BRUSH REMOVAL





GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

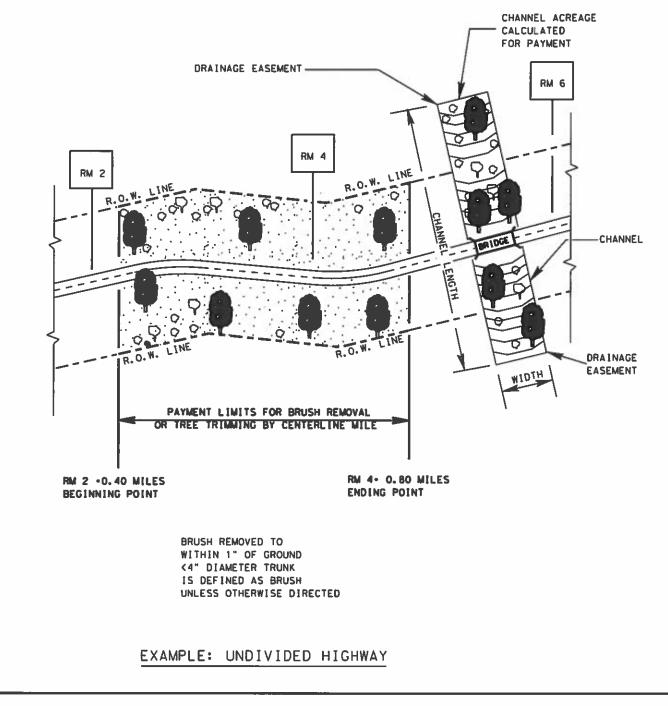
 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE
 - 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

TABLE 1											
TF	TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT										
RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS											
	TRUNK [IAMETER *	TRUNK CIRC	UMFERENCE							
	LOWER LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT	LOWER LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT							
	IS GREATER	IS LESS THAN		IS LESS THAN							
PAY ITEM	THAN	OR EQUAL TO	THAN	OR EQUAL TO							
752 6005	44_	12	12 1/2	37 1/2							
752 6006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2 75 1/2							
752 6007	18	24	56 1/2								
752 6008	24	24 30		94							
752 6009	30	36	94	113							
752 6010	36	42	113	132							
752 6011	42	48	132	151							
752 6012	48	60	151	188 1/2							
752 6013	60	72	188 1/2	226							
752 6019	72	84	226	264							
	84	GREATER THAN 84	264	NOT APPLICABLE							

*SEE GENERAL NOTE =3.



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The use of this standard
Act". No warranty of any kin
TXDOT assumes no responsibili
other formats or for incorrec



CHANNEL ACREAGE RM 120 CALCULATED FOR PAYMENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT CHANNEL -FRONTAGE ROAD-FRONTAGE ROAD -.0071 000 RM 111 \Diamond EASEMENT PAYMENT LIMITS FOR BRUSH REMOVAL
OR TREE TRIMMING BY THE CENTERLINE MILE

RM 116 . 0.40 MILES BEGINNING POINT

BRUSH REMOVED TO WITHIN 1" OF GROUND <4" DIAMETER TRUNK IS DEFINED AS BRUSH UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED

RM 118 . 1.50 MILES ENDING POINT

EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS

GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



Texas Department of Transportation

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(2)

ı	NOT TO	SCALE						SH	EET	2 OF 2
	FILE: TR	B-15(2).DGN	MOD1c1		CHECKEDY OM	DW:-	CIE:		NEG NO. 1	
ı	0	TxDOT APRIL 20	15	STATE	FEDERAL REGION		L AID PRO	JECT	•	SHEET
	REVISED:	5/13/2004	LJB		RMC 6375-22-001			9		
	REVISED:	9/24/2004	LJB	COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	EO).	HEGHRAY	
	REVISED:	APRIL 2015	JE0	GRAYSON, ETC.		6375	22	001	9	



approved

substrate Δ

See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate hat can be used for each approved sign support.

min.

24" max.

ROAD

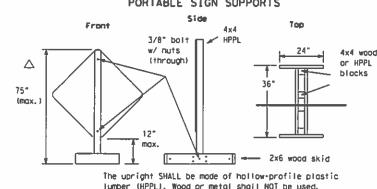
work

Floor as required by Engineer

or as shown on plans

EXAMPLES OF SIGN SUPPORTS

SHORT TERM DURATION, DAYTIME USE ONLY PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS



1 Foot Mounting Heigh:

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports.

Nails will NOT be allowed.

CW21-9 *CW21-SPECIAL CW20-1B CW20-1D/ ROAD MOWERS WORKERS PICKUF WORK AHEAD ahead AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 48" 48" X 48 48" X 48" 48" X 48"

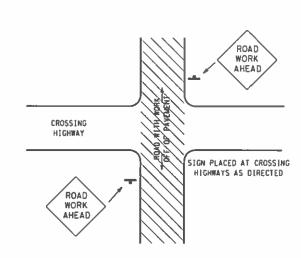
SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND

MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.

LITTER PICKUP AHEAD, ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS
ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER
MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN
ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE.

ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

*Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-10>



TYPICAL LOCATION OF SIGNS AT HIGHWAY CROSSING

WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 2.0 MILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6'TO 12'OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.

ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

* SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN

0.28 WILES (ISOO Feet) 0.28 WILES WORK AREA ((500 Feet) | ROAD WORK AMEAD DIVIDED HIGHWAY 0.28 MILES (1500 Feet) WORK AREA \leftarrow ➾

WORK AREA

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY OR FRONTAGE ROAD

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

O.28 MILES

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be pointed white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer con verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1%.
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- 1. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing operation all signs and supportS are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each
- substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6 centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310. The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
- http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/@Generic_CollectionView;cs-default:ts-default
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizing devices.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with orange backgrounds.
- 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be alean, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

- Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
- 2. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- 2. The sandbags will be fied shuf to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.
- Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rape, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign
- 9. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes,

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or regained as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting:

Standards Engineer Troffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fox (512) 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Elick on "About TxDOT", Click on "Organizational Chart", Click on Traffic Operations Box, Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices", Click on "View PDF". This site is printable.



Texas Department of Transportation

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

ROADSIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

SHEET 1 OF 1		K	2-1	UP-	·U	2		NO.	01 10	SCALE
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of Štate Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic valumes justify the signing.
- B. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in odvance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail. or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



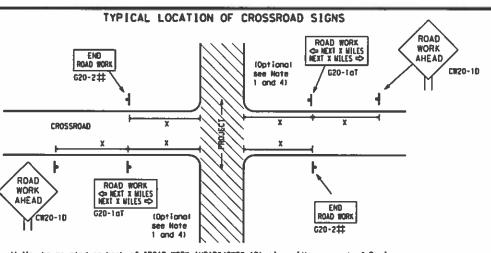
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES

AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

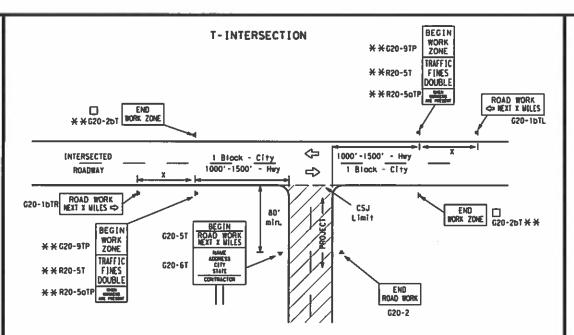
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- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW2D-10) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans,
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-10T) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15.6

Exp

SIZE

Conventional

Road

48" × 48"

36" × 36"

48" × 48"

	_
resswoy/ reewoy	Po St
* × 48*	
" × 48"	
" × 48"	

* 3

SPACING

X for typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

48

48

igtriangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Worning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW201

CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1. CW2.

CW7, CWB,

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6.

CW10, CW12

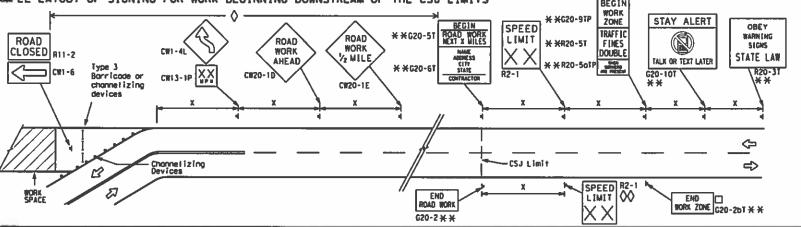
CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCO Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossrood Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shoped worning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas' manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS LIMIT OBEY * * R20-5T FINES **WARNING** ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D * R20-5aTP STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER ROAD WORK CW13-1P R2-1 × 3 WORK * * C20-61 CW20-1D CW1 - 4F G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD XX CW13-1P AHEAD Type 3 Borricode or C#20-10 channelizing devices \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Diamond ♦ ➾ \Rightarrow \Rightarrow WORK SPACE => Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED WORK ZONE G20-25T X X R2-1 LIMIT CSJ Limit line should Men extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional ROAD HORE with sign NOTES

"ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be blaced on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES* (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may doubte
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at

-L	LEGEND							
	i—⊣ Туре 3 Barricade							
	000	Channelizing Devices						
	1	Sign						
	x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard ▼ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

See General Note 4

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for odditional advance signing.

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

60

G20-5aP

R2-1

See General

Note 4

G20-5oP

R2-1

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

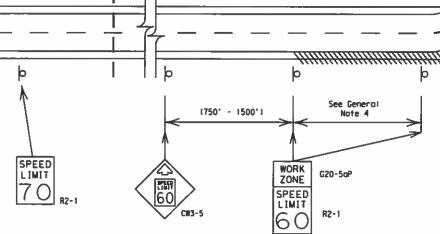
LIMIT

(750" - 1500")

LIMITS

SPEED

70



LIMITS

GUIDANCE FOR USE:

Signing shown for one direction only

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the troffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for materists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver
- As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

SPEED LIMIT

16 C

G20-50P

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and areater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective bockground (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and mointenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

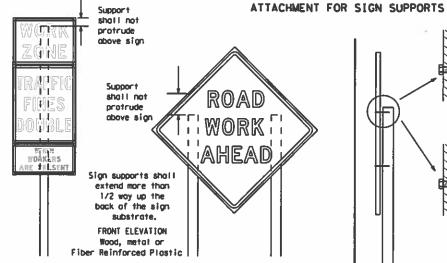
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	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
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shoul der

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 7.0' min. 0.-6. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. areater · A MINIMUM Poved Poved

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * Then plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



shoul der

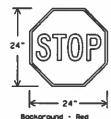
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four balts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

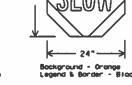
procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of HF SIDE ELEVATION

Mood

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24". 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signating Devices in the TMUTCD.





SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE BPL OR CPL SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

sion supports

Nails shall NOT

be allowed.

Each sign

shall be attached

directly to the sign

support. Multiple

sions shall not be

ioined or spliced by

any means. Wood

supports shall not be

extended or repaired

by splicing or

other means.

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roodway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to 1tem 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Campliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside
- signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in occordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Controctor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the book of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than I hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that accupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in tieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign
- support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 5° centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web oddress for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type θ_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be alear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FMMA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual, Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmonship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sion face and maintain their occaus properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, conesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
 Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

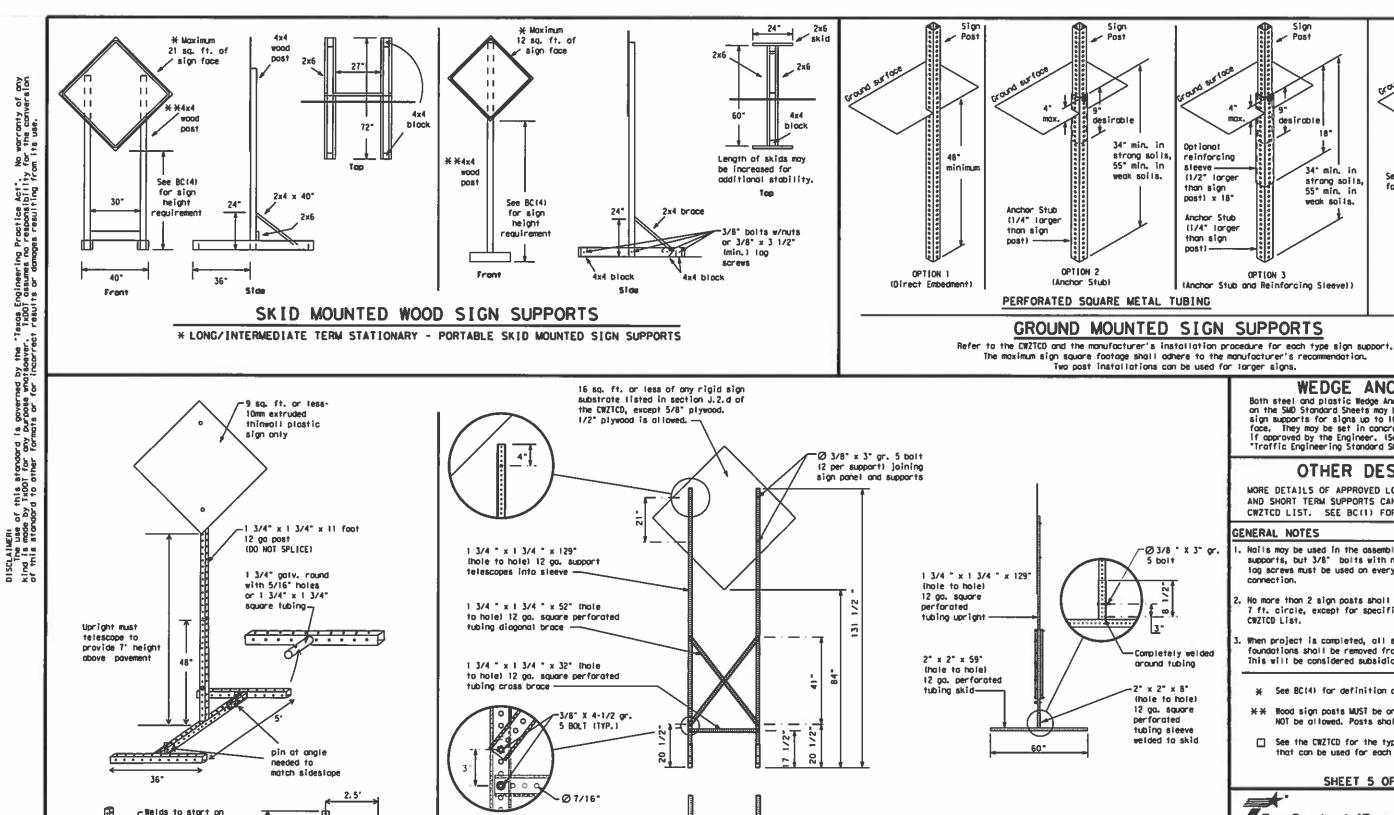
1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any partial of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET HO.		
	7-13	5-21	PAR	GRA	YSON, ET	C.		14



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

-2. × 5.

12 ga. upright

SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld storts here

weld

storts here

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

WEDGE ANCHORS

Sign

Post-

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

Lap-splice/base bolied anchor

for embedment.

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy sails approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

34" min, in

strong soils,

55° min. in

week soils.

