STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET

2A - 2D GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

QUANTITY SUMMARY

STANDARD SHEETS

BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 5-16 TCP (1-1)-18 THRU TCP (1-3)-18 17-19

TRB-15(1), TRB-15(2) 20-21

WZ (RS) -16

ENVIRONMENTAL SHEETS

EPIC

PLANS OF PROPOSED

STATE HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. RMC 6387-84-001

HENDERSON COUNTY

VARIOUS HIGHWAYS

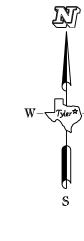
TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

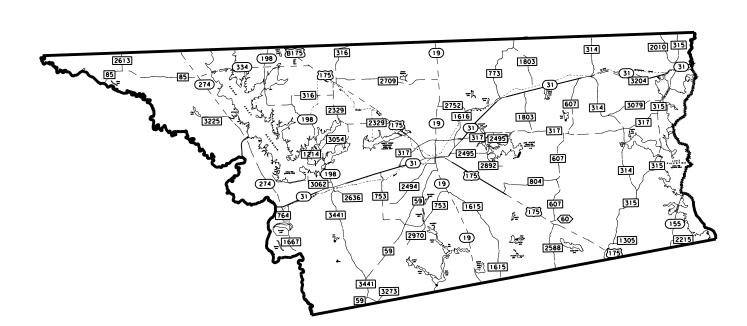
🗡 Texas Department of Transportation © 2021 RMC 6387-84-001 TEXAS TYLER HENDERSON CONT. SECT. HIGHWAY NO. JOB 6387 84 001

TTLSHT / 100

FINAL PLANS

DATE CONTRACT LETTING: _ DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: DATE WORK COMPLETED & ACCEPTED: _ CONTRACTOR: USED ____ OF ___ ALLOTTED DAYS FINAL CONTRACT COST : \$ _





The Standard Sheets specifically identified above have been issued by me and are applicable to this project.

STUART WITHINGTON. P.E.

8/23/2021

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

SIGNING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD BC SHEETS AND PART 6 OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL

NO EQUATIONS NO R.R. CROSSINGS ELIMINATED LAYOUT SCALE: NTS

All Rights Reserved

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED & RECOMMENDED 8/23/2021 FOR LETTING:

Royce Traylor

301B96C518847D... MAINTENANCE ADMINISTRATOR

APPROVED FOR LETTING: .

-0C37PA7E3C10AD2F MAINTENANCE

8/23/2021

CONT. NO.

RMC 6387-84-001

NO EXCEPTIONS

© 2021 by Texas Department of Transportation;

Project Number: RMC 6387-84-001 Sheet 2

County: HENDERSON Control: 6387-84-001

Highway: VARIOUS

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual(s):

Eric Fisher P.E. at Eric.Fisher@txdot.gov Louis McDow III P.E. at Louis.McDow@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email, phone and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the following TxDOT Representatives:

John Oliver Maintenance Supervisor 903-676-7201 Jesse Kyle Contract Inspector 903-203-0061

Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications.

ITEM 5. CONTROL OF THE WORK

Designate in writing a competent, English-speaking Superintendent employed by the Contractor. This Superintendent must be available at all times to receive instructions from the authorized Department representatives and to act for the Contractor.

Upon completion of the work at each location, clear and remove from the site all surplus and discarded materials and leave the entire project in a neat and sightly condition.

Project Number: RMC 6387-84-001 Sheet 2

County: HENDERSON Control: 6387-84-001

Highway: VARIOUS

ITEM 7. LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- Lane closures will not be permitted before 8:00 A.M. or after 4:00 P.M. unless otherwise directed.
- Unless otherwise approved, lane closures for minor or major construction operations will
 not be allowed on Good Friday, Easter weekend, Memorial Day, Memorial Day
 weekend, July 4th, Labor Day, Labor Day weekend, Thanksgiving Day thru Sunday,
 Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, or on any other high
 traffic days or holidays as determined.

ITEM 8. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.A.4, "Standard Workweek." Seventy-One (71) working days have allocated for this project. Time charges are based on a production rate of completing 1 mile of tree trimming and brush removal per working day.

Ensure sufficient workers, equipment and materials are available at all work sites to continuously and diligently prosecute the work to conclusion, as well as meeting the production rates stated above. Insufficient resources resulting in poor performance may be grounds for default.

Verbally notify the TxDOT Representative 24 hours in advance of beginning work. Verbally notify the TxDOT Representative by 8:15 A.M. on any day which work is originally planned and the contractor will not be working.

Liquidated damages will be charged according to Special Provision 000-658 for each day the work is not complete after the expiration of all calendar days.

Work activities shall be performed between sunrise and sunset. The Contractor shall be responsible for making all arrangements for equipment and storage areas.

No storage of equipment and materials will be permitted at Maintenance Section yards, District Office.

ITEM 502. BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The traffic control plan for this Contract consists of: the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown on the plans; specification data, which may be included in the general notes; applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD); traffic control plan sheets included on the plans; standard BC sheets; Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and Item 502 of the standard specifications.

Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 6387-84-001 Sheet 2

County: HENDERSON Control: 6387-84-001

Highway: VARIOUS

Inspect and correct deficiencies each day throughout the duration of the Contract.

Provide at least one employee on call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) for maintenance of signs and traffic control devices.

This employee must have an address and telephone number near the project, as approved. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee. The Engineer will furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.

Sign all roads intersecting the project in accordance with current BC standards.

Refer to the traffic control plan sheets for traffic handling through the work area. Contractor may vary the signing arrangement and spacing as necessary to fit field conditions; however, any proposed changes in the traffic control plan must be approved before implementation.

High-visibility safety apparel is required for workers in accordance with the General Notes on current BC standards.

Place and maintain signs, channelizing devices, and flaggers to direct and route traffic at any location and for any period of time as may be required or directed.

When operations require a lane closure, provide cones, vertical panels, drums, signs, flaggers, and flashing arrow panels as necessary to route traffic around the closed lane as shown on the plans and as directed. Lane closures will be limited to one specific lane as directed.

Provide truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets. Provide a letter certifying that all TMA used on this project meet NCHRP 350 or AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) requirements.

Regulate all construction activities and equipment to minimize inconvenience to the traveling public. At points where it is necessary for trucks to stop, load, or unload, provide warning signs and flaggers to protect the traveling public.

The pavement must be entirely open to traffic each night. Remove or clearly barricade all material stockpiles, equipment left overnight, or any obstruction within 30 ft. of a travelway as approved.

All work required by these general notes, except as provided for by Item 502, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Project Number: RMC 6387-84-001 Sheet 2

County: HENDERSON Control: 6387-84-001

Highway: VARIOUS

ITEM 752 - TREE TRIMMING/TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

Trim sides and tops of trees along highway right of way.

Use chippers, mulchers or equivalent equipment with chipper teeth or carbide teeth to dispose of tree limbs and brush removal. All chips shall be no larger than 3" x 3" x 1/4" in size. The method of chipping and/or brush removal shall not damage or destroy the existing vegetation on the ROW causing erosion. Obtain the TxDOT Representative's approval prior to use. Perform smooth saw cuts to cause the least amount of damage to the trees. Use of boom axes are not permitted on this project. Spread and/or remove excess wood chips within 24 hr. in accordance with state, federal and local environmental and waste disposal laws and regulations, as directed by the TxDOT Representative. Chips shall not be left in an area that could cause a blockage in the flow line of the ditch and/or culverts. Leave the area with a clean, neat appearance.

Trim trees and brush from right of way line to right of way line wide by 20' high unless otherwise specified on the quantity summary page in the plans. Cut limbs and brush at the state right of way or as directed by the TxDOT Representative, if the tree is not on state property.

Contract Prosecution: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

The Engineer may require the Contractor to use multiple separate crews if the workload warrants their use. A crew is defined as a minimum of four laborers.

Only power shearing equipment designed for this type of operation is acceptable. Repair deep rutting of turf caused by equipment at contractor's expense. Bucket trucks may be needed at bridges and various other locations.

