INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

REFER TO SHEET #2 FOR INDEX

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

\_\_\_\_\_0 \_\_\_\_

# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

# TYPE OF WORK:

OVERLAY ROADWAY

PROJECT NO.: RMC 638291001 CONTROL: 6382-91-001

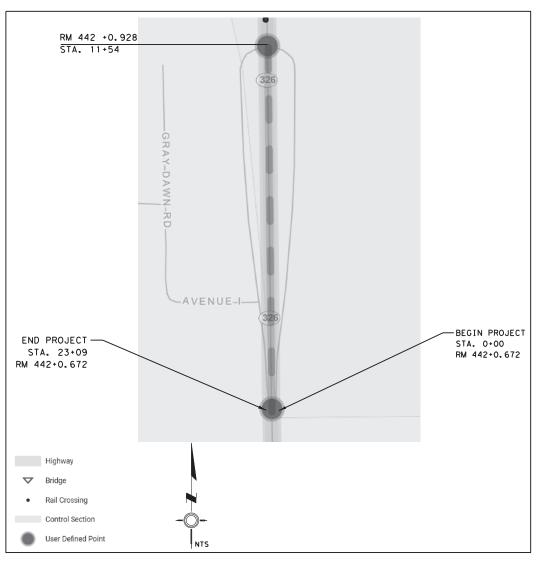
WORK:

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY - 2309 FT. = 0.437 MI.

NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE - 0 FT. = 0.000 MI.

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT - 2309 FT. = 0.437 MI.

HIGHWAY: SH326



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

EXCEPTIONS: NONE
EQUATIONS: NONE
RAILROADS: NONE

(D by Texas Department of Transportation; all rights reserved.

MA	SHEET NO.				
RMC 638291001				1	
STATE	STATE DIST.NO.		COUNTY		
TEXAS	ВМТ				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	NO.		
6382	91	001	26		

MGR. # 051
MAINTENANCE SECTION: 09

FINAL PLANS
DATE LET :
DATE WORK BEGAN:
DATE WORK COMPLETED:
CONTRACTOR:
USED OF DAYS ALLOTTED
PROJECT COST:
PROJECT CONSTRUCTED AND FINAL PLANS PREPARED BY:

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".



UBMITTED FOR LETTING:	8/11/2021				
Docusigned by: See Seage					
PROJECT ENGINEER					

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:	8/11/2021
DocuSigned by: Madia N. York, P.C.	
DIPECTOR OF MAINTENANCE	

APPROVED FOR LETTING:	8/11/2021				
Docusioned by: Usad Boline					
OISTRICT FNCINFFR					

COUNTY HWY: NO.

# INDEX OF SHEETS

SH	EET NO.	DESCRIPTION
		GENERAL
	1	TITLE SHEET
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS
	3	LOCATION MAP
	4	TYPICAL SECTIONS
	5-8	GENERAL NOTES
	9	QUANTITY SHEET
	10	QUANTITY SUMMARY
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS
#	11-22	BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21
#	23	TCP (2-2 )-18
#	24	TCP (3-2)-13
#	25	TCP (3-3)-14
#	26	WZ (RS)-16
		ROADWAY DETAILS
	27	LINE DIAGRAM
	28	TYPICAL DRIVEWAY AND MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
	29	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT REPAIR DETAILS
		ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS
#	30	TE (HMAC)-11
	00	12 (111/1/10)
		PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS
#	31	PM (1)-20
#	32	PM (2)-20
		ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS
	33	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES, AND COMMITMENTS



#THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Docusigned by:

See Seago

032CB4D284594D6...

6/28/2021 -, PE

/2021 Texas Depar

Texas Department of Transportation
------------------------------------

INDEX OF

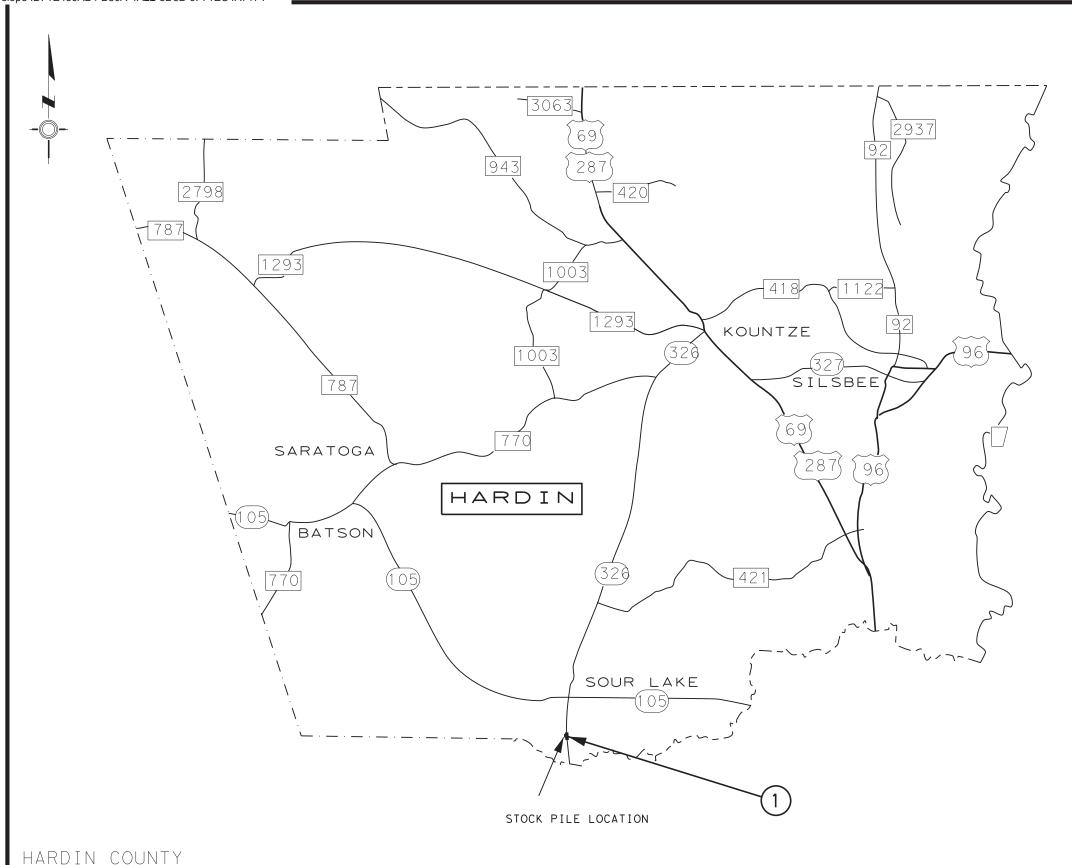
SHEETS

FHRA TEXAS		MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.			NO*
DIVISION					2
STATE	STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS BMT HARDIN		COUNTY		
TEXA					
CONTRO	L	SECTION	JOB H I GHMAY		NO.
6382	2	91	001	26	

SCALES

MAP

Miles



# NOTES:

LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. ACTUAL REPAIR LOCATIONS WILL BE IDENTIFIED BY THE ENGINEER. DO NOT PERFORM REPAIRS TO ANY LOCATION UNLESS FIRST APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

