# INDEX OF SHEETS SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

# **GENERAL** TITLE SHEET

GENERAL NOTES AND SPECIFICATION DATA 2, 2A-**ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY** 

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

4-15	*BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21	
16	*TCP (1-1) -18	
17	*TCP (1-2) -18	
18	*TCP (ATL-11) -14	
19	*WZ (RS)-16	

# **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND STANDARDS**

TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION 20 PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) 21 EPIC

# JASON R. DUPREE

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN '\*' HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

# STATE OF TEXAS

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

 $\bigcirc$ 

# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

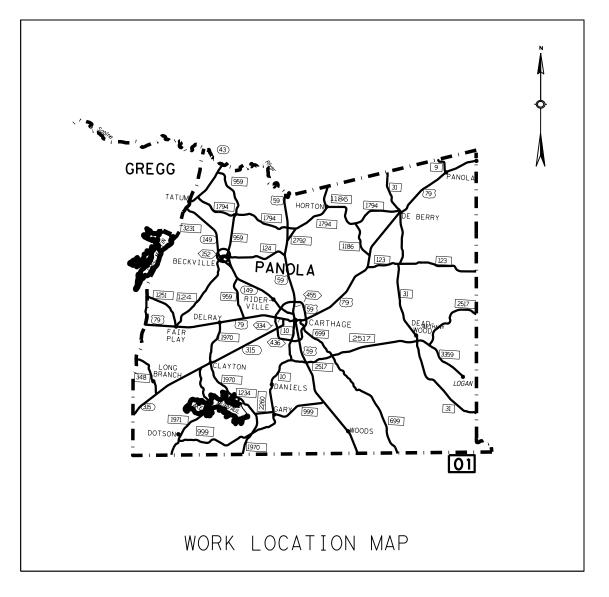
CALLOUT TREE & STUMP REMOVAL (CARTHAGE)

PROJECT NO.: 6389-55-001

HIGHWAY: US 59, etc.

LIMITS OF WORK: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE CARTHAGE MAINTENANCE SECTION

IN PANOLA COUNTY IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE ATLANTA DISTRICT.



NO EXCEPTIONS NO EQUATIONS NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

Texas Department of Transportation

GRAPHICS F	ILE		MAINTEN	IANCE PRO	JECT NO.	SHEET NO.
			RMC	63895	55001	1
CHECKED	STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY	
	TEXA	S	ATL		Panola	
CHECKED	CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA'	Y NO.
011201120	6389	9	55	001	US 59,	etc.

AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL: 0 ACRES CONTRACTOR NAME:\_ CONTRACTOR ADDRESS:\_\_\_\_ DATE WORK BEGAN: \_ DATE WORK COMPLETED: \_\_\_\_ DATE OF ACCEPTANCE: \_\_\_\_\_

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

The construction work was performed in substantial compliance with the contract.

> P.E. \_\_\_\_ DATE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

# WARNING SIGNS

CONSTRUCTION SIGNS AND BARRICADE PLACEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND AS SPECIFIED HEREIN OR AS DIRECTED.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

August 17, 20 21\_

9/3/2021

NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

# General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individuals:

Jason R. Dupree, P.E. – Director of Maintenance Jason.Dupree@txdot.gov

Charlotte Aslin – Contract Specialist Charlotte. Aslin@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals. All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address:

# https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Questions regarding the plans and/or the project after the contract has been awarded should be referred to the Managing Supervisor:

Kyle Weatherford Maintenance Supervisor – Carthage 861 S. Shelby Street Carthage, Texas 75633 (903) 693-6331

This project consists of performing tree and stump removal, at various locations in the Carthage Maintenance Section in the Atlanta District. This project covers the following 1 county: Panola.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts.

Prior to beginning operations, the Department will arrange a preconstruction conference between representatives of the Department and the Contractor. In this meeting, the representatives from all parties will discuss the contract, proposed procedures and the plans for performing the work while providing for safe passage of traffic at all times. Specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work will also be discussed.

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

Dispose of all waste material in accordance with all state and federal laws. For waste material disposed of on private property, ensure the material is not visible from a highway. Acquire and furnish to the Department, copies of written agreements between the Contractor and property owner prior to disposal.

Limit the use of the roadway for the hauling of material to legal loads.

Keep the traveled surfaces used in hauling operations free of dirt or other materials.

Clean dirt, grass and any debris off the roadway and shoulder prior to each construction activity. Haul any residue off the project and dispose of as noted. The cost associated with this work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Do not park personal vehicles of employees within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being used for the construction procedures. If approved by the Department, employees may park on the right-of-way at sites where the contractor has his office or equipment and materials storage yard.

This contract is for non-site-specific callout work. This is not a production contract. Callouts will be issued by Work Order containing work locations, approximate items of work and quantities along with number of working days allowed for the Work Order. It is estimated that there will be 1 to 4 Work Orders issued for this contract.

See general notes for Item 8 for more information regarding Work Orders, contract time and liquidated damages.

See general notes for Item 500 for more information regarding Work Orders and Mobilization.

This contract is for non-site-specific callout work. In accordance with Article 9.2 "Plans Quantity Measurement," plans quantity measurement requirements are not applicable for this contract.

Department-approved safety hats and safety vests will be worn by all workers and visitors when:

Workers are outside of vehicles at all outdoor worksites. This includes those who occasionally visit worksites either on the highway surface or right-of-way.

Working in areas where there is a danger of head injury from impact, from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock or burns.

Non-compliance with this requirement will be grounds for suspension of work.

The Contractor is responsible for notifying the utility companies when plans call for work to be accomplished in the general vicinity of any underground utilities located on State right-of-way.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

Forward copies of all correspondence between any resource agencies as listed in Item 7 or Special Provisions thereto.

The SWP3 for this project will be as directed.

# **Item 2: Instructions to Bidders**

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal. Views plans on-line or download from the web at: https://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html.

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm.

# **Item 3: Award and Execution of Contract**

The Engineer will notify the contractor in writing to begin the initial operations. Initial work will begin within seven (7) calendar days. After such notice, thereafter, verbal or written notification will be given to the contractor as the need arises and he will begin work within three (3) calendar days after notification.