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

ENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" boilts with nuts or 3/8" x 3.1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC (5) -21

TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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7-13 5-21	PAR	GRA	YSON, ETC.		15

99.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words labout four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "MEEKENO" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Manday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The fallowing table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alora materiate and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	М
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	LINR
Boulevord	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BROG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	MINE.	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lone	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Rood	SERV RD
Eost	E	Shoul der	SHLOR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SL1P
Emergency	ÉMER	South	5
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) 5
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SP0
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Tellephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Ta Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Worning	WARN
It is	115	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT CIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PYNT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT

Roodway designation # 1H-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ra	Closure List	Other Co	tion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN

EXIT RIGHT LN US XXX CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT FXIT CLOSED X MILES MALL X LANES TRAFFIC LANES DRIVEWAY CLOSED SIGNAL SHIFT CLOSED TUE - FRI XXXX FT

XXXXXXXX

BLVD
CLOSED * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Æffect on Travel	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	TO XXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	{	₩ ¥ Se	e Application Guidel	ines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The lst phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lone/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- ona should be understandable by themselves.

 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, colendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roodway designations 1H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a floshing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



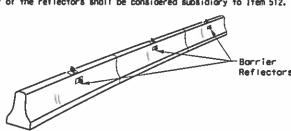
BC(6)-21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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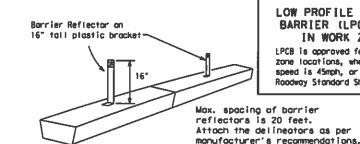
100

- Borrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DAS-8600. A list of pregualified Borrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Borrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB sholl be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

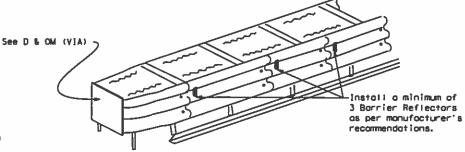
IN WORK ZONES

LPCB is opproved for use in work

zone locations, where the posted

speed is 45mph, or less. See

Roodway Standard Sheet LPCB.

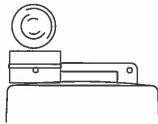


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hordwore (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for opproved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



drum adjacent to the travel way.

Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

WARNING LIGHTS

- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
 Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- 3. Type A-Low intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a patentially hazardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are Intended to be used in a series for defineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices. 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The worning light manufacturer will
- certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest LTE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type 0 Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.

B. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans,

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.

 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging toper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on tane clasures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A. Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Worning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

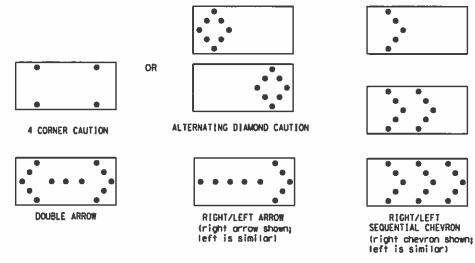
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic druns listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest opproaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all tane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Array Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating
- Diamond Coution mode as shown.
 The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.

 Minimum lamp "an time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
 Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM HUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	WINIMAN VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION								
Floshing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with outomatic dimming devices.								

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Monual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CMZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TWA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

BC(7)-21

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(C) TxDOT	TxDOT November 2002		SECT	JOB		н	CHRAT
	REVISIONS	6375	22	001		VARIO	US
9-07 7-13	8-14	DIST		COUNTY	200		SHEET NO.
	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON ETC				17.



GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42° two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (TMUTCD)
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

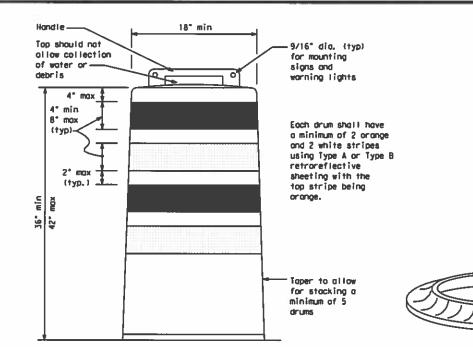
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall tack together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plostic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plostic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retrareflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4
 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base
 to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density palyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

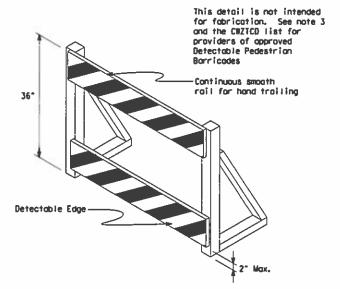
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroraflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand, This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums approved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to materists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrion facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrion facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrion Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswork Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disobilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricodes similar to the one pictured abave, longitudinal channelizing devices, same concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging con satisfactority delineate a pedestrian anth.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrion barricodes should use 8" nominal barricode raits as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18° x 24° Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CM1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals slaping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates fisted on the CMZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an arange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a i/2 inch boit (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting botts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Botts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

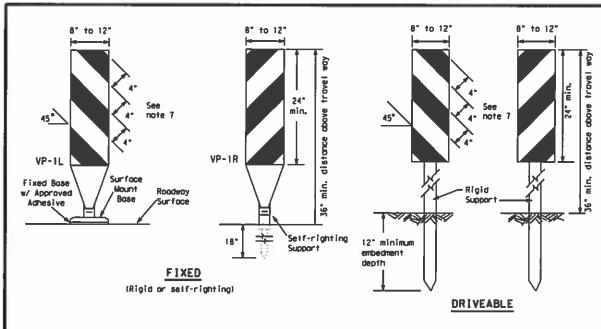
Texas Department of Transportation

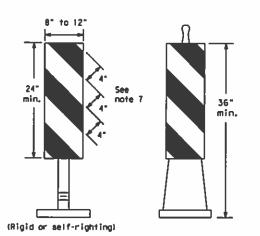
Traffic Safety Division Standar

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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PORTABLE

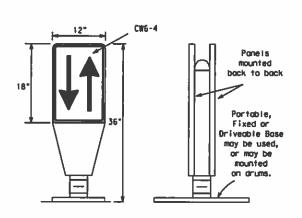
 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- VP's may be used in doytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lone transitions where positive daytime and nighttime defineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to twa-way two lane roodways. Stripes are to be reflective arrange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- YP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).

 Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification
- DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

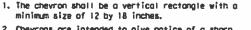
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- Specing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot specing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be arrange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

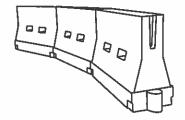


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{RL} or Type C_{RL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted atherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and ofignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Oriveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36°

Fixed Bose w/ Approved Adhesive

(Oriveoble Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- LCOs are croshworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums,
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CNZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade raits as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Mater ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- roooway speed and partier application.

 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with payement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Noter bollosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- Then water ball asted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable battom for users of long cases and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirob er Lend **		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10° Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	ws ²	150"	165"	180'	301	60'	
35	L = WS	2051	225"	2451	35′	701	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	
45		450'	4951	5401	45'	90'	
50		5001	5501	6001	501	100'	
55	L-WS	5501	6051	660'	551	110'	
60	L - # 3	600'	6601	7201	60'	120'	
65		6501	7151	780'	65′	130'	
70		7001	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75		750'	8251	9001	75'	150'	
80		800'	8801	960'	801	160'	

Successfed Maximum

**X*Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)
S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricodes.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Borricodes extending across a roodway should have stripes that slace downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the borricode. Where no turns are provided at a closed rood, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- B. Where barricodes require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesianless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless

Borricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.



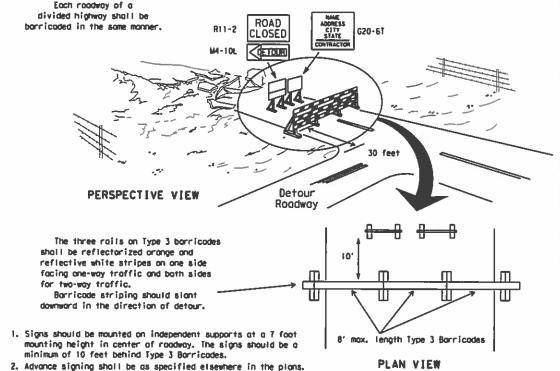
Minimum Width of Sheeting 7 inches.

TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

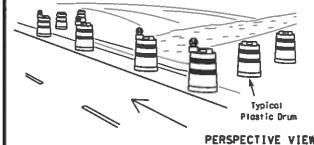
4' min., 8' mox. Flat rail

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



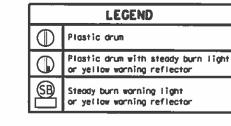
TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

ore not required on one-way roadway minimum of two drums: used oprose the work

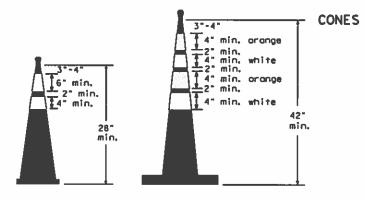
- 1. Where positive redirectional copobility is provided, drums
- 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for
- safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the
- shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights
- may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



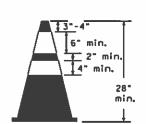
side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. Iminimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums!

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

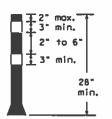
Increase number of plastic drums on the



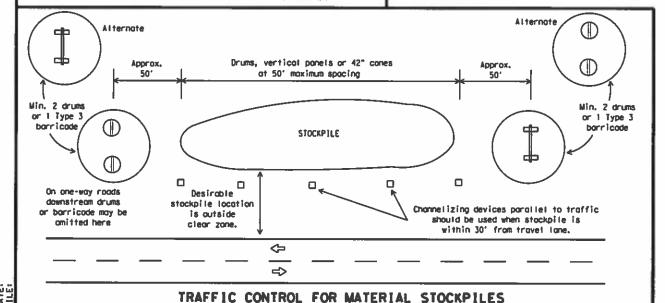
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone malded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece comes have a come shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to gid in retrieving the device,
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and arrange reflective bonds as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to mointain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Comes or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless atherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCO and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to troffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Moterial Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

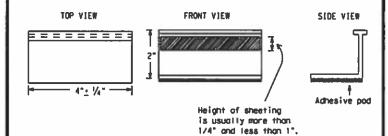
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement morkings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no langer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detaur route.
- 3. Povement morkings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Morkings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roodway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tobs at random from each lat or shipment and submit to the Construction Division. Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tobs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic payement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be last or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Roised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two omber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web oddress shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