KOUNTZE MAINTENANCE 09
CONTACT STEVEN SINGLETON (409) 246-2300

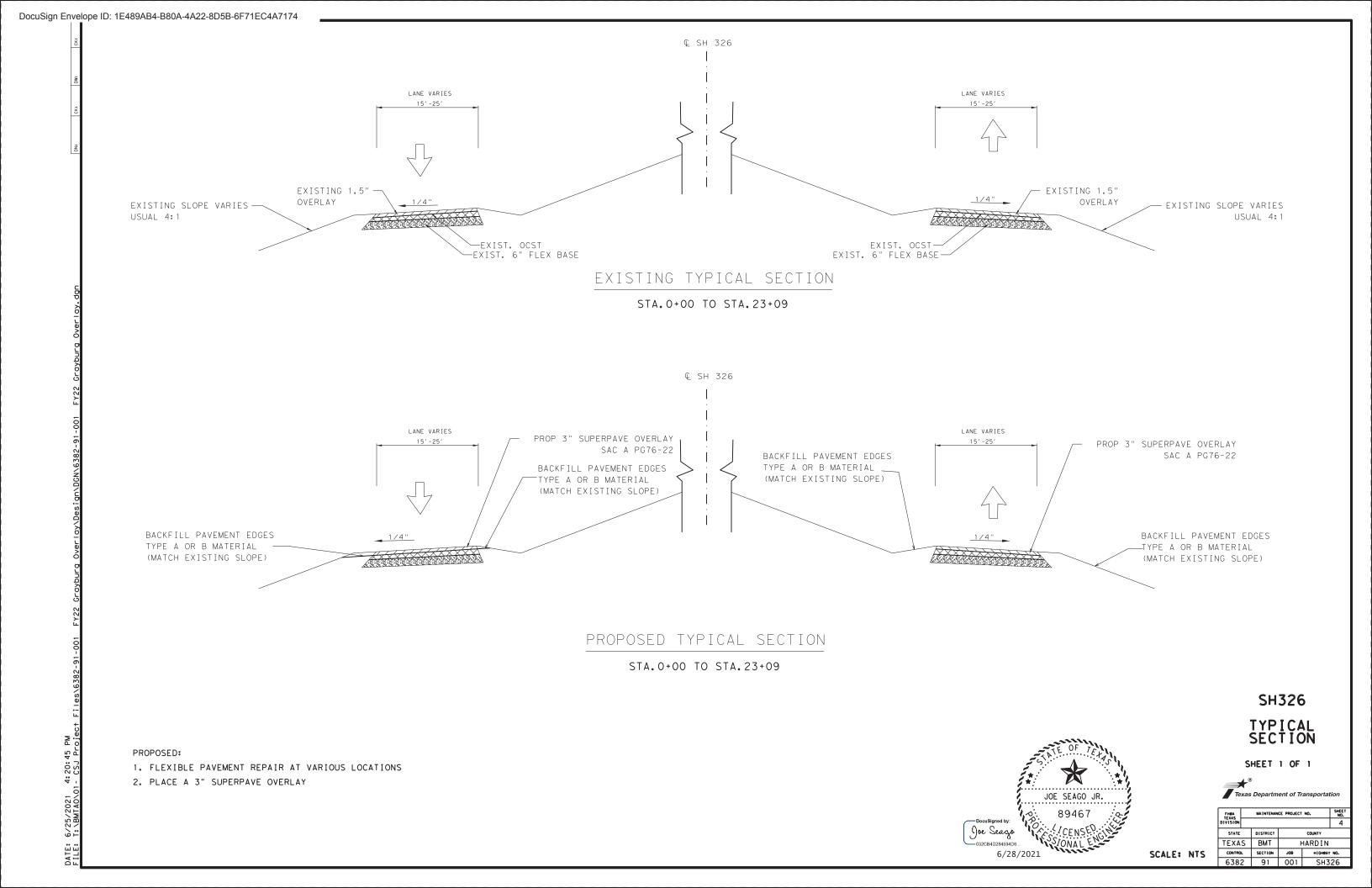
SH 326 GRAYBURG S. TURNAROUND







FHBA TEXAS	MA INTENAP	CE PROJECT	NO.	SHEET NO.
DIVISION				3
STATE	TATE DISTRICT COUNTY			
TEXAS	ВМТ	HARDIN		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		
6382	91	001 SH326		



DocuSign Envelope ID: 1E489AB4-B80A-4A22-8D5B-6F71EC4A7174

Project Number: RMC 638291001

Sheet

Control: 6382-91-001

County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

# General:

This project includes plans, which are not part of the bid proposal. Plans may be viewed online or downloaded from the website at:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/plans online.htm

Plans may be ordered from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individuals:

Olin Joe Seago, P.E. Joe.Seago@txdot.gov

Kevin Grissom Kevin.Grissom@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted by phone, email, and in person to the above individuals. All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: <a href="https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/">https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/</a>

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, and CCSJ/Project Name.

Before beginning work, the Contractor is required to attend a preconstruction meeting in the office of the Beaumont Area Engineer located at 8450 US 69N (Eastex Freeway).

Work limits noted on the plans are approximate. Exact limits will be as directed.

Contractor will notify the Engineer or representative by 8:15 A.M. of that working day if no work is to be performed during that day.

Work on this Contract is not to be considered complete until the Contractor receives written notification from the Area Engineer. Contractor will not demobilize from project until this written notification has been presented. Oral notification will **not** constitute official notification that work is complete.

The Contractor will comply with all ordinances and regulations of local, municipal, and county governments as well as the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission/Texas Commission on Environmental Quality which may be applicable to this Contract.

General Notes Sheet A

Sheet 5

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001

County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

Arrange work so that no machinery or equipment will be closer than 30 feet to the roadway after sunset unless authorized.

Verify material quantities and dimensions before ordering materials.

Notify the Engineer 72 hours in advance of any lane or ramp closure.

Allow State, city and utility forces to enter this project to accomplish such work as necessary.

# **Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities**

Furnish all materials, labor and incidentals required to provide for traffic across the highway and for temporary ingress and egress to private property in accordance with Section 7.2.4 of the 2014 Standard Specifications at no additional cost to the State. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the pertinent bid Items of the Contract.

The Contractor will be completely responsible for the immediate removal of any material that gets upon any vehicle as a result of their operation.

Notify the Engineer immediately if the standard traffic control plans do not adequately cover the proposed repair. The Engineer will develop additional traffic control details to cover these specific locations. Any additional cost incurred by the Contractor will be covered by Force Account.

Work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage will be paid for in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method". These enhancements will be mutually agreed and based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid Items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

# **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

All work will be performed during the daytime hours as per Section 8.3.1.4, Standard Workweek as defined in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges.

Submit a schedule of the proposed work to the Area Engineer at the preconstruction meeting. If at any time during the Contract the work progress is behind the initial schedule, submit

General Notes

Sheet B

Sheet

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001 County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

documentation indicating how the project will be accelerated to ensure project completion in the remaining Contract time.

The Contractor will be responsible for making all arrangements for equipment and storage areas. No storage of equipment and materials will be permitted at Maintenance Section yards, District Office, or highway right of way.

The Contractor must maintain a fluent, English speaking person and have an answering system to answer the telephone between the hours of 8:00 am and 5:00 pm Monday through Friday. It is the Contractor's responsibility to keep the Engineer notified of the correct telephone number.

Ensure sufficient workers, equipment and materials are available at all work sites to continuously and diligently prosecute the work to conclusion. Insufficient resources resulting in poor performance may be grounds for default.

Adjoining projects may be in progress during the construction of a portion of this project. Plan and prosecute the sequence of construction and the traffic control plan with adjacent construction projects, if applicable. Manage construction of all phases to minimize disruption to traffic. Schedule work such that all traffic lanes are open at the end of each defined work day.

# **Item 134: Backfilling Pavement Edges**

Backfill pavement edges where shown on the plans with type A or B material.

Use RAP salvaged from within the project limits to the maximum extent possible. Size RAP so that all material passes the two-inch sieve. Use RAP that does not contain deleterious material such as clay or organic material. If quantity is insufficient, contractor will supply type A material to complete the backfilling at the unit bid price.

Type A or B material will meet one of the following requirements:

- 1. Item 132, embankment Type C will conform to the following specification requirements:
  - A. Liquid Limit 40 max
  - B. Plasticity Index 25 max, 8 min

A cohesionless sand will not be permitted

2. Use material generated from planing for backfilling pavement edges.

Backfill pavement edges daily during overlay operations so that no drop-off conditions exist overnight.

General Notes Sheet C

Sheet 6

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001

County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

# **Item 351: Flexible Pavement Structure Repair**

A quantity of 200 SY of Flexible Pavement Structure Repair has been included to be used by the Contractor in areas encountered in need of repair as directed. Actual locations will be determined in the field.

Contractor will coordinate with the Kountze Maintenance Supervisor to identify and mark the required repair locations before beginning construction.

Do not repair any areas unless directed. Insure repair location is not on a bridge, culvert, etc. before beginning repairs. Cost to repair damaged structures will be borne by the Contractor.

Minimum patch sizes will be 10' in length.

Use Hot Mix Asphalt (TY-B PG 64-22) meeting the requirements of Item 340. Some repair areas may consist of cement treated base. If this material is encountered, it will be removed and paid for as flexible pavement structure repair under this Item.

Depth of repair will typically match existing pavement depth but may be increased to remove weak subgrade or decreased if existing pavement is determined to be stable when directed. All excavated areas to be filled by the end of each workday and opened to traffic.

Ordinary compaction will be used for this project.

Use a vibratory roller with drum type A or B to accomplish sufficient compaction.

# **Item 354: Planing and Texturing Pavement**

All planed areas will be filled with asphalt on the same day.

Where the underlying flexible base is exposed during the planing operation, prime this area with an asphalt at a rate as directed and patch with an approved HMA material, at the end of the day's operation in which it occurs. These Items of work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 354.

# Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Remove all traffic control devices from the roadway, off of the right of way, when they are not in use. Devices scheduled to be used within 3 days may be placed along the shoulder of the roadway or right of way when not in use, or stored in other approved areas on the project. Cover any construction signs that are not in effect that are installed in a fashion that will not allow them to be removed from the right of way easily.

General Notes

Sheet D

Sheet

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001 County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

Furnish and install work zone rumble strips for all short duration and short term stationary lane closures with posted speeds of 75 mph or less.

Furnish additional barricades and signs to maintain traffic and motorists' safety as necessary. Consider payment for these additional signs and barricades subsidiary to Item 502.

Furnish and maintain all barricades and warning signs, including all temporary and portable traffic control devices necessary to complete construction. Construct and place in accordance with the barricades and construction standards, latest Texas MUTCD, and the traffic control plans as directed.

Place no construction signs in conflict with existing signs. If placement of construction signs for the Contract blocks existing signs, make adjustment with confirmation from the Engineer.

Plan work sequence in a manner that will cause the minimum interference with traffic during construction operations.

No travel lane will be closed before sunrise and all travel lanes will be opened to traffic before sunset. If traffic delays exceed 15 minutes, the Engineer may place time restrictions to avoid peak traffic times.

Lane closures will be required when work is being performed within 10' of the edge of travelway.

Work will not be allowed on the roadway without either a proper lane closure or shoulder closure. Closures will be as detailed on the plans as directed.

If at any time during the construction, the proposed plan of operation for handling traffic does not provide for safe and comfortable movement, immediately change operations to correct the unsatisfactory condition.

The use of an orange reflectorized safety vest and a white safety hat will be required by persons performing flagging operations and each person will be properly certified in flagging procedures.

Provide a pilot car where two-way traffic is restricted to one lane during work hours when direct line of sight is impaired from one end of the work zone to the other or when required. Equip pilot car with a portable mounted sign type G20-4 with two revolving or blinking type lights. Consider this work subsidiary to the pertinent bid Items.

Provide certified flaggers at each sideroad intersection and ensure they have communication with the certified flaggers controlling the movement of traffic on the highway.

Sheet 7

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001

County: Hardin Highway: SH 326

Provide a flashing arrow panel to be used in connection with the lane closure signing. Furnishing, maintaining, and operating these devices in a manner acceptable to the Engineer will be at the Contractor's expense.

Erect barricades only for highways with ongoing construction. Maintain barricades at each of these locations until all work at the site is completed and accepted.