This Contract includes non-site specific work. A work order(s) will be used to procure work of the type identified in the contract at locations that have not yet been determined. Time requirements for the non-site specific work orders will be indicated on each individual Work Order.

# **Item 4: Scope of Work**

Tree and stump removal will consist of removing trees and stumps in various locations in the Carthage Maintenance Section, which consist of the following county: Panola. The trees and stumps to be removed and identified are as directed.

Verbally notify the Engineer or his representative by 8:15 a.m. on any day that work is planned but the Contractor will not be working, for whatever reason.

# **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

Time charges will be in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 "Standard Workweek".

Project Schedules meeting the requirements of Article 5 will not be required on this contract.

Work must begin within three (3) working days of verbal notification unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Written notification will be electronically delivered following verbal notification.

The Engineer will specify the number of working days granted for each Work Order based on a percentage of the dollar amount of the Work Order verses the total dollar amount of the Contract.

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

In accordance with Article 8.6 "Failure to Complete Work on Time," liquidated damages will be charged for failure to complete each Work Order in the specified number of days. The amount assessed per day for liquidated damages will be 1% of the estimated cost of the Work Order, but not to be less than \$50 per day and not to exceed \$200 per day.

Contact the Maintenance Section Supervisor prior to beginning any work in that Section.

COUNTY	MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR	TELEPHONE NUMBER
Panola Carthage Section	Kyle Weatherford	903-693-6331

Unless otherwise directed, prosecute the work continuously to completion of the work order.

Supply an adequate size crew experienced in the type of work described within these specifications and capable of performing the work in a safe and timely manner. Furnish all equipment, tools, and machinery for the proper prosecution of the work. Equipment, tools, and machinery will be on the work site in good operating condition and have all manufacturers' safety features in proper working condition prior to beginning work and remain in place during the prosecution of the work. All equipment, tools, and machinery will be capable of maintaining a continuous work schedule for the satisfactory completion of the project.

Cut and remove all trees and stumps as requested. Complete all work in a maintenance section prior to starting in another section, unless otherwise approved. Complete all work on a roadway before starting on another roadway, unless otherwise approved.

Unless otherwise approved, work will not begin before daylight and all operations will stop in sufficient time to have signs removed from the road before dark.

# **Item 500: Mobilization**

In accordance with Item 500-6033 "Mobilization (Callout)," a unit of mobilization will be paid per Work Order issued. Depending on the work needed, there may be multiple locations issued per Work Order. Every effort will be made to issue separate Work Orders when work locations are not reasonable to combine into one Work Order.

In the event that time is suspended at the request of the State, another unit of mobilization will be paid when work is resumed.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

# Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

This contract is for non-site-specific callout work. In accordance with Article 502.4.1.6 "Contracts with Callout Work and Work Orders," this item will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to the contract bid items.

Install temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ(RS)-16 wherever short duration or short term stationary lane closures are in place and workers are present.

Length of lane closures will be as directed based on the demonstrated ability to prosecute the work within the closed section.

Maintain access to abutting property at all times using approved materials and methods. Work required to maintain ingress and egress within the limits of this project will not be paid for directly, but is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Existing traffic signs which provide conflicting information to the driver during various stages will be covered until such time that a conflict no longer exists.

Furnish and install all signs, barricades, and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance with Part VI of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, or as directed. All warning signs must be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Comply with TCP standards included in these plans. If there is a situation not covered by these standards, then comply with the applicable TCP sheets that are available on the web at: <a href="http://www.txdot.gov/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/toc.htm">http://www.txdot.gov/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/toc.htm</a>

When necessary, provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Unless otherwise stated in the plans or approved by the Department, do not begin work before daylight and stop all operations in sufficient time to have the signs removed from the road before dark.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Once work begins at a repair location, diligently prosecute the work until the work has been completed. If the work at a location cannot be completed the same work day, then barricades

Project Number: RMC 638955001 Sheet 2

County: Panola Control: 6389-55-001

Highway: US0059, etc.

and warning signs will be erected as required by standards BC (1-12)-21, the TMUTCD and as directed.

Provide flaggers at the ends of work areas and at all other points of conflict with roadway machinery and roadway traffic when and as directed.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

# **Item 752: Tree and Brush Removal**

In accordance with Article 752.5.1 "Tree Removal," stumps associated with the tree removal will not be paid for separately, but are subsidiary to the tree removal item.

The burning of brush will not be permitted on the right of way.

Chippers will be permitted so that limbs or trees, of equal to or less than 6 inches, may be chipped for disposal, as approved. Obtain approval prior to use of any/all chippers. Wood chips can be disposed of on the right of way provided they are spread and left in a neat appearance and as approved. Do not dispose of wood chips in developed areas or in front of houses.

Dispose of all limbs that are not chipped off State property according to State and Federal regulations.

Complete work on each roadway before beginning operations on another roadway unless otherwise approved.

When work is not being performed do not leave equipment within thirty (30) feet of the edge of the travel-way.

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

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													0752	6008	_	TREE REMOVAL (24" TO 30") DIA	EA	83.00	
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8/17/2021 TEXAS ATL COUNTY CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. Panola 6389 55 001 US 59, etc.

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TXDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion and to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# **WORKER SAFETY NOTES:**

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Safety Division Standard

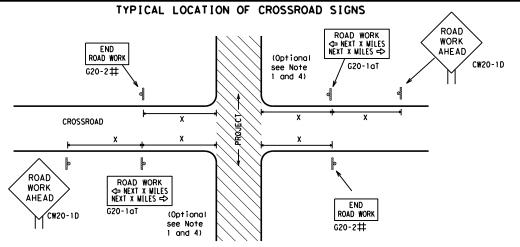
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

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channelizing devices.