ITEM 6185. TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA)

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. Additional truck mounted attenuators (TMAs) may be required as deemed necessary by the Engineer.

| | | | | | | | | PROJECT RMC | 638784001 | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|------|-------|------|-------|----------|-------|-------------|-----------|------|--|---|-------|--------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | CONTROL 638 | 7-84-001 | A I | TEM- | | U | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | CODE | DESCRIPTION | Ŋ | TOTA | 7 F |
| ST. | FINAL | EST. | FINAL | EST. | FINAL | EST. | FINAL | EST. | | l Tl | | | + | | |
| | | | | | THAL | 231. | FINAL | 1.000 | FINAL | . NO | DESC SP CODE NO 6001 | MODILITATION | - ' | EST. | FIN |
| | | | | | | | | 70.500 | | | 6003 | MOBILIZATION TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL | LS | 1.000 | |
| | | | | | | | | 10.000 | | 618 | 6003 | TMA (STATIONARY) | MI | 70.500 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 0002 002 | THA TSTATIONANT? | DAY | 10.000 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -+ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ESTIMATE

&

QUANTITY

SHEET

STATE DIST. NO. COUNTY PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 10 HENDERSON RMC 638784001 3

| | BASIS OF ESTIMATE | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|------|--|--|--|--|
| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | RATES | UNITS | UNIT | QUANTITY | UNIT | | | | |
| 500 | MOBILIZATION | | | | 1 | LS | | | | |
| 6185 | TMA (STATIONARY | | | | 10 | DAY | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| COUNTY | DESCRIPTION OF LIMITS ① ITEM 752-6003 TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH | | ① ITEM 752-6003 TRM's | | LENGTH |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|--------|
| 108 | SH 31 E | FM 314 TO SMITH CL | 678 | 688 | 10.00 |
| 108 | FM 753 | SH 19 TO SH 31 | 636 | 648 | 12.50 |
| 108 | FM 2752 | FM 1616 TO SH 19 | 644 | 646 | 3.00 |
| 108 | FM 1615 | SH 19 TO END OF STATE MAINTENANCE | 306 | 316 | 10.50 |
| 108 | FM 314 | VAN ZANDT CL TO FM 315 | 294 | 310 | 16.50 |
| 108 | FM 315 | VAN ZANDT CL TO FM 3506 | 294 | 308 | 14.00 |
| 108 | FM 3225 | SH 274 TO END OF STATE MAINTENANCE | 622 | 624 | 2.50 |
| 108 | FM 2215 | SH 155 TO END OF STATE MAINTENANCE | 666 | 666 | 1.50 |
| TOTAL | | | | | 70.50 |

① BUCKET TRUCK MAY BE REQUIRED AT BRIDGES AND VARIOUS OTHER LOCATION. EXPECT POSSIBLE LANE CLOSURES.

QUANTITY SUMMARY



| | | | FIL | ENAME / |
|----------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------|
| FED. RO. DIV. NO. | FEDERA | L AID PROJECT I | 10. | SHEET NO. |
| 6 | RMC | 6387-84-0 | 01 | 4 |
| STATE | DIST. | | COUNTY | |
| TEXAS | TYLER | HE | NDERSON | |
| CONT. | SECT. | JOB | HIGHWAY | NO. |
| 6387 | 9.4 | 001 | WARTO | LIC |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

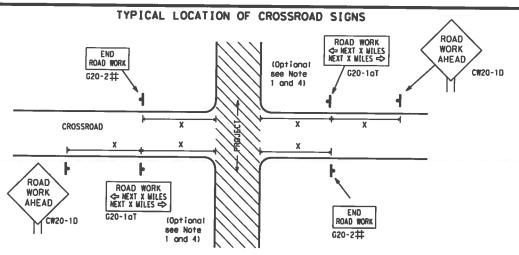
SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bc-21.dgn ©TxDOT November 2002 CONT SECT J08 HEGHWAY 4-03 7-13 6387 84 001 VARIOUS 9-07 8-14 5-10 5-21 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 10 HENDERSON



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK **★ ¥** G20-9TP TRAFFI * *R20-5T FINES DOUBLE **X** X R20-5aTP ROAD WORK * * G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bT INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000' -1500' - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY \Rightarrow 1 Block - City G20-16TR ROAD WORK 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * BEGIN G20-5T WORK * * G20-9TP RAFFI G20-61 * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * * R20-5aTP END ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

SPACING

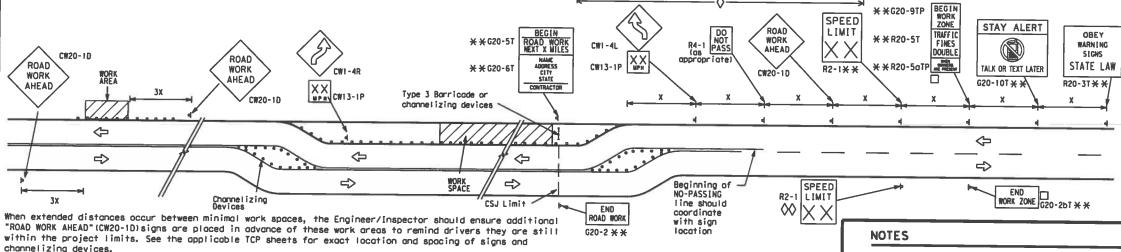
| | SIZE | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Sign Number or Series | Conventional Road | Expressway/ Freeway | Poste Speed |
| CW20 ⁴ CW21 | | | МРН |
| CW22 | 48" x 48" | 48" × 48" | 30 |
| CW23 | 10 10 | 10 2 10 | 35 |
| CW25 | | | 40 |
| CW1, CW2, | | | 45 |
| CW7, CW8, | 36" x 36" | 48" × 48" | 50 |
| CW9, CW11, | | | 55 |
| CW14 | | | 60 |
| CW3, CW4, | | | 65 |
| CW5, CW6, | 48" x 48" | 48" × 48" | 70 |
| CW8-3, | | | 75 |
| CW10, CW12 | | | 80 |
| | | | * |

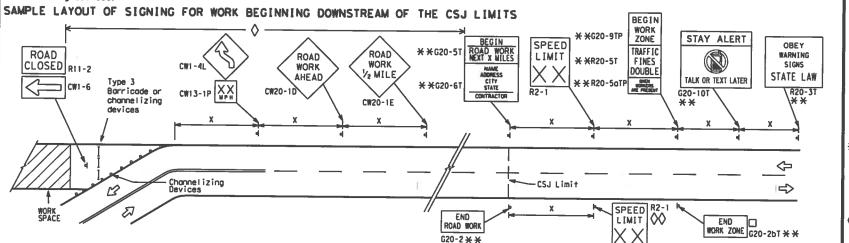
Sign△ Spacing "X" Feet Apprx. 120 160 240 320 400 500² 600² 700² 800² 900 ² 10002 * 3

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- igtriangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design





The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

| | LEGEND |
|----------|---|
| <u> </u> | Type 3 Barricade |
| 000 | Channelizing Devices |
| + | Sign |
| х | See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. |

SHEET 2 OF 12

| <i>≡</i> * | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Texas Department of Transportation | |

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

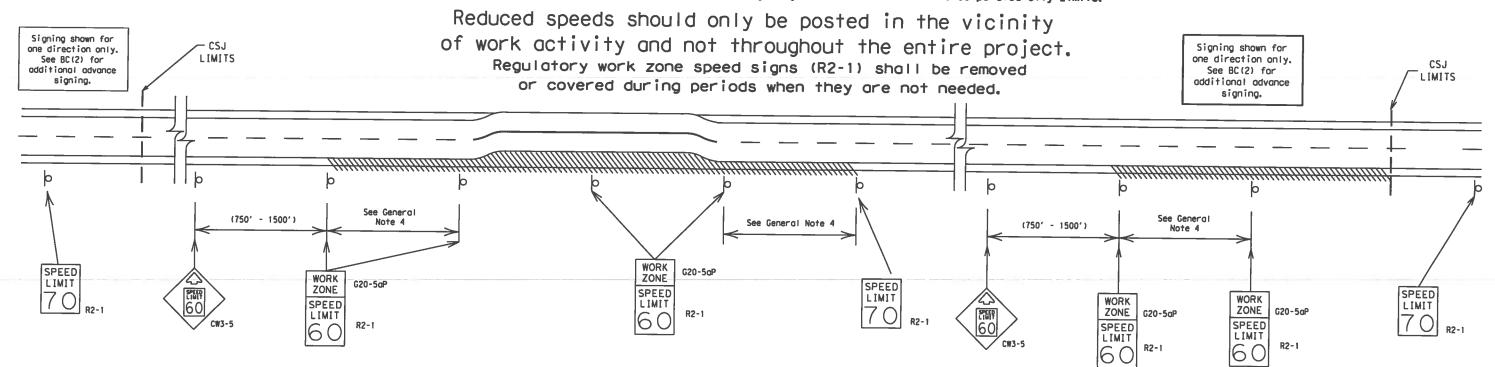
Traffic Safety Division

BC(2)-21

| FILE | bc-21.dgn | DN: T | xDOT | CK: TXDOT DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|---------|-----------------------|-------|------|---------------|---------|-----------|
| C TxDOT | © TxDOT November 2002 | | SECT | JO9 | HEGHWAY | |
| | REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | V/ | RIOUS |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | 1 | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | 10 | | HENDERSON | | 6 |