Construct all work zone signs, sign supports, and barricades from material other than wood unless approved.

Metal posts, if used, are to be galvanized.

Aluminum signs, if used, will meet the following minimum thickness requirements:

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080 inches 7.5 to 15 0.100 inches Greater than 15 0.125 inches

After completion of the project when removing the barricades and signs, fill in any holes left by the barricades of sign supports and restore the area in which the signs were removed to its original condition.

# Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project. In the event that such controls are necessary, the SW3P for this project will consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary and as provided under this Item. Payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

## **Item 585: Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces**

Use Surface Test Type A – Schedule 3 to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with this Item.

# **Item 666: Reflectorized Pavement Markings**

Furnish Type II drop-on glass beads.

General Notes Sheet E

General Notes

Sheet F

DocuSign Envelope ID: 1E489AB4-B80A-4A22-8D5B-6F71EC4A7174

Sheet

Control: 6382-91-001

Project Number: RMC 638291001

County: Hardin

Highway: SH 326

Control: 6382-91-001

Sheet 8

Project Number: RMC 638291001 County: Hardin

Highway: SH 326

The Contractor will furnish the Engineer a sketch showing existing pavement marking configuration prior to beginning work. The Contractor will match existing configuration unless otherwise directed.

# **Item 3077: Superpave Mixtures**

Use trackless tack on this project applied at a rate of .06 gallons per square yard.

Provide mix designs. Mix designs must be verified and approved.

Consider all required rolling as subsidiary for this Item.

Do not place longitudinal joints in the wheelpath.

Remove all vegetation from pavement edges, intersections, curbs and gutters and driveways before planing or ACP operations. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent bid Items.

If RAP is used, aggregate must meet the requirements of Table 1, Item 3077 of the Special Specification.

Operate the spreading and finishing machine at a uniform forward speed consistent with the plant production rate, hauling capability, and roller train capacity to result in a continuous operation. The speed will be slow enough, so that stopping between trucks is not ordinarily required. If the Engineer determines sporadic delivery of material is adversely affecting the HMA placement, the Engineer may require paving operations to cease until acceptable methods are employed to minimize starting and stopping of the paver.

# Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

Shadow vehicles with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights are required. Use one TMA preceding every stationary work zone.

One shadow vehicle with TMA that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan TCP (2-2)-18 for this project, therefore no additional shadow vehicle with TMA will be required for this type of work.

Mobile operations require the simultaneous use of 2 TMAs to be used shadow/trail vehicles as detailed on (3-3)-14.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for this project.

General Notes General Notes Sheet G Sheet H



**QUANTITY SHEET** 

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6382-91-001

**DISTRICT** Beaumont HIGHWAY SH 326

**COUNTY** Hardin

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	6382-9	1-001		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0017	7668		
		C	OUNTY	Hardin SH 326		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL Final
		ніс	HWAY				
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	134-6004	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	STA	23.000		23.000	
	340-6272	TACK COAT	GAL	370.000		370.000	
	351-6006	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(10")	SY	200.000		200.000	
	354-6003	PLAN & TEXT ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 3")	SY	556.000		556.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	2.000		2.000	
	666-6302	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	2,309.000		2,309.000	
	666-6314	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	2,309.000		2,309.000	
	3077-6033	SP MIXESSP-CSAC-A PG76-22	TON	1,016.000		1,016.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	13.000		13.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	2.000		2.000	

TXDOTCONNEC	Τ

	DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
ľ	Beaumont	Hardin	6382-91-001	9

DocuSign Envelope ID: 1E489AB4-B80A-4A22-8D5B-6F71EC4A7174

CATEGORY OF WORK			Roadway		
BID CODE	134-6004	351-6006	354-6003	3077-6075	3077-6033
DESCRIPTION	BACKFILL (TYA OR B)	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(10")	PLAN & TEXT ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 3")	TACK COAT	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG76-22
UNIT	STA	SY	SY	GAL	TON
PROJECT TOTALS	23.0	200.0	556.0	370.0	1,016.00

CATEGORY OF WORK	Pavemarking(s)					
BID CODE	666-6302	666-6314				
DESCRIPTION	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)				
UNIT	LF	LF				
PROJECT TOTALS	2,309.0	2,309.0				

CATEGORY OF WORK	Pavemarkir	ng(s)	Barricades	Mobilization
BID CODE	6185-6005 6185-6002		502-6001	500-6001
DESCRIPTION	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	TMA (STATIONARY)	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MOBILIZATION
UNIT	DAY	DAY	MO	LS
PROJECT TOTALS	2.0	13.0	1.0	1.0

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE										
ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION RATE SY QUANTITY UNIT											
3077-6033	SAC-A PG76-22	110 LBS/SY/IN	6,157.0	1016	TON						
3077-6075	TACK COAT	0.06 GAL/SY	6,157.0	370	GAL						

# QUANTITY SUMMARY



FHBA TEXAS	MA INTENAK	ICE PROJECT	NO.	SHEET NO.				
DIVISION								
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXAS	BMT	I	HARDIN					
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H I GHWAY	NO.				
6382	91	001	SH326					

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

	D1	<b>-</b> • •	•				
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		SHWAY		
REVISIONS 7-13 9-07 8-14		6382	91	001		SH	1326
		DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
5-10	BMT		HARDI	N		11	

- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => 801 WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

BEGIN

|X|X|

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices. such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

# onventional Expressway/ Freeway 48" × 48" 48" x 48" 48" x 48" 36" x 36" 48" x 48" 48" × 48"

# SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 <sup>2</sup>	
60	600²	
65	700 <sup>2</sup>	
70	800 <sup>2</sup>	
75	900 <sup>2</sup>	
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>	
*	* 3	

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD". Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5 ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ¥ × R20-5aTP ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1\* > ROAD \* \* G20-6T WORK CW20-1D WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T X X AHEAD CONTRACTOR lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED END G20-2bt \* \* R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X $\otimes \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 \* \* location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND								
⊢⊣ Type 3 Barricade									
000	Channelizing Devices								
4	Sign								
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.								

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

		-	•					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td colspan="3">OT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	OT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT			ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	6382	91	001		SI	1326	
	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	ВМТ	BMT HARDIN				12	

SAMPLE	LAYOUT	OF	SIGNING	FOR	WORK	BEGINNING	DOWNSTREAM	OF	THE	CSJ	LIMITS	
	k					- ^						
						\	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		* * G	20-5T F	BEGIN ROAD WORK	SPEI

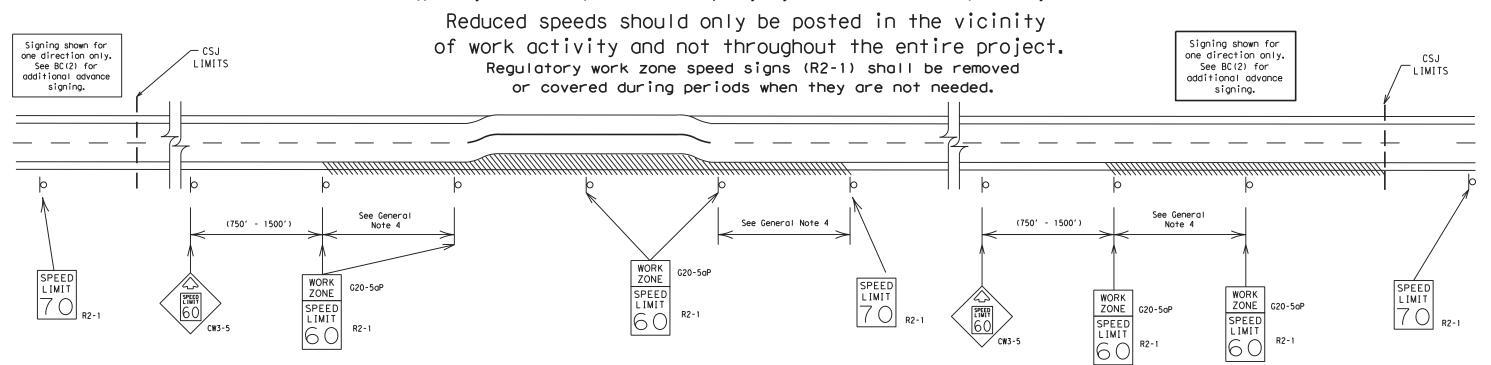
ROAD CLOSED R11-2 CW1-4L  CW1-6 Type 3 Barricade or channelizing devices X	ROAD WORK WORK WORK L/2 MILE CW20-1E	X XG20-6T ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR	X X R20-5aTP	TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE BOOKERS AND FRIEST LATER C20-10T X X	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-31 X X
Channelizin	g		CSJ Limit		<del>-</del>
WORK ENACE		END ROAD WORK	X SP LI	MIT R2-1 MORK ZONE G2	  20-2bT <del>X X</del>

G20-2 \* \*

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 2 miles

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
REVISIONS	6382	91	001		SH	326	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-13	5-21	BMT HARDIN				13	

DATE

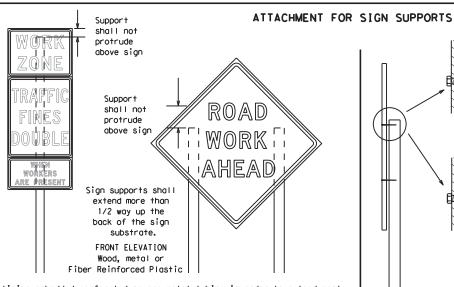
Poved

shou I der

#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD ahead curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min.

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



greater

Paved

shou I der

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION Wood

or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT be allowed.

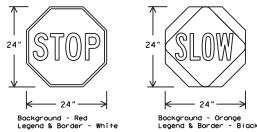
Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

9.0' max.