 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

# SIZE

# SPACING

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway				
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"				
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"				
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"				

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500²
60	600²
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING	AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD 3X CW20-1D CW13-1P	** * G20-5T   BEGIN   ROAD WORK   NEXT X MILES   NAME ADDRESS   STAIL CONTRACTOR   CW13-1P   X X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X	TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE SIGNS
		<del></del>
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE  CSJ Limit  ROAD WORK  ROAD WORK  Beginning of NO-PASSING I ine should coordinate  WORK  R2-1  LIMIT  X  X	END G20-2bT X X
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati	to remind drivers they are still 620-2 ** location	NOTES

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC ★ ★ G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices  $\Diamond$ -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices  $\Rightarrow$ SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bT ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND						
Ш	⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade						
000	000 Channelizing Devices						
-	<b>♣</b> Sign						
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

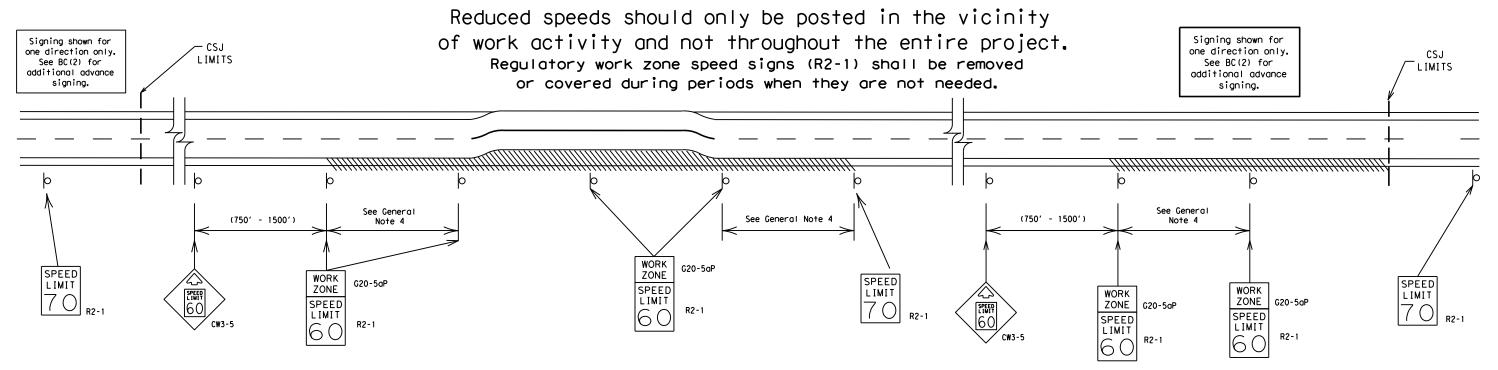
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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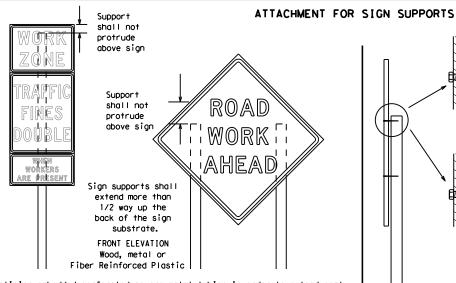
#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. \* \* XX

7.0' min.

9.0' max.

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



7.0' min.

9.0' max.

6' or

greater

Paved

shoul de

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two SIDE ELEVATION above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

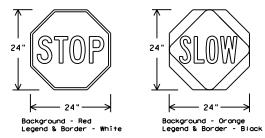
# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN.	IS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

7.0' min.

9.0' max.

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

6.0' min.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of \* Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 2x6 4×4 block block 72" Length of skids may Top be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Top 2x4 x 40" height 24" 2x4 brace for sign requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

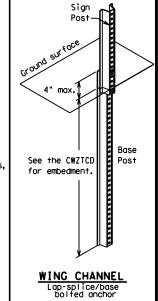
12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

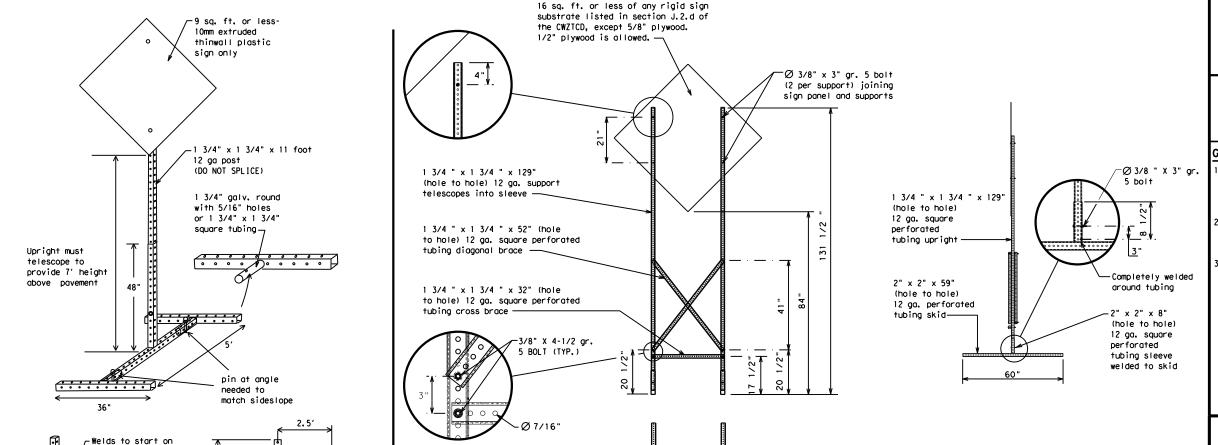
Side View

Pos Post Post max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, 48" reinforcing 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in (1/2" larger weak soils. strong soils, than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.

this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TXDOI for any purpose whatsoever, TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion d to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction		Parking	PKING
Ahead	CONST AHD		
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER .	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
Intermetion It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. LANE

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel \* \* Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY MILES NORTH XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO TΟ XX PM STOP REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER FOR XX PM-ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY \* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

# APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

# FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

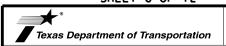
CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

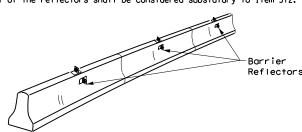


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

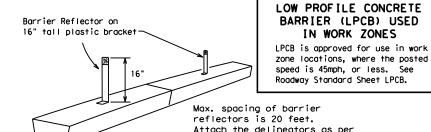
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



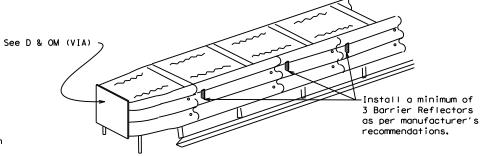
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

manufacturer's recommendations.