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present. signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

- 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

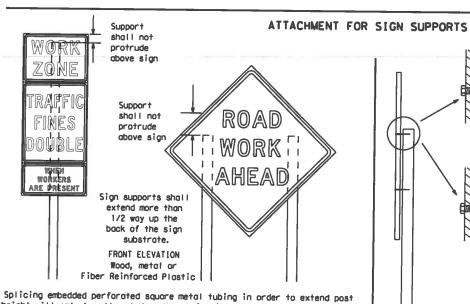
BC(3) - 21

| LE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Txl | TOC | cki TxDOT | CK: TXDOT DW: | | cx: TxDOT | |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------|-----------|--|
| TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT | SECT JOB | | | HIGHWAY | | |
| 9-07 7-13 | REVISIONS 8-14 | 6387 84 | | 001 | 001 | | VARIOUS | |
| | 5-21 | DIST | DIST COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | | | |
| 1-13 | J 21 | 10 | HENDERSON | | | | 7 | |

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD minimum WORK WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' 0'-6' 7.0' min. max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. greater 9.0' max. 6.0′min. , a minimum 14/11/11/11/1/ TEMENT IS HELDEN ATTITUTE Paved Paved shoul der shoul der

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign Support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

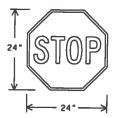
height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two

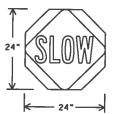
should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be $24" \times 24"$.
- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.

length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.





Bockground - Red Legend & Border - White

Background - Orange Legend & Border - Black

| SHEET ING KE | GOTHEMENTS | (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| USAGE | COLOR | SIGN FACE MATERIAL |
| BACKGROUND | RED | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| BACKGROUND | ORANGE | TYPE BFL OR CFL SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | WHITE | TYPE B OR C SHEETING |
| LEGEND & BORDER | BLACK | ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM |

CHEETING DECLIDENCING CHARLES LIGHT AT ALLOWS

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions. remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on croshworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- he bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil block plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasterers. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be aronge or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any partion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

| FILE | bc-21.dgn | DN: T: | kDOT | CK: TXDOT | DWs | TxDOT | CK: TxD01 |
|--------------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | T | нго | HWAY |
| | REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | | V/ | RIOUS |
| 9-07 7-13 | 8-14 5-21 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-13 | 2-21 | 10 | | HENDERS | SON | | 8 |

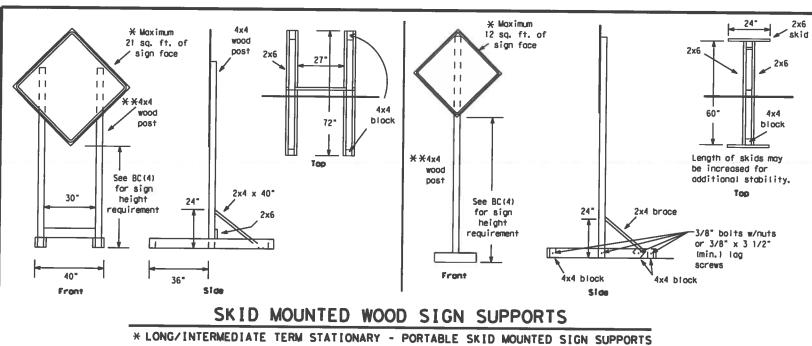
weld, do not

weld

weld-

starts here back fill puddle.

weld starts here



-2" x 2"

12 ga.

SINGLE LEG BASE

Anchor Stub
(1/4" larger than sign post)

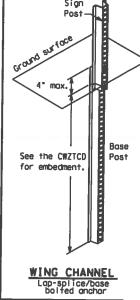
OPTION 1
(Direct Embedment)

OPTION 2
(Anchor Stub)

Post

desiroble Optional reinforcing sleeve -34° min. in (1/2" larger strong soils than sign 55° min. in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub (1/4" larger than sign post) -OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Steeve))

Post



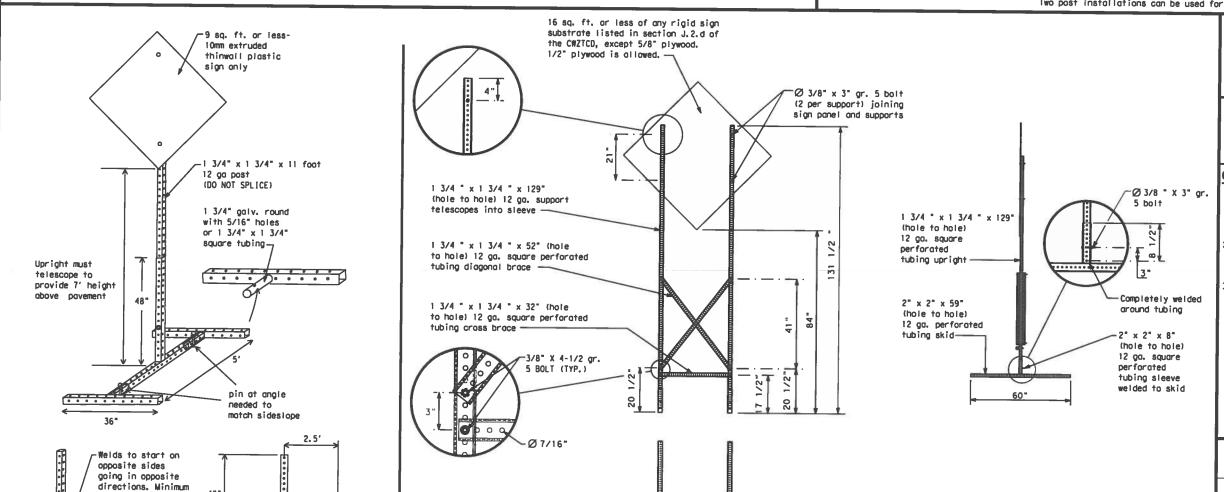
GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Post

Refer to the CWZTCO and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration,"
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

Traffic Safety Division

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

| FILE | bc-21.dgn | TXDOT :NO | | CK: TXDOT DW: | | TxDOT CK: TxD | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------------|-----|---------------|-----------|
| © TxDOT November 2002 | | CONT | SECT | JOB | | нго | SHWAY |
| | REVISIONS 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21 | | 84 | 001 | | V/ | RIOUS |
| | | | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | | | | HENDER | SON | 9 | |

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on partable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday marning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. . Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

| WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| Access Road | ACCS RD | Major | MAJ |
| Alternate | ALT | Miles | MI |
| Avenue | AVE | Miles Per Hour | MPH |
| Best Route | BEST RTE | Minor | MNR |
| Boulevard | BLVD | Monday | MON |
| Bridge | BRDG | Normal | NORM |
| Cannot | CANT | North | N |
| Center | CTR | Northbound | (route) N |
| Construction Ahead | CONST AHD | Parking | PKING |
| CROSS ING | XING | Road | RD |
| Detour Route | DETOUR RTE | Right Lane | RT LN |
| Do Not | DONT | Saturday | SAT |
| East | F | Service Road | SERV RD |
| Eastbound | (route) E | Shoulder | SHLDR |
| Emergency | | Slippery | SL [P |
| Emergency Vehicle | EMER | South | 5 |
| | | Southbound | (route) S |
| Entrance, Enter | ENT | Speed | SPD |
| Express Lone | EXP LN | Street | ST |
| Expressway | EXPWY | Sunday | SUN |
| XXXX Feet | XXXX FT | Telephone | PHONE |
| Fog Ahead | FOG AHD | Temporary | TEMP |
| Freeway | FRWY, FWY | Thursday | THURS |
| Freeway Blocked | FWY BLKD | To Downtown | TO DWNTN |
| Friday | FRI | Traffic | TRAF |
| Hazardous Driving | | Travelers | TRVLRS |
| Hazardous Material | | Tuesday | TUES |
| High-Occupancy | HOV | Time Minutes | TIME MIN |
| Vehicle | HWY | Upper Level | UPR LEVEL |
| Highway | | Vehicles (s) | VEH. VEHS |
| Hour (s) | HR, HRS | Warning | WARN |
| Information | INFO | Wednesday | WED |
| It Is | ITS | Weight Limit | WT LIMIT |
| Junction | JĊT | West | M. LIMIT |
| Left | LFT | Westbound | (route) W |
| Left Lane | LFT LN | Wet Pavement | WET PVMT |
| Lane Closed | LN CLOSED | Will Not | WONT |
| Lower Level | LWR LEVEL | THUI NOT | T MONI |