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
  - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

## SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

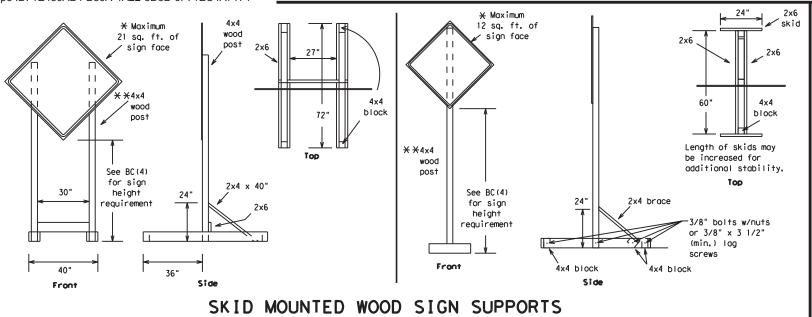
Traffic Safety



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS		6382	91	001		9	SH326	
2 01	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	BMT		HARDI	N		14	



\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

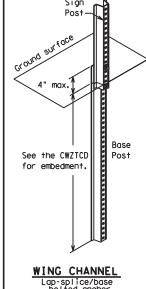
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

Post Post Post max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils than sian 55" min, in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

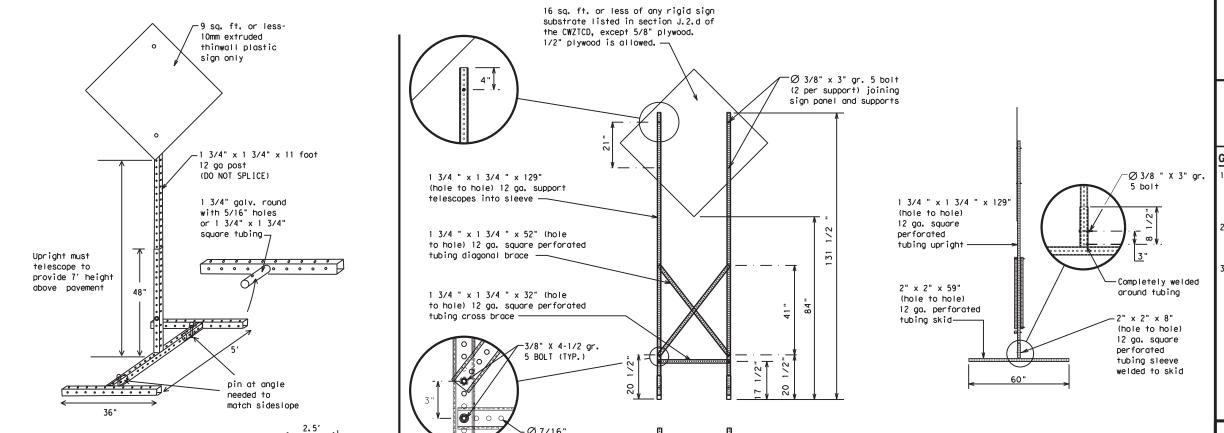


# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - \* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		6382	91	1 001			SH326	
	3-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13 5	5-21	ВМТ	HARDIN				15	

# SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

DATE

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

99

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	\$
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY		SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT

CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX EXIT RIGHT LN CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT

CLOSED X LANES

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

CLOSED TUE - FRI

SIGNAL XXXX FT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

**BUMP** 

TRAFFIC

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		e/E Lis	ffect on Trav st	еΙ	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2.	STAY IN LANE	×			*	¥ See A∣	oplication Guide	elines N	Note 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FRI-SUN

US XXX

EXIT

X MILES

LANES

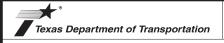
SHIFT

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety

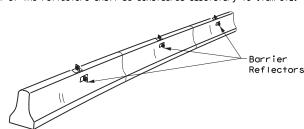


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

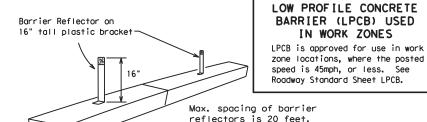
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6382	91	001		5	н326
9-07			T COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ВМТ		HARDI	N		16

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



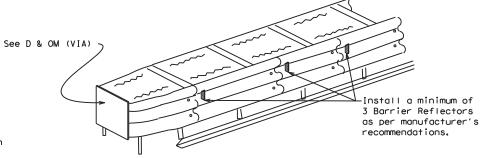
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



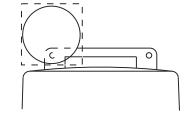
## DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB". 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

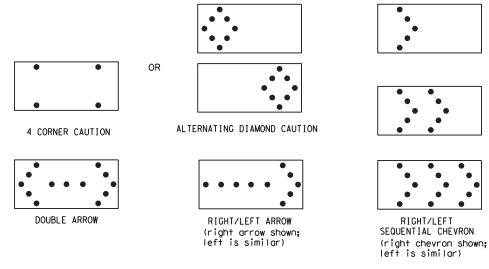
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDO</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6382	91	001		SI	1326
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	BMT		HARDI	N		1.7

# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

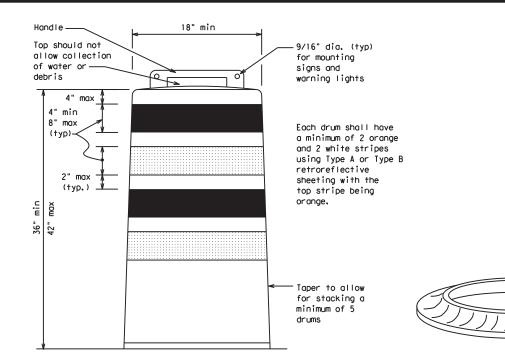
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

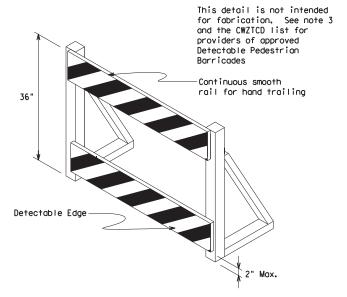
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, same concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

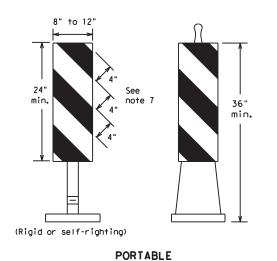
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

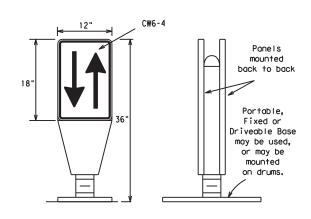
BC(8)-21

	_		_				
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI0	GHWAY	
REVISIONS 4-03 8-14	6382	91	001 SF			326	
4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	ВМТ	HARDIN 1				18	



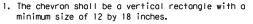
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

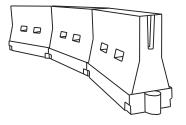


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	80	2651	295′	320′	40'	80′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	- ""	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

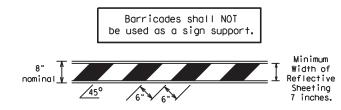
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

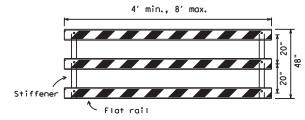
		_		_			
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT CK: TxDOT		
C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		6382	91	001		SH	326
9-07	8-14	DIST	ST COUNTY SHEET			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	ВМТ	HARDIN 19			19	

#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

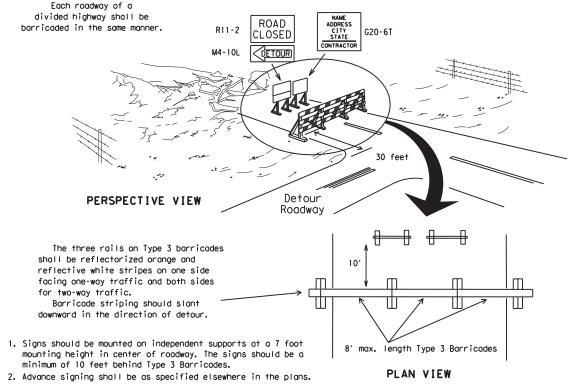


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light of two drums s cross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector  $\Theta$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

**CONES** 4" min. orange ▼ 2" min. ↑ 4" min. white =2" min. 4" min. orange Ĵ6" min. \_2" min. 2" min. 4" min. white \_\_\**‡**4" min. 42" min. 28" min.

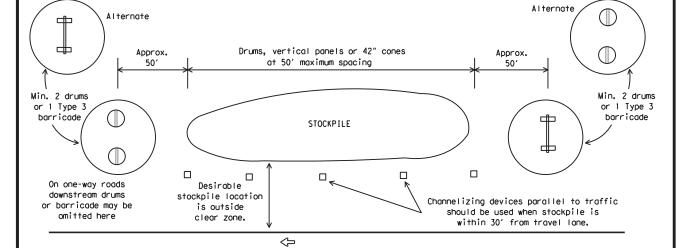
7 2" min. 4" min.