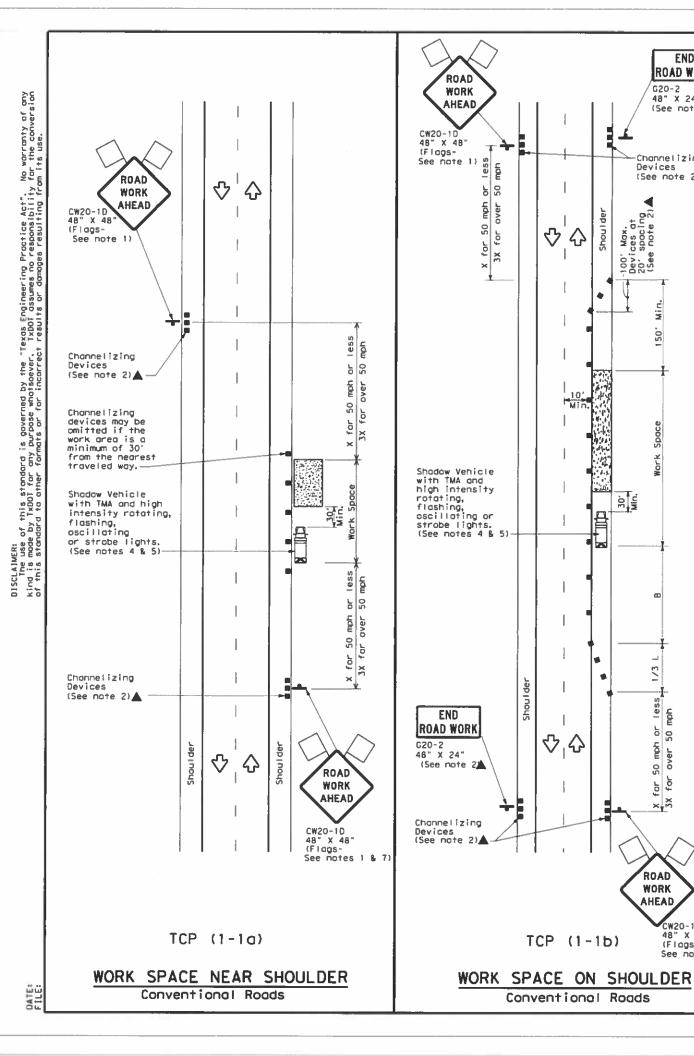
BC(11)-21

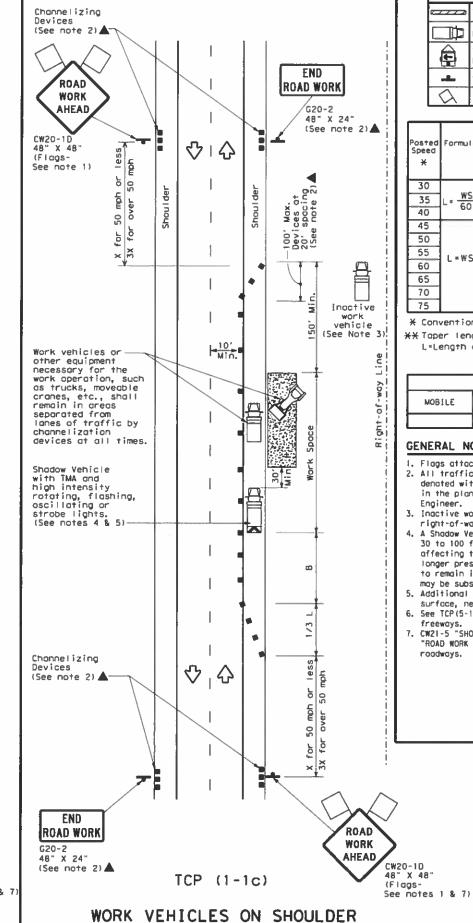
ON: TXDOT CRITXDOT ON: TXDOT CRITXDOT bc-21.dgn DixDOI February 1998 CONT SECT J08 HICHWAT 6375 22 001 VARIOUS 2-98 9-07 5-21 SHEET NO. PAR GRAYSON, ETC 22

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" 10 to 12" Type 11-7 ... 00000 <>> Yellow Type II-A-A--Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A ♦ 000'00000'000 Type Y 4 10 8but tons ype II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAYEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVENENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern 8 may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type W buttons--Type 1-C or II-C-R 00000 00000 Type I-Type Y buttons Type I-A-➾ Type Y buttons-Yellow Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY \diamondsuit Type W buttons Type I-C 00000 00000 00000 -Type II-A-A \Diamond -Type Y buttons ♦ 00000 -Type I-C Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -00000 00000 00000 II-A-A Type Y buttons <> **〈〉** 00000 00000 00000 ♦ Type W buttons-⊂Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefobricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS 60" Type Y buttons 0/0 0 0 0 DOUBLE 0 0 NO-PASSING REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS LINE Yellow Type I-C , I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons EDGE LINE RAISED SOLID ⁻----PAYENENT MARKERS OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAYEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED 0 0 0 PAVENENT MARKERS LINE REFLECTORIZED IFOR LEFT TURN CHANNEL (ZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, I White 30-: 3-30" • / - 3" Type I-C or II-A-A-, o o o o RAISED 00000 0000 **CENTER** PAVENENT 5' | 5' -Type W or LINE Y buttons OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES 1-2" RAISED PAVEMENT 0 **AUXILIARY** Type 1-C or 11-C-R OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5' : 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised povement markers are used to supplement REMOYABLE markings, Raised Pavement Markers the markers shall be applied to the top of the tope at the approximate mid length of tope used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows on easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised payement markers Centertine only - not to be used on edge lines and tape. SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Roised povement markers used as standard povement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 ON: TXDOT CR: TXDOT ON: TXDOT CR: TXDO bc-21.dgn C)Tx00T February 1998 CONT SECT J08 001 VARIOUS 6375 22 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 PAR GRAYSON, ETC.