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

NEXT

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

CLOSED ROAD CLOSED

X MILE ROAD SHOULDER CLOSED CLOSED AT SH XXX XXX FT ROAD RIGHT LN

CLSD AT CLOSED FM XXXX XXX FT RIGHT X RIGHT X LANES LANES CLOSED OPEN

CENTER DAYTIME LANE LANE CLOSED CLOSURES NIGHT I-XX SOUTH

LANF EXIT CLOSURES CLOSED VARIOUS EXIT XXX LANES CLOSED CLOSED X MILE

EXIT RIGHT LN CLOSED TO BE CLOSED MALL X LANES

DRIVEWAY CLOSED CLOSED TUE - FRI XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

Other Condition List

ROADWORK ROAD XXX FT REPAIRS XXXX FT **FLAGGER** LANF XXXX FT

RIGHT LN TWO-WAY NARROWS TRAFFIC XXXX FT XX MILE MERGING CONST TRAFFIC TRAFFIC XXXX FT XXX FT

LOOSE UNEVEN GRAVEL LANES XXXX FT XXXX FT DETOUR **ROUGH** X MILE ROAD

> ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN US XXX

FXIT X MILES LANES

SIGNAL SHIFT XXXX FT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

> MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE

NARROWS XXXX FT

XXXX FT

USE OTHER

STAY IN LANE Location

List FM XXXX

BEFORE RATIROAD CROSSING NEXT

EXIT

XXXXXX

TO

XXXXXXX

US XXX

TO

FM XXXX

USE EXIT I-XX NORTH MILES USE PAST I-XX F US XXX

TO I-XX N WATCH TRUCKS **EXPECT**

DELAYS

XXXXX

RD EXIT

TRUCKS EXPECT PREPARE DELAYS TO STOP

REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE

WATCH FOR ROUTES WORKERS Warnina

List SPEED LIMIT XX MPH

MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH

MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH

ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH

RIGHT LANE EXIT USE

CAUTION DRIVE

SAFELY DRIVE WITH

CARE AUG XX

TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

* * Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

XX

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

MAY XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NEXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TO

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

ROADWORK

PAST

SH XXXX

BUMP

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed. 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE

UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

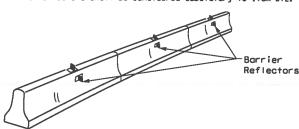
Traffic Safety Division

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

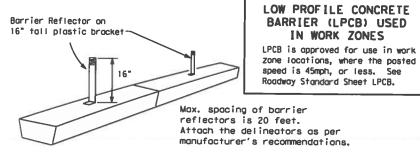
| 1 | FILE: | bc-21, dgn | TXDOT IND | | ck: TxDOT | DWs | TxDOT | CX: TXDOT |
|---|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| | © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | 108 | | HIG | HWAY |
| | REVISIONS | | 6387 | 84 | 001 | | VA | RIOUS |
| 1 | 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | 9 | HEET NO. |
| ╛ | 7-13 5-21 | | 10 | HENDERSON | | | | 10 |

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors_can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

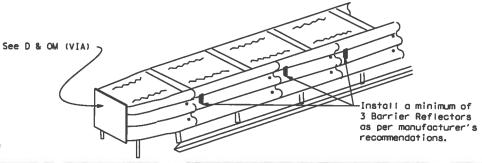


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Borrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations. 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



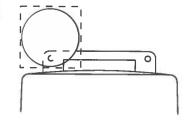
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

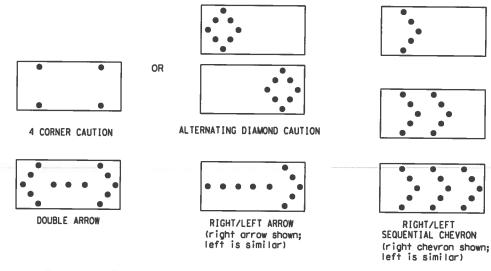
- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retrareflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- indiving maintenance or construction activities on the travelliams.

 Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.

 The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

| REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | MINIMUM SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE | | | | | | |
| В | 30 x 60 | 13 | 3/4 mile | | | | | | |
| C | 48 x 96 | 15 | 1 mile | | | | | | |

| ATTENTION |
|----------------------------|
| Floshing Arrow Boards |
| shall be equipped with |
| automatic dimmina devices. |

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Sofety Hardware (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

| FILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: To | (DOT | CX1 TXDOT DW: | TxDOT | cx: TxDOT |
|--------------|---------------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| © TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | 109 | HI | SHWAY |
| | REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | V/ | ARIOUS |
| 9-07 7-13 | 8-14 5-21 | DIST | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | |
| 1-13 | 3-21 | 10 | | HENDERSON | | 11 |

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42° two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CW7TCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

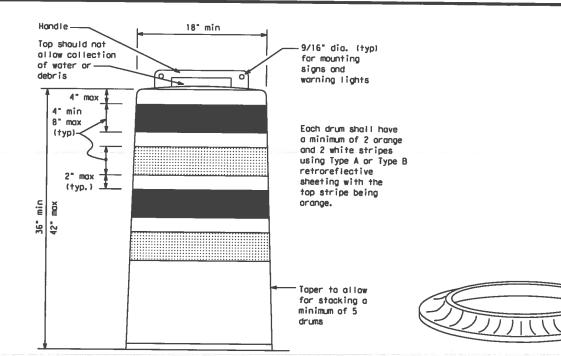
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock tagether in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

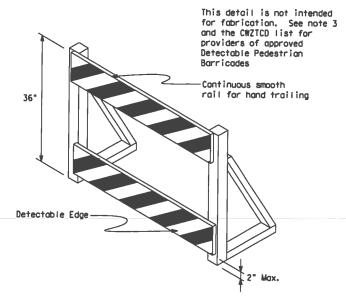
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions. Sidewalk Detectors and Proceedings.
- Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.

 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- movements.

 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barringdes.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (naminal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

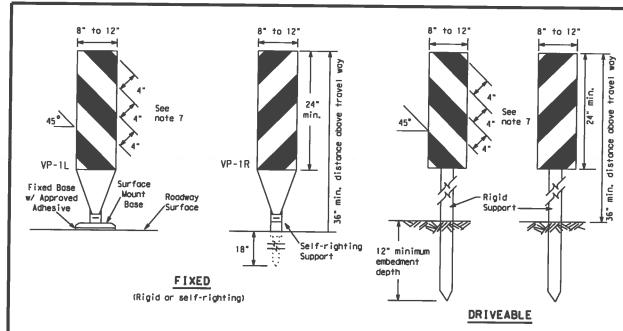
Traffic Safety Division

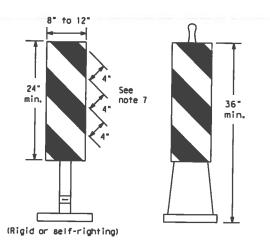


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (8) -21

| | | 30 10 | • | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| LE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: T) | (DOT | CX1 TXDOT | Ows | TxDOT | CKI TXDOT |
| OUx1 (| T November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HE | GHWAY |
| 1-03 | REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | | V | ARIOUS |
| 1-03 8-14 9-07 5-21 7-13 | | 0157 | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| | | 10 | HENDERSON | | 12 | | |



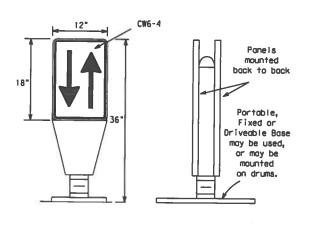


PORTABLE

 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

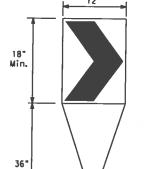
- 2. VP's may be used in doytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



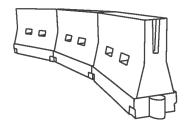
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Drivedble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums,

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close praximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on 8C(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
 Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long cames and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS
LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted Speed | Formula | D | Minimu esirob er Len <u>*</u> * | le | Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | | | |
| 30 | 2 | 150′ | 1651 | 180' | 30′ | 60' | | | |
| 35 | L= WS ² | 2051 | 225' | 245' | 35′ | 70' | | | |
| 40 | 80 | 265' | 2951 | 3201 | 40' | 80' | | | |
| 45 | | 450' | 495′ | 540' | 45′ | 90' | | | |
| 50 | | 500' | 550′ | 6001 | 50′ | 100' | | | |
| 55 | L=WS | 5501 | 6051 | 660' | 55′ | 110' | | | |
| 60 | _ "3 | 6001 | 660' | 7201 | 60′ | 120' | | | |
| 65 | | 6501 | 7151 | 780′ | 65′ | 130' | | | |
| 70 | | 7001 | 770' | 840' | 70′ | 140' | | | |
| _75 | | 750' | 8251 | 9001 | 75′ | 150′ | | | |
| 80 | | 8001 | 8801 | 960' | 801 | 160' | | | |
| **** | | | | | | | | | |