3" min. 2" to 6 min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

 $\Rightarrow$ 

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	GHWAY
9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21		6382	91	001		S	н326
	•	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	5-21	BMT	HARDIN				20

## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on RC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

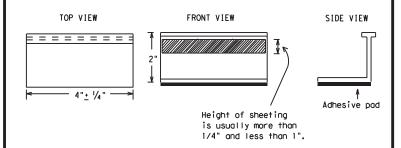
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

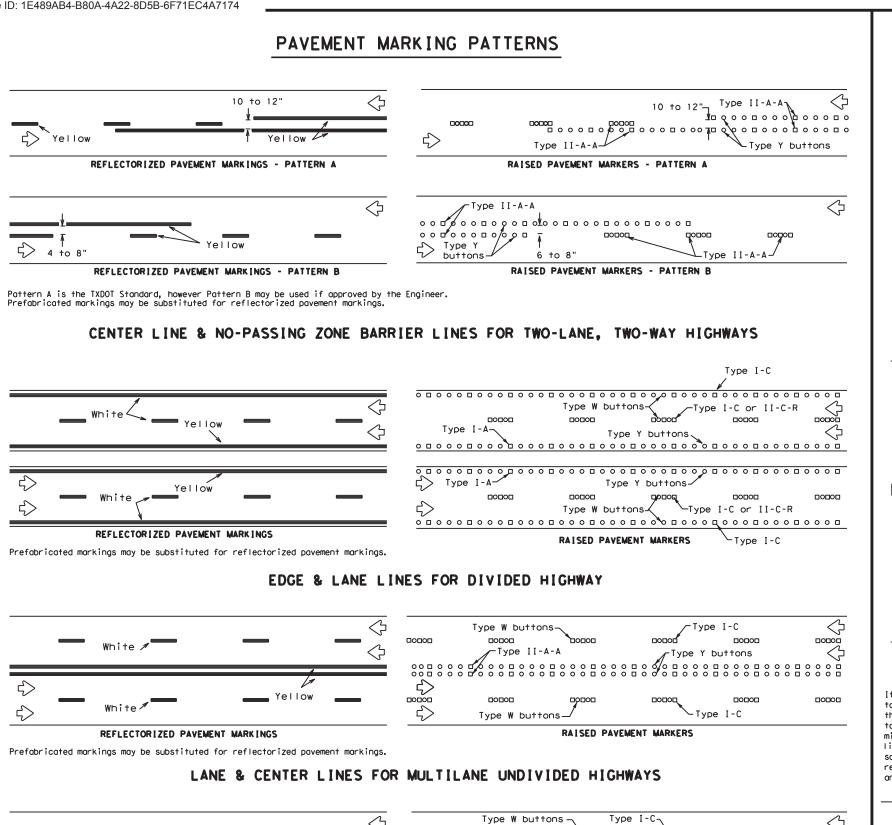


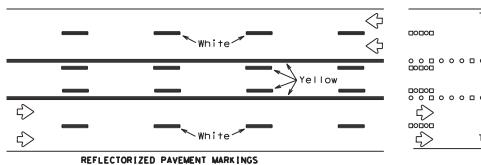
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

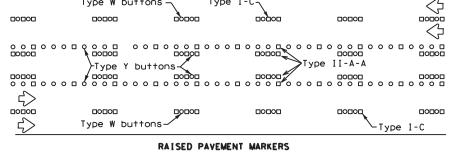
BC(11)-21

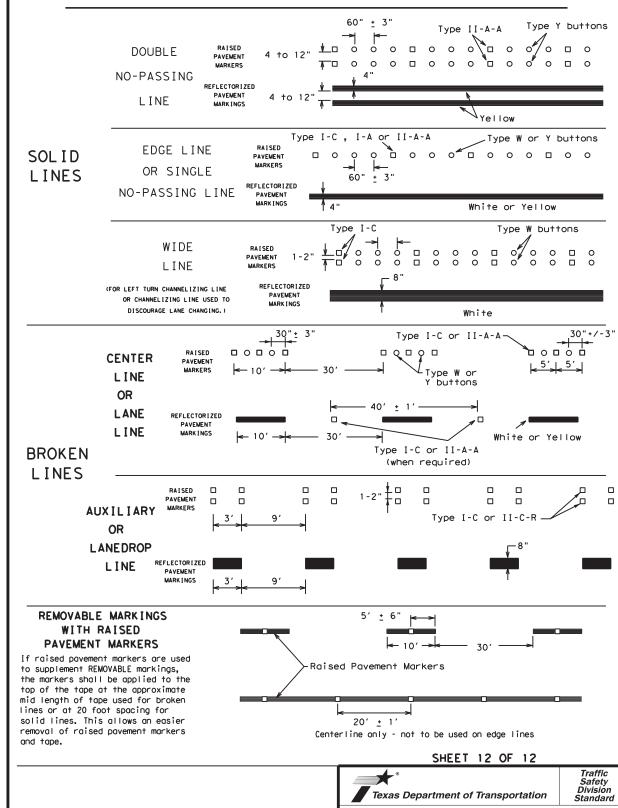
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY	
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	6382	91	001			SH326	
02 7-13	DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
02 8-14	BMT		BMT HARDIN				





Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.





Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS,"

pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

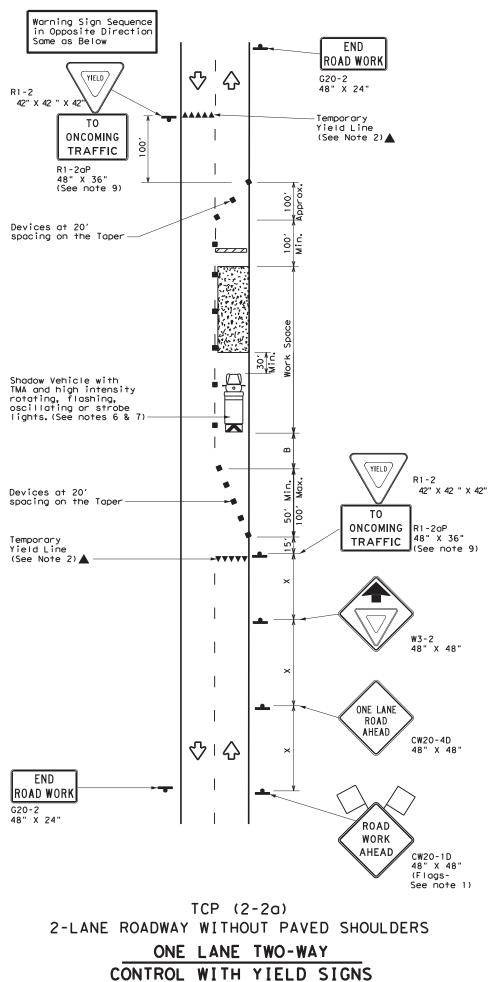
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

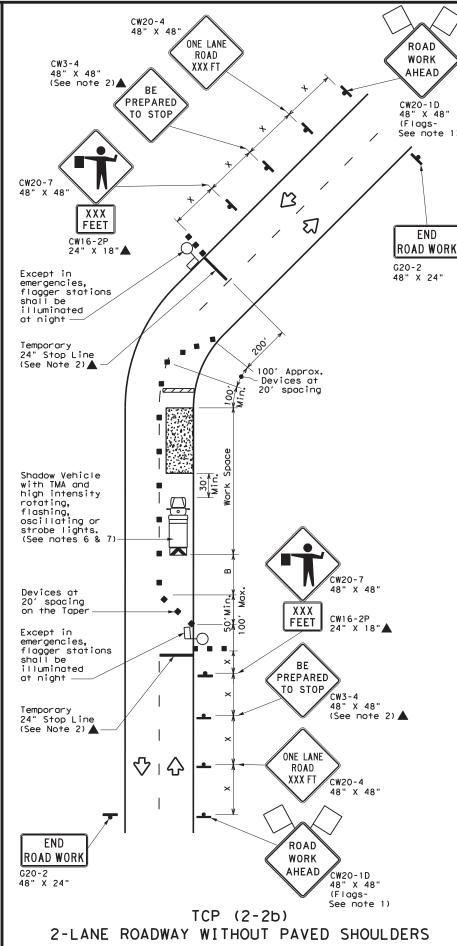
BC(12)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C)TxDOT February 1998 HIGHWAY 6382 91 001 SH326 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 HARDIN

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

		LEGEND									
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	<b>þ</b>	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
Į	$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540'	8201

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	1	1								

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

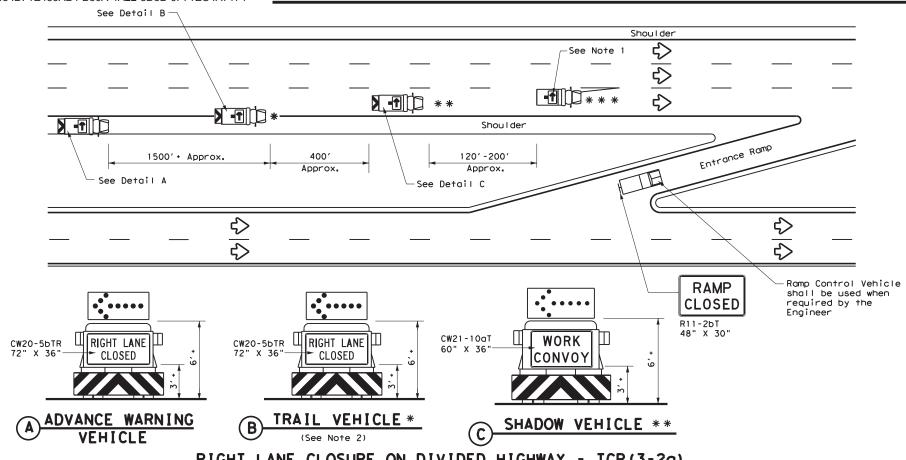


Traffic Operations Division Standard

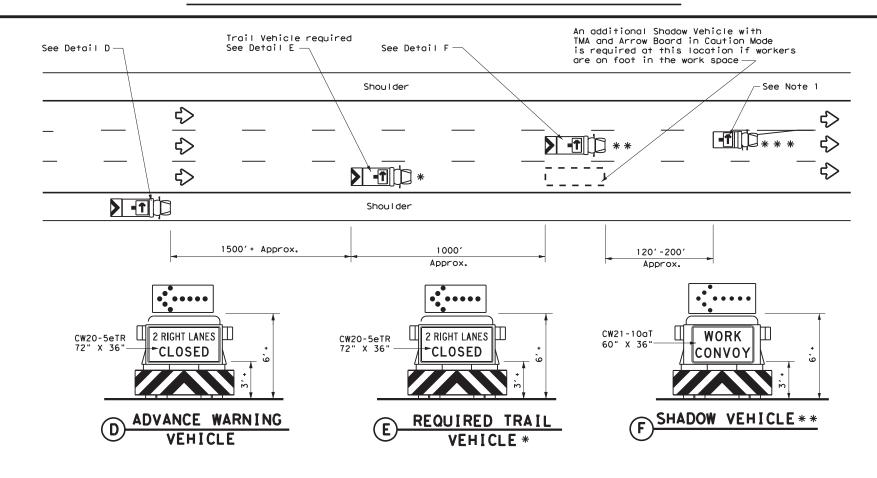
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