Conventional Roads

END

ROAD WORK

(See note 2)

G20-2

48" X 24"

Channelizing

(See note 2)▲

Devices

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

48" X 48" (Flags-

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) leavy Work Vehicle M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted Lashing Arrow Boord Traffic Flow Sign Q Flog Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	601	1201	30,
35	L * WS2	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	1601	1201
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	801	2401	1551
45	0	450'	4951	5401	451	90,	3201	1951
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	551	110'	500'	295'
60	C-#3	6001	6601	7201	601	1201	6001	350′
65		6501	7151	7801	651	1301	7001	410'
70		7001	7701	8401	701	140'	8001	475'
75		7501	8251	9001	751	150'	9001	5401

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	4									

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

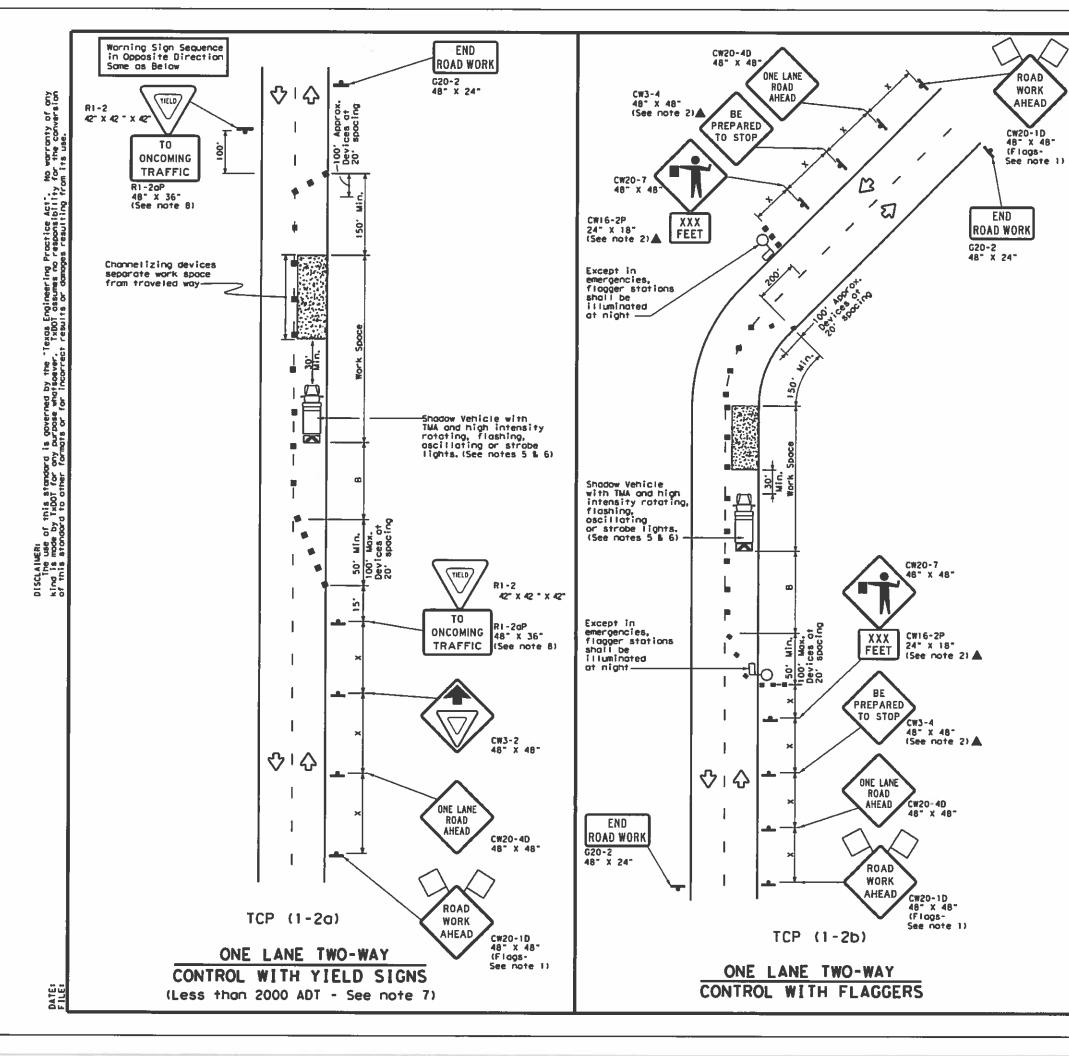
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the payed surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways.
 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-ID "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

■ Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

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TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	109		HIGHBAY
94 4-98	6375	22	001	VA	RIOUS
95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY	,	SHEET NO.
97 2-18	PAR	GRA	YSON, E	TC.	23



LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Troiler Mounted Sign ♦ Traffic Flow 1 Flogger Flog