**XTaper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

| FILE | bc-21, dgn | DN: TXDOT | | CK: TXDOT | DWs | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| © TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | 108 | | HIC | SHWAY |
| 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21 | 6387 | 84 | 001 | | V | ARIOUS | |
| | DIST | DIST COUNTY | | | | SHEET NO. | |
| 7-13 | 7-51 | 10 | HENDERSON | | | 13 | |

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

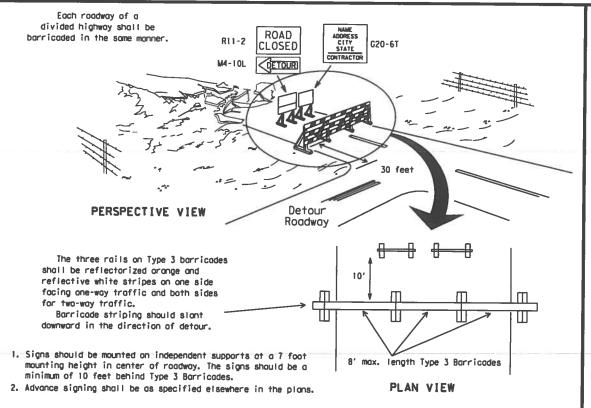


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

4' min., 8' max. Stiffener P Flat rail

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

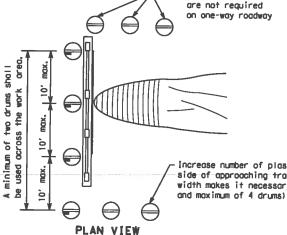


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

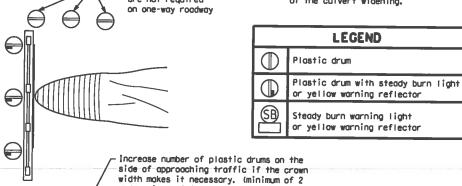


PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums are not required on one-way roadway



- 1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be amitted.
- 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for
- safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the
- shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
- 5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



CONES 1 4" min. orange

2" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white min. min. 28" നിറ

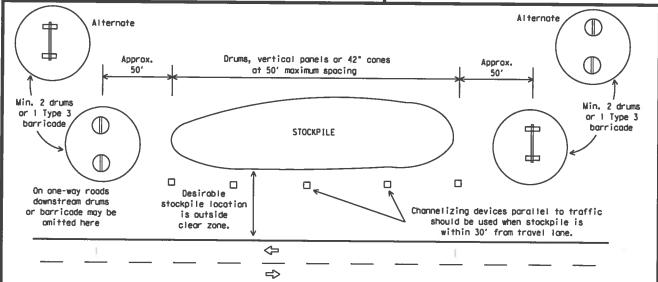
7 2" min 4" min. min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6' 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shal! have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standar

BC(10)-21

ILE: bc-21.dgn ON: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT CTxDOT November 2002 JOB HIGHWAY 6387 84 VARIOUS 001 9-07 8-14 DIST SHEET NO. 7-13 5-21 10 HENDERSON 14

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- Att work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

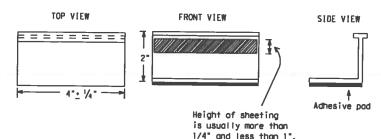
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599,
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification I tem 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the randway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED_PAVEMENT_MARKERS_USED_AS_GUIDEMARKS

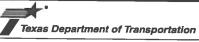
- Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA | TIONS |
|--|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS | DMS-8242 |

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

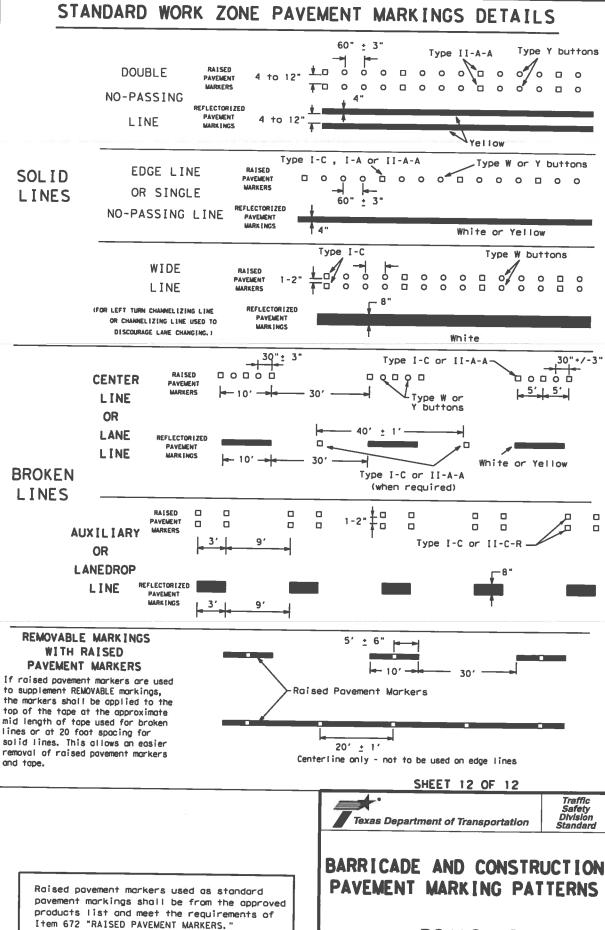
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

| DNs T | (DOT | CK: TXDOT DW: | TxDOT | CK: TXDOT |
|-------|--------------|-----------------|---|---|
| CONT | SECT | 109 | 114 | HWAY |
| 6387 | 84 | 001 | VARIOUS | |
| DIST | | COUNTY | SHEET NO. | |
| 10 | HENDERSON 15 | | | |
| | 6387 DIST | 6387 84 DIST | COMT SECT JOB 6387 84 OO1 DIST COUNTY | CONT SECT JOB MICE 6387 84 OO1 V/ DIST COUNTY |

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Type II-A-A-10000000000000 D00000 0000000000000000 ₹> Type II-A-A -Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A ا و م/ه ا ه ه ه ه ه ه ه 4 to 8" Type Y buttons-Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVENENT WARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons ype I-C or II-C-R Type I-A-Type Y buttons. ₹> Type I-A-Type Y buttons-Yellow White Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY \Diamond Type W buttons-Type I-C 00000 00000 Donor 0000B -Type II-A-A \Diamond -Type Y buttons ♦ D0000 00000 ♦ Type W buttons--Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-C-00000 0000 Type Y buttons- $\langle \rangle$ <> 00000 00000 попол 0000 Type W buttons-⊂Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



BC(12)-21

CONT SECT

6387 84

10

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO

HEGHWAY

VARIOUS

SHEET NO.

JOB

HENDERSON

001

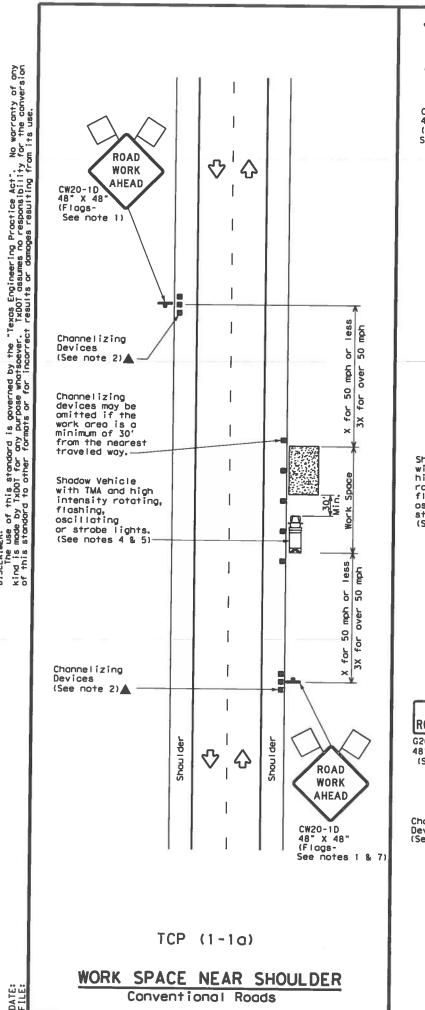
FILE: bc-21.dgn

1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

© TxDOT February 1998

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.