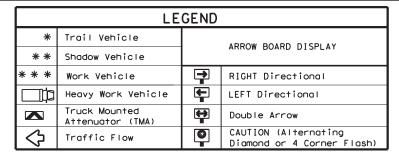
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6382	91	91 001 SH32		SH326
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BMT		HARDI	N	23



RIGHT LANE CLOSURE ON DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-20)



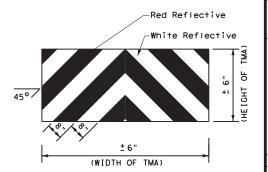
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA



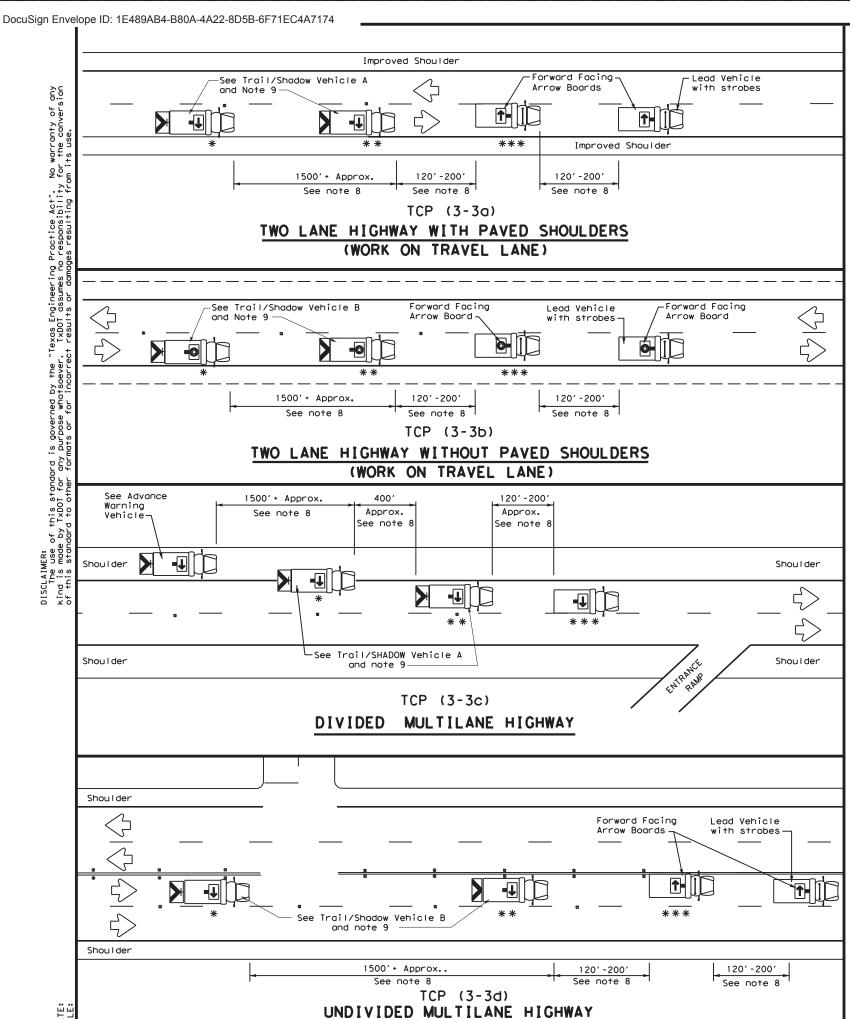
Division Standard

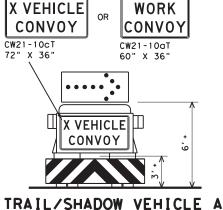
Traffic Operations

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

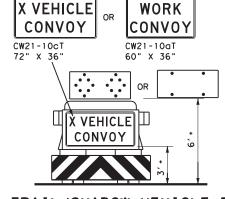
TCP(3-2)-13

	•		_	_ •	_	_		
.E:	tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY	
REVISIONS 94 4-98		6382	91	001		SH	SH326	
95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
97		ВМТ		HARDI	N		24	



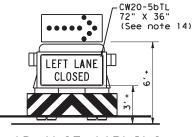


with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

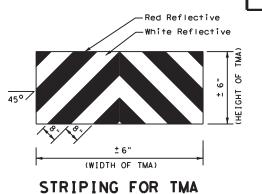


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle								
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>—</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow							
Ĉ	Traffic Flow	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

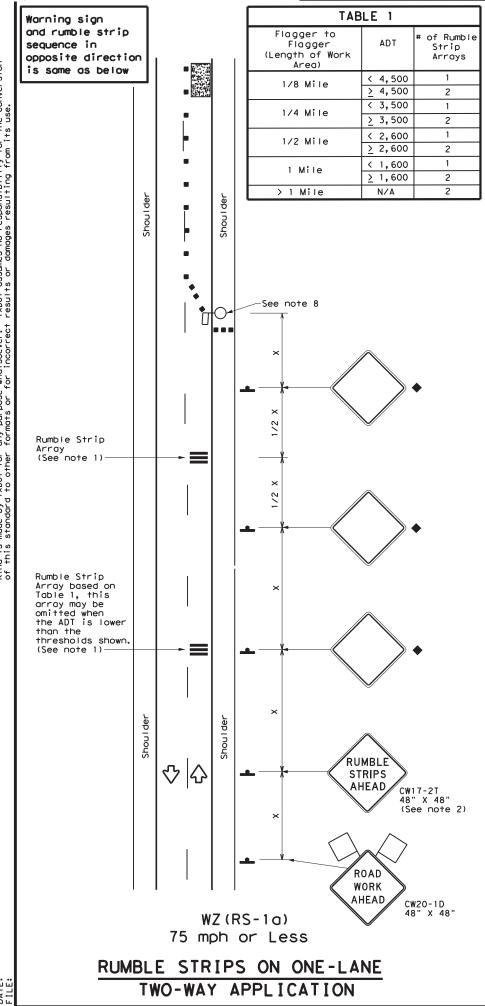


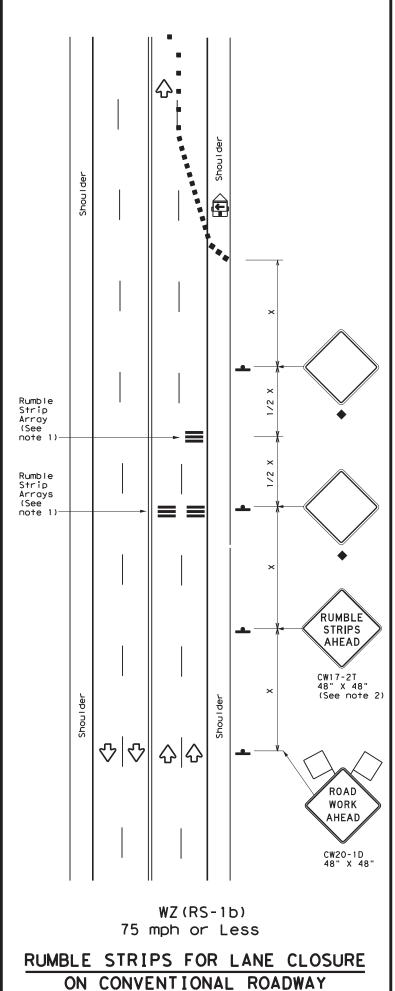
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

		_	•				
FILE:	tcp3-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
2-04 4-00	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		91	001		SH:	326
			COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14		ВМТ		HARDI	N		25

SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Ind is made by TxD01 for any purpose whotsoever. TxD01 assumes no responsibility for the conversion this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.





# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger				

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Speed	Formula	Desirable Spacing of Channelizing				Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*								"В"
40	30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
40	35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
50   50   50   550   600   50   100   400   240   55   550   605   660   55   110   500   295   600   650   720   600   650   130   700   410   700   770   840   70   140   800   475	40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
55	45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
60 65 700′ 770′ 840′ 70′ 140′ 800′ 475′	50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
60   600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 65   650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 70   770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	55	1 = W S	550′	6051	6601	55′	110'	500′	295′
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	60	L - # 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
	65		6501	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900' 540'	70		700′	7701	840′	701	140'	8001	475′
13   130   300   340	75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off,
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	1					

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

Т	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array
≤ 40 MPH	10'
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′
> 55 MPH	20'

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (RS) -16

	•••		•				
FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT ck: Tx[	
C TxD0T	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6382	91	001		SH	1326
2-14 4-16		DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
4-10		ВМТ		HARDI	N		26

118

DocuSign Envelope ID: 1E489AB4-B80A-4A22-8D5B-6F71EC4A7174 STA 00+00 BEGIN FULL WIDTH OVERLAY, FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT REPAIR & STRIPING SH 326 22+09 END PROJECT LEGEND

> WS YS EOP

4" WHITE SOLID 4" YELLOW SOLID EDGE OF PAVEMENT

LIMITS OF TIE-IN

# NOTES:

STATION LIMITS ARE APPROXIMATE.
EXACT LIMITS OF WORK WILL BE SPECIFICALLY
IDENTIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

SCHEDULE WORK SO THAT ALL PLANED AREAS WILL BE OVERLAYED THE SAME DAY.

MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT CROSS-SLOPE WITH OVERLAY.

CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ENGINEER A SKETCH SHOWING CURRENT STRIPING LIMITS AND CONFIGURATION. PROPOSED STRIPING SHALL MATCH CURRENT CONFIGURATION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

BACKFILL PAVEMENT EDGES DAILY.



SH326 LINE DIAGRAM

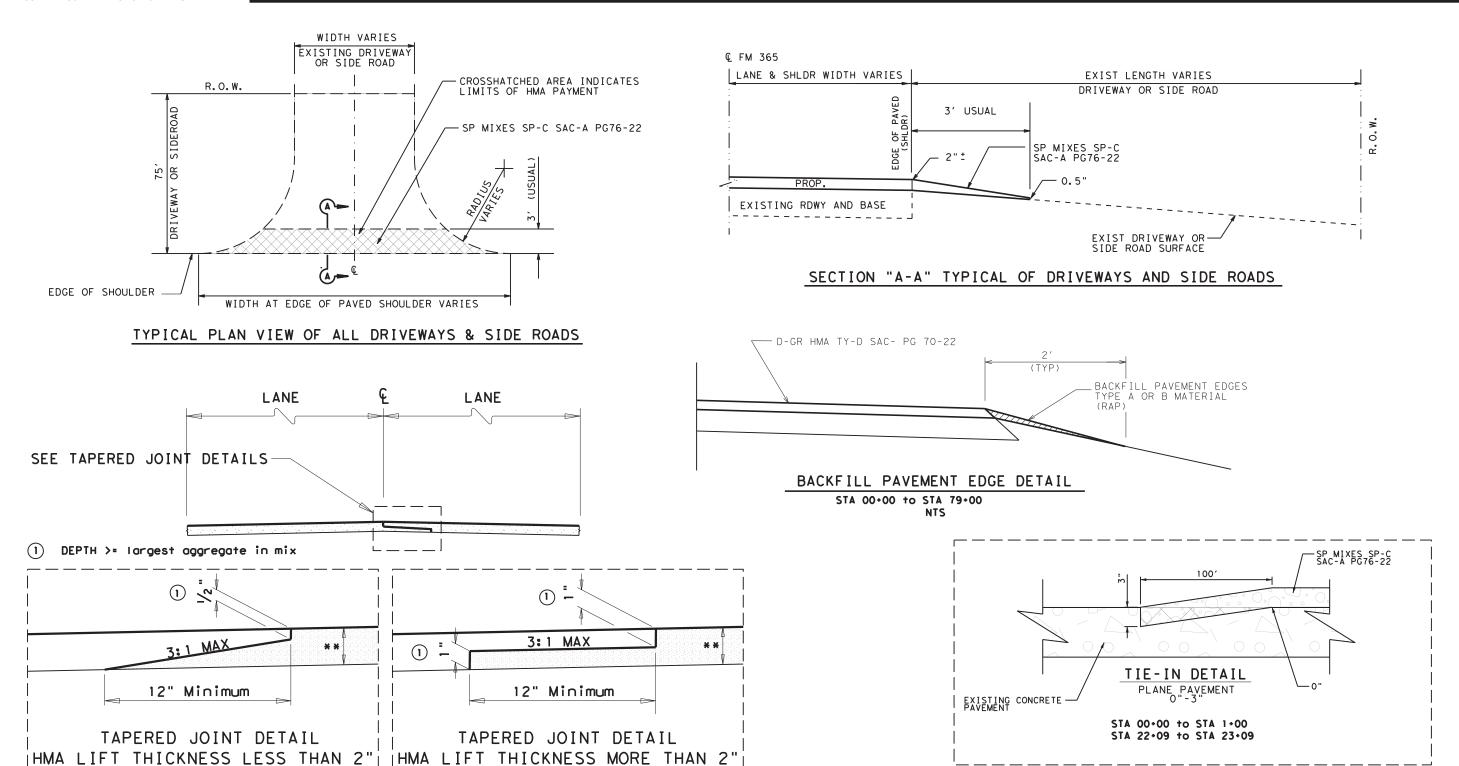
SHEET 1 OF 1



FHWA TEXAS	MA I NTENAK	SHEET NO.				
DIVISION		2.				
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
TEXAS	ВМТ	1	HARDIN			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
6382	91	001	SH326			

SCALE: NTS





\*\* SEE TYPICAL SECTION SHEETS FOR DEPTH AND TYPE OF HMA.

# NOTES:

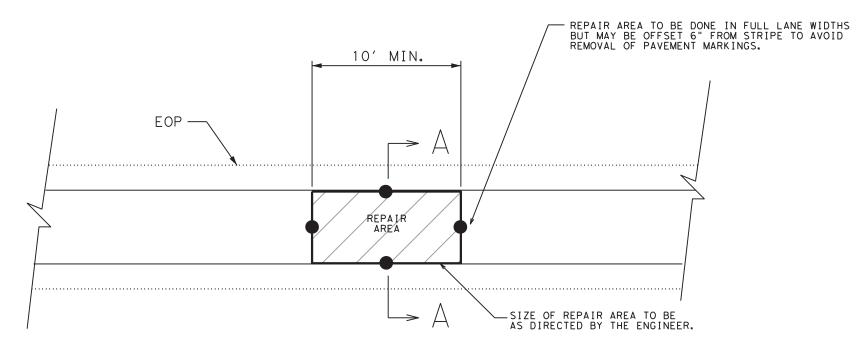
1, LONGITUDINAL JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY TAPERING THE BITUMINOUS MAT. THE TAPERED PORTION SHALL EXTEND BEYOND THE NORMAL LANE WIDTH. THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE USE OF AN APPROVED SCREED ATTACHMENT WHICH WILL PRODUCE THE DESIRED SHAPE WITH THE MAIN SCREED. USE OF AN EXTERNAL STRIKE-OFF DEVICE TO MODIFY THE MAT SHAPE AFTER PASSING OF THE SCREED WILL NOT BE ALLOWED. TACK COAT SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE IN-PLACE TAPER BEFORE THE ADJACENT MAT IS PLACED. FINAL DENSITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ENTIRE PAVEMENT, INCLUDING THE TAPER AREA, WILL REMAIN UNCHANGED.



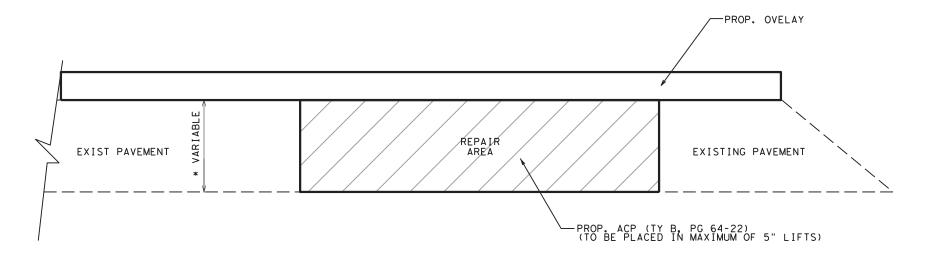
# TYPICAL DRIVEWAY MISC DETAILS



TEVAC	TEXAS					
DIVISION	28					
STATE		DISTRICT	ICT COUNTY			
TEXAS BMT			ı			
CONTROL		SECTION	JOB	B HIGHWAY NO.		
6382		91	001	SH3	26	



CALCULATED QUANTITY WILL BE DETERMINED BY AVERAGING THE DEPTH OF THE EXCAVATED AREA AS MEASURED AT EACH POINT IDENTIFIED ABOVE. THE AVERAGE OF THE MEASUREMENTS WILL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST INCH FOR CALCULATING PURPOSES AS SHOWN IN THE SPEC BOOK.



# SECTION A-A

\* REPAIR DEPTHS SHALL BE VARIABLE. FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES, DEPTHS WERE ASSUMED TO BE 10".

## NOTES:

THE CONTRACTOR WILL COORDINATE WITH THE MAINTENANCE SUPERVISORS TO IDENTIFY AND MARK THE REQUIRED REPAIR LOCATIONS PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.

FULL DEPTH OF PATCH TO BE COMPLETED SAME DAY AS REMOVAL.

DEPTH OF REPAIR WILL TYPICALLY MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT DEPTH BUT MAY BE INCREASED TO REMOVE WEAK SUBGRADE OR DECREASED IF EXISTING PAVEMENT IS DETERMINED TO BE STABLE WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

SOME REPAIR AREAS MAY CONSIST OF CEMENT TREATED BASE. IF THIS MATERIAL IS ENCOUNTERED, IT WILL BE REMOVED AND PAID FOR AS FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STUCTURE REPAIR UNDER ITEM 351.