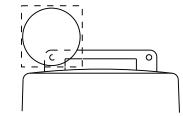
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

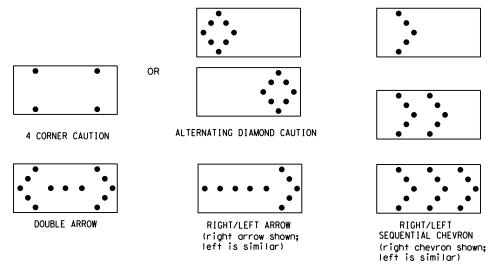
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS											
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE									
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile									
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile									

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

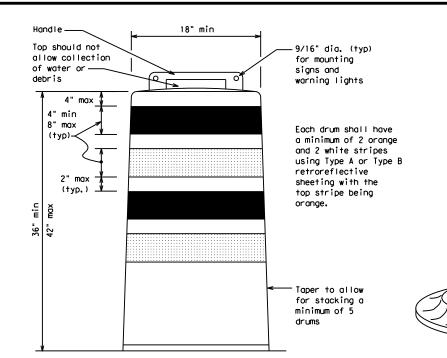
  9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

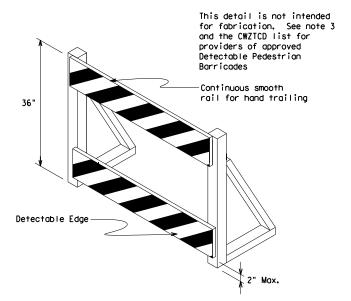
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

# BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

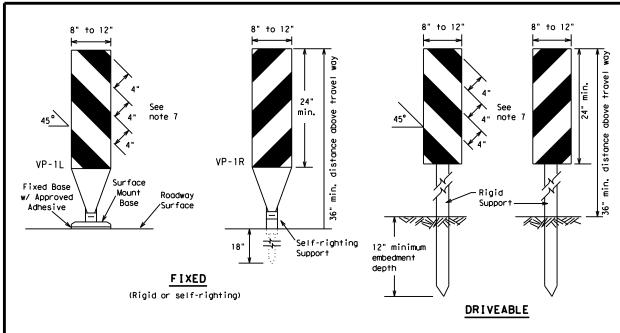


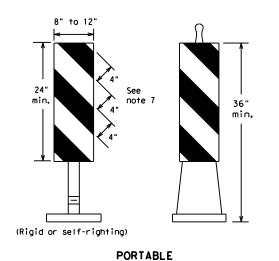
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

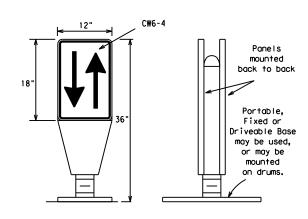
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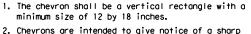
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

# OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

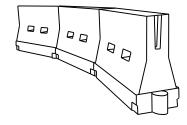


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>E</sub> or Type C<sub>E</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60,	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

X:X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

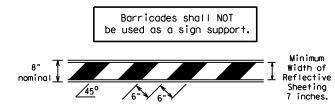
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

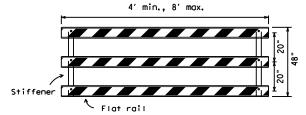
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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
		6389	55	001		US	59,	etc.
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		ATL		Panol	a			12

# TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

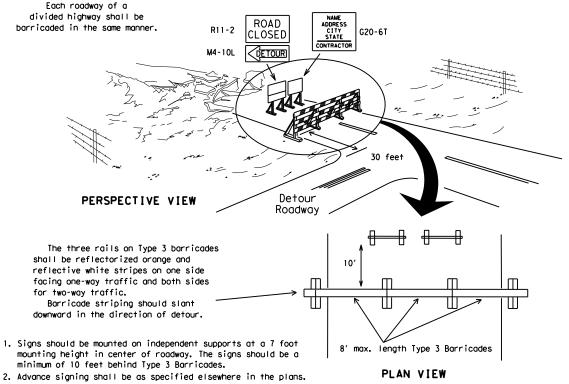


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



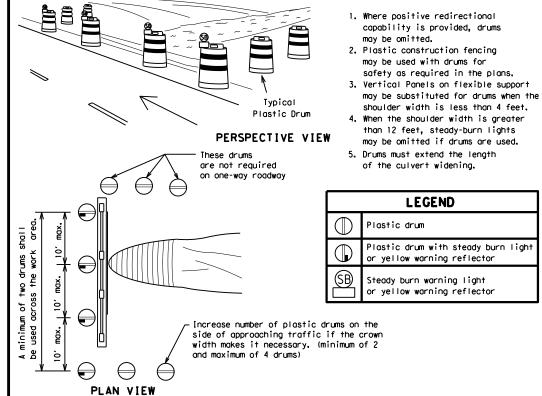
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



**CONES** 4" min. orange ¥2" min. ↑4" min. white 2" min. ↑ 4" min. orange [6" min. \_2" min. 2" min. \**1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

 2" min. 4" min.

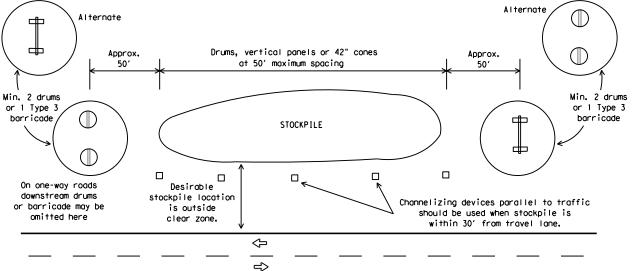
3" min. 2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker





TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

# **SHEET 10 OF 12**



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

# BC(10)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	ATL	Panola				13	

# jintenance/638955001 Tree & Stump Removal - Sc

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

# PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

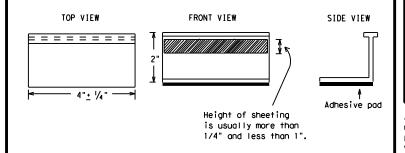
# MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