Speed	Formula	0	Desiroble Toper Lengths XX		Spocia	Suggested Maximum Specing of Channelizing Devices Specing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Signt Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-6-	
_30	2	1501	1651	1801	30,	601	1201	90'	2001
35	L = WS ²	205'	225'	245"	35.	70'	160*	1201	2501
40	90	2651	2 9 5'	350.	401	801	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540"	451	90'	3201	195'	3601
50		500'	5501	600.	501	1001	400°	240'	425"
55	L-WS	550.	6051	660.	55"	110'	500"	295'	4951
60	F-#3	6001	660.	7201	60′	1201	600,	350*	570'
65		650'	715	7801	65*	130'	7001	410'	6451
70		7001	7701	8401	70"	1401	8001	475*	730*
75		7501	8251	9001	751	150'	900,	540"	820"

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Taper(FT) W*Width of Offset(FT) S*Posted Speed(MPH)

-			TYPICAL L	ISAGE	
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine

maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-ID "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance worning ahead of the flagger or RI-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.

5. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-20)

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

9. Floggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

1. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

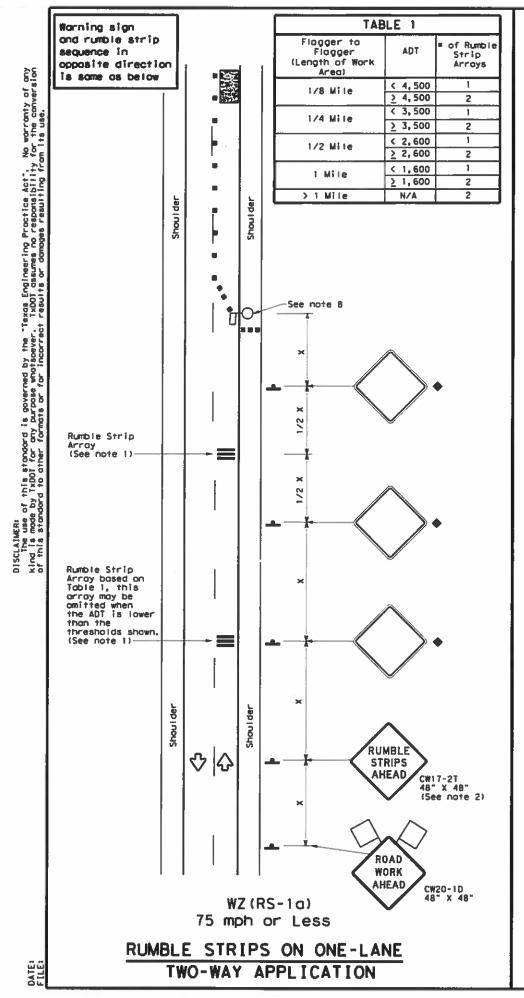
■ Texas Department of Transportation

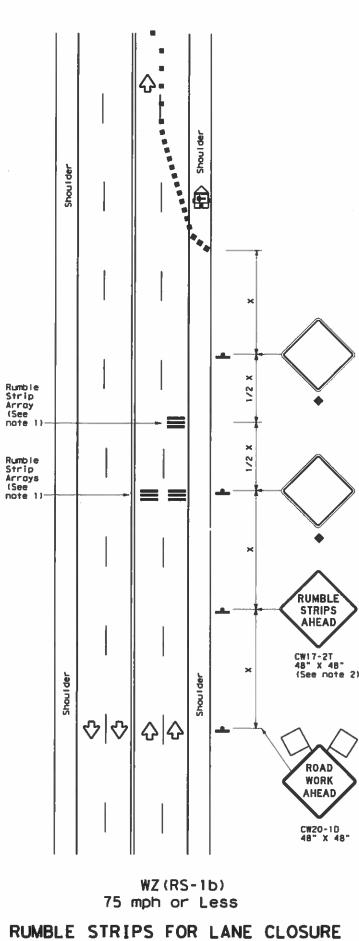
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

	ON:		Cit) (III)		CEI	
© 1x001 December 1985		SECT	JOB		H CHOAY	
	6375	22	2 001 VARIOUS		U\$	
2-94 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET HO.	
1-97 2-18	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC:		24		





ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other oppropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The ane-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

LEGEND								
Type 3 Barricade		••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Ponel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
Q_	Flag	PO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	××		Spacili Channe Dev	lizing ices	Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longituding Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11° Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	2	150'	165"	1801	30'	60'	120'	901
35	L * WS2	2051	2251	245"	35′	701	160'	120'
40	00	265'	2951	3201	401	801	240'	155'
45		450'	4951	540'	451	901	320'	1951
50	L=WS	5001	5501	6001	501	1001	4001	240'
55		5501	6051	6601	55'	110'	500'	2951
60		6001	660'	720'	60'	120'	6001	3501
65		6501	7151	7801	651	1301	700'	410'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	1401	800,	475'
75		7501	825"	9001	751	1501	900,	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOB1LE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	4						

 Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array					
≤ 40 MPH	10'					
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15'					
> 55 MPH	20'					

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (RS) -16

File: wzrs16.dgn			DOT	CK: TXBOT DW:		TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
(D) 1x001	CONT SECT		J08		ны	HICHWAY	
	REVISIONS 2-14		22	001 VAR		VARIO	JS
2-14 4-16			COUNTY				SHEET NO.
4-10		PAR	PAR GRAYSON, ETC.			25	

18 7