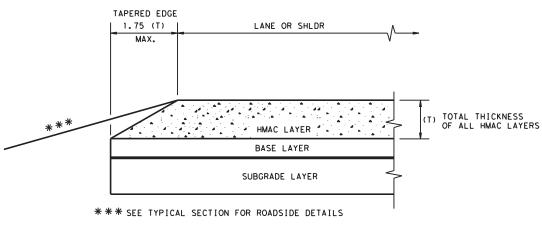
REPAIR DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation

	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.						
					29		
STATE DIST.			COUNTY				
TEXAS BMT			HAR	DIN			
CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO			
6382		91	001	SH3	26		

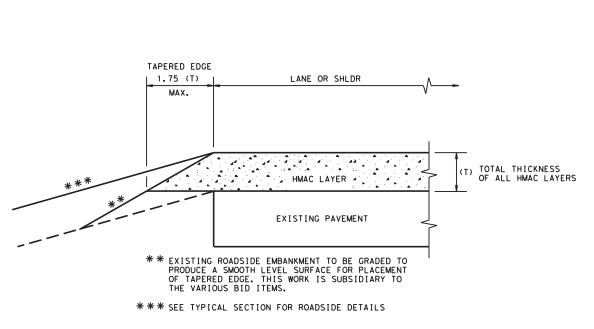
SCALE: NTS

# CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS

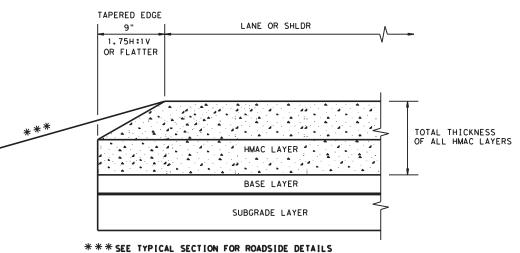


# CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



# OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



# CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

# TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

FILE: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[	)OT	ck: RL	Dw: K	В	CK:
© TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	6382	91	001 S		SH326	
	DIST	COUNTY SE		HEET NO.		
	ВМТ	MT HARDIN		30		

-6" min.

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

Edge of Pavement

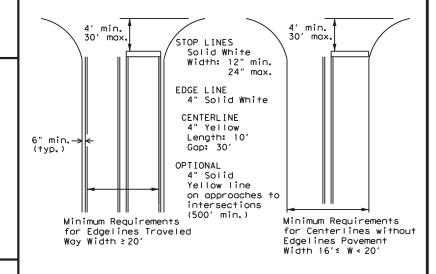
4" Solid White

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

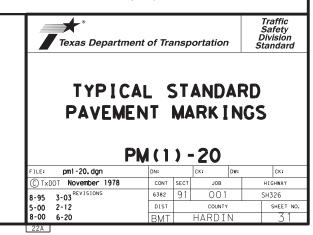
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

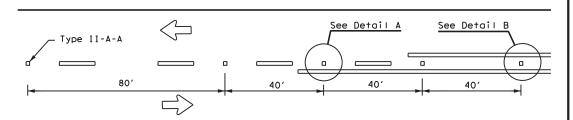
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



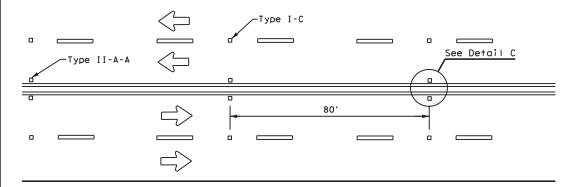
# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

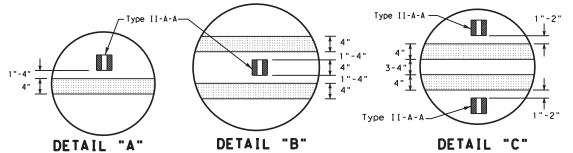




# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

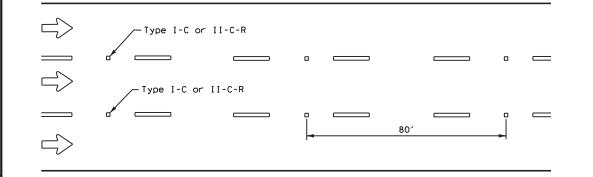


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



# Centerline < Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane 40' 40' 801 Type I-C

# CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



# LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

# 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CENTER OR EDGE LINE |<del>--</del>12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil 12"± 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"--of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 2 to 3"-quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE, LINE, CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

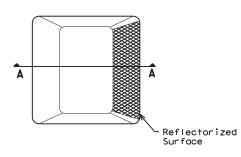
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

# GENERAL NOTES

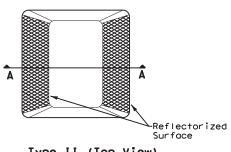
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal ioints.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
┙	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

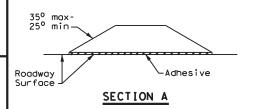
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 20

-						
FILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		ck:
© TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	6382	91	001		SH3	26
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
8-00 6-20	ВМТ		HARDIN			32

DATE TIME DOCUMENT

CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

ring Practice Act". No warranty of any es no responsibility for the conversion damages resulting from its use.

	ı.	STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402								
sion		TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.								
responsibility for the convers ss resulting from its use.				by receive discharges from t d prior to construction acti						
the c		1.	TxDOT - Beaumont District							
P E		2.	*****							
ŢŢ			No Action Required	Required Action						
ie: Tigis			Action No.							
Spon			Prevent stormwater pollut accordance with TPDES Per	ion by controlling erosion	and sedimentation in					
ges r		2.	Comply with the SW3P and	ntrol pollution or as						
es n		7. The project is estimated to involve ************************************								
assumes no s or damage		In the event the project disturbance acreage becomes equal to or greater than one acre, the CGP is applicable. Contact TxDOT project inspector for								
TxDOT result		coordination with DEQC for necessary action.  4. Take measures to prevent construction materials and debris including, but not limited to wastewater (i.e., cooling liquid, etc.) associated with concrete removal from entering any inlets, ditches, or waterways.								
whatsoever. £@20,08gkrect	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404									
ose who			USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.							
made by TxDOT for any purpose NASPENGABELES VOIDEP! Cornect SMBF 1		The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions, including Regional conditions for the State of Texas, associated with the following permit(s):								
for <u>the</u> p		No Permit Required								
TxDOT Grbs Q	Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)									
Fige by		☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)								
NA ts	Individual 404 Permit Required: Permit #									
kind is SofgANDEN		Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#								
N De		and	equired Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.							
Over	1. Maintain a neat and clean worksite next to the water and do not allo									
FY22 Grayburg Overlo		debris to fall into the water.  2. Comply with "Work In or Near Waters/Wetlands Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.								
- Y 22										
Files\6382-91-001		to	The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.							
382-		Ве	st Management Practice	es:						
es/6		Ero	osion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS					
<u>:</u>			Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips					
PM oject			Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems					
O PM Proje			Mulch Sodding	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Bosin					
			Interceptor Swale	Sand Bag Berm Straw Bale Dike	Constructed Wetlands  Wet Basin					
4: 22: 1 - CS.		=	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost					
0\0			Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks					
25/2021 SMTA0\01			Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks					
6/25 T:\E			Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<u>_</u>	Vegetation Lined Ditches					
انانا				Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems					
DAT FIL				Sediment Basins						

111.	CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR C		
	─────────────────────────────────────	No Action Required		
	Action No.  1. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	General (applies to all projec Comply with the Hazard Communication hazardous materials by conducting so making workers aware of potential haprovided with personal protective ed Obtain and keep on-site Material Saused on the project, which may include Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt procompounds or additives. Provide proproducts which may be hazardous. Ma		
IV.	VEGETATION RESOURCES  ☐ No Action Required ☐ ☐ Required Action  Action No.	Maintain an adequate supply of on-s In the event of a spill, take actio in accordance with safe work practi immediately. The Contractor shall b of all product spills.		
	<ol> <li>Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.</li> <li>Comply with "Vegetation and Habitat Impacts: Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.</li> </ol>	Contact the Engineer if any of the  * Dead or distressed vegetation  * Trash piles, drums, canister,  * Undesirable smells or odors  * Evidence of leaching or seepa  * Any other evidence indicating discovered on site.  List below any bridge class structure replaced, rehabilitated, removed or state "None", if applicable.  If "None", then no further actions		
٧.	FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	for completing asbestos assessme  Provide results below:  Structure Location PSN  N/A N/A		
	<ul> <li>No Action Required</li></ul>	If Asbestos is present, then Tx to assist with the notification, management activities as necessor.  If Asbestos is not present, then prior to any scheduled demolition. In either case, the Contractor is activities and/or demolition with asbestos consultant in order to the Hazardous Materials or Contamination Action No.  1. Comply with TxDOT Standar materials or contamination 2. Notify TxDOT Inspector or including fuel, hydraulic the VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISS (includes regional issues such processing the Comply with "General Consultation No.  1. Comply with "General Consultation No.		
CGP: DSHS: FHWA: MOA: MOU: MS4: MBTA: NOT: NWP:	Best Management Practice Construction General Permit Texas Department of State Health Services Federal Highway Administration Memorandum of Agreement Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination Notice of Intent  LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS  SPC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification PCI: Project Specific Location Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TMDI: Texas Porks and Wildlife Department TXDOI: Texas Department of Transportation Notice of Termination Notice of Intent USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	APPROVED BY DATE  DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL DEPARTMENT		

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES										
No Action Required ☐ Required Action										
General (applies to all projects):										
Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.  Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.  Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:  * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)  * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.  * Undesirable smells or odors  * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances  * Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site.  List below any bridge class structure(s), not including box culverts, being replaced, rehabilitated, removed, extended or modified as part of this project,										
or state "None", if a		oguired Otherw	iso TyDOT is so	spoosible						
If "None", then no fur for completing asbesto										
Provide results below:	•									
Structure Location	PSN	Element	Lead	Asbestos						
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary.  If Asbestos is not present, then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS prior to any scheduled demolition.  In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.  Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:  Action No.  1. Comply with TxDOT Standard Specification 6.10 if evidence of hazardous materials or contamination is noted during construction.  2. Notify TxDOT Inspector or DEQC of any hazardous materials spills including fuel, hydraulic fluid, etc.  VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES  (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)  \[ \begin{array}{c} No Action Required   \text{ \text										
		Texas Depart	ment of Transport	Beaumont District tation Standard						
Toxac Department of Transportation										
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS										
ISSUES AND COMMITMENT										
EPIC										
			LLIC							
		LE: epic.dgn		: AM Dw: VP CK: AR						
APPROVED BY	DATE	TxDOT February 2019	6382 91	001 SH326						
DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL	DEPARTMENT		DIST	COUNTY SHEET NO.						