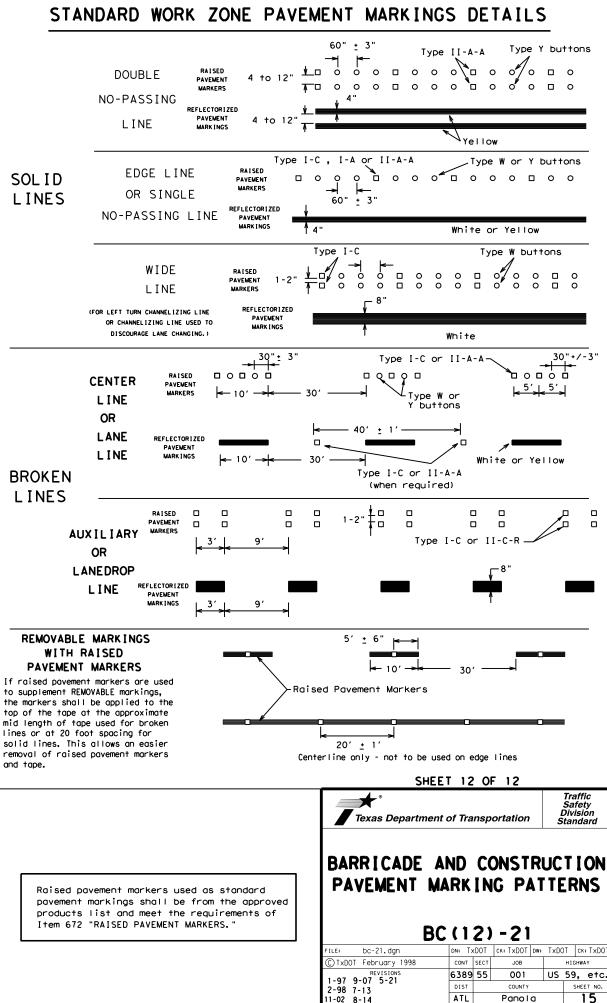
Traffic Safety Division Standard

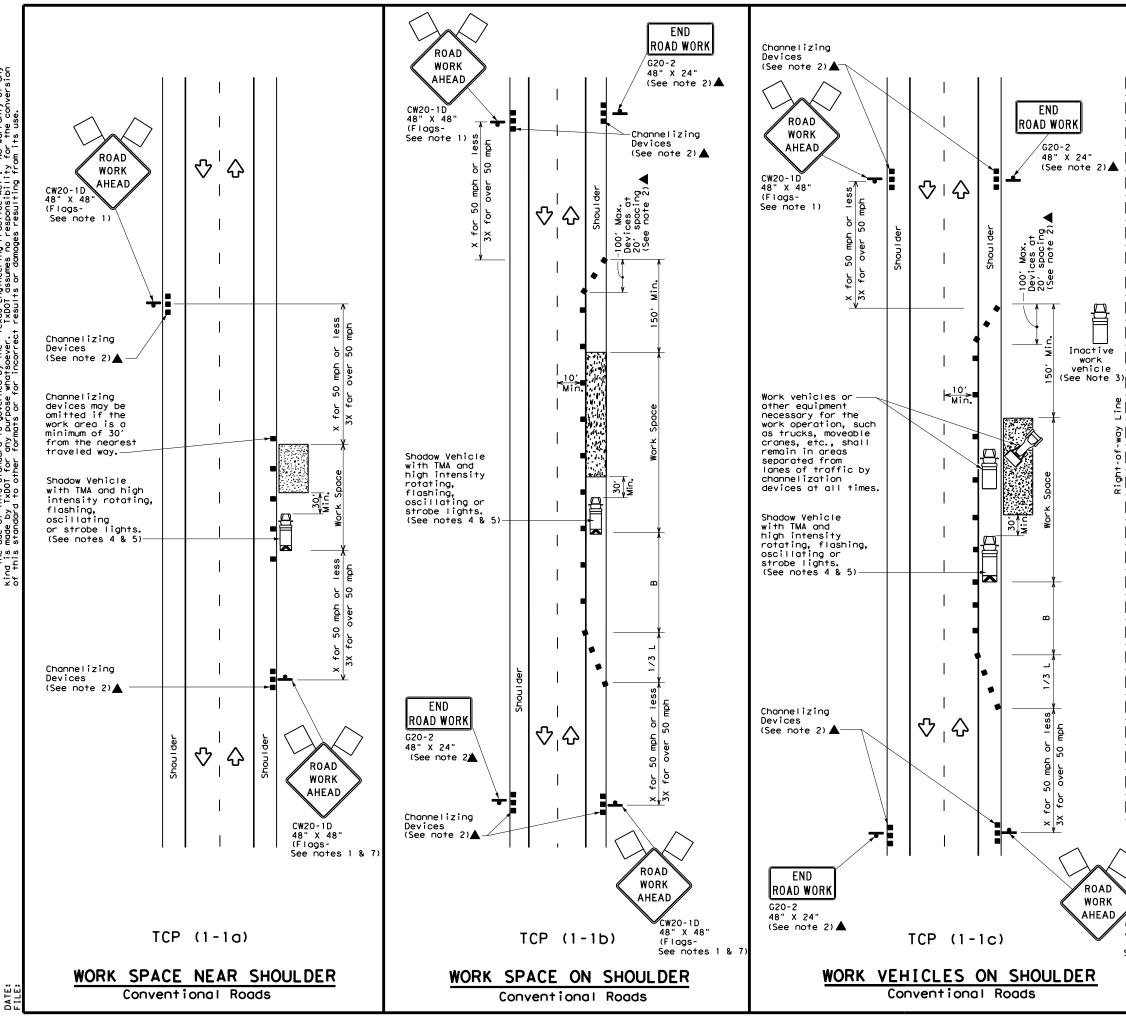
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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105





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150'	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	5501	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
1 1										