END ROAD WORK ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" WORK **AHEAD** (See note 2) CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) hannelizing Devices (See note 2) ♡ ↔ Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 4 & 5 END **ROAD WORK** ♣ G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2 Channelizing Devices ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D TCP (1-1b) (Flags-WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

Channelizing Devices END ROAD **ROAD WORK** WORK G20-2 48" X 24" **AHEAD** (See note 2)▲ CW20-1D 48" X 48" \Diamond (Flags-See note 1) 50 mph or over 50 m Inactive work (See Note 3) Work vehicles or other equipment necessary for the work operation, such as trucks, moveable cranes, etc., shall remain in areas separated from lanes of traffic by channelization devices at all times. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.
(See notes 4 & 5)— Channelizing Devices \Diamond (See note 2) 0 0 ROAD WORK ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" AHEAD (See note 2) CW20-1D TCP (1-1c) (Flags-

LEGEND /// Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted lashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Sign Q Flag Flagger

| Posted Speed * | Formula | ** | | | Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices | | Minimum Sign Spacing "X" | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | -B- |
| 30 | ws ² | 150' | 1651 | 1801 | 30′ | 60' | 120' | 90' |
| 35 | L= WS | 2051 | 225' | 245' | 35′ | 70' | 160' | 120' |
| 40 | | 2651 | 2951 | 320' | 40' | 80′ | 240′ | 155' |
| 45 | | 4501 | 4951 | 540' | 45' | 90' | 320' | 1951 |
| 50 | | 5001 | 5501 | 6001 | 50' | 100' | 4001 | 240' |
| 55 | L'=WS | 550' | 6051 | 660' | 55′ | 110' | 500' | 295' |
| 60 | - "3 | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 1201 | 600' | 350′ |
| 65 | | 650' | 7151 | 780' | 65′ | 1301 | 700' | 410' |
| 70 | ĺ | 700' | 770' | 840' | 70' | 140' | 800' | 475′ |
| 75 | | 750' | 8251 | 900' | 75' | 150' | 900' | 540' |

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY | | | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no langer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the payed surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D

'ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

See notes 1 & 7)

Texas Department of Transportation

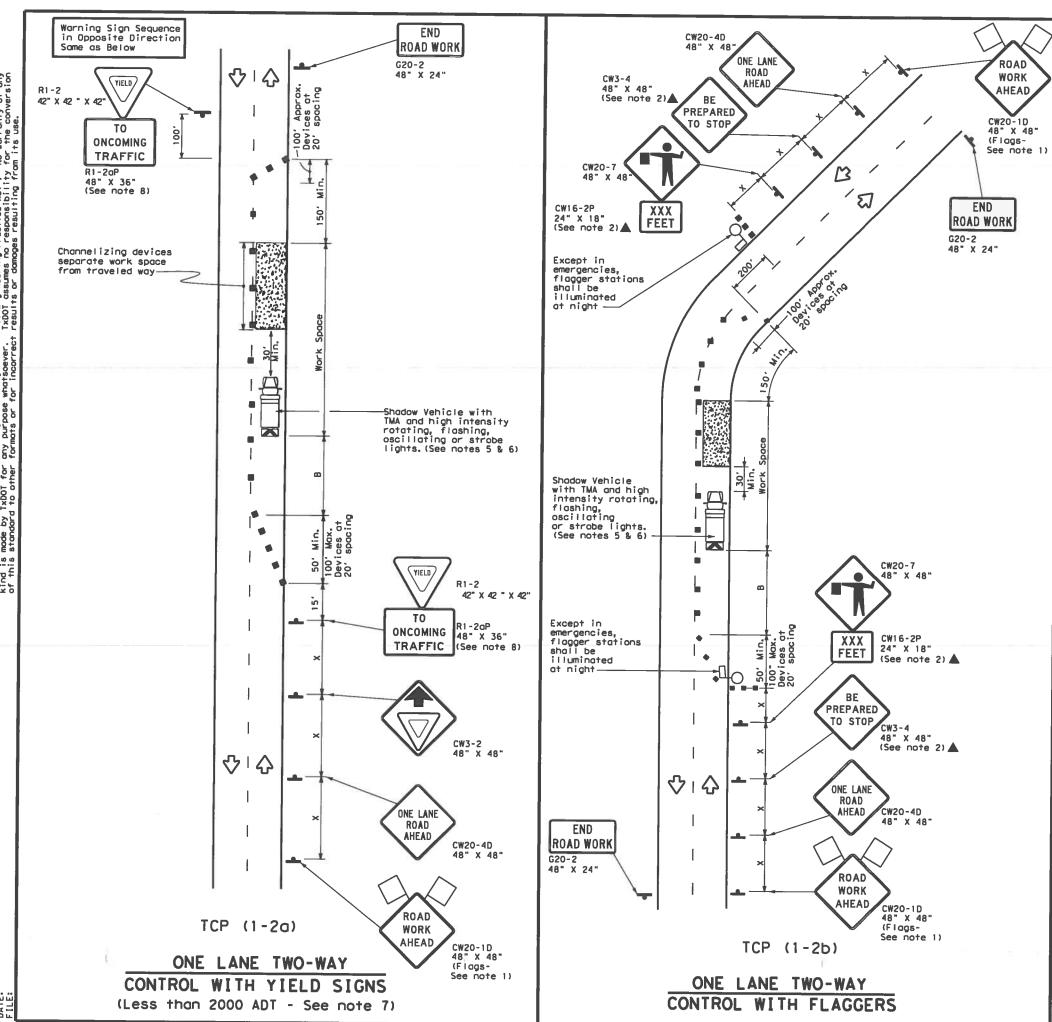
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

| FILE: tcpt-1-18.dgn | DNs | | CKI | OWI | CK: |
|-----------------------|------|------|---------|-----|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIGHWAY |
| 2-94 4-98 | 6387 | 84 | 001 | V | ARIOUS |
| 8-95 2-12 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18 | 10 | | HENDER! | SON | 17 |

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads



| LEGEND | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Type 3 Barricade | •• | Channelizing Devices | | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | | |
| Ê | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board | M | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | | |
| - | Sign | ♦ | Traffic Flow | | | | | |
| | Flag | DO | Flagger | | | | | |

| | | | 111-1- | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Posted Speed * | Formula | 0 | Minimu lesirab er Len ** | le | Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices | | Minimum Sign Spacing | Suggested Longituding: Buffer Space | Stopping Sight Distance |
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | "B" | |
| 30 | ws ² | 150' | 165' | 180' | 301 | 60' | 120' | 901 | 2001 |
| 35 | L= WS | | 225' | 245" | 35′ | 70' | 160' | 120' | 250' |
| 40 | | 2651 | 2951 | 320' | 40' | 80' | 240' | 1551 | 305′ |
| 45 | | 4501 | 495′ | 5401 | 45' | 901 | 320' | 1951 | 360' |
| 50 | | 5001 | 550' | 6001 | 50' | 100' | 400' | 240' | 4251 |
| 55 | L=WS | 5501 | 6051 | 660' | 55′ | 110' | 5001 | 2951 | 495' |
| 60 | - "" | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60′ | 120' | 600' | 350' | 570' |
| 65 | | 650' | 7151 | 780' | 65′ | 130' | 700' | 410' | 645' |
| 70 | | 7001 | 770' | 840' | 70' | 140' | 800' | 475' | 730′ |
| 75 | | 7501 | 8251 | 9001 | 75′ | 150' | 900' | 540′ | 820' |

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY | | | | | | | |
| | _ 1 | 1 | | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE
- ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. RI-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a suppor-
- at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

| tte: tcp1-2-18.dgn | DNs | | CK1 | DWs | CKI |
|---------------------|------|------|---------|-----|-----------|
| TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | 708 | | HIGHWAY |
| REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | V | ARIOUS |
| -94 2-12 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| -97 2-18 | 10 | | HENDER! | SON | 18 |

CW20-1D 48" X 48" PREPARED (Flags-ROAD TO STOP See note 1 WORK WORK CW3-4 **AHEAD** AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-For either TCP(1-3a) or TCP(1-3b) ♦♦ See note 1) USE ONLY WHEN FLAGGERS CONTROL TRAFFIC S o E (See Notes 2 & 3) lexas Engineering Practice Act". TXDOI assumes no responsibility Fresults or damages resulting fro ROAD WORK CW1-4R CW1 - 4R G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 48 CW13-1P MPH END 24" X 24" CW13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2) ROAD WORK ध्य (See note 2) G20-2 48" X 24" CW1-6aT 36" X 36" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 2 & 6) CW1-6aT Channelizing devices placed across closed W lane (See note 5) CW1 - 4R 48" X 48" 公 MPH 24" X 24" 公 (See note 2) 24" X 24" MPH CW13-1P (See note 2) Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 6 & 7) lights. (See notes 6 & 7) CW1 - 6aT CW1 - 4L 36" X 36" (See note 2) CW1-6aT 36" X 36" (See note 2) CW13-1P MPH 24" X 24"
(See note 2) 36" X 36" -Flagger as needed (See note 3) (See note 2) CW1-4L 48" X 48" CW1 -4L 48" X 48" XX CW13-1P 24" X 24" • ↔ CW13-1P (See note 2) 24" X 24" (See note 2) CW1-60T 36" X 36" (See note 2)▲ ROAD Flagger-as needed WORK ROAD END END AHEAD WORK ROAD WORK CW20-1D ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-(Flags-See note 1) TCP (1-3a) TCP (1-3b) See note 1) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE CLOSED ONE LANE CLOSED ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