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(1-1)-18

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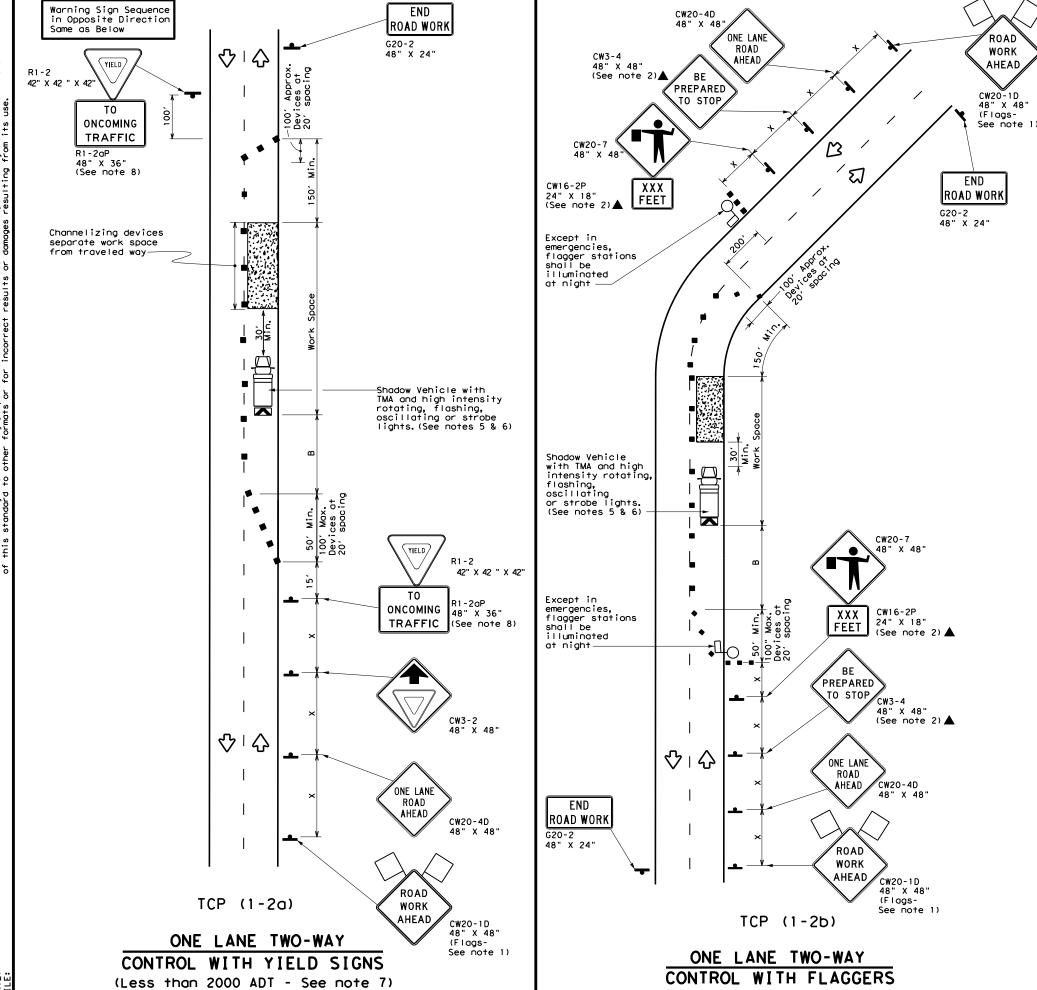
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See notes 1 & 7)



ĺ	LEGEND									
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	<b>þ</b>	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
	$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset		12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	200′
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600'	660′	720′	60,	120'	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

# TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
  11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

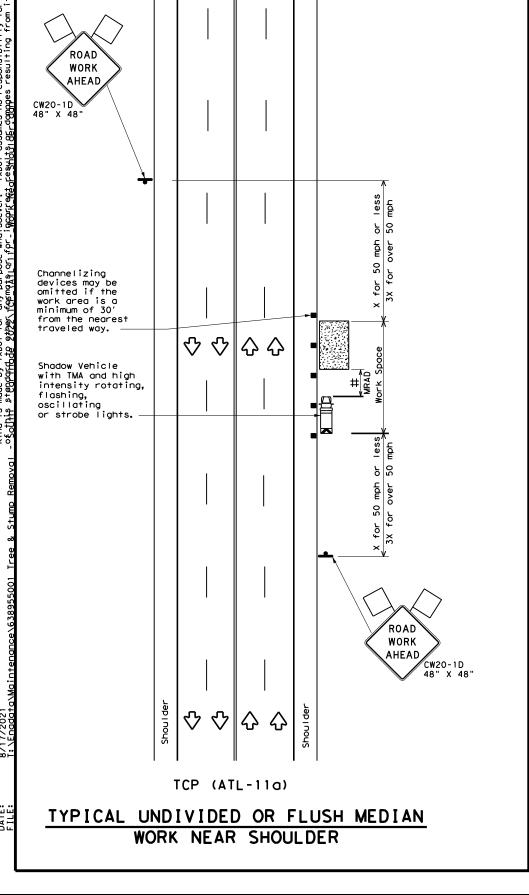


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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	LEGEND									
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		Heavy	Work V	/ehicl	e			Tru		
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Speed			* *	-		Dev	ices	s		
Posted	Formulo		esirab er Len			pacir anne	lizi	ing		
×		10'	11'	12'	00	a	_	n a		
			Offset	Offset	Tap	per		ngen		
		150′	1651	1801	3	0'		60′		
30		130						701		
30 35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	3	5′		70		
	L= <u>WS</u> 60	205′		245′ 320′		5′ 0′		80'		
35	L= <u>WS<sup>2</sup></u>	2051	225′		4	-				
35 40	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	205′	225′ 295′	3201	4	0′	1	80′		
35 40 45	60	205′ 265′ 450′	225' 295' 495'	320′ 540′	4 5	0′ 5′	_	90' 90'		
35 40 45 50	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	205′ 265′ 450′ 500′	225' 295' 495' 550'	320′ 540′ 600′	4 4 5 5	0' 5' 0'	1	80′ 90′ 00′ 10′		
35 40 45 50 55	60	205′ 265′ 450′ 500′ 550′	225' 295' 495' 550' 605'	320′ 540′ 600′ 660′	4 4 5 5	0' 5' 0'	1	80′ 90′ 00′ 10′ 20′		
35 40 45 50 55 60	60	205' 265' 450' 500' 550' 600'	225' 295' 495' 550' 605' 660'	320' 540' 600' 660' 720'	4 5 5 6	0' 5' 0' 5'	1 1	80′		

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1	1					

# **GENERAL NOTES**

Med

Medi

TCP (ATL-11b)

TYPICAL DEPRESSED MEDIAN

WORK NEAR SHOULDER

 $\Diamond$ 

ROAD

AHEAD

/ CW20-1D 48" X 48"

Channelizing devices may be omitted if the

work area is a minimum of 30'

traveled way.

flashing, oscillating

from the nearest

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high

or strobe lights

intensity rotating,

 $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$ 

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

  3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as
- required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead area of crew exposure work performance.

but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Minimum

Sign

Spacing "X"

Distance

1201

1601

240'

320'

400'

500'

600′

7001

800'

900'

Suggested

Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"

90'

120'

155'

1951

240'

295'

350′

410' 475′

540'

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

(ATL-11)-14atl-11.dgn C TxD0T January 2014 CONT SECT 6389 55 001 US 59, e+c SHEET NO.

Panola

vehicle equipped with a TMA shall Distance (MRAD) in advance of the without adversely affecting the

If workers are no longer present

Warning sign

TABLE 1

< 4,500

> 4,500

3,500

> 3,500

< 2,600

<u>></u> 2,600

< 1,600

<u>></u> 1,600

N/A

Strip Arrays

2

2

2

2

2

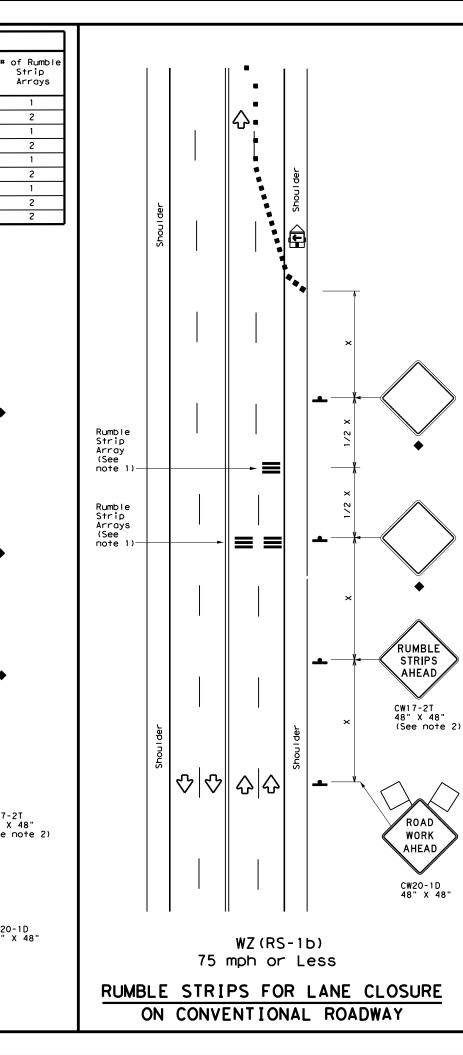
CW17-2T 48" X 48"

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

ROAD

AHEAD

RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
•	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow
$\bigcirc$	Flag	ПO	Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Channelizing Spacing Longi Devices "X"		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #13	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL U	SAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

Т	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array
≤ 40 MPH	10′
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′
> 55 MPH	20′

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (RS) - 16

FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	СК	: TxDOT
C TxDOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	I GHW/	¥Υ
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2 9	22 23	38 35	54 55	ĺ
2	21	37	53	ı

# SITE DESCRIPTION

	SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:
PROJECT LIMITS: <u>VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE CARTHAGE MAINTENANCE SECTION IN PANOLA COUNTY IN</u> THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE ATLANTA DISTRICT.	TEMPORARY SEEDING
	PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING
	MULCHING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: CONSISTING OF THE TREE & STUMP REMOVAL WITHIN THE ATLANTA DISTRICT.	BUFFER ZONES
	PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES
	SLOPE TEXTURING
	OTHER: <u>DISTURBED AREAS ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS CEASED (TEMPORARILY</u>
	OR PERMANENTLY) SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS UNLESS ACTIVITIES ARE SCHEDULED TO RESUME WITHIN 21 DAYS.
	JOHEDOLED TO TESSME WITHIN ELDING!
	STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:
	SILT FENCES
	—— HAY BALES —— ROCK BERMS
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES
MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: None	DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PAVED FLUMES
WAJOR SOIL DISTORDING ACTIVITIES.	ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	CHANNEL LINERS  SEDIMENT TRAPS
	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
	FILTER DAMS CURBS AND GUTTERS
	STORM SEWERS
	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
	EROSION CONTROL LOGS
	OTHER:
TOTAL PROJECT AREA: None	
70711 1071 70 DE DIGTURDED Was	NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:
TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED: None	THE ORDER OF ACTIVITIES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:
EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER: <u>THE EXISTING SOIL IS SANDY CLAY AND COVERAGE</u>	I. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, AS DIRECTED.  IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY PRELIMINARY WORK WHICH DISTURBS EXISTING SOIL.
IS EXCELLENT WITH 100% COVERAGE WITH NATIVE GRASSES AND VARIOUS TREES.	
	2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE A RESPONSIBLE PARTY IN IDENTIFYING, PREVENTING AND
	MAINTAINING APPROPRIATE EROSION AND SILTATION MEASURES.
	3. REMOVAL OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE AS APPROVED. DISTURBED AREAS FROM
	REMOVAL SHALL BE SEEDED AGAIN.
NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS: _NZA	
	-
	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: <u>STORM WATER DRAINAGE WILL BE PROVIDED BY EXISTING DITCHES</u>
ANTICIPATED EFFECT OF STORM WATER ON THREATENED	AND STRUCTURES, THE CURRENT SYSTEM PROVIDES ADEQUATE DRAINAGE WITHIN
AND ENDANGERED SPECIES AND WILDLIFE HABITAT:  PLEASE REFER TO EPIC SHEET	RIGHT-OF-WAY_LIMITS.
Company of the compan	

# EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

OTHER	FROSION	AND	SEDIMENT	CONTROLS,

IF MAINTENANCE PRIOR TO THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT IS IMPRACTICABLE, THE MANTENANCE MUST BE SCHEDULED AND ACCOMPLISHED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT HAVE BEEN INTENTIONALLY DISABLED, RUN-OVER, REMOVED OR OTHERWISE RENDERED INEFFECTIVE MUST BE REPLACED OR CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY.  AN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT WILL BE MADE PER EACH INSPECTION. BASED ON INSPECTION RESULTS, THE CONTROLS SHALL BE REVISED PER THE INSPECTION REPORT.  MASTE MATERIALS: NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MAT'L. WILL BE BURIED ON SITE. DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  AZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASO. SURFACES, CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH MAY BE HAZARDOUS, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.  SANITARY WASTE: ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.  OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:  HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN		IANCE IS NECESSARY, IT WILL BE DONE PRIOR TO THE NEXT RAIN EVENT IF FEASIBLE
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LOCAL REGULATIONS.  FFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:  ———————————————————————————————————	MATERIALS  AZARDOUS WAS  FOLLOWING  SURFACES  CONCRETE	SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASO.  CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH
HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL	MATERIALS  AZARDOUS WA: FOLLOWING SURFACES, CONCRETE MAY BE HA	SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS; PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASON CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH AZARDOUS, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.
	MATERIALS  AZARDOUS WA: FOLLOWING SURFACES, CONCRETE MAY BE HA	SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASO. CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH AZARDOUS. THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.  TE: ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL STATE AND
LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN	MATERIALS  AZARDOUS WA' FOLLOWING SURFACES, CONCRETE MAY BE HA	SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASO. CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH AZARDOUS, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.  TE: ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL STATE AND ULATIONS.
X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY	MATERIALS  AZARDOUS WA: FOLLOWING SURFACES, CONCRETE MAY BE HA  GANITARY WAS LOCAL REG  OFFSITE VEHI  HAU	SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.  STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE CATEGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS; PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASON CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES OR MOTOR OIL. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH AZARDOUS, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.  TE: ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL STATE AND ULATIONS.  CLE TRACKING:  L ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL

CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT AREAS: THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTAIN WASH WATER FROM CONCRETE TRUCKS.

REMARKS: DISPOSAL AREAS, STOCKPILES, AND HAUL ROADS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE AND CONTROL THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT THAT MAY ENTER RECEIVING WATERS. DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN ANY WETLAND, WATERBODY OR STREAMBED. CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTANTS. ALL WATERWAYS SHALL BE CLEARED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL OF TEMPORARY EMBANKMENT. TEMPORARY BRIDGES, MATTING FALSEWORK, PILING, DEBRIS OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS PLACED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS THAT ARE NOT A PART OF THE FINISHED WORK.

NOTES: THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ALL SUBCONTRACTORS ARE AWARE OF AND COMPLY WITH ALL COMPONENTS OF THE SWP3.

#### REVISION HISTORY 1/ 07 ADDED EROSION CONTROL LOGS & REMOVED PIPE SLOPE DRAINS

\_\_\_\_ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

10/ 07 REMOVED

INSPECTION TYPE
02/ 08 ADDED MS4 OPERATORS SLOPE TEXTURING SEDIMENTATION BASIN CONCRETE TRUCK WASH OUT

MODIFIED MAINT. NOTE 05/ 08 MODIFIED SHEET FOR PROJECTS < ONE ACRE

Texas Department of Transportation

# TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

(Less than one acre)

.E:	sw3p.std	DN:		CK:		DW:	CK:		NEG:		
G DATE	:		DIST	FED REG		PRO	JECT NUM	BER		SHEE	T
	REVISIONS		ATL	6		RMC	6389	5500	)1	20	
				COUNT	ГҮ		CONTROL	SECT	JOB	H I GHV	VAY
				Pano	Ιa		6389	55	001	US	50

CARTHAGE	
Removal	
Stump	
and	
ı Tree	
: 8/17/2021 WENT NAME:	
DATE: 8/17/2021 DOCUMENT NAME: Tree and Stump Removal	

TRES TRR 1500001 starmwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acrea distribuds abil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with 1 the 150s.  List MS4 Operator (s) that may receive discharges from this project, 1 the most of the
They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.  In there are no MS4 Operators in the project area.  In there are no MS4 Operators in the project area.  No Action Required   Required Action   Required   Required Action   Required   Required Action
Action No.  1. The project disturbs less than one acre of surface area. The contractor is responsible for the PSL as defined in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges (2004 Edition, Section 7.19.f, Page 55). The total disturbed acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed on the project and the contractors PSL.  2.  3.  4.  Commitment No.  Commitment No.  Liv. VEGETATION RESOURCES  In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MS in decordance in the MS in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cle of all product spills.  Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:  ** Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)*  ** Trades piles, drums, consister, barrels, etc.  ** Undes piles mells or odors  ** Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances  Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or
to be disturbed on the project and the contractors PSL.  4.  Commitment No.  Commitment No.  2. Refer to the SW3P Plan Sheet, BMPs, and Detail. It will address sweeping, chemical  4.  Contract the Engineer it any of the following are detected:  * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)  * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.  * Undesirable smells or odors  * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances  Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.  * Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or
Preserve notive vegetation to the extent practical.
Yes 🛛 No
No Action Required
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER  1.   Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?  Yes No  1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.
ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404  USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.  2.  USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.
The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):  4.  If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.
No Permit Required  No Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)  No Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)  In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for about activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent closes to consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent c
Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)  ☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)  ☐ No Action Required ☐ Required Action
Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#  Action No.  Action No.
Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.
1. 2. VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.    No Action Required   Required Action   Action No.
Best Management Practices:  If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area,  do not disturb species or babitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The
Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during
nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes    Temporary Vegetation
Mulch Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin
Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike Wet Basin  STOCK Soill Properties Sentral and Southern and
Diversion Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost  Mulch Filter Berm and Socks  DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification  PSL: Project Specific Location  EPIC
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks   Mulch Filter Berm and Socks   Compost Filter Berm and Socks   Compost Filter Berm and Socks   MOA: Memorandum of Agreement   MOA: Memorandum of Locks   MOA: Moa: Moa: Moa: Moa: Moa: Moa: Moa: Moa
Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches    Stone Outlet Sediment Traps   Sand Filter Systems     Sediment Basins   Sediment Basins   Sediment Sever System Separate Stormwater Sever System Sever Sever System Sever Sever Sever System Sever