LEGEND Type 3 Borricade Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Flashing Arrow Board Sign Traffic Flow Q Flag Flagger

| Posted Speed | Formula | ** | | Spaci Channe | | Minimum Sign Spacing "x" | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | "8" |
| 30 | ws ² | 1501 | 1651 | 1801 | 30′ | 60' | 1201 | 90' |
| 35 | L= 60 | 2051 | 2251 | 2451 | 351 | 701 | 160' | 120' |
| 40 | | 2651 | 2951 | 320' | 401 | 80' | 240' | 1551 |
| 45 | | 450' | 4951 | 5401 | 45′ | 901 | 320' | 1951 |
| 50 | | 500' | 5501 | 600' | 50′ | 100' | 400' | 240' |
| 55 | L=WS | 5501 | 6051 | 6601 | 55′ | 110' | 500′ | 295′ |
| 60 | | 6001 | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' | 600' | 350′ |
| 65 | | 650' | 715′ | 7801 | 65′ | 130' | 700' | 410′ |
| 70 | | 7001 | 770' | 840' | 70' | 140' | 800' | 475' |
| 75 | | 750' | 8251 | 9001 | 75′ | 1501 | 900′ | 540′ |

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY | | | | | | | | |
| 1 1 | | | | | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.

4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed

zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.

5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.

6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned

30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

7. Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

B. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

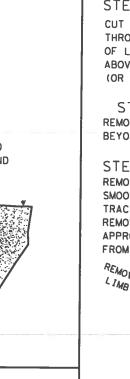
Texas Department of Transportation

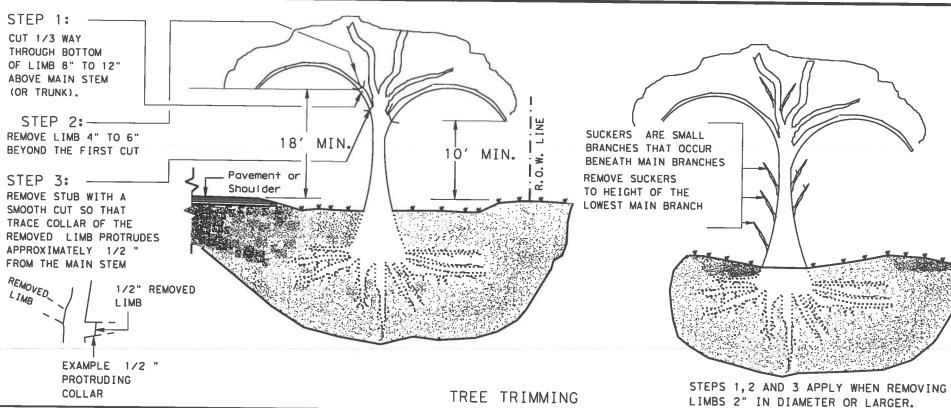
Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

| FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn | DNs | | CKI | OWs | CK1 |
|-----------------------|------|------|---------|-----|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | TOB | | HIGHWAY |
| 2-94 4-98 REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | V | ARIOUS |
| 8-95 2-12 | 0157 | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18 | 10 | | HENDER! | SON | 19 |

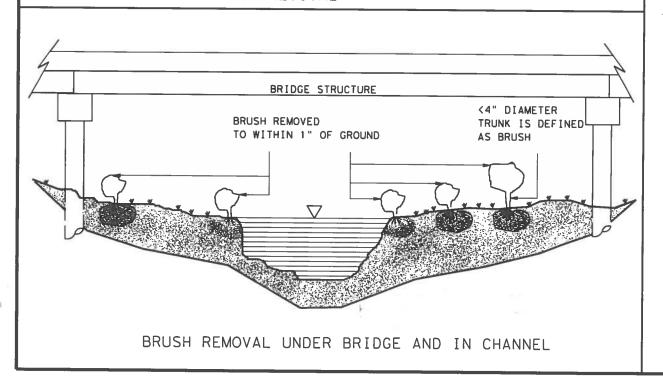




BRUSH REMOVED TO
WITHIN 1" OF GROUND

Pavement or Shoulder

BRUSH REMOVAL



GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE

 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE

 TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

| TABLE 1 TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS | | | | | | | | |
| | TRUNK (| IAMETER * | TRUNK CIRC | CUMFERENCE | | | | |
| | IS GREATER | LOWER LIMIT UPPER LIMIT LOWER LIMIT | | | | | | |
| PAY ITEM | THAN | OR EQUAL TO | THAN | OR EQUAL TO | | | | |
| 752 6005 | 4 | 12 | 12 1/2 | 37 1/2 | | | | |
| 752 6006 | 12 | 18 | 37 1/2 | 56 1/2 | | | | |
| 752 6007 | 18 | 24 | 56 1/2 | 75 1/2 | | | | |
| 752 6008 | 24 | 30 | 75 1/2 | 94 | | | | |
| 752 6009 | 30 | 36 | 94 | 113 | | | | |
| 752 6010 | 36 | 42 | 113 | 132 | | | | |
| 752 6011 | 42 | 48 | 132 | 151 | | | | |
| 752 6012 | 48 | 60 | 151 | 188 1/2 | | | | |
| 752 6013 | 60 | 72 | 188 1/2 | 226 | | | | |
| 752 6019 | 72 | 84 | 226 | 264 | | | | |
| | 84 | GREATER THAN 84 | 264 | NOT APPLICABLE | | | | |

*SEE GENERAL NOTE *3.



TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

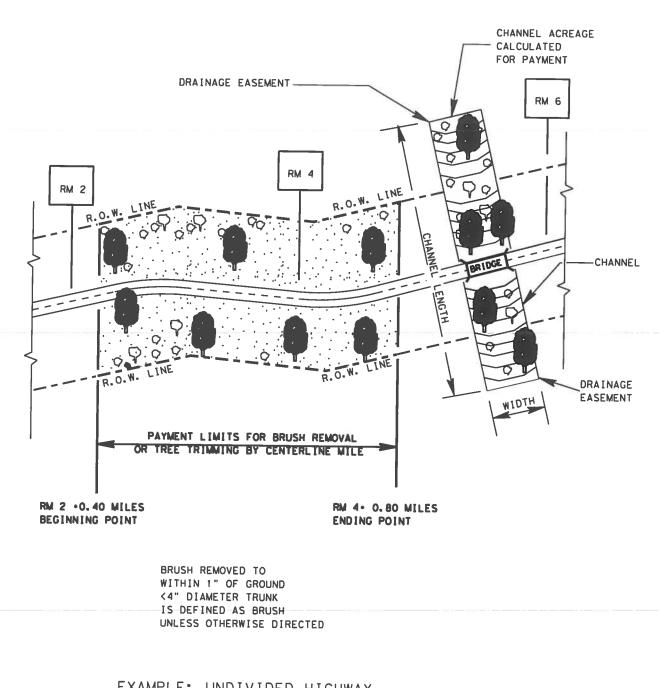
TRB-15(1)

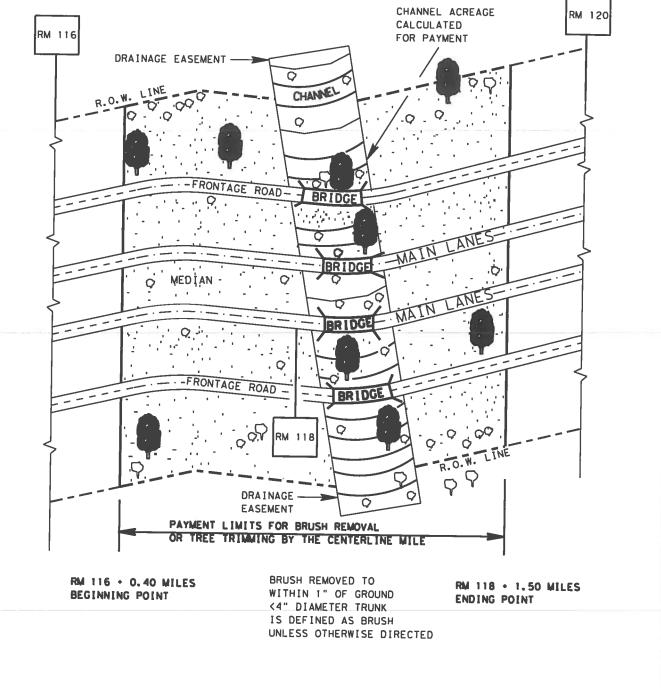
| LE: | DNI JEO | | CKILJB | DW: JEO | CKı | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|---------|-----------|--|
| TxDOT MARCH 2015 | CONT | SECT | 108 | | HEGHWAY | |
| REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 001 | | | VARIOUS | |
| sed toble 1 to 2014 Specification | DIST | DIST COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| | 10 | HENDERSON | | | 20 | |

DISCLAIMER

The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice
Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever.
TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to
other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.







EXAMPLE: UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.

EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS



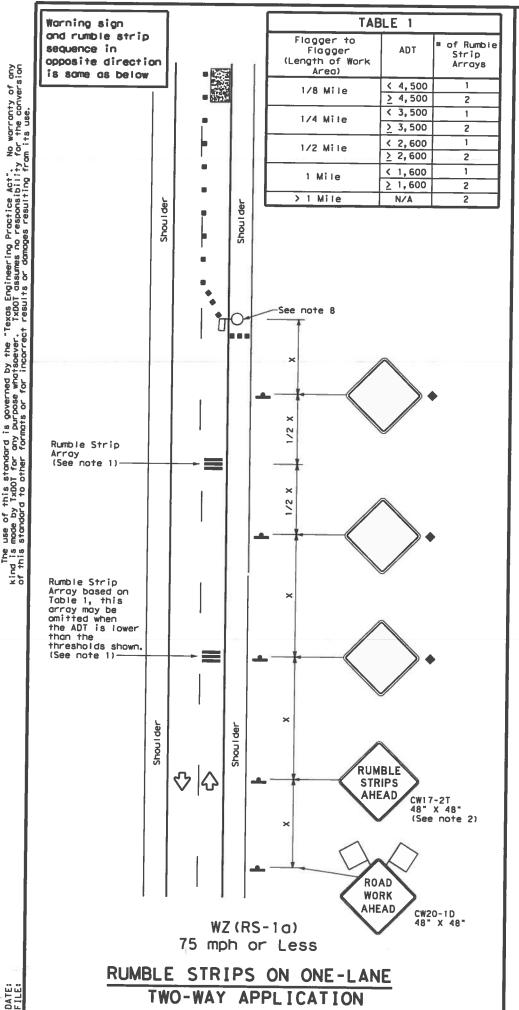
Texas Department of Transportation

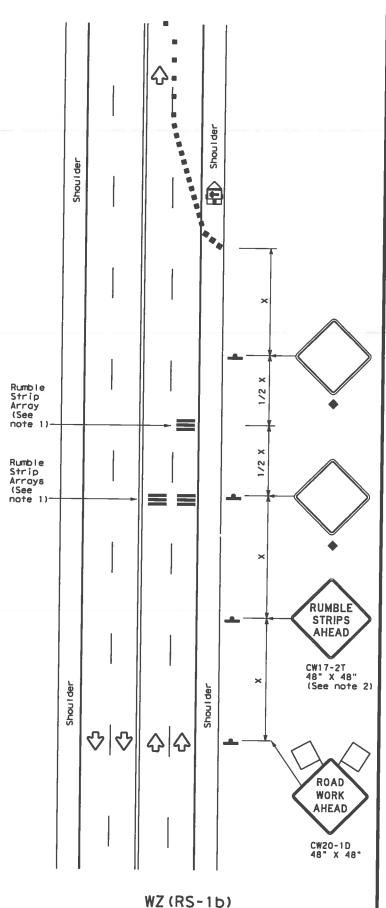
Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(2)

| | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|-----------|-------------|---------|----------|---------|----|
| NOT TO | SCALE | | | | | | | SH | IEET | 2 OF | d |
| FILE: TR | B-15(2).DGN | DRAME: MOD F 1 | | CHECKED: OM: | LJB | DW: - | CK: - | | NEG NO.: | | Ĭ |
| C | TxDOT APRIL 20 | 115 | STATE DISTRICT | FEDERAL REGION | | ROUTINE N | MAINTENANCE | PROJECT | • | SHEET | ٦ |
| REVISED: | 5/13/2004 | LJB | 10 | 6 | | RMC 6 | 387-84 | -001 | | 21 | 1 |
| REVISED: | 9/24/2004 | LJB | | COUNT | ГҮ | | CONTROL | SECTION | JOB | HIGHWAY | 1 |
| REVISED: | APRIL 2015 | JEO | | HENDE | RSC | N | 6387 | 84 | 001 | VARIO | JS |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |





75 mph or Less

RUMBLE STRIPS FOR LANE CLOSURE

ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble
 Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

| LEGEND | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Type 3 Barricade | | Channelizing Devices | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | |
| Ê | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel | M | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | |
| - | Sign | ♦ | Traffic Flow | | | | |
| Q | Flag | ПO | Flagger | | | | |

| Posted Speed | Formula | * * * | | Spacii Channe Dev | lizing ices | Minimum Sign Spacing "X" | Suggested Longitudinol Buffer Space | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| | | 10' Offset | 11' Offset | 12' Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | "B" |
| 30 | ws ² | 1501 | 1651 | 180' | 30' | 60' | 120' | 90' |
| 35 | L = #5 | 2051 | 225' | 245' | 35′ | 70' | 160' | 120' |
| 40 | - 00 | 2651 | 2951 | 3201 | 40' | 80' | 240' | 155' |
| 45 | | 4501 | 495′ | 540' | 45' | 90' | 320' | 1951 |
| 50 | | 500' | 550 | 6001 | 50' | 100' | 400' | 240' |
| 55 | L≖₩S | 550' | 6051 | 6601 | 55′ | 110' | 500' | 295′ |
| 60 | | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' | 600' | 350′ |
| 65 | | 650' | 7151 | 780' | 65' | 130' | 700' | 410' |
| 70 | | 700' | 770' | 840' | 701 | 140' | 800' | 475' |
| 75 | | 750′ | 8251 | 900' | 75′ | 150′ | 900′ | 540' |

- X Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | |

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

| TABLE 2 | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Speed | Approximate distance between strips in an Array | | | | |
| 40 MPH | 10' | | | | |
| > 40 MPH & < 55 MPH | 15' | | | | |
| > 55 MPH | 20' | | | | |

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -16

| FILE | wzrs16. dgn | ON: Tx | DOT | CK: TXDOT OW | TxDO | CKI TXDOT |
|--------------|---------------|--------|------|--------------|------|-----------|
| © TxD0T | November 2012 | CONT | SECT | JOB | T | HIGHWAY |
| 2-14 4-16 | REVISIONS | 6387 | 84 | 001 | 1 | VARIOUS |
| | | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| | | 10 | | HENDERSON | | 22 |

| . No warranty of any ty for the conversion from its use. | |
|--|--|
| ngineering Practice Act" assumes no responsibili is or damages resulting | |
| the Texo oever. Tx correct re | |
| Usbeamen of this standard is governed by kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whats of this standard to other formats or for in | |
| kind of th | |

| the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): X No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) | archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. | hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used an the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curring compaunds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible on the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills. Contact the Engineer if any of the follwing are detected: **Bead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) **Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. **Undesirable smells or odors **Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances **Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? **Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. **In No**, then no further action is required. If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition. If "No*, then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition. In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activi |
|---|---|--|
| ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required ☐ Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. | CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. No Action Required | Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discoverd on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: X No Action Required Required Action Action No. |
| | 1. In accordance with the Migratory Rind Treat Act. TypoT would take | 1. |
| 3. 4. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. | In accordance with the Migratory Bird Treat Act, TxDOT would take any reasonable and practicable measures to avoid impacts to migratory birds, ground nesting birds, their nests, or their young. 3. 4. | 2. 3. VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.) \[\times \text{No Action Required} \text{Required Action} \] Action No. |
| Best Management Practices: | If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The | 1. |
| Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS | work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes | 2. 3. |
| ☐ remportury regeration ☐ Silf Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips | are discovered, cease work in the immediated area, and contact the Engineer immediately. | Texas Department of Transportation Design Division Standard |
| Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands | LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS | ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, |
| Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost CCP: Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks MoAt MOAT | P: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Construction General Permit SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Notification PSL: Prederal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location Project Specific | ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS EPIC |
| Stone Outlet Sediment Trops Sond Filter Systems NOT: | TA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Tx001: Texas Pans and Wildlife Department TX: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Tx001: Texas Department of Transportation TX: Notice of Termination TX: Threatened and Endangered Species P: Notice of Intent USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers TX: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | FILE: |